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The house of William Clowes & Sons was founded in 1808 by a young man, William Clowes, who was just out of his apprenticeship. He came from Chichester, but decided to make his adventure in London, and accordingly opened up on his own account in Villiers Street, Strand, with a capital of £350.

From the first the business was progressively successful. The just enough of type for one day's work, which compelled him at the beginning to run off on the hand press at night what he had set during the day, so as to release the type for further service, was very speedily multiplied. His single press and one journey-man printer as assistant were soon inadequate to the requirements of a rapidly growing business.

Before very long, larger premises in Northumberland Court, Charing Cross, were taken. The work turned out—small jobbing orders at the outset—came to include the printing of Government papers and of books and periodicals for such publishers as John Murray, Longmans, and the Religious Tract Society, for which the firm still print to this day.

The printing of newspapers by steam presses was introduced into the Times office in 1814. William Clowes & Sons were the first to adopt steam-driven machines for book and general printing This new departure created a sensa-tion, and a succession of distinguished visitors came to Northumberland Court to see the new mechanical wonder.

It was this first steam press that caused William Clowes to move to Blackfrian-for the Inke of Northumberland objected to its proximity— where in Duke Street, Stamford Street, he established himself at an address which is still the headquarters of this firm, though the pre-mises occupied have of course multiplied and extended themselves amazingly since then.

Twenty years after its modest foundation the printing works of William Clowes had become one of the sights of London to all interested in industrial organisation. They even furnished material for a long and laudatory article in the exclusive Quarterly Review.

William Clowes & Sons were entrusted with the printing of the famous Mulready envelopes under the strict supervision of the Post Office.

In going through old files of the firm's correspondence there are many letters from Charles spondence there are many letters from Charles blokens, whose novels were printed for Messrs. Chapman & Hall by Clowes & Sons. When any of his books were in course of publication (and it may be recalled they were issued in forting the printers the inightly and monthly parts), Dickons visited and

spent long days at the Duke Street printing works correcting his stories in proof.

When the Great Exhibition of 1851 was being organised, Mesars. Clowes were approached by the Commission to undertake the printing of catalogues and all other matter. The task was a tremendous one, involving as it did the printing of volumes of no fewer than 5,000 pages. It was necessary that the whole matter should be standing in type at the same time—a strain on their resources of type which few firms could withstand even to-day.

Besides the Great Exhibition, Messrs. Clowes carried out the printing in connection with all the South Kensington Exhibitions.

When members of the legal profession-both when members of the legal processor—both barristers and solictors—were extremely disastisfied with the manner in which proceedings in Court were reported, the lawyers formed a committee with the object of providing their own reports, and Mr. George Clowes, of William Clowes & Sons, was consuited. When the project seemed unable to be carried on through lack of carted the five of court of the project seemed unable to be carried on through lack of seenice made to be carried on through lags capital, the firm offered to finance the publication to the extent of £10,000. The offer was accepted, and from the issue of the first volume the accuracy of the reports and excellence of printing assured the success of the scheme. Perhaps, however, the largest undertaking of all was the printing of the British Museum Catalogue, which took twenty-seven years to do, and was full of foreign type.

As long ago as 1873 the firm had so outgrown its premises in Duke Street (in spite of the fact that neighbouring warehouses were being rented for storing maper and printed sheets), that a branch works was established at Beccles, Suffolk. Equipped with the latest type of electricallydriven machinery, this now constitutes one of the largest book-printing establishments in Great Britain.

The relief of pressure on the London works was only temporary, and increasing business uccessitated, in 1807, the renting of additional land at Duke Street, where another building was crected. On the exprey of the lease of the original premises in Northumberland Court, this branch of the firm was transferred to more commodious premises in Great Windmill Street. Piccadilly Circus, where the smaller orders from West End customers are executed.

In combination with its capacity to print in any language, the firm has proved itself of incalculable advantage to British merchants and manufacturers by enabling them to translate and produce catalogues, labels, price lists, etc., for any country.

Long ago as they were established, Clowes have never allowed themselves to become oldfashioned in ideas or equipment. They have always been among the first to utilise the inter-mittent stream of new mechanical and other devices that have from time to time revolu-tionised print-craft on its technical side; and to-day as modern printers their several estab-

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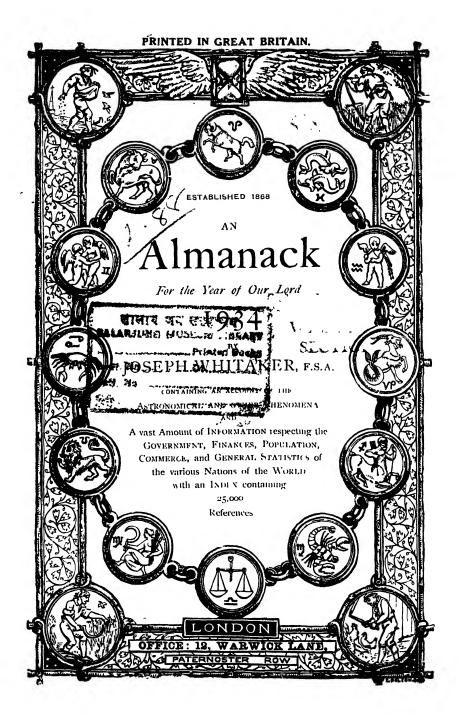
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PREFACE TO THE 66TH ANNUAL VOLUME.

"Whitaker's Almanack" was founded in 1868 by the late Joseph Whitaker, F.S.A., who was previously Editor of *The Gentleman's Mayazine*, in which capacity he prepared for his own use a "commonplace book" of extracts from official publications and of original compilations. This note book formed the nucleus of Whitaker's Almanack for 1869, which contained 360 pages, with an Index of 1,200 references. The Complete edition of Whitaker's Almanack for 1934 contains 1,000 pages, with an Index of 25,000 references.

The development of some of the sections in "Whitaker" reflects the growth of democracy and the devolution of government in the period that has elapsed since 1868. Government and Legal Offices filled 17 pages in 1869, and 100 in 1934, while the Dominions require treble the space they formerly occupied. India is represented in 37 pages against 7. The United States require 20 in place of 2, and Foreign Countries now occupy 90 pages against 31 in 1869. Interest in domestic affairs is shown by the extension of the list of Societies and Institutions from 3 to 32 pages, and of Life Assurance from 2 to 14.

Increases have taken place in various parts of the present volume in order to include Agricultural Bureaux, the Import Duties Advisory Committee, the Imperial Communications Advisory Committee and the London Passenger Transport Board, while additional space has been allotted to statistics of Trade and Finance, and Air Transport. The Postal Information has also been re-modelled, and Parcel, Telephone and Telegraph rates are now shown in tabular form with the approximate time occupied in transit by sea or air.

The Editor-in-Chief is deeply grateful to correspondents for their valuable assistance and hopes they will continue their good offices in the coming year, but they are earnestly requested to note the *first* day of October as the *last* day for suggestions to reach the Office if they are to be effective.

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Austria	. 3	: 4	**		
Spain	3	ż	The maize crops		
The total world's	production of	Rye (1933) may	Southern Hemisphe The total world's		
be reckoned as 185	million quarter	18.		out 46s million	ayaa, or alaize Luunitera
Oats. will probably be about 465 million quarters.					
		Malla		D'S GRAIN	
Country	Production Quarters		in Millions of Qua	irters, 48olb, o	Wheat, Rye
Country	I	1	and Maize; 400ll	o of Barley; 3	olb. of Oats.
	Actual 1932	Estimated 1933			931 1932 1933*
U.S.A	124	70	Wheat 64		624 613 585
	prob. zoc	sny 100	Rye 19	6 204 202	183 190 185
U.S.S.R.		48			
Germany	47		Together 84	3 799 846	807 803 770
Germany Canada	39	38			
Germany Canada France	39 34	38			
Germany Canada France U.K. and I.F.State	39 34 20	38 19	Barley 25	0 248 239	207 226 208
Germany Canada France U.K. and I.F.State Poland	39 34 20 17	38 19	Barley 25 Oats 49	5 469 46x	207 226 208 421 441 383
Gerniany Canada France U.K. and I.F.State Poland Czechoslovakia	39 34 20	38 19	Barley 25	5 469 46x	207 226 208
Germany Canada France U.K. and I.F.State Poland	39 34 20 17	38 19 17 10	Barley 25 Oats 49 Maize 49	5 469 46x	207 226 208 421 441 383 510 556 465
Germany Canada France U.K. and I.F. State Poland Czechoslovakia Sweden	39 34 20 17 11 8	38 19 17 10 6	Barley 25 Oats 49 Maize 49	5 469 46x	207 226 208 421 441 383 510 556 465
Germany Canada France U. K. and I. F. State Poland Czechoslovakia Sweden Argentina Denmark Spain	39 34 20 17 11 8 7	38 19 17 10 6 6 6	Barley 25 Oats 49 Maize 49 Together . 1,23	5 469 461 0 503 425 5 1,220 1,135 1	207 226 208 421 441 383 510 556 465 ,138 1,223 1,056
Germany Canada France U.K. and I.F.State Poland Czechoslovakia Swedon Argentina Denmark Spain The total world	39 34 20 17 11 8 8 7 7 6	38 19 17 10 6 6 6 4 of Oats (1933)	Barley 25 Oats 49 Maize 49 Together . 1,23	5 469 461 0 503 425 5 1,220 1,135 1	207 226 208 421 441 383 510 556 465 ,138 1,223 1,056
Germany Canada France U. K. and I. F. State Poland Czechoslovakia Sweden Argentina Denmark Spain	39 34 20 17 11 8 8 7 7 6	38 19 17 10 6 6 6 4 of Oats (1933)	Barley 25 Oats 49 Maize 49 Together 1,23 All five together 2.07	5 469 461 0 503 425 5 1,220 1,135 1	207 226 208 421 441 383 510 556 465 ,138 1,223 1,056

WORLD PRODUCTIONS.

(Latest returns by Countries officially recording) In some cases only Exports are recorded.

The formal	
Rice (rough).	Cocoa (raw),
India 47,000,000 tons China (est.) 45,000,000 ,,	Gold Coast
China (est.) 45,000,000 ,,	Brazil 90,000 ,,
Japan and Korea 13,800,000 ,	Nigeria 50,000 ,, Dominican Rep 26,000 ,
Indo-China	Dominican Rep. 26,000 ,
Neul E. Indies 5,400,000 ,,	Ivory Coast so,000 ,,
518111 4,000,000 ,,	Venezuela 16,000 ,,
The World, about 130,000,000 tons	The World, about 550,000 tons
	211 11 01 12, 125/110 1: 111
Millet (under various names).	Tobacco.
India (est.) 8,000,000 tons	India -0 tono
China say 5,000,000 ,	1. S. A
Manchuria 1,000,000 .,	U.S.S.R. 887 720.000 1
()ther Asia 2,000,000 ,,	Neth E Indies 85 000
Africasay 5,000,000 ,,	India 580,000 tons b. S.A. 470,000 , U. S.S.R. 8ay Neth. E. Indies 85,000 , Japan 60,000 , Italy 42,000 ,
U.S.S.R 1,000,000 .,	Italy 42,000
Mexico 1,000,000 .,	4-,,,
India (est.) 8,000,000 tons China 8,000,000 tons China 1,000,000 tons Ch	The World, about 2,000,000 tons
The World, about 30,000 000 tons	
	Soya Beans.
Potatoes.	Manchuria 4,200,000 tons
Termany 47,000,000 tons	Japan and Korea goo,ooo ,,
U.S.S.R 45,000,000	U.S. A
Poland 30,000,000 ,,	Japan and Korea
F181108 10,000,000 .,	
U.S. 4 10,000,000 ,,	The World, about 6,500,000 tons
UK	
U K 5,500,000 ,, I.F. State 3,000,000 ,,	Linseed.
1.1. 150000 to them. (ii 3)	Argentina 1,300,000 tons U.S.S.R
The World, about 200,000,000 tons	U.S.S.R
	ludia 410,000 .,
Sugar from Bcet.	U.S.A 300,000 ,
1. S. A	ludia 410,000 ,, L.S.A 300,000 , Uruguay 120,000 ,,
(iermany 1,075,000 .,	The World, about 2,900,000 tons
France	2,900,000 (0)15
Czechoslovakia 620.000	Cotton Seed.
Poland 410.000	Ootton Beed.
l',K 360,000 ,	5,500,000 tons
	China 1,900,000 ,,
The World, about 8,000,000 tons	1'.8 S.P
Sugar from Cane.	U.S.S.R. 5,500,000 tons India 1,500,000 , I.Soo,000 , I.Soo,000 , Egypt 800,000 ,
But. India	400,000 ,,
(h)bs 2 000 000	The World, about IX.000,000 tons
Neth. E. Indies 1.300,000	
Philippines	Cotton (ginned).
Brazil 970,000 .,	U.S.A 2,750,000 tons
Ilawaii	China (est.) 900,000 .,
	Brit. India 820,000 .,
The World, about 16,000,000 tons	1.8.8.R 400,000 ,,
Tea.	Egypt 190,000 ,,
China say 400,000 tons	The World, about 5,000,000 tons
	2.10
Ceylon 110,000 ,,	Wool
Neth. E. Indies 80,000 ,	Australia 440,000 tons
Tro,000 Neth. E. Indies So,000 Japan 38,000 38,000 So,000 S	Australia 440,000 tons U.S.A 200,000 ,,
	Argentina and Uruguay 200,000 .
The World, about 820,000 tous	Union of S. Africa 135,000
Coffee.	N. Zealand
Brazil 1,500,000 tons	U.S S.R 100,000 ,
Colombia 190,000 ,	
Neth E. Indies 100.000	The World, about 1,650 coo tons
Venezuela 60,000 ,.	Jute.
Venezuela	
Guatemala 38,000	Brit. India 1,050,000 tons
The World, about 2,000,000 tons	The World, about 1,065,000 tons
The World, about the same specific with	110 WORLD, ABOUT 1,005,000 tolls

WORLD PRODUCTIONS.

(Latest	returns	bv	Countries	officially	recording.	١
LIBLESE	TULLILLIA	υv	COULDWIES	Omciany	A GOOD LITTLE .	,

(Labest touting by Count	ries oniciany recording.)
Raw Silk.	Lead.
Japan and Korea 45 000 tons	U.S.A a55,000 tons
China 6,750 ,,	Australia 185,000 ,, Mexico 130,000 ,,
Italy 3,250 ,,	0 1 -
	Spain zo,000 ,
The World, about 58,000 tons	Germany
Artificial Silk	U.K
U.S.A 59,000 tons	
U.K	The World, about x, zoo,oco tons
Italy 31,000 ,,	Tin (restricted).
Germany 26,000 ,,	Malaya 28,000 tons
France 21,000 ,,	Bolivia 20,500 ,,
	Noth. E. Indies
The World, about a25,000 tons	10.400
Rubber (Export).	Nigeria
Malaya 425,000 tons	U.K. (Cornwall) 1,337 ,,
Neth. E. Iudies 210,000 ,	7,337
Ceylon 70,000 ,,	The World, about 94,000 tons
	Zine,
The World, about 720,000 tons	U.S.A 190,000 tons
Oil (Petroleum).	Belgium
,	Poland 85,000 ,,
	('anada 80,000 ,,
Venezuela 27,500,000 ,,	Australia 50,000 ,,
Rumania 7,250,000 ,,	The World, about Boo,ooo tons
Persia 6,500,000 ,,	Aluminium.
Neth. E. Indies 5,000,000 ,,	
Mexico 4.900,000 ,,	17.0
	Canada
The World, about 180,000,000 tons	France 14,500 ,,
(Say about 55,000,000,000 gallons)	Germany 13,500 "
Electricity,	Italy 13,000 ,,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Switzerland 12,000 ,,
U.S.A 115,000.000,000 kwh	U.K 8,800 "
Germany 25 500,000,000 ,,	U.K 8,800 "
Germany 25 500,000,000 ,, U.K 16,600,000,000 .,	U.K
Germany 25 500,000,000 ,, U.K 16,600,000,000 ., Canada 16,400,000,000 ,,	U.K
Germany 25 500,000,000 ,, U.K 16,600,000,000 .,	U.K
Germany 25 500,000,000 , 10,100,000,000 , 10,600,000,000 , 10,400,000,000 , 14,400,000,000 , 14,100,000 , 14,100,000 , 14,100,000,000 , 14,100,000 , 14,100,000 , 14,100,000 , 14,100,000 , 14,100,000 , 14,10	The World, about
Germany 25 500,000,000 ,, U.K 16,600,000,000 ,, Canada 16,400,000,000 ,, France 14,400,000,000 ,,	U.K
Germany	U.K
Germany	U.K
Germany	U.K
Germany 25 500,000,000 , 10, 16,600,000,000 , 16,000,000,000 , 16,400,000,000 , 14,400,000,000 , 14,100,000,000 , 17	U.K
Germany	U.K
Germany 25 500,000,000 1 10,000,000 1 10,000,000 1 10,000,00	U.K
Germany	U.K
Germany	U.K
Germany z5 500,000,000 , U.K	U.K. 8,800
Germany	U.K. 8,800
Germany 25 500,000,000 1 10,000,000 1 10,000,000 1 10,000,00	U.K
Germany 25 500,000,000 1 10,000 1 10,000,000 1 10,000,00	U.K
Germany	U.K
Germany	U.K
Germany	U.K.
Germany	U.K. 8,800
Germany	U.K.
Germany	U.K. 8,800
Germany	U.K. 8,800
Germany	U.K.

WORLD PR	ODUCTIONS. 78
(Lalest returns by Coun	tries officially recording.)
Manganese (Ore).	Horses of Various Countries.
U.S.S.R	U.S.S.R 30,250,000
Srit. India	U.S.A 30,250,000
Gold Coast 240,000 ,,	Argentina
Brazil 145,000 ,,	Brazil 5,350,000
Un. of S. Africa	Poland 4,123,000
137 po	Germany 3,450,000
The World, about 2,350,000 tons	Canada 3,128,000
	France
Superphosphates of Lime.	England & Wales 902,300
U.S.A 2,450,000 tons	I.F. State 446,000
France 1,500,000 ,,	Scotland
Spain 890,000 Australis & N.Z 890,000 Italy 790,000	Northern Ireland 103,000
Italy 790,000 ,.	
U.K 468,000 ,,	Cattle.
	Number
The World, about 11,000,000 tons	Brit. India 121,500,000
	plus(buffaloes) 31,500,000
Potash,	U.S.A 62,000,000
Germany 1.000,000 tons	U.S.S.R 50,000,000
France 320,000 ,,	Brazil 42,500,000
('.h 02,000 ,,	Argentina 32,250,000 Germany 19 120,000
Spain 55,000 ,,	Germany 19 120,000 France 15,400,000
The World, about 1,400,000 tons	France 15,400,000 Australia 11,700,000 Un of S. Africa 10,500,000 Poland 9,750,000 England & Walos 6,427,000 LF. State 4,174,000 Scotland 7,400
	Un. of S. Africa 10,500,000
Salt.	Poland 9,750,000
U.S.A 6,500,000 tons	England & Wales 6,(21,000
('hina 4,000,000 ,,	1.F. State 4,174,000
U.S.S. U 2,800,000 ,,	
U.S.A. 6,500,000 tons (huna 91) 4,000,000 , U.S.S.E. 2,800,000 , (hermany 2,500,000 , U.K. 1,900,000 ,	Northern Iteland 714,000
(/.K , 1,900,000 ,,	
The World, about 24,000,000 tons	Sheep,
	Number
Coal,	Australia 110,000,000
1.S.A 320,000,000 tons	U.S.S.R 66,000,000
U.K 220 000,000 ,, Germany 203,000,000 ,	Argentina & Uruguny 64,000,000
1' 6 6 1)	U.S.A. 54,000,000 Un of S. Africa 48,250,000
France (mcl. Saar)	Un of S. Africa 48,250,000
33,000,000 11	N. Zealand 29,800,000
The World, about 950,000,000 tons	Brit India 25,300,000 England & Wales 18,085,300
	Scot land.
Wine (1931).	I.F. State 7 745,000
France 1 300,000,000 impl galls.	Northern Ireland 791,000
Italy 730,000,000 , Spain 420,000,000 , Algeria 350,000,000 ,,	79-19-50
Algeria 420,000,000 ,,	D:
Aigeria 350,000,000 ,,	Pigs.
The World, about . 3 750,000,000 impl galls.	Number Number
	U.S.A 59,500,000 Germany 23,800,000
Goats, · Number,	U.S.S.R 15,900,000
Brit. India ar are are	Manchuria 7,500,000
U.S.S.R	Poland
Turkey	France
Un. of S. Africa 8,000,000	England & Wales . 3,064,000
Nigeria 5.750,000	1.F. State 901,000
Argentina 5,650,000	Northern Reland 219,000
Mexico 5,400,000	Scotland 166,000
Brazil 5,100,000	
Fowls	Estimated Production of Motor Cars,
(on Farms and Allotments).	Lorries, &c., included (1932).
Number	Number
U.S.A	U.S.A X.440.000
U.S.S.R 198,000,000	U.K
(ierman) £4,000,000	France No leturn (1931, 201,000)
Canada 61,500,000	(anaua 01,000
England & Wales	Germany 50,000 U.S.S.R 40,000 (tractors)
I.F. State	U.S.S.R 40,000 (tractors)
Scotland 8,30z,000	
7,350,000	1 110 W OFIG, 806. 2,150.000
WHITAKER'S AL	MISICE 1984

BRITISH EMPIRE CEREALS, Calendar year 1932.

	WHEAT.	Milln.	Qrs	of	48011
--	--------	--------	-----	----	-------

Dominion.	Produc-	Export. (Flour reckoned in terms of Wheat)	Import. (Flour included	Apparer Con- sumption of Re quiremen
U.K &I.F.S	5.7		27.0	32.2
Canada	53.2	3× 5		33.0
Australia	25.2	18 Q		6.6
India	42 0			42.0
N. Zealand	1.3		•••	1.3
Un. S. Africa	0.9		•••	0.9
Cyprus and Malta	0.3		0 3	0.6
Total	120.3	50.4	27.3	100,1
Surplus	Over Lead	irement.	27.100.0	oo ars.

BARLEY Milln Qrs of 400lb

Dominion.	Produc tion,	Export	Import	Apparent Con- sumption or Re- quirement
U.K. and I.F.S. Canada Australia India N. Zealand Un.S. Africa	5 3 10 0 0.1 0.1	 1'1 0 4 0 1	2 9	8 2 8 9 0 4 11 9 0 1 0 2
Total	28.4	16	2.9	29'7

Deficiency within the Empire, 1,300,000 qrs.

OATS. Millin Qrs. of 320lb

Dominton	Produc- tion	Export		Apparent Con sumption or Re- quirement
U.K. and 1.F.S. Canada Australia N. Zealand Un. S. Africa	19.5 29.2 1.0 0.4 0.8	15	3.3 0.5	37'9 1'0 0'4 0'8

Total	_60 9	15	2 5 1 61.0
Deficiency	within the	Empire,	1,000,000 qrs.

	MAI	ZE Milli	n Qre of	480ll),
Dominion.	Produc-	Export	Import	Apparent Con- sumption or Re- quiremen
U.K. and		i	:	1
1.F.S.	•••	!	15.0	15.0
Canada	0.6	!	0 9	1 1.5
Australia	0.0			0.0
India	10.0		!	10.0
Un. S. Africa	7.9	1.7	i	6.3
Rhodesia, S				1
and N	0.6	0.3		0.3
Kenya	0.3	0.3	•••	٠
Total	20.3	3.3	15.0	33.9
Deficiency	within tl	ne Empir	e, 13,600	,000 QT8.

COMPARATIVE AREAS DEVOTED TO GRAIN GROWING, 1930-31, IN THOUSANDS OF ACRES.

Dominion.	Wheat	Rye	Barley.	Oats.	Maize
Gt. Britain	v.				
N. Ireland	. 1.300	35	1,140	2,966	•••
Irish Free Stat	e 27	3	120		
Canada		I,460		13,330	
Australia		5	450		
Brit. India			7,000		6,600
Un. of S. Africa					
U.S.A	. 55,000	3,500	12,650	40,000	101,750
	. 17,250			3,500	
U.S.S.R			16,800	42,500	0,700
France	12,800			8,500	
Germany					
Poland		14,250			
Italy		300			3,750
Spain	11,250				
Kumania	. 8,500				11,000

COMPARATIVE YIELDS OF AREAS DEVOTED TO GRAIN GROWING, PER ENGLISH ACRE, 1930-31, IN BUSHELS.

Dominion.	Wheat. bush. to lb.	Rye. bush. 60 lb	Barley. bash. 50 lb.	Onts. bush. 40 lb	Maize bush. 60 lb
Gt. Britain d					
N. Ireland		23	33	46	
Irish Free State	41	37	44	54	
Canada	16	12	24	27	34
Anstralia	11	14	16	15	25
Brit. India	12		24		24
Un. of S. Africa	10		14	9	12
U.S.A	11	12	23	25	24
Argentina	12	8	24	12	20
U.S.S.R	12	21	19	21	25
France	20	14	22	37	26
Germany	29	26	33	36	
Poland .	19	18	21	24	13
Italy	21	19	18	24	29
Spain	12	13	22	20	24
Rumama	16	16	21	23	15

HARVEST MONTHS.

Wheat Harvest Months of the World.

January.—New Zealand, Chile. February.—India, Upper Egypt March.—India, Upper Egypt.

April.—India, Lower Egypt, Syria, Persia, Asia Minor.

May.—(Thina, Japan, Central Asia, Algeria, Morocco. June.—U.S.A. (Southern States), Italy, Spain, South France.

South France.
July.—U.S.A. (Middle States), South Russia,
Rumania, Bulgaria, Austria, Hungary,

Germany.
August.—I. S.A. (Northern States), Manitoba, Central Russia, Poland, England.
September.—North Russia, Scotland.

October.—Sweden, Norway. November.—South Africa, Santa Fe. December.—Australia, Argentina.

THREE (CALENDAR) YEARS' FOOD IMPORTS.

(Into Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and Sources of Origin.)

,	IV) GION		u Morthorn	r rrenami, and source	s of Origi	u. <i>)</i>	
Wheat-	1930. (Tons)	1931. (Tons)	1932 (Tons)	Beef, Tinned, includ	ling Esser	ices—	
From	, -	(Tous)			1030.	2931.	1932.
Canada	1,308,927	1,354,878	2,343,678	From	(Tons)	(Tons)	(Tons)
Australia	635,649	1,164,980	1.207.957	Argentina	40,288	41,511	29,378
Brit. India	167,078	24,083	nıl	Other Countries	19,130	15,511	11,347
Argentina	759,438	z,036,690	1,028,147	Total	To 4=0		
U.S.A	1,051,787	562,083	231,358	10041	59,418	57,022	40,725
U.S S.R.	935,863	1,446,548	163,655	All Beef-			
Other Countries	379,994	38x,667	306,584				
Total				Total	639,895	656,786	609,398
Total		5,970,929	5,281,379				
Wheat Meal and F	lour -			A return made of	the slav	whter of	ettle in
Canada	224,419	194,730	198,584	the Umted Kingdo			
Australia	85,49z	127,917	141,482	May 30, 1932, put	s the nu	mber st	7 770 000
' Argentina	29,336	35,856	23,930	animals, which at a	in average	weight of	88.V 660
1 U.S.A	158,788	103,879	22,092	lb. of meat equal	some 5	00,000 ton	s home-
France Other Countries	59,205	50,648	21,876	produced. The tot	ai supply	of about	1,100,000
Conter Countries	29,182	24,324	16,972	tons Beef would th	ius avera	ge out abo	nt 50 lb.
Total	586,411	537,354	425,835	per head of population and calves were also	llation p	er annum.	856,000
	300,411	33/1334	4-3,03	calves were also	slaughter	ed in the	United
Barley-	_			Kingdom; these at	sny 88 ii	n. meat per	r animal
Canada	17,358	51,173	122,101	give 33,500 tons Ver	u m adan	aon.	
Australia	3,318	16,377	15,584	Mutton and Lamb,	Lineway		i
U.S.S.R	294,618 180,890	280,793 162,864	136,o19				!
Rumania	110,694	51,987	79,572	New Zealand	164,642	173,488	195,793 i
Chile	28,238	12,615	25,319 13,218	Australia	40,509	76,467	57,802
Iraq	27,4 9	1,823	nıl	Argentina	72,602	77,665	69,286
Other Countries	97,851	193,524	114,833	Other Countries	21,166	14,215	8, 184
		-93,3-4		voner countries	20,326	13,528	17,147
Total	760,386	771,156	506,646	Total	319,245	355.363	348,212
Oats-					3-9,-43	353,303	340,
Canada	10,307	64,756	123,830	In addition to	these in	ports the	United
Irish Free State	19,086	6,712	2,373	Kingdom consumed	1 9.924.00	o sheep ar	d lambs
Argentina	111,742	183,228	157,783	in twelve months s	langhtere	d at home.	Calcu-
U.S.S.R	137,866	139,141	5,646	lating these at an	average of	o f 60 lb. p e	r sheep
Germany	152,771	1,320	4.347	and 40 lb. per la	mb gives	a figure	of some
Other Countries	49,781	42,503	29,423	zoo.ooo tons meat.			
				Bacon-			
Total	481,553	437,660	323,402	Irish Free State	16,534	14,842	
Maize-			i	Canada	4,965	2,475	9,977
British S. Africa	264,433	88,495	168,525	Denmark	305,893	366,960	9,134 383,601
Argentina	1,115.731	2,411,652	2,283,604	Poland, me Danzig	2 24.165	53,831	57,126
Rumania	224,069	28,581	47,196	Netherlands	42,115	49,995	48,578
U.S.A	437	505	13,774 I	Sweden	27,514	28,846	21,512
Other Countries	103,564	133,833	127,936	U.S.A	23,955	9,45x	3,166
m-4-1				Other Countries	14,418	30.284	37,202
Total	1,700,234	2,663,066	2,641,035	m-()			
Rice				Total	459,559	556,684	570,296
Brit. India	48,596	44,299	57,053	Hame			
Spain	25,120	23 853	21.958	Hams—			
Other Countries	13,841 26,851	16,807	14,997 28,582	U.S.A	41,020 4,202	30,032	23,261
i Juner Countries	20,051	35,017	20,502	Other Countries	4,929	3,624 7,902	7,175
Total	114.408	119,976	122,500	Countries	4·y*Y	7,902	9,732
	4.400	9,9/0		Total	50,151	41,558	40,168
Beef, Chilled-	-0-6				J-,-J-	4-,55	4-,-50
Argentina	385,667	395,559	390,332	Pork-			
l'ruguay Brazil	43,334	38,922	25,128	I. F. State (fresh)	14,466	19,145	13,107
Diazii	25,349	29,933	24,054	N.Z. (frozen)	6,847	6,090	6,557
Total	454,350	464,414	440,021	Argentina (frozei		4,061	5,447
1	737,330	444,444	440,001	U.S.A. (frozen).	5,420	3,114	1,627
Beef, Frozen-				Other Countries			
Australia	39,849	56,814	47,879	(frozen)	1,619	5,015	3,399
New Zealand .		19,109	28,944	Total	20.00	35 445	
Argentina Uruguay	37,504 13,806	32,949 11,968	32,771 9,865	10041	32,c57	37,425	30,137
U.S.A	2,298		9,005 2,373	The stated home	slauchte	r of nice	n twelve
Other Countries	15,529	10,759	6,439	months 18 4,043,00	o animals	Reckon	ing these
	-31349						
				at an average of	80 lb. 1	oer animal	gives a
Total				at an average of	80 lh. 1	per animal	gives a
Total		134,614	128,271	at an average of further supply of x	80 lh. 1	per animal	gives a

abbits—	1030	1031	zo32. (Tons)	Poultry, de	ad—	1530	1931	1022
From	(Tons)	(Tons)		From		(Tons)	(Tons)	2932 (Ton
I.F.State(fresh)	895	686	338	Irish Fre	e State	5,784	5,468	5,21
Belgium (fresh)	1,565	1,281	893	U.S.S.R.	•••••	6,318	9,066	5,83
Australia (frozen) N.Z. (frozen)		15,767	25,695 1,564	Hungary Other Co		4,283	5,910	5,29
Other Countries	946 586	1,395 308	389	Conc. Car	41101169	12,111	13,828	9,61
Conor Commences				Total		28,496	33 272	25,95
Total	14,482	19,437	28 780				33 -/-	-3,90
oultry, live— Irish Free State	(Num)	(Num.)	(Num)	Animals, h	ive—	(Num) (Num)	(Num
Irish Free State	971,065	1,054,576	733 463	Game (E	gypt, &c.)	207,93	7 155,412	41,68
Other Countries	121,168	90,011	142,960	Cattle(I.	f.State,&	c.) 840,56	1 766,523	642,6
Total r	,092,233	1,144,587	876,423	Sheep & Swine	,, ettiiss	567,19 414,58		440,87 302,70
Butter-				1930	193:	1.	2932.	
From	_			116	lb.		115	
New Zealan	d			75,216,832	215,668,	432	245 ,317,856	
Australia				05,465,184	174,490,		204,876,448	
Irish Free S Denmark .				58,459,856	42,675	,130	35,239,120	
Argentina .	••••••		Z	59,674,800 45,373,600	276,199, 41,880		289,370,368 43,729,840	
U.S.S R		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		18,530,512	45,289	.228	35,163,344	
Finland				26, 153, 120	28,455	.058	24,261,440	
Sweden				31,311,280	23,714	.006	19,680,976	
Estonia				10,789,856	14,043	,008	9,313,136	
Netherland	s			9,978,528	10,765	,104	5,263,776	
Other Coun	tries		:	21,067,872	29,545	,488	33,083,792	
Total			7	64,021,440	902,727	.616	946,300,095	
Home production								
ents has been esti population appear	mated at	about roc	,000,000 l	b., and the t	otal cons	umption	of Butter 1	er her
Margarine— From				16	11	h	16	
Netherland	8			91,893,648	74,047		8,118,320	
Other Coun	tries	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2,879,968	3,563	.056	2,229,024	
m-4-3			-					
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	•••	94,773,616	77,610	,51 2	10,347,344	
10061								
Cheese-					**			
Cheese— From				n.	111		ъ	
Cheese— From New Zealan	d		2	lli. 19,620,912	194,053	.440	lli 207,507,216	
Cheese— From New Zealan ('anada				lli. 19,620,912 75 968.928	194,053 79 153	,440 , 20 0	11, 207,507,216 83,694.464	
Cheese— From New Zealan ('anada Australia	d	: :: :	 	lli. 19,620,912 75,968.928 5,340,720	194,053 79 153	,440 , 20 0	11, 207,507,216 83,694.461 8,235,808	
Cheese— From New Zealan ('anada Australia Netherland	id	: :::::		lls, 19,620,912 75,968.928 5,340,720 20,504,512	194,053 79 153 7,620 18,840	,440 ,200 ,032 ,528	31) 207,507,216 83,694.461 8,235,808 19,032,384	
Cheese— From New Zealan ('anada Australia	id s			lli. 19,620,912 75,968.928 5,340,720	194,053 79 153	,440 ,200 ,032 ,528 ,696	11, 207,507,216 83,694.461 8,235,808	
Cheese— From New Zealan ('anada Anstralia Netherland Italy Other Coun	s tries		 	lls, 19,620,912 75 968.928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520	194,053 79 153 7,620 18,840 14,759 8,782	,440 ,,200 ,,038 ,588 ,,696	207,507,216 83,694.461 8,235,808 19.032,384 11,882,528 6,381,038	
Cheese— From New Zealan ('anada Anstralia Netherland Italy Other Coun	stries	ecse is in	2	111, 19,620,912 75 968.928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520	194,053 79 153 7,620 18,840 14,759 8,782	,440 ,200 ,032 ,528 ,696 ,032	11) 207,507,216 83,694.461 8,235,808 19.032,384 11.882,528 6,381,038	
Cheese— From New Zealan ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly	stries	ecse is in	2	111, 19,620,912 75 968.928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520	194,053 79 153 7,620 18,840 14,759 8,782	,440 ,200 ,032 ,528 ,696 ,032	11) 207,507,216 83,694.461 8,235,808 19.032,384 11.882,528 6,381,038	
Cheese— From New Zealan ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs— From	stries	ecse is in	the neighborhan	10, 19,620,912 75 968,928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 48,579,392 ghbourhood	194,053 79 153 7,620 18,840 14,759 8,782	,440 ,300 ,538 ,538 ,696 ,033 ,928	11) 207,507,216 83,694.461 8,235,808 19.032,384 11.882,528 6,381,038	
Cheese— From New Zealan ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs— Irish Free S	s s tries	ecse is in	the neighborhan	lli, 19,620,912 75 958.928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 48,579,392 ghbourhood	194.053 79 153 7,620 18,840 14,759 8,782 323,203 Of roo of	.440 ,;aoo ,5s8 ,5s8 ,696 ,o33 ,928 ,oo,ooo lli	11, 207,507,216 83,694,451 8,235,808 19,022,384 11,882,528 6,381,038 325,733,483 yearly, i	e tot
Cheese— From New Zealan ('aunda Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Egge— From Irish Free S Australia	stries	ecse is in	the neighborhan	10, 19,620,912 75 968,928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 48,579,392 glubourhood (Number) 573,743,760 67,936,360	194,053 79 153 7,620 18,840 14,759 8,782 323,208 Of 100 00 (Numli 549,012 110,184	.440 ,300 ,528 ,528 ,696 ,032 ,928 00,000 lb	11, 207,507,216 83,504.461 8,235,808 19,032,384 11,888,528 6,381,038 335,733,483 yearly, i (Number) 471,902,520 181,764,960	e tot
Cheese— From New Zealam ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs— Irish Free S Australia British Sout	son of Chyrollo po	ecse is in	the neighbors.	lli, 19,620,912 75 968.928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 20,943,520 20,943,520 (Number) 573,743,760 67,936,360 556,034,600	194,053 79 153 7,620 18,840 14,759 8,782 323,208 Of 100 oc (Numli 549,012 110,184 70,662	.440 ,,200 ,528 ,528 ,696 ,032 ,928 00,000 lli	11, 207,507,216 83,694,464 8,255,868 19.032,384 11,882,528 6,381,038 335,733,483 yearly, i (Number) 471,902,520 181,764,960 63,334,200	e tot
Cheese— From New Zealam ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs— From Irish Free S Australia British Soul	son of Chyzolb po	ecse is in	the neir annum.	10, 19,620,912 75 968,928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 48,579,392 ghbourhood (Number) 573,743,760 67,926,500 56,094,600	194.053 79 153 7,620 18,840 14.759 8,782 323,208 Of 100 00 (Numb 549,012 110,184 70,662 905,839	.440 ,,203 ,528 ,528 ,656 ,032 ,928 20,000 III	11, 207,507,216 83,694,454 8,255,884 19.032,384 11.882,528 6,381,058 335,733,483 yearly, i (Number) 471,902,520 181,764,956 63,334,200 767,105,040	e tot
Cheese— From New Zealam ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs— From Irish Free S Australia British Soul Denmark Poland. ince	s s	ecse is in er head per	the neight annum.	10. 19,620,912 75 968,928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 48,579,392 glibourhood (Number) 573,743,760 67,926,360 56,094,600 107,405,960	194,053 79 153 7,620 18,840 14,759 8,782 323,208 Of 100 00 (Numil- 549,012 110,184 70,662 905,839 322,448	.440 ,.300 ,.322 ,528 ,596 ,032 ,928 ,00,000 lli	11, 207,507,216 83,694,454 8,25,808 19,032,384 11,882,528 6,381,058 335,733,483 yearly, i (Numler) 471,902,520 181,764,905 63,334,200 767,105,040	e tot
Cheese— From New Zealam ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs— From Irish Free S Australia British Soul Denmark Poland, inc Helgium	son of Ch y rolly po	ecse is in er head per	the neighbors.	lli, 19,620,912 75 968,928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,220,800 10,943,520 10,943,520 (Number) 573,743,760 67,926,360 67,926,360 133,557,680 80,738,720	194.053 79 153 7,6aa 18,840 14,758 8,788 323,20S Of 100 oc (Numil 549,012 110,184 70,665 905,839 322,448	.440 , 200 , 202 , 528 , 696 , 032 , 1928 , 1928 , 1920 , 1920 , 1920 , 1920 , 1920 , 1920 , 1920	11, 207,507,216 83,694,451 8,25,808 19,032,384 11,882,528 6,382,038 335,733,483 yearly, i (Number) 471,902,520 181,764,950 63,334,200 767,105,040 224,917,320	e tot
Cheese— From New Zealan ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs— Irish Free S Australia British Sout Jenmark Poland, inc Helgium Netherland	sson of Chyrollo po	ecse is in	the neigranuum.	1b., 19,620,912 75 968,928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 48,579,392 glubour-hood (Number) 573,743,760 67,936,360 56,094,600 800,038,720,680	194.053 79 153 79,650 18,840 14,759 8,788 323,803 0f 100 00 (Numil 549,012 110,184 70,652 905,833 321,448 248.752 460 709	.440 ,.032 ,032 ,528 ,696 ,032 ,928 ,00,000 ll) ,720 ,340 ,720 ,340 ,320 ,320 ,320	11, 207,507,216 83,694,464 8,25,884 12,923,884 11,882,528 6,381,058 335,733,483 yearly, i (Number) 471,902,520 63,334,200 674,927,320 190,085,400 167,073,720	e tot
Cheese— From New Zealam ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs— From Irish Free S Australia British Soud Denmark Poland, inc Belgium Netherland. China	stries on of Chy rolly person by the Africa ludding Do	ecse is in er head per	3 the neigranuum.	lii. 19,620,912 75 958.928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 10,943,520 (Number) 573,743,760 67,926,360 67,926,360 67,926,600 13,3507,680 180,038,720 141,683,520	194.053 79 153 79,630 18,840 14,759 8,782 323.203 0f 100 00 (Numl 549.011 110,184 70,665 905,839 321,448 248,752 460 709 179,665	.440 ,.032 ,528 ,528 ,032 ,928 ,00,000 lls ,770 ,770 ,320 ,320 ,320 ,320	11, 207,507,216 83,694.461 8,25,508 19.022,384 11,882,528 6,381,038 335,733,483 yearly, i (Numl.er) 471,902,520 181,764,956 63,334,200 767,105,040 22,025,400 102,381,000	e tot
Cheese—From New Zealan ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs—From Irish Free S Australia British Sout benmark Poland, inc Helgium Netherland. China Sweden	s	ocse is in r head per	3 the neigranuum.	10, 19,620,912 75 968,928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 48,579,392 ghbourhood (Number) 573,743,750 67,926,33,520,7405,960 133,520,680 814,683,520 15,746,000 58,940,160	194.053 79 153 79,630 18,840 14,759 8,783 323,050 0[100 00 (Numl) 549,021 110,184 70,682 905,833 322,448 248,752 450 709	.440 ,032 ,032 ,528 ,696 ,033 ,928 ,0,000 lls ,720 ,320 ,320 ,320 ,750 ,750 ,560	11, 207,507,216 83,694,464 8,255,884 19,032,384 11,882,528 6,381,058 335,733,483 yearly, i (Number) 471,902,520 181,764,956 63,334,200 767,105,040 224,917,320 190,085,400	e tot
Cheese— From New Zealam ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs— From Irish Free S Anstralia British Sout Denmark Poland, inc Helgium Netherland China Sweden Egypt Egypt U.S.S.R	s	eese is in re head per	3 the neigranuum.	lb. 19,620,912 75 968.928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 48,579,392 ghibourhood (Number) 573,743,760 67,936,360 56,934,600 67,405,960 481,683,520 680,038,720 680,938,720 65,746,000 58,940,160 58,940,160	194.053 79 153 7,630 18,840 14,759 8,782 323,20S 0[100 00 (Numil 549,012 110,188 248,753 460 700 179,662 40,686 40,686	.440 ,.032 ,528 ,528 ,528 ,032 ,928 ,0,000 lli ,1720 ,1720 ,1720 ,1720 ,1720 ,1720 ,1750 ,1680 ,1680 ,1680	11, 207,507,216 83,694.461 8,255,688 19.022,384 11.883,588 6,381,038 335,733,483 yearly, i (Numlier) 471,902,520 181,764,956 63,334,200 767,105,040 22,919,322 190,085,400 107,973,732 190,085,400 102,381,000 43,363,382 29,586,200	e tot
Cheese— From New Zealam Canada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs— Irish Free S Australia British Sout Jenmark Poland, inc Helgium Netherland China Sweden Egypt U.S.S.R France	s	ecse is in	the neigranuum.	lii, 19,620,912 75 968,928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 10,943,520 (Number) 573,743,760 67,936,360 67,936,360 67,936,360 67,940,596 133,507,680 880,038,720 141,683,520 155,746,000 58,940,160 54,177,480 54,174,480	194.053 79.155 7,6ao 18,840 14,759 8,782 323,803 0f 100 00 (Numl) 549.012 110,184 70.662 905,833 322,448 40,680 40,680 86,511	.440 ,.320 ,.328 ,528 ,528 ,528 ,032 ,928 ,0,000 III ,770 ,240 ,750 ,250 ,360 ,360 ,360	11, 207,507,216 83,694,451 8,25,808 19,023,384 11,882,528 6,381,058 335,733,483 yearly, i (Number) 471,902,522 181,764,950 63,334,200 767,105,040 224,917,320 102,381,000 107,973,720 102,381,000 10,460,836	e tot
Cheese— From New Zealam ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productic consumption nearly Eggs— From Irish Free S Australia British Sout Ibenmark Poland, inc Helgium Netherland. China Sweden Egypt	s	ecse is in	the neigranuum.	lb. 19,620,912 75 968.928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 48,579,392 ghibourhood (Number) 573,743,760 67,936,360 56,934,600 67,405,960 481,683,520 680,038,720 680,938,720 65,746,000 58,940,160 58,940,160	194.053 79 153 7,630 18,840 14,759 8,782 323,20S 0[100 00 (Numil 549,012 110,188 248,753 460 700 179,662 40,686 40,686	.440 ,.320 ,032 ,528 ,528 ,032 	11, 207,507,216 83,694.461 8,255,688 19.022,384 11.883,588 6,381,038 335,733,483 yearly, i (Numlier) 471,902,520 181,764,956 63,334,200 767,105,040 22,919,322 190,085,400 107,973,732 190,085,400 102,381,000 43,363,382 29,586,200	e tot
Cheese—From New Zealam ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs—From Irish Free S Australia British Sout benmark Poland, ine Helgium Netherland China Sweden Rgypt U.S.S.R. France Other Coun	s	oose is in	3 the neighbor annum.	10, 19,620,912 75 968,928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 48,579,392 ghbourhood (Number) 573,743,750 67,926,360 56,094,600 607,405,960 133,520 162,746,000 54,177,480 10,180,180,180,180,180,180,180,180,180,1	194.053 79 153 7, 6ao 18,840 14,759 8,782 323,803 0f 100 00 (Numl) 549,022 110,284 70,662 905,833 323,448 2487,752 450 702 179,662 240,682 241,603	.440 .038 .528 .528 .528 .696 .032 	111 207.507,216 83,694.451 8,25,808 19.032,308 11.888,528 6,381,058 335,733,483 yearly, i (Number) 471.902,522 181,764,960 63.334,200 167,973,722 102,381,000 167,973,722 102,381,000 104,960,882 29,586,200 142,052,520	e tot
Cheese—From New Zealam ('anada Australia Netherland Italy Other Coun Total Home productionsumption nearly Eggs—From Irish Free S Australia British Sout benmark Poland, ine Helgium Netherland China Sweden Rgypt U.S.S.R. France Other Coun	stries by of Chy rolly person of the Africa luding Da	cese is in	3 the neight annum.	lii. 19,620,912 75 968.928 5,340,720 20,504,512 16,200,800 10,943,520 10,943,520 (Number) 573,743,760 67,926,360 56,924,600 107,465,960 141,663,520 182,987,720 141,663,520 183,597,480 184,983,600	194.053 79 153 79,630 18,840 14,759 8,782 323,208 0f 100 00 (Numil 549,012 110,188 70,662 905,830 322,448 460,762 40,680	.440 ,.032 ,.032 ,.528 ,.032 ,.032 ,.032 ,.032 ,.032 ,.720 ,.320 ,.730 ,.320 ,.750 ,.760 ,.760 ,.300 ,.300 ,.300 ,.300 ,.300 ,.300 ,.300 ,	11, 207,507,216 83,694,464 8,25,508 19,022,384 11,882,528 335,733,483 yearly, i (Numlier) 471,902,520 181,764,956 63,334,200 767,105,040 224,917,320 102,381,000 43,363,320 29,586,200 29,586,200 29,586,200 21,287,502 29,586,200 21,287,502 29,586,200 21,287,502 21,287,502	e tot

Tea-	1930.	1931	1931
Prom	1h.	1b.	16
British India	290 183, 24 4	276 ,963,469	312,198,652
Other British Sources	152,097,341	158,913,137	172,301,626
Java, &c	2,754,405	2,952,875	2,981,674
China and Macao	84,599,547 8,734,979	85.839,487 8,547,647	74,087,753 4,845,784
Other Foreign Countries	2,658,810	2,219,297	883,151
Contra 2 moigh conductos	2,030,010	2,219,297	
Total	. 541,038,325 r head of popula	535,445.912 ation per annum.	567, 299 ,650
Coffee—		•	
From	1b	16	16.
British East Africa	36,270,864	32,447,714	31,609,536
British West Indies	9,923,984 564 256	5,107,200	5 619,344 282,800
Central America	37,164,400	322,112	
Brazil	831,152	37,195.648	31,040,352
Colombia	z,760,576	946,632 2,889,040	20,262,768 2,416,688
Other Countries	3.812,592	5.359,424	3.736,544
Total	91,327,824	84.267.800	84.878.022
Consumption nearly 2 lb. 1	per head of pop	ulation per annu	m.
Cocoa, Raw— From	ıb.	11)	16
British West Africa	112,815 360	126,834,624	141,310,624
British West Indies	9,5x8,768	11,676,336	9 779 524
Ceylon	1,620,528	828,352	1,942,192
Other Countries	9,161,600	7,684,320	12,331,000
Total Consumption about 3½ lb. 1	133.116,256	147,023,633	165,366,320
Consumption about 3½ lb. 1	per head of pop	ulation per annu	ım.
Sugar (unrefined)			
From	11,	16	Ib,
Australia	417,355,792	535,68 2,33 6	469,534.5:8
British West Indies, &c	181 157,760	150,835 440	445,272,016
Mauritius, &c	304,528,335	346,747,184	439,102,272
Union of South Africa, &c	240,658,092	279,401,024	112,088,928
Cuba St. Domingo	1,659,858,816	1,072,975,456	1,722,913,472
Java	531,408,752	338,738,960	625,465,168
Peru	13,888 268,908,752	28,222,656 390,589,248	555,800,112 407,938,160
Other Countries	557,324,768	725,071,248	495,240,928
		,, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -	4757-4-77-5
Total		3,981,263,552	5,274,755,584
The 1932 imports (though not necessari iduction, say 350,000 tons or 784,000,000 linch allows over 120 lb. per head of populati	ly all consume b, reveal a tot	d) plus the 19: al supply of ab	32 home Beet out 6,000 milli
ich allows over 120 lb. per head of populati	on per annum		
Mük, Condensed— From			
All Countries	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.
Not Sweetened	402,967	483,579	402,375
Sweetened (whole and separated)	2,159,098	2,315,181	2,343,510
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total	2,602,065	2,798,760	2,745,885
It is stated that r cwt. of Condensed Milk	18 equal to 34	gails, of Milk; t	nat is to say, th
port equalled 93 million galls, to be adde	a to the home	production of M	lik not fed to
soned in a recent year to amount in Eng is about \$40 pints per head of population p	land and Wales	alone to 1,137	million galls.
Potatocs-			
From	cwt.	cwt.	ewt.
Channel Islands	1,033,263	920,854	1,011,275
Netherlands	910,722	3,509,974	4,343,202
spain	038,828	1,546,350	3,191,786
Germany	258,355	4.602,157	2,212,588
Other Countries	2,208,140 422,266	2,142,411 3,942,464	77,714 4,740,210
Total	5 781.574	16,653,210	15.576,775
Apples—	lb.	16	1b
From			
All Countries	691,210,683	851,035,696	909,175,568

78	THREE YEARS' F	OOD IMPO	RTS-continue	d.	
	Pears-	1930. 11,	2932 Ib.	1932 11).	
	All Countries	115,289,104	138,571,104	124,983,600	
	e English crop of 1931 was figured at 29,	000,000 10., 10 19	30 41,000,000 lb.		
	Oranges— From	11,	III.	Ib	
	All Countries	1.143,202,358	1,163,846,768	1,047,740,176	;
	Grapes From All Countries	11,	11)	11).	
	Grape Fruit—	77,873,824	105,756,896	101,579,408	
	From All Countries	11, 62,307,056	11). 100, 378 ,544	11) <u>.</u> 88,393,984	
	Bananas-				i
	All Countries	bunches, 24,989,564	hunches, 16,161,900	bunches, 17,122,177	
If,	as seems probable, an average bunch canas per annum to each member of the	consists of zoo	fruits, the distr	ribution is now so	me
	Raisins—	in branching.			:
	All Countries)) 77,892,752	1)) 90,206,032	1}) 146,534,192	
	Currants, dried-	11,	11		
	All Countries	134,233 568	lh. 118,247,584]lı 127,423,744	
	Currants, raw From	Ti.	11,	••	į
	All Countries	13 722,768	11,558,736	5 338,704	
The black	c home crops of Currants in England a and 85,000 cwt. of red and white, aver-	ind Wales in 19 aging 20 cwt ai	931 were reckon nd 22 cwt. per a	ed at 231,000 ewt ure respectively:	of in
Scotla	and 85,000 cwt. of red and white, averand at the last count, 1,570 cwt. black a re; in Northern Ireland, 1,924 cwt. bla	ud 2.030 cwt re ack and 402 cw	ed and white, but red and who	t only 7 and 12 c	wt.
26,000	,coo lb, black and 10,000,000 lb, red and	white		tt 24 utter til m	, iii (
	Plums, including Greengages and Dams From	ons—	110	111	1
m	All Count les		57,485,680	33,686,368	
to 325,	home crop of Plums in the orchards of ewt.—89,000,000 lb. to 35,000,000 lb.	n raighna ana according to we	eather, nveragm	nig from 800,000 c g 16 lb. per tree.	wt
	Cherrien-	11.			
	All Countries	6,665,232	1h 6,555,696	ll) 1,354,304	
The	e English yield of Chernes in 1930 was cwt. or 25,000,000 lb.	stated to be 40	05,000 ewt. or 45	,000,000 lb.; in z	93r,
-	Gooneberrien, raw—				'
	All Countries	}} 3, 196,25 6	lls 1,881,264	lh 1,212,512	
The	e crop in England and Wales ru 1930 equ			,000,000 lh.	
	Strawberries— From	116	11,	11,	
	All Countries	7.580,160	10,067,904	4,570,384	;
50,000	e crop in England and Wales varies from the court of the	roduction in 193	. to 800,000 CWt 31 about 84,000 ,0	, in Scotland ab	out
	Tobacco (unmanufuctured), gross import	в "		-	,
	British Countries	11, 35, <u>33</u> 8,330	lb 34,328,3 00	lb. 47,877,09 1	
	t S.A and other Foreign Countries	201,689.527	159,717,876	127.327,045	
	Total	237,027,857	194,046,175	175,204,136	
1	Wine— From	galls.	galls	gulls	
	British South Africa	1,895,374 557,837	2,269,695 788,550	3,044,201 719,717	
	Other Countries	11,385,447	11,646,891	8,718,776	
	Total	13,838,658	14,705,137	12,482,694	
£	Spirits, gross imports—	Pf galls	Pf. galls	Pf. galls.	
	All Countries	2,949,34 0	2,485,856	1,816,648	
			1094		

BRITISH BEET SUGAR.

The production of best for sugar in England and Wales has varied with the inducements of the Grovenment subsidy, and from 448,000 acres cultivated in 1930 fell to 233,000 acres in 1932. For 1933 the area which has been sown is estimated at 340,000 acres.

2,000 acres in 1932. For 1933 one area which has been sown is committed at 340,000 acres. The resulting yield of sugar was said to be 420,000 tons in 1930, 250,000 tons in 1931, and

350,000 tons in 1932.
The subsidy granted by the Government on sugar manufactured from home-grown beet is now 68. 6d. per cwt., expiring on September 33, 1934, but a special advance of a further 18. 3d. per cwt. has been temporarily allowed to the industry, repayable if prices warrant.

WHEAT IMPOR	TING COUNT	rries.	WHEAT EXPORTING COUNTRIES Wheat.					
Country.	Imports m Mi of 480lb (calend	lhons of Qrs. lar year 1931).	Country	Exports in Millions of Qrs of 48olb. (calendar year 1932)				
U.K. & I.F. State France Belgium Italy Germany Netherlands Japan	. & I. F. State		Canada	29 16 15 7 2 2				
1	·Vour		Country	· Exports in Millions of Sacks of 280lb, (calendar year 1932)				
U.K	Imports in Mil of 280lb. (calend 5 2 2 2		Australia	4 4 4 2 2 2 DCASTING.				
BRITISH WHEA			•	ng Sets in use (Dec. 1931).				
Canada	27,097,560 23,299,598 481,665 20,733,799 11,241,671 28,930,955 7,633,333	1932 (Wt. 46,873,559 24,159,138 Hil. 20,562,947 4,627,153 3 273,105 6,131,675	United Kingdom United Kingdom France (1929) Japan Sweden Nether lands Canada U.S.S.R (1929) Denmark Austria The World					
Total	119,418,582	105.627,577		Estimated.				

CURIOSITIES OF THE CALENDAR.

Some Curiosities of the Calendar,—It will be seen in a Table on page 8x that there will not be a Full Moon in February of the year 1934. This is sometimes spoken of as being a very rare occurrence, but actually it happens 3z times in the 7.18 years between 198z and 2299 inclusive, or on the average once in every 2z or 23 years. This is a somewhat less rare event than the occurrence of five Sundays in February, which happens when the Dominical letters of the year are D.C., 13 times in four centuries, and occurs 2z times in the period above specified. A rarer event than either of these is the occurrence of February without a Full Moon in a Leap Year, which happened in 1668 and may not again until 2905, though it is difficult to speak with certainty. A coincidence that may be considered the rarest event in the calendar seems to be the occurrence of five Sundays in February in a year when Easter falls on its latest date, April 25. In the Julma Calendar this confunction of events occurs once in each Easter cycle of 532 years, and it did so in 1736. In the Gregorian Calendar it has not yet occurred, and will not until 1784. Between then and 5120 it will happen eight times in the 1336 years, after which there is a gap of 4x68 years before 9288, when it is again due. (8. B. Gaythorpe in the British Astronomical Association Journal, July, 1932.)

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ciation,

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A.R. San. I.— or contary Institute, and the society of Painters in Water Colours.

A. S. A.A.— of the Society of C. Conservative.

Accountants Cantab., Cambridge.

Con. (Chapter), Number of

ber Institution of Civil Engis. C.B., Companion of the Bath. D.O.E.C.—in Economics.

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gineers.

A.M.I Mech E.-Do. Mechanical. C.D.A., College Diploma in Agri-A.B., Able-bodied scaman

A.B., ADIC-BORIEU SCAIRARI A.C. (Ante Christian) = B C. C.D.H., Do. in Horticulture. A.D. (Anno Domini), In the year (C.E., Civil Engineer. of our Lord.

A.D.C., Alde-de-Camp: A.D.C. C.F., Chaplain to the Forces. Gen., ditto, General. C.G.M., Conspicuous Gullantry Gen., ditto, General. lib. (ad libitum),

Educational C G.S., second. pleasure. LEC, Army Corps

A.H. (Anno Hegirae), lu the C.H.E.—Order of Ind. Empue. A.H. (Anno Hegirae), lu the C.H.G.—St. Michael and St. year of the Hegira.

of Light.

A.M. (Ants meridiem), Before C.I., Lady of Impenal Order of noon.

of the worm.

A.M.C., Art Master's Certificate

A.M.D.G. (Ad majorem Dei glorium), To the greater glory of God.

C.-in-C., Commander-in-Chief.

C.L.B., Church Lade Brigade.

C.M. (Chirurgue Maguster Survey). A.M.C., Art Master's Certificate C.I.F.,

In the year of Salvation. A.U.C. (Anno urbis conditae), In

the year of condition, In C.O.D., Cash on delivery. Con. (contra), Against. of Rome.

veyors.

A.I. A.C.—of Company Account. B.Arch—of Architecture. B.C.L. of Civil Law.

B.Ch., (or Ch B.)- of Surgery. A.I.C.S .- Do. Chartered Ship- B. Com .- of Commerce.

B.D.S. (or B.Ch.D.)— of Deutal C.T.C., Cyclist Touring Club. C.V.O., Commander of Royal Surgery. B.D.— of Divinity.

B. Ed .- of Education.

B. Eng.— of Engineering.
B Litt.— of Literature.
B. Phil.— of Philosophy.

B.Sc.— of Science. B.Sc.Tech.— of Technical Science.

B B.C., British Corporation.

B.C., Before Christ.
B.M.A., British Medical Asso-ciation.

D.Litt.— of Literature.
D.Litt.— of Literature.

B.N.C., Brasenose College, Oxford

CA., Chartered Accountant (and, in English Counties, County Alderman). Accountant D F.C.,

Accountants Cantali, Cambridge.
Cap. (Chapter), Number of Act D.M R.E.
sociate Memory of Parliament.

Council.

culture.

cf. (confer), Compare.

Medal. Centimetre - gramme -

C.H., Companion of Honour, C.I.E.—Order of Ind. Empire.

George. A L. (Anno Lucis), In the year C.S.I .- Star of India.

Ch. Ch., Christ Church.

the Crown of India.

A.M. (Anno mundi), In the year C.L.D., Criminal Investigation of the world.

Cost, Insurance and

Magister), Master of Surgery.

C. M.s., Church Society.

tics, Economics and Chris

tianity.
O.S., Charity Organisation C.O.S., Society. S.C., Conspicuous Service C.S.C.,

Cross C.S.M.M.G., Chartered Soc. of Massage and Medical Gym-

nastics.

Victorian Order.

D

d. (denarius), penny. D.B.E., Dame of Order of British Empire.

Broadcasting D.C., District of Columbia, Broadcasting D.C.L., Doctor of Civil Law. D.D .- of Divmity.

D Sc — of Science. D.C.L.I., Duke Duke of Cornwall's Jaght Infantry

D.C.M., Distinguished Conduct Medal. del. (delineavit), He (she) drew

Distinguished Flying Cross. D.G. (Dei gratia), By the Grace

of God D.I.C., Diploma of the Imperial

- in Medical Radi-

D.T.M. - in Tropical Medi-

cine. D.V.S M - in Veterinary State

Medicane. D.L., Deputy-Lieutenant. D.N.B., Dictionary of National

Biography.
Do. (ditto), The same.
D.O.R.A., Defence of the Realm

Act.

D.S.C., Distinguished Service (') 058. D.S. M., Do. Medal.

D.S.O., Companion of Distm guished service Order, D.V. (Deo rolente), God willing dwt., Pennyweight.

F.R.A.S - of the Royal Astro-|G.R.S.M., Graduate of the Royal E. and O.E., Errors and omissions F.R. C.M.— of the Royal College excepted. excepted.

«y. (exampli gratia), "for example"

Rhor, York.

E.C., East Central District

E.C.U., English Church Union.

Enth, Embassy.

et al. (et alib), And elsewhere

etc. (et ectery). And the obles. of Music. " for F.R.CO .- of Royal College of Organists. F.R.C.P.I.— of the Royal College of Physicians of London, of Edmburgh, and of H.A.C., Houble. Artillery Company Ireland respectively. etc. (et cetera), And the other F.R.C.S .- of Royal College of things. Surgeons. et seq. (et nequentia), And the F R.C S.Ed., ditto of Edinburgh; following. Vetermary Surgeons,
F.R.F.P.S.G. - of the Royal H.H., His [Her] Highness.
F.R.H.P.S.G. - of the Royal H.H.H., His [Her] Imperial Faculty of Physicians and Marketiness.

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F.C.I.A.—of Corpora, of Insurinteed British Architects. ance Agents F.R.M.S., ditto Microscopical. F.C.I.B.— of Corporn. of Insur- F.R. Met Soc.— of Royal Mete-F.C.I.I.— of the Chartered F.R.S.— of the Royal Society.

F.R.S.Ed., ditto of Edinburgh. F C.I S .- of the Chartered In- F.R.S.A .- of the Royal Society ness stitute of Secretaries. of Arts. t. On a construction of F.R.S.L.—Do. Literature.

F.R. San.I.—Do. Sanitary Inst.

Chemical F S A — of the Society of Antiquaries.

The same of Officers.

Gladen). In the same F.C.R.A.—of the Corporation of F.R.S.L.—Do. Literature. Accountants. F.C.S. — of the Society. Society.

F.C.W.A.— of Inst. of Cost F S A A — Do. Incorporated Acand Works Accountants. and Works Accountants. | countants and Auditors. F.E.I.S.— of Educational Insti- F.S.1 -- of Surveyors Instituplace. tute of Scotland. tion. F G.S. - of Geological F.S.S., Do. Statistical Society. F.Z.S., of the Zoological Society. the Society. of the Institute of fep., Frontscap.

1es. F.D. (Faler Defensor), Defender

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F.I.O.E.—Builders.
F.I.O.E.—Builders.
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F.I.A.A.—of London Associa-G.H.O. Genoral Hendroporters the Bath. tion.

F.L.A.A.— of London Associa-G.H.O. General Headquarters, tion of Accountants.

G.M.T., Greenwich Mean Time.

F.L.A.S.— of Land Agents G.O.C., General Officer ComJ.P., Justice of the Peace. Society.

F.L.S.— of the Linnean Society. G.P.O., General Post Office. F.R.A.I. of Royal Anthropo- G.R. (Georgius Rex), King logical Institute. George.

F.R.A.M.— of Royal Academy G.R.C.M., Graduate of the Royal K.B.E., Knight Commander of of Music.

College of Music.

Schools of Music (Royal Academy and Royal College). G.S.O., General Staff Officer; Gr., Grade (18t, 2nd, 3rd). pany.
H.E., His Excellency.
H.E.H., His [Her] Exalted Highness (British India).
H.G.D.H., His [Her] Grand
Ducal Highness. H.I.M., His [Her] Imperial Majesty. H.J.S. (Hie jacet sepultus), Here lies buried. cf. H.S.E. H.B. Diried. Cf. 11.8. E.
H. L. I. Highland Light Infantry.
H. M., His, or Her, Majesty.
H. M.S., His Majesty's Ship.
h.p., Half pay.
hp., horse power.
H. R. H., His [Her] Royal High-H.S.E. (Hic sepultus est), Here lies buried. cf. H.J.S. H.S.H., His [Her] Seiene High-

I.C.S., Indian Civil Service. 1.C.S., IBGIAN CAYLESCENCE, Id. (idem), The same.

I D.B., Illicit diamond buyer.

I.e. (idest), That is.

I.E.S., Irish Free State.

J.H.S.(Jesus Hominum Salvator), Jesus the Saviour of Mankind; originally, these were the Greek Capital letters, IHE. I.L P., Independent Laboni King of the Jews.

British Empire.

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K.G., Knight of the Garter. K.H.C., King's Honorary Chap-	gery.	Officer.
lam; K.H.P., ditto Physician;	M.S.— of Surgery.	n.d., no date.
K.H.S., ditto Surgeon.	mar., married.	Nem. con. (Nemine contradi- cente), No one contradicting.
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Borderers.	M.D., Doctor of ditto.	N.L., National Liberal.
K.O.Y.L.I., King's Own York- shire Light Infantry.	M.B.E., Member of British Empire Order.	No. (Numero), Number
I K P Knight of St Patrick	M E C of Executive Council	Non seq. (non sequetur), It does
K.R.R.C., King's Royal Rifle	M.Iust.CEof Institution of	not follow. N.R.A., National Recovery Ad-
Corps.	Civil Engineers.	ministration (U.S.A.)
K.S.I.I., King s Shropshire Light	M.I.E.E., M.I.Mar E , M.I. Mech E., ditto Electrical,	N.S. Nova Scotla.
Infantry. K.T. Knight of the Thistle.	Marine, and Mechanical Engi	N.S.W , New South Wales.
K.T., Knight of the Thistle. Kt., Knight Bachelor.	necrs.	N.U.R., National Union of Railwaymen.
1	M.I.Min.E of Institute of	N.W.P.[T.], North - West Pro-
1 -	Mining Engineers.	vinces [Territory]
L	M last M M — of Institute of Maning and Metallurgy.	N.Z., New Zealand.
L , Liberal.	M.Inst Met , ditto of Motals	
Lab., Labour.	M.J.I of Institute of Jour-	O
L.A.H., Licentiate of Apothe-	nalists	O.B.E , Officer of British Empire
caries Hall, Dublin. L.C.P., Do. of College of Pre-	$\{M, L, A \rightarrow \text{ot} \mid \text{Legislative} \mid \text{Assign} \}$	Order.
ceptors.	M.L.C., ditto Council.	ob or obut, died
L.D.S., Do. in Dental Sur-	M.P.— of Parliament M.P.S. — of Pharmaceutical	O E D., Oxtord English Dic- tionary.
gery.	M.P.S. — of Pharmaceutical	
L.M., Do. in Midwifery.	Society.	O.H. M.S , On His Majesty's Service O.K., "All correct." O.M., Order of Merit. O.P. Opposite Prompt side (of
L M.S S.A , Do. in Medicine and Surgery, Soc of Apothe-	M.R.A.S.— of Royal Asiatic Society.	O.K., "All correct."
caries	M.R C.P - of Royal College of	O.M., Order of Merit. O.P. Opposite Prompt side (of
L.R.A.M., Do. of Roy. Acad. of		
Music.	M.R C.S of Royal College of	books), Old Prices (Club).
L.R.C.P, Do. of the Roy. Coll. of Physicians.	Surgeons. M.R.C.V.S.— of Royal College of Vetermary Surgeons	OS, Old Style.
L.R.C.P.I., ditto Ireland		
L.R.F.P.S.G., Do. of the Royal	M.R.I.A.— of Royal Irish Academy.	O.T.C., Officers' Training Corps.
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L.T.M., Do. of Tropical Medi-	tary Institute.	, Oz., Ounce.
cine.	M.S.A.— of Society of Archi-	<u>.</u> P
Lat., Latitude.	tects. M.V.O.— of Royal Victorian	P. (in P.R.S., &c.), President-
lb. (libra), Pound weight.	Order.	see F.R.S , R.A., &c.
l.b.w., Leg before wicket. l.c., "Lower case," i r. small letter.	M.C., Military Cross.	P & O., Peniusular & Oriental.
		'P A.S.I. Professional Associate
L.C.C., London County Coun-	Club.	of the Surveyors' Institu-
cil. L.C.J., Lord Chief Justice.	M.C.S., Malayan Civil Service. Mdlle., Mademoiselle.	P.C., Privy Councillor.
Lit., Literally.	Mem. (memento), Remember	P.C. —, Police-constable —.
L.J., Lord Justice.	M.F.H., Master of Fox Hounds	Ph.C. Pharmaccutical
LL.B., Bachelor of Laws.	M.G Corps, Machine Gun	Chemist.
LL.D., Doctor of Laws. LL.M., Master of ditto.	Mor Mousignor	Ph.D., Doctor of Philosophy. P.L.A., Port of London Autho-
LL.M., Master of ditto. loc. cit. (loco citato), In the place	Mil., Military, Militia.	rity.
cited.	Min. Plemp., Minister Plempo-	P.M. (post meridiem), After
Long., Longitude. Lrs., Lancers.	tentiary.	1100n.
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L.U., Liberal Unionist.	Of Prusic.	i armo neme.

Prox. (proximo), Next month. P.S. (Post scriptum), Postscript. P.S.A., Pleasant Sunday After-

Naval) Staff College. P.T.O., Please turn over. P.W.D., Public Works Dept.

Q.A.L.A.S., Qualified Associate, Land Agents' Society. Q.C., Queen's Counsel. q. e. d. (quod erat demonstrandum), proved. which was to Q.M.G., Quartermaster-General. Q.S., Quarter Sessions. Qmr., Quartermaster. q.v. (quod vide), "which see." Qy. (quaere), Query.

R.A., Royal Artillery or Royal Academy. R.A.C., — Automobile Club. R.A.F., — Air Force. R.A.M., — Academy of Music. R.A.M.C., — Army Medical Corps. R.A.N., — Australian Navy. R.A.P.C.—Army Pay Corps. R.C. N., - Canadian Navy. R.A.O.C., - Army Ordnance Corps. R.A.S.C., — Army Service Corps. R.A.V.C., — Army Veterinary Corps. R.B.A., Artists. - Society of British R.D., - Naval Reserve Decoration, or Rural Dean. R.E., - Engineers.

R.F.A., Royal Field Artillery. R.G.A., — Garrison Artillery. R.H.A., — Horse Artillery, or Hibernian Academy.

noon.

R.I.A., — Irish Academy.

p.s.a., Graduate of Royal Air

Roroe Staff College.

p.s.c., Graduate of Military (or

R.M., — Marines.

R.M., — Marines.

R.S.A., — Scottish Academician. R.U. Rif.—Ulster Rifles.

R. Y.S., - Yacht Squadron. R.C., Roman Catholic. R.I.P. (Requiescat in pace), May

he rest in peace. R. M., Resident Magistrate. Ro. (recto), On the right hand v. (Versus), Against. page.

page. R. of O., Reserve of Officers. R.R.C., Lady of Royal Red Cross R.S.V.P. (Répondez, s'il vous

platt), Answer, if you please. R.T.S., Religious Tract Society. Rt. Hon., Right Honourable.

Sc. (scilicet), Namely. Sic, So written. S.J. (Society of Jesus), Jesuit. S.O.S. ("Save Our Souls") Distress Signal. tress Signal.
s. p. (sine prote), Without issue.
s.p.l., Without legitimate issue.
S.P.C.A., Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.
S.P.C.K., Society for the Promotion of Christian Knowledge.
S.P.G., Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.

S.P.Q.R. (Senatus Populusque Romanus), The Senate and People of Rome. S.S.C., Solicitor of the Supreme Court. Stet. Let it stand.

R.M.A., — Military Academy,
R.M.S., — Mail Steamer.
R.N., — Navy; R.N.R., ditto
Reserve; R.N.V.R., ditto Volunteer Reserve.
R.O.L. — Institute of Oil
T.A., Territorial Army; T.D.,
ditto Decoration.
Too H., Talbot House,
T.U.C., Trades Union Council.

TI

R.W.S., - Water Colour Society. Ult. (ultimo), in the preceding U.D.C., Urban District Council.

V.A., Victoria Order. V.A.D., Voluntary Aid Detach-મળ, Victoria Cross. V.D., Vol. Officers' Decoration. Ven., Venerable.

Verb. sap. (Verbum sapienti satis est), A word to the wise is enough.

Viz (videlicet), Namely. Vo. (verso), Left-hand page.

W.C., West Central. W.P., Weather permitting. W.S., Writer to the Signet.

Y.M.C.A., Young Men's Christian Association.
Y.W.C.A., Young Women's Women's Christian Association.

BOY SCOUTS. (Incorporated.)

FOUNDED in 1908, as a result of an experimental camp held by the Chief Scout the previous summer at Brownsea Island, Dorsetshire, the movement was organised by Lord Baden-Powell, G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., K.C.B., Chief Scout, to develop good citizenship among boys by forming their character—training them in habits of observation, obedience and selfreliance; inculcating loyalty and thoughtfulness for others: teaching them services useful to the public and handicrafts useful to themselves. and promoting their physical development and hygiene.

The Movement (whose membership exceeds s.coc.coc) has taken root in all parts of the British Empire, and nearly every other country in the world .- Imperial Headquarters, as Buckingham Palace Road, London, S.W. r.

THE GIRL GUIDES ASSOCIATION.

A movement founded by Lord Baden-Powell, G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., K.C.B., Chief Scout, on the lines of the Boy Scouts and incorporated by Charter in 1915, while in the year 1912 R.M. the King granted the Movement a Royal Charter. Its aim is to develop good citizenship amongst girls by forming their character, training them in habits of observation, obedience, and self-reliance; inculcating loyalty and thoughtfulness for others, and teaching them services useful to the public and handicrafts useful to themselves. It also seeks to promote their physical development, making them capable of keeping good homes and of bringing up good children. Its desire is to co-operate with educa ional and other bodies working to this end. The membership of the Movement now numbers over 1,000,000 all over the world, that of the British Isles alone being over \$55,000. Imperial Head-quarters, 17-19 Buckingham Palace Road, London, S.W. z.

For ascertaining Any Day of the Week for any given time within Two Hundred Years from the introduction of the New Style, 1752,† to 1952 inclusive.

	MON Y	ears,	¥753 ¹	ro 19	52.	_		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct.	Nov.	D C	ļ
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1762 1773 1779 1802 1813 1819	1790 1830 18	184	7 1858			1886 1937		5	1	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	8	
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1755 1806 1817 1823		794 180 345 185 190	0 1 1862	1873	1879	1890		3	6	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	в	1	-
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1772	1812	1840	1868	x896	19	08	1936	3	6	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2	1
1776	1816	x844	1872	••	19	12	1940	x	4	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	, 2	5	7	:
1780	x820	x848	1876	••	19	-	1944	6	2	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5	1
1756 1784	1824	1852	1880		19		1948	4	7	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	-	3	1
1760 1788	1828	1856			19	1	1952	*	5	6	2	4	7	=	5	1	3	6	1 2	
NOTE.—To a any day of the first look in the for the year r and under the are figures whit to the corress figures at the the columns below. For E—To know on v of the week Ai in the year sp. table of years sp. 4, and in a line, under Aug. the columns to the week Ai in the year sp. 4, and in a line, under Aug. Tuesday. † 1789 same as Jan. 1 to Sept. Sept. 14 to Dec. 2 and 1789 Sept. 18 to Dec. 2 and 1789 Sept. 19 to Sept. Sept. 14 to Dec. 2 and 1789 Sept. 2 and 2 an	Mondi Tuesd Wedn Thurs Fridag Satur Satur Satur Satur Satur Satur Satur Satur Satur Sunda Mond Tuesd Mond Mond Mond Mond Mond Mond Mond Mon	ay 17 ay 2 N ay 2 N ay 5 8 day 6 8 2 1/2 7 N ay 9 7 2 1/2 8 4 1/2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Friday saturds funday funday Tuesda Friday Saturds funday Funday Honda Funday Friday Saturds	id. 23 34 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Wedth Wedth Thurf Fride Satuu Mond Tuess Wedd Thurf Fride Satuu Mond Tuess Mond Tuess Wedth Thurf Fride Satua Mond Tuess Wedth Fride Satua	sday rday rday day nesd sday rday rday lday rday lday resday rday lday resday rday resday rday resday resday	2 Fr. 3 Sun	iday turd nda onds edne durse iday turd mda	lay 1 y 2 y 2 y 2 y 2 y 2 y 2 y 2 y 2 y 2	2 Saa	iday turd inda onds lesdi edno lurs riday turd inda	ay y y y lay lay lay lay lay lay lay lay	2 Sum 4 Tu 4 Tu 5 Tu 5 Tu 5 Tu 5 Tu 5 Tu 5 Tu	onds each iday iday iday iday iday iday iday iday	ny vyysid. iay iay iay iay iay iay iay iay iay iay	2 M T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	nurse riday turd enda edno edno riday turd edno riday riday turd riday	y very very very very very very very ver	6789012345678901234567	

or Tables for finding the day of the week for any date A.D.

(Copyright by A. F. L. Wilkinson.)

TO USE THE CALENDAR: - Look up the Index Numbers corresponding to the Century, the Year (last two figures), and the Month, respectively, in the first three tables; add these three numbers together and add also the Day of the Month; in the fourth table, opposite the sum obtained, read the Day of the Week.

		(1)			
	Cen	tury.		Index	No.
001-099 700-7 100-199 800-8 200-299 900-9 300-399 1000-10 400-499 1100-11 500-599 1200-12 600-699 1300-13	1500 159 1600-169 1700 -175 199	9 19 1800 –1	2200-22 1999 2300-23	299, &c. 3 299, &c. 2 399, &c. 1	
+ Up to September (2) Year (1) (last two figures) 00*	ndex No. § tor Mar	column A for a ch to December, years up to 1700	per 14th inclusive January and Febra Inclusive, and als 1900, 2100, 2200, 23 (3)	uary, and colu	un B
01 29 57 85 02 30 58 86	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{array}$	Month. Ind	ex No Month.	Index No.	
03 31 59 87 04 32 60 88 05 33 61 89 06 34 62 90 07 35 63 91 08 36 64 92 09 37 65 93 10 38 66 94 11 39 67 95	6 6 6 M 0 0 A 1 1 M	anuary ebruary arch pull ay	0 July 3 August 3 Septem 6 October 1 Noveml 4 Decemb	2 ber 5 0 ber 3	
12 40 68 96 13 41 69 97 14 42 70 98 15 43 71 99 16 44 72	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 0 0 0 2 5 4 7 Table 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	8 15 2 9 16 2 3 10 17 2 4 11 18 2 5 12 19 2 6 13 20 2 7 14 21 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	23 30 37 4 24 31 38 4 25 32 39 4 26 33 40 4 27 34 41 4 28 35 42 4 Examples. Index No	Day. Sunday Monday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday June 19th Ind 19th Sunday Sunday Sunday June 29th Ind 19th Sunday Su	ex No

Note.—In England the change from the Julian System or Old Style to the Gregorian System or NOTE.—In England the change from the Julian System or Old Style to the Gregorian System or New Style, was made in September, 1752, when the rx days 3rd to 13th inclusive were omitted, and Wednesday Sept. 2 was immediately followed by Thursday Sept. 14. Other countries made the change at dates varying from 158z to 1923. (See p. 161.)

If it is desired to look up a date after 1752 in Old Style, or before 1752 in New Style, it can be done by taking a date 700 years earlier in the first case or 400 years later in the second case; e.g., 1923 in Old Style is the same as 1223, and 1582 in New Style is the same as 1982.

١	NOTES FOR THE YEAR 1934.
1	BEING THE SECOND YEAR AFTER BISSEXTILE OR LEAP YEAR, AND 24 AND 25 OF KING GEORGE V.
į	Calendar Glements and Dates for the Year.
;	Golden Number XVI Whit Sunday May 20
	Epact 14 Birth of Queen Mary (1867) 26 Solar Cycle (Year of) 11 Trimty Standay
	Roman Indiction (Year of) 2 Corpus Christi, 31
	Julian Penod (Year of) 6647 Birth of King George V. (1865) June 3
Į	Julian Day, Jan. 1 (begins at noon) 2,427,439 Birth of Prince of Wales (1894) 23 New Year's Day (Monday) July 1
į	Foundation Day, Australia ,, 25 Independence Day, U.S.A 4
	Sentuagenna Sundau 28 Liewish New Year (£66£) Sent to
-	Good Friday March 20 Sundays after Trinity 26
1	Raster Day April 1 St. Andrew's Day Nov. 30 St. George's Day
•	Accession of King George V. (1910) . May 6 Christmas Day (Tuesday) ,, 25
1	Ascension Day ,, 10
i	Spring Equinox (1934) Sun enters Sign Atles Match 21d. 7h.
i	Summer Solstice June 22d. 3h
ı	Autumn Equinox , "Libia Sept 23d. 18h.
ł	Spring Equinox (1935) , , , Aries March 21d, 13h.
1	Phases of the Moon, 1934.
	Toward Santonibus
•	
	First Quarter 22 zz 50 Puls Quarter 21 15 20 Full Moon 23 4 19
,	June.
	Last Quarter 7d 9h 22m. Last Quarter . 4n. 12n. 53m. New Moon 8d 15h. 5m
	New Moon 14 0 43 First Quarter 20 6 37 bull Moon 22 15 1
١	March July (1281 Quarter 30 8 22
	Full Moon 1d 10h 26m Last Quarter . 3d. 20h. 28m November Last Quarter . 8 18 6 New Moon 11 17 6 New Moon 7d. 4h. 44m.
	New Moon 15 12 8 Fresh Charles and 2 20 1
!	First Quarter 23 1 45 Full Moon 26 12 9 Full Moon . 21 4 26 Full Moon 31 1 14 August.
1	April, Last Quarter 2d. 6h. 27m. ! December
	Last Quarter . 7d oh 48m. New Moon 10 8 46 New Moon 6d. 17h. 25m. New Moon 13 23 57 First Quarter . 18 4 23 First Quarter 13 10 52
ı	First Quarter . 21 21 20 Full Moon : 24 19 37 Full Moon 20 20 53
1	Full Moon 29 12 45 Last Quarter . 31 19 40 Last Quarter 29 2 8 Calendar for the Year 1934.
1	Calendar for the Year 1934. January February, March. April.
1	Su 7 14 21 28 50 - 4 11 18 25 Su 4 11 18 25 Su 1 8 15 22 20
1	M 1 8 15 22 29 M - 5 12 19 26 M 5 12 19 26 M 2 9 16 23 30 Tu - 6 13 20 27 Tu 6 13 20 27 Tu 6 13 20 27 Tu 8 15 22 27 Tu 8 15 27 28 27 29 27 Tu 8 15 27 28 27 29 27 Tu 8 27 28 28 W 7 14 21 28 W 7 14 21 28 W 4 11 18 25
i	W 3 to 17 24 31 W 7 14 21 28 W 7 14 21 28 W . 4 11 18 25 Th 4 11 18 25 Th 1 8 15 22 Th 1 8 15 22 29 Th 5 12 19 26
1	F 5 12 19 26 - F 2 9 16 23 - F 2 9 16 23 30 F 6 13 20 27 - (
1	8 6 13 20 27 - 5 . 3 10 17 24 - 8 3 10 17 24 31 8. 7 14 21 28 - May. May. July. August
	Vii 6 Qii Qii
-	11 0 13 20 27 11 3 10 17 24 131 1 0 15 22 29 11 - 5 12 19 20 11 7 14 21 28 11 18 25 11 2 9 16 23 30 11 6 13 20 27 11 1 8 15 22 29 11 5 12 19 26 11 3 10 17 24 31 11 7 14 21 28
1	W 2 9 16 23 30, W . 6 13 20 27 W 4 11 18 25 - W 1 8 15 22 29
1	F 4 II 18 25 F I 8 I5 22 29 F 6 I3 20 27 F 3 IO 17 24 31
-	S. 5 12 19 26 - S 2 9 16 23 30 S 7 14 21 28 - S 4 11 18 25 - September October November December
-	Su 2 9 16 23 30 Su 7 14 21 28 Su 4 11 18 25 Su 2 9 16 23 20
-	M 3 to 17 24 1 . T 8 TE 22 20 M E 12 TO 26 1 3 TO 27 24 27 1
I	W 5 12 10 26 - W 3 10 17 24 31 W 7 14 21 28 W 5 12 10 26
١	F 7 14 21 28 - F 5 13 19 20 - F 2 9 10 23 30 F 7 14 21 28 - 1
į	8. 1 8 15 22 29 - S 6 13 20 27 - S 3 10 17 24 - S. 1 8 15 22 29 -
	WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1934. D

82]	JANUARY XXXI DAYS	3	[193	4.
DAY OF	Fasts and Festivals.	Тнк	SUN	DA	YS
M. Light W	Remarkable Days—Events SUN'S LONGITUDE 300° 22 20d. 17h.	Rises	Sets	of the Year	to end of Year
I M Tu 3 W 4 Th	Circumcision. New Year's Day. M. W. Property Gen. Wolfe b. 1727; d. Sept. 13, 1759. [Act, 1833.] Josah Wedgwood d. 1795. W. H. Ainsworth d. 1882. Maréchal Joffre born, 1852; died, January 4, 1931. Gordon College, Khartoum, founded, 1899.	н. м 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	H M. 15 59 16 0 16 1 16 2 16 4	1 2 3 4 5	364 363 362 361 360
5 F 6 S	Puphann. Twolfth Day. Madame d'Arblay d. 1840.		16 5	6	359
7 8 M M 9 Tu To W Ti Th	Archbishop Laud beheaded, 1645. "Penny Post," 1840	8 7 8 6 8 6 8 5 8 5 8 4 8 3	16 6 16 7 16 9 16 10 16 12 16 13 16 14	8 9 10 11	358 357 355 355 354 353 352
14 5 15 M 16 Tu 17 W 18 Th 19 F 20 S	2nd Rundan after Enphann. Halley died, 1742. British Museum opened, 1759. Edward Gibbon d. 1794. Edmund Spenser d. 1599. Edward Gibbon d. 1794. D. Lloyd George born, 1863. Earl Beatty born, 1871. General Gordon left England for Khartoum, 1884. Wilkes expelled from House of Commons, 1764. Sir John Soane d. 1837. Mersey Tunnel opened, 1886.	8 2 8 2 8 1 8 0 7 59 7 58 7 57	16 16 16 18 16 19 16 21 16 22 16 24 16 26	14 15 16 17 18 19	351 350 349 348 347 346 345
21	3rd Sunday after Epiphany. Lenin died, 1924. Queen Victoria died, 1901; born, May 24, 1819. William Pitt died, 1806; born, 1759. C. J. Fox born, 1749; died, September 13, 1806. Conversion of 2t. Paul. Robert Burns born, 1759. Captain Phillip landed at Port Jackson, 1788. "Lewis Carroll" born, 1832; died, January 14, 1898.	7 52 7 51 7 50	16 29 16 31 16 32 16 34 16 36 16 38	24 25 26	344 343 342 341 340 339 338
28 X 29 M 30 Tu 31 W	Expluagesima. Sir Thomas Bodley died, 1612. Victoria Cross instituted, 1856. Earl Haig died, 1928 President F. D. Roosevelt born, 1882. John Galsworthy, o.m., died, 1933; born, 1807	7 47 7 46 7 44 7 43	16 39 16 41 16 43 16 45	28 29 30 31	337 33 ⁵ 335 334

PHASES OF THE MOON.

& Last Quarter .	8d.	21/ı.	35	8 <i>m</i> .
New Moon	15	13	37	I
First Quarter	22	11	50	3
O Full Moon	30		31	4
Perigec 15d 1'zh.	221,9		es.	

Apogee 27tl. 19'oli. 252,350 ;; Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, January 1 321'34'.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH in January, 1933, on 15 days; total fall 0.99 inch; below the average by 0.70 inch.

MONTHLY NOTES.

Jan. r. Holiday on Stock Exchange; Bank Holiday in Scotland. Dog and establishment licences renewable. King's taxes due.

—. County Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of at days immediately preceding or immediately following Dec. 25 last.

- 5. Dividends on Consols, &c., due.
- 9. Christmas Fire Insurances must be paid.

				AN	T T T) \ <u>\</u>	Ta			∩ NIMIT	T		
	934.							Ľ.	LIND	T M	ONTE	1.		[83
	quation	of Time	Тне 5		Mean	No		Bider	lay	Mean Time	Note.	- The	words	" Meat
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					WHIT	4 37 533	D'O A	LMAN		. 1934			D 2	,

Notes on Time Numeration: Tables of the Moon, &c.—According to the practice of recent years, the day as treated in this Almanack is divided into a hours, numbered from o to as, the hour following the midnight which begins the day being called a. This system, formerly known as G.C.T., was adopted for astronomical purposes in ross and is now indicated by the initials G.M.T., U.T. (Universal Time), or W.Z. (Weltzeit), according to choice, but in the Tables of High Water on pages 85, 89, 93, &c., the older system is followed, both midnight and noon being of. The attempt has been made by astronomics to have this system used in railway time tables, but the authorities will not agree unless the z-bour system is adopted naturally.

but the authorities will not agree unless the achour system is adopted nationally.

On page 3 of each mouth the position of the Moon, and other details relating thereto, are given for the midnight which ends the day specified in the first column. The second column gives the

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

ay.	LONDON	BRIDGE	LIVE	POOL		ROAD.	Hu		GREE	NOCE	Lrı	ти	Drui (Kings G M	town)
=	Morn	After	Morn.	After	Morn.		Morn.	After.	Morn	After	Morn'	After	Morn	After
W[123456	Morn H M I 55 2 29 3 35 4 6 4 39 5 10 5 45 6 24 7 16 8 28 9 58 II 24 II 24 II 24 II 24 II 25 2 39 4 3 25 4 10 4 57 6 18		'_		King (Avont	Roan. nouth.) After II. M 7 48 8 22 8 55 9 26 9 57 10 30	(Immir	After. If H 6 19 6 51 7 24 8 25 8 25 9 40 10 26 11 29 10 26 11 29 10 26 11 29 10 25 14 50 5 42 6 29 7 15 7 15 7 24 10 55	Morn 11 M 0 35 1 12 2 4 45 3 3 0 4 12 4 51 5 33 6 22 7 26 8 43 10 1 11 10 0 38 1 2 11 2 57 3 39 4 24 4 58 5 32	After 11 34 1 7 1 49 2 93 3 20 4 4 4 49 5 32 6 27 7 41 9 13 11 38 0 56 0 56 0 56 1 42 2 25 3 35 4 38 5 51		After H N 3 23 3 55 4 28 5 0	(Kings G M	After N 0 17 0 50 1 35 2 79 3 75 5 0 6 6 25 7 46 8 54 9 50 10 44 11 33 0 37 1 22 3 343 4 37
24 25 26 27	7 53 9 6	8 47 9 59 11 10	5 59 7 12 8 25 9 24	6 29 7 45 8 54 9 46	1 8 2 12 3 30 4 45	1 42 2 57 4 20 5 26	x 14 2 3x 3 36	0 51 2 5 3 10 4 1	6 28 7 42 9 8 10 17	6 57 8 37 10 14 11 8	9 21 10 35 11 48 0 26	9 52 11 14 0 53	6 18 7 25 8 25 9 19	6 48 7 55 8 53 9 45
30 30 31	× 44	0 39 1 27 2 5 2 40	10 10 10 49 11 24 11 58	10 31 11 10 11 44	5 48 6 37 7 15 7 48	6 18 7 1 7 35 8 7	4 30 5 15 5 55 6 34		11 7 11 44 0 23 1 0	0 17 0 49	1 26 2 10 2 45 3 21	1 45 2 22 3 2 3 38	10 5 10 45 11 24 11 59	10 30 11 10 11 47
N	ise— f prings a caps a	2 4 8 7	28		42 31	in. 4 8	ft. 21 16	in. 2 6	ft. 10 8	in. 4 5	ft. 18 14	m, 0 4	ft. 11 9	111, 8 10
1	Risi	NU, 801	THING	, and :	ETŢIN	i		MOR	NING	AND	EVENT	NO ST	ARS	

of PLANETS. (Noon = 12h.)

_										
		ercury Ç		VENUS Q						
14 21	7 48 8 4 8 13	Souths: Set h m., h. i ii 34 i5 : ii 55 i5 : ii 2 i7 i6 : ii 39 i7	9 33 6 8 59 8 8 10	14 31 14 6 13 34	19 30 19 14 18 40					

-					-						
		MARS (JUPITER 1							
7418	Rises h m 9 17 9 5 8 49 8 32	Souths h m 13 38 13 33 13 27 13 21	Sets h ni. 17 58 18 2 18 6 18 11	Rises h m. o 52 o 27 o 2	Souths Sh, m h 6 18 11 5 52 11 5 27 110 4 56 10	m 44 18 51					

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

\(\) MERCURY, being in superior conjunction on the

acth, rises and sets nearly with the Sim.

§ Venus is a brilliant object (Mag -4.4) in the early evening sky in the first part of the month, it becomes fainter and sets earlier towards the end.

§ Mars, now comparatively faint, is an evening star, setting about 6 o'clock. (See Saturn below.)

star, setting about 6 ociock. (See Naturn between)

I JUPITER is a bright object in the morning sky
in Virgo. Moving from west to east it passes Spica
in the evening of the 5th. Magnitude -r'5 to -r'7.

SATURN (Mag. o'9) will be several degrees lower
than, and to the right of, Venus at the beginning

of the month. Mais is still lower In the early evening of the 17th the three planets will be placed neatly in a vertical line, Mais being only a few minutes below Saturn. The thin crescent moon will be above Venns on its left. (See Conjunctions on opposite page)

SATURN h Souths Sets h. m. h. m. 14 6 18 37 Rises D. li ni. 7 9 34 14 9 8 21 9 13 41 18 14 8 42 8 16 13 17 17 52 12 53 17 29

D

time of the rising which happens during that day, and the figures in the two following columns show the time of the southing and of the setting which next follow that rising. These sometimes happen after the midnight which ends the day; and in such cases the figures are in heavy type, so that it is to be remembered in using this table that these distinctive figures always indicate a time on the morrow of the day of its line. A similar system is followed in the Tables of the planets. (See pages 85, 89, 53, &c.) In the ephemerides of the planets on page 3 of each month, talic figures are occasionally used (pages 92, 100, 120, 128) to indicate the change of sign of the declination noted in the heading.

DAY OF											
M. and W.	Remarkable Days—Events. SUA'S LONGITUDE 330° × 19d. 8h.	Rises.	Bets.	of the Year.	to end of Year.						
1 Th	Nell Gwynne born, 1650; died, November 13, 1687. Purtfication. Candlemas. Scottish Quarter Day. Walter Bagehot born, 1826. George Crabbe died, 1832	7 41 7 40 7 38	н н 16 47 16 48 16 50	38 33 34	333 332						
4 S 5 M 6 Tu 7 W 8 Th 9 F 10 S	Charles Dickens born, 1812; died, June 9, 1870.	١.	16 58 16 54 16 56 16 57 16 59 17 1	35 36 37 38 39 40 41	330 329 328 327 326 325 324						
11	Outnouagesima. Shrove Sunday. Abraham Lincoln born, 1809; died, April 15, 1865. Shrove Tuesday. Mardi Gras. Pancake Day. 3sh Colronesday. Valentine's Day. Sir E. Shackleton born, 1875; died, January 5, 1922. England regained "The Ashes" at Brisbane, 1933. Corneille died, 1684. C. S. Calverley died, 1884.	7 25 7 23 7 21 7 19 7 17 7 15 7 13	17 5 17 7 17 9 17 10 17 12 17 14 17 16	42 43 44 45 46 47 48	3#3 3#2 3#2 3#2 3#0 319 318 317						
18 8 % M 19 8 M 20 8 Tu 21 8 W 22 8 Th 23 8 F 24 8 S	British troops occupied Jericho, 1918.	7 11 7 9 7 7 7 5 7 3 7 1 6 59	17 18 17 20 17 21 17 23 17 25 17 27 17 29	51 52	316 315 314 313 312 311						
25 S 26 M 27 Tu 28 W	2nd Sun. in Urnt. Wallenstein assassinated, 1634. Napoleon left the island of Elba, 1815. Convention of London, 1884. Berlin Reichstag burnt, Sir John Simon born, 1873.	6 57 6 55 6 53 6 51	17 30 17 32 17 34 17 36	56 57 58 59	309 308 307 306						
 ✓ Last (→ New ! → First (Perige Apoge Mean Lougity 	MONTHLY Mont	stridge st Cold midne DAYS Jarch : June : ptemb	shoot Period ght Ma	"							
RAIN FELL on 14 days; average by o	AT GREENWICH IN FEB. 1933, Christinus—De total fall 1'60 inches; above the o3 inch. WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1934,			Ma	У 9, ——						

FEBRUARY XXVIII DAYS. [1934.

Equation of Time THE SUN (Mean Noon) Sudereal Mean Time Add to 11-17 Apparent Hourly Time at Time Add to 11-17 Apparent Hourly Time at Add to Nidam Noon
Add to 11-17. Apparent Hourly Time at And to Apparent Time at T
N. S. N. H. J. N. S. N. J. N. J
13 40
3 3 47 0 31 31 34 47 18 31 34 48 31 34 48 31 34 48 31 34 31 34 34 34 34 34
4 14 1 0 0 24 21 9 51 10 10 10 20 27 7 7 4 20 55 50 15 3 39 5 14 6 0 21 21 25 31 20 27 16 2 7 0 75 20 59 47 14 59 43 6 14 11 0 18 21 75 4 10 03 15 44 0 77 12 3 3 44 14 55 48 7 14 15 0 14 21 25 54 9 97 15 7 1 0 79 21 3 44 14 55 48 8 14 18 0 11 21 22 25 3 9 93 14 48 1 0 80 21 13 71 44 75 6 9 14 20 0 0 8 21 23 51 9 90 14 28 8 0 80 21 13 71 44 75 6 112 14 22 0 0 22 21 33 51 9 90 14 28 8 0 80 21 13 37 14 40 4 112 14 22 0 0 22 21 33 51 9 80 14 28 0 80 21 15 33 14 44 0 113 14 21 0 0 52 21 33 51 9 80 13 24 9 5 0 83 21 29 30 14 40 4 112 14 20 0 0 28 21 45 41 9 81 13 24 9 5 0 83 21 29 30 14 48 8 12 14 14 20 0 0 8 21 49 36 9 78 13 24 9 5 0 84 23 31 24 24 24 24 14 14 20 0 0 8 21 49 36 9 78 13 24 9 5 0 84 23 31 24 24 24 14 14 20 0 0 8 21 49 36 9 78 13 24 9 5 0 84 23 31 24 24 24 15 14 18 0 11 21 53 30 9 75 12 48 8 0 0 86 21 23 23 14 20 24 17 14 11 0 17 22 21 64 1 9 72 12 28 2 0 86 18 14 6 0 20 22 21 64 1 9 72 12 28 2 0 86 20 13 25 0 26 22 12 64 1 9 57 10 42 11 0 0 90 22 24 48 8 15 12 14 8 37 11. 5 10 14 12 0 23 22 16 41 9 57 10 42 11 0 0 90 22 24 64 3 3 2 5 2 1 4 4 8 3 7 11. 18 14 6 0 20 22 16 41 9 57 10 42 11 0 0 90 22 24 64 3 3 2 5 2 1 4 4 8 3 7 11. 18 14 7 0 22 22 16 41 9 57 10 42 11 0 0 90 22 22 14 4 8 3 7 11. 20 13 25 0 26 22 12 64 1 9 57 10 42 11 0 0 90 22 22 64 8 3 3 2 5 2 1 4 4 8 3 7 11. 21 13 24 0 0 28 22 16 41 9 57 10 42 11 0 0 90 22 22 14 42 13 45 1 14 2 12 1 14 2 14 2 14 2 14 2 14 2
5 14 6 0 0 21 21 13 53 10 07 16 2 7 0 75 20 59 47 14 59 43 4 5 7 14 15 0 14 21 25 24 15 10 03 15 44 4 0 77 21 3 44 14 55 48 5 7 14 15 0 14 21 25 24 9 97 12 7 7 21 3 44 14 55 48 5 7 14 15 0 14 21 25 24 9 97 14 25 9 0 78 21 7 49 14 55 52 6 9 14 20 0 008 21 28 53 9 93 14 48 1 0 05 21 23 25 1 9 90 14 28 8 0 81 21 19 30 14 40 4 7 11 14 22 0 0 22 21 33 51 9 90 14 28 8 0 81 21 19 30 14 40 4 7 11 14 22 0 0 22 21 33 51 9 81 13 29 5 0 83 21 29 30 14 40 4 7 11 14 20 0 008 21 49 36 9 78 13 20 14 23 12 8 8 12 19 30 14 40 4 7 11 14 20 0 008 21 49 36 9 78 13 20 14 28 10 14 24 20 15 14 24 20 15 20
6 14 11 0 18 21 754 10 03 15 44'4 0'77 12 3 34 4'14 55 48 5 7 11 14 15 5 15 10 16 11 21 15 15 10 16 11 21 15 15 10 16 11 21 15 25'9 0'78 21 11 37 14 47 56 6. 9 14 20 0'08 21 29 53 9'93 14 48'1 0 80 21 13 31 14 47 56 6. 111 14 22 0'02 21 37 49 9'87 14 9 3 0'82 21 19 30 14 40 4 7. 111 14 22 0'02 21 37 49 9'87 14 9 3 0'82 21 19 30 14 40 4 7. 111 14 22 0'02 21 37 49 9'87 14 9 3 0'82 21 19 30 14 40 4 7. 113 14 21 0'03 21 44 45 1 9 81 13 29'5 0'84 21 23 21 23 21 8. 121 14 20 0'08 21 49 36' 9'81 13 99'5 0'82 21 23 21 14 28 21 28. 125 14 18 0'11 21 53 30 9'75 12 48'8 0'86 12 33 39'3 14 20 24 15 15 15 14 18 0'11 21 53 30 9'75 12 48'8 0'86 21 23 35' 15 14 24 20 9. 125 14 18 0'11 21 53 30 9'75 12 48'8 0'86 21 33 9'3 14 20 24 25 15 15 14 14 0'11 21 53 30 9'75 12 48'8 0'86 21 33 9'3 14 20 24 25 15 15 14 14 0'11 21 53 30 9'75 12 48'8 0'86 21 33 9'3 14 20 24 25 15 15 14 14 0'11 21 53 30 9'75 12 48'8 0'86 21 33 9'3 14 20 24 25 15 15 14 14 20 24 25 15 14 14 10 23 22 25 9 9'66 11 46'3 0'86 21 23 35 16' 14 24 20 9 9'65 11 46'3 0'88 21 51 2 14 8 8'37 11. \$. 125 14 18 0 0'26 22 16 41 9'57 10 48'1 0'90 21 58'55 14 44'1 0'89 21 58'55 14 44'1 0'89 21 58'55 14 44'1 0'89 21 58'55 14' 0'45 22 21 58'55 14'
8 14 18 0 11 21 23 25 49 67 15 71 0 79 21 11 37 14 47 56 6. 9 14 20 0 0 8 21 29 53 9 93 14 48 11 0 80 21 15 33 14 44 0 1 0 21 14 48 18 0 8 21 19 30 14 40 4 7. 11 14 22 0 0 22 21 37 49 9 87 14 9 3 0 82 21 27 32 14 43 22 8 8 12 3 26 14 36 8 8 12 3 26 14 36 8 8 12 3 26 14 36 8 8 12 3 26 14 36 8 8 12 3 26 14 36 8 8 12 3 26 14 36 8 8 12 3 26 14 36 8 8 12 3 26 14 36 8 8 12 3 26 14 36 8 8 12 3 26 14 36 8 8 12 3 26 14 36 8 1
9 14 20 0 08 21 29 53 9 93 14 48 1 0 80 21 15 33 14 44 0 4 7. 111 14 22 0 00 21 33 51 9 90 14 48 1 0 8 21 19 30 14 40 4 7. 112 14 22 0 00 21 33 51 9 84 13 49 5 0 83 21 19 30 14 40 4 7. 113 14 20 0 00 21 45 41 98 1 33 49 5 0 83 21 27 23 14 38 12 8. 123 14 21 0 05 21 45 41 9 81 13 29 2 0 83 21 27 23 14 28 16 14 28 16 14 28 16 16 14 28 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
III 14 22
13 14 21 0 05 21 45 41 98 1 13 29 5 0 83 21 27 23 21 4 28 16 1 14 14 20 0 0 08 21 49 36 978 13 29 2 0 85 21 35 16 14 24 20 9 0 15 14 28 16 1 16 14 15 0 14 21 25 24 1 16 14 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
13. 14 at 0 05 at 45 41 9 81 13 a9 5 0 84 at 31 at 0 14 a8 16 14 14 ao 0 06 at 49 36 9 78 13 9 a 0 85 at 35 16 14 a4 ao 19 15 14 18 0 11 at 53 30 9 75 12 48 8 0 86 at 39 13 14 ao 24 16 14 15 0 14 at 57 24 9 72 12 a 88 a 0 86 at 39 13 14 ao 24 17 14 11 0 17 aa 1 17 70 9 16 7 3 0 88 at 51 a 14 8 37 18 14 6 0 20 22 5 9 9 66 11 46 3 0 88 at 51 a 14 8 37 18 14 6 0 20 22 5 9 9 66 11 46 3 0 88 at 51 a 14 8 37 18 14 6 0 20 22 5 9 9 60 11 25 1 8 14 8 37 18 14 6 0 20 22 5 9 9 60 11 25 1 8 14 8 37 18 14 6 0 20 22 5 9 9 60 11 25 1 8 14 8 37 18 13 13 49 0 28 22 16 41 9 57 10 42 1 0 90 22 15 8 55 14 4 41 22 13 13 49 0 28 22 16 41 9 57 10 42 1 0 90 22 25 8 55 14 0 45 23 13 34 0 0 34 22 26 41 9 57 10 42 1 0 90 22 25 6 5 13 48 57 24 13 25 0 37 22 28 7 9 49 9 36 5 0 92 22 14 4 2 1 3 45 24 13 25 0 39 22 31 54 9 46 9 14 3 0 92 22 16 42 1 3 45 1 25 13 16 0 39 22 31 54 9 46 9 14 3 0 93 22 22 32 33 33 7 9 15 25 13 16 0 0 42 22 35 4 9 46 9 44 8 52 0 0 93 22 22 32 33 33 7 9 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1
15 14 18 0 11 21 53 30 9 75 12 48 8 0 86 21 39 13 14 20 24 12 15 14 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 14 21 15 17 15 17 15 17 15 17 15 17 15 17 16 21 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17
16, 14 15 0'14 21 57 24 9'72 12 28'2 0'86 21 43 9 14 16 28 10. 17, 14 11 0'17 22 1 17 9'69 12 7'3 0'87 21 47 6 14 12 33 18, 14 6 0 20 22 5 9 9'66 11 46'3 0'88 21 51 2 14 8 37 11. 10, 14 1 0 23 22 9 0 9'63 11 25'1 0'89 21 54 59 14 44'1 20 13 55 0'26 22 16 41 9'57 10 42'1 0'90 22 58 55 14 0 45 12. 21 13 49 0'28 22 16 41 9'57 10 42'1 0'90 22 25 35 54 40 45 22 13 43 0'34 22 26 20 9'54 10 20'4 0'91 22 6 48 13 52 53 23 13 34 0'34 22 24 19 9'52 9 58'5 0'91 22 10 45 13 34 85' 24 13 25 0'37 22 28 15 49 9'46 9 14'3 0'93 22 14 42 13 45 1 25 13 16 0'39 22 31 54 9'46 9 14'3 0'93 22 18 38 13 41 14. 26 13 6 0'42 22 35 41 9'44 8 52'0 0'93 22 22 23 23 33 33 7 9 15.
18, 14 6 0 20 22 5 9 9 66 11 46 3 0 88 21 51 2 14 8 37 11. 5. 19, 14 1 0 23 22 9 0 9 63 11 25 1 0 89 21 54 59 14 4 41 20, 13, 55 0 26 22 12 51 55 0 50 12 3 12 54 5 5 14 4 0 45 21, 13, 49 0 28 22 16 41 9 57 10 42 1 0 90 22 25 8 55 14 0 45 12. 22, 13, 34 0 0 34 22 26 41 9 57 10 42 1 0 90 22 25 8 55 14 0 45 12. 23, 13, 34 0 0 34 22 26 30 9 54 10 20 4 0 91 22 26 48 13 52 53 24, 13, 25 0 37 22 28 7 9 49 9 36 5 0 92 22 14 42 13 45 1 25, 13, 16 0 39 22 31 54 9 46 9 14 3 0 93 22 18 38 13 34 5 26, 13, 16 0 39 22 35 44 9 46 8 52 0 0 93 22 22 32 33 33 7 9 15.
19, 14 x 0 a3 aa 9 0 9 63 x x 25 x 0 89 ax 54 59 x 4 4 4 x 3 as 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3
20 13 25 0 26 22 16 41 9 9 17 3 7 0 9 21 58 55 14 0 45 12 22 23 23 23 23 23 23
22 3 3 42 0 31 22 20 30 9 54 10 20 4 0 91 22 6 48 13 52 53 13 34 0 34 22 22 23 13 34 0 34 22 22 23 24 19 9 52 1 9 55 5 0 91 22 10 45 13 48 57 24 23 25 0 37 22 28 7 9 49 9 36 5 0 92 22 14 42 13 45 1 14 22 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24
23 13 34 0 34 22 24 19 9 52 9 58 5 0 91 22 10 45 13 48 57 24 13 25 0 37 22 23 54 9 9 6 9 9 36 5 0 92 22 14 43 45 1 14 14 14 14 14 14
24 13 25 0'37 22 28 7 9'49 9 30'5 0'92 22 14 42 3 45 1
26 13 6 0 42 22 35 41 9 44 8 52 0 0 93 22 22 35 13 37 9 1 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
27 12 56 0'44 22 39 28 9'42 8 29'6 0'94 22 26 31 13 33 13 16.
28 12 45 0 46 22 43 13 9 39 8 7 0S 0 94 22 30 28 13 29 18 10.
17.
* METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS, FEBRUARY, 1933. 18. 5.
TEMPERATURE BARGAI WIND. Max. Min. Mu 1841.1905 Mean. (Pressure lie to foot.) FALL SUINE to.
inches. Directa inch. nours
1 53'2 45'5 39'6 29'398 11'6 SW 11 20.
3 47 2 28 0 5 885 2 4 SW 10 2 3 21
4 54 2 470 5 699 4 8 SW 05
5 57 2 49 1 6 648 10 8 SW 0 8 22. 6 53 1 45 3 6 798 3 4 WSW 02 0 1
7 53'0 44'3 5 '203 5'5 WSW '07 . 23'
8 55'2 42'3 '3 '703 4'2 WSW '02 24
10 534 369 389 29922 4'2 WSW 38 0'4
11 426 331 0 30320 4 5 AM 51
12 43'4 31'0 38'8 370 0'7 N 1'8 26. 13 45'0 34'7 39'0 366 1'9 N 4'9
14 45's 26'1 3 30'139 2 6 N 3.8 27.
16 44 0 34 5 5 30 0799 1 1 N 0 9 18, 17 44 1 36 1 6 30 003 1 6 N 1 3
17 44'1 36'1 '6 30'003 1'6 N 1'3 18 38'8 30'7 '5 29'684 2'9 N 1'5
19 39'5 28'5 5 29'730 5'8 N '02 0'5
20 267 26'2 'E 20 062 I 6 N 'OI . Harrown by married By
21 43'0 31'1 '6 29'812 3'9 NNW '04 2'6 HELIOGRAPHIC ELEMENTS.
21 43° 31' 6 29'812 3'9 NNW 04 2'6 At Centre of Disc.
21 43 0 31 1 6 29 81 2 3 9 NNW 04 2 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
a: 43° 31'
a1 43 0 31 1 6 29 812 3 9 NNW 04 2 6 1 Note of Disc 2 2 8 8 2 9 8 7 75 6 6 8 N 2 6 Noon. 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8
az 43°0 31'1 '6 a98zz 3'9 NNW '04 a 6 At At Sun's Centre of Disc. 22 38 8 a9'8 '7 '750 6'8 N a 6 At Non. 23 38'9 24'2 39'8 '64z 3 8 N 3'z Non. 24 36'6 2a'z 40'0 416 7'0 8E '24 Day Axis. 25 40'3 34'3 '436 5'z SSE '18 Day Axis. 26 44'8 36'3 'z '34' 3'5 SE '32 0 0 0 0

The Meteorological Data in these Tables are based upon observations recorded at the Royal Observatory, Greenwich.

NO Full-Moon in February,—Reference to page 86 will show that there is not a Full Moon in this calculat month, an omission which is sometimes spoken of as being rare but which actually happens on the average every zz or zz years, but not at regular intervals. In the 718 years, from 1582 to 2299 February has been or will be without a Full Moon on 32 occasions. It has happened twice since the foundation of this Almanck, the years having been 1885 and 1915; the next occasion will be in the year 1961, which shows the megularity.

nappened twee since the conduction of this Administry, it is easily been 1005 and 1915; the next occasion will be in the year 1951, which shows the integral array.

The more rare occurrence when February is without a Full Moon in a Leap year has happened once in the period of 718 years above defined, the year being 1658, and it cannot be said definitely

when this will happen again.

The occurrence of five Sundays in February is also infrequent. It happens 23 times in the period of 718 years under review, and always after an interval of 28 or 40 years.

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

_					. 10							
Day.	LONDON	Bridge	IWF	RPOOL	Bar King (Avonn	Road nouth'.	(Immir	ngbam).	GRPLNOC	h.	Leith	(Kingstown) G M T
۹.	Morn	After	Morn	After	Morn	After	Morn	After	Morn A	ter.	Morn. Aft	er Morn After
. —	11 11	и. м	и м.	HM	ии	ни	и и	и м.	H M. 11.	ม	11 M. 11 1	H H H H M
I	2 48	3 10	0 18	0 28	8 18	8 39	7 6	7 6	1 29 I	23	3 55 4	7 0 20 0 30
2	3 18	3 43	0 49	0 57	8 49	9 9	7 36	7 35	2 4 I	57		2 0 53 1 0
. 3	3 48	4 16	I 19	I 24	9 19	9 40	8 5	8 5	3 37 2	32	4 58 5 1	1 1 22 1 30
			- 40				8 25	8 36				
4		4 46	1 49	I 55	9 47	10 7	- 35	- 5	3 12 3			151 30
5		5 15	2 22	a 30	10 17	10 36	9 8	9 15	3 45 3			3 2 23 2 35
6	3 - 7	5 44	3 0	3 10	10 48	11 10	9 45	9 59	4 16 4		6 38 6 5	7 3 0 3 15
7	5 49	6 24	3 45	4 1	11 27	11 56	10 34	10 55	4 52 4			7 3 50 4 12
, 8		7 22	4 45	5 11		0 24	11 35	•••	5 3º 5	45		4 5 2 5 45
9	7 56	8 46	6 5	6 46	1 11	I 55	0 11	0 59	6 39 7	12	9 28 10 2	3 6 40 7 25
10	9 42	10 28	7 36	8 21	2 53	3 42	1 54	2 30	8 8 9	3	10 45 11 4	
11	II IO	II 52	8 55	9 34	4 31	5 9	3 21	3 44	9 46 10	30	0 1	1 9 7 9 40
12		0 32	9 55	10 20	5 45	6 16	4 26	4 40	10 59 11	-		1 3 / 3 70
13	0 54	1 20	10 46	II 18	6 44	7 9	5 21	5 30			1	- 1 33
14	x 45	*2 18	11 32		7 31	7 55	6 10	6 15	0 27 0		1	
15	*2 20	*3 2	0 2	0 16	8 15	8 36	6 55	6 50		23		7 11 35
16	*3 10		0 42	0 56	8 58	9 16	7 36	7 40	1 47 2		3 27 3 4	
		*3 44	1 22		- 3-		8 15	8 16				3 0 45 1 0
17		*4 25	1 22	_ I 34	_9 35	9 5 ¹	i		2 30 2	52	4 50 5	3 1 25 1 40
18	*4 31	5 5	I 59	2 12		10 27	8 50	8 55	3 10 3	27	5 29 5 4	2 2 4 2 20
19	5 7	5 39	2 38	2 52	10 43	10 56	9 27	9 34	3 47 3	57	6861	
20	5 40	6 10	3 16	3 35		11 28	10 5	10 15	4 17 4	30	6 47 7	8 3 26 3 50
21	6 14	6 47	3 59	4 24	11 48		10 45	11 10	4 47 5	10	7 39 8	9 4 17 4 50
22	7 1	7 36	4 55	5 3x	0 6	0 33	XX 41	•••	5 29 6	9	8 4z , 9 1	
23	8 ro	8 53	6 15	7 4	0 59	1 47	0 30	1 4	6 34 7	56	9 55 10 4	
24	9 47	10 34	7 49	8 26	2 23	3 28	I 55	2 30	8 16 9	42	II I3	7 53 8 26
25	XX 15	II 49	8 59	9 25	4 5	4 55	3 11 1	3 34	9 47 10	55	0 2 0 2	
20		0 20	9 49	10 10	5 22	5 55	4 10	4 24	10 40 11	33	I 5 I 2	
27	0 46	1 11	10 30	10 40	6 15	6 40	4 53	r 2	11 18 .	33		
28	1 25	x 46		11 30	6 52	7 12	5 30	5 39		52		
	3	- 40	3		- 3-	,	, 5 30	2 39	- 3	3-11	2 23 2 3	9 10 58 11 20

* The days thus indicated throughout the Almanack are those on which High Tides may be expected. Strong northern winds in the North Sea and a low harmacter with heavy rains in the countries drained by the Thames may cause a higher rise of the river, and the low lying riversaled districts to be flooder.

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS (Noon = 12h) MERCURY & LAUS 9 Ruses Souths Sets h m h m h m 6 48 12 9 17 30 Rises Souths Sets h in h in h in 8 10 13 0 17 51 1) 11 7 58 13 16 18 35 6 7 11 25 16 43 18 7 48 13 20 19 0 5 34 5 8 10 46 15 59 5 13 1 18 58 10 15 15 23 MARS & JUPITEL Z Nots Rises Souths Sets h m !h m h m h m h m lh m 18 15 23 6 4 29 | 9 53 18 20 22 38 4 2 9 26 18 24 22 9 3 34 8 28 21 40 3 5 8 30 Rises Souths Sets Rises h m h m h m !'h m 4 8 15 13 15 11 7 57 13 8 13 1 18 24 22 25 7 22 12 54 18 28 21 40

MORNING AND EVENING STARS

- Q MERCURY, being at greatest eastern clongation on the 18th, is an evening star in the middle of the month At 6 o'clock on February x1 it will be about 3 above the west-south-west horizon, and may be seen after that date at a rather greater attainde to the 18th Mars will be near to it on its left.
- Q VENUS will be at inferior conjunction on the 5th but being 6° higher than the 8mi its lower edge may be seen by telescope. At the end of the month it will be a buildant morning star, using in the E.S.E. about daybrenk.
- of MAES remains low in the western sky for an shour after sunset, and will not be conspicuous
- If JUPITER is a bright object in the undnight and morning sky Mar. -17 to -19.
- by SATURN is neither a morning nor evening star.

SATURN b

Rises Souths Sets

D. h m h m h m

4 7 51 12 28 17 6

11 7 25 12 4 16 43

18 7 0 11 40 16 21

25 6 34 11 16 15 58

The Tidal Predictions in these pages and the Tidal Constants on pages 132 and 133 have been supplied by the Liverpool Observatory and Tidal Institute (see note on p. 84). The predictions for Immingham, Greenock and Leith are Crown Copyright, which is reserved, and are published here by permission of the Controller of the Stationery Office and of the Hydrographer of H.M. Navy.

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90]	MARCH XXXI DAYS.		1	193	4•
DAY OF Light and Dark. W.	Fasts and Festivals. Remarkable Days - Events. SUN'S LONGTRUDE of Traid. 7h.	THE:	SUN Sets.	of the Year.	of Year.
1 Th 2 F 3 S	ST. DAVID'S DAY. Todhunter died, 1884. John Wesley died, 1791; born, June 28, 1703. Benignus Forbes Winslow died, 1874.	6 49 6 46 6 44	и. ж 17 37 17 39 17 41	60 6x 6a	305 304 303
4 8 S M 6 8 Tu 7 8 W 8 8 F 10 S	3rd Sunday in Ment. R.N.L.I. founded. 1824. Covent Garden Theatre burnt, 1856. Michel Angelo born, 1474. Sir J. Herschel born, 1792. Bernadotte, King of Sweden, died, 1844. Cardinal Mazarin died, 1661. William Morley died, 1884.	6 42 6 40 6 38 6 36 6 33 6 31 6 29	17 43 17 44 17 46 17 48 17 50 17 51 17 53	63 64 65 66 67 68	302 301 300 299 298 298
11	4th Sunday in Lent. Tasso born, 1544. Revolution in Russia, 1917. Dr. J. Priestley (Oxygen) b. 1733; d. Feb. 6, 1804. Admiral Byng shot, 1757. Millwall Docks opened, Viscount Melbourne b. 1779; d. Nov. 24, 1848. [1868. Gustavus III. assassinated, 1702. St. Patrick's Day. Duke of Cambridge died, 1904.	6 27 6 24 6 22 6 20 6 18 6 15 6 13	17 55 17 57 17 58 18 0 18 2 18 3 18 5	70 71 72 73 74 75 76	295 294 293 292 291 290 289
18 \$ M 20 Tu 21 W 22 Th 23 F 24 S	5th Annday in Urit. Princess Louise born, 1848. Sir R. Burton (Arabian Nights) born, 1821. Law Sittings, Court of Session, end. Foch d. 1929. Sir George Jessel, Master of the Rolls, died, 1883. Beaugé, 1421. National Gallery formed, 1824. Viscount Milner born, 1854; died, May 13. 1925. Thorvalsden, Danish sculptor, died, 1844.	6 11 6 8 6 6 6 4 6 2 5 59 5 57	18 7 18 9 18 10 18 12 18 14 18 15 18 17	77 78 79 80 81 82 83	288 287 286 285 284 283 282
25 S 26 M 27 Tu 28 W	Palm Sun. Annunciation. Lady Day. Quarter Day. The Lord Mayor committed to the Tower, 1771. Tolls abolished on London Bridge, 1782. HILARY LAW SITTINGS END. War decl. against Russia, Maunday Thursday. Rev. J. Keble diod, 1866. [1854. Good Friday. London-India Air Service inaugurated, Duke of Gloucester born, 1900. [1929.	5 53	18 19 18 20 18 22 18 24 18 25 18 27 18 29	84 85 86 87 88 89 90	28x 280 279 278 277 276
PE O Full C Last New First Full Perig Apog Mean Longite BAIN FELL	AT GREENWICH IN MAR., 1933, total fall, a ar inches; above the	oroughs ish Me ring thi g list orkshop ter Day meils	of per ob.	in B h,	em- es of

1 quation	of Time.			ean No		Bidere	al A	Ican Time]]			
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Time.		BIOTI		Pedination	ilea.	. !	_ -	И. М. В		MILMO	MIM	
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ME	TEOR	OLOGICA	L OBSE	RVATIO	ONS, WINI	MARCI	H, 19:	33-	ao			
ME ay	TEOR	OLOGICA	L OBSE	CRVATION Professions	ONS, WIND	MARCI to foot) Directn ESE	H, 19: RAIN FALL Inch.	33.	20 21.			
ME ay	TEOR	OLOGICA	L OBSE	CRVATION (Pro-	ONS, WIND SSRITE THE	MARCI	H, 19	33-	20 21.			
MF	TEOR	OLOGICA	L OBSE	CRVATION (Pro-	ONS, WINI Source line 7	MARCI to foot) Directn ESE S	H, 19: RAIN FALL Inch. 16	33- SHAL Hours	20 21.			-
ME 2 50 2 51 3 52 4 55 5 56	TEOR 35 6 38 7 48 0 43	OLOGICA RATURE 1 Ann 1841 2 40	L OBSE	ERVATION (Pre-	ONS, WINI SSRITY Bine 7	MARCI to foot) Directn ESE SSW WSW	H, 19	SHAN HOURS	20 21. 22. 23.			-
ME 2 50 2 51 3 52 4 55 5 56 6 55	TEOR 356 387 480 43	OLOGICA RATURE 1 Ann 1841 2 40. 9 16 16 17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	L OBSE BAIL 1905 Me 1905 Me 29'0 4 29'0 7	ERVATION (Pre-	NINI WINI 7 4 9 8	MARCI to foot) Directn ESE SSW WSW SW SSW	H, 193 RAIN FALL 10th. 16 07 24 03	33- SHAN Hours O I 6'4	20 22. 22. 23.	·.		
MIE 50 51 52 54 55 56 55 57 54	TEOR 35 6 38 7 48 0 43 2 40 0 41 9 35	OLOGICA RATURE , Anniett , 40. , 8 , 6 , 6 , 10 , 40.	L OBSE BAIL 1905 Me 1905 Me 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907	ERVATION (Pre-	NS, WINITE BIR 7 4	MARCI to foot) Directn ESE S SSW WSW SW SSW WSW	H, 193 RAIN FALL Inch. 16 07 24 03 29	33- SHA SHIAL hours O I 6'4 27	20 21. 22. 23.	·.		
ME x 50 x 50 x 50 51 52 54 55 56 55 7 54 8 56	TEOR 150 350 350 350 480 43 400 43 2 400 41 59 35 77 32	OLOGICA RATURE An 1840 9 8 6 0 40 7 7 7	L OBSE BAN Inc. 41 29' 4 29' 5 29' 7 29' 1 30'	ERVATION (Prehier 593 1556 1575 1576 1579 1577 1577 1577 1577 1577 1577 1577	NS, WINITED BIRTH	MARCI to foot) Directn ESE SSW WSW SW SSW	H, 193 RAIN FALL 10th. 16 07 24 03	33- NI N NHINK homs 0 I 3 I 6 4 2 7 5 2 8 0	20 22. 22. 23.	·.		
MIE 2 50 2 51 3 52 4 55 5 66 5 55 7 8 54 8 56 9 52 0 57	TEOR 1 PAIR 1 PAIR 1 O 35 6 38 7 48 0 43 2 40 0 41 9 35 7 32 3 41 7 35	OLOGICA RATURE 1	L OBSE BAR 1005 All 4 29' 4 4 7 7 7 9 29' 29' 29' 29' 29' 29' 29' 29' 29' 2	Property of the state of the st	NAS, WINI 7 4 9 8 0 7 2	MARCID to to foot.) Directn ESE S SSW WSW SW SSW WSW SSW SSW ESE	H, 19; RAIN FALL Inch. 16 07 24 03 29	33- Silixi- home 0 1 6-4 27 52 8-0	20 21. 22. 123. 124. 25 & 26.	·.		
MIE 3 50 3 52 3 52 4 55 5 56 6 55 7 54 8 56 9 52 0 57 1 55	2 400 35 35 36 38 7 48 35 35 35 35 36 31 31 7 32 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	OLOGICA RATURE All 1841 40' 9	BAIL OBSE	REVATION (Property of the property of the prop	7 4 9 8 0 7 2 2 6 6 0 7	MARCID to to foot.) Directn ESE S SSW WSW SW SSW WSW SSW ESE E	H, 19; RAIN FALL Inch. 16 07 24 03 29 12	33- Silixi- home 0 1 6-4 27 52 8-0 89	22. 22. 23. 24. 25. &	÷.		-
ME 50 50 50 55 55 56 56 56 56 56	TEOR DENICE 10 35 10 35 10 36 10 35 10 40 10 41 10 35 10 30 10 30 10 30 10 30 10 30 10 30 10 30 10 30 10 30 10 30	OLOGICA RATURE AND ISSUIT 40. 8 6 40. 3 41. 7 8 41. 1 40. 9 8 41. 1 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	L OBSE	GIVATION Property	7 4 9 8 0 7 2 2 6 6 0 7 8	MARCID to foot) Directin ESE SSW WSW SSW WSW SSW ESE E Calm	H, 193 RAIN FALL Inch. 16 07 24 03 29 12	33- SHAN home O I 31 6-4 8-0 8-0 9-3 7-6	20 21. 22. 123. 124. 25 & 26.			-
ME 50 50 52 51 55 56 55 75 54 55 56 55 75 54 55 56 55 75 57 57 57 57 57 57	TEOR 35 6 38 7 48 0 43 2 40 0 41 9 35 7 35 41 7 35 6 30 8 28	OLOGICA RATURE 1 An issti 2 40. 9 1. 8 1. 10 41. 11 41. 11 41. 11 41. 11 41. 11 41. 11 41.	L OBSE BARC BARC BARC AR 4 29' 4 29' 5 29' 29' 29' 29' 29' 29' 29' 29'	GRVATION (Pro- miner) 5593 1 3356 1 3356 4 338 6 4299 6 6299 6 8299 6 8299 6 927 0 9356 0 907 0 9356 0	7 4 9 8 8 0 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 6 6 7 7 8 8 1	MARCID to foot.) Directn ESE SSW WSW SSW SSW ESE E Calm Calm	H, 193 RAIN FALL Inch. 16 07 24 03 29 12	33- NINA home O I 3'I 6'4 25 2 8'0 9 3 7 6	20 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28.			-
ME 1 50 2 51 3 52 4 55 6 55 6 55 7 54 8 56 9 52 0 57 1 55 2 57 2 57 3 52 4 57	TEOR 35 6 38 7 43 2 40 0 41 7 35 7 35 7 36 6 30 8 8 28 8 28 9 37	OLOGICA RATURE 1 An issti 2 40. 9 1. 8 1. 10 41. 11 41. 11 41. 11 41. 11 41. 11 41. 11 41.	L OBSE BARC BARC BARC AR 4 29' 4 29' 5 29' 29' 29' 29' 29' 29' 29' 29'	CRVATION (Free 1997) 6693 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 4 9 8 0 7 2 2 6 6 0 7 8	MARCID to foot) Directin ESE SSW WSW SSW WSW SSW ESE E Calm	H, 193 RAIN FALL Inch. 16 07 24 03 29 12	33- NHAM NHIAM NOTE 01 3'1 6'4 27 52 8'0 8 9 7 6 6'1	20 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.	·.		-
ME 1 50 2 51 3 52 4 55 5 56 6 55 7 54 8 57 8 57 1 55 2 57 3 52 2 57 3 52 57 57 57 57	TEOR 35 6 36 36 7 48 0 43 2 40 0 41 3 7 35 7 32 3 6 30 8 28 8 28 7 9 37 9	OLOGICA RATURE 1 40. 18 40. 19 41. 10 40. 11 40. 11 40. 11 40. 11 40. 11 40. 11 40. 11 40. 11 40. 11 40.	L OBSE BARC 1985 BARC 1985	ERVATION (Pro- line 8 1 1 1 1 1	7 4 9 8 0 7 2 2 6 6 7 7 8 1 1 2	MARCID to foot) Durectin ESE SSW WSW SSW WSW SSW ESE E Calm Calm WSW SW	H, 193 RAIN FALL Inch. 16 07 24 03 29 12	33- NINA home O I 3'I 6'4 25 2 8'0 9 3 7 6	20 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28.	.		-
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MIE 31 50 51 33 52 34 55 56 56 55 56 6 55 56 56 55 56 56 55 56 55 56 56	TEOR 357 48 6 38 8 28 9 37 3 44 6 40 6 43	OLOGICA RATURE 1	L OBSE Ball 1966 4 29' 4 29' 4 29' 5 30' 9 29' 9 29' 9 30' 7 29' 9 2	HVATI(7 4 9 8 0 7 7 8 1 2 2 6 6 0 4 4 1 0 0 4 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	MARCIDE to foot.) Durectin ESE SSW WSW SSW WSW SSW ESE Calm Calm WSW SW SW SSW SSW SSW SSW SSW SSW SSW	H, 193	33- NI NA NI	20 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.	÷.		
MIE 50 50 55 55 55 55 55 55 57 57	TEOR 356 387 488 28 40 41 32 36 39 36 30 8 28 8 28 9 40 41 66 40 6	OLOGICA RATURE 1	1. OBSE PRIO BARE PRIO	RVATI(Property P	NING, WINDS, WIN	MARCID to to foot) Directin ESE SSW WSW SSW WSW SSW ESE E Calm Calm WSW SW SW SSW SSW SSW SSW ESE SW SSW SS	RAIN FALL 19:10 10:01 10	33. SINA house of the second o	20 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.	·.		
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ME 1 500 2 51 3 52 4 555 5 66 5 56 5 57 5 54 5 57 5 54 5 57 5 54 5 50 5 57 5 54 5 50	TECR R 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	OLOGICA RATURE 1	1. OBSE BAR 1016 1016 1017	IRVATIO	NNS, WINITED BY 18 17 14 19 18 17 17 18 18 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	MARCTO to foot) Directn ESE S SSW WSW SSW SSW ESE Calm Calm SW SW SW SW SW SSW ESE E Calm Calm SSW SSW SSW SSW ESE E E E E E E	H, 193 RAIN FALL. Inch. 16 '07 '24 '03 '29 12 344 44 441	33- NHAN- NHAN- NHAN- NHAN- NHAN- NHAN- STATE STATE ST	22. 23. 24. 25 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. Hk	іло ска рн	Centre	
NIE 2 50 2 50 2 50 3 52 4 55 5 55 5 56 7 54 5 50 5	TECR R - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	OLOGICA RATURE 1 A0. 9 8 6 9 9 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1. OBSE Park Bark Bark	RVATI(Property P	DNS, WIND, 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	MARCID to foot) Directin ESE SW SSW SSW ESE E Calm Calm WSW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SE E E E E	H, 193 RAIN FALL. Inch. 16 '07 '24 '03 '29 12 344 44 441	33- home 0 1 31- 6-4 27 8-0 9 3 6-1 6-1 27 6-1 10-5 10-5 10-5 10-5 10-5	22. 22. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. At Noon	LIOGRAPH	Centre	of Disc
MHR 37 32 50 50 50 55 55 56 55 56 55 56 55 56 56 56 56 56	TEOR - PANER	OLOGICA RATURE 1 40 19 8 6 6 10 41 10 7 8 41 10 11 11 17 11 14 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	D BAR 1965 Mark 1965 M	RVATION Pro-	DNS, WINITED TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	MARCT to foot) Directn ESE S SW WSW SSW ESE E Calm WSW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW S	H, 193	33- NIANA house of the second	22. 23. 24. 25 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. Hk	іло ска рн		of Disc
NIE 2 50 2 50 2 50 3 52 4 55 5 56 6 55 5 57 5 50 5	TEOR R 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	OLOGICA RATURE 1	1. OBSE	IRVATIO	DNS, WINDERSON III III III III III III III III III I	MARCID to foot) Directin ESE SW SSW SSW ESE E Calm Calm WSW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SE E E E E	H, 193 RAIN FALL. Inch. 16 '07 '24 '03 '29 12 344 44 441	33- SHIM- SH	22. 22. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. At Noon	IJOGRAPH Sun's Aals	Centre	of Disc
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NIE 2 50 2 2 50 2 3 55 2 50 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	TEORR 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	OLOGICA RATURE 1 40. 19 86 10 40. 11 40. 12 40. 13 41. 14 40. 15 40. 16 41. 17 42. 18 43. 18 43. 18 43.	1. OBSE Paris Barrier	IRVATION	NS, WIND, Sessure like 174 9 9 18 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	MARCID to foot) Directin ESE SSW SSW SSW SSW ESE Calm Calm WSW SW	H, 193 RAIN Inch. PALL Inch. 100 24 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	33- home 54 27 64 27 66 6 10 57 10 57 10 8 9 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10	22. 23. 24. 25 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. Hr. Noon law.	Snn's Axis	Lat	Jone
ME 1 50 2 51 3 4 55 56 55 56 55 57 57 58 59 57 58 59 57 58 59 57 58 58 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59	TEOR 358 369 377 4 349 4 349 359 369 377 3 327 3 359 369 377 3 327 3 359 369 377 3 327 3 3	OLOGICA RATURE 1	BAR PAG BAR PAG	RVATI(NS, WIND, Security like 17 19 18 17 18 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	MARCT betefoot) Directin ESE SSW WSW SSW WSW SSW ESE E Calm NW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW	H, 193 RAIN 161 166 177 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187	33- SHINN- SHINN- SHINN- SHINN- 1001 31- 6-4 27 6-4 28-0 29-3 6-1 6-1 37-1 6-2 7-2 8-9 9-8 100-5 100-	22. 22. 22. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. HR	I.IOGRAPH Alab	Centre	

The effect of the diurnal on the semi-diurnal forces is twofold. They affect morning and afternoon heights in opposite directions, raising the one and lowering the other, and thus produce

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

. y .	Lonner	BRIDGE	Livi	LLOOF"	King King	Road		ULL ngham)	GREFNOCK	Leitn	Denia Kingst	own).
Da	Morn	After	Morn	After	Morn	After	Morn	After	'Moin 'After	Morn After	Morn.	After
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2	2 25	2 44		0 3	7 54	8 14	6 39			3 29, 3 43) ··· !	0 4
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4	3 23 3 54	3 47 4 18	1 24	I 33	9 24	9 15	7 36 8 6	8 15	2 47 2 3		I 25	1 35
5 6	4 84	4 46	x 58	2 8	9 53	10 13	8 39	8 54		1 5 36 5 55	1 57	2 9
7	4 52	5 17	2 34	2 49	10 26	10 46	9 16	9 40	3 53 3 49)¦ 6 i5 6 38	2 35	2 51
8	5 3z	5 58	3 20	3 43	11 5	11 31	10 4	10 36	4 27 4 3		3 25	3 50
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	Rist	KG SOL	THING	and 5	ETTING	:			STEEL AND	BUBNING OF	71 A 72/7	

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of the PLANETS (Noon = 12h.)!

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

& MERCURY being at Inferior Conjunction on the 6th is neither a morning nor evening star, MERCURY D

Rises Souths Souths Bets Riscs Nouths Sets Rises
h. m h m l in
12 17 18 9 4 49
11 26 17 1 4 35
10 49 16 11 4 23
10 30 15 49 4 14 b. m h m h m 14 55 6 85 9 52 14 37 14 26 9 36 5 50 18 9 24 5 *7 9 17 14 30 5 12

JUPITER

Rises Souths:

21 g 20 38

Q VENUS is a morning star at maximum brilliance (magnitude - 4.3) on the rith. It will be 5° above the horizon in east-south-east shortly after 5 o clock in the middle of the month.

d Mars is above the horizon for a short time after sunset but will not be seen.

" JUPITER rises in the mid-evening, south of the east point. It is now retrograding and passes 40 north of Spica on the night of the rath. Magnitude 7 33 - 1'9 to - 2'0.

h SATURN in Capticornus rises an hour before the Sun at the end of the mouth in the east-south-east. It will then be not far from Venus, about 3° south of the bright planet. Magnitude $+ x^{\circ}z$.

h.m. h m 21 9 236 20 38 2 6 20 7 136 19 35 1 5 6 44 12 39 18 35 20 38 6 25 12 31 18 38 20 7 6 7 12 24 18 42 19 35 25 SATURN h Rises Souths, Sets h m. h. m. h m 6 8 10 51 15 35 11 5 42 18 5 17

10 27 15 12 10 3 14 49 9 38 14 25

4 5×

MARS &

Rases Souths, Sets

h. m | h. m | h m 7 3 12 47 18 31 6 44 12 39 18 35

D.

a diurnal inequality in the height of the tide; secondly they shift the times of morning and afternoon high water in opposite directions, accelerating the one and retarding the other, and so increase the interval between two consecutive high tides and dimmish the interval between the two which follow.

At any particular place the magnitude of these effects depends upon the ratio of the diurnal to the semi-diurnal forces at that place. In British waters this ratio is generally small and it is seldom that the tidal interval is altered so that two high tides occur within 12 hours.

94]	APRIL XXX DAYS.			193	4.
DAY OF	Fasts and Festivals.	ТПЕ	SUN	DA	_
M Light W.	Remarkable Days—Events. SUN'S LONGITUDE 30° 8 20'l 19h.	Rises	Sets.	of the Year.	to end of Year.
1	U.S. Airship Akron lost at sea, 1933.	H. M 5 39 5 37 5 34 5 32 5 30 5 28 5 25	и м. 18 30 18 32 18 34 18 36 18 37 18 39 18 40	91 92 93 94 95 96 97	274 273 272 271 270 269 268
8 S 9 M 10 Tu 11 W 12 Th 13 F 14 S	1st Zunday after Easter. Francis Bacon died, 1626. EASTER LAW SITTINGS BEGIN. Toulouse, 1814. Charles Reade died, 1884, born, June 8, 1814 Rodney's victory, 1782. Roman Catholic Disabilities Bill, 1829. Princess Beatrice born, 1857.	5 23 5 21 5 19 5 16 5 14 5 12	18 42 18 44 18 45 18 47 18 49 18 50 18 52	99 100 101 102 103	267 266 265 264 263 262 261
15 8 M 16 8 M 17 8 Tu 18 8 W 19 8 Th 20 8 F 21 8 S	2nd Sunday after Easter. Triance disaster, 1912. Culloden, 1746. Sir John Franklin boin, 1786. Byron tried for duelling, 1765. Royal Humane Society founded, 1774 Primrose Day. U.S.A. off Gold Standard, 1933. Garibaldi received freedom of the City, 1864. Charlotte Bronte boin, 1816. Mark Twain died, 1910.	5 8 5 6 5 3 5 1 4 59 4 57 4 55	18 54 18 55 18 57 18 59 19 0 19 2 19 4	106 107 108 109 110	260 259 258 257 256 255 254
22 B X 23 B M 24 B Tu 25 B W 26 B Th 27 B F 28 B S	310 Sun. after Easter. *Summer Time begins, 2 a.m. St. George's Day. Shakespeare born, 1564. Keblo College Chapel opened, 1876. : opened, 1884 St. Mark. Anzac Day (1915). Brompton Oratory Royal Academy opened in Pall Mall, 1769 Edward Gibbon, historian, born. 1737. Mutiny of the Bounty, 1789.	4 53 4 51 4 49 4 47 4 45 4 43 4 41	19 5 19 7 19 9 19 10 19 12 19 14	113 114 115 116	253 252 251 250 249 248 247
29 1 S 30 1 M	4th Sunday after Caster. James Montgomery. Scottish poet, died, 1851.	4 39 4 37	19 17 19 18	119	. 1

PHASES OF THE MOON.

C Last Quarter .. 7d. oli. 48 5m. | New Moon ... 13 23 57'0 |
| New Moon ... 13 23 57'0 |
| First Quarter ... 21 21 20 4 |
| O Full Moon ... 29 12 45'4

Perigee 7d. 11'2/1. 229,880 miles. Apogee 21d. 1'7/1 251,170 ,, Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, April 1, 316" 48'.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN APR, 1933, on 7 days; total fall, 0.75 inch; below the average by 0.72 inch.

* No change is made in these pages. Greenwich Tune (G.M T., sec p 84) is used throughout.

MONTHLY NOTES.

April 2 Refreshment House Licences to be renewed—County Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of 22 days immediately preceding or immediately following March as last.

7. Fire Insurances must be paid.
21 to 14. Buchan's "and Cold Period."
24. Parish Councils to hold then annual meeting on or within seven days of this date.
26. Muhammadan New Year (1353)

Equation of Time	193	34.]		AI	PRII	FC	URT	H I	MON	TH.		[95
Section Sect	Add	1 to Running St.	76 0 4 47 77 0 5 77 77 1 7 77 0 6 9 1 2 2 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 6 6 7 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2	arent Hourist Var. 1 and	Apparation of the property of	Heart No. 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Man Nov 3 a 3 a 3 a 3 a 3 a 3 a 3 a 3 a 3 a 3	a to constitute of the constit	13 38 337 317 116 11 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 11	1. 5. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 5. 9. 10.	MEMORA	NDA.
METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS, APRIL, 1933.	28 2 29 2	38 0	39 2 3	10 36 9'	47 14 1' 49 14 20	2 07 1 - 07	9 2 23	4 9	37 19			
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a7 66.6 45.7 .7 65.1 x.7 SW 04 3.8 134.9 a8 64.8 47.4 48.8 64.3 o.8 WSW 4.2 0 0 a9 63.7 42.2 49.0 54.8 1.7 SW 03 3.0 5.6 4.0 6.3 2.33.1 20 67.2 44.0 49.1 39.605 0.9 SW 9.5 x.5 26.4 6.3 8.2	25	58'x 62'o	45'8				SSW			,		
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[S	ee No	te, p	. 84	4.	1	'HI	s I	lo	ON.								Configura-	CONJUNCTIONS.
×	Ī	1 4	T			-	A	t Gr	een	wic			_				tions of Jupiter's	April 1. Day
Day of	Rises	Souths.	Se	tn	1	trel Sect	11-		echi		15.4	ori nts rul ux		mı- ıa- eter		ge.	Hatellites it 23k 45m. (See p. 120)	Civil twilight
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ECLIPSES, AND AL PHENOMENA. reaks at 3h.39m. ends 19h. 17m. 20/1. 31/11. ay is 12h. 51m. • curv at greatest W.

er in Opposition. he Earth (Apr. 9)

Saturn in con-D. hars

Venus in con-). ♀ o*3′S.

Mercury in con-. \$ 6º h.

s in conjunction. Mars in conjunc-6º 8

ms at Greatest anus in conjunc-

lais and Uranus doil

Jupiter in con-7 7' N.

the Mornings in-Atternoons 48m. near the South Cancer, Hydra, Crater, Corvus,

APPARENT RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF THE PLANETS AT NOON.

	ј у Мкке	URY 1	ያ ነ ነ :	NUS,	ፈ እነ	ARS.	្នុងម	ITER .	6 5 VT	URN.
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æ6	1 10 50	5 0.4	23 22 31	4346	z 38	12 94	13 1 4)	4 54'0	21 57 17	13 41'4
		-	-							

THE SUN AND PLANLES

Die N ANGULAR SEMIDIAMETER R A DEC N. 01518 9 53 , 10 47 7 10 6 , 10 47 0 1 43 0 April 16. Uranus rises 5h. 12m., sets 19h. om Neptune rises 14h. 23m., sets 3h 57m April 15, Sun's semidiam in Transit, 1m.4 75v of Mean Time

The Nature of Light.—The struggle between the corpuscle and the wave, associated always with the names respectively of Newton and Huygens, is ending in a manner as unexpected as it is There is to be a reconcilement of hypotheses which we had thought to be mutually there is ober technique of hybrides which we had thought to be intuiting exclusive. We still find it difficult to understand how these two theories can both be true, yet there is good evidence in support of each of them. We conclude that what at one time may be beyond our understanding may later become clear, not only through the acquisition of fresh knowledge, but also by the training of our minds to new ways of thought.

Light properly so called is only a narrowly defined part of a far greater phenomenon, that of radiation in general. The length of light waves fall between close limits, but the runs of the wave motion apply to the infinitesimal waves of the Rontgen rays, on the one hand, and to the long

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

Day.	London	Вирдь	LIVER	POOL.	King (Avont			ILI. igham).	GREI	NOOK.	L+ 1TH	Deni (Kings G M	
-1	Morn	After	Morn	After	Morn	After	Morn	After	Morn	After	Morn After	Morn	After.
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3	3 0	3 21	0 24	1 14	8 3a 9 6	9 25	7 43	8 0	2 16	2 16	4 31 5 0	1 2	1 18
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RISING, SOUTHING, and SLTTING of PLANETS. (Noon = 12h.)

VENUS 9 MERCURY 5 Rises |Souths | Sets Rises Souths 11 31 n v EI AI D. 4 5 3 55 3 45 14 20 9 12 9 10 14 25 8 15 3 34 7 14 42 9 22 20

ļ JUPITER 2 MARS & D. 8 15 33

SATURN 12

4 25 3 58

8 3 32 3 6 2 39

15

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

MERCIRA, being at greatest western elongation on the and, is a morning star, but rises only half an hom before the sun and will not be seen.

G VENTS rises after daybreak, but may perhaps be seen south of east low in the brightening sky. Magmtude -4'2 to - 3 8.

& MARS, in compinetion on the 14th, rises and sets with the sun throughout the month

I JUPITER, at opposition on the Eth, is to be seen throughout the night Magnitude -20. Tins opposition brightness is hearly a min mum because the p'anet was at aphelion at the end of January. When at opposition in September, 1927, the magnitude of Jupiter was - 25

5 SATURN, near Venus at the beginning of the month, uses in the dawn, and will not be conspicious Magnitude + r'r.

radio waves on the other. Moreover, radiations which are obviously corposcular, such as the showers of electrons and protons and atoms Rises Souths Sets that are now produced so easily in our laboratories, are found to-day to obey in some measure the laws of light. The wave and the 9 13 14 2 8 48 13 38 corpused are different aspects rather than different entities (From the 'Universe of Light,' by Sir William Brace) 8 23 13 13 7 57 12 49

7 57 7 32 The Date of Easter. - Easter Sunday fell on April r in the year again fall on this date in 1945 and 1956, after which the screes of intervals of eleven years will be broken, and the coincidence will not occur until the year 2018

98]	MAY XXX	KI DAYS.		[193	4.
DAY OF	Fasts and Fe	stivals.	THE	Sun '	DA	YS
M. Light W.	Remarkable Days Sun's Longitude 60	AD7777 1733 i	Rises.	Sets	of the Year.	to end of Year.
1	Rogation Day. Inter. Health Rogation Day. Half-Quarter Ascension Day. Holy Thursd Overend, Gurney & Co. failed, Florence Nightingale b. 1820. I Sunday after Ascension. N People's Palace opened, 1887. J. Whitaker, F.S.A., died, 1895 Fishmongers' Company founder Revised Version of the New Teleaster Law Sittings und.	failed, 1884. omas Hood died, 1845. d Livingstone d. 1873. gust 15, 1769. Forest opened, 1882. am died, 1868. Exhib. opened, 1884. Day. Sir J. Barrie lay. [born, 1860. 1866. [begin. Law Sits., Ct. of Session, ansen died, 1930. ; born, May 4, 1820. ed, 1284. estament issued, 1881.	4 33 4 31 4 30 4 28 4 26 4 24 4 23 4 21 4 19 4 18 4 16 4 14 4 13 4 11 4 10 4 8	19 20 19 22 19 23 19 25 19 27 19 28 19 30 19 31 19 33 19 34 19 36 19 38	123 124 125 126 127 128 139 130 131 133 134 135 136	238 237 236 235 234 233 231 230 229
22 Tu	County Monday. "Summer To Minit Guesday. Earl of Ypr G. J. Romanos died, 1894. Expense Day. Amy Johnson Bank Holiday Act passed, 1871 QUIEN'S BIRTHDAY (1867).	La Fayet'e died, 1834. Time" adopted, 1916. es died, 1025. reached Port Darwin, [1784. First Handel Festival,	4 3 4 2 4 0 3 59 3 58 3 57	19 49 19 51 19 52 19 54 19 55 19 56	140 141 143 144 145	224 223 222 221 220
30 W W Th	Alexander Pope died, 1744. Corpus Christi. Union Day,	South Africa (1910).	3 55 3 54 3 53 3 53	19 59 20 0 20 I 20 2 20 4	148 149 150 151	216 215 214
I Last New Firs Full Per App Per Mean Long	Quarter	Monthly May 1. Holiday at Lon- 5. 24 George V. ends. 7. Royal Academy op 9 to 14. Buchan's "gr 15. Scottish Term Day. 20-21. Jewish Pentecos	NOTE to store the store to store the store to store the store to store the s	added. S. Sek Exc George Period.	chan V. be	into ge. egins.

_	1934.]			IAY	FIFT	H	MON	TH.	_	
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CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, AND OTHER CELESTIAL PHENOMENA.

May r. Day breaks at 2h. 4m. Civil twilight ends at 20h. 12m. Night begins 21h. 53m. The length of the Day is 14h. 45m.

May x, x4h. Mercury and Uranus in conjunction. Qx.3°S. May 7, 5h. Saturn in conjunction with D. h 3° S.

May 8, 11h. Mercury and Mars in conjunction. & o'5° 8. May 10, oh. Venus in conjunction with \mathfrak{D} . \mathfrak{S} 6° S.

May 13. Mercury in superior conjunction.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \textit{May 13, 2h.} & \text{Mars in conjunction with }). & \delta \ 5^\circ \ S. \\ \textit{May 13, 16h.} & \text{Mercury in conjunction with }). & Q \ 5^\circ \ S. \end{array}$

May 25, 7h. Jupiter in conjunction with D. 47° N. May 31, morn. Occultation of

φ Sagittariı,mag. 3'3. See p. 139. A meteor shower, believed to have relation to Halley's comet. diverging from a point in Aquarius, sometimes appears in the mornings from May 2 6.

In this month the Mornings increase 43m.; the Afternoons 44m.

Constellations near the S. meridian at zzh.: Leo, Leo Minor, Crater, Hydra, Corvus, Virgo, Bootes, Libra.

APPARENT RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF THE PLANETS AT NOON.

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THE SUN AND PLANETS. Y NEPTUNE. H URANUS. Dr. N RA. DEC. N HORIZONTAL PARALLAX. ANGULAR SEMIDIAMETER. D. I II 8 48 O | \$ | \$ _ 1<u>;</u> 'n 10 1 47'2 10 30 10 46'1 ð

May 15, Sun's semidiam, in Transit, 1m. 6 94s, of Mean Time. sets 1h. 58m.

The Ionosphere.—Ionization is a process, the mechanism of which is unknown, whereby the The fonosphere.—Ionization is a process, the mechanism or which is unknown, whereby the atoms of a substance, solid, highld or gas, receive an electric charge, and are then able to transmit and to reflect electric waves. It is believed that there are layers in the upper atmosphere, between about 60 and xso miles above the earth, that are in this state of ionization, whose existence is made evident by projecting radio waves vertically upward, that are reflected by some layer in this tonosphere and are caught and studied in various ways on their return. The conditions of ionization of this region are constantly changing, with daylight and darkness, and in summer and in winter, and with other phenomena such as thunderstorms and magnetic disturbances. It is believed that the ionization of the lower layers is due to the solar ultra-violet light, but it is It is suggested that the upper layers are ionized by the action of corpuscies emitted by the Sun. If

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

Day	Loxbox	Bardes	Live	RPOOL.		STOL, Road nouth).	Hi (Immir	ıı. ogham),	GREE	 Ми в.	Lette	Dunis (Kings G M	town).
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RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS. (Noon = xzh)

	MI	RCURY	Q	11	ENUS	¥							
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MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

- MERCURY sets after the Sun in the latter half of the month, and may be seen in its latest days It will then be at altitude 5° in the N.W. by W. at 9 o'clock and quite bright (see June note).
- Q VENUS is a morning star and may be seen north of east in the dawn at the end of the month. Magmtude -3.8 to -3.6.
- d MARS rises shortly before the Sun and will not
- 4 JUPITER continues to be visible throughout the short night. Magnitude - r.o.
- by SATURN is a morning star riving in the east-south-east at the times shown, but will not be conspicuous. Magnitude + x x to + x o.

SATURN 12 Rises | South | Sets h in h in 7 6 11 59 6 40 11 33 6 13 11 7 h m

this is the case, these corpuscles would be stopped by the Moon during a solar eclipse, and experiments are now made on such occasions to determme this.

102]	JUNE XXX DAYS.		[1	934	1.
DAY OF	Fasts and Festivals.	THE S	UN	DAY	78
M. light W.	Remarkable Days—Events. St. N.S. Longitude 90° & 22d. 3h.	Rises. S	ets 3	Year.	to end of Year.
1 F 2 S	Isle of Man purchased, 1765. Charles Lever d. 1872 Sir Edward Elgar, Bt., o m., born, 1857.	3 51 20 3 50 20		1	213
3 8 S 4 8 M 5 8 Tu		3 48 æ	0 8 1	55	211 210 209
6 W 7 Th 8 F 9 S	Dean Inge b. 1860. Theodore Watts-Dunton d. 1914. David Cox, water-colourist, died, 1859. William Dampier b. 1652. Corn duties abolished, 1869. Sir Doveton Sturdee born, 1859; died, May 7, 1925.	3 47 2	0 11 1	58	208 207 206 205
10 S 11 M 12 Tu 13 W	2nd Sun. after Crintty. Crystal Palace opened, 1854 St. Barnabas. Simon's Bay occupied, 1795. General J. E. B. Stuart died, 1864. Metropolitan Cattle Market opened, 1855.	3 45 2 3 45 2	0 14	162 163	-
14 Th	Marengo, 1800. Magna Carta scaled at Runnimede, 1215. Duke of Marlborough died, 1722; born, June 24, 1650.	3 45 2	0 16	- 1	200 199 198
17 S 18 M 19 Tu	31d Zunday after Trinity. Addison died, 1719. Battle of Waterloo, 1815. William Cobbett d. 1835. Rev. C. H. Spurgeon born, 1834; died. Jan 31, 1892. William IV. died, 1837	3 44 2	0 17	168 169 170	197 196 195 194
21 Th 22 F 23 S	Longest Day in 1934 — Coronation Day (1911). Prince of Wales's Birthday (1894).	3 45 2	10 19 10 19	173	193 192 191
24 S 25 M 26 Ti 27 W		3 46 a	- 1	176	189 188
28 Tl 29 F 30 S		3 47 2	- 1	179 180	186 135
€ La	PHASES OF THE MOON See note on Summer Trust Quarter 4d 12d. 52 7m				

New Moon
First Quarter
Full Moon 11 5 30.2 **£**0 79 . ..27 5 Apogee 15d, 10 3h 252,200 miles Perigee 28d, 0 9h 222 600 ,,

Mean Longitude of Asc. Node June 1, 313° 35'.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN JUNE, 1933, on 7 days; total fall, 157 melies, below the average by 0 45 meh.

June 4 Eton celebration day.

- 6. Derby Day.
- 8. Oaks Day.

24. Midsummer Day. Quarter Day. Sheriffs of London to be elected by the Liverymen

29 (to July 4). Buchan's "4th Cold Period."

— Quarter Sessions to be field within the period of at days immediately preceding or immediately following June 24

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JUNE SIXTH MONTH.

[103

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WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1984.

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June Fireballs. The short inghts of June are often marked by the appearance of fireballs, or very bught meteors. These are aspecially likely to be observed in the first ten days of the month, and their frequency at this time is principally due to the activity of a shower from a radiant-point near Antones in the constellation Scorpius. Since this star is low in the southernisk, as seen from our northern latitudes, it follows that fireballs belonging to this Scorpius stream, when extended in this country, we always described from the continuous stream, when observed in this country, are always directed from the southern part of the heavens.

June 15, Sun's semidiam in Transit 110.8:68s, of Mean Time

Sometimes these June fireballs are extremely hight, as may be shown by histone instances. A meteor which appeared at 9 o'clock in the evening of June 3, 1842, was said to be equal in brightness to the Sun, as was another that was seen on June 5, 1868. Even allowing for exaggreration in the estimates, it is clear that these two fireballs must have been of surpassing brilliancy. Neither of them, however, was from the radiant in Scorpius. On June 4, 1033, at

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

	Briston, True																											
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	-		-	22	_	-3		3.			ے'	40	_	_	-	-	-				-				1	35		
17		56	4	59	2	۰	. 2	30	to	14	10	22	8	40		25	2	58	3	52	5	27	5	51		10	2	41
18		35	5	37 .	2	36	3			47	10	57	. 9	16		4				31		3		38	2	50		23
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20	. 7	2	7	I	4	5	4	46			0	11		45	21	42	5	5		58		40	8	11	4	27	5	8
31	. 7	50	. 7	53	5	0	5	48		29	1	8		45		. 1	5	57		51		33	9	5	5	29		12
22	8	43	8	56	6	5	6	54		31	2	-3				55			7	53	9	31	10	2	6	38		16
23	9	47	10	9	. 7	15	7	55	2	42	_3	26		49	. 2	7	8	0	-	57	10	34	11	4	7	45	8	16
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28		17	. 2	34		•	0	4	7			18	6			52		41	Ţ	5		40		18			0	5
29,				21		19	0	53	8	44	9	7	7	0	7	45		29		56		35		10		27		53
30	; *3	59	_~4	11	1	8	. 1	42	, 9	33	9	56	7	48	8	35	2	14	, 2	48	4	24	5	1	. 1	15	1	43
- 1				- 1			1																١.	,				

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS (Noon = x2h)

	RCURY					٧ĸ١			
D. h m 3 4 56 10 5 21 17 5 35 24 5 38	13 40	21	54	2	0	9	11 lis 111 14 18 22 26	10	45

MARS	•	3 i PII	-
Rises Souther b. h m h m 3 3 14 11 9 20 3 0 11 2 17 2 47 10 55 24 2 36 10 48			

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

O MFRCURY will be at greatest eastern elongation on June x4, and there will be an opportunity of seeing this planet in the evenings of the first half of the month. At 9 p m on June 4 it will be at altitude? In the north-west by west. It remains manly in this position on the following nights, but becomes fainter. Magnitude on June 4 o o.

Q NEXTS uses in the east-north-east at the times shown, and may perhaps be seen in the brightening sky.

3 MARS also rises before the Sun, but is not likely to be conspicuous

4 JUPPTER is to be seen in the west of south when the sky is sufficiently dark, perhaps about 8h. 3om. It sets at midnight at the end of the month

b SATURN in Capitorius rises before midnight in the latter part of the month. Magnitude $\pm x$ o to $\pm o$ 9

Sin 32m. p m., while it was yet daylight, a furball brighter than the moon was observed from many places in the south-east part of England It was found that it fell from a height of 75 miles to 44 miles over Normaudy; the length of the minimous flight was 83 miles and the speed 22 miles per second. It diverged from a point in Libia. The radiant point of a meteor shower is the vanishing point in the per spective of parallel paths, and its position depends on the direction of the meteor's motion relative to the earth. From this and other factors the orbit of the meteor stream round the 5m can be calculated. It seems that the fieldall of June 4, 1933, was moving in the same orbit as the Scorpid meteors.

106]	JULY XXXI DAYS.]	1934	4.					
DAY OF	Fasts and Festivals.	l'he	SUN	DA	78					
M. Light W.	Remarkable Days—Events. Sun's Longitude 120° Q 23d. 14h.	Ruses	Sets.	of the Year.	to end of Year.					
1 S	5th Sun. after Crinity. Dominion Day, Canada (1867). Sir Robert Peel d. 1850. First N.R.A. Meeting, 1860.	11. M. 3 49 3 49	н. м 20 18 20 18	1°2	_					
3 1 Tu 4 1 W 5 1 Th	King of Norway born, 1872. INDEPENDENCE DAY, U.S.A. (1776). Sir A. H. Layard (Nineveh) died, 1894.	3 50 3 51 3 52	20 17 20 17 20 17	184 185 186	180 °					
6 F F	6. F Their Majesties' Wedding, 1893. R. B. Sheridan died, 1816; born, October 30, 1751.									
8 S 9 M 10 Tu	6th Sundan after Crinity. Lafontaine b. 1621. Edmund Burke died, 1797.	3 54 3 55	20 15 20 14	190	176 175					
11 W 12 Th	Oudenarde, 1708. Alexandria hombarded, 1882.	3 56 3 57 3 58 3 59	20 14 20 13 20 18	1 - 1	174 173 172 171					
13 F 14 S	Fall of the Bastille, 1789. French National Holiday. 7th Zundan after Crintty. St. Swithin's Day.	4 0	20 10	195	170 169					
16 M	Capt. Roald Amundson born, 1872. "Punch" first issued, 1841.	4 3	20 8	197 198	168 167					
18 W 19 Th	The Ballot Act came into force, 1872. Matthew Flinders died, 1814. Law Sittings, Court of Session, end.	4 6	20 6 20 5 20 4	1 1	166 165 164					
21 S	Queen Victoria's Jubilee, 1887.	4 9	20 3		163					
22 8 5 23 9 M 24 9 Tu		4 12 4 13	20 0 19 59	204	162 161 160					
25 W 26 Th		4 14	19 58 19 56	206	159 158					
27 F 28 S	Robespierre guilloined, 1794.	4 17 4 18	19 55 19 53	1 1	157 156					
29 S 30 M 31 Tu	9th Sundan after Trinith. Wilberforce died, 1833. Thomas Gray, "Elegy," died, 1771; born, 1716. Trinity Law Sittings and.	4 20 4 21 4 23	19 52 19 50	211	154					
=	HASES OF THE MOON. See note on page of	L I.	1	·!						

PHASES OF THE MOON.

PHANDS OF 1	20th 27'9m.		
Clast Quarter	3d. 20th 27'9m.		
New Moon	11	17	5'9
First Quarter	19	18	52 9
Full Moon	26	12	8'6

Apogee 12d 18'2h. 252,570 miles. Perigee 26d. 10'3h. 221,870 "

Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, July 1, 311' 59'.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN JULY, 1933, on 8 days; total fall r'37 inches; below the average by o'87 luch.

See note on page 98.

MONTHLY NOTES.

July 1. Special Sessions for Licences to deal in Game to be held this month.

—. County Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of 21 days immediately preceding or immediately following June 24 last.

5. Dividends due.

9. Fire Insurances to be paid.
22 to 15. Buchan's "12 Warm Period."
24. French National Holiday.
31. Gun and Game Licences expire.

19	34.]		Jī	JLY	SEV	ENTE	I M	ON	TH.		[107
	dd to 1 1		HE SUN	(Mean No		Sidereal Time at	Mean			MEMORANDA	
	ime.	iriy R	naion. R.	of 1 Minutene	Var of Dec.	Mean Noon	ereal T	inc.	_	M BBOKAKI)	Ì
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6 4	28 0	0 43 6 5	5 27 10 9 34 10	29 22 44 6	0.53	6 51 10	5 6	957 5 1 .	4		
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14 5	37	29 7 3	6 20 10		0 37_	7 26 39	4 34	4 34	8. 🚓		
15 5 16 5	50	0 25 7 4	0 23 10	11 21 26 7	0 40	7 30 36 7 34 33	4 2	38 5 42	9.		
18 6	2 0	0 20 7 4	4 25 10 8 27 10	06 21 6.7	0 42	7 38 20	4 2	B 50 i	to,		
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21 6	13	013 8 011 8	0 29 9	99 20 33 9	0 48	7 54 15 7 58 12	1_4 :	U	12.		
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			20 20 9	87 19 32 6 84 19 19 3	0 55	8 13 58 8 17 55	34	7 23 '' 3 27 '	15. 😤		
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,		TEOROL EMPERATI		OBSERVAT.	WIND						
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6	78·3 86 g	59'8	4 .4	29 820 3	o i	E SW			23		
7 8	78 7	59 4 58 I	.4	989 2	4 _	sw	}	7.3	24.		
9	76°3	56 g	'4 '5	957 3 786 4	0	SW	.13 .00	9°4 2°9	2 5		
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31	28 z	56°2	62 2		5 75	wsw i	<u></u>	o 3 6,0	5	0.0 M 3.4	237'4
Mn	78.3		62.7	29 875	- Ti			223 I	25_	7.9 E 5.3	N 105 1
				ATIHV	KER'S	ALMAN	ACK.	198	1.		

[5	[See Note, p. 84.] THE MOON. Configurations of At Greenwich Midnight.																				
Day of M.	Ri	нен	South.		Set	5	A	ight a cn	1	Dec	lin	ا n-	Mi Ho zont Par la	rl al	ght Sen du net	11 ! R-	Λg	e is	Jupi atel a zzh re j	iter's listes it om. 120./	
2	23 23 23	V 42 55 10 25 44	45667	21 7	10 12 13 14		ŏ	52 41 30 20	46 21 6 5 7	3 9 14	51 28 28 53 30	6n 2 0 6	58 57 56 56	31 44	15 15 15	8 : 54 : 40 : 27 : 16 :	10 21 22 33	22 22 22	W 20: 10: 02: 213 30	234 234 04	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	3 4 5	20 13 15 23 35	9 10 11 12 13	23 15 6 56 44 29	21	17 11 53 24 48	4 4 5 6 7 8 9	58 52 45 36 25	35 33 29 34 20 50 28	26 26 25 23 19	58 57 40 15 51 40	0 0 6 6 8 6	54 54 54 53 53 54	35 17 5 59 57	14 14 14 14 14 14	52 48 44 42 42 43	26 27	22 . 7 . 7 . 7	41(40) 481 43(43))23)23)13 ¹ (O3	
10	7 10 11	57 6 17 29 45	14 15 16 16 17 18	52 33 13 55 40	22 22 22	3 ² 44 56 8 ²⁴ 44	10	6 52 40 33	56 4 52 24 50 15	5 0 5 10 16 20	22 51	8n 3 5 5	54 54 55 56 56 57 58	27 8 56 50	14 14 15 15 15	51 58 7 18 31 45	4 5 6 7 8 9	7777777777	42(10 02 21(30 31(013 0423 0143 034 0140 024	
2 2 2 2	3 18 4 19 5 19	49 3 0 41 9 9	20 21 23	23 27 32 36 36	23023556	52 51 11 42 17	16 17 18 19 20 21	32 37 44 49 51 48	16 39 13 18	26 27 25 22 17	32 6 44 29 30 44	6 7 5 0 4 5	59 60 61 61 61 62 63	41 89 4 23 21	16 16 16 16 16	16 29 38 43 43	13 13 14 15	77777	20 10 04 24:		Ì
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CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, AND OTHER CELESTIAL PHENOMENA.

July r. Civil twilight ends 21h. 22m. In this mouth there is no closed night in the latitude of London until after the arst, when the Sun will be 12° below the horizon at midnight. The length of the Day on July r is x6h. 29 m.

July 5. Earth at greatest distance from the Sun. Aphelion. Distance 94,455,000 miles.

July 5, 13h. Uranus in conjunction with p. Id 6'8.

July 8, 17h. Venns in conjunction with D. Q 6° S. July 9, 19h. Mars in conjunction with D. d 3° S.

junction with D. & 3° S.

July xx. Mercury at Inferior conjunction.

July 19, 3h. Jupiter in conjunction with D. 27 N.

July 24. Occultation of φ Sagittarii Mag. 3'3. See p. 139.

July 26. Partial Eclipse of the Moon. Invisible at Greenwich. See p. 138.

July 28, 3h. Saturn in conjunction with D. 12 3° S.

Julu 31 Merenry at Greatest Elongation. 29 W.

Meteors of the Perseid stream begin to appear in July.

In this month the Mornings decrease 34m., and the Afternoons 29m.

APPARENT RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF THE PLANETS AT NOON.													
MLROURY. Q VENUS. & MARS. 11 JUPITER.	h SATURN.												
RA DECN RA DECN RA. DICN. RA. DECS	R 4. Drc. s.												
р. нич пич пич	H M q												
5 7 32 47 17 47 3 4 27 28 20 3' 3 5 29 6 23 40' 2 12 54 14 14 24' 3 20 7 20 6 17 25 1 4 52 20 21 2' 6 5 44 0 23 51' 6 12 55 38 4 34' 5	22 1 9 13 35'0												
10 7 20 6 17 25 1 4 52 20 21 2 6 5 44 0 23 51 6 12 55 38 4 34 5 15 7 7 27 17 37 2 5 17 35 21 48 5 5 58 49 23 57 7 12 57 17 4 46 1	az 50 ao 13 46.6												
20 7 0 4 18 17 7 5 43 10 22 19 9 6 13 34 23 58 6 12 59 9 4 59 0	ar 28 12 13 23.8												
85 7 1 41 19 13 9 6 8 59 22 36 1 6 28 13 23 54 4 13 1 14 5 13 2													
30 7 13 52 20 8 1 6 34 57 22 36 6 6 42 45 23 45 2 13 3 31 5 28 6	21 55 47 14 7'8												
THE SUN AND PLANETS.	. W NEPTUNE.												
HORIZONTAL PARALLAX. ANGULAR SEVIDIAMETER. D. RA. DE													
- A 4 A *T M	ZZ 10 48'4 8 33												
D.													
8 8 66 15 3 6 0 3 6 1 7 1 0 15 45 5 8 6 6 1 0 17 2 8 2													
15 8 6 14 8 6 6 3 6 1 6 1 0 15 46 5 6 6 3 1 9 16 8 3 July 14 Urann	Brises 271. 34m. sets												
1 15 18 07 11 9 0 3 1 3 7 1 0 1 0 15 40 4 5 0 0 2 0 10 3 8 4 13/1. 38/m. \(\)	ptune i ises 8h. 34m.,												
July 15. Sun's semudiam in Transit. 1m. 7 80s. of Mean I'me. sets 22h. 8m.													

Meteorite Craters.—In various parts of the world there are depressions or formations said to be the result of the impact of gigantic increorites that, moving in space, have met our planet. One, overy interesting, is the crater in Arizona known as Com Butte, which is a basin-shaped depression approximately circular, about three quarters of a mile in diameter and 570 feet deep, that was brought to notice in 1891. Others are the Henbury group of small craters in Central Australia, found about the same time, the Wahar crater in Arabia, more than 300 feet in width and 40 feet deep, discovered in February, 1932; a shallow depression in Teans, roughly circular in outline, with an average diameter of 530 feet; and, largest of all, the Aslanti crater, which forms a lake nearly five miles across, 240 feet in depth, with its surface 600 feet below the surrounding country. This theory of origin of these craters, especially Arizona and Henbury, is based on the presence of meteoric iron in the vicinity. Silica glass is especially profuse near the Wahar crater, which indicates the development of a large amount of heat and gives credence to the theory of meteoric

of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

		Time	of .	High	wat	er a	t me	unae	ermention	ea Places	
Day.	LONDON BRIDGE LIVERPOOL.				Bais King (Avoni	rot, Road nouth).		ull ngham)	GREENOCK.	Leith.	Denin Bar (Kingstown) GMT
-	Morn	After	Morn	After.	Morn	After.	Morn	After	Morn After	Morn After	Morn After
i	н м	II M	11 M	H H	n. N	пм	Н. М.	н. м	H H II M	II M II M	н м п м.
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2	5 44	5 50	2 46	3 23	11 11	II 34	9 24	10 17	3 49 4 3 ¹	5 59 6 40	2 55 3 26
3 4	6 36	. 6 40	3 38	4 I5	11 58		10 15	11 11	4 44 5 19	6 54 7 33 7 50 8 28	3 49 4 25
4	7 28	7 29	4 31	5 14	0 22	0 47	11 10		5 30 5 57		4 48 5 25
5	8 24	8 26	5 35	6 15	1 13	I 43	0 10	0 14	/	49 9	5 50 6 28
	9 23	9 35 10 46	6 40	7 21 8 25	2 14	2 46	2 10	1 25 2 35	7 20 7 59 8 40 9 14	9 54 10 31	7 56 8 27
7,	10 30	10 45	7 49	0 25	3 20	3 50	2 19	2 35	0 40 9 14	10 20 11 39	7 50 6 27
8	11 28	II 53	8 50	9 19	4 28	4 52	3 14	3 35	10 8 10 13	0 4	8 51 Q 20
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10	0 47		10 30	10 49	6 16	6 35	4 45	5 15	II 44 II 43	1 30 1 51	10 28 10 50
11	I 35	z 56	11 13	11 26	7 3	7 17	5 25	5 59	0 22	2 12 2 36	11 11 11 28
12	2 18	2 30	11 50		7 42	7 54	6 5	6 39	0 22 1 1	2 55 3 19	11 52
13	2 55	3 3	0 1	0 25	8 19	8 28	6 40	7 16	0 58 1 36	3 29 3 49	0 6 0 29
14	3 28	3 34	0 34	0 59	8 51	9 2	7 15	7 5I	1 32 2 13	3 59 4 =3	0 40 I 3
-							6	8 24	2 2 2 50	4 33 4 56	
15	4 3	4 7	1 5	1 30	9 24	9 31	7 46 8 16	8 24	2 2 2 50		I 13 I 37
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17		5 12	= 44		10 52	11 5	0 24	10 4	3 50 4 27	6 13 6 41	2 53 3 20
19	6 IS	6 16	3 25		II 27	II 43	10 6	10 48	4 28 5 2	6 58 7 24	3 33 4 7
20	6 52	6 58	4 12	4 55		0 14	II O	II 45	5 3 5 40	7 49 8 16	4 26 5 10
31	7 43	8 0	5 15	6 4	0 35	1 15	'	0 6	5 48 6 45	8 51 9 20	5 40 6 30
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26	_z z8	' 1 36	11 2		6 51	7 16	5 10	5 52	0 8	1 40 2 15	11 5 11 27
27	*2 10	2 24	11 50		7 42	8 6	6 48	6 44	0 3 ¹ 0 57	2 30 3 6	11 53
28	*2 59	*3 10	0 6	o 37	8 3z	8 53	6 48	7 3 ¹	1 16 1 43	3 16 3 53	0 13 0 38
39	*3 46	*3 56	0 52	I 22	g 18	9 38	7 34	8 18	2 3 2 32	4 5 4 41	0 58 1 25
30	4 36	*4 42	I 37	2 8	10 0	10 23	8 18	9 1	2 49 3 16	4 53 5 29	1 44 2 8
31		5 27	3 21	2 53	10 43	11 4	9 I		3 37 3 57	5 37 6 15	2 20 2 56
-			1	1	1		-		11 0	11 1	1 - 3-
=											

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS. (Noon = 12h.)

MER	CURY &	VE	Q aur	
Rises Sc D h m h	onths Sets	Rises S	outlis S	ets m
1 5 32 I	3 4 20 46	¥ 45	9 32 17	21
8 4 47 II	2 22 19 58	I 42	9 39 17 9 47 17	38 53
22 3 18 11	I I IS 45	I 45	9 55 18	6

MARS & JUPITER 4 Souths Sets Rises Souths h. m 13 36 18 17 2 25 10 42 18 58 18 17 23 58 17 51 23 31

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

- MERCURY IS a morning star, rising more than an hour before the Sun in the north-east-by-east in the last week of the month, but the circumstances are not very favourable for its visibility.
- YENUS will be to degrees above the horizon at 3 o'clock in the morning, north of east. Magnitude - 3'4-
- d MARS rises about two hours after midnight. Like Venus, it is moving in the region of Taurus and Gemini, and the two planets are not far apart at the end of the month Magnitude about 2.0.
- \parallel JUPITER is a bright object in the south-west in the evening twilight. Magnitude $\mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{5}$.
- b SATURN rises in the late evening and will be seen low down in the south-south-east at midnight. Magnitude + 0.7.

	s.	ATURN	12				
D. 8 15 22 29	Rises h. m. 22 31 22 3 21 35 21 7 20 38	Souths h. in. 3 24 2 55 2 26 1 57	Sets h. m. 8 17 7 47 7 18 6 48 6 18				

2 16 10 35 18 54 2 8 10 28 18 49 2 1 10 21 18 42

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I 55

10 28 18 49 11 47 10 21 18 42 11 24 10 14 18 33 11 1 17 I 16 37 Both these features are absent in the Ashanti lake, and it is to be impact. remarked that silica glass is found in the Sahara and other places where there is no suggestion of meteoric origin. The so-called Siberian meteor that has been recently studied shows little in the way of crater formation. Evidence of some catastrophic event in uninhabited forest land near Irkutsk is supplied by the discovery of devastation over a huge area, where pine trees have fallen radially outwards for a distance of 57 miles from its centre. There were records on seismographs and on barographs 29 20 38 28 6 18 indicating that some extraordinary event occurred near the place in Siberna on June 30, 1908, and a remarkable midnight sky-glow seen that night in Eugland is believed to have some connexion, but no meteoric material has been found.

17 26 23

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23 5 22 38

[011	AUGUST X	XXI DAYS	•	[1934.
DAY OF	Fasts and Fe Remarkable Days Sun's Longitude 150	Events.	THE Rises.	SUN - Sets	Vear. to end of Year.
1	Slavery abolished throughout Blenheim, 1704. Mail Coache Rt. Hon. S. Baldwin born, 186 Duchess of York born, 1900. I	es introduced, 1784.	H. M 4 24 4 26 4 27 4 29	H M 19 47 19 46 19 44 19 42	
5 8 M 7 1 Tu 8 1 W 9 1 Th 10 1 F	10th Sunday after Trinity. Bank Holiday. Royal Acader Napoleon sailed for St. Helens Sir Erasmus Wilson died, 188. Noy died, 1634. Gold discover Royal Observatory, Greenwich Half-Quarter Day. Cardmal	4 3° 4 3° 4 33 4 35 4 36 4 36 4 38 4 4°	19 39	217 148 218 147 219 146 220 145 221 144 222 143 223 142	
12 S 13 M 14 Tu 15 W 16 Th 17 F 18 S	11th Sunday after Trunty. J. L. Baird (Television) botn, "New Poor Law" passed, 183, De Quincey born, 1785; died, Capture of Bomarsund, 1854. Dissenters' Marriage Act passed Gauge of Railways Act passed	4 41 4 43 4 44 4 46 4 47 4 49 4 51	19 24 19 22 19 20 19 18	2:4 141 225 140 226 139 227 138 228 137 229 136 230 135	
19 8 M 20 8 M 21 8 Tu 22 8 W 23 8 Th 24 8 F 25 8 S	12th Sunday after Truntly. General Booth died, 1912; bot Lady Mary Wortley Montagu Bosworth, 1485. 11. G. Bohn Duke of Buckingham assassing \$\frac{2}{2}\$t. Bartholomew. Huguenod John Fletcher d. 1025. Thom	died, 1762. died, 1884. ted, 1628. Mons, 1914.	4 52 4 54 4 55 4 57 4 59 5 0 5 2	19 12	231 134 232 133 233 132 234 131 235 130 236 129 237 128
26	British Association met at Mo	850.	5 3 5 5 5 7 5 8 5 10 5 11	18 55 18 53 18 51	238 127 239 126 240 125 241 124 242 123 243 122
C La Ne Ne Ne Ne C Mu C Lau Apon Fern Mean Longi	PHASES OF THE MOON st Quarter	MONTHLY Angust z. Lammas—Sec 5 Oyster season opens. 6 to zr. Buchan's "gth 6. Bank and General H 12. Grouse shooting beg 12 to 15. Buchan's "and	NOTES ttish To Cold Po ohday; ins.	S. erm I) eriod.' Grott	, .o Day.

1	934.]		AU	JGU	JST	EIG	HTE	H MO	ITNC	Ι.	[111	1
1 - 1	Equation o		l'he Sun				ai M	ean Time				- ;
5	App. Time	A	cension R.	of Deck	rent Houri	Mean A	oon en	eal Time	!	икиог	RANDA.	ì
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13	2 57 2 41	0.64 10	7 3 9		5'8 0'84	10 4	22	1 13 1 57 17	13.	•		
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3	Max	KMPERAT	URR MB. 1841-1905	BAROM Mean.	(Pressure lie	D. to foot)	RAIN	BUN	'19. ÷	•••••		
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3	80'4	62.7	.1	158 109	1.4	Ë E	::	9.3	22.	••		
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ONS, ECLIPSES, AND ESTIAL PHENOMENA.

1934.

Day breaks at zh. twilight ends at zoh. begins, zzh 4zm. The day is 15h. 23m.

h. Venus and Mars n. 9 r'r 8.

h Mars in conjunc-8 2º S.

Venus in conjunc-9 🗝 S

h. Mercury in con-h D. Ç r S.

Annular Eclipse of visible at Greenwich.

6h. Jupitei in con-h D. 47°N.

Saturn in opposition. m Earth 818,986,000

h. Saturn in conj**unc**-12 3° S.

Mercury in superior

arn The Moon will unction with everal stars of the occulted. See p 139. the Perseid stream

d this month, the ost abundance being h to the rath. The new in the morning nd of small hindrance nlıt v.

onth the Mornings , and the Afternoons

ETS AT NOON.

1	тр мкк	cury 7	YVE	iūs.	MARS.	- 7 JUP	TER 12 SAT	URN
1	R A	Die 8	R A		A DECK		D16. 5 RA	DEC B.
D.				a / H M		, 31 M S.	, 11 11 14	
4	7 30 35	20 39 0	7 9 59	22 21 0 6 5				
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	8 46 28			21 2.0 7 2			6 20 7 21 51 35	
19				19 59 5 7 3			6 39 9 21 50 9	
` 24				18 42 7 7 5			6 59 7 21 48 42	
i 29 1	10 43 19	9 53 0	9 8 34	17 12 5 8	6 44 21 14 .	4 13 20 53	7 20 3 21 47 15	14 54 9
,		773						,
1		THE	SUN AND	PLANETS.		ļψ	URANUR "" N	EPTUNE.

DEC. N. RA Drc. N R A ANGULAR SEMIDIAMETER $\mathbf{p} = \hat{\mathbf{n}}$ 8 12 2 1 7 1 8 (O) 10 51 9

Sun's semidiam, in Transit, 1m. 5'24s, of Mean Time | sets 20h 11m

The Rotation of the Planets. - It is icasonable to suppose that each of the other members of the Solar system rotates on an axis as does our earth, and the fact has been proved, as to some of them, by observations of spots on their surface, that return at regular intervals to the same position on the visible disk. The rotation of Mars was detected by Hooke in 1666, and almost conposition on the visine disk. The rotation of alars was described by 1 tooks in 220, and that the planet rotates on its axis in 24 hours 40 minutes, which differs httle from the period adopted to-day. Hooke also was the first to suspect from observation that Jupiter rotates on an axis, though Kepler had previously surmised that it did so, and that the period was less than 24 hours. He was again followed by Cassini, whose observations

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

1	Lornor Baings	Liverpool	BRISTOL King Road (Avonmouth).	Hrt. (Immingham).	GREEVOCK.	LEITH.	DUBLIN BAR (Kingstown). G M T.
1 =	Morn After	Morn. After	Morn After	Morn After	Morn After	Morn. After	Morn After
1	6 8 6 8	3 7 3 38 3 54 4 29	H H H H H 42 11 23 11 42	11. N. II. N 9 45 10 30 10 35 11 20	H. M H. M 4 16 4 34 4 51 5 7	6 25 7 0	H. M. II. M 3 17 3 46 4 11 4 42
3	7 32 7 39	4 51 5 29	0 27 0 48 1 21 1 49	II 33 0 20 0 45	5 30 5 54 6 27 7 4	8 17 8 50 9 21 10 1	5 10 5 48 6 19 6 55
5	9 40 10 12 10 56 11 28	7 19 7 55 8 30 9 0	2 31 3 6 3 53 4 25	1 31 2 6	8 13 8 37 9 55 9 55	10 40 11 19	7 27 8 o 8 28 8 55
8	0 z 0 32 0 56,		5 5 5 30 6 1 6 22	3 58 4 13 4 25 5 0	10 54 10 46 11 36 11 28 0 9	0 25 0 53 1 14 1 41 1 54 2 25	9 23 9 45 10 9 10 29 10 51 11 8
10 11	2 1 2 14	10 55 11 9 11 29 11 40 0 3	7 22 7 35 7 55 8 6	5 6 5 40 5 45 6 19 6 20 6 53	0 5 0 45 0 35 I 15	2 34 3 0 3 7 3 31	11 30 11 43 0 4
12		0 13 0 34 0 40 I 4	8 26 8 37 8 58 9 6	6 51 7 24 7 21 7 52	I 8 I 46	3 38 3 59 4 11 4 31	0 17 0 36 0 48 1 7
14	4 11 4 13 4 41 4 42	I 9 I 33 I 39 Z 4	9 26 9 33	7 50 8 20 8 20 8 49	2 16 2 52 2 55 3 23	4 44 5 3 5 17 5 36	1 17 1 35 1 45 2 5
16 17 18	5 5 5 4 5 32 5 35 6 6 6 20	2 10 2 39 2 49 3 20 3 35 4 15	10 18 10 29 10 50 11 6	8 55 9 24 9 35 10 5 10 25 11 0	3 21 3 53 3 51 4 21 4 28 5 3	5 49 6 12 6 30 6 53 7 18 7 46	2 53 3 21 3 40 4 21
19 20	6 55 7 26 8 9 9 3	4 39 5 25 6 5 6 55	0 34	11 35 0 15 1 10	5 19 5 56 6 40 7 27	8 19 8 55 9 46 10 18	4 57 5 55 6 43 7 26
21 22	9 49 10 47	7 41 8 15 9 0 9 20	2 59 3 50 4 32 5 9	1 45 2 45 3 5 3 55	8 29 9 7 9 57 10 25	0 22	8 6 8 35 9 8 9 32
23 24 25	0 7 0 30 1 8 1 25 *1 57 *2 10	9 59 10 13. 10 48 11 2 11 32 11 46	5 42 6 11 6 38 7 3	4 6 4 51 4 58 5 40 5 45 6 27	11 3 11 22 11 58 0 14 0 45	0 37 1 28 1 36 2 17 2 20 3 0	10 50 11 10 11 35 11 53
26	*2 43 *2 52	0 16	8 to 8 32	6 30 7 10	1 0 1 19	3 6 3 43	0 17
27 28 29	*3 24 *3 32 *4 8 *4 14 4 49 *4 53	0 29 0 57 1 12 1 37 1 52 2 18	9 30 9 51 10 8 10 26	7 13 7 50 7 55 8 30 8 35 9 7	2 45 2 4 2 29 2 47 3 5 3 24	3 52 4 24 4 38 5 9 5 24 5 52	0 36 0 59 1 18 1 40 2 0 2 22
31 30	5 26 5 32 6 1 6 8	2 33 2 58 3 19 3 45	10 42 11 0	9 15 9 45 10 0 10 89	3 39 3 57 4 17 4 29	6 8 6 35 6 57 7 27	2 43 3 6 3 32 3 58

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

	OF	PLANI	ets. (1	$f_{00D} = rah.)$
	Mı	RRCURY	ا تو	VENUS Q
D. 5	Rises h. m 2 51 3 16 4 3 4 56	Souths h. m 10 49 11 10 11 38 12 5	Sets h. m. 18 47 19 2 19 11 19 12	Rises Souths Sets h m h m h m h m a 4 10 13 18 22 2 18 10 21 18 25 2 35 10 30 18 24 2 55 10 37 18 19

E MERCURY, having been at greatest western' elongation on July 31, is a morning star, and may be seen in the first week of the month about 5 degrees above the horizon in the cast-north-east

at % past 3 o'clock.

§ Venus will be on the right of and 5 or 6 degrees higher than Mercury. In the latter part of the month it will be at altitude xo about 4 o'clock.

Magnitude -3'3.

3 MARS is in conjunction with Venus in the lower part of Gennetin in the evening of August 2, and will be to the left of it on the following morning It will be at altitude 10° at 3 o'clock approximately Rises Souths Sets h m h m 3 10 39 16 12 21 46 1 70 17 15 49 21 20 9 56 15 25 20 = 9 36 12 JUPITER 1 MARS & Rises Souths Sets h. m h m h m 1 50 10 7 18 23 1 46 9 59 18 12 1 42 9 51 18 0 throughout the month. JUPITER now sets in mid-evening, and may be

seen for an hour or two after sunset.

h SATERN, in opposition on the 18th, will be above the horizon from twilight to daybreak throughout the month. Magnitude at opposition +05.

	BA	TURN	7
D 5 12 19	h m. 30 10 19 42	Souths h m 0 58 0 29 23 59 23 30	Sets h m. 5 47 5 16 4 46 4 15
	-	-	

43 17 46

D.

5

12

showed that the spots near the equator of the planet revolved with a velocity greater than those distant from it, which has since been soundantly confirmed, average periods having been determined for the different zones and regions that show small differences. (See p. 151.) William Herschel was the first to establish the fact that Saturn rotates, by observation, and in 1793, by noting the change of position of certain markings on the dark belts, found that the ball of Saturn rotates in 10 hours 16 minutes. He had earlier deduced, from a luminous spot on the inner ring, a period of 10 hours 32 1/4 minutes. On December 7, 1266, Asaph Hall [Continued on p. 136]

15 25 20 55

1	14]		SEPTEMBER XXX DAY	s.	[193	4.
)AY	OF	Fasts and Festivals.	THE	SUN	DA	YS
M.	Light and Dark	w.	Remarkable Days—Events. Sun's Longitude 180° A 23d. 18h.	Rises.	Sets.	of the Year.	to end of Year
1		Si	St. Giles's Day. Severn Tunnel opened, 1886.	н. м. 5 13	и. н. 18 46	244	181
2	, -	3	14th Sunday after Crinity. Fire of London, 1666.	5 14	18 44	245	120
3		M	Oliver Cromwell died, 1658; born, September 3, 1599.	5 16	z8 42	246	119
4		Tu W	Bertillon system adopted at New Scotland Yard, 1894.	5 x8	18 40	247	118
5	1	Th	Admiral Inglefield (N.W. Passage) died, 1894. Mayflower sailed from England, 1620. The Marne, 1914.	5 19 5 21	18 37 18 35	248 249	116
7		F	H.M.S. Captain lost off Finisterre, 1870.	5 22	z8 33	250	115
8	i	S	Montreal surrendered to the British, 1760.	5 24	18 31	251	224
9		13	15th Sunday after Crinity. Flodden, 1513.	5 26	18 a8	252	113
IC		M	Cholera at Naples, 328 deaths, 1884.	5 27	18 số	253	112
11		Tu	General Pollock defeated Akhbar Khan, 1842.	5 29	18 24	254	222
12		W	Earl of Oxford and Asquith b. 1852; d. Feb. 15, 1928.	5 30	18 21	255	110
13	1 =	Th		5 3*	18 19	256	109
14	1 =	F	Wellington died, 1852; born, May 1, 1769.	5 34	18 17	257	108
15		ន	First balloon ascent in England, 1784.	5 35	18 15	258	107
16		\$	16th Sun. after Crinity. Wm. Blackwood d. 1834.	5 37	18 12	259	106
17		M	W. S. Landor died, 1864.	5 38	18 10	260	105
18		Tu		5 40	18 8	261	104
19	1 =	W	Lord Brougham born, 1778; died, May 7, 1868.	5 4=	18 5	262	103
20		Th		5 43	18 3	263	108
21	, ,	F	\$1. Matthem. Sir W. Scott d. 1832; b. Aug. 15, 1771. Michael Faraday born, 1791; died, August 25, 1867.	5 45	18 1	264	101
22	 -			5 46	17 58	265	100
23		\$	17th Sunday after Trinity.	5 48	17 56	266	99
24		M	Polytechnic, Regent Street, opened, 1882.	5 50	¥7 54	267	98
25		Tu		5 5z	27 52	z68	97
26		W Th	Charles Bradlaugh born, 1833. First railway in England opened, 1825.	5 53 5 54	17 49	369 370	96
27		F	Earl of Ypres born, 1852; died, May 22, 1925.	5 56	17 47 17 45	271	95
28	1 =	s	At. Michael and All Angels. Quarter Day.	5 58	17 43	372	94
29		\$ 1	18th Sunday after Crinity. Earl Roberts b. 1832.			_	93
30	8	æ	tory among arter estimate. Bour reoberts b. 1032.	5 59	17 40	273	98
		PF	IASES OF THE MOON. MONTHLY	NOTE	8.		

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, Sept. z, 308' 43'.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN SEPT. 1933, on zz days; total fall 2'80 inches; above the average by r'or inches.

September 1. Lists of Jurors to be affixed to church doors for the first three Sundays. Salmon close-time begins. Partridge shooting begins.

- 10. Jewish New Year (A.M. 5695).
 19. Yom Kippur (Jewish Day of Atonement).
 22. Harvest Moon.
- 24. Jewish Feast of Tabernacles. 28. Sheriffs of London to be sworn in.
- 29. Lord Mayor of London elected.

Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of at days immediately preceding or immediately following Sept. sq.

			CT	חסדה	TEN	/ TD	רה	D ,		mrr	MON			- '
	934		THE		(Mear					HTH	MON	TH.		[115
7 -	Bubt. from p. Time	Hrly.	Apperer Right Assertate				fourly far of Dec.	Bider Time Nean N	at son,	foan Time at Oh, Sid- real Time		MEMO	RANDA.	!
	i. 8.	B. 	н. н.	B. B.	8 8 26	6 n	0.00	11. M 10 39		I, N A	ı			
	0 12 0 31	o.80	10 43	35 9'0	6 8 4	8	0.01 0.01	10 43	47	1 17 58 1 14 2	S			
5		0.82	10 50 10 54 10 58	50 90	3 6 58	7	0.03	10 51	37	1 10 6	3.			
17	1 30 1 50	o 83 o 84 o 85	11 1	40 9'0	2 6 14	.0	0'93 0'94 0'94	10 59 11 3	30	2 15 0 58 19 0 54 23	 5.	••		
	31 52	o.86	11 8	52 9'0 28 8'0	0 5 28	9	0 94	11 11	23	0 50 27 0 46 31	6.		•	
11	3 33	o 87 o 87 o 88	11 16 11 19	4 8 9	9 4 43	5	o 95	11 19	16	0 48 35	7.			•••
34	3 54 4 15 4 37	0.88	11 26 11 30	50 8.c	8 3 34	7	o.òç o.òç o.òç	11 27 11 31 11 35	01	0 34 43 0 30 47 0 26 51	i		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
10	4 58 5 19	0.80	11 34 11 37	1 8 g	7 2 48	5	o 96 o 97	11 38	59	0 22 56	9 ~ 10			
18	5 40	0.89	11 41 11 44	12 8'g	7 2 2	9	0'97	11 46	52 49	0 15 4 0 11 8		•		
	6 23 6 44	o.88	11 48	1 - 1		1	o 97 o 97	11 54	42[0712 0316 35920	12.	••••		
	7 5	o.88	11 55 11 59				o '97 o 97	12 2	38 2	3 55 24 3 51 28	13.			
25	7 48 B 8	o 87	12 2 12 6	44 8'g	9 0 17	.8 s	o 97	12 14	31 2	3 47 32 ° 3 43 36 °	14. 15			-
27	8 29 8 50 9 10	o:86 o:85 o:84	12 9 13 13 12 17	32 90	1 1 27	9	o 97 o 97 o 97	12 15	21 2	3 39 41 3 35 45 3 31 49	16 =.			
	9 30 9 50	o.83	12 20 12 24	44 9'9	3 2 14	7_	o 97	12 30	14 3	3 27 53 3 23 57	17.			•
1	METE	OROL	001CA	L OBS	ERVAT	ions,	SEP	TEMB	ER,	1933.	18.	· •• ·	•	•
Day	Max.	TEMPR	RATURE	1841-1905	B \ ROM Mean	(Pressur			RAIN FALL Inch	SHILE	19. 20.			,
1 2	74°2 77°2	55 57	6	59 ⁻⁸	inches. 29'947 29'988	0.Q	Ĭ	irectn. VSW NW	 113	iours.				
3 4	80 8	58 56	•	·6	30.055	0.3		ESE		6.2	82.		•	••
6	74'9 77'0	55 50	'z	4	'0013	2'9		E ENE NE		8.0 11.2	23. ž.			
7 8 9	73'9 71'5 73'1	57 56 55	T.	59°0 58'8 '6	'141 '101 '681	5°0 5°0	1	ENE	·	11.1	24. 35.			
10	73.6	55 55	·0	;4 ;x	30,000	3°0	1	ENE		11.3	26.			
13 14	64 4 64 0 64 1	53	ю	58°0 57'8	29'850 29'788	2'7 1'5 3'3	-	NE N NNW	*46	10.1	27.			
15	70 '8 73 '7	45 40 43		7 6 5	30'144 30'975	0.0	V	VSW SSE	·	10'5 10 8	3 8.			
17 18	78°2 71 1 75 7	51 53 51	3	57 a 56 9	'836	1.4	1	SW VSW SW		7.9	30. ž.			
20	69 g	5a 49	.3	5 56°2 55°9	'671 '491 '505	1.0	1	N N	84				·	
23	59 I	51 48	4	·6 ·4	'597 'ago	1.7	_	N SE		6.3		JOGRAPH	IC ELEM	ents.
25 25	65 6 62 8	48	7	.3 .3	*353 *630 *863	1.0		SW S E	'06 '23		Noon.	Sun's Axis.		of Disc.
27 28	65'5	56	5	55' ¹ 54'9	·879	1,0		NNE NE	.10	2.2	Imy.		Lat.	Long.
30 Mu	67.1	55		54'4	957 29 99 I	2'0	_ _	NE NE		5 9 2 5	5 15	22'I E	7.3 N	±37.9
	_/-	5ª	2	57'2	29.866		1		2'80	191'2	1 25	~= 6 E	6.9 N	5 9

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

Na.	LONDON BRIDGE	LIVERPOOL.	Briston, King Road (Avonmouth).	Hull (Immingham)	GRPPNOCK.	LEITH	DUBLIN BAR (Kingstown). G M.T
	Morn After	Morn. After.	Morn After	Morn After	Morn, After	Morn. After	Morn After.
1	пм. нм 6 39 6 54	н. и. н. м. 4 10 4 39	н. и и. и 11 54	ни ии 10 55 11 22	II. N. II M. 4 59 5 II	н м. н м 7 58 8 31	11 M. 11 M. 4 30 5 3
2	7 27 8 0 8 42 9 33	5 16 5 55 6 45 7 24	0 24 0 50 1 36 2 16	1 o 8	6 = 6 17 7 55 8 4	9 6 9 41	5 43 6 19 6 58 7 30
4	10 17 11 2	8 9; 8 35	3 18 3 54	2 4 2 56	9 35 9 34	II 43	6 58 7 30 8 5 8 30
5	zz 38	9 6 9 25	4 41 5 8	3 10 3 52	10 41 10 25	0 8 0 44	8 58 9 20
0	0 10 0 33	9 50 10 7	5 40 5 59 6 24 6 37	4 1 4 36 4 42 5 15	11 20 11 2	1 3 1 31	9 45 10 3
8	1 34 1 47	11 3 11 14	656 7 7	5 20 5 49	0 19	2 18 2 45	10 25 10 42
9	2 5 2 15	II 34 II 43	7 26 7 36	5 5x 6 20	0 8 0 46	2 52 3 15	II 35 II 49
10	2 35 2 43	0 4	7 55 8 5	6 24 6 50	0 41 1 17	3 ax 3 43	0 6
II	3 5 3 11	0 13 0 34	8 25 8 34 8 55 0 5	6 54 7 19 7 24 7 46	1 16 1 48	3 55 4 12 4 28 4 48	0 20 0 35
13	3 34 3 42		9 22 1 9 33	7 24 7 40 7 55 8 16	1 42 2 23 2 15 2 55	1 4 20 4 40 1 5 3: 5 22	1 17 1 35
14	4 28 4 35		9 50 to 2	8 30 8 51	2 49 3 25	5 42 6 I	1 50 2 9
15	4 56 5 11	2 25 2 55	10 22 10 40	9 r3 9 34	3 29 3 57	6 29 6 50	2 26 2 55
16	5 3º 5 59		11 6 11 35	10 5 10 30	4 14 4 41	7 21 7 45	3 16 3 58
17 18	7 47 8 56		0 12	11 21 11 48	5 13 5 40 6 58 7 18	8 27 8 58 9 50 10 10	6 33 7 12
19	1 7 7/1 - 3	, 5 55	2 50 3 48		8 44 9 2	11 14 11 34	7 53 8 21
20	11 5 11 54	849 9 6	4 26 4 59	2 52 3 46	9 56 10 13	0 24	8 55 9 15
31		9 40 , 9 54	5 29 5 55		10 54 11 5	0 37 1 20	9 45 10 5
22		10 26 10 41	,		11 37 11 51	1 28 2 6	10 30 10 49
23	*1 37 *1 45	_	7 3 7 25		0 22	2 10 2 47	11 12 11 32
24			7 43 8 4 8 23 8 43	6 9 6 44	1 18 1 37	2 55 3 2B 3 37 4 6	11 00
26			8 59 9 18			4 17 4 47	0 53 I II
27						5 6 5 36	
2E	T T T T J'		3 3			5 53 6 19 6 45 7 14	
30	1					1-45	
3	5 50 6 20	3 3x 3 5	, xx xx xx 3g	10 24 10 33	4 36 4 43	7 46 8 9	3 53 4 18

RISING.	SOUTHING	, and	SKTTING
	ANETS. (1	100n :	= t <i>zl</i> (.)

Or # 211111111111111111111111111111111111	
MERCURY D	VENUS Q
Rises Souths Sets D. h m. h m. h m a 5 47 12 27 19 5 9 6 32 12 44 18 54 161 7 11 12 57 18 45 23 7 47 13 7 18 45 30 8 18 13 14 18 9	Rises Souths h m 3 16 10 44 18 18 18 3 3 7 120 51 18 3 3 59 120 56 17 52 4 21 11 17 41 4 4 3 11 6 17 28

Mars 3	JUPITER 4
Hises Souths Sets D. h m h m h m. 2 1 36 9 35 17 31 9 1 33 9 25 17 16 16 1 30 9 15 16 59 23 1 28 9 5 16 42 30 1 25 8 55 16 24	h m h.m. h m

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

- MERCURY rises and sets nearly with the Sun throughout this mouth.
- O VENUS is still a morning star, rising later than it did last month, and may be seen after daybreak. It is moving eastward in Leo, and passes above Regulus on the roth. Magnitude - 3'4.
- & MARS in the constellation Cancer is still a morning star, in the east about 4 o'clock. Magnitude + 19
- I JUPITER is above the south-west horizon in the evening twilight. Magnitude - 1'3.
- E SATURN will be seen low down in the south during the evening. Magnitude +0.7.

	SATURN h	ii
D.	Rises Souths Sets h m h. m. h m.	-
9 16	18 16 23 0 3 45 17 48 22 31 3 15 17 19 22 2 2 45	1
23	16 50 21 33 2 16 16 22 21 4 1 46	lı

Gravity. - The force that acts on all masses and causes them to fall if not supported, is the attraction of the mass of the Earth, which may be Rises Souths Sets supposed to be collected at its centre. It is modified by the centrifugal force due to the Earth's rotation, if this phrascology, which is convenient though not quite precise, may be used. Since the Earth is not exactly spherical, the attraction is not the same at all points on the surface, and at the Pole is greater than it is at the Equator by about a 550th part. Moreover, there is no "centrifugal force" at the Pole, but at the 30 x6 xs x 4 1 46 Squator will weigh acts in the opposite sense to the attraction, is equivalent to about a 289th part of the latter. Consequently gravity is greater at the Poles than at the Equator by the sum of these two effects, and a mass that weighs 190 pornals at the Equator will weigh 190 pounds 200 operation in both cases.

11	8]		OCTOBER XXXI DAYS			193	4.
D	AY C	F	Тнк	SUN	DAYS		
M.	ight and Dark	w.	Remarkable Days—Events. Sun's Longitude 220° m 24d. 3h.	Rises.	Sets.	of the Year.	to end of Year.
1 2		M Tu	London University opened, 1828. MICHAELMAS LAW SITTINGS BEGIN (1934).	11. M. 6 I	н. м. 17 38 17 36	274 275	91 90
3		W Th	John Lyon (Harrow) d. 1592. J. H. Thomas b. 1875.	6 4	17 33 17 31	276	8 ₉
5	Ĭ	F	Disaster to Airship R 101, 1930.	6 8	17 29	278	87
7		S S	Tennyson died, 1892; b, 1809. [Summer Time ends.* 19th Zun. after Crintip. O. W. Holmes died, 1894.	6 11	17 26	279	86 85
8		M Tu	Henry Fielding died, 1754; born, April 22, 1707.	6 13 6 14	17 22	28x	84
10	i	W Th	Frijthoff Nansen born, 1861; died, May 13, 1930.	6 16	17 18	283	83
11		F	First International Exhibition closed, 1851. Columbus Day, U.S.A.	6 18 6 19	17 15	285	8x 8o
13		S	Greenwich Meridian universally adopted, 1884. 20th Sunday after Cruntly. William Penn b. 1644.	6 ax	27 11	-	79
15		M Tu	Law Sittings, Court of Sessions, begin.	6 24	17 9	287 288	78
17	8	W	Nevil's Cross, 1346. P.L.A. Offices opened, 1922.	6 26 6 28	17 5	289	76 75
1 1	8	Th F	Jonathan Swift died, 1745; born, November 30, 1667.	6 a9 6 a1	17 0	291 291	74 73
20 21	!	S S	J. A. Froude died, 1894. 21st Sunday aft. Crinity. Trafalgar Day (1805).	6 33	16 56	-	72
22	Ĭ	M Tu	Sara Bernhardt born, 1845; died, March 26, 1923.	6 36	16 52	295	70
24	Ĭ	W	Wills removed to Somerset House, 1874.	6 38	16 50 16 48	297	69 68
26	Ĭ	Th F	Viscount Sankey, G.B.E., Lord Chancellor, born, 1866.	6 43	16 46 16 44	299 299	67 66
		S S	Captain Cook born, 1728; diec, February 14, 1779. 22nd Zun. after Trinity. St. Simon and St. Jude.	6 45	16 42	300	65
29	Đ :	M	John Leech died, 1864. B.S.A. Co. chartered, 1889.	6 49	16 40	302	63
30		Tu W	John Askham, Northamptonshire poet, died, 1894. John Keate born, 1795; died, February 23, 1821.	6 50 6 52	16 36 16 34		62 6x
	PHASES OF THE MOON. MONTHLY NOTES.						

Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, October 1, 307° 7'.

BAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN OCT., 1932, on 26 days; total fall 5'38 inches; above the average by 2'85 inches.

October z. Latest day for receiving corrections for next year's "WHITAKER."—County Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of zz days immediately preceding or immediately following Sept. 29 last.—Pheasant shooting begins.

- 7. Summer Time ends a A.M. (G.M.T.).*
- zs. Fire Insurances must be paid.
- 24. Borough Councillors to be nominated.
- 29. Turkish National Holiday.

I	934.]		OC	TO	BE	${f R}$	TE	INT	H 1	IONI	H.	[r	19
Bquatton of Time. THE SUN (Mean Noon).						Rider	- I	dean Time at 0h Bid-		MEMOR	ANDA.			
ě	Subt. from Ap. Time	Hrly. Var.	Appare Right Ascensio	nt Hou Var.	of Decili	rent	Hourly Var of Dec.	Mosn N	toon.	real Time.	_			
1	M. 8 10 9	8. 0'81	н. м. 18 27	58 9	5 3	1'4 S	o 97 o 97	н. м 12 38 13 41	7 2	H. M. B.	·	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
3	10 28 10 47 11 5	o 78 o 78	12 31 12 35 12 38	13 9	8 3	47'9	0.97	18 40	5 0 3	3 16 5 3 18 9 3 8 13	3.			
5	11 84 11 48	0.4 0.4	12 42 12 46	30 9	17 4	34'3 57'4	o 97 o 96	18 53	54 2	3 4 17	4	•••••	· ·····	·····
7	11 59	0.48	18 49	47 9		13'5	0,0ç 0,0ç	13 5	47 8	a 56 a6 a 52 30	5-	•••••		•••••
9	12 33 12 49	o 68	18 57 13 0	7 9	6 6	6'3 29'2	o.82 o.82	13 13	40 a	2 48 34 2 44 38	6.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	13 5 13 20	0.63	13 8	9 9	3 7	52 0 14 6 37 2	0'95 0'94 0'94	13 17 13 21 13 25	29 2	2 40 42 2 36 46 2 32 50	7. 5.			
14	13 35 13 49	0.28	13 15	33 9	27 7	59.6 81.0	0.03	13 25	22 2	a 28 54 a 24 58	8.			
15 16 17	14 3 14 10 14 20	0'56 0'54 0'52	13 19 13 #2 13 #6	50 9	3a 8	44.1 6.8	0.03	13 32	16	12 21 2 12 17 6	9			
18	14 41 14 53	0'49	13 30	13 9	36 9 39 9	28.8 20.0	0.01	13 45 13 45	5 9 2	12 13 11 12 9 15	10.			
20	15_3 15 14	0'44	13 37 13 41	58 9	44 10	33.8	0.80	13 5	5 58	2 5 19	12.		· ··· ····	
22 23	15 23 15 38	o.3ę o.3ò	13 45 13 49	19 9	50 11	54.6 15.8	0.88	14	4 51 2	1 57 27 1 53 31	13	•••••		
24 25 26	15 40 15 48	0'33 0'30	13 53 13 56 14 0	56 9	46 11	36·8 57·7 18·3	o 87 o 86	24 1	45	11 49 35 11 45 39 11 41 43	14. 5		••	•
27	15 55 16 1 16 6	0.81	14 4	37 9 28 9	62 12	38.8 59.1	0'85	14 2	o 38	1 37 47 1 33 51	15.			·· ··
30	16 11	0.18	14 18	20 9	68 13	30,1 10,8	0.83	14 2	8 31 2 2 37	11 29 56 11 26 0	16.			· · · · ·
31	16 18	0,11	14 20	6 9	75 114	58 8 S	0 Bz	14 3		22 4	17. 19.			
 Day		TRMPR	RATURE		BARON	ī	WIND		RAIN	33.				
-	Max Max	- M		54.1	inches.	3.	Di	rectn INW	inch '05	., Dours.	20.			••
3	57 '1 53's	36	8	54°1 53°3	711 821	6.	V	vsw W	,01	6.3	,21. \$	•		
4 5	53 9	38	3	53.0 53.0	.978 .001	0.	6 8	NW SW	•••	7.6	23.			•••
6 7 8	63.6	37	·o	3	683	3.	5	25 25 25	 10	5·9	23.			
9	55'3	43	2	51.6	29'007 28'979	1 1	•]	NW SW	.33	0.3	1			
IO II IZ	58°0	45	4	20.0 20.0	29°184 321 015	1.0	N N	sw sw	·36	0.4	25. 1126.			
13 14	57 S	44	T.	20.1 20.1	386	5.	b W	vsw sw	'24 '31	3.5	27.			
15 16	57'4	46	8	49°9	- 644 - 643	- 3	6	NW	.03	1 5	28 €			-
17	58°4	49	8	.9	813	3.	r a	NW YNW SW		1.8	39			
19 30	54'S 60'S 64'S	48	2	49'1 48'8 '6	'966 '43a '40a	4.	9 1	sw sw	.58 .36	4'9 3'5	32.			
22	62'9	43	9	.3_ 48·1	504		- E	sw sw	_'04 T'24	0.6				
24 25	58 S	3 44	3	47:9	'499 '671	9.	S W	NW	04	 4 3'4	At	LIOGRAPH		
27	58	46	7	·6 ·5	'330	6.	3 V	VSW VSW	'80 '52	1.8	Noon.	Sun's Axis.	Centre of Lat	Long.
29			5		439	18°	8 V	NW VSW W	*37	0.0				0
30 31 M	2x.	1 44	9	71	249 29 661	_4	o N	NW	'03	1.1	15	20.3 E	58 1	33.0
M	n' 5 6.	3 ' 41	1.2	20.0	1 29'535	" -			2.38	4 85.0	25	25. QE	5.0 N 3	30, z

T NEPTUNE.

CONJUNCTIONS ROLLPRES

ં [!	See No	te, p. 84.	THE MOON.		CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, AND OTHER CELESTIAL PHENOMENA.
of M.	Rises.	gd Sets.	Right	Hori- zontal Semi-	Jupiter's October z. Day breaks at 4h. 8m. Satellites. Civil twilight ends at 18h. 22m.
Day of	264600	Sets.	Ascen- Declina-	Paral dia- lax meter	Night hegins, 19h. 31m. The length of the Day is 11h. 37m. Oct. 4, 10h. Mars in conjunc-
	н. ж 22 <u>5</u> 9	7 19 15 23	7 45 29 22 31 3n	, ,, , ,, D. H. 54 15 14 47 23 0	tion with D. of 3° N. Oct. 7, 22h. Venus in conjunc-
3 4 5	o 10 1 21 2 33 3 43	8 4 15 41 8 47 15 56 9 29 16 9 10 10 16 21	10 4 45 9 50 0 10 48 40 4 32 5n	54 16 14 47 25 0	Oct. o. Meteors from a radiant point in Draco associated with the comet Giacobini-Zinner may
7 8	4 54	10 51 16 33 11 34 16 47	12 17 32 6 35.6	55 45 15 11 29 0 56 15 15 20 0 9	TET tion with N 1/40 N
10	8 43	12 20 17 3	13 53 48 17 1 8 14 46 42 21 18 6		Oct. zo. Mercury at greatest Oct. zo. Mercury at greatest Oct. zo. s&b. Mercury in conjunction with \(). \(\psi \) z \(\psi \) N.
12	IX SI	14 58 18 31 15 58 19 25	16 42 50 26 24 7	58 9 15 51 4 9 58 33 15 57 5 9	Oct. 10, 18h. Mercury in conjunction with \mathfrak{D} . $\mathfrak{G} = \mathfrak{D} \times \mathfrak{D}$.
	13 25	17 57 21 50	18 45 59 25 18 9 19 46 6 22 20 8	58 54 16 3 6 9 59 11 16 8 7 9	
, z7	14 35	18 53 23 23 10 47 0 50	20 43 41 18 1 1 21 38 37 12 38 7	59 25 16 11 8 9 59 33 16 14 9 9 59 34 16 14 10 9	tion with D. P. 3°S. Oct. 32. Uranus in opposi- tion. Distance from the Earth, 1,753,393,000 miles. Oct. 24, even. The Moon will be
119	15 31 15 45	20 37 2 15 21 27 3 40 22 15 5 4	23 22 48 0 10 8 S	59 26 16 12 11 9 59 8 16 7 12 9	o 5 5 5 in conjunction with the Pleiades:
83	16 I 16 I9	23 5 6 29 23 56 7 52 0 48 9 12 1 42 10 27	1 5 40 12 10 7	58 42 16 0 13 9 58 7 15 50 14 9	9 \$ 3 5 5 7 Oct. 27. Jupiter in conjunction.
24	16 41 17 11	0 48 9 12 1 42 10 27 2 37 11 29 3 31 12 19 4 23 12 56	2 53 23 21 43'I 3 49 26 24 44'3 4 46 5 26 22'7	57 27:15 39'15 9 56 44 15 27 16 9 56 2 15 16 17 9	Oct. 28, morn. Occultation of Geminorum, mag. 3.2, by the).
	18 39	2 37 25 3 3 2 5 4 23 2 56	5 42 10 26 36 7 6 36 34 25 31 0	55 24 15 6 18 9 54 53 14 57 19 9	
29	20 45 SI 55	5 12 13 24 5 58 13 44	7 28 32 23 15 0 8 17 49 20 0 2	54 31 14 51 20 9 51 18 14 48 21 9	hefore down in the middle of this
31	23 6	6 42 14	9 4 38 15 57 9 9 49 35 11 18 6m	54 15 14 47 22 9 54 23 14 49 23 9	month when the Moon is absent from the early morning sky.
-					NATION OF THE PLANETS AT NOON.
D	F	MRRCURY.		d MARS.	B. JUPITER, 12 SATURN, BC. N. R.A. DEC 9 R.A. DEC 8.
i	14	2 37 14 4 24 41 17 1	7'4 II 53 57 2 I	4'7, 9 35 55 ¹⁵ /'3' 9 47 51 14	40'4 13 46 52 9 55'6 21 39 14 15 35'2 4 43'5 13 50 54 10 18'6 21 38 34 15 38'2
1	14	57 20 20 X	8 x x3 25 56 7 3	0.0 10 33 30 11	3 45'0 13 54 59 10 41'5 21 38 3 15 40'5 3 45'4 13 59 7 11 4'3 21 37 41 15 42'0 1 44'7 14 3 17 11 27'0 21 37 29 15 42'6
. 2	14 !	53 5a 18 5	2 2 13 49 25 10	7.1, 10 33 34 10	43.5 14 7 28 11 49.4 21 37 27 15 42.4

R.A. HORIZONTAL PARALLAX. ANGULAR SEMIDIAMETER. RA. Drc. N DEC. N. i D H. M. ° 56 H. 2 'n 0 8 | 9 þ 7 23 8191 1 53'4 11 0,1 10 1 20.8 10 48 11 1.3 5.8.80 8.1 5.3 4.8 1.4 1'0 16 1 3'1 5'0 2'214'4 8'2 3, 8 o Oct. 12. Uranus rises 17h. 30m., sets 3 7 9 7h. 27m. Neptune rises 3h. 0m., Time. sets 16h. 18m. 16 4 3.6 15 8 82 9 6 5 2 4 3 1 4 1.0 2.0 2'3 14 25 8 85 xx 9 5'2 4 5 x'4 0'9 16 7 4'5 4'9' 2'4 x4'3 7'9 Oct. r6. Sun's semidiam. in Transit, rm. 5 048. of Mean Time.

H URANUS.

THE SUN AND PLANETS.

Earthquake Recording.—Earthquakes are believed to be a kind of fracture under a growing strain which sets up waves in the earth's substance that traverse the whole globe. It is possible strain which seem by waves in the earth's substitute that traverse the whole gives. It is possible to detect this wave movement at places far removed from the point of fracture even though it may be not more than a twenty-five thousandth part of an inch, by means of an instrument called a Seismograph, the essential feature of which is a boom supported in a way that may be likened to a gate hanging on a gate post out of plumb. If the supporting post alters its inclination to the vertical the boom will take up a new position. The choice of site for such an instrument is important and somewhat unexpectedly it has been found that a room in a London store 54 feet above the street is not unsuitable. The building contains 180 columns each standing on a block

OCTOBER TENTH MONTH.

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Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

2	LONDON	Bridge	Livki	rpoot.	King (Avonr	Road Road nouth)	(Immi	ill igliam).	GREFNOCK.	LEITH.	Dublin Bar (Kingstown), G M.T.
Ā	Morn.	After	Morn	After.	Morn	After ;	Morn	After.	Morn After.	Morn. After	Morn After.
	и. м.	п. м.	н. м.	11 11	u M.	H V	н. м.	H. M	И. М. Н. М	и. м и. м.	н. м. п. м.
1	6 33	7 18	4 35	5 I	•••	0 0	11 32	II 40	5 40 5 36	8 46 9 ax	5 5 5 39
	7 39	8 44	6 0	6 34	0 45	1 21		1 5	7 27 7 20	10 2 10 31	6 25 6 55
3	g 16	10 21	7 26	7 53	2 29	3 8	1 15	2 25	9 17 8 53	11 16 11 39	7 30 7 56
4	10 55	II 31	8 30	8 49	4 2	4 29	8 34	3 21	10 17 9 52	0 17	8 26 8 47
5	xx 56		9 15	9 3 ¹	5 2	5 22	3 27	4 5	10 55 10 30	0 33 I 3	9 12 9 30
6	72 0	0 37	9 53	10 8	5 46	6 I	4 10	4 4x	11 23 11 5	1 13 1 40	9 54 10 10
_							!				·
7	0 57	I IO	10 28	10 40	6 22	6 34	4 46	5 15	11 51 11 36	1 49 2 13	xo 30 xo 46
8	I 27	I 39	10 59	II 12	6 53	7 4	5 21	5 47] 0 ≥0	2 22 2 44	11 5 11 21
9	I 57	28	II 33	11 43	7 23	7 36	5 55	6 18	0 10 0 48	2 52 3 16	xx 36 tx 54
10	2 30	2 39	•••	0 4	7 55	8 8	6 26	6 49	0 43 x 2x	3 30 3 52	0 10
II	3 I	3 14	0 17	o 38	8 27	8 42	7 2	7 20	1 14 1 51	4 7 4 26	0 25 0 41
12	3 31	3 47	0 52	1 14	9 I	9 15	7 39	7 55	I 52 2 25	4 48 5 7	0 59 x 16
13	4 3	4 25	' x 30	x 53	9 35	9 53	8 20	8 34	2 35 3 2	5 30 5 52	I 35 I 59
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14	4 37	5 6	' 2 15	2 40	10 14			9 20	3 19 3 44	6 24 6 46	2 20 2 49
15	5 20	6 3			11 4	11 39	10 5	10 18	4 II 4 33	7 2x 7 40	3 20 3 59
16	6 20	7 30		4 55	•••	o 18	III 25	XX 35	5 x3 5 39	8 27 8 48	4 46 5 30
17	7 40	8 50	, 5 55	6 24	x 9	1 z 59		1 x 6	7 8 7 11	9 40 10 5	6 20 6 54
18	' 9 I3	10 22	7 21	7 43	2 51	3 32	1 13	2 30	8 4x, 8 44	10 58: 11 15	7 34 7 59
19	10 41	11 31	8 29	8 44	4 8		2 32		9 38 9 51	0 6	8 30 8 55
30	11 46	•••	9 19	9 33	57	5 33	3 3x	4 I7	10 26 10 41	0 13 0 56	9 21 9 41
 -											
31	0 25	0 37	10 4	10 17	5 55	6 17	4 20		11 16 11 26		10 7 10 25
22	_ 7	1 19	10 46		6 36	6 59	5 5		II 58	1 48 2 18	10 47 11 8
23	* 47	*x 57	11 24	11 40	7 17	7 37 8 16	5 46				11 29 11 49
24	*2 24	*2 38	•••	0 2	7 53		6 26	6 5t	049 1 9		0 6
25	*3 2	*3 ×5	o 18	0 38	8 28		7 6	7 25	1 1 28 1 41		0 28 0 45
26	3 37	3 52	0 59	1 15	9 2	9 #3	7 46		2 13 2 16	1000	1 6 1 24
27	4 7	4 =8	x 36	I 50	9 33	9 54	8 26	8 34	* 53 * 5 5	5 21 5 47	149 2 2
28	4 40	5 6	2 16	2 30	10 6	10 28	9 10	9 10	3 3x 3 34	6 12 6 36	2 3x 2 45
	5 15				10 40		9 58				
29		5 53 6 50			11 28	,,	10 50		5 8 5		
30	6 59	8 2	5 10		0 8	0 35		0 16	6 36 6 2		T T
34	, v 39	,	1 3 10	3 33		- 33	,	1 .0	1 330 32	9 20 9 40	340,00

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of the PLANETS. (Noon = 12h.)

-	ME	RCURY	Ď		v	ENUS	₽ _
7 14	h. m 8 40 8 58 8 52	Nouths h, m. 13 19 13 17 13 4 12 29	h m 17 56 17 37	l :	5 4 5 27 5 49	Souths h m. II IO II IS II 20 II 25	h. m. 17 15 17 2 16 49

-	,	lars c	3	J	PITER	14	
D. 7 14 21 28	1 18	8 44 8 33 8 21	16 5	7 37 7 18 6 50	Souths h. m. 12 48 12 26 12 5 11 43	17 59 17 34 17 10	į

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

- Mercury, being at greatest eastern elongation on the 10th, will set after the sun throughout the month, but will not be visible.
- Q VENUS, approaching superior conjunction, rises about, or less than an hour before the Sun, and is not likely to be seen. Magnitude -3.4.
- of MARS continues to be in the morning sky, rising rather more than an hour after midnight. It passes north of Regulus on the x5th. Magnitude, +x8, +x7.
- ?! JUPITER, in conjunction on the 27th, is neither a morning nor an evening star.
- by SATURN continues to be seen in the first part of the night. Magnitude + o'8.

		SATURN h					
D. 7	15 54 15 26	Souths h. m. so 35 so 7	Sets h m. l 16 0 48				
2X 28	14 59 14 31	19 12	23 52				

of concrete r4 ft. by ro ft. by 6 ft., which rests on the Blue Clay, 42 ft. below ground level. In spite of the considerable traffic within and without the store, earthquakes that originated in Mevico (1932 June 3), the Balkans (1932 Sept. 26), Japan (1932 March 2), Los Augeles (1933 March 2), and others in Angust and September of last year that emanated from epicentres several thousand miles from England, have been recording slip, and the distance of the origin is deduced from the interval in time between these. The agreement with similar records at other places makes the inference certain.

NOVEMBER XXX DAYS. [1934.											
DAY OF	Fasts and Fe	(357)	THE SUN								
M. Light W.	Sun's Longitude 240	ر کا بھا کہ گاہم	Rises. Sets.	X Kg							
1 Th	All Sauts. Hallowmas. Fir All Souls. Edward Col-ton b Truro Cathedral consecrated,			305 60 306 59							
4 1 % 5 1 M 6 1 Tu 7 8 1 Th 9 1 F	Last execution at Tyburn, 178	n Viaduct opened, 1869 3. , December 9, 1608. VII. born, 1841.	6 59 x6 ay 7 x x6 a6 7 3 x6 x4 7 5 x6 aa 7 6 x6 x0 7 8 x6 x9 7 10 x6 x7	308 57 309 56 310 55 311 54 312 53 313 52 314 51							
11	Lord Roberts d. 1914. Broad	7., clected, 1842. casting in U.K., 1922. Geneva, 1920.	7 12 16 16 7 13 16 14 7 15 16 13 7 17 16 11 7 19 16 10 7 20 16 8 7 22 16 7	315 50 316 49 317 48 318 47 319 46 320 48 321 44							
18	Port Arthur captured by Japa	nese, 1894. 74. died, 1616.	7 24 16 6 7 26 16 5 7 27 16 3 7 29 16 2 7 31 16 1 7 32 16 0 7 34 15 59	323 44 324 43 325 44 326 33 327 34 328 33							
25 B & 26 B M Tu 27 B W Th 30 F F	The Times first printed by stee	ed, 1836. ed, January 15, 1893. am, 1814.	7 35 25 58 7 37 25 57 7 38 25 56 7 40 25 55 7 41 25 54 7 43 25 54	329 36 330 31 331 34 332 33 333 34 334 31							
New New Rel Control Last Per Ape Mean Long	PHASES OF THE MOON. Moou 7d. 4h. 43'6m. Quarter 4 2 39'4 Moon 2z 4 25'3 Quarter 25 5 39'0 Igee 12d. 12'9h. 251'37' gee 27d. 14'3h. 251'37' gritude of Asc. Node, Nov. 1, 305° 29'. AT GREENWICH IN NOV., 1932, ; total fall, 0'97 inch; below the 1'31 inches.	MONTHLY November z. Fox-hun - Ordinary day of elec cillors Holiday at London's 6 to zs. Buchan's "6th 9. Lord Mayor's Day, of Boroughs to be elected zz. Martinmas. Haif c zz. County Sheriffs for zz. Solicitors', notaries clerks' certificates expire. sp. Thankagiving Day,	ting begins. tion of Borou Stock Exchang Cold Period." Mayors and and Sheriffs a juarter Day. next year nom ', proctors', a See Note, D	e. Alderme ppointed							

1	934.]		N	70	/E		3E	\mathbf{R}	E	LE.	VE	INT	H	M	НТИС	. [123
.	Squation Subt.	of Time			Hour	(Mear		Hourly	Mean	ereal ne st	Me at (an Time h. Sid-	1.		MEMOR	ANDA.	
_^^	from p. Time M 4 16 20	Hirly Var 8. o'o8	Aso H. :		R. A	Dealis	,-	Var of Doc.	<u> </u>	ж. ч.	11.	и ь	2.	•			. '
3	16 21 16 22 16 22	0,03	14 :	7 55 31 51	9.5	2 14 3 5 14 5	7'4 6'4_	0.80	14	40 20 44 17 48 14	21	14 12 10 16	3. 4.	£.			
5	16 21 16 19 16 16	0,13 0,10 0,00	14	35 48 39 46 43 44 47 44	9.6	2 15 3 5 15 5	5'2 3'7 1'9 9'9	0'77 0'75	14	52 10 56 7 0 3 4 0	21		5.	 			
8	16 13 16 8 16 3	0'17 0'20 0'24	14	5 ¹ 44 55 45 59 46	10.0	16 16 4		0.73	15	7 56 11 53 15 49	20	50 36 46 41 42 45	7.	•••			-
12	15 57 15 50 15 42	0'27 0'31 0'34	15	3 49 7 53 11 57	10,	6 17	9'0 5'5 1'8	0.68	15 15 15	19 46 23 43 27 39	20	38 49 34 53 30 57	8. q.				
16	15 34 15 24 15 14	0'37 0'41 0'44	15 15	16 2 20 8 24 15	10,	13 18 17 18 1 30 18 3	7'7 3'3 8 6	0.64	15 15 15	31 36 35 32 39 29	20	27 I 23 5	10.				
18	15_3 14_51 14_38 14_25	0.51 0.55 0.58	15 15	28 22 32 31 36 40 40 50	10,	37 19 40 19 2	3.6 8 2 12.5 16 4	0.62 0.82 0.82	15	43 25 47 22 51 18 55 15	1 20	,	11.	÷.			i
21 22	14 11 13 55 13 40	o.62 o.62	15 15		10.	47 19 5 50 20 54 20	2,3 3,3 9,0	0.24	15 16 16	59 12 3 8 7 5	I I	59 30 55 34 51 38	-				-
25 26	13 23 13 5 12 47	o'71 o'75 o'78	16	57 38 1 53 6 7	IO.	60 20 6 63 20	23.3 10.6	0.20 0.41	16	14 55 18 54	I	9 47 48 9 43 4 ⁶ 9 39 50					
28 29	12 28 12 8 11 48 11 27	o'81 o'84 o'87	16 16	10 23 14 30 18 56 23 14	10,	70 21 73 21	3.6 14.6 85.1 35.8 S	0'4	5 16 3 16	22 51 26 47 30 44 34 4	1 2	9 35 54 9 31 58 9 28 2 9 24 6	17.				
30		EOROI	rod	ICAL		ERVA		, NO	VEM	BER	, 19		18.		••		
Å.	Mux	TEMPE	u.	Mn 1841.	- 1	BAROM Mean inches.		1	to foot directn	1 110	h.	SUA SUINK hours	20.				•
3	58° 58°	4 46	9	47°46°1	5	29'837 '925 '974 29'790	3'	3	SW SW SSW	<u> </u>	02	0,3 0,1 0,1	21.				
4 5 6 7	59° 53° 49°	9 40	6	46. 45.	3	30,148 30,148 30,148	2 3	7	NE E ENE	٠, ٠	05	2.4	23			•	•••
8 9	48° 46° 49°	8 33 6 33	2	451		30 030 30 030 30 030	0,	3	NNE Calm NE	υ.		o 4 	=5	. ≴			
11	49 48 48	B 44	7		7 5	.001 .380	3 o	9_	E E ENE	- -	01 04	-::-	27				•-
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18	39 43 45	0 35 3 38 4 41	3		3	780 723	_ 0	3	ESE NE WSW	. ا -	11	-: -:	,30			•	
21 22 23	46° 52°	1 36 3 32 0 41	9 3		1	742 448 440	7 5	.0 I	WNW SSW WSW	7	oó 28 04	1.9	1	HE	 LIOGRAPII	to Elex	ents.
24 25 26	49° 55° 56°	2 46 4 44	9		8	663 842 583	4	.3 .3	WSW WSW WSW		02 06 01	1.0	N	At oon. Day.	Sun's Axis.	Centro	of Disc.
27 28 29 30	47 43 48 48	4 35	2		7 5 2	30'847 30'847 30'675	3	7 7 2	WSW SSW SSW			° 0,1 3.8	-	5	23.9 E	3.0 M	185.0
M		3 40		43		a9 895	-5	9- -		-11-	97	18.1	.	15 25	18'4 E	1.2 N	281.4 23.5

The Leonids.—Although it cannot be stated with certainty, in all probability the maximum of this shower has already occurred; yet, given fine weather, a rich display may be observed on the early morning of November 17, 1734. The shoal of meteors which gives rise to the great "meteor storms" extends so far along the orbit of the stream that, presupposing a maximum in 17, 1734. The shoal will not have passed before the earth once more crosses the Leonid orbit. It will be remembered, as bearing on the case, that the expected "storm" of 1899 failed; but four years later, on the early morning of November 16, 1799, a very rich display of Leonids was observed in England, meteors appearing at the rate of several hundreds per hour. The radiant-point, which is situated in the "Sickle" in the

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

	London	Bridge	Live	RPOOL.	King	Hond nouth).		n.L ngham).	GRENOCK.	Leitu	Di BLIN BAR (Kingstown) G.M.T.
Day	Morn	After	Morn	After.	Morn	After.	Morn.	After	Morn. After	Morn After	Morn. After,
-	В 13	н. м. О 21	н. м. б жо	и. м 6 53	R. M.	н м	и м.	н. м.	H. M. H M. 8 11 7 48	H. M. H M	н м п. ж.
2	8 13 Q 43	9 21	7 36	7 56	1 30	3 30	0 14 1 37	1 36 2 36	9 24 9 2	10 19 10 44 11 16 11 44	6 49 7 11 7 45 8 6
3	10 56	xx 30	8 30	8 46	4 9	4 30	2 40	3 24	10 11 9 48	0 9	8 34 8 55
4	11 47		0 14	9 #8	4 59	5 17	3 30	4 4	10 43 10 29	0 29 0 51	9 16 9 36
5	0 9	0 23	9 52	10 6	5 42	5 56	4 10	4 40	11 17 11 6	1 8 1 32	9 56 10 16
6	0 43	o 58	10 29 II 5	10 44	6 19	6 32 7 9	4 49 5 26	5 14 5 40	11 50 11 38	3 20 2 39	10 34 10 55
8	1 55	2 14	II 42	11 58	7 30	7 47	6 5	6 24	0 14 0 56	2 57 3 17	11 10 11 30
9	2 32	2 52 3 34	0 40	0 19	8 10 8 48	8 26	6 45 7 20	7 40	0 56 1 28 1 41 2 9	3 42 3 57	0 9 0 26
10	3 7					9 9	7 -9		14. 7	4 30 4 40	0 45 I 6
22	3 48	4 20 5 10	I 24	1 45 2 35	9 30	9 53 10 46	8 15	8 24 0 12	2 32 2 55 3 20 3 38	5 20 5 40 6 II 6 27	1 30 1 51
13	4 38	6 9	2 14 3 11		11 12	IO 45	9.0	9 12	3 20 3 38	7 7 7 20	2 20 2 45 3 21 3 55
14	6 17	7 18	4 20	4 43	•••	0 20	II 21	XX 80	5 26 5 35	8 8 8 23	4 37 5 TO
15	7 27	8 36 9 55	5 37 6 55	7 14	0 57	I 43	0 44	2 4	6 54 6 58 8 6 8 12	9 18 9 45	5 56 6 26 7 5 7 30
17	10 8	11 1	8 0	1 = =	3 40	4 11		3 5	9 7 9 18	11 28 11 50	8 5 8 27
18	11 14	11 53	8 54	9 10	4 39	5 6	3 6	3 54	9 55 10 14	0 20	8 56 Q 1Q
19		0 6		9 58	5 29	5 54	3 58	4 36	10 45 11 6	0 44 x 16	9 45 10 5
20	0 39	0 53 z 36	10 24	IO 42	6 13	6 37	4 45	5 15	11 31 11 50	1 33 1 58 2 15 2 39	IO 27 IO 49
21 22	2 0	2 15	II 43	;	6 54 7 31	7 17	5 29 6 10	5 51 6 a8	0 32 0 45	2 56 3 17	II 9 II 30
23	2 36				8 9	8 31	6 50	7 3	I I2 I 20	3 37 3 55	0 10 0 26
24	3 11	3 35	0 40	0 55	8 44	9 6	7 31	7 36	I 54 I 53	4 20 4 38	0 50 1 4
25	3 45	4 12			9 17			8 12	2 35 2 29	5 4 5 25	1 29 1 40
27	4 17 4 53	4 50 5 33		2 8 2 47	9 48	10 12	8 5z 9 35	8 48	3 16 3 8 3 55 3 47	5 47 6 0 6 29 6 38	2 9 2 31
38	5 36	6 22	3 24		II 4	11 35		10 14	4 48 4 33	7 12 7 25	3 45 4 3
39	6 24	7 16			O 33		11 20	0 26	5 42 5 27	8 5 8 sz 9 s 9 3z	4 45 5 6 5 50 6 14
30	, , 30	3 25	. 3	5 39	33	0 57	<u>'</u>		1 77 0 40	1 3 - 1 3 3-	3 30 0 14

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS. (Noon = 12h.)

- [Mı	RCURT	ğ	VENU- Q					
	h. m 6 45 5 39 5 25	h. m. 11 32 10 46 10 31	Sets h m 16 20 15 54 15 36 15 24	6 34 6 57 7 20	h m 11 31 11 37 11 45	h m 16 26 16 16 16 9			
	1	MARS c	3	J	OPITER.	Ľ			
D. 4 11 18	h, m	h m.		h. m	h m	h m			

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

- of Mercury being at greatest western elongation on the 19th, may be seen as a morning star in the latter part of the month, when it will be in the eastsouth-east at altitude 5" soon after 6 o'clock.
- Q VENUS being at Superior conjunction on the x8th rises nearly with the Sun throughout the month, and is not likely to be seen as a naked-eye object. It is in conjunction with Jupiter early on November 2, the separation being only 3 minutes of arc, and though near the Sun, a close approach of these two major planets may be seen later in the day by telescope.
- d MARS moving eastward from Regulus towards Spica continues to be an object of the morning sky.
- ?! JUPITER rises two hours before the Sun at the end of the month in the east-south-east. (See Conjunctions opposite.)
 - b SATURN now sets an hour or two before midnight.

	- 8	ATURN 12
D.	Rises h. m.	Souths Sets h. m. h. m.
4	14 4	xB 44 (83 25
18	13 36 13 9	18 17 22 59 17 51 22 32
25	12 42	17 24 28 7

constellation Leo, rises in Great Britain at about half-past ten p.m., a constellation Leo, rises in Great Britain at about half-past ten p.m., a little N. of E., and wheels towards the S. as the night advances. Leonids may be seen in all parts of the sky, but their tracks, prolonged backwards, appear to intersect in the above-indicated radiant-position. Locality is naturally a factor in the matter, for it the earth is in the thickest of the stream in the early morning of Nov. x7 (G.M.T.), Leo will not then have risen at California, for example, and the display at that place may be small, inasmuch as it depends on the thickness of the stream and the time taken by the earth to pass through it. There is a suggestion based on the display of x865 that the Leonids form three parallel streams with interspaces to which this line of argument applies. (See ibid. 1933)

I	26]		DECEMBER XXXI DAY	s.	[193	4
,	DAY	OF.	Fasts and Festivals.	THE	SUN	DA	rs
M.	Light and Dark		Remarkable Days—Events. Sun's Longitude 270° by 22d. 13h.	Rises.	Sets.	of the Year.	to end of Year.
1	1 -	S	Queen Alexandra born, 1844; died, Nov. 20, 1925.	14. M. 7 44	н. м. 15 53	335	30
2	, ,	Z	1st Bunday in Adbent. Cortez died, 1554.	7 46	15 5a	336	29
3		M	R. L. Stevenson died, 1894; born, November 13, 1850.	7 47	15 5a	337	26
4		Tu	· ·	7 49	15 51	338	27
5		\mathbf{W} \mathbf{Th}	Mozart died, 1791. Earl Jellicoe born, 1857. Warron Hastings born, 1732; died, August 22, 1818.	7 50	15 51	339	36
7	1 =	F	Maréchal Ney shot, 1815.	7 5x	15 50 15 50	340 341	25 24
8		S	Rev. Edward Irving died, 1834 Falklands, 1914.	7 54	15 50	343	*3
9		5	2nd Sunday in Adbent. Milton born, 1608.	2 55	IS 49	343	22
ΙÓ	: =	M	Airflight, England to Australia, completed, 1919.		IS 49	344	21
11		Tu		7 57	≖5 49	345	20
12	, -	W	City of London School opened, 1882.	7 58	≖5 49	346	19
13		Th		7 59	15 49	347	18
14	1 =	FS	George Washington d. 1799. Duke of York b. 1895. Isaac Walton died, 1683; born, August 9, 1593.	1_	15 49	348	17
15	١			8 1	15 49	349	16
16	, .	S M	3rd Sunday in Advent. Dingaan's Day. British troops withdrawn from South Ireland, 1922.	ŧ	IS 49	350	15
17	1 =	Tu	_	8 3	15 49	351	14
19		w	J. M. W. Turner died, 1851; born, April 23, 1775.	8 3	15 50	352	13
20		$\mathbf{T}\mathbf{b}$		8 4	15 50	353 354	11
21		F	St. Thomas. Michaelmas Law Sittings end.	8 5	15 51	355	10
22		s	Shortest Day. Captain Dreyfus sentenced, 1894.	8 6	15 5x	356	9
23	1	5	4th Zundan in Adbent. Hansom cabs patented, 1834.	8 6	15 52	357	8
24	8	M	Christmas Eve. W. M. Thackeray died, 1863.		15 52	358	7
25	8	Tu	Christmas Ban. Quarter Day.	8 7	15 53	359	6
26	8	W	31. Stephen. Boxing Day. Bank Holiday.	8 7	15 54	3 60	5
27	8	Tb F	3t. John, Apostle and Evangelist. C. Lamb d. 1834. Innocents' Day. Lord Macculay died, 1859.		15 54	36x	4
28	8	S	W. E. Gladstone born, 1809; died, May 19, 1898.	8 8	15 55	362	3
29	1 5	· -			15 56	363	
30		S M	1st Zunday after Christmas. John Wycliffe died, 1384.		×5 57	364	1
31	5	144		0 6	15 58	365	•

PHASES OF THE MOON.

- New Moon 6d. 17h. 24'9m.) First Quarter 13 10 516
- O Full Moon...... ... so so 53'3 (Last Quarter 29 2 8'z

Perigee 9d 8 oh. 226,630 miles. Apogee 25d. 9 6h. 25x,920 ,, Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, Dec. 1, 303° 53'.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN DEC., 1932, on 8 days; total fall, 0'53 inch; below the average by 1'73 inches.

MONTHLY NOTES.

Dec. 3 to 9. Buchan's "3rd Warm Period."

8. Ramadan (Moslem Month of Abstinence) begins.

- 15. Last day for renewing Solicitors' certificates.

 Notices to owners and occupiers affected by private Bills in Parliament must be delivered.
- ar. Common Council elections.

 25. Quarter Day.

 Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of ar days immediately preceding or immediately following Dec. 25.

 26. Bank and General Holiday.

 31. Various Licences expire.

193	34.]	_I	ECI	EM]	3E	${f R}$	TW	EL	FTH	M	ONTH.	1	127
Rqu	ation of			(Mean			Bidere	4 H	on Time		мемон	RANDA.	
-	opc H	rly An	light Var.	of Declin	rent ation	Hourly Var of Dec	Time Mean N	100 EE	ean Time t Oh Sid cal Time	ı.			
N	ь	8 H	и в. в 27 32 10°	28 ST 4	4'9 S	0.40	н. м. 16 38		N S.	a, §		••••	••••
2 10	48 0	95 16	31 52 10	Br : 21 5	4'8	0.38	16 42	34 19	16 15	3-			•••••
		.01 16	36 II 10		3.1	o:36 o:34	16 46 16 50			4.		· · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
5 9	31 1	'03 16	44 53 10	Bg - 22 I	9.6	0.33	16 54 16 58	23 19	4 27	٠			•
7 8	40 1	· 08 16	53 36 10	93 22 3	4'3	0.31	17 2	17 18	36 35	5∙ I			
		10 16	57 58 10			0'27	17 6		5a 39 48 43	6.			
0 7	20 1	`13 17	6 46 ' to'	99 : 22 5	3. I	0,33	17 14	3 18	44 47 40 51	7-			
2 6	25 2	16 17	15 34 1 II	02 83	3 3	0,10	17 21	59 x8	36 55	8.	•	•	• •
		18 17			7.8	0.1Q 0.18	17 25	52 18	33 0	9. 3	٠.		
5 _5	0 _1	'20 17	38 49 III.	ინ 23 I	5.3	0,14	17 33	49 IE	21 12	10.			• • • •
6 4 7 4		'31 17	37 40 11	c8 23 z	10	0,10		42 18	17 16	××.			
8 3 9 3		**************************************		08 23 2 09 23 2	3.1	o.og o.og	17 45 17 49		13 20				
	34 1	*24 17	50 58 11	09 23 2	ρ.ο ι	0.08	17 53	32 18 28 18	5 28	12.			
		24 I7	59 51 11	10 23 2	6.0	0,00	28 1	25 17	57 36	13.			
13, 1		'24 18	8 44 II		6.4	0'02	18 5		53 40 49 45	14.	•		
	dd	18	13 10 11	10 23 1	4'9	0.00	18 13	15 17		15.			••
17 C		1.83 . 18	1736 11 3 3 11	'00 ' 23 1	IX.X	0,10 0,08	18 17	8 x	37 57	16.	ě		
		1°23 18	30 55 II	og 231	8·6 i	0'12	18 25	4 I	7 34 1	17.			· · · •
30 2	23 1	1,31 18	35 20 11	07 23	13.0	0'16	18 31	57 I	7 26 9	١		-	
		30 18		06 83	8.1 S				7 28 13	x8.			
	T	MPERAT		BAROM.	1	WIND,	ī	RAIN-	I SUN.	19.	_		
Ē	Max	Min	Mn 1841 1905	Mean inches	(Ртенки	re lbs t Di	rectn.	inch.	hours.	30.			
1 '	48°z 50°5	36.3	40°9	29 627 441	4.0		vsw sw	.02	:	21.			•
3	20.2	37'5_	4x x	302	3.0	_ i_W	/sw		_x'4	23.		• •	
4	44'I 42'0	33,2	"3 "5	'638 '746	1.1		NW SW	•••	1.2	23.	₹.		•
5	43'0 41'8	32.2 31.3	. 3	29'908 30'104	0.0		NE NE		2.3	24.			
7 8	42'2	36.2	41'0	'097	413	3 3	ENE		1.3	١.			
9	38·4 37·6	35 8 35 3	40 6 4	30,008	5.6)]	ENE	_:::		25.			
11	37'7 41'7	33 5 32 6	·a	ag 18ag 1775	6.0		ENE	.03	3.6	z 6.			
13 ,	49 8	35'5	.5	773	0.	3	SSE		0.4	27	-		
14	20.3 20.4	39 5 42 8	.7	30.088	3.	. 8	wee		3.0	28 .	•		
16 17	49'I	39°2 44°5	7	30°135 29.956	3.	- 1	sw ssw	:::	3.4	29.		•	•••••
18 -	54'8	40'8	40.0	*880	4	5 7	SSW		2.4	30	ş		· · · · · ·
3 0	55'1 54'8	47'0 41'9	30.0	1824 1901	3.	9	ន		1.8	. 31			
21 22	21.0	40 0 43 I	38.7	30'013	3.		SSW SSW		3'4	1.			
23 1	52'1	45'8		29.902	6.	o . i	WRW	.09	2.4	'1	KLIOGRAP	HIC ELEM	iknts.
24 25	47 6	41'3 38'7	4	30°356	<u>z</u>	1 1	WSW	1 - :::	3.6	Noor		Centre	of Disc
26 ·	39 9 45 0	36.7	. 6	321 30'135	0.		Calm SSW			Day	· · · Axiq ·.	Lat.	Long.
27 28	45'3	34'9 38'9	38.9	29.083	0.	8 ,	SSW		3.0	il	n		
30	45 4 47 4	40'9 37'9	38.0	787	3	2	ssw ssw	.03	, :::	5 15	14 6 E	1 0 N	149.6
31 Mn	48 9	33'4	38.7	29.604	3		8	OI	0.6	25	5.6 E		246 I
	7/ 0	37'9	39.9	80.013		- 	- -	53	41.8	·			!

The Seasons.—In meteorology the seasons are taken to be as follows: Spring, March, April, The Seasons.—In meteorology the seasons are taken to be as follows: Spring, March, April, May; Summer, June, July, August; Autuma, September, October, November; Winter, December, January. February. This selection of months to represent the seasons, according to the farmer's year, is guided by the consideration that each season shall comprise three months. This uniformity in length opens the way for some paradoxical cases. The warmest week of summer may be in the spring, late May, or in autumn, early September, and the coldest week of winter may be in the autumn, late November, or spring, early March. In England we have about five months of moderate whiter weather between October and April, and four months of summer weather from the middle of May to the middle of September, a short spring, and a short autumn. The measonal variations are not nearly so layer as they are in continual countries, and the change from winter variations are not nearly so large as they are in continental countries, and the change from winter to summer, and vice-versa, is much less abrupt.

Dec. 15. Sun's semi-diam, in Transit, 1m. 10'908. of Mean Time.

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

Day.	Lo	(DOI	r Bu	tnar	I	4KE	reoo	<u>د.</u>	H	ing	Roc mou	id	(In	Ho	n.L.	ım)	-	REE	NOC	K.		Jæ	тн.			G. A	stov	
Ξ,	M	orn.	. A	fter	M	orn.	Af	ter	Me	m.	Af	ter.	Me	m	Af	ter	Mo	rn	Af	ter	Mo	m	Af	ter.	Mo	m.	AF	ter.
-1	n.	M,	H.	ж.	H.	М.	н.	M	n.	м.	H.	M.	R.	м.	н.	M.	н.	M.	Н.	M.	И.	N.	H.	M.	и.	M.	н.	'n.
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RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS. (Noon = 12h.)

	M	ERCURY	Q	v	ENUS Ç	•
	Rises	Souths	Sets h, m.	Rises	Souths	Sets
2	6 15	10 46	15 16	8 3	12 3	16 3
9 26	6 50	II 20	15 13	8 25	12 14	16 14
23	7 54	II 40	15 25	8 46	18 36	16 25
30	8 19	II2 I	15 44	8 58	12 40	10 41

	3	iars &	JUPITER 1						
2	h. m. o 43	Souths Sets h m. h m. 7 4 13 25	h m 5 5	h. m 9 54	h m. 14 43				
16 23	0 37 0 27 0 18 0 9	6 35 12 43	4 26	9 32 9 10 8 48 8 25	14 19 13 54 13 30 13 6				

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

MERCURY may perhaps be seen about 7 o'clock in the morning of the early days of the month 5 degrees above the horizon in the south-east.

Q VRNUS begins to be an evening star, and may be seen soon after sunset at the end of the month low down in the south-west. Magnitude -3^4 .

d MARS, moving eastward, does not yet reach Spica, which it about equals in brightness. It rises soon after midnight. Magnitude + r'4 to + r'o.

I JUPITER will be in the south-east at altitude 100 at 6 o'clock in the morning in the middle of the month. Magnitude - 1'3.

5 SATURN will be low in the south-south-west in the late twilight, and sets in mid-evening. Magnitude +1'o.

	_	77.	ATU	RN	r	_ '
9 16	11	16	16 16 16	43	31	42 17 52
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Between the tropics there is nothing that can properly be called summer and winter; the seasons depend upon the weather and rainfall, and not upon the position of the sun, and the periods of growth adjust themselves accordingly. In India, or the north-western part of it, the divisions of the year are the cold weather, the hot weather, and the rains. (From the Meteorological Glossary; Met. Office.)

The Stratosphere (continued from p. res.) when the material acts as a parachute and brings the instruments to ground safely. A height of se kilometres (ray's miles) or more has been reached by such apparatus. It is said that this height was nearly attained last year by observers in a passenger-carrying balloon.

passenger-carrying balloon.

	<u> </u>	
130] NOTES	FOR THE YEAR 1935.	- 1
-]	BISSEXTILE OR LEAP YEAR, AND 25 AND 26 OF KING GRORE	312 V.
		*** '
	Elements and Wates for the Year.	
Golden Number Epact	XVII Accension Day M 26 Union Day, South Africa M Sirth of King George V. (1865) Ju 3 Whit Sunday M Sirth of Prince of Wales (1894) M Sirth of Prince Open U.S.A. Sirth of Princ	,, 31
Solar Cycle (Year of)	z6 Union Day, South Africa Birth of King George V. (1865) Ju	ine 3
Boman Indiction (Year of)	3 Whit Sunday	,, 9
Julian Period (Year of)	F Trinity Sunday	., 16
Julian Day, Jan. 1 (begins at noo New Year's Day (Tuesday) Foundation Day, Australia	5648 Corpus Christi	,, }
New Year's Day (Tuesday)	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	ily 1
Foundation Day, Australia	, 26 Independence Day, U.S.A , , , Se	pt. 28
Ash Wednesday	March 6 Armistice Day (1918) No	OV. II
Good Friday	. April 19 Sundays after Trinity 2	3
Baster Day	, at St. Andrew's Day No	OV. 30
Accession of King George V. (10)	10) May 6 CHRISTMAS DAY—(Wednesday)	,, 25
Birth of Queen Mary (1867)	,, 26	"
aThe	Tropical Year 1935-1936.	i
Spring Equinor (rose)	Sin enters Sign Aries Maich and	13/1
Summer Solstice	,, ,, ,, Cancer June 23 ,, ,, Libra Sept. 24 ,, ,, ,, Capricornus Dec. 22 ,, ,, ,, Aries March 21	9
Autumn Equinox	,, ,, ,, Libra Sept. 24	ó
Spring Fauincy (2026)	Aries March	19
Diring Estimox (1930)	and of the Ores.	-9
	pases of the Moon , 1935.	
January.	New Moon and and after First Quarter and and	-6-
First Quarter 11 20 55	New Moon 2d. zzh. 36m. First Quarter 6d. zh. First Quarter 10 zz 54 Full Moon zz 20	. 20//L.
#ULL MOOR 19 15 44	Full Moon 18 9 57 Last Quarter 19 14 Last Quarter 25 9 44 New Moon 27 17	23
Last Quarter 27 19 59	Last Quarter 25 9 44 New Moon 27 17	29
February.		
New Moon 3d. 16h. 27m. First Quarter 10 9 25	New Moon 1d. 7h. 52m. First Quarter 5d. 13h First Quarter 9 5 49 Full Moon 12 4 Full Moon 16 20 20 Last Quarter 10 5	. 39m.
Full Moon 18 11 17	Full Moon 16 20 20 Last Quarter 10 5	36
Last Quarter 26 10 14	Full Moon	15
March.	New Moon 30 19 44 November. July, First Quarter 3d. 23h. 28m, Full Moon 3d. 23h. 28m. Full Moon 3c. 24	
New Moon 5d. sh. 4om.	First Quarter 8d. zzh. z8m. First Quarter 3d. z3h	. zam.
First Quarter 12 0 30 Full Moon 50 5 31	First Quarter	36
Last Quarter 27 20 51	New Moon 30 9 22 New Moon 36 2	36
	Full Moon 16 5 0 Last Quarter 18 0 New Moon 30 9 3	
New Moon 3d. 12h. 11m.	. FIFST LIBSTLEF 90. 130. 2201. FIFST LIBSTLEF 30. 90	. 28 m.
Full Moon 18 21 10	Full Moon 14 18 43 Full Moon 10 3 Last Quarter 17 21	10
Last Quarter 26 4 20	New Moon 29 1 0 New Moon 25 17	
(fra	ilendar for the Year 1935.	75
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8u 6 13 20 27 Qu	February. 3 10 17 34,8u. — 3 10 17 34 31.8u. — 7 714 4 11 18 25 M. — 4 11 18 25 — M 1 8 15 5 12 19 26 Tu. — 5 12 19 26 Tu. — 2 12 19 26 Tu. — 2 12 19 26 Tu. — 3 10 17 7 14 21 26 Th. — 7 14 21 28 Th. — 7 14 21 28 Th. — 4 11 18 1 8 15 22 — F. 1 8 15 22 29 — F 5 12 19 June. June. August.	21 28
M 7 14 21 28 M	- 4 11 18 25 M 4 11 18 25 M 1 8 15	22 29
Tu 1 8 15 22 29 Tu W 2 9 16 23 30 W	- 5 12 19 20 14 5 12 19 20 - 14 2 9 10	23 30
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8n 5 12 19 26 8u	2 9 16 23 - S. 2 9 16 23 30 - S 6 13 20 July. 2 9 16 23 30 Su 7 14 21 28 Su 4 11 3 10 17 24 - M 1 8 15 22 29 M 5 12 4 11 18 25 - Tu 2 9 16 23 30 Tu 6 13 5 12 19 26 - W 3 10 17 24 31 W 7 14 6 13 20 27 - Th 1 8 15 7 14 21 28 25 - Th 1 8 15 7 14 21 28 25 - Th 1 8 15 7 14 21 28 25 - Th 1 8 15 7 14 21 22 29 27 Su 2 10 27 24 Su 2 18 12 18 25 - 6 12 20 27 Su 2 10 27 24 Su 1 8 12	18 25
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September. 8u z 8 z5 z2 z9 Su	October. November. December.	
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6	14	59 5	16		4	21 51 21 53	8	14	17.6	١.	, F	our	of	the	sola	ar ec	lips	es are	parti	al ; t	hree	of t	hese
11 16	15	5 33 8 31	3 16	31	9	21 55 21 57	9	14	7°2	:	A	nnı	ula	r, an				dree		regio	n ro	und	h is the
21	15	11 17	, 16	41	9	21 5	24	13	44 7	, 1		out	h F	ole.				atest 1					
31 31		13 50	16	52 59	7		36 51	13	39.6		A A	nd e	ດນ	Octo	ober	15.	M	ars wil ay 10, 8	l) be	in 0	ppos	itio	n oñ
R					, an				f P	LA	NH	TS	at	inte	-	als	of S	even l		. (N	oon	=1	2 h.)
-			RY Ç		1		NUS 9	Sie+	z 1 14	Inve	M	ARS	s d ∴ha	Sate	11.			TER 14 the Se	-,	S/ Rises	ATUR		ets.
D	h. m	h	m lh.	m.	h	m, h,	uths n 1 56 r	1. m	h	111	្បែ	h n	i C	h. m.	. 11	h. m	ļ ħ	m h.	m h	. m.	h. n	ı h	. m.
13	8 4	3 12	23 15 46 16	40	11 8	51.13	50 I	7 S		5 5	3	5 2	8	1		3 23 3 2	7	39 12	£6∭ .	9 37	14 5	7 1	9 41 9 17 8 54
20 27		3 13	6 17	31	8	46 13	14 I	7 43	2	2	9		9	Seta h. m. J. J. O 5		3 40	7	16 II	51	9 II 8 45	14	3 I	
-	- 3	- 3			1	3/ -3	-		11-3		1		٠١,	- 4	1		"	'		- 10	-3 3	-1 -1	
							WHI	TAE	(KR	's	A	CM.	AN.	ACK	, 1	934	•						

THE TIME OF HIGH WATER at the undermentioned Ports and Places may be approximately found by taking the appropriate Time of High Water at the Standard Port (as shown on pp. 85, 89, etc.) and adding thereto the quantities annexed. The time thus found will be Greenwich Time for British, Irish, French and Belgian Ports, and Amsterdam Time for Netherlands Ports. The rise of the tide at Springs and Neaps is given in the last two columns. An* denotes Range of Tide.

PORT OR PLACE	CONSTANTE	SPNos	NEAPS	PORT OR PLACE	CONSTANTS	Srags.	NEAP
	h, m	ft	ft.		h. m	ft.	ft.
Aberdeen Leith	xo 53	12%	91/4	CromartyLeith	9 28	131/2	XX
Aberdovey Lpl	9 3	14/2	10	Cromer IIuli	1 0	14/4	XX
berystwyth		14	101/	DartmouthLon	4 32	1434	111/2
Air Point Lpl		25	19	DealLon	0 11	x6 **	18%
AldeburghLon	8 53	8	61/2	Devouport Dock Lon		15%	12
Uderney Lon		201/4	15%	DieppeLun		39%	
dderney	4 55				9 5		23
lloaLertle		17/2	15,	Dingle BayLpl	5 28	12/2	9%
mlwch		20	151/2	Donegal BarLpl	6 47	22 1/2	87
ntwerp Lon	1 29	161/2	14	DouglasLpl	0 3	28/4	187
AppledoreBtol	II 20	2314	161/2	DoverLon		181/2	147
risaig	6 4	131/2	10	DumbartonGrnk	0 29	113/2	91/
rbroathLeith	11 30	14	II	Dumfries Lpl	1 10	*6	44
rdrishaig	12 12	91/4	81/2	DunbarLeith	123	1634	131
rdrossanGrnk	xx 58	10	8	Dundalk (Pile light) Lpl	12 17	16	143
rundelLon	¥0 54	10	-	DundeeLeith	0 3	151/2	18
yr	37	10	7 8½	DungenessLon			x8
vre Pt. (I. of Man)Lpl	11 59	20	16	DunkerqueLon		191/4	16
		1/					
lallycottin Btol	to 3r	121/2	10	ExmouthLon		II	83
lanff		101/2	8	EyemouthLeith		15	II.
Bantry Harbour Lp		12/4	934	Falmouth Lon		17_	133
Bardsey IslandLpl		13%	101/2	FarehamLon	9 55	2234	8,
Barmouth Lpt		15	11	Fifeness Leith	12 5	15	12
Sarnstaple BridgeBto		*xx1/2	*51/2	Filey BayLeith FishguardLpl	x 37	151/2	123
BarrowLpi		20	22%	FishguardLol	8 14	121/2	9
lerry TalandRtoi	x# 3	36	2714	Flushing Lon		15	133
Berry IslandBtol	9 20	3-	-//	FolkestoneLon		20	163
BeaumarisLpi		1/	161/2	Formby PointLpl			
		231/4				27%	217
BelfastDul	71 48	XX	934	Fowey Lon	3 35	24%	zz.
berwickLeith	IS II	15	111/2	FraserburghLeith		11	83
sidefordBto		161/2	—	Galway Bay		25%	. 113
Blakeney		81/2	41/2	GlasgowGrnk	o 56	131/2	II
BlythLeith		15	II	Glasson DockLpl	12 E3	30%	34
Solt HeadLon	4 2	15	11	GooleHull		18	113
SoscastleBtol	10 39	22	17	Granton PierLeith		x8	14
Soulogne Lon		2834	23	GranvilleLon		441/2	33 ²
restLon		241/2	101/2	GravesendLon		17/2	33/
Bridgwater BarBto			a6 1/2	Greenwich Lon		221/4	183
ridlingtonLeith		35		Grimsby			
		171/2	13/2			20	15
BridportLon		12%	8¾	Hartlepool Leith		16 .	12
BrielleLon		1	1 -	HarwichLon		12/2	10
Brighton	9 18	1934	16	HastingsLon	8 53	25	18
broughty Ferry Leith	13 18	151/2	13/2	HaverfordwestLpi	7 58	*7%	, *2;
BuckieLeitl	IO IO	12	9	Havre Lon	7 11	25%	31
BudehavenBto		23	17	Bilbre IslandLpd	18 Q	27/4	22
BurntislandLeith		18	141/2	HolyheadLpi		16	13
surryportBto	31 25	26	19	Honfleur Harbour Lon		261/4	31
aenLon		I —	1	Hook of Holland Lon		61/2	5
alais		221/	19	Hurst CamberLon	Randi to	8 8 6 7 1/	6
ampbeltown Grad		834	16	Hythe (Hants)Lor	0.786.	723	
ape Cornwall Lizard Bto			133/4	Ilfracombe	7 11 2		9
ardiffBto		173	1374			25%	19
ardigan		37%	27%	InverseyGrad	0 10	10	
		12	9,	InvergordonLeith		13/2	10
armarthen BarBto		86	191/2	IpswichLor	10 57	13/2	1-
arnarvou Lp	10 43	1434	12	KingsbridgeLon		10	-
hatham (N. Lock) Lor	II IO	181/2	15	Kinsale HarbourLp	l 6 ra	121/2	: 9
hepstowBto	0 21	38	383/2	KirkeudbrightLp	1 12 22	23	17
herbourgLor		303/4	16	KirkwailLeitl	7 52	81/2	6
hesterLp		*10	*734	LamlashGrnl		10	7
heailton		101/4		LancasterLp		301/4	
hichester Harbour Lor			7	Langston HarbourLor			23
hristehurch Harbour Lor	W 06 5	14	1			13/2	10
owes (West)		111/2	1	Lerwick HarbourLeitl LimerickLp		1 5% 18½	4
							1 24

ò The Standard Ports referred to in the heading are given in stalic. Example - Required times of high water at Aberdeen on January 16th, 1934 :-

9 5 6 29

0 0

9 40

11 59

7 5×

14 121/4 201/4 153/4 261/4

.5 18

Morn.

17 12½ 20¾ 3½ 13¾

Sum....23 25 Subtract zah.....zz Time of high water at Aberdeen, January 18th 1 15

Ramsey (Isle of Man) Lpl Ramsgate Harbour Lon Ribble Lighthouse Lpl

Rosslare HarbourLpl

Rosyth.....Leith

(b) Afternoon Tide. Time of high water at Aber-deen, January 15th..... 1 49

11 23

7 10

6 41

80

191/2

61/4

51/4

6½ 6½ 12¾

Aft.

Worm's HeadBtol

Yarmouth Roads Lon

YmuidenLou'

Youghal......Lpl

Yarmouth (I. of W.) Lon 8 29 & 10 30

134 Tables for Finding the Times of Junvise and Junset.

This double entry table provides the means for finding, with sufficient accuracy for practical purposes, the times of sunrise and sunset at any place situated between latitude 60° N. and 60° S.

To use the table: In the horizontal line with the Sun's declination in the first column, and under the required latitude in the heading, there will be found figures which added to xah, give the local apparent time of sunset. Subtracting these quantities from xah, will give the local apparent time of surines. To obtain from this the local mean time, the equation of time for the day in question which is given on the second page of each month, must be added to or subtracted from these apparent times of surise and sunset, as shown in the heading.

To find the corresponding Greenwich mean time, the difference of longitude of the place from Greenwich must be added if the place be

West, subtracted if East.

The table is arranged for northern latitudes, but will serve equally well for places south, of the Equator, if the declination North in the first column be considered South, and vice versi.

column be considered South, and vice versi.

If the figures are required for a declination or
Intitude falling between two arguments of the
table, they may be found by proportion. The
effect of refraction is included.

THE TIME OF SUNSET.

The times of sunrise and sunset given in this Alnanack (and similarly of moonrise and moonset) are the times when the centre of the Sun's disc is seen on the horizon from sea-level at Greenwich, computed on the assumption that the horizontal refraction is $34\frac{1}{2}$. It is doubtful whether there is a precise legal defluition of sunrise and sunset. The above has generally been adopted as a correct statement, though in some Tables the instant when the upper limb, or edge,

of the Sun is on the visible horizon is given as the time when the Sun rises and sets. The legal question has been more concerned with the distinction between local sunset and time when the sun sets at the place in question. Greenwich sunset, rather than with a precise

TO FIND THE GREENWICH TIME OF SUNRISE AT CERTAIN PLACES IN THE BRITISH ISLES IN EACH MONTH OF THE YEAR.

The Table gives the number of minutes to be added to or subtracted from the time of sunrise at Greenwich, to find the Greenwich time of sunrise at the place named in the first column, on the first day of each month. The corrections to be applied on other dates and for other places in the

neighbourhood of these may be inferred approximately by interpolation.

The sign + means that the time required is later than that at Greenwich. The sign -, that

it is earlier.

	Jan z.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug z.	Sept.	Oct	Nov	Dec.	Jan.
Comp Worth	m	m.	m.	m.	nı	m - 26	m.	m	m + 6	m.	nı	m	m. +66
Cape Wrath	+66	+50	+32	+13	- 7		- 30	-14		+24	+43	+62	
Wick		+4x	+23	+ 5	-14	-32	-36	-21	+ 6	+16	+35	+53	+57
Inverness		+41	+26	+ 11	- 5	- 20	-23	-10		+20	+36	+50	+54
Aberdeen		+3x	+17	+ =	-12	26	- 29	-17	- 2	+ = =	+26	+40	+43
Glasgow	+43	+34	+=3	+13	+ 2	8	- 10		+ 9	+20	+30	+40	+43
Newcastle	+26	+30	+12	+ 3	- 5	-13	-15	- 8	. 0	+ 8	+17	+24	+26
Belfast	+42	+ 36	+=8	+21	+13	+ 6	+ 4	+10	+ 18	+25	+33	+40	+42
Liverpool		+19	+15	+10	+ 6	+ 2	+ 1	+ 4	+ 9	+13	+18	+22	+23
Dublin		+3=,	+28	+ 23	+ 19	+15	+14	+ 18	+22	+26	+3x	+34	+ 35
Hull		+ 10	+ 5	– 1	- 6	-II	- 12	- 8	- 3	+ 3	+ 8	+13	+14
Holyhead	+ 28	+25	+21	+ 17	+13	+ 9	+ 8	+11	+16		+24	+ 27	+28
Birmingham	+13	+11	+ 9	+ 7	+ 5	+ = '	+ 2	+ 4 :	+6,	+ 8	+10	+12	+13
Bristol	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+ 10	+ 10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+ 10
Norwich	+ 3	0	- 3	- 7	- 10	-13	-14	-11	- 8	- 4	- I	+ 2	+ 3
Colchester	- 2	- 2	- 3	- 4	- 5	- 6	- 6	- 5	- 4	- 3	- 3	- 2	- 2
Dover	- 7	- 6	- 6	- 5	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 5	- 6	- 6	- 7	- 7
Southampton	+ 3	+ 4	+ 5	+ 6	+ 7	+ 8	+ 9	+ 8	+ 7	+ 5	+ 4	+ 3	+ 3
Plymouth	+ = =	+13	+15	+ 18	+20	+ 23	+22	+21	+ x8	+16	+ 14	+12	+11
Penzance	+ 16	+18	+21	+ 23	+ =6	+29	+29	+27	+24	+22	+10	+16	+16
Killarney		+40	+39	+ 37	+ 36	+35	+35	+36	+37	+ 38	+40	+41	+41

TO FIND THE GREENWICH TIME OF SUNSET AT CERTAIN PLACES IN THE BRITISH ISLES IN EACH MONTH OF THE YEAR.

This Table, similar to the preceding, can be used in the same way to find the approximate time of sunset at places other than Greenwich.

	Jan. z.	Feb.	Mur	April	May	June z.	July	Aug z.	Sept z.	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan.
Cape Wrath	m z6	m.	m. + 8	m.	m	nı. +65	m	m.	m	m + 16	ומ	m.	m
Wick	-32	-16	+ 1	+27	+46 +39	. +57	+70 +61	+54	+34 +a6	+ 8	- 3	- 22	26
Inverness	-20	- 7	+ 8	+ 23	+39	+54	+57	+44	+28	+14	2	-28 -17	~ 32 ~ 30
Aberdeen	-26	-14		+14	+ 29	+43	+46	+34	+10	+ 5	- 0	-23	- a6
Glasgow	- 8	0	+==	+22	+32	+43	+44	+36	+25	+ 25	+ 4	- 6	- 8
Newcastle		- 7	+ =	+10	+ x8	+26	+28	+ar	+ 13	+ 5	- 4	-11	-13
Belfast	+ 6	+12	+ 19	+ 27	+34	+4×	+43	+37	+29	+ 22	+14	+ 8	+ 6
Liverpool		+ 5	+ 10	+ 14	+19	+ 23	+24	+20	+ 16	+==	+ 7	+ 3	+ 2
Dublin Hull		+ 18	+ 23	+27	+31	+ 35	+36	+33	+ 28	+24	+20	+ 15	+ 15
Wolnband		- 7	+ 16	+ 4	+ 9	+14	+15	+ 11	+ 5	6	- 5	-10	11
Birmingham	+ 9	+12	+ 6	+ 20	+24	+ 28	+13	+26 +11	+ 22	+ 18 + 7	+ 14	+10	+ 9
Bristol	+10	+ 4	+ 10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+ 7	+ 5	+ 3	+ s + s
Norwich	-13	11	- 7	- 4		+ 3	+ 3	+ 1	- 3	- 6	-10	-12	-13
Colchester	- 6	- 5	- 4	3	- 2	- 3	- 1	- z	- 3	- 4	- 5	5	- 6
Dover	- 4	- 4	- 5	- 6	- 6	- 7	- 7	7	6	- 5	- 4	4.	- 4
Southampton	+ 8	+ 7	+ 6	+ 5	+ 4	+ 3	+ 2	+ 3	+ 5	+ 5	+ 7	+ 8	+ 8
Plymouth	+22	+20	+18	+16		+11	+11	+ ×3	+15	+17	+20	+ 22	+ 22
Pensance	+29	+27	+24	+ax	+ 18	+16	+15	+ 17	+20	+23	+26	+ a8	+ 29
Killarney	+ 35	+36	+37	+39	+40	+41	+41	+40	+39	+38	+ 36	+35	+ 35

If these Tables be considered in conjunction with a map it will be seen that the places at which the Sun isses at the same moment lie in a slightly curved line across the map, the lines for different moments being approximately parallel. The lines change their inclination to the meridian through ut the year. Similarly for the setting.

Cables for Determining the Latitude

FROM THE OBSERVED ALTITUDE OF POLARIS OUT OF THE MERIDIAN.

TABLE I. Arguments-Local Sidereal Time of Observation.

Local Sidercal Time	Correc- tion			Correc- tion		cal ercal me	Correc- tion.	Loca Sidere Time	al	Correc- tion.	Side	cal creal no.	Correc- tion.
H.M. H. M.		I —	+ H. M.		H M.	+ н. м.		H. M. F	- т. м.		H. M.	н. м.	
0 0 12 0	o 57'1	z 30	14 30	1 1'5	5 0	17 0	40'5	7 40 1	9 40	0.0	10 0	22 O	36'1 38'4
0 10 12 10	0 59.3	2 50	14 40	I O.I	5 20	17 10	38.4	8 0 2	950	3'7 5'5	10 10	22 20	40'5
0 30 12 30		3 10	15 O	0 59 2		17 30	33.8	1 1 -	10 10	10.0	10 30	22 30 22 40	48°6 44°5
0 50 12 50	1 1.2		-3	0 57's		17 50	20.1		0 30	19.9	10 50 11 0	22 50 23 0	46'4 48'3
1 10 13 10	1 2'5	3 40	15 40	0 54 6	6 10	18 10	24'I 31'5	8 50 2	10 50 12 0	18.0	11 10	23 10 23 20	20.0
1 30 13 30	z 3.0	4 0	16 o	0 51 6	6 30	18 30	18.0	9 10 2	10	84 I	11 30	23 30	53'x
1 40 13 40 1 50 13 50	1 3'9	4 20	16 20		6 50	18 40 18 50	13.Q	9 30 1	11 30 11 30	39.1	11 40 11 50	23 40 23 50	54°6 55°9
2 10 14 10	1 28	7 3-	16 30 16 40	0 44 5	7 10	19 0	10'9		11 40 11 50	33.8	12 0	24 0	57 3
2 30 14 30 2 30 14 30	1 1.2	7 3-	16 50			19 20	5'5 2'7	10 0 1	12 0	36.1	1	l	

The corrections in this Table are to be applied to the reduced altitude with the sign found at the head of the column which contains the argument.

TABLE II. Arguments-Local Sidereal Time and Altitude.

7	18 of						_	ALTI	TUDE						Ex.—On April as, at ash. 56 5m. G.M.T.
ន	Sider	0.0	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	\$ <u>5</u> 5	60	65 7	west, the altitude
H.	M.	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0,z	0,1	0.1	o'z	0,1	0.1	0.3	0.2 0	H. M. of Polaris, corrected of for dip, refraction
3	0	0,0	0,0	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0 0.	o 13 o and instrumental o 14 o error, is found to
3	0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0,0	0,I	0,0	0,5	0,3	0.3	0,2	0.3 0.1	0.3	0.4 0.	5 26 o corresponding local
5	0	0,0	0,I	0,I	0,3	0,8	0.3	0.3	0'3	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.8	1.0 1.	3 18 o found to be 10h. 3'5m.
3	0	0,0	I,0 I,0	0,3 0,3	0,3	0.3	0.3	0'4 0'4	0'5 0'4	0.6	0.2	o.8	1,0	1.8 1.	6 so o Ohad. Alt.=46 z7 s
10		0.0	0,0	0,I 0,I	0,1	0,3	0,1 0,8 0,3	0.3	0.3	0'5 0'4	0.2	0.9	0.4	0.8 I	Tables II. + 0.4
13		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	O,I		0.3	0.1	0.I		0.3		

The corrections in this Table are always additive to the reduced altitude.

TABLE III. Arguments-Local Sidereal Time and Date.

Local Sidereal Time.	Jan. z.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May L	June	July 1.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Dec. 32.
н.	,	,	,	,				,		· ·	,		
0	+0.3	+0'2	+0.1	-0,z	-0.2	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1	0.0	+0'2	+04	+0'5	+00
2	+0'4	+0'4	+0'4	+0.3	+0,1	0.0	-0.1	-0.I	0.0	+0,3	+0'4	+0.2	+07
4	+04	+0'5	+00	+0'5	+0'4	+0.3	+0,1	0.0	0.0	+0'1	+0.3	+0'4	+00
6	+0.4	+0.2	+0.0	+0.0	+0.2	+0'4	+0.3	, +o,r	0.0	0.0	0,0	+0.1	+0.1
8	10.8	+0.3	+0.2	+0.6	+00	+0'5	+0.3	+0'1	0.0	-0.I	-0,3	-0,I	0.0
.0	+0.0	+0.1	+0.3	+0'4	+0'4	+0'4	+0.3	+0.8	0.0	-0.2	-0.3	-0'4	-04
12	-0.3	-0.2	-0.I	+0.1	+0.3	+0.3	+0.3	+0.z	0.0	-0.3	-0'4	-0'5	-01
14	-0.4	-0.4	-04	-0.3	-0,I	0.0	+0,1	+0,z	0.0	-0.8	-0'4	-0.2	-0.2
16	-0.4	-0.2	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4	-0,3	-0,I	0.0	0.0	-0'T	-0.3	-04	-06
18	-0.4	-0.2	-0.6	-0.6	-0.2	-0'4	-0.3	-0,I	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.z	-0.3
20	-0,2	-0.3	-0.2	-0.6	-0.6	-0.2	-0.3	-0.1	0.0	+0,1	+0.3	+0,1	0.0
22	0.0	-0.I	~0.3	-04	-0.4	-0'4	-0.3	-0.3	0.0	+0'2	+0.3	+0.4	+04
24	+0.5	+0.3	+0.1	_0.1	-0.5	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1	0.0	+0.8	+0'4	+0'5	+01

The corrections in this Table are to be applied with the signs given. The final result is not to be diminished by z' as directed in previous tables of this kind.

TABLE SHOWING THE VARIATION OF THE HRIGHT AND DIRECTION OF THE SUN IN THE SEVERAL HOURS OF THE DAY THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IN LATITUDE E20 N

D34 7 3920-A	1100	100 02		DAL	4/1	MOU	1110				444 4		000	23 .	··_	
Apparent Time.																
Date.	·	·	-										''-		lt.	Rising or Setting.
Dec. 28 Jan. 21 Nov. 22 Feb. 22 Oct. 22	136	12.2	z66	9.3	152	0 4°3	139				٥		٠. ا	h. m.		131
Feb. 20 Vot. 23	250	-44	104.2	807	140	15 U	3.54	9 1	131	•••	•••		•	••	•••	109
Mar. 21 Sept. 23 Apr. 20 Aug. 23 May 22 July 21	48.5	46.8		42°I	139°	25 4 35 2 42 6	122	17'7 27'0 24'1	108	18.I	95 80	10.1 0.3		5 25 4 55		90 71 54
June 21	50.4		153			45 I				27 '4		18.2		44	30	U

The times in the headline and penultimate column are Apparent. By applying the Equation of Time, the Mean Time is found to which the figures are appropriate.

Alt.—This is given to tenths of a degree, but there may be small differences between the

Att.—Into is given to tends of a degree, but there may be small differences between the morning and afternoon hours, and between the like days of the year. The effect of Refraction is not applied. Azimuth (Az.) is measured either eastward or westward from the N. Az. 45° is equivalent to N.E. or N.W. Az. 135° to S.E. or S.W. E.S.E. or W.S.W. is 1212/5°.

The year is divided into periods of thirty days (with exceptions). The figures for days other than those given can be found by interpolation with approximate accuracy.

Latitude 33° is chosen as an average for England. North or south of this the noon altitude is respectively less or greater by the difference of latitude, and for other times pro rata.

Lolar and Lidereal Time.

TO FORM EQUIVALENT INTERVALS OF SOLAR AND SIDEREAL TIME.

THE length of a Sidereal day is 23h, 56m, 4 cos. of Mean Time. One hour of Sidereal Time is, therefore, equivalent to 50m, 50 cos. of Mean Time, and one hour of mean solar time is equivalent to 1h, 0m, 986s, of Sidereal Time. The multiples and submultiples of the differences from one hour are tabulated below under headings "acceleration" and "retardation"—for the argument (common to both) in the middle columns. If the argument be considered as Mean Time, its equivalent in Sidereal Time is obtained by adding the acceleration. If it is Sidereal Time, its equivalent in Mean Time is found by subtracting the retardation.

Accele- ration.	Argu- ment	Retar- dation.	Accele-	Argu-	Retar- dation.		Argu- ment.	Retar- dation.	Argu- ment	Accelera- tion or Retar- dation.	Argu- ment.	Accelera- tion or Retar- dation.
m. s. o 9'86 o 19'71 o 39'57 o 39'43 o 49'28 o 59'14	hours 1 2 3 4 5 6	m. s o 9'83 o 19'66 o 29'49 o 39'32 o 49'15 o 58'98	s. o'16 o'33 o'49 o'66 o'8s	mins. 1 2 3 4 5	o'16 o'33 o'49 o'66 o'82 o'98	8. 5'09 5'26 5'42 5'59 5'75 5'91	mins. 31 32 33 34 35 36	a. 5'08 5'24 5'41 5'57 5'73 5'90	1 2 3 4 5	8. 0'00 0'01 0'01 0'01 0'01	31 32 33 34 35 36	0,10 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00
1 9'00 1 18'85 1 28'71 1 38'56 1 48'42 1 58'28	7 8 9 10 11 12	z 8.8z z z8.64 z z8.47 z 38.30 z 48.23 z 57.95	1'15 1'48 1'48 1'64 1'81	7 8 9 10 11	1'15 1'31 1'47 1'64 1'80 1'97	6'08 6'24 6'41 6'57 6'74 6'90	37 38 39 40 41 42	6'06 6'23 6'39 6'55 6'72 6'88	7 8 9 10 11 12	0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03	37 38 39 40 41 42	0,11 0,11 0,11 0,11 0,10
2 8'13 2 17'99 2 27'85 2 37'70 2 47'56 2 57'42	13 14 15 16 17 18	2 7'78 2 17'61 2 27'44 2 37'27 2 47'10 2 56'93	2'14 2'30 2'46 2'63 2'79 2'96	13 14 15 16 17	2'13 2'29 2'46 2'62 2'78 2'95	7'06 7'23 7'39 7'56 7'72 7'89	43 44 45 46 47 48	7'04 7'21 7'37 7'54 7'70 7'86	13 14 15 16 17 18	0'04 0'04 0'04 0'05 0'05	43 44 45 46 47 48	0.13 0.13 0.13 0.13 0.13
3 7'27 3 17'13 3 26'99 3 36'84 3 46'70 3 56'56	19 20 21 22 23 24	3 6'76 3 16'59 3 26'42 3 36'25 3 46'08 3 55'91	3'12 3'29 3'45 3'61 3'78 3'94	19 20 21 22 23 24	3'11 3'28 3'44 3'60 3'77 3'93	8.05 8.31 8.38 8.54 8.54 8.87	49 50 51 52 53 54	8.03 8.19 8.36 8.52 8.68 8.68	19 20 21 22 23 24	0.05 0.05 0.06 0.06 0.06	49 50 51 52 53 54	0'13 0'14 0'14 0'14 0'15
	See p. 1	57.	4'11 4'27 4'44 4'60 4'76 4'93	25 26 27 28 29 30	4'10 4'26 4'42 4'59 4'75 4'91	9°04 9°36 9°53 9°54 9°86	55 56 57 58 59 60	9'01 9'17 9'34 9'50 9'67 9'83	25 26 27 28 29 30	0'07 0'07 0'07 0'08 0'08	55 56 57 58 59 60	0'15 0'16 0'16 0'16 0'16

Celestial Phenomena for Observation in 1934.

ECLIPSES.

In the year 1934 there will be four eclipses, two of the Sun and two of the Moon. With a small exception all are invisible at Greenwich.

I. A Partial Eclipse of the Moon on January 30, partly visible at Greenwich. The Moon will rise at Greenwich a few minutes before sunset with a small segment on the lower right-hand side whose greatest breath is equal to about a tenth of the innar diameter in the shadow. This eclipsed portion will decrease in size and the Moon will be clear of the shadow at 3h. 24m.. part of the diac remaining in the penumbra, which it leaves at 7h. 17m.

II. A Total Ectipus of the Sun about midnight at Greenwich of February 13. Invisible at Greenwich. The path on the Earth's surface from which the Sun may be seen totally eclipsed begins its course off the western side of the island of Borneo, crosses the Pacific in a north-easterly direction, and ends in the ocean off the coast of British Columbia. It will include some islands in the Dutch East Indies and in the Caroline group, Boell, o' go' N., longitude 185° 15' E. and Ternatc, latitude o' 45' N, longitude 187° E. and Ternatc, latitude o' 45' N, longitude 189° 26' E., being considered possible as observing stations. Jurnation of totality on the central line in this longitude will be less than 2 minutes whereas in longitude 160° E. it will be a few seconds less than 3 minutes.

Invisible at Greenwich. The Eclipse will happen at about Greenwich noon and will be seen generally from the Pacific Ocean and the land that borders it, the western part of America, the eastern part of Asia and Australia. At greatest phase a portion of the Moon's disc, measured by two-thirds of its diameter, will be obscured.

Moon enters umbra......a6 10 54 12 Middle of the Echpse...a6 12 15 G.M.T. Moon leaves umbra.....a6 13 36

IV. An Annular eclipse of the Sun on Aug. 20. Invisible at Greenwich. The only land from which the eclipse will be seen in any phase is on the continent of Africa, south of so. North latitude. The path from which an Annular eclipse may be seen begins its course in the Atlantic Ocean in so. S. lat, 20. W. long., strikes the African coast at Mossamedes, crosses the continent, including Bulawayo in its width, and arrives again at the ocean at Inhambane. The greatest duration of the Annular phase will be rather more than 6½ minutes, and will occur on the central line in the neighbourhood of Bulawayo. Partial eclipse will be seen from the following places. (The times are 2.M.T.)

Mid.

Begins. Edilsee. Ends.

h m. h m. h m.

cape of Good Hope...o'68

Johannnesburg......0'86

Mauritius0'88

Johannesburg........0'88

Johannesburg........0'88

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES.

			CINTRIBIAL			A AMERICAL TOTAL	·	
Date. G.M.T.	Satellite and Phase	Date.	Satellite and Phase	Date. G M.T.	Satellite and Phase	Date. G.M.T	Bateliite and Date G M.T.	Phase.
Jan. 11. 14. 2 5 5 3 5 32 9 1 29 9 3 34	I. D. Oc. R. HI D. II. R. 1. D.	Feb H. M 17 1 15 17 5 44 17 1 55 17 5 5 24 3 47	II. D Oc. R. I. D. Oc. R I. D.		Oc. R. I. D. Oc. R. II. D. III. D.	April u. u 27 156 27 432 27 23 14 28 20 22 28 23 1	Oc. D 9 23 4 I. R. 10 21 21 III. R. 23 23 25 Oc D. 17 0 52	III. R.
16 1 34 16 4 4 16 5 87 83 4 10 83 6 40 83 7 19 85 1 48	II. D. II. R. I. D. II. B. II. B. II. D. II. R. I. D. II. D.	24 6 52 24 3 51 March 3 5 40 5 0 9 5 3 5	Oc. R.	April 4 2 11 4 4 28 5 20 39 5 23 54 7 19 28 7 21 56	I. D. Oc. R. I. D. Oc. R. II. D. II. R.	5 3 23 5 88 7 6 0 55 9 21 39 12 23 53	III. R. 12 21 1 Oc. D. 19 21 11 I. R. 22 20 49 II. R. 22 21 58 Oc. D.	II. D.
30 6 46 Feb.	I. D.	12 2 2 12 4 50 13 22 22 14 1 59	I. D. Oc. R. II. D. Oc. R	Opp. 12 22 28 13 0 44 14 19 13	I. R.	13 2 49 14 21 18 16 20 9	11. R.	I. R. II. R.
8 1 so 8 3 47 8 5 33 9 28 39	III. D. III. R. I. D. II. D.	15 21 8 15 23 31 19 3 55 20 22 24	III. D. III. R. L. D. I. D.	14 a1 50 15 0 3s 20 0 11 23 8 38	Oc. D. II. R. Oc. D.	21 20 7 21 23 12 23 22 31	Oc. D. 27 6 xx	II. D.
10 3 19 10 0 2 10 3 17	Oc. R I. D. Oc. R.	21 1 0 21 0 58 21 4 16	Oc. R. II. D.		III. R. I. R. Oc. D.	29 1 7 Inne 6 21 30	I. R. Dec. 13 6 sr 1. R. 20 6 so	I. D.

JUPITER'S SATELLITE PHENOMENA.—The above Table gives the Times of Disappearance (D.) and of Reappearance (A.) of the Satellites of Jupiter at Eclipse that will happen when Jupiter is above the horizon at Greenwich and the Sun below. These phenomens are seen simultaneously from all places where the planet is above the horizon at the time. From opposition to conjunction, i.e. from April 8 to Oct. 27, the eclipses take place on the eastern side of the planet; from conjunction to opposition on the western. In the latter periods, i.e. from Jan. 1 to April 7 and in November and December, satellites I and II disappear by eclipse and reappear from occultation at the eastern edge. The times of such reappearances (Oc. R.) are given, the satellite and the time of its disappearance being in the preceding line. From April 7 to Aug. the converse happens, and the times of disappearance by occultation (Oc. D.), and of reappearance after eclipse are

OCCULTATIONS OF STARS BY THE MOON

		UCC	ULTATIO	BNC	OF ST	ARS .	BA THE WOON				
Day	Star	Mag.	Phase an G.M.T	a l	Angle from N. Point.	Day.	Star.	Mag.		.M.T.	Angle from N. Point.
Jan.			н	N.	0	Aug.		1		"IJ, Ж.	0
3	8 Cancri	4'2	1). 6 2	84'5	193	3x	y Tauri	4'3	R.	2 17.2	281
3	δ Cancri	4'2	R. 6	40	221	31	20 Tauri	4'1	R.	a 36'5	248
3	227 B. Cancri	6.4	R. 23	36	300	3x	ar Tauri	5.8	R.	2 40	a8 9
ξ.	A Leonis	4.6	R. o	30	266	31	22 Tauri	6.2	R.	a 46'5	279
22	47 B. Arietis	6.5	D. 17		23	31	B.D. + 23 540	6.8	R.	3 9'5	197
Feb.		- !			- 1	31	B.D. + 24 562	6.2	R.	3 19'5	261
1	48 Leonis	5'2	R. 20	3.2	323	31	W.Z.C. 227	6.6	R.	3 39'5	188
20	7 Tauri	5'9	D. 19:	30'5	24	Sept.	-				
21	y Tauri	4.3	D. 0 :	35	109	3	B.D. + 26° 884	6.2	R.	4 15	257
24	52 Geminorum	6.1	D. 22		77	17	σ Sagittarii	3.1	Ď.	20 7	102
26	u Cancri	5'5	D. 0	20.2	95	19	az Capricorni	6.2	Ď.	22 45'5	62
Mar.				-	!	26	a6 Ariotis	6.3	Ř.	3 46	267
4	75 Virgiuis	5.6	R. 23	16	320	28	Y Tauri	5'3	Ř.	3 35	248
19	W.Z.C. 180	6.0	D. 19	3	76	29	W.Z.C. 359	6.8	R.	0 3	200
22	B.D. + 23° 1082	7.0		30.2	70	32	W.Z.C. 421	7'4	R.	1 50.2	a67
23	B.D. + 25° 1460	6.0	D. 10	10	90	Oct.		′ 7		- 30 3	,
23	W.Z.C. 474	6.6	D. 19	48.2	100		Cominamin		D		
23	37 Geniinorum	5'7	D. 21	54 5	IIZ	I	ω Geminorum	5.2	R. D.	1 1	242
36	& Cancri	4'2	D. 3	2	117	15	W.Z.C. 1300	6.4		17 26	21
26	227 B. Cancri	6.4		20'5	53	24	23 Tauri	4'3	D. D.	19 32	56
27	A Leonis			32.2	106	24	η Tauri	2.0		20 8.2	39 268
Ām.					!	24	23 Tauri	4'3	R.	20 27	
18	B.D. + 26° 884	6.2	D. 10	59`5	145	24	27 Tauri		D.	20 43	78
21	W.Z.C. 563	6.8		*3'5	123	24	η Tauri	2.0	R.	20 58.5	284
25	B.D. + 0 2782	6.3		20.2	100	24	27 Tauri	3.7	R.	21 45	245
May		1		•	i	24	28 Tauri	5.3	R.	21 49	262
17	48 Geminorum	5.8	D. 22	7.2	67	26	125 Tauri		R.	20 34	246
20	W Z.C. 646	6.4		46.5	155	28	e Gentinorum	3,3	D .	0 19.2	26
22	pt Leonis	5'6	D. 23	20	66	26	e Geminorum	3,3	R.	0 47	340
31	φ Sagittarii		D. 1	53	128	31	Jr Cancri	6.4	R.	1 18	318
31		3.3		40	200	Nov.			_		
June			į	•	1	. 2	35 Sextantis	6.z	R.	2 42'5	319
24	4 Scorpii	57	D. 22	26	80	12	B.D aro 5684	6.6	' D.	17 20	122
July		1	į			16	22 Piscium	5'8	D.	18 26	28
24	o Sagittarii	3.3	D. 22	51'5	141	18	ror Piscium		D.	19 9.2	55
24	φ Sagittarii		R. 23		193	21	17 Tauri		р.	63	34
Aug.					i	21	23 Tauri		D.	6 26.2	8s
7	e Geminorum	3.5	R z	44	259	21	17 Tauri	3.8	R.	6 37	318
2x	₩ Sagittarii		D. 10		32	25	58 Geminorum	6.0	R.	5 11 5	309
31	17 Tauri			58.5	113	Dec.	1				
31	7 Tauri	4.3		18.5	39	x	W.Z.C. 772	6.0	R.	4 22	330
31	so Tauri			26.2	72	13	λ Piscium	4.6	D.	23 4	130
31	17 Tauri			47.5	207	23	f Cancri	5.5	R.	20 26	260
	16 Tauri	5.4		2.2	249	30	B.D 13° 3665	7.0	R.	4 55'5	274
		_						•			

The above is a list of stars, chosen within certain limits as to magnitude and phase of the Moon, that will be occulted during the year, with the time of the phase of the occultation mentioned as seen from Greenwich. In general the phase is that which takes place at the dark limb, but both phases of the occultation of 5 Cancri on Jan. 3, of \$\phi\$ Sagittarii on May 31 and July \$\pi\$ and of some other stars are given. All of these occultations will not be seen from Edinburgh and other parts of the British Isles north of Greenwich, but the line of demarcation is not readily defined. The Moon is among the Pleiades on the night of August 30 when the moon is nearly at Last Quarter and on Oct. 24 when two days after Full, both of which occasions should provide opportunity for useful observations. The "angle from N. point" shows the place of disappearance or reappearances on the Moon's edge, and is measured from the point nearest the Pole of the heavens (not the highest point) towards the east.

given, the satellite being named in the second line. Near the time of opposition this pertains to satellite III as well as to I and II as appears on March 23. The eclipse of a satellite is always accompanied by its occultation which precedes the eclipse from opposition to conjunction of Jupiter, but follows it from conjunction to opposition as will be seen by the following examples to be compared with the list of eclipses. Satellite II will disappear by occultation on Jan. 2d. 1h. 13m., Jan. 16d. 4h. 8m., Jan. 23d. 6h. 4m., and will re-appear from occultation on June 25d. 6h. 4m. and July 19d. 21h. 29m. Satellite III will disappear on March 15d. 23m. 29m. a few minutes after eclipse, and on May 4 it will disappear by occultation at 22h. 37m. to re-appear at 3d. 6h. 42m. a quarter of an hour before eclipse. Because of its greater distance from the planet Satellite IV, in some circumstances it escapes and does not enter the shadow thrown by Jupiter and is not eclipsed. This happens in alternate periods of about three years, and a period of non-eclipse is now in progress.

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	Drone		- TP 107	77 AT .	wn T						100 700	OTDT 1	- 40	lespecially	
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(11111111111111111111111111111111111111		1					-			Anno	Despare		Dia-	stars no	VALUE ID
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, vng Urs.	Mai	40	12 50 12 91	53.4	2.99	+ 11	18 49	19 4	Ko Asp		+0.03			parsecs (#	ind Pro-
Spic	inis 2 Maj 2 n 1 Maj 1	.31	13 21	42.7	3 16	- 10	40 2	18.8	Ba		-0.03		III	cyon ha	ve faint
η Urs.	Maj	. 9x	¥3 44	56.5	3.30	+49	3Ś 31	18.0	B3	ox3	-0.01	000		companio	ns, Cas-
η Boo	Maj x tis s turus o tis s	- 80	¥3 5	38 4	2.86	+ 18	43 49	18.1	(to	000		.008	10.8	tor, ζΗ γVirgin	erculls,
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									Ka	008	-0.07			binary sta	
β Urs.	Min2	24	¥4 50	52°6	-0'19	+74	25 31	14.7	K ₅		+0.01	.OII	ðo.ð	drae is a	multiple
β Jabr	re	74	15 13	87°1	3 = 3	- 9	8 30	13.3	138	002	-0.03	•••	•••	system,	ther the
Drac	onis3	47	15 23	27'4	1.33	+50	XX 48	18.6	Ko	003	+0.03	.034	29.4	place of t	
a Core	onis 3	.31	15 3	53 5	2 54 2 95	+26	56 9	12.2	Ao	+ .008	-0.00	.023	18.0	of gravity	
a Seri	nentis 🗷	751	TE 41	. 0,0	8,02	+ 6	37 50	III.4	Ko Bı		+0.02		21.2	mean star	is given.
β' Scor	pii 2 iuchi 3	.03	16 10	35.7	, 3 49 3 14	- 19 - 3	37 34 31 33		K8	001			25°0	Meauplac	
n Drac	eonis 🗷	: 89	x6 23	5.2	0.91	+61	39 4	8.8	G ₅	- '004	+0.00	043	33.8	z. The pe	osition on
Ant	ares I	33	16 2	3 21 '4	3.68	- 26	17 13	8.1	Map	coz	-0.02	.036	38.2	anyothero	
β Her	culis 2 culis 3	. OZ	10 37 16 3	7 22 B	3.26	- 21	37 59	7.9	Ko	008	+0.30		33.3	from this Precession	
k Oph	iuchi 3	42	16 54	32.2	2.84	+ 9	28 3		Ko	031		· 028	35.2		berration
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βOph	iuchi 2	94	17 44	18.6	2 06	+ 4	35 3	1.6	Ko		+0.10	.024	41'7	Apparent	place.
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δ Urs.	Min 4	34	¥7 53	3 29.9	-10.5	+86	30 40	0.2	Ao K5	+ .003	+0.02	•••	•••	poses of n	
y inac	OIII8		47 S	9 4 3	z.30	T51	29 4	0,4	7.5	- 002	-0 02	017	58.8	the Appar	
Veg	ao	2. X4	x8 34	42'2	2 03	+38	43 X	3.3	Ao	+ .016	+0.58			that is rec	
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β Lyra		var	15 4	7 36 5	3,31	+33	27	4.1	Bzp	001	00	000	•••		ON AND
ζ Aqu	ilæ3	.03	1g :	23'5	2.76	+13	45 5	5 3	Ao	001	-0.00	.040	85°0	POLARIS	
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β¹ Cyg	ni 3 ilæ 2	: 24	19 2		2'42	+27	49 X		Kop K2	+ .001		.003	333	1122	R.A. Dec
γ Aqu	air	- 80	19 4. 10 4	3 7'3 7'3	E.03		27 :	0.5	A5		+0.30		4'90		h m. I 38 88 56
P AU	11110	, 90	19 5	. 4 =	2 Q5	+ 6	14 2	8.9	Ko	+ '008	-o'48	.048	12.8		1 38 88 30
θ Aqu	ilæ 3	3'37	20 9	54'0	3, 10	– 1	x (20.6	Ao		+0.01		66.2	Jan. z	71'2 82'1
γ Cyg	ricorni 3 ni 2	77	30 I	33.0	3.33	+40	45	11.2	Ko F8p	+ .004				Jan. 21 Feb. 10	48'z 83'6
a Cyg	nix	.33	20 3	10.8	2.04			12.8	Azp		+0.0x	1	200	Mar. s	6.5 79.3
	- 1				+		-	+					1	11 1	1 37
Cres	ni 3 ni 3 hci 2	64	20 4	32.3	2 43	+33	43 20	13.4	Ko	+ .085	+0.33		24'4 41'7	Mar. zz .	54'8 74'0
a Cep	hci	. 60	21 I	7 0 2	1.43	+62	18 2	14.4	A5	+ .050		.082	15.0	April 11. May 1	20.5 QT.0
e Pega	881 2	· 54	2I 49	20.0	2.02	+ 9	34 X	16.2	Ko	+ .001	+0.51	002	500		
a Aqu	arii 3	1.10	22 1	23'7	3.08	- 0	38 al	3 17.2	Go	+ .001		,000	XXX	June 10	87'5 53'5
η Pega Forn	alhaut 1	. 10	22 E	54.3	3,32	+39	52 3	18.8	Go A3	+ '025				June 30.	1 39
Mar	kab z	57	23 2	: 38.≇	3.00	+14	50 5	19.4	Ão	+ '004	-0.04	. 038	36.3	July 20 .	15'0 52'7
γ Pisc	ium 3	.85	23 X3	3 44'6	3.11	+ =	55 X	129.7	Ko	+ '050	+0.03	-020	35.7	Aug. 9	39'6 55'7
w Pisc	ium 4	.03	23_5	5 55 *	3.08	+ 6	29 5	3 19.0	F5	+ .010	o11	OII	160.0	Aug. 29 .	60 6 60 3
	STARS	Vis	BLE	FROM	THE	Sout	rukr	n He	HISPH	er e —c	ontinu	rd.		Sept. 18.	18'2 66'4
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THE objects of the sky, Sun, Moon, Planets, Stars, appear to us to be fixed on the interior surface of a hemisphere of which the observer is the centre. Actually the various classes of objects are at very different distances. The Moon, our nearest neighbour, is 240,000 miles from us; a distance which light, travelling at the rate of 185,000 miles a second, traverses in less than a second and a half. Of the bodies of the Universe whose distance is known, the farthest is so remote that its light takes over 100,000,000 years to reach us. The nearest star to the Sun is more than eight thousand times as far from it as is the planet Neptune. It is the purpose of modern astronomy to investigate the method of distribution of these bodies in space, their movements and their sizes. Cosmical Physics attempts to deduce their physical nature, and that of cosmical matter in general from the observations of the astronomer, combined with knowledge gained in the laboratory, for the purpose of cinculating their past and future history. The total number of stars of magnitude 6 o and brighter, which is sometimes taken as the limit of naked-eye visibility, is about 4,300, of which 3,000 are visible during the year from latitude 60°, but a more generous estimate, formed by including cases when two faint stars close together are seen as one, sets the whole number at 10.000. By the aid of the photographic plate objects are detected and recorded which no eye can see, even with the best optical aid, and from counts on such plates estimates have been made of the number of stars in the Universe. 2,000,000,000 was once assigned as a limit to their number, but this has been much increased by various estimates. From them 50,000 millions may be taken as the possible total number of stars in the galactic system (v. infra), though twice that number has been mentioned as a reasoned The number in the whole of space is estimate. incalculable.

THE STRUCTURE OF THE UNIVERSE.

The stars as seen are classed according to their apparent brightness and down to the oth or roth magnitude the number of each magnitude is known, all to this order having been catalogued. For fainter stars the numbers have been derived from counts in sample areas. If the Universe is an aggregation of stars in which the individuals of each degree of intrinsic brightness are distributed uniformly throughout an endless space, it can be shown that the number of stars brighter than the 4th magnitude would be about four times as great as the number brighter than the 3rd; the number brighter than the 5th magnitude greater than the number of those brighter than the 4th in the same ratio, and so on indefinitely. When the numbers of stars of different magnitudes obtained by counts are compared it is found that in the case of the brighter stars this star-ratio, as it is called, approaches but does not attain the theoretical value 3'98, and that the ratio decreases continually as the stars are fainter, until at the x6th magnitude it is only about two. The explanation of this observed fact is that the universe of stars accessible to vision is limited; either there are few or no stars beyond a somewhat indefinite boundary, or we are prevented from seeing them by absorbing material distributed throughout interstellar space.
It is established from counts and measured dis-

tances that around our Sun the stars are fairly uniformly distributed at the rate of about one

per no cubic parsecs. It is obvious that a uniform distribution of this nature cannot go on indefinitely, for, if it did, the background of the firmament would be bright, since in whatever direction we looked we should, in time, come to

a star.

To a casual glance it is clear that the stars are not uniformly distributed over the sky, but have a tendency to congregate near the great belt of cloud-like forms which encircle the heavens, known as the Milky Way or Galaxy. Applying the method of sounding by "star ratios" above outlined, it is found that the stars appear to thin out less rapidly as we go out in the plane of the Milky Way than they do in the direction of the galactic poles. The deduction is apparent; the boundaries of the stellar system are more distant in the plane of the Galaxy than they are at the poles. In other words, the stellar system is an extremely flattened organisation, whose general form is, roughly, that of a double convex lens or of a watch. Looking along the galactic plane we find the stars crowding together, as we should expect, since this is the direction of greatest extension, and the Milky Way is therefore largely a depth effect. But examination of its prominent features, the great star-clouds, the irregularities in its form, and the deep rifts in its structure, shows that its appearance is not wholly due to depth, and that the region is the home of bodies and masses other than uniformly distributed stars. This aggregation is known as the Galactic System; it has been called the Stellar Universe, or the Universe, but the name is scarcely well-chosen because, as will be seen below, there are other aggregations which make this system merely a unit in an immense number of such denizens of space.

Statistical study of the distribution of the brighter stars shows that they form a local system that appears to have the same shape in general as the larger system spoken of, but the fundamental planes are slightly inclined one to the other. It was formerly a general belief that the Milky Waysurrounded this congregation of stars as a girdle, whether continuous withit or not was an open question, but a modern view supposes the existence of other local systems similar to this one of which our Sun is a member, all lying more or less in the Galactic plane that may be seen as star clouds in the Milky Way. The greatest condensation of stars as we see them occurs in the bright galactic clouds in Sagittarius, while the opposite portion of the Milky Way is a region of low concentration and brilliancy, from which it inferred that we are not at the centre of the galactic system, but that this is about 50,000 light years from the Sun and is situated in a star cloud seen in Scorpius and Sagitarius (Shapley).

In and around the Milky Way there are irregular nebulae (see p. 143) of which the nebula in Orion is one of the most remarkable that are found to be comparatively near objects and are to be considered as within the Galaxy. There are masses of dark nebulosity that appear as rifts obscuring the stars behind. But besides these there are nebulae of another type that are not seen about our central Galactic plane, though some, it has been suggested, may be hidden by the dark nebulosity, which are thought to be very distant from our Sun and viewed with a powerful telescope are resolved into spots of light believed to be stars. Such nebulae were called by William Herschel "Island Universea."

THE T	CWENT	Y BRIG	HTES	ATS T	RS.	TW	ENTY	NEA	R STA	R8.	
Star.	Mag.	Light Received.	Spec- trum.	Dis- tance in Par- secs.	Luminos- ity.	STAR.	Mag.	Spec- trum.	Dis- tance in Par- secs	Abso- lute Mag	Luminos- ity.
Sirius* Canopus	- o : 86	100 52	A F	300.0 3.40	91,000	Munich I. 15040.	0.2	G M M	1.86 1.38	4'7 13'4	0.0002 1.3
Vega	0.14	31	G	8.1	59	Wolf 359 Lalande 21185	7.6	M		10.0	0,000
Capella Arcturus	0.31	19	K	13.3	150	Sirius*	-1.6	A	2.70		3x.6
Centauri		17	G	1 32		B.D 120 4523	9.5	_		12.3	0.0013
Rigel	0.34	17	B	167.0	20.000	Innes' Star	11.4			14 4	0,0008
Procyon*	0.48	15	F	3.31		Cord. Z. 5/1. 243.	9.8	M		11.2	0.008
Achernar .	0.60	13	B	30.4	240	τ Ceti	3.6	K	3.12	9.z	0.363
β Centauri	o 86	II	A	27.8	, -,	Procyon*	0.5	K	3.31	3.0	6.46
Altair	0.89	10	Ma	4.0	11	61 Cygni*	3.8	K	3.33	8.0 6.3	0.38
Betelgeuse	Var.	10	K	58.8	1,500	Lacaille 9352		M	3.33	9.7	0.013 0.00
Aldebaran	1,00	8	В	17.2		Struve 2164*	7·4 8·8		3'48	11.1	0.004
Spica Pollux		8	K	9.00		Groombridge 34*	8.1	M		XO'4	0.002
Antares		8	Mp	38.2	490	e Indi	4.4	K	3.22	7.0	0.199
Fomalhaut	1.30	7	A	2.30		Kruger 60*	9.2	M		11.3	0.003
Deneb	1.33		Ap	300.0	18.000	Van Maanen's	13.3	M		14.3	0.0002
Regulus	1.34	7	B	27.8	86.7	Lacaille 8760	6.65	M	3.08	8.6	0.034
β Crucis	1.20	6	В	125.0	3,930	Altair	0.0	· A	4'90	2.4	10.2

The last columns show the light emitted compared with that by our Sun, considered to be of magnitude -so 1g on the stellar scale. al Centauri is the brighter of two bright stars seen as one by naked eye; they have a faint companion, Proxima. al, al, cruck, if considered as one star (Mag. 1g) would have been in the first of above lists.

* Brighter component.

nebulæ, and being, to some degree, of the same shape as, and bearing other resemblance to our own galactic system, are believed to be similar systems perhaps in course of making. most distant of them has been found to be perhaps 140 million light-years from us.

To sum up modern ideas of the Cosmos we consider our Sun as one of millions, perhaps, that make up our local system. This, with other local systems and other bodies, make up the galactic system, which is merely one among millions of such systems that form the Universe.

Attempts have been made to estimate the dimensions of this Universe of stars. Four thousand light years was a former estimate of the diameter of our local system, but a more recent one is of the order of vo,ooo. The larger diameter of the galaxy is estimated to be more than vo,ooo light years. The clouds of Magellan, the nearest of the external galaxies, is estimated to be about 100,000 light years from us, but others are at a distance varying between a million and a hundred million.

EXPANSION OF THE UNIVERSE.

Einstein in his recondite mathematical researches amended the law of gravitation by adding a minute "cosmical term" to the ordinary attraction, the effect of which was a repulsion from an origin varying directly as the distance. He conceived a Universe in which matter is distributed with uniform density, and is in equilibrium owing to the balancing of gravitational attraction and cosbalancing of gravitational attraction and cos-mical repulsion, the nebulse and stars being presumably knots or conglomerations of this matter. Dr. de Sitter of Leyden, in sgr, made a modification of this, which led to an hypothesis predicating large velocities of recession for distant objects, because at great distances "comical repulsion" gets the upper hand. Another method of dealing, with the mathe-matics left it uncertain whether the Universe was exhauding or contracting and at this stage observational evidence bearing on the question accrued.

In the spectra of a few of the distant extragalactic-nebulæ (see p. 142) that have been observed there was a displacement of the absorption lines, which, according to Doppler's principle (see p. 145) indicated a velocity of recession. This observational work has been followed up at the Lowell and Mount Wilson observatories, and it appears finally from a considerable amount of evidence, after making certain allowances, that the spiral nebule are running away from us, the speed of recession increasing with increasing distance. The speed may be taken roughly as 500 km, per sec. per megaparsec distance (see p. 14.5), at which rate they will double their distance from us every 1,400 million years. It may be added that the nebule and other bodies do not change in size but only the distance between them.

These rather extraordinary conclusions that are bound up with conceptions of space, and its limitations, have not passed without philosophic and general discussion.

STAR SPECTRA.

Most of the bright stars and many of the fainter have been examined with a spectroscope, and have been divided into classes according to their type of spectrum as indicated by the lines which cross them, the spectral types being named by the letters O, B, A, F, G, K, M, N. This sequence is very closely correlated with the colours of the stars, and hones, doubtless with their surface temperatures. The stars of the first two classes, O and B, have spectra characteristic of helium and hydrogen. Planetary nebulae, some stars known as Wolf-Rayet, in whose spectrum the chief lines are bright, and the bright stars of Orion generally are in this group. Stars whose spectra range between A and F-1t is to be remarked that there is no rigorous line of division between the classes and that there are subclasses and spectra noted as was expanding or contracting, and at this stage "peculiar"—are white or blue stars, and in their

spectra broad absorption lines of hydrogen are conspicuous. In the next groups—If to G, and G to K—lines characteristic of metals appear, fine but numerous, and the stars of this class are yellow. The spectrum of our Sun falls late in the group If to G. The characteristic of the spectra of the remaining classes, M (and N), is the existence of a considerable number of flutings, and the stars are orange and red. Antares, Betelgense, and a Heronlis are notable stars in sub-classes of this type. (I. Supra.)

STELLAR EVOLUTION.

The early stellar spectroscopists believed that they were investigating the chemistry of the stars and finding the material of which they are composed. It was thought that the hydrogen shown by the spectrum of Strins would some day change into calcium, which is a leading characteristic of the solar spectrum, and hence that Sirius is in an earlier stage of development than the Sun. The modern view, based on laboratory experiments, is that the spectrum shows the radiative power or, in other words, the surface-temperature of the star, and that the hydrogen lines in the spectrum of Sirius, for instance, do not indicate an excess of that element, but, rather, that the star is at the temperature (10,000°C) when those lines are prominent. The Sun is at a temperature of 6.000°C, which is known from the fact that light of wave-length 4800 Angstroms is most abundant in its spectrum. This type of spectrum is characteristic of iron. Formerly the theory of stellar evolution was very simple. It was believed that stars began by being very hot and then cooled down, their spectrum changing in type until they arrived at a condition that gave a spectrum of type M and then disappeared. But about the year 1913 a hypothesis was propounded to the effect that in the beginning all stars are of Class M. That some pass through certain stages to become white hot stars of type B, and then return to Class M.

THE SIZE OF THE STARS.

By the help of certain physical laws the rate of emission of energy per unit area of a star's surface can be deduced from the colour of the light that is emitted most profusely as shown by its spectrum, so that as the whole luminosity is the total outpouring of energy, it is easy to understand that the area of the surface can be deduced, and hence the diameter of the star. Writing generally, the size of the majority of the stars estimated in this way is of the same order as that of our Sun, though some may he so times as large, others smaller in the same ratio. The bright red stars, of which there are not many, are giants having diameters soo times or more that of our Sun. There are a few stars of peculiar quality known as White Dwarfs that and weight.

The augular diameters of large stars can be measured with an "interferometer," the active principle of which is the interference of light waves. If the distance of the star is known it is clear that its linear diameter can be deduced, and in this way the following have been found which may be said to agree with the values derived from consideration of the surface brightness as above outlined:—

ABSOLUTE MAGNITUDE.

This phrase implies the luminosity of a star irrespective of its distance. Actually it is the number that evpresses, according to the usual system of stellar magnitude, the brightness of the star as it would be if it were at the distance of 10 parsecs (parallax $\phi:r$ "). If the distance of a star is known, its absolute magnitude can be computed from its apparent, σ r, if the absolute and the apparent magnitudes are known, the distance of the star can be determined, the numerical relation between M the absolute and m the apparent magnitude being M=m+5+5 $\log \pi$, where π is the decimal fraction indicating the parallax of the star.

DISTANCE OF THE STARS.

The distance of the stars from us is so immense that its determination is a difficult problem, and not until comparatively recent years has it been effected in any quantity and with much certainty. The direct or trigonometric method of determination of a star's parallax, as this quantity is called (see p. 140), consists in measuring the minute difference of direction of the star as seen from different points in the Earth's orbit. This is now usually done by photographing the star and its surroundings at appropriate epochs and measuring the change in relative position. A spectroscopic method of finding parallax through the absolute magnitude has been evolved. It has been found that in the spectra of stars the ratio of the intensity of certain pairs of lines is a function of the absolute magnitude of the star. In stars of great luminosity, for example, a certain Calcium line is strong, whilst a line due to Iron is weak, but in a star which emits a small amount of light the case is reversed. Applying this principle to stars whese chatance has been found trigonometrically, a table correlating the above characteristic with absolute magnitude has been formed by which the actual luminosity of a star may be inferred, and honce its distance.

The distance of a group of stars may be found by the following method. If it is possible to know the mean parallactic movement (see Stetlar Motion) of a group of stars, the mean parallax or distance of this group follows from a simple computation. In other words, the space through which our Sun travels, which is about twice the diameter of the Earth's orbit in a year, is taken as the base-line with which to measure the distance of the stars. The parallaxes of some binary stars have been found by a computational method assuming a value for their mass

(hypothetical parallay).

Tor some distant objects a method is adopted depending on a peculiar property of a class of stars known as "Cepheid Variables." These stars show very regular fluctuations, coming to maximum at intervals which range from a few hours to several days, and it has been found that the length of this period has a relation to the mean absolute hrightness of the star. Those stars which have the longest period are the brightest, and a definite law has been evolved connecting the two elements. These Cepheid Variables are very common in globular starclusters—the peculiarity was, in fact, first suggested by a number seen in the lesser Magellanic cloud—and by adopting this law it is clear that the great distances of such clusters may be known from a simple observation.

To express large distances a large unit is required. One of these is the space that light moves through in one year, which in miles is 6 followed by zs zeros; another unit is the parsec, or the distance at which the mean radius of the or the distance we which clieffield reduced the Earth's orbit would subtend an angle of r' (paral-lax = one second). This is 3% times the light year and is represented roughly by a followed by 13 zeros. The kiloparsec as equivalent for 1,000 passes and the megaparsec for a million are words now in use. There is also a unit little used called the Siriometer, which is equivalent to a million times the distance of the Earth from the Sun.

Within the sphere of xo parsecs radius about the Sun as centre, there are rather more than a hundred stars whose distance has been measured. It is probable that more than that number remain to be discovered.

STELLAR MOTION.

Many, if not all, of the so-called Fixed Stars are gradually changing their positions relative to one another, the movement of each star being called its Proper Motion. The seven bright stars of the Great Bear would on this account have formed in prehistoric times a configura-tion rather different from that seen to-day Consideration of these proper motions has led to the conclusion that they are in part due to actual movement in space of the stars themselves, but in part to the movement of our own Sun, which causes an apparent motion of the star in the opposite direction, this latter being called the star's parallactic motion. In this way, it has been found fairly conclusively that the Sun, and with it the Earth and planets, is moving through space with a speed of 19.5 kilometres per second towards a point on the celestial sphere not far from the bright star Vega, speaking roughly, for there are differences in gas have been proposed. In the determinations of the position of this point. The Proper Motions of Stars of spectral pressure plays a minor part.

type F and G are found to be much larger on the whole than those of other types, and it is therefore to be supposed that these classes are nearest to us. It has already been mentioned that our Sun is of this spectral type. By an optical principle known as Doppler's, it is possible to find from certain peculiarities of the lines in its spectrum the rate of which possible to mu from certain peculiarities of the lines in its spectrum the rate at which a star is approaching or receding from us. The "line of sight" or "radial" velocities of many stars have been found in this way, but the possibility that such spectral peculiarities may be due to causes other than motion is to be remembered.

THE INTERIOR OF A STAR.

Astronomical physicists explore the interior of a star on the assumption that it is a volume of perfect gas whose molecules are in incessant motion, which constitutes its temperature, in which pressure, density and temperature con-form strictly to a certain relation (Boyle's Law). It is further assumed that the gas has adjusted itself to mechanical equilibrium so that the heat at any point within the star supplies just enough pressure to support the weight of the gas above it and hence is deduced the density and temperature at any point within a star, its mass and radiative quality or luminosity. It is believed that annihilation of its matter is the source of a star's energy, and that as a star grows older its mass lessens. A relation between mass and luminosity found to hold in the case of certain stars for which these qualities are known is thought to hold generally, the more massive stars being the brighter, though a small class of stars of very high density known as "White Dwarfs," of which the best known is the companion to Sirius, do not conform

Alternative hypotheses to that of the perfect gas have been proposed. In one the interior of a star is considered to be liquid, and radiation

STAR CLUSTERS AND NEBULÆ.

Among the apparently solitary stars there are found groups of stars gathered close together, some of which may be easily separable into individuals, others that can only be separated by the most powerful telescopes, and objects that appear as unresolvable patches of light; the latter are called nebulæ, and were aptly described by Sir William Herschel as "shining fluid."

A short list of the more interesting of these various objects is given herewith.

No in New General Catalogue.	Messier's or Herschel's Number	R.A.	eclin- tion zgeo.	Constellation.	Appearance.
224 598 869 & 884 1952 1976 2070 2099 2168 2632	M 31 M 33 H VI. 33, 34 M 1 M 42 M 37 M 35 M 44	1 39 + 8 15 + 5 30 + 5 31 - 5 39 - 5 47 + 6 4 +	29 38 56 45 28 0 5 27 69 19 32 30 24 20	Andromeda Perseus Taurus Orion Dorado Auriga Gemini	Very brilliant oval nebula, visible to naked eye. A large nebula. Fine double cluster, visible to naked eye. The well-known "Crab Nebula" of Lord Rosse. Large and splendid nebula, visible to naked eye. Great "Looped" nebula—visible to naked eye. A fine cluster of stars. Magnificent cluster of stars. "alled "Presepe," or the "Bee Hive"—visible
3372 5194 5272 6205 6494 6543 6720 6853 7089	M 51 M 3 M 13 M 23 H IV. 37 M 57 M 27	10 42 13 86 + 13 38 + 16 39 + 17 58 17 59 + 18 51 + 19 56 +	59 16 47 35 28 45 36 35 19 0 66 35 32 55 23 30	Argo	to naked eye. 'Great nebula surrounding η Argûs. Brilliant spiral nebula. Spiendid cluster of stars, yer fine cluster of stars, visible to naked eye. Fine cluster of stars, Bright planetary nebula. Beautiful ring of bright nebulosity. Large nebula formed like a "Dumb-Bell" or "Hour-Glass." Splendid globular cluster of stars. Magnificent cluster of stars.

There are nebulæ called planetary that are small, regular in outline, and show a uniform disc. Analogous to these are some which are dark in the Analogous to these are some which are carry in the centre called annular or ring nebule. Beyond this the spectroscope divides the nebule into two great classes. The first spectroscopic observation of a nebula, made by Huggins in 1864, showed a spectrum of one bright line only, which indicated that these bodies, or at least come of them, are constituted of claving case. some of them, are constituted of glowing gas. Later investigation showed that the spectra of some nebulæ are continuous, such as might arise from a cluster of stars. These are called "white" nebulæ, in distinction to those with bright line spectra, which are "green" or gaseous. Photography supplies means of studying the number and form of nebulæ in detail. and it is found that a large proportion of them are of spiral form. They are the extra-galactic nebulæ already spoken of, and of these about two millions are visible in the zoo inch telescope at Mount Wilson. The gaseous green nebulæ are in a small minority, and are generally diffused and irregular in outline and lie mostly in the Milky Way. The smaller, the so-called planetary Milky Way. The smaller, the so-called planetary and stellar nebulæ, do not markedly avoid it as do the spirals which lie in a zone of the sky, roughly at right angles to the Galaxy. Globular star clusters also lie outside the Milky Way, but immediate clusters are within its limits. There are also masses of Dark nebulæ in space which may be the earliest form of matter. Though it is not possible to measure their distances directly, several lines of argument lead to the conclusion that the spiral nebulæ are very far away; that they are scattered fairly uniformly away; that they are scattered tarry informing through space, and that their average distance apart is of the order of s.coo.coo light years. They have been much studied as to form and brightness, and with a certain system of classification the hypothesis is put forward that nebulæ of the same class are approximately of the same size, and hence that their relative distances may be inferred. Distance of the order of \$50,000 parsecs has been assigned to M 31 and M 33 (see Table) from observation of the Cepheld variables they comprise (see p. 144), and from this their actual size has been deduced. The diameter of M 32 (the Andromeda) is about 13,000 parsecs.

VARIABLE STARS.

Although the stars generally shine with unchanging brightness, there are some among them which are exceptions to this rule, and of these Algol, the star β of the constellation Perseus, is the best known. In general this star is of about the second magnitude, but at regular intervals of something less than 69 hours it fades away to between third and fourth magnitude, taking rather more than 4½ hours to do so, and taking rather more than 4% hours to do so, and after a brief minimum regains its light in the same time. It is thought that this is due to partial eclipse by a dark companion that moves in an orbit round the bright star. The approximate times when this star will be at minimum in the months when it is suitably placed for observation are given in the table on page 44. The position of Algol is given by R.A. 3h. 4m., Declination 40° 42′ N.

There are variable stars of types other than those like Algol. The Cepheid variables have an average period of about 7 days, and the rise from minimum to maximum takes only about one.

minimum to maximum takes only about onethird of the whole period, so that the decrease of light is more gradual than the increase. It has

been suggested that this may be due to a pulsabeen suggested that this may be due to a pulsa-tion or periodic swelling and contraction of the star. A peculiarity of these stars has been mentioned (seeplage 144). Stars of the \$Lyre type pass from minimum to minimum in about 6½ days, but are not of the same brightness at all minima, the alternate being equal. There are variable stars with periods ranging between 30 and 500 days whose difference of brightness during a light-cycle may be as great as 9 or 10 magnitudes. The spectra of most of these long-period variables show bright emission lines at period variables show bright emission lines at time of maximum, and a periodic outflow of incandescent gases and vapours is suggested as the cause of the light variation. Mira Ceti (R.A. sh. 16m., Declination 3° 18' S.) is the most famous of these. It will probably be at maximum in February this year, when it will be visible in the early evening. Its magnitude at maximum is between s and g, and at minimum, 9 or re.

There is a group of 8 or 9 stars of a remarkable type known as the U Geminorum which for most of the time are of uniform or nearly

uniform magnitude, but undergo periodic out-bursts that generally last a few days. The majority of this group are of auth or asth magnitude at maximum, though U Geminorum itself is of the 5th, and the mean range in mag-nitude is about 4%. The outbursts may be said intime is about 4%. The outbursts may be said to happen every so or 30 days, but this period is frequently much exceeded. SS Cygni is included in this group, though its variation is very erratic. RS Ophinchi, normally a faint star, has been known to increase in brightness by several magnitude. nitudes at long and irregular intervals, so that it has been classed as a Nova rather than a long-period variable. An outburst of this star happened in August, 1933. Also there are a few variable stars whose characteristic is the opposite of that of the class just mentioned; they are ordinarily bright, but sometimes become faint without warning and remain so for a year or more, varying very irregularly until they again attain their normal brightness. The star R. Corone Borealis, normally of magnitude 6's, which gives the name to this class, has been observed since the year 2843, and up to the year 2845 forty well-marked minima had been recorded, ranging between magnitudes 7 and 25 in brightness and from a months to za years in duration. A variable star with the remarkably short period of rather more than an hour and a half was discovered a year or two ago.

NEW OR TEMPORARY STARS.

The phenomena known as "Novae" or "New" Stars can scarcely be classed as variable stars, for the rise to maximum, so far as is known, occurs only once in their history. Generally the Nova appears in the place of a star of faint magnitude which may have blazed out into conflagration. but on the other hand the juxta-position may be merely fortuitous and the phenomenon may be the sudden visibility of a mass of dark nebulous gas which by some means has become igneous. gas which by some means has become igneous. The great brilliancy, which occurs very suddenly, is short-lived, for there follows a rapid fall, and in a few months the object emits, perhaps, r per cent, of its light, whilst in a decade it falls to roth or rath magnitude or fainter, and in some cases shows a decided variability. About thirty bright stars of this kind visible since the time of Minnerous at 10 are on word. the time of Hipparchus 134 B.C. are on record.
A list of 13 that have been seen since 1848 will be found in previous issues of this Almanack,

		MI	NIMA OF	ALGOL	(B PERS	EI) IN 19	934-		-
JANUARY.	FPBRUARY.	March.	APRIL	Jui v.	August	SPPTFMBPR	OCTOBER.	NOVFMBPR	December
16. H. 2 6 5 3 7 83 10 20 13 17 16 14 19 11	B. II. 2 19 5 16 8 12 17 9 14 6 17 3 20 0	3 II 6 8 9 5 12 1 14 22 17 19 20 16	D. H I 3 4 0 6 21 9 18 12 14 15 11 18 8	D. H I 21 4 18 7 15 10 12 13 8 16 5 19 2	D. H. 2 10 5 7 8 4 11 1 13 21 16 18 19 15	D H 2 23 5 20 8 17 11 14 14 10 17 7 20 4	D. H. 1 15 4 18 7 9 10 6 13 3 15 83 18 20	D. II 2 4 5 1 7 28 10 19 13 16 16 18 19 9	3 17 6 14 9 11 12 8 15 5 18 1 20 88
25 4 28 I	25 17 26 14	23 13 26 9 29 6	21 5 24 2 26 22 20 10	21 23 24 20 27 17 20 12	22 12 25 9 28 6 31 2	23 I 25 22 28 18	81 17 84 14 87 11 30 7	28 0 28 0 30 20	23 19 26 16 29 13

These are approximate times of the middle of the period of diminished light.

together with an account of the changes in the

spectrum that have been generally observed.

No convincing reason for these phenomena has yet been given. The speculation has been put forward recently that novae are explosions of white dwarfs, and another that a faint star collects a covering of gaseous inter-stellar matter. That they occur as the result of collision of two stars has been argued.

DOUBLE AND BINARY STARS.

The large majority of stars when looked at through a telescope appear as single points of light of different degrees of brightness and perhaps differing slightly in colour. Some, however, are seen to consist of two, or more, com-ponents, and the measurement of the relative position of these forms a branch of observational astronomy. This duplicity would happen if one star lay in space immediately behind the other; but there are more double stars than would accrue if this were the only reason, and it is evident that the greater number of double stars are formed by components actually near together, which, it is likely, have a gravitational connection. This idea of connection was not held in early days and Sir Vim. Herschel who, in 1779, was the first to begin their systematic observation, was careful to call these pairs Double Stars, not wishing to imply anything more than nearness, though by that date it had already been suggested that two stars seen near together were gested that two seas seen near concerner as a actually contiguous and formed a physical system. Twenty years later Herschel adopted this idea, and used the word Binary as the name for those known to have physical connection. It is clear that limits of distance must be set, and, in general, a separation between the components of less than about 30 seconds of arc defines a double star. As to the lower limit it is found possible with a large telescope to measure dislances between two stars as small as a fifth of a second. There are in the sky 15,000 to 20,000 stars between these limits that have been measured and catalogued. The number is given varuely for it is being added to continually. Cirsae Majoris (Mizar), the middle star in the tail of the Great Bear, is said to be the first double star discovered (1650). Its components of and and 4th magnitude are separated by 15 seconds. It has a companion, Alcor, of 5th magnitude in minutes distant that can be seen separately by the naked eye, but this does not come within the definition. Castor and y Virginis are other bright stars that consist of two components of about the same brightness separated by a few seconds. Sirius and Procyon are very bright stars that each have a very faint star as com-

panion, and between these types there are many other and various combinations of magnitude. Observations of Mizar, extending over 150 years, do not show any change in the relative position of the components, but from similar measures of the other stars mentioned, it is deduced that the twin components are moving round one another in elliptic orbits. In the case of y Virginis the orbit is completed in about 180 years. Other visual binaries have periods that range from 10 to ago years, but a method (see below) other than direct visual observation reveals the existence of binary stars revolving in orbits in periods that may be a few days or only a few hours.

SPECTROSCOPIC BINARIES.

As mentioned on p. 245, it is possible, from certain peculiarities in a star's spectrum, to deduce the speed with which any star-is advancing towards, or receding from, the earth. As a result of their motion around one another, the two components of a binary star will, in general, be respectively advancing towards, and receding from, the earth at different rates, and when both components are bright enough for their spectra to be visible, the spectrum of a binary star shows two distinct sets of lines, which oscillate about their mean position in a period equal to the period of the star. There are many stars of this kind with components so close together that they cannot be seen as two visually, but whose orbit may be determined from observations of their spectrum. Such stars are called Spectroscopic Bluaries. One discovered in 1922, known as Plaskett's star, 8.D. 6°2309, has a period of 14°42 days, and is the most massive and brightest star (absolute magnitude) whose elements are known.

Colours of Double Stars .- The components of close double stars that differ little in brightness show little or no contrast in colour. The com-ponents of Caster are said to be both yellowishgreen by one observer, and by another brightwhite and pale-white. The components of y Virginis are both pale yellow to one observer, silvery white and pale yellow to another. The components of o' Eridani of magnitude o's and ro's are both blue. Following are some | examples in the opposite sense. The stars named are all physically connected and have had their orbits computed—the magnitudes of their components are shown by the figures η Casslop, 4°0, 7°6, yellow, purple; ε Hydrae, 3°0, 6°0, yellow, blue; το Ophiuchi, 4°5, 6°0, yellow, purple; Procyon, r, ra, yellow, green: 25 Canum Ven, 5°0, 8°3, white, blue; Sirius, z, zo, white, yellow.

THE Sun is one of the millions of stars that make up the Universe, and, so far as human knowledge goes, in magnitude and constitution is not unlike the stars of the night sky. It is surrounded by a family of smaller bodies of which our Rarth is one, and the Solar system, which is only a minute detail in the structure of the Universe, is the observing station from which we look out in all directions across the great distances which separate us from the other members of the stellar system.

The Solar or Planetary system consists of the Sun, with eight major planets, and minor planets or asteroids, that may be counted by thousands, circulating round it at varying distances in oval-shaped orbits. A moving object discovered in the year 1930 is said to be a ninth major planet have smaller bodies circulating around them, so that each forms a separate system, but all the bodies receive their light and heat from the Sun.

The periodic comets which return to perihelion at regular intervals may be considered to be members of the Solar system, since they move in elongated elliptical orbits of which the Sun is at a focus. It is likely that their light is reflected sunlight, since they become brighter as they approach the Sun, but also that they are partly visible by their own light.

The plane of the Ecliptic in which the Earth moves round the Sun (see p. 152) is used as a

The plane of the Ecliptic in which the Earth moves round the Sun (see p. 153) is used as a fundamental plane of reference. The other planets move in planes inclined but little to the plane of the Ecliptic, at varying distances from the Sun, and describe orbits in periodic times which are connected with the distances by a certain relation known as Kepler's 3rd law. The squares of the periodic times vary as the cubes of the semi-major axes. Following are given brief notes on each of the bodies which make up the Solar system, with details of their sizes, distances from their primary, and periodic times in tabular form (pp. 153, 154). The time of rotation about its axis, or the length of the day of the planet, is added when this is known. (See p. 12a.)

THE SUN.

The surface of the Sun. seen in a telescope, presents a mottled appearance formed by a darkish background on which small brilliant patches are scattered, the shape of these being such that they have been called alternatively rice-grains or willow leaves. On this surface, or amid the material forming it, black spots appear sporadically, and around them are brilliant streaks called faculae, which are conspicuous when the spots are near the edge of the Sun. Bright and dark streaks unassociated with spots, generally called flocculi, can be seen in the central parts of the disc with a spectrohelioscope. There are also brilliant clouds of calcium vapour pervading the solar surface that are revealed by a device called a spectroheliograph, by which the whole of the Sun's disc may be photographed by the light of any element, and of that element only. Modern views describe the spots as columnar vortices which have a deep-seated origin farbelow the photosphere, and assume that a sunspot is a vast tornado in which electrified particles are rapidly whirled, as is proved by the presence of a magnetic field. The spots vary in size and number, and increase and decrease somewhat uniformly in both respects, passing

through a maximum about every eleven years. They increase at a rather more rapid rate than they decrease. From measures of their position on the disc and by help of the elements given on page a of each month the latitude and longitude theliographic) of the spots can be computed. It is seldom that spots appear in latitudes greater than 30° from the solar equator, but about the time of spot minimum or rather earlier small spots appear in even more extreme latitudes, and during the succeeding eleven years the spot regions converge towards the solar equator (Sporer's Law of Zones), and at time of maximum the spots are largely in solar latitude sa'to sa'N. and S. The periodicity was first noted by Schwabe, of Dessau, in the year 1843 from a comparatively few years' observations, but re-cords of earlier years and a continuous and complete record made subsequently prove the existence of a period of average length of rai existence of a period of average length of zzi years from maximum to maximum, though there are large variations from this mean as shown by the table below. The prominences (v. infra) also show a fluctuation in their activity in a also snow a nuculation in their activity in a period of the same length, and the form of the solar corons changes with the Sun-spot cycle in a most marked way. Not only this, but there are some terrestrial occurrences that vary in like phase with these solar, which seems to show convincingly a connection, or at any rate a relation, between Sun and Earth (see page 156). The Sun markers or it are is about set days. The Sun rotates on its axis in about 35% days, which is shown by the movement of the spots across the visible disc, but because the Earth has moved in its orbit in that time the period of rotation with respect to the Earth, the Synodic period, as it is called, is 27% days, and a spot may therefore be on the visible disc for 13 or 14 days. These are approximate mean values, for the Sun does not rotate as a whole solid body, and the rate of rotation is not the same in all latitudes. A formula derived from the Green-wich record of spots during the period 1878-1933 gives for the time of sidereal rotation in different latitudes, either north or south :-

	d.	h.	1		đ.	h.
Equator	25	I	Lat.	15°	25	8
Lat. 5°		*				
	25		١,,	300		6

These figures refer to both hemispheres of the Sun. The addition of a days gives approximately the period of rotation with respect to the Earth.

DATES OF SUN-SPOT MAXIMA AND MINIMA.

Max	rima.	() Mini	ma_i
1802.3	1870.6	1810.6	1878 g
1816.4	1883.0	1883.3	x889 · 6
x820.0	1894.1	1833.0	1901.Q
1837.8	1906.4	1843.2	1013.1
x848 · x	1917.7	1880.0	1983.6
1860. I	1987'5	1867 a	

A general decline in solar activity continued in 1933, and it seems that the sun-spot minimum may have been reached in the latter half of the year. But this is not yet to be definitely stated

year, but this is not yet to be definitely stated. When the intense light of the Sun is and of by the interposition of the dark body of the Moon in a total solar eclipse, appendages called prominences that are generally described as reddish coloured, but were white when viewed from aeroplanes on the occasion of the eclipse of 1997, June 29, are seen projecting from the Sun's

edge. These consist of masses of glowing hydrogen gas arising from the chromosphere, being edge. sometimes of remarkable shape and extending to enormous heights, and are occasionally detached from the body of the Sun. It is possible to observe these at times other than when the Sun is eclipsed. In the lower strata of the Sun's envelope are found the vapours of many metals, known by their characteristic lines many metals, known by their characteristic lines shown in the spectroscope. Another appendage of the Sun outside the chromosphere, called the Corona, can only be seen during total eclipses. The lower portion of the corona consists of a pale green light containing hydrogen; the upper is a beautiful mass of silvery white light, in form of feather-like plumes, with dark spaces between, sometimes as long as twice the Sun's diameter. The corona appears to vary in shape and extension according as the eclipse occurs at the period of maximum or minimum of Sun-spots, which was realised, perhaps for the first time, at the eclipse of 1878, July ag, when the corons was of the pronounced minimum type, with long streamers on either side mum type, with long streamers on either side called the "wind-vane." Solar eclipses are total only when seen from places on which the shadow of the Moon falls, and an eclipse is seen partial from localities not far from this path of totality, because the change in the observer's position places him out of the cone which envelops both Sun and Moon. There are more solar eclipses than lunar in the proportion of four to three taking the whole earth into account; for any given station the proportion is reversed. (See p. 152.)

MERCURY.

Mercury is the nearest planet to the Sun, and the smallest in the system. Because it moves in an orbit between the Sun and the Earth this planet can never be seen far from the Sun, but is always at a short distance to the West or to the East of that body. In the former case Mercury appears as a morning star and in the latter as an evening star. The extremes of these apparent excursions are known as Greatest Elougations, and their times and the distances, measured by the angle included between the lines which join the Earth to the Sun and the planet respectively, are given in the third page of each month. The great ellipticity of the orbit of hiercury causes the amount of these Elongations to vary considerably, and they may be as small as 16° or as large as 28°. Eastern elongations, as 16° or as large as 28°. Eastern elongations, when the planet is seen as an evening star, occur at intervals of about 116 days, as do Western, and the best opportunities of seeing the planet are before the Eastern elongations in the spring and after Western elongations in the autumn. This year Mercury is likely to be visible as an evening star in February and June, and in the morning in August and in the first part of December. Mercury shows phases to the Earth like the Moon in her first quarter if the elongalike the Moon in her first quarter if the elonga-tion be in the East, and like her last quarter if in the West. (See p. 152.)

Venus, which is nearly twice as far from the Sun as Mercury, its distance from the central body being rather more than two-thirds that of the Earth, is almost exactly the same size as our class. as our globe. Her apparent movement with respect to the Sun is similar to that of Mercury,

the angles of Elongation exceed those of Mercury, and extend to 47°. Writing generally, it is believed that the planets rotate on axes as does the Earth, but this is not known to be the case for the interior planets Mercury and Venus, because of the idifficulty in seeing any points on their surfaces that may be considered peron their surfaces that may be considered permanent, though a marking called the Anchises streak is said by some observers to persist. Attempts to discover the rotation period of Venus have shown that it may be about ag or as hours, or as days, or asg days which is the period in which it completes its orbit round the Sun. With this divergence it can scarcely be said that any neriod is proved. A scheme practised that any period is proved. A scheme, practised in America, of photographing through screens of coloured glass (see Mars below) applied to or coloured giass (see Mars below) applied to this planet leads to the suggestion of an outer covering of cirrus cloud, and markings seen on the photographs taken in ultra-violet light appear to indicate a period of rotation of 3s days. This planet will be seen in the early evening sky at the beginning of this year and in the dawn from March to September.

MARS.

Mars, the first planet whose orbit is exterior to that of the Earth, is a little larger than Mercury and considerably smaller than Venus and the Earth. Details of his distance, size, and period will be found in the table. Mars is in opposition at intervals of about two years, because it moves at a rate not greatly different from that of the Earth. It will not be in opposition this year, and will be seen principally in its latter half as a morning object. Mars, like Mercury and Venus, exhibits phases, but in a much less degree than those planets. Its disc departs from exact circular form, or is gibbous, only to the extent of one-eighth of its diameter. The other superior planets are too far away to show very appreciated to the extent of the able phase, though traces of it are sometimes to be detected in the disc of Jupiter.

Unlike Mercury and Venus, Mars exhibits many well-defined markings, which enable its rotation period to be well ascertained. There are white spots at the poles of rotation that appear to be snow, or some material that melts, since they dwindle, or even disappear in the Martian summers. The remainder of the surface of the disc is made up of dark bluish-grey areas that were at one time thought to be water but are now regarded as regions covered with out are now regarded as regions covered with vegetation and extensive areas of ruddy or orange hue, largely in the northern hemisphere, that may be of the nature of sand or rock. These markings may be considered permanent, though they suffer small changes apparently due to cloud formation above them. Among these markings are some of such dimensions that they may be properly called "canals," but certain fine, straight markings seen by some observers, but not by others, have received this name, which is certainly unfortunate, as it has been taken to imply that they are of manual construction, but for this there is no sufficient construction, but for this there is no sufficient evidence or proof. The possibility of com-munication with Mars, which in some minds has been strengthened by the advent of wireless telegraphy, is fantastic.

A method of investigating the surfaces of the

as our globe. Her apparent movement with planets was evolved a few years ago by photo-respect to the Sun is similar to that of Mercury, graphing through "colour filters." The light except that, being farther from the Sun, and nearer to the Earth than her smaller neighbour, sensibility, passes through a screen that absorbs

some light rays so that one colour only affects the plate. The moon, planets and terrestrial laudscapes have been photographed in this way, and comparison of the various results has suggested an interpretation. In the case of Mars the telescopic features as described above come the telescopic features as described above come out very strongly in red light, but fade away as the colours approach the violet end of the spectrum except that the white polar can increases in strength, all of which is interpreted as showing that Mars has an atmosphere of considerable depth and obscuring power, sporadically cloud-bearing, and that the white polar spot is an atmospheric phenomenon. The consistent of an atmosphere on Mars has for question of an atmosphere on Mars has for long been a matter of discussion, and to this these experiments form a valuable contribution, though they may not supply a final answer. The two satellites of Mars, Phobos and Definos, were discovered by Asaph Hall in 1877. The rotation period of Mars is approximately 24h. 37m.

THE MINOR PLANETS.

Moving in orbits, which in general lie between those of Mars and Jupiter, are a large number of small bodies called minor planets or asteroids. Every year a considerable number of additions are made to the list, more than two hundred having been discovered in 1931, and nearly that number in 1932. These large numbers show that as yet there is no prospect of exhaustion, and it is evident that the discoverers are finding planets of a smaller class. The orbits are determined as observatious accrue, and a planet with au orbit is given a permanent number and perhaps a name; but until that is done it is known by letters according to a system. At present there are about z, zeo on the permanent list, and perhaps a thousand that are awaiting further investigation. The four largest, found in the early years of the 19th century, are—Ceres, 48s miles; Pallas, 304 miles; Juno, 118 miles; and Vesta, 423 miles in diameter. Nome of these celestial bodies are perhaps nothing more than

great masses of rock flying round the Sun.
The periodic times of their revolutions vary considerably, and an average may be taken as 1,600 days, or 4½ years. Some of the orbits are very oval, and the inclinations of their planes to the Ecliptic have considerably different values. The inclination of Pallas is 35°, whilst that of Juno is only 13°. As has been said, the orbits in general lie between those of Mars and Jupiter, but there are some that pass those imits. One planet, Hidalgo, travels out as far as Saturn's white the Park of Saturn's content than Park of Saturn's Content of the Park of Saturn's Content of Saturn orbit; another, Eros, comes within that of Mars, and may be in some circumstances within 13 or 14 million miles of the Earth. Discoveries of two such planets with abnormal orbits were made in 1932. One found by M. Delporte, of Uccle, and known now as Amor, has an orbit which, like that of Eros, lies partly within that of Mars, but at its least distance is just over 10 million miles of the Earth's orbit. The other planet, 1932 HA, comes still nearer to the Earth, and was only The perihelion point of its orbit is within 7½ million miles of the orbit of Venus, and there is an approach to the Earth's orbit at two points within about 3 million miles. The period of this planet is about 18 years, which is the shortest in the record. It was considered to be of magnitude us is in May last. Its diameter is estimated to be about a mile, so that it is one of the smallest of the asteroids.

JUPITER.

The next planet in order from the Sun, Jupiter, is the largest in the system, and has a diameter eleven times that of the Earth. Its density, however, is only 4th that of the latter. On viewing Jupiter through a telescope it will be viewing support burying a telescope to wan seen that the disc is not circular, but its form is an oblate spheroid, believed to be due to the rapid axial rotation, which causes a flattening at the poles and bulging outwards at the equator. The same effect is produced on all the planets in more a less derive.

in more or less degree.

In more or less aggree.

Jupiter has four principal satellites, which were the first celestial objects discovered by the telescope. Gallico, who observed them in January, stre, is said to be the first, but Simon Marius has good claims to be considered an independent discoverer. It has also five much fainter satellites which are far beyond the powers of small telescopes. One of them was discovered with the 36 inch refractor at the Lick Observatory in 1892. The remaining four, which are extremely faint, were detected by means of photography and are regarded as among the most difficult to see of celestial objects. The inner two of the major satellites are each about as large as our Moon, the two outer about 50 per cent. larger.

The characteristic surface features of Jupiter are the bright zones separated by dark belts to both of which the names Equatoria, Tropical and Temperate apply in analogy with the zones on the Earth. Examination by telescope shows detail and markings which, in many cases, are largely permanent. Of them the best known is the Great Red Spot and its surroundings situated on the southern edge of the south Equatorial on the southern edge of the south Equatorial Belt. There are records of an observation of a spot by Hooke in 1654 which may have been an early appearance of this; the Rev. W. R. Dawes figured it in the form of an ellipse resting on the south equatorial belt of Jupiter on Nov. 27, 1857, and in 1878 it came under general observation. A bay or hollow in which this spot is set was noted by Schwabe in 1832, and is still seen. A remarkable circulatory motion in the South Tropical Zone was detected in 1931-32 and remained in 1932. Observation of Squall and remained in 1933. Observation of small spots showed a rapidly flowing current along the S. edge of the S. Equatorial Belt from the Red Spot Hollow to the marking known as the Red Spot Hollow to the marking known as the South Tropical Disturbance, where it crossed the S. Tropical Zone and travelled back along the N. etge of the S. Temperate Belt. A thin dark line that bisects the Equatorial Zone is known as the Equatorial Band, and corresponds in position with the terrestrial equator line. The South Equatorial Belt is similarly divided by a bright region into two components, the Southern of which is at times faint and not to be disof which is at times faint and not to be dis-tinguished from the South Tropical Zone.

The rate of rotation of the planet is found by taking transits of spots or, in other words, by noting the exact times when markings are on the central meridian, and differences in the times given by different markings is a matter of interest. The surface of Jupiter, like the Sun, does not rotate as a whole, but individual zones of latitude appear to move at different rates. Two systems are in use for defining the rates. Iwo systems are in use for defining the positions of markings on Jupiter. In System I., which pertains to the rapidly moving Equatorial Zone of the planet, the period of rotation is taken as 9h. 50m. 30 os. System II. applies to the Temperate Zones, and in this the time of rotation is 9h. 55m. 40 65s. The rotation period of the Red Spot has been found by taking a mean over a long period to be 9h. 55m. 37s.

The sixth major planet in order from the Sun In state major placet in order from the Sun is unique in appearance because of its entireling ring-system, which renders it magnificent as a spectacle and an interesting object for telescopic observation. The system consists of two bright rings and an inner dusky ring through which the rings and an inner classy ring stricting which the body of the planet can be seen. A marking on the outer ring known as Encke's division is sometimes seen, but it is doubtful whether this is a real separation. The rings appear to be flat annular discs of extreme thinness in the same plane which is inclined 28° to the plane of the Ecliptic, and it is shown that neither of them can be a coherent mass or in one piece either solid or liquid, as in that case it would be diffi-cult to account for their stability. They probably consist of an immense number of minute bodies revolving like satellites round the body of the planet. Belts like those on Jupiter, but of not so pronounced a character, are seen on Saturn. so pronounced a character, are seen on Bautin Photographs of this planet, taken by ultra-violet light, show a wide dark belt near the equator which may or may not be an extension of the dusky ring. Saturn shows a bulging at equator, the ratio of the polar to the equatorial diameter being as 13½ to 15, an eccentricity of the ring with respect to the Ball has been suspected. Saturn has ten satellites, situated outside the

rings; some of the former are visible in telescopes of low power. Titan, the largest satellite in the solar system, is about one and a half times the size of our moon, whilst Iapetus is nearly the same size as our satellite.

Titan was discovered by Huyghens in 1655, Tethys, Dione, Rheaand Iapetus (see table p. 153) by J. D. Cassini towards the end of the 17th century. Sir Wm. Herschel discovered Mimas and Enceladus in 1789, and Hyperion was observed for the first time, almost simultaneously by Bond and Lassell, in September 1282. The most distant, Phebe, which was first seen in 1898 (photographically by W. H. Pickering), moves in its orbit in retrograde direction like the two exterior satellites of Jupiter, VIII. and IX. Themis, which is called the tenth satellite, though it appears not to be the farthest from Saturn, has been observed once only since its discovery in 1900, and its reality is doubtful.

Saturn's equator rotates in about rol hours. There is some reason for supposing that, as in the case of Jupiter, the period of rotation is different for different latitudes of the planet. (See p. 116.)

URANUS.

This planet, discovered by William Herschel at Bath in 1982, is only just visible to the naked eye. It will be in the evening, sky in the early mouths of 1934 and at the end of the year, being in opposition on October 13. In a telescope Uranus is distinguished from the stars around by its disc, which is obvious though less than 4" in diameter and by the quality of its light in diameter, and by the quality of its light, which is less piercing than that of the stars. The two outer and brighter of its four satellites were discovered by Wm. Herschel in 1767; the two inner by Lassell in 1851. The Shakesperean origin of the names of the two outer, Titania and Oberon, is obvious; the names of the two inner, Ardal and Industrial Control of the Control (Harva Ariel and Umbriel, were taken from Pope's "Rape of the Lock" A hundred years ago it was thought that Uranus had six satellites, neighbouring stars

having been mistaken for attendants. All four move in a plane which is inclined &co to the plane of the ecliptic and in that plane they move retrograde, or in the opposite sense to the revo-lution of the planets round the Sun. If, however, the plane of their movement is regarded as inclined 98° to the plane of the ecliptic, their revolution may be considered direct. It is generally supposed that the plane in which the satellites move is that of the planet's Equator. A period of rotation has been determined both by spectroscopic observation, its value being rely hours, and the direction the same as that of the satellites.

NEPTUNE.

This planet is a telescopic object of about the 8th magnitude that was detected on September 25, 2846, by Prof. Galle of the Berlin Observatory, as the result of mathematical deduction from as the result of mathematical deduction from irregularities shown by the observed positions of Uranus, made by Adams of Cambridge and Le Verrier of Paris. Its single satellite, which was discovered by Lessell in October of the same year, moves in a plane inclined 33° to the plane of the Ecliptic in a retrograde direction like the satellites of Uranus. A period of axial rotation of the planet of 734 hours has been inferred from variability of its light, and another of twice that length from spectroscopic observations, which is length from spectroscopic observations, which is adopted. Triton has been suggested as the name of Neptune's satellite, but is not generally used.

PLUTO.

In the early months of 1930 a series of plates taken and examined at the Lowell Observatory showed a moving object that is considered by some to be a major planet, not far from the position which Percival Lowell had predicted for an extra-Neptunian body. There is little or no doubt that there is a body moving in an orbit consistent with that being its class, and the elements of such an orbit have been computed. The period is 26 years. The distance from the Sun at aphelion is nearly 50 astronomical units and aphelion is nearly 50 astronomical units and aphelion just within the orbit of Neptune. Its plane is inclined 19 to the plane of the ecliptic. The orbit is said to be so of the ecliptic. The orbit is said to be so similar to that predicted by Lowell that the resemblance cannot be due to accident. Though reasons have been adduced to show that this body must be of the size and mass of Mars or the Earth, there is no proof that it is other than an abnormal minor planet (q, v), and Pluto does not yet appear as a major planet in the British Nautical Almanac.

THE MOON.

Neither Mercury nor Venus, so far as is known, has a satellite; the one satellite of the Earth is the Moon, which is quite familiar to us. The mean distance of the Moon from the Earth is about 339,000 miles—mear enough for us to get a more complete knowledge of its surface conditions than complete anowage of its surface contributions than we can of any other member of the Solar system. Only one side of the Moon is seen from the earth, but every region of the Moon is presented to the Sun in turn, and neglecting hypotheses as to the possible existence of a lunar atmosphere and its effects, it seems likely that there are rather remarkable changes of tem-perature: in the lunar day of half a month it must be heated to an extreme degree, and in the other half subjected to cold equal to that

	I3.L	UMINAT	ed Portic	ns of	THE DIS	CS OF MI	RCURY	AND VI	inus, 1934	4	
Date,	Mer- cury.	Venus.	l'ate.	Mer-	Venus	Date	Mer- cury.	Venus.	Date.	Mer-	Venus.
Jan. 21 Feb. 20 Mar. 22	o'998 o'420 o'391	o.081 o.081	April st May az June so	o'750 o'923 o'876	0.210	July so Aug. 19 Sept. 18	o · o83 o · 952 o · 873	0.844 0.828 0.844	Oct. 18 Nov. 17 Dec. 17	o'453 o'502 o'978	0.884 1.000 0.880

When the above numbers are less than e 500 the planet is horned, when greater than e 300 it is gibbous until unity is reached, when it is full.

of interstellar space. Her diameter is rather of interstellar space. Her rate of motion through the firmament is 13" to 35" per day, which implies that she travels over a space slightly exceeding her own diameter in one hour. The average time from a New Moon to the next range 6 hours and more on either side of this. When seen through a telescope the surface of the Moon presents many objects of great beauty and interest. A small instrument will show the chief "seas," plains, mountain ranges, ringplains, and crater-pits The question as to the plains, and crater-pits The question as to the origin of these formations, whether they may have been caused by volcanic action, or, on the other hand, by the impact of meteors, forms an interesting subject for discussion. It is believed that the Moon was at one time part of the Earth, and became detached.

When the Earth passes between the Sun and Moon, the Earth's shadow sweeps across the Moon and causes a lunar eclipse, which may be either total or partial as in the case of solar eclipses, but there is the difference that the phase of a lunar eclipse is seen the same from all places where the Moon is above the horizon at the time. Solar eclipses can take place only at New Moon, and lunar eclipses only at Full Moon. (See p. 149.)

The Full Moon which occurs near the Autumnal Equinox rises at nearly the same time, about on several consecutive evenings. Because in earlier times it was thought that this was specially ordained to facilitate the ingathering of the crops the phenomenon was called the Harvest Moon. The Full Moon which follows this is called the Hunter's Moon.

A FEW OF THE CHIEF LUNAR YORMATIONS.

Wedge-shaped Valley of the Alps.—Near the central line of disc, towards the north, a cleft 83 miles long and 3/5-5/ miles broad.

Apermines.—An extensive mountain range some-

what similar to terrestrial features. Visible to maked eye when projecting into the dark

to hased eye when proceeding into the dark part of the disc. Length, 450 miles; highest summit (Huyghens) reaches 18,000 feet. Aritharchus.—A lunar crater in N.E. quadrant. The brightest object on the Moon This crater is visible as a luminous spot when all the surrounding region is involved in shadow.

Mare Cristian.—A dark grey oval plain visible to naked eye near W.N.W. limb of Moon. Ex-tends see miles N. to S. and 354 miles E. to W. Well seen five days after new or a few days after full.

Mare Serenitatis - Lies S of the Moon's centre, and extends over 428 miles. A nearly circular dark plain. Contains a crater, Linne, formerly suspected of change. This mars is visible to

naked eye.

Clavius — One of the finest craters on the Moon,

crater 54 miles in diameter and 16,600 feet deep. Central hill nearly a mile high. Tycho is the centre of a remarkable system of bright rays radiating from it, and they are very conspicuous at the time of full moon. In its region (8. limb) the Moon's surface is so studded with craters that it resembles an immense honeycomb.

THE AURORA BOREALIS.

This phenomenon may be considered more terrestrial than celestial. It sometimes happens that an unusual luminosity is seen in the northern sky in the form of streamers, arches, and condensations. This is regarded as showing the outer limit of our atmosphere, and its height has been determined by means of simultaneous photographs taken from two or more stations so to 60 miles apart. It is found that very few aurone are below so miles high, and above that level the number increases rapidly, the most frequent height being at about 63 and 66 miles. Above 66 miles the number gradually diminishes, but some have been measured as high as 400 miles. It is suggested that the aurora is due to electrical discharge caused by charged particles shot into the earth's atmosphere from the Sun. An auroral display generally happens about the time of the occurrence of a terrestial magnetic storm (see p. 136). There is some evidence of a tendency for a display to be repeated after an interval of sy days, which is the period of rotation of the Sun with respect to the earth, and they are more frequent at times of sun-spot maximum. A prominent line in the green in the spectrum of the aurora has given rise to much study and has lately been shown by laboratory experiment to be due to a mixture of oxygen and helium bombarded by high-speed electrified particles, but as this line has been found to be present in the light from the night-sky in non-polar regions when no amora is visible it may be that this line is not directly connected with the phenomenon.

THE ZODIACAL LIGHT.

This is an appearance whose cause is not completely understood, to be seen only from places distant from towns and cities where the air is free from smoke and the darkness of the sky is not affected by the glare from artificial lights. At such places in northern latitudes it shows, when the moon is absent, as a cone of faint light stretching up slantingly from the point of the horizon that is above the Sun in the direction of the coliptic, and therefore is best seen before sugrise in the autumn months and after sunset in Spring because at those times that direction is inclined at a large angle to the horizon. From high elevations in the tropics it may be seen throughout the year. A distinction is sometimes made between this and the Zodiacal Band which is an even and about 145 miles in diameter. Situated on fainter phenomenon and a prolongation of the Zodiacal Light. This is said to extend entirely Tpoko.—Towards 8. limb. Has been called "the across the sky, forming a complete ring, and metropolitan orater of the Moon." A fine there is at the point exactly opposite to the

				~~~	. Lyounii					) )
			TH	E SAT	TELLITES.					
NAME.	Star mag.	Mean dis- tance from Primary	Perio Side Revol	d of real ution.	Namp.	Star mag	Mean dis- tance from Primary	Re	riod idere olut	пĺ
	' '	Milen	υ н.	M.	'	Sati	Miles	D	H	M
	The Ea	irth.			Mimas	IS	117,000	ه ا	22	37
Luna		238,840	27 7	43	Enceladus	12	157,000		8	53
	•		-, ,	73	Tethys	11	186,000	1	31	18
	Mar	8.			Dione	11	<b>238,000</b>	=	17	41
Phobos	1	5,850		39 18	Rhea	10	332,000		I#	25
Deimos	12	14,650 i	1 6	18	Titan	81/	771,000	15	22	41
	Jupit	er.			Themis (see p. 151)	17	934,000	20 21	-6	34 39
V. Unnamed		-	0 11	571/2			2,235,000		7	54
I. Io			1 18	37/2	Phœbe	14	8,000,000		12	~
II. Europa	51/6		3 13		,,	Ura				
III. Ganymede	5	664,000	7 3	42 1/2	Ariel			. 3	12	29
IV. Callisto	6	1,167,000	16 16	32	, Umbriel				3	<b>a8</b>
VI. Unnamed	14.	7,110,000		40	Titania	14 1/			16	56
VII. Unnamed		7,390,000	260 I	24	Oberon	14%	365,000	13	11	7
VIII. Unnamed		14,940,000	735 21	36	(Marit and	Nept				_
IX. Unnamed	16/2	14,940,000	7450	0	(Triton)	. 13_	231,500	5		3

Sun a patch, a few degrees in diameter, of slightly brighter luminosity called the "Gegen schein" or 'counter glow." The Zodiacal Light has been said to be a mere atmospheric effect, but this is inconsistent with some of the chief features of its appearance. It may be the manifestation of a widely scattered appendage of the Sun in the plane of the ecliptic, or, it has been suggested, it may be sunlight reflected from a vast concourse of meteoric systems. There is some slight evidence that it may be prominent at times of magnetic disturbance.

#### METEORS.

Bodies of another kind that belong to the Solar system are the meteoric streams, which give rise to occasional showers of meteors, falling stars, or fireballs, and are all the same class of object, the distinction being only one of size, They are visible in varying number on every night of the year, and are sometimes so abundant as to be quite spectacular. There is some reason to suppose that meteor swarms are the remains of disrupted comets, and that, for example, Tempel's comet is the parent of the Leonid meteors. Meteors were seen on Oct. 9, 1926, and a smaller shower on Oct. 9, 2927, from a radiant point in Draco at 262°, + 25° which appeared to have been derived from Glacobini's comet of 1900, that passed perihelism in December 1935. This comet was again observed last year (1933) when it returned to perihelion in July, and a very profuse display of meteors occurred on Oct. 9. A shower may be expected on the same date this year. The comet Pons-Winnecke, whose orbit resembles that of a meteor stream that has supplied a display (1916), at the end of June, was also observed at its return last year. The real paths of a great number of meteors have been computed, and the average heights are about 70 miles at the beginning and about 48 miles at the end, the speeds varying from 10 to 45 miles per second, but occasionally these limits are passed. Shopping or very hight limits are passed. Fireballs, or very bright neteors, form a very important branch of meteoric astronomy. These objects make their appearance at all times of the year unexpectedly. so that they are often imperfectly noted and computation of their flight is not practicable. On March 5, 1933, at 7.45 p.m., a very brilliant fireball was observed in the Orkneys and Shetlands. Its light was so intense that at

	1		Neptune.	
_	(Tr	iton)	13 23:	1,500 5 21 3
•	No.	Epoch 2934.	Radiant Point,	Name of Shower
ŀ			R.A. Dec	
٠,	1	January 2-4	231 + 51	Quadrantids.
	2	January 29	236+25	a Coronids.
,	3	February 10-13	147-11	A Hydrids.
,	4	February 22-28	155+14	a Leonids.
1	5	March 1-4	166+4	τ Leouids. ζ Bootids.
	6	March 11-12	218+12	Bootids.
•	7	March 24	161+58	β Ursids Maj.
		April 10-13	219+13	ζ Boötids. Lyrıds.
	9	April zo—zz April zz	271 + 33 274 + 25	Herculids.
r	10	May 2-6	337 - 1	y Aquarids.
8	12	May 11-18	337 + 87	& Coronids.
3	13	May 30	333+#7	n Pegasids.
ì	14	June 3-7	252 - 22	a Scorpiids.
	15	June 27-30	213+53	Pons-Winneckelds
7	16	June 27-30	245+64	η Draconids.
-	17	July 711	343 + 12	a Pegasids.
Э		July 24-26	305-12	a Capricornids.
θ.	19	July 27-31	339-11	δ Aquarids. γ Andromedids.
i	20	July 30-Aug. 3 August 10-12	23+42 46+57	Perseids.
	31	August 11	61+48	μ Perseids.
,	23	August 10-16	<b>893+53</b>	e Cygnids.
•	24	August 16	284+44	a Lyrids.
	=5	August az-25	6+11	y Pegasids.
r	26	August 21-25	agz+6o	o Draconids.
r	27 28	September 3-4		a ('ygnids.
í		September 4	348+s	y Piscids. • Perseids.
	29	September 6	61 + 36	η Aurigids.
θ	30	September ar-as		a Arietids.
,	31	September 22 September 27		e Piscids.
ì	38	October 8	77+33	Anrigids.
•	34	October 9		B Draconids.
ġ	35	October 15-16	31+9	£ Arietids.
8	36	October 17-12.	92+15	Orionids.
t	37	October 15—16 October 17—22 October 21—23	45+6	a Cetids.
1	38	Oct.ag—Nov.a	43+22	· Arietids:
е	39	November 5	61 + 35	e Perseids.
ţ	40	Nov. 15-17	152+22	Leonids. K Taurids.
f	41	Nov. 14-17	63+ss s5+43	Andromedids.
	48	Nov. 17—23 Nov. 26—28	155+36	μ Ursids Maj.
i	43	November 28	63+82	r Taurida.
	45	Dec. 7-9	81 + 23	Z Taurids.
t	46	Dec. 11-14	113+32	ζ Taurids. Geminids.
i	49	Dec. 23-23	130+19	8 Cancrids
t	48	December 31	104+33	0 Geminids

#### ELEMENTS OF THE SOLAR SYSTEM.

Orb.	Meun Dist Su Radii of Earth's Orbit.	min Millions of Miles.	Sidereal Period	Synodic Period.	Inclina- tion of Orbit to Ecliptic.	Diameter.	Mans compared with Earth.	Period of Rotation on Axis.
	Orbit.	At I ton.	Yrs Days	Days		Miles.		d. h m.
Sun	_		-	20,0	'-'	864, 000	333.435	25 18 O
Mercury &	0.30	36.0	0 88	216	7 0	3,000	0 04	88 ?
Venus 🕈	0.25	67.2	0 225	584	3 24	7,600	0 83	(See p. 149)
Earth 🕀	1,00	98 9	1 0	_	0 0	7,927eq.	1.00	<b>23 56</b> , ,
Mars 6	1.28	141'5	1 322	760	2 52	4,200	0.11	24 37 1/2
Jupiter 4.	2.30	483.3	11 314	399	1 19	88,700eq 82,800 p.	318	9 50
Saturn h	9'54	886.1	29 167	378	1 2 30	75,2000Q 67,200 p.	} 95	10 14 1/2
Uranus H	19.10	1,782.8	84 6	370	0 46	30,900	15	10 49
Neptune 😲	30.07	2,793 5	164 280	3671/2	1 47	33,000	17	15 40 ?

APPARENT DIMENSIONS OF SATURN'S RING, 1933 | Major | Missor

Date.	Major Axis.	Minor Axis	Date.	Major Axia	Minor Axis	Date.	Major	Minor Axis	Date	Major	Minor Axis
Jan. 10 Feb. 11 Mar. 15	34 '90 34 '58 35 '10	+9°.49 +8°.50 +7°.70	April 16 May 18 June 19	36°40 38°28 40°38	+7'20 +7'10 +7'48	July 21 Aug. 22 Sept. 23	42°05 42°56 41°67	+8.27	Oct. 25 Nov. 26 Dec. 28	36.01 35.40 36.01	+9.41 +8.66 +7.63

This table gives the angular dimensions of the outer limit of Saturn's outer Ring as seen from the The + sign shows that the N. side of the Ring is presented to the Earth throughout the year.

Scalloway, near Lerwick, the sudden illumina-tion startled people in brightly-lit rooms. The track of another seen at 9 p.m. on Feb s., 1933, lay over the English Channel S. of Sussex, with heights of 60 miles to 37 miles and a length of 40 miles. The speed was 16 miles per second.

Meteorites are large meteors which actually reach the surface of the earth, and are much rarer than either shooting stars or fireballs. One of these bodies fell in North Wales on April 14, 1931, the descent being accompanied by thunderous reports and earthquake-like rumbles. The meteorite broke up before reaching the earth, and a fragment weighing soz was picked out from the hole it made in the ground, the rest of the pieces being probably lost in the sea.

On the previous page is given a list of the days when meteor showers may be expected, with the radiant points from which the meteors diverge. The dates given are those on which meteors may be expected in fair numbers; but

COMETS Cometa that revolve in elliptical orbits round the Sun as focus, and return to view at periodic intervals, may be considered members of the Solar system. The periods that have been con-Solar system. The periods that have been confirmed by returns range from 3½ to nearly So years, whilst a few other computed orbits show periods as large as a million years. Other comets move in parabolic courses and apparently do not repeat their visits to the Sun.

Those that revolve in periods from 31/3 to years are specially numerous. Their paths extend outward to the region of Jupiter's orbit, and from this circumstance they are termed Jovian comets.

The comets Pons-Winnecke and Giacobini-Zinner that were expected were detected in 1933, and returned to perhelion within a day of their predicted times. The comet Wolf (z), whose return to perhelion is predicted for 1934.

March, was observed on July 25, 1933. Encke's comet, which has the unusually short in some cases the range of apparition extends 'period of 3/2, years and has been observed at considerably beyond; the Perseids, for example, every return since 1818, should be at perihelion have been seen from the beginning of July to in September, 1934. A considerable number of the end of August. The radiant in these instances corresponds to the date of maximum.

Alternative names of stars (see pages 140, 141)—Polaris = a Ursae Minoris; Aldebaran = a Tauri; Rigel =  $\beta$  Orionis; Capella = a Aurigae; Betelgeuse = a Orionis; Sirius = a Canis Majoris; Castor = a Geminorum; Procyon = a Canis Minoris; Pollux =  $\delta$  Geminorum; Regulus = a Leonis; Spica = a Virginis; Arcturus = a Boötis; Antares = a Scorpii; Vega = a Lyrae; Fomalhaut = a Fiscis Australis; Altair = a Aquilae; Markab = a Pegasi; Achernar = a Eridani; Canopus = a Argūs; Mizar =  $\zeta$  Ursae Majoris.

			NOMICA
	Solar Parallax		8 · 80"
ŀ	Precession for the year 1934		50.964
	Constant of Nutation		0.31
i	Constant of Aberration		20'47
l	Mean Obliquity of Ecliptic (1934)	220 26'	E2.33"
ı	Moon's Eq. Hor. Parallax	E2'	J. 23,
	Earth's Orbital speed per sec	18 406	miles.
	Velocity of Light in vacuo per sec.	186.22E	miles.
١	Solar motion per sec 19'5 km.	= 13.1	miles
1	Pole of Galactic Plane R.A. 291° 1'	(or sah.	44 92.)
١.	(Newcoumb) Dec. 26° 8	N	77 """
	(21 000 00 110 )	•••	

۸.	L CONSTANTS.	
		R.A. 270° Dec. 34° N.
	Solar Apex (Doss)	M.A. 270 Dec. 34 N.
ı	Length of Year	Tropical365 24220
1	(In Mean	Sidereal365 25636
	Solar Days)	Anomalistic365 25964
. :	Shur Duye)	Allomanacic305 a3904
	i	(Perihelion to Perihelion.)
•		Eclipse346.6300
		d. h m. s
٠.	- 12 45- 15	
.	Length of Month	New Moon to New 29 12 44 2'8
. 1	(Mean Values)	Sidereal
	(	
4		Anomalistic

(Perigee to Periges)

spheroid, or a solid of revolution whose meridian sections are ellipses not differing much from circles, whilst the sections at right angles to these are circles. The length of the Polar axis, coording to a recently accepted determination (Hayford) is 7,900 o miles and the diameter of the Equatorial circle 7,926 7 miles. The suggestion has been made that the Equator is not an exact circle, but the supposed deviation from circulation. larity was small, and the fact has not been proved. The mean density of the Earth is g. 5 times that of water. The Earth moves round the Sun in a plane which passes through the Sun's centre, or, to write with more precision, Sill's centre, or, to write with more precision, the centre of gravity of the Earth and Moon moves in this plane, and both revolve round the centre of gravity but not precisely in the plane. The plane is called the plane of the Religitie. The Earth's Equator is inclined to this plane at an angle of  $a_3$ ½°, and it is this tilt which causes the seasons. At some time of the year the Sun is high above the Equator in mid-latitudes both north and south, and not only does the high altitude make the days longer, but the Sun's rays fall more directly on the Earth's surface and make it hotter. The periods of Summer and Winter are opposed in the two hemispheres, the time of Summer in the Northern coinciding with Winter in the Southern, and vice veral. Since the axis of the Earth is inclined always in the same direction, the line of intersection of the Equator | with the Ecliptic moves parallel to itself as the Earth travels round the Sun (approximately). The instants when this line passes through the Sun are called the Equinoxes. The Sun and Earth are surrounded on all sides by the stars, and because the Earth moves round the Sun. and because the Earth moves round the Siin, the latter changes its position with respect to the stars during the year, and different sets of stars are seen in the sky at midnight in Summer and Winter. The average velocity of the Earth in its orbit is 18½ miles a second, and it moves more slowly in July than in January. It makes a complete rotation on its axis in about 23 hours 56 minutes of mean time, which is the sidereal day. Because of the movement of the Earth in its orbit the length of the solar day is pp. 137, 137). It has been shown almost conclusively in recent years that the axis of rotation is not a fixed line in the Earth, but that its extremity, or the North Pole of the Earth, moves in a curve, roughly spiral, about the pole of figure as centre at a distance of a few feet from it.

#### THE TIDES.

The Tides of the Ocean are rightly attributed to the attractive influence of the Moon on the Oceans, modified by a similar influence of the Sun, which is less in amount because of the much greater distance of the attracting body. If the Earth were a globe uniformly covered with water it would be possible to account for the observed phenomena and predict them by simple mathematical consideration of these attractive mathematical consideration of these attractive influences, but these are very greatly modified by the land formations of our globe, and the prediction of the tides for any port depends mainly on the results of observation. A series of observed times and heights of the tide having been compiled and analysed, the analysis will show that the complete tidal movement can be represented by the combination of a

THE shape of our Earth is that of an oblate | series of periodic terms, and if these terms are sherold or a solid of revolution whose meridian | each carried forward to some future date their recombination will give the predicted tide. Taking the mean sea-level as datum, writing generally, at any place high water occurs twice in everyal hours, the interval between successive happenings being zs hrs. 25 mins. High water is at its highest (aprings) at or near New and Full Moon, whilst low water falls an equal amount below at those times. At or near the time of the first and last quarters of the Moon (neaps) the high water rises only about half as much above the mean level as it does at springs, and the low water falls about half as little below it. These phenomena do not usually coincide exactly with the times of these phases of the Moon, but occur later, the interval being known as the age of the tide—thus, at London Bridge, the highest or spring tide occurs 2½ days after New or Full Moon, and the neap tide is similarly delayed. The difference of height of spring and neap tides is the most apparent of the periodic differences which make up the whole tidal variation. Besides this there are differences due to the varying distance of the Moon from the Earth, and when the Moon is at or near perigee at New or Full the tide is specially high. There is a slight difference in the heights of the spring tide at New and Full Moon, and also in the height of the neap tide at the respective quarters, but these and other small periodicities are not appreciably noticeable at some ports. The mean level of the sea remains practically constant, but small changes have been detected which may be assigned to various causes.

TERRESTRIAL MAGNETISM.

The best known manifestation of this phenomenon is its effect on the needle of a mariner's compass, which, except for the variations to be immediately described, points continually northward. The north point indicated by a compass needle is not, except in particular cases, the north point shown by astronomical observations; in other words, the needle does not point to the North Pole of the axis of rotation of the Earth, but makes an angle with the terrestrial meridian. This angle is called the Magnetic Variation, or, more generally, Magnetic Declination, and differs in different parts of the world and even over limited tracts of country. Lines of equal magnetic declination run across the British Isles in directions approximately parallel to that of a line from Land's End to Edmburgh. Along a line joining Cambridge to Littlehampton, the as at Abinger. At Dover it is now rather more than a degree less; from Newcastle to Plymouth it is nearly 1% greater, and along a slightly curved line from Killarney to the island of Lewis the west declination is 5° greater than at Abinger. There are two points on the globe to which the magnetic meridians and lines of equal declination converge, known as the Magnetic Poles. At these points a freely suspended magnetic needle would stand vertically. The position of the North Magnetic Pole adopted in Admiralty Charts is lat. 70° 50' N, long. 95° W., which differs nearly a degree in each element from the position found by Sir John Ross in 1831, and agrees more nearly with the position found by Amundsen in 1903-5. A new position may have been found by the observers lately engaged in polar regions. The position of the South Magnetic Pole found in 1840 was 73° 30′ S., 147° 30′ E. The position

now adopted quite provisionally is ya 6°S. 155° E. The magnetic declination at any place changes gradually year by year. That the compass needle does not in general point true north and south, but that it is inclined a certain and south, but that it is inclined a certain amount east or west, and that the amount varies with the locality, was recognised among western nations by the end of the 18th century, Columbus being credited with the discovery. The Dip or inclination to the horizon was first noticed by Hartmann, of Nuremberg, in 1844, and was measured by Norman, of London, in 1876. That there is a continual change in the magnetic declination was discovered by Gellibrand in 1834.

Magnetic Declination at London.

- ug 2000			
Year.			
15 <b>8</b> 0	11	15	East.
z66g	1		West.
1765	80		West.
z <b>800</b>	24	0	West.

In 1819 the westerly declination at Greenwich was about 24° 25', which was probably its maximum. The needle has been since moving slowly eastward at that place, and in the year reas the declination (mean) was observed to be 13" 20.0' west. The work of recording earthmagnetism was then transferred from the Royal Observatory, Greenwich, to Abinger near Dorking in Surrey. The values of the elements there found in successive years are given in the following table :-

Year	Dec	H.F.		Dip
1985 1930 1931	13 22 7 W. 12 24 6 12 13 7 18 3 0	'1860 '18548 '18544 '1854	'48946 '48984 '48983 '4894	66 35'1 66 38'1 66 38'1
1933 1934	11 51 6 11 40 6 W.	0.1923	0*4#94	66 39.6

The values for 1933 are to be taken as provisional, and the declination given for 1934 is

Inferred only. V.F. signifies vertical force.

The mean differences, Abinger minus Greenwich, for Dec. H.F. and Dip. were found to be—

+ 12'8' + '00170 + 13.7 - 16.0 1031 The daily movement in declination of the needie at Abinger is a or 3 per cent. less in amount than that at Greenwich.

The declination varies during the 24 hours, The declination varies during the 24 hours, for the needle makes a small excursion in the morning from East to West, and returns, the range at Greenwich being about 12' in summer and 7' in winter. The needle occupies its mean position in the morning about 12h., and again about 12h., throughout the year. It reaches its most westerly position about 12h., and its most easterly position about 12h., and its most easterly position during the night or early morning at a time which varies during the year. The indination of directions were a similar names. inclination or dip also varies in a similar manner mediation. Since these changes of the magnetic elements are greater during the hours of daylight than in the night, are much

greater in summer than in winter, and are evidently affected by the solar activity—for the daily range is larger at times of spot maximum than at minimum—it is to be concluded that they depend on the Sun

#### MAGNETIC STORMS.

Besides these diurnal movements and their periodic variations, the magnets recording the three elements sometimes make sudden and violent oscillations which may continue for several hours. Such an occurrence is known as a Magnetic Storm, and may be accompanied by spontaneous electric earth-currents, which, if violent, interfere with telegraph working, and is often synchronous with a manifestation of the Aurora Borealis. A suspected recurrence of magnetic storms after an interval of a7 days that would support the theory that they are caused by radial emanations from the Sun, which strike the Earth—the hose-pipe theory has received some proof, and it has been found that the 27-day period is shown by magnetic calms as well as by magnetic disturbances. Investigation shows that this recurrence does not obtain in the case of the most intense storms, not obtain in the case of the most intense storms, but that there is a tendency for a storm of minor degree to be followed by another of its kind after the period named, which is not easily explained. There is frequently, but not always, a large spot on the Sun contemporaneously with a large storm, leading to the hypothesis of active areas on the Sun that may or may not be marked by a spot.

#### SUMMER TIME ABROAD.

Begins, Ends. As in Great Britain Irish Free State France Last Sat. in March at 1st Sat. in Belgium) Netherlands 23 hours. Or* Oct. at a4 h. (1932)† May 22 October a Portugal (1932) April a 1st Sat. in April October z sst Sun, in Rumania Oct. Sept. 30 Finland (No information as to dates) Greece U.S.S.R. U.S.A. and A permanent advance of r hour. Adopted in some, but not all, States by local regulation Canada New York (1933) April 23. Brit. Honduras October 1 Sept. 24. Feb. 14 March 31 Argeatina September z (1931) October 3 September 1 March 31 Brazil Chile April z New Zealand and Sun. in October (advance of ½ hour) 3rd Sun. in Mar.

• In France and Belgium an alternative Saturday is chosen, if necessary, to ensure that Easter does not fall between the beginning of summer time in France and Great Britain in 1938, for example, summer time began in France on April a. This year summer time will begin on March 25, the property 1939 indicates that the dates are those adopted in that year, but may be altered in others.

Duration of Light and Darkness.—The second column of the first page of Calendar for every month contains a small diagram showing the amount of Darkness, or the period of moonlight and sunlight during the twelve hours from 18th to 8th. These small diagrams have four divisions, each representing three hours, and a division is left unblacked if the moon or the sun is above the horizon for at least half of the period it represents. The diagrams for the greater part of the year

28 to 22 10 24 12 to 3 12 to 6: which reduce to in the summer.

Greenwich Mean Time. APART from abstract and philosophical con-siderations, Time, in actual practice, is measured by the rotation of the Earth, and a solar day is the duration of a complete rotation of our sphere round its axis with respect to the Sun, which is rather longer than a rotation with respect to the stars because of the movement of the Earth round the Sun, which is not constant because of the ellipticity of the orbit. The length of the Solar day also varies because the axis about which the Earth rotates is not perpendicular to the plane of its orbit. Clocks are adjusted to an average or mean solar day which is of uniform length and is divided into s4 equal hours. This is the basis of Mean Solar Time. The length of the Mean Solar day is constant, but that of the apparent, or the interval from one transit of the Sun across the meridian to the next, varies for the reasons above given, and it happens that the longest apparent solar day is about December 22, and the shortest about September 16.

A unit and method of measurement having

been established, it is necessary to choose a zero. The zero adopted is the instant when a fictitious body known as the Mean Sun, which is sometimes before, sometimes behind the real Sun, is on some chosen meridian. The time is called the Local Mean Time of any place through which that meridian passes. Usually some standard meridian, such as that of Greenwich, is observed by the meridian is is chosen, and the time of that meridian is used throughout a whole country, and hence the expression Greenwich Mean Bolar Time, or, more usually, Greenwich Mean Time, arises (see Zone Standard Time, p. 188).

Apparent Solar Time. The time shown by a sundial is called Apparent Solar Time, and is affected by the two causes mentioned, which make the length of a solar day not uniform. It differs from Mean Solar Time by the Equation of Time which is given in the second column of page s for each month, with a precept for its use.

The Astronomical Day.

For purposes of Astronomy the day formerly began at noon, and the hours following noon were numbered successively from a to s3. A change was made in 1925, and the Astronomical Day now begins at midnight, the hours being num-bered in this way as has been the practice in this Almanack since rgar. (See Note, p. 84.)

Rhythmic Time Signals.

For the purpose of comparing the time shown by a distant clock with that of the Greenwich standard, signals issuing primarily from Green-wich are broadcast from the Post Office Wireless Station at Rugby each day at rot. and rsk. For accurate comparison a series of signals of the rhythmic, scientific, or Vernier type is sent. The zero signal is exactly synchronous with a beat of zero signal is exactly synchronous with a near or the standard clock, and those that follow are at intervals of 6e/6r seconds. The comparison is made by noting the coincidence of a beat of the distant clock, beating seconds, with a signal. If a tick of the clock coincides with the zero signal, it is clear that the clocks differ by an integral number of seconds. If, however, coincidence does not come at the zero signal, but coincidence does not come at the zero signal, but at the nth following, the difference of the clocks contains a fraction of a second involving n/6x.

Sidereal Time.

A sidereal day is the duration of a complete rotation of the Earth round its axis with reference to the stars and begins at any place when the First Point of Aries is on that meridian. In observatory practice time is measured, and the standard clock is regulated, by this rotation of the Earth with respect to the stars, and Mean Solar Time is derived from Sidereal Time by computation. The error and rate of the sidereal clock are found by observing the instant, it shows when certain stars, known as Clock Stars, cross the meridian, and comparison of this with the known time of transit (star's R.A.) will give the error of the Sidereal clock, and from this the error of the Mean Solar clock can be found by comparison and computation as below.

The rule for finding the Mean Time of transit

of any object from its Right Ascension, or, what is the same thing, of converting Sidereal into Mean Time may be stated thus :- From the given Right Ascension or Sidereal Time subtract the Sidered Time at the preceding Noon, and further diminish the result at the rate of no sees, per hour, or by the Table on p. 137. If the R.A. should be smaller than the S.T. at noon, 24. must be added. The final result will be the mean time reckoned from noon, to which rah, must be added to convert into G.C.T. as now used.

Ex.-At what time will Sirius cross the meridian on August 32 ? H. M. S.

R.A. of Sirius + 24h. ..... 30 42 15 Sid. Time at Noon, Aug. 30 (subt.) 10 31 38

Interval of Sidereal T. from noon so to 17
Retardation from p. 137 (subt.) ... 3 18 Interval of Mean Time from noon so 6 59 G.M.T. (U.T.) of Southing..... 8 6 59

For sters that transit after noon it would have been necessary to use the Sidereal Time

have been necessary to use the enterest lime at Noon for August 32.

Mean Time may be converted into Sidereal Time by reversing this process, or otherwise by taking out the G.M.T. of the zero of the Sidereal clock which precedes the Time to be converted, making use of col 9 on page 2 of the month.

Ex -To find the Sidereal Time corresponding to 8 h. 6 m. 59 s. G.M.T. on Aug. 31. G.M.T. (U.T.) Aug. 31 .....

8 6 50 From col. 9, p. zzz ..... I 25 50 Interval of Mean T. from oh. Sid. ÀI

Acceleration from p. 137 (add) ... Corresponding Sidereal Time .....

Summer Time. In 1916 an Act dated May 17 ordained that during a defined period of that year the legal time for general purposes in Great Britain should be one hour in advance of Greenwich Mean Time. An Act of ress (July so), specified that the period should begin at so 'clock G.M.T. in the morning of the day following the third Saturday in April, or if that day is Easter-Day, the day following the second Saturday, and should end at a o'clock G.M.T. in the morning should end at a o'clock G.M.T. in the morning of the day next following the third Saturday in September. The Act, renewed in 1994 and 1985, was made permanent (August 7, 1993) and modified by substituting the first Saturday in October for third Saturday in September. The Act applies to Great Britain, Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man. A list of the periods in each war during which list of the periods in each year during which Summer Time has been used since its adoption will be found in this Almanack for res6.

A Summer Time scheme has been tried in other countries with varying success. A list of the countries where it is now used is given on the opposite page.

In the year rese it was enacted by statute that the word "time," when it occurred in any legal document relating to Great Britain, was to be interpreted, unless otherwise specifically stated, as the Mean Time of the Greenwich meridian.* Other nations similarly used the time of their own capital, but since the year 1883 the system of Standard Time by Zones has been gradually accepted, and now almost throughout the world a Standard Time which differs from that of Greenwich by an integral number of hours, either fast or slow, is used. In a few

cases the difference includes a half hour The Standard Time adopted in countries is given below. In the VARIOUS countries is given below. In the United States and Canada five standard times are used, United states and vanida new standard unions are used, these large territories being divided into zones approximately 7½° on either side of five central meridians. Bazili s divided into three zones in which the times 3, 4, and 5 hours slow on Greenwich are standard respectively. For the

North coast of Siberia the hourly zones from 13 hours to 5 hours fast have been adopted.

Fast on Greenwich Time
12 hrs. F...Fiji, Gilbert and Ellice Is.
1252 , F...New Zesland, Chatham I.
127 , F...New Caledonia, New Hebrudes, Caroline Is. (cast), Santa Ciuz, Marshall Is., Solomon Is., Nauru.

"F....Victoris. New South Wales, Queens-land, Tasmania, New Guines, Lord Howe In., Caroline Is., west of 184° E., Marianas Is., Guam. 10

of rg4 E., Mariauss Is., Gulani.

F...South Australia, Northern Territory of Australia, part of N.S.W.

F...Japan, Korea, Yap (Caroline Is.).

F...Port Arthur, East China, Hong Kong, Philippine Is., Formosa and Parameters I. Buttel, North

Pescadores Is., British North Borneo and Labuan, Macao, Timor, West Australia.

Sarawak. 732 F ... French Indo-China, Hainan I. and Pakhol, Siam, Federated Malay States, Straits Settlements.

F. .. Burma, Andaman and Nicobar Is F. .. India (except Calcutta), Portuguese

India, Ceylon, Laccadive Is. F.. Chagos Archipelago.

F.. . Mauritius, Seychelles, Réunion. F. French Somaliland, Madagascar, ItalianSomaliland, Eritrea, Russia, Iraq, Tanganyika, Kenya, Zanzibar.

. Uganda.

. Turkey, Greece, Bulgaria, Rumania, European Russia, Estonia, Latvia, Finland, Egypt, Palesthie, Syria, Cypius, Bhodesia and Union of South Africa, Portuguese East Africa, Sudan.

hr. F ... Sweden, Norway Denmark, weden, Norway, Denmark, Germany, Poland, Lithuanis, Austria, Hungary, Switzerland, Italy, Czechoslovakia, Yugolavia, Albania, Tunis, Nigeria, Sardinia, Malta, Sicily, French Equatorial Africa, Cameroons, Belgian Congo, Portuguese West Africa (Angola), Libya.

Greenwich ...Great Britain, Ireland, France,
Time Channel Is., Belgium, Luxembourg, Spain, Fortugal, Farce Is.,
Gibraltar, Algeria, Balearic Is.,

... * Summer Time is the "legal" time during the period in which its use is ordained. (See pp. 94, 228 and 259.)

Corsics, St. Thomas and Principe
Is., Fernando Po, Ivory Coast,
Dahomey, Morocco, Gold Coast
(Jan.-Aug.), Togoland.
Slow on Greenvich Time.

by S. Vosland. Maddin Franch Control

on Greenwich Time.
hr. S....Iceland, Madeira, French Guinea,
Senegal Rortuguese Guinea, Liberia, Siera Loone, Ascension Is.,
Canary Is., Mauritania, Gambia.
hrs. S....Azores, Cape Verde Is., Fernando
and Trinidad Is. (Brazil).

S.... Eastern Brazil.

, S.... Eastern Brazil.
, S.... Canada East of 68° long., Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Is., Porto Rico, Trinidad, the Leeward Is., Grenada, Gnadeloupe, Tobaso, Martinique, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, St. Pierre, Bariados, Central Brazil, Argentina, French Guiana, Falkland Is.
, S.... Venezuela.
, S.... Canada from 68th (c. 25th monthless) Atlantic.

,, S....Veniezuela.
,, S....Canada from 68th 10 8eth meridian.
Eastern States of U.S. A. Janaica,
Stern.
Bahama Is., Cuba, Haiti, Peru,
Panama, Western Brazii, Chile,
Colombia, Dominican Republic.
,, S....Central parts of Canada and U.S.A.,
Costa Rica, Salvador, Honduras,
rart of Waxico. Eastern.

Central.

part of Mexico.

, S....Cauada west of the roard meridian.

Mountain. Mountain States of U.S.A., Mexico.

B., S...Brittsi Columbia, California,

Pacific. Nevada, Oregon, Washington. Pacific. ,, S....Sitka.

,, S....Yukon, Alaska, Low Archipelago, Marquesas, Austral and Society

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,, S....Hawaiian or Sandwich Is. ,, S....Aleutian Is., Samoa (Eastern and Western).

In the Tonga or Friendly Islands the time rah. 19m. 12s. fast on Greenwich is used: the longitude is about 11h. 40m. W., but the Date line (see below) passes to the East of them. The time of Aden 2s. 59m. 54s. fast on Greenwich is standard in Aden and British Somaliland. The time of Calcutta is gh. 33m. so 3s. fast; Holland, oh. 19m. 32 m. fast; British Guiana, 3h. 43m. slow.
The time a hours fast on Greenwich is called

Kast-European, that a hour fast, Mid-European. The time 4 hours slow on Greenwich has been called Maritime, Inter-Colonial, or Atlantic Time. The names of the other zones of North

America are as shown.

#### THE DATE OR CALENDAR LINE.

The line where the change of date occurs as adopted by the British Admiralty is a modification of the 186th meridian, and is drawn so as to include islands of any one group on the same side of the line, or for political reasons. The line is indicated by joining up the following eight points :-

(1) Lat. 60° S., long. 180°. (a) ., 51½° S., long. 180°. (3) ., 45½° S., long. 172½° W. (4) ., 15½° S., long. 272½° W. (5) ., 5° S., long. 180°. (6) ., 48° N., long. 180°. (7) ., 52½° N., long. 190° E. (8) ., 63° N., long. 169° W.

Then through the centre of Bering Strait to a point lat. 70° N., long. 180°.

# Chronological Motes.

#### THE AGE OF THE EARTH.

In the view of science, any date for the "Creation of the World," such as the year 4004 B.C. as adopted by Archbishop Usaher from scriptural chronology, is quite untenable. From the assumption that its heat is austained solely by contraction of its bulk, Lord Kelvin deduced 20,000,000 years as the time that the Sun has existed, but this is too short to be accepted by geologists whose researches require a considerably longer time for the formation of terrestrial strats. The age of the Earth has been deduced astronomically from the eccentricity of Mercury's orbit, and from the tidal theory of the origin of the Moon. Geologically by various methods, and, since the discovery of radio-activity, from the ratio of the quantities of lead and of radio-active elements in rocks in the Earth's surface, which are held to result from the transmutation of uranium. All the evidence is more or less consistent with the conclusion that the Earth has existed as a planet for a period between 1,500 and 3,000 million years.

#### GEOLOGICAL PERIODS.

- Azoro ("Without Life"), containing no trace of life in any form. The duration of this period probably far exceeded that of all the remaining divisions together.
- II. Eozoic ("Dawn of Life"), characterized by the first appearance of animal life.
- III. PALMOZOIC ("Old Life") or PRIMARY, con
  - taining traces of extinct animal life:—
    1. Cambrian, exemplified in Wales (Cambria),
    Cumberland, &c.—the earliest group
    which possesses a connected suite of
    feetile.
  - ii. Ordovician, exemplified in North Wales and named after the ancient British tribe (Ordovices) inhabiting the region.
     iii. Siturian, named after the ancient British
  - iii. Siturian, named after the ancient British inhabitants (Silures) of S.E. Wales.
     iv. Devonian or Old Red Sandstone, from the
  - iv. Devonian or Old Red Sandstone, from the prevalence of the system as a marine formation in Devonshire.
  - v. Carboniferous, including Coal Measures, Millstone Grit and Mountain Limestone.

    v. Permian, from the Russian province of Perm, where these strata are widespread.
- IV. MESONOIC ("Middle Life") or SECONDARY,
- i. Triassic, from the three (tri-) divisions of
  - the type formation in Germany.
    ii. Jurassic, typically displayed in the Jura
  - Mountains.

    iii. Cretacsous, from the chalky nature of its representatives where first studied.
- V. CAINOZOIC ("New Life") or TERTIARY, con
  - taining forms of existing life:—
    i. Eocene, the dawn or beginning of new
- forms of life, i.e., existing species.

  ii. Oligocene, containing a few still existing
- species.
  iii. Miocene, containing a minority of existing
- species—less than go per cent.

  iv. Pliocene, the fossil remains show a majority
  of still existing species.
- VI. QUATERNARY (" Fourth in Order") or Post-TERTIARY :
  - i. Pleistocene or Glacial, the greatest number of the remains are those of still existing species. Period of last Great Ice Age.

il. Recent or Post-Glacial.

Definite dates cannot be assigned to most periods, but G. de Geer has shown that scarcely 9,000 years ago the site of Stockholm was beneath the ice-sheet (VI. i.). Traces of human life are first found in V. iv. (See also below.)

#### THE ANTIQUITY OF MAN.

Pithecanthropos erectus (Erect Ape-man).— Remains of a skull and of a thigh bone were found in 1891 and 1892 by Professor Dubois, at Trinil, Java. These are held to be remains of a creature of Pleistocene times (see Geological Period, col. i.), about midway between the Orangutan and Man in development.

Smanthropos pekinensis (Peking Man).—A skull found at Choukoutien, 40 miles S.W. of Peking, China (Dec. 2, 2529), is ascribed to the same period as the Java type, but the brain development is greater than the Trinii skull and the brain case much thinner than that of the Plitdown skull.

Australopithecus Africanus (Erect Man-ape).—A skull was discovered in a limestone deposit at Taungs (Western Cape tolony), in 1925, by Professors Dart and Young of Witwatersrand University In connexion with this discovery, Sir A. Keith, F.R.S., has declared that traces of human life may yet be discovered in Miocene times (see col. 1., V. lii.).

Homo Heidelbergensis (The Heidelberg Man).—A lower jaw was discovered near Mauer, Heidelberg, in 1907. This is held to be that of a primitive man of the Pleistocene Period.

The Piltdown Skull (Eo anthropos, or Primitive Man).—Discovered in 1912 at Piltdown, Sussex, and ascribed to primitive man of early Paleolithic times.

Neanderthal Man.—Remains of a skuil and parts of a skeleton found in 1855 in the Neanderthal Ravine, near Dusseldorf, Rhenish Prussa, and others found at Spy, Belgium, in 1854, are held to represent the oldest known dollendere the compalite (long-headed) race in Europe, living about 50,000 years before the Christian Era. In 1925 a similar skull was found near Tabgha, Palestine.

Homo Printgenius.—Discoveries of interred human remains at Combe Capelle, Dordogne, France (1990), at Britz and Brinn, Moravia, and at Galley Hill, Northfleet, Kent (1893) are held to be those of human beings of late Paleolithic times, from 35,000 to 15,000 B.C.

#### STAGES OF CIVILIZATION.

The terms employed by ethnologists refer to periods, not of time, but of culture, and are of local application only, there being no universal synchronous sequence in all parts of the world. Races of Europe, Asia and America had reached the Irou Age of development long before the 18th century, A.D., while races in Oceania were still in the Paleolithic (or at least Neolithic) stage at the time of Cook's voyages.

The Stone Age.—The ancestors of primitive man are held to have adopted the use of stones of a suitable size for defence, while primitive man made such instruments more effective by sharpening them to a rough point. The earliest period is known as Eolithic (or Dawn of the Stone Age), and this

period may have extended to 600,000 years B.C Weapons of a later period, known as Paleolithic (or Old Stone Age), show gradual developments, from the chipped, leaf-shape forms, known as *Chellean* (from Chelles, Seine et Marue, France), and employed, perhaps, from 400,000 to 100,000 B.C., to later and more effective flint points, arrow heads and spear-heads, flat on one side, known as Mousterian (from Le Moustier, where many such implements and other remains were found). The Mousterian period is held to have issted until sout ro,000 R.O., when Nootthio (or New Stone Age) weapons, pollshed and less crudely fashioned, were brought into use for a further period of about 5,000 years. In the Stone Age the burial of the dead was influenced by the primitive nature of the implements available for digging, the graves being only large enough to contain a body huddled together in a cramped position.

Cultivation of the Soil .- Cultivation is believed Contraction of the Son.—Cultavation is beneved to have followed the interment of the dead about 10,000 B.O., and rendered possible the political (polis = city) organisation of mankind. There appears to have been a definite centre of Western civilization at Nippur (and elsewhere in Iraq) no later than 6,000 E.C., and in Egypt, under the first of the Pharaohs (Menes, about e.c. B.O. It is not yet known if a similar about 5,000 B.C. It is not yet known if a similar degree of Eastern civilization had been reached in China, or elsewhere, during (or before) that of Iraq and Egypt.

The Bronze Age.—Intercommunication of races introduced a knowledge of the malleable properties of copper, while the spread of commerce perties of copper, while the spread of commerce distributed tin from Saxony and Cornwall among the races of Europe and Asia. Implements and utensils of cast bronze superseded those of stone, wood, horn or bone. The designs and decorations suggest that this stage of culture was introduced into Europe from Asia, and it must therefore be dated for the East far earlier than for the West, over a period ranging from 5,000 to 3,000 B.C. The Bronze Age appears to have been marked by the cremation of human remains, in place of mere burial in a constricted remains, in place of mere burial in a constricted position.

The Iron Age. - Implements of cast bronze were in turn superseded by those of hammered iron at varying dates—in China, Chaldaea, Assyria and Egypt about 4000 B.C.; in South-Eastern Europe about 2000 B.C., spreading over the rest of Europe from 2000 B.C. to 200 A.D., by which time the use of hammered iron was known throughout Scandinavia and in Ireland. It is possible that the Eastern civilization discarded the use of bronze and adopted that of iron even hefore the West had reached the Bronze Age, and while the remoter parts were still in the Palaeolithic Age. With the Iron Age was re-introduced interment of human remains, in place of Bronze Age cremation, but the bodies were laid at full length in the ground and not huddled up as in the Stone Age.

#### THE ROMAN CALENDAR.

Present Days	March, May, July,	January, August,	April, June, September,	February has twenty-
of	October	December	November	eight days, and in
the Month	have thirty-one days	have thirty-one days	have thirty days,	Leap Year twenty nine.
1 a 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 a 13 4 15 5 10 7 18 1 20 at a 23 4 25 6 27 8 2 30 31	Kalendis. VI. Ante IV. Nonas. III. Nonas. Pridie Nonas. Nonis. VIII VI. Aute V. Idus. IV. J. Hus. IV. J.	Kalendis.  IV. Ante III. Annas. Pridie Nonas Nonis. VIII. VI. Ante V. Idus IV. Jul. Pridie Idus. Idibus. XIX. XVIII XVII XVII XVII XVII XVII XV	Kalendis.  IV. Aute III. Nonas. Pridle Nonas Nonis.  VII. VI. Ante V. Idus. IV. Idus.	Kalendis.  IV. \ Ante III. \ Nonas. Pridie Nonas. Nonis. VIII. VII. \ VII. VII. \ Ante VI.  \ XVI. \ XVI. \ XVI. \ XVI. \ XVI. \ XIV. \ VIII. \ VII.  \ VII. \ VIII. \ VII. \ VIII. \ V

EPOCHS AND CALENDARS.

THE ROMAN CALENDAR. Roman.—Roman historians adopted as an epoch the Foundation of Rome, which is believed to have happened in the year 753 B.C., and the ordinal number of the year in Roman reckoning is followed by the letters A.U. (Anno Urbis Conditos). The Calendar that we know has developed from one established by Romulus, who is said to have used a year of 304 days divided into ten months beginning with March, to which Nums added January and February, making the year consult of 12 months of 30 and 20 days alternately, with an additional day so that the total was 35. It is also said that Numa ordered an intervalary month of 2007 23 days in alternate years, making 90 days in eight years, to be inserted after February 23, but there is some doubt as to the origination and the details of the intercalation in the Roman Calendar, though it is certain that some scheme of this kind was inaugurated and not fully carried out, for in the year 8.0. 46 Julius Cesar, who was then Pontifex Maximus, found that the Calendar had been allowed to fall into some confusion. He therefore asked the help of the Egyptian astronomer Sosigenes, which led to the construction and adoption (B.C. 45) of the Julian Calendar, and, by a slight alteration, to the Gregorian now in use. The year B.C. 46 was made to consist of 445 days, and is called the Year of Confusion. In the Roman (Julian) Calendar the days of the month were counted backwards from three fixed points, or days, and an intervening day was said to be so many days before the next coming point, the first and last being counted. These three points were (z) the Kalends; (a) the Nones, and (3) the Ides. Their positions in the months and the method of counting from them will be seen in the Table on p. 160.

THE CHRISTIAN CALENDAR

In the Christian chronological system the years are distinguished by cardinal numbers before or after the Incarnation, the period being denoted by after the Incarnation, the period compared, A.C. the letters B.C. (Before Christ) or, more rarely, A.C. correlative dates of the epoch are the 4th year of correlative dates of the sport are the August of the total Olympiad, the 753rd year from the Foundation of Rome, 376 A.M. Jewish Chronology), and the 47xth year of the Julian Period. This was introduced into Italy in the sixth century, and though first used in France in the seventh it was not universally established there until about the eighth century. It has been and that the system was introduced into England by St. Augustine (A.D. 596), but was probably not generally used until some centuries later. It was ordered to be used by the Bishops at the Council of Chelsea, A.D. 816. The actual date of the birth of Christ is somewhat un-December 25, B.C. 4, is supported by several lines of argument.

The Day, Week and Month. - Measurements of time are based on the times taken by the earth to rotate on its axis; by the moon to revolve round the earth; and by the earth to revolve round the sun. From these, which are not com-mensurable, certain average or mean intervals have been adopted for ordinary use. Of these the first is the Day, which begins at midnight and is divided into 24 hours of 60 minutes, each of 60 seconds. The hours are counted from midnight up to 12 at noon, and again from noon up to 12 at midnight, except when the Twenty-four Hour reckoning is employed. The 24-hour

reckoning ignores A.M. and P.M., and the hours are numbered o to as from midnight to midnight.

For the Astronomical Day, see p. 257.

The Week is a period of 7 days.

The Month in the ordinary calendar is approxi-

mately the twelfth part of a year, but the lengths of the different months vary.

The Equinoctial or Tropical Year is the time that the earth takes to revolve round the sun that the earth texes to revolve round the sun from equinox to equinox, 56; sass mean solar days. The Calendar Year consists of 365 days, but a year the date of which is divisible by a without remainder, is called Leap Year and consists of 366 days. The last year of a century tonsiss of 300 acts. In less year of a control is not less year unless its number is divisible by 400 (e.g. the years 1800 and 1900 had only 355 days).

Uld and New Style.—In the Julian Calendar

all the centennial years were leap years, and for this reason towards the close of the sixteenth century there was a difference of no days between the tropical and calendar years; or, in other words, the equinox fell on March zz of the Calendar, whereas at the time of the Council of Nice, A.D. 325, it had fallen on March ar. In 1958 Pope Gregory ordained that Oct. 5th should be called Oct. 15th, and that every fourth end-century year only should be a leap year (see above). This change was adopted by Italy, France, Spain, and Portugal in 1981; by Prussin, the German Roman Catholic States, Sufference Holland Roman Catholic States, Switzerland, Holland, and Flanders on Jan. z, 1983, Poland 1986, Hungary 1987, the German and Netnerland Protestant States and Denmark ryoo, Sweden (gradually) by the omission of eleven leap days, 1700-1740, the British Dominions (which included the then North American Colonies) in 1752, by the omission of American Colonies in 1752, by the omission of eleven days (Sept. 2) being reckoned as Sept. 14). This Gregorian Calendar was adopted by Japan in 1872, China in 1912, Bulgaria in 1915, Turkey and Soviet Russia in 1917, by Yugoslavia and Rumania in 1919, and by Greece in February, 1923. The Russian, Greek, Serblan and Rumanian Churches did not abandon the Julian Calendar until May, 1923, when the Gregorian, slightly modified, was adopted. The difference between the Old and New Styles was 11 days after 1700, rs days after 1800, and has been 13 days since 1900. It should be added that the word style actually connotes the date of the beginning of actually countries the date of one beginning or the year. It happened that a change of the latter from March 25 to January x was made in England in 1725, the year in which the change from Julian to Gregorian Calendar was made, and the words Old and New Style have been used in a sense which is not strictly correct, but nevertheless expressive.

New Year's Day.—In England in the seventh century, and as late as the thirteenth, the year was reckoned from Christmas Day, but in the twelfth century the Anglican Church began the year with the Feast of The Annunciation of the blessed Virgin (Lady Day) on the s5th March, and this practice was adopted generally in the fourteenth century. The Civil or Legal year in the British Dominions (exclusive of Scotland), as opposed to the Historical, which already began on Jan. 1, began with "Lady Day" until 1751. But in and since 1752 the civil year has begun with Jan r. Dividends are, however, still paid by the Bank of England on the last day of Quarters according to a reckoning based on Old Style. The Income Tax year legins on April 6 in accordance with Act of Parliament (39 Geo. III. 1798). New Year's Day in Scotland was changed from Mar. 25 to Jan. 2 in 2620. On the Conthent, Jan. I was adopted as the first day of the year by Venice in 152a, Germany in 1544, Spain, Portugal and the Roman Catholic Nether-

1839, France 1864, Lorraine 1879, Protestant Netherlands 1833, Russia 1725, Tuscany 1731. Golden Number.—In the year 428 R.C. Mcton, an Athenian astronomer, found that 235 Lunstions are very nearly, though not exactly, equal in duration to 19 Solar Years, and hence, considering the mean motion only, after 19 years the Phases of the Moon recur on the same days of the month. This discovery was held to be of so great importance that the dates of Full Moon in a cycle of nineteen years were inscribed in figures of gold on public monuments in Athens.
The Cycle of nineteen years is called the Metonic Lunar Cycle, and the number showing the position of a year in the Cycle is called the Golden Number of that Year.

Epact.—The age of the calendar Moon on Jan. 1 in each year, formerly used in deter-

mining the date of Easter.

Solar Cycle.-A period of twenty-eight years. in any corresponding year of which the days of the week recur on the same days of the month.

Julian Period.—Proposed by Joseph Scaliger in gga. The period is 7960 Julian years, and its first year coincides with the year 4713 B.C. 7980 is the product of the number of years in the Solar Cycle, the Metonic Cycle and the cycle of the

Roman Indiction (28 × 19 × 15). The Julian Day,

as used in astronomy, begins at noon.

Roman Indiction.—A period of fifteen years,

instituted for fiscal purposes about A.D. 300.

The Dominical Letter is one of the letters A. which are used to denote the Sundays (Lord's lands in 1996, Prussia, Denmark and Sweden in Day) in successive years. If the first day of the year is a Sunday the letter is A; if the second,

year is a Sunday the letter is A; in the second B; the third, C; and so on. Leap year requires two lotters, the first for Jan. z-Feb. sq. the second from March z-Dec. 3z.

Easter-Day is the first Sunday after the full moon which happens upon, or next after the sixt day of March; and if the full moon happens upon a Sunday, Easter-day is the Sunday after.

This definition is contained in an Act of Parliament for Gay. If one pay and explanation is ment (a4 Geo. II., cap. a3), and explanation is given in the preamble to the Act that the day of Full Moon depends on certain tables that have been prepared. These are the tables whose essential points are given in the early pages of the Book of Common Prayer. The Moon referred to is not the real moon of the reterred to is not the real moon of the heavens, but a hypothetical Moon on whose "Full" the date of Easter depends, and the lunations of this "Calendar" Moon consist of twenty-nine and thirty days alternately with certain necessary modifications to make the date of its Full agree as nearly as possible with that of the real Moon. (Paschal Full Moon.)

By the above ordinance Easter falls on one of 28 days. A proposed reform that would limit it to one of 7 days has received Parliamentary support, but there is no prospect of its adoption.

A TABLE OF EASTER DAYS AND SUNDAY LETTERS

		FROM TH	E YEAR 150	TO 2000.	,		
	15001599.	1600 1699.	17001799.	1800 1899	1900-2000.	1	
d Mar.		1638	1761	1818		d Mar	. 33
е "	23 1505-16		1788	1845-56	1913	е "	23
f "		1611-95			1940	f ,,	24
g ,,	25 1543-54					g ,,	25
A!!	26 1559-70-81-92					4."	20
b Mar.	27 1508-13-24-97				1910-21-38		· 27
g ,,	28 1529-35-40					ė ,,	26
a ,,	30 1551-68 30 1567-78-89					4 ,,	29
, ,,	31 1510-21-32-83-94						31
g Apri				1804-66-77-88			
Α -	# 1553-64					Z vbr	' :
b ,,	3 1575-80-86	1650-70-B1	1742-62-68-74	1822-31-36	1004-82-88-04	b "	-
c ,,	4 1507-18-91				1915-20-26-99		3
d ,,	5 1523-34-45-56				1931-48-53	d ,	3
e Apri							1 6
1 ,,	7 1504-77-88	1667-78	1751-65-76	1888-33-44	1901-12-85-06		7
g ,,	8 1509-15-20-99				1917-28	g ,,	å
λ ,,	9 1531-42				1939-44-50	Α ,,	9
b ,,	10 1547-58-69					b "	10
c April							1 11
d "	12 1506-17-28					d ,,	12
• ,,	13 1533-44		1707-18	1800-73-79-84	1941-52	e ,,	13
Ι,,	14 1555-60-66	1655-66-77-88	17=3:34:45:54	1005-11-10-95	1903-08-74	,,	14
B 11						-	15
L -	l 16 1503-14-25-36-87-9 17 1530-41-52	5 1009-20-52-93 ···	1704-75-00-97	1043-54-05-70	1911-28-33-95	A Apri	
ь "	18 1557-68	1647-52	1715-20	-Boo-70-01-92	1927-30-49-00	la .	17
å "	19 1509-79-84-90	1662-74-R#	1747-67-78-78	1800-24-40	TOOK-87-87-00	d "	10
a ,,	20 1511-22-95	1606-17-70-00	1701-12-83-04	1841-6a	1010-24-30		20
April	21 1527-38-49						
~	22 1565-76	. 166o		1810-31-38		g	- 21
À	800 r 608	. 1671		1848	100K-16-2000	À .	23
b ,,	84 1519 85 1546	1603-14-98	1709-91	z859		Ъ "	84
e ;;	85 2546	. 2641	1736	1886 ·····	2042	ic	25

#### THE JEWISH CALENDAR.

"AND let them be for signs and for seasons, and for days and for years." (Genesis i. 14):
"He appointed the moon for seasons" (Psaim civ. 19). There is therefore Divine authority for the use of the Sun and Moon as a basis for our record of the sequence of events, or in other words, the calendar. The story that the Flood began on the seventeenth day of the second mouth (Gen. vil. xz); that after the end of the hundred and fifty days the waters were ahated, and that on the seventeenth day of the seventh mouth the ark rested on Ararat indi-cates a calendar of some kind, and that the writers recognised thirty days as the length of a lunation. There is other mention of months by their ordinal numbers, in the book of Genesis and in other of the early Scriptures, and in establishing the rite of the Passover, Moses speaks of Abib as the month when the Israelites came out from Egypt, which was to be the first mouth of the year (Exedus xiii. 4; xii. a). In the book Kings I. three months are mentioned by name, Zif the second month, Ethanim the seventh, and Bul the eighth (Chaps. vi. 1, 37, viii. 2, vi. 38), but none of these are names now in use. After the captivity in Babylon the Hebrews apparently called the months by the names now in use; for Nisan which is called the first month, and therefore identical with Abib, and six others are mentioned in one or more of the books of Esther, Nehemiah, Zecha-riah and Maccabees. Five of these six are also distinguished by their ordinal number as well as by their modern names, but the remaining five months of the year are not referred to either in the Sacred books or in the Apocrypha.

The origin of these names is said by some to be Chaldean, but is more probably Syriac. The statement about certain officers of Solomon's household, twelve in number, each of whom acted for one month in a year (I. Kings iv. 7), show that the Jewish year consisted usually of twelve months, though others that refer to yearly harvests, and such events, imply that the year was solar as well as lunar. There is, however, no mention in the Bible of an intercalated

month, or its equivalent.

The Passover was to begin on the fourteenth day of Abib, or the Abib as it is generally called, and other ceremonies were similarly ordained for certain days in other months; consequently it was necessary to determine the beginning of the month, or, the New Moon, which was done from the first, it is believed, by actual observation. There is no instruction in the Scriptures as to how this was to be done, but it is likely that the first day of the month was that on which the crescent became visible, which was proclaimed by the sound of silver trumpets (Numbers x ze). There is good evidence that after the Captivity and in the later years of the Jewish kingdom much care was bestowed on the determination of the New Moon by observation. Men of good repute were chosen as watchers, who looked for the first appearance of the crescent from advantageous positions and reported to members of the Sanhedrin, who questioned them as to the shape of what they had seen, and thus determined a date of New Moon that was circulated by runners to places within a certain distance of Jerusalem. It is not known that any attempt was made by these elders to estimate the actual time of conjunction. It is possible, but there

is no evidence on the point, that they were charged with the duty of saying when a month should be intercalated.

The method of determining the days of New Moon above indicated was continued in Pales-tine, but after the Dispersion Jewish com-munities in other lands were left in some doubt as to the times of Fasts and Festivals, and this led to the formation of the Jewish Calendar as used today which, it is said by some, was done in A.D. 38 by Rabbi Hillel II.. a descendant of Gamaliel—though some assert that it did not happen until much later. This calendar is luni-solar, and is based on the lengths of the lunstion and of the tropical year as found by Hipparchus (Circ. 120 B.C.), which differ little from those adopted at the present day (see p. 164). The years are divided into cycles of 120 because 235 of such lunations are almost precisely equivalent in length to 120 tropic layers. The normal calendar year, called a Common Engular year, consists of 12 months of 22 days and 23 days alternately. Since 12 months of 22 days as these comprise only 234 days in order that each of them shall not diverge greatly from an average place in the solar year, a thirteenth month is occasionally added after the fifth month of the Civil year, or as the penultimate that it did not happen until much later. This mouth of the Civil year, or as the penultinate mouth of the Ecclesiastical, the years when this happens being called Embolismic. Of the 29 years that form a cycle, 7 are embolismic; they occur at places in the cycle indicated by the number 3, 6, 8, 11, 14, 17, 19, these places being chosen so that the accumulated excesses of the solar years should be as small as possible. Tishri is the first month of the Civil year. The arst of each month is called the day of New Moon, though it is not necessarily the day of astronomical New Moon, that being the day on which conjunction of Sun and Moon occurs, but there is generally a difference of a day or two, for reasons depending on circumstances such as those to be immediately stated. The dates in the Christian calendar of the flist days of the months depend on that of the first of Tishri, which therefore controls the dates of fasts and festivals in the Jewish year! For certain ceremonial reasons connected with these, the first of Tishri must not fall on a Sunday, Wednesday or Friday, and if this should happen as the result of the computation it is postponed to the next day in the Christian calendar Also, if the New Moon of Tishri falls on any day of the week at noon or later than noon, then the following day is to be taken for the celebration of that New Moon and is Tishri z, provided that it is not one of the forbidden days, in which case there is a further postponement of a These rules and others have been considered in detail, and finally a calendar scheme has been drawn up in which a Jewish year is of

of the following six types:	Days
Common Deficient having	353
Common Regular having	354
Common Abundant having	355
Embolismic Deficient having	353
Embolismic Regular having	384
Probablemia Abandant banks	
Embolismic Abundant having	385

In an Abundant year, whether Common or Embolismic, Marheshvan, the second month of the Civil year, has 30 days instead of 39: in Deficient years Kislev, the third month, has 39 instead of 30. The additional month in Embolismic years which is called Adar I., and precedes the month called Adar in common years and Adar II., or Ve-Adar, in embolismic, always has 30 days, but neither this, nor the other variations mentioned, are allowed to change the number of days in the other months which still follow the alternation of the normal twelve.

These are the main features of the Jewish Calendar which must be considered permanent, because as a Jewish law it cannot be altered except by a great Synhedrion. Some minor but

important points may be mentioned.

The time used is that of the meridian of Jerusalem, which is sh. nrm. in advance of Greenwich time.

The Jewish day begins at Sunset, but for computations of the Calendar it is assumed to begin at 6 p.m. by time of Jerusalem. When a Jewish day is said to "correspond" to the Christian day is said to "correspond" to the Christian day, reference is made to the last eighteen hours of the former and to the first eighteen hours of the latter. The first day of the Jewish week corresponds to the Christian Sunday, but it "coincides" with the 24 hours which elapse between 6 p.n. of Saturday and 6 p.m. of Sunday. In a month that follows one of 32 days, the day preceding its first day is also observed as the day of New Moon. The reason for this is not certain, but a suggestion is that since a civil month of 22 days is about 22 hours shorter than

not certain, but a suggestion is that since a civil month of ap days is about xa hours shorter than a lunation, and one of 30 days about xa hours longer, half the last day of the latter actually belongs to the month that follows it, and must be considered as the day of the Full Moon of the second month equally with the day that follows. Or, it is said that it may be in some way connected with the fact of early history that messengers could not reach distant places in a one day's fourney. But this is somewhat obscure.

nessengers could not reach distant places in one day's journey, but this is somewhat obscure. In tables that give Tishri x in dates of the Christian Calendar arranged in cycles, it is seen that dates in parallel years in the cycles are approximately the same, but there are differences of a day or two. The occurrence of leap year in the Gregorian calendar is obviously one of the causes of this variation.

one of the causes of this variation.

The Jew hold that the world was created at the time of the Autumnal Equinox in the year 3750 B.C. or year 354 of the Julian Period, and the epoch or starting point of Jewish Chronology corresponds to October 7 B.C. 3761. Thus the year 1933 A.D. is Annus Mundi 2693-94 in the Jewish Calendar:—

(Part of A.M. 5694 and A.M. 5695.) A.M. 5694. A.D. 1934. z New Moon ...... Jan. 17 Shebat z New Moon ...... Feb. 16* Adar 13 Fast of Eather ..... 24 Purim ..... Mar. ... 25 Shushan Purim ...... 2 Nisan z New Moon ..... 17 15 Festival of the Passover ... 31 ,, and day April ,, I ,, ,, 7th day ,, ,, 8th day ,, 21 'n 88 lyar Sivan ,, and day Tammuz z New Moon ...... June 24* 28 Fast of Tammuz...... July Ab" z New Moon ......, so Fast of Ab ..... Eilul z New Moon ...... Aug. za* The previous day is also observed as the day of the New Moon.

A.N. 560	
Tishri	z RoshHashanah (New Year) Sept. zo
,,	a ,, ,, and day ,, zz
,,	3 Fast of Gedaliah, ; za
**	so Yom Kippur (Day of Atone- , 19
•	ment).
	25 Feast of Tabernacles 34
	16 ,, ,, and day ,, as
39	az Hoshana Rabba ,, 30
"	az Feast of Solemn Assembly Oct. z
,,	23 Rejoicing of the Law , 2
	an r New Moon
Kislev	1 New Moon Nov. 8
,,	as Hanucah (Dedication of
	the Temple) Dec. a
Tebet	z New Moon 7
**	zo Fast of Tebet
·· •.	A.D. 1935.
Shebat	z New Moon Jan. 5
Adar I.	1 New Moon Feb. 4*
Adar II.	r New Moon Mar. 6*
	13 Fast of Esther , 18
"	14 Purim, 19
17	25 Shushan Purim ,, 20
Nisau	1 New Moon Apr. 4
,,	15 Festival of the Passover , 18
"	26 ,, and day ,, 19
11	st ,, 7th day ,, 24
,,	and " State door " and
Iyar	z New Moon May 4*
Sivan	z New Moon June a
**	6 Pentecost, Feast of Weeks ,, 7
"	7 ,, ,, and day ,, 8
Tammu	
	27 Fast of Tammuz 28
Ab "	z New Moon
••	g Fast of Ab Aug. 8
Eilul	x New Moon , 30
A.M. 160	
Tishri	1 Rosh Hashanah (New Year) Sept. 28
. 1171	
Ine	previous day is also observed as the
	ne New Moon
Note.—I	he day of the Jewish Calendar begins at
sunset of	n the day previous to that of the dates.
-	T DESIGNATION AND CARMING . T
TH	E MUHAMMADAN CALENDAR.

It appears to be certain that from very ancient times till shortly after the beginning of the fifth century of the Christian Era the pagan Arabians made use of a purely lunar year. The pilgrimage to 1 seca which was a custom with them was always made in the twelfth month of the year, but inasmuch as the lunar year of twelve months is eleven days shorter than the solar year, the time of the pilgrimage ran through all the seasons, which was found to be inconvenient for reasons connected with the harvest, and to obviate the inconvenience the Arabians formed a luni-solar year by adding a thirteenth month from time to time. This scheme that they had time to time. This someme that they had learned from the Jews was adopted in A.D. ars, two hundred years before Islam, or when the Muslem religion was introduced by Muhammad. Certain months were with the Arabians treated as sacred, and when the Prophet established.

lished his religion he pronounced that the luni-solar year which involved a transference of the sacred character from one month to another was an infidelity. Consequently return was made to the earlier practice, and the Muhammadan calendar was formed about 4.D. 63s, as it remains to-day, on a purely lunar basis and does not depend on the solar year. The year is made up of its months, alternately 30 and a9 days in length, the first month of the year having 30 days. It was found necessary to increase the length of some of these years to ensure that the date of the first of the month, or the New Moon of the Muhammadan calendar, should agree, at least approximately with the date of the actual New Moon. This is done by adding a day to the last month, which therefore has 30 days, in each of 11 years. The years selected are those

in the cycle numbered s, s, 7, xo, x₃, x₅, x

Some adherents of the Moslem fatth still take the date of the evening of the first visibility of the crescent as that of the first of the month.

The Muhammadan Epoch is based on the Hegira or Flight of Muhammad from, Mecca to Medina. The first day of the Era is not the actual day of the Flight but is r6th July, 6ss A.D. The Muhammadan year begins earlier vear by year seconding to Gregorian dates, by year by year, according to Gregorian dates, by xo, xx or, xa days. The year 1934 is 1343-33 of the Hegirs. Ramadan (the month of abstinence) is in progress when the year 1934 opens.

A.H. 1358.	_ A.D. 1934.
Shawali	
Dulkaada	February 15
Dulheggia	
	Match Ly
A H 1353.	
Muharram	April 16
Saphar	
Rabia I.	
Rabia II	July 24
Jomada I.	August za
Jomada II	
Rajab	
Shaaban	November 9
Ramadan	November 9
0111	A.D. 1935.
Shawall	
Dulkaada	February 5

## Dulheggia..... March ; 7 A M. 1384. Muharram ...... April OTHER EPOCHS AND CALENDARS.

Abyssinian. - The Ethiopians have a chronological system which starts from the first day of the reign of the Roman Emperor Diocletian and proceeds in cycles of 332 years, the numeration beginning again on the completion of a cycle. The first year began on seth August, 384 A.D. (See also "Coptic," post.)

Armenian.—The Armenians marked their seces-

sion from the Greek Church by adopting it as their epoch. This corresponds to 9th July, 552 A.D. Babylonian.—In the eighth century B.C. the

Babylonians began a chronology with the era of the accession of the founder of their Empire,

Nabonassar, 26th February, 747 B.C.

Biblical.—The Christians of Western Europe made many calculations concerning the date of the Creation of the World, based upon the genealogical tables in the Old Testament. In the seventeenth century (1650) James Ussher, Archbishop of Armagh, published his Annales Veteris Testamenti, and Ussher's Notation was afterwards

adopted the Gregorian Calendar, and the new and old systems were used simultaneously by the people for several years. Since 1930 the publication and use of the old Calendar have been banned by the Government, and an official Chinese Calendar, corresponding with the European or Western system, is compiled by the Academia Sinica at Nanking. It is believed, however, that the old Lunar Calendar is still in use to some extent.

use to some extent.

Coptic.—In the Coptic Calendar, which is used by part of the population of Egypt and Ethiopia, the year is made up of ra months of 30 days each, followed, in general, by 5 complementary days. Every fourth year is an Intercalary or Leap-year. and in these years there are 6 complementary days. The Intercalary year of the Coptic Calendar immediately precedes the Leap-year of the Julian Calendar. The Rra is that of Diocletian or the Martyrs, the origin of which is fixed at A.D. 284. August as Julian date). A Coptic A.D. 284, August as (Julian date). A Coptic Calendar for the year 1650 and part of 1651 is appended :-

Year 1650.	A.D. 193		Year 1651.	A.D. 1934.
Tubah	Jan.	0	Babah	Uct. 11
Amshir	Feb.	8	Hâtur	.Nov. re
Barmahat .	March	to	Kihak	Dec. re
Barmüdah .		9		A.D. 1935.
Bashuns	Mav	á	Tubah	Jan.
Būnah			Amshir	
Abīb			Barmahat .	
Masri			Barmûdah .	
Complemen		•	Bashuns	
		t O	Bünah	
Year 1651.	-	-	Abib	
met.	O		16	A

ut ........Sept. rr | Masri ......August 7
Hindu.—In addition to the Muhammadan Hindu.—In addition to the Muhammadan reckoning there are six eras used in India. The principal satronomical system was the Rali-naga Era, which appears to have been adopted in the fourth century A.D. It began on 18 February, 2008 B.C. The chronological system of Northern India, known as the Vibrama Samvat Era, prevalent in Western India, began on 23 February, 27 B.C. The year 1933 A.D. is, therefore, the year 1990 of the Vikrama Era. In Southern India, the Saka Era, with its epoch of 3 March, A.D. 75, was probably founded by Kaniahka (whose sway was widely extended), and is in general use. The year 1933 A.D. is 1823 of the Saka Era. In the Hills, the Suptarah Era dates from the moment when the Saptarsh, or saints, were translated and became the stars of

asints, were translated and became the stars of the Great Bear in 3076 B.O.

There are many obsolete eras in the history of the Indian Peninsula. The principal religious systems of chronology were those of the Buddhists and the Jains. The Buddhists reckoned was the death of Vardhamana, the founder of

was the death of Vardhamana, the founder of their faith, in say B.C.

Olympiads.—Greek chronology was reckoned in cycles of four years corresponding with the periodic Olympic Games held on the plain of Olympia, in Elis, once in four years; the intervening years being the first, second, &c., of the Olympiad, which received the name of the victor at the Games. The first recorded Olympiad is that of Choroebus, 776 B.C.

reinted in marginal notes to the Authorised Version of the English Bible. Ussher's Notation placed the Creation of the World in 4004 B.C.

Chinese.—Until the year 1911 A.D. a Lunar Calendar was in force in China, but with the establishment of the Republic the Government the Parsees. The New Year 1933 is, therefore, 1306 of the Parsees. The New Year 1933 is, therefore, 1306 of the Parsees. The New Year 1933 is, therefore, 1306 of the Parsees. The New Year 1933 is, therefore, 1306 of the Parsees.

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# Area and Population of the World by Continents.

CONTINEYT.	Form of Governmen	t Miles	Population	Per Sq. Mile	, c	apital	Popu- lation o Capital
urope.	Kingdom		\		Timene		-
Albania	Kinggom	12,000	1,000,000		lirana	377 11-	31,0
Andorra	Depublic	175	6,000		Andorra	Vicella	6
Austria	kepublic	32,180	6,600,000		Vienna		1,870,0
Belgium Bulgaria	Kingdom	11,400	8,215,000				
Bulgaria	Kingdom	40,000	6,000,000	150	Sofia		264,0
Czechoslovakia Denmark	Republic	55,000	14,730,000	267	Prague		850,0
Denmark	Kiugdom	15,000	3,560,000	*37	Copenha	gen (Reval)	771,00
			1,116,000	62	Tallinn	(Reval)	132,0
Finland	Republic	150,000	3,640,000	24	Helsink	î	231,0
France	Republic	213,000		102	Paris		2,871,0
Germany	Republic	182,200			Berlin	••••••	4,000,0
Great Britain and		100,000					1
Finland	Kingdom	95,030	44,500,000	468	London		8,000,0
Greece	Rapublic	50,000	6,200,000	124	Athone		453,0
Unnest	Indonendents	itate 50,000				t	
Hungary	Kingdom	tate 36,180	8,700,000		Payland	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,000,00
Iceland	Dominia	41,000	100,000		Trey Javii	k	30,0
Irish Free State	Dominion	26,600	3,000,000	118	impini	•••••	317,0
Ttoly	Kinodam .	T20 000	43,000,000			•••••	
Latvia Llechtenstein	керионс	25,000	2,000,000	80			
Liechtenstein	Principality	· 60	12,000		Vaduz		, I,4
Lithuania	Kebunne	20.000	2,000,000	100		•••••	
T harmen	(Imanil Imahu		270,000		Luxemb	urg	46,0
Nonaco Netherlands Norway Poland Portugal	Principality		23,000		Monaco		. 2,2
Netherlands	Kingdom	12,760	8,000,000		The Hau	gue	443,0
Norway	Kingdom	185,000			Onlo	,	250,0
Poland	Remblic	150,000	32,000,000	213	Worsew		1,110,0
Downwal	Pannhlie	34,500	6,000,000		Lielyn	st	<b>≤88</b> , o
Downson's	Zinal	34,300	0,000,000	171	Dankan	~i ····· ·	500,0
Rumania	Kinggon	183,000	18,000,000		Buchare	8t	631,0
San Marino	Republic	38	13,000			ino	
Spain	kepubne	196,700	21,763,000		Mauma		808,0
SpainSwedenSwitzerland	Kingdom	173,000	, 6,150,000		'Stockho	im	502,0
Switzerland	Republic	16,000	4.100.000	256	Berne		. 112.0
Turkey in Europe	Repumie	10,000	2,000,000	200	See Asia		
U.S.S.R. (Europe)	Republic	1,498,000	108,100,000	61	Moscow		2,800,0
Vatican	state	tog acrex	450		Vatican	City	
Yugoslavia	Kingdom	94,000			Beigrad	B	300,0
THE STATE	es of Germ	ANY.	1	u.s.s. r		T UNION	
		,				i	· _ ·
NOATE AND ('APITAL	So Mile	Potulation	Aran	o Rurtin	alics.	Sq Miles.	
STATE AND CAPITAL	. Sq Mile	Population.	Artir	BEPUB	alies,	Sy Miles.	
STATE AND CAPITAL	. Sq Mile	Population.					(1)ec. 1931.
		-	Soviet Rus	sia (R.	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004	(1)ec. 1931.
nhalt (Dessau)	90	338,000	Soviet Rus	sia (R.	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004	(1)ec, 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00
nhalt (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe) .	90 5.80	338,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne . Transcauc	sia (R.:	s.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899	(1)ec, 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00 6,517,00
nhalt (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe) avaria (Munich)	90 5.80	338,000 0 2,810,000 0 7,150,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne . Transcauc White Rus	asia (R.:	s.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041	(1)ec. 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00 6,517,00 5,890,00
nhalt (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe) svaria (Munich) runswick (Brunswic	5.80 5.80 29,50	338,000 2,810,000 7,150,000 500,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne . Transcauc White Rus Turkmenis	sia (R.: asia sia	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609	(1)ec. 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00 6,517,00 5,890,00 1,156,00
nhait (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe) avaria (Munich) runswick (Brunswic esse (Darmstadt) .	500 5.80 3,50	338,000 0 2,810,000 0 7,150,000 0 500,000 0 1,300,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcauc White Rus Turkmenie Uzbekistan	asia (R.: asia sia	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640	(1)ec. 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00 6,517,00 5,890,00 1,156,00
nhalt (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe) svaria (Munich) runswick (Brunswic esse (Darmstadt) uppe (Detmold)	90 5.80 89,50 3,00 47	338,000 0 2,810,000 0 7,150,000 0 500,000 0 1,300,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcauc White Rus Turkmenie Uzbekistan Tajikistan	asia (R.) asia  stan	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640	(1 lec. 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00 6,517,00 5,290,00 1,156,00 4,754,00
nhait (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe) svaria (Munich) svaria (Menich) esse (Darmstadt) ippe (Detmoid) jecklenburg - Schwe	5.80 5.80 89,50 2k) 3,00 9rin )	338,000 0 2,810,000 0 7,150,000 0 500,000 0 1,300,000 0 154,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcauc White Rus Turkmenie Uzbekistan Tajikistan	asia (R.: asia sia	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640	(1 lec. 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00 6,517,00 5,290,00 1,156,00 4,754,00
mhalt (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe)		338,000 2,810,000 7,150,000 500,000 1,300,000 154,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcaue White Rus Turkmeni Uzbekistan Tajikistan	asia (R.i asia asia	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640 56,108	(liec. 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00 6,517,00 5,890,00 1,156,00 4,754,00 1,188,00
nhalt (Dessau) sden (Karlsruhe) svaria (Munich) runswick (Brunswic esse (Darmstadt) ippe (Detruold) ecklenburg - Schwe (Schwerin)	000 5.80 89,50 1,48 3,00 47 9rin 5,10	338,000 0 2,810,000 0 7,150,000 0 500,000 0 1,300,000 0 154,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcaue White Rus Turkmeni Uzbekistan Tajikistan	asia (R.i asia asia	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640 56,108	(liec. 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00 6,517,00 5,890,00 1,156,00 4,754,00 1,188,00
mhalt (Dessau) sden (Karlsruhe) svaria (Munich) runswick (Brunswic esse (Darmstadt) ippe (Detruold) ecklenburg - Schwe (Schwerin) ecklenpry-Strellix	000 5.80 89,50 1,48 3,00 47 9rin 5,10	338,000 0 2,810,000 0 7,150,000 0 500,000 0 1,300,000 0 154,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcaue White Rus Turkmeni Uzbekistan Tajikistan	asia (R.i asia asia	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640 56,108	Population (Dec. 1931. 111,630,000 31,608,000 6,527,000 1,156,001 4,754,001 1,168,010 168,143,00
nhalt (Dessau)	000 5.80 s9,50 r,48 3,000 srin 5,10	338,000 0 2,820,000 0 7,150,000 0 500,000 0 1,300,000 0 154,000 0 660,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcaue White Rus Turkmeni Uzbekistan Tajikistan	ssia (R.)	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640 56,108 8,841,673	(1)ec. 1931. 111,630,000 31,608,000 6,517,000 5,890,000 1,156,000 4,754,000 1,188,000
nhalt (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe) yaria (Munich) runswick (Brunswic esse (Darmstadt) ppe (Dermstadt) ecklenburg - Schwe (Schwerin) ecklenburg-Strellitz (Neustrellitz) dleaburg (Oldenbur	000 5.80 sg.50 sg.	338,000 2,810,000 7,150,000 500,000 1,300,000 1,300,000 1,54,000 0 660,000 107,000 0 107,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcaue White Rus Turkmeni Uzbekistan Tajikistan	ssia (R.)	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640 56,108 8,841,673	(1)ec. 1931. 111,630,000 31,608,000 6,517,000 5,890,000 1,156,000 4,754,000 1,188,000
nhalt (Dessau)	00 5.80 89,50 1,49 3,00 47 erin 5,10 1,13 2,50 2,13,74	338.000 2,810.000 7,150.000 500,000 1,300,000 154.000 660,000 107,000 580,000 0 27,000,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcaue White Rus Turkmeni Uzbekistan Tajikistan	ssia (R.)	3.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640 56,108 8,841,673	(1)ec. 1931. 111,630,000 31,608,000 6,517,000 5,890,000 1,156,000 4,754,000 1,188,000
nhalt (Dessau)	00 5.80 89,50 1,49 3,00 47 erin 5,10 1,13 2,50 2,13,74	338.000 2,810.000 7,150.000 0, 150.000 1,300.000 0, 660.000 0, 660.000 0, 580.000 0, 580.000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcauc White Rus Turkmeni Uzbekistan Tajikistan	asia (R. saiasiasiasian	S.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640 56,108 8,241,673	(Dec. 1931. 111,630,000 31,608,000 6,527,000 5,590,001 1,156,000 4,754,001 1,188,001
nhalt (Dessau) sden (Karlsruhe) yaria (Munich) runswick (Brunswic esse (Darmstadt) ippe (Detmold) ecklenburg - Schwe (Schwerin) ecklenburg-Strelliz (Neustrelliz) dleuburg (Oldenbur russia (Berlin) xxopy (Dresden) haumburg-Lippe	5.80 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,5	338,000 a,810,000 7,150,000 500,000 0 1,300,000 154,000 0 660,000 107,000 580,000 0 37,000,000 0 4,700,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcauc White Rus Turkmeni Uzbekistan Tajikistan	ssia (R.)	S.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640 56,108 8,241,673	(Hec. 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00 6,517,00 5,890,00 1,156,00 4,754,00 1,188,00
nhalt (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe) yvaria (Munich) runswick (Brunswicesse (Darmstadt) ippe (Detmold) ecklenburg Schwe (Schwerin) ecklenburg-Strelltz (Neustrelltz) dleuburg (Oldenbur russia (Berlin) kxony (Dresden) thaumburg-Lippe (Buckeburg)	00 5.86 29,50 1,48 3.00 47 5.10 1,13 2,50 133,74 5.90	338.000 a,810.000 b, 27.150.000 500.000 0 1,300.000 0 154.000 0 660.000 107,000 0 27,000.000 4,700,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcauc White Rus Turkmeni Uzbekistan Tajikistan	asia (R. saiasiasiasian	S.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640 56,108 8,241,673	(1)ec. 1931. 111,630,000 31,608,000 6,517,000 5,890,000 1,156,000 4,754,000 1,188,000
nhalt (Dessau)	5.80 5.80 29,50 1,49 3,00 27,41 3,00 28 29 213,74 5.90 23,90 23,90 23,90 24,90	338.000 2,810.000 50,7156.000 500.000 1,300.000 154.000 660,000 107,000 580,000 37,000,000 47,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcauc White Rus Turkmeni Uzbekistas Tajikistan Total	ssia (R. ssia ssia ssia ssia ssia ssia ssia ssi	s.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,378 71,890 49,041 188,609 63,640 56,108 8,241,673	(Hec. 1931. 111,630,000 31,608,000 6,517,000 5,390,000 1,156,000 4,754,000 1,188,000 168,143,000
nhalt (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe) syaria (Munich) runswick (Brunswi case (Darmstadt) ippe (Detmold) ceklenburg - Schwe (Schwerin) ceklenburg-Stelliz (Neustrelliz) idenburg (Oldenbur russia (Berlin) axony (Dresden) chaumburg-Lippe (Buckehung) huringis (Welmar). 'irttemberg (Stutk	5.80 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,5	338.000 2,810.000 50,7156.000 500.000 1,300.000 154.000 660,000 107,000 580,000 37,000,000 47,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcauc White Rus Turkmenie Uzbekistan Tajikistan Total	asia (R. i. asia	s.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274,372 71,890 49,041 188,609 63,640 50,108 8,241,673 VAKIA.	111,630,00 31,608,00 6,517,00 5,1990,00 1,156,00 1,754,00 1,188,00 1,188,00
nhalt (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe) avaria (Munich) runswick (Brunswic lesse (Darmstadt) lippe (Detmold) tecklenburg - Schwe (Schwerin) tecklenburg-Strelitz (Neustrelitz) ldenburg (Oldenbur russia (Berlin) axony (Dresden) chaumburg-Lippe (Buckeburg) huringia (Welmar). rirttemberg (Stutt lanss Towns :	5.40 5.40 2,49 3,00 2,49 3,00 2,14 3,10 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 1,13 2,10 2,10 2,10 2,10 2,10 2,10 2,10 2,10	338.000 2,810.000 50.000 0 500.000 0 154.000 0 660,000 1 107.000 0 27.000,000 0 37.000,000 0 47.000 0 47.000 0 1,500,000 0 1,500,000	Soviet Ruz Ukra'ne Transcauc White Ruz Turkmeni Uzbekistai Tajikistan Total	esia (R. i. seia	S.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 174,378 71,899 49,041 188,609 63,640 56,108 8,241,673 VAKIA.	(fiec. 1931. 111,630,000 11,608,000 6,517,000 5,519,000 1,138,001 1,754,000 1,188,001 Population 7,106,76
nhalt (Dessau) aden (Karlsruhe) syaria (Munich) runswick (Brunswi cesse (Darmstadt) ippe (Detmold) decklenburg - Schwe (Schwerin) decklenburg-Strelltz (Neustrelltz) denburg (Oldenbur russia (Berlin) axony (Dresden) chaumburg-Lippe (Buckeburg) huringia (Welmar). 'iirttemberg (Stutt) ianse Towns : Hamburg	5.40 5.40 5.40 5.40 99,50 1,42 97iii	338.000 2,810,000 50,000 500,000 1,300,000 154.000 0 160,000 107,000 0 27,000,000 0 27,000,000 0 47,000 0 1,500,000 0 1,500,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcaue White Rus Turkmen Uzbekistas Tajikistan Total  Bohemia Moravia as	esia (R. seia	S.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274:378 71,899 49,041 188,699 63,640 56,708 8,841,673 VAKIA. Rq. Miles. 20,830 27,634 1,787	(Hec. 1931. 111,630.00 31,608.00 (5,517,00 5,890.00 1,754.00 1,188.00 168,143.00 Population 7,106,76
nhalt (Dessau)	00 5.86 29,50 1,49 3,00 123,74 5.90 133,74 5.90 17,50 17,50 17,50 17,50 17,50 17,50 17,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1	338.000 2,810.000 2,810.000 7,150.000 0 500.000 1,300.000 0 154.000 660.000 107.000 27.000.000 47.000 0 1.500.000 0 1.500.000	Soviet Ruz Ukra'ne Transcauc White Ruz Turkmeni Uzbekistai Tajikistan Total	esia (R. seia	S.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274:378 71,899 49,041 188,699 63,640 56,708 8,841,673 VAKIA. Rq. Miles. 20,830 27,634 1,787	(flee, 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00 6,527,00 5,890,00 1,155,00 1,754,00 1,188,01 Population 7,106,76 3,553,13 3,330,88
nhalt (Dessau)	00 5.86 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	338.000 a,810.000 b, 271.50,000 500,000 154.000 0 1,300,000 154.000 0 580,000 17,000,000 37,000,000 47,000 0 1,500,000 2,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000 1,580,000	Soviet Rus Ukra'ne Transcaue White Rus Turkmen Uzbekistas Tajikistan Total  Bohemia Moravia as	esia (R. seia	S.F.S.R.)	7,638,004 274:378 71,899 49,041 188,699 63,640 56,708 8,841,673 VAKIA. Rq. Miles. 20,830 27,634 1,787	(fiec. 1931. 111,630,00 31,608,00 6,517,00 5,529,00 1,158,00 1,758,00 1,788,01 Population 7,106,76

		1		- ·	1	Popu-
Сонтикит.	Form of Government.	Sq. Miles.	Population.	Per Sq. Mile	Capital.	lation of
Asia.	Vinada			_	P. L. 1	
Alexandretts	Kingdom Republic	245,000	6,380,000		Kabul	80,00
Asir	Principality		:::	•••	Sabia	15,00
Bahrain	Emirate		215,000	- :::	Manama	25,00
Bhutan	Kingdom	20,000	250,000	ts	Punakha	-3,
Ceylon	British	25,500	5,313,000	208	Colombo	290,00
Unina	Republic	3,870,000	420,000,000	108	Nanking	
Tran	Kingdom	1,900,000	353,000,000	195	Delhi	447,00
Japan	Republic Empire Kingdom Empire	150,000 260,800	84,000,000	321	Baghdad Tokyo	170,00 2,300,00
Kuwait	Principality British			3	Kuwait	60,00
Malaya	British	52,000	4,390,000	86	Singapore	544,0
Manchuria	Republic Kingdom Netherlands	400,000	30,000,000	•••	Changehun	130,0
Nepal	Kingdom	54,000	5,600,000	100	Kathmandu	80,0
Umen Macrial Has India	Sultanate	733,600	60,700,000		Batavia Muscat	***
Palestine	Mandate	82,000	550,000 1,100,000		Jerusalem	22,0
Persia	Mandate Kingdom Kingdom Kingdom	630,000	10,000,000	16	Tehran	91,0
Saudi Arabia	Kingdom	800,000	1,500,000	2	Riyadh	20,0
Siam	Kingdom	195,000	11,500,000	59	Bangkok	550,0
Syria and Lebanon	viandate	105,000	3,600,000	•••	Beirut	150,0
Turkey in Asia	Republic	400,000	12,000,000	30	Ankara	80,0
TI 9 9 TO (Ania)	Republic Republic	750,000	3,000,000	4 8	Lhasa	30,0
Yemen	Imamate	6,750,000 74,000	54,000,000 3,500,000	48	See Europe	40,0
frice.		t .	3,300,000			40,0
Egypt	Kingdom	363,200	14,000,000	38	Cairo	1,060,0
Ethiopia	Kingdom Kingdom Republic	350,000	11,000,000	35	Addis Ababa	60,0
Liberia	Republic	43,000	2,000,000	46	Monrovia	10,0
Morocco	D	314,000	5,000,000	15		
Northern Rhodesia	Dominion	150,300	1,100,000	6	Salisbury	29,0
Auden Suden	British	288,000 1,000,000	1,400,000 6,000,000	4	Livingstone	
Union of South	Diluini			٠,	Pretoria	56,o 83,o
Africa	Dominion	800,000	8,000,000	20 {	Cape Town	225,0
Basutoland	British	11,720	500,000	42 `	Maseru	2,4
Bechuanaland	British	275,000	160,000			***
Swaziland	British	6,700	113,000	16	Mbabane	•••
orth America.	Dominion				044	
Verico	Dominion Republic	3,700,000	10,400,000	3	Ottawa	187,0
Newfoundland	Dominion	769,000 16a,750	16,400,000 282,000	31	Mexico	970,0
United States	Republic	2.738.000	137,000,000	36	Washington	60,0 4 <b>8</b> 7.0
Alaska	Republic Territory	3,738,000	59,000	30	Juneau	40,0
entral America						1
British Honduras	Colony British	8,600	52,000	5	Belize	17,0
British W. Indies	British	12,300	1,740,000	•••		
Cuba	Republic	23,000	516,000	22	San José	52,0
Dominican Ran	Republic Republic	44,180	3,700,000	80	Havana	530,0
Guatemala	Republic	19,300 42,500	1,000,000	50	Santo Domingo Guatemala	40,0
Haiti	Republic	10,200	2,300,000	37 229	Port-au-Prince	121,0
Honduras	Republic	44,=75	775,000	19	Tegucigalpa	40,0
Nicaragua	Republic	51,660	750,000	14	Managua	40,0
	Republic	31,890	442,000	13	Panama	83,0
Salvador outh America.	керионс	13,180	1,437,000	109	San Salvador	90,0
Argentine	Republic		84	10	Buenos Aires	
Bolivia	Republic Republic	600,000	3,000,000		La Paz	2,215,0
Brazil	Republic	3,300,000	40,000,000	5	Rio de Janeiro	147,0
British Guiana	British	90,000	318,000	3	Georgetown	64,0
British Guiana Chile	Republic	200,000	4,300,000	15	Georgetown Santiago	700,0
Colombia	Republic	468,000	8,000,000	17	Bogota	200,0
Ecuador	Republic	276,000	2,000,000	7	Bogotá Quito	80,0
Perm	Republic Republic	62,000	800,000	13	ABURCION	70,0
Urnonev	Republic	358,000 72,200	5,500,000 2,000,000	15	Lima	316,0
Venezuela	Republic Republic	363,730	3,027,000	27	Carácas	660,00 135,2
cenia.		3-37,50		1		-35,=
Anstrolia	Commonwealth Dominion	2 000 000	6,600,000		Canberra	
						9,0

THE Superficial Area of the Earth is estimated to be 196,550,000 square miles, of which 55,500,000 square miles are Land and 141,050,000 square miles Water. The Diameter of the Earth at the Equator is 7,926 English miles, and at the Poles 7,900 English miles. The Equatorial ('ircumference is 24,901'8 English miles, divided into 360 Degrees of Longitude, each of 60 17 English (or 60 Geographical) miles; these Degrees are measured from the Meridian of Greenwich, and numbered East and West of that point to meet in the Antipodes at the 180th Degree. Distance North and South of the Equator is marked by Parallels of Latitude, which proceed from zero (at the Equator) to 900 at the Poles.

#### ARRA AND POPULATION.

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Continent.	Area in Square Miles	Estimated Population
Europe	3,750,000 17,000,000 11,500,000 8,000,000	475,000,000 1,013,000,000 143,000,000
South America . Oceania Polar Regions	6,800,000 3,450,000 5,000,000	64,000,000 8,500,000 
		- 0

55,500,000 , 1,849,500,

The British Dominions extend over the largest area (14,220,000 sq. miles); the Russian Union is second (9,250,000 sq. miles); France is third, with 4,336,000 sq. miles; the United States, with its Insular Jurisdiction, &c., covers 3,750,000 sq. miles; Brazil 3,280,000 sq. miles, and China 3,000,000 sq. miles.

#### THE CONTINENTS.

Europe forms about one-fourteenth of the Europe forms about one-fourteenth of the land surface of the globe. Its length from the North Cape, 7v'ss' N., and Cape Matapan, in the south of Greece, 36'ss' N., is about 2,400 miles, and its breadth from Cape 8f. Vincent to the Urals is about 3,300 miles. The political boundary between Europe and Asia extends some distance beyond the Urals, to include the mining actions: in the south-east it follows the valley regions; in the south-east it follows the valley of the Manych, north of the Caucasus.

.. Asia extends over nearly one-third of the land surface of the globe. The distance between its extreme longitudes, the west coast of Asia Minor (s6° E.) and the East Cape (170° W.), is 6,000 miles. The extreme latitudes, Cape Chely-Simulation of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of arrica. The land boundary setween knope and Asia is formed on the west mainly by the Ural Mountains and the Ural River. In the south-west the valley of the Manych, which

* The Earth is a Sphere, with a Northern and Southern Hamisphere; the Ocean surface is the Hydrosphere, and the gaseous envelope the Aimosphere, of which the lower layers are the Troposphere and the upper the Strategarte. The science concerned with the study of the Earth's crust is Geology, with the measurement of its and the state of the superficial features Physiography. The study of the hydrosphere is Oceanography, of the lakes Lessuology, and of the mountains Orography, of the Eaces of Manking Ethnology, of the Palesonlogy, and of existing life Biology.

An airship with a constant speed of noe miles an hour would take nearly 205 years to reach the Sun. The velocity of a given point of the Farth's surface at the Equator exceeds 2 cose miles an hour (aspect 3 miles in as hours!); the Earth's velocity in its orbit round the Sun is about 6.65 miles an hour (1984,000,000 miles in 365 days 6 hours, 9 minutes).

stretches from the Caspian Sea to the mouth of the Don, is now taken as the line between the two continents, although the Caucasus was formerly considered as belonging to Europe. The islands of the archipelago which lies in the south-east between the continents of Asia and Australia may be divided into two groups by a line passing east of Timor, Timor Laut, the Kei Islands and the Moluccas.

Africa is about three times the area of Europe. Its extreme longitudes are 17° W. at Cape Verde and 51° E. at Cape Guardaful. The extreme latitudes are tape Blanco in 37° N. and Chench and 18° Cape Blanco in 37° N. and extreme intitudes are tape blanco in 37 N. and Cape Aguilhas in 35° S., at a distance of about 5,000 miles. It is surrounded by seas on all sides, except in the narrow isthmus through which is out the Suez Canal, and may be considered as a great peninsula of the Eurasian

continent.

North America, including Mexico, is a little less than twice the size of Europe. Its extreme longitudes extend from a little west of 270° W. to 521/2° W. in the east of Newfoundland, and its extreme latitudes from about 80° N. lat. to zgo N. lat. in the south of Mexico. It is surrounded by seas on all sides except in the south, where it joins the Isthmian States of Central America, which have an area of about 200,000 square miles. The area of the West Indies is about 55,000 square miles, a little more than half that of the United Kingdom. They extend from about 27° N. latitude to 10° N. latitude.

South America is a little more than 134 times the size of Europe. The extreme longitudes are (ape Branco 33° W. and Punta Parina 81° W, and the extreme latitudes, Punta Gallinas, 12½° N. and Cape Horn 56° S. South America is surrounded by the ocean, except where it is joined to Central America by the parrow isthmus through which is cut the Panania Canal.

#### THE RACES OF MANKIND.+

The Races of Mankind are divisible according to Stock or, less scientifically, according to Colour. The Dominant Colour is Yellow—the numerical order being (1) Yellow, (2) White, (3) Black, (4) Brown, (5) Red. The main Divisions of the Ruces are as follows:—

Division	Area.	Estimated Number
Mongolian Caucasian Negro Semitic Malayan Red Indian,&c.	Asia	680,000,000 785,000,000 210,000,000 100,000,000 104,500,000 30,000,000
		1,849,500,000

[†] It has been estimated that the Earth can maintain population of 6,000,000,000, a total which will be reached bout A.D. 2000, at the present rate of increase.

#### OCEAN AREAS AND DEPTHS.

The greatest known Ocean Depth (in the Pacific, off Mindanao, 32,025 feet) is not much greater than the greatest land height (in the Himalayas); but the mean depth of the Ocean floor exceeds 12,000 feet, while the mean height of the surface of the land area of the Earth above see level is only 2,300 feet. The following table gives the areas of the principal oceans and seas, with the greatest known depth of each:—

	Оовани.	
Name.	Area of Basin	Greatest Depth (feet).
Pacific	63,986,000	Off Mindanao,
Atlantic	31,530,000	32,089 Porto Rico Trench, 27,962
Indian	28,350,000	Sunda Trench,
Arctic	5,541,600 Scan.	22,968 North Polar,13,200
Malay	3,137,000	Kei Trench, 21,342
Central American	1,770,170	Caribbean, 20, 468
Mediterranean	1,145,000	Pola Deep, 12,276
Behring	878,000	Buldir Trough,
Okhotsk	582,000	13,422 Kurile Trough, 10,554
East China	480,000	about 10,500
Hndson Bay		about 1,500
Japan		about 10,200
Andaman	305,000	about 11,000
North Sea	221,000	Skaggerak, z,998
Red Sea		20° N., 7,254
Baltic	158,000	about 1,200

#### THE HIGHEST MOUNTAINS.

The following list contains the principal peaks of such ranges as the Hunalayas and the Andes, and the highest mountains in other ranges.

	D	Height
Name. Everest	nange	in Feet.
Everest	.Himaiayas	···· 39,141
Godwin-Austen (K a		28,250
Kanchanganga I		28, 146
Nanga Parbat	. ,,	†26,620
Kaniat	,,	\$35,431
Illampu (Sorata)	Andes	25.248
Illimani	,,	84,633
Aconcagua		23,025
Saliania		31,480
Chimborazo		80,498
Lullialluco		20,344
McKinley	. Alaban	30,300
Kilima Njaro	ranganyika .	19,720
Cotopaxi	Andes	19,612
Mount Logan		19,539
Mount Elias	,,	19,500
Elbrus		
Demavend	Persia	18,464
Tolima	Cordilleras	18, 320
Charles Louis	New Guinea	z8.000
Ponocatenetil	Mexico	17.540
Citialtenet		17.360
Citlaltepetl Sangay	Renador	77.794
Koshtan Tau	Convegne	*** 006
Kenys	Vanys	
Ararat	A mondain	27,040
Ruwenzori	ganda	16,800
Kazbek		
Mont Blanc	Alps	14.781

† Highest in British Empire. § Highest summit climbed by man.

	THE LARGEST ISLANDS.	
	Name of Island. Ocean S	Area in Miles
•	Name of Island. Ocean S Greenland (Danish) Arctic	
	New Guinea (BritNeth.) Pacific	330,000
	Borneo (BritNetherlands) ,,	384,000
	Madagascar (French) Indian	328,000
	Baffin Land (British) Arctic	226,000
1	Sumatra (Netherlands) Indian	168,000
	Great Britain Atlantic .	88,745
	Honshiu (Japan) Pacific	87,500
1	Celébes (Netherlands) Indian	73,000
	Prince Albert, &c. (British) Arctic	60,000
1	South Island, N.Z. (British) Pacific	58,500
١,	Java (Netherlands) Indian	48,400
	North Island, N.Z. (British) Pacific	44,500
	Cuba (Independent) Atlantic . Newfoundland (British) ,	44,000
	Newfoundland (British) ,,	42,750
	Luzon (U.S.A.) Pacific	41,000
	Iceland (Independent) Atlantic .	40,500
	Ellesmere (British) Arctic	40,000
	Mindanso (U.S.A.) Pacific	37,000
	Hokkaido (Japan),,	36,500
	Ireland Atlantic .	32,600
	Novaya Zemlya (Russian) Arctic	30,000
	Sakhalin (Russo-Japanese) Pacific	29,100
	Haiti (Independent) Atlantic .	28,200
	Tasmania (British) Pacific	26,215
	Ceylon (British) Indian	-3,4
1	Banks (British) Arctic	25,000
l	North Devon (British) ,,	
l	Vancouver (British) Pacific	20,000
i	Melville Land (British) Arctic	
l	Tierra del Fuego (Argentine) Atlantic .	18,500
l	Southampton (British) Arctic	
١	West Spitsbergen (Norway) ,,	-3,
{	Prince of Wales (British) ,,	
١	Formosa (Japanese) Pacific North Somerset (British) Arctic	
١	North Somerset (British) Arctic	,
ı	Sicily (Italian) Medit	10,000

#### River. Outflow. Missouri-Mississippi......Gulf of Mexico ...... 4,502 4,000 4,000 Yangtse......North Pacific ...... 3,400 Yenisei .....Arctic Sea..... 3,300 Congo......Atlantic Lena .....Arctic Sea..... 3,000 3,000 Niger ......Gulf of Guines ...... 3,000 Obi .....Arctic Sea..... Hoangho ......North Pacific ...... 8,600 2,500 Volga ...... Caspian Sea ..... . . . Mackenzie ......Beaufort Sea ..... 2,300 Yukon .....Behring Sea.... 2,000 Arkansas ......Mississippi ..... 2,000 Madeira .....Amazon..... 3.000 St. Lawrence .....Gulf of St. Lawrence... 1,800 Rio del Norte .....Gulf of Mexico ....... Sao Francisco . .... Atlantic ...... Danube ... ..... Black Sea ..... 1,785 Euphrates ......Persian Gulf ..... 1,700 Indus ... ..... Arabian Sea..... 1,700 Brahmaputra .. ... Bay of Bengal . .......

THE LONGEST RIVERS.+

t The most famous river falls are Niapara, between the Province of Ontario and New York State, on the Niapara River; the Victoria Falls on the Zambea River Ipacasa between Argentina, Paraguay and Brazil; and the series of falls in the Yosemite Valley in California.

1,600

1,500

Zambesi...... Moçambique .....

Ganges .....Bay of Bengal .....

#### THE WORLD'S LAKES.

Name.	Country.	Length (Miles).	Area (Sq. Miles)	Name.	Country.	Length (Miles).	Area (Sq. Miles).
Victoria Nyanza Aral Huron Michigan Chad Nyasa Tanganyika Baikal Great Slave Great Bear Erie Winnipeg Ontario Balkash Ladoga Nettiling Amadjuak	North America. Africa. Africa. Trans Caspia North America. Africa. Africa. Africa. Africa. Siberia. Canada. Canada. North America. Canada. North America. Riberia. Russia. Baffin Land.		170,000 31,200 26,200 23,800 23,800 23,800 14,200 11,580 10,790 9,459 9,950 9,459 7,050 7,000 5,000		Africa South America Central America Central America Australia Canada Asia Minor Canada Australia Tibet Turkestan Sweden Canada Africa Canada Africa Persia Canada Lafrica Lanada Lanada	 185 120 100  195 80 150 68 115 93 122 150 119 140 80 70 75	3,700 3,500 3,000 3,000 2,430 2,400 2,400 2,200 1,800 1,750 1,730 1,730

# THE LONGEST BRIDGES.

(with length, in metres, or waterway.)	)
Tay Bridge, Scotland	3,136
Forth Bridge, Scotland	8,530
Rio Salado, Argentina	8,043
Rio Dulce, Argentina	1,788
Hardinge, India	1,641
Victoria Jubilee, Montreal	
	1,623
Moerdijk, Netherlands	¥,43#
Harbour, Sydney, N.S.W	1,257
Harbour, Montreal	1,185
Queensborough, U.S.A	1,134
Brooklyn, U.S. A	1,058
Quebec Bridge, Quebec	979
Manhattan, U.S.A.	890
Object 11 8 A	
Ohio, U.S.A	452
THE HIGHEST BUILDINGS.	Feet.
Empire State, N.Y., U.S.A.	1,248
Chrysler Building, N.Y., U.S.A	1,030
Eiffel Tower, Paris	085
Bank of Manhattan, N. Y., U.S.A.	838
Woolworth's, New York, U.S.A	792
Pyramid of Cheops, Egypt	450
Salisbury Cathedral (Spire), England	404
St. Paul's Cathedral (Cross), England	365
,	3-3

### THE SEVEN WONDERS OF THE WORLD.

The Pyramids.
The Hanging Gardens of Babylon.
The Tomb of Mausolus.
The Temple of Diana at Ephesus.
The Colossus of Rhodes.
The Statue of Jupiter by Phidias.
The Pharos (lighthouse) of Alexandria.

### LANGUAGES OF THE WORLD.

(Mother Tongues.	)
Language.	People.
Chinese	400,000,000
English	200,000,000
Russian	140,000,000
Western Hindi	100,000,000
German	80,000,000
French	70,000,000
Spanish	70,000,000
Japanese	65,000,000
Portuguese	60,000,000
Italian	50,000,000
Bengali	50,000,000

### GREAT SHIP CANALS OF THE WORLD.

0111111	CAMALO	OF IMP	" OILLD.		
Canal Amsterdam (Netherlands)	Opened.	Length, miles.	Depth, feet.	Width, i	Cost.
Amererani (Memeriands)	z <b>8</b> 76	161/2	83	78	£2,600,000
Corinth (Greece)	1803	4	aō as	72	1,000,000
Elbe and Trave (Germany)	1000	41	10		
Cité (Gradon)				78	1,170,000
Göta (Sweden)*	1838	215	IO	47	770,000
Kiel (Germany)†	zBos	61	45	150	19,000,000
Manchester (England)			73		
Manchester (Subsent)	1894	35.2	30	130	15,500,000
Panama (U.S.A.)	1014	50.2	45	300	75,000,000
Saulte Ste. Marie (U.S.A.)	1845	z.6	22	100	
Carlo Man Maria (Canada)	1622				2,000,000
Saulte Ste. Marie (Canada)	1505	1,11	20'25	142	560,000
Suez (Egypt)	x86a	100		247	
Welland (Canada);	1009		30		29,725,000
		<b>36</b> .75	85	800	21,000,000
<ul> <li>Reconstructed 1916.</li> <li>Reconstructed</li> </ul>	d 2924.		ructed 1909-30.	3 At 1	he bottom.

#### THE LARGEST CITIES OF THE WORLD.

ı	i intermed	TOOT OITI	ES OF IME WORLD.	
į	<u> </u>	Pop.		Pop
ĺ	LONDON (Greater), see below	8,202,818	Liverpool, England (1931)	855,539
	New York, U.S.A.(1930)	6,930,446	Naples, Italy (1933)	853,380
ı	TOKYO, Japan (1932)	5,312,000	PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia (1931)	850,000
	Berlin, Prussia (1925)	4,000,000	St. Louis, U.S.A. (1930)	821,960
	Chicago, U.S.A. (1930)	3.376,438	Baltimore, U.S.A. (1930)	804,874
i	Shanghai, China (1931)	3,200,000	Marseilles, France (1931)	800,881
ķ	PARIS, France (1931)	2,872,039	Boston, U.S.A. (1930)	761,188
ļ	Moscow, Russia (1931)	2,500,000	Ameterdam, Netherlands (1932)	780,000
1	Osaka, Japan (1930)	2,600,000	COPENHAGEN, Denmark (1931)	770,000
į	Leningrad, Russia (1932)	2,783,600	Manchester, England (1931)	766,333
i	BUENOS AIRES, Argentina (1938)	2,215,000	Santiago, Chile (1930)	700,000
i	Philadelphia, U.S.A. (1930)	1,950,9 <b>6</b> 1	Cologne, Prussia (1925)	698,000
Ì	VIENNA, Austria (1930)	x,886,000	Munich, Bavaria (1925)	68x,000
ł	Detroit, U.S.A. (1930)	1,568,66a	Kioto, Japan (1985)	680,000.
	RIO DE JANKIRO, Brazil (1930)	1,500,000	Leipsic, Saxony (1925)	680,000
ı	Calcutta, India (1931)	1,486,000	Istanbul, Turkey (1927)	673,000
i	Canton, China (1910)	1,370,000	Pittsburgh, U.S.A. (1930)	669,817
I	Peiping (Peking), China (1981)	1,300,000		660 000
į	NANKING, China (1921)	1,300,000		653,000
	SYDNEY, New South Wales (1931)	1,256,000	Madras, India (1931)	647,000
1	Los Angeles, U.S.A. (1930)	1,238,048	Kobé, Japan (1925)	644,000
ı	WARSAW, Poland (1933)	1,200,000	San Francisco, U.S.A. (1930)	634,394
i	Bombay, India (1931)	1,161,000	BUCHAREST, Rumania (1931)	631, <del>000</del>
ı	Hamburg, Germany (1985)	1,130,000		620,093
1	Glasgow, Scotland (1931)	1,088,000	DRESDEN, Saxony (1925)	619,000
ı	CAIRO, Egypt (1927)	1,060,000	Turin, Italy (1933)	608,4x2
İ	Montreal, Cauada (1928)	1,100,000	Rotterdam, Netherlands (1932)	590,000
ı	Barcelona, Spain (1932)	1,100,000		587,334
I	ROME, Italy (1933)	1,045,088	Milwaukee U.S.A. (1930)	578,249
ı	MELBOURNE, Victoria (1931)	1,028,000	Buffalo, U.S.A. (1930)	573,076
ı	Milan, Italy (1933)	1,013,023	Lyons, France (1931)	571,000
ì	Birmingham, England (1931)	1,002,413	Alexandria, Egypt (1925)	570,000
ł	MADRID, Spain (1932)	1,000,000	Breslau, Prussia (1925)	555,000
ı	BUDAPEST, Hungary (1931)	1,000,000	BANGKOK, Siam (1930)	550,000
	MEXICO, Mexico (1930)	970,000		530,600
i	Cleveland, U.S.A. (1930)	900,489	HAVANA, Cuba (1930)	530,000
i	BRUSSELS, Belgium (1931)	886,000	STOCKHOLM, Sweden (1932)	
	Sao Paulo, Brazil	880,000	Sheffield, England (1931)	511,742
ı				

		AREA IN	POPULATION.		
	LONDON WITHIN VARIOUS BOUNDARIES.	STATUTE ACRES.	1921.	1931.	
-	City of London Administrative County of London Central Criminal Court District Metropolitan Police District (not including City). Metropolitan and City Police Districts. Greater London	74,173 a68,356 447,6a6	13,709 4,470,814  7,466,492 7,480,201 7,480,201	xe,996 4,385,825  8,202,828	

Boundaries.—The Administrative County of London includes the whole of the Metropolitan's Parliamentary Division. It also comprises the City of London and the 38 Metropolitan Boroughs. The Metropolitan Police District extends over a radius of 1g miles from Charing Cross, exclusive of the City of London, and embraces an area of upwards of 599 square miles.

Ì	HIGHES	T MOUNTA	IN RANGES.	LARGEST CITIES OF THE BRITISH				
	CONTINENT.	HANGE.	HIGHERT PLAK	FEFT.	EMPIRE.	Pop.		
١	Europe	Alps	Mont Blanc	15,781	London, England	8,202,818		
l	England	Cumbrian	Scafell	3,810	Calcutta, India	x,485,58a		
١	Wales	Carnaryon	Snowdon	3.57ª	Sydney, New South Wales	1,256,230		
١	Scotland	Grampian	Ben Nevis	4,406	Bombay, India	1,161,383		
l	Ireland	Macgilli- cuddy	Carrantuohill	3,414	Montreal, Canada	z,098,409		
I	Asia.	Himalaya	Everest	39,141	Glasgow, Scotland	1,088,417		
١	Africa	Tanganyika	Kilima Njaro	19,780	Melhourne, Victoria	1,028,300		
١	North America	Alaska	McKinley	20,300	Birmingham, England	1,002,413		
1	South America	Andes	Illampu	25,248	Liverpool, England			
Ì	Australia	Muniong	Kosciusko ,	. 7,328	Manchester, England	766,333		
	New Zealand	S. Alps	Cook .	18,349	Toronto, Ontario	663,000		
1	Oceania	N. Borneo	Kini Balu	¥3,455	Madras, India	647,230		

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GENERAL: The maximum temperature on record of the air in shade is 134° Fahr., observed at Greenland Ranch, California, on July 10, 1913.

The wettest station in the world is generally allowed to be Cherra Poonjee in Assam, where the official annual average is 424 inches. In Aug. 1841, 264 inches was measured, when 30 inches or more fell on each of five successive days, while on June 14, 1876, a fall of 40 8 inches was measured.

BRITISH ISLANDS: The maximum temperature of the air recorded in the shade at 4 feet above the ground is ree Fahr. This was ob-served at Wilton House, Salishury, on July 15,

TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL RECORDS.

In shade is 134° Fahr., observed in the shade at 4 feet above the ground is in shade is 134° Fahr., observed in the world is generally stion in the world is generally herra Poonjee in Assam, where nal average is 434 inches. In inches was measured, when 30 inches was measured, when 30 inches was measured, when 30 inches was measured, when 30 inches was measured. When 30 inches was measured in the 34 inches was measured in the 35 inches was measured. When 30 inches was measured in the 35 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured. When 30 inches was measured was a constant when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured when 30 inches was measured

The total rainfall for a year at Stations in the British Islands during the 55 years 1870 to 1924 ranged from 46 96 inches at Llyn Llydaw (Copper Mill), Carnaryon, and 49 36 inches at the Stye, Cumberland, in 1923, to 9 39 inches at Margate in 1921.

aerved at Wilton House, Salisbury, on July 15, 1881, and at Greenwich Observatory on Aug. 9. 1921.

The lowest temperature of the air recorded of 111 miles per hour.

	TEMPERATURE. HOTTEST AND COLDEST DAYS (as recorded at Greenwich Observatory).			RAINFALL.						
					British	LONDON. (Caraden Square )				
YEAR.	Shade Max, (Fahr		Shade Min. (Fahr.)		Max	. in s4 hours	Total for the	No. of Rain days.	Total Dura-	
	Temp.	Date	Temp.	Date.	Amt	Date.	Place.	Year.	e er and	tion in Hours.
1909	86 2	Aug 18	13.6	Mar. S	10s. 6'46 4'51	Feb, s	Loch Quoich Borrowdale	10s.	290 286	577 492
EDEE	100.0	Aug. 9	81.6	Jeb. z	7.00	Oct as	Borrowdale	24'79	186	473
rozs	80.0	July 28	10.1	Feb. 3	7'3z	Aug 26	Brundall	07.88	280	526
1913	97'1	June 17 July 2	20.0	Feb. 23 Jan. 24	6.00	Sept. 17		26. 72	263	483 514
2915	87 2	June 8	= 3	Jan. 23 Dec 10	7:00	Sept ag	Dalcross	38'18	198	22
2926 2927	83.8 83.8	July 32 June 27	23'4	Dec. 29	9.20	June 28	Bruton	30.02	29e	476
1918	89 8 87 5	Aug. ss		Jan. 9 Feb. 9	4 95	Sept 25	Douglas	26 69 26 21	196	520
2900	86.2	May #5	25.7	Dec 13 .	6 8x	Feb. 9	Dungeon Ghyll	23'59	275	520
1941	94,0	July 22	≈5°3 /	Nov. 13	6 10	Jan. 8	Dungeon (thyll	24'00	asi	a69
2900	90.6	May 24	1	Oct. 26 Dec 9	4 70	Aug. 7	Doncaster (Carr House Hos.)	25 60	277	503
1943 194	2:	July 22		Nov. 26	5 57	Nov. 28	Llechwedd Q'arries Can'gton Brymore)	30 08	x8a	479 540
1905	89.2	July as	81.4	Dec 5	4'E3	Feb. 8	L Llydaw C'pr. M	24 9E	172	48z
1985	84.0	Sept. 19.	26 e	Jan. 17 Dec. 19	6.00	July 28	Abergwesyn	33.84	269	500 568
1907	₩.°	July	23 9	Dec. 25		June #8	Bl. Fst (Oakley Q.)	10,0f	175	458
2909	96.0	Aug 31	22.0	Feb. zg '	8 31	Nov. zz	Rhondda (Linest Wen Reservoir).	Am 28	234	424
1930	80.0	Aug stå sp	#3 o	Nov. 27	5 70	July =	Castleton	28.84	276	479
1931	8z's	July 22	<b>30.</b> 6	Dec 31	7 =5	Nov 3 .	Trecastle(Blaenau- hydfer)	₹=6.39	x65	469
1938	98 9	Aug. 19	85.0{	Jan. z Mar 13	}s 33°	July 22 {	Barnoldswick (Rainhall Rd)	23 30	167	456
1933	95.0	July 27		1	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>		' _ ··-	1	<u> </u>

#### METEOROLOGICAL SUMMARY (BRITISH ISLES), 1932-1938. THE results in the table below are for London (Kew and Westminster)—barometer readings reduced to Mean Sea Level, from October 1932 to September 1933 inclusive.

4 TEMPERATURE			RAINFALL.			PRESSURE.		WIND.	SURSEINE.	
	Monta.	Mean.	Diff. from normal,	Days	Amount.	Diff. from normal,	Mean	Diff. from normal,	Prevalent Direction	Percent-
		·F.	F		inches.	inches.	inches	z86z-zgzg. inch.		age.
1932	October November	50'7 46'3	o.2 pelon	16	5'24	a 83 above		o.rv spoke	8W 8W	25
1	December	44 1	s · 8 ,,·		0.43	1'71 ,,	30.10	e'16 ,,	8	13
1933	Year January	-	I.s pelow	169	23'95	o.53 below	30,12		SW SW	_25
"	February March		z'e above	14	1 57 2 34	o'II above	<b>59.99</b>	o.oz spose o.oz pejom	8W 8W	19
"	April	51.0	3 ,	8	0.48	o og below	30,12	0'27 ,,	sw w	45 39
1,,	June	57 2	3.5 "	13	1'43 8'01	o.rs "	29 68	o.rs ''	W	33 49
17	July August	67.5	4'3 " 5'5 "	24 6	1'70 0'57	e'ge below		o'07 above	8W 8W	45 54
1 ,,	September	60.9	47 ,	TS.	3'84	z.29 spove	30.02	0.08 "	NE	49

## The League of Mations.

THE League of Nations came into being when the Treaty of Peace with Germany was ratified on January 10, 1980. Its Charter, containing số Articles, is known as the Covenant, which contains clauses on the prevention and settlement of disputes. These clauses bind nations who are members of the League not to employ force for the settlement of a dispute until they have first submitted it to the League of Nations (or to arbitrators or to judges). The right to resort to war was hitherto retained in case the League, or the arbitrators, failed to reach a unanimous decision, but even so, only after a delay of three months after such failure. And this right has been abandoned by all the 60 States who have signed the Kellogg Pact.

The Membership of the League comprises at present gg nations, or three-quarters of the whole World, the British Empire and the Dominions (including the Irish Free State, together with India) being each an independent member, with separate voting power and representation. Japan and Germany withdrew from the League in 1933. the other great countries which hold aloof are America and Russia; and they, particularly America, are co-operating with the League in a number of beneficent activities.

#### ORGANISATION OF THE LEAGUE.

The Assembly meets annually at Geneva about September 20, and consists of 3 representatives from every Member State, each State having one votes

The Council meets three times a year. Great Britain, France, and Italy are permanent members, and at present to other States are annually elected as temporary members. These are Poland, Czechoslovakia, Mexico, Spain, Panama, China, Denmark, Argentina, Australia and Portugal.

The Secretariat is the permanent Civil Service of the League, at Geneva, and is composed of nationals of nearly all Member States.

Secretary-General, J. Avenol (French).

Deputy Secretaries-General, M. A. Azcarate (Spanish), M. Pilotti (Italian).

Under Secretaries-General, F. Walters (British)
(and a vacancies).

Information Section, Arthur Sweetzer (American), Acting Director.

The Technical Organisations and Commissions, which act as expert advisers to the Council and Assembly, are continually handling questions concerning International Communication and Transit, Economics and Finance, Health, Mandates, and the Reduction of Armaments. No week passes without these bodies discussing international questions of wide interest, or without some conference being held at Geneva and achieving or pointing the way to further constructive work in international co-operation.

The Permanent Court of International Justice, consisting of fifteen Judges and four Deputy Judges, chosen for their high legal and moral authority, sits at the Hague and deals by means of opinions and judgments with all disputes referred to it regarding International Law.

breaches of International obligations, and the interpretation of treaties. It has already dealt with 43 disputes, some of which might have led to an open breach between the States concerned. It has already won a great reputation both in the Foreign Offices and in the legal professions of the world. The Court now sits all the year round.

The International Labour Office is closely connected with the Lesgue, but has a parallel organisation of its own at Geneva, which was also set up by the Peace Treaty. The Governing bodyconsists of twelverepresentatives of Governments, of which eight (including Great Britain, 'anada and India) are chosen as being of chief industrial importance in the world, six employers' and six workers' representatives. They are assisted by an interprational Secretariat, which collects and disseminates information and organises conferences. The conferences, to which Governments, Employers' and Workers' Organisations send delegates, pass Conventions or Recommendations which Governments ratify if they so desire. 33 Conventions have been adopted; ratifications number nearly soc. The main object in view is to bring up the standard of labour in the less advanced States to the level of the standard in countries where greater progress has been made, while losing no opportunity to raise even the best existing standards where practicable. The Director of the International Labour Office is H. B. Butler (Brita). There is a London Office at ze Victoria Street, S. W. z.

Cost.—The coat of the League, 1933-4, will be about £1,385,000, to which Great Britain will contribute about £170,000.

#### WHAT THE LEAGUE HAS DONE.

The work of the League is many-sided, and is constantly growing. It includes the prevention of a number of wars, the creation of the Permanent Court at the Hague as an alternative for war, positive reconstruction as in the case of the financial restoration of Austria, Hungary, and Northern Greece, the outlining of an important new policy of "freer" trade, improvements in international traffic and health, progress in real control of the traffic in drugs and in women, and child welfare. After many years' continuous study of the problem of the Reduction of Armaments the League has enabled the First World Disarnament Conference to meet. By Sept. it had agreed on certain ways of reducing armaments, but the details and figures have yet to be settled early in 1933. The League has been faced with a serious dispute between China and Japan. Up to date, only a measure of success has been reached in handling this first-class problem. A Report on the whole position in Manchuria will be considered by a special Assembly.

#### LEAGUE OF NATIONS UNION.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS UNION, 15, Grosvenor Crescent, S.W. 1. — President, Visconnt Cecillof Chelwood, E.C.; Chairman of Executive Committee, Prof. Gilbert Murray, Ll.D.; General Sec., J. C. Maxwell Garnett, C.B.E., Sc.D.

of opinions and judgments with all disputes referred to it regarding International Law, be obtained by application at this address.

Coc.vev	174	Rulers of Foreign Countrie	ß.				<b>.</b>
Annam   Bea Dai,   Emperor   1913 Nov. 6, 1825   Argentine Republic   Agostin P. Justo,   President   Oct   15, 1872 Dec. 6, 1928   Bahrain   Hamid biu Isa.   Dec. 9, 1938   Bahrain   Hamid biu Isa.   Dec. 9, 1938   Belgium   Albert, King of the Beignas   April   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   July   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   July   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   July   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   July   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   July   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   Dec. 27, 1931   Colombia   Arture Alessandri,   President   Dec. 27, 1931   Colombia   Enrique Olaya Herrera,   President   Nov. 12, 1288 Aug. 7, 1930   Cots Rica   Ricardo Jimenes Oreanunu.   President   Nov. 12, 1288 Aug. 7, 1930   Cots Rica   Ricardo Jimenes Oreanunu.   President   Mar. 7, 1850 Nov. 14, 1932   Colombia   Brazil   Colombia   Brazil   Colombia   Brazil   Colombia   Cots Rica   Ricardo Jimenes Oreanunu.   President   Mar. 7, 1850 Nov. 14, 1932   Colombia   Rafeel Trujillo,   President   Mar. 7, 1850 Nov. 14, 1932   Colombia   Rafeel Trujillo,   President   Mar. 7, 1850 Nov. 14, 1932   Colombia   Rafeel Trujillo,   President   Mar. 8, 1866 Oct. 9, 1937   Estonia   Abelardo Montalvo (activin),   President   Dec. 15, 1861 Mar. 15, 1933   France   Albert Lebrun,   President   Dec. 15, 1861 Mar. 15, 1931   France   Albert Lebrun,   President   Dec. 15, 1861 Mar. 15, 1931   France   Albert Lebrun,   President   Dec. 15, 1865 Mar. 15, 1931   France   Albert Lebrun,   President   Nov. 16, 1939   Fol. 1941   Rafeel Trujillo,   President   Dec. 15, 1865 Mar. 15, 1931   France   Albert Lebrun,   President   Nov. 16, 1939   Fol. 1941   Rafeel President   Nov. 16, 1939   Rafeel Preside	COUNTRY	RULER.	, 1	Born	1	Ac	ceded.
Annam   Bea Dai,   Emperor   1913 Nov. 6, 1825   Argentine Republic   Agostin P. Justo,   President   Oct   15, 1872 Dec. 6, 1928   Bahrain   Hamid biu Isa.   Dec. 9, 1938   Bahrain   Hamid biu Isa.   Dec. 9, 1938   Belgium   Albert, King of the Beignas   April   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   July   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   July   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   July   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   July   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   July   8, 1866 Mar. 4, 1931   Brazil   Getmilo Dornelles Vargas,   President   Dec. 27, 1931   Colombia   Arture Alessandri,   President   Dec. 27, 1931   Colombia   Enrique Olaya Herrera,   President   Nov. 12, 1288 Aug. 7, 1930   Cots Rica   Ricardo Jimenes Oreanunu.   President   Nov. 12, 1288 Aug. 7, 1930   Cots Rica   Ricardo Jimenes Oreanunu.   President   Mar. 7, 1850 Nov. 14, 1932   Colombia   Brazil   Colombia   Brazil   Colombia   Brazil   Colombia   Cots Rica   Ricardo Jimenes Oreanunu.   President   Mar. 7, 1850 Nov. 14, 1932   Colombia   Rafeel Trujillo,   President   Mar. 7, 1850 Nov. 14, 1932   Colombia   Rafeel Trujillo,   President   Mar. 7, 1850 Nov. 14, 1932   Colombia   Rafeel Trujillo,   President   Mar. 8, 1866 Oct. 9, 1937   Estonia   Abelardo Montalvo (activin),   President   Dec. 15, 1861 Mar. 15, 1933   France   Albert Lebrun,   President   Dec. 15, 1861 Mar. 15, 1931   France   Albert Lebrun,   President   Dec. 15, 1861 Mar. 15, 1931   France   Albert Lebrun,   President   Dec. 15, 1865 Mar. 15, 1931   France   Albert Lebrun,   President   Nov. 16, 1939   Fol. 1941   Rafeel Trujillo,   President   Dec. 15, 1865 Mar. 15, 1931   France   Albert Lebrun,   President   Nov. 16, 1939   Fol. 1941   Rafeel President   Nov. 16, 1939   Rafeel Preside	Afghanistan	Mohamed Zahir Shah , King		·	014	Nov.	8, 1933
Argentine Republic   Agostin   Justo, President   Oct   15, 1872   Dec.   6, 1932   Austria   Wilhelm Miklas, President   Oct   15, 1872   Dec.   6, 1932   Dec.   1933   Dec.   1935   Dec.   1							z, z9s8
Austria Wilhelm Miklas, President Oct. 15, 1892 Dec. 6, 1908 Bahrain. Hamid biu Isa. 9, 1909 C. 17, 1909 Bhutan Ugyen Wangchuk, Maharaja. 9, 1895 Dec. 17, 1909 Bhutan Ugyen Wangchuk, Maharaja. 1919 S. 1895 Dec. 17, 1909 Bhutan Ugyen Wangchuk, Maharaja. 1910 Salikan Ugyen Wangan, President 1910 Salikan Ugyen Wangan, President 1910 Salikan Ugyen Wangan, President 1910 Dec. 27, 1910 Dec. 28, 1913 Colombia. Enrique Olaya Herrera, President 1910 Dec. 28, 1913 Colombia. Enrique Olaya Herrera, President 1910 Nov. 12, 1883 Aug. 7, 1930 Cots Rica. Ricardo Jimenes Oreanunu. President 1910 Sept. 28, 1913 Colombia. Enrique Olaya Herrera, President 1910 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 24, 1913 Colombia. Enrique Olaya Herrera, President 1910 Sept. 28, 1890 Nov. 14, 1913 Colombia. Enrique Olaya Herrera, President 1910 Sept. 28, 1890 Nov. 14, 1913 Colombia. Christian X. King 1910 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 24, 1913 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 24, 1913 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 24, 1913 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 24, 1913 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 24, 1913 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 24, 1914 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1890 May. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915 Sept. 28, 1915	Annam	Bao Dai, Emperor	,	2	013	MOV.	6, x6 <b>z</b> 5
Brutan	Argentine Republic	Agostin P. Justo, President		•••		red.	
Brutan	Alistria	Wilhelm Mikias, Prendent	Oct.		B72 _.	Dec.	
Othico	Relginm	Albert King of the Relaying	Andl				77 7000
Othico	Bhutan	Ugyen Wangchuk, Maharaja	April		<b>7</b> 5	200.	IQIO
Othico	Bolfvia	Daniel Salamanca, President	July	8, x	869	Mar.	
Othico	Brazil	Getulio Dornelles Vargas, President	_ `	•••		Nov.	
Colombia	Bulgaria	Boris III., Tear	Jan.	30, t	894	Oct.	3, 1918
Cuba   Dr. Grau San Martin, President   Mar.   2, 2850 Nov. 14, 1912	(thing	Lin Son President		•••			24, 1932
Cuba   Dr. Grau San Martin, President   Mar.   2, 2850 Nov. 14, 1912	Colombia	Enrique Olava Herrera, President	Nov	72 1			7. 1070
Cuba   Dr. Grau San Martin, President   Mar.   2, 2850 Nov. 14, 1912	Costa Rica	Ricardo Jimenez Oreamuno, President	2.01.	, -		May	8, 1032
Germany	Cuha	Dr. Grau San Martin, President		•••		Sept.	11, 1933
Germany	Czechoslovakia	Tomas G. Masaryk, President	Mar.	7, 2	850	Nov.	
Germany	Denmark	Christian X., King	Sept.	26, I	<b>3</b> 70	May	14, 1912
Germany	Pompican Republic	Abelendo Montelvo (action) Drawdood		•••	1	Aug.	
Germany	Rount	Find I King	Mer		968	Oct	
Germany	Estonia	Konstantin Pats, Head of the State			٠-٠.		
Germany	Ethiopia (Abyssinia)	Haeli Sellasié I, Emperor	July	84, Z	8gz	April	
Germany	Finland	Pehr Evind Svinhufud, President	Dec.	15, 1	86 z	Mar.	
Honditias   Hontelo Carlas   Freederic   June   18, 1868   Mar.   1, 1930   Icoland   Christian X., King of Denmark & Iceland   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mov.   1, 1869   July   29, 1900   Icaly   Iraq   April   29, 1900   Icaly   29, 1	France	Albert Lebrun, President	Aug.	29, Z	87×,	May	10, 1938
Honditias   Hontelo Carlas   Freederic   June   18, 1868   Mar.   1, 1930   Icoland   Christian X., King of Denmark & Iceland   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mov.   1, 1869   July   29, 1900   Icaly   Iraq   April   29, 1900   Icaly   29, 1	Germany	Field-Marinal Paul Von Hindenburg, President	Oct.	2, I	547	May	
Honditias   Hontelo Carlas   Freederic   June   18, 1868   Mar.   1, 1930   Icoland   Christian X., King of Denmark & Iceland   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mov.   1, 1869   July   29, 1900   Icaly   Iraq   April   29, 1900   Icaly   29, 1	(dustanale	Gunaral Inrae Uhico President	Nov	20, X	855 868	Web.	
Honditias   Hontelo Carlas   Freederic   June   18, 1868   Mar.   1, 1930   Icoland   Christian X., King of Denmark & Iceland   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mar.   1, 1930   Iraq (Mesopotania)   icihazi, King   Mov.   1, 1869   July   29, 1900   Icaly   Iraq   April   29, 1900   Icaly   29, 1	Halti	Stanio Vincent. President	1		<b>-</b> /-	Nov.	18, 1030
Tag (Mesopotania)   Olazi, Aug.   102, 112, 123, 124, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125	Honduras	Tiburcio Carlas, President		•••	- 1	Feb.	1, 1933
Tag (Mesopotania)   Olazi, Aug.   102, 112, 123, 124, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125	Hungary	Nicholas Horthy de Nagybanya, Regent	June	18, I	868	Mar.	T. TORO
Tag (Mesopotania)   Olazi, Aug.   102, 112, 123, 124, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 124, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125	Iceland	Christian X., King of Denmark & Iceland	Sept.	26, I	870	May	14, 1912
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodilo Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         3, 1837 Job.         10, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Persia         Reza Pallevi, Shah         Mar. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Occar Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Mar. 10, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945         April, 30, 1933	, iraq (Mesopotamia),	Uhazi, King	Mar.	21, 1	212	rept.	1, 1933
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodilo Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         3, 1837 Job.         10, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Persia         Reza Pallevi, Shah         Mar. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Occar Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Mar. 10, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945         April, 30, 1933	Lang	Hirohito Kasawar	Anvil	11, 1	209	Dec	29, 1900
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodilo Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         3, 1837 Job.         10, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Persia         Reza Pallevi, Shah         Mar. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Occar Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Mar. 10, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945         April, 30, 1933	Latvia	Albert Kviesis, President	Apin	793	. ·	April	11. 1020
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodilo Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         3, 1837 Job.         10, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Persia         Reza Pallevi, Shah         Mar. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Occar Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Mar. 10, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945         April, 30, 1933	Liberia	Edwin Barclay, President	Jan.	6, 2	882	Jan.	1, 1932
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodilo Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         3, 1837 Job.         10, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Persia         Reza Pallevi, Shah         Mar. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Occar Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Mar. 10, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945         April, 30, 1933	Liechtenstein	Franz I., Prince	Aug.	28, I	853	Feh.	1929
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodio Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         1, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         Nav. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Peru         Dear Margioth         Dear Margioth	Lithuania	Antanas Smetona, President	Aug.	10, 1	874	Dec.	20, 1926
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodio Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         1, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         Nav. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Peru         Dear Margioth         Dear Margioth	Luxemburg	Charlotte, Grand Duchess	Jan.	23, X	896	Jan.	9, 1919
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodio Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         1, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         Nav. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Peru         Dear Margioth         Dear Margioth	Manchuria	Abelordo Rodriguez President	reo.	7, x	900	Mar.	9, 1932
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodio Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         1, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         Nav. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Peru         Dear Margioth         Dear Margioth	Morreco	Louis Prince	July	79. T	870	June	26, 1082
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodio Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         1, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         Nav. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Peru         Dear Margioth         Dear Margioth	Morocco	Sidi Mohamed, Sultan		, z	OII	Nov.	80, 1987
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodio Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         1, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         Nav. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Peru         Dear Margioth         Dear Margioth	Nepal	Bir Bikram, King	June	30, 1	906	Dec.	11, 1911
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodio Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         1, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         Nav. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Peru         Dear Margioth         Dear Margioth	Netherlands	Wilhelmina, Queen	Aug.	31, I	8¥0	Nov.	23, 1890
Oman         Salyid Said bin Taimur, Sullan         Ang. 13, 1910 Feb. 10, 1932           Panama         Harmodio Arias, President         July 3, 1837 Job.         1, 1932           Papal State         Pius XI., Pope         Mar. 32, 1857 Feb. 6, 1942           Paraguay         Ruseblo Ayala, President         1933           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         Nav. 16, 1878 Oct. 31, 1945           Peru         Dear Benavides, President         April, 30, 1933           Peru         Dear Margioth         Dear Margioth	Niceragua	José Maria Moncada, President		•••	- 1	Jan.	1, 1989
Paniana	Orway	Majvid Said bin Taimne Calles.	Aug.	3, 1	072	Rol.	18, 1905
Papal State	Panama	Harmorio Arias President	July	23, 1	82 i	Oct.	
Paraguay   Ruseblo Ayala,   President   1938   Persia   Reza Pahlevi,   Stah   Mar   16, 1878   Oct.   31, 1935   Persia   Reza Pahlevi,   Stah   Mar   16, 1878   Oct.   32, 1935   Persia   Occar   Benavides,   President   Dec.   April,   30, 1933   Poland   Ignacy Mosolcki,   President   Dec.   1, 1867   June   1, 1867   Jun	Panal State	Pius XI. Pope	Mar.	23, E	847	Feb.	
Persia	Paraguay	Ruseblo Ayala, President		•••	- 1		1932
Peru	Persia	Reza Pahlevi, Shah	Mar.	16, 1	878	Oct.	31, 1925
Polishid	Peru	Oscar Benavides, President	T	•••	- 1	April,	
Rumania   Carol, King	Postured	Antonio de Engago Carrono Basidera	Dec.	1, 1	907 94-	Men	
Salvador   Maximiliano Hernandez Martinez, President   Dec. 3, 1931	Rumania	Carol Kino	Oct.	May I			8, 1020
Sarawak	Salvador	Maximiliano Hernández Martinez, President		-3, -	75	Dec.	
Saudi Arabia   Aldul Aziz al Faisal al Saudi, King   Nov. 8, 1893 Anv. 26, 1925 Spain   Prajadhipok, King   Nov. 8, 1893 Nov. 26, 1925 Spain   Niceto Alcaia Zamora, President   Dec. 13, 1931 Sweden   Ginstaf V. King   June 16, 1893 Dec. 8, 1907 Switzerland   M. Pilet-Golaz, President   Jan. 1, 1934 Syria   Shaikh Tej-ed-din, Chief of State.   188a April 1931 Transjordan   Abdullah Emit   1885 Cct. 29, 1923 Turis   Sidi Ahmed II, Bey   1885 Cct. 29, 1923 United States   Franklin Delano Roosevelt, President   Jan. 39, 1888 Mar. 4, 1933 Uruguay   Gabriel Terra, President   Jan. 39, 1888 Mar. 4, 1933 Uruguay   Gabriel Terra, President   Jan. 39, 1888 Mar. 4, 1933 Uruguay   Gabriel Terra, President   Jan. 39, 1889 Mar. 4, 1933 Uruguay   June 13, 1931 Venganela   J. V. Stallu, Secretary of Communist Party   June 19, 1931 Yugoalavia   Alexander I., 1889   Dec. 17, 1888 Aug. 15, 1981	Sarawak	H. H. Sir Charles Vyner Brooke, G.C.M.G., Raja	Sept.	26, I	874	May	17, 1917
Siam	Saudi Arabia	Abdul Aziz al Faisal al Saud, King		1	<b>88</b> 0	Jan.	8, 1926
Spain	Siam	Prajadhipok, King	Nov.	8, x	893	Nov.	26, 1925
Switzerland	Spain	Niceto Alcala Zamora, President	Tues		ٔ مہو	Dec.	13, 1931
1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930   1930	Switzerland	W Pilet-Coles President	, mne	10, 1	-50	Jan Jan	
Transjordan	Svria	Shaikh Tei-ed-din, Chief of State	!	•••	- 1		1030
Tunis	Transjordan	Abdullah, Emir			882	April	1021
Turkey	Tunis	Sidi Ahmed II, Bey		1	862	Feb.	
United States Franklin Pelano Roosevelt, President Jan. 36, 188a Mar. 4, 1933 Uruguay Gabriel Terra, President Mar. 2, 1931 U.S.S.R. (V. M. Molotov (Seriabine), President 2800 Dec. 28, 1930 (Soviet Russia) J. V. Staliu, Secretary of Communist Party. Venezuela Juan Vicente Gomez, President Juan Vicente Gomez, President Dec. 27, 1883 Aug. 15, 1981	Tarkey	Gazi Mustapha Kemal, President	'_	3	88z j	Oct.	29, 1923
U.S.S. E. (V. M. Molotov (Serfablne), President 1, 2931 U.S.S. E. (V. M. Molotov (Serfablne), President 1, 2031 U.S.S. E. (Soviet Russia) J. V. Stalin, Secretary of Communist Party.  Venezuela June Vicente Gomez, President 1, 2031 Yugoslavia Alexander I., 1, 2031  June 1, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  June 2, 2031  Jun	United States	Franklin Delano Roosevelt, President	Jan.	<b>3</b> 0, 1	o de	Mar.	
(Soviet Russia) J. V. Staliu, Secretary of Communist Party  Venezuela Juan Vicente Gomez, President	Unutury	(V M Moletov (Sarishina) Desoldant			_	MAT.	
Venguela Juan Vicente Gomez, President Juan June 19, 1931 Yugozlavia Alexander I, King Dec. 17, 1888 Aug. 16, 1981	(Soviet Russia)	J. V. Stalin, Secretary of Communist Party	!		-	<b>₩</b>	, 1930
Yugoslavia Dec. 27, 1888 Aug. 16, 1982	Venezuela	Juan Vicente Gomez, President	1	•••	1	June	10, 1031
	Yugoslavia	Alexander I., King	Dec.	17, 2	988	Ang.	16, 1981

## Colonial Possessions of Foreign Countries.

& Dibniai	וזממטק	מוועומט	or Aroteign Counti	IID.	
THE FRENCH COLONI	AL EMP	IRE.	NETHERLANDS C	OLONIE	3.
COLONY AND CAPITAL,	Rq M11 kg.	POPU- LATION.	COLONY AND CAPITAL	8q. M11 ks.	Popu-
Fr. India (Pondichéry)	200	273,000	Java and Madura (Batavia)		40,000,000
Annam (Hué)	40,000	6,000,000	Sumatra (Padang)		6,500,000
Cambodia (Pnom Penh)	68,000	2,500,000	Riouw - Lingga (Tanjong		
Cochin China (Saigon) Tongking (Hanoi)	<b>26,500</b> 41,000	7,000,000	Pinang)	z8,000	185,000 160,000
Laos (Vientiane)	\$3,000	900,000	West Borneo (Pontianak)	6,350 56,000	
Kwang Chau Wan (Ma-tché)	200	800,000	West Borneo (Pontianak) South and East Borneo	_	2,700,000
Algeria (Algiers)	222,200	7,000,000	(Banjermasin)	156,000	
Fr. Morocco (Rabat) Tunis (Tunis)	210,000 45,000	6,000,000 2,500,000	Celébes (Macassar)	78,000 44,000	3,000,000 700,000
Senegal (St. Louis)	74,000	I,550,000	Amboyna (Amboyna)	20,000	300,000
Mauritania (St. Louis)	350,000	300,000	Neth. Timor (Kupang)	S1,000	1,000,000
Fr. Sudan (Bamako)	800,000	6,000,000	Bali and Lombok (Singaraja)	5,000	600,000
Fr. Guinea (Konakri) Ivory Coast (Bingerville)	93,000	2,250,000	Western New Guinea (Ternate)	160,000	200,000
Dahomey (Porto Novo)	38,000	900,000	Suriusm (Paramaribo)	50,000	113,000
Upper Volta (Ouaga-dougou)	150,000	3,000,000	Curação (Willemstad)	440	28,000
Fr. Niger (Zinder)	400.000	1,250,000			1
Fr. Congo (Brazzaville) Fr. Somaliland (Djibouti)	513,000 45,000	9,000,000	PORTUGUESE CO	LOWITE	
Reunion (St. Denis)	I,000	200,000			
Madagascar (Antananarivo).	226,000	4,000,000	Port. India (Nova Goa)	I,500	605,000 160,000
Mayotte (Pamanzi) 4	800	100,000	Macao (Macao)	7,500	400,000
Pierre)	100	4,000	Cape Verde Islds. (Praia)	1,500	150,000
Guadaloupe (Basse Terre)	700	250,000	Port. Guinea (Bissau) Port. West Africa (S. Paul	14,500	810,000
Martinique (Fort de France)	400	250,000	de Loanda)	486,000	
Fr. Guiana (Cayenne) New Caledonia (Nouméa)	35,000 7,900	50,000 50,000	Port. East Africa (Lourenco	400,000	3,000,000
Tahiti, &c.	1,500	38,000	Marques)	300,000	3,600,000
	_				
Syria and Lebanon (Beyrout) Cameroon (Yaoundé)	105,000 267,000	3,600,000	SPANISH POSSE	BSTONS.	i i
Togoland (Lome)	22,000	800,000	Balearic Islands (Palma)		1
			Centa (Centa)	2,000 5	350,000
ITALIAN COLO	NIES.		Canary Islands (Santa Cruz)	2,800	36,090 480,000
Eritrea (Asmara)	64,000	520,000	Fernando Po (Basile)   Rio de Oro (Villa Cisneros)	800	84,000
It. Somaliland (Mogadisho).	220,000 810,000	900,000	Spanish Guines (Santa	100,000	•••
Libia (Tripoli) Tientsin (Tientsin)	30,000	1,000,000	Isabel)	11,000	200,000
Dodecanose		100,000	Morocco	8,000	700,000
					1
JAPANESE POSSI			U.S.A. INSULAR JU	RISDICT	ION.
Korea (Seoul)	85,000 13,500	4,500,000			
Formosa (Taihoku)	13,500	4,500,000 850,000	Philippine Islands (Manila) Guam (Agaña)	114,500 206	12,100,000
Kwangtung (Dairen)	x,300	1,000,000	Porto Rico (San Juan)	3,450	1,544,000
Pescadores	85 800	63,000	Virgin Islands (St. Thomas)	133	
Pacific Islands	600	50,000	Tutuila (Pago Pago) Panama Canal zone	56 550	9,000 40,000
THE BELGIAN	CONGO.			55-	40,000
The Independent State of t		became a	LEAGUE OF NATIONS	WAWN	ATTO
Belgian Colony by a law of Oc	t. x8, x90	8.			
The total area amounts to with a native population e	909,654	sq. miles,		ALLOTTED '	
with a native population of its coordinate in the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state o	estimated	(1930) At	TogolandFrauc CameroonFranc	e: Gt. B	ritain.
1932) Was 22,482.	ы рорин	CIOL (Vail.,	S.W. AfricaUnion	of Souti	n Africa.
Ry the Anglo-Relgian Agree	ement of	July, 1919,	German E. AfricaGt. B	ritain : E	elgium.
the districts of Ruanda and	Urundi, p	ortions of	German New GuineaCom'i	wealth of	Austonlia.
the districts of Ruanda and the former territory of Ge which adjoin the Belgiau Cor	rman ka	ATTICA	Nauru Island	2561884. 1.	
			Samoan IslandsNew	Zealand.	
and Urundi formed the N.W	. corner c	f German	Kiao-ChaoJapan	restore	d to China).
and Urundi formed the N.W. East Africa from \$0. lat. to (British) Uganda and have	the S. 1	orders of	FORMER TURKISH TERRITORY.		1
15,000 sq. miles, with an est	imated v	nobilation	PalestineGt. B	ritain.	į
of 3,000,000.			Syria and Lebanon France		!
L					

### THE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Nazne.	Part	y '	Born.		Inaug	Died.		Age
. GEORGE WASHINGTON,	Va Fee	1.	1732, Feb.	22	1789	1799, Dec	14	67
John Adams, Mass			1735, Oct.	30	1797	zezó, July	4	90
Thomas Jefferson, Va	Re		1743, April	l iz	1801	z8a6, July	انة	83
James Madison, l'a	,,		1751, Mar.	16	1800	1836. June	<b>16</b>	85
James Monroe, l'a	, ,		1758, April	28	1817	1831, July	4	73
. John Quincy Adams, M.	ass		1767, July		1825	1848, Feb.	83	86
. Andrew Jackson, Tenn.	Der		1767, Mar.		1820	1845, June	- i	76
. Martin Van Buren, N. 1	• 1	:	178a, Dec.	5	1837	1862, July	84	79
. William Henry Harriso		lo .	1773, Feb.	9	1841	1841, April		6
John Tyler (a), Va			1790, Mar.		1841	186a, Jan.	17	71
. James Knox Polk, Tenn			1795, Nov.	7	1845	1849, June		
Zaubami Manlant I a	Whi		1784, Nov.				- ,	53
. Zachary Taylor+, La		-	1704, NOV.		1849	1850, July	9	65
Millard Fillmore (a), N	.1		1800, Jan.	7	1850	1874, Mar.	8	74
Franklin Pierce, N.H		и. ,	1804, Nov.		1853	1869, Oct.		6,
. James Buchanan, Pa	_,,	- 1	1791, April		1857	1868, June	I	72
. Abraham Lincoln†§, Ill	Rej	p. ;	1809, Feb.		1861	1865, April	15	5
. Abraham Lincoln†§, Ill . Andrew Johnson (a), Te	nn ,,	i	1808, Dec.		z865	1875, July	31	66
. Ulysses Simpson Grant,	1 <i>u</i> , ,,	- 1	18as, April	27	z86g	1885, July	83	6:
. Rutherford Birchard Ha	ayes, Ohio ,,		18as, Oct.	4	1877	1893, Jan.	17	79
James Abram Garfield†		1	283z, Nov.	10	1881	1881, Sept.	10	45
Chester Alan Arthur (a			1830, Oct.	-	1881		18	50
Grover Cleveland, N.Y.			1837, Mar.	18	1884		24	71
Benjamin Harrison, Inc			1833, Aug.		1880	zooz, Mar.	13	6
			1837, Mar.	.8	1803		24	2
. Grover Cleveland. N. 1 . William McKinley†§, O			1843, Jan.	20	1893	roor, Sept.		9
Theodore Roosevelt (a),	A/ 3"		1858, ()ct.			1901, Sept.	2 1	60
				27	1901		6	
William Howard Tatt, (			1857, Sept.		1909	1930, Mar.	8	71
Woodrow Wilson, N	Den		1856, Dec.		1913	1924, Feb.	3	67
. Warren Gamaliel Hardi	ngt, Ohio   Rej		1865, Nov.	2	1981	1923, Aug.	*	57
Calvin Coolidge (a), Mas	** ,,		1872, July	4	1923	1933, Jun.	5	60
Herbert C. Hoover, Ion	a ,,		2874. Aug.		1929	•••	- 1	••
Franklin Delano Roosev	elt. N.Y Den	1	1882, Jan.	30	1933	•••	1	٠.,

Notes.—† Died in office. § Assassinated. (a) Elected as Vice-President.

FRENCH DYNASTIE	S AND PRESIDENTS.
The Capets.	The Consulate.
Hugh Capet, "The Great"	Bonaparte, Cambacérès, and Lebrun 24 Dec 2799
Philip, "The Hardy" 1270	Napoleou I decreed Emperor 18 May, 1804
Philip, " The Fair " 1285	Napoleon II. (never reigned)died az July, 1832
Louis X 1314	The Restoration.
John I 1316	Louis XVIII. re-entered Paris May, z8z4
+ Philip, "The Long" 1316	('harles X. (dep.30 July, 1830 ; d. 6 Nov. 1836) 1824
Charles IV , "The Handsome " 1322	The House of Orleans.
The House of Valois.	Louis Philippe, King of the French 1830
Philip VI., de Valois, "The Fortunate" 1328	(Abdicated s4 Feb., 1848; d. s6 August, 1850.)
Philip VI., de Valois, "The Fortunate" 1328 John II., "The Good"	The Second Republic.
('harles V., "The Wise " 1364	Provisional Government formed 28 Feb. 1848
Charles VI., "The Beloved" 1380	Louis Napoleon elected President 19 Dec. 1848
Charles VII., "The Victorious" 1482	The Second Empire.
Louis XI 1461	Named and III alouted Days and
('harles VIII	(Deposed 4 Sept., 1870; died 9 Jan., 1873.)
Louis X11 1498	The Third Republic.
Francis 1 1515	Committee of Public Defence Sept. 1870
Henry II 1547	Louis Adolphe Thiers 21 Aug. 1827
Francis 11 1559	Marshal MacMahon 24 May 1872
Charles IX	Jules Grévy30 Jan. 1879
Henry III., last of the race	Jules Grévy
The House of Bourbon.	
Henry IV., "The Great," King of Navarre 1289 Louis XIII., "The Just"	François Felix Faure 17 Jan. 1895
LOUIS All1., "The Just 1010	Emile Loubet
Louis VV (17bu Wall beloved)	Armand Fallières
Louis XVI. (guillotined at January, 1793) 1715	Raymond Poincaré
	Paul Deschanel
	Alexandre Millerand Sept. 1980
The First Republic.	Gaston Doumergue
The National Convention first sat 21 Sept. 1792	Paul Donner (assass: 7 May, 1932) 13 June, 1931
The Directory nominated Nov. 1795	Albert Lebrun 10 May, 1938

IAE UNI.	سد	DIAILD.		LARGEST UI.	TTED OF U.	<b>D</b> .
!	5.3				Popul	o t tom
!	5.5		Total	City.		
States and Territories.	Date	Grown	Population		zgato	19.30
1	45	Area.	1930.	WASHINGTON, D.C	437,571	496,869
1	₹	8q. m.	-	New York, N.Y	5,620,048	6,930,446
l				Chicago III	2,701,705	3,376,438
UNITED STATES	1 1	3,026,789	182,775,046	Chicago, Ill Philadelphia, Pa	1,823,779	1,950,961
Alabama (Ala.)	1810	51,998	2,646,248	Detroit, Mich	2,023,779	1,568,662
A minoma / A min \			435,573	Los Angeles, Cal.	993,678 576,673	1,505,002
Arkonses (Ark)	1826	53-335	1.854,482	Cleveland, Ohio		
Arkansas (Ark.) California (Cal.) Colorado (Colo.) Connecticut (Conn.) Delaware (Del.)	-840	158,297	5,677,251	St Louis Mo	796,841	900,439
Colorado (Colo)	-806	103,948	1,035,751	St. Louis, Mo	772,897	821,060
Connecticut (Conn.)	100	4,965	1,606,903	Boston, Mass	733,846	804,874
Delaware (Del )	1 1	4,905	1,000,903	Dittabunah Da	748,060	781,188
Distof Columbia (D.C.)		2,370	238,380	Pittsburgh, Pa. San Francisco, Cal Milwaukee, Wis Buffalo, N.Y	588,343	669,817
Distoi ( Oldinois (D.C.)	1791	58,666	486,869 1,468,811	San Francisco, Cal	506,676	634,394
Florida (Fla.)	1045	50,000	1,400,811	Milwalikee, Wis	457,±47	578,249
Telegram (Ga.)	-99	59,265	s,908,506	Випаю, N. У	506,775	573,076
Idano	1890	83,888	445,038	Minneapons, Minn	380,58 <b>z</b>	464,356
Illinois (Ill )	1010	56,665	7,630,654	New Orleans, La	387,219	458,762
indiana (ind.)	1010	36,354	3,238,503	Cincinnati, Ohio	401,247	451,160
10W8	1840	56,147	2,470,939	Newark, N.J	414,524	44=,337
Kansas (Kan.)	1801	8a,158	z,880,999	Kansas City, Mo	324,410	399,746
			2,614,589	Seattle, Wash,	315,318	399,746 365,583
Louisiana (La.)	1612	48,506	2,101,593	Indianapolis, lud	314,194	364,161
Maine (Me.)	1820	33,040	797,423	Indianapolis, Ind Rochester, N.Y	295,750	388,132
Maryland (Md.)	] § '	18,327	1,631,526	Jersey City, N.J	298,103	316,715
I.ouisiana (I.a.)  Maine (Me.)  Maryland (Md.)  Massachusetts (Mass.)	9	8,266	4,249,614	Jersey City, N.J Louisville, Ky	234,891	307,745
		57,900	4,842,325	Portland, Ore	256,286	301,815
Minnesota (Minn.)	1858	84,682	2,563,953	Houston, Tevas	138,276	292,352
Mississippi (Miss.)	1817	46,865	s,000.821	Toledo, Ohio	243,164	290,718
Missouri (No)	1881	69,420	3,629,367	Columbus, Ohio	237,031	290,554
Montana (Mont )	1889	146,997	537,606	Denver, Col	256,401	287,861
Nebraska (Nebr.)	1867	77,520	1,377,963	Oakland, Cal	216,261	284,063
Nevada (Nev.)	1804	110,690	91,058	St. Paul. Mmn	s34,698	271,606
New Hampshire (N.H.)	0	9,341	465,293	Atlanta, Ga	200.616	270,366
New Hampshire (N.H.) New Jorsey (N.J.)	Ì	8.224	4,041,334	Atlanta, Ga Dallas, Texas	158,976	260.478
New Mexico (N. Mex.) New York (N.Y) North Carolina (N.C.)	1012	122,634	429,317	Birmingham, Ala	178,806	260,475 259,678
New York (N.Y )	6	49,204	12,588,066	Akron Chia	808,435	#55,040
North Carolina (N.C.)	1 3	52,426	3,170,276	Akron, Ohio Memphis, Tenn	162,351	
North Dakota(N.Dak.)	188a	70,837	680,845	Providence, R.I.	=37.595	253,143 252,981
Ohio	1803	41,040	6,646,697	San Antonio, Texas	161,379	#31,54#
Oklahoma (Okla.)	1007	70.057	2,396,040	Omaha, Neb.	191,501	#14,000
Oregon (Oreg.)	1850	96,699	953,786	Syracuse, N.Y.		
Pennsylvania (Pa.)	1-2	45,126	9,631,350	Dayton, Ohio	171,717	209,326
Rhode Island (R.1.)		1,248	687,497	Worseston Mass	152,559	200,982
South Carolina (S.C.).		30,989	1,738,765	Worcester, Mass Oklahoma City, Okla	179,754	195,311
South Dakota (S. Dak.)	TRR.	77,615	692,849	Dishmond Va	91,295	185,389
Townsone (Town )	1	40.000	2,616,556	Richmond, Va	171,667	182,909
Tayes (Tuy)	184-	265,896	5,824,715	Youngstown, Ohio	132,358	170,008
Titah	1804	84,990	5,024,715	Ghand Rapids, Mich	137,634	168,592
Vermout (Vt.)	700-	04,990	359,611	Hartford, Conn	138,036	164,072
Tevas (Tex ) Utah Vermont (Vt.) Virginia (Va.) Washington (Wash )	1,14	9,564	359,011	Fort Worth, Texas New Haven, Conn	106,482	163,447
Washington (Wesh	-22-	42,627	2,421,851	New naven, Cohn	162,537	162,655
West Vincinia (W 85ft )	1009	69,127	1,563,396	Flint, Mich.	91,599	156,402
West virginia (W. va.	11003	24,170	1,729,305	Nashville, Tenn Springfield, Mass San Diego, Cal Bridgeport, Conn Scranton, Pa	118,342	153,866
Wisconsin (Wis.)	1045	56,066	2,939,006	Springheld, Mass	129,614	149,900
Wyoming (Wyo.)	1090	97,914	225,565	Ban Diego, Cal	74,361	147,995
Guntlemantal II S				Bridgeport, Conu	143,555	146,716
Continental U.S		3,026,789	182,775,046	Scranton, Pa	137,783	143,433
OUTLYING TERRI-	ł	1	1	Des Mones, lows	126,468	142,559
TORIES & POSSESSIONS.	1		1 -	Long Beach, Cal	55,593	142,038
Alaska	1867	586,400	59,278	Tulsa, Okla	72,075	141,258
Hawaii	1899		368,336		118,110	140,267
Puerto Rico	1899	3.435	1,543,913 †18,088,366	Paterson, N.J. Youkers, N.Y. Norfolk, Va. Jacksonville, Fla. Albany, N.Y. Trentou, N.J. Kansse City, Kansas	135,875	138,513
Philippines	1899	114,400	†12,08s,366	Youkers, N.Y.	100,176	134,646
Guam	1899	206	18,509	Norfolk, Va.	115.777	129,710
Panama Canal Zone	1904	549	39,467	Jacksonville, Fla	91,558	129,549
Samoa	1900	76	10,055	Albany, N.Y.	113,344	127,412
Virgin Islands Military and Naval	1917	133	22,012	Trentou, N.J	119,289	123,356
Military and Naval	1930		89,453	Kansas City, Kansas	101,177	121,857
	1			Chattanooga, Tenn Camden, N.J	57,895	119,798
Total	.1	3,738,309	137,008,435	Camden, N.J.	116,309	118,700
† Figures fo				Erie, Pa	93,372	115,967
Figures fo	# 19 <b>3</b> 9	, estimated. Motor		Erie, Pa Spokane, Wash	104,437	115,514
1 The 13 or	PITTE	MULLUCK.			1	,

### Finance and Trade of Foreign Countries.

(Converted to Sterling at the rates shown on pp. 529-531.)

Co	D	71.14	Impo	orts.	Exports,		
COUNTRY.	Revenue	Debt	Total	From U K	Total	To U.K.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	
ighanistan	1,500,000		1,750,000	70,000	2,250,000	16,00	
Ibania	1,200,000	3,000,000	1,200,000	35,000	380,000	1,00	
rgentina	79,000,000	322,000,000	75,000,000	£1,000,000	130,000,000	51,000,00	
ustriaelgium	44,000,000	280,000,000	40,000,000		23,000,000	-6	
olivia	54,700,000 3,000,000	15,000,000	3,000,000	13,000,000	85,000,000 6,000,000	16,000,0	
razii	35,000,000	140,000,000	37,000,000	5,000,000	48,000,000	4,000,0	
ulgaria	10,000,000	-40,000,000	7,000,000	580,000	7.000,000	100,0	
hile	21,000,000	\$0,000,000	18,000,000	800,000	20,000,000	4,000,0	
hina	40,000,000	215,000,000	100,000,000	8,000,000	50,000,000	6,300,0	
olombia	10,600,000	6,000,000	9,000,000	1,600,000	20,000,000	340,0	
ongo Free State	1,100,000	4,000,000	8,000,000	380,000	9,000,000	50,0	
osta Rica	1,408,000	4,000,000	1,250,000	150,000	3,000,000	1,350,0	
uba zechoslovakia	16,200,000	18,000,000	16,000,000	750,000	24,000,000	5,500,0	
enmark	60,000,000	50,000,000 50,000,000	45,400,000	1,800,000	44,700,000 60,000,000	3,000,0	
ominican Rep	18,400,000 2,600,000	3,000,000	63,000,000	10,400,000	2,600,000	41,000,0	
cuador	1,500,000	4,676,000	1,000,000	200,000	2,000,000	130,0	
gypt	39,000,000	98,000,000	26,000,000	7,000,000	27,000,000	10,500,0	
stonis	4,716,000	5,500,000	3,000,000	1,260,000	3,000,000	400,0	
thiopia	•••		750,000	20,000	1,000,000	140,0	
inland	20,000,000	14,500,000	17,000,000	2,500,000	23,000,000	12,000,0	
rance	300,000,000	3,804,000,000	340,000,000	27,000,000	159,000,000	19,000,0	
ermany	555,000,000		228,000,000	25,000,000	281,000,000	30,500,0	
vatemala	27,354,000	117,858,000	14,000,000	3,250,000	7,500,000	2,400,0	
aiti	2,000,000	3,957,000	2,600,000	180,000	3,200,000	215,00 260,00	
onduras	920,000	4,750,000 2,900,000	2,000,000	100,000	2,60x,000	900,0	
ungary	25,000,000	10,000,000	17,000,000	400,000	16,500,000	1,300,0	
eland	500,000	I,000,000	3,250,000	470,000	3,000,000	840,0	
rag	4,000,000		8,000,000	3,000,000	6,000,000	450,0	
aly	148,344,000	751,891,400	89,000,000	11,000,000	74,000,000	9,500,0	
rban	176,000,000	518,000,000	146,000,000	6,000,000	140,000,000	7,000,0	
atvia	6,360,000	3,500,000	4,500,000	600,000	5,000,000	3,000,0	
iberia	105,000	280,000	200,000	86,000	160,000	15,00	
thuania uxemburg	5,000,000 1,000,000	1,500,000	9,000,000	430,000 6,000	8,750,000	2,000,00 624,00	
exico	30,000,000	100,000,000	18,000,000	1,100,000	30,000,000	2,500,0	
Orocco	3-,,		4,908,000	1,300,000	1,000,000	300,0	
etherlands	\$1,000,000	252,000,000	107,000,000	22,000,000	70,000,000	14,500,0	
icaragua	<b>86</b> 0,000	2,400,000	1,200,000	90,000	1,300,000	152,0	
orway	21,500,000	87,500,000	38,000,000	6,000,000	31,000,000	8,000,00	
anama	2,040,000		2,500,000	300,000	500,000	<b>8</b> 0,00	
araguay	1,067,000	2,400,000	2,000,000	90,000	2,600,000	13,00	
Prin	6,000,000	2,400,000	13,000,000	1,000,000	34,000,000	7,000,00	
oland	10,000,000	70,000,000	30,000,000	800,000 2,600,000	15,000,000	4,400,00	
ortugal	13,150,000	76,000,000	17,000,000	2,600,000	8,000,000	3,600,00	
umania	41,750,000	25,400,000	25,000,000	2,000,000	30,000,000	3,500,00	
lvador	2,278,000	4,000,000	1,750,000	160,000	2,400,000	10,00	
udi Arabia	***		!			•••	
am	9,200,000	13,120,000	10,000,000	1,200,000	18,500,000	50,00	
ein	108,445,000	\$53,000,000	48,000,000	6,800,000	30,000,000	13,000,00	
weden	39,484,000	100,985,000	63,000,000	13,400,000	52,000,000	7,500,00	
witzerland	13,180,000	89,500,000	68,000,000 86,000,000	4,500,000	30,000,000	5,800,00	
nrkey S. of America	189,000,000 800,000,000	4 000 000 000	272,000,000	2,000,000 84,000,000	384,000,000	2,200,00	
.S.S.R	200,000,000	4,000,000,000	100,000,000	10,400,000	84,000,000	20,000,00	
ruguay	10,400,000	44,300,000	17,500,000	1,750,000	16,000,000	3,000,00	
eneguela	6,816,000	3,660,000	12,000,000	I,000,000	25,000,000	400,00	
ugoslavia							

Sale of Man	Dominions by Continents	How Acquired.	Date.	Estimated Area (sq miles).	Dormletion	Capital.	Popula- tion of Capital
Sile of Man   Annanel Islands   Duck of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1084 of Normandy   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   70   1066   7	Europe.						
Sample   Press   Pre	de of Man	Purchase	1827	830	60,000	Douglas	90,90
Treaty Cession	hannel islands	Duke of Normandy	1066	70	90,000	_	
Asia   Asia   Conquest and Cession   775   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789   789	alta and Gozo	Treaty Cession	1814	120	225,000	Valletta	82,50
Conquest and Cossion   1257-1857   1,000,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000	braltar		1713	2	22,000	_	
Conquest and Cession   1757-1867   1,000,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000	Asia.	0					
Protectorate   1793-1809   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1		Conumest and Cession	1757-1807	1.000.000	252 000 000	Delhi	449,00
Protectorate   1793-1809   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1	evlon	Trenty Cession		25.500		Colombo	290,00
Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   S	rnits Settlements		1784-1000	1.660	) 5,3-3,000	Singapore	446,00
Org   Kong   Collailwe    Cosion   1249-1000   390   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   10,0000   1	ederated Malay States	Protectorate	1874-1988	87,700	3.024.000	Kuala Lumpur.	108,00
ong Kong dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dishawel dis	ther Malay States			24,800	3,7,7,000		
Section   1804   1805   1806   1807   1807   1807   1807   1807   1808   1808   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809   1809	ong Kong	Treaty Cession	1842-1006	390	875,000	Victoria	465,00
	ethaiwet	, , ,	, 1898	300	160,000		-
Tructe three   Tructe three   1888   3,500   30,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   31,500   3	orth Borneo	Cession	1877	31,100	260,000	Sandakan	-
Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   A	runei	Protectorate	. z888	2,500	30,000	Brunel	.20,00
Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   Africa   A	arawak	British Raja		50,000	600,000	Kuching	30,0
Africa.  Anne Province	yprus		1914	3,600	311,000	IN ICOSIA	19,0
Annexation   1844   297,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000	Lestine	Conquest & Mandate	1914-1918	9,000	800,000	Jerusalem	63,0
Annexation   1844   297,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000   7,000,000	Africa.						
Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnarizaburg   Picturnariz	one Province	Treaty Cossion	1814	877.000	1.	Cane Town	220,0
ransval - " 1900	of all	Annexation	1843	35,300	1	Pletermaritaburg	37,0
range Free State    2001   1906   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   200	ranavaal		1900	110,400	7,000,000	Pretoria	75.0
	range Free State		1900	50,000	3		45.0
	outh West Protectorate	Conquest	2914	328,200	226,000	Windhoek	
250   250,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000	amtoland		-		500,000		8,3
waxiland outhern Rhodesia   Trenty Cession   1889   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,000   249,	echnanaland		1895	275,000	153,000	Mafeking (Cape)	
Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acce		,,	-	6,700	113,000	Mbabane	-
Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acces   Acce	outhern Rhodesia	_ ,,,	r889	240,060	900,000	Balisbury	7,5
207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207   207	orthern Rhodesia	Trenty Cession	1889	a88,000	1,270,000	Livingstone	_
igeria and Cameroum	amhia	,, ,,	1807	4,000	210,000		10,0
igeria and Cameroum	old Coast			79,000		Accra	40,0
	lerra Leone	,, ,,		34,000	1,541,000	Freetown	45,0
Angaryika	igeria and Camercon	,, ,,	1801	330,000		Lagon	_
Angaryika	omaliland	a Comment	1884	68,000		Berbern	
Angaryika	enya	Cession and Conquest	1889-1918			Matrobi	24,0
Idam	ganda	Treaty Common	1894	283,500	3,145,500	Day ag Nology	
Idam	anganyika	Conquest	1914-1918	305,000	4,122,000	Zunglbor	25,0
Idam	anzibar	Construct	-801	25,000		Zomba	
Treaty Cession   1814   150   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800	yamining	Conquest		30,000	5,200,000	Khartonin	34,0
Treaty Cession   1814   150   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800   3,800	fundii	" need Conserve	-RID-VRIA	1,015,000	0,000,000	Port Louis	50,0
Amerios.   Conquest and Cession   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1	atobullas	Treaty Cemion	1814		95,000	Victoria	30,0
Amerios.   Conquest and Cession   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1763   1799-1	t Helene	Cananest.	1672		2.800	Jamestown	2,5
America   Conquest and Cession   1759-1763   407,360   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000   2,034,000	weetsing	Occupation	1815	38		_	
Interior   Conquest and Cession   1799-795   47,250   24,250   24,250   24,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   25,250   2	A-narias			1			1
mobec.		Congress and Chumian				Toronto	652,0
Internation	murio	Condition and Comion	1759-1703	407,300	2,934,000	Chapper	227.0
Internation	niebeu	', "	1/39-1/03	594,400	2,000,000	Halifay	131,0 60,0
Trince Edward Island   Conquest	low Dennerick	Trunty Charles	3762	28,000	288 000	Fredericton	8,0
Annitobe.   1813   251,500   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,3	wines Edward Island	Concernent.	1748-1750	2,000	80,000	Charlottatown	
Annitobe.   1813   251,500   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,300   255,3	tritish Columbia	Settlement	ZÓ70		ERE.000	Victoria	40,0
askatchewain	Inplicaba		1813	257,000	610,000	Winnipeg	200,0
askatchewain	lherta	1 11 11111111	1670		EHB.000	Edmonton	66,0
	askatchewau		1670		758,000	Hegina	67,4
Sertion	orth-West Territories		1670		8,000	-	1 -
Application   Conquiest   1655   4,800   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,000   60,00	ewfoundland	Treaty Cossion	. z#B2	162,750	m63,000	St. John's	40,0
25	amaica	Conquest	1655	4.200	863,000	Kingston	63.6
Cession   1203-1698   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750   750	ghamus	Settlement	1629	4,400	60,000	Naman	- 1
Arbadoo   Arbadoo   Settlement   1605   170   156.000   Ardigetown   170   156.000   1,850   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   356,000   3	eeward Islands	,,	1623-1659	759	140,000	St. John s	7.0
Trindad and Tobago   Conquest   1797   1800   300,000   Sirtish Guidana   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1804   1804   1804   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   180	Vindward Islands	Cession	1762-1782	510	162,000	Mt. George's	
Trindad and Tobago   Conquest   1797   1800   300,000   Sirtish Guidana   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1803   1804   1804   1804   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   1805   180	larbados	Settlement	1605	170	156,000	Bridgetown	14,0
	"inidad aiul Tohago	Cananest	1797	1,860	366,000	Port of Spain	64,0
Fittish   Ionduras	ritish Gillana	,, and Cession	1803-1814	90,000	301,000	Georgetown	.i 45.c
Alkland Islands	rrush Honduras		. 1 I7OK		46,000	Delize	28,0
South Georgia, &c.   Occupation   1771   3,000,000	blidend Islands	Control Con Little	TOIS	30	24,000	Post Stanley	9,6
Oceania	South Garreio for	(Account top	1 777	4,016	3,000	1	1 _9
Sew South Wales   Settlement   1788   310,000   3.555,000   Sydney   Settlement   1788   310,000   3.555,000   Sydney   Settlement   1835   350,070   350,000   Adelaide   Settlement   1835   350,070   350,000   Adelaide   Settlement   1835   350,070   350,000   Adelaide   Settlement   1835   350,000   350,000   Adelaide   Settlement   1835   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000   350,000		The aparona.	-777	3,000,000			1 -
Outh Australia ,	Uceania.	1	1	1	1	C	
Outh Australia	ew South Wales	Settlement	. 17BB	310,000	2,205,000	sydney	. z,840,0
Outh Australia	ictoria	, ,	1832		1,007,000	Adoloida	1,090,
Vastery Australia 970,000 Perta	outh Australia		. 1830	360,070	495,000	Delabona	305,0
Vastery Australia 970,000 Perta 970,000 Darwin 982,600 4,000 Darwin 982,600 Pert Murenby	(ueenskand	,,	1824		642,000	Wohart	300,
Pape 4,000 Darwin	Contain Australia	, ,	1803	20,220	354,000	Porth	. 58,
RDDs Appearation 1884   co.sto   250.ccc   POPE MURENNY	ortham Gamiston	,,	. X020	970,000	300,000	Darwie	
THE TAXABLE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY		Annavation	1 .00.	50,740	350,000	Port Morenby	1 =
	New Zealand	Settlement & Congress	1846	106,000	2.434,000		
Yew Zehland       Settlement & Conquest       1845       125,000       1,434,000       Wellington         Clji       Cession from Natives       1874       7,500       137,000       3uva         Pacific Islands       Cession and Conquest       1893-1914       21,500       3uva       Suva       (Fiji)	Mii	Cession from Natives	2874	7.500	X67.000	Suva	23,
Pacific Islands Cession and Conquest 1893-1914 12,900 300,000 Suva (Fiji)	acific Islands	Cession and Conquest	1803-101A	28,000	300,000	Suva (Fiji)	

## British Gberseas Gobernors.

Епторо-	
Northern Ireland, The Duke of Abercorn, z c., z r., Governor-General Irish Free State, Donal Buckley Governor-General Isle of Man, Bir Montagu Butler, z c z i c.n., c.i.z c v.o., c b z , Leutenant-Governor, Jersey, MajGen, Edward Henry Willis, c s., c.n., Lieutenant-Governor Guernesy, MajGen Lord Ruthven, c s , c.n. a, p.s.o, Lieutenant-Governor Maita, Gen, Bir David Campbell, s.c.n. Governor Gibraltar, Gen, Sir C. Harington, a c.n., a, p.y., p.s.o, Governor	
Asia	
Asia— INPIAN EMPINE, Rarl Willingdon, P.C., O.M.S. I., O.M.I. E., O.C.M.O., O.B.E., Viceroy.  Madras, LiCol. Rt. Hon. Sir G. F. Stanley, O.C. I.E., C.M.O., G. B.E., Viceroy.  Bombay, The Lord Brabourne, G.C. I.E., M.C., Governor.  GO. R.  Bengol, Rt. Hon. Sir John Anderson, G.C. I.E., Governor.  GO. R.  United Provinces, Sir William M. Bulley, G.C. S. I. G. I.E., Governor.  GO. R.  Pringhs, Bir H. W. Emerson, R. C. S. I., C. I.E., G. R., Governor.  GO. R.  Burrad, Sir Hugh Lanedown Stephenson, R.C. S. I., E. C. I.E., Governor.  GO. R.  Birar and Orises, Sir James David Sifton, E.C. S. I., E.C. I.E., Governor.  GO. R.  Central Provinces, Sir H. C. Gowan, R.C. S. I., E. I.E., G. Governor.  GO. R.  Assam, Sir Michael Keane, R.C. S. I. Governor.  GO. R.  Ajmer Herward, Sir I. W. Repnolda, R.C. I. E., C. I., E., G. C., C. M. Governor.  GO. R.  Googy, LiCol. R. J. C. Burke, Chef Commusioner.  GO. R.  Andermans and Nicodars, LiCol. M. L. Ferrar, C. S. I., C. I.E., G. C. Wommssoner.  GO. R.  Adden, LiCol. B. R. Rellly, C. I.E., O. E., Resident.  GO. R.  Cyprus, Sir Herbert Silymond Palmer, E. C. N., Governor.  Governor.  Governor.  Governor.  Governor.  GO. R.  Straits Settleman M. Blamer, E. C., Governor.  Straits Settleman M. Silms of Clementi, a. C. M., Governor.  Korth Borneo, A. F. Kichards, C. M.S., Governor.	8. 20,000 1. 10,000 2. 10,000 2. 10,000 2. 10,000 3. 10,000 3. 10,000 3. 10,000 3. 10,000 3. 10,000 4. 10,000 5. 5. 500 5. 4,000 5. 4,000 5. 4,000 5. 4,000 5. 4,000 5. 4,000 5. 5,000 5. 5,000 5. 6,000 5. 6,000 5. 7,000 5. 7
Africa— Union of Sover Africa, The Earl of Clarendon, a.c. M.a., Governor-General Basutoland, J. C. R. Sturrock, c.m.a., Commissioner Bechunaliand Protectorate, L. Col. C. F. Hey, Resident Commissioner Bechunaliand Protectorate, T. Ainsworth Dickson, c.M.a., M.c., Resident Commissioner Swattland Protectorate, T. Ainsworth Dickson, c.M.a., M.c., Resident Commissioner Southern Rhodesia, Sir Coell Hunter Rodwell, K. c.M.a., Governor Northern Rhodesia, Sir Coell Hunter Rodwell, K. c.M.a., Governor Oold Coast Colony and Togoland, Sir Thomas Shenton W. Thomas, K.C.M.a., O.B.E. Governor Gold Coast Colony and Togoland, Sir Thomas Shenton W. Thomas, K.C.M.a., O.B.E. Governor Sierra Loon, Sir A. W. Hodson, R. c. M.a., Governor Nigeria and Camercon, Sir Donald C. Camerum, a.c. M.a., E. E. Governor Sudan, L. Col. Sir G. S. Symes, E. c. M. a., E. R., D. S. O., Governor-General Somaliand Protectorate, Sir Bernard II Bourdillon, E. R., C. M. a., Governor Ugands Protectorate, Sir Bernard II Bourdillon, E. R., C. M. a., Governor Ugands Protectorate, M. Richard S. D. Rankine, E. C. M. a., Governor Zamstbar Protectorate, M. Richard S. D. Rankine, E. C. M. a., Hirlish Resident Nyassiand Protectorate, M. Richard S. D. Rankine, E. C. M. a., Hirlish Resident Thagganglia viscantly, Governor Mauritius, Sir Wilfred Edward Prancis Jackson, E. C. M. a., Governor Revealles, Gordon James Exbehen, Governor St. Helena and Ascendion, Sir Steuart Spencer Davis, C. M. a., Governor Ramerica—	\$20,000 \$21,550 \$21,350 \$43,000 \$43,000 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,500 \$44,50
	\$30,000 \$35,000 £4.400 £5.000 £8,600 £8,800 £3.000 £5.500 £4.000 \$9,700 £1,800
Gosania-	
	\$10,000 \$5,000 \$5,000 \$5,000 \$3,000 \$4,000 \$4,000 \$1,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$1,000 \$1,000

THE PROVINCES OF	CAHAD	١.	THE PROVINCES	OF INDIA	L.
Province and Capital.	Sq. miles	Pop 1931.	Province and Capital.	Sq. miles.	Pop. 1931.
Alberta (Edmouton)	255,285 355,855	731,605 694, <b>2</b> 63	Ajmer-Merwara (Ajmer) Andamans and Nicobars (Port Blair)	3,711	g60,aga
Manitoha (Winnipeg) New Brunswick (Fredericton)	251,832 27,985	700,139	Assam (Shillong)	3,143 53,015	39,463 8,688,851
Nova Scotia (Halifax)	21,426	EXE.846	Baluchistan (Quetta)	54,±8 -76,843	463,508
Ontario (Toronto)	407,262	3,431,683	Rengal (Calcutta) Rihar and Orissa (Patna)		50,128,350
Prince Edward Island (Charlottetown)		88,038	Bombay (Bombay)	83,161 123,621	37,590,356
Quabec (Quebec)	404.434	2,874,255	Boinbay	77,935	22,259,977 18,323,860
Saskatchewan (Regina)	251,700	981,785	Sind	46,506	3,885,308
Yukon (Dawson)	207,076	4,830	Aden	80	50,800
North West Territories (Ottawa)	68-		Burma (Rangoon)	<b>233,707</b>	14,665,618
(0)	1,309,002	9,7=3	Berar (Nagpur)	99,876	15,472,628
Total	3,547,830	10,376,786	Berar (Nagpur)	1,582	163,089
			Delhi (Delhi)	557	030,840
			Madras (Madras) North-West Frontier Pro-	142,260	46,748,614
THE STATES OF A	USTRAL	LA.	vince (Peshawar)	13,419	2,425,076
State and death.	e	Pop 1931.	Punjab (Lahore)		23,580,851
State and Capital.	oq. mues.	Pop 1931.	United Provinces (Alla-		
			habad)		48,408,763.
New South Wales (Sydney)	309,438	2,526,345	Total Provinces	1,094,300 2	71,749,312
Victoria (Melbourne)	87,884	1,804,584	States and Agencies. Assam State (Manipur)		
Queensland (Brisbane) South Australia (Adelaide)	380,070	965,934 585,466	Baluchistan States	8,456	625,606 405,109
Western Australia (Perth)	975,980	421,562	Baroda State	8,127	2,443,007
Tasmania (Hobart)		221,584	neugai States	5,434	973,316
	_		Bihar and Orissa States	a8,648	4,643,456.
North Australia (Darwin) Cent. Australia (Alice Springs)	287,227		Bombay States Western India States	63,453	4,469,081 ·
Federal Capital Territory	=36,393	,	Central India Agency	5x,53x	3,997,458 6,615,120
(Canberra)		9,245	Central Provinces States	31,176	2,478,519
			Gwalior State	26,357	3,583,070
Total	3,974,581	6,539,270	Hyderahad State Kashmir State	84,258	14,395,493 3,645,339
	<u> </u>		Madras States	10,696	6.764.300
THE PROVINCES OF S	OUTH AT	FRICA.	Mysore State	30.475	6,754,399 6,557,871
			North-West Frontier Agen-		
Province and Capital.	Sq. miles	European	cies and Tribal Areas Punjab States	25,500 37,959	2,259,288 4,910,005
		Pop. 1931.	Rajputana Agency	128.087	11,225,718
('ape (Cape Town)	276,966		Sikkim	2.8x8	109,651
Natal (Pietermaritzburg)	35,384	749,231 177,449	United Provinces States	1 0.5.5-1-	1,206,070
Transvani (Pretoria)	110.450		Total, States and Agencies		81,237,564
Orange Free State (Bloem	1	1	TOTAL, INDIA	1,805,338	52,986,876
fontein)	49,647	205,375 24,115	THE ISLANDS OF 1	EM EFFI	AND.
Total	204 545	1,828,175	Islands.	Sq. Mile	Pop. 2926.
(Whites, 1926, 1,700,775)	/94134/	1,000,175			:
			North Island and Islets		831,813
NORTHERN IR	ELAND.		South Island and Islets	58, x20	511,942
		1_	Stewart Island and Islets,	, 66a	446
Counties and Capital.	Acreage.	Pop. 1986.	Chatham Islands		
			Campbell Island	ass	
Antrim (Belfast)	702,851	191,643	Campbell Island	13	
Belfast County Borough	14,797	415,151	Bounty Islands		N.
Armagh (Armagh)	3x2,707	110,070	Snares Islands	1	
Pown (Downpatrick) Fermanagh (Enniskillen)	608,861 417,912		Cook Islands		
Londonderry(Londonderry)	512,494	94,534	Other Islands anuexed in	1901 130	
Londonderry County		1	Tokelau Islands		1,033
- Borough	2,199		Western Samoa (Mandato	ry). 1,143	40,220
Tyrone (Omagh)	779,563	132,792	Maori Population		63,670
Total, Northern Ireland	3,35±,444	1,256,561	Total	105,005	1,463,278
			. 1004		

### 182 Representatives of British Dominions—Trade Commissioners.

### LONDON REPRESENTATIVES OF BRITISH DOMINIONS.

Note.—High Commissioners in London take precedence, on ceremonial occasions, immediately
after British or Dominion Ministers, when the latter are present; and when no members
of British or Dominion Cabinets are present, the High Commissioners take precedence
immediately after that accorded by the Table of Precedence to Secretaries of State.
Dominson. High Commissioner, &c. Address in London.
Dominion. High Commissioner, &c. Address in London. Dominion of Canada Hou. G. H. Ferguson, K.C., LL.D., H.C. Canada House, S.W. r.
Alberta (Vacant)
British Columbia F. P. Burden, Agent-Gen r Regent Street, S.W. r.
Ontario William C. Noxon, Agent-Gen 163 Strand, W.C. 2.
Quebec
Australian Commonwealth Rt. Hon. S. M. Bruce, M.C., High
Commissioner Australia House, Strand, W.C. s.
New South Wales   Commissioner   Australia House, Strand, W.C. z.     New South Wales   (Vacant)   Agent-Gen.   Wellington House, Strand, W.C. z.     Queenuland   (Vacant)   Agent-Gen.   409 Strand, W.C. z.     South Australia   Hon. Lionel H. Hill, A. G.   Australia House, Strand, W.C. z.
Queenwland (Vacant) Agent Gen 400 Strand, W.C. 2.
South Australia Hon. Lionel H. Hill, AG Australia House, Strand, W. (', a
Victoria
. Western Australia Sir Hal Colebatoh, C.M.G., Agent-Gen Savoy House, Strand, W.C. 2.
New Zealand Sir T. M. Wilford, K.C. M.G., K.C., H.C. 415 Strand, W.C. 2.
Union of South Africa Hon. C. T. te Water, High Commer South Africa House, Trafalgar
Square, W.C. a.
Newfoundland Hon. Sir Edgar Bowring, High Commr. g8 Victoria Street, S.W. 1.
British India Sir B. N. Mitra, High Commissioner India House, Aldwych, W.C.z.
Irish Free State J. W. Dulanty, C.B., C.B.E., High Commr. York House, Regent St., S.W. I.
Southern Rhodesia Hon. J. W. Downie, C.M.G., H.C Crown House, Aldwych, W.C.z.
Malta
8.W.z.
British North Borneo The Secretary, Court of Directors 27 St. Helen's Place, E.C. 3.
Malay States Malay States Agency
Sudan Government Sudan Govt, Agency Wellington House, Buckingham
Gate, S.W. x.
Trinidad and Tobago The West India Committee 14 Trinity Square, E.C. 3.
Rast African Dependencies Trade and Information Office Grand. Buildings, Trafalgal.
Square, W.C. a.
Colonies & Protectorates Crown Agents for the Colonies 4 Milbank, Westminster, S. W. z.

### TRADE COMMISSIONER SERVICE IN BRITISH DOMINIONS, INDIA, &c. CANADA.—Montreal, F.W. Field, C.M.G. (Trade Commr. Grade 1.); 1,111 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal;

ANADA.—Montreal, F. W. Fichil, C. M. G. (1 1446 Commer. Grade 11.).

H. F. Gurney (Trade Commer. Grade 11.).

Toronto, A. M. Wiseman, M.C. (Trade Commer. Grade 11.)...... 61-67 Yonge St., Toronto.

Vancouver, J. L. Wilson Goods (Trade Commer. Grade 11.)..... 850 Hastings St., W., Vancouver., Winnipeg (Branch Office), W. D. Lambie (Officer-in-charge).... 703 Royal Bank Bldg., Winnipeg. NEWFOUNDLAND .- F. W. Field; H. F. Gurney (see Montreal). NEW ZEALAND.—Wellington, L. A. Paish, O.B.E. (T.C., Grade I.) Grey Street, Wellington, IRISH FRRE STATE, Dublin.-W. Peters, C.M.G. (Trade Commr. 69 Merrion Square, Dublin, C. 17. Grade I.).

INDIA AND CEYLON.—Calcutta, Sir T. M. Ainscough, C.B.E. (Trade (P.O. Box 683) Kairlie House, Commr. Grade I.); R. B. Willmot (T.C., Grade II.). Fairlie Place, Calcutta, Bombay, W. D. Montgomery Clarke (Trade Commr. Grade II.). 3 Wittet Road, Bombay.

EAST AFRICA.-C. Kemp (Trade Commr. Grade 111.) .............. Memorial Hall, Sixth Avenue, Nairobi, Kenya.

WEST INDIES.—Trinidad, A E. Pollard (T.C., G. II.) ........ Port of Spain, Trinidad.
Jamaica (Branch Office), H. Massic-Blomfield, T.D. (Officer-in-Kingston, Jamaica. charge).

MALAYA .- Singapore, R. Boulter, C. M.G. (Trade Commr. Grade II.) Fullerton Building, Singapore.

NOTE.—The Salaries of H.M. Trade Commissioners Grade 1. are £1,200 to £2,500 per annum (except Calcutta and Montreal, £1,700 fixed); Grade 11., £800 to £2,000; Grade 111., £600 to £200. There are, in addition, Imperial Trade Correspondents in each of the Dominions, and in most Colemies and Protectorates.

Embassies :	Ambamadors.	Address of Himbassy.
Argentina	Sir H. G. Chilton, K.C.M.G. (1933)	314 Reconquista, Buenos Aires
Belgium	Rt. Hon. Sir George R. Clerk, G.C.M.G. (1933)	s, Rue de Spa, Brussels.
Brazii	Sir William Seeds, K.C.X.G. (1930)	71, Rua Real Grandeza. Rio de Janeiro.
Chile	Sir R. C. Michell, K.C. N.G. (1933)	Avenida Vicuña Mackenna
OIIII6	Sir R. C. Michell, A.C.R.G. (1933)	No rea Santinga
France	Rt. Hon. Lord Tyrrell, G.C. M.G. (1988)	20. Fanbourg St. Wonord
210000	200 2010 2010 1311011, 01012101 (1922)	Paris. VIII.
Germany	Rt. Hon. Sir E. Phipps, K.C. M.G. (1933)	20, Willielmstrasse, Berlin.
Iraq	Sir Francis Humphrys, G.C.M.G. (1932)	British Embassy, Baghdad.
Italy	Rt. Hon. Sir Eric Drnmmond, K.C.K.G. (1933)	39. Faubourg St. Honoré, Paris, VIII. 70. Wilhelmstrasse, Berlin. British Embassy, Bagkdad. 24. Via Venti Settembre,
_		Autho.   Cill-B.u. 1 0/07/0.
Bolond	Rt. Hon. Sir Francis Lindley, G.C.M.G. (1931)	No. 2. Goban-cho Kojima-
	Rt. Hon. Sir W. A. F. Erskine, G.C.M.G. (1999) Sir Claud Russell, K.C.M.G. (1931)	18, Nowy Swiat, Warsaw. 63, Rus Francisco de Borja,
TOLDUBAL	Dir Claud Itusscii, E.C.A.G. (1931)	Lisbon. [Moscow.
Russia	Viscount Chilston, K.C.M.G. (1933)	Sofiskaya Naberezhnaya 14,
Spain	Rt. Hon. Sir George D. Grahame, G.C.M.G. (1988)	16, Calle Fernando el Santo,
Turkey	Rt. Hon. Sir P. Loraine, Bt., K.C.M.G. (1933)	Angora.   Madrid 4.
United States	Rt. Hon. Sir Ronald Lindsay, G.C.M.G. (1930)	N.W., Washington, D.C.
	R.E., Envoy-Extraordinary; u.r., Minister-Plenipotentiary; Ch. d'Af., Chargé d'Afuires: ca., Consul-General Sir R. R. Maconachie, K.B.E., C.I.E. (EE.& MP., 1998)	N.W., Washington, D.C.
Legations :	Ch. d'Af., Charge d'Affaires : ca., Consul-General	Address of Legation.
Albania	Sir R. R. Maconaonie, K. B. E., C. I. E. (EE. & MP., 1989)	Kabul (vid Peshawar). Rruga Tomorica, Durazzo.
Vinente	Sir R. M. L. Hodgson, K.B.E. (EE. & MP. & CG.,	III.
Anstria	Sir W. H. M. Selby, X.C.M.G. (RE & MP., 1932)	Metternichgasse. 6, Vienna,
Rolivia	R. L. Nosworthy (EE.& MP.& CG., 1931)	roz. Avenida Arce. La Paz.
Bulgaria	C. H. Bentinck, C.M.G. (EE. & MP., 1933)	Blvd. Ferdinand 73, Sofia.
China	Sir W. H. M. Selby, X.C.M.G. (EE & MP., 1933) R. L. Nosworthy (EE.& MP.& CG., 1931) C. H. Bentinck, C.M.G. (EE. & MP., 1932) Hon. A. M. G. Cadogan, C.B. (EE. & MP., 1933)	
Costo Pige	Spencer S. Dickson (BE. & MP., 1930)	Apartado de Correo No. 17.
Cuba	Holi. A. M. C. Catalogan, c. h. (££. & MP., 1933)	See Panama. (Bogetd.)
Czechoslovskia	Sir Joseph Addison, K.O.M. G.(EE.d. MP.& CG., 1939)	Thunovská 12. Prague, III.
Dominican R.	H. E. Slaymaker (Charge d'Affaires, 1932)	Apartado No. 506, Santo
Ecuador	H. E. Slaymaker (Chargé d'Afaires, 1932)	AND TOLUS [DUINNINGU, ]
Egypt	H. M. Knatchbuil-Hugessen, C.M.G. (EE.&MP., 1933)	Res., Kasr el Doubara, Cairo. Lai Tanavzz, Tallinn (Reval).
Ethionie	Sir Sidney Barton K.C.V.O. (EE. & MP.& CG., 1990)	Addis Ababa.
Finland	R. A. C. Sperling, C.B. (EE. & MP., 1930)	Norra Kajen, 4, Helsingfors.
Greece	Sir Sidney Barton, R.C. v.o. (EF. & MP.& CG., 1926) R. A. C. Sperling, C.B. (EF. & MP., 1930) S. P. P. Waterlow, C.B.E. (EE. & MP., 1933) J. H. S. Birch (EE. & MP. & CG., 1933)	8, Odos Dragatsaniou, Athens.
Guatemala	J. H. S. Birch (EE. & MP. & CG., 1933)	8A, Calle Poniente, No. 35, Guatemala. [Prince.
W-141	W M Charles at m w (Observed d' Affrican anna)	Place Geffrard. Port au
Howlness	F. M. Shepherd, N.B.E. (Charge d'Affaires, 1932) J. H. S. Birch (EE. & MP. & CG., 1933) Hon. Sir P. W. M. Ramsay, K.C.M.G. (EE. & MP. &	See Guatemala.
Hungary	Hon, Sir P. W. M. Ramsav, K.C.M.G. (E. E. & M. P. &	Verboczy Utcza z, Buda-
	CG., 1033)	pest z.
Latvia	CG., 1933) H. M. Knatchbull-Hugessen, C.M.G.(EE.&MP., 1930) C. Graham (Charge & Afaires, 1931)	s, Jura Alunana iela, Riga. Monroma.
Liberia	C. Graham (Charge d'Affaires, 1931)	Monroma.
Lithuania	H. M. Knatchbull-Hugessen, C. M. G. (EE. & MP., 1930) Rt. Hon. Sir George R. Clerk, G.C. M.G. (EE. & MP.,	Keistuchia gatve, 19, Kaunas Ses Belgium.
Mexico	E. St. J. D. Monson (EE. & MP., 1939)	Mexico City.
Netherlands	Sir H. Montgomery, R.C.M.G. (EE. & MP., 1933)  J. H. S. Birch (EE. & MP. & CG., 1933)  Sin Charlet I. Wite D. Winefield V. G. (E. E. & M. P.	zs, Hooge Westeinde, The
Nicaragua	J. H. S. Birch (EE. & MP. & CG., 1933)	See Guatemala. [Hague.
Norway	SIL CHES. 2. LICE U. M. INRIIGIO, W.C.W. G T. O. M L.	Drammenevelen, 79, Oslo.
Panama	Nir J. Crosby, K.B.E. (EE. & MP. & CG., 1931)	Panama.
Dansansan	Gee Amendine	1
Persia	See A. Reatting   Section   Sectio	Tehran.
Peru	V. C. W. Forbes (EE. & MP., 1933)	Lima. (Bucharest,
Aumania	U. M. PAIRIPEL, C.M.G. (EE. & MP., 1989)	se Strada Jules Michelet,
Saudi Arabia	'Sir A. Rvan, K.R.E. (KK. & MP. & CG. vaza)	See Guatemala. Jeddah.
Siam	C. F. J. Dormer, M. V.O. (EE. & MP., 1020)	Bangkok. [holm.
Switzerland	Sir Howard Kennard, K.C.M.G. (EE. & MP., 1931)	48, Thunstrasse, Berne.
Uruguay	E. Millington Drake (EE. & MP. & CG., 1933)	AB, Thunstrasse, Berne. Prague Battle y Ordoñes a491, Monte Video.
Vetice-	GI. D. H. Clive V.C. V.G. (F. V & M. D. sees)	Via San Nicola de Tolentino.
* = LICEII	Sir R. H. Clive, K.C.M.G. (EE. & MP., 1933)	67, Rome, s.
Venezuela	E. A. Keeling (EE. & MP., 1932)	Quinta Prosperi El Paraiso,
		Cardoas.
Yugoslavia	Sir N. M. Henderson, K.C.M.G. (EE. & MP., 1929)	
	1004	

Embassies :	assies, Legations, and Consulate  Ambassadors and Embassies.	Consulate-General.
merican	Robert Worth Bingham, 4. Grosvenor Gardens,	z8, Cavendish Square, W. z.
	S.W. z. [S.W. z.	- Cowen Stunet W C -
leigian	Señor Dr. Don Manuel Malbran, 11, Lowndes Sq. Baron E. de Cartier de Marchienne, 103, Eaton	ro, Belgrave Place, S.W. z.
razilian	Square, S.W.z. Senhor Dr. Regis de Oliveira, zo. Up. Brook St., W.z	Aldwych House, Aldwych, W.C.
hilean	Señor Don Juan E. Tocornal, 3, Hamilton Pl., W.r.	3, Hamilton Place, W. 1.
rench	Senhor Dr. Regis de Oliveira, zg. Up. Brook St., W. z Señor Don Juan E. Tocornal, 3, Hamilton Pl., W. z Monsieur Charles Corhin. Albert Gate House, Hyde Park, S. W. z. [S. W. z.	51, Bedford Square, W.C. 1.
erman	Herr von Hoesch, 9, Carlton House Terrace,	9, Carlton House Terrace, S.W. 1
alian	Signor Dino Grandi, 4, Grosvenor Square, W. z	68, Portland Place, W z.
olish	Monsieur Konstanty Skirmunt. 47, Portland	a, Upper Montague Street, W.C.
A	Sanbon Ulmah sa Glaugastan Diaga W s	as Wohnen Sousse W.C.
ussian	Hyde Park, S. W. I.  Rerr von Hoesch, 9, Carlton House Terrace, Signor Dino Grandi, 4, Grosvenor Square, W. z  Tsunce Mataudaira, G.C. V. O., 37, Portman Sq., W. z.  Monsieur Konstanty Skirmunt. 47, Portland Place, W. z.  Senhor Ulrich, 12, Gloucester Place, W. z	3, Rosary Gardens, S.W 7.
namich	W.8. [Square, S.W. I.	as Gordon Saussa W.C
paulau	Welmet Munir Rev & Portland Place W	to Lower Sloans Street S.W.
Legations:	Ministers, &c., and Legations.	10, nower bloads burees, b. W. L.
	Señor Don Ramón Pérez de Ayala 24, Belgrave Mehmet Munir Bey, 69, Porthard Place, W. 1 Ministers. &c., and Legations. Sardar Ali Muhammad Khan, 31, Princes Gate, S.W. I.	
lbanian	Legation, 36, Egerton Gardens, S.W. 3	119, Finsbury Pavement, E C. 2.
ustrian	Legation, 36, Egerton Gardens, S.W. 3 Baron Georg Franckenstein, 18, Belgrave Equare, S.W. 1. Señor Don Carlos Aramayo, 16, Grosvenor Place, Monsleur H. Micheff, 24, Queeu's Gate Gdns, S. W. 7. Quo Tai-chi, 49, Portland Place, W. 1. (Vacant). (Vacant).  Usant).  Don Guillermo Pattersou, 30, York Terrace, N.W. 1. M. Jan Masaryk, C.B. E., 8, Grosvenor Pl., S.W. 1. Count P. K. Ablefald Lauryic, G.C. VO a. Pout	18, Belgrave Square, S. W. 1.
olivian	Senor Don Carlos Aramayo, 16, Grosvenor Place,	16, Grosvenor Place, S.W. 1.
ulgarian	Monsieur H. Micheff, 24, Queen's Gate Gdns., S. W.7.	(None.)
hinese	Quo Tai-chi, 49, Portland Place, W. z	49, Poitland Place, W. z.
olombian	(Vacant)	7, Sicilian Avenue, W.C. 1.
OBER RIGHT	Hon Guillerme Putterson as VerkTerree N.W.	or Linden Gardens W .
zechoslovak.	M. Jan Masaryk, C.B.E., S. Grosvenor Pl., S.W.	8. Grosvenor Place, S.W.
	Street S W	7, 110,1011 011000, 20111111, 11.0. 2
ominican	Street, S.W. Señor Don V Trujillo, 67, Eaton Place, S.W. 1.	67, Eaton Place, S.W. z.
cuadorian	Charge d'Affaires	23, College Hill, Cannon St., E.C.
gyptian	Dr. Hafiz Afffi, l'asha, 75, South Audley St., W. z.	(None.)
thiopian	Señor Don V Trujillo, 67, Eaton Place, S.W. z. Charge d'Affaire	(None.)
innish	S.W. 10.  M. Georg Grupenberg, 2, Moreton Gdna., S.W. 7. Monsieur D. Caclamanos, 5x, Up. Brook St., W. x. (Vacant)  M. Rene Tancrède Auguste (B. Basilio de Telepnel, Cons., Gen.)  Count Lazio Szechenyi, 25, Eaton Pl., S.W. x.  Ja'iar Pasha al Askari, 22, Queen's Gate, S.W. 7  M. Karlis Zarins, 87, Eaton Place, S.W. x.  (Vacant)  M. Vaclovas Sidzikauskas, 10, Palace Gate, W. 8  (Vacant)	res Cannon Street F.C.
reak	Monsieur D. Caclamanos, gr. Un. Brook St. W. r.	ras. Gower Street, W.C.
uatemalan	(Vacant)	11, Queen Victoria Street, E.C. 4
laitian	M. René Tancrède Auguste	4, Denmark Street, W (' 2.
Ionduras	(B. Basilio de Telepnef, Cons. Gen.)	15, Umon Court, E.C. 2
lungarian	Count Laszlo Szechenyi, 35, Eaton Pl., S.W.z	75, Chester Square, S.W. 1.
aquia::	Ja'far Pasha al Askari, sz., Queen's Gate, S.W. 7	as, Queen's Gate, S.W. 7.
ALVIAN	(Vecent)	to Idol Lane E.C.
ithuanian	M. Vaclovas Sidzikauskas, ro Palace Gate, W. R.	ro. Palace Gate W. 8
nxemburg	(Vacant)	Moorfields House, E.C. a.
fexican	Senor Don A. Mascareñas, 48, Belgrave Sq., S.W.:	8, Halkin Street, S.W. z.
lonaco	C. Nuthall Foreman, ConsGen	37, Conduit Street, W. 1.
etherlands	Jonkheer Maitre R. de Marees van Swinderen,	a8, Langham Street, W. z.
icaraguan	Señor Don E. Perez-Triana 4. Mourrate E.C.	vs. Union Court. E C. s
orwegian	M. P. B. Vogt, 21-24, Cockspur Street. S.W.	21-24, Cockspur Street. S.W
anama	Senor Don I. de J. Valdes, ConsGen	232, Finsbury Pavement H'ss. E. C.
araguayan	(Vacant)	12, Russell Sq., W.C. 1.
ersian	(vacant), 10, Princes Gate, S.W. 7	to, Princes Gate, S.W 7
eruvian	(Vecent) A Cromwell Place S W.	145, Sioane Street, S. W. 1.
alvadorear	(Vacant)	7 Union Court. E.C.
an Marino	(Grand Uff. M. A. Jamieson, ConsGen.)	22. Pall Mall, S.W. 1
arawakian .	Seior Don A. Mascareñas, 48, Belgrave Sq., S.W. 1 C. Nuthall Foreman. Cons. Gen.  Jonkheer Maitre R. de Marees van Swinderen, 21, Portman Sq., W. 1.  Señor Don E. Perez-Triana, 4, Moorgate, E. C. 2.  M. P. B. Vogt, 21-24, (Ockspur Street, S.W. 1.  Seĥor Don I. de J. Valdes, Cins. Gen.  (Vacant).  (Vacant).  (Vacant), 12, Princes Gate, S.W. 7.  (Vacant), 4, Cronwell Place, S.W. 7.  (Vacant), 4, Cronwell Place, S.W. 7.  (Vacant).  (Grand Uff. M. A. Jamieson, Cons. Gen.).  P. F. Boult, Government Agent, Millbank House, S.W. 1.	******
audi Arabian .	Sheikh Hafiz Wahba, 4s, Eaton Place, S.W. z	(None.)
ianiese wedish	Shelikh Hafiz Wahba, 4s, Eaton Place, S.W. 1 Phys Subarn Sompati, 23, Ashburn Pl., S.W. 7. Baron E. K. Palmstierna, G.C v.O., 27, Portland Place, W. 1	33, Ashburn Place, S.W. 7.
	Place, W.z.	,
Ji uguayan	Señor Don Pedro Cosio, 53, Harrington Gardens, S. Kensington, S. W. 7 Señor Dr. Don D. Escalante, 50, Pall Mall. S. W. r. M. Djordje Djuric, 195, Queen's Gate, S. W. 7	55, Harrington Gardens, S.W. 7.
enezuelan	Senor Dr. Don D. Escalante, so, Pall Mall. S.W. z.	50, Pall Mall, S.W. z.

### British Rings and Queens from 1603.

Name.	DYNASTY.	Access.	Died.	Age.	Rgnd.
JAMES I. (VI. of Scot.) {	The House of Stuart. Son of Mary, Queen of Scota, granddau. of James IV. and Margaret, dau. of Hen. VII. J. Only surviving son of James I	1603 1625	1625 Beh. 1649	59 48	25
Oliver Cromwell,	Commonwealth declared May 19, 1649.  Lord Protector, 1653-8. Richard Cromwell, Le   Eldest son of Charles I. (restored 1660)			•	36
JAMES II. (VII. of Scot.)	Second son of Charles I. (died Sept. 16, 1701) (Interregnum, Dec. 11, 1688—Feb. 13, 1680)		1685 Dep. 1688 Dec. 1701	55	3
william III	Son of William Prince of Orange, by Mary, daughter of Charles I	1689	1702 1694	51 33	13
ANNE	Second daughter of James II	1708	1714	49	18
Grorge I	Son of Elector of Hanover, by Sophia, daughterofElizabeth, daughterofJamesI.	2714	1727	67	13
GEORGE III.	Only son of George I.	1787	1760 1820	77 81	33 59
GEORGE IV	Grandson of George II.  Eldest son of George III. (Regent from) February 5, 2811) Third son of George III.	1830	1830 1837	67	10
VICTORIA	Daughter of Edward, 4th son of George III.	1837	1901	8x	63
EDWARD VII,	The House of Saxe-Coburg.	1901	1910	68	9
GEORGE V	The House of Windsor. Surviving son of Edward VII.	1910	wном Go	D PR	eserv

The House of Windsor is in direct descent from (inter alias) Ecgbert, King of Wessex, Alfred the Great and William the Conqueror; also from the Emperor Charlemagne (b. 74s, d. 814), Rodrigo the Cid (b. 1030, d. 1099), the Emperor Barbarossa (b. 1183, d. 1190) and St. Louis, King of France (b. 1215, d. 1270).

### WELSH SOVEREIGNS AND PRINCES.

WALES was ruled by Sovereign Princes from the "earliest times" until the death of Llewellyn in 1882. The first English Prince of Wales was the son of Edward I., and was born in Carnarvon town on April 25, 1884. According to a discredited legend, he was presented to the Welsh chieftains as their Prince, in fulfilment of a promise that they should have a Prince who "could not speak a word of English" and should be native born. This son, who afterwards became Edward II., was created "Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester" at the famous Lincoln Parliament on February 7, 1201. The present Prince was installed in Carnarvon Castle on July 13, 1911.

Independent Princes, A.D. 844 to 1292.	English Princes, Since A.D. 1301.	
Rhodri the Great 844-878	Edward, b. 1284 (Edwd. II.), cr. Pr. of Wales	1301
Anarawd, son of Rhodri 878-916	Edward the Black Prince, a. of Edwd. III.	1343
Hywel Dda, the Good 916-950	Richard (Richard II.), s. of the Black Prince	1377
Iago ab Idwal (or Ieuaf) 950-979	Henry of Monmouth (Henry V.)	1399
Hywel ab Ienaf, the Rad 979-985	Edward of Westnester, son of Henry VI.	1454
Cadwallon, his brother 985, 986	Edward of Westminster (Edward V.)	1478
Maredudd ab Owain ap Hywel Dda 986-999	Edward, son of Richard III. (d. 1484)	1483
Cynan ap Hywel ah Ieuaf 999-1008	Arthur Tudor, son of Henry VII	1489
Llewelyn ap Sitsyhlt 1018-1023	Henry Tudor (Hen. VIII.), s. of Henry VII.	1503
Iago ab Idwal ap Meurig 1023-1039	Henry Stnart, son of James I. (d. 1612)	1610
Gruffydd ap Llywelyn ap Seisyll 1039-1063	Charles Stuart (Charles I.), a. of James I	1616
Bleddyn ap Cynfyn 1063-1075	Charles (Charles II.), son of Charles I	1630
Trahaern ap Caradog 1075-1081	George Augustus (Geo. II.), s. of George I.	1714
Gruffydd ap Cynan ab Iago 1081-1137	Frederick Lewis, s. of George II. (d. 1751)	1787
Owain Gwynedd 1137-1170	George William Frederick (George III.)	1751
Dafydd ab Owain Gwynedd 1170-1194	George Augustus Frederick (George IV.)	1762
Llywelyn Fawr, the Great 1104-1240	Albert Edward (Edward VII.)	1841
Dafydd ap Llywelyn 1240-1246	George (George V.)	1901
Llywelyn ap Gruffydd ap Llywelyn 1246-1202	Edward	1910

THE FAMILY OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

QUEEN VICTORIA, the only child of H.R.H. the Duke of Kent, son of George III., was born May 24, 1819; succeeded to the Throne June 20, 1837; crowned June 28, 1838; married Feb. 10, 1840, Albert, Duke of Saxony, Prince of Coburg and Gotha, Prince Consorr (born Aug. 26, 1819, died Dec. 14, 1861); died Jan. 22, 1901. Her Majesty had issue:

1. H.B.H. Princess Victoria (Princess Royal), born Nov. 21, 1849; married Jan. 23, 1858

Frederic, Crown Prince of Prussia, afterwards

(v) H.B. Prince Harold, born May 12, died

Frederic, Crown Prince of Prussia, afterwards German Emperor; died Aug. 5, 2001. 2. H.M. KING EDWARD VII., q.v. 3. H.R.H. Princess Alice, born April 25, 1843, married Prince Louis (afterwards reigning Grand

Duke) of Hesse; died Dec. 14, 1878. Issue:—
(i) Victoria, born April 5, 1863, married Admiral of the Fleet the Marquess of Milford Haven, P.C., G.C.B. (m. and c.), G.C.V.O., K.C.M.G., Personal A.D.C. to King George V. (died Sept. 11, 1921); having issue:-

(a) Alice (Princess Andrew of Greece), born

Feb. 25, 1885;
(b) Lady Louisa Mountbatten (Crown Princess of Sweden, born July 13, 1889; married Nov. 3, 1983, H.R.H. The Crown Prince of Sweden.

(c) George, Marquess of Milford Haven, G.O.V.O., born Nov. 6, 1892, Commander, late

R.N. (see p. 194);
(d) Lord Louis Mountbatten, K.C.V.O., born June 25, 2000, Commander, R.N.; married July 25, 2022. Edwina Cynthia Annette, daughter of Lord Mount Temple, and has issue two daughters, born 2024 and 2020.

(ii) Elizabeth Fedorovna (Grand Duchess Services of Paradia) born Nov. 2021. died 2022.

gius of Russia), born Nov. 1, 1864; died 1918.
(iii) Irene (Princess Henry of Prussia), born

(iii) Irene (Princess Henry of Prinssa), Born July 12, 1866.
(iv) Ernest Louis of Hesse, born Nov. 25, 1868.
(iv) Alix (Tsaritsa of Russia), born June 6, 1872, died July 16, 1978.
(vi) Mary, born May 24, 1874, died Nov. 15, 1878.
4. Admiral of the Fleet, H. R. H. Prince Alfred, Duke of Edinburgh, born Aug. 6, 1844, married Jun. 23, 1874, Marie Alexandrovna (died Oct. 25, 1820), only daughter of Alexander II., Emperor of Russia; succeeded as Duke of Saaz-Coburg and Golda. Aug. 22, 1823; died July 39, 1920. Gotha, Aug. sz, 1893; died July 30, 1900. 5. H.R.H. Princess Helena Augusta Victoria,

G.B.E., born May 25, 1846, married July 5, 1866, General H.R.H. Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein (died Oct. 28, 1917); died June 9, 1923.

Issue:

(i) H.H. Prince Christian Victor, G.C.B., G.C.V.O.,

born April 14, 1867, died Oct. 29, 1900. (ii) H.H. Prince Albert, born Feb. 26, 1869, died

April 27, 1931.
(iii) H.H. Princess Helena Victoria, C.I., V.A., G.B.K., born May 3, 1870.

THE FAMILY OF KING EDWARD VII. KING EDWARD VII., eldest son of Queen Victoria, born November 9, 1841; married March 10, 1863, Her Royal Highness Princess Alexandra Caroline Marie Charlotte Louise Julia, born December 1, 1844 (died Nov. 20, 1925), eldest daughter of His late Majesty King Christian IX. of Denmark; succeeded to the Throne January 22, 1901; crowned at

Westminster Albey, August 9, 1902; died May 6, 1910. Issue:

1. H.R.H. Prince ALBERT VICTOR, Duke of Clarence, born Jan. 8, 1864, died Jan. 14, 1892.

(Master of Clarence, born Jan. 8, 1864, died Jan. 14, 1892.

a. H.M. KING GEORGE V., q.v.

3. H.R.H LOUISE Victoria Alexandra Dagmar, Princess Royal, Col.-in-Ch. 4th-7th D. G., born Feb. 20, 1867; married July 27, 1889, 1st Duke of Fyfe (died Jan. 29, 1913); died Jan. 4, 1931. Issue:—

(i.) H.H. Princess Alexandra, Juchess of Fife H.R.H.
Princess Arthur of Consanght, born May 27,
28p; married Oct. 25, 293, to H.R.H. Prince
Arthur (see down).
(ii.) H.H. Princess Maud, born April 3, 2893; married
Nov. 25, 2693, Lord Carmegie, K.c.v.o. (see Earl of
Southesk, p. 299). Issue:—

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May 20, 1876. 6. H.R.H. PRINCESS LOUISE, born March 18 6. H. R.H. FRITTERS DOUBLE, NOTE MARCHES OF 1848, married March 21, 1871, the Marquess of Lorne, afterwards the 9th Duke of Argyll, E.Q. 7. Field-Marshal H.R. H. Prince Arthur, DUKE 7. Field-Marshal H. K. H. FTINGE AFULUE, S. C. M. E., OF CONNAUGHT, K.G., P.C., K. T., K.P., G.M. E., G.C.S.L., G.C. W.G., G.C. I.E., G.C. V.G., G.B. E. (see also p. 378), born May 1, 1850, married March 13, 1879, H. R. H. Princess Louisa of Prussia (died March 14, 1917). Issue:—

1937). Issue:—
(i) H.R. H. Princess Margaret (born Jan. 15, 1883, died May 1, 1930), married H.R.H. the Crown Prince of Sweden, G.O.E., G.O.Y.O., leaving issue. (ii) Major-Gen. H.R.H. Prince Arthur, R.G., P.C., K.T., G.C.M.G., G.C.Y.O., O.B., Personal A.D.C. to King George V., born Jan. 13, 1883; married Oct. 15, 1913, H.H. the Duchess of Nife, having issue Earl of Macduff, born Aug. 0, 1974.

dig. 9, 1914.
(iii) H.R.H. Princess Patricia (Lady Patricia) Ramany), born March 17, 1886, married Feb. 27, 1919, Rear-Adm. Hon. Sir Alexander Ramssy, R.C.V.O., D.S.O., having issue Alexander Arthur Alfonso David, born Dec. 21, 1919. 8. H.R.H.Prince Leopold, DUKE OF ALBANY,

K.G., P.C., K.T., &c., born April 7, 1853, married Princess Helena of Waldeck (died Sept. 1, 1922); died March a8, x884. Issue :-

(i) Alice Mary, born Feb. 23, 1883, married Feb. 20, 1904, Prince Alexander of Teck (Earl of Ath-

lone, K.G., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O. (see p. 188).

p. 188).
(ii) Charles Edward, Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, born July 19, 1884.

9. H.R.H. PRINCESS BEATRICE, born April 14, 1857, married July 23, 1885, H.B.H. Prince Henry of Battenberg, K.G., P.C. (born Oct. 5, 1858, died Jan. 20, 1896). Issue:—
(i) Alexander, Marquess of Cartabrooke, G.C.B., G.O.V.O., born Nov. 23, 1836, married Lady Irene benison

Denison. (ii) Victoria Eugénie, born Oct. 24, 1887, married May 31, 1906, H.M. Alfonso XIII, late King

OF SPAIN. (iii) Major Lord Leopold Mountbatten, G.C.V.U., born May 21, 1889; died April 23, 1922. (iv) Maurice, born Oct. 3, 1891; died of wounds

received in action, Oct. 27, 1914.

Hon. James George Alexander Bannerman Carnegie (Master of Carnegie), born Sept. 23, 1929. 4. H.R.H. Princess Victoria Alexandra Olga

4. H.R.H. Princess MAUD Charlotte Mary Mary, born July 6, 1868. g. H.R.H. Princess MAUD Charlotte Mary Victoria (H.M. Queen of Norway), born Nov. 186, 1866, married July 22, 1896, to Haakon VII., King of Norway. Issue:—

OF NORWAY. ISSUE:—
H.R.H. Olav, Orosen Prince of Norway, born July s.
1903, married March st. 1999, H.R.H. Princess
Marthe of Sweden. Issue:—
H.R.H. Princess Ragnhild Alexandra. b. June 9. 2999.
H.R.H. Princess Maud Ingeborg. b. Feb. 22, 1936.
6. H.R.H. Prince Alexander JOHN Charles
Albert, born April 6, died April 7, 2872.

## The **b**ouse of Windsor.

His Most Excellent Majesty George the Fifth, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India; only surviving son of His late Majesty King Edward VII. and of Her late Majesty Queen Alexandra; born at Marlborough House, June 3, 1865; married July 6, 1893, Her Serene Highness Princess Victoria Mary Augusta Louise Olga Pauline Claudine Agnes, Queen Mary, born May 26, 1867; succeeded to the Throne May 6, 1910; crowned at Westminster Abbey, June 22, 1911. Their Majesties have issue:—

(1) The Frince of Wales.

1. H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES (EDWARD Albert Christian George Andrew Patrick David), Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester, Duke of Cornwall, Duke of Rothesay, Earl of Carrick, Baron of Renfrew, Lord of the Isles and Great Steward of Scotland, High Steward of Windsor, E.G., P.C., K.T., K.P., G.C.S.I., G.M.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., G.M.E.E., I.S.O., M.C., F.R.S., Vice-Admiral, Lieutenant-General, Air Marshal and Hon. Air Commodore-in-Chief Auxiliary Air Force, Personal A.D.C. to H.M. the King, Col. Weish Guards, and P.O.W. Volrs. (S. Lancs Regt.), Col.-in-Chief ath Lancers, Middlesex Regt.), Col.-in-Chief ath Lancers, Middlesex Regt.), E.C.L.I., Seaforth Highra, R. Scots, Fus., S. Wales Borderers, Leinster Regt., Royal Wilts. Yeomanry, and Cadet Corps of U.K., Master of the Merchant Navy and Fishing Fleets, born June 23, 1894.

(2) The Duke of York.

3. H.R.H. THE DUKE OF YORK (ALBERT Frederick Arthur George), Duke of York, Earl of Inverness and Baron Killarney, K.G., P.C., K.T., G.O.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.C.L., Col. Scots Guards, Col.-in-Chief strib Hussars, Somerset L.I., East Yorks Regt. and R.A.O.C., Hon. Col. 4th Bn. Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, a Rear Admiral R.N., a Major-Gen. in Army and Air Vice-Marshal R.A.F., Personal A.D.C. to H.M. the King, born Dec. 14, 1895, married April 86, 1823, Lady Elizabeth Bowes-Lyon (H.R.H. Duchess of York, G.B., born Aug. 4, 1900), Col. in-Chief K.O. Y.L.I., and has issue:—

H.R.H. Princess Elizabeth Alexandra, Mary, b April 21, 2926, H.R.H. Princess Margaret Rose, b August 21, 1930.

3. H.R.H. THE PRINCESS ROYAL (VICTORIA Alexandra Alice Mary), Counters of Harewood, G.B.E., D.C.L., Col.-in-Chief Royal Scots, born April 25, 1897, married Feb. 28, 2922, Viscount Lascelles, now 6th Karl of Harewood, K.G., D.S.O. and has issue:—

(a) Hon. Gerald David Lascelles, b Aug. 21, 1984.

(b) George Henry Hubert, Viscount Lascelles, b Hon. Gerald David Lascelles, b Aug. 21, 1982.

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(4) The Duke of Gloucester.

4. H.R.H. THE DUKE OF GLOUCESTER (Henry William Frederick Albert), Duke of Gloucester, Earl of Ulster and Baron Culloden. K.G., P.C., K.T., G.C.V.O., LL.D., has Royal Victorian Chain, Personal A.D.C. to H.M. the King, Capt. 10th Hussars, born March 31, 1900.

### (5) The Prince George.

5. H.R.H. PRINCE GEORGE (George Edward Alexander Edmund), K.G., G.C.V.O., Lieut., R.N., Personal Naval A.D.C. to H.M., born Dec. 20, 1502.

(6) The Prince John.

6. H.R.H. PRINCE JOHN, born July 12, 1905, died Jan. 18, 1919.

#### ORDER OF SUCCESSION TO THE THRONE.

The sons of the Sovereign are in the order of succession to the throne, and after the youngest son the daughters, in the order of their own seniority. Thus after the Prince of Wales and the Duke of York would come the Princess Elizabeth and the Princess Margaret, daughters of the Duke of York, the Duke of Gloucester and the Prince George; then the Princess Royal and her children; then, as His Majesty has no brother, his sisters, with the children of the eldest in preference to the second sister; then the second daughter of the late Duke of Saxe-Coburg (his eldest daughter, Queen Marie of Rumania, having formally renounced on her marriage all possibility of claim to the British Throue). After traversing the Baxe-Coburg branch, we treat similarly those of Counaught and Albany. Having thus exhausted the families of all Queen Victoria's soms we turn to her daughters, beginning with the house of the late Empress Frederick; but as this line, with the ex-German Emperor at its head, is wholly out of practical bounds, it would be profitiess to pursue the investigation any further.

#### ANNUITIES TO THE ROYAL FAMILY.

The annuities payable to Their Majesties and to the members of the Royal Family are known as the Givil List, which is granted by Parliament upon the recommendation of a Select Committee. The Civil List of King Edward VII. amounted to £470,000, in addition to which annuities to other members of the Royal Family accounted for an additional annual sum of £105,000. The Select Committee appointed on June 14, 1310, reported on July 7, and made recommendations, which were adopted by the House of Commons. These recommendations, as modified by subsequent events, are also subject to the voluntary deductions announced by H.M. the King.

Their Majesties' Privy Purse 4 Salaries of Household 4 Expenses of Household 4 Works - 8 Royal Bounty 4 Unappropriated 4	110,000 125,800 193,000 20,000 13,200 8,000	

as and outleed by M.M. one ming.	
Duke of York	£28,000
Princess Louise (Duchess of Argyll)	6.000
Duke of Connaught	25,000
Princess Bestrice	6,000
King Edward VII.'s Daughters	18,000
His Majesty's Vounger Children	-6

£ 106,000

### The Ring's Bousehold.

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DR.O.

Aides-de-Camp General, General Sir Chas. H. Harington, G.C.B., G.B.E., D.S.O.; General Sir David Campbell, K.C.B.; General Sir Archibald Montgomery-Massingberd, K.C.B., K.C.M.G.; General Sir Cyril N. Macmullen, K.C.B., C.M.G., C.L.E., D.S.O.; General Sir Kenneth Wigram, K.C.B., C.B.E., D.S.O.; General Sir Percy Radcliffe, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O. Principal Air Aide-de-Camp, Air-Chief-Marshal Sir E. L. Ellington, K.C.B., C.M.G., C.B.E.

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Beputy Clerk of the Closet, Rev. Preb. L. J.

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Foxell, M.A.

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M.V.O., Mus.B.

Buckingham Palace—Domestic Chaplain, Rev

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Hampton Court-Chaplain, Rev. W. K. Firminger, D.D.

Organist, do .- W. J. Phillips, Mus.Doc.

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F R.C.P.

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K.C.V.O., F.R.C.S.; Sir Thomas Peel Dunhill, K.C.V.O., C.M.G., M.D.

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Surgeon Apothecary to the Household at Sand-ringham, Sir Frederic Jeune Willans, E.c.v.o., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

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Surgeon Dentist to the Household, Francis D. Donovan, L.D.S., R.C.S.

Coroner of the King's Household, A. W. Mills,

### Master of the Household's Department.

Master of the Household, Hon. Sir Derek Keppel,

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Y'C, K.C.V.O., C.B.E.; Clifford Longdon, M.V.O.: Frederic Stanley Osgood, M.V.O., O.B.E.; Maj.

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C.M.G., F.R.C.V.S., F.R.S.E.; J. Willett.

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St. James's Palace, S.W. z.

Secretary, Col. Hon. Sir George Crichton, G.C.V.o. Registrar, Maj. H. H. F. Stockley, M.V.O., O.B.E. Clerk, A. C. Michils.

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I reasurer and Private Secretary, Sir Harry L. Verney. K.C.V.O.

Assistant Private Secretary, Hon. Gerald H. C.

Chichester, c.v.o. Mistress of the Robes, The Duchess of Devoushire.

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Extra Ladies of the Bedchamber, The Dowager Countess of Bradford; The Lady Lamington;

The Countess of Shaftesbury. Bedchamber Women, The Lady Eva Dugdale; The Lady Bertha Dawkins; The Lady Joan Verney: The Lady Cynthia Colville; The Lady Elizabeth Motion; The Lady Victoria Forester. Extra Woman of the Bedchamber, The Lady

Katharine Seymour.

Maid of Honour, Hon. Jean Bruce.

Clerk, Martin J. Richards, M.V.O.

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Hereditary High Constable, The Earl of Erroll.
Hereditary Master of Household, The Duke of Argyll.

Hereditary Henry James Stamlard-Bearer, Scrymgeour-Wedderburn.

Hereditary Keepers:

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Falkland, The Marquess of Bute, K.T.
Dunutafinag, The Duke of Anyll.
Stirling, The Earl of Mar and Kellie, K.T.
Reeper of Dumbarton Castle, Col. Sir George

M. Home Stirling, Bt., C.B.E., D.S.O.

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Rev. Sir George Adam Smith, D.D.

Donnestic Chaplain, Rev. J. Stirton, M.V.O., D.D.

Historiographer, R. K. Hannay, LL.D. F.R.S.ED.,

Botanist, Sir W. W. Smith, M.A., F.R.S.E., F.L.S Pointer and Limmer, Sir D. Y. Cameron, R.A.. B.S.A., LL.D.....

Soulpton, J. P. MacGillivray, R.S.A., Ll.D.

Honorary Physicians, Sir R. W. Philip, M.D.,
Ll.D; J. Cowan, M.D., D.Sc.; Sir A. W. Mackin-

tosh, K.C.V.O., M.D., F.R.C.P.ED.

**Bonorary Surgeons, Sir John Marnoch, K.C.V.O.,
C.M., M. B.: John Fraser, M.C., M.D., E.B.C.S.ED.

**Extra Surgeon.** Sir Harold Stiles, K.B.E., LL.D.

Surgeon Apothecary, Balmoral, George Proctor Middleton, M.B., Ch.B. Holyrood Do., N. S. Carmichael, M.B., Ch.B.,

F.R.C.P.E.

Honorary Surgeon Dentist, L. C. Broughtou-Head, M.B., Ch.B., L.D.S. Honorary Surgeon Oculist, A. H. Sinclair, M.D.,

C.M., F.R.C.S.ED.

Extra Surgeon Occulist, Sir G. A. Berry, M.B.,

F.R.C.S.Ed., LL.D.

The King's Body Guard for Scotland. The Royal Company of Archers, Archers' Hall, Edinburgh.

Capt. General, Duke of Buccleuch and Queensberry, K.T.

Adjutant, Lt. Col. N. V. C. Dalrymple-Hamilton, M.V.O.

President of the Council, Hon. Sir Hew H. Dalrymple, K.c.v.o.

Vice-Pres., Lord Elphiustone, K.T.

Secretary, Colin Mackenzie Black, W.S. Treasurer, John M. Howden, C.A.

Chaplain, Rev. William Edie, M.V.O., D.D.

Surgeon, Robert A. Fleming, M.D., LLD.
THE PRINCE OF WALES'S HOUSEHOLD.
Comptroller and Treasurer, Admiral Sir Lionel
Halsey, G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., R.C.LE., C.B.
Private Secretary, Sir Godfrey J. V. Thomas,

Bt., E.C.V.O., C.S.I.

seistant Private Sec., Hugh Lloyd Thomas, C.V. O.

froom in Waiting, Brig.-Gen. G. F. Trotter, C.B.,
C.M.G., O.V.O., O.B.E., D.S.O.

Equarries, Lt.-Col. Hon. Plers Legh, C.M.G.,
O.LE., M.V.O., O.B.R.; Maj. J. R. Aird, M.G.;

Flight-Lieut. J. D. Armour; (Air) Flight-Lieut. H. M. Mellor.

Extra Equerries, Admiral Sir Lionel Halsey, W. D. C. Greenacre, M.V.O.; Brig.-Gen. G. F. Trotter, C.B., C.M.G., C.V.O., C.B.E., D.S.O. Chief Air Pilot and Extra Equerry, Flight-Lt.

Edward H. Fielden, A.F.C.

Physicians in Ordinary, The Rt. Hon. Lord Dawson of Penn, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., K.C.M.G., M.D., F.R.C.P.; The Rt. Hon. Lord Horder, K.C.V.O., M.D.; Sir John Weir, K.C.V.O., M.B. Surgeon in Ordinary, Sir Hugh Rigby, Bt.,

K.C.V.O., M B. Surgeon Apothecary, Sir Stanley Hewett, K.C.B.,

K.C.V.O., K.B.B., M.D.

Clerk Comptroller, Thomas H. Carter.

Clerks, Frank H. Evans; Charles R. Warren.

THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF YORK'S HOUSEHOLD.

Comptroller & Equerry, Rear-Adm. Sir Basil Vernou Brooke, K.C.V.o.

Private Secretary and Equerry, Com. Harold George Campbell, D.S.O., R.N. Extra Equerry, Maj. T. E. G. Nugent, M.V.O., M.C.

Ladies in Waiting, Lady Helen Graham; Hon. Mrs. Geoffrey Bowlby. Extra Lady in Waiting, The Lady Annaly. Clerk Comptroller, James C. E. Cole.

HOUSEHOLD OF THE PRINCESS ROYAL.

Ladies in Waiting, Miss Dorothy C. E. Yorke;
Miss Sybil A. Kenyon-Slaney.

THE DUKE OF GLOUCESTER'S HOUSEHOLD. Comptroller, Maj. R. T. Stanyforth, M. v.o., M.C. Equerry, Capt. Howard Kerr, M. v.o., O.B.E. Extra do., Edward Wm. Brook.

HOUSEHOLD OF PRINCE GEORGE. Comptroller, Maj. Ulick Alexander, C. V.O., O.B.E. Equerry, Maj. H. W. Butler, M.C.

HOUSEHOLD OF H.M. THE QUEEN OF NORWAY

(Princess Maud of Great Britain and Ireland). Comptroller and Private Secretary, George Arthur Ponsonby, c.v.o.

PRINCESS LOUISE'S HOUSEHOLD. Lady in Wasting, Mrs. Holden Secretary, Miss James.

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S HOUSEHOLD.

Comptroller & Equerry, Lt.-Col. Sir Malcolm Donald Murray, K.C.V.O., O.B., C.I.E.

Lquerry, Capt. FitzRoy Hubert Fyers.

Extra Equerries, Maj. Gen. Sir Ronald Bertram

Lane, K.C.B., K.C.V.O.; Maj. Berkeley Levett. c. v.o.

Physicans in Ordinary, Sir John Atkins, K.C.M.G., M.B.; M. A. J. de Lavis Trafford, C.Y.O., O.R.E., M.D.

Secretary, Bertram Pearson Murray. HOUSEHOLD OF PRINCE ARTHUR.

Equery, Lt. Col. T. A. Thornton.

Extra Equerrie, Maj Sir Eric Bonham, Bt,
c.v.o.; Lt.-Col. William Wyndham, M.v.o.; Capt. Lord Sinclair, M.V.O.

PRINCESS BEATRICE'S HOUSEHOLD.

Equerry, Lt.-Col. F. E. Packe, M.V.O., O.B.E.
Ladies in Waiting, Miss Anne Amette Minna
Cochrane; Miss Bulteel; Mrs. Francis Hay.
Newton (extra); Hon. Lady Corkran (extra).
Physician in Ordinary, Charles Gordon Moore, M.B., R.Ch., M.B.C.S., L.R.C.P. Surgeon in Ordinary, D. C. Rice Oxley, M.C., M.B.

# § The Peerage.

The following table, specifying the present composition of the House of Lords, is taken from WHITAKER'S PRERAGE. Up to the date of our going to Press, the list stands as under:—

		inte or a			
	Heroditary.	Term.	Minors †	Total.	Poet eshes
Princes of the Blood Royal		•••	•••	4	•••
Archbishops		2	•••	2	•••
Dukes	19	•••	I	20	I
Marquesses	37	•••	•••	27	•••
Karls		•••	10	132	3
Viscounts	73	•••	•••	73	ž
Bishops		24	•••	24	•••
Barons	42I	8	12	44I	12
Scottish Representative Peers		16		хб	•••
Irish ditto		18 (*)		18	•••
	-				
	666	68	*3		
			-		

House of 734 + 23 Minors = 757 18 † Minors attenting their majority during 1934 are not so shown * Exclusive of ten vacancies unfilled ROYAL DUKES (4) -Style, His Royal Highness the Duke of -. Addressed as, Sir, or more

formally, May it please your Royal Highness, 1337 Cornwall, Edward, Prince of Wales, Duke of Cornwall (1337), Scottish Duke of Rothesay (1398),

K.G., P.C., b 1894, K. 1910.

York, Albert, Duke of York, K.G., P.C., K.T., b. 1895, m.

Gloucester, Henry, Duke of Gloucester, K.G., P.C., K.T., b. 1900.

Connaught & Strathearn, Arthur, Duke of Counaught and Strathearn, K.G., P.C., Field Marshal, b. 1850, w.

ARCHBISHOPS—Style, The Wos. Ver His Grace the Lord Archbishop of —
Addressed as, My Lord Archbishop; or, Your Glace,

Trans. 1938 Canterbury, Cosmo Gordon Lang, P.C., D.D., b. 1864. Consecrated Bishop of Stepney 1901; translated to York 1909. 1938 York, William Temple, P.C., D.D., b. 1881. Consecrated Bishop of Manchester 1921.

DUKES .- Style, His Grace the Duke of --. Addressed as, My Lord Duke; or, Your The eldest sons of Dukes and Marquesses *ake, by courtesy, their father's title. The other sons and the daughters are styled Lord Edward, Lady second title. Caroline, &c.

Title, Name, &c. Created. 1868 I. *Abercorn, James Albert Edward Hamilton, K.G., K.P. (Brit. 1892* | Argyll. | 8. 1914 17038. *Atholl, John George Stewart-Murray, P.C., K.T., G.C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O. (Brit. Earl., Strange). b. 1871. 8. 1917. m. 1882 Beaufort, Henry Hugh Arthur FitzRoy Somerset, G.C.V.O.,

bertegor, 18th 1 High Arthur Floating States, 6. Sect. 8. 1906, 8. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. 1904, 11. G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., b. 1868, s. 1908, m. .....

Grafton, John Charles William FitzBoy, b. 1914, 8, 1930, M. ...... 1675 amilton, Alfred Douglas Douglas-Hamilton (Brit. Duke, Brandon), b. 1862, s. 1895, m. 1643 8. * Hamilton, Leeds, John Francis Godolphin Osborne (Scott. Viset., Dunblane), ) 1694

b. 1901, 8. 1927, m.
1766 I. Leinster, Edward KitzGerald (Brit. Visct. Leinster)b. 1892, 8. 1922, m.
1766 I. Leinster, Edward KitzGerald (Brit. Visct. Leinster)b. 1892, 8. 1922, m. 1675 b *Lennox. See " Richmond and Gordon," Engl. Duke, below ..... Manchester, William Angus Drogo Montagu, P.C., b. 1877, *. 1892, m. Marlborough, Charles Richard John Spencer-Churchill, K.G., 1719 1702 

b. 1878, s. 1925, m.
Newcastle (under Lyme), Henry Francis Pelham-Clinton-Hope, 1756 b. 1866, *, 1928, 111...... 1483 Norfolk, Bernard Marmaduke Fitzalan-Howard, b. 1908,

£ 1017..... 1766 1716

1675

Eldest Son or Heir.

Marq. of Hamilton, b. 1904 Ian Douglas C., b. 1903

Lord James S.-M., b. 1879

Henry C. S. S., b. 1874 Marq. of Tavistock, b. 1888

Earl of Dalkeith, M.P., b. 1894 Marquess of Hartington,

M.B.E., M.P., b. 1895 Capt. C. A. E. Fitz, R., b 1892

Marquess of Douglas and Clydesdale, M.P., b 1903 Francis D'Arcy G. O. C M.G., b. 1884 Marquess of Kildare, b.'14

Visct. Mandeville, b. 1002 Marquess of Blandford. b 1897 Marquess of Graham, b. 1907

Earl of Lincoln, b. 1907 Viscount FitzAlan of Derwent, K.G., G.C. V.O., D.S.O., b. '55 Lord Hugh P., b. 1914

Created. Title, Name, &c. Eldest Son or Heir.
1707 B. Rozburghe, George Victor Robert John Innes-Ker (U.K. Earl, att. Col.LordAlastair I.K. D.S.O., b. 1880. Marq. of Granby, b. 1919 Lord Osborne B., b. 1874 1684 1547 Lord Seymour, b. 1910 Fredk. N. S.-L.-G., b. 1874; for heir to Eldm, see Sutherland, George Granville Sutherland Sutherland-Leveson-Gower (Scott. Earl, Sutherland), K.T., b. 1888, s. 1913, m. ..... 1833 Sutherland, Earl of Wellington, Arthur Charles Wellesley, K.G., G.C.V.O. (Irish Earl, 1814 Mornington), b. 1849, s. 1900, w. Westminster, Hugh Richd. Arthur Grosvenor, G.C.V.O., D.S.O., Marquess Douro, b. 1876 Capt. Robert A. G., M.C., 1874 b. 1895 b. 1879, s. 1899, m. ..... Addressed as, My For the style of 1790 Earl of Haddo, C.B.E., b. 1915 1879 (Maj. Guy T. M. Larnach-Nevill, b. 1883 Abergavenny, Henry Gilbert Ralph Nevill, b. 1854, s. 1927, m.... 1876 Ailesbury, George W. J. C. Brudenell-Bruce, D.S.O., T.D., b. 1873. 1881 Earl of Cardigan, b. 1904 Earl of Cassillis, b. 1872 s. 1911, m.
Ailsa, Arch. Kennedy (Scott. Earl, Cassillis), b. 1847, s. 1870, m. 1831 Anglesey, Charles Henry Alex. Paget, G.C.V.O., b. 1885, s. 1905, m. Earl of Uxbridge, b. 198 1815 Viscount Weymouth, M.P., Bath, Thomas Henry Thynne, K.G., P.C., C.B b. 1862, s. 1896, w. 1789 b. 1905. Lord Walter H., b. 1865. Bristol, Frederick William Fane Hervey, M.V.O., b. 1863, s. 1907, m. Bute, John Crichton Stuart, K.T. (Scott. Earl, Dumfries), 1826 1796 Earl of Dumfries, b. 1907 Lord Frederic C. E. C., 1917 b. 1907 2812 Camden, John Charles Pratt, G.C.V.O., b. & s. 1872, m.

1827 Caristrooke, Alexander Albert Mountbatten, G.C.B., G.C.V.O., b.

1885 tst Marqueas, m. (see p. 187)

Cholmondeley, George Horatio Charles Cholmondeley, (Irish Viscount, Cholmondeley), b. 1883, s. 1923, m.

1816 L. Conjugham, Frederick William Burton Conyngham (U.K. Baron, ) Earl of Brecknock, b. 1800 (None) Earl of Rocksavage, b. 1919 Earl of Mount Charles, b. IQII quess, m.
1791 I. Donegall, Edward Arthur Donald St. George Hamilton Chichester (None) Severne E. S. Fitz. C., Earl of Bective, b. 1902 Brig. Gen. Lord Henry S., s. 1894, m.
Hertford, George Francis Alexander Seymour (Irish Baron, Convoy), b. 1891, s. 1912
1899 S. Huntly, Charles Gordon, P.C. (U.K. Baron, Meldrum), b. 1847, D.S.O., b. 1878 Douglas C. L. G., b. rook 1784 M.V.O. (Irish Earl, Kerry; Scott. Baron, Nairne), b. 1872, Earl of Kerry, b. 1917 1902 Linkingov, Victor Alexander John Hope, K.T., G.C.I.E., O.B.E.,
T.D. (Scott. Earl, Hopetoun), b. 1887, s. 1908, m.
1816 I. *Londonderry, Charles Stewart Henry Vane-Tempest-Stewart,
K.O., P.C., M.V.O. (U.K. Earl, Vane), b. 1876, s. 1915, m.
1902 B. *Lothian, Philip Henry Kerr, C.H. (U.K. Baron, Ker), b. 28, s. 1917
Millord Haven, George Louis Victor Henry Sergius Mounthatten G. C.V.O. h. 1802, s. 1902, m. (1809, 187). Earl of Hopetoun, b. 1918 ViscountCastlereagn, M.P., b. 190 Peter F. W. K., b. 1988 Earl of Medina, b. rere Vivian L. A. P., b. 1884 Edward Robt. Compton. b. 1891 Earl of Ossory, b. 1890 Viscount Drumlanrig, b. 29 Ormonde), b. 1849, s. 1919, m.
Queensberry, Francis Archibald Kelhead Douglas, b. 1896, s. 1900, m.
Reading, Rufus Daniel Isaacs, P.C., G.C.E., G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E.,
G.C.V.O., b. 1860, 12t Marquess, m. Viscount Erleigh, M.C., 1986 K.C., b. 1860

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Created.
                                 Title, Name, &c.
                                                                                   Eldest Son or Heir.
        Saliebury, James Edward Hubert Gascoyne-Cecil, K.G., P.C., Viscount Cranborne, M.P.,
1780
b. 1893
** 1913. ***.

**Tourstend, G. J. Patrick Dominic Townshend, b. 1916. b. 1921. M. 1894 b. Tweeddale, Wm. George Montagu Hay (U.K. Baron, Tweeddale),
                                                                              Earl of Altamont, b. 1898
George Ferrars T., b. 1854
1789 L. Waterford, John Charles de la Poer Bereaford (Brit. Baron.
Tyrone), b. 1993, r. 1911, m.

Earl of Tyrone, b. 1933

Winchester, Henry William Montagu Paulet, b. 1868, s. 1899, m. Maj. Charles S. P., M.V.O.,
1551
1892
        Zetland, Lawrence John L. Dundas, P.C., G.C.S.I., G.C.LE.,
                                                                             Earl of Ronaldshay, b. 1908
         EARLS.—Style (see footnote, p. 278), The Right Hon, the Earl of ——. Addressed as,
My Lord. The eldest sons of Earls take, by courtesy, their father's second title,
           the younger sons being styled the Hon., e.g. the Hon. John -
Lady Elizabeth ——. Where marked of the "of" is not used.
                                                                                , the daughters
1606 S.* Abercorn. See "Abercorn, Irish Duke 1682 S. Aberdeen, See "Aberdeen and Tematr" (U.K. Marq.)... 1682 Abingdon, Montagu Henry Edmund Coell Hertie, b. 189, 2, 2938, 78. 2639 S.† Airlie, David Lyulph Gore Wolseley Ogilvy, K.C.V.O., M.C., h. '93,
                                                                              Hon. Arthur B., D.S.O., M.C.
        и. 1900, т. Albemarle, Arnold A. C. Keppel, G.C.V.C., C.B., V.D., b. 188, к. 194, т.
                                                                              Lord Ogilvy, b. 1986
                                                                               Viscount Bury, M.c., b. 1881
1697
      *Amherst, Jeffery John Archer Amherst, M.C., b. 1896, s. 1927 ...
Angaster, Gilbert Heathcote Drummond-Willoughby, T.D., b.
                                                                              Hon. Humphrey A., b. 1903
Lord Willoughby de
1856
1892
Eresby, b. 1907
Viscount Glerawly, b. 1894
Hon. James A. G. Mc. D., b.
1917
                                                                               Viscount Sudley, b. 1903
          K.G., P.C., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O., b. 1874, 1st Earl, m.
                                                                              (None)
                                                                               Hon. C. D. Finch-Knight-
1714
        Aulesford, Heneage Michael Charles Finch, b. 2008, 8, 1024 .....
                                                                                 ley, b. 1886
        Balfour, Gerald William Balfour, P.C., b. 1853, s. 1930, m. .....
                                                                               Viscount Traprain, b. 1903
                                                                               Hou. Charles B. A. B., b. 1904
1800 I. Bandon, Percy R. G. Bernard, b. 1904, 8. 1924, 11. .....
                                                                               Lord Apsley, D.S.O., M.C.,
2772 Bathurst, Seymour Henry Bathurst, C.M.G., b. 1864, 8. 1802, m. ...
                                                                               M.P., b. 1895
Lieut. Viscount Borodale,
      **Beauchamp, William Lygon, K.G., P.C., K.C.M.G., b. 1872, v. 1892, m.
DIDI
                                                                               R.N., M.P., b. 1905
Viset, Elmley, M.P., b. 1903
Hon. Cecil L.-C., b. 1873
1815
(None)
Viscount Duncannon.
b. 1913
                                                                               (None)
                                                                                Viscount Newport, b. 1911
                                                                                Lord Glenorchy. b. 1919
1745 Brooke. See "Warwick." [1889, s. 1993, 76. 1469 S. Buchan, Shipley Gordon Stuart Erskine, b. 1850, s. 1898, ns. .....
                                                                               Lord Cardross, b. 1878
        Buckinghamshire, John Hampden Hobart · Hampden · Mercer-
1746
        Henderson, b. 1906, s. 1930
Buxton, Sydney Charles Buxton, P.C., G.C.M.G., b. 1853, 1st Earl, m
Cadogan, William Gerald Charles Cadogan, b. 1914, s. 1933, M.
                                                                               Arthur E. H.-H., b. 1864
(None)
      Hon. Edward, C., C.B., b. 1880
                                                                               Viscount Garmovle, b. 1907
1878
Rev Hon. Chas Sinclair, b. '65
                                                                               Lt.-Col. Hon, Herbrand A.
                                                                                       [D.S.O., M.C., b. x888
                                                                               (None)
Viscount Morpeth, b. 1923
        b. 1845, s. 1918, w.
Carlisk, George Jossyn L'Estrange Howard, b. 1895, s. 1912. m.
Carnaron, Henry George Alfred Marius Victor Francis Herbert,
1661
1793
Lord Porchester, b. 1924
                                                                              (None)
          Viscount Ikerrin, b. 1021
                  See
Viscount Stnart, b. 1981
                                                                               Hon. Archibald H. C., b. 1873
                                                                               Capt. Hon. Lionel
D.S.O., R.N., b. 1873
Viscount Emlyn, b. 1932
Hon. Charles H. S. S., b.
x628
        Chesterfield, Henry Athole Scudamore-Stanhope, b. 1855, s. 1933
                                                                               1864
Hon. Henry P., b. 1875
        Chichester, John Buxton Pelham, b. 1912. 2. 1926 .....
zeez
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Title, Name, &c.

Richard Frederick John Donough Le-Poer-Trench Hon. Roderic C. B. Le-
Created.
Lord Gillford. b. 1914
                                                          Lord Hyde, b. 1906
                                                          (None)
Vice-Adm.Sir W. H. D. B.,
                                                          C.B., b. 1873
Hon. John P., b. 1907
                                                          Viscount Stopford, b. 1908
      1697
     Hon. John C., b. 1903
                                                          Viscount Dangan, b. 1921
1857
                                                          Maj. Hon. Rupert C. C.,
1892
      Craven, William Robert Bradley Craven, b. 2017, 8. 2028, M......
x8ox
                                                           b. 1870
Lord Balniel, M.P., b. 1900
                                                          Viscount Errington, b. 1918
Hon. Simon R., b. 1914
                                                          Lord Clifton, b. 1915
1725 I.
1711
     Viscount Lewisham, b. 1881
1761
                                                          Lord Buckhurst, b. 1981
      1688
                                                          Viscount Feilding, C.M.G.,
      1485
       b. 1865, s. 1908, m.
                                                           b. 1894
2793 I. Desart, Hamilton John Agmondesham Cuffe, P.C., E.P., E.C.B.
(U.K., Baron, Desart), b. 1848, s. 1868, w.

1622 I. Dennond. See "Denbigh, Eng. Eart" Denbigh and Desmond")
1853 Devon, Rev. Henry Hugh Courtensy, b. 1872, s. 1827
1863 Donocaster, See "Buccleuch and Q." Scott. Duke.
                                                          (None)
                                                          Rev. Hon. Fredk. C., b. 2875
1800 1.* Donoughmore, Richard Walter John Hely-Hutchinson, K.P., P.C.
Viscount Suirdale, b. 1908
                                                          Viscount Moore, b. 1910
Hon. Algernon H. M., b.
      Ducie, Capel Henry Berkeley Moreton, b. 1875, s. 1984, m. .....
                                                           1880
Viscount Ednam, b. 1980
Lord Cochrane, b. 1886
                                                          Viscount Fincastle, b. 1908
                                                          Viscount Adare,
2833 Durham, John Krederick Lambton, b. 1884, s. 1929, m.

28438 Dyaart, William John Manners Tollemache, b. 1889, s. 1878, m.
                                                          C.B.E., M.C., b. 1887
Viscount Lambton, b. 1920
Mrs. Owain Greaves, b. 1889
     Efingham, Gordon Frederick Henry Charles Howard, b. 1873,
                                                          Lord Howard of Effing.
                                                           ham, b. 1905
Lord Montgomerie, b. 1914
George E. S. P., b. 1874
                                                          Hon. Michael S., b. 1900
                                                          Lord Bruce, b. 1024
1914, m. 1789 I. *Enniskillen, John Henry Michael Cole, C.M.G. (U.K. Baron,
                                                          Viscount Brackley, b. 1915
Grinstead), b. 1876, s. 1924, m.
1789 I.*Erne, John Henry George Crichton (U.K. Baron, Fermanagh),
                                                         Viscount Cole, b. 1981
Col. Hon. Sir George C.,
                                                           G.C.V.O., b. 1874
       b. 1907, S. 1914, 1/h. .......
                                                         Lady Diana H., b. 1926 (to Scott, Eldm.)
2453 S. * Erroll, Josslyn Victor Hay (U.K. Baron, Kilmarnock),
                                                         Hon. Gilbert H., b. 1903
(to U. K.Bny).
Viscount Malden, b. 1906
       b. 1901, s. 1908, 1%. .....
    Essez, Algernon George de Vere Capell, b. 1884, s. 1916, m. ...... "Ferrers, Walter Knight Shirley, b. 1864, s. 1912, m. ......
                                                          ViscountTamworth, b. 1894
2721
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Create	d. Title, Name, &c.	Eldest Son or Heir. (None to Earldom; to
1868	Feversham, Charles William Slingsby Duncombe, b. 1905, s. 1915, m	Feversham Bny., Col. Charles W. E D., C.B.E., b. 1862)
	*Fingall, Oliver James Horace Plunkett, M.C. (U.K. Baron, Fingall), b. 1896 s. 1929, m. (Wm. Chas. De Meuron Wentworth-Fitzwilliam,)	Hon. Gerald P., b. 1899
1716 I. 1746 *	{ Fitzwilliam, { K.C.V.O., Q.B.R., D.S.O. (Irish Earl, Fitzwilliam),}	Viscount Milton, b. 1910
1789 1841 1623 S.	b. 1872, s. 1902, m	Viscount Ebrington, b. 1920 Hon. Gerard E. N., b. 1926
ł	Stewart of Garlies), b. 1892, 8. 1920, m	Lord Garlies, b. 1928
1806 I.	b. 1874, S. 1915, m. "Gosford, Archibald Charles Montagu Brabazon Acheson, M.C.	Viscount Kelburn, b. 1910
1722	(U.K. Baron, Worlingham), b. 1877, 2. 1922, 11	Viscount Acheson, b. 1911
1833	R.P., G.O. V.O. (U.K. Baron, Granard), b. 1874, 2. 1839, m **Granville*, Granville G. Leveson-Gower, P.C., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., b. 1872, s. 1891, m	Viscount Forbes, b. 2015 RrAdm. Hon. W. LG., C.B., D.S.O., b. 2880
1806 1752	**Grey, Charles Robert Grey, b. 1879, s. 1917, m	Francis Wm. G., b. 1860 Lord North, b. 1902 Hon. Chas. Wm. B. H.,
1019 8	†Haddington, George Baillie-Hamilton, M.C., b. 1894, s. 1917, m. **OHaig, George Alexander Eugene Douglas Haig. b. 1918, s. 1928, M.	b. 1900 (None)
1898 1754 1814	Halebury, Hardinge Goulburn Giffard, K.C., b. 1886, s. 1981, m. Hardwicke, Charles Alexander Yorke, b. 1869, s. 1999	Viscount Tiverton, b. 1908 Philip G. Y., b. 1906 Viscount Lascelles, b. 1923
1742	b. 1882, s. 1929, m	Aubrey S., b. 1857 Viscount Sandon, b. 1892
1605 S	Hillsborough. See "Downshire, Irish Marq	Lord Dunglass, M.P., b. 1903
1529	8. 1929, m	Viscount Curzon, b. 1908
1885 1756 1939 1837 1930	1868, s. 1885, m. Iddesteigh, Henry Stafford Northcote, b. 1901, s. 1927, m. Ilchester, Glies S. Holland Fox-Strangways, O.B.E., b. '74, s. '05, m. Inchcaps, Kenneth Mackay, b. 1837, s. 1932, m. Innez. See "Roxburghe," Scott. Duke Inverness. See "York," Royal Duke Iveagh, Rupert Edward Cecil Lee Guinness, C.B., C.N.G., b. 1874,	Viscount Hastings, b. 1991 Viscount St. Cyres, b. 1992 Lord Stavordale, b. 1995 Viscount Glenapp, b. 1917
1925	8. 1987, 78.  "Jellicoe, John Rushworth Jellicoe, G.C.B., O.M., G.C.V.O., b. 1859, 1st Earl, Admiral of the Fleet, 78.	Viscount Elveden, b. 1918 Viscount Brocas, b. 1918
1697	Jersey, George Francis Child-Villiers (Irish Visct., Grandison),)	Hon. Edward M. C. V., h.
1	b. 1910, s. 1923, m	Viscount Castlerosse, b. 1891
	.†Kilmorey, Francis Chas. Adelbert Henry Needham, b. 1883, s 1915, m.	Maj. Hon. Francis Edward N., M.V.O., b. 1886 Lord Wodehouse, b. 1924
1866	Kimberley, John Wodehouse, C.B.E., M.C., b. 1883, s. 1932, m	(Viscount Kingsborough, b
1 -	t. *Kinnoull, Geo. Harley Hay (Brit. Baron, Hay), b. 1902, s. 1916, m.	Col. Arthur W. H. Hay- Drummond, b. 1862
1677 S	i.*Kintore, Arthur George Keith-Falconer, (U.K. Baron, Kintore), b. 1879, s. 1939	Lady Stonehaven b. 1874, to Scott. Eldm. of Kin- tore; Adrian W. KF., b. 1888, to U.K. Bny. of K. and Scott. Bny. of Falconer
1914	^o Kitchener of Khartoum, Henry Elliott Chevallier Kitchener, b. 1846, s. 1916, w.	Viscount Broome, b. 1919
	L. Lanesborough, Henry Cavendish Butler, b. 1868, s. 1929, m	Lord Newtown Butler, b.
1644 1837 1795	s.†Lauderdale, Ian Colin Maitland, b. 1891, s. 1931, m	Lord Thirlestane, b 1915 Viscount Coke, b. 1880 (None)
	1004	

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Created. Title, Name, &c. Eldest Son or Heir
1641 & Lord Balgonie, b. 1941
 G O.M.G., G.B.E., M.V.O , b. 1870, 8. 1907, m.
                         Londesborough, Hugo William Cecil Denison, b. 1894, s. 1920 ...
  1887
  1785 I. *Longtord, Edward Arthur Henry Pakenham (U.K. Baron, Sil-
                              chester), b. 1902, s. 1915, iii. .....
                         Lonsdale, Hugh Cecil Lowther, K.G., G.O.V.O., b. 1857, s. 1882, m.
  1807
                       Loveluce, Peter Malcolm King, b. 1905, s. 1929 .....
 1838
 1795 I. † Lucan, George Charles Bingham, K.B.E., C.B., b. 1860, s. 1914, m. 1880 Lytton, Victor Alex. Geo. Robert Lytton, K.G., P.C., G.C.S.I.,
                       6.0.1.B. b. 1896, ** 1891, **

Macclesfield, George Loveden Wm. Hy. Parker, b. 1888 s. 1896, **

Malmethury, James Edward Harris, b. 1878, **, 1899, **

Malmethury, James Edward Harris, b. 1878, **, 1899, **

Malmethury, James Edward Harris, b. 1878, **, 1899, **

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Malmethury, James Edward Harris, b. 1878, **

Malmethur
 1721
1800

        1800
        Malmeintrij, James Edward Harris, b. 187s, z. 189g, m.

        1776
        & 179a
        Manneteld, Alan David Murray (Scott. Visct., Stormont),

        b. 1864, z. 1966, w.
        Participant b. 1888, z. 1936.

        1805
        Manners, Evelyn Robert Pierrepont b. 1888, z. 1936.

        1805
        Rar, Lionel Walter Young, b. 189x, z. 1938.

        1805
        S. †Mar & Kellie (1619), Walter John F. Erskine, K.T.b. '65, z. '88, m.

        1781
        Mapo, Walter Longley Bourke, b. 1893, z. 1927, m.

        1820
        Rarom. Chaworth), b. 1860, z. 1926, z. 1927, m.

        1766
        I. Mezborouch, John Henry Savile, b. 1869, z. 1926, m.

        1806
        z. 1926, z. 1926, m.

        Mulleton William St. John Fremantle Brodrick, P.C., K.P., b. 1 1865, z. 1926, z. 1926, m.

1856, 1st Earl, m.

1921 Midlothian. See "Rosebery," below.

1823 Minto, Victor Gilbert Lariaton Garnet Elliot, b. 1891, s. 1914, m.

1850 B. *Moray, Francis Houglas Stuart, M.O. (Brit. Baron, Stuart of Castle
Stitath, b. 1823, s. 1930, m.

1815 Morley, Edmund Robert Parker, b. 1877, s. 1905

1960 I. Mornington, See "Wellington," U.K. Duke
1428, s. Horton, Shotto George Watson Douglas, b. 1844, s. 1884, m.

1789 Mount Edgeunde, Piers A. Hamilton Edgeunde, b. '65, s. 1917, m.
1789
1831
                      Mount Eageumbe, Fiers A. Hamilton Eageumbe, b. 25, s. 1287, m. Munder, Geoffrey W. R. H. PitzClarence, b. 1265. s. 1288, m. ... 
Nelson, Thomas Horatio Nelson, b. 1857, s. 1213
Norbury, Carlo Ginstiniani-Baudini, b. 1852, s. 1208, m. .....
Norbury, Wm. Brabazon Lindesay Graham-Toler, b. 65, s. '73, m. 
Northest, David L. G. H. Carnogie, b. 1203, s. 1267, m. ....
Onslow, Richard William Alan Onslow, P.C., O.B E., b. 1876,
 x805
1660 S.
1827 I.
 1647 R.
 1801
                       s. 1911, m.
Orkney, Edmond Walter FitzMaurice, b. 1867, s. 1889, m.
Oxford & Asynith, Julian Edward Geo. Asquith, b. 1916,s. 1928, M.
1696 S.
1985
                       Peel, Wm. Robert Wellesley Peel, P.C., G.C.S.L., G.R.E., b. 1867,
                       zst Earl, m.

Pembroke & Montgomery (1605), Reginald Herbert, M.V.O., b.
1551
                       1880, 8, 1913, 76.

Perth, William Huntly Prummond, b. 1872, 8, 1908, 76.

Plymouth, Ivor Miles Windsor-Crive (Eng. Baron, Windsor).
 1605 S.
1005
*Romey, Charles Marsham, b. 1892, s. 1913, 11.

*Rosebery, Albert Edward H. M. A. Primrose, D.S.O., M.C. (U.K. Barl of Midlothian), b. 1882, s. 1929, 11.
1703 8
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Eldest Son or Heir. Viscount Anson, b. 1913 Viscount Glentworth, b. Hon, Archibald B., b. 1827 Earl of Abingdon, b. 1827 Lord Vaughan, b. 1918 Hon, Richard G. H., b. 1907 Hon. Gerald F., D. S.O , b. 1878 (None to Earldom; to Bny., Capt. Ernest W. D., R. N., b. 1876) Hon. Francis A. P., b. 1905 Hon. Lancelot L., o B.E., b. 1867 (None to Earldom; to King Buy., Col. Henry S. King, b. x860) Lord Bingham, M.C., b. x898 Viscount Knebworth, b. 'zo Viscount Parker, b. 1914 Viscount FitzHarris, b. 1907 Lord Scone, M.P., b. 1900 Gervase E. P., M.C., b. 1881 Lord Erskine, M.P., b. 1895 Lord Nass, b. 1890 Lord Ardee, b. 1910 Viscount Pollington, b. 1006 Viscount Dunsford, M.C., b. 1888 Viscount Melgund, b. 2028 Hon. John S., b. 1894 Hon. Montagu P., b. 1878 Lord Aberdour, b. 1907 [43] Richd John F. E., M. V.O., b Edward C. FitzC., b 1899 Hon. Edward N., b. 1860 Lady Maria Sofia G.-B., b. Otway S. G.-T., b. 1886 ['89 Visct. Somerton, b. 1910 Hon. Douglas C., b. 1870 Viscount Cranley, b. 1923 Lady Mary Gosling, b. 1903 Hon. Herbert A., b. 1880 Viscount Clanfield, b. 1001 Lord Herbert, b. 1906 Hon. Sir Eric D., K C.M.G., (b. 1876 Viscount Windsor, b. 2023 Viscount Carlow, b. 1907 Viscount Lymington, K.P. (None). [b. : Viscount Clive, b. 1904 (b. 1808 Viscount Folkestone. Hon. Edward P. U. K., b. 14 Viscount Jocelyn, b. 1909 Michael H. M., b. 1919

Lord Primrose, b. 2989

Create	d. Title, Name, &c.	Eldest Son or Heir.
	Rosse, Laurence Michael Harvey Parsons, b. 1906, s. 1918	Hon, Desmond E. P., b. 'so
1801	Rosslyn, James Fras. H. St. Clair-Erskine, b. 1869, s. 1890, m †Rothes, Malcolm George Dyer Edwardes Leslie, b. 1902, s. 1927, m.	Lord Loughborough, b. 1917 Lord Leslie, b. 1932
1450 D. 1861	*Russell, Bertrand Arthur William Russell, b. 1871, s. 1931, m	Viscount Amberley, b. 1911
1915	St. Alduryn, Michael John Hicks-Beach, b. 1912, 8. 1916	(None)
1815	St. Germans, Granville John Eliot, b. 1867, s. 1922	Hon, Montague C. E.,
-		Viscount Hinchingbrooke,
1660 1690	Scarbrough, Aldred Frederick Geo. Beresford Lumley, K.G.,	[b. 1906]
1090	G.B.E., K.C.B. (Irish Visct., Lumley), b. 1857, S. 1884, W.	Roger L., M.P., b. 1896
1771 L	G.B.E., R.C.B. (Irish Visct., Lumley), b. 1857, s. 1884, w	Maj. Hon. Richard M.,
	b. 1898, s. 1930	C.V.O., b. 1873 Viscount Wolmer, P.C.,
1862	Selborne, Wm. Waldegrave Palmer, K.G., P.C., G.C.M.G., b. 1859,	
-6	Shaffaelama Anthony Ashley Councer B.C. V. D. C.C.V.O. C.P.V.	м.Р., в. 1887
1672	Shaftesbury, Anthony Ashley-Cooper, P.C., K.P., G.C.V.O., C.B.E.,	Lord Ashley, b. 1000
1756 L	b. 1869, s. 1826, m. Shannon, Robt. Hy. Boyle (Brit. Bu., Carleton), b. 1900, s. 1917, m. Shrewsburry & Talbot (1782), John George C. H. A. Chetwynd Chetwynd-Talbot (Irish Karl, Waterford), b. 1914, s. 1921, M.	Viscount Boyle, b. 1924
1442	Shrewsbury & Talbot (1784), John George C. H. A. Chetwynd	
	Chetwynd-Talhot (Irish Earl, Waterford), b. 1914, s. 1911, M.	Humphrey CT., b. 1883
1850	Southesk, Charles Noel Carnegie (U.K. Baron, Balinhard), b. 1854,	Hon. Hy. Aug. Milles-Lade,
1033 8	8. 1905, 7k	LordCarnegie, K.C. V.O., b. '93
1765	Spencer, Albert Edward John Spencer, b. 1892, s. 1982, m,	Viscount Althorp, b. 1914
17038	*Stair, John James Dalrymple, D.S.O. (U.K. Baron, Oxenfoord),	[Viscount Dalrymple, b. ]
	b. 1879, s. 1914, 1n	l 1906
1628	Stamford, Roger Grey, b. 1896, s. 1910	(None) (No heir to Eldin, ; to the
1718	Stanhope, Jas. Richd. Stanhope, P.C., D.S.O., M.C., b. 1880, 8. 1905, 11.	Viscty. the E. of Har-
-,		rington.
1881	Stradbroke, Geo. E. J. Mowbray Rous, K.C.M.G., C.B., C.V.O., C.B.R.,	W
-0	V.D., b. 186s, s. 1886, m	Viscount Dunwich, b. 1903
1847 1786	Straford, Edmund Henry Byng, b. 1862, s. 1918, m Strange. See "Atholl," Scott. Duke	Hon. Ivo Francis B., b. '74
1677 8	*Strathmore & Kinghorne (1606), Claude Geo, Bowes-Lyon,	
,, -	K.T., G.C.V.O., T.D. (U.K. Baron, Bowes), b. 1855, s. 1904, m	Lord Glamis, b. 1884
1603	Suffolk & Berkshire (1626), Charles Hemy George Howard, b. 1906,	
	#. 1917	Hon. Cecil J. A. H, b. 1908
22308	.*Sutherland. See "Sutherland," U.K. Duke	Elizabeth M. SLG., b.
2714	Tankerville, Charles Augustus Ker Bennet, b. 1897, s. 1931	Lord Ossulston, b. zgaz
1822	Temple of Stove, Algernon W. Stephen Temple-Gore-Langton,	
	b. 1871, 8. 1902, 7h.	Chandos G. TGL.,b. 2909
1823 1815	Vane. See "Londonderry," Irish Marq	(Lord Forrester of Corstor-
-4-3	Baron, Forrester), b. 1880, 8. 1024, 111	phine, b. zgro
1739	Baron, Forrester), b. 1880, s. 1924, sn. Waldegrave, Rev. Henry Noel Waldegrave, b. 1834, s. 1933, m Warneck & Brooke (1746), Charles Guy Fulke Greville, b. 1911,	Viscount Chewton, b. 1905
1759	Warneck & Brooke (1746), Charles Guy Fulke Greville, b. 1911,	Hon. Richard F. M. G.,
	*. 1925, m* Waterford. See "Shrewsbury and T.," Engl. Earl, above	) b. 1913
1622	*Weinyes & March (1697), Hugo Richard Charteris (U.K. Baron,	
35	Weryse), b. 1857, *. 1914, m	Lord Elcho, b, 1912
	Wenyse), b. 1857, s. 1914, m	Hon Cilbert C A' h . 880
1624	Westmorland, Vere Anthony Francis Fane, b. 1893, s. 1928, m	Lord Burghersh, b. 1924
1876	Wharncliffe, Archibald Ralph Montagu-Stuart-Wortley-Mac-	[ Maj. · Gen. Dou. M. a.
1070	kenzie, b. 1892, s. 1926, m	C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., M.V.O.;
1		( b. 1857.
	.+ Wicklow, Ralph Francis Forward-Howard, b. 1877, s. 1891, w	Lord Clonmore, b. 1902
1931	Willingdon, Freeman Freeman-Thomas, P.C., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G.	, (Viscount Ratendone, b.   1800
1801	G.C.I.E., G.B.E., b. 1866, 1st Earl, m. (Viceroy of India)	Hon. Geo. Arthur E.,b. 1898
26a8	Winchilsea & Nottingham (1681), Guy Montague George Finch-	
	Hatton, O.B.E., D.S.C., b. 1885, s. 1987, m	i zozz
1766	Winterton, Edward Turnour, P.C., M.P., b. 1883, *. 1907. 1n Winten. See "Eglinton and W.," Scott. Earl, above	Gerard A. T., b. 1878
1859	Yarborough, Chas. A. Worsley Pelham, P.C., b. 1859, *. 1875, w.	Lord Conyers, M.C., b. 2888
1837	Ypres, John Richard Lowndes French, b. 1881, s. 1985, m	Viscount French, b. 1981
	• •	•
_1	VISCOUNTS.—Style (see footnote, p. 278), The Right Hon.  Addressed as, My Lord. The eldest sons of Viscounts as	the Viscount,
(ZZ	distinctive title; they, as well as their brothers and sisters,	are styled the Hon
	Robert, Hon. Mary, &c.	are soyled one Hon.
1919	Allenby, Edmund Henry Hynman 'Allenby, G.C.B., G.C.M.G.	Capt. Fredk, Claude H. A
-3-9	Allenby, Edmund Henry Hynman 'Allenby, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., Field Marshal, b. 1861, 18t Viscount, m	C.B.E., R.N., b. 1864

1915

Gormanston), b. 1914, s. 1905, M. .....

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i	Created	t.  Title Name, &c.  Gort, John Standish S P. Vereker, F.C., C.B.E., D.S.O. (2 Bars),	Eldest S	on or Heir.
ı	1816 I.	Gort, John Standish S P. Vereker, F.C. C.B.E., D.S.O. (2 Bars),	Hon Charle	V h
i	1900	M.V.O., M.C., b. 1886, s. 1908 Goschen, George Joschim Goschen, P.C., G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., C.B.E.,	Hon, Sir W.	8 S. V., b. 1918 H.G., K.B.R., b.
ı	.,	V.D., b. 1856, s. 1907, m.  Gough, Hugh William Gough, M.C., b. 1892, s. 1919.  Grandison. See "Jersey," Engl. Earl  Grimston. See "Verulam," U.K. Earl	1870	•
1	1849	Gough, Hugh William Gough, M.C., b. 1892, s. 1919	Capt. Guy V	. Hugh G., b. 87
j	1620 I.	Grandison. See "Jersey," Engl. Earl		
į	1719 L	Guillamore Richard O'Grady h -862 8 2020	Standish O'	G. h. 1860
i	1031 1.	Guillamore, Richard O'Grady, b. 1867, s. 1930	Hop. Quinti	u H., b. 1907
ļ	19 <b>2</b> 9 1866	Halifax, Charles Lindley Wood, b. 1839, s. 1885, sc	Lord Irwiu, E	.G., P.C., b. 1881
	1891	Hambleden, William Henry Smith, T.D., b. 1903, 8. 1928, m.	Hou. Wm. H	erbert S.b. 20
į			Holl Hou P	s H. B., b. 1900 alph P., o. B. E.,
į	1791 I.	Harberton, Ernest Arthur George Pomercy, b. 1867. s. 1918,m	b. 1869	aipii 1 .,0.B.B.,
Ì	1917	Harcourt, William Edward Harcourt, b. 1908, s. 1922, m	(None)	
1	1846	Hardinge, Caryl N. Charles Hardinge, b. 1905, s. 1924, m	Hon. Henry	N. H., b. 1929
		Hawarden. Eustace Wyndham Maude, b. 1877, s. 1914, m	Hon. Robert	L. E. M., b. 1926
	1550 1842	Hereford, Robert Charles Devereux, b. 1865, s. 1930, m	Hon, Robert	CH., b. 1904
١	1796	Hood, Samuel Hood, (Ir. Baron, Hood), b. 1910, s. 1933	Alex. L. H.,	b. 19141
3	1821	Hutchinson. See "Donoughmore," Irish Earl		
1	1911	Knollys, Edward George William Tyrwhitt Knollys, M.B.E.,	TT The self i	TA PP 1
	1895	Herejora, Robert Chaires Bevereru, b. 1805, s. 1936, m	Hon Thurs	F. K., b 1931 ton HH., b.
			AJUL ANULO	[1888]
	<b>,</b>	b. 1868, 1st Viscount, m	(None)	,5000
		Leinster. See "Leinster," Irish Duke		
	1922	Leverhulme, William Hulme Lever, b. 1888, s. 1925, m	Hon. Philip	L., b. 1915 lines H., b. 1856
ı	1701 1.	Lifford, Evelyn James Hewitt, D.S.O., b. 1880, s. 1925, m	Hon. R. Eric	: L. b. 1802
	1628 I.*	'Inimieu. See "Scarbrough." Engl. Earl		,
	1660 I.*	Massercene & Ferrard (1797), Algernon Wm. John Clotworthy Skeffington, D.S.O. (U.K. Baron, Oriel), b. 1873, s. 1905. m		
	-0	Skeffington, D.S.O. (U.K. Baron, Ortel), b. 1873, s. 1905, m	Hon. John A	9., b. 1914 U.P.B.D., b. '09
ł	1002	Melville, Henry Charles Clement Dundas, b. 1873, * 1026, m	Hop. Edwar	d Clive B., b.
	1717 1.*	Midleton. See "Midleton." English Earl		zoof
	1716 I.	Molesworth, George Bagot Molesworth, b 1867, s. 1906, m	Hon. Charle	8 R. M., b. 1860
•	1801 I.	minice, Henry wyndnam scamey Mones (U.A. Buron, mones), (	Bru Gen. (	Secol S. O. M.
1	TEEO I	b. 1905, 8. 1927	Major Wulte	nshVcty.only). er T. B., b. 1853
	1330 1.	Mountyarret), b. 1903, 8. 1918, m	(to Irish V	cty. only).
	1763 I.	Mountyarret), b. 1903, s. 1918, m		
ı		b. 1872, s. 1880, W Foreign D. C. F. M. C. C. Norge Population Manage Foreign D. C. F. M. C. C. N. C.	Rev. Arthu	de M., b. 1879
	1980	Novar, Ronald Craufurd Munro-Ferguson, P.C., K.T., G.C.M.G., b. 1860. 1st Viscount. m.	(None)	
i	1929	b. 1860, 1st Viscount. m.  Plumer, Thomas Hall Rokeby Plumer, M C., b. 1890, * 1932, m.	(None)	
ı	1873	Portman, Edward Claud Berkeley Portman, b 1898, s. 1929, m	Hon. Seyme	our P., b. 1868
1	1744 I.	Powerscourt, Mervyn Richard Wingfield, K.P., M.V.O. (U.K.	Hon Masses	n. W. h
1	1900	Baron, Powerscourt), b. 1880, s. 1904, m	Hon. Matthe	w W., b. 1905 w W. R.,b.1925
1	1919	Rothermere, Harold Sidney Harmsworth, P.C., b. 1868, 1st Visc., in.	Hon. Esmo	nd H , b. 1808
1	1918	St. Davids, John Wynford Philipps, P.C., G.B.E., b. 1860, 18t Visc., 1n.	Hon.Jestyn	nd H , b. 1898 R. A. P. I'.,b.'17
1	1801	St. Vincent, Ronald Clarges Jervis, b. 1859, s. 1908, w	Hon. Ronal	d G. J., b. 1905
1	1932	Sankey, John Sankey, P.C., G.B.E., b. 1866, 1st Viscount (Lord High Chancellor)	(None)	
1	1911	Scarsdale, Richard Nathaniel Curzon, b. 1808, 8, 1055, in	Hon.Franci	s N. C., b. 1865
)	1905	Seloy, Thomas Sutton Evelyn Gully, o 1911, s. 1923, m	(None)	
	1805	Sidmouth, Gerald William Addington, b. 1882, s. 1915, m	Hon Raym	ond A., b. 1887
	1931 1776 L	Snowden of Ickornshaw, Philip Snowden, P. C., U. 1864, 1st Viscount, m Southwell, Arthur Robert Pyers J. M. Southwell, U. 1872, s. 1878, m.	Hon. Rober	. S., b. 1808
ſ	1621 S.	Stormont. See "Mansfield, Brit. Earl		, or <b>royu</b>
	1927	Summer, John Andrew Hamilton, P.C., G.C.B., b. '59, xstVisct., m.	(None)	
	1806 L.1	Templetown, Henry Edward Montagu Dorington Clotworthy	Hon W. A	ug 17 k -6
	1721	Upton, b. 1853, s. 1890, w	LtCol. Ar	ug. U., b. 1894 thur S. B., b.
1	1926	Tredegar, Courtenay Charles Evan Morgan, C.B.E., b. 1867,		1876
1		18t Viscount. m	Hon, Evan	V., b. 1802
İ	1921	Ullswater, James William Lowther, P.C., G.C.B., b. 1855, 18t)	Mal. Hon.	hristopher L
١	1622 T.	Viscount, m	Rev. Wm	M. A., b. 1875
1		Annesley), b. 1883, s. 1927	(to Irish	vcty. only).
١	1918	Annesley), b. 1883, s. 1927 Wimborns, Ivor Churchill Guest, P.C., b. 1873, 1st Viscount, m.	Hon. Ivor 6	7., b. 1903
1	1908	Wolverhampton, Henry Ernest Fowler, b. 1870, s. 1911, m	(None)	de V h
1	1923	4 Duringer of Empires, relation Loudingon, 11:10 October to some, 6: 1929, III.	ALOIL BUWE	rd G. Y , b. 1906
		whitaker's almanack, 1984.		

	Bishors (a4).—Style, The Bight Rev. the Lord Bishop of ——. Addressed as, My Lord.  [Those marked * always sit—az others, except (Sodor and Man, by date, those awaiting admission in order shown (in parentheses)]	
Apple	Entd.	
1961	Bath & Wells (71st), St. John Basil Wynne Willson, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1921	1987
1984	Birmingham (grd), Ernest William Barnes, D.D., Sc.D., F.R.S., b. 1874, cons. 1984	1938
1987	Blackburn (zst), Percy Mark Herbert, D.D., b 1885, cons. 1922, trans. 1927	(z)
1931	Bradford (and), Alfred Walter Frank Blunt, D.D., b. 1879, cons. 1931	(zs) :
1933	Bristol (soth). Clifford Salisbury Woodward, M.C., N.A., b. 1881, cons. 1932	(26)
1920	Bristol (soth), Clifford Salisbury Woodward, M.C., N.A., b. 1881, cone. 1933	
1928	Chelmsford (ard) Henry Albert Wilson, D. D. & 1826 cons, 1928	(9)
1932	Chester (35th), Geoffrey Francis Fisher, M.A., b. 1887, cons. 1938	(14)
	Chickette (atth) George Vennedy Allen Rell D. D. 1 - 1882 CAME TORS	
1989	Cruciality (97th), George Reinledy Albah Deli, D. 1003, Cott. 1939	(10)
1931	Coventry (3rd), Mervyn George Haigh, D.D., b. 1887, cons. 1930  Derby (12t), Edmund Courtenay Pearce, D.D., b. 1871, cons. 1927  Durham (Seth), Herbert Hensley Henson, D.D., b. 1863, cons. 1918, trans. 1920	(11)
1987	Derby (1st), Edmund Courtenay Pearce, D.D., b. 1871, cons. 1987	(6)
1930	"Durham (36th), Herbert Hensley Henson, D.D., D. 1863, cons. 1918, trans. 1980	1920
1984	Ety (6xst), Leonard Jauncey White-Thomson, D.D., 0. 1803, cons. 1924	1932
1916	Exeter (65th), Lord William Cecil, D.D., b. 1863, cons. 1916	1981
1923	Gloucester (33rd), Arthur Cayley Headlam, C.H., D.D., b. 186a, cons. 1983	1929
1987	Guildford (zet), John Harold Greig, D.D., b. 1865, cons. 1921, trans. 1927	<b>6</b>
	Hereford (99th), Charles Lisle Carr, D.D., b. 1871, cons. 1922, trans. 1930	Ige8
1930	Laired by (with Curil there Rommen Reveller D. h. offer any was seen and	
1926	Leicester (18t), Cyril Charles Bowman Bardsley, D.D., b. 1870, cons. 1983, trans. 1986	1931
1913	Lichfield (93rd), John Augustine Kempthorne, D.D., b. 1864, cons. 1910, trans. 1913	1919
1933	Lincoln (91st), Frederick Cyril Nugent Hicks, D.D., b. 1872, cons. 1927, trans. 1933	(15)
1923	Liverpool (3rd), Albert Augustus David, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1921, trans. 1923	1926
1901	"London (rioth), Arthur Foley Winnington-ingram, P.C., K.C.V.C., D.D., b. 1838, cons.	
-	1897, trans. 1901	1901
1908	Manchester (6th) Frederic Sumpter Guy Warman, D.D., b. 1872, cons. 1919, trans. 1928	Igaz
1927	Nessenette (6th) Harold Ernest Rilbrough D. D. b86e cong. vers. frank. vees	(5)
1910	Norwich (goth), Bertram Pollock, K.C.V.O., D.D., b. 1863, cons. 1910	1916
1925	Oxford (36th), Thomas Banks Strong, G.B.E., D.D., b. 1861, cons. 1920, trans. 1925	1923
	Detarhanced fourth Claude Martin Planden B. B	
1987	Peterborough (31st), Claude Martin Blagden, D.D., b. 1874, cons. 1927	(a)
1927	Portsmouth (1st), Ernest Neville Lovett, C.B.E., D.D., b. 1869, cons. 1987	(4)
zga6	Ripon (6th), Edward Arthur Burroughs, D.D., b. 1882, cons. 1926	<b>1933</b>
1930	Rochester (roand), Martin Linton Smith, D.S.O., D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1918, trans. 1930	1924
1980	St. Albans (4th), Michael Bolton Furse, D.D., b. 1872, cons. 1909, trans. 1900	1923
1983	St. Edmundsbury & Inswich (3rd), Walter Godfrey Whittingham, D.D., b. 1861, cons. 1923	1930
1921	Calisham (- 4h) Ht Claim Comme thand Dougland By L 1860 comp ages them.	
		TOPR
4013	Sheffield (1st), Leonard Heilley Burrows, D.D., b. 1819, cont. 1003, cont. 1012,	1928
4013	Salisbury (95th), St. Clair George Alfred Donaldson, D.D., b. 1863, cons. 1904, trans 1921 Sheffield (18t), Leonard Hedley Burrows, D.D., b. 1893, cons. 1909, trans. 1913  Sheffield (18t), William Stanton-Lones D.D. 4865, cons. 1908, 1908  Sheffield (18t), Leonard Hedley Burrows, D.D., b. 1893, cons. 1909, trans. 1913	1919
4013	Sattenery (95th), Nt. Chair George Alfred Donaldenn, D., 5, 2803, come. 1904, craiss 1921 Sheffield (18th), Leonard Heddey Burrows, D.D., 5, 2897, come. 1909, trans. 1913 Sodor & Man (93rd), William Stanton-Jones, D.D., 5, 2865, come. 1923 South-aware (18th), Shohard Gudfann Parpons, 1, 1884, come. 1925, trans. 1928	1919
4013	Satismary (9501), No. Clair George Alfred Donaidson, D.D., 5. 1803, cons. 1904, crais 1921 Sheffield (18t), Leonard Heddey Burrows, D.D., 5. 1859, cons. 1909, trans. 1913 Southwark (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, 5. 1888, cons. 1928 Southwark (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, 5. 1888, cons. 1927, trans. 1932	1919
1913 1938 1938	Southwark (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1882, cons. 1927, trans. 1932	1919 (13) (7)
1913 1928 1938 1988 1983	Southwerk (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1882, cons. 1927, trans. 1932	1919 (13) (7)
1923 1938 1938 1938 1913	Southwell (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1888, cons. 1927, trans. 1932 Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1919, trans. 1928 Truco (7th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1862, cons. 1923 Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1923	1919
1913 1928 1938 1988 1983	Southwark (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1888, cons. 1927, trans. 1932  Southwall (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1919, trans. 1928  Truro (7th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1853, cons. 1923  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1928  Winchester (90th), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1929, trans. 1932	1919 (13) (7)
1923 1938 1938 1938 1913	Southwell (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1888, cons. 1927, trans. 1932 Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1919, trans. 1928 Truco (7th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1862, cons. 1923 Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1923	(13) (7) 1930 (8)
1913 1938 1988 1988 1983 1983 1993	Southwark (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1888, cons. 1927, trans. 1932  Southwall (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1919, trans. 1928  Truro (7th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1853, cons. 1923  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1928  Winchester (90th), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1929, trans. 1932	(13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982
1913 1938 1988 1988 1983 1983 1993	Southwell (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1888, cons. 1937, trans. 1932 Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938 Truro (4th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1863, cons. 1939 Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938 Winchester (9th), Cyril Forster (farbett, D.D., b. 1875, cons. 1938, trans. 1938 Worcester (sorth), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1930, trans. 1931	(13) (7) 1930 (8)
1913 1938 1988 1988 1983 1983 1993	Southwark (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1885s, cons. 1937, trans. 1932  Southwark (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1865, cons. 1933, trans. 1938  Truco (7th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1865, cons. 1933  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1865, cons. 1933  Winchester (90th), Cyrli Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1939, trans. 1933  Worcester (107th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1930, trans. 1931  Barons.—Style (1080 footnote, p. 1978), The Right Hon. Lord——.	(13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982
1913 1938 1988 1988 1983 1983 1993	Southwell (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1888, cons. 1937, trans. 1932 Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938 Truro (4th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1863, cons. 1939 Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938 Winchester (9th), Cyril Forster (farbett, D.D., b. 1875, cons. 1938, trans. 1938 Worcester (sorth), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1930, trans. 1931	(13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982
1913 1928 1938 1938 1933 1932 1931	Southwerk (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1882, cons. 1937, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. b. 1862, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Truro (7th), Walter Howard Frere, D. D., b. 1863, cons. 1933  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D., b. 1863, cons. 1938  Winchester (9th), Vyill Forster Garbett, D. D., b. 1875, cons. 1938  Worcester (197th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D. D., b. 1867, cons. 1932  BARONS.—Style (see footnote, D. 278), The Right Hon. Lord ——  Addressed as, My Lord.	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1922 1923
1913 1928 1938 1988 1983 1983 1913	Southwark (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1882, cons. 1937, trans. 1932  Southwall (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1863, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Truro (7th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1863, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1865, cons. 1938  Winchester (9oth), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1855, cons. 1938, trans. 1933  Worcester (197th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1930, trans. 1931  BARONS.—Style (see footnote, p. 278), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Tills. Name. &c. Eldest Son or Heiland.	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1922 1923
1913 1928 1938 1938 1923 1932 1931 Crea	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1937, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Truro (7th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (20th), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1855, cons. 1938  Worcester (20th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1932, trans. 1931  BARONS.—Style (20th for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first for the first fo	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1922 1923
1913 1928 1928 1923 1923 1923 1932 1931 Crea	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1937, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Truro (4th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1938  Winchester (9oth), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1938, trans. 1933.  Worcester (1941), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938, trans. 1931  BABONS.—Style (see footnote, p. 278), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Heilder.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1850, 1stB., w. {b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864, b. 1864	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1923 r. U.B.E.,
1913 1928 1938 1923 1923 1928 1932 1931 Crea	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1937, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Truro (7th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (9oth), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1855, cons. 1938  Worcester (107th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1930, trans. 1931  BARONS.—Style (1080 footnote, p. 1080), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Heided.  Title, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1850, 1851, wo. 1879  Aberdare. Clarence Napler Bruce, b. 1884, s. 1, 108, m. 1985  Hon. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1923 
1913 1928 1938 1938 1938 1932 1932 1931 Creat 1911 1873 1835	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1937, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Truro (7th), Walter Howard Frere, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (9oth), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1855, cons. 1938  Worcester (107th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1930, trans. 1931  BARONS.—Style (1080 footnote, p. 1080), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Heided.  Title, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1850, 1851, wo. 1879  Aberdare. Clarence Napler Bruce, b. 1884, s. 1, 108, m. 1985  Hon. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys G. R., b. Morys	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1922 1923 F. C.B.E.,
1913 1928 1938 1938 1938 1932 1931 Creal 1911 1873 1835 1869	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (9cth), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1855, cons. 1938  Worcester (195th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938.  BARONS.—Style (see footnote, p. 278), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Hei  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1859, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 1858, 18	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1933 1923 -r. 0.B.E., 1919 1914 b.1909
1913 1928 1938 1938 1938 1932 1932 1931 Creat 1911 1873 1835	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. b. 1885, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. b. 1865, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. b. 1865, cons. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D. b. 1865, cons. 1938  Winchester (9sth), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D. D. b. 1855, cons. 1938  Worcester (197th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938  BARONS.—Style (see footnote, D. 278), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Title, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1850, 1818, w. Hon. H. D. McL., b. 1879  Aberdare, Clarence Napler Bruce, b. 1885, s. 1, 19, m	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1923 1923 1924 b.1909 b.1864
1913 1928 1928 1928 1923 1922 1931 <i>Crea</i> 1911 1873 1835 1869 1887	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1937, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (95th), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1938  Winchester (195th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938  BARONS.—Style (see footnote, p. 276), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Hei  Addressed, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Hei  Abinger, Clarence Napier Bruce, b. 1885, s. 129, m	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1923 7. 1.B.E., 1919 1914 5.1909 5.1854 E. F.,
1913 1928 1938 1938 1938 1932 1931 Creal 1911 1873 1835 1869	Southwell (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1882s, cons. 1937, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. b. 1865, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D., b. 1865, cons. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D., b. 1865, cons. 1938  Winchester (9sth), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D. D., b. 1855, cons. 1938  Worcester (187th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D. D., b. 1867, cons. 1938  Barons.—Style (see footnote, D. 1875), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Hei Aberdare, Clarence Napler Bruce, b. 1885, s. 1,28, m	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1923 7. 1.B.E., 1919 1914 5.1909 5.1854 E. F.,
1913 1928 1928 1923 1923 1932 1931 Crea 1911 1873 1835 1869 1887	Southwell (4th), Richard Godfrey Parsons, b. 1882s, cons. 1937, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. b. 1865, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D., b. 1865, cons. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D., b. 1865, cons. 1938  Winchester (9sth), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D. D., b. 1855, cons. 1938  Worcester (187th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D. D., b. 1867, cons. 1938  Barons.—Style (see footnote, D. 1875), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Hei Aberdare, Clarence Napler Bruce, b. 1885, s. 1,28, m	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1923 7. 1.B.E., 1919 1914 5.1909 5.1854 E. F.,
1913 1928 1928 1928 1923 1928 1931 1931 1873 1859 1869 1887 1921	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (95th), Cyril Forster Garbett, D. D., b. 1895, cons. 1938  Worcester (195th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D. D., b. 1867, cons. 1938  BARONS.—Style (see footnote, p. 276), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Fille, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K. C., b. 1850, 1850, 1851, 1857  Aberdare, Clarence Napler Bruce, b. 1885, s. 139, m. Hon. Morys G. B., b. Acton, John E. H. Lyon-Dalberg-Acton, b. 1907, s. 1927, m. Hon. Raymond H., Addington, John Gellibrand Hubbard, O. E. K., b. 1863, s. 1935  Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D. S. O., b. 1858, s. 1934, m. Hon. Raymond H., Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D. S. O., b. 1858, s. 1934, m. Hon. Raymond H., Airedale, Albert Ernest Kitson, b. 1853, s. 1912, m. Hon. Eric W. Airedale, Albert Ernest Kitson, b. 1853, s. 1912, m. Hon. Bares C. K., b. 1863, s. 1934, m. Hon. Raymond H., Airedale, Albert Ernest Kitson, b. 1853, s. 1912, m. Hon. Bares C. K., b. 1868, m. Hon. Raymond H., Airedale, Albert Ernest Kitson, b. 1853, s. 1912, m. Hon. Bares C. K., b. 1868, m. Hon. Raymond H., Airedale, Albert Ernest Kitson, b. 1853, s. 1912, m. Hon. Bares C. K., b. 1868, m. Hon. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymo	1919 (x3) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1983 1983 7. 18.E., 1919 1914 b.1909 b.1884 E. F.,
1913 1928 1928 1923 1928 1931 1931 1873 1873 1867 1921 1907 1896	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (95th), Cyril Forster Garbett, D. D., b. 1895, cons. 1938  Worcester (195th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D. D., b. 1867, cons. 1938  BARONS.—Style (see footnote, p. 276), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Fille, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K. C., b. 1850, 1850, 1851, 1857  Aberdare, Clarence Napler Bruce, b. 1885, s. 139, m. Hon. Morys G. B., b. Acton, John E. H. Lyon-Dalberg-Acton, b. 1907, s. 1927, m. Hon. Raymond H., Addington, John Gellibrand Hubbard, O. E. K., b. 1863, s. 1935  Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D. S. O., b. 1858, s. 1934, m. Hon. Raymond H., Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D. S. O., b. 1858, s. 1934, m. Hon. Raymond H., Airedale, Albert Ernest Kitson, b. 1853, s. 1912, m. Hon. Eric W. Airedale, Albert Ernest Kitson, b. 1853, s. 1912, m. Hon. Bares C. K., b. 1863, s. 1934, m. Hon. Raymond H., Airedale, Albert Ernest Kitson, b. 1853, s. 1912, m. Hon. Bares C. K., b. 1868, m. Hon. Raymond H., Airedale, Albert Ernest Kitson, b. 1853, s. 1912, m. Hon. Bares C. K., b. 1868, m. Hon. Raymond H., Airedale, Albert Ernest Kitson, b. 1853, s. 1912, m. Hon. Bares C. K., b. 1868, m. Hon. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymond H., M. Raymo	1919 (x3) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1983 1983 7. 18.E., 1919 1914 b.1909 b.1884 E. F.,
1913 1928 1928 1928 1923 1922 1932 1932 1932 1911 1873 1835 1869 1887 1981 1996 1876	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (3eth), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D. D. b. 1895, cons. 1938  Worcester (19th), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D. D. b. 1895, cons. 1938  Barons.—Style (see footnote, D. 1978), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Hei Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 185	1919 (x3) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1983 1983 7. 18.E., 1919 1914 b.1909 b.1884 E. F.,
1913 1928 1938 1938 1932 1932 1932 1931 1873 1873 1859 1867 1921 1907 1896 1876	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (9eth), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1853, cons. 1938  Worcester (sorth), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938.  BARONS.—Style (see footnote, p. 278), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Ittle, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1859, 1858, w.  Aberdare, Clarence Napler Bruce, b. 1858, s. 1939, m.  Acton, John E. H. Lyon-Dalberg-Acton, b. 1907, 1858, s. 1937, m.  Addington, John Gellibrand Hubbard, O.B.E., b. 1863, s. 1935, m.  Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D.S.O., b. 1856, s. 1934, m.  Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D.S.O., b. 1856, s. 1934, m.  Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D.S.O., b. 1856, s. 1934, m.  Aidenham, Alban George Henry Gibbs, b. 1846, s. 1907, w.  Allenof Hurtwood, Regynald Clifford Allen, b. 1880, s. 18 1890, m.  (None)	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1922 1923 1923 1924 0.1854 E. F.,
1913 1928 1938 1938 1932 1931 1931 1873 1887 1887 1987 1998 1998 1998 1998 1998	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (9eth), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1853, cons. 1938  Worcester (sorth), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938.  BARONS.—Style (see footnote, p. 278), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Ittle, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1859, 1858, w.  Aberdare, Clarence Napler Bruce, b. 1858, s. 1939, m.  Acton, John E. H. Lyon-Dalberg-Acton, b. 1907, 1858, s. 1937, m.  Addington, John Gellibrand Hubbard, O.B.E., b. 1863, s. 1935, m.  Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D.S.O., b. 1856, s. 1934, m.  Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D.S.O., b. 1856, s. 1934, m.  Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D.S.O., b. 1856, s. 1934, m.  Aidenham, Alban George Henry Gibbs, b. 1846, s. 1907, w.  Allenof Hurtwood, Regynald Clifford Allen, b. 1880, s. 18 1890, m.  (None)	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1983 1983 1983 1984 5.1909 5.1864 6.79
1913 1928 1938 1938 1932 1932 1932 1931 1873 1873 1859 1867 1921 1907 1896 1876	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1869, cons. 1938  Winchester (9sth), Cyril Korster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1938  Worcester (19th), Cyril Korster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1938  Barons.—Style (see footnote, p. 276), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Heider Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850,	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1983 1983 1983 1984 5.1909 5.1864 6.79
1913 1928 1938 1938 1932 1931 1931 1873 1887 1887 1987 1998 1998 1998 1998 1998	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (9eth), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1938  Worcester (197th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938.  BARONS.—Style (1988 footnote, p. 1978), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Heiled.  Title, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1895, 1818, 10.  Aberdare, Clarence Napier Bruce, b. 1885, s. 1, 29, m. Hon. Morys G. B., b. Abinger, Hugh Richard Scarlett, D.S.O., b. 1878, s. 1927, m. Hon. Morys G. B., b. Addington, John E. H. Lyon-Dalberg-Acton, b. 1907, s. 1944, m. Hon. Richd. LDA. Addington, John Gellibrand Hubbard, O.B.E., b. 1885, s. 1915  Airedale, Albert Ernest Kitson, b. 1863, s. 1915, m. (Com. Hon. Erick W. R.N., b. 1887, b. 1887, hon. James C. K., b. Aldenham, Alban George Henry Sturt, b. 1865, s. 1929, m. (None)  Alleno, Hurtwood, Reginald Cilifford Allen, b. 1889, 1st Baron, w. Hon. Edward L. J., Alvingham, Robert Daniel Thwaites Yerburgh, b. 1859, 1st Hon. Robert G. E. 1930, w. 1930, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850, p. 1850,	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1982 1983 1983 1984 b.1909 b.1884 E. F., . 1864 779 b. 1988 Y., b.
1913 1928 1938 1938 1932 1931 1931 1873 1887 1887 1987 1998 1998 1998 1998 1998	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (9sth), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1938  Worcester (19th), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1938  Barons.—Style (see footnote, D. 276), The Right Hon. Lord—  Addressed as, My Lord.  Fille, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1850, 1stB., w.  Aberdare, Clarence Napier Bruce, b. 1885, s. 1839, m.  Abinger, Hugh Richard Scarlett, D.S.O., b. 1876, s. 1927, m.  Addington, John E. H. Lyon-Dalberg-Acton, b. 1907, s. 1924, m.  Addington, John Gelibrand Hubbard, O.B.E., b. 1883, s. 1915, m.  Alivaya, Ronald Townshend Kellowes, D.S.O., M.C., b. 1885, s. 1924, m.  Alicaton, Napier George Henry Gibbs, b. 1846, s. 1907, w.  Alicaton, Napier George Henry Sturt, b. 1866, s. 1907, w.  Allenton, Robert Daniel Thwaites Yerburgh, b. 1859, 1st  Baron, w.  Amherst of Hackney, Wm. Alexander Evering Cecil, b. 1913, 1913.  Hon. Robert G. E.  Hon. Robert G. E.  Hon. Robert G. E.  1926.	(x3) (7) 1930 (8) 1932 1933 F. C.B.E., 1914 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1904 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1909 b.1900 b.1900 b.1900 b.1900 b.1900 b.1900 b.1900 b.1900 b.1900
1913 1928 1932 1932 1932 1932 1932 1932 1931 1873 1855 1869 1876 1907 1896 1909 1896 1909 1896	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1853, cons. 1938  Winchester (9eth), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1855, cons. 1938, trans. 1933  Barons.—Style (see footnote, D. 1875, cons. 1938, trans. 1933	(13) (7) 1930 (8) 1932 1933 7. C.B.E., 1919 1914 5.1909 5.1854 E. F., 1864 579 5. 1968 Y., 5.
1913 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1931 1873 1835 1867 1907 1896 1932 1908 1932 1908 1896 1932 1908	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1859, cons. 1938  Winchester (95th), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1859, cons. 1938, trans. 1938  Worcester (195th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938.  BABONS.—Style (1950 footnote, D. 1978), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Heiler.  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Heiler.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1859, 1858, 1859.  Aberdare, Clarence Napler Bruce, b. 1885, s. 139, m. Hon. Morry G. B., b. Abinger, Hugh Richard Scarlett, D.S.O., b. 1878, s. 1937, m. Hon. Morry G. B., b. Addington, John Gellibrand Hubbard, O.B.E., b. 1865, s. 1915.  Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D.S.O., M.C., b. 1855, s. 1915.  Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D.S.O., M.C., b. 1855, s. 1934, m. Hon. Raymond H. Morry G. B., b. Aldenham, Alban George Henry Gibbs, b. 1846, s. 1907, w. Hon. Beric W. Allenoh, Napler George Henry Gibbs, b. 1846, s. 1907, w. Hon. Gerald G. b. 1811, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 19	(13) (7) 1930 (8) 1932 1933 7. C.B.E., 1919 1914 5.1909 5.1854 E. F., 1864 579 5. 1968 Y., 5.
1913 1928 1932 1932 1932 1932 1932 1932 1931 1873 1855 1869 1876 1907 1896 1909 1896 1909 1896	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (3eth), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D. D. b. 1895, cons. 1938  Worcester (19th), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D. D. b. 1895, cons. 1938  Barons.—Style (see footnote, D. 1978), The Right Hon. Lord—  Addressed as, My Lord.  Eldest Son or Hei Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1850, 1818, w.  Aberdare, Clarence Napier Bruce, b. 1883, s. 1939, m.  Abinger, Hugh Richard Scarlett, D. So., b. 1878, s. 1937, m.  Addington, John E. H. Lyon-Dalberg-Acton, b. 1907, s. 1934, m.  Addington, John Cellibrand Hubbard, O. B. E. b. 1883, s. 1915  Alicenta, Monald Townshend Fellowes, D. S.O., M. C., b. 1885, s. 1934, m.  Aiwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D. S.O., M. C., b. 1885, s. 1934, m.  Alicenta, Napier George Henry Sturt, b. 1866, s. 1907, w.  Allerton, George William Lawies Joekson, b. 1908, s. 1909, m.  Allerton, George William Lawies Joekson, b. 1908, s. 1909, m.  Allerton, George William Lawies Joekson, b. 1908, s. 1909, m.  Allerton, George William Lawies Joekson, b. 1908, s. 1909, m.  Allerton, George William Lawies Jeckon, b. 1908, s. 1909, m.  Allerton, George William Lawies Jeckon, b. 1908, s. 1909, m.  Allerton, George William Lawies Jeckon, b. 1908, s. 1909, m.  Allerton, George Henry Sturt, b. 1869, s. 1909, m.  Hon. Robert G. E. 1936  Baron, w.  Amherest of Hackney, Wm. Alexander Evering Cecil, b. 1912, s. 1929, m.  Hon. Henry K. A. C.  Amulrect, William Warrender Mackeuzie, P.C., G. B.E., b. 1860, Hon. Basil W. S.	(13) (7) 1930 (8) 1932 1933 7. C.B.E., 1919 1914 5.1909 5.1854 E. F., 1864 579 5. 1968 Y., 5.
1913 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1931 1931	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1853, cons. 1938  Winchester (95th), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1853, cons. 1938  Winchester (195th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938  Barons.—Style (see footnote, p. 276), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Fille, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 185	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1933 1933 1933 1944 5.1864 79 1864 79 1866 1.1866 M., b.
1913 1938 1938 1938 1938 1933 1933 1931 1931	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1853, cons. 1938  Winchester (95th), Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., b. 1853, cons. 1938  Winchester (195th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938  Barons.—Style (see footnote, p. 276), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Fille, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 1859, 185	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1933 1933 1933 1944 5.1864 79 1864 79 1866 1.1866 M., b.
1913 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1931 1931	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (95th), Cyril Korster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1938  Worcester (195th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938  Barons.—Style (see footnote, p. 276), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Fille, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1933 1933 1934 1914 0.1894 0.1894 0.79 1.1864 0.79 1.1864 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1867
1913 1938 1938 1938 1938 1933 1933 1931 1931	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D. D. b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (9sth), Cyrll Forster Garbett, D. D. b. 1875, cons. 1938  Worcester (197th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938  BARONS.—Style (see tootnote, D. 278), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Title, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1850, 1818, w.  Abinger, Hugh Richard Scarlett, D.S. D. 1878, s. 1939, m.  Acton, John E. H. Lyon-Dalberg-Acton, b. 1897, s. 1834, m.  Addington, John Gellibrand Hubbard, O. B.E., b. 1853, s. 1934, m.  Addington, John Gellibrand Hubbard, O. B.E., b. 1853, s. 1934, m.  Aliwyn, Ronald Townshend Fellowes, D.S. O., M.C., b. 1853, s. 1934, m.  Alicenton, Hone Erick Kitson, b. 1863, s. 1914, m.  Alicenton, George Henry Gibbs, b. 1846, s. 1929, w.  Alicenton, George Henry Gibbs, b. 1846, s. 1929, w.  Alicenton, George William Lawies Jackson, b. 1893, 1st Baron, w.  Alicenton, George William Lawies Jackson, b. 1893, s. 1818, m.  Alicenton, George William Lawies Jackson, b. 1893, s. 1818, m.  Alicenton, George William Lawies Jackson, b. 1893, s. 1818, m.  Alicenton, George William Lawies Jackson, b. 1893, s. 1818, m.  Alicenton, George William Lawies Jackson, b. 1893, s. 1818, m.  Alicenton, George William Lawies Jackson, b. 1893, s. 1818, m.  Alicenton, George William Lawies Jackson, b. 1893, s. 1818, m.  Hon. Robert G. E. 1818, b. 1889, s. 1818, m.  Hon. Henry K.A. C., b. 1885, s. 1828, m.  Hon. Henry K.A. C., b. 1885, s. 1828, m.  Hon. Luke H. W., b.  Kone to Barony  Armstrong, William Hy. Armstrong Fitz-Patrick Watson-Arm-)  Hon. Wm. J. M.  Hon. Luke H. W., b.  Kone to Barony	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1933 1933 1934 1914 0.1894 0.1894 0.79 1.1864 0.79 1.1864 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1867
1911 1908 1908 1908 1908 1908 1908 1908	Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1932  Southwell (4th), Henry Mosley, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1939, trans. 1938  Wakefield (3rd), James Buchanan Seaton, D.D., b. 1868, cons. 1938  Winchester (95th), Cyril Korster Garbett, D.D., b. 1895, cons. 1938  Worcester (195th), Arthur William Thomson Perowne, D.D., b. 1867, cons. 1938  Barons.—Style (see footnote, p. 276), The Right Hon. Lord  Addressed as, My Lord.  Fille, Name, &c.  Aberconway, Chas. Benj. Bright McLaren, P.C., K.C., b. 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850, 1850	1919 (13) (7) 1930 (8) 1933 1933 1934 1914 0.1894 0.1894 0.79 1.1864 0.79 1.1864 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1866 0.79 1.1867

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10	reate	ed. Title, Name, &c.	Eldest Son or Heir.
١,	<b>605</b>	Arundell of Wardour, Gerald Arthur Arundell, b. 1861, s. 1921, m.	Hon. John F. A., b. 1907
1:	885	Authorities William (libers 1. 2000 a near as	Lt. Edward G., R.N., b. 1901
		Ashbourne, William Gibson, b. 1868, s. 1913, m	Uon Alexander D. h. a.s.
	835	Ashaniba Hamm Chilitt on h -05- a m	Hon. Alexander B., b. 1898
	<b>5</b> 93	Ashfold, Albert Henry Stanley, P.C., 5. 1867, 5. 1217, 76. Ashfold, Albert Henry Stanley, P.C., 5. 1875, 125 Baron, 76. Ashfold, Hyde, Thomas Houry Raymond Ashton, 5. 1201, 5 1233, 76.	Hon. Roland C. C., b. 1899
	920	Assista, Albert Benry Stanley, P.O., b. 1875, 18t Baron, 78	(None)
I	9xx	Ashton of Hyde, Thomas Henry Raymond Ashton, b. 1901, \$ 1933, 114.	Hon. Thos. J. A., b. 1986
1	800 I.	Asnioum, Frederick Univer Trench. D. 1808. S. 1880, W	Hon. Robert T., b. 1897
1	919	Askwith, George Ranken Askwith, K.C.B., b. 1861, 1st Baron, m.	(None)
1 2	917	Atholstan, Hugh Graham, b. 1848, 1st Baron, in.	(None)
1 2	917 928	Atkin, James Richard Atkin, P.O. (Lord of Appeal), b. 1867, m	(Life Peerage)
١,	ago I.	) (Frederick Colvin George Eden (Brit. Baron, Auck-)	Geoffrey M. E., M.B.E.,
1:	793*	Auckland, Frederick Colvin George Eden (Brit. Baron, Auck-)	b. 189s
		Avebury, John Lubbock, b. 1895, 8. 1917	
×	900	Accoury, John Littineer, J. 1915, R. 1989, W.	Hou. Maurice P. L., b. 1900
	718 I.	Aylmer, John Frederick Whitworth Aylmer, b. 1880, s. 1983, m.	Hon. Kenneth A. A., b. 1883
13	929	Baden-Powell, Robert Stephenson Smyth Baden-Powell,	Hon. Arthur R. P. BP.,
1		G.C.M.G., G.C.VO, K.C.B., b. 1857, 1st Baron, m	b. 1913 Caryl E. B., b. 1877
1	7B0	Bagot, Gerald William Bagot, b. 1866, s. 1932	Caryl E. B., b. 1877
I	607 S.	+Balfour of Burleigh, George John Gordon Bruce, b. 1883, s. 1921, m.	Master of Burleigh, b. 1027
1	86g	Balinhard. See "Southesk." Scott. Earl	
	da4	Banbury, Frederick George Banbury, P.C., b. 1820, vat Baron, w.	thas. Wm. B., b. 1915
	ge4 698	Barnard Christopher William Vane C.W.G. M.C. h '88 e vov8 m	Hon. Harry J. N. V., b.
1	-9-	Bathhard. See "Southesk," Sout. Earl. 1989, 1893, 1891, 110. Banbury, Frederick George Banbury, P.G., b. 1880, 1st Baron, w. Barnby, Christopher William Vane, G. M.G., M.G., b. 1884, 1898, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1884, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 18990, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 1899, 18	
1	923 887	Rawley John Limbray Robert Saleton Rooth h	(None) {z9s3 (lenrge L. SB, b. z903
		Basing, John Limbrey Robert Sciater-Booth, b. 1890, st. 1919, st.	
	929	Bayford, Robert Arthur Sanders, P.C., b. 1857, 1st Baron, m	(None)
	447	Beauchamp, Barony claimed by Ulric Oliver Thynne.	77 Y 797 34 11 4
1	917	Beaverbrook, William Maxwell Aitken, P.C. b. 1879, 1st Baron, w.	Hon.J.W. Maxwell A , b. 'ro
X.	647 S.	+Belhaven & Stenton, Robert Edward Archibald Hamilton, C.I.K ,	Master of Belhaven, h
1		b. 1871, 8. 1920, 10	1903. (b. 1889
x	848 I.	†Bellew, George Leopold Bryan, b. 1857, s. 1911, m	Edwd. Hy. Bellew, M.B.E.,
I I	B56	Belper, Algernon Henry Strutt, b. 1883, *. 1914, m	Hon. Alexander S., b. 1912
	455	Berners, Gerald Hugh Tyrwhitt-Wilson, b. x883, s. x9x8	Hon. Clement T., b. 1857
1	784	Berwick, Thomas Henry Nocl-Hill, b. 1827, 8, 1807, 10,	Chas. M. W. NH., b. 1897
	922	Berwick, Thomas Henry Noel-Hill, b. 1877, s. 1897, sn	Hon. John R. B , b. 1908
		Biddulph, John Michael Gordon Biddulph, b. 1869, s. 1923, m	Hon. Michael B., b. 1808
	903	Windley George Dichard Long For B. C. h 9m. set Rusen an	(None)
	933	Bingley, George Richard Lane-Fox, P.C., b. 1870, 1st Baron, m.	
	923	Blanesourgh, Kobert Younger P.C., G.B.K., J. 1801 (IAL. O) Appeal)	(Life Peerage)
1 20	gr8	Bledistoe, Charles Bathurst, P.C., G.C.M.G., K.B.E. (Governor-	
1 -		A 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	77 D
-		General of New Zealand). b. 1867, 18t Baron, m	Hon. Benjamin I. B., b. '99"
	907	General of New Zealand), b. 1867, 1st Baron, m	Hon. Benjamin L. B., b. '99" Ian A. J. B., b. 1905
7	907 Bg2	Blanesburgh, Robert Younger P.C., G.B.R., b. 1861 (Ld. of Appeal) Bledisloe, Charles Bathurst, P.C., G.C.M.G., K.B.R. (Governor- General of New Zealand), b. 1867, 1st Baron, m. Blyth, Herhert William Blyth, b. 1868, s 1925, m. Blythewood, Barrington Sholto Douglas Campbell, b. 1877, 1	Rev. Hou. Leopold Camp.
7		8. 1920	Ian A. J. B., b. 1905 Rev. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Douglas, b. 1881
1	892	8. 1920	Ian A. J. B., b. 1905 Rev. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Douglas, b. 1881
1	892 797	8. 1939	Ian A. J. B., b. 1905 Rev. Hon. Leopold Camp- bell-Douglas, b. 1881 Hon. Nigel A. OP., b. 1900
II.	892 797 942	8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8.	Ian A. J. B., b. 1905 Rev. Hou. Leopold Camp- bell-Dauglas, b. 1881 Hon. Nigel A. OP., b. 1900 Hon. George B., b. 1880
II.	892 797 922 761	8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8. 1997. 8.	Ian A. J. B., b. 1905 Rev. Hon. Leopold Camp- bell-Douglas, b. 1881 Hon. Nigel A. OP., b. 1900
1	892 797 922 761 887	8. 1929	Ian A. J. B., b. 1905 Rev. Hou. Leopold Camp- bell-Dauglas, b. 1881 Hon. Nigel A. OP., b. 1900 Hon. George B., b. 1880
1	892 797 932 761 887	8. 1929	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908 Rev. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Dauglas, b. 1881 Hon. Nigel A. OP., b. 1900 Hon. George B., b. 1880 Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1862
1	892 797 922 761 887	8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  Rolton, William George Algar Orde-Powlett, b. 1869, s. 1998, m.  Bortoick, Robert Hudson Borwick, b. 1845, 18t Baron, m.  Boston, George Florance Irby, b. 1860, s. 1877, m.  Bowes. See "Strathmore and K.," Scott. Bart.  Boyle. See "Cork and Orrery," Irish Earl.  Brabourne, Michael Herbert Rudoif Knatchbull, M.C., b. 1895, 1	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908 Rev. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Dauglas, b. 1881 Hon. Nigel A. DP., b. 1900 Hon. George B., b. 1880 Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1862 Hon. Norton C. M. K.,
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	797 932 761 887 711	8. 1997. 8. 1999. 8. 1999. 8. 1999. Rolton, William George Algar Orde-Powlett, b. 1869, s. 1989, m. Rorwick, Robert Hudson Borwick, b. 1845, 18t Baron, m. Boston, George Florance Irby, b. 1860, s. 1897, m. Boston, George Florance Irby, b. 1860, s. 1897, m. Bouton, George Florance Irby, b. 1860, s. 1897, m. Boules, See "Cork and Orrery," Irish Earl Brabourne, Michael Herbert Rudolf Knatchbull, M.C., b. 1895,	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908  Rev. Hon. Leopold Camp- bell-Dauglas, b. 1881  Hon. Nigel A. DP., b. 1906  Hon. Geerige R., b. 1880  Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1862  Hon. Norton C. M. E., b. 1988
1	797 922 761 887 711	8. 1997. 8. 1999. 8. 1999. 8. 1999. Rolton, William George Algar Orde-Powlett, b. 1869, s. 1989, m. Rorwick, Robert Hudson Borwick, b. 1845, 18t Baron, m. Boston, George Florance Irby, b. 1860, s. 1897, m. Boston, George Florance Irby, b. 1860, s. 1897, m. Bouton, George Florance Irby, b. 1860, s. 1897, m. Boules, See "Cork and Orrery," Irish Earl Brabourne, Michael Herbert Rudolf Knatchbull, M.C., b. 1895,	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908 Rev. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Dauglas, b. 1881 Hon. Nigel A. DP., b. 1900 Hon. George B., b. 1880 Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1862 Hon. Norton C. M. K.,
1	797 922 761 887 711 880	8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 199	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908 Bey. Hon. Leopold Campibell-Dauglas, b. 1881 Hon. Nigel A. DP., b. 1906 Hon. George B., b. 1880 Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1862 Hon. Norton C. M. K., b. 1933 Hon. John B., b. 1914
1	892 797 922 761 887 711 880 925 866 788	8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 193	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908 Bey. Hon. Leopold Campibell-Dauglas, b. 1881 Hon. Nigel A. DP., b. 1906 Hon. George B., b. 1880 Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1862 Hon. Norton C. M. K., b. 1933 Hon. John B., b. 1914
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1	797 982 761 887 711 880 925 866 788 589 794 I.	8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 193	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908  Rev. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Dauglas, b. 1881  Hon. Nigel A. OP., b. 1906  Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1862  Hon. Norton C. M. K., b. 1988  Hon. John B., b. 1914  Hon. Richd. H. C. N., b. 188  Hon. Thos. A. VC., b. 1903.
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THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PERTY	797 922 761 887 711 880 925 866 788 853 94 I. 923 860 776 529	8. 1993.  8. 2093.  8. 2093.  8. 2093.  8. 2093.  8. 2093.  8. 2093.  8. 2093.  8. 2093.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2094.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2097.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2096.  8. 2006.  8. 2006.  8. 2006.  8. 2006.  8. 200	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908  Rev. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Dauglas, b. 1881  Hon. Nigel A. DP., b. 1906  Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1850  Hon. Norton C. M. K., b. 1938  Hon. John B., b. 1914  Hon. Richd. H. C. N., b. 186  Hon. Thos A. V. C., b. 1903  Hon. Arthur N. C., M. P., b. 1938  Robert H. H. C., b. 1861  Robert H. H. C., b. 1862  Robert H. H. C., b. 1862
THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PERTY	797 988 761 887 711 880 985 866 788 888 794 I.	8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 193	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908  Rey. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Dauglas, b. 1881  Hon. Nigel A. OP., b. 1908  Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1880  Hon. Norton C. M. K., b. 1938  Hon. John B., b. 1914  Hon. Richd. H. C. N., b. 18  Hon. Thos. A. V. C., b. 1903  Hon. Arthur N. C., M. P., Hon. Julian H. P. B., b. 1932  Hon. John D. L., b. 1909  L. 40d. Hon Edward F. L.
THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDR	892 797 932 768 7711 880 935 986 988 529 994 I. 529 993	8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 193	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908  Rev. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Dauglas, b. 1881  Hon. Nigel A. DP., b. 1906  Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1850  Hon. Norton C. M. K., b. 1938  Hon. John B., b. 1914  Hon. Richd. H. C. N., b. 186  Hon. Thos A. V. C., b. 1903  Hon. Arthur N. C., M. P., b. 1938  Robert H. H. C., b. 1861  Robert H. H. C., b. 1862  Robert H. H. C., b. 1862
THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDRESS OF THE PERTY ADDR	797 922 761 887 711 880 925 866 788 853 94 I. 923 860 776 529	8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1932.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1933.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 193	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908 Rev. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Dauglas, b. 1881 Hon. Nigel A. OP., b. 1906 Hon. George B., b. 1880 Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1862 Hon. Norton C. M. K., b. 1983 Hon. John B., b. 1914 Hon. Richd. H. C. N., b. 1884 Hon. Richd. H. C. N., b. 1904 Hon. Arthur NC., b. 1904 Hon. Julian H. P. B., b. 1938 Robert H. H. C., b. 1862 Robert H. H. C., b. 1863 L. Col. Hon Edward F. L. L., D. S. O., M. C., T. D., b. 1830
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	797 797 761 761 761 771 771 788 788 798 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794	8. 1992.  8. 2992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 199	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908 BEY. HOI. Leopold Camp- bell-Dauglas, b. 1881 HOI. Nigel A. OP., b. 1906 HOI. George B., b. 1880 HOII. Norton C. M. K., b. 1938 HOII. John B., b. 1914 HOII. Richd, H. C. N., b. 188 HOII. Thos. A. V. C., b. 1903 HOII. Julian H. P. B., b. 1938 Robert H. H. C., b 1863 HOII. John D. L., b 1900 Lt. Col. Hon Edward F. L. L., D. S.O., M.C., T. D., b. 1890 (Capt. Augustus W. M. E.,
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	797 797 761 887 7711 880 925 866 868 529 794 I. 529 923 860 776 529 903	8. 1997.  8. 1997.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1993.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 1999.  8. 199	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908  Rev. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Dauglas, b. 1881  Hon. Nigel A. DP., b. 1906  Hon. Geerige B., b. 1880  Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1862  Hon. Norton C. M. K., b. 1938  Hon. John B., b. 1914  Hon. Richd. H. C. N., b. 188  Hon. Thos. A. V. C., b. 1903  Hon. Jullan H. P. B., b. 1934  Hon. Arthur N. C., M. P., b. 1938  Robert H. H. C., b. 1861  Hon. John D. L., b. 1862  Hon. John D. L., b. 1862  L. U.S.O., M.C., T.D., b. 1890  (Capt. Augustus Wm. B., b. 1896.
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THE RESERVE THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE RESERVE 892 797 932 761 771 771 935 935 935 933 933 933 933 933 933 933	8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  8. 1992.  Rolton, William George Algar Orde-Powlett, b. 1869, s. 1988, m.  Rorrick, Robert Hudson Borwick, b. 1845, s. 1816, s. 1988, m.  Boston, George Florance Irby, b. 1860, s. 1897, m.  Boston, George Florance Irby, b. 1860, s. 1897, m.  Boston, George Florance Irby, b. 1860, s. 1897, m.  Boyle, See "Gork and Orrery," Irish Rarl  Brabourne, Michael Herbert Rudolf Knatchbull, M.C., b. 1895, s. 1933, m.  Bradbury, John Swanwick Bradbury, G.C.B., b. 1872, 181 Baron, m.  Brancepeth. See "Boyne," Irish Viset.  Brayleroke, Henry Neville, b. 1853, s. 1904, m.  Brayleroke, Henry Neville, b. 1853, s. 1904, m.  Brayleroke, Gering Verney-Cave, b. 1874, s. 1928, m.  Brayle, Adrian Verney Verney-Cave, b. 1874, s. 1928, m.  Brougham & Vaux, Victor Henry Peter Brougham, b. 1999,  B. 1997, m.  Brougham & Vaux, Victor Henry Peter Brougham, b. 1999,  B. 1997, m.  Brounlow, Pergrine Francis Adelbert Cust, b. 1899, s. 1997, m.  Brurham, William Arnold Webster Levy-Lawson, b. 200, b.  864, s. 1933.  Butler. See "Carrick," Irish Karl  Byron, Rev. Frederick Ernest Charles Byron, b. 1861, s. 1917, m.  Cantose, Ralph Francis Julian Stonor, b. 1884, s. 1897, m.  Camrose, William Ewert Berry, b. 1899, s. 1884, s. 1897, m.  Carricey, John Evans-Free, b. 1892, s. 1884, s. 1905, m.  Carrew, S. 1997.  Carrick, Frederick Archibald Nicolson, M.C., b. 1883, s. 1948.  (Carrington, Rupert Victor John Carington, b. 1891, s.	IAN A. J. B., b. 1908  Rev. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Dauglas, b. 1881  Hon. Nigel A. DP., b. 1906  Hon. George B., b. 1880  Hon. Cecil S. I., b. 1862  Hon. John B., b. 1914  Hon. Richd. H. C. N., b. 188  Hon. Richd. H. C. N., b. 1903  Hon. Arthur N. C., M. P., 1904  Hon. Arthur N. C., M. P., 1905  Hon. John B. L., b. 1861  Hon. John D. L., b. 1909  L. 4-Ud. Hon. Edward F. L. L., D. S. O., M. C., T. D., b. 1890  (Capt. Augustus Wm. B., b. 1890  Hon. Ralph S., b. 193  Hon. Ralph S., b. 193  Hon. Ralph S., b. 193  Hon. Ralph S., b. 193  Hon. Ralph S., b. 193  Hon. Gavin G. C., b. 1864  Capt. Hon. Erskine A. N., D. S. O., R. N., b. 1884	
THE RESERVE THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE RESERVE 892 797 922 952 953 953 953 953 953 953 953 953 953 953	8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1939.  8. 1940.  8. 1959.  8. 1959.  8. 1959.  8. 1959.  8. 1959.  8. 1959.  8. 1959.  8. 1959.  8. 1959.  8. 1959.  8. 1959.  8. 1959.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1953.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 1955.  8. 195	Ian A. J. B., b. 1908  Rey. Hon. Leopold Campbell-Dauglas, b. 1881  Hon. Nigel A. OP., b. 1909  Hon. Geeris B., b. 1880  Hon. Norton C. M. K., b. 1932  Hon. John B., b. 1914  Hon. Richd. H. C. N., b. 186  Hon. Thora A. V. C., b. 1902  Hon. Arthur N. C., M.P., Hon. Julian H. P. B., b. 1932  Robert H. H. C., b. 1863  Hon. John D. L., b. 1909  (Capt. Augustus Wm. B., b. 1856.  Hon. Krederick G. C., b. 1897  Hon. Krederick G. C., b. 1897  Hon. Ralph S., b. 1909  Hon. Ralfe E. F., b. 1899  Hon. Ralfe E. F., b. 1899  Hon. Gavin G. C., b. 1906  (Capt. Hon. Erskine A. N.,	

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Created.
                                       Title, Name, &c.
         1921
1812 I
1460 B
1918
1919
1911
         1858
1887
1858
1800 I.
         zBell
1800 I
1831
1672
1299
         b. 1863, s. 1904, m.
Clive. See "Powis," U.K. Earl .....
                                           17621
         IQIe
1313
1919
          1857, 1st Baron, m. Colebrooke, Edward Arthur Colebrooke, P.C., G.C.V.O., b. 1861,
1906
            sat Baron, m. .....
         181 Baron, m.

Coleridge, Geoffrey Duke Coleridge, b. 1877, s. 1927, m.

Colville, Geoffrey Duke Coleridge, b. 1877, s. 1927, m.

Colville, U.K. Visct.

Column, Frederick Henry Smith, P.C., b. 1825, 181 Baron, m.

Congleton, William Jared Parnell, b. 1925, s. 1928, M.

Conway, See "Hertford," Brit. Marq.

Conway of Allington, William Martin Conway, b. 1826, 1st
1874
1604 5
1917
1031
             Baron, m .....
                                               Conyers, Sackville George Pelham, M.C., b. 1888, s. 1926, m. ......
Cornwallis, Flennes Stanley Wykeham Cornwallis, C.B.E., T.D.,
 1500
 1927
          1874
 1914
          Crawshaw, Gerald Beach Brooks, b. 1884, s. 1989, m. .....
 1802
 1797 L+Crofton, Arthur Edward Lowther Crofton, b. 1866, s. 1912, w. ...
          Cronwell, Robert Godfrey Wolseley Bewicke-Copley, M.C., b. 1893,
 1490
          Cullen of Ashbourne, Charles Borlase Marsham Cokayne,
 1980
          b. 1913, 5. 1932

b. 1914, 5. 1932

Cushifs, Bolf Cushife, b. 1899, s. 1920, m.

Cushendus, Ronald John McNelll, P.C., b. 1861, 1st Baron, m.

Dalziel of Kirkcaldy, James Henry Dalziel, P.C., b. 1868, 1st Baron, m.
 1914
 1987
1981
          Danesfort, John George Butcher, K.C., b. 1863, 1st Baron, w. ...

Darry de Knayth, Mervyn Horatio Herlert (Viscount Clive—see)

Powis, Earl of), b. 1964, s. 1989...

Darresbury, Gilbert Greenall, c. V.o., b. 1867, 1st Baron, m. ...
 1984
 1332
 1987
          1984
1983
 1938
1897
 2812 I. † Decies, John Graham Hope de la Poer Beresford, P.C., D.S.O., b.
             1866, s. 1910, w.
          1899
1851
1881
          1835
1838
 1834
1885
          Denman, Thomas Denman, P.C., G.C. M.G., K.C. V.O., b. '74, s. '94, m. Deramore, Robert Wilfrid de Yarburgh-Bateson, b. '65, s. '93, m.
          Deramore, Robert Wilfrid de l'ardurgh-baceson, v. up, e. vp, ...
De Ramsey, Allyn Edward Fellowes, b. 1910, e. 1925, ...
Derwent, George Harcourt V.-Bempde-Johnstone, b. 99, s. 1929, m.
Desnrt. See "Desart," Irish Eart
De Saumarez, James St. Vincent Saumarez, b. 1843, s. 1891, w.
Desborough, Wm. Henry Grenfell, K.G., G.C.V.O., b. 155, 12t Bu., 78.
 1887
 1881
 1909
1905
          De Villiers, Charles Percy De Villiers, b. 1871, s. 1914, m. .......
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Eldest Son or Heir.
(Life Peerage)
Hon. Robert H., b. 1864
(None)

Hon. Robt. Hugh C., b. '77 (None) Hon. John R. B., b. 1901

Hon. John Chas. C. C., b. 1916 Hon. Herbert E., b. 1895 Hon. John Y.-B., b. 1915 Hon. John Michael B., b.

(None)

Hon. Chas. O. Hugh C.,b.'87
Two co-heiresses

Hon.John Trevor R., b. 1900 (None) Maj. Hon. Thos. G. F. C., D.S.O., b. 1883

(None) Hon. Richard D. C., b. 1905

Frederick J. V. S., b. 1914 Hon. Christopher P., b. 1930

(None)
Two co-heiresses
Capt. Hon. Wykeham S.
C., M.C., b. 182
Hon. John W. H. F., b. oo
Hon. Herbert A. C. -H., b. 'e7
Hon. Alex. S., b. 1883
Hon. Robert G., b. 1883
Hon. William M. C. B.,
b. 1833
Hon. Edwd. Chas. C., b. 1895
Hon. David Godfrey B. C.,

b. 1929 Hon. Edmund W. M. C., h. 1916. Hon. Roger C., b. 1932 (None)

(None) (None)

Duchessa Della Grazia, b.

Hon. Edward G., b. 1902 Robert C. H. D., b. 1919 Hon. Jocelyn A. P., b. 1908 Hon. David D., b. 1915

(None)
Hon. Arthur M. H.-B.,
b. 1915
Hon. John R., b. 1928
Hon. Francis A.J. F., b. '27
Brig.-Gen. Hugh C., b. 1838
Hon. William S., b. 1839
Hon. Hubert Wn. P., b. 1878
Hon. Thomas D., b. 1995
Hon. George de F.-B., b. '70
John D. C. F., b. 1938
Hon. Patrick V.-B.-J., b. 'ez.

Hon. James B. S., b. 1889 (None) Hon. Arthur P. De V., b. 1911

Created 1930	Dickinson, Willoughby Hyett Dickinson, P.C., K.B.E., b. 1859,	Eldest Son or Heir. Hon. Richard S. W. D.,
z680°I.	rst Baron, m	D.S.O., b. 1897 Hon. Edward H. K. D., b.
1765" ) 1800	Digby, Edward Kenelm Digby, D.S.O., M.C. (Brit. Baron, Digby), b. 1894, z. 1926, m	1984 (None)
1615 1875	Dormer, Charles Walter James Dormer, b. 1903, s. 1923, m. Dornger, Charles Walter James Dormer, b. 1903, s. 1923	Hon. Joseph D., b. 1914
1917	Doverdale, Oswald Partington, b. 1872, s. 1925, m.	Hon. Edward A. P., b. 1904 Hon. Ferdinando D. H.
1439	established 1916, m	L.S., b. 1910
1800 I.		(Rbrt. Moutague Hamilton- (Temple-Blackwood, b. 1881
1989	Durerton, Gilbert Alan Hamilton Wills, O.B.E., T.D., O. 1880,	
1800 I.	Dunalley, Henry Cornelius O'Callaghan Prittie, D.S.O., b. 1877,	Hon. Frederick W., b 1915 Hon. Henry D. G. P.,b. 1918
zgaz I.	Dunboyne, FitzWalter George Probyn Butler, b. 1874, s. 1913, m.	
1892	Dunleath, Charles Henry George Mulholland, C.B.E., D.S.O.,	Hon. Patrick E., b. 1917 Hon. Charles E. H. J. M., b. 1933
1831	Dunmore. See "Dunmore." Scott. Earl	0. 1933
1869 1462 I.	Dunning. See "Rollo," Scott. Baron, below	Hon. Randal P., b. 1906
1933	Duveen, Joseph Duveen, b. 1869, 1st Baron, m.	(None)
1780	Dynevor, Walter FitzUryan Rhys, b. 1873, s. 1911, m	Hon. Charles R., M.C., M.P., b. 1899
1928 1857	Ebbisham, George Rowland Blades, G.B.E., b. 1868, 1st Baron, m. Ebury, Robert Grosvenor, b. 1914, s. 1932, m., M	Hon. Rowland B., b. 1912 Hon. Hugh R. G., b. 1919
1859	Egerton of Tatton, Maurice Egerton, b. 1874, s. 1920  Elgin. See "Elgin and K.," Scott. Earl  Elibank, See "Elibank," U.K. Viscount	(None)
16419	Elipank. See " Elipank." U.K. Viscount	
-200	Kilanhorough Henry Astall Law W.C. D. Tera 2 Total m	Richard E. C. L., b. 1926
15105. 1885*	Elphinstone, Sidney Herbert Elphinstone (U.K. Baron, Elphinstone, stone), K.T., b. 1869, 8. 1893, m	Master of Elphinstone, b.
1919	Ernle, Rowland Edmund Prothero, P.C., M.V.O., b. 1852, 1st Bn., w. Erskine, Montagu Erskine, b. 1865, 8, 1912, 20	(None) [1809] Capt. Hon. Donald E, b.
1932	Essendon, Frederick Wm. Lewis, b. 1870, 1st. Baron, m	Hon. Brian L., b. 1903
1637 S.	Erskine, Montagu Erskine, b. 1856, s. 1913, m. Essendon, Frederick Wm. Lewis, b. 1870, 181. Baron, m. Essendon, Frederick Wm. Lewis, b. 1870, 181. Baron, m. Fütrick. See "Napier," Scott. Baron, below †Füirfaz, Albert Kirby Fairfax, b. 1870, s. 1900, m. Fütrhauen, Urban Huttleston Rogers Broughton, b. 1896.	Master of Fairfax, b. 1920
1989	Fairhaven, Urban Huttleston Rogers Broughton, b. 1896.	(None)
1897	Fairlie. See "Glasgow," Scott. Earl	Alor Carin II h sees
1916 1756 L	Faringdon, Alexander Henderson, C.H., b. 1850, 1st Baron, w Farnham, Arthur Kenlis Maxwell, D.S.O., b. 1879, z. 1900, m	Alex. Gavin, H., b. 1902 Hon. Somerset, M., b. 1905
1893 1876	Farrer, Thomas Cecil Farrer, b. 1859, 8. 1899, m. Fermanagh. See "Erne," Irish Earl	Hon.Cecil, F., o. B. E., b. 1893
1856 I.	Fermon, Edmund Maurice Roche, M.P., b. 1885, s. 1920, m	Hon. Fras. G. R., b. 1885
1798 I. 1831	Fingall. See "Fingall," Irish Earl	Hon. John F., b. 1872
1909	Fisher, Cecil Vavasseur Fisher, b. 1868, s. 1920, m. Fisherwick. See "Donegall," Irish Marq.	Hon. John VF., b. 1921
1906	Fitzmaurice, Edmond Geo. Petty-Fitzmaurice, P.C., b. '46, 1st Baron	(None)
1776	FitzWalter, (in abeyance since 1932)	LtCol. Cyril P. F., b. 1868
1445 8.	Forbes, Atholi Laurence Cunyngham Forbes, b. 1888, s. 1916, m.	LtCol. Cyril P. F., b. 1868 Master of Forbes, b. 1918 (Hon. Charles C. WF., b.
18e1	Forester, Cacil George Wilfred Weld-Forester, b. 1899, s. 1932, m.	1 1869
1928 1622 S.	Forres, Stephen Kenneth Guthrie Williamson, b. 1888, s. 1931, m.  *Forrester. See "Verulam," Engl. Earl	Hon. John A. H. W., [b. 1922]
1980	Forster, Henry William Forster, P.C., G.C. M.G., b. 1866, 1st Baron, m.	(None)
1917	Forteniot, John Dewar, O.B.E., M.C., T.D., b. 1885, s. 1929, m. Foxford. See "Limerick," Irish Earl Gage. See "Gage," Irish Viset.	Hon. Henry D., b. 2906
1790	Gainford, Joseph Albert Pease, P.C., b. 1860, 1st Baron, m	Hon, Joseph P. b. *Rf.
1800 I.	Gardner (claimed by Alan Legge Gardner and Alan Hyde Gardner)	,
-8-8 T	Garnagh, Leopold E Stratford Geo Conning h . 228 8 vovs m	Hon. Leopold C., b. 1020
1876 1884	Gerard, Frederic John Gerard, M.C., b. 1883, s. 1902, m	Hon. Leopold C., b. 1920 Hon. Robt Wm. G b. 1918 Charles G., b. 1899
1917	Guorouga, Alchard Godolphin Wannesley Chaloner, J. 1859,	
1932	22 Baron, m.  Gladstone of Hawarden, Henry Neville Gladstone, b. 2852,	Hon. Thos. W.P.L.C., b. 1889
	TAL BATON. 72	(2.020)
1918	Glanely, William James Tatem, b. 1868, 1st Baron, w	(None) .Hon. William B., b. 1867
'	1004	<del>~</del>

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Creat	ed. Title, Name, &c.	Eldent Son or Heir.
1918	Glenarthur, (James) Cecil Arthur, b. 1883, s. 1938, m	Hon, Matthew A., b. 1999
1981	Gienary, Charles Henry Gordon Campbell, 0. 1805, 8. 1931, m	Hom Colin C 1 M h sact
1911	Glenconner, Christopher Grey Tennant, b. 1899, s. 1920, m	Hon. Patrick G. C., b. 1913 Hon. Colin C. 1. T. b. 1916 Hon. Robert N., b. 1916
1988	Claudence Thomas Costs b. 1878, *. 1930, **	(None)
1916	Glentanar, Thomas Coats, b. 1894, s. 1918, m	Hon.TimothyJ.R.B.,b.1927
1909 1868	Company of Ves "Communitor" Israel Vivet	Hon, Intomy e. Lt. D., o. 1927
1806	Gorell, Rouald Gorell Barnes, C.B.E., M.C., b. 1884, s. 1917, m Gormanston. See "Gormanston," Irish Visct. Granard. See "Granard," Irish Earl	
1783	Grantley, John Richard Brinsley Norton, b. 1855, s. 1877, a	Hon. Richard N., b. 1892
1794		Henry A. C. G. b. 1822
1987	Greenway, Charles Greenway, b. 1857, 1st Baron, m	Henry A. C. G., b. 1877 Capt. Hon. C. K. G., b. 1888
1929	Greenwood, Hamar Greenwood, P.C., b. 1830, 18t Baron, 20,	Hon. David G., b. 1914
1902	Grenfell, Pascoe Christian Victor Francis Grenfell, b. 'og, s. '25,m.	Hon. Arthur B. J. G., b. squa
1869	Grewile Charles Rerestord Filike Greville. O. B. K., b. 1871. 3. 1000. 74	Hon. Ronald G., b. 1928
	Grey de Ruthim, Cecil Talbot Clifton, b. 1862, s. 1912	(Co-heirs)
1324 1886	Grinthorpe, Ralph Wm. Ernest Beckett, T.D., b. 1891, s. 1917, m. Grinstead. See "Enniskillen." Irish Earl	Hon. Christopher B., b. 1915
1815	Grinstead. See "Emiskillen." Irish Earl	• 1
1880	Haldon, Lawrence Edward Broomfield Palk, b. 1896, s. 1933	
1 <b>88</b> 6	Hamilton of Dalzell, Gavin George Hamilton, K.T., C.V.O., M.C.,	Tohn 77 1
	b. 1872, 8 1900, W.	John H., b. 1911
1874	Hampton, Herbert Stuart Pakington, D.S.O., b. 1883, s. 1906	Hon. Humphrey P., b. 1888
1926	Rolls), b. 1861, 1st Baron, m.	David Bertram, P. b. 1916
	(Hardinge of Penshurst, Charles Hardinge, K.G., P.C., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., )	Maj. Hon. Alexander H. L.
1910	G.C.M.G., G.C.I.R., G.C.V.O., I.S.O., b. 1858, 1st Baron, w	H., C.V.O., M.C., b. 1894
286g	Hare. See "Listowel," Irush Earl	
x876	Harlech, Geo. Ralph Charles Ormsby-Gore, C.B., T.D., b. 1855, s.	Rt. Hon. Wm. G. A. OG.,
	1904, ?/ł	P.O., M.P.,b. 1885
1815	Harris, George St. Vincent Harris, M.C., b. 1880, s. 1018, in	Hon. Geo. R. H., b. 1920
<b>1866</b>	Hartismere. See "Hemilker," Irish Baron, below	
1295	Hastings, Albert Edward Delaval Astley, b. 1882, s. 1904, m	Hon. Edward A., b. 1918
1835	Hatherton, Edward C. R. Littleton, b. 1868, s. 1930, m.	Hone Edward L., b. 1900
1776	Hawke, Martin Bladen Hawke, b. 1860, s. 1887, in	Adm. Hon. Stanhope H.,
1711	Hayter, George Hayter Chubb, b. 1848, 18t Baron, m	Hon (harlan A C h 1863
1927		Hon. Charles A. C., b. 1871 Hon. Rowland W., b. 1901
1797 l 1906	Hemphill, Martyn Charles Andrew Hemphill, b. 1901, 8. 1930, m.	Hon. Peter P. M. H., b. 1928
1896	Heneage, George Edward Heneage, O.B.E., b. 1866, s. 1922	Hon. Hy. G. H., D. S. O., b. 1868
1700 l	.*Henley, Francis Robert Eden (U.K. Baron, Northington), b.	Hon. Michael Francis E.,
	1877. H. 1085. 7h	b. 1914
1800 l	. *Henniker, Chas. Henry Chandos Henniker-Major (U.K. Baron,	
	Hartimere), b. 1872, *. 1902 Herschell, Rogavald Richard Farrer Herschell, b. 1923, *. 1929, M.	Hon. Gerald HM., b. 1872
z886	Herschell, Roghvald Richard Farter Herschell, b. 1923, R. 1929, M.	(None)
1988	Hewart, Gordon Hewart, P.C. (Lord Chief Justice of England),	Uon Unit V II took
-0-0	b. 1870, 1st Baron, m	Hon. Hugh V. H., b. 1896 Hon. William Hd-C., b. '06
1828 1886	Hillingdon. Arthur Robert Mills, b. 1891, s. 1919, m.	Hon. Charles H. M., b.zgas
1886	Hindlip, Charles Samuel Victor Allsopp, b. 1906, s. 1931, m	Hon. Heury R. A., b. 1912
1908	Holden, Ernest Illingworth Holden, b. 1867, 8, 1018, 1n.	Hon. Augus H., b. 1898
1912	Holden, Ernest Illingworth Holden, b. 1867, s. 1918, m	Hon. Claude H. HM., b.'87
1897	Holm Patrick, Hans Wellesley Hamilton, D.S.O., M.C., b. x886,	Hon. James Hans H., b.
	# *808 211	1938
1782 ]	.*Hood. See " Hood," Brit. Visct.	
1933	Horder, Thomas Jeeves Horder, K.C.V.O., M.D., b. 1871, 1st	15 as 10 as 24 as 2
	Baron, m	Hou. Thomas M. H., b. 1911
1797 1 1881	Hothfield, John Sackville Richard Tufton, D. 1899, S. 1923	Hon. Peter H., b. 1904 Hon. Hy. H. S. T., b. 1897
	Howard de Walden, Thomas Evelyn Scott-Ellis, b. 1880, s. 1899, m.	Hon. John SE., b. 1912
1597 1860	Howard of Glossop, Bernard Edward Fitzalan-Howard, M.B.R.	voin om., v. zyzz
	b. 1885, 8, 1924, 111,	Hon. Miles FH., b. 1915
1930	b. 1885, s. 1924, m. Howard of Penrith, Esme Win. Howard, P.C., G.C.B., G.C.M.G.,	Hon. Francis P. R. II, b.
-23-	C.V.O, 0. 1803, 18t Baron, W	
1983	Hunsdon, Herbert Cokayne Gibbs, b. 1854, 1st Baron, m	Hon. Walter D. G., b. 1888
	i. Huntingfield, Wm. C. Arcedeckne Vanneck, b. 1883, s. 1915, m.	Hou. G. C. Arcedeckne F.,
		( b. 1915
1932	Hutchison of Montrose, Robert Hutchison, R.C.M.G., C.R., D.S.O.,	(None)
-000	b. 1874, 18t Buron, m.	(None)
1866	Hydron, Hylton George Hylton Jolliffe, b. 1862, s. 1899, m	Hon. William J., b. 1898
1931	Hymiley, John Scott Hindley, b. 1883, 1st Baron, m	(None) Hon. Edward L. 1., b. 1908
1933	Illeston, Balthazar Stephen Sargant Foster, b. 1867, 8. 1913, m.	(None)
1920	Illingworth. Albert Holden Illingworth, P.C., b. 1865, 1st Baron, m.	(None)
1542	I. Inchiquin, Donough Edward Foster O'Brien, b. 1897, s.	,
1	1989, 9%	Hon. Phadrig O'B., b. 1900

Create	d. Title, Name, dc.	Eldest Son or Heir.
1897	Inverciyde, John Alan Burns b. 1897, s. 1919, m. Inverforth, Andrew Weir, P.C., b. 1865, 1st Baron, m.	(None) Hon. Andrew W., b. 1897
1919	Inverforth, Andrew Weir, P.C., b. 1865, 1st Baron, m	Hon. Andrew W., b. 1897
1981	Invernaira, William Beardmore, b. 1836, 1st Baron, m	(None)
1985	Irion, Edward Frederick Lindley Wood, K.G., P.C., G.C.S.I.,	Hon Oberton V Tor 1
_	G.C.I E., b. 1881, 1st Baron, m.  Islington, John Poynder Dickson-Poynder, P.C., G.C.M.G., G.B.E.,	Hon. Charles I. W., b. 1912
1910	assington, John Foynder Dickson-Poynder, P.C., G.C.M.G., G.B.E.,	(None)
1	D.S.O., 0. 1800, 18t Daron, 18t	(None)
1984	Jessel, Herbert Merton Jessel, C.B., C.M.G., T.D., b. 1866, 18t Baron, m.	Hon. Edward H. J., b. 1904
1906	Joicey, James Joicey, b. 1846, 1st Baron, in	Hon. Arthur J., b. 1880
1831	Remarks See " Kanmara" Init Land	
1856	Kennare. See "Kenmare," Iruh Eart.  Kensington, Hugh Edwardes, C.M.G., D.S.O., T.D., (U.K. Baron,  Kensington), L. 1872, L. 1999, M.	
1776 L 1886*	Kensington, Luga Edwardes, U.R.G., D.S.U., T.D., (U.A. Baron,	Hon William P A
1980"		Hon. William E., b. 1904 Gordon L. T. K., b. 1873
1788	Kenyon, Lloyd Tyrell-Kenyon, b. 1917, 8. 1927, M. Ker. See "Lothian," Scott. Marg.	GOIGOI I. I. A., U. 1973
1881	Kilhmaken Hugh John Godlev on hallen a see a	Hon. John R. G., b. 1930
1909	Kilbracken, Hugh John Godley, C.B., b. 1877, s. 1932, m. Killanin, Michael Morris, b. 1914, s. 1927, M. Killanine, John Edward Deane Browne, b. 1878, s. 1907, m	Hon. John R. G., 0. 1930 (None)
-900	+Kilmaine, John Edward Deane Browns b	Hon, John F. A. B., b. 1908
1831 1831	Kilmarnock. See "Erroll," Scott. Earl	
IFGI	Attimetrioca. See Milon, Scott. Mart	(Hon. Michael J. R. de C.,
	8. 1921. M.	Lieut. R.N., b. 1907
168.0	(Kenneth FitzGerald Kinnaird (II K Rason Fin.	
1260	Kinnaird, Kenneth FitzGerald Kinnaird (U.K. Baron, Kinnaird), b. 1880, s. 1923, m.	Master of Kinnaird, b. 1912
1908	Kinross, Patrick Balfour. b. 1870. s. 2008. 77	Hon. John B., b. 1904
1838	Kintore. See "Kintore." Scott. Karl	
1930	Kinross, Patrick Balfour, b. 1870, s. 1905, m. Kintore. See "Kintore," Scott. Karl. Kirkley, William Joseph Noble, b. 1863, 1st Baron, w Kitkley, William Joseph Noble, b. 1863, 1st Baron, w Lamington, Charles Wallace Alex. Napier Cochrane-Baillie,	(None)
1082	Rylsant, Owen Cosby Philipps. G.C.M.G., b. 2862, vat Raron on	(None)
1983	Lamington, Charles Wallace Alex. Nanier Cochrane. Raillie	Hon. Victor CB., M.C.,
1	G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., T.D., b. 1860, s. 1800, 216.	b. 1896
1800 I.	G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., T.D., b. 1860, s. 1890, m	•
	b. 1885, s. 1931, m	Hercules D. E. R., b. 1859
1431	b. 1885, s. 1931, m	Hon. Thos. B. M C., b. 1901
1431 1869	Laurence, Alexander Graham Lawrence, b. 1878, c. 1917, m	Hon. John L., b. 1908
1859	Leconneld, Charles Henry Wyndham, b. 1872, s. 1001, m	Hon. Hugh A. W., b. 1877
1839	Leigh, Francis Dudley Leigh, b. 1855, s. 1905, m	Rupert W. D. L., b. 1908
1797	Lilford, John Powys, b. 1863, s. 1806, m	Hon. Stephen P., b. 1860
1758 I.	Liste, John Nicholas Horace Lysaght, b. 1903, s. 1919, m	Hon. Horace L., b. 1908
1925	Lloyd, George Ambrose Lloyd, P.C., G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., D.S.O.,	
	b. 1879, 18t Baron, m	Hon. Alex. $L$ ., $b$ . 1912
1895	Loch, Edward Douglas Loch, C.B., C.M.G., D.S O., M.V.O., b. 1873,	Hen G. 27 - 0 - 1
	8. 1900, m. Loftus. See "Ely," Irish Marg. Louth, Randal Pligrim Ralph Plunkett, b. 1868, s. 1883, m. Lovat, Simon Christopher Joseph Fraser (U.K. Baron, Lovat),	Hon. Geo. Hy. C. L., b. 1916
1001	Louth Randal Dilgrim Dalah Dissipate L. acc.	Hon Orman D 1 -
1541 I.	Lord Simon Christopher Joseph France (17 P. Daniel L.	Hon, Otway P., b. 1898
1404 R	Locat, Simon Chimopher soseph Fraser (U.A. Baron, Locat),	{Hon. Hugh C. P. J. F., 0.
1837	b. 1911, c. 1933 Lovel & Holland. See "Egmont," Irish Earl	1918
1762	Lugard, Frederick John Dealtry Lugard, P.C., G.C.M.G., C.B.,	
1	D.S.O., b. 2848, 25t Baron, w.	(None)
1989	Luke, George Lawson-Johnston, K.B.E. h -Res -at	,/
-,-,	Luke, George Lawson-Johnston, K.B.E., b. 1873, 1st Baron, m.	Hon. Ian L. J., b. 1905
1839	Lurgan, William Brownlow, K.C.V.O., b. 1848 8. 1884 20	Hon. William B., b. 1908
1914	Lyell, Charles Antony Lyell, b. 1013. 8. 1026	(None)
1859	Lurgan, William Brownlow, K.C.V.O., b. 1858, 8. 1882, 10.  Lyell, Charles Antony Lyell, b. 1913, 8. 1926  Lyveden, Robert FitzPatrick Courtenay Vernon, b. 1892, 8. 1926, m.	Cecil S. A. V., b. 1862
1776 I.	Macdonald, Ronald Archibald Macdonald, b. 1812. 8. 1874. 10	Alex. Godfrey M., b. 1000
1988	Macdonald, Ronald Archibald Macdonald, b. 1853, s. 1874, w Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 1st Baron. w Macmillan, Hugh Pattinson Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal),	Alex. Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., M.P., b.
1930	Macmillan, Hugh Pattinson Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal).	1899
1	0. 1873. 1/4	(Life Peerage)
1887	Manheramorne Dudley Stuart M Carel-Hour h . 265 c . con	Hon. Ronald McG. H., b. 65
1931	Mamhead of Exeter, Robert Hunt Stapylton Audley Newman.	
	0 TROT TRE BREON 10	(None)
1807	Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., h. 1807, S. 2027, 10.	Hon. John R. C. M., b. 1023
1988	Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1899, s. 1923, m	Hon. Joseph W., b. 1924 Hon. John W. T. W., b. 1922
1908	Marchaniey, William Tattersall Whiteley, b. 1886, s. 1925, in.	non. John W. T. W., b. 1922
1929	Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1858, 1st Barou, m	(None)
1930	Marley, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.S.C., b. 1884, 18t Baron, m	Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b.
1981	Marshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., K.C.V.O.,	(None) (h see
	b. 1865, 1st Baron, ŵ	(None) [b. 1021 Hon. Hugh Hamon J.S.M.,
1776 I.	Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1808, 8, 1020, 17.	Hon Dereb I U 16 7
1815	Meldrum. See " Huntly " Seatt Maso	Hon. Derek J. H. M., b. zgaz
2794	Meldrum. See "Huntly," Scott. Marq	
1794	Mereworth. See "Oranmore & Browne." Irish Rason	b. 188a
1905	Mereworth. See "Oranmore & Browne," Irish Baron	Hon. Edward D., o.B.E.,
1911	Merthyr, William Brereton Couchings Lewis. b. sees & sees	(None)
U " " " "	J.,	\-·/

b. 188s, 1st Baron, m.

Powerscourt. See "Powerscourt," Irish Viset.

1749 1930

1885

Master of Polwarth, b. 1800

Hon. Matthew P., b. 1904

Create 1918 1800 I	d. Title, Name, &c. Queenborough, Almeric Hugh Paget, G.B.E., b. 1861, 1st Baron, w. Radstock, Granville George Waldegrave, C.B.E., b. 1859, s. 1913	Eldest Son or Heir. (None) Hon. Montagu W., b 1867
1852 1875 18 <b>26</b>	Ragian, FitzBoy Richard Somerset, b. 1885, s. 1921, m	Hon. FitzRoy S., b. 1987
1938	Rankeillour, James Fitzalan Hope, P.C., b. 1870, 1st Baron, m.	Hon. Arthur O. J. H , M.C., M.P., b. 1897
1916 1868 I.	Rathereedan, Charles Patrick Norton, b. 1905, s. 1930	Hon. Michael A. N., b. 1907 Hon. William R. McC · B.
1821 1821 1628 S. 1902	Ravensworth, Robert Arthur Liddell, b. 1903, s. 1932	b 1914 Arthur W. L., b. 1924 Hon. John A S., b 1908 Baron Alexander M., b 1907 Hon. Thos. David FM., b. 1909
1928 1806 I. 1933	Remnant, Robert John Farquharson Remnant. b. 1895, s. 1933, m. Rendlesham, Frederick A. Charles Thellusson, b. 1865, s. 1913, m. Rennell. James Rennell Rodd, P.C., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., b. 1858, 1st Baron, m	Hon. James W. R, b 1930 Hon. Percy T, b. 1874 Hon. Francis J. R, b, 1895
1885 1932 1920 1905	Revelatoke, Cecil Baring, b. 1854, ** 1989, w	Hon. Rupert B., b. 1911 (None) (None) Hon. J. Kenneth R, b. 02
1913	Rochdale, George Kemp, b. 1866, 1st Baron, m.	Hon John D. K., b 1906
1931	Rochester, Ernest Henry Lamb, C.M.G., b. 1876, 1st Barou, m	Hon. Foster C. L. L., b 1916.
	Rodney, George B. Harley Guest Rodney, b. 1891, s. 1999, w* **Rollo, William Charles Wordsworth Rollo, c.B. (U.K. Baron.) **Dunning), b. 1850, s. 1926, v	Hon. George W. R., b. 1918 Major John Eric H R., b. 1889
1866 1796 L	Romilly, William Gaspard Guy Ronully, b. 1899, s. 1905, m	(None) Hon. William W W., b. 1931
1910 1885 1916	Rotherham, Stuart Lund Holland, b. 1876, s. 1927. m. Rothschild, b. 1888, s. 1913 Roundleay, Edward Murray Colston, CM.G., D.S.O., M.V.O.,	(None) Nathaniel M. V. R., b. 1910
1911	b. 1880, s. 1925, m.  Rowallan, Thomas Godfrey Polson Corbett, b 1895, s 1933, m.	(None) Hon Arthur C., b. 1919 (Rt. Hon, Walter R, PC,
1933	Runciman, Walter Runciman, b. 1847, 1st Baron, w.	b 1870
1929	Russell of Killowen, Frank Russell, P.C. (Lord of Appeal), b. 1867, m. Russell of Liverpool, Edward Frederick Langley Russell, N.C.,	
1931	b 1895, s. 1980, m	b. 1923 (None)
16518. 1919*		Ctss, of Carlisle, b 1896 Brig-Gen Hon. Sir Alex HR., Ver, K.C. M. G., C.B., D.S.O., b. 1872
1876	Sackville, Charles John Sackville-West, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G.,	Hon. Edward C. S.W.
1911 1559	MajGen., b. 1870. s. 1928. m. St. Audries, Alexander P. Fuller-Acland-Hood, b. 1893, s. 1917 St. John of Bletso, Moubray St. A. Thornton St John, b. 1877,	b. 1901 Hon. Arth. FAH., b. '06
1852 1887 1885 1796	8. 1920, 12. St. Levards, Frank Edward Sugden, b. 1890, s. 1908 St. Levarn, John Townshend St. Aubyn, C. R., C. V.O., b. 1857, s. 1908, 12. St. Oewald, Bowland George Winn, b. 1893, s. 1919, 12. Satternford. See "Courtown," Irish Earl	Hon. John St. J., b. 1917 Arthur H. S., b. 1863 Francis Cecil St. A., b. 1895 Hon. Rowland W., b. 1916
1445 S. 1930 1871 1802	Saltous, Alexander Arthur Fraser, M.C., b. 1886, s. 1933, m	Master of Saltoun, b. 1921 (None) Hon. John E. T. M., b. 1920 LtCol. A. F. S. Hill, b. 1876
1888	Savile, George Halifax Lumley-Savile, b. 1919, s. 1931, M	Hou. Henry L. T. LS., b
1603	Saye & Sele, Geoffrey C. Twisleton-Wykeham-Fiennes, b. 1858, s. 1907, m. Seaton, James Ulysses Graham Raymond Colborne-Vivian,	1 1923 Hon. Geoffrey TWF., b. 1884
1839	b. 1862, R. 1923, W	(None)
1932	rst Bn	Hon. Patrick M.T., b. 1913
1489S. 1916 1783I. 1784	†Sempill, John Forbes-Sempill, b. 1863, s. 1905, m	Master of Sempill, b 1893 Hon. William G. S., b. 1922 Hon. Charles D., b. 1911

Create		Eldest Son or Heir.
1880	Shute. See "Barrington," Irish Visct	
1903 1 <b>8</b> 61	Shuttleworth, Ughtred J. Kay-Shuttleworth, P.C., b. '44, 1st Bu., w. Silchester. See "Longford," Irish Earl	Richard U. P. KS., b. 1913
1449 ^Q	† <i>Sinclair</i> , Archibald James Murray St. Clair, M. V. O. , <i>b.</i> 1875, 8. 1928, <i>m</i> .	Master of Sinclair, b. 1914
1919	Sinha, Aroon Kumar Sinha, b. 1887, s. 1928, m	Hon. Sudhindro S., b. 1921
1828	Skelmersdale, Arthur Geo. Bootle-Wilbraham, M.C., b. 1876, s. 1930	Evelyn B. W., O B.E., b. 77
1931	Smell, Henry Snell, C.B.R., b 1865, 1st Baron	(None) Maj. Hon. Francis Savile
1916	rst Baron, m	C., M.C., b. 1889
1784	Somers. Arthur Herbert Tennyson Cocks, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C.,	o.,, o,
-,-4	b. 1887, s. 1899, m	Rev. Henry L. S. C., b. 1862
1873	b. 1857, s. 1899, m. Somerton. See "Normanton," Irish Earl Southampton, Charles Henry Pitzrey, O.B.E., b. 1867, s. 1872, m.	** ** ** ** ** **
1780	Southampton, Charles Henry Fitzroy, O.B.E., U 1807, 8. 1872, M.	Hon. Charles F., b. 1904
1917	Southborough, Francis John Stephens Hopwood, P.C., G.C.B.,	Hon. Spencer H., b. 1869
1640	G.C. M.G., G.C.V.O., K.C.S.I., b. 1860, 1st Baron, m Staford, Edward Stafford Joseph Fitzherbert, K.C.B., b. 1864,	Capt. Thomas C. F., b, 1860
	0 0000	
1886	Stalbridge, Hugh Grosvenor, b. 1880, s. 1912, m	Hon. Gilbert, G., b. 1881
1839	Stalbridge, Hugh Grosvenor, b. 1880, s. 1912, m	Hon Lyulph H. V. O., S., b. 1915
1893	Stanmore, George A. Maurice Hamilton-Gordon, P.C., K.C.V.O.,	v. 1915
95	b, 1871, 8. 1912	(None)
1796	b. 1871, s. 1912 Stewart of Garlies. See "Galloway," Scott. Earl	
1925	Stonehaven, John Lawrence Baird, P.O., G.C.M G., D.S.O., D. 1874,	Hon James In B 1
	set Baron, m	Hon. James Ian B., b. 1908 LtCom. Hon. Joseph K.,
1318	established 1916, 74	R.N., b. 1886
1911	Strache, Edward Strachey, P.C., b. 1858, 1st Baron, m	Hon. Edward S , b. 188s
1900	Strathcona & Mount Royal, Donald Stirling Palmer Howard,	
	b. z8gz, s. zgs6. m.	Hon. Donald H., b. 1923
1836 1884	Strathedeu & Campbell (1841), Alastair Campbell, b. 1899, 8. 1918, 11.	Hon. Gavin C., b. 1901 Hou Donald G., b. 1912
1988	Strathspey, Trevor Orllvie Grant, b. 1879, s. 1925, m Strickland, Gerald Strickland (Count Della Catena) G.C.M.G.,	202 20000000000000000000000000000000000
-,	b. 1861, 1st Baron, 1a	(None)
1796	b. 1861, 1st Baron, 16. Suart of Castle Stuart. See "Moray," Scott. Earl	
1838	Studeley, Richard Algernon Frederick Hanbury-Tracy, b. 1911,	Michael D C H T home
1884	M. 1932 Sudley See "Arran" Irish Karl	Michael D. C. H . T., b. 1909
1786	Sudley. See "Arran," Irish Barl Suffield, Victor A. C. Harbord, b. 1897, 8 1924, m	Hon John II., b 1907
1893	Swansea, Odo Richard Vivian, D.S.O., M.V.O., b. 1875, s. 1922, m. Swaythling, Stuart Albert Samuel Samuel Montagu, b. 1898,	Hon. John H. H. V., b. 1925
1907	Swaythling, Stuart Albert Samuel Samuel Montagu, b. 1898,	71 15
IQIQ	8. 1927, 111. Surinfen, Charles Swinfen Eady, b. 1904, 8. 1919	Hon. David C. SM., b.1928 (None)
1831 I.	Talbot of Malahide)	
1846*	Talbot de Malahide	Milo J. R. T., b. 1912
1797 I.	Tengamouth, Hugh Aglionby Shore, b. 1881, s. 1986, m	Hon. Lionel S., b. 1918
1831	Templemore, Arthur Claud Spencer Chichester, D.S.O., O.B.R., b.	Hon. Arthur P. S. C., b.
1884	1880, 8. 1924, 10	1914 Hon. Harold <i>T.</i> , <i>b.</i> 1919
1827	Tenterden, Charles Stuart Henry Abbott, b. 1865, 8. 1882, m	(None)
1918	Terrington, Harold J. Selborne Woodhouse, O. B. E., b. 1877, S. 1921, m.	thon Horace W., C.B.R., b.
-		1888 Hon. Chris. <i>PC.</i> , b. <b>1896</b>
1616 19 <b>2</b> 9	Teynham, Henry John P S. Roper-Curzon, b. 1867, 8. 1892, m Thankerton, William Watson, P.C. (Lord of Appeal), b. 1873, m.	(Life Peerage)
1792	Thurlow, Rev. Charles Edward Cumming-Bruce, b. '69, s. 1916, m.	Hon. Charles CB., b. 1910
1876	Tollemache, Bentley Lyonel J. Tollemache, b. 1883, s. 1904, m	Lt. Col. Hon. Denis T.,
-		D.S.O., b. 1884
1929	Tomlin, Thomas James Chesshyre Tomlin, P.C. (Lord of Appeal),	(Life Peerage)
1564S	b. 1867, m	Master of Torphichen, b.
1930	Trenchard, Hugh Montague Trenchard, G.C.B., D.S.O., Marshal	[1917
	of the R.A.F., b. 1873, 181 Baron, 10,	Hon. Hugh T., b. 1921
1929	Trent, John Campbell Boot, b. 1889, s. 1931, m.	(LtCol. Hon. Chas. Trevor
1981	Trevethin, Alfred Tristram Lawrence, P.C., b. 1843, 1st Baron, w.	L., D.S.O., b. 1870
1880	Trevor, Charles Edward Hill-Trevor, b. 1863, s. 1923, m	L., D.S.O., b. 1879 Hou. Chas. E. HT., b. 1928
1462 I.	Trimlestown, Charles Aloysius Barnewall, b. 1861, c. 1891, m. t Tweeddale. See "Tweeddale," Scott. Marq Tweedmouth, Dudley C. Marjoribanks, C.M.G., D.S.O., M.Y.O.,	Hon. Charles B., b. 1899
1881 1881	Tweedate. See "Tweeddale," Scott. Marq	
1991	b. 1874, 8. 1909, m	(None)
1786	Turone. See "Waterford." Irish Mara.	(21020)
1939	Tyrreu, William George Tyrrell, P.C., G.C.M.G., K.C.B., K.C.V.O.,	
	0. 1500, 1St Baron, m	(None)
1523	Vaux of Harrowden, Hubert Geo. Chas. Mostyn, b. 1860, s. 1883, m.	Three co-heiresses

Create		Eldest Son or Heir.
1800 I.	Ventry, Arthur William Eveleigh de-Moleyns, b. 1864, s. 1923, in.	Hon. Arthur E. de M., b ,98
1762	Vernon, Francis W. L. Venables-Vernon, b. 1889, s. 1915, m	Hon. John L. V. V., b. 2983
1982	Vestey, William Vestey, h. 1859, 1st Baron, m.	Hon. Samuel V., 5 1882
1841	Vivian, George Crespigny Brabazon Vivian, D.S.O., b. '78, s. '93, m.	Hon. Anthony V., b. 1906
1930	Wakefield, Charles Cheers Wakefield, C.B.E., b. '59. 1st Baron, m.	(None)
1905	Waleran, William George Hood Walrond, b. 1905, 8. 1925, 18	Hon. John H. W., b 1908
1723	Walpole, Robert Hy. Montgomerie Walpole, b. 1913, s. 1931	Reginald H. W., b. 1875
1780	Walsingham, George de Grey, D.R.O., b. 1884, s. 1929, m	Hon. John de G., b 1985
1922	Wargrave, Edward Alfred Goulding, P.C., b. 1863, 1st Baron	(None)
1922	Waring, Samuel James Waring, b. 1860, 1st Baron, m	(None)
1926	Warrington of Clyffe, T. Rolls Warrington, P.C., b. 1851, 1st Baron, m.	(None)
1792 I.	Waterpark, Henry Sheppard Hart Cavendish, b. 1876, s. 1932 m.	Fredk. C. P. C , b 1926
1918	Weir, William Donglas Weir, P.C., b. 1877, 1st Baron, m	Hon. Jas Kenneth W, b. 1905
1821	weingen. See wemyss and March, Scott. Eart	
1861	Westbury, Richard M. T. Bethell, b. 1914, s. 1930, M	Hon. David A. B, b. 1922
	*Westcote. See "Cohham," Brit. Visct.	
1548	Wharton, Charles Theodore Halswell Kemeys Tynte, b. 1876,	
•	claim established 1916, m.	1908
1918	Whitburgh, Thomas Banks Borthwick, b. 1874, 1st Baron	(None)
zŠeć	Wigan. See "Crawford," Scott. Earl	
1491	Willoughby de Broke, John Henry Peyto Verney, M.C., b. 1896,)	Two co-heiresses.
	#. 1983, M	
1 <b>8</b> 69	Wolverton, Nigel Reginald Victor Glyn, b. 1904, 8 1932	Francis M. G. G., b. 1901
1932	Woodbridge, Arthur Charles Churchman, b. 1867, 1st Baron, m.	(None)
1922	Woolavington, James Buchanan, G.C.V.O., b. 1849, 1st Baron, w.	(None)
1835	Worlingham. See "Gosford," Irish Earl	
1988	Wraxall, George Richard Lawley Gibbs, b. 1928, s. 1931, M	Hon. Eustace H.B.G., b.1929
1915	Wrenbury, Henry Burton Buckley, P.C., b. 1845, 1st Baron, m	Hon. Bryan B , b 1890
1932	Wright, Robert Alderson Wright (Lord of Appeal), P.C., b 1869, m.	(Life Peerage)
· 1838	Wrottesley, Victor Alexander Wrottesley, b. 1873, s. 1910	Hon. Walter B. W., b 1877
1919	Wyfold, Robert Trotter Hermon-Hodge, b. 1851, 18t Baron, w.	Lt. Col Hon. Roland H.H.,
-		D.S O., M.V.O., b. 1880
1829	Wimford, Philip George Best, D.S.O., b. 1871, s. 1904, m	Hon. Samuel J. B., b. 1874
1921	Ystwyth, Matthew Lewis Vaughan-Davies, b. 1840, 1st Baron, w.	(None)
·		

# Beeresses in Their Own Right.

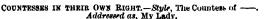
PERRESSES IN OWN RIGHT.—Peerages are occasionally granted immediately to ladies of distinction or the widows of distinguished men; but frequently the instances falling under this heading are the result of regular inheritance in lines which are open to females in default of males. Thus it results that some of the Peeresses now upon the list have male heirs who will succeed them in the ensuing generation and take their seats by strict right in the House of Lords; while, on the the ensuing generation and take their seats by thick right in the House of Lorus; while, on the other hand, several peerages now occupied by males will fall to the other sex, and thus for a time take leave of that House. A resolution to admit Peeresses in their Own Right to the House of Lords was defeated in that house in 1230. A Peeress in her own Right retains her title after marriage, and if her husband's rank is the superior she is designated by the two titles jointly, the inferior one last: her hereditary claim still holds good in spite of any marriage whether the two titles are the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of higher or lower. No rank held by a woman can confer any title or even precedence upon her husband; but the rank of a Peeress in her own right is inherited by her eldest son (or perhaps daughter), to whomsoever she may have been married.

## DUCHESS IN HER OWN RIGHT.



Created. Title, Name, &c. Eldest Son or Heir.







Title, Name, &c.

Connaught), b. 1891, 9. 1912, m. ......

Eldest Son or Heir.

Cave, Anne Estella Sarah Penfold Cave, 1st Countess ......... 1936 Cromartie, Sibell Lilian Blunt-Mackenzie, b. 1878, a. 1895, m. ... 1633 S. Loudoun, Edith Maud Abney-Hastings, b. 1883, s. 1920, m. ... 1688 S. Melfort, Lady Edith Drummond, b. 1854, Title of Countess not used 1901 "Roberts of Kandahar, Alleen Mary Roberts, D B.E., b. 1870, s. 1914 1701 S. Seafield, Nina Caroline Studiey-Herbert, b. 1906, s. 1915, m.

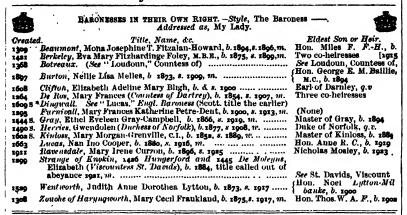
(None) Viscount Tarbat, b. 1904 Lord Mauchline, b. 1918 (Dormant)

Lady Edwina Lewin, b. 1875 Lord Strathspey, p. 210.



VISCOUNTESSES IN THEIR OWN RIGHT .- Style, The Viscountess -Addressed as, My Lady.

Eldest Son or Heir.



# Burnames of Peers and Peeresses differing from their Citles.

Abbott—Tenterden
Abney Hastings—Loudown

Bertie—Bertie of Thame Bryan—Bellew
Bertie—Lindsey
Best—Wynford

Buckley—Wre Cholmondeley - Dela-Buchan—Carthness Buckley—Wrenbury anere Chubb—Hayter Churchill - Marlborough Acheson-Gosford Bethell-Westbury Buchanan - Woolaving Bethune—Lindsay
Bewicke-Copley—Crom-Wood-Adderley—Norton Addington—Sidmouth Churchman bridge Clegg Hill—Hill Clements—Leitrum Burns-Inverclyde Butcher—Danesfort Butler—Carrick Butler—Dunboyne Agar-Normanton well Agar Robartes—Clifden Aitken—Beaverbrook Bigham-Mersey Clifton-Greude Ruthyn Bingham—Clanmorris
Bingham—Lucan Butler—Lanesborough Butler—Mountgarret Butler—Ormonde Coats-Glentunar Akers Douglas-Chilston Blades—Ebbishain Bligh—Clifton Bligh—Darnley Alexander—Caledon Alexander—Cobham Cochrane—Dundonald Cochrane Baillie—Lam-Allsopp—Hindlip Aman—Marley Byng—Strafford Byng—Torrington ington Blunt Mackenzie — Cro-Cocks-Somers Cambridge—Athlone
Campbell—Argyll
Campbell—Blythmrood Annesley—Valentia Anson—Lichfield Cokayne—Cullen Coke—Leicester martie Boot—Trent Bootle Wilbraham Skelmersdale Arthur—Glenarthur Ashley—Mount Temple Colborne Vivian - Seaton Campbell - Breadal Cole-Enniskillen Borthwick—Whitburgh Boscwaen—Falmouth Ashley Cooper-Shaftesbañe Collier-Monkawell Campbell—Canedor
Campbell—Glenavy
Campbell—Stratheden
Canning—Garvagh
Capell—Essex Colston—Roundway Colville—Colville of Culbury Asquith—Oxford & A. Bourke-Mayo Astley—Hastings Bailey—Glanusk Baillie—Burton Lyon - Strath Bowes T088 Compton-Northampton more Boyle—Cork
Boyle—Glasgow
Boyle—Shannon Cooper—Lucas Corbett—Rowallan Baillie Hamilton-Had-Carington—Carrington
Carleton—Dorchester Courtenay-Devon dington Brabazon-Meath Brand-Hampden Craig—Craigavon Crewe Milnes—Crewe Baird-Stoneharen Carnegie-Northesk Carnegie-Southesk Balfour-Kinross Bampfylde—Poltimore Baring—Ashburton Baring—Cromer Brett-Esher Cary—Falkland
Caulfeild—Charlemont Crichton—Erne Crichton Stuart— Bridgeman—Bradford Brodrick—Midleton Cavendish—Chesham Cavendish—Devonshire Cripps-Parmoor Baring—Northbrook Baring—Revelstoke Barnes—Gorell Crossley—Somerleyton Cubitt—Ashcombe Brooks-Crawshaw Brougham — Broughan Cavendish-Watervark Cuffe-Desart town Cavendish Bentinck Barnewall !- Trimles-Broughton-Fairharen Portland. Cumming Bruce-Thur-Bathurst-Bledisloe Cecil-Amherst of Hack Browne—Kenmare Lonn Curzon—Hone Curzon—Ravensdale Curzon—Scaredale Beardmore—Invernairn Browne-Kilmaine Beauclerk—St. Albans Beaumont—Allendale Browne-Mereworth Cecil-Exeter Chaloner—Gisborough Curzon—Scarsda Charteris—Wemyss and Cust—Brownlow Browne-Oranmore Browne—Sligo Beckett-Grimthorve Bennet—Tankerville Benson—Charnwood Brownlow-Lurgan March Dalrymple-Stair Talbot Bruce—Aberdare
Bruce—Balfour of Bur Chetwynd Dalzell—Carnwath
Dalziel—Dalziel of Kirk-Beresford—Decies
Beresford—Waterford
Bernard—Bandon Shrewsbury Chichester-Donegall leigh caldy Bruce—Elgin Chichester - Temple- Dawnay-Downe Brudenell Bruce-Berry-Camrose more Child Villiers—Jersey Dawson - Dawson Bertie-Abingdon bury Penn

# Surnames of Peers and Peeresses differing from their Titles. 213

Dawson—De Ros Dawson Damer -Kayo Shuttle Shuttleworth Fitzroy-Southampton Hamilton Gordon -Shuttleworth Flower-Ashbrook Stanmore Hamilton Russell Kearley Devonport
Boyne KeithFalconer Kintore
Hamilton Temple Black RemeysTynte Wharton
wood Dufferin Kemp Rochdule
Hanbury Tracy — Suddley Kennedy — Ailes tärlington Foley—Berkeley De Courcy—Kingsale
De Grey—Walsingham
De Montmorency— Foljambe-Liverpool Forbes Sempill — Sem pill **Mountmorres** De Yarburgh Bateson-Deramore Handcock—Castlemaine Kenworthy—Strabolgi Harbord—Suffield Keppel—Albemarle Forward; Howard Wicklow Foster—Ilkeston Hare—Listowel Kerr—Lothian Fowler—Wolverhampton Harmsworth — Rother-King—Lovelace Deane Morgan - Muskerry King Tenison—Kingston Denison-Londesborough Fox Strangways - Ilmere Harris-Malmesbury Devereux-Hereford chester Kitson-Airedale Dewar-Forteviot Frankland-Zouche Hastings-Huntingdon Knatchbull-Brabourne Hay—Erroll Hay—Kinnoull Fraser-Lovat
Fraser-Saltoun Knox-Ranfurly
Lamb-Rochester Dickson Poynder - Islington Freeman Mitford -Hay-Tweeddale Lambart-Cavan Dodson-Monk Bretton Heathcote Drummond Lambton-Durham Douglas—Morton
Douglas—Queensberry
Douglas Hamilton Redesdale Freeman Thomas—Wil Willoughby-Ancaster Lane Fox-Bingley Hely Hutchinson-Do-Lascelles-Harewood lingdon noughmore Law-Ellenborough
Henderson-Faringdon
Henniker Major-Hen-Lawson Johnston-Luke Hamilton Fremantle---Cottexlos French—De Freyne
French—Ypres
Fuller Acland Hood-Douglas Home—Home Douglas Pennant-Penrhyn niker of Pavenham Douglas Scott Montagu
—Montagu of Beaulieu
Drummond—Melfort Hepburn Stuart Forbes- Le Poer Trench-Clan-St. Audries Furniss—Sanderson Trefusis-Chaton carty Gascoyne Cecil—Cecil of Chelwood Hephurne Scott - Pol- Lea Smith-Dudley Legge—Dartmouth Legh—Newton Drummond—Perth warth Gascoyne Cecil - Salis-Herbert-Carnarvon Herbert - Darcy Duff—Fife Duke—Merricale Leif Jones-Rhayader bury de Duncombe—Feversham Dundas—Melville Dundas—Zetland Leith—Burgh Leslie—Rothes Leslie Melville—Leven Gathorne Hardy-Cran-Knayth Herbert—Pembroke Herbert—Powis brook' Gibbs—Aldenham Gibbs—Hunsdon Gibbs—Wraxall Hermon Hodge-Wyfold Dutton—Sherborne Lever-Leverhulme Hervey-Bristol Eady-Swin/en Leveson Gower—*Gran*-Eaton—Cheylesmore Eden—Auckland Eden—Henley Gibson—Ashbourne Giffard—Halsbury Hewitt—Liford ville
Hicks Beach — St. Ald-Levy Lawson—Burnham Giustiniani Bandini Lewis-Essendon wyn Edgcumbe — Mount Edgcumbe Hill—Downshire
Hill Trevor—Trevor Newburgh Lewis-Merthyr Liddell-Ravensworth Glyn-Wolverton Edwardes—Kensington Egerton—Ellesmere Egerton—Wilton Godley-Kilbracken Hindley-Hyndley Lindesay Bethune . Goodeve Erskine-Mar Hobart Hampden Mer Bethune cer Henderson-Buck-Lindsay-Crawford Gordon-Aberdeen Gordon Lennox — Rich-Holland Hibbs Eliot-St. Germans Elliot-Minto Littleton-Hatherton Loftus-Ely Erskine—Buchan Erskine—Mar & Kellie Hibbert Lones-Ludlow Lowry Corry—Belmore Lowther—Lonsdale Knutsford Gore—Arran Evans Freke-Carbery Gough Calthorpe - Cal-Holland-Rotherham Holmes à Court—Heytes Lowther—Ullswater
bury
Holroyd—Sheffield
Lumley—Scarbrough Eveleigh de Moleyns thorps Goulding—Wargrave Ventry Fane-Westmorland Graham-Atholstan Montrose Hood—Bridport
Toler — Nor-Hope—Linlithgow
Hope—Rankeillour Feilding—Denbigh Fellowes—Ailwyn Graham-Montrose Lumley Savile-Savile Lygon-Beauchamp Graham Lyon Dalberg Acton-Fellowes-De Ramsen bury Finch-Aylesford Grant-Strathspey HopeMorley-Hollenden Acton Finch Hatton - Win-Gray Campbell-Gray Lysaght-Lisle Hopwood – South borough
Hore Ruthven Lytton—Wentworth chilsea Greenall—Daresbury Grenfell—Desborough Fitzalan Howard -Grey-Stamford Grimston-Verulam Howard—Carlisle Howard—Effingham McClintock Bunbury Beaumont Fitzalan Howard -Rathdonnell Grosvenor—Ebury
Grosvenor—Stalbridge
Grosvenor—Westminster Howard - Howard FitzAlan of Derwent McDonnell-Antrim Fitzalan Howard -Penrith M'Garel Hogg-Magher-Howard—Strathcona Howard—Suffolk Hubbard—Addington Herries amorne Fitzalan Howard — Howard of Glossop Fitzalan Howard — Mackay-Inchcape Mackay-Reny Guest-Wimborne Guinness—Iveagh Guinness—Moyne Innes Ker-Roxburghe Mackenzie-Amulree Gully-Selby McLaren-Aberconway McNeill-Cushendun Norfolk Irby-Boston FitzClarence-Munster Gurdon-Cranworth Isaacs-Reading FitzGerald—Leinster
Fitzherbert—Stafford
Fitzmaurice — Lans-Jackson—Allerton
James—Northbourne
Jervis—St. Vincent
Jocelyn—Roden
Jolliffe—Hylton Maitland—Lauderdale Manners—Rutland Haldane Duncan-Cam perdown Hamilton—Abercorn Manners Sutton-Canterbury Hamilton-Belhaven downe Fitzmaurice—Orkney FitzPatrick—Castistown FitzRoy—Grafton Hamilton . Mansfield-Sandhurst – Holm-Joynson Hicks-Brent Patrick Marjoribanks - Tweedford Hamilton-Sumner mouth

# 214 Surnames of Peer's and Peeresses differing from their Titles.

Marsham—Romney Massey—Clarina Maude—Hawarden Maxwell-Farnham Meade-Clanwillian Mildmay - Mildmay of Flete Milles-Sondes Mills—Hillingdon Mitchell Thomson Seladon Molyneux—Sefton Monckton Arundell Galway Mond—Helchett Money Coutts—Latymer Mousell-Emly Montagu – Manchester Montagu – Sandwich Montagu Dunglas Scott Montagu Dunglas Scott Philipps – Strange -Buccleuch Phipps-Normanhy Montagu Stuart Wort-Pickford-Sterndale ley Mackenzie-Wharncliffe Montgomerie-- Eglinton Moore-Drogheda Moreton—Ducie Morgan—Tredegar Morgan Grenville—Kinloss Morris--Killanın Mostyn-Vaux. Mountbatten - Carus brooke Mountbatten - Milford Hanen Mulholland-Dunleath MunroFerguson—Novar Murray-Dunedin Murray—Dunmore Murray—Elibank Murray—Mansfield Nall Cain—Brocket Needham-Kilmoren Nevill-Abergavenny Neville-Braybrooke Newman-Mamhead Nicolson-Carnock Nivison—Glendyne Noble—Kirkley Noel-Gainsborough Noel Hill-Berwick North—Gulford North—Grayord Northoote—Iddesleigh Norton—Grantley Norton—Rathcreedan Nugent—Westmeath O'Brien—Inchiquin O'Grady-Guillamore Ogilvy—Airlie Ogilvie Grant — Strath Orde Powlett-Bolton Ormsby Gore-Harlech Osborne-Leeds Paget—Anglesey Paget—Queenhorough Pakenham- Longford Pakington—Hampton Palk—Haldon Palmer—Selbornc
Parker—Macclesfield
Parker—Morley
Parnell—Congleton

Parsons—Rosse Partington—Doverdale Paulet—Winchester Pearson-Cowdray Pearson—Cowarus
Pease—Daryngton
Pease—Gainford
Pelham—Chichester
Pelham—Conyers
Pelham—Varborough Pelham Clinton Hope Newoastle Pellew—Exmouth Pepys—Cottenham Perceval—Egmont
Percy—Northumberland
Pery—Limerick Petre Dent-Furnivall Pierrepont-Manvers Pleydell Bouverie-Rad าเกา Plumptre—FitzWalte
Plumkett—Dunkany
Plunkett—Fingall
Plunkett—Louth Pollock-Hanworth Pomeroy-Harberton Ponsonby—Bežsborough Ponsonby—De Mauley Ponsonby—Ponsonby of Shulbrede Powys—Luford Pratt—Camden Preston-Gormanston Prinirose-Rosebery Prittie-Dunalley Prothero-Ernle Ramsay-Dalhousis Rhys-Dynevor Rice-Monteagle Ritchie - Ritchie Dundee Roberts—Clwyd Robinson—Ripon Roche—Fermoy Rodd--Rennell Roper Curzon — Teynham Rous-Stradbroke Rowley—Langford Russell—Ampthill Russell—Bedford Russell—De Clifford Ryder-Harrowby Sackville—De La Warr Sackville West—Sackville St. Aubyn-St. Levan St. Clair-Sinclair Clair Erskine-St. Rosslyn St John-Bolingbroke St Leger-Doneraile Samuel Bearsted Montagu-Swaythling Sanders-Bayford Sandilands - Torphi-

Savile-Meaborough Tyrwhitt Wilson - Ber Scarlett-Abinger TATE Sclater Booth-Basing Upton—Templetown Scott-Clonmell Vanden Benipde Johnstone-Derwent Scott-Eldon Scott Ellis-Howard de Vane-Barnard Walden Vane Tempest Stewart Londonderry Scudamore Stanhope Chesterfield Spely — Mottistone Vanneck—Huntingfield Vaughan-Lisburne Seymour—Hertford Seymour—Somerset Vaughan Davies Ystrouth Shaw-Craigmyle Fisher-Vavasseur Shirley—Ferrers Shore—Teignmouth Sidney—De L'Isle Fisher Venables Vernon -Vernon Vereker—Gort Broke Verney—Willoughby de Verney Cave—Braye Sinclair—Caithness Sinclair—Pentland Skeffington-Masseree Smith—Birkenhead Smith—Colwyn Smith—Hambleden Vernon-Lyveden Vesey-De Vesei Villiers—Clarendon Villiers—Jersey Vincent—D'Abernon Somerset-Beaufort Somerset-Ragian Spencer-Churchill Vivian—Swansea Waldegrave—Radstock Spencer Churchill Marlborough Wallop-Portsmouth Stanlope—Harrington Stanley—Ashfeld Stanley—Derby Stanley—Stanley of Al-Walrond-Waleran Walsh—Ormathwaite Ward—Bangor Ward—Dudley Warren—De Tabley Watson—Manton derley stapleton Cotton—Com bermere Stern—Michelham Watson-Thankerton Watson Armstrong -Stewart-Galloway Armstrong Webb—Passfield Weir—Inverforth Stewart Murray. Atholl Weld Forester-Forester Stonor-Camoys Wellesley—Cowley
Wellesley—Wellington
Wentworth Fitzwilliam
—Fitzwilliam Stopford—Courtown Stourton—Mowbray Structon—Moveray
Structey—Strachie
Strutt—Belper
Strutt—Rayleigh
Stuart—Castle Stewart
Stuart—Moray Westenra-Rossmors White-Annaly White—Annaty
Whiteley—Marchamley
Willey—Barnby
Williamson—Forres
Willoughby—Middleton Studley Herbert-Sea neld Sturt—Alington Sugden-St. Leonards Wills-Dulverton Sutherland Leveson Wilson-Nunburnholme Gower—Sutherland Talbot—Shrewsbury Talbot—Talbot de Mala-Windsor-Gloucester Windsor-Wales Windsor-Fork Windsor Clive - Pluhide Tatem-Glanely mouth Wingfield--Powerscourt Winn-St. Oswald Winn-Headley Taylour—Headfort Temple Gore Langton Temple of Stowe Tennant—Glenconner Woodehouse—Kimberley Wood—Halifax Wood—Irwin Thellusson-Rendlesham Thesiger—Chelmsford Thynne—Bath Tollemache—Dysart Woodhouse—Terrington Wyndham—Leconfield Wyndham Quin - Dun-Towneley O'Haganraven Wynn-Newborough Yarde Buller-Churston O'Hagan Trench—Ashtown Tufton—Hothfield Yerburgh—Alvingham Yorke—Hardwicke Young—Mar Turnour-Winterton Twisleton Wykeham
Fiennes—Saye & Sele
Tyirell Kenyon-Ken-Younger—Blanesburgh Younger — Younger of Leckie yon

chen

Baumarez-De Saumarez

# Courtesp Titles borne by Eldest Sons (in actual use in 1934).

Holders of Courtesy Titles are addressed in the manner shown for holders of substantive titles.

From this list it will be seen that the "Marquess of Blandford" is the heir to the Dukedom of Marlborough; that the "Earl of Altamout" is the eldest son of the Marlborough; that the "Earl of Altamout" is the eldest son of the Marlboroughs so Sligo, while "Viscount Acheson" is heir to the Earldom of Gosford, and "Lord Aberdour" to the Earldom of Morton; "the titles borne by second heirs are also given, e.g. "Earl of Burlington," eldest son of the "Marquess of Hartington," heir to the Dukedom of Devonshire; "Viscount Bayham," eldest son of the "Earl of Brecknock," heir to the Camden Marquessate; and "Viscount Savernake," eldest son of the "Earl of Cardigan," heir to the Marquessate of Allesbury.

NOTE.—In titles marked o the "of" is not used.

Marquesses. Blandford-Marlborough Brackley-Ellesmere Douglas & Clydesdale
-Hamilton Douro-Wellington Graham-Montrose Granby-Rutland Hamilton-Abercorn Hartington-Devonshire Kildare—Leinster Tavistock—Bedford Titchfield—Portland

Altamont—Sligo Bective—Headfort Brecknock-Camden Burlington - * Harting Cardigan-Ailesbury Cassillis—Ailsa
Dalkeith—Buccleuch
Dumfries—Bute Haddo-Aberdeen Hopetoun-Landithgow Kerry-Lansdowne Lincoln-Newcastle Macduff-Fife March-Richmond Medina-Milford Haven Mornington-*Douro Mount Charles - Conyngham Ossory-Ormonde Rocksavage--Cholm'ley Ronaldshay—Zetland Sunderland—*Blandford Tyrone-Waterford Uxbridge-Anglesey

Viscounts Acheson-Gosford

Adare-Dunraven Althorp-Spencer Amberley—Russell Anson—Lichfield Bayham-Brecknock Borodale-Beatty

Boyle-Shannon Brocas-Jellicoe Broome-Kitchener Bury—Albemarle Carlow—Portarlington Castlereagh—Londond'y Castlerosse—Kenmare Chewton—Waldegrave Clanfield—Peel Clive-Ponis ('oke—Leicester Cole—Enniskillen Cranborne-Salusbury Cranley—Onslow Curzon—Howe Dalrymple-Stair Dangan-Cowley Drumlanrig - Queensberry Duncannon—Bessboro'
Dunsford—Midleton
Dunwich—Stradbroke

Ebrington-Fortescue Ednam—Dudley Elmley—Beauchamp Elveden—Iveagh Emlyn—Cawdor Erleigh—Reading

Errington-Cromer

Feilding—Deubigh Fincastle—Dunmore FitzHarris - Malmes bury Folkestone-Radner Forbes—Granard French—l'pres Garmoyle—Carrns Glenapp-Inchcape

Glentworth-Limerick Glerawly-Annesley Hastings - Huntingdon Hinchinghtooke-Sand arich.

Rerrin—Carrick Jocelyn—Roden Kelburn—Glasgow

Kingsborough — Kings Burghley—Exeter Cardross—Buchan Knebworth—Lytton Lambton—Durham Clifton—Daruley Knebworth—Lytton Lambton—Durham Lascelles—Harewood Lewisham-Dartmouth Loftus-Ely Lymington mouth Maidstone-Winchilsea Malden-Essex

Manden—Essex Mandeville—Manchester Melgund—Minto Milton—Frizvilliam Moore—Drogheda Morpeth—Carisale Newport—Bradford Denton—Mandevill Parker-Macclesfield Pollington-Mexboro' Ratendone—Willingdon St. ('yres—Iddesleigh Sandon—Harrowby

Savernake—*Cardigan Somerton—Normanton Stopford—Courtown Stuart—Castle Stewart Sudley—Arran Suirdale—Donoughmore Tamworth-Ferrers Tarbat—Cromartie Thurles-*Ossory Tiverton—Halsbury Traprain-Balfour

Weymouth—Bath Windsor—Plymouth Wolmer—Selborne Barons (Lord -) Aberdour—Morton Apsley--Bathurst Ardee-Meath Ashley-Shaftesbury Balgome-Leven Balniel-Crawford Bingham-Lucan Bruce-Elgin

Buckhurst—De La Warr —Ancaster
Burghersh—Westm'land Wodehouse—Kumberley

Clonmore-Wicklow Cochrane-Dundonald Dunglass-Home Elcho-Wemuss & March

Erskine—Mar & Kellie Eskdaill—*Dalkeith Forrester-Verulam Garlies—Galloway Gillford—Clanwilliam Glamis—Strathmore Glenorchy - Breadal-

bane & H. Herbert-Pembroke Howard of Effingham-Efingham Howland-+Tavistock

Hyde-Clarendon Kenlis-*Bective Leslio-Rothes Loughborough—Rosslyn Mauchline-Londoun Medway-Cranbrook Montagn of Kimbolton

-* Mandeville Montgomerre—Eglinten Naas-Mauo Newtown - Butler Lanesborough North—Guilford Ogilvy—Airlie

Ossulaton—Tankerville Porchester-Carnarvon Prim ose-Rosebery Scone-Mansfield Settrington--* March Seymour-Somerset Stanley-Derby Stavordale—Ilchester Thirlestane—Lauderdale

Vaughau-Lisburus Willoughby de Eresby

... In addition to the above Titles of Courtesy the eldest son of Scottish Viscounts and Barons is usually styled "The Master of ———" e.g. "The Master of Falkland," eldest son of Viscount Falkland; "The Master of Carnegle," eldest son of Lord Carnegle and grandson of the Earl of Falkland; Southesk.

Contractions used in pages 193-212.

Contractions.—S. or I. appended to the date of creation denotes a Scottish or Irish title; the further addition of a * implies that the Peei in question holds also an Imperial title, which is specified (after the name) by its more definite description as Engl., Brit., or U.K. When both titles are alike, as in the case of Argyll, this star is appended to the conjoined date below, and it then denotes that such date is that of the Imperial creation. A † appended to S. or I. implies that the Peer is an elected Representative to the House of Lords. For the mark 'see heading to Marquesses; b. signifies born; s., succeeded; m., married; w., widower or widow; M., minor.

# His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

Aberconway, Lord Aberdeen, Marquest of, a r Acland, Sir Francis Dyke, Bt. Adamson, William	1908 1886 1915	Connaught, H.R. H. Prince Arthur of, R. G. Cook, Hon Sir Joseph, S. C. M.G. Cornwall, Sir Edwin A., Bt	1910 1914 1921	Innes Hon Sir.I Rose & C. W. A.	1861 1916 1915
Addison, Christopher		Crawford, Earl of, K T Crewe, Marquess of K G. Cromer, Earl of, G C B.	1906 1898 1988	Inakip, Sir Thomas W. H, C.M.E., R.C. Inverforth, Lord Irwin, Lord, R.G. Isaacs, Hon. Sir Isaac Alfred,	1933 1 1933 1
Aluess, Lord Amery, Leopold Charles M S Amulree, Lord, 6 B F. Ashfield, Lord	1923	Cushendun, Lord D'Abernon, Visc., 6 c. B. Dalziel of Kirkcaldy, Lord Darling Lord	1984 1980 1912	Islington, Lord, a o M a  Jackson, Lt -Col. Hon. Sir	1911
Athlone, Earl of, s.6 Atholl. Duke of, s.7	1931 1931	Dartmouth, Earl of, c.c v.o Daryngton, Lord	IOSE.	Johnston, Thomas Jowett, Frederick William Jowitt Sir Wun Allen K.	1931 1924
Atkin, Lord Avory, Hon Sir Horace Edinund. Baker, Harold T Baldwin, Stanley Balfour, Earl of	1932	Dawson of Pann Lord act to	1989 1907 1903	Kennedy, Thomas  King, Hoh. Wm. Lyon Mac- kenzie, c.w.c.  Lambert, George  Lambson Godfray I. T. Locker.	1982
Balfour, Earl of Banbury of Southam., Lord. Bankes, Sir John Eldon, o c n. Barlow, Sir Montague, Bt,	1915	Denman, Lord, c. M.c. Derby, Karl of, R.c. Desart, Earl of, R. F. Devouport, Visc Devonshire, Duke of, R.G. Dickinson, Lord, R.B.E. Donoughnore, Earl of, R.F.	1909 1905 1914 1918	kenzie, CM C Lambert, George Lampson, Godfrey L T Locker- Lamshury, George Latham, Hon. John G., CM.G Lawrence, Sh. Panl Ogden Lee of Fureliam, Visc., G.C.B.	1933 1936
Barnes, George Nicoll. 6 H Bath, Marquess of, k.u.	1928 1916 1928	Drummond, Hon Sir J Eric,	1933 1919	Lewis, Sir John Herbert, G.E. Lindley, Hon Sir Francis O, E.C.N.G Lindsay, Hon, Sir Ronald C,	1913
Beatly, Admiral of the Fleet, Earl, c.c s., o.s	1922 1927 1906	Dunedin, Visc., a c.v o Elliot, Walter E., m c.	1932 1896 1932 1916	Lister Sir Philip Cunliffe , G B.E. Liverpool, Earl of G.C B	IOIT
Benn, Capt Win, Wedgwood,	1926	U C M (I)	1930	London, Bishop of, K. Cvo .	TOOL
Bennett, Hon. Richard B., & c. Bessborough, Earl of, o c w c. Betterton, Sir Henry B., Bt.,	1931 1930 1939	Fitzmaurice, Lord	1908	Loudonderry, Marquess of, K.G. Loraine, Sir Percy L., Bt., K.C.M.G. Lowndes, Sir Geo., K.G.K.I., K.G.	
Bingley Lord	rgro	Goddes Sir Auckland C. o.c. M.o.	1908	Lowndes, Sir Geo, R. C.R., R. C. Lugard, Lord, C. C. M. G. Lyons, Hon Joseph A. Lytton, Earl of, R. C. McCurdy, Charles Albert, R. C.	1919
Borden, Hon Sir Robt Laurd,	1912	Geddes, Sir Eric, e c s	1917 1905 1922	Macdonald, John A Murray Macdonald, John A Murray MacDonald, J. Ramsay McKeuna, Reginald Mackinder, Sir Halford John Maclay Lord	1910 1924 1907 1926
Griffith: Bowerman, Charles Wm Brace, William	1916	Gore, Hon. W G. Ormsby Goschen, Visc , G.C.S 1 Graham, Hon. George Perry	1927	Macmillan, Lord Macpherson, Sir James Ian, Bt Maitland, Sir Arthur Ramay.	1924
Bridgeman, Vise Brown, James, o B r Bruce, Hon Stanley Melbourne,	1022	Graname, Sir G. Dixon, g.c.m.g. Granard. Earl of, k.r Granville, Earl, g.c.m.g.	1981 1980 1907 1988	Steel-, Bt	1924   1920 1913   1906
Buckmaster, Visc., o c.v o Burns, John Burton, Hon Henry, k c Buxton, Earl, a.c x c Canterbury, The Archbishop of	1915 1905 1924 1905	Greenwood, Arthur Greenwood, Lord	1929	Margesson, Capt. Henry D. R, Marlborough, Duke of, K G. Marshall of Chipstead, Lord,	1933 1899
Cavondish, Lord Richd F, c.s. Cawley, Lord	1912	Gretton, Col John, c s. z	1927 1926 1920	Maxwell, Sir Herbert E., Bt, **E., F.R** Mulghen, Hon. Arthur, k.c.	1050
Cecil, Sir Evelyn, c.B E Cecil, Lord Hugh Cecil of Chelwood, Visc., k.c. Chamberlain, Arthur Noville,	1917 1918 1915		1922	Merrivale, Lord Midleton, Earl of, K.P Mildmay of Flete, Lord Monsell, Com. Sir Bolton M.	1897 1916
Chamberlain, Sh Ansten, K o Churchill, Winston L Spencer, c u Clayendon, Earl of, 6 c v u	1902 1907 1931	K.6;	1904	Morrison, Herbert Stauley	1983 1920 1911
Clav. Lt. Col Herbert H Spender. CMG Clerk, Sir G Russell, 6 CMG. Clinton, Lord	1926 1926 1926	Hills, Major John Waller Hoars, Sir Samuel J. G , Bt ,	1928 1929 1922	Mottistone, Lord, c s Mount Tenple, Lord Moyne, Lord, b s o Mulla, Sir Dinsha Fardunji,	
Civite, Jak Avon, K. Civites, John Robert Coates, Maj Hon Joseph Gordon, M.	1916 1918	Hobbouse Henry	<b>2909</b>	Mulock, Hon, Sir William,	193°
Colebrooke, Lord, G ( ) 0 Collins, Sir Godfrey P., K B E Colwyn, Lord	1924	Hodge, John Horne, Sir Robert S., a B E., k.c. Howard of Penrith, Lord, a.c B: Howe, Earl, c.B. Hughes, <i>Hom.</i> Wm Morris, k.c.	1000	Murray, Charles David, c.m.c. Murray, Sir George H , g.c.n. Myers, Hon. Sir Michael, R.c. M.G., R.C. Newton, Lord	1032

	1."				
,	Nicholson Col William G	***	Samuel Sir Harb Louis, s.c.s. 10	800	Tilley, Sir John A. C. GCMG. 1980
ì	Vool Burton Low	1925	Sandam John S avo	005	Tomlin, Lord 1929
ļ	Nomen Sin Canan De	1924	Sandars, John S , c.v o 199 Sanderson, Sir Lancelot 199	3-3	Trevelvan, Sir Charles Philips.
i	Norman, our rienty, Du	1918	Carlo Man di and Chancel	900	Bt 1984
:			Sankey, Visc. (Lord Chancel-		Trevethin, Lord
١	Normanu, wintrid G , k.c	1933			Tryon, Maj George Clement 1922
٠	Novar, Visc , K.T.	1910	Sargant, Sir Charles Hy 29	983	Tryon, Maj George Cloment 1922
	Olivier, Lord, K C.N G	1984	Sassoon, Maj. Sir Philip		Tyrrell, Lord, a c. M. a 1928
	Onslow, Earl of, c. B. E	1020	A, G D, Bt., c.B E 191	989	Ullswater, Visc, oc B 1898
	Page, Hon. Earle C Grafton	1080	Sastri, V S Srinivasa, c. n 191	981	Wales, HRH the Prince of,
ı	Paget, Sir Ralph Spencer,		Scott, Sir Leslie, R.c 194	927	K.G
ŧ	K.C M G	zozo	Scrutton, Sir Thos Edwd 19:		Wallis, Sir John Edward Power 1920
į	Parmoor, Lord, KC10	ZOZA	Scullin, Hon James Henry 19:		
:	Passfield, Lord		Selborne, Earl of, K a 190		Ward, Win Dudley 1922
•	Pearce, Hon. Sir George Foster,	-9-4	Seladon, Lord, K B F 199	1	Wargrave, Lord 1918
		****	Shaftesbury, Earl of, a P 19		Warrington of Clyffe, Lord 1915
	Peel Worl don!	1901	Shaw, Thomas, c R.E 290	1	Watt, Hon William Alexander 1920
	Donor Lord Mustode	1919	Shortt, Edward, & c		Wedgwood, Col. Josiah Clement,
ι	Poplar Ham Cla Comment	1924	Chartelaranth Land		D S.O 1924
	Perley, Hon. Sir George H ,		Shuttleworth, Lord zB	1	Weit, Loid 1918
1	G C M G	1931	Simon, Sir John A , 6 C 4 1 , & C. 291	9x3	Wessels, Hon Sir Johnnies W 1933
١	Phipps, Sir Elie C. K., k.c n.a		Sinchir, Sh Archibald H. M,	- 1	White, Hon Sir Wm, Thomas,
١	Plymouth, Earl of	1929	Bt, c. M. G	032	K C,M G 1920
į		1911	Slesser, Sir Henry 198	929	Whitley, John Henry 1911
١	Ponsonby, Lt. Col Sir Fredk.		Smith, Hastings B Lees 19		Wigram, Col. Sir Clive, o c B 1932
	E Grey, ac B	1914	Smuts, Lt -Gen Hon.Jan Chris-	- 1	Wiles, Thomas 1916
	Portland, Duke of, a c	x886	tiani, . n	Q27	Williams, Sir W Ellis Hume-,
	Rankeillour, Lord	1022	Snowden, Visc zgs	024	Bt . k. B E . K
	Reading, Marquess of, a c B	IOI	Somerleyton, Lord, o c v o zgc	1 200	Willingdon, Earl of, ccs1 1921
l	Rennell, Lord G. B	1008	Southborough, Lord, c c B zor		Wilson, LtCol Sir Leslie Orme.
1		1016	Spicer, Sir Albert, Bt 291		W HROIL, LLCOL OIL LEWIS OF HE.
	Roberts Fredk Owen		Squires, Hon. Sir Richard A ,		Wilson, SirGuvD. A Fleetwood-,
	Robertson, Sir Malcolm A.,	-3-4	K C V G , K . C	20	Wilson, MirGilv D. A. Fleetwood-,
	G C M G	1000	Stanhope, Earl, p . o rgs		a c. 5 1
	Romer, Sir Mark L	-9-7	Stanley, LtCol. Hon Sir		Wimborne, Visc 1920
	Rotherwere Vie	-	George F., ccir zgs		Winterton, Karl 1944
	Rowlatt, Hon. Sir Sidney A T.	<b>-y-</b> 7	Stanmore, Lord, K c v o 193		Wolmer, Visc
	nowiece, rion. intrinding 2. 1.		Mtanaharan Lard a a w c	330	Wood, Sir Kingslev 1928
	Dumbald the Homas (I.M. Di	1932	Stonehaven, Lord, a.c w.c 192 Struchle, Lord	944	Wrenbury, Lord 1906
	milliond, Sir nonce G. M., DC,		Comment Property	913	Wright, Lord 1932
	0.0, 14,0	1930	Summer, Visc, o B 191	y = 1	Yarborough, Farl of 1890
	Runciman, Hon. Walter	<b>1908</b>	Sutherland, Sir Wm, & CB	,28	lork, Archbishop of, 1929
	Russell of Killowen, Lord		Sykes, Maj Gen. Sir Fredk		Vork HRH Doka of Ea took
٠	St Davids, Visc., a.s.	1914	11., G ( LE	928	Vonne Lt. Com Sir Klud
	Salisbury, Marquess of, K	1908	Tennant, Harold John 19	924	Hilton, GBR RNIR 1923
•	Salvesen, Hou Lord	1022	Thankerton, Lord	038	intent, obs. Kith iyaa
	Samuel, Sir Harry Simon	1916	Thomas, James Henry 19:	917	Zetland, Marquess of, a.c s 1 1922
			•		

Clerk of the Council -Col. Sir Maurice P A. Hankey, a c B, o.c M o.

Deputy Clerk, Colin Smith, Registrar, Sir Chas H. Lawrence Neish, K.B E , C B

# OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

Speaker, The Rt. Hon. John, Viscount Sankey, 6.8 E., Lord Chancellor, £4,000.

Private Secretary to the Lord Chancellor, (vacant)

Lord Chairman of Committees, The Earl of Onslow, O.B E., £2,500.

Clerk of Parliaments, Sir Edward Hall Alderson, K.C.B., K.B.E £2,500	Accounting and Copying Department, Miss M F, Court (Receiver of Free and
Clerk Assistant and Principal Clerk,	Accountant), £500 to £600; Miss V E.
Judicial Dept. and Taxing Officer of	Waterman (Examiner of Acts). £250
Judicial Costs, H. J. F. Badeley, C.B.E. £1,800	to £400; Miss W. M. J. Phipps, Miss
Reading Clerk, Ronald Muir Mackenzie £1,200	A. N. Phipps
	Librarian, C. T. Clay £1,000
Counsel to Lord Chairman of Com-	Asst. Librarian, F. G. G Carr £300 to £500
mittees, Lord Kilbracken, K.C., C.B £1,800	Examiners of Standing Orders, Edward
Senior Clerks, Edward Vigors (Principal	Vigors, £300; Lt. Col. Sir R. Verney,
Clerk of Private Bills and Private	C.I.E., C.V.O.
Committees); G. D. Luard; G. Proby;	Gentleman Usher of the Bluck Rod, LtGen.
C. F. L. St. George£800 to £1,200	Sir William Pulteney, G.c.v.o., K.C.B.,
Other Clerks, F. W. Lascelles, M.C. (Clerk	K.C.M.G., D.S.O £1,000
of Public Bills and Clerk of the	Yeoman Usher and Secretary to Lord Great
Journals); Colin Davidson, O.B.E.	Chamberlain, BrigGen. Lord Esmé
(Taxing Officer of Private Bill Conts);	Gordon-Lennox, C.M.G , D S O., M.V O £500
A. H. Jefferys; V. M. R. Goodman,	Serjeant-at-Arms, Capt. the Hon. Sir Sey-
M.C.; A. F. R. Dudley Ryder, M.C.;	mour John Fortescue, G.C.V.O., C.M.G.,
G. H. Eastwood; H. M. Burrows	R.N£1,000
(Clerk attending the Table); Earl of	Shorthand Writer, Herbert Arthur Stevens jees.
Antrim£see to £1,000	
AUGUI	and the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of th



# England, Great Britain, U. K., Baronets. and 57 Ireland (marked I).

(Exclusive of such as are Peers.)

Scotland or Nova Scotia (88, marked S).



Note.—Clause II. of the Royal Warrant of February 8, 2510, ordains as follows:—"That no person whose name is not entered upon the Official Roll shall be received as a Baronet, or shall be addressed or mentioned by that title in any Civil, or Military Commission, Letters Patent or other official document." In the cases of titles printed in titles the holder of the Baronetey has died but no person has proved his succession to the Baronetey. Baronets are addressed as "Sir" (with Christian name) and in writing as "Sir Robert A.—, Bt." Baronets wives are addressed (Sir" (with Christian name) and or "Lady A.—," without any Christian name unless a daughter of a Duke, Marquess or Earl, in which case "The Lady Mary A.—"; if daughter of a Viscount or Baron "The Hon. Lady A.—."

Abdy, Sir Robt Hy, Edwd				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	x840 i	Baring, Sir Godfrey	IOII '	Bird, Sir Robert Bland, N P 1922
Abercromby, Lt. Col. Sir Geo	- ;	Barling, LtCol. Sir Harry		Rirdwood, Freld-Marshal Sir
	1636	Gilbert, c.B., c B L., M B. Barlow, Col Sir Hilaro W.	1910	Birdwood, Field-Marshal Sir William R., a.c.s., a.c.s.,
Acland, Rt. Hon. Sir Francis	1030	Doulow Col Sie Ullaw W	1919	William It., G.C.B., G.C.M.,
Aciana, At. Hon. or Francis		Wallacles and Tilleto W.	-	G.C.M.G., C.I.R., D S.O 1919 Birkin, Sir Alexander R 1905
Dyke, M P	1645	Wellesley, c.B., c.M.G , R.A Barlow, Sir Thomas, K c v.o	1803	Birkin, Sir Alexander R 1905
Aciand, Lt. Col. Sir Win. Henry		Barlow, Sir Thomas, K c v.o	1902	Birkmyre, Sir Archibald, c B z. 1991
Dyke, M.C. A P.C. T D	1800 .	Barlow, Sir John Denman	1907	Black, Sir Alec 1918
Dyke, M.C., A.F.C., T.D	1828	Barlow, Rt. Hon. Sir Montague,		Black Sir Robert A.S. voor
Adam, Col Sir Ronald Forbes,	3-	K.B.F		Blackett, Sir Hugh Douglas. 1673
Ausin, Cor Sir Nonsid Porbes,	i	Danionall Cin Tube Dahant .	1984	Discharged (see a borne)
D # 0 , 0.11 E		Barnewall, Sir John Robert 1	1623	Blackwood (see above) 1814
A meck, Sir Fredk Danby Jas	1782	Baron, Sir Louis Bernhard	1930	Blackett, Sir Hugh Douglas. 1673 Blackwood (see above) 1814 Blair, Rt. Rev. Sir David O.
Affleck, Sir Fredk.Danby Jas Agnew, Sir Fulke M. G. Noel	* z629	Barran, Sir John N	1895	Hunter 1786
Agnew. Sir George Win	2895	Barratt, Capt. Sir Francis	-	Blake, Sir Ulick 1 1622
Agnew, Sir George Win Ainsworth, Sir Thomas	1017	Barratt, Capt. Sir Francis H. G. Layland, M.C. Barrie, Sir James Matthew, o. M.	1908	Blake, Sir Cuthbert Patrick 1772
Aird, Sir John	-000	Barrie Sir James Matthew ou	1913	Blake, Sir Francis D., c.B 1907
	1901	Barrington, Sir Charles B	44.3	Ulalam Cin Dominald
Albu, Sir George	1913	Burnington, Sir Charles B	1831	Blaker, Sir Reginald, M P 1919 Blakiston, Sir Horace N 1763
Alexander, Sir Lionel C. W,	_ ;	Barrow, Sir Francis L J	1835	Blakiston, Sir Horace N 1763
D.80	1809	Barry, Sir Edward Arthur Bartlett, Sir Hardington B	1899	Blennerhassett, Sir Marma-
Alexander, Sir Claud	1886	Bartlett, Sir Hardington B	7072	duke C H J
Alexander, Sir Claud	I OFI	Barton, Rt Hon Sir D Plunket	BIOI	Blois, Capt. Sir Ralph B M. 1686 Blomefield, Sir Thos E. P . 1807
Alison, Com. Sir Archibald,		Barttelot, Sir Walter de S	-900	Blomefield, Sir Thos E. P 1807
	- 0		-0/3	Ploses Mai Sin Pohort I mach
Allan, Sir Henry S M Have-	1852	Dog Class Class Class Con Liver Austral TT	-912	Blosse, Maj. Sir Robert Lynch- 1 2622
Ausn, Sir Henry S M Have-		Bass, Capt Sir Wm. Arthur H	x88a	
lock	1858	Bates, Sir Percy Elly, a B z	1880	Blunden, Sir William 1 1766
Allen, Sir Frederick Charles	1933	Batho, Sir Charles A		
Alleyne, Lt. Com. Sir John Meynell, D. 8 o , D 8.C	500	Bathurst, Maj. Sir Frederick Edwd Win Hervey-, p s o.		Boovey, Sir Launcelot V. H.
Mevnell nun nec	1769	Edwd Win Hervey, p.s.o.	1818	
Amore Nin Libra Houthount	-/	Baynes, Sir Christopher Win	-0	Pollon Sir Mourice C
Amory, Sir John Heathcoat-,		Dayles, or Christopher will	1901	Boileau, Sir Maurice C 1838 Boles, LtCol. Sir Dennis F.,
Anderson, Sir Kenneth S,	1874	Bazley, Sir Thomas Stafford .	1803	Boles, LtCol. Sir Dennis F.,
Anderson, Sir Kenneth S,		Beauchamp, Sir Brograve C,		C.B R 1922
R.C.M d	1919	М Р.,	1911	C.B R. 1922 Bolton, Sir Ian F. C 1927
Anderson, Sir John	1980	Beauchamp, Col Sir Frank		Bonhain, Moj. Sir Eric II., e v o. 1852 Bonsor, Sir Reginald 1925 Boord, Sir Richard William . 1896
Anson, Sir Edward Reynell	1831	CBP	BIOI	Bonsor, Sir Reginald 1925
Anstruther, Sir Ralph Wm , T D	8 1604	Beauchamp, Rev SirMontague		Boord, Sir Richard William . 1806
Anstruther Sir Eric Windham		Harry Proctor-	2745	Booth, Sir Alfred Allen 1916
Carmichael (Gt B 1798) Antrobus, Sir Cosmo G		Panumont Sir Gaorga II V	:/20	Booth, Sir Josslyn A. R Gore 1 2760
Autobio Sin Comme C	a 1700	Deskinolit, 174 George II. F	1001	Double Con Transact Cont.
Antrobus, Sir Cosmo G	1815	Becher, Sir Eustace W. W.	_ 1	Boothby, Sir Herbert Cecil 1660
Arbuthnot, Brig. Gen Sir	-	Wrixon-	1831	
Dalrympie, c. m a., p s o Archdale, Rt Hon. Sir	1883	Beckett, Hon Sir Gervase	1921	Borrowes, Sir Eustace 1 1646
Archdale, Rt Hon. Sir		Bedingfeld, Sir Hy. E Paston-	1661	Boswall, Sir Thomas Randolph
Klynrd Morvyn	1028	Beecham, Sir Thomas	1914	Houstonn 1836
Armstrong, Sir Nesbitt W	1841	Beever, Sir Hugh Reeve, M D	1784	Boughey, Sir George Monteth,
	1809	Beit, Sir Alfred Lane, Mr	1985	C.B.E
At matrong SirGeo Elliot.c. v.o.			-9-5	Boughton, Sir William St. An-
Armstrong, SirGeo Elliot, c. M. G	-cy-	Rall Col Sir Manrice H I.		
Aimstrong, Sir Nesbitt W Aimstrong, Sir Geo Elliot, c. s. o. Armytage, Sir George A. c. s. o		Bell, Col Sir Maurice H. L.,	-00-	duam Donne
I D S O	1738	Bell, Col Sir Maurice H. L.,	1885	drew Rouse 2642
Arnott, Sir John Alex.	1738 1896	Bell, Sir John	1895	drew Rouse 2642 Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E
Arnott, Sir John Alex.	1738 1896 1841	Bell, Sir John	1895 1909	drew Rouse 2642 Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., x v o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., x r	1738 1896 1841 1988	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt. Sir C. W Morrison-	1895	drew Rouse 2542 Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C V.O., C.B.E. 2905 Bowater. Sir T Vansittart. M P 2014
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M v o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., M r Austin, Sir William M. Byron	1738 1896 1841 1988	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt. Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Maj. Sir Arthur Chve	1895 1909	drew Rouse 2542 Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C V.O., C.B.E. 2905 Bowater. Sir T Vansittart. M P 2014
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M v o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., M r Austin, Sir William M. Byron	1738 1896 1841 1988 1894	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt. Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Maj. Sir Arthur Chve	1895 1909 1905	drew Rouse 2542 Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C V.O., C.B.E. 2905 Bowater. Sir T Vansittart. M P 2014
Arnott, Sir John Alex	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John	1895 1909 1905	drew Rouse
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., x v o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., sr - Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredc Alfred.	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John	1895 1909 1905	drew Rouse
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., a v o. Aake, Sir Robert Wm., a r Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Frede Alfred Aylner, Lt. Gen Sir Feutdon	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838	drew Rouse- Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P Bowden, Sir Harold, G B E Bown, Sir Edw. Crowther, M C Bower, Sir Alfred L Bower, Sir Anthony H. M 1993 Bowlby, Sir Anthony H. M 1993
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., a v o. Aake, Sir Robert Wm., a r Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Frede Alfred Aylner, Lt. Gen Sir Feutdon	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796	drew Rouse  Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E,
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., a. v. o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., a. r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Frede Alfred Ayliner, LtGen. Sir Fenton J., V.C., s. c. B Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980	C M G T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt, Sir C. W. Morrison Bell, Mad, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison Bellm, Mad, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison Bellm, Sir Hy, C Grattan Bellingham, Brig -tein Sir Ed- ward H C P .C. M G, D S G Benn, Sir Ermost J, P. C. B.L.	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838	drew Rouse- Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M F Bowden, Sir Harold, O B R Bowen, Sir Harold, O B R Bowen, Sir Fdw. Crowther, M C Bower, Sir Alfred L Bower, Sir Anthony H. M 1985 Bowlby, Sir Anthony H. M 2985 Bowles, Col Sir Henry Ferry- man T.D
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., av o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., as r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Frede Alfred. Aylmer, LtGen. Sir Fenton J., YG. R.C. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon. Sir Hickman Beckett	1738 1896 1841 1988 1894 1980 1939 I 1682 1901	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt, Sir C. W. Morrison- Bell, Mat. Sir Arthur Chve Morrison- Bellow, Sir Hy, C Grattan- Bellow, Sir Hy, C Grattan- Bellingham, Brig-den Sir Ed- ward H C P, C M C, D N C Benn, Sir Ernest J, P, C, B.L. Benn, Sir Ion Hamilton, c.s.,	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796	drew Rouse  Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E,  C. O., C. R.E.  Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, a 1995  Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, a 1995  Bowden, Sir Harold, o B E 1995  Bower, Sir Alfred L 1995  Bowles, Co Sir Henry Ferry-  man, T.D  Rownnan, Rev. Sir Payet (Mervyn) 1884  Bowles, Co Sir Henry) 1884  Bownnan, Rev. Sir Payet (Mervyn) 1884
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., av o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., as r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Frede Alfred. Aylmer, LtGen. Sir Fenton J., YG. R.C. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon. Sir Hickman Beckett	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980 1989 1 2682 1901	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison- Bellm, Mat, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison- Bellingham, Brig -4en Sir Ed- ward H C P , C M O, D S O Benn, Sir Ernest J P, C, C, L, Benn, Sir Ion Hamilton, C, S, D, S O,	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, CV.O., C.R.E. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M F 1914 Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bown, Sir Edw. Crowther, M C. 1995 Bown, Sir Alfred L 1995 Bowlby, Sir Anthony H. M 1995 Bowles, Col Sir Henry Ferry 1996 Bowman, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1884 Bower Sir George Henry 1866
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., av o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., as r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Frede Alfred. Aylmer, LtGen. Sir Fenton J., YG. R.C. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon. Sir Hickman Beckett	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980 1989 1 2682 1901	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison- Bellm, Mat, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison- Bellingham, Brig -4en Sir Ed- ward H C P , C M O, D S O Benn, Sir Ernest J P, C, C, L, Benn, Sir Ion Hamilton, C, S, D, S O,	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, CV.O., C.R.E. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M F 1914 Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bown, Sir Edw. Crowther, M C. 1995 Bown, Sir Alfred L 1995 Bowlby, Sir Anthony H. M 1995 Bowles, Col Sir Henry Ferry 1996 Bowman, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1884 Bower Sir George Henry 1866
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., av o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., as r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredc Alfred. Ayhner, Lt. Gen. Sir Fenton J., Vif. S.c. S. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trehawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) Baddeley, Sir John William	1738 1896 1841 1988 1894 1980 1989 1 1682 1901 1611 1988	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt, Sir C. W. Morrison- Bell, Mat. Sir Arthur Chve Morrison- Bellow, Sir Hy, C Grattan- Bellow, Sir Hy, C Grattan- Bellingham, Brig-den Sir Ed- ward H C P, C M C, D N C Benn, Sir Ernest J, P, C, B.L. Benn, Sir Ion Hamilton, c.s.,	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, CV.O., C.R.E. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M F 1914 Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bown, Sir Edw. Crowther, M C. 1995 Bown, Sir Alfred L 1995 Bowlby, Sir Anthony H. M 1995 Bowles, Col Sir Henry Ferry 1996 Bowman, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1884 Bower Sir George Henry 1866
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., a. v. o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., a. r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredco J., Y. G., E. C. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) Baddeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980 19.39 1 1682 1901 1611 1982 1867	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Mat, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison- Bellingham, Brig -4en Sir Ed- ward H C P , CM G, D S G Benn, Sir Ernest J P, C, C, L, Benn, Sir Irnest J, P, C, C, L, Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, K, B, F, M F	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, CV.O., C.R.E. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M F 1914 Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bown, Sir Edw. Crowther, M C. 1995 Bown, Sir Alfred L 1995 Bowlby, Sir Anthony H. M 1995 Bowles, Col Sir Henry Ferry 1996 Bowman, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1884 Bower Sir George Henry 1866
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M v. O. Aske, Sir Robert Wm, M r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredc Alfred . Ayhner, Lt. Gen. Sir Fenton J., Fif., K.c. B. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) Baddeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm, Francis Balley, Sir Abe, E. C.M.c.	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980 19.39 1 1682 1901 1611 1982 1867	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt, Sir C. W. Morrison- Bell, Maj, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison.  Bellew, Sir Hy, C Grattan- Bellingham, Brig - den Sir Ed- ward H C P , C M C, D N C Benn, Sir Ernest J, F., C.B.L Benn, Sir Ion Hamilton, C.B., D.S. O.  Bonn, Sir Arthur Shirley, K.B.F., M P Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, K.B.F.,	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1926	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R Bowen, Sir Harold, G B R Bowen, Sir Alfred L Bowley, Sir Anthony H Bowles, Cod Sir Henry Ferry man, T.D Bowns, Rev.Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1884 Bowyer, Sir George Henry 1666 Bowyer, Capt. Sir George E. W., M.C., M.P. 1933 Boxall, Col. Sir Alleyne P. 1933
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M. o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., M. r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredc Alfred Aylmer, LtGen. Sir Fenton J., Y. G., E. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Treinwny Bacon, Sir Hickman Deckett (Premier Baronet) Baddeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Balley, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, Baillle, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, Baille, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell,	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1939 1 1682 1901 1611 1982 1867	C M G T.D  Bell, Sir John  Bell, Sir Eastman, M C  Bell, Sir Eastman, M C  Bell, Capk, Sir C. W Morrison-  Bell, Mat, Sir Arthur Clve  Morrison,  Bellew, Sir Hy, C Grattan-  Bellingham, Brig Jefn Sir Ed-  ward H C P, C M G, D S G  Benn, Sir Ernest J P, C, ak,  Benn, Sir Krnest J, P, C, ak,  Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, x, x, x,  M P  Bennett, Sir Albert James  Berney, Capk, Sir Thos. Reed-	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1926	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R Bowen, Sir Harold, G B R Bowen, Sir Alfred L Bowley, Sir Anthony H Bowles, Cod Sir Henry Ferry man, T.D Bowns, Rev.Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1884 Bowyer, Sir George Henry 1666 Bowyer, Capt. Sir George E. W., M.C., M.P. 1933 Boxall, Col. Sir Alleyne P. 1933
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M v. O. Aske, Sir Robert Wm, M r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredc Alfred . Ayhner, Lt. Gen. Sir Fenton J., Fif., K. c. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) Baddeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm, Francis Bailey, Sir Abe, E. C.M.G. Baillie, Sir Abe, E. C.M.G.	1738 1896 1841 1932 1894 1930 1939 1 1682 1901 1611 1932 1867 1919	C M G , T.D  Bell, Sir John  Bell, Sir Eastman, M C  Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison-  Bell, Mat, Sir Arthur Chve  Morrison-  Bellew, Sir Hy, C Grattan-  Bellingham, Br G-den Sir Ed-  benn, Sir Ernest J, F., C. B.L.  Benn, Sir Ion Hamilton, c.s.,  D.S.O.  Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, K.B.F.,  M P  Bennett, Sir Atbert James  Berney, Capt, Sir Thos. Reed-  ham McC.	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1920	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.K. Bowlton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.K. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bowden, Company 1916 Bowden, Col Sir Henry Ferry man, T.D Bownson, Rev.Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1884 Bowyer, Sir George Henry 1893 Bowden, Capt. Sir George E. W, M.C., M.P. 1933 Boxall, Col. Sir Alleyne P, C.B E, T D 1907 Bowd Sir Welter Herbert
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M v. O. Aske, Sir Robert Wm, M r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredc Alfred . Ayhner, Lt. Gen. Sir Fenton J., Fif., K. c. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) Baddeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm, Francis Bailey, Sir Abe, E. C.M.G. Baillie, Sir Abe, E. C.M.G.	1738 1896 1841 1981 1994 1980 1982 1901 1611 1988 1867 1919	C M G , T.D  Bell, Sir John  Bell, Sir Eastman, M C  Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison-  Bell, Mat, Sir Arthur Chve  Morrison-  Bellew, Sir Hy, C Grattan-  Bellingham, Br G-den Sir Ed-  benn, Sir Ernest J, F., C. B.L.  Benn, Sir Ion Hamilton, c.s.,  D.S.O.  Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, K.B.F.,  M P  Bennett, Sir Atbert James  Berney, Capt, Sir Thos. Reed-  ham McC.	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1920	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.K. Bowlton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.K. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bowden, Company 1916 Bowden, Col Sir Henry Ferry man, T.D Bownson, Rev.Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1884 Bowyer, Sir George Henry 1893 Bowden, Capt. Sir George E. W, M.C., M.P. 1933 Boxall, Col. Sir Alleyne P, C.B E, T D 1907 Bowd Sir Welter Herbert
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C.A., M o. Aske, Sir Robert W.M., M r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredc Alfred. Aylmer, LtGen. Sir Fenton J., Yt.G., K.C. B. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) Raddeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Balley, Sir Abon W.Maxwell, M P. Baird, Sir James H. G., M.C. Baille, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, M P. Baird, Sir James H. G., M.C. Baird, Sir James H. G., M.C. Baird, Sir James H. G., M.C.	1738 1896 1841 1932 1894 1930 1939 1 1682 1901 1611 1932 1867 1919	C M G , T.D  Bell, Sir John  Bell, Sir Eastman, M C  Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison-  Bell, Mat, Sir Arthur Chve  Morrison-  Bellew, Sir Hy, C Grattan-  Bellingham, Br G-den Sir Ed-  benn, Sir Ernest J, F., C. B.L.  Benn, Sir Ion Hamilton, c.s.,  D.S.O.  Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, K.B.F.,  M P  Bennett, Sir Atbert James  Berney, Capt, Sir Thos. Reed-  ham McC.	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1920	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.K. Bowlton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.K. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R 1915 Bowden, Company 1916 Bowden, Col Sir Henry Ferry man, T.D Bownson, Rev.Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1884 Bowyer, Sir George Henry 1893 Bowden, Capt. Sir George E. W, M.C., M.P. 1933 Boxall, Col. Sir Alleyne P, C.B E, T D 1907 Bowd Sir Welter Herbert
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M. o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., M. F. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredc Alfred. Aylmer, LtGen. Sir Fenton J. Y. G., E. C. B. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) Baddeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Bailley, Sir Abe, E. C.M.G. Baille, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, M. F. Baird, Sir James H. G., M.C. Baird, Capt. Sir David, M.V. o. Baker, LtCol. Sir David, M.V. o. Baker, LtCol. Sir David, M.V. o. Baker, LtCol. Sir David, M.V. o.	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980 1980 1 1682 1901 1611 1982 1867 1919 1883 8 1696	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Mal, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison Bellew, Sir Hy, C Grattan Bellingham, Brig -Gen Sir Ed- ward H C P , C M G , D S G Benn, Sir Krnest J P , C, C, L, Benn, Bir Isrnest J P , C, C, L, Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, K, R, F,  P Bennett, Sir Albert James Berney, Capt, Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M.C, Berry, Sir James Gomer Betthune, Sir Alex, M, Sharp s Betterton, TR. Hon. Si H enry	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1926 1929 2620 1928 1683	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, CV.O., C.R.E. EV.O., C.R.E. Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M F Bowden, Sir Harold, O B R Bown Er, Sir T Vansittart, M F Bowden, Sir Harold, O B R Bown, Sir Fdw. Crowther, M C Bower, Sir Alfred L Bowley, Sir Anthony H. M Bowley, Sir Anthony H. M Bowley, Sir Anthony H. M Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Capt. Sir George E. W. M.C. M.F. Bown, M.F. Bowley, Sir George Henry Boxall, Col. Sir Alleyne P Boxall, Col. Sir Alleyne P Boyle, Sir Edward Boyle, Sir Edward Boyle, Sir Edward Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, Sir Edward M Bradford, B
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm, M r Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Treliawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (*Premier Baronet) Raddeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Bailley, Sir Abe, E. C.M.C. Baille, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell,  **M** Baird, Sir James H. G. M.C. Baird, Capt. Sir David, M.V. Baker, Li. Col. Sir Dodington G. R. Sherston. 1 Ms.	1738 1896 1841 1981 1994 1980 1982 1901 1611 1988 1867 1919	C M a , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M c Bell, Cap, Sir C. M Morrison- Bell, Mai, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison Bellew, Sir Hy, C Grattan- Bellingham, Brig Jefn Sir Ed- ward H C P , C M o , PN o Bellingham, Brig Jefn Sir Ed- ward H C P, C M o , PN o Benn, Sir Ernest J. P., C, M., Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, M. M., Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, M. M., Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, M. M., Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, M. M., Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, M. M., Benn, Sir Sir Albert James Bernett, Sir Albert James Bernett, Sir Albert James Bethune, Sir Alex, M. Sharp Bethune, Sir Alex, M. Sharp Betterton, Rt. Hon, Sir Henry Bucknall, C. M. M. Sharp	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1920	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. Bowlton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P Bowden, Sir Harold, G B E Bowner, Sir Alfred L Bowner, Sir Faw, Crowther, M Bowner, Sir Faw, Crowther, M Bowles, Col Sir Henry Ferry man, T.D Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George E. W, M C, M.P.  1933 Boxall, Col. Sir Alleyne P, O.B E, TD Boyd, Sir Walter Herbert. 1946 Boyton, Sir George Boyton, Sir George Boyton, Sir Griffith Henry 1948 Bradford, Sir Fadward M 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1949 Bradford, Sir John Rose.
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M. o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., M. F. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredc Alfred. Aylmer, LtGen. Sir Fenton J. Y. G., E. C. B. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) Baddeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Bailley, Sir Abe, E. C.M.G. Baille, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, M. F. Baird, Sir James H. G., M.C. Baird, Capt. Sir David, M.V. o. Baker, LtCol. Sir David, M.V. o. Baker, LtCol. Sir David, M.V. o. Baker, LtCol. Sir David, M.V. o.	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980 1980 1 1682 1901 1611 1982 1867 1919 1883 8 1696	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Mal, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison Bellew, Sir Hy, C Grattan Bellingham, Brig -Gen Sir Ed- ward H C P , C M G , D S G Benn, Sir Krnest J P, C, C, L, Benn, Bir Isrnest J P, C, C, L, Benn, Bir Athur Shirley, K, R, F, M Bennett, Sir Albert James Berney, Capt, Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M.C, Berry, Sir James Gomer Betthue, Sir Alex M, Sharp S Betterton, JR. Hon. Sir Henry Bucknall, C, R, M, P. Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Brandson, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Bra	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1920 1920 1928 1683 1929	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. Bowlton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P Bowden, Sir Harold, G B E Bowner, Sir Alfred L Bowner, Sir Faw, Crowther, M Bowner, Sir Faw, Crowther, M Bowles, Col Sir Henry Ferry man, T.D Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George E. W, M C, M.P.  1933 Boxall, Col. Sir Alleyne P, O.B E, TD Boyd, Sir Walter Herbert. 1946 Boyton, Sir George Boyton, Sir George Boyton, Sir Griffith Henry 1948 Bradford, Sir Fadward M 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1949 Bradford, Sir John Rose.
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M. O. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., M. F. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredco J., Y. G., E. S. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) (Premier Baronet) (Premier Baronet) Baddeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Balley, Sir Abe, E. G. Baillie, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, M. F. Baird, Sir James H. G., M.C. Baker, Li. Col. Sir Dodington G. R. Sherston., 1Ms. Baker, Lt. Col. Sir Randolf L. Deso. Th.	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980 1980 1 1682 1901 1611 1982 1867 1919 1883 8 1696	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Mal, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison Bellew, Sir Hy, C Grattan Bellingham, Brig -Gen Sir Ed- ward H C P , C M G , D S G Benn, Sir Krnest J P, C, C, L, Benn, Bir Isrnest J P, C, C, L, Benn, Bir Athur Shirley, K, R, F, M Bennett, Sir Albert James Berney, Capt, Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M.C, Berry, Sir James Gomer Betthue, Sir Alex M, Sharp S Betterton, JR. Hon. Sir Henry Bucknall, C, R, M, P. Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Berney, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Brandson, Cap J, Wrndham, C, R, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Brandson, C, R, M, Bra	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1926 1929 1628 1683	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. Bowlton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P Bowden, Sir Harold, G B E Bowner, Sir Alfred L Bowner, Sir Faw, Crowther, M Bowner, Sir Faw, Crowther, M Bowles, Col Sir Henry Ferry man, T.D Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George E. W, M C, M.P.  1933 Boxall, Col. Sir Alleyne P, O.B E, TD Boyd, Sir Walter Herbert. 1946 Boyton, Sir George Boyton, Sir George Boyton, Sir Griffith Henry 1948 Bradford, Sir Fadward M 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1949 Bradford, Sir John Rose.
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M. O. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., M. F. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredco J., Y. G., E. S. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) (Premier Baronet) (Premier Baronet) Baddeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Balley, Sir Abe, E. G. Baillie, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, M. F. Baird, Sir James H. G., M.C. Baker, Li. Col. Sir Dodington G. R. Sherston., 1Ms. Baker, Lt. Col. Sir Randolf L. Deso. Th.	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980 1989 1 1682 1901 1611 1982 1867 1919 1883 8 1696 1809	C M G , T.D  Bell, Sir John  Bell, Sir Eastman, M C  Bell, Cay, Sir C. M Morrison- Bell, Mai, Sir Arthur Chve  Morrison  Bellm, Mai, Sir Arthur Chve  Morrison  Bellm, Sir Hy, C Grattan-  Bellingham, Brig -den Sir Ed- ward H C P , M e , D 8 0  Benn, Sir Fanest J P , C.B.L.  Benn, Sir Ion Hamilton, C.B.,  B.S. O.  Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, K.B.F.,  M F  Bennett, Sir Albert James  Berney, Copt. Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M.C.  Borry, Sir James Gomer  Bethune, Sir Alex, M. Sharp 8  Betterton, Rt. Hon, Sir Henry  Bucknall, C.B.E., M.F.  Beynon, Sir J. Wyndham, C.B.F.  Beddulph, Sir Theophius G.	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1920 1920 1928 1683 1929	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. Bowlton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P Bowden, Sir Harold, G B E Bowner, Sir Alfred L Bowner, Sir Faw, Crowther, M Bowner, Sir Faw, Crowther, M Bowles, Col Sir Henry Ferry man, T.D Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowner, Sir George E. W, M C, M.P.  1933 Boxall, Col. Sir Alleyne P, O.B E, TD Boyd, Sir Walter Herbert. 1946 Boyton, Sir George Boyton, Sir George Boyton, Sir Griffith Henry 1948 Bradford, Sir Fadward M 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1948 Bradford, Sir Gerder 1949 Bradford, Sir John Rose.
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M. o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., M. r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredco J. Y. G. E. Sir Fenton J. Y. G. E. Sir Fenton J. Y. G. E. Sir Fenton J. Y. G. E. Sir Fenton Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) Backett (Premier Baronet) Balley, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Balley, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Balley, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, M. F. Baird, Sir James H. G. M.C. Baird, Capt. Sir David, M. v. o. Baker, Lt. Col. Sir David, M. v. o. Baker, Lt. Col. Sir David, M. v. o. Baker, Lt. Col. Sir Randolf L. Des. O. T. Balfon, Sir Arans, Sir Randolf L. Des. O. T. Balfon, Sir Arthur, x. s. s.	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980 1989 1 1682 1901 1611 1982 1867 1919 1883 8 1696 1809 1796	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capk, Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Mal, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison. Bellew, Sir Hy, C Grattan- Bellingham, Brig Jefn Sir Ed- ward H C P, C M G, D N G Benn, Sir Krnewt J, F, C, B L, Benn, Sir Krnewt J, F, C, B L, Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, L, B, N, Benn, Sir Athur Shirley, L, B, N, Benn, Sir Athur Shirley, L, B, N, Berney, Copt. Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M.C. Berry, Kir James Gomer Betthue, Sir Albert James Betterlon, Kir Hon, Sir Henry Bucknall, C, B, M, Bryton, Sir Jensphilus G, Beynon, Sir J, Wyndham, C, B, Biddulbh, Sir Theophilus G, Bigge, Sir L, Amherst Selby,	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1920 1920 1928 1683 1929 1920 1664	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M F Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R Bown Er, Sir T Vansittart, M F Bowden, Sir Harold, G B R Bown, Sir Edw. Crowther, M C Bown, Sir Alfred L Bowles, Col Sir Illenry Ferry man, T.D Bowman, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervy) Bowyer, Sir George Henry E. W., M G Bowyer, Sir George Henry Box M Bowyer, Sir George Henry Box M Bowyer, Sir George Henry Box M Bowyer, Sir George Henry Box M Bowyer, Sir George Henry Box M Boy Boy Sir George Henry Box M Boy Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir George Henry Boy Sir Boy Sir George Boy Sir Boy Sir George Brassey, Maj. Sir Leonard Brassey, Maj. Sir Leonard Brickwood, Sir Rupert R 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 199
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., a v. o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., s r. Austin, Sir William M., s r. Austin, Sir William M., s r. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Frede Alfred. Ayknoyd, Sir Frede Alfred. Ayhner, L. Gen. Sir Fenton J., F. G., ac. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett Baddeler, Sir John William Baddeler, Sir John William Baddeler, Sir John William Baddeler, Sir John William Ball, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, Baird, Sir James H. G. ac. Baird, Capt. Sir David, s v. o. Baker, Lt. Col. Sir Dodington G. R. Sherston, J. M. Ball Sir Charles Arthur K. s. p. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur K. s. p. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur K. s. p. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur K. s. p. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur K. s. p. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur K. s. p. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur K. s. p.	1738 1896 1841 1982 1894 1980 1989 1 1682 1901 1611 1982 1867 1919 1883 8 1696 1809	C M G , T.D Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Sir Eastman, M C Bell, Capk, Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Mal, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison. Bellew, Sir Hy, C Grattan- Bellingham, Brig Jefn Sir Ed- ward H C P, C M G, D N G Benn, Sir Krnewt J, F, C, B L, Benn, Sir Krnewt J, F, C, B L, Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, L, B, N, Benn, Sir Athur Shirley, L, B, N, Benn, Sir Athur Shirley, L, B, N, Berney, Copt. Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M.C. Berry, Kir James Gomer Betthue, Sir Albert James Betterlon, Kir Hon, Sir Henry Bucknall, C, B, M, Bryton, Sir Jensphilus G, Beynon, Sir J, Wyndham, C, B, Biddulbh, Sir Theophilus G, Bigge, Sir L, Amherst Selby,	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1920 1920 1638 1683 1929 1920 1664	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.B.E. 1992 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P 1994 Bowden, Sir Harold, O B E 1994 Bowden, Sir Harold, O B E 1994 Bown Sir Faw. Crowther, M 1995 Bownes, Sir Alfred L 1993 Bowles, Col Sir Henry Ferry 1994 Bownes, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Bowness, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Bowness, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Bowness, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Bowness, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Bowness, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Bowness, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Bowness, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Bowness, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Bowness, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Bowness, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Bowness, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 1894 Boyles, Sir Edward M 2998 Bradford, Sir Edward M 2998 Bradford, Sir Leonard 1998 Brassey, Md. Sir Leonard 1998 Brinckman, Co. Sir Theodore
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M. o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., M. r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredc Alfred Ayhner, LtGen. Sir Fenton J., Y. G., K. C. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) Backdeley, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Balley, Sir Abe, E. C.M.G. Baille, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, M. Sir James H. G., M.C. Baird, Capt. Sir David, M.v. o. Baker, Lt. Col. Sir David, M.v. o. Baker, Lt. Col. Sir David, M.v. o. Baker, Lt. Col. Sir Randolf L., Des. O. T. Ballous, Sir Arthur, K. R. Ball. Sir Charles Arthur K. M.B. Banner, Sir Harmood Har- Banner, Sir Harmood Har-	1738 1841 1894 1894 1894 1990 1 1682 1907 1611 1919 1833 8 1696 1809 2796 2808 1939 1911	C M G , T.D  Bell, Sir John Bell, Sir Eastman, M c Bell, Sir Eastman, M c Bell, Capk, Sir C. W Morrison- Bell, Mal, Sir Arthur Chve Morrison Bellmgham, Brig - Gen Sir Ed- Ward H C P , C M G , D S G Benn, Sir Ernest J P , C, B L, Benn, Sir Istrnest J P , C, B L, Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, K, B, T, Benn, Sir Athur Shirley, K, B, T, Benn, Sir Athur Shirley, K, B, T, Benney, Capt, Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M, C, Berney, Capt, Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M, C, Berney, Capt, Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M, C, Berterton, Rt. Hon, Sir Henry Bucknall C, B, M, F, Heynon, Sir J Wyndiam, C, B, Biddaulph, Sir Theophilus G, Bigge, Sir L, Amherst Selby, K, C, B, Bilsland, Sir A, Steven, M c	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1920 1920 1920 1928 1683 1929 1920 1920 1920 1920 1920 1920 1920	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.B.E. E.V.O., C.B.E. Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M F Bowden, Sir Harold, O B E Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M F Bowden, Sir Harold, O B E Bown, Sir Edw.Crowther, M C Bown, Sir Alfred L Bowner, Sir Alfred L Bowles, Col Sir Illenry Ferry man, T.D Bowman, Rev.Sir Paget(Mervy) Bowger, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Capt. Sir George E. W., M C, M.F. Bowder, Sir George E. W., M C, M.F. Boyle, Sir Edward Boyle, Sir Edward Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir Edward M A Bradford, Sir
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., a v. o. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., s r. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William H. Aykroyd, Sir Frede Alfred. Ayhner, LtGen. Sir Fenton J., Y. G., ac. Backnouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Frenter Baronet) Backnouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Frenter Baronet) Backet, Sir John William Bagge, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Balley, Sir Abe, a c.w.d. Balley, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, Balle, Sir James H. G. ac. Balley, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, Balle, Sir James H. G. ac. Baker, LtCol. Sir Dodington G. R. Sherston, J. Ma., Baker, LtCol. Sir Randolf L. Deso, T.P. Ballour, Sir Arthur, a. s. e. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur, a. s. a. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur, a. s. a. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur, a. s. a. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur, a. s. a. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur, a. s. a. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur, a. s. a. Ball, Sir Charles Arthur, a. s. a.	1738 1841 1922 1841 1932 1930 1939 1 1622 1901 1913 8 1696 1809 1796 1808 1911	C M G , T.D  Bell, Sir John  Bell, Sir Eastman, M C  Bell, Cap, Sir C. M Morrison- Bell, Mai, Sir Arthur Chve  Morrison  Bellm, Mai, Sir Arthur Chve  Morrison  Bellm, Sir Hy, C Grattan- Bellingham, Brig -Gen Sir Ed- ward H C P , C M C, D N C  Benn, Sir Ennest J, P, C, M, L  Benn, Sir Ennest J, P, C, M, L  Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, M, M, Sir Arthur Shirley, M, Sir Arthur Shirley, M, Sin Senney, Capt. Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M, C  Borry, Sir James Gomer  Bethune, Sir Alex M, Sharp 8  Betterton, Rt. Hon, Sir Honry  Bucknall, C.B, M, M, F  Beynon, Sir J, Wyndham, C, M, S  Biddulph, Sir Theophinus G, Bigge, Sir L, Amherst Selby,  M, C.R.  Bilaland, Bir A, Steven, M C, Shircher Biland, Bir A, Col Sir Albert E.	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1920 1920 1638 1683 1929 1920 1664	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M P Bowden, Sir Harold, O B R Bowden, Sir Harold, O B R Bown, Sir Edw. Crowther, M C Bower, Sir Alfred L Bowles, Sir Anthony H. M Bowles, Col Sir Altheny Ferry Downnan, R.D Bowman, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowd, Sir Walter Herbert Boyld, Sir Walter Herbert Boyld, Sir Walter Herbert Boyld, Sir Walter Herbert Bradford, Sir Griffith Henry Bradford, Sir Griffith Henry Bradford, Sir Griffith Henry Bradford, Sir Griffith Henry Bradford, Sir Lonard Brickwood, Sir Rupert R Brinckman, Co. Sir Theodore F, C Brisoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton 1758
Arnott, Sir John Alex. Arthur, Sir George C. A., M. O. Aske, Sir Robert Wm., M. F. Austin, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William M. Byron Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir William Hy. Aykroyd, Sir Fredc Alfred. Ayhner, LtGen. Sir Fenton J. Y. G. K. C. B. Backhouse, Sir Edm. Trelawny Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett (Premier Baronet) Backett (Premier Baronet) Baldeley, Sir John William Bange, Sir Alfred Wm. Francis Balley, Sir Abe, E. C.M.O. Baille, Sir Adrian W. Maxwell, M. F. Baird, Sir James H. G., M.C. Baird, Capt. Sir David, M.V. O. Baker, LtCol. Sir David, M.V. O. Baker, LtCol. Sir David, M.V. O. Baker, LtCol. Sir Randolf L., Des. O. T. B. Ballosir Charles Arthur K. M.D. Banner, Sir Harmood Har- mood Bannerman, Maj Sir Alexander	1738 1841 1932 1844 1930 1930 1 1622 1901 1611 1933 8 1696 1809 1796 1808 1939 1796 1808 1939 1798 1808 1939 1798 1808 1808 1809	C M G T. D  C M G T. D  Bell, Sir John  Bell, Sir Eastman, M C  Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison-  Bell, Capt, Sir C. W Morrison-  Bell, Mat, Sir Arthur Clve  Morrison.  Bellmgham, Brig -Gen Sir Ed- ward H C P - C M G , D S G  Benn, Sir Ernest J P , C, B L,  Benn, Sir Istrnest J P , C, B L,  Benn, Sir Athur Shirley, K, B, T,  Benn, Sir Athur Shirley, K, B, T,  Benney, Capt, Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M.C,  Berney, Capt, Sir Thos. Reed- ham, M.C,  Berty, Sir James Gomer  Betthrton, RR. Hon, Sir Honry  Bucknall CB, E, M.P.  Beynon, Sir J Wyndlam, CB, E  Biddalub, Sir Theophilus G.  Bigge, Sir L, Amhert Selby,  E.C.B.  Bilsland, Sir A. Steven, M C  Birgham, LtCot. Sir Albert E  Birchenough, Sir J. Henry,	1895 1909 1905 1923 1838 1796 1914 1920 1920 1920 1928 1939 1930 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 194	drew Rouse Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E, C.V.O., C.R.E. 1995 Bowater, Sir T Vansittart, M F Bowden, Sir Harold, O B R Bown E, Faw. Crowther, M C. Bown Sir Harold, O B R Bown, Sir Edw. Crowther, M C. Bown, Sir Alfred L Bowner, Sir Alfred L Bowles, Col Sir Illenry Ferry man, T.D Bowman, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervy) Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Sir George Henry Bowyer, Capt. Sir George E. W., M C., M.F. Boyle, Sir Edward Bradford, Sir Alleyne P. Bradford, Sir Edward M. Bradford, Sir Edward M. Bradford, Sir Edward M. Bradford, Sir Edward M. Bradsery, Maj. Sir Leonard Brickwood, Sir Rubert R. Brickwood, Sir Rubert R. Brickwood, Sir Rubert R. Brickwood, Sir Rubert R. Briscoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton Sirsoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton, 1992 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton, 1992 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton, 1992 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1992 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1992 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1993 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton, 1992 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1994 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1994 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1994 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir John C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir Aubrey Hylton C. 1995 Brissoo, Sir
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				a no contemporary to the second
Brocklebank, Sir Thos. A. L.	188g	Cave, Sir Edward Charles	1896	Couper, Sir Ramsay Geo. Hy. 1841 Courthope, Lt. Col. Sir George
Brocklehurgt, Sir Philip Lee,	_	Cayley, Sir Keneim H. E Cayler, Sir August Bernard T Cayler, Sir Chas. William, x r.	z66z	Courthope, Lt. Col. Bir George
4.h	1002	Cayger Sir Angust Bernard T	1921	Lavel M.V. M.P Ions
Brodie, Sir Benjamin V. S	-8-4	Cayrer Sir Ches William w.	1904	Cowan, Adm. Sir Waiter Henry.
Whethhead Chi Sin Deni D	34	Cayzer, Maj Sir H. Robin, w.r. Chamberlain, Sir Henry H. E. Champneys, Capt. Sir Weldon		K.C.B., M.VO. D.SO zgsz
Bromhead, Col. Sir Benj. P,		Charles of Mr. Robin, 4.F.	1984 1848	Craik, Sir Henry D, k c 1
_ 0.B.,	z806	Chambermin, Sir Henry H. E.	1000	Craik, Sir Henry D, R C 1
Brooke, Sir Richd Christopher	266a	Champneys, Capt. Sir Weldon		Craurure, Sir Chas. W F 1761
Brooke, Sir Arth R. de Capell-	1803	Dairymile-	IQIO	CTIED, SIL PROME MOTTIS 1013
Brooks Cant Sir Beell Ston.	_	Chance, Sir William	1900	Critchett, Sir Geo Montague, "
lake, c s E. M.c.  Brooke, Sir Francis Hugh  Brooke, Sir Robt W., D s.o., M.c.  Brooksbank, Sir Edward C.  Broughton, Maj. Sir Henry J.	1822	Charles, Maj -tien. Sir Richard		Root
Duboka Ola Passula Urrah		Manufactor	- 1	Croft, Sn James Herbert
prooke, Sir Francis rickit	2903	Havelock, o.c.vo, Ec. 1,		Onest Str. Luke III One home
Brooke, Sir Robt W., D s.o., N.C.	1919	м р	z6ag	Croit, Sir John W. Granam 1816
Brooksbank, Sir Edward C	1919	Chaytor, Sir Edmund Hugh	1831	Croft, Lt -Col Sir Henry Page-,
Broughton, Mai. Sir Henry J.		Chetwode, Field-Marshal Sir		C M G , M P 1984
	x66x	Chaytor, Sir Edmund Hugh Chetwode, Field-Marshal Sir Philip W, g.c B, k.c.n c.,	- 1	Crofton, Maj. Sir Morgan G ,
Broun, Sir James Lionel	z 686	D 8 0		D S O iSoz
broun, oir James Monei	4 1000		1700	Crofton, Lt -Col. Sir Malby,
Brown, Sir Melville Richmond	1863	Chetwynd, Sir George Gny	¥795	Crotton, M. Cor. on Manny,
Brown, Sir John Hargrenves	<b>2903</b>	Cheyne, Lt -(bl Bir Joseph L.,		RH.DSO
Brownrigg, Capt Sir Douglas		M.C	1908	
Brownrigg, Cupt Sir Douglas Egremont Robert, c.a., R N. Bruce, Sir Michael W. S. Bruce, Sir Hervey J. W.	1816	Chichester, Hir Edwd. Geo	ZČAZ	Crosheld, Sir Arthur H., o B r 1915
Dwice Sir Wichael W S	1629		2926	Cross, Sir William Coats rozz
Desce Sir Homes I W		Child, Brig. Gen. Sir (Smith)	-4-4	Crossley, Sir Kenneth Irwin . 1909
Bruce, Sir Hervey J. W	1804	Child, BrigGen. Sir (Smith)		Charles No. Charles II I This will 1909
Brunner, Sir Fenx J. M	1895	Hill, c s., c M a., b w o , M v o Chitty, Sir Thos. Hy Willes	x868	Cuffe, Sir Otway F L Wheeler 1 1800
Brunton, Mr Stopford	2908	Chitty, Sir Thos. Hy Willes	1924 1806	Cumming, Maj Sir Alex. P. Gordon, Mc 1804 Cumard, Sir Edward 1856 Cuninghame, Sir Hussey B.
Buchanan, SirGeo. H M. Leith-	¥775	Cholmeley, Sir Hugh J F S Christison, Sir Robt, Alexander	1806	Gordon-, M c 1804
Buchanan, Capt Sir Charles J.	1878	Christison Sir Robt, Alexander	2872	Cunard, Sir Edward 1859
Bnikeley, Sir Richard II.	,-			Chninghame, Sir Hussey R
Williams Lan	2662	Church It Cal Sir Goodhor	1919	Fanile \$ 1630
Williams-, s.c B.		Church, Lt · Col. Sir Geoffrey	1	Fairlie
Bull, Sir Stephen J.	1922	S., w.c.	Igoz	Cuninghame, LtCol Sh Thon.
Builer, Lt. (101 Sir Mervyn E		Clark, Lt -Col Sir J.R Andrew,	. 1	A A Montgomery, n so. szórz Cunliffe, Sir Robt. Neville H 2259
Manningham, w.r	x866	CB . C.M G F.R CB	1883	Cunliffe, Sir Robt. Neville II 1759
	1916		1917	Cunyngham Sir Colin Keith
Bunbary, Sir Charles H N	z68z	Clark, Maj Sir Thomas Clark, Sir Stewart Stewart	z886	Dick- s z669 Cunyughame, Lt. Col. Sir
Bunbury, Sir Mervyn Wm.	1001	Clark Sin Stugget Stawart.	1918	Cunyughame, Lt. Col. Sir
Bunbury, Sir Mervyn Wm.		Clark, Mi Gowal Chowai		Down by a har
Richardson-	1 2787	Clarke, Sir Orme B . c B R Clarke, Sir Rnpert W J	2832	Percy F., o.B.R
Burbidge, Sir Woodman, c. s. s.	1916	Clarke, Sir Knpert W J	1882	Currie, Sir Walter L R 1847
Burdett, Cant. Sir Francis	1610	Clay, Sir George F. N	1841	Curtis, ('apt Sir Roger C M 2794
Burdett, Sir Charles Coventry Burke, Cupt. Sir Gerald Howe	166g	Clayton, Sir Harold Clement, Sir A P Ashburnham-	1732 1661	Curtis, Sir Edgar Francis E 2802
Burke ( Vard Sir Gerald Howe )	1707	Clement Sir A P Ashburnham-	1661	Cuyler, Sir George Hailfax z8z4
Burnett, Maj. tien Sir James	-/9/	Clerk, Sir George James Robert «		Dalrymple, Sir Hew Hamilton 4 2697
Dillinette, May, Arri Thi Camen	1 x 626	Clark a Six Lohn & Languagille	366o	Dali vinile Lt Col Sle krancis
L G , c.s., c M G , D N G Burnett, Id. Col. Sir Leslie	1040	Clerke, Sir John E Longueville Clifford, Sir Charles Lewis	1887	Dahymple, LtCol. Sir Francis Napier Elphinstone-, c B i,
Burnett, 17Cot. Sir Lenie		Custon Mai Charles Lewis		D 4 0
Trew, o B F, T D.	1913	Contes, Maj Sir Edward C., o n z	1911	The large state of the column at 1020
Burney, Com Sir Chas Dennis-		Coates, Nir Frederick G L	zgaz	Dalrymple, Sir Charles M 1887
Burrard, Sir Harry Panl	1981	Coates, Sir Frederick G L Coats, Sir Thomas C Glen	1894	Dalyeli, Sir Jas B Wilkie s z685
Burrard, Sir Harry Paul	1769	Conts, Sir Stuart A	1905	Darell, May. Sir Lionel Edwd
Burrell, Maj Sir M. Raymond,		Cochrane, Sir Ernest C	1903	Н М., р в о 2795
CHE	1774	Cochrane, Sir Stanley	1915	Dashwood, Maj Sir Robert
Burton, Sir Charles Peter	1774 1813		1671	H S 1684
Butler, Maj Sir R Pierce, o. B E.	1628	Codrington, Sir Wm R	1781	Dashwood, Sir John Lindsny. 2707 David, Sir Percival V. D. E. 2922
Dutler His Desireld	1088	Codrington, Sir Christopher	1876	David, Sir Percival V. D. E 1911
Butler, Sir Reginald Bntler, Sir Wm Waters		Coghill, Copt Sir Marmaduke	0	Davie, Maj Sir W Ferguson- 1847
Butler, Sir Will Waters	1986	Color Ma Howboat D and	1778	
Butt, Sir Alfred, M P.	1929	Cohen, Sir Herbert B., o B 1	1905 1888	Davson, Sir Edward Rue 1927
Duzzuru, bir muwu ranjumar,		Collet, Sir Mark Edhnann	1988	Dawson, Lt Com Sir Hugh
Buxton, Sir T. Fowell	1989	Colleton, BrigGen.Sir Robert		_ Trevor 1920
Buxton, Sir T. Fowell	1840	A W , c B. Colman, Sir Jeremiah	1661	Dawson, Sir Benjamin 1929
Byass, May Sir Geoffrey R. S.	1926	Colman, Sir Jeremiah	2907	De Bathe, Sir Hugo Gerald zšoz ;
Caird, Sir James	zoas	Colquhoun, Lt. Col Sir lain,		Debenham, Sir Ernest Ridley 2021
Calthorpe, Capt. Sir Fitzroy	- ,	D 5 0	1786	DeCrespigny, Sir C Champion- 1805
II Austration Court	1020	Colt, Lt -Com. Sir Henry A ,	-,	Douley Sir Harry M Mullulus
H. Austruther-Gough	1929		-6	DeCrespigny, Sh. C.Champion- Decley, Sir Harry M. Mallaby- De Hoghton, Maj. Sir James,
Cameron, Sir John	1993	D S O , M C.	<b>1694</b>	Do Hogawii, may ou maines,
Cameron, Sir John Campbell, Capt. Sir Chas. Ralph	s 1626	Colthurst, Sir George Oliver 1	<b>2744</b>	CBE
Unmphell, Lt. Col. Str J. Bruce		Congreve, LtCom Sir Geoffrey		De la Rue, Sn Evelyn Andres 1898
S. p.s.o. (Bar)	5 1804	Cook, Sir Herbert Frederick	1927 1886	Denny, Rev Sir Henry L L. 1 2782
Campbell, Sir John Hume	8 z665	Cook, Slr Herbert Frederick	z886	Denny, Sir Archibald 1013
Campbell, Sir John Alex. C.	8 1668	Cooke, Sir Wm. H. C W	1661	Dering, Sir Anthony, v.C 1027
Campbell, Sir Archibald S L.	zBoS	Cooke, Sir Clement Kinloch-,		de Sansmerez, Sir Havilland Walter
Campbell Mai Sie Gue C	1815	K H K.	1926	Walter zg#8
Campbell, Maj Sir Guy C Campbell, Sir A T Cockburn-	1831	Cooper, Sir Chas. N. P. Paston-	1891	Des Voux, Sir Fredk Hy A. 1 1787
Ommehall Car A I Cockourn.	1021	Cooper Sin William C Tre-4-1	1861	Des Voux, Sir Fredk Hy A. 1 2787 De Trafford, Capt. Sir Hum-
		Cooper, Sir William G Daniel Cooper, Sir George Alex		whose Edmind
Andrewes Ava, M.C	1831	Cooper, Mr George Alex	2905	phrey Edmund, M.c z84z
Campbell, Capt. Sir Kric F. D.	1831	Cooper, Sir Richard Ashmole	1905	Devitt, Sir Philip H 2932
Andrewes Ava, w.o	1 1787	Coote, Sir Ralph Algernon	zčaz	Devitt, Sir Thos. Gordon 1916
Carden. Man Sirrieuk. n. w.	1887	Cope, Sir Denzil	1611	Dewey, Rev. Sir Stabley Daws 2017
Chrow Sir Henry Palk	z66z	Cope, Sir Denzil		D'Eyncourt, Sir Eustace
Carew, Sir Henry Palk Cargill, Sir John Traill	1980	George ava nso	1918	Henry William Tennyson-,
Onelia Cin F Tildand	1917	Cone Mai Sir William was	1028	K.L.B., F.R.S
Carlile, Sir E. Hildred, c.s.z.		George, c M.G., D S O Cope, Maj. Sir William, T.D Corbet, Sir Gerald Vincent	1808	Dilke, Sir Fisher Wentworth 1862
Carlile, Sir Wm Walter, o. s r. Carmichael, Sir Eardiey C W.	x9#8	Contrat Cin Flore F C A-tion	-800	Tillon Sir Dobout Wen C
Carmichael, Bir Kardiey C W.		COPDELL MIT FIRM IN (1 ANDIOY-	1631	Dillon, Sir Robert Wm. C z8oz
(+) bson-(2001g	1708	Cornewall, Sir Geoffrey Cornwall, Rt Hon Sir Edwin A.		Dimsdale, Sir John Holdsworth 1902
Carnac, Sir HenryG. C. Rivett-	-0-6	Cornwall, Rt Hon Sir Edwin A.	<b>2918</b>	Dixie, Sir George Douglas z660
Carnac, Sir HenryG. C. Rivett- Cassel, Sir Felix, s.c.	1000	Corry, Sir James P. I. M	x885	Dixon, Sir John 1916
Catto, Sir Thomas S., c.s.z	IOPX	Corry, Sir James P. I. M Cory, Sir Clifford John	1907	Dixon, Sir Thomas James 2003
Cautley, Sir Hy. Strother, s.c.	- ,	Corv. Sir Herbert G D	1919	Dodsworth, Sir Claude M
T. P	7004	Cotter, Sir Delaval J. A.	1763	Smith 1984
Cave, Sir Edward Lambert	- 9-4	Cory, Sir Herbert G D Cotter, Sir Delaval J. A	1804	Domvile, Sir Compton M zilzs
Chro Boome	-4	Cotte Sir W C Mitchell-		Domville, Sir Gerald Guy 2824
Cave-Browne-		,	-4-1	

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Donner, Sir Edward 2907	Ffolkes, Rev.Sir Francis A S,	Granam, May, Sir Keginaid, M.S.O. 1000
Durman Sir Redford I. o s s. 1022	M.V.O 2774	Graham, Maj. Sir Reginald, n. s. o. 166a Graham, Sir Fredk Fergus, n. p. 1783 Graham, Sir John Frdk. Noble 1906
Douglas, Sir James Stewart 1777 Louglas, Sir George Brisbane 1786 Douglas, Sir Kenneth 1831	Figures, Maj. Hon Sir Eustace 1916	Graham Sir John Freik Noble good
Liguagian, our sautes nounair 1777	Findlay, Sir John E Ritchie Firth, Sir Algernon Freeman Fison, Sir Francis G., N. c	Tallalli, bil boult Flux. House 1900
Douglas, Sir George Brisbane 1786	Findlay, Sir John E Ritchie 1925	Grant, Sir Ludovic James s z688
Douglas, Sir Kenneth z83z	Firth, Sir Algernon Freeman 1909	Grant, Sir Arthur L 2705 Grant, Sir George Macpherson 2838
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Doyle, Col. Sir Arthur H. J. 1828 D'Oyly, Sir Hastings Hudley 1663	Fison, Sir Francis G., Mc 2905	Grant, Sir George Macpherson- 2838
D'Oyly, Sir Hastings Hadley 1663	Fitzgerald, Sir John J z903	Grant, Sir Alexander 1984
Dayly, on Manual By Lindson	Ella Com M. Clant Clan Manual as	Own Str William
Drughorn, Sir John Frederick 1988	ritzgeraid, Capt. Sir Manrice	Gray, Sir William 1927
Drummond, Sir James H.	(Knight of Kerry), M.C x880	Grayson, Sir Henry Mulleneux,
Service And	Filhart and Glant I am No.	
Williams z8z6	FitzHerbert, Sir Hugo M 2783	K.B.E 1988
Dryden, Sir Arthur 1733	Flannery, Sir J. Fortesche 2904	Green, Sir Edward Lycett 2886
D. J. A. Ct. 73.	Manulla Min Toonsh Wanton	Coner, Mat Sin Descrip Hands seen
Duckworth, Sir Edward Dyce 1900	Flavelle, Sir Joseph Wesley 1917	Green, Maj Sir Francis Haydn 1901
Du Cros, Sir Arthur Philip 1916	Flannery, Sir J. Fortesche 2904 Flavelle, Sir Joseph Wesley 1927 Fletcher, Sir Lancelot Aubrey 2782	Greenaway, Sir Percy W 1933
Duly City Towns	Floyd, Sir Henry R. K 2826	Greene Lt Cal Cin Downand
Duke, Sir James z849	rioyu, all fielity fo. K 1010	Greene, LtCol Sir Raymond,
Dunbar, Sir James G H R 8 2694	Forbes (see Note, p 220) 5 162t Forbes. Sir John Stewart 1823	D.S.O 2900
Dirbon Cin C A Description of a scot	Forher Sir John Stownet	Greenwell, Maj Sir Bernard E. 1906
Dunbar, Sir G A Drummond s 1698	Forbes. Sir John Stewart z823	Graciimen' wat in Derman Tr. 1000
Dunbar, Sir Archibald E . M.C 8 1700	Ford, Sir Francis C R. 2793 Ford Sir Patrick J., ur 2929	Gregory, Sir Richard Arman 2932
Dunban Mal Stu Clas Duff	Ford Sir Patrick T was seen	Gresley, Sir Robert zázz
Dunbar, Sir Archibald E , M.C 8 1700 Dunbar, Maj Sir Geo. Duff-	Ford Sir Patrick J., Mr 1929	
Sutheriand h x700	Forwood, LtCol. Sir Dudley	Grey, Sir John Foley 2722
Dunbar, Sir Fredk. Geo z8z4	Baines, c.m.c. 1895	
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Dunbar, Maj. Sir C Dunbar	Baines, c.m.c. 1895 Foster, Sir Augustus Vere 1832 Foster, Col. Sin Way Verbo	Grey, Sir Charles George 1814
Hope z664	Foster, Col. Sir Wm Yorke,	Griffith, Sir Ellis A. Ellis 1918
Duncan, Sir Charles E O zoos	С и. к	Griffiths, Sir Peter Norton 1988
Duncombe, Maj.Sir E. Paunce-	Foster, Sir Thomas S. 1930 Foulis, Sir Charles Jas Liston s 1634	Grove, Sir Gerald z874
fort-, p.s.o	Foulta Cin Charles Ton Tieton ander	Guinness, Sir Algrn A. St.
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Duncombe, Sir George Aug 2929	Fowke, Sir Fredk. F Conant 1814	L. L
Dundas, Sir George W Melville zsaz	Fox, Sir Gifford Wheaton, M P. zone	Guise, Sir Anselm William E. 2783
Duncombe, Sir George Aug . 2929 Dundas, Sir George W Melville 2822	TOA, I'M GIMOIG IT HORIDON, M P. 1984	
Dundas, Sir Philip z898	Frank, Sir Howard F 2920	Gull, Sir Richard Cameron 1873
Dunlop, Sir Thomas, g. B. E zoz6	Frank, Sir Howard F 2920 Frankland, Sir Fredk. W. F. G. 2660	Gunning, Brig -Gen.SirCharles
	Property Mark Clark Trainly	Transpiror of control one ion
Dunn, Sir John Henry 2927	Fraser, Maj. Sir Keith A 1800	Vere, c.s., c.m.c. 2778 Gunter, Sir Ronald Vernon 2902
Dunn, Sir James Hamet zgaz	Fraser, Sir John Malcolm,	Gunter, Sir Ronald Vernon zooz
Same all City 13		71 38-13 CH-DA4 AAA-44
Dunnell, Sir Francis, R.c R 1921	G.R.E	Hadfield, Sir Rbt Abbott, 1. H.S. 2927
Dunning, Sir Leonard 1930	Freake, Sir Frederick C. M 1882	Haggerston, Sir Hugh C de M 2643
Thintee Min Cannon Puelar	Frederick, Capt. Sir Charles E.	Hall, Maj Sir Dougias B. D.s o. 2020
Dunning, Sir Francis, R.C. 1932 Dunning, Sir Leonard 1930 Duntzo, Sir George Puxley 1774 Dupree, Sir William 2932 Durand, Sir Edward P M 2892 Durand, Sir Edward P M 2892		
Dupree, Sir William zoaz	St J., o B E	Hall, Sir Martin J., o. B.E 8 x687
Durand, Sir Edward P M z892	Brushing Sir Charles Edward	Hall, Sir Fredk. Henry 1983
Durante, the section of the co.	Processes, on Charles Manua	77.1
	Luard 2828	Halsey, LtCol Sir Walter J.,
Dver. Sir John L. Swinnerton z6-8	Fry, Sir John Pense 1894	0.11.12
Dyke, Sir Oliver H A. Hart 1677	Por Oir Canffron Storms on	Hambling Su Guy
Dyke, Sir Oliver H. A. Hart 1677	Fry, Sir Geoffrey Storrs, c.m.,	riamoning, on one 1984
Earle, Lt Col. Sir Henry,	CVO	Hamilton, Mai Sir Robt. C s x646
D 8 0 x869	Fuller, Sir Gerard Fleetwood 1920	Hamilton Sir Wm Streling, a sage
Manalia Cha Transla All	Manager Clark Control Lynn	The Han Che Chee Blanch
Ebrahim, Sir Hussein Ali Currimbhoy 2920	Furness, Sir Christopher 2923	Hallsoy, J.ICol. Sir Walter, J., o. B.E
Currimbhoy 1910	Gailwey, Maj. Sir John Payne 2822 Gamble, Sir David 2897 Ganzoni, Capt. Sir F. John C.,	Archibald Watkins 1776 and 1810
Poblin Gir Norman D. F.	Comble Sin Dorld	Hammiels Sin Garren Fredly
Echlin, Sir Norman D F 1 2722	Gamble, Sir David 1897	Hammick, Sir George Fredk. 1834
Eckstein, Sir Bernard xozo	Ganzoni, Capt. Sir F. John C.,	Hampson, Sir George F 1648
Eckstein, Sir Bernard 2020 Eden, Sir Timothy Calvert 2072	W 70	Hanham Sie John Ludlow -666
Eden, Sir Timothy Calvert 1672	M.P 1929	Hanner, Sir G. Wyndham 2774 Hansen, Sir Sven Wohlford 2922 Hanson, Sir Charles E. B 2928
Edgar, Sir Edward Mackay 2920	Garthwaite, Sir William 1919	Hanmer, Sir G. Wyndham 1774
Edmonstone, Sir Archibuld	Garthwaite, Sir William 1919 Geary, Sir William N. M. 1782	Hansen, Sir Sven Wohlford zozz
	Cothin Out Sin Divisord W	Hanson Six Charles W D
C.V 0	Gethin, Col Sir Richard W.	Hanson, Sir Charles E. B zgz8
Edwards, Sir John H. P C z966	St L, c M G D. S.O	Hunson, Capt. Sir Grid Stan-
Edwards, Sir John Clive L zouz	Gibbes Sir Philip A Ochorne. seed	hope
13 Wat day, Sit Would Conto At	Gibbes, Sir Philip A Osborne- 2774	TT - 1 Cl - (1 1 - 13 1
Edwards, Sir John Clive L. 1941 Egerton, Sir Philip H B. Grey-2627 Eley. Sir Frederick 1942	Gibbons, Sir Alex. Doran 1758	Hardinge, Sir Charles Edmund zaoz
Eley, Sir Frederick zgaz	Gibson, Sir Kenneth Lloyd zgs6	Hardy, Sir Reginald z876
When the Whend	Oliver Sin Markett	Hare, Sir Ralph 1818
Elgar, Sir Edward, ou,	Gibson, Sir Herbert, K.B.R 1931	
@ C.\ O 1931	Gilbey, Sir H Walter 1893	Hare, Sir Thomas Leigh, M.v.o. 1905
Eliott, Sir Gilbert A Boswell a z666	Gilbey, Sir H Walter 1893 Gilmour, Col. Rt. Hon. Sir	Harington, Sir Richard D z6zz
	dillion, con its iton bit	Transmit our tribles i
Ellerman, Sir John Reeves 1905	John, D s o., M.P 1897	Harmsworth, Sir Hildebrand
Elliott, Sir Ivo d'Oyly 1927	Gilmour, Brig. Gen Sir Robert	Alfred B zoss
Tille Cir D Ci di	C-1-	
Elliott, Sir Ivo d'Oyly 1927 Ellis, Sir R Geoffrey, M P 1938 Elphinstone, Sir A. Logie 8 2701	Gordon, c.s., c.v.o., p.s.o zgs6	Harmsworth, Sir Leicester 1918
Elphinstone, Sir A. Logie s z7oz	Gladstone, Sir John Evelyn z846	Harris, Sir Percy Alfred, M.P. 1938
Elphinstone, Sir Howard G z8z6	Gordon, (.a., c.v.o., p.s o zga6 Gladstone, Sir John Evelyn zga6 Glover, Sir Ernest William zga0	
THE COLUMN ASSET	Class Class Andrew D. Land	
Elton, Sir Ambrose	Glyn, Sir Arthur Robert 1750	Harrison, Sir John 1988
Erskine SirThos W H.J., D s o. 1821	Glyn, Capt. Sir Richard F.,	Hart, Sir Bruce 1893
Esplen, Sir Wm. Graham 2925 Evans, Sir Wm. S Worthington 2926		Hartopp, Sir Fredk. Cradock . 2796 Hartwell, Sir Brodrick C. D A. 2805
Temonde, our river in a I read	D.S O zBoo	Hartopp, Sir Fredk. Cradock . 2796
Esplen, Sir Wn: Graham zgar	Godfrey, Sir John Krnest 1 2785 Goff, Sir Ernest Wm Davis 2905	Hartwell, Sir Brodrick C. D A. 1805
Evans, SirWm, S Worthington- 1916	Goff, Sir Ernest Wm Davis 1905	Harty, Sir Lionel Lockington 1831
Manager Charles of de Charles	Caldana Claritan di Tranti	IT Cl- (Theal 1) I D
Evans, Sir Murland de Grasse zoos	Goldney, Sir Fredk. Hastings z880	Harvey, Sir Charles R L. E 1868
Evans, Sir Walter Harry zoso	Gooch, Sir Robert Douglas . z866	Harvey, Sir Ernest Musgrave,
Evans, Sir Evan Gwynne 1913	Gooch, Sir Thos Vere S 2746	K.B.E
Everard, Sir Nugent Henry zgzz		Hawkins, Sir John S. Cesar 2778
Every, Maj. Sir Edwd Oswald 2642	Goodson, Sir Alfred Lassam zgan	Hawley Sir David Henry
Ewart, Sir Robert Heard z887	Goold (see Note, p. 200) z8oz	Haworth, Sir Arthur A 2912
Ewing, BrigGen. Sir Norman Archd. Orr-, p s o 2886		
Archd. Orr-, p s o zane	Gordon Sir Robert Chee	Hay, Sir Arthur Thomas Erroll s 1663 Hay, Sir William Henry 8 2703
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kanna mir John Harry Lea - 1864	Gordon, Sit Henry Win. Duff- 1813	Hay, Sir William Henry # 2702
Fairbairn, Sir William Albert 1860	Gordon, Sir Lionel E Smith- z8:26	Hay, Sir Charles John Dal-
Wallelman Oly Money or 17 D		
Fairbairn, Sir William Albert. 1869 Falkiner, Sir Terence E. P. 12778 Falle, Maj. Sir Bertram	Gore, Sir Ralph St George C. 1 z622	rymple-, c v.o 1798
Falle. Maj. Sir Bertram	Goring, Sir Forster Gurney 2600	Hazlerigg, Sir Arthur Grey zons
Godfray, M P		
Godfray, M P 1916	Goschen, Sir Edward Christian 1916	Head, Sir Fras. D. Somerville 1838
Farquhar, Sir Peter Walter . 1796 Farrington, Sir Henry A 1818	Goschen, Sir Harry Wm. H.N.,	Healey, Sir Gerald E. C. Chad-
		wyck. CRR
Warman Te Alai Ola Tan	Contains of Williams + 1	
Fayrer, Lt. Col. Sir Jos., c m.r. 1896	Goulding, Sir William L. A zgo4	Heath, Sir James zgo4
Feilden, Sir William Henry 1846	Graaff, Sir de Villiers 1911	Heathcote, LtCol. Sir Gil-
		bert R.
Ferguson, Sir Edwd. Johnson- 2906	Grace, Sir Valentine R 1795	
Fergusson, Gen. Sir Charles		Heaton, Sir John Henniker . 1955
	Greene, Sir Egeron, Hood	
ACR. G.C.M.G., D.S.G. M.VO	Græme, Sir Egerton Hood	Hennessy Mai Sir Ganera R.
C.C B., G.U.M.G., D.S.G., M.V.O. S 1701	Murray Hamond 1763	Hennessy, Maj Sir George R
e.c B , G.C.M.G., D.S.G., M.Y.O. S 2703 Fergusson, Sir Thos. C. Colyer- 2866	Murray Hamond 2763 Graham, Sir Montrose Stuart - 1669	Hennessy, Maj Sir George R

Henniker, Maj. Sir Robert		
	Tames Cla Staffand	Talabian Cir Dichard M
House, May. Die 1000014	Jerningnam, Sir Stafford	Leighton, Sir Richard T 1693 Leith, LtCol. Sir Alex , n.o. xg19
J. A., M.C. 1813 Henry, Sir James H. 1922	Henry Wm roar	Leith. Lt. Col. Sir Alex , M.o. 1919
Henry, Sir James H 1921	Jervis, Col Sir John Henry	Leith, Sir Robert Ian A.
Hepburn, Sir John K. T.	Jervis-White 1 1797	
Ruchan. rave	Jessel, Sir Goorge, M.C 1883	Le Marchant, BrigGen. Sir
	Johnson Ma D Gordon	Edward Thomas
Herschel, Rev. Sir John C. W. 1836	Johnson, Sir E. Gordon 1755	Edward Thomas, c.s.r z842
Hesketh, Sir Thomas Fermor- 1701	Johnson, Brug Gen. Sir Hy.	Lennard, Sir Richard F.
Hesketh, Sir Thomas Fermor- 1761 Hewett, Sir Harald G. 1813	A W, c.B 1818	Barrett zeoz
		Lennard Sir Stenhen A H F.
Heygate, Sir Frederick G 1831	Johnstone Mr Clos Frede T T a see	Leon Sir Goorge Edward -
TT- Cal Cin Conham	Touristone, on Geo. Frede 1 2.8 1700	Leon, Sir George Edward
Heywood, Lt. Cot. Sir Gramani	Johnstone, Sir Geo. Frede T T.s 1700 Jones, Sir Lawrence J 1831	Leon, Sir George Edward zpri Leslie, WingCom. Sir Norman
Heygate, Sir Frederick G. 1831 Heywood, LtCol. Sir Graham Percival, p.s.o. 1838	Jones Sir Evan Davies vorz	R. A D., c. M.G., C.B.E 8 z6a5
Hicking, Sir William Norton 1917	Jones, Sir Frederick John . 1919 Jones, Sir John Prichard . 1910	Leslie, LtCol. Sir John 1876
Hickman, Maj. Sir Alfred	Jones, Sir John Prichard 1919	Lethbridge, Capt Sir Wroth 1804
		Famou Minffunctions T D
Edward 1903	Jones, Sir Arthur P Probyn- 1926	Lever, Sir Tresham J. P 1922 Lever, Sir S. Hardman, k.c.s. 1926 Levinge, Sir Richard V. H 1 2704 Levy, Sir Ewart Maurice 1913
Hill, Sir A. Norman 1919	Jones, Capt. Sir Pryce Victor	Lever, Sir S Hardman, k c.s. 1926
Hill, Sir Geo. Rowley 1 1779	Pryce 1918	Levinge, Sir Richard V H 1 1704
Hill, Sir James 1917	Kaye, Sir Honry Gordon 1923	Levy, Sir Ewart Maurice 1013
Hirst, Sir Hugo 1985	Kaye, Sir Kenelin A. Lister- 1812	Lowis, Sir George James E 1903
Hoare, Sir Edward O'B 1 176	Koon Med Vin Lubra and and	Lowis, Sir Duncan Orr 1920
Hoare, Sir Edward O'B 1 1764	Keane, Maj. Sir John, D s o z8oz Kellett, Sir Henry de Castres . z8oz	Lewis, Sir Duncan Orr 1920
Hoare, Sir Henry H. A 1760	Kellett, Sir Henry de Castres. zBoz	Lewthwaite, Sir William A 1927
Hoare, Rt. Hon. Sir Samuel	Kemp, Col. Sir Kenneth H.,	Ley, Sir Henry Gordon zgoż
J. G., G.B.E., C.M.G., M.P 1899	C.B.E 1642	Leyland, Sir A. E H Naylor 1805
Hobart. Lt. Col. Sir Claud	Kennard, Sir Coleridge A. F., 1891	Ley, Sir Henry Gordon
Vara Cavandish	Kannaway Cant Stu Tohn	Lithmon Lt Col Sin Ton
Vere Cavendish, n.s.o ,o s.k 1914	Kennaway, ('apt. Sir John 1791	Inthgow, LtCot oir Jas., Mt. 1086
Hobhouse, Rt. Hon. Sir	Kennedy, Sir John K B 1836	Liewelyn, Sir Charles L.
Charles Edward Honry 1811	Reyes, Aum. of the First, Sir	Dillwyn-Venables 3890
Hobhouse, Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Edward Honry 1818 Hodge, Sir Rowland F. W. 1921	Roger J. B., G.C.B., & C.V.O.,	Llewellyn, Sir David Richard 2022
Hodson, Maj. Sir Edmond	C.M.G., D.S.O	Lockhart, Sir Graeme Dungan
	Kimber, Sir Henry Dixon r919	Lockhart, Sir Graeme Duncan Power Sinclair
Adair, p.s.o	Kimber, Sir Henry Dixon 1904	Power Sinclair 8 1636
Hogg, Sir Auth. Hy. Lindary. 1905	Kinahan, Sir Edward H.	Locock, Sir Charles Bird 1857
Holcroft, Sir Goo. Harry 1921	Hudson 1887	Loder, Sir Giles Rolls 1887
Holden Sir Harry Cassie 1000	King, Capt. Sir Geo. Hy J.	Longman, Sir Hubert Harry . 2009
Holden, Sir George 1919 Holder, Sir Henry Charles 1898 Holderness, Sir Ernest William	Duckworth 1798	Fower Sincilar
Holden Sin Henry Cherles	Vive Sin Clauses Adolphus	LATING Dt Hon Sin Donner
Holder, Sir Henry Charles 1898	King, Sir George Adolphus . 1815	Loraine, at non. Sir Percy
Holderness, Sir Ernest William	in the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of th	
Kimsiia rose	King, Sir H Seymour, K.c I.K 1938	Louis, Sir Charles 1806
Holland, Sir R. Sothern 1917 Hollins, Sir Arthur Meyrick 1907	Kinloch, Brig Gen. Sir David	Low, Sir Walter John Morrison- 2008
Hollins, Sir Arthur Meyrick 1907	A N . M V.O	Lowe, Sir Francis Gordon 1918
Half Con Velerand	Wind a transfer of	Lowther, LtCol. Sir Chas. B
Holt, Sir Edward 1916	Kinioch, Sir George, o.R.E 1873	Lowener, LtCot. Sir Chas. D.
Home, Sir John 8 1071	Kirkpatrick, Sir Chas. S s 1685	D.8.0 z8ag
Honywood, Sir Courtenay John 1666 Hood, Sir Harold Joseph 1992	Klainwort, Sir Alex, Drake	Lucas, Sir Edward Lingard . 1887
Hood, Sir Harold Joseph 1921	Knightley, Rev. Sir Henry F 1798 Kuill, Sir John	Lucy, Mai Sir H W Cameron.
Hope, Sir Archibald Philip s x626	Knill, Sir John 1893	Ramsay-Fairfay 1836
	Unatt Vin Torner	Tuchington Mai Cin Anthun
Hope, Sir Harry	Knott, Sir James	Lushington, Maj. Sir Arthur
Hopkins, Sir John Wells W 1929	Knowles, Sir Francis Howe S. 2765	P D 1791
Horlick, Sir Ernest Burford 1914	Lacon, LtCol.Sir George H U.,	
		Lyle, Sir Alex Park 3920
Hornby, Sir Henry R 1800		Lyle, Sir Alex Park sgaq Lyle, Sir C. E. Leonard rozz
Hornby, Sir Henry R 1899		Lyle, Sir Alex Park 1929 Lyle, Sir C. E. Leonard 1932 Macalister, Sir Dopald, K. C. 20
Horne, Sir Win, Edgar rose	Lacy, Sir Pierce	Lvie, Sir C. E. Leonard 1932 Macalister, Sir Donald, K c s.,
HOTSTAIL SIT JOHN DOUBLG 1000	Lacy, Sir Pierce	
HOTSTAIL SIT JOHN DOUBLG 1000	Lacy, Sir Pierce	
Hort, Sir Arthur Fonton	D 5.0. 1818 Lacy, Sir Pierce 1931 Lake, Capt. Sir Atwell H, 0 B.E., R N 2711 Lakin, Sir Richard 1999	McAlpine, Sir Robert 1918
Horafall, Sir John Dollaid . 1906 Hort, Sir Arthur Fonton . 1767 Hoskyns, Sir Clement E., Mc 1676 Houldsworth, Sir Henry H. 1887	D S.O.   1818   Lacy, Sir Flerce   1921   Lake, Capt. Sir Atwell H,   O S.E., R N   1712   Lakin, Sir Richard   1702   Lanib, Sir Charles Archibald   1795	McAlpine, Sir Robert 1918
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Horsial, Sir John Bolliad.  Hort, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Horkyns, Sir Clement E., N. c.  Houldsworth, Sir Honry H  Hoyle, LtCot. Sir Emmanuel,  New York, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hulton, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hulton, Sir Win. Rothwell  Hunter, Sir Win B Hughes- Hutchison, Sir Eric A. O.  Hyde, Sir Charles, O. N. E.  logilby, LtCot. Sir William H.  1869	D 5.0.  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Atwell  Lacy, Sir Atwell  Lacy, Sir Atwell  Lacy, Sir Atwell  Lacy, Sir Atwell  Lacy, Sir Charles Archibadd  Lambart, Sir Oliver F.  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lampson, Sir Curtis G  Laute, Sir W. Arbuthnot, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lacy, Lac	McAlpine, Sir Robert 1958 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macdonald, Sir Joseph. Mr. 1950 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., M.B. 1952 MoFarland, Sir Basil A. T. 1954 MacGregor, Commod Sir Malcolla, c., c. M.a., R. M. 1952 Micgregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC 2888 Moffarland, Sir Basil A. T. 1954 MacGregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC 2888 Moffaryor (see Note, p. 288) 1831 Mackonzie, Sir Arthur G. R. 1857 Mackenzie, Sir Hetor D., Mr. 28793 Mackenzie, Sir Hetor D., Mr. 28793
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Horsial, Sir John Bollaid.  Hort, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Horksyns, Sir Clement E., ac. 270 Houldsworth, Sir Henry H  Hoyle, LtCot. Sir Emmanuel,  Sir Henry H  Hughes, Sir Regnald J  Hughes, Sir Regnald J  Hughes, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hulton, Sir Win B Hughes- Hutchison, Sir Eric A. O  Hyde, Sir Charles, o  Ingriny, LtCot. Sir William H  Sir Harbert  Sir Harbert  Sir Horbert  Sir Horbert  Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir Horbert  Signams, Sir	D 5.0.  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Atwell  Lacy, Sir Atwell  Lacy, Sir Atwell  Lacy, Sir Atwell  Lacy, Sir Richard  Lacy, Sir Charles Archibadd  Lauc, Sir Norman  Launpson, Sir Curtis G  Lauc, Sir W. Arbuthnot, Lacy,  Laungman, Sir H. Charles A  Laugmann, Maj. Sir Archibadd  Laugmann, Maj. Sir Archibadd  Laugmann, Maj. Sir Archibadd  Laugmann, Sir Herbert Paul, M.F.  Lata, Sir John  Lata, Sir John  Lata, Sir John  Lata, Sir John  Lata, Sir George Wm. D  Dick  Lawrence, Sir Alexander W  Lawrence, Sir Alexander W  Lawrence, Sir Alexander W  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Mun. M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Won, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Won, W. Rouer.	McAlpine, Sir Robert 1958 Macaras, Sir Charles, D. 1911 Macarboy, Nil William Isaac 1 1799 Macdonald, Sir Joseph, Mr. 1900 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., 100 McGarland, Sir Baill A. T. 1914 MacGregor, Commod Sir Mal- colin, C. M. 18 M. McGregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC 258 McGregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC 258 McGregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC 258 McGregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC 258 McGregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC 258 McGregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC 258 McGregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC 258 McGenzie, Sir Arthur G. R. 1893 Mackenzie, Sir Labort H. Muir 1803 Mackenzie, Sir Labort H. Muir 1803 Mackenzie, Col. Sir Victor Audley Falconer, D. 19, 18, 18, 11 Mackenzie, Col. Sir Victor Audley Falconer, D. 19, 18, 18, 11 Mackenzie, Col. Sir Sir Kun- phrey
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Horajal, Sir John Bollad.  Hork, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Hork, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Horkwis, Sir Clement E., M. c.  Houldsworth, Sir Honry H.  Hoyle, LtCot. Sir Emmanuel,  New Hulton, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hulton, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hulton, Sir Win B Hughes- Hutchison, Sir Eric A. O.  Hyde, Sir Charles, O. B.  Logilly, LtCot. Sir William H.  Lingram, Sir Charles, O. B.  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir James Bourchier  Lingram, Sir James Bourchier  Lingram, Sir James Bourchier  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Lingram, Sir Hugh N.  Lingram, Sir Kir Hugh N.  Lingram, Sir William Edmund  Laffrey, Sir Thomas	D S.O.  Lacy, Sir Pierco  Lacy, Sir Pierco  Lacy, Sir Pierco  Lacy, Sir Pierco  D R S. R. R N  1711  Lakini, Sir Richard  Lamb, Sir Charles Archibald  Lamb, Sir Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Arbuthnot, 293  Langhani, Sir H. Charles A.  1866  Laugnan, Maj. Sir Archibald  1, c. v.a.  Latoni, Maj. Sir Thomas Porceval, b.s.o.  Latham, Sir Herbutca Robbt  Latham, Sir Herbutca Robbt  Latham, Sir Horouse Robbt  Latham, Sir Horouse Robbt  Latham, Sir Horouse Robbt  Lauder, Sir George Wm. D  Dick  Lawrence, Sir George Wm. D  Lauro, Sir Wilfrid E.  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid E.  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid E.  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  G C.L. R., G.V. C., C.R.  1896  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  1842	McAlpine, Sir Robert 1958 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 MacCarnell, Sir Joseph. Mr. 1950 MacConnell, Sir Joseph. Mr. 1950 MacConnell, Sir Joseph. Mr. 1950 MacGaraeld, Sir Godfrey M., M.B.F. 1950 MacGaraeld, Sir Basil A. T. 1954 MacGregor, Commod Sir Malcoln, C., C.M.G., N. N. 1795 MacGregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC. 1881 MacKenzie, Sir Arthur G. R. 1872 MacKenzie, Sir Harthur G. R. 1872 MacKenzie, Sir Harthur G. R. 1872 MacKenzie, Sir Harthur G. M. 1872 MacKenzie, Sir Harthur G. M. 1872 MacKenzie, Sir Harthur G. M. 1884 MacKenzie, Sir Harthur G. M. 1884 MacKenzie, Sir Harthur G. Mr. 1885 MacKenzie, Sir Harthur G. Mr. 1984 MacKenzie, Sir John M. 1984 McLeod, Sir Charles Campbell MacHure, Col. Sir John E. S. 1898 McMahon, L. Col. Sir Kuller
Horajai, Sir John Bollaid.  Hort, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Hork, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Horkwins, Sir Clement E., Mc.  Houldsworth, Sir Henry H.  Hoyle, LtCot. Sir Emmanuel,  O. H.E.  Hughes, Sir Regnald J.  Hughes, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hulton, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hulton, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hulton, Sir Win B Hughes- Hunter, Sir Win B Hughes- Hutchison, Sir Eric A. O.  Hyde, Sir Charles, O. B.  Logram, Sir Horbert  Innes, Sir James Bourchler  Isham, Capt. Sir Vore  Isham, Capt. Sir Vore  Isham, Capt. Sir Vore  Isham, Capt. Sir Vore  Jackson, Sir Robt. Montrosor  Jackson, Sir Robt. Montrosor  Jackson, Sir Robt. Montrosor  Jackson, Sir Robt. Montrosor  Jackson, Sir Robt. Montrosor  Jackson, Sir Robt. Montrosor  Jackson, Sir Robt. Montrosor  Jackson, Sir Robt. Montrosor  Jackson, Sir Robt. Montrosor  Jackson, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir Gavin E.	D S.O.  Lacy, Sir Pierco  Lacy, Sir Pierco  Lacy, Sir Pierco  Lacy, Sir Pierco  D R S. R. R N  1711  Lakini, Sir Richard  Lamb, Sir Charles Archibald  Lamb, Sir Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Arbuthnot, 293  Langhani, Sir H. Charles A.  1866  Laugnan, Maj. Sir Archibald  1, c. v.a.  Latoni, Maj. Sir Thomas Porceval, b.s.o.  Latham, Sir Herbutca Robbt  Latham, Sir Herbutca Robbt  Latham, Sir Horouse Robbt  Latham, Sir Horouse Robbt  Latham, Sir Horouse Robbt  Lauder, Sir George Wm. D  Dick  Lawrence, Sir George Wm. D  Lauro, Sir Wilfrid E.  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid E.  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid E.  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  G C.L. R., G.V. C., C.R.  1896  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  1842	McAlpine, Sir Robert 1958 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macdonald, Sir William Isaac 1 1779 McConnoll, Sir Joseph. M. 1700 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., 1852 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., 1852 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., 1852 MacGragor, Commod Sir Malcolla, C., C.M.G., 185. MacGragor, Sir Cyril P MacC 2888 MacGragor, Sir Cyril P MacC 2888 MacGragor, Sir Cyril P MacC 2888 MacGragor, Sir Cyril P MacC 2888 MacGragor, Sir Cyril P MacC 2888 MacGragor, Sir Cyril P MacC 2888 MacGragor, Sir Cyril P MacC 2888 MacGragor, Sir Arthur G R 1879 MacGragor, Sir Harrier Common 1879 MacGragor, Sir Charles Charles Campboll MacGragor, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John M. 1976 MacGod, Sir John E S 1878 MacMahon, Lu. Od Sir Keller- Parael Co. 1871 John E S 1878 McMahon, Lu. Od Sir Keller- Parael Co. 1871 John E S 1878
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Horajal, Sir John Bollad.  Hort, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Hork, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Horkwins, Sir Clement E., M. c.  Houldsworth, Sir Henry H.  Hoyle, LtCot. Sir Emmanuel,  O. M.E.  Hughes, Sir Regnald J.  Hughes, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hulter, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hulter, Sir Win B Hughes- Hutchison, Sir Eric A. O.  Hyde, Sir Charles, O. M.  Hyde, Sir Charles, O. M.  Lingram, Sir Horbert  Ingram, Sir Horbert  Sir James Bourchler  Sir James Bourchler  Sir James Bourchler  Sir James Bourchler  Sir Jackson, Sir Hoth Montrosor  Jackson, Sir Hoth Montrosor  Jackson, Sir Robt, Montrosor  Jackson, Sir Robt, Montrosor  Jackson, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir William Edmund  Jaffray, Sir Gavin F.  Jardine, Sir Gavin F.  Jardine, Sir Gavin F.  Jardine, Sir Krnest  Jardine, Sir Krnest  Jardine, Sir Krnest  Jardine, Sir Krnest  Jardine, Sir Koln Arthur	D 5.0.  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Atwell  Lacy, Sir Richard  Lacy, Sir Richard  Lamb, Sir Richard  Lamb, Sir Richard  Lamb, Sir Norman  Lampson, Sir Curtis G  Laue, Sir W. Arbuthnot, Ca.  1836  Laue, Sir W. Arbuthnot, Ca.  1831  Laue, Sir W. Arbuthnot, Ca.  1832  Laugmann, Sir H. Charles A  Laugmann, Maj. Sir Archibald  Laugmann, Maj. Sir Archibald  Laugmann, Sir Herbert Paul, Mr.  1836  Laute, Sir John  Latta, Sir John  Latta, Sir John  Latta, Sir John  Latta, Sir John  Latta, Sir Wilfrid E  Lawrence, Sir Alexander W  1832  Lawrence, Sir Alexander W  1834  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid E  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid E  Lawrence, Sir Men, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Alexander W  1834  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid E  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid E  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid E  Lawrence, Sir Sir Wilfrid E  Lawrence, Sir Sir Wilfrid E  Lawrence, Sir Sir Wilfrid E  Lawrence, Sir Sir Michander W  1834  Lawrence, Sir Sir Michander W  1835  Lawrence, Sir Sir Michander W  1844  Lawrence, Sir Sir Michander W  1854  Lawrence, Sir Sir Sir Sir Sir Sir Sir Sir Sir Sir	McAlpine, Sir Robert 1958 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., M.B. 1952 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., M.B. 1952 MacGonald, Sir Godfrey M., M.B. 1952 MacGonald, Sir Basil A. T. 1954 MacGregor, Commod Sir Malcolla, c., c.M.G., N. N. 1952 MacGonald, Sir Basil A. T. 1954 MacGonald, Sir Cyril P. MacC. 2888 Mackonale, Ger Note, p. 288) 1831 Mackonale, Sir Hotor D., M.G. 2870 MacKonale, Sir Hotor D., M.G. 2870 MacKonale, Sir Hotor D., M.G. 2870 MacKonale, Sir Robert H. Muir Mackonale, Sir Robert H. Muir Mackonale, Sir Robert H. Muir Mackonale, Sir Robert H. Muir Mackonale, Sir Robert H. Muir Mackonale, Sir Robert H. Muir Mackonale, Sir Robert H. Muir Mackonale, Sir Robert Campbell Machael, Col. Sir John E. S. 1892 Machael, Col. Sir John E. S. 1893 Machael, Col. Sir John E. S. 1894 Machael, Col. Sir John E. S. 1894 Machael, Col. Sir John E. S. 1894 Machael, Col. Sir John E. S. 1894 Machael, Col. Sir John E. S. 1894 Machael, Col. Sir John Sir Keller Machael, Col. Sir John Sir Keller Machael, Col. Sir John Sir Keller Machael, Col. Sir John Sir Keller Machael, Col. Sir John Sir Lan, K. C. B. Rell, L. R. (6) C. M.G. Machael, L. R. (6) C. M.G. Machael, L. R. (6) C. M.G. Machael, L. R. (6) C. M.G. Machael, L. R. (6) C. M.G. Machael, L. R. (6) C. M.G. Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Machael Ma
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Sir N. 1953 Macrobort, Sir Alsadair W. 1953 Macrobort, Sir Alsadair W. 1953 Macrobort, Sir Alsadair W. 1953 Macrobort, Sir Alsadair W. 1953 Macrobort, Sir Alsadair W. 1953 Macrobort, Sir Alsadair W. 1953 Macrobort, Sir Alsadair W. 1953 Macrobort, Sir Alsadair W. 1953 Macrobort, Sir Alsadair W. 1953 Macrobort, Sir Alsadair W. 1953 Macrobort, Sir Alsadair W. 1953 McChas E. 2003 McCharles, A. 2003 McCharles, A. 2003 McCharles, A. 2003 McCharles, A. 2003 McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCharles, McCha
Hors all, Sir John Bollaid.  Hork, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Hork, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Hork, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Hoyle, LtCot. Sir Emmanuel,  Leading Sir Regnald J.  Hughes, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Huttenison, Sir Eric A. O.  1922  1932  1943  1944  1955  1964  1965  1965  1965  1965  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  19	D 5.0.  Lacy, Sir Pierce Lacy, Sir Pierce Lake, Capt. Sir Atwell H,  O 8.E., R N  Lakin, Sir Richard Lamb, Sir Charles Archibald Lambart, Sir Oliver F.  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Marbuthnot, c.s.  1930  Lame, Sir W. Arbuthnot, c.s.  1931  Lamont, Sir Horvice Robt  Largrishe, Sir Hervice Robt  Late, Sir John  Latta, Sir John  Latta, Sir John  Latta, Sir John  Laucen, Sir Wilfrid E.  Lawrence, Sir Alexander W  1836  Lawrence, Sir Alexander W  1846  Lawrence, Sir Alexander W  1847  Lawrence, Sir Miffid  Lawrence, Sir Miffid  Lawrence, Sir Wilfrid  Lawrence, Sir Hervice  1847  Lawrence, Sir Hervice  1848  Lawrence, Sir Hervice  1848  Lawrence, Sir Hervice  1848  Lawrence, Sir Hervice  1848  Lawrence, Sir Hervice  1848  Lawrence, Sir Feldmund  1848  Lawrence, Sir Feldmund  1848  Leods, Sir Feldmund  1858  Leods, Sir Reginnd  1850  Leods, Sir John Victor  1860	McAlpine, Sir Robert 1958 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., 1958 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., 1958 McGranad, Sir Basil A. T. 1954 MacGregor, Commod Sir Malcolin, c.n., c.m.d., 1952 MacGregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC. 288 MacGranie, Gen Note, p. 289 MacKonzie, Sir Arthur G. R. 1879 MacKonzie, Sir Arthur G. R. 1879 MacKonzie, Sir Hotor D., 1952 MacKonzie, Sir Hotor D., 1952 MacKonzie, Sir Hotor D., 1953 MacKonzie, Sir Hotor D., 1953 MacKonzie, Sir Hotor H. Mutr MacKonzie, Sir Robert H. Mutr MacKonzie, Sir Robert H. Mutr MacKonzie, Sir Robert H. Mutr MacKonzie, Col. Sir John M. 1958 MacKonzie, Col. Sir John M. 1958 MacKonzie, Col. Sir John M. 1958 MacKonzie, Col. Sir John E. S. 1954 MacLood, Sir Charles Campbell 1954 MacLod, Sir John E. 1952 MacMalon, Lt. Col Sir Keller Inst. E., 0.8. M. 1952 MacCondy, Gen. Rt. Hon. Sir C. F. Nevil, p. 6. C. M.6. K. C. S. (19.) C. R. (29.) MacRobort, Sir Alasdar W. 1952 Madden, Adm of the Fitet, Sir Chas. E., 6.0. M. 0. Nov. 1959
Hors all, Sir John Bollaid.  Hork, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Hork, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Hork, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Hoyle, LtCot. Sir Emmanuel,  Leading Sir Regnald J.  Hughes, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Hutter, Sir Win B Hughes-  Huttenison, Sir Eric A. O.  1922  1932  1943  1944  1955  1964  1965  1965  1965  1965  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1966  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  1967  19	D S.O.  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Richard  Lacy, Sir Richard  Lacy, Sir Richard  Lamont, Sir Richard  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir W. Arbuthnot, Lac,  1932  Langman, Sir H. Charles A  Laugman, Nat, Sir Archibald  Late, Sir W. Arbuthnot, Lacy,  Langman, Nat, Sir Archibald  Langman, Nat, Sir Hervales Robt  Langman, Nat, Sir Hornas Por-  Lacy, Lacy, Sir Hervales Robt  Langman, Sir Herbert Paul, L.T.  1896  Lauder, Sir John  Lauder, Sir George Wm. D  Dick-  Lawennee, Sir Mirrid E.  Lawennee, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Winfrid  Lawson, Sir Wiffrid  Lawson, Sir Wiffrid  Lawson, Sir Pierc Frant  1905  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Arthur Hy, James  Lees, Sir Arthur Hy, James  Lees, Sir Arthur Hy, James  Lees, Sir Arthur Hy, James  Lees, Sir Mr.  Lees, Sir Mr.  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Si	McAlpine, Sir Robert 1958 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1952 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., Ma.F. 1952 MacGonald, Sir Godfrey M., Ma.F. 1952 MacGregor, Commod Sir Malcolla, C., C.M.C., R. N. 1952 MacGregor, Commod Sir Malcolla, C., C.M.C., R. N. 1952 MacKenzie, Sir Cyril P MacC 288 MacKenzie, Sir Hotor D., M.C. 1872 MacKenzie, Sir Hotor D., M.C. 1872 MacKenzie, Sir Hotor D., M.C. 1872 MacKenzie, Sir Hotor D., M.C. 1872 MacKenzie, Sir Hotor D., M.C. 1872 MacKenzie, Sir Robert H. Muir MacKenzie, Sir Robert H. Muir MacKenzie, Sir Robert H. Muir MacKenzie, Sir Robert H. Muir MacKenzie, Sir Robert H. Muir MacKenzie, Col. Sir John M. 1954 MacKenzie, Col. Sir John E. S. 1892 MacKenzie, Col. Sir John E. S. 1893 MacKenzie, Col. Sir John E. S. 1894 MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacLood, Sir Charles Campboll phrey MacRobort, Sir Alasdair W. 1932 MacRobort, Sir Alasdair W. 1932 Madge, Sir Frank William 1934 Madge, Sir Frank William 1934
Horsial, Sir John Bollaid.  Horsial, Sir John Bollaid.  Hork, Sir Arthur Fonton.  Horkyns, Sir Clomont E., M. c.  Houldsworth, Sir Honry H  Hoyle, LtCot. Sir Emmanuel,  Berney, Sir Regnald J  Huse, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Hamilton Westrow  Hutter, Sir Wan B Hughes  Huttehison, Sir Eric A. O  Hyde, Sir Charles, O. B. E  Jagilby, LtCot. Sir William H  Hogram, Sir Horbert  Jackson, Sir Joseph William  Jackson, Sir Joseph William  Jackson, Sir Robt, Montrusor  Jackson, Sir Robt, Montrusor  Jackson, Sir Hugh N  Juffray, Sir Yore  Jackson, BruyGen. Sir Thomas  Darc, D.S.O., W.O  Juffray, Sir Thomas  Darc, D.S.O., W.O  Juffray, Sir Thomas  Jardine, Sir Gavin F  Jardine, Sir Alexander  Jardine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Maj, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Maj, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Maj, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan-  Jerdine, Sir John W. Buchanan	D S.O.  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Pierce  Lacy, Sir Richard  Lacy, Sir Richard  Lacy, Sir Richard  Lamont, Sir Richard  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir Norman  Lamont, Sir W. Arbuthnot, Lac,  1932  Langman, Sir H. Charles A  Laugman, Nat, Sir Archibald  Late, Sir W. Arbuthnot, Lacy,  Langman, Nat, Sir Archibald  Langman, Nat, Sir Hervales Robt  Langman, Nat, Sir Hornas Por-  Lacy, Lacy, Sir Hervales Robt  Langman, Sir Herbert Paul, L.T.  1896  Lauder, Sir John  Lauder, Sir George Wm. D  Dick-  Lawennee, Sir Mirrid E.  Lawennee, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Win, M. Trevor  Lawrence, Sir Winfrid  Lawson, Sir Wiffrid  Lawson, Sir Wiffrid  Lawson, Sir Pierc Frant  1905  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Arthur Hy, James  Lees, Sir Arthur Hy, James  Lees, Sir Arthur Hy, James  Lees, Sir Arthur Hy, James  Lees, Sir Mr.  Lees, Sir Mr.  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Sir Sydney  Lees, Si	McAlpine, Sir Robert 1958 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macarae, Sir Charles D. 1951 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., 1958 Macdonald, Sir Godfrey M., 1958 McGranad, Sir Basil A. T. 1954 MacGregor, Commod Sir Malcolin, c.n., c.m.d., 1952 MacGregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC. 288 MacGranie, Gen Note, p. 289 MacKonzie, Sir Arthur G. R. 1879 MacKonzie, Sir Arthur G. R. 1879 MacKonzie, Sir Hotor D., 1952 MacKonzie, Sir Hotor D., 1952 MacKonzie, Sir Hotor D., 1953 MacKonzie, Sir Hotor D., 1953 MacKonzie, Sir Hotor H. Mutr MacKonzie, Sir Robert H. Mutr MacKonzie, Sir Robert H. Mutr MacKonzie, Sir Robert H. Mutr MacKonzie, Col. Sir John M. 1958 MacKonzie, Col. Sir John M. 1958 MacKonzie, Col. Sir John M. 1958 MacKonzie, Col. Sir John E. S. 1954 MacLood, Sir Charles Campbell 1954 MacLod, Sir John E. 1952 MacMalon, Lt. Col Sir Keller Inst. E., 0.8. M. 1952 MacCondy, Gen. Rt. Hon. Sir C. F. Nevil, p. 6. C. M.6. K. C. S. (19.) C. R. (29.) MacRobort, Sir Alasdar W. 1952 Madden, Adm of the Fitet, Sir Chas. E., 6.0. M. 0. Nov. 1959

Magnay, Capt. Sir Christopher B Wm., M.C.	· ` (	Mount, Sir Wm. Malcolm	1931	Peek, Sir Francis H. G 1874
B Wm. M.c	1844	Mountain, Sir Edw. Mortimer	1988	
Magnus, Sir Philip M	1027	Mowat, Sir John Gunn 3	1039	Peirse, Mai. Sir Hv. B. De la
Mainwaring Sir Harry S	1819 1804	Mowbray, Sir George Robert z Muir, Sir Alexander Kay z	188c 189a	Poer Beresford, p.s.o. 3824 Pelly, Sir Haroid 2840
Maitland, Sir John Nisbet	1818	Munro, Col. Sir Hector 8 z	634	Pelly, Sir Harold 1840 Penny, Sir Fredk George, s.r. 1933
Mahon, Sir George E J. Mahwaring, Sir Harry S. Maitland, Sir John Nisbet Maitland, Rt. Hen Sir Arthur H. D. Ramsay-Stoel- M.P.		Munro, Sir Thomas Torquil A. :	845	Perceval (see Note, p. 228) 2032
H. D. Ramsay-Stoel-, M.P	2927	Muntz, Sir Gerard P. G	1902	Perks, Sir Robert William 1908
Marketh, oir John D. A. A	1697		SIQIA	Petit, Sir Framjee Dinshaw 2890 Peto, Sir Basil Edward, n.r 2907
Malcolm, Sir Michael A. J s	10021	Murray, Lt. (xxt. rar Koward	- 1	Peto, Sir Henry 2848
Malet, Sir Edward Wm St	1	Robert, p.s.o. Murray, Sir William Keith . s z	1630	Petrie, Sir Charles Alexander 1918
.Lo 1	1791	Murray, Sir William Keith s z	1073	Peyton, Sir Alg. Thomas 2776
Mander, Sir Charles Arthur Mann, Sir Edward	1905	Musgrave, Sir Nigel C	1621 178a	Philipps, Sir Henry E. E 2887 Philipps, Sir Laurence R 2929
Manaol Str John P. F	1620	Muspratt, Sir Max	1922	Philipps, Sir Laurence R
Mappin, Sir Charles T. H :	x8861	Nairn, Sir Michael 1	1904	Phillips, Sir Lionel 1913
Markhain, Sir Charles	1911	Nairn. Sir Robert Spencer-,		
Total CR	186a	Naurne, Sir John Gordon	1933	Pigot, Sir George 2764 Pigott, Sir Berkeley 1808
Marr, Sir Leslie L	Igig	Napier, Cupt. Sir Alex. Lennox s :	1027	Pilditch, Sir Philip Edward rose
Marriott, Sir Wm. J Smith	×774}	Napier, Bir Joseph W. Lennox		
Marsden, Sir John Denton	1924	Neal, Sir William Phoné	1931	Dillementon /lol Sin Thursday
Machenon, Sir Rodorick M.C	1918	Neeld, LtCol. Sir Audley D.,	795	Pilkington, Col. Sir Thomas Edwd. Milborne-Swinnerton- 8 2638
	1917	Nelson, Sir James Hope	x859	Poe, Lt Col Sir William
	-60-	Nelson, Sir James Hope	1912	
Maxwell, Sir John M. Stirling-,	1961	Nepean, Sir Chas. E. M. Y	2802 2922	Pole, Sir John G. Carew- 1688 Pole. Sir Cecil P. Van-Notten- 2792
. K T	x68a	Neumann, Sir Cecil G. J. Neville, Sir Reginald J. N.	1987	Pole. Sir Cecil P. Van-Notten- 1791 Pollen, Sir John L. Hungerford 1795
Ditto	1707	Newnes, Sir Frank Hillyard :	I BOLL	Pollock Ht. Hon Mir Kradk, K.C. 4866
Maxweil, Sir Patrick I. Heron- si	2683	Navgon Sir Porcy Wilson	1901	Pollock, Sir M. F. Montagu 2872 Poore, Sir Edward
May, Sir George E., K.H.E	1931		900	Poore, Sir Edward 1795
Mollor, Sir John S. Paget	1924	Nicholson, Bir Char, Archd	2859	R, D.S.O, M.V O Egez
	1933	Michouson, Sir John M	1912	R, b.s.o, M.v.o. reer Porter, Sir Wm Henry rees Porter, Sir John S. Horsbrugh Pound, Sir John Lulham rees Powell Sir Richard C. D.
Menteth, Sir William Fredk.		Nicolson, Sir Arthur J. F W s	x629	Porter, Sir John S. Horsbrugh 2902
Metualfa Sir Thaophiling I M	1802	Nightingale, Sir Ed. Manners Nixon, Maj Sir Christopher	1698	Pound, Sir John Lulham 2905 Powell, Sir Richard G. D 2897
	1910	W neo		
Meyrick, Mai Sir George		Noble, Sir George John Wm. 1	1908	Power, Sir John Cecil, M.P road
Llewellyn Tapps Gervis	2791 2880	Noble, Sir John Henry Brunck	1983	Poynter, Sir Hugh Edward 1902
Middlebrook Sir William	1930		1915	Poynter, Sir Hugh Edward . 2902 Prescott, Capt. Sir Geo L L.B. 2794 Preston, LtCol. Sir Edward
Middlemore, Sir William H 1	1919	Nugent, Capt. Sir George G. B.	2795 2800	Hulton, p.s.o., M.C z8z5
	2662	Nugent, Sir Walter R	1831	Prevost, Sir Charles T. K zees
	1882	Nussey, Sir Thomas Willans	1909	Price, Lt. Cot Sir Charles
	1661	Nuttali, Sir Edmund Keith	1922	Fredk. Rugge- z804 Price, Sir Fras. C. Rose z815
Mildmay Chut Sir Anthony	-9-3	Nutting, Capt Sir Harold S Oakoley, Sir Chas John	1790	Price, Sir Robert Hy Green . 1874
St John, M.C	2772	O'Hrien, Maj. Sir Timothy C	1790 1849	Princes Sir William Louis . vee
Miles, Capt. Sir Chas W , o. B L	1859 1885	Ochterlony, Sir David F	2803	Pringle, Sir Norman H
Miller, Capt Sir C J Hubert :			2860	Pryke, Sir W. R. Diddley 1926 Pryse, Sir Lewes T. Loveden 1866
Miller, Sir Wn: Frederic	1788		1626	Quilter, Sir Eley Cuthbert 1897
Mills, Sir Frederick, M P	Igat	Ogle, Col Sir Edmund A	2826	
Milman, Sir Francis Milne, Admiral Sir Archibald	2800	O'Loghlen, Sir Michael	1920 1838	Raeburn, Sir Wm. Hannay 1983 Ralli, Sir Eustratio L M.C 1922
Berkeley, a.c.v.o., x.c B	x876	O'Neill, Rt Hon. Sir Hugh,	.030	Ramsay, Maj. Sir James
Milner, Sir William F. V. M :	2727	M f	1929	Douglas, M.V.O., T D 8 1666
	1920		¥797	Ramsay, Sir Alexander B . : 2006
Molony, Rt. Hon Sir Thomas	<b>2926</b>	Orde, Sir Sunon A Campbell-	Iggi Iggi	Ramsdon, Sir John F 1689 Rankin, Sir Hubert C. R.
Francis	1925	Osborn, Sir Alg. Kerr Butler	1790 1660	Stewart vans
Molyneux, Sir Ernest I	2730	Osborne, Sir Francis	£6ag	Reach, Col. Sir F. Carne rooz
Moncreiffe, Com. Sir John R.G.,	268 ₅	Outram, Maj Sir Francis D,	-0	Rashleigh, Sir Colman B W. 1831
Monson, Sir Maxwell W. E. J.	1905	Owen, Sir John Arthur	1858 1813	Rawlinson, Col. Sir Alfred, cm.g, cm.g, ps.o x8gx
Monteflore, Sir Fras Abraham Montgomery, Sir Henry J	1886	Owen, Sir Hugo Cunlific	Igao	CM.G., CB.E., D S.O. 1891 Reade, Sir George 1662 Readhead, Sir James Halder 1982
Montgomery, Sir Henry J	-0-	Paget, Sir John Rahere, K.C.	2872	Readhead, Sir James Halder
	1801 8081	Paget, Sir Richard Arthur S Paget, Lt -Col. Sir Cecil W,	1886	Reckitt, Sir Philip B., o B E 1894
Moon, Sir Arthur Wilfred G	1855	( M.G. D 8 0	1807	Redwood, Sir Thomas Boverton 1971 Rees, Sir Richard L. E. M 1919
Moon, Sir Cecil Einest	- 22	Palmar Mai Sir Geoffrey V N	2660	
	1919	Palmer, Sir Fredk. Archdale	1791	Reid, Sir Hugh, c.n.s 1992 Reid, Sir Edward James 1897
Moore, Rt. Hon Sir William	1983	Parker, Sir Wm S Hyde	2886 2682	Renals, Sir Herbert
Mordaunt, Sir Osbert L'E	1611		1844	Renshaw, Sir C. Stephen Bine 1993 Renwick, Sir John Robert 1992
Morgan, Maj Sir David Hughes	1925	Parsons, Col. Sir Herbert J F.	zgz8	Renwick Sir Robert R. Tong
Morris, Capt Sii Tankerville	x805	Paul Sir Robert Joshua	2794	Reynolds, Sir John F R 1081
Morris, Sir Win Edchard	1020	Paul, Sir Aubrey E H. Dean	2794 1821	
Mosley, Sir Oswald Ernald	2782	Pearson, Sir Neville Arthur	2926	Richardson, Sir lan R. H.
Moss, Sir John E. Edwards	x968	Penno, Sir Alfred Edward	zitta	Stawart-
Mostyn, Capt. Sir Pyers George	2670	Pease Capt. Sir Richard Arthur Pechell, Lt. Col. Sir Augustus	1980	Richardson, Sir Lewis, v. s. z. 1844 Richardson, Lt. Col. Sir Philip
Mott, Sir Basil, c.n.	2930	A Brooks-, R.A.M.C.	×797	Wigham, o.s.E., v.D 1989
With wine As your way bland the ball before			.,,,	

Richmond, Sir Fredk Henry					
		Shaw, Lt -Com. Sir John J. K.,		Meleon Gar Mark Tottom Dichel	
Alcumond, oir Fredk Henry	1929	Snaw, Lt -Com. Sir John J. K.,	1	Sykes, Sir Mark Tatton Richd.	2783
Ricketts, Sir Claude A. F	28 <b>e</b> 8	R.N 26	605	Sykes, Col. Sir Alan John	1917
Riddell, SirWalterit Buchanan	s réas	Shaw, Maj. Sir Robert de	- :	Sykes, Sir Charles, K. B K. Synge, Sir Robert M.	1981
Rigby, Col Sir Hugh M .		Vano	82x	Synes Sir Robert M	zšoz
rugo, ou on magn m,				Tancred, Maj Sir T. S Lawson- Tangye, Sir H Lincoln Tate, Sir Ernest William	2662
Ripley, Capt. Sir Henry W. A.	1939	Shaw, Sir Charles Edward 19	908	Tancred, May Sir 1. 5 Lawson-	
Ripley, Capt. Sir Henry W. A.	x880	Sheffield, Sir Berkeley 17	756	Tangye, Sir H Lincoln	zgza
Ripley, Sir Frederic Hugh	1807	Shelley, Maj. Sir John F	611	Tate. Sir Ernest William	zêg8
Ritchie, Sir James Wm., M B.E.	/	Mildham Markey Markey	8x8	Touler Sin F Stuart on a wes	
Kitomio, our samos will., a B.E.	1903	Smaller, Sir Henry Burrows	ore,	Thytor, in Excount our E , M.D.	2917
new patent	ggz8	Shuckburgh, Sir G F Stewkley 16	66o ;	Taylor, Sir E.Stuart c.s E , M.D. Taylor, Sir John G Worsley-	1917
Roberts, Sir Samuel, x r	1919	Simeon, Sir John Waiter B 28 Sinctair, SirRonald N J. C U. 8 27	8x<'	Temple, Lt -Col Sir Richard	
Roberts, Sir T. L Howland	1800	Singleir SieDonald V I C II was	204	D., D.K o	z <b>8</b> 76
D. banda Car Carrat	1009	Sinciair, Airtonaid A J.C C. 827	744	Manus Market Manual Market	
Roberts, Sir George	1931	Sinclair, Maj Itt Hon. Bir	- 1	Terry, Sir Henry M. Imbert-	1917
Roberts, Sir James	1000	Sinclain, Maj Rt Hon. Sir Arcinbaid H. Macdonald,	- 1	Thomas, Sir Godfrey J. V.,	
Robertson, Maj Sir Brian H.,		Р ( , с м G , м Р 27	-86	Thomas, Sir George Alan	2694
		Sitwell, Sir George R	0.0	Thomas Nir Goorge Alun	2766
Robinson, Sir Douglas Innes	1919	milwell, air George h	000	Thomas, on Goorge Alan	1700
Koninson, Sir Douglas innes	1843	Skinner, Sir Thomas Hewitt 29 Skipwith, Sir Grey H d'E 26	928	Thomas, Sir Robert J	1918
Robinson, Maj. Sir Fredk V.		Skipwith, Sir Grev H d'E z6	6az I	Thomas, Sir Win James	2929
L, M.C	<b>1660</b>	Slade, Sir Alfred Fothringham 18		Thompson, Lt -Col Sir Thomas	-,-,
D-1 11 7.1- 12		Made, on Allfor Fountinguam 20	031	D-15-4 V	
Robinson, Sir John B	1854	Sleight, Sir Ernest, 0 8 E, T D. 19 Smiley, Sn Hugh Houston 29 Smith, Sir William R. D J.	920	Raikes Lovett, mc	2806
Robinson (ser Note, p 220)	1908	Smiley, Sn Hugh Houston zg	903	Thompson, Capt. Sir Aigar de C. C. Meysey	
Robinson, Sir Christopher Hy.	1920	Smith Sir William R. D. J.	1	C. C. Meysey.	1874
Poll Sir Cool Francet	1031	Cusack		Thompson, Sir Matthew W	-
Roll, Sir Cecil Ernest Roche, Sir Standish O'Grady		Conduct	799	The same of the transport	1000
notine, our outlind is Utrady	x838	Smith, Sir C. Michael V. Duft-	- 1	Thompson, Sir Henry F Herb	1890 1899
Rolleston, Sir Humphry D,		Assluton. za	gzz	Thomson, Sir Wilfrid Forbes	
Gatha O., Kurun	1984	Smith Sir Drummond C.	804	Home	1925
Rolls, Capt. Sir John C. E.	-3-4	Smith Sin Was Sudney 317	809	Thomson, Sir Frederick C,	-A-2
tout, Capt. our John C. E.		minut, our wan bydney w 16	-09	Linnamus, on Frederick C,	
Shelley-	x806	Smith, Sir Drummond C 18 Smith, Sir Wm Sydney W. 18 Smith, Sir T. Rudolph H,	_ 1	Thornhill, Sir Anthony J.	1929
Ropner, Sir John Henry	1904	(.H.E., M B 28	897	Thornhill, Sir Anthony J.	
Ropner, Sir John Henry Rose, Sir Francis Cyril			OXX	Compton	288g
Done Kan Dhelin Dennehmen 17	-0/2	Smith, Sir Prince		Thought Sir John George	4005
Rose, Sir Philip Humphrey V.	1874	Comion, our doubt of it ARPSEL. 15	917	Thorold, Sir John George	1042
Rose, Sir Charles Henry	1000	Smith Sir Herbert zo	920	Throckmorton, Sn Robt G M	1642
Ross, Sir Charles H A F. L	8 1672	Smith, Sir William Reardon 29	920	Thursby, Sir George James	z887
Ross, Rt Hon Sir John	1919	Smyth, Bowyer, Sir Philip	- 1	Tichborne, Sir Anthony J H.	
Ross, Rt Hon Sir John Rothband, Sir Henry Lesser			66 z	Llougisty	<b>z62</b> z
Domina Mai Car (Thursday b)	z 786	Smythe, Sir E Walter J P H	44	Tooth, Sir Hugh V H. Lucas-	
Dowley, Mary 1511 Charles 17	1700	the Charles D. Dank	LOOF !	m Market V II. Imons-	1920
Rowley, Capr Sir George Win	28,36	Soame, Sir Charles B Buck-	1	Touche, Sir George Alexander	1920
Rowley, Maj Sir Charles S Rowley, Capt Sir George Win Royden, Sir Thomas, c. H	1925		:8g8	Touche, Sir George Alexander Trelawny, Sir J. W. Salusbury-	z628
Rumbold Rt Hon Sir Horaca					2662
G M acve win	1779	Spearman Sir Alex Young	Bio	Trevelyan, Rt Hon Sir Charles	
Durrell Sin Clarence A. C.	1818	Spender on Joneshann hir Com-		Philips	-0
Luksen, our George A C		Speelman, Jonkheer Sir Cor-		m. 144	<b>2874</b>
G M, G,C M G,, M V O. Russell, Sir George A C Russell, Capt. Sir Alec C., M.C.	1916	nelis Jacob re	10801	Tritton, Sir (Airred) Ernest	2905
Rutherford, Sir Hugo, M P Ryan, Sir G. Hemmington	1923	Spicer, Rt Hon Sir Albert ze	800	Tritton, Sir (Alfred) Ernest Trollope, Sir Henry C	1642
Ryan, Sit G. Hemmington	rgrg	Stafford, Rt. Hon. Sir Thos.	- 1	Troubridge, Sir Thos H C Truscott, Sir George Wyatt	1700
Rycroft, Mar Sir Nolson E. O.	2784	Juseph . B FF( 4	1924	Truscott Sir George Wv.tt.	
Rycroft, May Sir Nelson E. O. St. Aubyn, Capt. Sir Hugh	2709		3	Tubbe Con Stonley West	2909
St Aubyn, Capt Sir Hugh		mullier, LiCot. our lavolius re	809	Tubbs, Sir Stanley Win. Tuck, Maj Sir W. Roginald	1929
Molesworth	<b>2689</b>	Stamer, Maj. Sir Alex. Beville,	- 1	Thek, Maj Sir W. Roginaid	1910
St George, Sir John Salt Lt -Com. Sir John W Titus	1 2766	M	917	Tuite, bir Morgan H P	1 1622
Salt Lt Com Sir John W Titus	-04-	Staples, Sir Robert P 1 20	628	Tupper, Sir Charles Stewart	x888
			1	Tupper, Sir Charles Stewart Turing, Sir Robert A. H	
Solt It ('of Sir Thes Ander-	1869	Stanlaton Sir Miles Talbot. #			
Salt, Lt -Col Sir Thos Ander-		Stapleton, Sir Miles Talbot	1079	Tunedan Kin Lahn Dameleril	
Salt, Lt -Col Sir Thos Ander-	1899	Stephen, Sir Harry L	toox	Twisden, Sir John Ramskill.	5 2642 2666
Salt, Lt -Col Sir Thos Ander-	1899 1921	Stevenson, Sir Harry L	1892 1914	Twisden, Sir John Ramskill Twysden, LtCom. Sir Roger	5 2642 2666
Salt, Lt -Col Sir Thos Anderdon, n.s.o. Samman, Sir Henry, n.c. Sammel, Sir Edward Levien	1899	Stevenson, Sir Harry L IStevenson, Sir Daniel M IStewart, Sir Harry J U I	1892 1914 1623	Twisden, Sir John Ramskiii Twysden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R N	
Salt, Lt -Col Sir Thos Anderdon, n.s.o. Samman, Sir Henry, n.c. Sammel, Sir Edward Levien	1899 1921	Stephen, Sir Harry L	1892 1924 1623	Twisden, Sir John Ramskiii. Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R K Tyrwhitt. Adm. Sir Reginald.	5 2642 2666
Salt, Lt -Col Sir Thos Ander- don, ns.o. Samman, Sir Henry, m.c. Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael,	1899 1921 1898	Stephen, Sir Harry L	1892 1924 1623	Twisden, Sir John Ramskill. Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R. K. Tyrwhitt, Adm. Sir Reginald.	8 2642 2666 2622
Salt, Lt -Col Sir Thos Ander- don, n.s.o. Samman, Sir Henry, m. Sanuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P.	1899 1931 1898	Stephen, Sir Harry L	1892 1914 1623	Twisden, Sir John Ramskill. Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R. K. Tyrwhitt, Adm. Sir Reginald.	8 2642 2666 2622
Sait, Lt. Cot Sir Tios Anderdon, n.s.o. Samuian, Sir Henry, n.c. Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samuelson, Sir Henry B	1899 1921 1898	Stephen, Sir Harry L 25 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M 25 Stewart, Sir Harry J U 11 Stewart, Sir Hugh Shaw- K ( B, T 1) Stewart R pp -Gen Sir Hugh H 25	1892 1924 1623 1667	Twisden, Sir John Ramskill. Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thoulas, R x Tyrwhitt, Adm. Sir Reginald, Y., a. B, D > 0 Usher, Mai Sir John T	8 2642 2666 2622
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, h.s.o. Samman, Sir Henry, M.( Sanuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samuelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne	1899 1931 1898	Stephen, Sir Harry L 28 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M 28 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M 28 Stewart, Sir Harry J U 12 Stewart, Sir Harry J U 12 Stewart, Big -Gen. Sir Hugh H 28 Stewart, Big -Gen. Sir Hugh H 28 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law 28	1892 1924 1623 1667	Twisden, Sir John Ramskii. Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, s s Tyrwhitt, Adm Sir Reginald, Y, G, s, p s o Ushor, Maj Sir John T Vane, Sir Fras F Fletcher.	8 2642 2666 2622
Sait, Lt. Cot Sir Thos Anderdon, h.s.o. Samman, Sir Henry, M.d. Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Sanuelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P.	1899 1931 1898	Stephen, Sir Harry L 28 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M 28 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M 28 Stewart, Sir Harry J U 12 Stewart, Sir Harry J U 12 Stewart, Big -Gen. Sir Hugh H 28 Stewart, Big -Gen. Sir Hugh H 28 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law 28	1892 1924 1623 1667	Twisden, Sir John Ramskii. Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, s s Tyrwhitt, Adm Sir Reginald, Y, G, s, p s o Ushor, Maj Sir John T Vane, Sir Fras F Fletcher.	8 2642 2666 2622
Sait, Lt. Cot Sir Thos Anderdon, h.s.o. Samman, Sir Henry, M.d. Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Sanuelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P.	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884	Stephen, Sir Harry L. 28 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 28 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 29 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 18 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 18 Stewart, Brig-Gri. Sir Hugh Shaw, Stewart, Brig-Gri. Sir Hugh H. 28 Stewart, Capt Sir Edward Orde	1892 1924 1623 1667 1803 1882	Twisden, Sir John Ramskill. Twysden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R n Tyrwhitt, Adm Sir Reginald, Y, a. R, D N o Usher, Maj Sir John T Vane, Sir Fras P Fletcher- Vavasoul, Capt Sir Leonard	8 2642 2666 2611 1919 2899 2786
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Ander- don, n.s.o. Saminian, Sir Henry, n.c. Saminian, Sir Henry, n.c. Saminol, Sir Edward Lovien Samuol, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samuelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P. Sanderson, Sir Frank Bernard.	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884	Stephen, Sir Harry L. 28 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 28 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 29 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 18 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 18 Stewart, Brig-Gri. Sir Hugh Shaw, Stewart, Brig-Gri. Sir Hugh H. 28 Stewart, Capt Sir Edward Orde	1892 1924 1623 1667 1803 1882	Twisden, Sir John Ramskill. Twysden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R n Tyrwhitt, Adm Sir Reginald, Y, a. R, D N o Usher, Maj Sir John T Vane, Sir Fras P Fletcher- Vavasoul, Capt Sir Leonard	8 2642 2666 2611 1919 2599 2786 1888
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Ander- don, n.s.o. Saminian, Sir Henry, n.c. Saminian, Sir Henry, n.c. Saminol, Sir Edward Lovien Samuol, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samuelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P. Sanderson, Sir Frank Bernard.	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884	Stophen, Sir Harry L. 21 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 22 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 22 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 22 Stowart, Cot Sir Hugh Shaw, K. 8, 7 D. 52 Stewart, Bry Gen.Sir Hugh H. 22 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law 22 Stewart, Cyd Sir Edward Orde MacTaggart 23 Stemart (eee Note p 288) 22	1892 1914 1623 1867 1803 1881 1892	Twisden, EtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trwhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Y, G. B, D. So Usher, Maj. Sir John T Vano, Sir Fras P. Fletcher- Vavasous, Capt Sur Leonard Plus, R x Vernei, Sir Edward W.	8 2642 2666 2611 1919 2899 2786
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Ander- don, n.s.o. Saminian, Sir Henry, n.c. Saminian, Sir Henry, n.c. Saminol, Sir Edward Lovien Samuol, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samuelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P. Sanderson, Sir Frank Bernard.	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884	Stephen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stevent, Sir Harry J. U. 12 Stevent, Sir Hugh Shaw, K. 18, 7 D. 5 M Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 2 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 3 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 3 Stewart, Capt Sir Edward Orde MacTaggart. 3 Stewart (see Note p. 288), 28 Stewart Sir Alexander. 2 Stewart, Sir Alexander. 3	1892 1924 1623 1667 1803 1882	Twisden, Sir John Ramskii, Twysden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, B x Tywhitt, Adm. Sir Rogenald, Y., G. B., B N C Usher, May Sir John T Vane, Sir Fras P Fletcher- Vavasoui, Capt Sir Leonard Plus, B x Vernoi, Sir Edward W. Vernoi, LtCot Sir Harry C	5 2542 2566 2512 1919 2599 1786 1888 2846
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Ander- don, n.s.o. Saminian, Sir Henry, n.c. Saminian, Sir Henry, n.c. Saminol, Sir Edward Lovien Samuol, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samuelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P. Sanderson, Sir Frank Bernard.	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1929	Stophen, Sir Harry L. 21 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 22 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 22 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 22 Stewart, Brugh Shaw, K. 8, 7 D. 52 Stewart, Brugh Gen.SurHugh H. 25 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law 25 Stewart, Gryf Sir Edward Orde MacTaggart 22 Stewart, Sir Alexander 22 Stewart, Sir Alexander 22 Stewart, Sir Alexander 22 Sterling, Le Cot Sir George M.	1892 1914 1623 1867 1803 1881 1892 1920	Twisden, Sir John Kanskil, Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Tyrwhitt, Adm. Sir Roginald, Y, G. B, B NO. Usher, Maj. Sir John T. Vano, Sir Fras P. Fletcher-Vavasoui, Capit Sir Leonard Pius, R x Vernoi, Sir Edward W	8 x64x x666 x6xx x9x9 x699 x786 x8x8 x846 x8x8
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, n.s. Asiminan, Sir Henry, n.d. Saminian, Sir Henry, n.d. Saminel, Sir Edward Levicen Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samuelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P. Sanderwa, Bir Frank Bernard, M.P. Sassoon, Maj. Rt. Hen. Sir Sassoon, Maj. Rt. Hen. Sir Cassoon, Maj. Rt. Hen. Sir	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1929	Stephen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stevent, Sir Harry J. U. 12 Stevent, Sir Hugh Shaw, Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 12 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 13 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 13 Stewart, Sir MacYagart. 13 Stewart (see Note p. 288). 23 Stewart, Sir Alexander. 12 String, Lt. Cot. Sir George M. H. 18 P. 18 P. 18	1892 1914 1623 1867 1803 1881 1892	Twisden, Sir John Kanskil, Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Tyrwhitt, Adm. Sir Roginald, Y, G. B, B NO. Usher, Maj. Sir John T. Vano, Sir Fras P. Fletcher-Vavasoui, Capit Sir Leonard Pius, R x Vernoi, Sir Edward W	8 x64x x666 x6xx x9x9 x699 x786 x8x8 x846 x8x8
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, n.s. Asiminan, Sir Henry, n.d. Saminian, Sir Henry, n.d. Saminel, Sir Edward Levicen Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samuelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P. Sanderwa, Bir Frank Bernard, M.P. Sassoon, Maj. Rt. Hen. Sir Sassoon, Maj. Rt. Hen. Sir Cassoon, Maj. Rt. Hen. Sir	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1920 1890	Stophen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 32 Stewart, Bir Gen. Sir Hugh Shaw, Stewart, Bir Gen. Sir Hugh Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Gryf Sir Edward Orde MacTaggart Stewart, Sir Alexander Sturing, Et. Col Sir George M. Hi, Sir P. D. S. S. Stirling, Sir (Walter) George M. Stirling, Sir (Walter) George	1892 1914 1623 1867 1803 1881 1892 1920 1920	Twisden, Sir John Kanskil, Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Tyrwhitt, Adm. Sir Roginald, Y, G. B, B NO. Usher, Maj. Sir John T. Vano, Sir Fras P. Fletcher-Vavasoui, Capit Sir Leonard Pius, R x Vernoi, Sir Edward W	5 x64x x666 x6xx x9x9 x699 x786 x8a6 x846 x8x8 x846
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, n.s.o. Saminan, Sir Henry, n.c. Saminan, Sir Henry, n.c. Saminan, Sir Edward Lovien Samuel, Sir Edward Lovien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samuelson, Sir Henry B Sandersen, Sir Fank Bernard, M.P. Sassoon, Maj. Rt. Hon Sir Philip A G D, G B P, Sassoon, Sir Edlice Victor	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1920 1890	Stophen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 32 Stewart, Bir Gen. Sir Hugh Shaw, Stewart, Bir Gen. Sir Hugh Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Gryf Sir Edward Orde MacTaggart Stewart, Sir Alexander Sturing, Et. Col Sir George M. Hi, Sir P. D. S. S. Stirling, Sir (Walter) George M. Stirling, Sir (Walter) George	1892 1914 1623 1867 1803 1881 1892 1920 1920	Twisden, Sir John Kanskil, Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trywhitt, Adm. Sir Rogerald, Y. G. B. D. So. Usher, Maj. Sir John T. Vano, Sir Fras P. Fletcher-Vavasout, Cupt Sir Leonard Pius, R x Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, LtCot. Sir Harry C. W. J. P. So. Vernion, Sir B. George H. Vernen, Sir W. Norman.	5 x64x x666 x6xx x9x9 x699 x786 x8a6 x846 x8x8 x845 x9x4
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, has, Samuel, Sir Henry, M. Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P. Sanders, Bir Frank Bernard, M.G. Sanson, M.J., Rt. Hen Sir Philip A. G. D., G. B.F., M.G., M.F. Sasson, Sir Ellice Victor Sasoro, Sir Ellice Victor Sasoro, Sir Wille Victor Sasoro, Sir Wille Derdadile	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1920 1890	Stophen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 32 Stewart, Bir Gen. Sir Hugh Shaw, Stewart, Bir Gen. Sir Hugh Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Gryf Sir Edward Orde MacTaggart Stewart, Sir Alexander Sturing, Et. Col Sir George M. Hi, Sir P. D. S. S. Stirling, Sir (Walter) George M. Stirling, Sir (Walter) George	1892 1924 1623 1867 1803 1882 1892 1920 1920 2666 2860 2840	Twisden, Sir John Ramskii, Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trywhitt, Adm. Sir Roginald, Y., a.c. B, B. So. Usher, Maj. Sir John T. Vano, Sir Fras P. Fletcher-Vavasoui, Capit Sir Leonard Pius, R x Vernoi, Sir Edward W	8 x64x x666 x6xx 1919 x599 x786 x888 x846 x818 x885 x914 x92x
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, ns. 6. Henry, M. Saminian, Sir Henry, M. Samuel, Sir Edward Lovien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M. Samuelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M. Sandeman, Sir Frank Bernard, Sussoon, Maj, Rt. Hon Sir Philip A G. D., G. Br, (M.C., M.P. Sassoon, Sir Edlice Victor Sassoon, Sir Edlice Victor Sassoon, Sir Edlice Victor Savory, Sir Will. Borradaile Scarisbrick, Sir Everard T.	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1920 1890	Stophen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 32 Stewart, Bir Gen. Sir Hugh Shaw, Stewart, Bir Gen. Sir Hugh Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Sir Douglas Law Stewart, Gryf Sir Edward Orde MacTaggart Stewart, Sir Alexander Sturing, Et. Col Sir George M. Hi, Sir P. D. S. S. Stirling, Sir (Walter) George M. Stirling, Sir (Walter) George	1892 1924 1623 1867 1803 1882 1892 1920 1920 2666 2860 2840	Twisden, Sir John Ramskii, Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trywhitt, Adm. Sir Roginald, Y., a.c. B, B. So. Usher, Maj. Sir John T. Vano, Sir Fras P. Fletcher-Vavasoui, Capit Sir Leonard Pius, R x Vernoi, Sir Edward W	5 x64x x666 x6xx x9x9 x699 x786 x8a6 x846 x8x8 x845 x9x4
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, has, Samuel, Sir Henry, M. Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Sameelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P. Sandeman, Sir Frank Bernard, T. Sasson, Maj. Rt. Hen Sir Philip A. G. D., G. B. F. (M.C., M.F. Lilice Victor Savor, Sir Will Borradalle Scarisbrick, Sir Everard T. Schnster, Sir Feilx.	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1920 1920 1890 1909 1909	Stophen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stowart, Sir Harry J. U. 12 Stowart, Sir Douglas Law. 25 Stewart, Sir Fedward Orde MacTaggart. 31 Stewart, Sir Alexander. 32 Stirling, Sir Alexander. 33 Stirling, Sir Walteri George M. H., 28 r. 28 Stirling, Sir (Walteri George M. 25 Stochenstrom, Sir Andries. 35 Stochenstrom, Sir Andries. 35 Stonhouse, Sir Ernest Hay 25 Stoth, Sir Philip Sidney. 27 Stothenson Sir Philip Sidney. 32 Stothenson Sir Philip Sidney. 33	1892 1924 1683 1883 1882 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1840 1840 1840	Twisden, Sir John Ramskii, Twysden, LiLom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Tyrwhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Angular, Y., G. B., B. S. O. Usher, Maj. Sir John T. Vano, Sir Fras. P. Fletcher-Vavasout, Capit Sir Leonard Plus, R S. Edward W. Vernor, LiLot Sir Harry C. W., B. S. Vernon, Sir W. Aronnan, Sir B. George H. Vernon, Sir B. George H. Vernon, Sir K. Sermadis Erskine Vysyan, Co. Sir Courtonay B.	5 x64x x666 x6xx 1919 x699 1786 x846 x846 x828 x845 1914 1921 x620
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, has, Samuel, Sir Henry, M. Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Sameelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P. Sandeman, Sir Frank Bernard, T. Sasson, Maj. Rt. Hen Sir Philip A. G. D., G. B. F. (M.C., M.F. Lilice Victor Savor, Sir Will Borradalle Scarisbrick, Sir Everard T. Schnster, Sir Feilx.	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1920 1890	Stophen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 32 Stewart, Sir Hugh Shaw, S. 48, 7 D. 52 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 22 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 22 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 22 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 22 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 23 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 24 Stewart, Sir Alexander. 25 Strining, Sir (Valter) George M. Hi, S. 87, D. 80 Strining, Sir (Walter) George M. Stophouse, Sir Kruest Hay. 2 Stott, Sir Philip Sidney. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32	1892 1924 1683 1883 1882 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1840 1840 1840	Twisden, Sir John Ramskii, Twysden, LiCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Tyrwhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Angular, Y., G. B., B. S. O. Usher, Maj. Sir John T. Vano, Sir Fras. P. Fletcher-Vavasout, Capt Sir Leonard Plus, R S. Edward W. Vernor, LiCot Sir Harry C. W., B. S. Vernon, Sir W. Aronnan, Sir B. George H. Vernon, Sir B. George H. Vernon, Sir K. Sennah Francis Erskine Vyysan, Cot. Sir Courtonay B., Cot. Sir Courtonay B.	5 x64x x666 x6xx 1919 x699 1786 x846 x846 x828 x845 1914 1921 x620
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, has, Samuel, Sir Henry, M. Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Sameelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P. Sandeman, Sir Frank Bernard, T. Sasson, Maj. Rt. Hen Sir Philip A. G. D., G. B. F. (M.C., M.F. Lilice Victor Savor, Sir Will Borradalle Scarisbrick, Sir Everard T. Schnster, Sir Feilx.	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1920 1920 1890 1909 1906 1806	Stophen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 32 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 32 Stewart, Sir Hugh Shaw, S. 48, 7 D. 52 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 22 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 22 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 22 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 22 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 23 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 24 Stewart, Sir Alexander. 25 Strining, Sir (Valter) George M. Hi, S. 87, D. 80 Strining, Sir (Walter) George M. Stophouse, Sir Kruest Hay. 2 Stott, Sir Philip Sidney. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32 Stow Sir Elliot Philipson. 32	1892 1924 1683 1883 1882 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1840 1840 1840	Twisden, Sir John Ramskii, Twysden, LiCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Tyrwhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Angular, Y., G. B., B. S. O. Usher, Maj. Sir John T. Vano, Sir Fras. P. Fletcher-Vavasout, Capt Sir Leonard Plus, R S. Edward W. Vernor, LiCot Sir Harry C. W., B. S. Vernon, Sir W. Aronnan, Sir B. George H. Vernon, Sir B. George H. Vernon, Sir K. Sennah Francis Erskine Vyysan, Cot. Sir Courtonay B., Cot. Sir Courtonay B.	5 x64z x666 x6xx 1919 x599 x786 x846 x846 x846 x818 x846 x818 x846 x818 x846 x818 x846 x818 x846 x846 x846 x846 x846 x846 x846 x84
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, n.s., Saminan, Sir Henry, M. Saminan, Sir Edward Lovien Samuel, Sir Edward Lovien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samelson, Sir Arthur Michael, Sandeman, Sir A. Nairno Stewart-, M.P. Sanderson, Sir Frank Bernord, M.F. Sassoon, Maj. Rt. Hon Sir Philip A. G. D., G. B. F. (M.G., M.P. Hiller Victor Savory, Sir Will. Borradaile Scarisbrick, Sir Everard T. Schuster, Sir Felix Scott, Sir Douglas Edward Scott, Sir Douglas Edward Coott, Sir Douglas Edward Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia, Scott, Sir Philadelphia	1899 1921 1898 1929 1920 1890 1909 1906 1806 1916	Stophen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stowart, Sir Harry J. U. 12 Stowart, Sir Hugh Shaw,	1892 1914 1663 18667 1882 1882 1920 1920 1840 1840 1920 1920 1818	Twisden, Sir John Ramskii, Twysden, LLCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trywhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Adm. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trywhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Thomas, Sir Stabn T. Vano, Sir Fas P. Fletcher-Vavasout, Capt Sir Leonard Pub., R x Verney, LLCot Sir Harry C. W., B o. Verney, LLCot Sir Harry C. W., B o. Verney, Sir E. George H. Vernon, Sir W. Aorman. Vestey, Sir Edmund Hoyle. Vincent, Sir Francis Erskine Vyvyan, Cot. Sir Courtonay B. C. Wacchter, Sir Harry L. D'A.	5 x64x x666 x6xx 1919 x699 1786 x846 x846 x828 x845 1914 1921 x620
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, n.s.o. Saminan, Sir Henry, n.s. Saminan, Sir Keward Lovien Samuel, Sir Edward Lovien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, N. Frank Bernard, Sir Sasson, Maj. Rt. Hon Sir Philip A G. D., 6 n.r., (M.G., N.P. Sasson, Sir Ellice Victor Savory, Sir Win. Borradaile Scarisbrick, Sir Everard T. Schuster, Sir Felix Scott, Sir Douglas Edward Scott, Sir Douglas Edward Scott, Sir Paga M. Sibbaid	1899 1981 1898 1972 1884 1989 1989 1890 1909 1906 1806 1916	Stophen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. st. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. st. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. st. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. st. Stevent, Sir Hugh Shaw, S. St. St. St. St. St. St. St. St. St.	1892 1643 1667 1883 1882 1882 1892 1990 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846	Twisden, Sir John Kanskil, Twisden, LiLom. Sir Roger Thousas, a x Trywhitt, Adm Sir Roger Andrews Sir Roger Thousas, a x Trywhitt, Adm Sir John T Vane, Sir Fras P Fletcher-Vavasout, Cupt Sir Leonard Pius, a x Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir B. George H. Vernen, Sir B. George H. Vernen, Sir W. Aorman. Vestey, Sir Edmund Hoyle Vernen, Sir Francis Erskine Vyyan, Col. Sir Courtenay B. La. La. La. La. La. Charles Fish Harry I. D'A. Wachder, Sir Harry I. D'A. Wake, May, Jen. Sir Heroward,	8 x64z x666 x6xx x9x9 x699 x786 x8x8 x846 x8x8 x8x8 x8x8 x8x8 x8x8 x8
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, n.s.o. Saminan, Sir Henry, n.s. Saminan, Sir Keward Lovien Samuel, Sir Edward Lovien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, N. Frank Bernard, Sir Sasson, Maj. Rt. Hon Sir Philip A G. D., 6 n.r., (M.G., N.P. Sasson, Sir Ellice Victor Savory, Sir Win. Borradaile Scarisbrick, Sir Everard T. Schuster, Sir Felix Scott, Sir Douglas Edward Scott, Sir Douglas Edward Scott, Sir Paga M. Sibbaid	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1920 1920 1909 1909 1906 1916 1866 1866 1866	Stophen, Sir Harry L. Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 12 Stowart, Sir Harry J. U. 12 Stowart, Sir Hugh Shaw,	1892 1643 1667 1883 1882 1882 1892 1990 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846	Twisden, Sir John Kanskil, Twisden, LiLom. Sir Roger Thousas, a x Trywhitt, Adm Sir Roger Andrews Sir Roger Thousas, a x Trywhitt, Adm Sir John T Vane, Sir Fras P Fletcher-Vavasout, Cupt Sir Leonard Pius, a x Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir B. George H. Vernen, Sir B. George H. Vernen, Sir W. Aorman. Vestey, Sir Edmund Hoyle Vernen, Sir Francis Erskine Vyyan, Col. Sir Courtenay B. La. La. La. La. La. Charles Fish Harry I. D'A. Wachder, Sir Harry I. D'A. Wake, May, Jen. Sir Heroward,	5 x64z x666 x6xx 1919 x699 1786 x846 x846 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x846 x828 x828 x828 x828 x828 x828 x828 x82
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, n.s., 6. Sanninan, Sir Henry, M. Sanuel, Sir Edward Lovien Sanuel, Sir Edward Lovien Sanuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M. Sanuelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairno Stewart, M. P. Sansoon, M. J. Rt. Hon Sir Phillip A G D, G n. F. Cassoon, Sir Edlice Victor Savory, Sir Vin. Borradaile Scarisbrick, Sir Edward T Schuster, Sir Felix Scott, Sir Douglas W Scott, Sir Fras M Sibbaid Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Walter	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1920 1920 1909 1909 1906 1916 1866 1866	Stophen, Sir Harry L. 22 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 22 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 23 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 23 Stowart, Cof Sir Hugh Shaw,	1892 1643 1667 1883 1882 1882 1892 1990 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846 1846	Twisden, Sir John Kanskil, Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Tywhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Tywhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Tymhitt, Adm. Sir Bediald, Y, G. B, B > 0 User, Maj. Sir John T Vano, Sir Fras P Fletcher-Vavasout, Cupt Sir Leonard Pius, R x Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir B. George H. Vernen, Sir B. George H. Vernen, Sir W. Aornian Vestey, Sir Edmund Hoyle Vernen, Sir Francis Erskine Vyyan, Col. Sir Courtenay B. Lat. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18. Ch. 18	8 x64z x666 x6xx x9x9 x699 x786 x8x8 x846 x8x8 x8x8 x8x8 x8x8 x8x8 x8
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Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, n.s., Saminan, Sir Henry, n.c. Saminan, Sir Henry, n.c. Samuel, Sir Edward Lovien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.Paniuelson, Sir Henry B sanderman, Sir A Nairne Stewart-, M P sanderman, Sir Frank Bernerd, M.C., N.C. Sassoon, Maj. Rt Henrord, M.C., N.C. Sassoon, Maj. Rt Henrord, M.C., N.C. Sassoon, Sir Ellice Victor Savory, Sir Viun. Borradaile Scarisbrick, Sir Everard T Schuster, Sir Felix Scott, Sir Douglas Edwa Scott, Sir Fous M Slbbaid Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward	1899 1921 1898 1972 1884 1920 1920 1909 1909 1906 1916 1866 1866	Stophen, Sir Harry L. 22 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 22 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 23 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 23 Stowart, Cof Sir Hugh Shaw,	1892 1914 1633 1883 1883 1893 1930 1930 1930 1930 1930 1930 1930 19	Twisden, Sir John Kanskil, Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trywhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trywhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trywhitt, Adm. Sir John T. Vano, Sir Fras P. Fletcher-Vavasout, Cupt Sir Leonard Pius, R x Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir B. George H. Vernet, Sir W. Norman. Vestey, Sir Edmund Hoyle Vernet, Sir Francis Erskine Vyyan, Col. Sir Courtonay B. Lat. M. Wachter, Sir Harry L. D'A. Wachter, Sir Harry L. D'A. Wake, May, John Sir Heroward, C. B.; M. G. Jub G. Wakenam, Capt. Sir Geo. Ferdinand Forestier.	8 x64z x666 x6xx x9x9 x599 x786 x8a8 x846 x8x8 x846 x9xx x9xx x9xx x6a0 x645 x9xx x6az x6az x6az
Sait, LtCot Sir Thos Anderdon, 18.3. Saminan, Sir Henry, M. Saminan, Sir Henry, M. Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Edward Levien Samuel, Sir Arthur Michael, M.P. Samelson, Sir Henry B Sandeman, Sir A. Nairne Stewart, M.P. Sansoon, M.A., Rt. Hen Sir Pandersen, Sir Frank Bernard, M.P. Sassoon, M.A., Rt. Hen Sir Sassoon, M.A. Sassoon, M. Bernard, M. M. Sassoon, Sir Ellica Victor Savory, Sir Win. Bernardalle Scarisbrick, Sir Everard T Schuster, Sir Felix Scott, Sir Foughs Edward Scott, Sir Foughs Edward Scott, Sir Fras M Sibbaid Scott, Sir Sanuel Edward Scott, Sir Sanuel Hasian Scott, Sir Sanuel Hasian Scott, Sir Sanuel Hasian Scott, Sir Sanuel Hasian Scott, Sir Sanuel Hasian	1899 1932 1898 1938 1939 1909 1909 1906 1806 1916 1806 1832 1907 1909	Stophen, Sir Harry L. 28 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 28 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 28 Stevenson, Sir Daniel M. 28 Stewart, Sir Harry J. U. 28 Stewart, Sir Hugh Shaw, k. 18, 7 D. 58 Stewart, Bir J. Gen. Sir Hugh Shaw, 28 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 28 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 28 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 28 Stewart, Sir Douglas Law. 28 Stewart, Sir Alexander 28 Sterning, L. Col Sir George M. Hi, b. 8 F. D. 50 Strining, Sir (Walter) George M. Strining, Sir (Walter) George Stockeentrom, Sir Andries 28 Stoholouse, Sir Ernest Hay. 28 Stott, Sir Philip Sidney Strow, Sir Elliot Philipson. 28 Strow, Sir Elliot Philipson. 28 Strow, Sir Elliot Philipson. 28 Strow, Sir Elliot Philipson. 28 Strow, Sir Elliot Philipson. 28 Strow, Sir Elliot Philipson. 28 Strow, Sir Elliot Philipson. 28 Strow, Sir Charles E. S. 28 Stronge, Sir Charles E. S. 28	1892 1693 1693 1893 1893 1893 1893 1993 1993 1993 19	Twisden, Sir John Kanskil, Twisden, LtCom. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trywhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trywhitt, Adm. Sir Roger Thomas, R x Trywhitt, Adm. Sir John T. Vano, Sir Fras P. Fletcher-Vavasout, Cupt Sir Leonard Pius, R x Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir Edward W. Vernet, Sir B. George H. Vernet, Sir W. Norman. Vestey, Sir Edmund Hoyle Vernet, Sir Francis Erskine Vyyan, Col. Sir Courtonay B. Lat. M. Wachter, Sir Harry L. D'A. Wachter, Sir Harry L. D'A. Wake, May, John Sir Heroward, C. B.; M. G. Jub G. Wakenam, Capt. Sir Geo. Ferdinand Forestier.	8 x64z x666 x6xx x9x9 x599 x786 x8x8 x846 x8x8 x9x4 x9xx x9xx x9xx x9xx x9xx x9xx
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Ward, Sir Cyril zgzz	Wiggin, Sir Charles R Hy 1892	Wittewronge, Sir John C. B.	.
Wand It (b) Sir Albert	Wigram Sir Edgar Thomas 1805	Lawes-	8e
Lambert, D S.O., T D., M.P 1939	Wilbraham, Sir Philip W.	Wolseley, Rev. Sir Wm.	- 1
Warde, Col Sir C. Edw., o B.R. 1929	Rever 1770	Augustus	48
Wardlaw, Sir Henry s 2632	Williams, Sir Hugh G., M.C 1798	Wolseley, Sir Edric Charles J. 20	8
	Williams, Sir William Law z866	Wombwell, Sir Fredk. P. A.W. 27	78
	Williams, Sir Michael Osmond- 2909	Wood, Sir John 29	
Warner, Col. Sir T. Courtenay,	Williams, LtCol. Sir Rhys,	Wood, Sir John Stuart Page 28	27
Warren, Sir Aug, G. D. J. B. 1 2784		Wood, Sir Arthur N. Lindsay 28	97
	Williams, Col. Sir Robert 1915		ez
Warrender, Sir Victor A. G.A.,	Williams, Rt. Hon. Sir Ellis W.	Worley, Sir Arthur, c. B. E	88
	Hume-, K.B.E., K.C 1982		24
	Williams, Sir Robert zga6	Worsley, Sir Wm. Hy. A ze	838
	Williamson, Sir Hedworth 264s	Wraxall, Sir Chas. F. Lascolles 24	RE3
		Wrey, Sir Philip Bourchier S.,	- 1
	Wills, Sir George P. Vernon 1923		528 i
	Willshire, Bir Gerard Arthur		903
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	Wilmot, Sir Arthur Ralph 2759		980
	Wilmot, Sir John Eardley 1821		900
Wedderburn, Maj. Sir John	Wilson, Sir Spencer P.	Wynn, Col. Sir Herbert L. W.	
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Weldon, Sir Anthony Edwd W. 1 1723 Wornhor, Sir Derrick Julius. 12005		Yate, Col. Sir Charles Edward,	'
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		Young, Sir Charles A., K.c.M.G.,	
	Wilson, Sir John M. H 1980	M.V.O	769
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White Sir George Stanley 1904	D.S.O 1920		OZZ
	Winnington, Sir Fras. S. W 2755		,
White, Lt. Col. Sir Godfrey	Wiseman, LtCol. Sir Wm. G.		
		Registrar of Baronetage, H. R. Bo	vd.
	Whitney, Maj. Sir Henry E.W.	C.V.O , C.B.E., Home Office, S.W.	, ~, ·
Whiteley, Sie H J. Huntington- 1918	Fetherstonhaugh 1 2776	Asst. do., P. T. Shorey, M.B E.	
Wigan, Sir Roderick Grey 1898	Temeracommung	av., Ditoroj, a.n a	

# * Precedency in Great Britain.

The Sovereign
The Prince of Wales.
Younger Sons of the Sovereign.
Grandsons of the Sovereign. Grandsons of the Novereign.
Sovereign's Bruthers
Sovereign's Uncles
Sovereign's Nephrox.
Archibishop of Canterbury.
Loui High Clancellor.
Archibishop of York
Prine Minister
Lyui President of the Council.
Speaker of the House of Commons.
Lord Privy Seal (If of Baronial rank)
Five following State Others if Pukes Five following State Officers if Dukes:

(z) Lord Great Chamberlain (on duty)
(a) Earl Marshal.
(3) Lord Steward
(4) Lord Chamberlain
(5) The Master of the Horse Dukes, according to their Patents of

Creation:
2. Of England; 2 Of Scotland, 3.
4 Great Britain; 4 Of Ireland,
5 Those created since the Union

5 Those created since the Union Eldest sons of Dukes of Blood Royal Pive above State Unions if Marquesees Marquesees, the same order as Dukes. Pive above State Officers if Earls. Earls, in some order as Pukes. Younger sons of Dukes of Blood Royal. Marqueses' eldest Sons. Dukes younger Sons Five above State Officers if Viscounts Viscounts, in some order as Dukes. Younger Sons Earls eldest Sons.

Earls eldest Sons.

Marquesses younger Sons. Bishops of London, Durham and Winchester

All other English Bishops, according to their semiority of Consecration Five above State Officers if Barons

Secretaries of State, if of the degree of a Baron. Barons, in same order as Dukes. Treasurer of H M.'s Household Comptroller of H M's Household. Vice-Chamberlain of Household.

Secretaries of State under the degree of Baron

High Commissioners (see p. 1881.)
Viscounts' eldest Sons.
Earls' younger Sons
Barons' eldest Sons. Knights of the Garter if Commoners.

Privy Counsellors if of no higher rank. Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Chancellor of the Ducky of Lancaster
Lord Unief Justice of England.

President of the Proles Court.

The Lords Justices of Appeal.

Judges of the High Court.

Viscounts Jounger Sons. Barons' younger Sons. Sons of Life Peers.

Baronets of either Kingdom, according to date of Patents. Knights of Thistle and St. Patrick if Commoners.

Knights Grand Cross of the Bath.

G.C.S.I., G.C.N.G.; G.C.I.E.; G.C.V.O.; G.B.E. Enights Communiders of the above

Orders.

Conders.

Knights Bachelor.

Judges of County Courts and Judges of the Mayor's and City of London Court.

Serjeants at law. Masters in Lunacy. \$G.B.; C.S.I.; C.M.G.; C.I E.; C.Y.O.; C.B.E; D & O.; M.V O.(4th); O.B.E.;

Eldest Sons of younger Sons of Peers.
'Baronets' eldest Sons.

Eldest Sons of Knights in the same order as their Fathers. M.V.O.(gth); M.B.E.

Younger Sons of the younger Sons of Peers.

Baronets' younger Sons.
Younger Sons of Knights in the same
order as their Fathers.

Naval, Military, and other Esquires by Office.

Women take the same rank as their husbands or as their eldost brothers; but the daughter of a Peermarrying a Commoner retains he title as Lady or Honourable. Daughters of Peers rank next immediately after the wives of their elder brothers, and before their younger brothers wives. Jaughters of Peers marrying Peers of lower degree take the same order of precedency as that of their husbands; thus the daughter of a Duke marrying a Barron degrades to the rank of Pearoness only, while her sisters married to commoner retain their rank and take precedence of the Baroness Act of the Stroness Later of the Stroness and the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters where sisters was the sisters was the sisters where sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters which was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the sisters was the

For Dames Grand Cross and Dames Commanders of the British Empire, see p 240

IOUAL PRACADENCY. — No written code of country or city order of precedence has been promulgated, but naturally in the country the Lord leettenant stands first, and scoundly the Sheriff In London and other Corporations, the Mayor stands first, after him the Aldermen. Sheriffs, after him the Aldermen. Sheriff always the Conference of the Yue-Chancellor.

* For fuller tables (and for Scottish and Irish Precedency) see Introduction to "Whitaker's Parkace; Baroketage Knichtage and Companionals." a companion volume, price sea net.

A complete list, in Alphabetical Order (the only list so published), of all holders of these decorations will be found in "Whitaker's Parkage;

# Orders of Chivalry.



# KNIGHTS OF THE MOST NOBLE ORDER OF THE GARTER (1349)-K.G.

Ribbon, Garter Blue. Motto, Honi soit qui mal y pense (Evil be to him who evil thinks). THE SOVEREIGN.



## Lady of the Garter-H M. The Queen. -

H R.H. the Prince of Wales.
H.R.H. the Duke of York.
H.R.H. the Duke of Gloucester.
H.R.H. Prince George.
H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught.
H.R.H. the Vice of Use of Connaught.
H.R.H. the Vice of Use of Connaught. H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connau H. M. the King of Italy, H. M. King Alfonso XIII. H. M. the King of Sweden. H. M. the King of Norway. H. M. the King of Denmark. H. M. the King of the Belgians. H. I. M. the Kupperr of Japan. The Duke of Portland. The Duke of Marthorough.

The Marquess of Crewe, The Earl of Selborne The Earl Beauchamp. The Karl Beauchamp.
The Karl of Derby.
The Duke of Derby.
The Duke of Devonshire.
The Lord Hardinge of Penshurst.
The Marquess of Salisbury.
The Marquess of Salisbury.
The Karl of Harewood.
The Viscount Fitz-Alan of Derwent.
The Rt Hon. Sir Austen Chamber-

The Earl of Athlone. The Duke of Abercorn,

The Duke of Wellington.

The Lord Desborough.
The Earl of Lonsdale.
The Earl of Scarbrough.
The Lord Irwin.
The Earl of Lytton
Prelate, The Bishop of Winchester.
Changeling The Bishop of Winchester. Chancellor, The Bishop of Oxford. Registrar, The Dean of Windsor. Garter Principal King of Arms, Sir Gerald W. Wollaston, N.V.O. Usher of the Black Rod, Lieut. Gen. Sir William P. (Pulteney, G c.v.e., K.C.B., K.C.M.G., Secretary, Frank Horbert Mitchell C.B. R., M.Y.O.



### KNIGHTS OF THE MOST ANCIENT AND MOST NOBLE ORDER OF THE THISTLE (1687)-K.T.

Rubbon, Green. Motto, Nemo me impune lacesuit (No one provokes me with impunity).



### THE SOVEREIGN.

H.R.H The Prince of Wales.
H.R.H. The Duke of York
H.R.H. The Duke of Gloucester
H.R.II The Duke of Counsught.
H.R.H Prince Arthur of Counsught. The Marquess of Aberdeen and Tomair The Lord Hamilton of Dalzell.
The Earl of Mar and Kellie
The Duke of Buccleuch and Queens-

The Viscount Novar
The Lord Eliphiustone
The Marquess of Linlithgow.
The Karl of Struthnote and KingThe Isuke of Suthoriand.
Sir John Maxwell Stirling-Maxwell, Bt
The Earl of Home.

The Purke of Athell
The Earl of Crawford and Balcarres.
The Marques of Bute
The Marques of Bute
The Ylectum Notur
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Dean, Very Rev. Charles Laing
Warr, M.A.
Lyon King of Arms and Secretary,
Krancis James Grant, w.s., F.S.A.,

Scot.

Usher of the Green Rod, Brig. Gen.
Sir Robert Gordon Gilmour, Bt, C.B., C.V.O., D.S.O.



berry.

### KNIGHTS OF THE MOST ILLUSTRIOUS ORDER OF 8T. PATRICK (1788)-K.P.

Ribbon, Sky Blue. Motto, Quis separabit ' (Who shall separate?)



H R.H. The Prince of Wales H.R.H. The Duke of Connaught. The Lord Castletown. The Earl of Granard. The Earl of Arran The Earl of thaftesbury.

THE SOVEREIGN.

The Earl of Donoughmore. The Viscount Powerscourt. The Earl of Midleton The Earl of Cavan. The Karl of Desart.
The Duke of Abercorn.

Ulster King of Arms, Registrar, and Knight Attendant, Maj. Sir Nevile R Wilkinson, E. C. 1.0, F.S.A. Genealogist, Usher of the Black Rod.

# THE MOST HONOURABLE ORDER OF THE BATH (1399).

Ribbon, Crimson. Motto, Tria juncta in uno. (Remodelled 1725 and 1815, and enlarged thirteen times since.)











E.C.B. Mil. e c.a. Mil. THE SOURHISH; Great Master and Principal Knight Grand Cross, Field-Marshal H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K.E., K.T., K.F., G.L.R.I., G.C.M., G.C.I.R., G.C.Y.O., G.R.E.; Dean of the Order, The Dean of Westminster; Buth King of Arms, Gen. Sir W. P. Braithwalte, G.C.R. Registrar and Secretary, Admiral Richard Greville Arthur Weilington Stapleton-Cotton, C.R., G.R.E., M.C.; Genetologiet, Aired Trego Butler, M.G.; Genetichear University of the Scarlet Rod, Air Vice-Marshal Charles A. H. Longuroft, C.R., C.M.G., D. G., A.P.G. Deputy Secretary, Maj. H. H. F. Stockley, w. vo., O.R.E.; Chancery, Central Charvy of the Orders of Knighthood—G.C.B., Knight Grand Cross; K.C.B., Knight Commander; C.B., Companion

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1984.



### THE ORDER OF MERIT (1902)-O.M. Ribbon, Blue and Crimson,

This Order confers no precedence It is designed as a special distinction for eminent men and women—without conferring a knighthood upon them. The Order is limited in numbers to as, with the addition of foreign honorary members. Membership is of two kinds, Millitary and Civil, the badge of the former having crossed swords, and the latter cak leaves Membership designated by the suffix o.m., which is authorised to follow the o.m.Mil the inferior classes of the Bath and to precede the letters designating membership of the inferior classes of the Bath and all classes of the remaining Orders of Knighthood.



Jellicoe, c.c.s., c.c.vo.
Admiral of the Floet Rt. Hon Sir Joseph John Thomson, r.r.s.
Rt. Hon David Lloyd George.
Rt. Hon David Lloyd George.
Admiral of the Floet Sir Charles Sir Lianes Matthew Barrie, Bt., L. D.
Edward Madden, Bt., c.c.s., SirChax-ScottSherrington, c.s.s., Sir. Lianes Matthew Barrie, Bt., L. D.
Str. Milliam Henry G.L V.O., K C.M (

HONORARY.

Admiral Count Togo.

Admiral of the Fleet Rt. Hon. Earl Sir Edward Elgar, Bt , a c.v o., mus. Montague Rhodes James. Litt.D.

Sir James Matthew Harrie, Bic., Lie Brillip William Henry Bragg, E.B.E. Sir George Frace, Frace.
Lord Rutherford, F.R.S. Sir George Abraham Grierson,
Sir George Abraham Grierson,
Harry Julian Stonor, e.c.v.o.

Samuel Alexander, Litt.p.

T.B.A , F B A. George Macaulay Trevelyan, c.s.E.,



## THE MOST EXALTED ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA (1861).

(Since enlarged eight times ) Rubbon, Light Blue, with White Edges. Motto, Hearen's Light our Guide

Sourcegn, The King-Empreon, Grand Master and First and Principal Knight Grand Commander, The Vicercy and Gov Gon of India; Secretary (in India), Sir C. C. Watson, K. (. E. )..., Registrar, The Secretary of the Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood—for the time being; G C S I, Knight Grand Commander; K C S I., Knight Commander, C S I, Companion.

## THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE (1818).

Ribbon, Saxon Blue, with Scarlet Centre. Motto, Auspicium melioris avi.



### THE MOST EMINENT ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE (1877).

(Since enlarged eight times ) Rubbon, Imperial Purple. Motto, Imperatricis auspiciis.

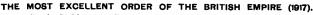
Sovereign, Tur Kiss-Emprion, Grand Master, The Vicercy and Governor-General of India for the time being, Secretary (in India), Sir C. C. Watson, E. J. E. J. J. Rejistrar, The Secretary of the Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood—for the time being, G.C.I. E., Knight Grand Commander; K.C.I. E., Knight Commander, C.I. E., Companion

### THE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER (1896).

Ribbon, Blue, with Red and White Edges Motto, Victoria.

THE SOUTHIERS, Chancellor, The Lord Chamberlain, Secretary, The Keeper of His Magesty's Privy Purse; Reputato, Paymaster Commander Ernest Dudley Gordon Collos, one, n. N.—G. C.V.O., Knight Grand Cross; K.C.V.O., Knight Commander, C.V.O., Commander; M.V.O., Member, marked 4th or 5th Class.





Ribbon, Purple (Civil Division); Purple, with narrow vertical Red Centre Stripe (Military Division). Motto, For God and the Empire



G.B.E. The Sovereion; Grand Master, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales; Prelate, Rt. Rev the Bishop K.B.E. of London, King of Arms, Adm. Sir Herbert Leopold Heath, K.C.R., M.V.O.; Registrar, The Secretary of the Central Chancer of the Orders of Knighthood—for the time being; Secretary, The Permanent Secretary to the Treasury, Centlemon Usher of the Pupic Rod, Sir Frederic G. Kenyon, G.R.E., L.C... For services rendered to the Empire, whother at home or abroad, open to both men and women. G.B.E., Knights Grand Cross or Dames Grand Cross, K.B.E., Knights Commanders; D.B.E., Dames Commanders; C.B.E., Commanders, O.B.E., Officers; M.B.E., Members. The Order was divided into Nuture y and Civil divisions in Dec., 2918.



### THE KNIGHTS BACHELOR.

The Knights Bachelor do not constitute a Boyal Order, but comprise the surviving representation of the ancient State Orders of Knightheod. The Register of Knights Bachelor, instituted by James I in the zyth contury, lapsed, and in 1808 a voluntary association under the title of "The Society of Knights" (now "The Imperial Society of Knights Bachelor" by Royal command) was formed with the primary objects of continuing the various registers atting from 1227 and obtaining the uniform registration of every created Knight. In 1826 a design for a badge to be worn by Knights Bachelor was approved and adopted, a ministruc reproduction being shown at the head of this paragraph. An annual Knightsge is published from information supplied by the authorities, and can be obtained on application. The Officers of the Society are:—Principal, Vice-Principal, Commander Sir Trevor Dawson, Br. Rr.; Cherk, Hubert Whelbourn; Registry and Library, 21 Old Buildings, Lincoln's Inn, W.C. 2.

## ORDER OF THE COMPANIONS OF HONOUR (1917)-O.H.

Ribbon, Carmine, with Gold Edges.

This Order consists of one Class only and carries with it no title or precedence, but ranks after the set Class of the Order of the British Empire, i.e. Kts. and Dames Grand Cross (Mil. and Civ. Div.). The number of awards is limited and is open to both soxes.

Barnes, Rt Hon George N.
Blinyon, Robert Laurence, Lt. n.
Bruce, Rt. Hon. Stanley M. g. c.
Bruchan, John, Lt. n. m.r.
Carille, Rev. John C., c. n. p. n.
Carille, Rev. John C., c. n. p. n.
Carille, Rev. John C., c. n. p. n.
Chotwynd, The Viscount.
Churchill, Rt. Hon W. s. n.
Clayton, Rev. Philip T. B. n.
Carille, Rev. John S., n. n.
Clayton, Rev. Philip T. B. n.
Carille, Rev. John S., n. n.
Carille, Rev. John S., n. n.
Carille, Rev. John S., n. n.
Churchill, Rt. Hon W. s. n.
Carille, Rev. John S., n. n.
Chylon, Riv Watter Thomas, c. n.
Layton, Sir Watter Thomas, c. n.
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Layton, Sir Watter Thomas, c. n.
Layton, Sir Watter T

Jones, Rev. John Daniel, v.p. Jones, Thomas, LL.v. Koogh, Surg.-Gen. Sir Alfred, c.c. B. Layton, Sir Walter Thomas, c.s r. Lidgett, Rev. John S., p.p. Lothian, Marquess of Lucas, Edward Verrall, 1 L.p.

Sheppard, Very Rev. Hugh R. L., v. D. Smuts, Id.-Gen Rt. Hon Jan C. Swettenham, Sir Frank A., c c.m.g. Wardle, George James

Barrett, Florenco Elizabeth Willey. Lady, J.R.E., M.D.
Baylis, Lilian Mary
Carruthers, Mrs. (Violet Markham).
Haldane, Elizabeth. Horninian, Annie Elizabeth Frede-Roydon, Agues Maude. Byanwick, Mrs. Helona Maria Tennant, Mrs. Margaret Edita. Tuckwell, Gertrude Mary. Walker, Jane Harriot, u.p.

### THE ROYAL ORDER OF VICTORIA AND ALBERT (for Ladies)-V.A.

Instituted in 186s, and enlarged in 1864, 1865, and 1880, but no conferments have been made since the death of Queen Victoria. Badge, in the first three Classes a medallion of Queen Victoria and the Prince Consort, differing in the width and jewelling of the border as the Classes descend, whitst the fourth substitutes a jewelled cipher. All four are surmounted by some form of a crown, which is attached to a bow of white moire ribbon. The honour does not confer any rank or title upon the recipient.

### THE SOVEREIGN.

### MEMBERS OF THE ORDER.

FIRST CLASS. SECOND CLASS. H M the Queen
H.H. Princess Helena Victoria, Emily Theresa, Baroness Ampthill. G B.E. Victoria Alberta, Marchioness of Milford Haven H.R.H. Princess Victoria. H.l. and R. H. the Grand Duchess Verena Maud, Viscountess Churchill. Princess Louise Marie Elizabeth, H R II the Princess Alue, Countess of Athlone H M. the Queen of Norway formorly Grand Duchess of Baden of Athlone of the Nethers. If R. H. Princess Affonso d'Orleans-lands.

THIRD CLASS. H M. Queen Marie of Rumania, Edith, Dowager Countess of Lytton.

FOURTH CLASS. Hon. (Marie) Lady Mallet. Hon Mrs Grant Mrs John Haughton.

# THE IMPERIAL ORDER OF THE CROWN OF INDIA (for Ladies)-C.I.

Instituted January z, z878, and for a like purpose with the simultaneously created Order of the Indian Empire. Enlarged January 30, z900. Badge, the royal cipher m jewels within an oval aurmounted by an Heraldic Crown and attached to a bow of light blue watered ribbon, edged white. The honour does not confer any rank or title upon the recipient.

### THE SOVEREIGN

### MEMBERS OF THE ORDER.

H M the Queen of Norway, v A H.M the Queen of Norway, v A H.M Queen Marie of Rumania, v A H.R.H the Princess Victoria, E.R.H, the Duchess of Argyll, c s r. B.P. B. the Princess Beatrice, a n.E., 所報 Princess Helena Victoria, H I and R.H the Grand Duchess Cyril of Russia, A. H. H. Princess Marie Louise, G.B.E. Mary, Baroness Kinloss. Lady Jane Emma Crichton, c.s z. -kdith, Dowager Countess of Lytton

n.a e , V A H H. Maharani Sahib Chimna Ba H H. Rani Sahlo Nundkumar Bai Bhugwat Sinh Jareja, of Gondal H H the Dowager Maharani of Mysore. Lady George Hamilton H.H. the Maharani Sahiba of Udaipur. Alice, Baroness Northcote, b.s.z. Amelia Maria, Lady White. Margaret, Buroness Ampthill, u.n.h. Mary Caroline, Dowagor Countess of Minto.

de Minto Hope, Lad; Birdwood, Lady Ali Shah.

Hariot Georgiana, Dowager Mar-Lady Vi toria Patricia Helena chioness of Dufferin and Ava, Ramagy Ludy V. Raines,
Raines,
Margaret Etronne Hannah, Marchioness of Crewe
Frances Charlotte, Viscountees Cheimsford, a. E. Mary Adelaide, Countess of Willingdon, a. E. Dorothy Evelyn Augusta, Baroness Irwin. Paniels, Countess of Lytton H.H. Maharani. Regent of Travan-COTA Margaret Evelyn, Viscountess Gos-

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## THE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER (1886)-D.S.O.



Ribbon, Red, with Blue Edges.

Bestowed in recognition of capecial services in action of commissioned officers in the Navy, Army and Royal Air Force. The members are Companions only and rank innmediately before the 4th Class of the Royal Victorian Order. A Bar may be awarded for any additional act of service.

# THE IMPERIAL SERVICE ORDER (1902, enlarged 1912)-1.8.0.



Ribbon, Crimson, with Blue Centre. Restricted to members of the administrative or clerical (clerk) branches of the Civil Service, and consists of the Soverrick, the Prince of Wales, and Companions (not exclusively male) to a number not exceeding yee, of whom age may belong to the Home Services, see to the Indian and age to the Services of Dominions, Colonies and Protectorates.

### OTHER PRINCIPAL DECORATIONS AND MEDALS (in order of Precedence).

A full list of of all Orders, Decorations and Medals and Orders regarding the wearing of them will be found in WHITAKRU'S PERRAGE.

The New Zealand Cross.—1869.—N.Z.C.—F spicuous bravery Instituted March 12, 1869. holder—Benjamin Biddle, of N.Z.—died in 1933. -N Z.C -For con- ! The last

notice for acts of mercy in attending to the sick or

notice for acts of mercy in attending to the sick or wounded in time of wer.

The Distinguished Service Cross.—mag.—1.8 C.—In substitution for the Completions Service Cross. rec. In designed for bestowal on all officers of the R. N. below the rank of Lieutenant-Communder, and on Warrant Officers.

the rank of Intentant-Confinence, and of Warfiners.

The Military Gross.—222.—M.C.—Awarded to Captains, Lieutenants, and as class Warrant Officers in the Army and Indian and Coputal Forces.—225.—D F.C.—Designed for besting table Flying. Gross.—225.—D F.C.—Designed for boyakir Force for acts of gallantry when flying in the Royakir Force for acts of gallantry when flying in active presentines against the enemy.

Akr Force Gross.—1258.—A.F.C.—Instituted as preceding, but for acts of courage or devoton to duty when flying, although not in active operations against the enemy.

the enemy.

The Indian Order of Merit.—Instituted in 1837, as a reward for personal bravery, to Indian officers and

men.

The Kaisar-i-Hind Medal (rat Class, gold; and Class, silver).—Was founded in 1900, and is a reward for any person, of either sex, who shall have rendered useful service in or for India.

The Albert Medal.—A.M.—Dates from 1860, with extensions in 1867 and 1877, and is a recognition of acts of galantry performed by any person whatever—For Galantry in Saving Life at Sea." or, "on

The Medal for Distinguished Conduct in the Field.—1824.—D.S.M.—Is designed for chief petty officers, petty officers, need officers and men of the R.N.; to non-commissioned officers and men of the R.N.; to non-commissioned officers and men of the R.M.A., and to all other persons holding corresponding positions in His Mayesty's Service affect, for distinguished conduct in war.

The Conspicuous Gallantry Medal.—C.G.M.—Is bestowed upon warrant officers and men of the R.N. The Distinguished Conduct Medal.—D.C.M.—Awarded to warrant officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the Arny.

The Distinguished Flying Medal.—1928.—D.F.M.—and the Air Force Medal.—A F.M.—for warrant and non-commissioned officers and men for equivalent services as for D.F.C. and A.F.C. The Medal for Distinguished Conduct in the Field

The Edward Medal.—Established by King Edward VII. in 1907, is a recognition of heroic acts performed by uniters and quarrymen, or of others who have endangered their lives in rescuing those so employed.

The King's Police Medal.—Instituted in 1909 as a reward "only for acts of exceptional courage and skill are recognitional courage and skill are recognitional enterior in the course of exceptional courage and skill are recognitions.

reward "only for acts or exceptantial courage size as-or conspicuous devetion to duty" to officers and men of any recognised Police Force or organised Fire Brigade in the United Kingdom, India, and His Mayesty's Dominions beyond the Sear. The number of medals awarded in any one year shall not exceed asso.

The Medal of the Order of the Eritish Empire, for Gallantry.—Awarded in recognition of acts of gallantry.
All ranks are eligible for the Medal of the Millary Division; there is also a Medal of the Util Division, N.B.—All the above Medats are soon before War

Medals
The Meritorious Service ne meritorious Service Medal. — M.S.M. — Since Sept, 2538, granted only to recipients of the Meritorious Service Annuity.

The Volunteer Officers' Decoration — V.D.—Was an hunour for rowarding the meritorious services of officers of the Force in question, who must have been in commission and have served twenty years. It is still awarded to the Ryard Navai Volunteer Reserve and to Volunteer

Forces Overheam Translation, T.D. — Established in 1995; is restricted to commissioned officers of twenty years good service in the Territorial Army. Similarly a Territorial Long Service Media has been substituted for that formerly awarded to Volunteers.

for that formerly awarded to Volunteers.

The Royal Maval Reserve Decoration — R.D.—and
Medal.—Instituted in 1910 to reward good and long
service by officers and men of this Service.

The Imperial Service Medal.—May be granted only to
Members of Unil Services in the U.K., India, the
Joinintons, Colonies and Protectorates, in other than
the administrative and clerical grades.

The Medal of the Order of the British Empire, for
Meritorious Service.—In restricted in the Mittary Drision to ranks below that of Warrant Officer, and in the
Civil Division to average mate eligible for expression and the

sion to ranks below that of Warrant Officer, and in the Civil Division to persons not eligible for appointment to the five Classes of the Order.

The Voluntary Medical Service Medal (V.A.D. and M.R.H.)—Instituted 1938.

The Badge of the Order of the League of Mercy.—Both sexes; was established in 1899 in connexion with the sexes; was established in 1899 in connexion with the promote the Welfare of hospitals by obtaining small suberriptions for King Edward's Hospital Fund for London, &c.

# Ancient Erish Titles.

The Fox (O'Sionnach), Major Brabazon Hubert Maine Fox, b. 1868, s. 1919.

The Fox (O'Sionnach), Major Brabazon Hubert Maine Fox, b. 1868, s. 1919.
The Knight of Glin, Deamond Fitzloun Lloyd FitzGerald, b. 1862, suc. 1895.
The Knught of Kerry (1818), Sir John Peter Gerald Maurice FitzGerald, Bart., M.C., b. 1884, suc. 1916.
The MacDermot, Prince of Coolavin, Charles Edward MacDermot, b. 1862, suc. 1904.
The McGillicuiddy of the Reeks, Lt. Col. Ross Kinloch McGillicuiddy, D.S.O., b. 1883, suc. 1921.
The O'Conor Don, Owen Phelin O'Conor, b. 1870.
The O'Donoghue of the Glens, Geoffrey O'Donoghue, b. 1850.
The O'Donoghue of the Glens, Geoffrey O'Donoghue, b. 1850.
The O'Gorman, Mathghamhnan, Col. Nicholas Purcell O'Gorman, b. 1845.
The O'Grady of Killybullyoven, William O'Donoghue, D. 1801.
The O'Grady of Killybullyoven, William de Courcy L. Renzy O'Grady.
The O'Boyl of Jathmaine, Maj. Arthur Dillo Denis Kelly, b. 1853, suc. 1897.
The O'Morchoe, Chief of The Sept, Capt. Arthur Donel McMurrogh O'Morchoe, b. 1898.
The O'Rourke, Surg.-tt.-Commander Patrick Joseph Alfred O'Rourke, B. N., b. 1898, suc. 1917.

# Unights Grand Gross, Unights Grand Commanders, and Unights Commanders

OF THE BATH, STAR OF INDIA, ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE, INDIAN EMPIRE BOYAL VICTORIAN ORDER AND OF THE ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

For Knights Bachelor, see pp. 241-247.

Note.—Knights Grand Cross, Knights Grand Commanders and Knights Commanders are addressed in the same manner as Baronets (q,v) but in writing, the appropriate initials (G.C.B., K.C.B., &c.) are appended to surname in place of "Bt." The wife of a Knight Grand Cross or Knight Commander is addressed as "Lady -

Abdul Qaiyum, Natodo Khan Akkinson, Lt.-Gen, Sir Edwin H. Barton, Sir Wm P, KC1E, C.S.I.
Bahadisor Sir, KC1E, C. E.
Abdul Rahin, Sir, K.C.S.I.
Abdul Rahin, Sir, K.C.S.I.
Abell, Sir Westcott, S., K.B.E.
Atta, Sir Nana Offort, K.B.E.
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Grenfell, Sir Wilfred Thomason, K.c.m c, M.D. Greville, Sir George, K c M.G. Grey, It.-Uol. Sir Raleigh, K.B.E Gridley, Sir Arnold Babb, E.B.E. Grierson, Sir George Abraham, o. u . Griffith, Lt -Col. Sir Ralph E. H. Grinde, Lt.-Col. Sir Kalph E. H., Grigg, Lt.-Col. Sir Edward W. M... E.C.M.G., S.C.V.O., D. L.O., M.C., M.F. Grigg, Sir Percy James, R. M. Grindle, Sir Gilbert Edmund Augustine, S.W. G. L.S. Groom, Hos. Sir Littleton Ernest, KCM.G, K.C. Grover, Gen Sir Malcolm H. S. K C B., R.C I E. Guilleniard, Sir Laurence N., G.C. M G. Gullett, Hon Sir Henry S. ECMG Gurbakhsh Singh Bedi, Sir. E.E., Gutime, Sir Connop, R.B.E. Gwyer, Sir Maurice L., R.C.B. Gwynn, *Maj-Gen*. Sir Charles Win Hadcock, Lt. Col. Sir A. George, Hazen, Hon. Sir John Douglas, E.B.E., T.D., F.R.S. Haggard, Adm. Sir Vernon H. S. Haig, Sir Harry G, E c. S 1 , C f. R Haig, Sir Harry G, E c. S 1 , C f. R Haig, IL. Col. Sir Thomas Wolsoley E C.I E , C S.I., C.M G , C.B.E. Hailey, Sir William Malcolm.g.c.s.i Haking, Gen, Sir Richd. Cyril Byrne, G.R.F., R. C.B., R.C.M.G. Haldane, Lt.-Gen. Sir J. Ayliner L. u.c. M.G., R.c. R., D.S.O. Hall, Sir A. Daniel, K.c. B., F.R. Hall, Admiral Sir George Fowler King-, KCH, CVO. Hall, Adm Sir Herbt G King-Hali, Admiral Sir Wm Reginaid Hall, Admired Sir Win Reginaid, R. M. G. C.R., D. C.L.
Halliday, Gen Sir Lewis Stratford Tollemache, Y-F., S. C. B.
Halsey, Sir Laurence E., R. B.
Halsey, Adm. Sir Lionel, G. M. G.
G. V. G., R. V. P., C. R.
Hambro, Sir C. Eric, R. B.
Hamilton, Gen. Sir Bluce M.,
G. G. B., R. C. V.
Hamilton, Maj. Gen. Sir Edward
Owen Fisher, R. C. B.
Hamilton, Sir Horace P., R. C. B.
Hamilton, General Sir Jan S. M.,
Q. C. B. G. M. C. D. S. M.,
Q. C. B. G. M. C. D. S. M.,
Q. C. B. G. M. C. D. S. G C.B., G.C. M. G., D S.O.
Hammick, Sir Murray, E.C.S. Hammond, Sir E. Laurie L., & c.s., C.B.E.

Hands, Sir Harry, R.B.E.

Handyside, Sury-Rear-Adm. Sir

Patrick B, R.B.E., C.B.

Hankey, Col. Sir Maurice P. A., G.c.R., G.C M G. Harding, Sir Edward John, K.C.M.G Hardinge, Rt Hon Sir Arthur H , G.L.M.G., K.t.R. Hardy, Gen Hon Sir John F. Ga thorne-, k.c.B, c M.G D.R.O. Hare, Maj.-Gen. Sir Steuart W, .м с., с в E.C.M.G., C.R.
Harington, Gen. Sir Charles H,
e.c. B., G.R. E., D.S.O., A.D. C. GEN
Hari Singh, Col. H. H. the Maharaja
of Jammu and Kashmir, e.c. s. 1,

GRE, RCAO., 1.8.0.
Harris, Sir Arthur A. H., K.B.R.
Harris, Sir Austin Edward, K.B.R.
Harris, Sir Charles, G.B.R., K.C.B.
Harris, Sir C. Alexander, E.C.B.G. C.B., c.v o. Harris, Col Sir David, E c M G., v.D. Harris, Sir Henry Percy, K.B E Harrison, Sir Cocii R., K.B.E. Harrison, Sir John, a B.E. Harrison, Sir William Montagu Graham, a c B, k c. Hart, Sir George Sankey, a.B z, C.I.E. Hartog, Sir Philip J., E.B.E., C.I.E. Hartog, Sir Henry P. B. C. M.G. C.B. Hawood, Sir Ralph E., E.C. C. Hawkes, Maj-Gen. Sir Henry Mon-tagne Pakington, K. R., C. R. Haworth, Li-Col. Sir Lionel Haworth, Li -Col Berkelev Holt, a.s r Hayes, Commodore Sir Bertram Fox. KCM.6, D.SO, REE Hayward, Sir Maurice H W., Headlani, Maj.-tien. Sir John. Hearst, Hos. Sir William Howard Heath, Maj. Gen. Sir Charles Ernest K & B (m), & B (c), & V.0 Heath, Sii Hv Frank, & B.E., R.C.R. Heath, Admired Sir Herbert L. Heath, Sir Thomas Little, K c.B. Hedley, (of Sn W Coote, R.B.E., с.в., с м.с. Hehr, May-Gen Sir KCLF, CB, CMG, IMR Henderson, Bily-Gen bir Brodie H. Henderson, Sir Frederick Ness Hendorson, Sir Froderick Nose, Henderson, Sir Noville M., K.C.M., Houeker, Gen. Sir William C. G., K.C.B., K.C.M., D.S.C. Henley, Sir Thomas, K.P., Henni, Sir Sydney H. H., K.P. Hennessy, Sir Alfred Thoudore, Henriques, Sir Philip G., K B.E Herbert, Sir Alfred E., K B E. Herbert, Rt. Hon. Sir Denuis H., Herberg, 10-K H F , M F Herdman, Maj. Sir Emorson Crawford, K B F Herringham, Mal.-Gen. Sir Wilmot, Hertslet, Sn Cocil, K B L. Hewett, Sir Fredk. Stanley, K.c.R.

Harper, Sir charles H., R.R.E., c.R.G. Hindley, Sir Clement D. M., E.G. f. E., Harrel, Rt. Hon. Sir David, G.G.B. v.D. YD.

Hipwood, Sir Charles, E.B., c.s.

Hirtzei, Sir F. Arthur, E.o.B.

Hitthcock, J.L. Hen. Sir Basil F. B. HILDEGOES, ASSESSED AND ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED N.C.B, CM.G, M.V.O. Hodgson, Sir Robert McL, K.EE, C M.G. Hodson, Sir Arnold W., k.c. m c. Hohler, Sir Thomas Beaumont, E C.M.G., C.R. Holbrook, Col. Sir Arthur R., K.B.E. Holden, Brig.-Gen. Sir Henry Capel Lofft, K C.B., F R.S. Holland, Su Robert Erskine, K c 1 F., c \$ 1 , c.v.o. Holland, Sir Thomas Henry, k v.s.r. K ( 1 E., D.SC., F.R.S. Hollis, Sir Alfred Claud, K c.M.G., (B,R Holman, 11.-Gen. Sir Herbert C, ж.с в., с м с , р в о Holinden, Sir Osborn G., к.ж.е. Holines, Sir Arthur William, к в.ж. Holines, Sir Charles John, к.с у о Holt, Maj.-Gen. Sir Maurice P. C., K C B , K.C.M.G , D.S O. Hood, Hon Sir Alexander Nelson, Hope, Vice-Adm Sir Geo. P. Webley, K.C B., K C M G K.C.B., K.C.B.; Hopkins, Sir Richard V. N., K.C.B.; Hopkinson, Sir Fredk, T., K.B.; Hore, Sir Charles F. Adair, K.B.E., C.; Adair, s. s. s., c s. Horne, Rt Hon Sir Robt. Stevenson. G.B.E., K.O., M.P.,
Horrocks, Col Sir William H.,
K.C.M.G., C.R., A.R.,
Horwood, Brig.-Gen. Sir William
Thomas Francis, G.R.E., K.C.B., Hoskins, Maj Gen Sir Arthur R., RCB, CMG, DSO Hotson, Sir John E. B, KCS.1, Howard, Sir Henry Fraser, & c.1 E . C 8 1 Howell.Sir Evolyn Berkeley a.c 1 a., Howorth, Sir Rupert B, x.c x g. Hudson, Gen. Sir Havelock, c.c.s., Hudson, Sir Walter F., k c 1 z Humphreys, Lt -Col SirGeorgeWm., Humphrys, Lt-Col Sir Francis Henry, G.C W.G., G.C.V.O., K.B.E., A.B.E

acwhett, Sir Wm Mewrick, k.c.m.

Hickle, Maj. Gen. Sir Wm. Bernard,
E.C.B.

Higgins, Air Vice Marshat Sir John

H. A.C.R. B.F., P. B.C., A.V.

Hiley, Co' Sir Ernest Havilan,
K. B.E.

Hill, Sir Arthur Wm., k.c.m.c., p. R.E.

Hill, Sir Claude H. A., k.C.B.

Hill, Sir Claude H. A., k.C.B.

Hill, Sir Glande H. A., k.C.B.

L. Ithin, Sir Glande H. A., k.C.B.

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L. C.B.

. J.E., K. C. V.O.

A. King-,

Harman, Sir Charles A. King-,

K.C. M.G.

Harmer, Sir Sidney F., K.B.E.,

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Innes, Sir Charles Alex., K.c.s i., Kell,Col.Sir Vernon G.W.,K.B.E.,C.B. Lawson, Sir Arnold, K.B.E. Kelly, Adm. Sir John Donald, c.c.v.o., Lawson, Hon. Sir Harry S W Innes, Rt. Hon. Sir James Rose-, R.C.M G. Ironside, Moj.-Gen Sir Wm Edmund, R.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.
Irvin, Sir John Hannel, R.B.E.
Irvine, Hom. Sir Wm. Hill, R.C.M.G.
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Singh, Jaora, H.H. the Nawab of, R.C.I.E.

Japp, Sir Henry, R.B.E.

Jarmay, Sir John Gustave, R.B.

Jeffreys, L.-Gen. Sir George

Darell, R.B., E.C.V.O., C.M.G.

Jehangir, Sir Cowasil, A. I.E., O.B.F.

Jenkinson, Sir Mark Webster, R.B.E.

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Jenkinson, K.C.B., K.B E Jind. ('ol. H H Ranbir Singh, Rajendra Bahadur, E. C. S. I., E. C. I. E. Jodhpur, Maj. H. H. the Maharaja of, G.C I.E., R C S I , K.C V O Johns, Sir Arthur W , K C B Johns, Sir Arthur W, KCB, CBF Johnson, Col Sir Robert Arthur, Johnston, Sir Frederick Wm , K C.I E . C S Johnston, Sir Reginald Fleming, KCMG, CKE chastone, Lt -Col Sir Walter Johnstone, Lt.-Cal Sir Walte Edgeworth, K B F., C B Johore, H. H Sultan of, G C R G K.B.E K.B.E.
Jones, Sir Bortram Hyde, K.B.E.
Jones, Sir Edgar Rees, k.B.E.
Jones, Sir Francis A., K.B.E., C.B
Jones, Sir Roderick, K.B.E.
Jones, Sir Thomas George, B.B.E.
Jones, Jones Jones Sir William He Jones, Sir William John, E.B.E. Joshi, Sir Moropant Vishwanath, Junagadh, H H. the Nawab of. Kahlur, Maj. H.H. the Raja of, Kameshwara Singh, Maharaja Sir, K.C 1.E. Kapurthala, ('of H H the Maharaja of, 6 c s 1, 6.c l.m., 6.H m. Rashmir—see Hari Singh. Kaul, Sir Daya Kishan,

Kelly, Adm. Sir William A. H., Komball, Maj.-Gen. Sir George V., K.(.M.G., C.B., D.S.O. Kenderdine, Sir Charles H., K.B.R. Kennard, Sir Howard Wm , K.C.M.G , Kennedy, Sir Robert John, K.c.m.s. Kent, Sir Stephenson, K.c.s. Kenyon, Sir Fredc. G., G B.E., K.C.S., Keogh, Lt.-Gen. Sir Alfred, c.c.n. a.c.v.o., c.H., M.D. Keppel, Adm. Sir Colin Richd., G.C.V.O., E.C.I.E., C.B., D.S.O. Koppel, Hon. Sir Derek, G.C.V.O., Kerr, Sir John Henry, K.C.S. Kershaw, Sir Louis J., K.c. S.L., C.I.E Keyes, Brig.-Gen. Sir Terence H, R.C.I.F., C.S.I., C.M.G.

Kiggell, Lt.-Gen. Sir Lance
Edward, E.C.E., E.C.E.G.
Kindersley, Sir Robert M., G.B.E.
King, Sir Alexander F., E. G. B. Sir Lancelot King, Sir Aloxander F, K. B King, Sir Aloxander F, K. B King, Bryg-Gen. Sir Charles W., K. V. O., CB., C. M. Kingsnorth, Eng. Rear-Adm. Sir Arthur Fredk., K. C. B. Kinnear, Sir Walter S., K. R. E. Kirkpatrick, Genes at Sir Goo, Mac-aulay, S. C. B., K. C. S. Kish, Sir Cecil H, K. C. I.E., C. B. Kishan Parshad, Maharaja, G. I. R. Kitana Parshad, Maharaja, G. I. R. Kitana, Maj.-Gen. Sir Gerald Charles, Kittermaster, Sir Harold Baxter, K B.E , C.M.G. Knapp, Sir Arthur Rowland, K c.i E , CSI., CB.E.
Knight, Maj.-Gen. Sir Wyndham
Charles, KCIE, CB, CSI., DB, C
Knox, Maj.-Gen. Sir Alfred. W. F, Anox, May Jees Sir Alfred W. F., R. B., C. M. G. M. F., R. C. R. C. B. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. C. B. K. B. K. B. K. B. K. B. K. B. K. B. K. B. K. B. K. B. K. B. K. B GCAL, GCIE., GBE. Kutch, H.H. the Maharao of, G.C.S.I. Lagden, Sir Godfrey Y., xcxc E. Lake, Lt. Gen. Sir Percy H. N.,

K. E. Lake, Lt. Gen. Sir Percy H. N.,

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Lake, Sir Richard S., K. C. M. C.

Lamb, Sir John, R. C. L.

Hall, Lambagraon, Lt. - Col. Raja of, K (.I.E., ( 8.1. Lambe, AirVice-MarshulSirCharles Lambort, Sir Geo Bancroft, k c.s i Lambort, Sir Geo Bancroft, k c.s i Lambort, Sir HenryChas, M., k.c. M G., Lambton, Maj.-Ges. Hon. Sir Wm., Lampson, Sir Miles W, KCMG. CB., MYO Landon, Maj-Gen Sir Frederick WB, KCMG, CB Lane, May-Gen. Sir Ronald B, Larke, Sir William James, K B E

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Legard, Col. Sir James D., KCB
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Leile, Sir Hilary Howard, R.R.E.
Leslie, Sir Norman A , R B.E.
Leslie, Lt.-Gen. Sir Walter Stewart, E.C.B., K.B.E., C.M.G., D.B.O.
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Levinge, Sir Edward Vere, K.C. I.E. Levita, Lt.-Col. Sir Cecil B , K c v o . LBE Lewis, Sir Alfred E., a n. r. Lewis, Rt. Hon. Sir John Herbert, G.B.E. Lewis, Hon Sir N Elliott, L. C. R.G. Lewis, Sir Wilmott, R. R.E. Luddell, Sir Fredk, Francis, R.C. R. Liddell, Maj-Gen. Sir William A. KCMG, CB Limbdi, Thakor Saheb of, Kc.s.t., Lindley, Rt. Hon. Sir Francis Oswald, Lindiey, R.C. Hon. Sir Francis Oswaid, G.C. M.G., C.B., C.R.E. Lindsay, Rt. Hon. Sir Ronald Charles, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., C.V.O Laster, Maj. Rt. Hon. Sir Philip Cunlifle, O B.F., M.C., M.F. Livingstone, Maj. -Gen. Sir Hubort A. A. E. C.M. G., C. B.
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Lloyd, Maj.-Gen. Sir Owen Edward
Pennefather, Y. E., R. C. B., A. M. B.
Lloyd, Rt. Hon. Sir Wm. Fredk, Lloyd, Sir John H Seymour-, K.B.E. Lockhart, Sir James H. S, KCM.G. Lockhart, Sir James H. S, KCM.G. Loharu, Chief of, KCIE Long, Brig-Gen Sir Arthur, KBE, CB, CMG, DBO Longley, Maj -Gen. Sir John Rayns-Lougley, Aug. - torn. En boun as______ ford, k c M e, c B Loomis, Maj. - ten. Sir Frederick O W, k c 8, c M e, D 8 o Lovett, Sir Harrington V., k c.s.1 Low, Sir Charles E, k i k Lowndes, Rt Hon. Sir George Rivers, K.C. S. I.

Lowrey, Sir Joseph, K. B.E.

Lowther, Maj -Gen. Sir Henry Cecil, K.C.M.G., C.R., C.V.O , D 8.0 Lowther, Sir Henry Crofton, e.c v.o , KCMG Luce, Maj -Gen Sir Richard H . Lince, Moj -cen Sir Richard H, KCM G, CB, MB. Laimeden, Sir John, K.R.E., M.D. Lutyens, Sir Edwin Landseer, KCLE, RA Lyte, Sir Henry C Maxwell, KCR. McAlpine, Sir Thomas Malcolm, R B.E Macartney, Sir George, E C 1 z. Macassey, Sir Lynden Livingstone, K.R.E., K.C. Macauley, Brig.-Gen.Sir Geo. Bohun, C.I.E.

Kavanagh, Lt.-Gen. Sir Charles T.

M, K C B, C V.O., D B.O.

Keane, Sir Michael, K C B I, C I E.

Keary, Lt.-Gen. Sir Hy, D'Urban,

E.C B, K C.I.E., D.B.O.

Reir, Lt.-Gen. Sir John Lindessy,

E.C.B. Sir John Lindessy,

Lawronce, Sir Henry Stavoloy, E.C.B.

Lawronce, Gen. Hon. Sir Herbert:

Lawronce, Gen. Hon. Sir Herbert:

MacCormick, Col. Sir Alexander,

E.C.B. Sir John Lindessy,

Lawronce, Gen. Hon. Sir Herbert:

MacCormick, Col. Sir Alexander,

E.C.B. Sir John Lindessy,

Lawrence, Gen. Hon. Sir Herbert:

MacCormick, Col. Sir Fredk. W.

N, K.C.B., D.B.O.

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M.Gowan, Sir Malcolm, R.C.M.G.
Mackenzie, Sir Alexander, R.B.F.
Mackenzie, Sir Alexander Campbell, Mackenzie, Maj.-Gen. Sir Colin J. K.C.B. Mackensie, Col. Sir Robert C Mackie, Sir Horatio George Arthur, E C M.G , C.B.E. Mackintosh, Sir Ashley W., K.c.v.o., Maclagan, Sir Edward D . K.C.S 1 Macleay, Sir James William Ronald, G.C.M.G.
Maclood, Sir Frederick I., K B.E.
Maclood, Sir James McIver, K B E. Macleod, Sir John Lorne, a.B.E. MacLeod, Sir Roginald, s.c s. McLintock, Sir William, g.B.E., C.v.o. McMahon, Lt.-Col. Sir A Henry MacMichael, Sir Harold A, K C.M G Macmullen, Gen Sir Cyril Norman MacMunn, Lt.-Gen. Sir George F., McNabb, Surg. Rr -Adm Sir Daulel J. P , K.H.R , C H Macnaghton, Hon Sir Malcolni M. Macneal, Sir Hector M , s n.s. Maconachie, Sir Richard R., s n.z. McPherson, Sir Hugh, a care, cas i Maffey, Sir John Loader, a cmg. Magill, Col. Sir James, A.M.S.
Meloolin, Sir Ian Z., E ( M c
Malcolin, Maj.-Gen Sir Neill, K.C B., D.S.O Maler Kotla, Lt.-Col H H Nawab of, K.c s 1., K c 1 M Malkin, Sir Herbert Wm , K.c M G Malleson, Moj.-Gen. Sir Wilfrid, Menzies, Sir Frederick Norton Kay Mallet, Rt. Hon. Sir Louis, c.c.m.e Malta, Most Rev. Bp. of, K.R.E. Manco, Brig -Gen Harry U., K.B.E., Mandi, Capt. HH the Raja of, Manifold, Maj.-Gen. Sir Courtenay, C., R.v. R., c.M.G., I M S Manifold, Maj.-Gen. Sir Michael G E Bowman-, кве, св., сме, Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Manisty, Paym. Rr. Adm. Sir Mills, Sir James, a e s a Mann, Sir John, K.s.; Miller, Sir James, a e s a Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e bi Miller, Sir John Ontario, a e Mant, Sir Regd. Arthur, K.c.s 1, Marchant, Rev. Sir James, M.B.K., LL D.

Col. Sir Murdoch, Marjoribanks, Sir Norman Edward, Mitter, Sir Brojendra Lal, s.c.s.r. Mitter, Sir Brojendra Lal, s.c.s.r. Mitter, Sir Provaen Chandra, s.c.s.r. Mitter, Sir Provaen Chandra, s.c.s.r. Marshall, Sir Arthur H., K.B.E. Marshall, Lt.-Gen. Sir Wm. Raine, GCMG.. R.c.R., R.C.S.L. Martindale, Sir Arthur H. T., Martyn, Sir Henry L., K.c.vo 1 R C 5 Marwood, Sir William F., K.c.n. Massingbord, Gen Sir Archibald A Montgomery-, K c B , K.c M G Masson, Sir David Orme, K.R.R. Matheson, Lt -Gen. Sir Torquhil George, k.c.n., c n c Mando, Sir Walter, k.c.i.k., c.s i, Mandsley, Cal Sir Henry C., k.c.n.c Maurice, Maj -Gen, Sir Fredk, Barton, K.O M.G., C.B. lax Muller, Sir Wm. Gronfell, Max 1... R V Maxse, Gen. Sir Fredk. Ivor, k.c.s., C.V.O., D.R.O. Maxwell, Col Sir Arthur, Kc B C.M.G., D.R.O., T.D. Maxwell, Sir William, K c i r., M v o. Maxwell, Sir William Goorge, R.B E., May, Maj -Gen Sir Edward S May, Maj -Gen. Sir Roginald Seaburne, K B. F., C B., C.M.G., D S.O. Maybury, Brig.-Gen Sir Henry P., Mayhow, Sir Lastl Edgur, R. B. E. Mayhow, Sir Lastl Edgur, R. B. Maynard, Maj.-tieu Sir Chatles C. M., R. C. B. C. C. D. V. O. Maynard, Sir ! for bort John, R. C. P. Mazo, Sir Fred Millism, R. B. Mazo, Sir Fedd Willism, R. B. Moars, Sir Edward Grimwood, Katal F Megaw, Maj.-Gen, Sir John W. D Mohta, Sir Chunilal Vijbhuk-handas, K. C. St. Molklojohu, Sir Roderick S, K. K. E. Melliss, Maj.-Gen. Sir Charles John, Mercer, Man.-Gen. Sir H Frederic, K.c.n.c., c.s. Morewother, Sir Edward Marsh, Michell, Sir Robert Carminowe, Murray, the Middloton, Sir John, R. C. W. G. K. B., G. V. O., L. S. George John R., Middloton, Sir Thomas H, R. C. E., Murray, Hos. Sir George John R., M. C. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G. W. G Mitchell, Hon Sir James, k c m c Mitchell, Prof Sir Wm, k.c n.c. Mitchelson, Hon. Sir Edwin,

Moberly, Sir Arthur N., E.C.I.E. Mokshagundam Visvesvaraya, Sir, Money, Maj.-Gen. Sir A. Wigram, K.t.B., K.B.E., C.S.I. Monry, Sir Horsoe Cecil, K.c.B., Monsoll, Com. Rt Hon. Sir Bolton M. Eyros-, a R.E., M.P. Montgomery, Sir C Hubert, E C.M.G., KC10,CH RCLO, CB Montgomery, Maj.-Gen. Sir Robert A Kerr, Rch.u., Cr., D. S., Mooney, Str John Joseph, R. R. Moore, Admir al Sir Archibald G. H W, R. C. R(n), C. O., C. R. (C. Moore, Admiral Sir Arthur W., G.C.B., G.G.V.O., C. M.O. Moore, Sir Charles James Stevenson-, Moore, Maj.-Gen Sir John, k c. # g', Moore, Maj Gen. Hon. Sir Newton J, K c.M.G, V.D. Moore, Sir Win. Harrison, K.B.E., Moores, May -Gen Sir Samuel Guise Gnise-, R.C.R., R.C.V.O., CM.G., RAM (. Morgan, Sir Horbort E., R.B.E. Morison, Sir Theodore, R.C.B., R.C.I.A., C.B.E Morris, Col. Sir Win. G., K.C.M.G., G.B. Morti, H. H. the Maharaja of, K. C.S. I. Mounsey, Sir George A. K. C.M. G. Mudhol, Lt. the Raja of, K. C. I.E. Muhaumad Ahmad Sa'ld Khan, Nawad Sir, K. C. S. I. K. L. E. M. K. Muhaumad Akbai Khan, Maj. Nawab Sir, k B k, C 1 1 Iuhammad Habibulla, Bahadar Sir, k c 8 1, k c 1.2 Muhammad Muhammad Muzammilullah Khan, Nawab Sir, K C 1 F., O.B.F. Muharomad Usman Sahib Bahadur. Khan Bahadur Sir, k o i v.
Mulcahy, Maj.-Gen. Sir Francis
Edward, k.o.n.
Muller, Sir Wm Gronfell Max, G.B.F., K. M.G., C.B.

Mulock, Rt. Hon Sir William,

K. M.G.

Munro, AirVier-Marshal Sir David, Murdoch, Lt.-Col. Hon Sir James Anderson, K R.E., C M G. Murray, Sir Alexander R , E.C.I E , Murray, Gen Sir Archibald J., Midwintel, Capt Sir Edward

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Mills, Sir John S. Wardlaw., E.B.E.,

Mirray, Sir John Huber L. C.M.

Mirray, Sir John Huber L. C.M.

Mirray, Lt.-Col Sir Malcolm D.,

M.C.W.O., C.B., C.I.R.

Murray, Sir Oswyn Alexander R',

C.B.

Sir Thomas K. G.C.B. Murray, K.C M G Murray, Brig.-Gen. Sir Valentine, Murshidabad, The Nawab Bahadur of, k c s 1 , k.c.v o Myers, Rt. Hon Sir Michael, k.c. n.c

G.C.S.I., G.B.R. Ivsore, H.H. the Yavaraja of, G C I.E Nagar, Raja of, K B.E , C.1 E. Nance, Surg.-Capt. Sir Arthur S. Nach. Maj.-Gen. Sir Philip A. M., K.C.M.G., C.R. ethan. Col. Sir Frederic L. Nathan, Col. Rt. Hon, Sir Matthew Neish, Sir Charles Henry Lawrence, Nelson, Sir Arthur E. E.C.IE Newdegate, Sir Francis A. Newdigate-, q.c n q Newland, Maj-Gen. Sir Foster R. E.C.M. G., C.B., M.B.
Newman, Sir George. E.C.B., M.D.
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thart. Lt. Gen.
Sir John Theo.
Trotter, Maj. Gen. Sir James K.,
dosinghlynett. R.F.B.F.C.M.G. K.B.E. And Annual Mark. Listing Sir John Theo. Troutes, and a continuation of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s R.B.E. CMG. Tucker, Lt.-Gen. Sir Charles, a CB. Tudor, Maj -Gen. Sir Henry Hugh, K C B., ( RCB., CR Tudor, Adm. Sir Frederick Charles Tudor, R.C.B., R.C.M.6. Tupper, Admiral Sir Reginald G. O., Turnic, Nary. Med. - Adm. Sirgeonge R, a bas, c b Turner, Sir Josoph, a ba. Turner, Lt.-Gen. Sir Richard E. W., Y.G. a c b., a c. M.o., b.b.o. Turpin, Sir William G., a c b. Tweedie, Vice-Adm. Sir Hugh J., R C M Twigg, Sir John, & c. : F Tytler, Maj.-Gen. Sir Harry C, Umar Hayat Khan, Malik, Col Sir. Van Straubenzee, Vaughan, Lt -Gen. Sir Louis Rid-ley, K C R., K H.E., D S 0

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Waterhouse, Sir Nicholas E., K.B.E.
Waterhouse, Sir Ronald Dockray, August and the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the s Gordon-, K B E , C M G, F, R.C.S. Watson, Sir Frank P., R C, M.G., O.B E. Watson, Maj.-Gen Sir Harry D, Witson, May-terl Sir Rarry D.

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an Straubenzee, Mal.-Gen. Ca., Welby, Lt.-tvs. ....

Riskair Cartwright, x s.z., c s., Welby, Lt.-tvs. ....

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## THE GRAND PRIORY IN THE BRITISH REALM OF THE VENERABLE ORDER OF THE HOSPITAL OF ST. JOHN OF JERUSALEM.

K B L., C.B., C.M G , D S O.

K C.M.O

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.)

THE Order was founded in Jerusalem in roop by the Blessed Gerard as an Order of Hospitallers under the Augustinian rule. His successor, inspired by the example of the Templars, converted it into a Military Order. On the loss of Jerusalem it migrated to Acre and from thence to Rhodes and Malta, where it formed one of the most important bulwarks against the naval power of the Moslems in the Mediterranean. Since the loss of Malta in 1798 the Order, which is International, has devoted itself to works of charity and humanity. The objects and purposes of the Order are, amongst other things, the maintenance of the St. John Ophthalmic Hospital at Jerusalem, and the St. John Ambulance Association and Brigade at Home and Overseas, and the London Light for Report Popular The Objects conferred for services in the cause of and the St. John Ambulance Association and Brigade at home and Overseas, and the London Light and Electrical Clinic for poor people. The Order is conferred for services in the cause of humanity throughout the Empire, and is open to both men and women. There are 5 classes: Bailiffs and Dames Grand Cross; Knights and Dames of Justice and of Grace; Commanders of both sexes; Officers of both sexes; Serving Brothers and Sisters. These distinctions are notified in the London Gazette, but do not confer any rank or title. The ribbon of the decorations of the Order is black (watered). Headquarters: St. John's Gate, Clerkenwell, E.C.r.



Sovereign Head His Majerty The King
Grand Prior H R H The Duke of Connaught, a c
Sub-Prior Maj Gen The Earl of Scarbrough, a.a.,
ORY, a C S., T.D
Prelate. The Archishop of Canterbury.
Balif of Effe Sir John Hewett, a.c. s.i., a.b. a.c. s.e.



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# Dames Grand Cross and Dames Commanders of the Order of the British Empire.

NOTE.—Dames Grand Cross (G.B E ) and Dames Commanders (D.B.E.) are addressed in a manner similar to that of Knights Grand Cross or Knights Commanders, e.g. "Miss Florence Smith," after receiving the honour of G (or D.) B.E. would be addressed as "Dame Florence," and in writing, as "Dame Florence Smith, G. (or D.) B.E." Where such award is made to a lady already in enjoyment of a higher title the appropriate letters are appended to her name. c.g. "The Countess of _____, G.E.E." Dames Grand Cross of the British Empire rank after wives of Baronets and before wives of Knights Grand Cross. Dames Commanders rank after the wives of Knights Grand Cross and before the wives of Knights Commanders.

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Aberdeen and Temair, The Marchioness of a B R

district The Dowager Counters of,

a B R

Dorrien, Olive Crofton, Lady Smith,

Dorrien, Olive Crofton, Lady Smith,

done, D. B. R., M. R. L.

Mellroy, Dame Anne Louise, D. B. R.,

Mir, Dame Sarah Elizabeth Siddone, D. B. R., LLD.

Mair, Dame Sarah Elizabeth Siddone, D. B. R., LLD. D.H E. Anstruther, Hon Dame Eva Isahustratile, the Dame Ever Lead bella Henriette, b s s. Antrobus, Edith Marion, Lady, b.s. s Arnott, Caroline, Lady, b.s. s Atholl, The Duchess of, b s.s., m s Baden-Powell, Olive St. Clair, The Lady, c.s.r.
Bailey, Hon Dame Mary, D B E.
Barnett, Dame Henrietta, D B.E.
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Lemnard, Sir Thos. Joseph
Lomnard, Sir Flennes Cecil
MacPadysan, Sir Andrew.
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Livingstone, Sir Richard Mackintosh, Sir Harold Winn.
Vincent.
Lloyd, Sir John Buck Macklin, Sir James,
Lobjoit, Sir Wm. Geo Macklin, Sir Thomas Mercleca, Hon Sir Arturo, Vincent.
Macklin, Sir James.
Maclachlan, Sir Thomas Lordore, Sir James
Lordchart, Sir Robt C.
Lodge, Sir Oliver, F. R.
Lodge, Prof Sir Richard.
Logan, Sir Ewen R

Lomdon, Sir Stanford, C. B.E.
London, Sir Stanford, C. B.E.
London, Sir Stanford, C. B.E.
Maclean, Lt. Col. Sir Ewen
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Lougher, Sir Lewie.
Love, Sir Joseph ('lifton.
Low, Sir Joseph ('lifton.
Low, Sir Anthur Belmore.
Lacas, Hon. Sir Edward.
Laike, Sir Harry ('. c x o.
Launn, Sir Henry N. x o.
Launn, Sir Henry N. x b.
Lauscombe, Sir John Henry.
Lauxmore, Hon Sir Arthur
Fanfax ('.
Laxton, Sir Harold Daniel
Lyle, Sir Thomas Ranken,
F & s. o B E., M.D. Macpherson, Sir Duncan J C.I.E. Macpherson, Sir John, c B. Macpherson, Sir Norman M Macpherson, Sir Thomas S. MacWatt, May.-Gen. Sin Robert Charles, C1E, No. 1, M. McWatters, Sir (Cecil, o. 1 F (Tecil, o. 1 F) and o. 0 M G. Technology of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the con Sir Arthur Magniac, Hrig-Gen Sir Charles Lane, c M G, c B E Magnire, Sir Alexander Herbt. Lyons, Col Sir Henry George Lyons, CM SH Henry Alfred.
Lytton, Sir Henry Alfred.
McAlpine, Sir Alfred David.
McAnally, Sir Henry Wur
Watson, c n.
McAra, Sir Thomas Wilson
Macartney, Sir Edward McAuliffe, Sir Henry T McCarrison, Col Sir Robert, C.I E., I.M S McClean, Lt -Col Sir Fran-cis Kennedy McCorkell, Sn Dudley E B. Manners, Maj Sir Geo E. J. Margerison, Sir Lawrence, MAR n B.R McCowan, Sir David. McCoy, Sir John. McCuilagh, Sir Crawford, McComald, Sir Donald. McDonald, Sir James Gor-(.B. (.B).
Margesson, Sir Mortimer R
Marks, Sir Henry, c.B E
Marriott, Sir John A. R.
Marshall, Sir Guy A. K., don o B. Sir Kenneth M. Granes Gordon o B. Sir Kenneth M. Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Granes Grane Philip, c s Marten, Sir Amberson B, Martin, Sir Charles James Maclean, MacEwen, Sir Alex Malcolm McEwen, Sir John B (.M.G. b sc , D (.L. Martin, Sir James, Martineau, Sir Pinlip H. Musch, Sir David, os a. Matthews, Sir Herbert Matthews, Sir John B., x c. Matthews, Sir John B., & C. Mattheon, Sir Miles, &.C. Maugham, Hon Sir Fred erick Herbert Mawson, Sir Douglas, O.B.E. McGavin, Maj. - Gen. Sir Donald Johnstone, c.n c., Lewis, Sir Andrew J. W. L.

Latier Sir Thos. C.R.E. M.D.

Machin. Sir Stanley.

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Machin. Sir Chichester Gould,

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Merriman, Sir Frank Boyd, MC, OS E, MP
Meyer, Sir Robert
Michelli, Sir James, CMG.
Miers, Sir Henry Alex
Mifsud, Sir Ugo Pasquale, Miles, Sir John Charle Miller, Sir Francis Henry. Miller, Sir Frederick Daw-Miller, Sir Frederick Daw-son, S.C.
Milne, Sir James, C.S. 1.
Mirsa Zaffar Ali, Khan Hahadar Sir Uitcheli, Sir John.
Mitchell, Sir John.
Mitchell, Sir William Lane,
MP Foot
Mitchell, Sir William Lane, MP Molteno, Hon, Sir James Magniac, Brig. Gen Stil Moody, Sit veorge Luweld Charles Lane, o w o. c n s. Maguire, Sir Alexander Herbk. Maharu, Singh, Sir, c 1 r. Moore, Sir Harold J. de Courcy, Mainwaring, Lt. Col. Sir Moore, Sir John Wm, x p. Watkin R. K. c n.r. Moorhouse, Lt. Col. Sir Mallet, Sir Charles Edward, Harold J. de Courcy, Moorhouse, Lt. Col. Sir Moork, College Courcy, Moorhouse, Lt. Col. Sir Moore, Mallet, Sir Patrick B. Moorell, Sir Stephen Joseph Morell, Sir Stephen Joseph Morell, Sir Stephen Joseph Money, Mann, Sir T Duncombe, Mannath Krishnan Nayar, Insecon Ruddurf vergent Morell, Sir Charles Manners, Maj Sir Geo E. J. Bishop, x G. Morell, Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Alfred Morine, Hon Sir Al Bishop, & c Morris, Sir Ernest William. св г. Morris, Sir Frank Morris, Sir Harold Spencer, M B.r , K C. Morris, Sir Samuel M. c.M.G., p.sc Morrison, Sir William Marshall, Sir John H., c.i.e., Moti Chand, Raia Sir, Moti Sagar, Ras Bahadur Mottram, Sir Thos. Harry, CHE. Mountstephen, Sir Monntstepnen, Sir wm. Henry.
Moylan, Sir John FitzGerald, c.n., c.n. ka.
Muliammud Akbar Nazar
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Khan, Raja Sir. c.s.i Ejuz Rasul Sır, c s.1 İkbal, Dr. Muhammad Sheikh Sir. Muhammad Ismail, Sir. CI L., O.B.L. Muhammad Israr Hasan Khan, Khan Bahadur Sir, Muhammad Mehr Shah. Nawab Sayad Sir. Muhammad Saadulla, Mauhivi Saigid Sir. Muhammad Yakub, Manlant Bir. Muhammad Yusuf, Haya Hir. Muliammad Yusuf, Nawab Muinamasis, c. n. a.
Sir.
Muir, Sir Thomas, c. n. a.
Mukharji, Rai Buhadur Sir
Lal Gopal,
Mules, Sir Horace C., c.s.1., CIL

Price, Sır William Priestley, Sir Joseph C.

Mulla, Sir Dinshah Far Parkinson, Sir Albert Lind dunfit, c.i.z. Mullens, Sir John Ashley Parkinson, Sir Thos W., M D Munroe, Sir Harry Court Parlett, Sir Harold George Say Parkinson, Sir Thos W., M D. Parlett, Sir Harold George, hope, K.C.
Murchison, Sir C. Kenneth
Murdoo h, Sir Keith A
Murison, Sir William,
Murray, Sir David, R.A.
Murray, Sir Hugh, C.I.E., Parry, Sir Edward Abbott. Parsons, Sir Alfred A L Parsons, Sir John Herbert. Partridge, Sir Bernari Faitridge, Sir Rernard Pascos, Sir Edwin Hall Paton, Sir George William Paton, Sir James Wallace, Paul, Sir Harnsunkai Peacock, Sir Peter Peake, Sir Atthur Conson, Peurson, Sir Herbert & Pearson, Sir Herbert & Pearson, Sir Louis Frederick Murray, Sir Norman McIver Musto, Sir Arnold A. c.1 F., Muthiah David Devadoss, lurray, Sir Norman McIver Sir. Myers, Sir Dudley. Myles, Sir Thos , c B., M D. Naef, Sir Courad J., c.s Nall. Lt. Col Sir Joseph D.S O., T.D. M.P. Napier, Sir Walter J., D. L. Narayan Bhanja Deo, Raja Sir, o.s.z. Nariman, Sir Tremulji Blu-Nanavati, Khan Bahadar Sir Nash, Sir Vincent Nash, Sir Charles S., c B F Needham, Sir Christopher T. Needham, Col Sir Richard Arthur, 611, DS.0, LMS Neill, Sir Thomas, Nelson, Sir Amos. Nelson, Sir Amos. Nelson, Sir Frank. Netkleton, Sir Sydney C K F. Newbolt, Sir Francis G , K.c Newbolt, Sir Hy. J., c n., Newhole, Sur Asj. V., Histop Lt.-Col Sur Robert Responds of the Hillips Lt.-Col Sur Robert Resort, Am Bull Resort, Am Bull Resort, Am Bull Resort, Am Bull Resort, Am Bull Resort, Am Bull Resort, Am Bull Resort, Am Bull Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Sur William Resort, Newman, La.-Cox, 511
R. Pretyman.
Neylan, Sir Daniel, c B F
Ngata, Hon. Sir Apirana Phipps, Sir Edmd B, c B
Turupa,
Nicholson, Sir John RumPickford, Sir Affred Dounkl
Piggott, Sn Henry H, c B, Nicholson, Sir John Rum-ney, c. W. Din Ahmad, Maulvi Nawab, Ch.L. C. On F. Sir Noble, Sir William Norman, Sir Fredk, John Norris, Sir Hy George, North, Sir Jonathan Noyce, Sir Frank c. b., c., r. F Noyce, Sir Frank c. b., c., r. F North, Sir Jonathan Noyce, Sir Franke s 1., c. 8 r Nrifrenda Nath Sircai, Sir Nugent, Sir Roland Thos. Numan, Sir Joseph J , & C. Numan, Prof. Sir Thos Percy. Oakden, Sir Ralph, est O.H F. Oatley, Sir George Herbert O Connell, Rev Sir John Robt. O'Connor, Lt -Col Sir Wm Frederick Travers, c s i , Prederick Travers, c.s.1, rottors, cm. actory according to the Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Col. of Ormond, Sir Herbert John Ormond, Sir Herbert John Owen, Sir Jawid John. Owen, Sir James G Owen, Sir William Cecil Owen, Sir James G
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Oxley, Sir Alfred James Pratt, Sir Jenry Shelden
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Pratter, Sir Jenry Jenry
Pratter, Sir Harry Jenry
Pratter, Sir George Phillips.
Price May Bir Charles W M.
Parker, Sir George Phillips.

Pearson, Sir Ralph S, (11)
Peat, Sir Win Barday, (10)
Poers, Sir Charles R, (10,1)
Pellutt, Col. Sir Hy M. Pemberton, Sir Max. Pengilly, Sir Alexander Perkins, Col. Sir Edwin Perkins, Cot. Sir Edwin
King, C.B.R., Vo
Perring, Sir William George
Perry, Sir Edwin Cooper
Perry, Sir William,
Petor, Sir John Chatles
Petrie, Sir Invid, CIR. Petrie Prof Sir William
M Flinders, p.u. 5 Petter, Sir Ernest W Pettigrew, Sir CBF Piggott, Sir Theodore Caro Pilter, Sir John, o BF Pinero, Sir Arthur Wing. Pink, Sir Harold Rafus Powell, Sir Robt. Leonard Pownall, Lt -Col. Sin Asshe-Pownall, Lt.-Cot. Str. Therefore, Robertson, Prain, Lt.-Cot. Str. Thevid, Cot. Cot. Therefore, Robertson, Str. MacPherson, Pratt, Str. Henry Sheldon Pratt, Str. John William Pratt, Str. John William Robinson, Str. Sydney M. Robinson, Str. Sydney M. Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Robinson, Str. Thomas, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Robinson, Rob

Pritchard, Sir Albert Ed ward Pritchard, Sir Harry Goring. Prosser, Sir John c.v.o., W.S Pulley, Sir Charles Thornton Purcell, Sir Gilbert K. T. Purchit Gopi Nath, Rai Bahadur Sir, c., F. Li.,b Quin, Sir Stephen B. Quinn, Sir Patrick, M.v.o. Rac, Sir James Stanley Rafi-du din Ahmad, Maulo Raghunath Venkaji Sabnis Raghinath Venkaji Sabnia, Rao Buhadur Sir, ci r Rughupati Vukatarutnan Navudao Garu, M. R. Ry Ducen Buhatur Sir. Rame Sir Walter. Ratt, Sir Robert S. c'a z Ramin, Sir Chaudrasekhara cikata. Venkata. D D. Ramsden, Sir Eugene J S Andrew
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Andrew
Rankines, Sir John S
Rankines, Sir George Claus
Rankines, Sir George Claus
Muhammed Abdul Stuyld
Raws, Col. Sir Win. Lennon, Ruy, Sir Prafulla Chandra, Ray, Sn. William, M.P. Read, Str Altred Henry Reed, Col. Str Joseph Reid, Sir William M.B. Reith, Sir John Chas W Rentoul, Sir Gervais S. C Sir Rhoice, Sir Campbell Ward o B.F.
Robinson, Sir Thomas,
i o B.F.
Robinson, Sir Thos. Wm.
Robinson, Sir Wm. Henry,
Roche, Hon. Sir Alex
Adair
Roden, Sir Robert Blair.
Roden, Sir Robert Blair.

245 Roe, Sir Alliott Verdon. O B.E Roffey, Sir George Walter, Roger, Sir Alexander F P. Rolleston, Sir Wm. G. S. Romer, Rt. Hon. Sir Mark K.c. Priestman, Sir John Pringle, Col. Sir John W. Lemon Ronald, Sir Landon, Roney, Sir Ernest, Rosbotham, Sir Samuel T., Rose, Lt. Col Sir Arthur. Pulley, Sir Charles Thornton
Purcell, Sir Gilbert K.
Purchit Gtopi Nath. Rat.
Bahadur Sir. c.; P
Purres. Col. Sir Thos. F
Putrus, Sir Thomas.
Quekett, Sir Arthur, Scott, Rothernstein. Prof Sir
Ross Masood. Syed Sir.
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William
Rothers, Sir Percy, O.B.E
Ronse, Sir Alexander Macdouald, C. L.,
Rowbotham, Sir Thomas.
Vocaland, Sir Leonard Rowley, Sir Arthur L. S., Roxburgh, Sir Thomas Laurence, c.n.c.
Roy, Sir Ganendro Prosad.
Royle, Sir George, c.s. s.
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Russell, Sir Charles L. S.
Russell, Sir Edward John, Russell, Sir Edward John, o.B E
Russell, Sir Phomas Guthrie.
Russell, Sir Wm. Alison
Rvan. Sir Thomas, c r. R.
Rylands, Sir Wn. Open
Rvan. Sir Thomas, c r. R.
Sakistwila, Sir Nacroji
Bapudi, c r.
Sakistwila, Sir Ishlore,
C B. P. W.
Sams, Sir Hubert A, C.I E.
Samnel, Rt Hub. Sir Hary,
Sam Crombie Po, Sir, c B.R.,
N D. Sanders, Sir Edgar U Sanderson, Rt. Hon. Sir Lancelot, Kc. Sargant, Rt. Hon. Sir lanceior, a c. Hon. Sir Sargant, Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Hy. Sargeant, Sir Alfred Read. Sarkar, Sir Jadu Nath, c.r.s. Sarkar, Sir Nilratan, M D Sarvapalli Radha Krishnan, St. Sathappa, Diwan Bukadur, Sir Chettiar Saul, Sir Ernest W. Wingate. Savill, Sir Edwin Schufer, Sir Ed. A Sharpey. & hnender, Sir Gualterus S Schuster, Prof Sir Arthur. F R.5 Scott, Sir Angus N Scott, Sir Gilbert, F R I B.A. Scott, Sir Henry Milne, Scott, Rt. Hon. Sir Leslie, K.c. Scott, Sir Robt. Forsyth, Scrutton, Rt. Hon Sir Thos, Sciellon, at. rion Sir Thos. Edward Seager, Sir William H. Seal, Sir Brajendranath, 11 80 D BC.
Segrave, Capt Sir Thomas
George, C H E., R N R
Seligman, Sir Charles D
Semple, Lt -Cot Sir David, M D. Senier, Sir Fredc William Sennett, Sir Reburd Christopher. Sethna, Sir Phiroze Cursetjee, o.s.e. Sexton, Sir James, c s r Shadi Lal, Sir Shah Muhammad Sulaiman, Sir 1.1. 1)

Shad Nawas Khan Bhutto, Snagge, His Honour Judge Taylor, Sir Herbert John. Khan Bakader Sir, c.i.e., Sir Thomas M. Sir Thomas M. Snawdon, I.A.-Col Hon. Sir Taylor, Sir Lionel Alex. G. Snakab-ud-Din, Khan Bakader Sir Chaudhri. Robert Eccles, v D. Somervell, Sir Arthursus D. Sharp, Sir Henury, c.s t., Somervell, Sir Jonald B., Tegart, Sir Chas. Augustus Shahal-ud-Din, Khan Bah dur Sir Chaudhri. Sharp, Sir Henry, c.s o s r., k.c., w r. Som hon, Sir Louis, c.s r. Soundy, Sir John Thos CIR Sharpe, Sir Montagu, a.c. Shaw, Sir John Houlds usw, a worth. worth.
Shaw, Sir Walter Sydney,
Shaw, Sir Wm Napler, ru
Shead, Sir Samuel G.
Shedden, Sir George,
Shedden, Sir Lawis, c. B.
Shee, Sir George E. F.
Shee, Lt. Col. Sir Mari CHE Soward, Sir Alfred W., Ch. Sowden, Sir William John. Speed, Sir Edwin Arney. Spence, Sir Alexander o B.E Spence, Sir Regmald Arthur, Spencer, Sir Charles Gordon Spencer, Sir J. Ernest. Specer, Sir Evan Spielman. Sir Meyer Adam Spielman. Sir Meyer Adam Martin Archer, c M G, D.S.O. Shentall, Sir Ernest, Shenton, Sir William E L Shepherd, Sir Harry Percy, Shepperson, Sir Ernest W Spielman. Sir Meyer Adam Thompson, Sir Wm. Ernest Spilsbury, Sir Bernard Hy., Thomson, Sir Joseph J., o.s. M.H.
Spurgee, Sir Squire, M.D.
Spirott, Sir Freik L.
Spurgeon, Sir Arthur,
Squire, Sir John Collings.
Stanes, Sir Robert.
Stanley, Maj. Sir Charles
Wentworth. M.r. Sheridan, Sir Joseph, Sheridan, Sir Philip C.M.O., Sherlock, Sir Alfred Parker. Shields, Sir Douglas. Shipstone, Sir Thomas. Short, Sir Frank, R.A. Shou-Son, Sir Chow. Siddeley, Sir John P., c. a. Simon, Sir Ernest Darwin. Stanton, Sir Herbert Edwin Pelham Hughes, R A. Stanyon, Col. Sir Henry J , CIF, V B. Stavridi, Sir John. Statham, Hon. Sir Charles Ernest. Simpson, Sir James Simpson, Sir Jas Fletcher Simpson Sir John Hope Stead, Sir Chas., CB Simpson, Sir MauriceGeorge Simpson, Sir MauriceGeorge, c. s.i.

Sims, Sir Thomas, c B
Sinclair, Sir John Robt.

Sisnett, Sir Herbert K.
Melkonnell.

Sitwell, Sir Sidney A H.

Sivagnanam, Discan Hoha
dar Sir Timevelley Nellaiyappa Pillai,
Skinner, Sir Harvy Ross. Stephons, Sir Alfred. Stephens, Sir Wm. E. Rey-Stephena, Sii Win, E. Rey-nolds.
Stephenson, Sir Albert Frederick.
Sterry, Sir Wasser, C.B.E.
Stevenson, Sir Alexander
Steward, Sir Hy A. Holden.
Steward, Sir Hullev.
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Steward, Sir Waller
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Steward, Sir Joseph
Hy,
C.L.
Stones, Sir Joseph
Hy,
C.L.
Stones, Sir Edmund,
Stunngman, Sir Thomas-Skinner, Sir Harry Ross, Skinner, Sir Sydney Martyn, Slade, Sir James Benju, Sleigh, Sir Wm Lowrie, Slesser, Rt. Hon. Sir Henry, Slessor, Rt.Hon. Sir Henry,
S.C.
Slingo, Sir William.
Smalley, Sir Herburt, M.D.
Smiles, Li. Cot. Sir Walter
Smiles, Li. Cot. Sir Walter
Smith, Sir Ceril Harcourt,
Smith, Sir Ceril Harcourt,
Smith, Air Commod. Sir Stuper, Sir Echevet Ceril.
Stuper, Sir Echevet F.
Charles E. Kingsford, Super, Sir Echevet. Charles E. Burger
M.C. A V.C.
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M.C. A V.C.
Smith, Sir Clarence.
Smith, Sir E. C. Wyllbore.
Suhrnwardy, Sir Abdulla
Sunth, Sir E. C. Wyllbore.
Suhhun Zahd
Smith, Very Rev. Sir Geo. Sukhleo Pershad, Rao Ba
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Ad Adam p.p. Smitch, Madder Pandit Sir, of a Smith, M. Col Sir Hugh Suleman Cassun Han Bateman Protheroc c. B. Miths, Sarder Sahib Sir, Smith, Bir Jamos Cowlis-ciz. Sulman, Sir John, F R.1 R.A. Sultan Ahmad, Sir Sultan Ahmad Khan, Sar dar Sakibada Sir. haw, c.i.r.
Smith, Sir John James.
Smith, Sir Jonah Walker, n. r.
Smith, Sir Joseph B. (4., dar Sohibarda Sir.

dar Sohibarda Sir.

Sundar Singh, Nardar Bahadar Majibha, Sir. c. t.

Sutherland, Sir Geo. H.

Swift, Hon. Sir Righy.

Tagore, Sir Rabundranath

Tait. Sir Thomas.

Tallot, Hon Sir Geo. John

Tallis, Sir George

Tandy. Bry. Sir Edward A.

Tanner, Sir Henry, c.z.,

180 Smith, Sir Lindsey. Smith, Sir Philip Colville, c.v.o. Smith, Sir Thomas v n Smith, Sir Alfred var Waterschoodt Lucie . Smith, Sir Hy, Moncrieff Smith, Sir Henry Scott. Smith, Sir Hy Sutcliffe. Smith, Sir Hy Sutcliffe. Smith, Sir Henry White

c.s.z. Smith, Sir William Wright,

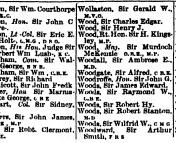
C.H.E. Fegart, Sir Chas. Augustus C.S.I., C.L.E., M.V.O.
Terrell, Sir Courtney,
Terry, Sir Richard R.
Tew, Sir Mervyn Lawrence,
Thakurdas, Sir Purshottam das, c.t.E., M.B.E. Theobald, Sir Henry Studdy, E.C.
Thomas, Sir Brumwell.
Thomas, Sir Daniel L.
Thomas, Sir Illtyd,
Thomas, Sir William Hy. M.H L. D &C. P.R.S.
Thomson Sir St Clair.
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Toliin, His Honour Judge
Sir Alfred A., K.C.
Todd, Sir Wm A Forster.
Tomkins, Sir Lionel Linton, CIR Tomlinson, Sir Thomas S Tottenham, Sir Alex. R. L. C 1.F Towle, Lt.-Col. Sir Francis Wm., c n.e. Travers, Sir Walter L., c 1 F., Tredgold, Sir Clarkson Henry Trench, Lt. Col. Sir Richard Hy. Chevenix, C.I.E., OHF O B.b.
Tritton, Sir William A.
Trutball, Sir William.
Turner, Sir Ben, c. s.,
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George George.
Twomey, Sir Daniel H. R.
Tyler, Sir Alfred Wm.
Tyler, Sir Henry H. Francu M., c.; r Underhill, Sir Arthur. Unwin, Sir Raymond Unwin, Sir Raymond Upton, Sir Thomas E. T. Urwick, Sir Thomas Hunter Vaccha, Sir Jinshah Edalji Van Boeschoten, Sir Johan nes G. 'an der Meulen, die Fredr A., O.B.E. 'angal Tkiruvenkatachari Krishnamachari, Rao Ba-kadur Sh., G.I E. 'an Hulsteyn, Sir Willem 'arjivandas, Sir Jugmo-bendas Varjivandas, Sir Jugmo-handas Vasauji Trikamji Mulji, Sir. Vasudeva Raja, Sir Venga nad Raja, O.I.E. Vepa, Ramesan Pantalu, Sir. Verney, Lt.-Col. Sir Ralph verney, Lt.-Uol. Sir Raiph (-1 E., C v O Vicars, Sir John. Villiers, Sir William, ( B. E. Villiers, Sir Thomas Laster Vincent, Sir Percy Vors. Sir Manmohandas Ramji Tasker, May SirRobertImgo. Tasker, May Sirkoustraingo,
F.R.S.,
Smyty, Sir P. Crampton.
Smyty, Sir William J. M. p.
Smyth, Sir Robert Middleton Watson.

Taylor, Sir Andrew Thomas.
Taylor, Sir Fredk. Williamb-

Waghorn, Col. Sir Wm. Valler, Sir Glibert Thomas. Walker, Sir Henry, c.s z. Walker, Prof Sir James. Walker, Sir John W. Thom-Son-, o.B.E. Walker, Sir Norman, w p. Wall, Sir Frederick Joseph Wallace, Sir Edward H. Wallace, Sir Edward H. Wallace, Sir John S Stewart., c n Wallace, Sir Robert, k c. Waller, Sir David Grierson. Wallia, Rt. Hon. Sir J. E. Power. Fower,
Walmsley, Sir Hugh,
Walsh, Sir Cecil, a c
Walters, Sir W. Howell,
Walton, Col. Sir Cusack, D 8.0. Walton, Sir Geo O'Donnell, Warburg, Sir Oscar Eman-uel, o.e z Ward, Sir Thomas R. J., C.I.E., M V.O. Waring, Sir Holburt Jacob, CHE, FRCS.
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Wessels, Rt. Hon. Sir Johannes W.
West, Sir Glynn H.
West, Sir Leonard H., o s.c.
West, Sir Walter Wooll.
Wheatley, Sir Zacharfal.
Wheeler, Sir Wm. Iroland Wheeler, Sir Will. Ireand De C., M.D. Whitaker, Col. Sir Albert Edward, C.B.E., T.D. Whitaker, Sir James S. White, Sir George Ernest. White, Sir Thomas. Whiteside, Sir Cuthbert Win. M.D. Whitle, Sir Win., M.D. Whitle, Sir Michael Hy. Whitson, Sir Thomas B Whyte, Sir Wm. Edward, Whyte, Sir Wm. Edward,
Vicars, Sir Villiars, Sir William, c. s.
Vicars, Sir Villiam, c. s.
Villiars, Sir Villiam, c. s.
Villiars, Sir Manmohandas
Wild, Sir Ernest, k.c.
Wilkins, Cspt. Sir George
Wilkins, Cspt. Sir George
Wilkins, Sir Henry John
Arthur.
Wadda, Sir Cursetji Nowroji,
Walla, Sir Cursetji Nowroji,
Wilkinsom, Sir George
C.1.E.

	Williams, Sir Sydney Chas Stuart.	Tr -
ĺ	Williams, Sir Howell Jones Williams, Sir I. Thomas,	Wilson,
ļ	Williams, Sir John Fischer,	Wilson
	Williams, Sir Richard John Williams, Sir Wm. Richard Williamson, BrigGen. Sir	Herb
	Frederic H. C.B., C.B E. Williamson, Sir Walter J.	ter Ge
ļ	Franklin, c x 6. Willis, Sir Edward William.	Winfre
l	Henry C.L. M.Y.O.	Winter,
	Willson, Sir Walter Stuart James.	V.D.
	Wilson, Sir Robert, Wilson, Sir Roderick Roy. Wilson, Sir Samuel	Wither CHE Witt, S
	Wilson, Sir Wemyss Grant.	L B.E.

Wilson, Sir Wm. Courthorpe
Wilson, Hon, Sir John C
Nilson, Lt -Col. Sir Eric E.
B. Holta c wa n wa
Wilson, His Hon. Judge Sir Herbert Wm Lush-, k c.
Windham, Com. Sir Wal-
ter George, R n R. Windham, Sir Wm , c.B.E.
Winfrey, Sir Richard
Winfrey, Sir Richard Winnicott, Sir John Fredk Winter, Hon Sir Marma- duke George, c a g
Wishart, Col. Sir Sidney.
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Woodwark, Sir Arthur Stanley, C.M.G., C.R., M.D.
Woolley, Cot. Sir Chas.
Wangustus, v.D.
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Wrangustus, v.D.
Wright, Sir Bernard SwanWright, Sir Herbert, I wick.
Wright, Hon. Sir Robert
Alderson.
Wright, Sir Robert Patrick.
Wylie, Sir Francis James.
Wynne, Rt. Hon. Sir Henry
Arthur, L.D.
Young, Sir Aifred Karney,
Young, Sir Fredk. Wm.
Young, May. Sir Hubert
Winthrop, C.M.G., D.S.O.
Young, Sir Robert, O.R., M.P.
Zammin, Sir Temistocle,
C.M.G., M.D., D.Litt. Woodwark, Sir Arthur Stan-



#### THE VICTORIA CROSS. 174.

The ribbon is Crimson for all Services (until 1918 it was Blue for Royal Navy). FOR CONSPICTIOUS BRAVERY INSTITUTED January 20th, 1856.



The Victoria Cross was instituted in 1856, on the close of the Crimean War, and extended in 1911 and 1920. The decoration is worn before all others, on the left breast, and consists of a bronze Maltese Cross, 11/2 inches in diameter, with the Royal Crown surmounted by a lion in the centre, and beneath there is the inscription "For Valour." A special annuity of £10 a year is granted to every recipient below Commissioned Bank, with an additional £5 a year for every bar, such bar being added for additional acts of bravery which would have entitled the recipient to the Victoria tross if he or she had not already received it. In the event of an annuitant being unable to obtain a hvelihood on leaving the Service, the amount of the annuity may be increased to £50. In 1911, the right to receive the Cross was extended to Indian soldiers, and in 1920 a Royal Warrant extended the right to Matrons, Sisters and Nurses, and the Staff of the Nursing Services and other services pertaining to Hospitals and Nursing, and to Civilians of either sex regularly or temporarily under the orders, direction or supervision of the Naval, Military or Air Forces of the Empire.

#### A LIST OF SURVIVING RECIPIENTS.

1	A List of Sch	IVING TERCHIENIN
A A A A A A A B B B B B B B	ddison, Rev Wm. Robt. F., (C.F.), Gt. War. 1916 dlam, Capt. Tom Edwin (Bedf. R.), Gt. War. 1916 gar. Com. Augustine W. S. D. S. O., (R. N.), Gt. War. 1919 lexander, MajGen. E. W., L.B., C.M.C. (R.F.A.), Gt. War. 1919 lexander, MajGen. E. W., L.B., C.M.C. (R.F.A.), Gt. War. 1918 ndrew, Capt. Ledie W. (N. Z. 1nf.), Gt. War. 1918 ndrew, Capt. Ledie W. (N. Z. 1nf.), Gt. War. 1918 rothibald, Ropper Adam. (R.E.), Gt. War. 1918 xford, LCopp. Thomas L., M.M. (Aust. I.F.), Gt. War. 1918 war. Lt. Gen. Sir Fenton J., Bt., E.C	Bloomfield, Capt. Wm. Anderson (S. Africa), Gt War. Bonner, Id. Charles G. D.B.C. (R. N. R.), Gt. War. 1917 Bonth, Capt. Frederick C. D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt. War. Borolla, Lieut. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt. 1918 Boulte, Lt. Wm. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt. War. 1918 Bourke, Lt. Com. Roland, D.S.O. (R. N. V. R.), Gt. War. 1918 Bovle, Itr. Adm. E. Courtney (R. N.), Gt. War. 1918 Bovle, Itr. Adm. E. Courtney (R. N.), Gt. War. 1918 Brocks, G. Sgl. M. Edward (Oxf. & B. L. I.), Gt. War. Brocks, G. Sgl. M. Edward (Oxf. & B. L. I.), Gt. War. Brown, Corpt. Walter Ernest, D.C.M. (Aust. I. F.), Gt. War. Bryan, L. Corpt. Thomas (Northd. Fus.), Gt. War. 1918 Bryan, L. Corpt. Thomas (Northd. Fus.), Gt. War. 1918 Burgos, Lt. Col. Dan. N. o. (Glout. R.) Gt. War. 1918 Burgos, Lt. Col. Dan. N. o. (Glout. R.) Gt. War. 1918 Burnan, Scryt. William Francis (Rif. Bgde.), Gt. War.
B	assett, Lieut. Cyril R. G (N. Z.), Gt War 1915	Buchanan, Capt. Angus (S.W. Boru ), Gt War 1916
i	Fus.), Gt War 1918	Burman, Scryt. William Francis (Rif. Bgde.), Gt.
B	eesley, Ptc. William (Rif. Bgdc.), Gt. War 1918 eet. Corpl. H., Gt. War 1918	Burt, Corpl. Alfred A. (Herts R.), Gt. War 1915 Butler, Pte. Wm. Boynton (W. Yorks. R.), Gt.
В	olcher, Capt. D. W. (L.R.B.), Gt. War 1915 ell, Lt. K. W. (W. Australia), S. Africa 1901 ellew. Capt. Edward D (Brit. Columbia R.), Gt. War 1915	War Bye, Seryt. Robert (Welsh (Eds.), Cit War Byrne, Pte Thomas (sist Lancers), Sudan 1898
B	Gt. War	Caldwell, Sergt. Thomas (Lanark, Yeo & R S Co Fus ), Gt War
B	ingham, RrAdm. Hon. E., c.s. E.(R.N.), Gt War 1916 lshop, LtCol, William Avery, n.s.c. (bar), M.c.,	Fus ), Gt War. 1918 Calvert, Sergt. Laurence, M.M. (K.O.Y.L.I.), Gt War Campbell, Rear-Adm. Gordon, p.s.o. (s bars), M.F.
В	D.F.c. (Can. Cav. & R.F.C.), Gt. War	

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Campbell, Ool. John Vaughan, c.w.c., p.s.o., a p.c.	Dunstan, Lieut William (Australia), Gt. War 1915
(Coldata Cida ) 4.5 Wess	Durrant, Corpl. E. Ritte Bgde., N. Africa
(Coldstr. Gds.), Gt. War Carmichael, Sergt, John (N. Staff, R.), Gt. War. 1917	Dullant, Corps. E. (Kitte Dgue.), A. 27 da.
Carmichael, Serge, John (N. Stan, R.), Gt. War 1917	Dwyer, Lt. John James (Aust. M.G.C.), Gt War 1917
Carpenter, MrAdm. Alfred Fras. B., Gt. War 1918	Edwards, Corpl. Frederick J. (Middx R.), Gt. War 1916
Carroll, Pte. John (Aus. Inf.), Gt. War 1917	Kdwards, Pte. Thos. (Black Watch), Sudan 1884
Cartwright, Ptc George (Aust.), (it. Wur 1918	Edwards, and Lieut. Wilfrid (K. O. York. L. I.),
Carpenter, Br. Adm. Alfred Fras. B. (ii. War 1918 Carroll, Ptc. John (Aus. Inf.), (ii. War 1918 Cators, Bryth, Ptc. Goorge (Aust.), (ii. War 1918 Cator, Seryth, Harry (E. Surr. R.), (ii. War 1918 Chaler, Ptc. George W. (E. York, R.), (ii. War 1918	
Chafer Pte George W (E. York R.) Gt Wur vor6	Egerton, Seryi. Ernest Albert (Sherwood F.), Gi. War.
Chaire, Pre. George W. (E. Tork. R.), rt. War. 1916 Chaire Singl., Sepoy (Bhopal Int.), rti. War. 1916 Christian, Pre. Harry (K. O. Royal R.), rt. War. 1916 Christie, LCpi. John Alex. (Lond. R.), rt. War. 1918 Clarke, Serpt. Maj James (Lanc. Fus.), rt. War. 1918 Clements, Corpl. J. J. (Rimgth's Guides), S.	Cit IV
Chatca Singh, Sepon (Shopai Int.), 116. 1161 1910	Gt. War 8917
Christian, Ptc. Harry (K. O Royal R.), 61 War. 1910	Elcock, Corpl. Roland (Roy. Scots), (ii. War 222 Engleheart, Sergt H. (12th Hrs.), S. Aprica 2900 English, Maj. W. John (A.S.C.), S. Aprica 2900 Evans, Sergt. Arthur, p.c.s. (Line, R.). Gt. War. 222 Evans, Sergt. Arthur, p.c.s. (Line, R.). Gt. War. 222 Evans, Sergt. Arthur, p.c.s. (Line, R.).
Christie, LCpl John Alex. (Lond. R.), Gl War 1918	Engleheart, Nergit H. (zeth Hrs.), S. Africa zeco
Clarke, Serat. Mai James (Lanc. Firs ), Gt War zoz8	English, Maj. W. John (A.S.C.), S. Africa 1901
Clements, Corol J. J. (Ringth's Guides), S.	Evans, Sergt, Arthur, p.c. M. (Line, R.), Gt War. 1018
- Africa 1000	Evans, ('-SM. George (Manch. Regt.), Gt. War 1916
	Evans, CSM. George (Manch. Regt.), Gt. War 1916 Evans, LtCol. Lewis Pugh, c M.G., B.S.O. (Black
Cloutman, Maj. Brett M , M.c. (R E ), Gt War . 1918	Waterly Ct. War
Coffin, Maj Gen. Clifford, c's, D.s.o. (R.E.), Gt War	Watch), Gl. Wur Farmer, Lt. Cok. Donald D. (King's R.), N. Africa 1900 Funch, Seryt, N. Augustus (R.M.A.), At. War 1908 Findister, Fiper G. (Gord Highrs, J. Tirah 1907 Findisty, May. George de C. e. s. c. (R. E.),
(I War 1917	rarmer, Lt -Cot. Donald D. (King a.r.), N. 29 rect 1900
Collins, Sergt. John, D c.n. (R. Welch Fus.), Gt.	Finch, Seryt. N. Augustus (R.M.A.), 67. War 1918
War	Findlater, Piper G. (Gord Highra), Tirah 1897
Coltman, L. Corpl. William H., D.C.M. M.M.	Findlay, Mar. George de C. E. Mc. (RE).
Columan, L. Corpl. William H., D.C.S. M.M. 1927 (N. Staff, R.) (H. War. 1927) (Olvin, Capt Hugh (Chesh, R.), H. War. 1927 (Colvin, Col. J. M. Columbour R. E., Mohmand. 1897 (Copper, and Lenet Fedward (R. R. R. C.), 187 War. 1927)	
Colvin Cant Hugh (Chesh R.) Gt War yore	Fitzpatrick, Pte F. (Conn. Rang.), S. Africa 1879 Forshaw, Capt. William T. (Manchester R.),
Column Col I M Culcuboun (P. E.) Mohwand	Forshaw, Capt. William T. (Manchester R.).
Commer and Lauret Edward (V D D C) 44 Hours and	
Complete Manual Employed Common (Manual Later D.)	Great War
Coppins, Corps Brederick George (Manitton 14.),	FORM, DCOR. C. C., D.R.O. (DOGIN, R.J., 141 WW) 1915
Gt. War 1918	FORCER, Corpt Edward (E. Burr. R.), Gr War 1917
Cosgrove, Nergt. W. (R. Munet F.), Gt War 1915	Freyberg, Col Bernard C., c.m.c., p.s.o. (a Bars)
Cosgrove, Sergt. W. (R. Munst. F.), Gt. War	(Gron. Gds.), Gt. War
	Frickleton, Lieut, Samuel (N.Z.), (it War rare
Counter Corn! Jack Thomas (King's R. \ Ct H ar Tage	Frishy Cant Cyril Hubert (Cold Gds.) (-t War
Countor, Corpl. Jack Thomas (King's R.), Ct B ar. 1918 Court, Lt. Gabriel G. (R.A.F.), Ct War. 1918 Coverdale, Lt. C. Harry, M.M. (Manch. R.) Gt.	Waller L. Court W (Welch D ) (2) Was
County, In. Camping C. (IV.A. F.), (IV. W. W 1910	Tarter I Court W. Wolch R. J. W. War.
Cotonicate, 176, C Hair), M.M. (Manon, R.) (1).	Great War.  Foss, L. Cod. C. C., p.s.o. (Bodfs. R.), At War. 1925 Foster, Corp. R. Edward (E. Surr. R.), At War. 1927 Froyberg, Cot. Bernard C., c.m.o., p.s.o. (Bars) (Gron. Gds.), Gt. War. Frickleton, Lieut. Samuel (N.Z.), At War. 1927 Frishly, Capt. Cyrll Hubert (Cold. Gds.), Gt. War. 1928 Fuller, L. Corpt. W. (Weich R. J. At War. 1928 Fuller, L. Corpt. W. Weich R. J. At War. 1924 Fuller, L. Forpt. W. B. (Gron. Gds.), At War. 1924 Gaaryotti, Sergt Chas. E. (sgth lifts), At War. 1924 Geary, Rev Ben., H., c.v. (E. Surrey R.), Gt. War. 1925 Goe. Copt. Robert, M., C. (Royal Fus.), At War. 1925
War 1917	Gartoren, nerye Chas E. (15th HES), 6 1914
Cox, Pte. Christopher (Bedf. R.), it Wai 2917 Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), it War 2917	Geary, Rev Benj. H., c.r. (E. Surrey R.), Gl. War 1915
Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6t War 1917	Gee, Capt. Robert, n.c. (Royal Fus.), Gt. War 1918
Crandon, Fig. 11 (4, 116th 1178), A. Alfrett 1got	Gobind Singh, Dafadar (Ind. Cav.), Gt. War 1918
Crichton, Pte. James (Auckland R, NZ),	Godley, Pte Sidney F (Roy Fus.), 6t. War 1014
Gt. War 1918	Good Corol Herman James (Quebec R.), (it War vor8
Crimmin, Col. John, CB, CI.E., V.D (1.MS),	Gordon L. Comil R S. w. v. (Appt.) G. War.
	tobind Singh, Darbara (Ind. Car.), tt. Wer. 2528 (dolloy, Pte Sidnoy F (Ro.) Fus.), tt. Wer. 2528 (dolloy, Pte Sidnoy F (Ro.) Fus.), tt. Wer. 2528 (dord, Cr.). Herman James (Qualote R.), tt. Wer. 2528 (dord on, L. Corrà B. S. M.M. (Aust.), tt. War. 2528 (dord on, Co. W. E., Car., A. Do., (Born High.),
Change (laur) Authorn Honor (M.C.C.) Ct. Way and	C Atelan
Cross, Corps, Arenth Henry (M. C.), W. War., 1918	S. Africa 1900
Crowe, Capt. John (Wore, R.), (# War 1918	Gorie, Lieut. Robert (R. F.A.), tr. War 1918
Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G.C.), Gt. War. 1918 Crowe, Capt. John (Wore, R.), Gt. War. 1918 Cruickshank, Pte. Robert Edward (Lond R.),	Gort, Col. Viscount, C.B.E., D.S.O., M.V.O., M.C.
	(Gren Gds.), Gt War
Crutchley, Capt. Victor Alexander, p.s.c (R N ),	S. Arrica 1900 Gorle, Lieut. Robert (R. F. A.), Gt. War 1918 Gort, Col. Viscount, C.B.E., D.S.O., M.V.O., M.C. (Gren Gds.), Gt. War 1918 Gosling, Batt. Seryt. Major William (R. F. A.), Gt. War 1919
(7t. 11 ar xoxx	(it. War 2017)
Cunningham, Pte. John (E. York R.), Gt. War 1927 Currey, Pte W M (Aust.)	Gourley, and Lieut. Cyril E., M. M. (R. F. A.), 11 War. 1918 Graham, May. John R. N. (M.G.C.), 11 Way. 1917 Grana M. J. John R. N. (M.G.C.), 11 Way. 1917
Currey, Pte W M (Aust.) 1927	Graham, Man. John R. N. (M.G.C.), Gt War 1017
Curtis, Sergt A E (E. Surrey Rogt.), S. Africa 1900	Grant Cul John Dungan e s n s n (I A ) Thelet roos
Curtis, Sergt. Horace A (R Dub. Fus), 14t.	Grant It John (1 (Wallington P. N. Z.) Ct Was son
	(Iron on Newet Fred /Share and F) (4 War
Deluted Dayson Honor (Aust 1 W) (21 West 2008)	Channel It Cal Harme by a land Burk was
Delate, Mr. II and Die Date 14 War.	discillation of the little band and bank a co
Daniels, May 11. M.C. Itil Bene., 11. Williams	Grant, Vol John Duncan, c.B., n s o (I A ), Thillet 1904 Grant, Lt John G (Wollington R, N Z), vit War 1918 Greuves, Kryt. Fied (Sherwood F), vit War 1918 Greuves, Kryt. Fied (Sherwood B), vit War 1919 Grouwood, Ltfol Harry, n.s. o (and Bar), w c., (K O.Y L I), vit War
Darwan Sing Negi, Nair (Garwini te.), Gr War 1915	Grogg, Lient Milton F., M.C. (and Bar), (Nova
Davey, Corpt. Philip, M.M. (Aust. I. F.), Cit. War 1918	
Dalziei, Driver Henry (Aust. I. F.), cit. War. 2918 Daniels, May H., s.c. (Rif. Bgde.), cit. War. 2918 Darwan Bin Negl. Naik (Garwind R.), cit. War. 2928 Daves, Corpt. Philip, st.s. (Aust. I. F.), cit. War. 2918 Davies, Corpt. John Thomas (S. F.), cit. War. 2918	Gregg, Neryt. William, D.L M., M.M. (Rif. Bgde.),
17 GF	Gregg, Nerýt. William, D.C.M., M.M. (Rif. Bgde.), 6t War
Davies Serat Joseph (R. Welch Fus ). Gt. War ver6	Grieve, ('apt., Robert Cuthbert (Aust. Inf.), Gt.
Davies. MaiGen. L A E. Price-, C.B., L.M.	War
B. S. O. A. D.C. (K. R. R. C.), N. Africa.	Grimbaldeston, C.Q.M.S. William H. (K.O.S.B.),
Davies, Maj. Gen. L A E Price, C. B., C. B., C. B. B. B. B. B. C., C. B. C., S. Africa	Gt War
Gt War 1916	Orimshaw Lt. John (Lane Kng.) (2t War
Demon Cart Ing Launov (R. K.) Gt. Way	Grimshaw, Lt. John (Lanc. Fus.), Gt. War. 1917 Grogan, Brig. Gen. George Wm. St. G., c. B., c. M. G.,
They Count Sidner I (Suff D ) Co II'm	Grogon, my. Gren. Guerge will, St. G., C.B., C.M.G.,
Day, Corps. citation a. Coult. Ref. Ge. n at 1917	D.S.O., A.D C. (Worc. Regt), Gt War 1918
Daykins, reff. John D (1, & 1, T.), tt. W(I', 1918)	Guy, Com. Basil John Douglas, p.s.o. (R.N.),
Dean, May. Donald J. (R. W. Kent R.), Gt War 1918	China zgoo
Dean, Lieut. P. T. (R.N.V.R.) (H. War 1918	Hame, Capt. Reguald L., M.C. (H.A.C.), Gt. War 1917
GI WAY 928 Jas Lennox (R. E.), GI WAY 928 Day Corpt. Sidney J. (Suff. R.), GI. WAY 927 Day Corpt. Sidney J. (Suff. R.), GI. WAY 927 Dayking, Nergt. John B (Y. & I. R.), GI. WAY 927 Dean, Maj. Donald J. (R. W. Kent R.), GI WAY 1928 Dean, Lieut. P. T. (R. N. V. R.), GI. WAY 1928 de Wlart, Maj. Gen. Adrian Carton, o.s., C. M. G., Ch. D. (Gd.) G. WAY 1928	Haine, Capt. Reguald L., s.c. (H.A.C.), Gt. War 1917 Hall, Sergi. Arthur (Aust.), Gt. War
D.B.O., A.D.C (4th Dn. Gds.), Gt. War 1916	Halliday, Gen. Sir Lewis S. T , B.C.B. (R M.L.I.)
Dinesen, Lieut, Thomas (Quebec R.), Gt War xox8	C/M/MG x000
Dobson, Capt. Claude C., p.s o. (R.N.), Gt. War . 1010	Halliwell, LCorpl. Joel (Lanc. Fus.), (it. War., rors
Dobson, LCorpl. F. W. (Coldstr.tGds.), Gt War vove	Halton, Pte. Albert (K.O. Royal R.), Gt. War . 1917
Doogan, Pte John (est D.G.) Lana's Nek -an-	
Dorrell Lt Col G T was (R H A \ Ct War	Hamilton, Seryt. John Brown (High. L.I.),
Thursday Mai Clay H & M co cha see	fit War 1917
n.s.o., A.D. (4th Dn. Gds.), Gr. War. 1916 Dinesen, Liest, Thomas (Quebec R.), it War. 1918 Dobson, Capt. Claude C., n.s. o. (R. N.), Gr. War. 292 Dobson, LUorpt. F. W. (Coldstr.tGds.), it War 2924 Doogan, Pte John (1st D.G.), Lamp's Nek. 282 Dorrell, LCol. G. T. 3 n.s. (R. H. A.), it War 2924 Douglas, MajGen H. E. M., c.s., c.m.a., D.5. o. (R. A.M. C.), S. Atron.	Hanna Least Dobort (Clan Ind.) (14 Wan
(RAMC), N. Atrica	Hanna, Lient Robert (Can. Inf.), Gt. War 1917
Downie, Scryt. Robert (R. Dub. F.), Gt. War 1916 Doxat, Maj. Alexis C (K. R. R. C.), S. Africa 1902 Doyle, CScrytMaj Martin, M.M. (R. Munst.	Hansen, Lt -Col. Percy H., D.S.O., M.C. (Lincs. R.),
Doxat, Maj. Alexis C (K.R.R.C.), S. Africa 1901	Gt War x915
Doyle, CSergitMaj Martin, M.M. (R. Munst.	Harvey, Capt. Fredk M. W. (Can. Inf.), Gt. War 1917
	Harvey, Pte. Jack (Lond. R.), tit War zgza
Drain, Sergt. J. H. C. (R.H.A.), Gt. War 2924	Harvey, Pte. Norman (R. Innis. F.), Lt War 2928
Dresser, Pte. Tom (Green Howards), Gt War 1914	Harvey, Pte. Samuel (York & Lanc. R.), Gt War 1918
Drummond, Lt. Com. Geoffrey H. (R.N.V.R.)	Harvey, Ptc. Jack (Lond. R.), it War
Let War Tays	Gt. It ar xoz8
Duffy, Pte. James (R. Innis, Fus.), (et War 1918)	Heaton, Corpl Wm. (King's Regt.), S. Africs . 1900 Heaviside, Pte. Michael (Durh. L. I.), 6:1. War. 1917
Dunniore, Maj. Earl of, D s.o., M.V.o. (16th Lrs.), Upper Swat 1897	Heaviside, Pte. Michael (Durh. L. I.) Gt. War
** A A	
Upper Swat	Hedges, Lieut, Frederick W. (Beds R.), Gt. War varal
Upper Swat 1897	Hedges, Lieut. Frederick W. (Beds R.), Gt. War 1918

Henderson, Trooper H. S. (Bulawayo), Rhoderia 2896 Herring, Maj. Alfred Cecil (N'thanta R.), Gi. War. 1918 Hewitson, Corpl. James (K.O. Royal R.), Gi. War. 1918 Hewitt, and Lieut. William Henry (S. Afr. 1nf.), Gi. War.	Lawrence, Lt(bl. B. T. T. (17th Lrs.), S. Africa. 1900 Lawson, Ptc. E (Gord. High), Tirah 1897
Hewitson, Corpl. James (K.O. Royal R.), Gt War 2918 Hewitt, and Lieut. William Henry (S. Afr. Inf.).	Leach, Lt. J. (M'chester R.), Gt. War
Hill, Ptc. Albert (R. Welch Fus ), Gt Hat 2927	Lenke, Lt. Col. A Martin (S.A. Const.), S. Africa, 1902; (R.A.M.C.), Clasp, Gt. War 1915 Le Quesne, Lt. Col. Ferd. Simeon (R.A.M.C.),
Hogan, Sergt. J. (Manchester R.), 67 Wu. 2924 Holbrook, Com. N. D. (R.N.), 67 Wu. 2024	
Hill, Pic. Albert (R. Welch Fus.), Gi. Wai. 1916 Hogan, Sergt. J. (Manchester R.), Gi. Wai. 1914 Holbrook, Com. N. D. (R. N.), Gi. Wai. 1914 Holland, Maj. E. J. (R. Canadian Das.), S. Africa. 1908 Holland, Capt. John Vincent (Leinster R.),	Lewis, Ptc. Herbert Wm. (Welch R.), Gt. War. 1916 Lister, Nergt. Joseph (Lanc. Fus.), Gi. War. 1917 Lloyd, MajGen. Sir Owen E. P., z.c.z. (A.M.S.),
Holmes, Lieut. F. W. (K. O. Y. L. I.), (it Il ar 2914 Holmes, Pre. Thomas William (Can. Mtd. Rif.),	. Burna 1903
Hornby Brig Gen E J Physics on and	Lowerson, Sergt. Albeit David (Aust.), Gt. War. 2928 Luke, Driver F. (R.H.A.), Gt. War
Howell, Corpl. Geo. Julian, M.M. (Aust. Inf.)	McAulny, Sergt. John, B.C.M. (Scots Gds.)
Gt. War	
Hudson, LtCol. Charles Edward, D.S.O., M.C. (Sherwood F.), Ct. War 1918 Huffam, Capt. Jas. P (West Ridling R.), Ct. War 2918 Hughes, Pte. Thomas (Con. Rang.), Ct. War 2916 Hull, Shoeing-Smith Chas. (2nt Lrs.), Ct. War 2916 Hunter, Corpt. David Ferguson (High. L.I.), 1916	MacDowell, Maj. Thuin W., p.s.o. (Can. Inf.), Gt.
Hughes, Ptc. Thomas (Con. Rang.), Gt. War 2916 Hull, Shoeing-Smith Chas. (22st Lrs.), Gt. War 2916	MacGregor, Maj. John, M.c., D.C.M. (bar) (Canad. Mtd Rif.), Gt. War 2918 McIntosh, Pts. George (Gord. Highra.), Gt. War. 2917
Hunter, Corpt. David Ferguson (High. L.I.),	McIntosh, Pte. George (Gord. Highrs.), Gt. War. 2917 MacIntyre, Lt. David Lowe (Arg. & Suth. High.),
Hutcheson, Capt. Bellenden, M.c. (Can. A.M.C.),	McNally, Sergt. William, M.M. (Green Howards),
Hutchinson, Col. E. D. Brown Synge, c.s. (14th Hrs.), South Africa	Gt War 2918 McNamara, Wing Com. Frank H. (Aust. R.F.C.),
Hutchinson, LCorp. James (Lanc Fus ) Gt War 1926 Hutt. Corpl. Arthur (R. Warwick R.) Gt War 1926	Gt War
Ingram, Lt. George M., M.M. (Australia), Gt. War. 1928 Inkson, LtCol. Edgar Thos., p.s.o. (R.A. M.C.),	McNess, L. Neryt. Fred (Scots G.), (if War 1916
S Africa	Malleson, I.ICom W St. A., (R. N.), Gt. War. 2915 Muling, Col. Sir Percival S., Bt., c s. (K.R.R.C.), Sudan. 2884
Inwood, Pts. Reginald Roy (Aust. Imp. Fce.)	Martin, Lt., Col Cyril G., p. s. o., (R. E.), Gt. War 2928 Masters, Pte. Richard George, (R.A.S.C.), Gt.
Ishar Singh, Naik (asth Punjabis), Waziristan zozi	Masterson, Maj. J E. l. (K O Royal R), S.
Jackson, Pte. William (Australia), Gt War 1916 James, Maj. H., wc. (Wores. R.), Gt War 1915	Africa 1900 Maufe, Capt. Thomas H. B. (R.G.A.), Gt. Har. 1997
James, Capt. Manley Angell, M.c. (Glouc, R.), Gt War	Maxwell, Lt. Joseph, M. C., D. C.M. (Aust.), Ct. War. 2028 Max, Lt. H. (Scottish R.), Ct. War. 2024 Mayson, Sergt. Tom F. (K.O. Royal R.), Ct. War. 2027
Jerrard, Fig. Off. Alan (R.A.F.), 6t War 1918	Megkosha, Cant. Mainilei (W. Yorks, R.), (# 1841) 2016
Jarvis, LCpt. C. A. (6t. War) 2928 Jerrard, FtgOpt. Alan (R.A.F.), cit. War. 2928 Johnson, LtCot. Dudley G., D.s.o. (bar), M.c. (S.W. Bord.), cit. Was. Johnson, L. James (Northum, Pus.), cit. War. 2928 Johnson, Seryt William Hy (Sher. F.), cit. Was. 2928 Johnson, Mar. R. (1m. Light Horsel, S. Attects 800	Mellish, Rov. Edward Noel, Mc (C.F.), iit War . 1916 Melliss, May Gen Bir Chas. John, R.C B , R.C.M.G.,
Johnson, Sergt William Hy (Sher. F.), Gt War 2918	Melvin, Pte Charles (R. Highrs), Gt War 2927
Jones, Col. C Mansel-, c. M.G., D.S. o. (W York R),	Merrifield, Lt. William, M.M. (Cent. Ontario R.), Gt War
Jones, Pre. Thos. Alfred, D.C.M. (Chesh. R.),	Motcalf, I. Corpl. William Henry, M.M. (Manitoba R.), (It War
Joynt, Capt. William Donovan (Aust. I.F.), Gt.	Mir Dast, Subadar (Coke's Rif.), Gt War 2025
Judson, and Lieut, Reginald Stanley, p.c.n., N.M.	Mitchell, Capt. Coulson N., M.C (Canad. Engrs.), (It War 2018)
(Auckland R., N.Z.), Gt. War. 2928 Karanbahadur Rana, Nack (Gurkha Rifics), Gt. War zer8	Moffatt, Pte. M (Leinster R.), Gt. War
Kelly, Capt. Henry, Mc. (bar) (W. Riding R.),	Moore, Cupt. Montagu S. S. (Hants R.), Gt War 2927
Kennedy, LtOol. Wm. Clark-, c.m.g., p.s.o.(bar)	Mott, Seryi, Edward J., 10 cs. (Bordor R.), 6tt War 1927 Monutain, Seryi, Albert (W. Yorks, H.) 6tt, War 2928 Moyney, Seryi, John (Ir. Gds.), 6tt War 1927 Mugford, Pte. Harold (M.G.C.), 6tt, War 2927 Mullin, Mat Horone, Harry H. (1941, 1871)
Kennedy, LtCol. Wm. Clark-, C.M.G., D.S.O.(bar) (Quebec R), Gt War  Kenny, Pte. Henry (Loyal R), Gt. War  1918	Mugford, Pte. Harold (M.G.C.), 6tt. War 2927
Kenny, Pte. Thomas Jas. B. (Aust. Inf.), 6t.	Ot War
Keuny, Sergi W. (Gordon H.), Gt War	Murray, LtCol Henry Win., c.M.a., D.S.O., D.C.M. (Anst. Inf.), Gt. War (Conn. Bang.), Technology
Ker, Capt. Allan Ebenezer (Gord. High.), Gt.	(Aust. Inf.), Gt. War
Kerr, Ptc. John Chipman (Canad. Inf.), Gt. War 1916 Keyzor, Lt. Leonard (Australia), Gt. War 1925	Neume, Col. P., D s o (R E.), Gt. War
Khudadad Khan, Natk (zapth Bainch.), iii. War 1914 Kinross, Ptc. Cacil John (Canadian Int.) iii War 1918 Kirby Green, Cart Wank H	Neume, Cot. P., D s o (R E.), Gt. War 2973 Nesbutt, Capt. R C. (Masnonaland), Rhodesia 2896 Nowland, Capt. James E. (Aust. Inf.), Gt. War 2927
(R.A.F.), S. Artoa	Nickerson, Majten. William Hy. S., c.n., c.m.c. (R.A.M.C.), S. Africa 1290 Nunney, Pte. C. J. P., D.C.M., M.M. (Can. Inf.),
Kirboss, droup-Copt. Frank H., c.s.s., p.c.s., 1990 Knight, and L. Africe J. (Sherwood F.), ii. War 1937 Knight, Capt. H. J. (King's Rogt.), S. Africa 1900 Hox, and Lieu. Cool Leonard (H. E.), & War 1937 Hox and Lieu. Cool Leonard (H. E.), & War 1937	Nunney, Fie. C. J. P., D.C.M., M.M. (Can. 1821),  Gl. War
Kuight, Capt. H. J. King's Regt.], S. Africa. 1900 Knox, and Lieut. Ceoil Leonard. (R.E.), 6t War 1917 Konowal, Corpl. Filip (Canadian Inf.), 6t. War 1917 Kuibhr Thapa, Riffers. (Gurkha R.), 6t. War 2915 Laidiuw. Stoot Deniel (M.O.S. B.), 6t. War 2015	Nurse, Lieut G. E. (R.A.), S. Africa
Laidlaw, Sergt, Daniel (K.O.S.B.), Gt. War 1915 Laidlaw, Sergt, Daniel (K.O.S.B.), Gt. War 1915 Lala, Jemadar (41st Dogras), Gt. War 1916	O'Leary, Lieut. Michael (Connaught Rangers), Git, War. 2915 O'Morra Pie Martin (Australia) Gt War.
Lala, Jemadar (Last Dogras), Gt. War 1916 Lauder, Pte. David R. (R. Scots Fus.), Gt. War 2916 Laurent, Seryt. Harry John (N.Z. Rif. Bgde.), Gt. War 2918	O'Meara, Pte. Martin (Australia), Ct. War. 1938 O Neill, Sergt. John (Leinster R.), Ct. War. 1938 Onions, and Ltest. George (Devon R.), Ct. War. 1938 Ormsby, Sergt. John Win. (K.O.Y.L.I.), Ct. War. 1937
Gt. War 1217 John (N.Z. Rif. 1830e.),	Ormsby, Sergt. John Win. (K.O.Y.L.I.), Gt. War. 1917

270 270	
O'Rourke, Ptc. Michael J., .M.M. (Can. Inf.), Gt.	Statton, Sergt. Percy Clyde, M.M. (Aust. I. F.), Gt.
War	War
Palmer, and Lt. Fredk. Wm, M.M. (Roy Fus.), (Gt War)	Steele, Sergt. Thomas (Seaforth H.), Gt. War 1917
Parker, L. Corpl. Walter R. (R. M. L. I.), Gt. H'ar 1915 Pearkes, Lt. Col. Geo. Randolph, p.s.o., n.c. (Can.	Stone, Gunner Charles Edwin, M.M. (R.F.A.), Gt.
inf) (it War	Storkey, Capt. Percy Valentine (Aust. I. F.), Gt. War
Peck, Lt. Col. Cyrus Wesley, D.S.O. (Manitoba R.), Gt. War. 1918	Strachan, Mai. Henry, M.c. (Can. Cav.), Gt War 1917
Phillips, Cant. Robert E. (R. War, R.), Gt. War . xoxy	Stringer, Pte. George (Manch. R.), Gt. War 1916 Stuart, Com. Rouald Neil, p.s.o. (R.N.R.).
Pitcher, Petty Off. Ernest, D.s. (R.N.), Gt War 1917	Sullivan, Corpl. Arthur P. (Roy. Fus.), N.
Pitcher, Petty Off. Ernest, D.S.M. (R.N.), Gt. War 2927-Pitts, Pte J. (Manch. Regt.) S. Africa	Rusma zgzg
W ar	Sykes, Ptc. Ernest (Northd. Fus.), Gt. War 1917 Symons, Capt. Wm. J. (Australia), Gt. War 1915
Pooll, Capt. A. H. Batten-, M.c (R. Muns. F.),	Tandey, Ptc. H., p.c.m., M.M. (W Riding R.),
Potts, LCorpl. Fredk W. O. (Berks Yeo.), Gt.	GI War 1918 Thomas Seryit, John (N. Stafis, R.), Gi. War 1918 Throssell, Capit. Hugo V. H. (Aust.), Gi. War 1918 Tollerton, Pie. R. (Cameron H.), Gi. War 1914 Tombs, LCorpl. Joseph (King's R.), Gi. War 1914 Towers, Pie James (Scott Rif.), Gi. War 1915 Towers, Pie James (Scott Rif.), Gi. War 1918 Towner, Liestt, Edgar Thomas, M.c. (Aust.)
	Throssell, Capt. Hugo V. H. (Aust.), Gt. War 1915 Tollerton, Ptr. R. (Cameron H.), Gt. War 1914
Procter, Rev Arthur H. (King's R.), Ct. War . 1916	Tombs, L. Corpl. Joseph (King's R.), Gt. War . 1915
Poulter, Pr. Arthur (W. Rid. R.), Gl. War. 2918 Procter, Rev Arthur H. (King's R.), Gl. War. 2918 Procter, Rev Arthur H. (King's R.), Gl. War. 1918 Quigg, Pte, Robert (R. Ulster Rif.), Gt. War. 1918 Ramaden, Lient H. E. (Protect. Regt.), S. Africa 1899 Rateliffe. Pte. William, M.M. (S. Lanc. R.), Gt.	Towers, Pte James (Scott Rif.), Gt War 1918 Towner, Lieut. Edgar Thomas, Mc. (Aust.
Ramsden, Lieut H. E. (Protect. Regt.), S. Africa 1899 Rateliffe, Ple William M. S. Lane R.) Git	Towner, Lieut. Edgar Thomas, M.c. (Aust. M.G.C.), Gt. War. 2918 Towse, Capt. Sir E. B. B., R.C.V.O., C.B.R. (Gord.
War 1917	Highrs.), N. Africa
Readitt, Seryt, John (S. Lanc. R.), Gt War 1918	Toye, Capt. Alfred M., M.c. (Middx. R.), Gt.
Rees, Scryt. lvor (S. Wales Bord.), Gt War 1927	Train, Corpl. Charles Wm. (Lond. R.), Gt. War. 1218 Traynor, Sergt. W. B. (W. Yorks R.), S. Africa. 1202
A.F.C (R.A.F.), 6t War	Train, Corpl. Charles Wm. (Lond. R.), Gt. Wur. 1918 Traynor, Seryt. W. B. (W. Yorks R.), S. Africa 1992 Turner, LtGen. Sir. R. E. W., K.C.B., K.C. M.G. D S O (R. Can. Dus.), S. Africa 1990 Three II. W. Thur. Gen. (Work. R.)
Wai:  Rayfield, Li Walter (Brit, Columb, R.), Of War:  1928 Readitt, Neryt, John (S. Lanc, R.), Gi War:  1928 Readitt, Neryt, John (S. Lanc, R.), Gi War:  1927 Rees, Seryt, Ivor (S. Wales Bord), fit War:  1927 Rees, Group-Cupt, Lionel W. B., O.R., M.C.,  1926 Rendle, Neryt T. E. (D. C.L. I.), Gi War:  1926 Rendle, Neryt T. E. (D. C.L. I.), Gi War:  1927 Richards, Seryt, Alfred (Lancs, Fus.), Gi, War:  1927 Richards, Seryt, Alfred (Lancs, Fus.), Gi, War:  1928 Richtle, Com, H. P. (R. N.), Dar-a-Salaam:  1924 Ritchle, Corpl, Walter (Seaforth H.), Gi War:  1927 Ritchle, Corpl, Walter (Seaforth H.), Gi War:  1928 Ritchle, Corpl, Walter (Seaforth H.), Gi War:  1929 Ritchle, Corpl, Walter (Seaforth H.), Gi War:  1920 1920 1921 1921 1922 1922 1923 1924 1924 1925 1924 1925 1925 1926 1927 1927 1928 1928 1928 1928 1928 1928 1928 1928	Turrall, Pte. Thos. Geo. (Worc. R.), 6t War 1900
Richards, Sergt. Alfred (Lancs. Fus.), Gt. War . 1915	Unwin, Capt. E, c.B., c.M.G. (R.N.), Gt War 1915
Ritchie, Com. H. P. (R.N.), Dar-en-Salaam 1914	Turrall, Ptc. Thos. Geo. (Wore, R.), 6t. War. 1916 Unwin, Capt. R., c.s., c.w.o. (R.N.), 6t. War. 1915 Upton, Ptc. J. (Sherwood F.), 6t. War. 1915 Veale Corpl. Theodore W. H. (Devon R.), 6t.
Ritchie, Corpl. Walter (Seaforth H.), Gl. War 1916 Roberts, Lt. Col. F. C., D.B.O., O.B.E., M.C. (Worc.	Vickers, Corpl. Arthur (Warwick R.), Gt. War . 1915
	Vickers, Capt. Chas. G. (Sherwood For), Gt War
Robertson, L. Corpt. Charles Graham, M.M. (R. Fus.), Gt. War	Vickery, Sergt. S (Dorset R), Tirah 1897
Robertson, Lt. Col. James Forbes, p.s.o., M.C. (Border R.), Gt. War. 1918	Walker, MajGen. William George, c.s (I.A.), Somaliland
Robertson, LtCol. William, o.n.z. (Gord. Highrs), S. Africa	Walker, Maj A R. Hill-(Nrthinp R), Transvaal 1881 Wallace, Capt. Samuel T D (R.F.A), Gt War 1927
Robinson, Capt. Eric G., o. H E. (R. N.), Gt War 1915	Wark, Maj Blair A., Dso (Aust), Gt. War 2928
BOCDIOTE CARE U. A. BOYD- SUNTSUI 1 177 War. Total	Waters, May. Arnold Horace S., D s o , M c (R E ),
Rogers, Lt. James (S.A. Constab.), S. Africa . 1907 Roupell, Maj., G. R. P. (E. Surrey R.), Gt. War . 1915	Watt, Ch. Skipper Joseph (R. N.R.), Gt. War 1917 Weale, Sergt. Henry (R. Welch Fus.), Gt. War 1918 Welch, Sergt. James (R. Berk. R.), Gt. Mar 1927
Rutherford, Lt. Charles Smith, M.C., M.M. (Quebec R.), Gl. War. 1918	Welch, Sergt. James (R. Berk. R.), Gt. War 1917 West, Squad-Leader Ferdinand M.F., M.c.
Ruthven, Brig. Gen Hon Sir Alex G. A. Hore,	(R.A.F.), Gt. War. 1918 Wheeler, LtCol. Geo. Campbell (Gurkha R.),
Ruthven, Brigtien Hon Sir Alex G. A. Hore-, g.c.m.g., c n , n s o (bar) (Welch Gds), Sudan . 1898 Ruthven, Lt. William (Aust. 1. F.), Gt. War 1918	Gt. War Geo. Campbell (Gurkha K.),
Ryan, Pie John (Aust), 6:t War	White, Maj. Archie Cecil T., Mc. (Green Howards), 6t War
Sadiler, Lt. Chinord wm. King (Aust. I. F.), Gt.	White, Pte. Jack (K. O. Royal R.), Gt. Wur 1917
Sage, Pte. Thomas Hy. (Som. L.I.), Gt. War 1017	White, Ptc. Jack (K. O. Royal R.), Gt. Wur 1917 White, Lt. Wm. Allison (M. G. Corps), Gt Wur 1918 Whitfield, Sergt. Harold (K. Shrop. L. I.), Gt.
Dangers, Lt. George, M.C. (W. 1 orks K.), Gt 11 (tr 1916)	War z928 Whit.le, Sergt. John W., D.C.M. (Aust. Inf.), Gt.
	War 1917 Wilcox, LCorpl. Alfred (Oxf. & Bucks, L. I.),
Saunders, Sergt. Arthur F. (Suffolk R.), Gt. War 1916 Scott, QMSergt. R. (Manch Regt.), S. Africa 1990 Soringer, LtCol. F. A. C. (Can. A. M. S.), Gt	Gt. War zazs
War	Wilkinson, L. Corpl Alfred (Manch R), Gt.
Shahamad Khan, Naik (Punjabis), Gt. War 1916 Shankland, Capt. Robert, D.C.M. (Can. Inf.), Gt.	Williams, CSerytMaj. John H., D.C. M., M. M. (Bar), (S. Wales Bord.), Gt. War
	Williams Seamon William (R N R) (# War see
Sharpe, Sergi. C. (Lincs, R.), Gi. War. 1915 Shaul, Sergi. J. (High L. I.), S. Africa 1899 Shepherd, Rism. Albert E. (K.R.R.C.), Gi. War. 1918	Willis, Maj. Richard R. (Lancs, Fus.), Gt. War. 1915 Wood, Pte. Wilfred (Northd, Fus.), Gt. War 1918 Woodall, and Lt. Joseph Edward (Rif. Brig.),
Shepherd, Khm. Albert E. (K.R.R.C.), (Il. 11 ar. 1918 Sinton, LtCol. John A. o. R.R. (I.M.S.), Gt. War. 2016	
Sinton, Lt. Col. John A. o. n. n. (I.M.S.), Gt War . 1916 Smith, Gunner Albert (R.A.), Sudan . 1888 Smith, L. Sergt. Edward, p.c.m. (Lanc. Fus.), Gt.	Woods, Ptc. James Park (Aust. Inf.), Gt. War 1918 Woolley, Rev. Geoffrey H., M.c. (Qn. Vic. Rif.),
Smith, Sergt. Issy (Manchester R.), Gt. War 1915 Smith, ColSergt. James (The Buffs), Mohmand 1897	Wright, BrigGen. Wallace D., c.B., c.M.G., b.S.o. (R. W. Surrey), Sokoto 2903 Wyatt, LSergt. George H. (Cold. Gda.), Gt.
Smith, Pre. James (Border R.), Gr. War 1914 Smyth, Maj. J. G., M.C. (Ludhiana Sikhs), Gr.	War
War	War
Sudan	Young, Ite. Thomas (Durh. L. I.), Gt. War 1918
War 1918	Zengel, Seryt. Raphael L., M.M. (Saskatchewan R.) Gt. War

(Appointed August as, 1931: Ministry reconstructed November 5, 1931 and October 1932.)

( Product Adjust as, 1931: Millistry reconstructed Revenues 5, 1931 and October 1932.)
OTHE CABINET.
Prime Minister and First Lord of the Treasury The Rt. Hon J Ramsay MacDonald, x r, b 1866 (N Lab ) \$5,000
Lord President of the Council
Chancellor of the Exchequer
Secretary of State by Home Advisor Mr. De Tion Min Tohn Ollmonn De non and
Lord High Chancelor Was Servetury of State for Was The Rt Hon. Viscount Sankey, o. s. s. b. 1856 (\$\hat{h}\$ Lab \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \( \hat{\text{Lab}} \) \(
Lord High Chancellor
Secretary of State for Foreign Attars The Rt. Hon. Sir John Simon g.c.s., K.g.vo. M.P.
Secretary of State for India
Necretary of Mate for India The Rt Hon Sir Samuel Hoare, Bt, u.B E., c M G, M.P.
Secretary of State for the Dominions The Rt. Hop. J. H. Thomas, M. P., b. 1823 (N. Lulb.)
Secretary of State for the Domintons.  Secretary of State for the Colonies  The Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, w. p., b. 2873 (N Leib) 55,000  Necretary of State for the Colonies  The Rt. Hon. Sir Philip Cunliffe Lister, a.n.r, w.c.,  M. p. 2884 (**)  Secretary of State for Air  The Most Hon. the Marquess of Londonderry, z.a.,
M.P. b. 2884 (C)
Y.v. b. 1898 (C.)
Secretary of State for Scotland The Rt Hon Sir Godfrey P. Collins, & B.E., C M G.
Secretary of State for Scotland.  Secretary of State for Scotland.  The Rt. Hon. Sir Godfrey P. Collins, E.E., c.M.G.  Mr. b. 1895 (L. Nat.).  Sa,000  Minister of Health.  The Rt. Hon. Sir E. Hilton Young, G.B.K., D.S.C., D.S.C., C.S.C.
President of the Board of Trade  The Rt. Hon Sir Bolton Eyros Monsell, Mr. b. 1270 (C.) £5,000  President of the Board of Trade  The Rt. Hon Sir Bolton Eyros Monsell, Mr. b. 1271 (C.) £5,000  President of the Board of Education  The Rt. Hon Sir Bolton Eyros Monsell, Mr. b. 1271 (C.) £5,000  President of the Board of Education  The Rt. Hon Sir Bolton Eyros Monsell, Mr. b. 1270 (C.) £5,000  Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries  The Rt. Hon Walter E Elliot, Mr., Mr. b. 1280 (C.) £5,000  Minister of Labour.  The Rt. Hon Sir Henry Betterton, Bt., che., Mr. C. 1200 (C.) £5,000
President of the Board of Trade The Rt. Hon Walter Runcinan, v P., b 2870 (L) \$5,000
Frendent of the Admiralty The Rt. Hon Sir Bolton Expressionnell, M.P., O. 1274 (1.124, 500)
Minuster of Agriculture and Fisheries The Rt. Hon Walter E Elliot, M C., M P , b 2890 (C) \$2,000
Minister of Labour The Rt. Hon Sir Henry Betterton, Bt, c n g, M P,
b 1872 ('')
Minister of Transport, Major Hon, Oliver Stanley, w. r., b. 1286 (C.)
Minister of Transport, Major Hon, Oliver Stanley, M.P., b. 1866 (C.)
Minister of Pensions. Major Rt. Hon G C Tryon, M. P b 1871(C)
Attorney-General, Rt Hon Sir Thomas Inskip, c. s. s. c , u r , b 1876 (U) (and fees ; in 1920-30 £27,570) \$2,000
Noticitive-General, Sir Donald Bradley Somervell, i.e. c, M. P. D. 1889 (U.)(and fork; In 1929-30 £6,772 £2,000 Prostmate-General Rt. Hun. Sir Kingalay Wood, M. B. 1886 (f.)
Paymaster-General, Lord Rochester, c.u.g., b 1876 (N Lab)
Civil Lord of the Admiralty, Capt D Eurn Wallace, Mc, Mr, b 2892 (C)
Patronary:—Nuarcial Necretary, major L. Hore-Beilshin, Mr. D. 1895 [L. Ara.]
Juneor Lords:—Capt Austin U M Hudson, Mr., b 1897 (C), Lt Col. Sn A Lumbert Ward, Bt.,
p.s.e , M r., b 1876 (C); J. Blindell, M r., b. 1884 (L Nat), each £1,000; W. J. Womersley, M.r.,
O. 1896 (U) and Maj, G. F. Davies, M. P., O. 1875 (C)
Home, Rt Hon Douglas Hacking, o.s. r., b 1884 (C)
Foreign, Capt R. A. Eden, M. C., M.P., b. 1897 (C.)
Colominates, matchin Matchinat, M. 7, 0 1901 (1. 1902)  Colominates, The Earl of Plymouth. b 1880 (U.)  Si. see
b. 1876 (C) and Maj. G. F. Davies, M. P., b. 1875 (C)       unpoid         Parliamentary Under Secretaries of State —       Home, Rt. Hon Douglas Hacking, O.B. M. M., b. 1884 (C)       £1,500         Foreign, Capt. R. A. Eden, M. C., M. P., b. 1897 (C.)       £1,500         Dominsone, Malcolm MacDonald, M. P., b. 1902 (N. Latb)       £1,500         Colonics, The Earl of Plymouth, b. 1889 (C.)       £1,500         India, R. A. Butler, M. P., b. 1906 (C.)       £1,500         Air, Rt. Hon. Sir Philip Sassoon, Bt., G.B. E., C.M. G., M. P., b. 1888 (C.)       £1,500         Parliamentary Secretaries       £1,500
Air, Rt Hon, Sir Philip Sassoon, Bt, G.R.R., G.M.G., M.F., D. 1888 (C)
War, Rt. Hon. Earl Stanhope, p s o , M c., b 1880 (C.)
Do. (Friancial), A. Duff-Cooper, D v o , M P , b , z890 (C)
Admiracity, Lord Statuley, M.C., M.F., 0. 1894 (C.)
Mines, Ernost Brown, M C, M.F, b. 2881 (L Nat)
Overseas Trade (Joint Secretariat Foreign Office and Boud of Trade, Lt.Col D J.Colville, v r., b. 1894 (C.) \$5.000   Audioblana Lond Donald, Midden of Evidence The Food Do. When be a seen (N. Leb.)
Labour, R. S. Hudson, w. p. b z866 (C)
Education, Herwald Ramsbotham, o B F, M.C., M.P. b. 1887 (C)
Transport, LtCol C M Headlam, Dago, ORE, TD, WF h v8-6 (!!)
Parliamentary Secretarie  Wer, Rt. Hon. Earl Stanhope, p s o, n c, b 1880 (t')  Do. (Francial) A Duff-Cooper, p s o, n e, b, 1890 (t')  Do. (Francial) A Duff-Cooper, p s o, n e, b, 1890 (t')  Admirally, Lord Stanley, n.c, n r, b, 1894 (t')  Trade, Dr. R. Lealle Burgin, n r b 1881 (t') Nat)  Mines, Ernest Brown, n c, n.e. n 1881 (t') Nat  Overseas Trade (sont becretaria Foreign office and Boust in Trade, Lt.Col D J. (withle, n r, b, 1894 (t') Lange Agriculture (and Deputy Minister of Fisheries), The Earl De La Warr, b 1900 (N' Lob)  Labour, R. S. Hudson, n r , b 1886 (t')  Edwardson, Horwald Ramsbotham, o n r , n.c., n.r., b, 1887 (t')  Meather of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of the standard of
Second Church Estates Commissioner, Hon. R. D. Denman, M. P., b. 1876 (N. Lab.)unpaid
Scotland.
Secretary of State (in the Cabinet)
Lord Advocate, Rt. Hon. Wilfred Guild Normand, g. Nr b 1884 ((')
Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.  Scottand.
Dollstan Ministers of the Pour Husseluld
Treasurer, Sir F. C. Thomson, Bt., x.c, Mr, b. 1875 (C)
Comptroller, Sir Frederick George Ponny, Bt., N r, b z876 (C.)
Lords Watting Lord Templemore, N.C., N.F., D. 1890 (U). Viscount Gage, D. 1806 (C). Viscount
Treasurer, Sir F. C. Thomson, Bt., L. G., N. P. D. 1875 (C.)
Cariner Ministers Pensions (First Class Pension, £2,000; Second Class Pension, £2,000 None paid since
Cabiner Ministers' Persions.—(First Class Pension, £5,000; Second Class Pension, £5,000 None paid since April 5, 1004.) Pensions were granted to the following Ministers, but have been resigned by them:—Rt. Hon. J. A. Pesses, now Lord Galinford (£5,200 per annum); Rt. Hon. G. W. Balfour (£5,200 per annum).
§ All salaries subject to the deductions shown on p. 279.

# Conspectus of

Date	Prime Minister	Exchequer.	Home (1782).	Foreign (1782)	War (2794).	Colonies (2854)
June 9, 1818	Liverpool {	N Vansittart F J Robinson		Londonderry ) G Cunning )	Palmerston	Bathurst
Apr 24, 2 827 Sept. 5, 2807	G Canning Goderich		S Bourne Lansdowne	Dudley Dudley	Palmerston Palmerston Palmerston	Goderich W Huskisson
ľan. <b>eg</b> , 18 <b>0</b> 8	Wellington .	H Goulburn .	R Peel	Dudley{	Hardinge Ld F L Gower C. W W Wynn	W Huskisson Sir G Murray
No <b>v. 20,283</b> 0	Grey	Althorp	Melbourne	Palmerston{		Goderich How E Stanley
July <b>18,1834</b> Dec. <b>26,183</b> 4	Melbourne Sir R Peel	Althorp Sn R Perl	lluncamon	Pulmerston Wellington	J ( Herries	Hon T. S Rice Aberdeen Glenely
Apr. 18,1835	Melbonme . {	T Spring Rice . F T Baring	Yormanhy )	Pulmerston .	Howick T B Macanias Sir H Hardinge	Normanby
Sept 6, 1841	Sir R. Peel	H Goulburn	Sir J Graham .	•	Sir H Hardinge Sir T Fremuntle Hon S Herbert	Stanley W. E. Gladstone
	Ld J Russell		1	Palmerston . } Granville }	Hon F Maule	Grey
Peb 97,1852 Dec 98,1852		B Disraeli W E Gladstone	Palmerston	Maintenbury Lord J. Russell	W Beresford lin S Herbert {	Sir J Pakington Newcantle Sir G Grey
			•	Clarendon	Newcastle }	Lord J Russell Hon S Herbert SirW Moleswort
'eh sg.1858	Palmerston {	W E Gladstone } Sir G C Lewis } B Disraeli {	Sir G Grey	Mulmoslury	tien Puel	H Labonchere .
	Palmerston	W 77 (1) . 3 . 4	TSB Estrourt { Sir G C Lewis { Sir G Grey	Lal J. Russell	Hn S Herbert Sir G C Lewis deGrey & Ripon	Sir E B Lytton Newcastle E Cardwell
lov 6, 1865	Russell	,	Sir G Grey	Clarendon {	de Grev & Ripon Hartington	E Cardwell
uly 6, 1866	Derby B Disraeli .	B Disraeli . {	S H Walpole } G Hardy G Hardy	Stanley {	Gen Peel Sir J Pakington Sir J Pakington	Carnarvon Buckingham
ec. 9, 1868	W E G'dstone	R Lowe W E Gladstone	H A Bruce R. Lowe	Clarendon }	E Cardwell	Granville     Kimberley
eb sz, 2874	B Disraeli (Beaconsfield)		R A Cross	Derby Salisbury	G Hardy Col F A Stanley	Sir M. H. Beach
	W E G'dstone	ii. E. muers)	Sir W Harcourt	Granville {	H C E Childers Hartington W H Smith	Perby Col F. A Stanley
uli 24,2885 el 6, 2886	W E Gladatone		H C. E Childers	Salisbury . Rosebery	H C Bannerman	Granville
ug 3, 1996	W H Smith	Id R Churchill }		Iddesleigh . Balisbury	W H Smith E Stanhope	E Stanhope Kuntsford
ug 18,1892 ar 3, 1894		Sir W. Harcourt Sir W. Harcourt	H H Asquith H H Asquith	Rosebery Kimberley	H.CBannerman H C -Bannerman	1 -
uly 2, 2895	Salisbury ) BalfoursatLd (	Sir M H ·Beach {	Sir M W Ridley C T Ritchie	Salisbury Lansdowne	Lansdowne \ St J Brodrick   St J. Brodrick	J Chamberlain
	A. J Balfonr {	C T Ritchie A Chumberlain	A. Akers-Douglas	,	HOA-Forster	J Chamberlain. A Lyttelton
ł	Immierman i	H H. Anquith.	H J Gladstone	Sir E Grey	R. B. Haldane R. B. Haldane Haldane (Visct.)	Crewe
pril 8, 1908	H. H. Asquith	D Lloyd George	W 8 Churchill. R McKenna	Sir E Grey	Col J.E.B Seely H. H. Asquith Kitchener	L Harcourt
lay 26,2925	H. H. Asquith	R. McKenna {	Sir J Simon Herbert Samuel	Sir E. Grey Grey (Visct )	Kitchener D Lloyd George	A Bonar Law
ec. 7, 1916	{D Lloyd George {	A. Bonar Law } A Chamberlain   Sir R. S Horne	Sir G Cave E Shortt	A J Balfour {	Derby Milner W S. Churchill Sir L. WEvans	Milner W. S Churchi
	A. Bonar Law	l <u>.</u>	W C Bridgeman	1	l l	Devonshire
	S. Baldwin . { J R MacDonald	N Chamberlain		J.R. Mac Donald	•	Devonshire J. H. Thomas
				Sir A Cham- berlain		Dom. & Col
ne 8, 2989	TR.MacDonald	P. Snowden	J R Clynes	A. Henderson	T Shaw {	L C M S. Ame J. H. Thomas Passfield
- 1	J R. Mac	P. Snowden	Sir H Samuel Sir J. Gilmour	Reading	Commun	J H Thomas D

# Former Administrations.

Date [,]	Ld. Chancellor	Ld. President.	Board of Trade	Admiralty.	India (2 <b>784 &amp; 285</b> 8).	Ld. Lieut. (z@oz-zgsz)
une 9, 1823	. Kidon	Harrowby	(lancarty IIn F. J.Robin-	Melville	Huckinghameh G. Canning C. Bathurst	Richmond. Whitworth. Talbot
Apr. 24, 1827	Lyndhurst Lyndhurst	Harrowby .	W. Huskisson C. Grant	Olarence	C. Bathurst C. W. W. Wynn. C. W. W Hynn. C. W. W. Hynn	Wellesley. Wellesley. Wellesley.
an 25, 1828	Lyndhurst	Bathurst {	W. V Fitzgerald J C. Herries	Clarence Melville	Melville { Ellenborough {	Anglesey. Northum- berland
ίον <b>22, 1830</b> .	Brougham	Lansdowne .		Sir J. Graham	(	Anglesey. Wellesley. Haddington.
fuly 18, 1834 . Her 26, 1834	Brougham Lyndhurst	I Ansdowne	A Baring -	Auckland de Grey		Haddington Haddington
April 18, 1835	(In c'mission) (Cottenham	Lansdowne	C P. Thomson H Labouchere Ripon	Auckland	Ellenborough >	Mulgrave. Ebrington.
lept 6, 1841	. Lyndhurst Cottenham	Wharncliffe	Dalhousie	Ellenborough }	Fitsgerald }	de Grey. Heytesbury
uly 6, 1846	(In c'mission)		Clarendon H Labouchere. J W Henley .	Auckland   Sir F T Baring		Bessborough Clarendon.
čeb. 27, 1852 Jec. 28, 1852	St. Leonards . Cranworth . {	Lonsdale Granville Ld J. Russell	E. Cardwell	Northumberland Sir J. Graham	Str C. Wood	Eglinton. St. German
řeh 20, 2855	Cranworth	Granville	Stanley of A {	Sir J Graham . Sir C. Wood	Sir C. Wood R. Vernon Smith	Carlisle.
řeh 25, 1858	. Chelmsford .	Salisbury {	J W. Henley Donoughmore	SirJ Pakington {	Ellenborough }	Eglinton. Carlisle.
June 18, 1859 Nov 6, 1865	{ Westbury } Cranworth Cranworth .	Granville	T. M. Gibson . T M Gibson	Somerset	Sir C. Wood {	Wodehouse
July 6, 1866	Chelmsford	Buckingham Marlhorough	Sir S Northcote Richmond	Sh J Pakington	deGrey& Ripon { ('ranborne {  SirS Northcote }	Abercorn.
Feb. <b>27, 18</b> 63 Dec. <b>9, 18</b> 68	Gairns .	Marlhorough Ripon Aberdare .	Richmond .	H C Childers }	Sir S Northcote Argyll	Abercorn. Spencer.
Feb 21, 1874	Carms	Richmond {	Sir C Adderley.	W H Smith	Salisbury Cranbrook	Abercorn. Marlboroug
April 28, 1880	Selborne	Spencer }	J Chamberlain	Northbrook {	Hartington Kimberley	Cowper. Spencer.
June 24, 2885 Feb 6, 2886 .	Halsbury Herschell	Cranbrook . {	Richmond E. Stanhope 4. J Mundella.	Isl G. Hamilton Ripon	Ld. R. Churchill Kimberley	Carnarvon. Aberdeen.
Aug 3, 1886	Halsbury	Cranbrook {	Stanley of P Sir M HBeach	Ld G Hamilton		L'donderry. Zetland.
Ang 18, 1892	Herschell	Kimberley	A J Mundella A. J Mundella	Spencer	Kimberley	Houghton.
Mai 3, 1894	Herschell	Rosebery .	J Bryce	Spencer G J. Goschen	H H. Fowler .	Houghton
July 2, 1895	Halsbury	Devoushire Devoushire	C. T. Ritchie G. W. Balfour G. W. Balfour .	Selborne	Ld. G. Hamilton	
July 12, 1902 Dec 5, 1905	Halsbury {	Londonderry ; Crewe		Cawdor	St. J Brodrick	Dudley. Aberdeen.
April 8, 1908	Loreburn .	Tweedmouth Wolverh'ton Beauchamp	W & Chumbill	R McKenna. W. S. Churchill	Morley (Visct ) }	Aberdeen.
May 25, 1915	Buckmaster .	Morley Beauchamp Ciewe	W.Runciman W. Runciman	A J Balfour	A. Chamberlain	Wimborne
Dec. 7, 1916	{Finlay Birkenhead	Curzon Balfour	Sir A Stanley Sir A Geddes Sir R. S Horne S. Baldwin	Sir E Geddes . W. H. Long . Lee	E S Montagu	Wimborne Ypres. FitzAlan.
Oct. 23, 1922	. Cave	Salisbury	Sir P. Lloyd-	<b>*</b> :	y Peel	Sir S. Hoa
May 22, 1923	Care	. Salisbury	Sir P Lloyd-	L.C. M. S. Amer	y Peel	Sir S. Hoar
Jan. 22, 1924	. Haldane	. Parmoor	. S. Webb		Olivier	Thomson.
Nov. 4, 1924	Cave Hailsham	Balfour	Sir P Cunliffe-	W. C. Bridgema	n Birkenhead Peel	Sir S. Hoa
June 8, 2929	. Sankey	. Parmoor	W Graham	CSir A Cham	W Benn	Thomson.
Aug. eg, 1931	Sankey	; .S. Baldwin	Sin P C -Lister W. Runciman	berlain	Sir S. Hoare	Amulree London

## 254 Parliamentary Summary, Lords and Commons, 1932-33.

THE OTTAWA AGREEMENTS .- Parliament adjourned on July 13, 1932, until Oct. 27, power being given for both Houses to be called together earlier in case of emergency, and the Session was resumed on Oct. 18, 1932, in order to pass the legislation necessitated by the Agreements reached at the Imperial Economic Conference at Ottawa. As a first step, Mr. J. H. Thomas announced that notice had been given to denounce the temporary commercial agreement with the Soylet at the end of six months. The first discussion took place on the financial resolu-tions, Sir Herbert Samuel, who had resigned from the Government, asking that all the Agree-ments should be terminable at so many months' notice instead of lasting for five years. Mr. MacDonald declared that the Agreements were in full accord with the Government's election pledges and denied that they were unconstitu-tional. If the Ottawa Conference had failed, he said, the World Economic Conference would have been impossible. Sir John Simon, who also claimed that the Agreements were constitutional, said that they admitted all Empire produce free, increased the duties by five per cent. upon about twenty foreign articles and maintained the existing ten per cent. duty upon about thirty-eight foreign articles. The resolutions were eight foreign articles. The resolutions were carried by huge majorities on Oct. 20; on the carried by mage majorates on oet. 25; on the following day an amendment on the report stage to make the Agreements subject to the right of termination after six months notice was defeated by 25 to 25; and on Oct. 24 the resolutions were agreed to on report and the Ottawa Agreements Bill was read a first time. Moving the second reading on Oct. 26, Mr. J. H. Thomas time second resuling on Oct. 26, Mr. J. H. Thomas said that the Agreements must be judged as a long, and not as a short-range policy. With regard to Russia he declared that the denouncing of the treaty would not interfere with normal trade, but would prevent any attempt to deprive Canada of the value of the new preferences. Ottawa, he claimed, marked a great Imperial achievement and an excellent axamula to the achievement and an excellent example to the world. Mr. Runciman on the following day said that the Agreements did not limit our liberty in the future more than many other commercial treaties. So far from preventing commercial treaties. So far from preventing foreign negotiations, we were already negotiating with some countries. A Lalour amendment for rejection was defeated by 423 to 77 and the bill was read a second time. The committee stage occupied four days, and on Nor. 3 the third reading was agreed to by 416 to 68, Mr. Neville Chamberlain claiming that Ottawa had begun a new concention of Immerial unity and opened a new conception of Imperial unity and opened a new chapter in Imperial history. The House of Lords gave the bill a second reading by 139 to 34 on Nor. 10 and on Nor. 35 it was read a third time and received the Royal Assent.

THE MEANS TEST.—The only other matter of importance dealt with before the close of the Seasion was a modification of the Means Test in the Unemployment Insurance system. A Labour vote of censure on the subject was defeated by 45a to 55 on Oct. 25, and on Nov 9 the House of Commons carried by 257 to 43 a resolution providing that, in deciding the circumstances of an applicant for transitional payments, disability pessions and compensation would be treated as if they were reduced by one-half, and in respect of money and investments regarded as capital assets, it would be disregarded if the aggregated did not exceed £2s, and, if the value exceeded

that amount but not £300, it would be treated as equivalent to a weekly income of one shilling for every complete £32. It was estimated that the cost of the alteration would be about £1,000,000. The Minister of Labour. Sir Henry Betterton, said that the question of family income must wait for the larger reform of Unemployment insurance which must be undertaken later. Moving the second reading of the bill on Nov. 24, Sir Henry said this was the first time that recognition had been given to the principle that pensions were not granted solely for maintenance. It was only a temporary bill, and if the fears that had been expressed concerning the position of ex-service men proved well-founded, that matter would be given full consideration in framing the new bill. A Labour motion demanding the abolition of the means test was rejected by 344 to 45, and the bill read a second time on the following day, when its further stages were secured. On Nov. 27 it received the an end.

#### THE NEW SESSION.

THE KING'S SPRECH .- After only a week's interval, the new Session was opened by the King in State on Nov. 23, the Queen, the Prince of Wales, the Duke of York and the Duke of Gloucester attending the ceremony. The Royal Speech declared that it was still necessary to exercise careful supervision over public expenditure, both national and local, and claimed that the measures already taken to assist British industry in the home market, and to improve British markets overseas, had created a feeling of greater confidence. The Government, it was emphasised, would continue to do everything in their power to stimulate the recovery of trade. Further plans, it was stated, were necessary to enable agriculture to take its proper place in the economy of the nation. The Speech described unemployment as "undoubtedly the gravest of our social problems," and said that in framing proposals for dealing with the subject, the maintenance of morale and fitness to resume work when opportunities could be found would be borne in mind. "As time and opportunity offered "measures dealing with Rent Restriction, Loudon Passenger Transport and other matters of importance would be introduced. In the fluxe of Lords the Marquess of Dufferin and Ava moved and Lord Chesham seconded the Address in reply, which was agreed to, while in the other House the Address was moved by Mr. Roy Bird and seconded by Mr. Clement Davies. The Prime Minister during the opening debate said that the Government had formed itself into said that the dovernment had formed then into a "Council of War" with regard to unemploy-ment, and would encourage every form of municipal and other enterprise, subject to the warning that rates and taxes could not be drawn upon extravagantly. The revival of agriculture, upon extravagantly. The revival of agriculture, he said, was essential to their plans. The unused land and the partly used land must be absorbed steadily to place a much larger percentage of the people in direct contact with the land. Mr. Elliot, the Minister of Agriculture, announced on the following day that the Government of the contact was the following day that the Government of the contact was the second of the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact when the contact was the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact with the contact wit ment had decided to appoint a Meat Reorgani-sation Commission to deal with the question of fat stock, and an export committee to watch the operation of the scheme for the restriction of meat imports. The Address was agreed to on Nov. 28, after the defeat by 43x to 39 of a Labour amendment, moved by Major Atlee, declaring that the Government had failed to carry out their mandate to restore the economic position of the country, and expressing regret that the Government lacked the courage to adopt the alternative Spetalist policy of attacking the fundamental causes of the poverty problem.

THE BUDGET.—Mr. Chamberlain's second Budget, "opened" on April 25, was marked by no important changes in taxation, but was a no inhoration trianges in satisfaction, but was motable example of orthodox finance. He began by claiming that, although the year had closed with a deficit, the out turn might well afford more solid satisfaction than some of the surpluses in earlier and more prosperous times. surplines in earlier and more prosperous camera. The actual expenditure was £777,000,000 and the revenue, £745,000,000, leaving a deficit of £32,378,989, which, however, included the parment to the United States of £35,000,000, which would be met by borrowing. Coming to details, the Chancellor said that there was a deflicit of the Chancellor said that there was a definct of nearly £ $x_1,\infty$ 0,000 in Customs and Excise, which would have been larger but for £ $x_1,\infty$ 0,000 from the Irial Free State duties and £ $x_1,\infty$ 0,000 from the Ottawa duties. The revenue from beer gave the lowest yield for  $x_2$  years, £ $x_1,\infty$ 000 below his estimate, while the shortfall from the new tariff, allowing for the Ottawa duties, was £ $x_1,\infty$ 000. This he put down duties, was £9,000,000. This he put down partly to fall in prices, but mainly to the fact that they had been much more successful than he had anticipated in checking foreign imports, and he took a certain satisfaction from the fact that the adverse balance of trade was checked. Inland revenue showed a drop of £zz,500,000, his estimate for surtax proving too high by ms estimate for surfax proving too high by £5,000,000 and that for income-tax by £6,000,000. With regard to expenditure, no less than £18,000,000 in supplementary estimates had to be laid at the door of unemployment; but the whole of this was not required. Summarising the Buddet death to be said the best tax to the supplement of the Buddet death to be said the best tax to the said the best tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said tax to the said t the Budget deficit, he said they had a net shortage of revenue of £22,000,000, an increased expenditure of £17,000,000, and a payment to the United States of £39,000,000, making a total of £68,000,000. From that they could deduct savings in interest on Debt and reduction in the Sinking Fund amounting together to £29,000,000, leaving a net deficit of £33,000,000, or making allowance for the estimated Budget surplus of allowance for the estimated Budget surplus of \$20,000, a Budget deficit of \$23,200,000. The Floating Debt, Mr. Chamberlain said, was now \$200,000,000, which was nearly \$200,000,000 above what it was a year earlier, but this increase was mainly due to the creation of the Exchange Equalisation Fund of of the Excussing Agrandation Find of \$15,000,000, and the State had acquired assets corresponding to that sum. They had, moreover, laid the foundations for a very substantial decrease in the annual charge for the Debt, the total interest saving amounting to £52,000,000, owing to the conversion of the War Loan and other operations. The Chancellor thought the year was one of substantial achievement. The sacrifices that had been suffered had been borne with a patience which had excited general admiration, and the purchasing and saving power of the people had been maintained to a very remarkable degree. Turning to 1933, he announced that he proposed again to make no provision either for payments of the Debt to the

United States or for receipts of Reparations from other countries to ourselves. total of ordinary expenditure spart from Sinking Fund he placed at £69,7486,000, which was £88,000,000 less than two years earlier. In addition they had absorbed another £55,000,000 which would have meant increased expenditure. Of this real saving of £113,000,000 he attributed £52,000,000 to the saving on interest and £61,000,000 to economies in other directions. On the basis of existing taxation the Chancellor on the ness of existing exaction the Chancellone estimated a revenue of £7xx,730,000, despite a "depressingly low" allowance for surtax and a considerable fall for income-tax. After announcing a reduction from £x to xos. per cent. of the duty upon the raising of new capital and reductions in the rates of interest to arrest of death duties and excess purities. on arrears of death duties and excess profits duty, Mr. Chamberlain said that discussions were still proceeding on the question of the liability of the co-operative societies to incometax, and they hoped to reach an agreement. The matter could not rest where it was, he and and he had set down a provisional sum of revenue of £750,000 for the year without settling the mothod of obtaining it. After indicating small increases in the duties on matches and mechanical lighters, the application of the machinery of the Import Duties Act to the silk and artificial silk industry, the nenewal of the hops duty, and an additional Excise duty on British sparkling wines, the Chancellor said that he would impose a duty of zd. a gallon on heavy hydro-carbon oils, with an Excise duty on all stocks of over zo,000 gallons. There was, he next said, an unanswerable case for an increase of the duties upon the heavier class of road vehicles in the goods class, and he therefore imposed substantial increases from Jan. 1, 1934. From these he estimated a yield in a full year of £1,720,000, which would go to the Boad Fund. All these changes raised go to the road rund. An energy changes ranged the estimated revenue to  $\pounds_{774,777,000}$ , giving a surplus of  $\pounds_{17,291,000}$ , without making any allowance for the Sinking Fund. He announced that he was not proposing to make any provision for the redemption of debt, and that owing to the conversion of the War Loans he would only have to borrow about £7,500,000. Because of the drop in revenue from beer, he had come to the conclusion that there must be some reduction in the price and some improvement in the quality. The existing plan of taxation would be abandoned, and beer would from that day be charged at the rate of 24s, per bulk barrel up to and including a gravity of rosy degrees, with a rise of as, per degree over that gravity. The result would be that the retail price would be reduced by id. per pint and the quality would be improved. The brewers had promised to increase the proportion of home-grown barley used. Mr. Chamberlain put the loss of revenue on this account at £14,000,000, reducing his free balance to £3,201,000. He was not prepared to lower the income-tax, but had decided to revert to the old system of equal half-yearly payments. The postponement of revenue involved would be £12,000,000, and this would be largely met by transferring a sum of £10,000,000 from the depreciation fund attached to the Five per cent. War Loan which was no longer required. He was thus left with a final surplus of £1,291,000.
Before reaching this point, Mr. Chamberlain had examined the suggestion that the psychological effect of a reduction of direct taxation

would atimulate business. But he asked what would happen if the reaction did not materialise? Looking round the world he saw that badly unbalanced Budgets were the rule rather than the exception. The one country that had stood the test of these difficult times with the greatest measure of success was the United Kingdom. We were free from the fear that things were going to get worse, and we were free largely because we had balanced our Budgets. As to the future, the Chancellor said that at home they had at least made a good heginning. The most hopeful prospect for any considerable advance towards prosperity lay in collaboration with other nations, and he voiced the prayer of the whole House that the Prime Minister's the whole House that the Frime Ministers mission to President Roosevelt might prove fruitful in establishing a clearer perception among the nations of the possibilities of common action for the benefit of the world. The Chancellor was congratulated by Sir Herbert Serval as the following dry meight the Samuel on the following day on resisting the appeals from once responsible quarters to have an unbalanced Budget. On Man 4 a resolution was passed giving authority to increase the Exchange Equalisation Account, used to keep the pound stable, out of the Consolidated Fund from £150,000,000 to £350,000,000, and the Finance Bill was formally brought in. The second reading was secured on May 17 after the defeat of a motion for rejection by 368 to 48.

Mr. Chamberlain's scheme for taxing co-operative mr. onamoeriain s sciente for taxing co-operative societies was carried by 328 to 109 on May 22. He explained that the societies were being asked to pay only what the Raehurn Commission and the majority report of the Royal Commission on Income Tax had declared to be their proper share of the national taxation. Beyond the co-operative societies only the mutual insurance societies would be affected, and they would merely be brought upon the same basis of taxation as their competitors As a result of the failure of the Government's efforts to obtain an agreed scheme, they had decided to tax all undistributed profits, the dividends being regarded as a trading expense. Mr. Hore-Belisha added that it was estimated that the being added that it was estimated that the proposals would raise about  $\mathcal{L}_{1,050,000}$ . During the committee stage on May 24, the Chancellor said that he was prepared to exempt coast-wise shipping from the operation of the duty on fuel The co-operative societies clause was read oil. The co-operative solution clause was read a second time by ags to 77, and added to the Bill on May 31, and on the following day the committee stage was concluded. The concession to coast-wise shipping was agreed to during the report stage on June 19, when another ameniment was passed permitting holders of off-licences to rell spirits in half-pint bottles. The expect stars came to an end of June 22 and report stage came to an end on June 20, and three days later the third reading was carried after a Labour motion for rejection had been defeated by 290 to 4z. The Bill received the Royal Assent on June 28, after a rapid progress through the House of Lords.

THE Housing Policy .- The adjustment of the nation's housing policy to the changing conditions was sought by two measures—the Rent (Restriction Amendment) Bill and the Housing (Financial Provisions) Bill, both presented by the Minister of Health. The main object of the latter was to encourage the building of the mailer types of houses by private enterprise. The existing subsidies were abolished except in

respect of slum clearances, and building societies were helped to finance the building of houses for letting. Sir Edward Hilton Young, nowing the second reading on Dec. 15, said the Government believed that capital could now be normally directed into the building of small houses of the type that could be let at 7s. od. a week, exclusive of rates. The abolition of the subsidy would be accompanied by precautions, such as the continued control for five years of the rent on pre-rays small houses, and the payment of the subsidy for houses already applied for. A Labour motion for rejection was defeated by 23 to 4s, and the second reading was agreed to. During the committee stage on Feb. 28, Sir Edward declined to change the date on which the Bill would come into operation, but moved an amendment, which was agreed to, accepting for subsidy hence, which was agreed to, accepting to should house contained in plans which had reached a reasonable degree of preparation before the introduction of the Bill. He declared on March 6, when the third reading was secured, after a motion for rejection had been negatived by a33 to 66, that the Government was determined to press the war against the slum evil, and he proposed to call on local authorities to prepare surveys of the slums in their areas and programmes which would distinguish between reconditioning and clearance, with a time limit upon their completion. The Bill was read a second time in the House of Lords on March 23, dearth of houses. Since rose circumstances had changed and now all the more expensive houses would be de-controlled. Regarding the houses built to let to the more poorly-paid wage-earners, he said one-sixth of this class had been decontrolled, with the result that rents had been increased on an average by 85 per cent. more than the rents of controlled houses in the same class. That meant that de-control of these houses must temporarily cease until the supply caught up with the demand. Control would not be re-imposed the demand. Control would not be re-imposed on any house already de-controlled. The Bill would give protection to the vast majority of small tenants for five years, and landlords would obtain easier possession of their property for their own legitimate use. The Bill was read as second time on the following day after the defeat by 326 to nil of an amendment by Mr. Buchanan. When it came before the committee, on the Solicitor-General's motion it was mittee, on the Solicitor-General's motion it was agreed that the Bill should come into force on Seyl. 29, 1933, in England and Wales and on Nov. 28 in Scotland. The committee stage was completed on April 21, and the third reading was obtained by 301 to 6 on May 25. The Lords made little change and the Bill received the Royal Assent on July 28, when it was stated that under its provisions some 500,000 houses passed out of control, while on a change of tenancy a further, 250 con houses would become tenancy a further 1,850,000 houses would become

March 13. Under the measure the Board of Trade were empowered to make orders regulating the importation of any specified agricultural product if a marketing scheme dealing with that branch of the industry were in force or being prepared. The Minister of Agriculture asid that the Bill set out to hold and improve the position of British agriculture, to make the re-organisation of British agriculture a contribution to the cure of world-wide economic chaos, and to make agriculture give a lead to other industries by becoming the best instead of the least organised industry. They must try, he said, to establish an equilibrium of price levels and replacement of value as the criterion of what should be asked from the consumer for produce. Mr. Elliot mentioned that nine new marketing schemes had been prepared. A Labour amendment was rejected by 314 to 62 and the second reading secured on March 20, the Bill being referred to a standing committee. The third reading was carried on March 20, the Bill being referred to a standing committee. The third reading was carried on March 20, after a motion for rejection had been detected by 27 to 65. The Lords made certain amendments with which the Commons disagreed, but both Houses accepted a new clause permitting the validity or orders under the Bill to be challenged within 28 days. The Royal Assent was given on Julu 18.

TRADE WITH RUSSIA.—While negotiations for a new trade agreement between Great Britain and Russia were proceeding, they were stopped by the arrest of a number of British subjects in Moscow, and the Government at once secured the power to prohibit importations of all Russian goods. Moving the second reading of the enabling Bill on April 5, Sir John Simon explained that its passage was required to give the Government a free hand. They sinceroly regretted the interruption of the negotiations, but as they could not secure a fair trial for the arrested Britous they could do nothing but ask to be equipped with the same powers to control Russian imports as the Soviet Government already possessed to control British imports. That might help to bring home to the Soviet Government the feeling of the British people in this matter and do something to help British subjects in peral. Sir Stafford Cripps moved the rejection of the Bill which he suggested was a victory for that anti-Russian blas which had seized the opportunity given it by factitious excitement. Sir Herbert Samuel declined to refuse the powers, but asked that the Bill should be connected only with the case of the British engineers, and as this assurance was not given, Sir Herbert's supporters abstained from the division. The amendment for rejection was negatived by 347 to 48 and the second reading was agreed to. On April 6, after Sir Austen Chamberlain had declared that the only issue was to secure justice for the arrested men, Mr. Runcinsu gave the promise and the Liberals then supported the Bill. An amendment that a proclamation under the Bill should only be valid for three mouths unless Parliament passed a resolution praying for its continuance was added, and the remaining stages were secured immediately. The Royal Assent was given on April 1s. The convicted Britons having been released before the expiry of three months, no further proclamation was necessary, and negotiations for a new trade agreement were in progress when Parliament adjourned.

REGULATING ROAD TRANSPORT.-An attempt to place road transport under the same conditions as the railways was made in the Road and Rall Traffic Bill presented on April 7. Moving the second reading on May 3, Mr. Oliver Stanley, the new Minister of Transport, said that the Bill did not pretend to settle the whole transport problem. It was an attempt to give the user of transport a choice between systems, none of which possessed any undue sdvantage over any other such as a concealed subsidy. The Governother such as a concealed subsidy. The Government's only desire was to give the country the best transport system of all kinds, and he warned the road and rail industries that if they did not organise it for them. The Bill, he claimed, approximated road transport to rail transport in the three points which at present made the competition of road transport unfair—regulation of services, regulations for safety and regularity of services. Three forms of licences were to be issued, and with regard to the removal of restrictions on the railways, Mr. Oliver declared that the Bill abolished all he could find which were not now required by the considerations for which they were originally framed. These considerations were that the railways must be safe and that they must not be able to exploit monopolistic powers. A Labour amendment was rejected by 302 to 38, and the Bill was read a second time and sent to a standing committee. a second time and sent to a standing committee. The report stage was opened on July  $s_1$ , and concluded on the following day, and on July  $s_2$  an amenament for its rejection was defeated by  $s_2$  to  $s_2$  and the Bill read a third time. The House of Lords gave it a first reading on July  $s_3$ , and the remaining stages were left over until after the recess.

LONDON TRANSPORT .- The whole system of public transport—trams, buses and trains—in the metropolitan area was centralised and Passenger Transport Bill, which had been carried over from the previous Parliament by a carried over from the previous rathermore special resolution after being considered by a joint committee of the two Houses. The measure was originally introduced by Mr. Herbert Morrison, the Labour Minister of Transport, and adopted by the National Government, and the former Conservative opposition was not entirely removed by amendments made by Mr. Pybus when the committee stage began on Nov. 29. One of these substituted trustees for the Minister as the agent to appoint members of the new Board to be set up to co-ordinate passenger traffic, while another made the Railway Rates Tribunal the arbiter for facilities and fares instead of the Minister. When the report stage was concluded on Feb. 13, a clause was added transferring to the Board the powers which the London County Council possessed to run passenger steamers, provided the Council revoured the proposal. The third reading was agreed to on the following day after the defeat by 22 to 45 of a Conservative amendment for rejection. Mr. Pybus said that the Bill provided the only martin ble allow the the the provided the colly martin ble allow the the the council of the country martin ble allow the the the country martin ble allow the the the country martin ble allow the the the country martin ble allow the the country martin ble allow the the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin ble allowed the country martin vided the only practicable plan for the necessary co-ordination of London's passenger transport. The Government were satisfied that full efficiency and the requisite economies could not be achieved without unity of management, which required complete amalgamation and united ownership, and they wanted without delay a

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Board to deal with London passenger traffic as a whole. Before the second reading was carried in the House of Lords on March z, a motion to refer the Bill to a Select Committee was negatived by zgs to z3. The London Passenger Transport Board was set up and came into operation on July z, when the whole of the tramway, tube and omnibus systems of the Metropolis were transferred to the new authority, which also exercised functions over suburban railway systems.

REFORMING LONDON'S POLICE.—As a result of a report presented by Lord Trenchard, the Commissioner of Metropolitan Police, the Government introduced a bill to effect a number of reforms in the Force by broadening the basis of recruitment. The main proposals were the institution of a Police College, where university and public and secondary school recruits could be trained for the higher ranks, and the creation of a short-service branch, in which constables should retire after ten years' service. New conditions were set up in regard to the Police Federation and its powers. Sir John Gilmour, moving the second reading of the Bill on May 23, reminded the House that the Force had been in existence for over a century, but there had been little change in its organisation. The scheme

for recruitment to the higher ranks was neither new nor novel, and there was no intention to set up a privileged officer class. Mr. Lansbury's motion for rejection was defeated by 322 to 65, and the Bill was read a second time. The standing committee to which it was referred made little alteration, and ou June 36 the report stage and third reading were secured, a rejection motion being negatived by 220 to 52, an amendment to omit the part reconstituting the Police Federation by 235 to 53, and another to delete the short-service provisions by 136 to 62. Sir John Gilmour denied that there was any desire to abolish the Police Federation, and sand that the rank and file would still be able to present their grievances to the authorities. The reforms, he claimed, were a means of improving the efficiency of the Force, which had failed at certain parts of its work, such as the detection of housebreakers. The Bill was passed by the Lords and received the Royal Assent on July 18.

#### ADJOURNMENT.

Parliament adjourned on July 28 until Nov. 7, with the now customary provision that it should be summoned to meet earlier if it were in the public interest.

#### & OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Speaker (re-elected Nov. 3, 1931), Capt. The Rt. Hon. Edward A. FitzRoy, M.P. for Daventry £5,000 Secretary, LtCol. Sir Ralph Verney, C.L.E., C.V.O					
Clerk of the House of Commons, Sir Horace Christian Dawkins, K.C.B., M.B.E£3,000	Accountant, J. Luxford				
Clerk Asst., Gilbert F. Montriou Campion, O.B	Vote Office Principal Clerk, Maj. B. T. St. John £650 Serjeant-at-Arms, Adm. Sir Colin Keppel. G.C.V.O., K.C.I.E., C.B., D.S.O. £1.200 Deputy Serjeant, Walter H. Erskine, M.B.E. £800 Assistant do., Paymaster Capt. R. Butcher, C.M.G., C.V.O. £700 Chaplain to the Speaker, Rev. Canon Wm. H. Carnegle, M.A. £400 Counset to the Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K.C.B., K.C. £1,800 Examiner for Pirate Bills and Taxing Officer, LtCol. Sir Ralph Verney, C.I.E., C.V.O. £800 Librarian, A. E. A. W. Smyth, C.B.E. £1,000 to £1 200 Assistant do., Vivian Kitto £400 to £600 Shorthand Writer, H. A. Stevens fees Official Reports (Editor), T. H. Parr£550 to £600				

The eighth Parliament of King George V., elected on October 27, 1931. 472 Conservative; 23 National Labour; 35 Liberal Nationalists; 33 Liberals; 3 National Independents. Total for National Government, 556. Labour 52; Independent Liberals 4; Independent 3. Total against National Government, 59.

I		DISTRIBUTION OF MEMBERS				POLITICAL ALLEGIANCE, NOV. 1931.			
į			+						
-		Counties.	Boroughs.	Univer- arties.	Total Members.	Government	Opposition	Government Majority.	
ì							_	٠	
	England	230	255	2	492	464	28	+436	
	Wales & Moninouth	24	**	1	36	16	20	-4	
	Scotland	38	33	3	74	65	9	+56	
	Northern Ireland	8	4	ĭ	13	11	2	+9	
	Total	300	303	13	615	556	59	+497	
ľ					- i			1	

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT.

ABBREVIATIONS.—C. = Conservative; Com. = Communist; Ind. = Independent; L. = Liberal; L. Nat. = Liberal Nationalist; Lab. = Labour, N. Lab. = National Labour; N.P. = New Party; Nat. = Nationalist.

The numbers before the Constituency provide a key to the Geographical List on pages 265-278.

The numbers before the Constituency provide	e a key to the Geographical List on pages 265-278.
Ma	. ( Ma1.
Acland, Rt. Hon. Sir F. D., Bt. (L.)	Beaumont, M. W. (C), 262 Aylesbury 20,441
277 N. Cornivall 1,54	
Adams, D. M. (Lab.), 41S. Poplar 4,28	
4.1 (1.37 M) (O) 117 F 1.	
Agnew, LtCom. P. G., R N. (C) 276Cam-	
Ainsworth, LtCol. C. (C), 103Bury 14,44	3   216Park, Sheffield 10,609
Albery, 1. J., M.C. (C), 349Gravesend 9,92	Continual Constitution In City, Date, 1, 494
Alexander, Brig. Gen. Sir W., K.B.E., C.B.,	Central Cardiff 13,36s
C.M.G., D S.O., T.D. (C), 544Cont.	Bernays, R. H. (L), 98 N. Bristol 13,314
Glasgow 10,00	
Allen, Sir J. Saudeman (C), 160 W.	(C), 408 Rushcliffe 22,494
Derbij33,12	5 Bevan, Ancurin (Lab.), 523 Ebbw Vale unop.
Allen, Maj. J. S., M.C., T.D. (C), 70W Bir-	Bevan, Stuart, K.O. (C.) 25 Holborn 13,178
kenhead 9,60	5 Birchall, Maj. Sir J. D. (C), 140 N. E. Leeds 21,377
Allen, W., K.C. (C), 226 Burslem 2,39	9 Bird, Sir R., Bt. (C), 253 W. Wolnerhampton 9,091
Allen, LtCol. Sir W. J., K.B.E., D.S.O. (C),	Blaker, Sir R., Bt. (C), 388 Spelthorne 24,901
60gArmagh unoj	
Amery, Lt. Col. Rt. Hon. L. C. M. S.	Bolst, Capt. C. C. A. L. Erskine- (C),
(Č), 80Sparkbrook 14,97	9 85Blackpool 33,486
Applin, LtCol. R. V. K., D.S.O. (C),	Boothby, R. J. G. (C), 563 E. Aberdeen 10,007
384 Enfield 10,86	
Apsley, Lord, D.S.O., M.C., T.D. (C), 96Cen-	Bossoni, A. C. (C) any Maidstone an 604
tral Bristol 7,10	
Aske, Sir R. W., Bt. (L. Nat.), 178E. New-	Bourne, Capt. R. C. (C), 1900xford City unop.
castle 10,34	
Astbury, LtCom. F. W. (C), sog W. Sal-	Bower, LtCom. R. T., R.N. (C), 463Clene-
ford 11,76	
Astor, Viscountess (C), 193Sutton 10,20	
Astor, Maj. Hon. J. J. (C), 347 Dover 19,90	263Buckingham 12,047
Atholl, Duchess of, D.B.K. (C), 593Kinrows	
Bailey, E. A. G. S. (C), reoctorion	
Baillie, Sir A., Bt. (C), 588 Lindithgow 3,51	b. Braithwaite, J. G. (C), \$15Hillsborough 6,500
Baldwin, Rt. Hon. S. (C), 456Bewdley uno	
Balfour, G. (C), adlampstead	
Balfour, Capt H. H., M.C. (C). 350	460 Buckrose unop.
Thanet	6 Brass, Capt. Sir W. (C), 357Clitheroe 9,441
Balniel, Lord (C), 364 Lousdale 5,60	
Banfield, J. W. (Lab.), 241 Wednesbury . 3,7	Briscoe, Capt. R. G., M.C. (C), 265Cam-
Banks, Sir R. Mitchell, K.C. (C), 454 Swen-	bridge 12,729
dan 4.79	Brise, Maj. E A. Ruggles- (C), 318 Maldon 12,977
Barrie, Sit C., K.B.E. (L. Nat.), sigSouth-	Broadbent, Col. J. (C), 64 Ashton 4,578
amplon 27,8	4 Brocklebank, C. E. R. (C), 155 Fairfield 16,676
Barton, Capt. B. K., M.C. (C), 133 Central	Brown, Charles (Lab.), 406 Mansfield 5,562
Hull 3,60	io Brown, Col. D. C. (C), 408 Hexham 13,021
Bateman, A. L. (C), so.N. Camberwell 76	5   Brown, E., M.C. (L. Nat.), 558Leith 11,447
Batey, J. (Lab.), 313 Spennymoor 4,00	
Beauchamp, Sir B. C., Bt. (C), a38E. Wal-	Newbury unop.
thamstme 8,8	a Browne, Capt. A. C. (C), 606 West Belfast 9,207
TARREST	

Maj	. Maj.
Buchan, J., C.H (C), 600 Scot. Univ unop	Cranborne, Viscount (C), 301S. Dorset 12,475
Buchanan, G. (Lab.), 545Gorbals 8,01	Cripps, Hon. Sir S., K.C. (Lab.), 97 E. Bristol 420
Buchanan, G. (Lab.), sasGorbals	Cranborne, Viscount (C), 301S. Dorset 12,475 Cripps, Hon. Sir S., K.C. (Lab.), 97E. Bristol Croft, BrGen. Sir H. Page, Bt., C.M.G.,
(C), 181 Northampton 14,91	T.D. (C), 89Bournemouth
Bullock, Capt. H. M., M.B.E. (C), 371	Crooke, J. S. (C), 72 Deritend 10,521
Waterloo unon	Crookshank, Col. C. de W. (C), \$8 Bootle 8,806
	Crookshank, Capt. H. F. C. (C), 379Gains-
Burgin, Dr. E. Leslie (L), 257 Luton 24,11	borough 6,830
Burnett, J. G. (C), sao N. Aberdeen 14,17	Cross, R. H. (C), 204 Rossendale 3,117
Burginey, Lora (C), 3997 everourous 24,111 Burnett, J. G. (C), 529N. Aberdeen 24,111 Burnett, J. G. (C), 529N. Aberdeen 24,112 Burton, Col. H. W., O.B.E. (C), 428Sudbury 2,57 Butler, R. A. (C), 320Suffron Walden 15,03 Butt, Sir A., Bt. (C), 54Balham 15,03 Cadoren Nat Hone C. B. (C), 38FSubbles 22, 84	Cross, R. H. (C), 204 Rossendale 3,117 Crossley, A. C. (C), 1880/dham 23,054 Gruddas, Lt. Col. B. D.S. O. (C), 403 Wansbeck 9,533 Gulverwell, C. T. (C), 100 West Bristol 34,389
Butler, R. A. (C), 300 Saffron Walden 16,03	Cruddas, LtCol.B., D.S.O.(C), 403 Wansbeck 9,533
Butt. Sir A., Bt. (C), 54 Balham 18,81	Culverwell, C. T. (C), 100 West Bristol 34,389
Cadogan, Maj. Hon. E., C. B. (C), 385 Finchley 27,841 Cain, Hon. A. R. Nall- (C), 159 Wavertree 23,97	
Cain, Hon. A. R. Nall- (C), 159 Wavertree 23,97	Dagger, G. (Lab.), sai Abertillery unop. Dalkeith, Earl of (C), s97Roxburgh&Selkirk 3,974 Davidson, Rt. Hon. J. C. C., C.H., C.B. (C),
Caine, G. R. Hall, C.B.E. (C), 299 E. Dorset 1,91 Campbell, Sir E. T. (C), 101 Bromley 37,81 Campbell, Rear-Adm. G., 77 C, D.S.O. (Nat.),	Dalkeith, Earl of (C), 597 Roxburgh& Selkirk 3,974
Campbell, Sir E. T. (C), sor Brownley 37,81	Davidson, Rt. Hon. J. C. C., C.H., C.B. (C),
Campbell, Rear-Adm. G., F. C., D.S.O. (Nat.),	334 Hemel Hempstead 13,925
l Reservices Ren	Davies, K. C., K.C. (L. Nat.), 526Montgomery unop.
Capern, L. (Lab.), 283 Workington	Davies, D. I. (Lab.), 519 Pontypridd 7,814
Caporn, A. C. (C), 187 W. Nottingham 5,63	2   LJR.VICS. NIST. (t. F. ((;), 480 ) CODY, 6 TTO
Carpenter, Sir A. Boyd. (C), 433Chertsey 26,30	Davies, R. J. (Lab.), 372 West Houghton 2,460
Carver, Maj. W. H. (C), 46allowdenshire unop	Davies, R. J. (Lab.), 372 West Houghton 2,460 Davison, Sir W. H., K.B.E. (C), 31S. Ken-
Cassels, J. D., K.O (C), 11 N. W. Camberwell 8,88	sington unop.
Carpenter, Sir A. Boyd. (C), 433Chertsey 26,30 Carver, Maj. W. H. (C), 45aHowdenshire unor Cassels, J. D., K.O. (C), 1xN.W. Camberwell 8,88 Castlereagh, Viscount (C), 5xx Doren unor	Dawson, Sir P. (C), 37 W. Lewisham 24,333 Denman, Hon. R. (N. Lab.), 138Central
Cautley, Sir H. S., Du., A.U. (C), 4414.	Denman, Hou. R. (N. Lao.), 138Centrat
Grinstead 29,70	Leeds 15,863
Cayzer, Sir C., Bt. (C), 267 Chester 5,40	L Denville, A. (C), 177Central Newcastle 20, 200
Cayzer, Maj. Sir H. R., Bt. (C), 196 Ports-	
mouth, S 24.91	01 ElV 12.840
Cazalet, Thelma (C), 26 E. Islington 14,11	Devlin, J. (N), 612 Fermanagh 5,549
Cazalet, Thelma (C), s6E. Islington 14,11 Cazalet, Capt. V., M.C. (C), 451 Chappenham 6,30	Dickie, J. P. (I. Nat.), 307Consett 2,547
( ecil, Rt. Hop. Lord Hugh (C), 48602/ora C. unop	. Dixey, A. C. N. (C), a81 Penrith 1,492
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Chamberlain, Rt. Hon. N. (C), 74 Edgbaston 27,92	B Dobbie, W. (Lab.), 205 Rotherham 15,874
Chapman, Col. R., C.M.G., D.S.O., T.D. (C),	Donner, P. W. (C), 29 W. Islington 4.510
309Houghton le Spring	B. Delyda. 19,021  B. Dobble, W. (Lah.), 205Rotherham. 15,874  Donner, P. W. (C), 29 W. Islington 4,510  Doran, E. (C), 23 W. Tottenham. 4,521  Dower, Capt. A. V. G. (C), 224Stockport 24,407  Doyle, Sir N. Grattan (C), 279N. Newcastle 24,454  B. Drews G. (C), 224Moniton.
Chapman, Sir S. (C), 539S. Edinburgh unop	Dower, Capt. A. V. G. (C), 224 Stockport 24,407
Chorlton, A. E. L., C.B.E. (U), 169 Platting 5,79	Doyle, Sir N. Grattan (C), 179N. Newcastle 24,454
Chotzner, A. J. (C), 246 Upton 5, 20	Drewe, C. (C), 293Honition
Christie, J. A. (C), 3958. Norjolk 10,04	Duckworth, G. A. V. (C), 413Shrewsbury 9,147
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Epping	
Clarke, F. E. (U), 346 Darijora 6,74	
Clarry, R. G. (C). 499 Newport, Mon 8,59 Clay, Col. Rt. Hon. H. H. Spender-, C.M.G.,	Duncan, J. A. L (C), 30N. Kenuington 12,017
Clay, Col. Rt. non. n. n. spender-, c.m.d.,	Dunglass, Lord (C), 584 Lanark
M.C. (C), 353Tonbridge	( Rady, G. H. (C), governrat Bradjord 9,289
Clayton, Sir G. C., C.B.E., Ph.D. (C), 274	Eales, J. F., K.C. (C), 75 Erdington 18,996
Wirral 34,81	B Eastwood, J. F., O.B.K. (C), 398 Kettering 8,716
Clive, LtCol. G. Windsor-, C.M.G. (C),	Eden, Capt. R. A., M.C. (C), 449 Warwick 29,323
	Edge, Sir W. (L. Nat.), 374Boncorth 14,856
Clydesdale, Marquis of (C), 595 E. Renfrew 15,25 Cobb, Sir C. S., K.B E., M.V.O. (C), 17 West	Fowards C. C.R. F. (Inh.) == Deduction
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Cochrane, Com. Hon. A. D., D.S.O., R.N.	vingrove
(C), 573 Dumbarton 3,04	vingrove
Cocks W. Seymonr (Lah.), soc Bruztone v se	Ellis W. Craven- (C) as South a mater as and
(C), 573 Dumbarton	Elliston Cant. (I. S. M.C. (C) RaBlackhown as are
Collins, Col. Rt. Hon, Sir G. P., K.B.E.	Elliston, Capt. G. S., M.C. (C), & Blackburn 44,310 Elmley, Viscount (L. Nat.), 39a E. Norfolk 19,383 3 Emmott, C. E. G. (C), 554 Springburn. 32,649 Entwistle, Maj. C. F., N.C., R. C. (C), 86 Bulton 32,649
C.M.G. (L. Nat). ss6Greenock 7 v6	Emmott, C. E. G. C. (C) sea Soringhura
C.M.G. (L. Nat), 556Greenock	Entwistle, Mai. C.F., M.C., K C.(C).86 Rulton 20 640
Colville, Lt. Col. D.J. (C), san N. Midlothian 12.71	Erskine, Lord (C), Ato Weston super Mare 30,350
Consut. R. J. E. (C), assChesterfield s.os	Essenhigh, R. C. (C), 267 Newton
Colville, I.tCol. D.J. (C), 589 N. Midlothian 13,71 Consunt, R. J. E. (U). 889 (Nesterfield	Brakine, Lord (C), 419 Weston super Mare 93,350  Easenhigh, R. C. (C), 367 Newton 382  Estcourt, Capt. T. E. Sotheron (C), 476
Cooke, Dr. J. D. (C), 238. Hammersmith 12.62	Pontefract
Cooper, A. Duff., D.S.O. (C), 60St. George's unor	Evans, Capt. A. (C), 496 South Cardiff 5,884
Copeland, Mrs. Ida (C), 228 Stoke 6,65	Evans, D. Owen (L) sorCardiganshire A.gr.
Courtauld, Maj. J. S., N.C. (C),444 Chichester 37.67	r   Evans Cant. E. (L.) gas Welsh   Joseph
Courtauld, Maj.J. S., M.O. (C),444 Chichester 37,67 Courthope, LtCol. Sir G. L., Bt., M.O. (C),	Evans, Capt. R. T. (L), sosCarmarthen 1.214
1 434 KV6 11701	Evans, P. V. Emrys- (C), soos. Derbushire vo con
Cove, W. G. (Lab.), 5134beravon	Evans, Capt. R. T. (L), 508Carmarthen 1,213. Evans, P. V. Emrys (O), 2008. Derbyshire 10,007 Everard, W. Lindsay (C), 27Melton 22,25 Kalle, Sir B., Bb. (C), 193N. Portenouth 24,149
Cowan, D. M. (L), 60a Scottish Universities unor	. Falle, Sir B., Bt. (C), 195N. Portsmouth 14.140
Craddock, Sir R., G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I. (C), 498	Fermoy, Lord (C), 393King's Lynn 13,623 5 Fielden, E. B. (C), 165Exchange 15,534
English Universities 1,22	5   Fielden, E. B. (C), 165 Exchange 15.524

¥aj.	Maj.
Fitzrov. Capt. Rt. Hon. E. A. (C), 307	Hanley, D. A. (C), 14 Deptford 4,314
Fitzroy, Capt. Rt. Hon. E. A. (C), 397  Daventry (The Speaker) unop.	Hanley, D. A. (C), 14 Dept ford
Flanagan, W. H. (C), 164Clayton 4,903	Hardord, A. ( <i>L. Nat.</i> ), 123Gt. 1 Grmouth 25,273
Flanagan, W. H. (C), 164Clayton	Harris, Sir P.A. Bt.(L), 8S.W. Bethnal Green
NOOT     N. (	Hartington, Marquess of, M.B.E. (C), sor
Foot, 1. (L), 375 Bodmin unop. Ford, Sir P. J., Bt. (C), 538.N. Edinburgh 27,590 Fox, Sir G. W., Bt. (C), 440 Henley 9,424 Fraser, Capt. 1., C.B.E. (C), 43N. St.	West Derbyshire unop.
Ford, Sir P. J., Bt. (C), 538N. Edinburgh 17,590	Hartland, G. A. (C), 183 Norwich 10,588
Fox, Sir G. W., Bt. (C), 410Henley 9,424	Harvey, G. (C), 33 Kennington
Fraser, Capt. I., C.B.E. (C), 43N. St. Pancras	Harvey, C. M. Barclay-(C), 564 Kincardine 5,376   Harvey, Maj. S. E. (C), 298 Totnes 6,562
Fraser, J. A. Lovat- (N. Lab.), 425 Lichfield 20,879	Harvey, G. (C), 33Kennington 8,183  Harvey, C. M. Barclay-(C), 564Kincardine 5,376  Harvey, Maj. S. E. (C), 396Poines 5,552  Haslam, Dr. H. C. (C), 380Horncastle 9,312  Haslam, Sir J. (C), 87Botton 9,666  Headlam, I.kCol. C. M., D.S.O., O.B.E. (C), 202Ranged Castle 24,24
Fraser, J. A. Lovat- (N. Lab.), 425 Lichfield 10,879 Fremantle, LtCol. Sir F. E., O.B.E., M.D.	Haslam, Sir J. (C), 87 Bolton 39,666
(C), 337St. Albans	303 Barnard Castle 2,434
Galbraith, J. K. W., K.C. (C), 424 E. Surrey 20,535	
Ganzoni, Sir J., Bt. (C), 132 Ipewich 12,293	Healy, Cahir (Nat.), 613Fermanagh 5,396 Heilgers, Capt. F. F. A. (C), 431Bury St.
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4171 41714014 14,197	Henderson, Rt. Hon. A. (Lab.), 286Clay
George, Rt. Hon. David Lloyd, o.M. (L), 493 Caernaryon 5,387	Cross
George, Maj. G. Lioyd (L), 527 Pernoruke 5,040	Chelmsjora 24,205
George, Megan Lloyd (L), so4 Anglesey 4.227	Heneage, LtCol. A. P., D.S.O. (C), 381 Louth 3,095
Gibson, C. G. (C), 477 Pudsey 21,688	Hepburn, P. G. T. Buchan (C), zsiE.
Gillett, Sir G. M. (N. Lab.), 15 Finsbury 7,159 Gilmour, Col. Rt. Hon. Sir J., Bt., D.S.O.	Hepworth, J. (C), 91 K. Bradford
(C), 551 Pollok 21,440	Herbert, Rt. Hon. Sir D. H., K.B.E. (C), 338
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Glossop, C. W. H. (C), 475Penistone 4,972	Hicks G (Lah) & F Wassish 6-8
Gluckstein, L. H. (C), 185 E. Nottingham. 5,583 Glyn, Maj. R. G. C., M.C. (C), 259 Abingdon unop.	Hills, Mal. Rt. Hon. J. W. (C). 478Rivon 32.772
Goff, Sir P., K.C. (C), sosChatham 9,254	Hirst, G. H. (Lab.), 485 Wentworth 17,399
Goldie, N. B., K.C. (C), 240 Warrington 5,345	Herbert, Capt. S. (C.), 59Abbey
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Gower, Sir R., O.B.E. (C), 203 Gillingham 21,274	110pe, 8. (C), 2735uttyorttye 13,300
Gower, Sir R., O.B.E. (C), 203Gillingham 11,174 Graham, D. M. (Lab.), 583Hamilton 2,053 Graham, Maj. Sir F., Bt., (C), 280N. Cum-	Hopkinson, A. (Ind.), 366Mossley 2,430
berland 1,277	Hornby, F. (C), 153 Everton 4,400 Horne, Rt Hon. Sir R. 8. (C), 547 Hillhead 23,740
Granville, E. I. (L. Nat.), 428 Eye unop.	norodin, 1. M. (Nat.), 47Central South
Granville, E. I. ( <i>L. Nat.</i> ), 428 Eye unop. Graves, Marjorie ( <i>C</i> ), 21 S. Hackney 3,093 Gray, W. J. Anstruther ( <i>C</i> ), 586 N. Lanark 4.693	Wark 7,447
Gray, W. J. Anstruther (C), 586 N. Lanark 4.693 Greene, W. P. C. (C), 254 Worcester 9,746	Horsbrugh, Florence, M.B.E.(C), 534 Dundee 15,983 Howard, T. F., D.C.M. (C), 28S. Islington 7,262
Greene, W. P. C. (C), 254 Worcester 9,740 Greenwood, Rt. Hon. A. (Lab.), 234 Wake-	Howitt, Dr. A. B , C.V.O. (C), 199 Reading 15,162
field 344	Howitt, Dr. A. B , c.v.o. (C), 200 Reading 15,362 Hudson, Capt. A. U. M. (C), 200 Hackney 12,523
Grenfell, D. R. (Lab.), 515Gower	Hudson, R. S (C), zzz Southport 26,324
Gretton, Col. Rt. Hon. J., C.B.E. (C), 421	Hunter, Dr. J. (L), 574 Dumfries 19,550
Burton 17,285	Hudson, R. S. (C), 221Southport 16,324 Hume, Sir G. (C). 18Greenwooh. 15,536 Hunter, Capt. M. J. (D), 574Dumfries 19,780 Hunter, Capt. M. J. (C), 378Brigg. 6,195 Hurd, Sir P. A. (C), 452Devizes 8,201 Hurst, Col. Sir G. B., T. D., K.C. (C), 168
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K C.V.O., D.S.O., M.C. (C), a66 Attrin-	Hutchison, W. G. D. (C), 329 Romford 18,687 Inskip, Rt. Hon. Sir T. W. H., C.B.E.,
Crimeton P. V. (C) and Westhern	K.C. (C). 228 Fareham unon.
Grimston, R. V. (C), 455 Westbury 5,935 Gritten, W. G. Howard (C), 126 Hartlepools 16,380	Iveagh, Countess of, C.B.E.(C), 230 Southend 33,823 Jackson, Sir H. (C), 55 Central Wandsworth 11,647
Groyes, T. E. (Lab.), 245 stratford	Jackson, Sir H. (C), 55Central Wandsworth 11,647 Jackson, J. C., K.C. (C), 361Heywood 19,514 James, Wing-Com. A. W. H., M.C. (C), 400
Grundy, T. W. (Lab.), 479 Rother Valley 10,373	James, Wing-Com. A. W. H., M.C. (C), 400
	Wellingborough. 7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,990   7,99
Guinness, T. L. E. B. (C), 67Bath	Janner, B. (L), 52 Whitechapel 1.140
Gunston, D. W., M.O. (C), 325 Thornumry 12,004	Jenkins, Sir W. (Lab.), 517 Neath 13,464
Guy, J. C. M., M.C.(C), 536Cent. Edinburgh 6,727	Jennings, K. (U), 312 Seage Rela 6,552
Hacking, Capt. Rt. Hon. D. H., O.B.E. (C), 355Chorley 16,015	Joel, D. J. B. (C), 114 Dudley
Hales, H. K. (C), 227 Hanley 3,017	John, Will (Lab.), sor W. Rhondda 18.728
Hall, G. H. (Lab.), 497 Aberdare unop.	Johnson, R. P. Croom-, K.C. (C), 415
Hall, Capt. W. D'A., M.C. (C), 505 Brecon 8,397	Tabandon T W (M and)
Hamilton, Sir R. W. (L.). seaOrkney mion.	Johnston, M. Campbell- (C), 217S. East
Hammersley, S. S. (C), 224 Stockport 27,586	nam 2,563
Hales, H. K. (C), 227 Hanley   3,017   Hall, G. H. (Lab.), 497 Aberdare   1110p.   Hall, Capt. W. D'A., M.O. (C), 595 Brecon. 8,397   Hamilton, Sir G. (C), 131 Lford   31,564   Hamilton, Sir R. W. (L.), 592 Orkney   110p.   Hammersley, S. S. (C), 224 Lford   27,586   Hambury, C. (C), 300 N. Dorset   4817	Johnstone, H. (L), assSouth Shields 10,016
	2.22.004

Maj.	Maj.
Jones, F. Llewellyn (L. Nat.), grz Plint 24,347 Jones, Sir G. W. H. (C), gzStoke Newington 20,298 Jones, H. Haydn (L), gzoMerioneth 2,949	McGovern, J. (Lab.), \$53Shettleston
Jones, Sir G. W. H. (C) as Stoke Newington 20.208	McKeag, W. (L), 208 Durham 270
Jones, H. Haydn (L), saoMerioneth 1,949	McKie, J. H. (C), 177 Galloway 0,817
Jones, Dr. J. H. Morris-, M.C. (L. Nat.),	Maclay, Hop. J. P. (L), \$60 Paisley 10,004
	McLean, Maj. Sir A. (C), 206S. W. Norfolk 9,668
Jones J J (Lab.) sasSilvertourn 34.307	Maclean, Neil (Lab.), safGovan 605
Jones Lewis (L. Nat.), sor W. Sunansea 6.016	McLean, Dr. W. H. (C), sesTradeston 1.488
Jones Morgan (Lab.), szaCaeruhillu zs.oz7	Macmillan, Capt. H. (C), and Stockton 11,031
Jones, J. (Lab.), sa4Silvertown 14,197 Jones, Lewis (L. Nat.), 503W. Swansea 6,016 Jones, Morgan (Lab.), s14Caerphilly 18,017 Jones, J. Lees (C), 163Blackley 4,325 Ker, J. C., C.S.I., C.I.E. (C), 590W. Stirling 1,819 Kerr, LtCol. C., D.S.O., M.C. (L. Nat.), 559	Macpherson, Rt. Hon, Sir Ian, Bt., K.C.
Ker. J. C., C.S.I., C.I.E. (C), sool. Stirling 1.810	(L. Nat.), 570 Ross and Cromarty unop.
Kerr. Lt. Col. C., D.S.O., M.C. (L. Nat.), 450	Macquisten, F. A., K.C. (C), s66 Argyll unop.
Montrose 933	Magnay, T. (L. Nat.), zarGateshead 12,038
Montrose	Mainwaring, H. (Lab.), 500 E. Rhondda a,899
Kimball, L. (C), 276 Loughborough 7.848	Maitland, A. (C), 348 Faversham 12,342
Kimball, L. (C), 376 Loughborough 7,852 Kirkpatrick, W. M. (C), 197 Preston 20,566	Maitland, Rt. Hon. Sir A. Steel-, Bt (C).
Kirkwood, D. (Lab.), 532 Dumbarton 997	Makins, BrigGen. E., C.B., D.S.O. (C),
Knight, G. W. Holford-, K.c. (N Lab.),	Makins, BrigGen. E., C.B., D.S.O. (C).
186S. Nottingham 12,269	
136S. Nottingham	Mallalieu, E. L. (L), 468Coine Valley 3,385 Mander, G. Le M. (L.). 252E. Wolver-
0.M.G. (C), =64 Wycombe 30,387	Mander, G. Le M. (L.), asaE. Wolver-
Lamb. Sir J. U. (C). 427Stone	hampton 2,317
Lamb, Sir J. Q. (C), 427Stone	Margesson Cant. Rt. Hou. H. D. R., M.C.
Molton	(C), 447 Rugby 13,970
Lampson, Rt. Hon. G. Locker- (C), 391	(C), 447 Rugby
Wood Green 32,384	Martin, T. B. (C), 305Blaydon 496
Lampson, Comdr. O. Locker-, C.M.G., D.S.O.	Mason, D. M. (L), 537E. Edinburgh 7,228
(C), 76Handsworth 22,441	Mason, D. M. (L), 537E. Edinburgh 7,128 Mason, I.tCol. G. K. M., D.S.O. (C),
Lansbury, Rt. Hon. George (Lab.), 40 Bow	zo8N. Croydon 34,800
d: Browley 4.664	Maxton, J. (Lab.), 541Bridgeton 4,689
Latham, Sir P., Bt. (C), 463Scarborough 25,450 Law, Sir A. (C), 287High Peak	Maxton, J. ( <i>Lab.</i> ), 541 <i>Bridgeton</i>
Law Sir A. (C). =87 High Peak	Ham 20,962
Law. R. K. (C). 126S. W. Hall	Meller Sir R .  ((?), 458Mitcham
Lawson, J. J. (Lab.), 206 Chester-le-Street 8.820	Mills, Sir F., Bt. (C), 148E. Leuton 6.858
Lawson, J. J. (Lab.), 306 Chester-le-Street 8,539 Leckie, J. A. (L), 237 Walsall	Mills, Mai, J. D., T.D. (C), 220 New Forest 18 102
Leech Dr. J. W. (C) 180 W. Nemeratie 15.046	Milne, C., K.C. (C), 496 W. Fife 3.014
Leigh Sir John Bt. (C) s6Clauham 14.221	Mills, Sir F., Bt. (C), 148E. Lepton
Leighton Mai. B. E. P. (C) Are() swestry re. 207	458 Kidderminster 23,545
Leech, Dr. J. W. (C), 186 n. Newcostle	458 Auderminister
Levy T (C) and Elland	Mitchell H. P. (C) 282 Brentford 75 005
Lewis O (C) are Culchester	Mitchell Sir W. Lane. (C) #8Streathan es ove
Liddell W S (C) realizable 6 224	Mitcheson, G. G. (C) ASS. W. St. Paucras 33 993
Lindsov N K (C) coS Brutol.	Molson A. H. E. (C) 460 Dancaster 4842
Lister Mai. Rt. Hon Sir P. Cunliffe.	Monsell, Com. Rt. Hon. Sir B. M. Eyres-,
(.B.K., M.C. (C), 387 Hendon 52,000	GRE (C) And Evenham 11100
Little, Sir. E. G. Graham- (Ind), 490 Lond.	G.B.E. (C), 457 Evesham unop. Moore, LtCol. T. C. Russell, C.B.E. (C),
	531 Ayr
	Moreing, A. C. (C), 198 Preston 20,133
Llewellin, Maj J. J., O.B.E., M.C. (C), 390 Uxbridge	Morgan, R. H. (C), 450 Stourbridge 3.742
Lloyd, G. W. (C). aBLadyrood	Morris, J. P. (C), 207 N. Salford 11.880
Lockwood, J. C. (C), roCentral Hackney = 662	Morris, O. Temple (C), sork Cardell
Lockwood, J. H. (C) 48; Shinley	Morris, O. Temple (C), 495 E. Cardif 2,173  Morrison, W. S., M.C. (C), 322Cirencester 22,308  Moss, Capt. H. J. (C), 587 Rutherglen 5,319
Loder, Capt. J. de V. (C). 422 Leves 70.386	MOSS, Capt. H. J (C), \$87 Rutheralen 5.310
Logan, D. G. (Lab.), regScotland, L'mol e ser	Muirhead, Maj. A. J., M.C. (C), 428 Wells 5,272
Lord, Sir W. Greaves-, K.C. (C). as Norwood =2.624	Muirhead, Maj. A. J., M.C. (C), 428 Wells 5,271  M.mro, P. (C), 516 Llandaf
Lumley, L. R. (C), ass l'ork	Nall. Col. Sir J., D.S.O., T.D. (C), 167
Lloyd, G. W. (C), 78Ladywood 14,000 Lockwood, J. C. (C), 19Central Hackney 7,568 Lockwood, J. H. (C), 482Shpley 18,579 Loder, Capt. J. de V. (C), 482Levoes 19,385 Logau, D. G. (Lab.), 187Scotland, L'pool 5,41 Lord, Sir W. Greaves, K.C. (C), 32Norwood 23,634 Lumley, L. B. (C), 251 ork 23,500 Lunn, W. (Lab.), 48cRothwell 8,861	Hulme 15,966
Lymington, Viscount (C), 287 Basinastoke 27.427	Nathan, Maj. H. L. (L), 7N.E. Bethnal
Lunin, W. (Lad.), 400 notativet	Green
Mahane, W. (L. Nat.), zaoHudderstield 27.022	Nation, Brig -Gen. J. J. H., C. V.O., D.S.O.
MacAndrew, Mal. C. G. (C). see Partick. 7.622	(C), 134E. Hull 5,977
MacAndrew, Capt. J. O. (C), 560S. Aurahire 2.042	(C), x34E. Hull
McConnell, Sir J., Bt. (C), 608 Antrin unon.	\`\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}\array{\array}
McCorquodale, M. S. (C). 482 Sowerby 12.644	Nicholson, G. (C), 174Morpeth 1,092
McCorquodale, M. S. (C), 483Sowerby 13,654 Macdonald, G. (Lab.), 36sInce	Nicholson, G. (C), 174Morpeth
MacDonald, Rt. Hon, J. Ramsay (N. Lab.).	Petersfield 22,522
311Seaham 5,951	Normand, W. G., K.C. (C), 540 W. Edin-
Macdonald, Sir M., K.C.M.G., C.B. (L).	
12.761	North, Capt. E. T. T. (C), 446 Nuneaton 2,464
ggl Inverness 12,761 Mac Donald, M. J. (N. Lab.), 404 Bassetlaw 13,854 Macdonald, Capt. P. D. (C), 342 I. of Wash	North, Capt. E. T. T. (C), 446 Nuneaton 2,464 Nunn, W. (C), 284 Whitehaven
Macdonald, Capt. P. D. (C), 348 I. of	O'Connor, T. J., K.C. (C), 184Central
Wight	Nottingham 18,296
McEntee, V. La T. (Lab.), 239 W. Waltham-	Nottingham
#toto 1,007	End 2,661
McEwen, J. H. F. (C), 572Berwick 16,000	Oman, Sir C., K.B.E. (C), 4870xford U unop.

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O'Noill Mai Bt Hon Sin H Dt (O)	Pursell 35ni A West (C) and True support
O'Neill, Maj. Rt. Hon. Sir H., Bt. (C), 607  Antrin unop. Ormiston, T., C.B.E., (C), 885Motherwell 759 Owen, Maj. G., D.S.O. (L), 506Caernarvon Palmer, F. N. (N. Lab.), 233 N. Tottenham Parkinson, J. A., C.B.E., (Lab.), 247Wigan Patrick, C. M. (C), 295Tamstock 7, 225 N. 100 Pearko, Capt. O. (C), 129N. Leeds 7, 235, 237 Pearkon, W. G. (C), 320Jarrove 7, 23, 23	Russell, Maj. A. West (C), s33Tynemouth. 9,31s Russell, H. F. (C), s12Brightside 4,74s Russell, R. J. (L), s6p Eddsbury unop. Rutherford, Sir H., Bt. (C), 15a Edge Hill 8,129
Ormiston, T., C.B.E., (C), 585Motherwell 789 Owen, Maj. G., D.S.O. (L), 506Caernarvon 694	Russell, R. J. (L), 269 Eddusbury unop. Rutherford, Sir H., Bt. (C), 122 Edge Hill 8,129
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Parkinson, J. A., C.B.E., ( <i>l.ab.</i> ), 247 Wigan 1,018 Patrick, C. M. (C), 205 Tamstock	Salmon, Major Sir I., C.B.E. (C), 386 Har-
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Pearson, W. G. (C), 310 Jarrow 3,329 Peat, C. U., M.C. (C), 110 Darlington 8,618 Penny, Sir F. G., Bt. (C), 137 Kingston-on-	Salt, E. W. (C), & Yardley 35,413 Salter, Dr. A. (Lab.), 6W. Bermondsey 9x Samuel, Sir A. M., Bart. (C), 436 Yarnham unop. Samuel, Rt. Hon. Sir H., G.C.B., G.B.E. (L.),
Percy, Rt. Hon. Lord E. (C), 127 Hastings 17,657 Perkins, W. R. D. (C), 324 Strond	Samuel, S. (C), 57 Putney
Peters, Dr. S. J. (L.), 340 Huntingdonshire 18,478	
Peters, Dr. S. J. (L.), 340 Huntingdonshire 18,478 Petherick, M. (C), 278 Penryn	Sanderson, Sir F., Bt. (C), 115 Ealing 25,935
Peto, Sir Basil E., Bt. (C), 202Barrustaple. 1,710 Peto, Capt. G. K., C.B.E. (C), 252Bilston. 3,773 Philipson H. R. Murray. (C) 282Twicken.	C.M.G. (C), 130 Hythe 16,669
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Pickering, E. H. (L), 146W. Leicester 13,903 Pickford, Hon. Mary, C.B.E. (C), 22North	Selley, H. R. (C), 4S. Battersea 15,035
Hammersmith	Shaw, Mrs. H. B., M.B.E. (C), 581Bothwell 2,148
Pike, C. F. (C), sto Attercliffe 16s.	Sassoon, MR, R. Holl, Sif F., B., 4.8 E., C.M.G. (D. 136Hythe
Powell, LtCol. E. G. H. (C), 40S.E.	Shute, Col. J. J., C.M G., D.S.O., T.D. (C),
Southwark	2,786 Simmonds, O. E. (C), 73Duddeston 6,543
Pownall, Lt. Col. Sir Assheton, T.D. (C), 36 East Lewisham	Simon, Rt. Hon. Sir J., G.C.S.I., R.C. (L.
Preston, Sir W. (C), 106Cheltenham 17.261	Sinclair, Rt. Hon. Sir A. H. M., Bt., C.M.G.
Price, G. (Lab.), 472 Hernsworth	(L), 572Caithnessunop. Sinclair, Col. T., C.B., M.D. (C), 615Belfast
	1/227
Raikes, H. V. A. M. (C), 3218. E Essex 10,370	Skelton, A. Noel (C), 60xScot. Univ unop. Slater, J. (C), 440Eastbourne unop. Smiles, LtCol. Sir W. D., C.I.E., D.S.O.
Pybus, P. J., C.B.E. (Nat. L), 327Harwich 22,589 Raikes, H. V. A. M. (C), 231N.E. Essex 10,370 Raimsay, A., O.B.E. (C), 242West Bromwich 525 Raimsay, Capt. A. H. M. (C), 590Peeblesh. 8,250 Raimsay, T. B. W. (L. Nat.), 580 Western	Smiles, Lt Col. Sir W. D., C.I.E., D.S.O. (C), 83Blackburn
Ramsay, T. B. W (L. Nat.), 580 Western	(C), \$3Backburn
Ramsbotham, H., O B E., M.C. (C), 363 Lan-	Smith, R. W. (C), statiatian
caster	Smith, Tom (Lab.), 474 Normanton unop.
N. Bradford	Smithers, Waldron (C), 345Chislehurst 26,640
Rankin, R. (C), 136Kirkdale	Somerset, T. (C), co4N. Belfast unop.     Somervell, Sir D. B., O.B.E., K.C. (C), 268
Rathbone, Eleanor (Ind.), 491Combined	
Universities	Somerville, A. A. (C), 261 Windsor unop. Somerville, D. G. (C), 248 E. Willesden 18,983
Brighton 62,253 Ray, Sir W. (C), 200 Richmond unop.	770 Soper, R. J. (L. Nat.), ognativitey
Rea, W. R. (L), xx3Dewabury 8,36z	Spears, Brig. Gen. E. L., C.B., C.B.E., M.C.
Reid, D. D. (C), 6xoDown unop.	(C), xogCarlisle
Ray, Sir W. (C), 200 Richmond	Spens, W. P., K.C. (C), 34348hord
Reid, Capt. A. S. Cunningham, D.F.C. (C),	Stanley, Maj. Hon. O. F. G., M C. (C), 450
42St. Marylebome	Westmorland unop. Stevenson, J., o.B.K., K.C. (C), 542Camlachie 2,279
Rentoul, Sir G. S. C., K.C. (C), 429 Lowestoft 11,992	Stevenson J., O.B.R., K.C. (C), 542Camlachie 3,179   Stewart, J. H. (L. Nat.), 575E. Fife. 9,135   Stewart, W. J. (C), 65S. Belfast unop. Stones, J. (C), 359Farmorth 2,507   Storey, S. (C), 330Sunderland 2,507   Story, S. (C), 330Sunderland 2,507   Story, S. (C), 340Sunderland 2,507   Story, S. (C), 340Sunderland 2,507   Story, S. (C), 340Sunderland 3,507   Story, S. (C), Stor
Rhys, Hon. C. A. U., M.C. (C), 437Guildford 32,766	Stones, J. (C), 359 Farnworth 2,907
Roberts, A. O. (L), six Wrexham 1,821 Roberts, Sir Samuel, Bt. (C), 212 Eccleshall unop.	Storey, S. (C), 230 Sunderland
Remer, J. R. (C), sys.Macclesfield	Strauss, E. A. (L. Nat.), 48 N. Smithwark Strickland, Capt. W. F. (C), 207Coventry 15,994 Stuget, Lord C. Crichton (C), 207Coventry 15,994
Robinson, J. R. (C), 373 Widnes 9,864	Stuart. Lord C. Crichton (C), 272 Northwich 14,315
Despencer., O.B.E. (C), \$53Salisbury 16,233 Robinson, J. R. (C), 373Widnes	Stuart, Hon. J. G., M.V.O., M.C. (C). 501  Moray and Nairn unop
Ross, Maj. R., M.C. (C), 614 Derry	
	335Hertford
Runge, Mrs. N., O.B.E. (C). 5Rotherhithe Russell, A., K.C. (C), 557Kirkcaldy	Summersby, C. H. (L. Nat.), 46Shoreditch 4,608 Sutcliffe, H. (C), 369Royton 6,902
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Maj.	Maj.
Tate, Mrs. H. B. (C), 249W. Willesden 8,360	Wayland, Sir W. A. (C), 344Canterbury \$4,407
Taylor, W. Ross., C.B.E. (C), 430 Woodbridge 19,769	Webb. Col. J. Baldwin- (C), 424 Wrekin 8,096
Taylor, Vice Adm. E. A., C.M.G., C.V.O. (C),	Wedderburn, H. J. Scrymgeour (C), 596W.
398. Paddington	Renfrew 7,225
Templeton, W. P. (C), 58aCoatbridge 1,501	Wedgwood, Col. Rt. Hon. J. C., D.S.O.
Thomas, Rt. Hou. J. H. (Lab.), 111 Derby . 27,416	(Lab.), 176 Newcastle-under-Lyme mop.
Thomas, J. P. L. (C), 33sHereford 6,953	Wells, S. R. (C), 256 Bedford
Thomas, Maj. I. Beaumout-, M.C. (C),	Weston, LtGen. Sir A. Hunter (C),
77King's Norton 11,047	567 Bute and Northern 14,240
Thompson, Luke (C), sagSunderland 23,679	Weymouth, Viscount (C), 416 Frome 7,110
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S. Aberdsen	Whiteside, B. N. H. (C), 141S. Leeds 725
	Whyte, J. B. (C), 28g N. E. Derbyshire 1,334 Williams Charles (C), 28g N. E. Derbyshire 232
Thorp, L. T., K.C. (C), 175 Nelson	Williams, Charles (C), 297Torquay 27,339 Williams, David (Lab.), 202E. Swansea 3,949
Titchfield, Marquess of (C), 407 Newark 24,605	Williams, E. J. (Lab.), 5180gmore 12,411
Todd, Capt. A. J. K (C), 401 Berwick unop.	Williams, H. G. (C), 100S. Croydon 9,937
Todd, A. S. (C), 423Kingswinford 2,430	Williams, Dr. J. H. (Lab.), 309 Llanelly 16,033
Touche, G. C. (C), 430 Reigate	Williams, T. (Lab.), 470 Don Valley 8,093
Train, J. (C), 543Cathcart	Wills, W. D. (C), 68 Ratley 9,978
Troyte. LtCol. G. J. Acland., C.M.G.,	Wilmot, J. C. (Lab.), 16 Fulham East 4,840
D.S.O. (C), sofTiverton unop.	Wilson, LtCol. Sir A. T., K.C.I.R., C.S.I.,
Tryon, Maj. Rt. Hon. G. C. (C), 95 Brighton 62,042	C.M.G., D.S.O. (C), 336Hitchia 4,207
Turton, R. H. (C), 466Thirsk & Malton unop.	Wilson, C. T. (C), 161 West Toxteth 5,635
Walker, Sir C. L. Forestier. Bt. E.B.E. (C).	Wilson, G. H. A., O.B.E. (C), 489Camb. Univ. mop.
Walker, Sir C. L. Forestier, Bt., K.B.E. (C), 524Monmouth	Winterton, Rt. Hon. Earl (C), 445 Horsham 38,954
Wallace, Capt. D. Euan, M.C. (C), 228	Wise, A. R. (C), 217 Smethwick 7,018
Hornsey 33,609	Withers, Sir J. J., C.B.E. (C), 488Camb. U. unop.
Wallace, J. (L. Nat.) 535 Dunfermline 4,616	Wolmer, Rt. Hon. Visct. (C), 326Aldershot 28,043
Wallhead, R C. (Lab.), 498 Merthyr 13,789	Womersley, W. J. (C), 224 Grimsby 27,608
Ward, Col. Sir A. Lambert, Bt., D.S.o. (C),	Wood, Rt. Hon. Sir K. (C), 6a W. Woolwich zx, 9az
135 N. W. Hull 16,603	Wood. Maj. Sir M. M., O.B.E. (L), 570 Banff unop.
Ward, Irene M. B., C.B.K. (C), 226 Wallsend 7.606	Worthington, Dr. J. V. (N. Lab.), 323 Forest
Ward, Mrs. S. A. (C), 4ssCannock	of Dean
Warrender, Sir V., Bt., M.O. (C), 354Grant-	Wragg, H. (C), a84 Belper 7,911
ham 15,049	Young, Com. Rt. Hon. Sir E. Hilton-,
Waterhouse, Capt. C., M. C. (C), 145.S. Leicester 28,875	G.B.R., D.S.O., D.S.C. (C), 352 Sevenoaks unop.
Watt, Capt. G. S. H. (C), 473 Keighley 5,887	Young, E. J. (L), 172 E. Middlesbrough 6,329

#### THE GENERAL ELECTION OF 1981.7

THE result of the General Election of row is shown in tabular form below. The Electorate numbered approximately 30,000,000, and if the voters in uncontested constituencies (s.328,000) are deducted the number of electors who recorded their votes amounted to seven-ninths of the remainder. In 1832 the electors numbered about x,000,000, increased to s,500,000 in 1867, 5,000,000 in 1888, 21,000,000 in 1928 (when women of 30 were enfranchised), and to s8,850,000 in 1929 (women having the vote on the same terms as men).

D	NUMBER OF CANDIDATES.		Votes	Members Returned.			
PARTY AND LEADER.	Men.	Women	Tota	RECEIVED.	Unop.	Opposed.	Total.
Government:  Nat. Labour (MacDonald) Conservative (Baldwin) Liberal National (Simou) Liberal (Samuel) Independent Nationalist	25 504 39 82 3	16 1 4	22 520 40 86 3	340,000 21,873,000 870,000 1,332,000 90,000	0 49 7 5	13 423 28 28	13 478 35 33 3
Total for National Government	650	az	671	14,505,000	61	495	556
Labour (Henderson)	477 33 24 23	36	523 34 24 25 26	6,648,000 346,000 36,000 75,000	6	46 4 0	52 4 0
Total against National	#4 58z	41	6as	7,199,000	6	53	3 59
Grand Total	1,231	Ga .	2,893	81,704,000	62	548	6xg

Figures following name of constituency denote the number of electors (M. = Men. W. = Women) ares following name of constituency denote the different following name of conservative; Com. = Communist; Ind. = Independent; L. = Liberal; L. Nat. = Liberal Nationalist; Lab. = Labour; N.Lab. = National Labour; N.P. = New Party; N.dt. = Scottish, Welsh or Irish Nationalist. * Denotes a Member of the late Parliament for the same, and † for a different, Constituency.

### England.

#### LONDON BOROUGHS, 62. CITY OF LONDON.

M. 23,704; W. 20,198 1*Sir V. Bowater, Bt., C. ...unop. 2*E. C. Grenfell, C. .....unop.

#### BATTERSEA.

North, M. 23,872; W. 26,001 3 Com A. Marsden, R.N., C. 18,688 *W. S. Sanders, C.B.E., Lab. ......xx,985 S. Saklatvala, Com. ..... 3,021 South, M. 25,909; W. 31,288 

Rotherhithe, M. 17,372; W. 18,739 5 Mrs. N. C. Runge, O.B.E.

C ..... xx,666 *Ben Smith, Lab.... .. .....11,536 West, M. 15,807; W. 17,007 6* Dr. A. Salter, Lab. .... 10,039 N. H. Bower, C. ..... 9,948 W. Hannington, Com. ...

#### BETHNAL GREEN.

#### CAMBERWELL

Dulwich, M. 19,148; W. 23,877 (Bye-election, June 8, 1932.) 9 Bracewell Smith, C..... 12,342 Dr. C.R. Cooke-Taylor, L. 3,998 Mrs. H. Bentwich, Lab. 3,905 North, M. 17, 127; W. 18,026 10 A. L. Bateman, C. ...... 10,634 *C. G. Ammon, Lab. ..... 9,869 North-West,

M. 18,976; W. 22,208 11 J. D. Cannels, K.C., C....17,581 H. Hughes, K.C., Lab.... 8,693 Peckham, M. 22,538; W. 25,395 12 Lt. Viscount Boudale,

CHELSEA. M. 16,076; W. 26,455 13*Col. Rt. Hon. Str S. J. G. Houre, Bt., G.B.K., C. 23,015

G. Foan, Lab. ..... 4,726 DEPTFORD.

man, Lab. ...... 82,244

#### FINSBURY,

M. 22,794; W. 24,428 15*Sir G. M. Gillett, N. Lab. 17,293 T. Williams, Lab. .....10,133

#### FULHAM.

East, M. 23,426; W. 28,262 (Bye-election, Oct. 25, 1933.) 16 J. C. Wilmot, Lab. ..... 17,790 W. J. Waldron, C. .....12,950

West, M. 23,372; W. 27,610 17*Sir Cyrul S. Cobb, K.B.E.,

## GREENWICH,

M. 30,122; W. 33,263 18 Sir George Hume, C. ...29,278
*E. T. Palmer, Lab. .....13,722 Mrs. K. Duncan, Com. 2,024

#### HACKNEY.

Central, M. 21,866; W. 26,159 19 J. C. Lockwood, C. . . . 16,963 *F. C Watkins, Lab. . . 9,295 L. B. Franklin, O.B.E., L. 6,316 North, M. 20,251; W. 25,766 South, M. 20,864; W. 23,500 ('. .....5,980 

# HAMMERSWITH.

North, M 21, 69; W 24,324 33 Hon Mary Pickford, C.B.E., C ........ 18,815
J. P. Gardner, Lah. .... 11,838
E. F Braniley, Com ... 697
R. E. N. Braden, N P 431 

#### HAMPSTEAD.

M. 24,242; W. 40,285 24*George Balfour, C. ... ..36,928 H. Smith, Lab..... 5,475 HOLBORN.

M. 15,678; W. 17,864 25 Stuart Bevan, K.C., C. 16,094 F. W. Hickinbottom, Lab. ..... 3,916

#### ISLINGTON.

East, M. 27,976; W. 33,659 26 Thelma Cazalet, C. .....27,221 *Mrs. L. Manning, Lab. 13,111 North, M. 29,308; W. 35,978 27 Col. A. W. Goodman, C.28,790 R. S. Young, Lab. .....14,783

South, M. 21,157; W. 23,559 28 T. F. Howard, D.C.M., C. 18,071 *W. S. Cluse, Lab. ..... 10.910 West, M. 20,233; W. 22,947 29 P. W. Donner, C. ..... 14,487 *F. Montague, Lab. ..... 9,977 KENSINGTON.

North, M. a6,514; W. 34,307 30 J. A. L. Duncan, C. ...27,860 *F. R. West, Lab. ......15,843 South, M. 21,484; W. 47,857 31*Sir W. H. Davison, K. B. E.,

C. ..... unop.

#### LAMBETH.

Brixton, N. 23 722; W. 28,847 32* N. C. Colman, C .....24,67 E. A. Radice, Lab. ... 7,358 Kennington, M. 22,177; W. 24,423 33 George Harvey, C. ..... 18,371
*L. W. Matters, Lab. .... 10,188 North, M. 18,781; W. 20,142 Norwood, M. 26,147; W. 33,408, 35°Sir W. Greaves Lord, K.C., C. 30,851 Mrs. A. J. Anstey, Lab. 7,217 LEWISHAM.

East, M. 37,725; W. 44,881 36 Lt. Col. Sir Assheton Pownall. O. B. E., T D., C. 41,354 J. C. Wilmot, Lab. ..... 20,485 West, M. 28,603; W. 35,343 37*Sir Philip Dawson, C. 34,289 R. M. M. Stewart. Lab. 9,956

#### PADDINGTON.

North, M. 21,405; W. 28,196 38* B. Bracken, C Esther Rickards, Lab. ..... 9,597 South, M. 19,786; W. 31,865 39" Vice-Adm. E A. Taylor, C.M.G., C.V.O., C. .....27,206 Miss L. A. Cox, Lab. ... 4,532

POPLAR.

Bow and Bromley, M. 21,230; W 22,549 40*Rt. Hon. George Lans. Bouth, M. 23,679; W. 24,487 41 D. M. Adams, Lab ..... 16,253 H. L. M. Joues, L. .....21,965

ST. MARYLEBONE.

M. 28,233; W. 44,368 (Bye-election, April 28, 1932.) 42*Capt. A. S. (unning-ham-Reid, D.F.C., C. 11,677 Sir Basil Blackett, K C B., K.C.S.I., C. ..... 10,664

	,	
ST. PANCRAS.	Westminster.	Edgbaston, M. 23,351; W. 30,604
Morth, M. az,388; W. 26,612	Abbey, M. 22,358; W. 26,280	74*Rt. Hon. Neville Cham-
		berlain, C33,085
43 Capt. I. Fraser, C.B.E., C. 22,490	(Bye-election, July 12, 1932.)	W. W. Blaylock, Lab 5,157
W G Shanhard Com 456	59 Capt. S. Herbert, Cunop. St. George's, M. 21,460; W. 34,088	Erdington W as See: W as see
W. G. Shephera, Com 430	St. George's, M. 21,400; W. 34,000	ne J. R. Pales E.C. C. 32,571
Boutn-Bast, M. 19,549; W. 21,010	60*A. Duff-Cooper, D.S. O., C. unop.	Erdington, M. 31,877; W. 35,571 75 J. F. Eales, K.C., C35,672 *C. J. Simmons, Lab16,676
44 Sir A. L. Beit, Bt., C. 18,064 *H. G. Romeril, Lab 8,684	Woolwich.	Handsworth, M. 23,653; W. 29,007
"H. G. Romerii, Lab 8,084	East, M. 20,824; W. 22,033	
Shaukat Usmani, Com. 33s	6x*G Hicks Lab 16 6g8	76*Com.O. Locker-Lampson,
South-West, M. 19,784; W. 22,232	61*G. Hicks, Lab 16,658 Capt. J. F. Finn, C 16,050	C.M.G., D.S.O., C30,989 L. A. Fenn, Lab 8,548
45 C. G. Mitcheson, C 18,737 *W. Carter, Lab 7,514	West M as nos W an fire	14. A. Felili, 100 0,549
*W. Carter, Lab 7,514	62*Rt. Hon. Sir H. Kingsley	King's Norton,
	Wood, C26,441	M. 21,743; W. 25,656 77*Maj. L. Beaumont-
SHOREDITCH.	J. Reeves, Lab14,520	77 Maj. L. Beaumont-
M. 30,133; W. 31,741		1 nomus, m.c., c
46 C. H. Summersby, L. Nat	ENGLISH BOROUGHS, 193.	G. R. Mitchison, Lab. 11,016
*E. Thurtle, Lab19,398	ACCRINGTON.	A. P. Marshall, L 5,394
i i	' M. 25,017; W. 29,671	Ladywood, M. 19,149; W. 21,980
SOUTHWARK.		78 G. W. Lloyd, C3,057
Central, M. 19,469; W. 19,783	63 Maj. H. A. Procter, C. 30,799 *T. Snowden, Lab18,177	*W. Whiteley, Lab 9,057
Central, M. 19,469; W. 19,783 47 I. M. Horobin, Nat 15,913 *Harry Day, Lab 8,466	1	Moseley, M. 41,961; W. 50,228
*Harry Day, Lab 8,466	ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE.	79*P. J. H. Hannon, C53,041
North, M. 15,613; W. 16,171	M. 16,009; W. 18,945	F. G. Lloyd, Lab 13,399
48 E. A. Strauss, L. Nat. 13,045	64*Col. J. Broadhent, C 15,652 J. W. Gordon, Lab1,074	Sparkbrook, M. sz,446; W. 24,627
48 E. A. Strauss, L. Nat. 13,045 *G. A. Isaacs, Lab 7,053	J. T. Middleton, L 3,696	
Bouth-East, M. 17,147; W. 21,216		Amery, C
49 Lt. Col. E.G. H. Powell,	,	Amery, C
C1,063	BARNSLEY.	West, M. 20,639; W. 22,803
*T. E. Naylor, Lab 9,678	M. 25,164; W. 24,738	
STEPNEY.	65 R. J. Soper, L. Nat 31,392 *J. Potts, Lab	81*Rt. Hon. Sir Austen Chamberlain, K.G., C. 22,448
	"J. Potts, Lab	O. G. Willey, Lab10,507
Limehouse, M. 18,581; W. 20,101		Yardley, M. 30,705; W. 33,412
50 Mayor C. R. Attlee, Lab. 11,354	M. 20,866; W. 20,329	Ba E. W. Salt, C32,061
R. Girouard, C10,003	66 Sir Walker Smith, C. 20,794	*A. G. Gossling, Lab16,648
n. L. Houge, 14.7 307	D. Adams, Lab15,835	E. J. Bartleet, N.P 479
Mile End, M. 17.807; W. 19.089 51 Dr. W. J. O'Donovan, O.B.E., C	BATH.	
SI Dr. W. J. O Donoun,		BLACKBURN,
*John Sourt Lah 0.728	M. 19,649; W. 28,281. 67 T. L. E. B. Guinness, C. 24,696	M. 38,656; W. 48,268
Whitechapel and St. George's,		
M. 18,901; W. 19,313	G. G. Desmond, Lab 5.680	C.I.E., D.S.O., C50,105
we R Januar L	Bamery AND Montey	C.I.E., D.S.O., C50,105 84 Capt. G. S. Elliston, M.C., C
*J. Hall, Lab 9,864	M. 22,758; W. 27,384 68 W. D. Wills, C26,378	*Mrs. M. A. Hamilton
H. Pollitt, Com 2,658	68 W. D. Wills C	Lab
T. Lewis, N.P 154	*Sir Ben Turner, C.B.E.,	*T. H. Gill, Lab
STOKE NEWINGTON,	Lab 15,700	BLACKPOOL.
		M. 36,995; W. 54,104
M. 15,300; W. 19,291 53"Sir G. W. H. Jones, C. 16,039	Fort W as one W as	M. 36,995; W. 44,104 85 Capt. C. C. A. L. Er- skine-Bolst, C53,010
F I. Kerran Lah	East. M. 22,279; W. 24,277 69*H. Graham White, J 25,938	skine-Bolst, C53,010
	C. McVey, Lab 9,863	Edgar Wallace, Ind.L. 19,524
WANDSWORTH.	West W vo ova : W 49-	Bolton,
Balham and Tooting,	West, M. 19,917; W. 22,683 70 Maj. J. S. Allen, M.C.,	M. 56,255; W. 66,657
M. 25,743; W. 31,456	T.D., C	86 Maj. C. F. Entwistle.
M. 25,743; W. 31,456 54*Sir Alfred Butt, Bt., C. 28,592	*W. H. Egan, Lab18,671	M.C., K.C., C66,385
P. F. Poliaru, Lav 9,780	BIRMINGHAM	87 Sir John Haslam, C63,402
Central, M. 18,323; W. 21,140	Aston Al so fee: W. so 468	*Albert Law, Lab33,726
35 Sir Henry Jackson, C. 19,159	Aston, M. 20,655; W. 23,468 72 Capt. Hon. A. O. J. Hope,	*M. Brothers, Lab32,049
J. L. Cohen, Lab 7,511	M.C., C	BOOTLE.
A. M. Diston, N.P 484	1 1. J. May, Duo 0,313	BOOTLE, M. 22,778; W. 24,262
Olapham, M. sz,507; W. 26,629	E. J. St. LOE Strachey,	88 Col. C. de W. Crook-
56*Sir J. Leigh, Bt., C 1,648	Ind 3,236	shank C
MissH. A. Browning, Lab. 7,317		
J. H. Clarke, L 2,869	78 17. 15. C/OUNE, C	Double and a series
Putney, M. 21,667; W. 28,871 57*Samuel Samuel, C27,318	*F. Longden, Lab11,163	Bournemouth,
J. C. Lawder, Lab 6,172	*F. Longden, Lab	M. 26,826; W. 44,032
# W 177	73 U. E. Simmonds, C 16,332	Sg Brig. Gen. Sir H. Page
Streatham, M. 20,970; W. 29,100 58 Sir W. Lane-Mitchell, C. 30,335	B Moore Con	Croft, Bart., C.M.G., C.39,859
Mrs. R. B. Fraser, Lab. 5,343	J. Williams, N.P 387	Lab 9,943

Bradford.	CHELTENHAM,	Gateshead,
Central, M. 23,578; W. 28,418	M. 15,003; W. 21,971 106*Sir Walter Preston, C. 22,524 J. Ramage, Lab 5,263	M. 35,801; W. 38,071
90 G. H. Eady, C24,986	106*Sir Walter Preston, C. 22,524	zaz T. Magnay, L. Nat 34,764
*W. Leach, Lab15,697	J. Ramage, <i>Lab</i> 5, <b>26</b> 3	E. Bevin, Lab
Rast, M. 20,905; W. 25,589 91 J. Hepworth, C22,532 *Rt. Hon. F. W. Jowett,	COVENTRY,	J. S. Barr, N.P 1,077 J. Fennell, L 187
or J. Hepworth, C22,532		J. Fennell, <i>L.</i> 187
*Rt. Hon. F. W. Jowett,	M. 42,995; W. 44,844 207 Capt. W. F. Strickland,	GLOUCESTER,
Lab15,779	107 Capi. W. F. Stricktana,	GLOUCESTEE,
North, M. 22, 107 : W. 20,667	*D I Wool Delton Lab of are	M. 16,05a; W. 18,4a1 122*H. Leslie Boyce, C19,201
on Sir E. J. S. H. Rams.	1	122"H. Lestie Boyce, C19,201
North. M. 23,197; W. 29,667 92 Sir E. J. S. H. Rams- den, O.B.E., C31,537	CROYDON.	C. H. Fox, Lab 9,223
P. Butler, Lab12,401	North M. 26 844 W. 44.461	GREAT YARMOUTH,
South M. as 6ro : W. 21.016	North, M. 36,844; W. 44,461 108* LtCol.G. K.M.Mason,	
on H. Holdsworth, L 31.531	D.S.O., C45.505	10,039 , W. 20,470
8outh, M. 25,610; W. 31,916 93 H. Holdsworth, L31,531 *W. Hirst, Lab15,994	D.S.O., C45,595 H. W. Ray, Lab10,795	M. 16,639; W. 20,470 123*Arthur Harbord, L. Nat
	South M. 22.002 W. 42.080	J. H. Martin, Lab 5,735
Brighton,	South, M. 32,992; W. 41,089 (Bye-election, Feb. 9, 1932.) 109 H. G. Williams, C19,126	5. 21. Martin, 1266 5,735
M. 52,919; W. 75,860 94*Com, Sir A. Cooper Raw-	100 H. G. Williams, C 10.126	Grimsby,
94"Com, Sir A. Cooper Raiv-	R. P. Messel, Lab 9,189	M. 24.017 : W. 36.080
95*Maj. Rt. Hon. G. C.		M. 34,917; W. 36,980 124*W. J. Wonnersley, C. 33,725 G. E. Farmery, Lab16,124
95 Ma). Rt. Hon. G. C.	DARLINGTON,	G. E. Farmery, Lab 16. 124
Tryon, C74,993	M. 21,462; W. 23,454	
L. C. Cohen, Lab12,952 Mrs. R. Moore, Lab11,878	M. 21,462; W. 23,484 210 C. U. Peat, M.C., U24,416	HALIFAX,
	*A. Shepherd, Lab15,798	M. 30,590; W. 38,865
Bristol.	DERBY,	125 Gilbert Gledhill, C 36,731
Central, M. az,630; W. a4,921	M. 40,687; W. 44,855	M. 30,590; W. 38,865 125 Gilbert Gledhill, C36,731 *A. W. Longbottom,
Oentral, M. 22,639; W. 24,921 96 Lord Apsley, D.S.O., M.C., T.D., C	zzz*Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas,	1.010ID.QOI
M.C., T.D., C28,311	N. Lab. 49,257  112 W. A. Reid, C. 47,729  *W. R. Raynes, Lab. 21,841  W. Halls, Lab. 20,241	F. Sykes, Ind. L 2,578
J. H. Alpass, Lab15,143	112 W. A. Reid, C47,789	HARTLEPOOLS, THE,
East. M. 22.813; W. 25,111	*W. R. Raynes, Lab 21,841	
97* Hon. Sir S. Cripps, K.C.,	W. Halls, Labao,241	- M. a6,387; W. a7,265
Lab	DEWSBURY,	126* W. G. Howard Gritten,
J. M. Spreull, C 19,006	20 0 0 777 0	C30,842 A. A. MacGregor, Lab. 14,462
North. M. 22,307 : W. 27,107	M. 16,476; W. 19,810	A. A. Macuregor, 100. 14,403
o8 R. H. Bernays, L27,040	*Ben Riley, Lab1,101	Hastings,
North, M. 23,397; W. 27,107 98 R. H. Bernays, L27,040 *W. H. Ayles, Lab13,826	neu itiley, nao	M. 17,019; W. 26,563
Bankle M W -0	DUDLEY,	De Hay Lond Varience
99 N. Ker-Lindsay, C 26,694	M. 16,938; W. 17,890 114 D. J. B. Joel, C16,009 W. Hodokisa Lah	Percu. C
*A. (l. Walkden, Lab 17,174	114 D. J. B. Joel, C16,009	Percy, Caa,640 Irene Goddard, Lab. 4,983
West M. 27.127 : W. 28.613	W. Hodgkiss, Labza,zo5	T. A. E. Spearing, L. 4,561
West, M. 27, 227; W. 38,613	EALING,	
F. E. White, Lab. i 8,875		Hornsey,
1	M. 22,494; W. 30,659 215 Sir F.B. Sanderson, Bt.,	M. a8,8a9 ; W. 40,252
BROMLEY,		ras*Capt. D. Eugn Wat-
M. 34,978; W. 45,521 101*Sn E. T. Campbell, C. 47,077	J. W. Maycock, Lab6,857	(ace, M.U., U
101*Sin E. T. Campbell, C. 47,077		H. A. Franklin, Lab. 7,585
B. B. Gillis, Lab 9,265	EAST HAM.	Herbinopeners to
BURNLEY,	North, M. 21,865; W. 25,137	Huddersfield,
	116 Lt -Col.J. Mayhew, T.D.,	M. 36,346; W. 44,146
M. 31,138; W. 36,968 102 Rear - Adm. Gordon	116 Lt -Col.J.Mayhew,T.D., C	129 W. Mabane, L. Nat 47,056
Campbell, Y. Vi.,	"Susan Lawrence, Lab11,709	"J. H. HHUSON, Lao 30,034
D.S.O., Nat 35,x26	South, M. 23,365; W. 25,066 217 M. Campbell-Johnston, C18,300	Нутне,
*Rt. Hon. A. Hender-	117 M. Campbell-Johnston,	11111111111111111111111111111111111111
8011, Lab26,917	C18,300	М. 13,860; W. 19,396
J. Rushton, Com 512	*A. Barnes, Lab15,737	130" May. Rt. Hon. Str P.
Bury,	ECCLES,	Sassoon, Bt., G.B.M., C.M G., C
		Gertrude M. Coleman,
M. 19,690; W. 23,812 103*LtCol C. Ainsworth, C. 24,975	M. 24,027; W. 27,616 118 J. Potter, C	Lah
J. Bell, Lab10,532	*D. L. Mort, Lab16,101	Lab 3,608
Į.		ILFORD,
CAMBRIDGE,	Edmonton,	3.7
M. 18,481; W. 23,765	M. 22,634; W. 24.410	Sirf-eorge Hamilton C
104*Sir G. D. C. Newton,		131*SirGeorge Hamilton, C. 43,737 P. Astins. Lab
K. B. E., C 23,347	*F. A. Broad, Lao14,250	P. Astins, Lab
Dr. A. Wood, Lab 8,552	EXETER,	L 9,179
CARLISLE,	W sa ray W an and	9,179
	M. 19,521; W. 23,996 120 A. C. Reed, C20,360 Lady Acland, L	IPSWICH,
M. 16,267; W. 20,109 105 Brig. Gen. E. L. Spears,	Lady Acland. L 2 wee	M. 26,654; W. 30,365
C.B., C.B.E., M.C., C. 18,079	LtCol. J.V. Delahaye,	132*SirJohnGanzoni, Bt., C. 29, 782
*G. Middleton, Lab13,445		R. F. Jackson, Lab17,490
2. Princesons Page 31443	//33	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

200	er countertour y concestationes	_
KINGSTON-UPON-HULL.	West, M. az,687; W. a5,538	
Central, M. sr. a55; W. sr. 568 123 Capt. B.; K. Barton, M.C., C	West, M. 22,687; W. 25,538 149 Sir W. Hart Suyden, C.23,048 *Rev. R. Sorensen, Lab.13,038	1
133 Capt. B. K. Barton,	*Rev. R. Sorensen, Lao.13,038	
*LtCom. Hon. J. M.	LINCOLN,	
Kenworthy, Lab16,113	M. 18,777; W. 20,754. 150 W. S. Liddall, C20,688 *R. A. Taylor, Lab14,454	
East, M. 24,849; W. 25,645 234 BrigGen. J. J. H. Nation, C. V. O.,	*R. A. Taylor, Lab14,454	1
Nation CVO	LIVERPOOL	
D.S.O., C	East Toxteth,	
	151*P. G. T. Buchan-Hep-	1
North-West, M. 20,906; W. 24,853	M. 21.543; W. 28.814 151*P. G. T. Buchan-Hep- burn, C28,187 A. S. Doran, L9,093	
M. 20,906; W. 24,853 235*Col. Sir A. Lambert	Edgehill, M. 20,206; W. 22,188	
135*Col. Sir A. Lambert Ward, Bt., D.S.O., C. 26,549 J. H. Baum, Lab 9,946	ves Sar Haino Ratherford	
J. H. Baum, Lab 9,946	Bt., C19,901	
South-West, M. 23,946: W. 25,376 136 Richard K. Law, C25,909		
*John Arnott, Lab12,857	Everton, M. 16,858; W. 18,111	,
Kingston-upon-Thanes,	S. L. Treleaven, Lab. 7,786	ľ
M. a8.200 : W. 21.477	*D. Hall-Caine, Nat. Lab.4,950	
M. 28,390; W. 34,477 137*Sir F. G. Penny, Bt. C.35,925 J. W. Fawcett, Lab 7,613	(Bye-election Jan vo voza)	
J. W. Fawcett, Lab 7,613	154 Cul. J. J. Shute, C.M G.,	
LEEDS.	Everton, M. 16,883; W. 18,111 153 F. Hornby, C	
Central, M. 26,351; W. 29,831	Fairfield, M. 20.257: W. 24.622	
138*Hon. Richard Denman, N. Lah	Fairfield, M. 20,357; W. 24,622 155 C. E. R. Brocklebank, C. 24,636	1
M. Turner - Samuels,	A. Dodd, Lab 7,960 Kirkdale, M. 19,603; W. 21,259	
	x6 R. Rankin. Cx4.202	
North, M. 26,209; W. 33,739 139*Capt. Onbert Peake, C. 34,964	*E. Sandham, Lab 9,531	
L. J. Edwards, Lab 9,427	Rev. H. D. Longbottom.	3
North East,	Ind	
M. 25,421; W. 31,563 240*Maj. SirJ. D. Birchall, C. 32,671	157*D. G. Logan, Lab15,521	
140* May. Sir J. D. Birchall, C.3:,671	L. McCree, Com 1,544	
A. J. Dobbs, Lab10,294.		1
South, M. 21,210; W. 24,338 141 B. N. H. Whiteside, C. 14,881 *H. C. Charleton, Lab. 14,156	Walton, M. 25,438; W. 29,167	
*H. C. Charleton, Lab. 14,156	F A. P. Rowe, Lab	
F. BOULE. / 0.201	F. ADRIMAN, 11d	
vaa*Mai. J. Milner. M.C	159*Hon. A. R. Nall-Cain, C33,476	1
South-East, M. 23,225; W. 25,490 142*Maj. J. Milner, M.C., Lab	C33,476 C. G. Clark, Lab 9,503	
P. R. Le Mesurier, C. 16,109	West Derby. M. 25,721; W. 30,031	
West, M. 23,352; W. 27,525	160*Str John Sandeman	
West, M. 23,382; W. 27,525 143 S. V. T. Adams, C 24,701 T. W. Stamford, Lab. 14,354	West Derby. M. 25,721; W. 30,031 160*Sir John Saudeman Allen, C32,202 J. J. Cleary, Lcb 9,077	1
Leicester.	West Toxteth	
	M. 22,101; W. 24,665 161 C. T. Wilson, C	
East, M. 25,832; W. 29,887 144 A. M. Lyons, C30.265 *E. F. Wise, C.B., Lab. 13,811	*J Gibbins, Lab	
*E. F. Wise, C.B., Lab. 13,811	MANOREMED	1
TAR Cant. C. Waterhouse.	MANCHESTER.  Ardwick, M. 25,258; W. 25,258; 262 Capt. A. G. Fuller, C. 21,630  *Joseph Henderson, Lab. 15,664	
м.с., С32,767	162 Capt. A. G. Fuller, C. 21,630	
J. Dugdale, <i>Lab.</i> 9,892	Plackles W W	
West, M. 24,518; W. 28,734 146 E. H. Pickering, L26,826 *F. W. Pethick Law-	Blackley, M. 18,267; W. 21,991 163 J. Lees-Jones, C15,717 *P. M. Oliver, C.B.E., L 11,382	1
*F. W. Pethick Law-	*P. M. Oliver, C.B.E., L 11,382	
rence, <i>Lav.</i> 12,923	W. A. Burke, Lab6,752	1
LEIGH,  M. 25,275; W. 27,140  247 ⁴ J. J. Tinker, Lab23,965  P. T. Eckersley, C21,837	W. A. Burke, Lab6,752 Clayton, M. 22,013; W. 25,025 164 W. H. Flanagan, C22,072	•
M. 25,275; W. 27,140	r64 W. II. Flanagan, Czz,07z *J. E. Sutton, Lab17,169 Exchange, M. 24,403; W. 25,465	
P. T. Eckersley, Csi.837	Exchange, M. 24,403; W. 25,465	
LEYTON.	Exchange, M. 24,403; W. 25,465 165*K. B. Fielden, C	1
LEYTON.  Bast, M. 16,985 W. 19,643	Gorton, M. 28,318; W. 24,744	
East, M. 16,955 W. 19,643 148 Sir F. Mills, Bt., C17,285 *A. Fenner Brockway,	*J. Compton, Lab16,316	

Hulme, M. 22,033; W. 26,323 167 Col. Sir J. Nall, D.S.O., Moss Side, M. 20,889; W. 25,001 168*Col. SirG. B. Hurst, T. D., Platting, M. 23,107; W. 26,884 169 A. E. L. Chorlton, C.B.E., C. ......23,588 *Rt. Hon. J. R. Clynes, Lab. ...... 17,798 Rusholme, M. 19,828; W. 24,915 (Bye-election - 1933.) Withington, M. 33, 297; W. 42, 285 171 E. L. Fleming, K.C., C. 36, 297 Philip Guedalla, L. ...21, 379 MIDDLESBROUGH. East, M. 18,420; W. 17,558 172 E. J. Young, L.......18,409 *Ellen Wilkinson, Lab.12,080 H. Kegie, Lab. ...... 13,040 MORPETH, M. 29,354; W. 28,208 174 Godfrey Nicholson, C. 20,806 *EbeuezerEdwards, Lab 19,714 NELSON AND COLNE, NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME. M. 19,904; W. 21,656 176*Col. Rt. Hon. J. C. Wedg-wood, D.S.O., Lab. ...unop. NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE. East, M. 22,363; W. 22,394 178*Sir R. W. Aske, Bt., L. Nat. 24,522 Col. M. Alexander, C.M.G., K.C., Lab. .... 14,176 North, M. 20,672; W. 26,240 179*Sir N. Grattan Doyle, C. 30,245 R. J. Thomson, Lab... 5,791 NORTHAMPTON, M. 29,029; W. 33,548 181 Lt.-Col. Sir Mernyn Manningham-Buller, 

Lab. .....10,808

C. Flanagan, Com..... 1,000

	Traditional y Conscious acres	309
Norwich,	READING,	Ecclesall, M. 19,48s; W. 23,667 213*Sir S. Roberts, Bt., C. unop.
M. 37,799; W. 45,956.	M. 29,997; W. 35,012 199 Dr. A.B. Howitt, C.V.O., C	Hallam M so off: W as set
182* G. H. Shakespeare, L.	C	Hallam, M. 19,065; W. 24,126 214*L. W. Smith, C 26,857 H. G. McGhee, Lab
Nat	*Dr S. Hastings, Lab. 19,277	H. G. McGhee, Lab7,807
*W. R. Smith, Lab28,295 Dorothea Jewson, Lab. 26,537	E. R. Troward, N.P 601	Hillsborough, M. 24,521; W. 25,922 215 J. G. Braithwaite, C. 23,819 *Rt. Hon. A. V. Alex-
	RICHMOND (SURREY),	*Rt. Hon. A. V. Alex-
NOTTINGHAM Central, M. 19,223; W. 24,962	M. 24.700 . 17 . 33.401	anger. 120017.310
184*T. J. O'Connor, K.C.,	(Bye-election, April 13, 1932.)	Park, M. 25,245; W. 26,736 216 Sir Shirley Benn, Bt., K.B.E., C
184*T. J. O'Connor, K.C., C25,828 A. E. Waterson, Lab. 7,532	ROCHDALE,	*G. Lathan, Lab
East, M. 10,000; W. 24,147	M. 28,668; W. 34,685	
East, M. 19,902; W. 24,147 185 L. H. Gluckstein, C 17,484 *W. Norman Birkett,	201 Maj. T. E. Jesson, C. 25,436 *W. T. Kelly, Lab18,329	SMRTHWICK,
K.C., L BIRKELL,	E. Dodds, L22,572	M. 22,168; W. 24,503 217 A. R. Wise, C20,945
W. Windsor, Lab 5,339	ROCHESTER,	E. Lawrence, Lab13,927
South, M. 19,566; W. 23,538 186*G. W. Holford-Knight,	Ohatham, M. sz,881; W. sz,534	SOUTHAMPTON,
K.C., N. Lab22,852	202 Sir Park Goff, K.C., C. 19,991   †Oliver Baldwin, Lab10,837	M. 52,832; W. 54,549
A. R. Ellis, Lab 20,583	M F Woodroffu N P - +20	218 W. Craven-Ellis, C 54,000
West, M. 21,902; W. 24,640 187 A. C. Caporn, C20,596 *A. Hayday, Lab14,963	Gillingham, M. 19,800; W. 19,864	K.R.E. L. Nat
*A. Hayday, Lab14,963	203*Sir Robert Gower, O.B.E., C20,277	*T. Lewis, Lab
OLDHAM.	Mrs. C. M Wadham,	*R. Morley, Lab26,061
M. 44,520; W 51,998	Lab 9,203	MAGNITUM IN THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE ST
188 A. C. Crossley, C50,693 189 H. W. Kerr, C 50,395 *Rev. G. Lang, Lab. 28,629 *J. Wilson, Lab 26,361	Rossendale,	M. 33,519; W. 45,701
*Rev. G. Lang, Lab 28,629	M. 21,993; W. 25,170 204 R H. Cross, C 16,206	220*Countess of Iveagh, C.B.R., C
*J. Wilson, Lab26,361		A.E. Bechervaise, Lab7,741
Oxford,	*A Law, Lab	SOUTHPORT,
M. 17,305; W. 21,898 190*Capt.R. C. Bourne, C. Unop.	ROTHERHAM,	M. 22,257; W. 33,335
	M. 28,619; W. 27,597 (Bye-election, Feb. 27, 1933.) 205 W. Dobbie, Lab 28,767 H. Dremmond-Wolff	R. M. Hughes, L 13,983
PLYMOUTH. Devonport, M. 20,424; W. 21,144	205 W. Dobbne, Lab 28,767	1
191*Maj. L. Hore Belisha,	H. Drummond-Wolff,	SOUTH SHIELDS, M. 31,465; W. 32,232
L. Nat23.450	A TT	zaz Harcourt Johnstone, L. 30,528
P. Reed, Lab	M. 38,377; W. 30,797	*J. Chuter Ede, Lab 20,512
102 Capt. Rt. Hon. F. E.	206 R. A. Spencer, C26,131 *Sir J. Sexton, C.B.E.,	STOCKPORT,
Guest, C.B.K., D.S.O.,		M. 39,022; W. 47,272
*J. J. H. Moses, Labz2,669	1	222 S. S. Hammersley, C. so oof
Sutton, M. 22,453; W. 25,409	Worth M as and: W ad and	*A. E. Townend, Lab. 23,350 J. T. Abbott, Lab15,591
193* Vinconintess Astor, C24,277 G. Ward, Lab 12,073	1207 J. P. MOTTIK, C25,151	J. T. Abbott, Lab15,591
PORTSMOUTH.	1.01 1111000, 2300111111123,2/2	
C 4 -1 35	South, M. 22,901; W. 24,883 208 Hon. J. J. Stourton, C. 22, 140	M. 26,716; W. 26,871
194 Hon. R. E. B. Beau-	*Joseph Toole, Lah15,302 West, M. 20,709; W. 23,968 sog LtCom. P. W. Ast- bury, C	225 Capt. H. Macmillan, C.29, 199 ** F. F. Biley, Lab 18, 168
*Cont. W. G. Hall Lab v4 sv	West, M. 20,709; W. 23,968	F. F. Miley, 120
North, M. 25,220; W. 26,475	bury, C24,08	STOKE-UPON-TRENT.  Burslem, M. 20,344; W. 22,438
195*Sir B. Falle, Bt., C26,331 Rear-Adm. K. G. B.	1	26 W. Allen. K.C., C18.642
Dewar, C.B.K., Lab. 12,181		*Andrew MacLaren,
South, M. 24,308; W. 31,180	Atteroliffe, M. 21,359; W. 20,875 210 C. F. Pike, C	Lab
Bouth, M. 24,308; W. 3x,180 296*Maj. Sir H. R. Cayzer, Bt., C	*C. H. Wilson, Lab15,020	Ind 401
W. J. Beck, Lab	G. H. Fletcher, Com 2,790 Brightside, M. 23,802; W. 24,226	Hanley, M. 22.522 W. 24.000
Preston,	211 H. F. Russell, C 20,270	227 H. K. Hales, C 18,262
M. 38,147; W. 46,096	*F. Marshall, Lab15,52	J. W. G. Peace, Ind 946
197 W. M. Kirkpatrick, C. 46,27(198 A. C. Moreing, C45,84) *Rt. Hon. T. Shaw, C.B.E.,	J. T. Murphy, Com 1,577 E. C. Snelgrove, N.P 849	Stoke, M. 27,303; W. 30,300
*Rt. Hon. T. Shaw, C.B.E.,	Central, M. sz,43z; W. sz,940 szs W. W. Boulton, Csz,58	238 Mrs. Ida Coveland, C. 10.018
Lab25,710 E. Porter, Lab24,660	SEE H. W. Boutton, C	1 L. Smith, Lao
2. 101001, 200		- 1 or aromoli-militis 1101334

270	ar isamental y Ourselvation	,
SUNDERLAND,	Silvertown, M. 22,486; W. 22,154	Berkshire.
M. 49,452; W. 54,107	244*J. J. Jones, Lab 19,851	Abinedon M. 18.508: W. 10.256
	Mrs. E. E. Tennant, C. 5,654 Stratford, M 20,794; W. 22,024	ago Major R. G. C. Glyn,
230 Samuel Storey, C 53,386	Stratford, M 20,794; W. 22,024 245*T E Groves, Lab13,925 C. G. Wodehouse-Tem-	М.С., Сипор.
*Marion Phillips, D.Sc,	245 T E Groves, Lab13,925	Mewbury, M. 21,961; W. 24,941
Lab	ple, C	Newbury, M. 21,961; W. 24,941 260*BrigGen. H. Clifton Brown, Cunop.
D. N. Pritt, K.C., Lab 29,680	Tinton M to Sec. W as non	
TOTTENHAM,	*B. W. Gardner, Lab13,453	Windsor, M. 25,559; W. 30,850   261*A. A. Somerville. Cunop.
MOTES, M. 20,503; W. 29,419	*B. W. Gardner, Lab12,453	
North, M. 26,503; W. 29,419 231 E. Doran, C22 172 *R. C. Morrison, Lab17.651	WIGAN.	BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.
South, M. sz,826; W. 24,706	M. 26, 103; W. 28,586	Aylesbury, M. 26,242; W.30,573
South, M. 21,826; W. 24,706 232 F. N. Palmer, N. Lab. 17.824	247* J. A. Parkinson, C.B.E.,	262*M. W. Beaumont, C 29, 368
*Fred Messer, Labzs,602		C. B. Dallow, L 8,927
TYNEWOUTH,	G. D. Roberts, C28,526	M188 D. Woodnian, Lao. 4,077
M. 19,514; W. 20,905 233*Maj. A. West Russell, C. 17,607 J. S. Holmes, L	WILLESDEN.	Buckingham,
J. S. Holmes, L 8,295	East, M. 30,666; W. 37,686 248*D. G. Sonnerville, C28,993	M. 21,934; W. 23,731 263*Capt. Sir G. E. W. Bow-
T. H. Knight, Lab 8,110	W. D. Lloyd, Iab10,010	1/er, Bt., M.C., C23,783
WAKEFIRLD,	Dr. J. S. Bridges, L 7,684	J. L. George, M.C., Lab. 11,736
M 15,458; W. 16.876	West, M. 26,693; W. 28,365. 249 Mrs. M. C. Tate, C23,910 *S. P. Viant, Lab15,550	Wycombe. M. 37,298; W. 39,737 264*MajGen. Str A. W. F.
(Bye-election, April 21, 1932)	249 Mrs. M. C. Tate, C23,910	Ynog V OR CMC
234 Rt. Hon. A. Green- wood, Lab	"S. P. Viant, 114015,550	Knox, K.C.B., C.M.G., C41,208
A. R. Greaves, C13,242	Wimbledon,	Dr. L. Haden Guest,
Wallasey,	M. 30,761; W. 38,747	M.C., Lab
M 27,292; W. 34,800 235 Lt. Col. J T. Moore-	250 Sir J. C. Power, Bt., C.39,643	Carparage
235 Lt Col. J T. Moore.	T. Braddock, Lab 9,674	CAMBRIDGE,
Riabazon, M.C., C40,161 J. D. Mack, Lab 7,712	WOLVERHAMPTON.	M. 24,471; W. 24,829 265*Capt. R. G. Briscoe, M.C., C
WALLSEND,	Bilston, M. 22,624; W. 24,195 251 Capt. G. K. Peto, C.B.R., C	M.C., C 23,742
N es s82 : W. 26.604	asi Capt. G. K. Peto,	G. T. Garratt, Lab 11,013
236 Irene M. B. Ward,	*J. Baker, Lab16,847	CHESHIRE.
M. 25, 283; W. 26,694 236 Irene M. B. Ward, C.B.E., C	East. M. 21,374; W. 21,788	Altrinoham, M. 34, 104; W. 42,047
Bondfield Lah18.202	East, M. 21,374; W. 21,788 252*G. Le M. Mander, L14,945	
WALSALL, "	Maj. A. T. Waters-Taylor,	(Bye-election, June 14, 1933.) 266 Lt. Col. Sir E. W. M.
M. 20.545; W. 22.565	C	Grigg, K.C.N.G., K.C.V.O.,
237 J. A. Lrckie, L30,507	West, M. 24,038; W. 27,317	D.S.O., M.C., C25,392 P. M. Oliver, L15,892 J. H. Hudson, Lab 8,333
*J. J. McShane, <i>Lab</i> 23,952	253 Sir R. Bird, Bt., C26,181	J. H. Hudson, Lab 8,333
WALTHAMSTOW.	*W. J. Brown, Lau17,090	City of Chester,
East, M. 19,533; W. 22,357 238 Sir B. C. Beauchamp,	Worcester,	M. 19,103; W. 21,856 267*Sir C. Cayzer, Bt., C18,174
Rt., C	M. 15,169; W. 18,506  254*W. P. C. Greene, C16,357  R. R. Fairbairn, L 6,611  H. Bolton, Lab	267*Sir C. Cayzer, Bt., C18,174
*H. W. Wallace, Lab. 9,983	254*W. P. C. Greene, C 16,357	A. Herbert, L11,770 J. Lewis, Lab 5,186
A. C. Crane, L 3,198	H. Bolton, Lab3,874	
West, M. 20,985; W. 22,108 239* V. La T. McEntee, Lab. 14,144		Crewe, M. 25,026; W. 26,422 268 Sir Donald B. Somer-
('. H. Grundy, C13,137	York,	vell, O.B.B., K.C., C25,141
S. W. Robinson, L 4,053	M. 25,240 , 17 . 20,004	*J. W. Bowen, Lab18,351
WARRINGTON,	*F. G. Burgess, Lab 16,310	Eddisbury, M. 15,207; W. 16,095
M. 24,108; W. 25,006 240 N. B. Goldie, K.C., C. 24,400	i	269*R. J. Russell, L. Nat. unop.
*C. Dukes, Lab19,055	ENGLISH COUNTIES.	Knutsford, M. 25,306; W. 30,340
WEDNESBURY,	(Excluding Monmouthshire.)	270*BrigGen. E. Makine,
M. 25,379; W. 26,129 (Bye-election, July 26, 1932.)	BEDFORDSHIRE.	C.B., D.S.O., Cunop. Macclesfield, M. 24,566; W. 30,388
(Bye-election, July 26, 1932.) 241 J. W. Banneld, Lab21,977	Bedford, M. 21,531; W. 25,821 256*S. R. Wells, C25,030	24.1 R Remer C 20.20
Capt. R. G. Davis, C. 18, 198	ag6*S. R. Wells, C25,030	27x*J. R. Remer, C30,796 D. S. Morton, Lab3,854
WEST BROWWICH,	Lab	Morthwich, M. 27,474; W. 27,816
M. 23,067; W. 24,425 242 A. Ramsay, C	Luton, M. 27,707; W. 31,173	272*Lord Colum Crichten
*Rt. Hou.F.O. Roberts,		Stuart, C30.062
Lab17,204	L. Nat 30,015	Mrs. B. A. Gould, Lab. 15,746,
W. Ramage, L 3,851	0. 11. Blackounders, 1340. 7,097	Stalybridge and Hyde,
WRST HAM.	Mid, M. 19,370; W. 21,185	M. 26,456; W. 31,859 273 Sydney Hope, C27,557
Plaistow, M. 23,557; W. 25,119 243*Will Thorne, C.B.E.,	*Milner Gray, L13,726	W. Dobbie, Lab14,251
Labunop.	H. W. Fenner, Lab 3,256	P. H. Jones, L

Pa	ruamentary	COTISCULOTICA	-
Wirral, M. 22.817; W. 28.730	Southern, M. 34	727 ; W. 35,618	
Wirral, M. 32,817; W. 38,739 274 Sir G. C. Clayton, C.B.E., Ph.D. C44,935 S. Wormald, Lab10,117	P.V. Emrys-	Evans, C. 33.965 ole, Lab. 23,958	
C.B.E., Ph.D. C44,935			30
	Western, M. 19,	909 ; W. 21,945	
	192 Marquess of	, Cunop.	30
Bodmin, M. 19,521; W. 21,752	ton, M.B.K.	,	_
275* Isaac Foot, Lunop.	Duron	arren W	
Camborne, M. 19,437; W. 25,105 276 LtConn. P. G. Agnew, R.N., C			30
R.N. C		9,793; W. 24,489 Peto, Bt., C.20,028	
*Rt. Hon. Leif Jones, L. 10,840	R. T. Dyke	cland, L. 18,318	
Miss K. Spurrell, Lab. 8,280	Honiton, M. 18.	880 : W. 24.736	30
Northern, M. 18,271; W. 21,749 (Bye-election, July 22, 1932.) 277 Rt. Hon. Sir F. D. Actand, Bt., L16,933 Lt. Com. A. M. Wil-	293 C. Drewe, C.	se, L14,563	Ī
and Rt. Hon. Sir F. D.			
Acland, Bt., L16,933	South 1		3
LtCom. A. M. Wil-	M. 17,470	W. 18,563	
liams, D.S.C., R.N., C.15,387	bert. L. No	11	
Penryn and Falmouth,	R. Messel, I	ab 3,499	3
278 M. Petherick, C 16,388	Tavistock, M. z	,139; W. 20,498	
M. 23,525; W. 27,242 278 M. Petherick, C	1 A Day 1	ck, C17,310	
A. L. Rowse, Lab16,698	R. Davies, I	ab 2,124	
8t. Ives, M. 16,843; W. 21,387 279*Rt.Hon. Walter Runci- man, L. Natunop	Tiverton, M. 17 296* Lt -Col. G.	,120 ; W. 19,467	3
man, L. Natunop	ag6* Lt -Col. G.	J. Adand-	
CUMBERLAND.	C	M.G., D.S.O., unop.	l
Northern. M. 13.310; W. 14.775	Torquey, M. 20	5,60z; W. 32,497 lianus, C34 690 land, Lab. 7,351	3
Northern, M. 13,310; W. 14,775 280 Maj. Sir F. Graham.	297*Charles Wil	liains, C34 690	
Bt., C12,504 W. H. W. Roberts, L. 11,277	H. M. Med	and, Lao. 7,351	١
Penrith and Cockermouth,	208* Mar. S. R. I	larrey. C. 26.765	C
M. 12.051: W. 15.117	E. R. Haylo	944; W. 30,364 larney, C. 26,765 or, L20,203	3
M. 12,951; W. 15,117 281*A. C. Niven Dixey, C. 12,904			١
A. Holgate, L11,412	Doi	RSET.	١,
Whitehaven, M. 16,519; W. 17,560	Eastern, M. 25	,,448; W. 30,856	Ľ
282 W. Nunn, C	299 G. R. Hall C	laine, C.B.E.	1
Workington M to 724' W. 10.420		ey, L. Nat. 18,801	
Workington, M. 19,724; W. 19,429 283*Tom Cape, M.B.R., Lab. 18,469 Major Hou. C. W.	E. J. Stock	er, <i>Lab</i> 7,009	ı
Major Hou. C. W.	Morthern. M. z	5,098; W. 16,800 urý, C15,499 rthwick, L.10,681	13
Lowther, C15, 165	300*Cecil Hanb	ury, C15,499 orthwick L to 68s	
DERBYSHIRE.		0.042 ' W. #8.010	1
Belper. M. 23,137; W. 24,198 284 Herbert Wrayg, C23,361 *J. Lees, Lab15,450	301 Viscount Co	9,043; W. 22,019 ranborne, C.21,284 shire, <i>Lab</i> 8,809	ı
*J. Lees. Lab 15,450	A. W. Wilt	shire, Lab8,800	1
Chesterfield, M. 24,874; W. 25,202	Western, M. 1	4,803; W. 16,787 Colfox, M.C.,	1
Chesterfield, M. 24,874; W. 25,302 285 R. J. E. Conant, C23,026 "George Benson, Lab17,046	C		P
		pell, L10,27	
Clay Cross, M. 23,179; W. 20,752			Ì
(Bye-election Sept. 1, 1933.)		RHAM.	
derson, Lab	Barna	rd Castle,	١
J. Moore, C6,293	M. 13,300	; W. 13,921 М. Цеаd-	١
H. Pollitt, Com3,434		O., O.B.K., C. 12,72:	ı.
High Peak, M. 22,233; W. 20,250	*W. Lawth	0., 0.B.K., C.x2,72 er, Labx0,28;	7
High Peak, M. 22,233; W. 26,256 287*Sir Alfred Law, C27,577 G. H. Bagnall, Lab 9,640	Bishop	Auckland,	-
	M. 20,879	ton Curry,	1
Ilkeston, M. 21,675; W. 22,441 288 A. J. Flint, N. Lab17,587	304 A. Charl	ton Curry, 17,55	
*G. H. Oliver, Lab17,585	Hugh Da	ton, p.sc,	١
North-Eastern.	Lah	16,79	
M. 26,669; W. 24,750 289 Jardine Bell Whyte, C. 20,729	Blaydon, M. z	3,716 ; W. 22,513	1
*Frank Lee, Lab19,385 A. V. Williams, N.P. 689	305 T. B. Mart	in, C18,92 ey, Lab18,43	7
	PRITAKER'S	LIMANACK, 19	84

Chester-le-Street. M. 25,767; W. 24,977 306*John J. Lawson, Lab. 24,373 R. G. Kellett, C. ......15,834 Consett, M. 26,410; W. 24,688 307 J. P. Dickie, L. Nat...23,474 *Rev. H. Dunnico, Lab.19,927 Durham, M. 20,467; W. 21,077 308 William McKeag, L....17,406 *J. Ritson, Lab. ...... 17,136 Houghton-le-Spring, M. 29,000 : W. 29,343 309 Col. R. Chapman, C.M.G., D.S.O., T.D., C.....25,549 *R. Richardson, Lab...28,700 Jarrow, M. 24,903; W. 24,232 310 W. G. Pearson, C......21,263 *R. J. Wilson, Lab. .....18,071 25,700 3,499 6,498 W. COXON, Lab. 28,978 W. COXON, Lab. 23,037 25,700 17,310 G. Lumley, Com. ..... 677 13,592 Sedgefield, M. 22,647; W. 21,740 312 Roland Jenninys, C...21,956 *J. Herriotts, Lab. ......15,404 3.134 Spennymoor, M. 20,670; W. 19,883 unop. 313*J. Batey, Lab. ......18,072 M. D. McCarthy, C. ...14,072 34 690 7,351 ESSEX. 2,364 26,765 Chelmaford, M. ; W. 20,703 20,203 314 Lt. - Col. Sir V. L. Henderson, M.C., C. 31,961 J. A. Sparkes, Lab. ... 7,755 Colohester, M. 315* Oswald Lewis, C. ..... 32,285 Com. E. A. Digby, K.C., .20,711 Lab., ... ............ 10,725 18,801 Epping, M. ; W. ..7,000 16,800 316*Rt. Hon. W. S. Churchill, . 15,499 . 10,68**2** 22,019 J. Ranger, Lab. ...... 4,713 .21,284 ...8,809 Harwich, M. ; W. 16,787 .. 15,510 ..10,271 ; W. Maldon, M. ; W. 318*Lt.-Col E. A. Ruggles-W. F. Toynbee, Lab .... 9,078 Romford, M. 319 W.G. Douglas Hutchin-*H.T. Muggeridge, Lab.31,410 .12,721 .. 10,287 Saffron Walden. M. 20,229; W. 22,430 320°R. A. Butler, C. ..... 22,501 S. S. Wilson, Lab. . .... 6,468 17,551 South-Eastern. ..16,796 M. 43,921; W. 44,969
321 H. V. A. M. Raikes, C. 30,436
*J. R. Oldfield, Lab. ...20,066
F. Greene, N. Lab. .... 6,539 22,513

GLOUCESTERSHIRE. Circuoester and Tewkesbury, M. 22,387; W. 25,080 322*W. S. Morrison, M.C., J. Griffin, Lab..... 5,868 Forest of Dean, Stroud, M. ss. 875; W. 27,659 324* W. R. D. Perkins, C. 27,512 F. W. Davies, Lab.....11,039 Thornbury, M. 25,490; W. 27,057 325 D. W. Gunnton, M.C., C.23,072 G. P. Blizard, Lab......1,008

HAMPSHIRE. Aldershot, M. 18, 10s; W. 21,850 286*Rt. Hon. Viscount
Wolmer, C. ......23,134
Mary Richardson, Lab. 4,091 Basingstoke,

M. 22,004; W. 23,478
327*Viscount Lynnington, C. 23,523
Miss F. L. Josephy, L. 6,106
C. A. Gontcher, Lab. ...4,124 Fareham, M. 27,776; W. 30,947 328 Rt. Hon. Sir T. W. H. Inskip, C.B.E , K C , C. unop. New Forest and Christchurch,

M. 27,754; W. 31,606 (Bye-election, Feb. 9, 1932.) 389 May. J. D. Mills, T.D., C. ...... 23,327 Dr. C. A. Smith, I.L.P. 5,135

Petersfield, M. 20,501; W. 23,195 330*Col. Rt. Hon. W. G. Nicholson, C. ......26,081 A. E. Albery, Lab. .....3,559

Winchester, M. 27,787; W. 30,108 331 Sir R. G. Ellis, Bt., C. 31,831 Dr. R. A. Lyster, Lab. 13,529

HEREFORD.

Hereford, M. 17,555; W. 20,478 332 J. P. L. Thomas, C....19,418 *H. F. Owen, Ind. L...12,465 Leominater, M. 15,904; W. 17,541 333 Sir E. W. Shepperson, C.x6,9x6 G. A. Edinger, L. ..... 9,803

HERTFORD. Hemel Hempstead, M. 19,291; W. 23,182 334 Rt. Hon. J. C. C. David-Ron, C.H., C.B., C. ...21,946 C.T. Le Quesne, K.C., L. 8,021 A. E. R. Millar, Lab .... 2,677 Hertford, M. 22,476; W. 23,353

335 Rear Adm. Murray F. Sueter, C.B., C. .....25,751 Dr. R. S. Edwards, Lab. 7,092

Hitchin, M. sz,683; W. sz,879 (Bye-election, June 8, z933) 336 Lt-Col. Sir A. T. Wilson, K.C.I.R., C.S.I., C.M.G., St. Albans, M. 29,993; W. 36,238 337*Lt.-Col. Sir F. E. Fremantle, O.B.E., M.D., C. 36,690 Monica Whately, Lab. 20,289 Watford, M. 28,923; W. 23,981 338*Rt. Hon. Sir Dennis Herbert, K.B.R., C. ...34,076 F. M. Jacques, Lab. ... 9,423 HOLLAND-WITH-BOSTON, M. 28,014; W. 29,232 J. H. Whitehouse, L. 7,826 339 James Bindell, L. Nat. 30,325 H. J. H. Parker, Lab. HUNTINGDONSHIRE.

M. 18,233; W. 19,151 M. Orbach, Lab. ..... 4,624 ISLE OF ELY.

M. 25,377 ; W. 25,472 341* James A. E. de Rothschild, D.O.M., L. .....20,842 J. A. Whitehead, Ind. 6,993 F. J. Knowles, Lab. ... 4,302 ISLE OF WIGHT. M. 26,528; W. 33,046 34s*Capt. P.D. Macdonald, J. E. Drummond, Lab. 9,639

Ashford, M. sa,613; W. s4,860 (Bye-election, March 17, 1933) 343 W. P. Spens, K.C., C.16,051 Rev. R. M. Kedward, L.11,423 W. J. Beck, Lab. ...... 6,178

Canterbury, M. 24,753; W. 29,987 344*Lt. Col. Sir W. Way-land, C. ......30,328 P. Winterton, Lab. ... 5,981

Ohislehurst, M. 25,209; W. 29,394 345* Waldron Smithers, C. 32,371 W. T. Colyer, Lab ..... 5,731 Dartford, M. 38,343; W. 39,370 346 F. E. Clarke, C.....34,095 *J. E. Mills, Lab.....87,349

Dover, M. 25,707; W. 28,399 7*Maj. Hon. J. Astor, C. 29,743 W. Moore, Lab. ....... 9,781 Faversham, M. 26,908; W. 26,825 348*Adam Maitland, C. ...25,258 H. N. Smith, Lab. ... 13,226

Gravesend, M. 23,053; W. 23,071 349*Irving J. Albery, M.C., 

B. Greene, Lab. ..... 12,488 Isle of Thanet, M. 25,543; W. 35,172 350*Capt. H. H. Balfour, M.C., C.

Maidstone, M. 22,396; W. 24,862 352 Alfred C. Bossom, F.R.I.B.A., C. .........27,394 Mrs.G. S. Massingham, Lab. ..... 6,770 Sevenoaks, M. 21,734; W. 23,876 352*Com. Rt. Hon. Sir E. Hilton-Young G.B.E., D.S.O., D.S.C., C .....unop. Tonbridge, M. 23,819; W. 32,276 283*Col. Rt. Hon. H. H. Spender-Clay, C. M.G., M.C., Lab. ..... 8,208

KESTEVEN AND RUTLAND. Grantham, M. 24,008; W. 25,334 344*Sir Victor Warrender, Bart., M.C., C......27,164 M. W. Moore, Lab. ...12,115 Rutland and Stamford, M. 17,049; W. 18,200 (Bye election - 1933.)

LANCASHIRE.

Chorley, M. 23,839; W. 27,957 J. Barrow, Lab. ..... 12,734 Olitheree, M. 20,080; W. 23,922 357*Capt. Sir W. Brass, C. 24,361 S. Awbery, Lab. .....14,920

Darwen, M. 18,918; W. 23,116 358*Rt. Hon. Sir Herbert Samuel, G.O.B., G.B.E.,

Farnworth, M. 22,831; W. 26,719 359 J. Stones, C. ......22,460 *Guy Rowson, Lab.....19,553

Fylde, M. 31,682; W. 35,381 360*Lord Stanley, M.C., C...unop. Heywood and Radoliffe,

M. 25,574; W. 30,600 J. C. Jackson, K.C., C. 32,429 J. Stott, Lab. .......... 12,915 Ince, M. 22,240; W. 22,314
362*GordonMardonald, Lab23,237

R. Catterall, C. ......... 3,440 Lancaster, M. 24,402; W. 30,002 363*H. Ramsbotham, O.B.E., M.C., C......32,185 R. C. Willis, Lab. .....10,309

Lonsdale, M. 16,207; W. 19,027 364*Lord Balniel, C. ......17,42 

Middleton and Prestwich, M. 22,934; W. 28,076 365*Sir A.N. Stewart-Sandeman, Bt., C.....31,702 T. McCall, Lab. .....10,796

Mossley, M. 25,805; W. 29,395 366 Austin Hopkinson, Ind. 17,027 *H. M. Gibson, Lab. ...15,587 E. Barlow, C. .....13.873

I WI WATE	entary Constituenci
Newton, M. 18,506; W. 18,461	MIDDLESEX.
*Sir Robert Young, 0.B.R., Lab13,683	, M. 22,082; W. 25,783 J. Duggan, C24,196 C. Shillaker, M.B E., ab
' ()rmekirk. M. e6 o62 : W. so.220	
368 Str S T. Rosbotham, N. Lab	. 19,367; W. 22,751 C. Mitchell, C22,667
Royton, M 22, 123; W 25, 715 369 II. Sutcliffe, C	Col. R. V. K. Ap-
The C A Descende Con and Finonic	y, M. 24,254; W. 30,594
F. Anderson, Lab12,796 385*Ma)	.Hon. E. Cadogan, R., C34,286 . Stoue. Lab 6,440
371*Capt. H. M. Bullock, Harrow	W. M. 44.300 : W. 40.702
M B.E., Cunop. 386*Maj	. Str I. Salmon, B K., C
	. Sandilands, Lab 14,241 . Banting, L 5,444
372*R. J. Davies, Lab19,301	n. M. so ozz : W. 62.824
Widnes, M. 23, 108; W. 23, 111	. Rt. Hon Sir P.
373 J. R. Robinson, C25,173 A. G. Camerou, Lab15,309 Mrs	. Rt. Hon Sir P. unlife-Lister, B. E., C., C
LEICESTERSHIRE.	ne, M 29,802; W. 33,604
Bosworth, M. 24,454; W. 25,212 B	Reginald Blaker, 1, C 34,115 V. Temple, Lab 9,214
J. Morgan, Lab12,670	I wickenham,
Harborough, M. 23,905; W. 27,325 (Ryo. 4)	. 34,741; W. 39,540 ection, Sept. 16, 1932.) R. Murray-Philip
Loughborough, P 1	lt. Murray-Philip- on, C21.688 Iolman, Lab16,881
M. 21,806; W. 23,148 Uxbridg	re, M. 35,363; W. 37,503
*E. Winterton, Lab	B.E., M.C., C35,836 1. Worsnop, Lab11,609
377*W. Lindsay Everard, C. 30,355 A E. Stubbs, Lab 8, 200	(4 2,358
LINDSRY (PARTS OF).	Wood Green, 34,852; 17. 43,078
Brigg, M. 23,022; W. 22,543. 378 Capt M. J. Hunter, C.21,809 *1). J. K. Quibell, Lab. 15,614	Hon. G. Locker- ampson, C
Gainsborough,	
M. 17,166; W. 17,330 270*Cant. H. F. C. Crook. Easter:	NORFOLK. a, M. 22,013; W. 23,353
379*Capt. H. F. C. Crook. shank, C	ount Elinley, L. at
Horneastle, M. 16,207; W. 18,241	King's Lynn,
380*Henry C. Haslam, Sc.D., C	. 22,547; W. 23,895 d Fermon, C23.687 Freeman, Lab10,054
Louth, M. 19,327; W. 20,890 Norther	rn. M. 19.161 ; W. 20.078
381*LtCol.A. P. Honeage, D.S.O., C	R. A. M. Cook, C19,988 y Noel - Buxton, ab

Southern, M. 20,477; W. 21,074 783 395*J. A. Christie, C. .....21,195 E. G. Gooch, Lab. .....1,148 24,196 South-Western, 11,9**2**4 M. 19,761; W. 19,904 396 Maj. Sir Alan McLean, C......19,614 *W. B. Taylor, C.B.E., 22,667 Lab. ..... 9,952 7,572 604 NORTHAMPTON, WITH THE SOKE OF PETERBOROUGH. Daventry, M. 18,759; W. 19,857 397*Capt. Rt. Hon. E. A. Fitz-594 roy, C. (Speaker).....unop. Kettering, M. s3,9s6; W. s6,138 4,286 Kettering, M. 23,926; W. 2 6,440 398 J. F. Eastwood, O.B.R., *S. F. Perry, Lab......17,095 ,702 Peterborough, 8,068 4,241 M. 23,133; W. 24,814 5,444 399 Lord Burghlen, C. .... 26,640 *J. F. Horrabin, Lab....24,206 Wellingborough, M. 21,296; W. 23,242 56,305 15,305 400 Wing-Comm A. W. H.

James, M.C., C. ......22,127

*George Dallas, Lab....14,137 3,604 NORTHUMBERLAND. 4,115 0,214 Berwick-upon-Tweed, M. 18,313; W. 21,071 401*Capt. A. J. K. Todd, U. unop. Hexham, M. 16,703; W. 18,817 932.) 402*Col. D. C. Brown, C....20,578 E. O. Dunnico, Lab... 7,557 z.688 6,88x Wansbeck, M. 34,387; W. 35,sos 7,503 403 Lt. Col. B. Cruddas, D.S.O., C. .....33,650 *G. W. Shield, Lab. ..... 24,126 35,836 1,600 NOTTINGHAM. 2,358 Bassetlaw, M. 25,843; W. 25,357 404 * Malcolm J. Mac Donald, Broxtowe, M 26,623; W. 27,139 3,353 Mansfield, M. 31,395; W. 31,248 5,945 406*Charles Brown, Lab ... \$6,865 6,562 E. S. B. Hopkin, C. ... 21,303 Newark, M. 23,452; W. 24,344 407 Marquess of Titchfield, 23.687 C. ... 25,445 J. R. Bellerby, *Lab.* ...10,840 10,054 Rusheliffe, M. 30,808; W. 34,548 io,978 408* Rt. Hon. Sir H. B. Bet-19,988 terton, Bt., O.R.E., C. 36,670 Mrs. F. B. Paton, Lab. 14,176

274 Parliamentary Constituencies.			
OXFORD.  Banbury. M. 22,621; W. 24,785 409 Maj. A.J. Edmundson, Cuuop	Kingswinford,  M 27,218; W. 27,920  423 A. S. Todd, C 21,934  *C. H. Sitch, Lab19,495	Guildford, M. 28,214; W. 34,411 437*Hon. C. A. U. Rhys, M.C., C	
Henley, M. 23,374; W. 25,032 (Bye-election, Feb. 25, 1932.) 410 Sir Gifford Fox, Bt, C 16,553 R. B. Matthews, L 7,129	Leek. M. 23,300 : W. 25,353	Mitcham. M. 34,079; W. 38,912 438*Sir R. J. Meller, C38,948 W. Graham, Lab12,124 Reigate, M. 25,204; W. 29,467	
SALOP. Ludlow, M. 13,916; W. 16,862	425*J. A. Lovat Fraser, N. Lab	439 G. C. Touche, C33,934 P. H. Collick, Lab 7,076	
411*LtCol. G. Windsor- Clire, C.M.G., C29,700 T. Hardwick, Lab 4,683 Onwestry, M. 20,072; W. 22,687	Stafford, M. 16,770; W. 17,765 426*Capt, Rt. Hon W. G. A. Ormsby-Gore, C 18,467 Lan Smith Lab.	EAST SUSSEX.  Eastbourne, M. 20,952; W. 30,004 (Bye-election, April 28, 1932.) 440 John Stater, C unop.	
4x2*Maj. B. E. P. Leighton, C23,740 W. E. Warder, Lab 8,343 Shrewsbury, M. 17,345; W. 19,459	8tone, M. 21, 109; W. 22,738 \$27*Sir J. Q. Lamb, C20,327 W. Meakin, L	East Grinstead, M. 25,836; W. 31,861 441*Sir H. & Cantlen, Bt, K.C., C	
413*G. A. V. Duckworth, C.18,505 Dr. Betty Morgan, L. 9,358 E. Porter, Lab 2,567 The Wrekin, M. 22,084; W. 21,688	EAST SUFFOLK. Eye, M. 20,219; W. 20,613	Lewes, M. 19,888; W. 23,823 442 Capt. J. de Vere Loder, C	
424 Col. J. Baldwin Webb, C	428* E. L. Granville, L. Nat. unop.  Lowestoft, M 22,410; W. 25,327 429* Sir Gereas Rentoul,	F Hancock, Lab 5.795 Rye, M. 19,987; W. 26,093 443*Lt. Col. Sir G. L. Cour- thope, Bt., M.C., Cunop.	
SOMERSET. Bridgwater, M 19,311; W. 22,723 415 ⁴ R. P. Croom-Johnson,	Woodbridge, M. 21,348; W. 23,447 430 W. Ross-Taulor, C.B R.,	WEST SUSSEX. Chichester. M. 33,197; W. 39,554 444*Maj J. S. Courtauld, M.C., C	
K.C., C 24,041 J. M. Boltz, Lab 6,974 Frome, M. 23 371; W. 25,407 416 Viscount Weymouth, C.24,838	C	C. W. Higgins, Lab 6,085 Horsham and Worthing, M. 32,955; W 42,530	
*F. Gould, Lab	Bury St. Edmunds,	445*Rt Hon. Earl Winter- ton, C	
Wells. M. 17,400; W. 19,402 418*Ma). A. J. Muurhead, M.C., C	Sudbury, M. 15,472; W. 16,397 432*Lt ·Cal. H. W. Burton, OB K., C13,500 Alan Samsbury, D10,929	Nuneaton, M. 40,571; W. 38,946 446 Capt. E. T. T. North, C. 25,839 *Frank Smith, Lab 23,375 H W Willison, L. Nat 12,811	
L	SURREY. Chertsey, M. 29,484; W. 35,191 A22 Sir A. Boud-Carnenter.	Rugby, M. 21,583; W. 22,788 147*Capt Rt. Hon. H. D. R. Maryesson, M. C., C. 24,493 E. J. Pay, Lab	
Yeovil, M. 22, 278; W. 24,875 450° Maj. G. F. Davies, C. 20, 165 P. H. Hoffer, L	Fastern W II'	Tamworth, M. 30,964, W. 35,475 448*Rt. Hon Sir A. Steel- Mailland, Bt., C 42,571 J. Willbery, Lab 7,527	
STAFFORD.  Burton, M. 22,624; W. 24,195  421°Col. Rt. Hon. J. Gretton, C.B.R., C	Epsom, M. 33,752; W. 41,153 435*Com A. R. J. Southby, R. N. C	Warwick and Leamington, M. 30,034; W. 36,584 449*Capt. R. A. Eden, M.C., C	
W. T. Paling, Lab 8,832 Cannook, M. 33,445; W. 32,823 422 Mrs. S. A. Ward, C27,498 *W. M. Adamson, Lab.22,833	436* Sir A. M. Samuel, Bt.,	WESTMORLAND, M. 19,961; W. 24,065 450*Maj. Hon. O. F. G. Stanley, M.C., Cunop.	

WIL	TSHIRK.	Scarborough and Whitby,	Rother Valley,
1	. 17,622 ; W. 18,660		M. 28,419; W. 25,765
Agy*Capt V.	A. Cazalet.	465*Sir Paul Latham, Bt.,	120*T. W. Grundy, Lab 2
M. C., C.	A. Cozalet, 17,232 Howard, L. 20,928	C 32.025	
H. W. S 1	loward, L. 10.928	C32.025 P. S. Eastman, <i>Lab.</i> 6,575	Pothwell W as ass : W as
W. R. Rob	ins, <i>Lab</i> 2,194		
Dowiess M -	6,009 ; W. 16.362	Thirsk and Malton,	480* William Lunn, Lab
	A. Hurd. C. 16,702	M. 18,908; W. 19,904	Maj. C. H. Stringer, D.S.O., O.B.E., C
	den, L 8,501	466* Robert Hugh Turton, C. unop.	D.3.0., U.B.B., Ua
1			Shipley, M. 23,587; W. 29,
	19,753; W. <b>22</b> ,190	Yorkshire, West Riding.	481*J. H. Lockwood, C
453*Maj. J. A.		Barkston Ash,	W. A. Robinson, Lab. 1
	e-Despencer-	M. 24,767; W. 25,548	W. A. Robinson, Lab. 1 W. J. Leaper, N.P
I ROBERTRON	//, O.B.K., C. 23,189	467 Col L. Ropner, V. C., C. 27,924 Rev. G. S. Woods, Lab 74, 88	
A. D. Leni	m, 1200 0,950	Rev. G. S. Woods, Lab. 14,585	Skipton, M. 23,671; W. 27
Swindon, M. :	13,737 ; W. 23,872		(Bye-election, Nov. 7, 193
454 Sir R. Mit	chell Banks,	Colne Valley,	Sowerby, M. 20,993; W. 25,
K.c., C.	<b>22,756</b> C. Addison,	M. 25,257; W. 29,940.	483 M. S. McCorquodale, C. 2
*Rt. Hon.	C. Addison,	468 E Lancelot Mallalieu,	*W. J. Tout, Lab
M.D., La	b17,962	E Markley Lab	=
Westbury, M.	W.	E. Marklew, Lab13,734	Spen Valley,
	nston, C 16,949	celles, C B.E., C 12,581	M. 24,947; W. 29,342
J. H. Harr	18, L11,014	M. A. E. Franklin, N.	484*Rt Hon.Sir J.A.Simon,
M. Hacket	t, Lub 5,127	Lab 203	G.C.S.I., K.C.V.O., O.B.E.,
		Doncaster. M 31,124, W. 30,320	K C., L
	STERSHIRE.	160 4 H F Malau C	11. 11. MVIR, 2001
Bewdley, M	17,185; W. 21,156	469 A. H. E. Molson, C 27,205 *W. Paling, Lab23,363	Wentworth, M. 31,751; W. a
446*Rt. Hon S	tanley Bald-		ARE*G. H. Harst. Lab?
	unop	Don Valley, M. 35,306; W. 30,89z,	485*G. H. Hirst, Lab3 Mrs. C. I. Hilyer, L.
Evesham M.	19,410; W. 21,430	470*T Williams, Lab 27,599	Nat
457*Com Rt.		S. Hardwick, C19,506	
B. M.	Eyres-Mon-	Elland, M. 21,192; W. 26,018	
	Е., С ипор		ENGLISH UNIVERSITI
		471 T Lem, C	Oxford.
1	rminster,	Hemsworth, M 24,967, W. 20,954	
M . 28,736	5; W. 33,894	472*Gabriel Price, Lab23,609	M. 16,313; W. 1,948
458*Sir J. S.	. Wardlaw		486*Rt. Hon. Lord H. Cecil,
Milne, K	i B K., <i>C.</i> 33,359 ephen, <i>Lah.</i> 9,814	C 9,867	C
31188 0. 170	epnen, 1.40. 9,014		K.B.R., C 1
Stourbridge, M	. 34,084; W. 36,240	Keighley, M. 22,050, W. 25,787	<b>2.13.20, 0.</b>
450 Robert II	Morgan, C 22,652	473 Capt. G. S. Harvie	CAMBRIDGE.
*Wilfred W	ellock, Lab 18,910	*Doof Dt Hon H D	M. 24,186; W. 3,932
D. L. Finn	emore, L 16,121	Les-Smith, Lab13,198	488 Sir John James
. V.nramne	From Ditters	W. J. C. Briggs, L 9,044	17 ((186) A. U.D N., U U
	, EAST RIDING		489*G H.A. Wilson, O B.K.,
-	18,433; W. 21,548	Normanton, M. 21,951; W. 19,715	C
460*Maj. A N.	Brauthwaite,	(Bye-election, May 8, 1933.)	London.
D.S.O., M	i.c , Cunop	474 Tom Smith, Labunop.	
Holderness, M.	20,155 ; W. 22 579	Penistone, M. 24,846; W. 25,139	M. 11,434; W. 5,067
46x*S Serring	ton Savery,	475 C. W. H. Glossop, C. 19,556	490*Sir E. G. Graham- Little, Ind. C
			Mai. A. G. Church.
Alme Macl	kinnon, L 10.471	T. Neville, L 6.821	Maj. A. G. Church, D.S.O., V.C., N. Lab.
J L Schu	ltz, Lab 2,927	Pontefract, M. 23,636; W. 23,109	
How	denshire,	426 Capt T. E Sotheron-	('OMBINED (Durham, Man
	8 ; W. 19,001	Estcoret C 30.841	ter, Liverpool, Leeds, Shef Birmingham, Bristol and I
	. Carver, C. unop	*Tom smith, Lab16,870	ing).
,	,		M. 12,506; W. 6,60s.
YORKSHIRE.	NORTH RIDING.	Pudsey and Otley,	
	29,108; N. 29,101	M. 23,257; II'. 29,940	491* Eleanor Rathbone, Ind.
463 LtCom.		477*C. Granrille Gibson, C 31,701	G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., C.
RN C	n c. Duner,	W. Pickles, Lab 10,013	+Rt. Hon. Sir W. A.

Richmond, M. 21,593; W. 24,358 464 Capt. T. L. Dugdale, C. unop.

. W. Grundy, Lab. ... 26, 185 .-Com. A.G. Olliver, C. 15,818 well, M. 20,011; W. 20,963 Villiam Lunn, Lab....24,879
aj. C. H. Stringer, D.S.O., O.B.E., C. ..... xs, x98 pley, M. 23,587; W. 29,877 V. H. Luckwood, C. ...27,304 V. A. Robinson, Lab. 14,725 V. J. Leaper, N.P. ... 601 oton, M. 23,671; W. 27,498 e-election, Nov. 7, 1933.) erby, M. 20,993; W. 25,222 I. S. McCorquodale, C. 25,522 . J. Tout, Lab. ...... \$57 Spen Valley, M. 24,947; W. 29,342 t Hon.Sir J.A.Simon, worth, M. 31,751; W. 28,304 J. H. Harst, Lab. .....31,861 frs. C. I. Hilyer, L. Nat ...... . ...... 14,462 LISH UNIVERSITIES. OXFORD. M. 16,313; W. 1,948 t. Hon, Lord H. Cecil, C. .....unop.
Prof Sir C. W.C.Oman,
K.B.R., C. ....unop. CAMBRIDGE. M. 24, 186; W. 3,932 ir John James Withers. C.B R., C. .. unop. H.A. Wilson, O B.E., С....ипор. LONDON. M. 11,434; W. 5,067 Sir E. G. Graham-Little, Ind. C. ......... 8,461 Maj. A. G. Church, D.S.O., W.C., N. Lab. 3,134 BINED (Durham, Manchesiverpool, Leeds, Sheffield, ingham, Bristol and Read-M. 12,506; W. 6,602. lleanor Rathbone, Ind. 5,096 Ripon, M. 24,655, W. 33,716 478*Rt. Hon. Maj. J. W. Hills, C. ...... 37,898 R. J. Hall, Lab. ..... 5,125

& Chales and Monmouth.	CARRNARVON,	Pontypridd, M. 24,331; W. 23,015
WELSH BOROUGHS (11).	M. 23,301; W. 24,702	519*Capt. P. L. Davies, Lab. 21,751
, ,	506*Maj Goronwy Owen, D S.O., Ind. L 14,993	B Acworth, D.S.O., R.N.,
CARRNARVON DISTRICT, M. 15,58s; W. 20,297	Elwyn Jones, Lab. 14,299 W. P. O. Evans, Ind 7,990	1. M. Jones, Ind 1.110
403*Rt. Hon. David Lloyd	W. P. O. Evans, Ind 7,990 Prof. J. E. Daniel, Ind. 1,136	W. Lowell, N.P 466
George, O.M., L17, 101 F. P. Gourlay, C11,714	1101. 0. 12. Damet, 17.4. 1,130	MERIONETH,
F. P. Gourlay, C11,714	CARDIGAN,	M. 13,631; W.15,342.
CARDIFF.	M. 18,259; W. 20,937 (Bye-election, Sept. 22, 1932.)	Sao*H. Handn Jones, L 9,756
Central, M. sz.770; W. 25,295	507 D. Owen Evans, L 13.437	Rev J. H. Howard, Lab. 7,807 C. Phibbs, C 6,372
494*Capt. Sir E. N. Ben- nett, N. Lab 24,120	Col. E. C. L. Fitzwil- liams, c. M.G., C 8,866	
E. Archbold, Lab 10,758	Rev. D. M. Jones, Lab. 5,295	MONMOUTH. Abertillery, M. 20,809; W. 18,234
East, M. 18,660; W. 21,656		5a1*George Dagger, Labunop.
495 O. T. Morris. C 22,465	CARMARTHEN. Carmarthen, M. 21,952; W. 24,502	Bedwellty, M. 23,415; W. 21,017
*J. E. Edmunds, Lab. 10,292 J. E. Emlyn-Jones, L. 9,559	- 0 . 1 . 10 . 17	522*Charles Edwards,
South, M. 18,475; W. 20,184	#Mail To Mambris, as a	i cibian, zaro, min minopi
	Lt. Col. D. Davies-	Ebbw Vale, M. 20,550; W. 18,332 523* Aneurin Bevan, Lab . unop.
*A. Henderson, jun.,	Evans, C	Monmouth, M. 21,863; W. 23,066
Lab12,092	Llanelly, M. 34,139; W. 32,908	ras Sir C. L. Rorestier.
MERTHYR TYDFIL.	509* Dr. J. H. Williams, Lab. 34, 196	Walker, Bt., K B E., C.24,829
Aberdare, M. 27,936; W. 25,866	F. J Rees, C18,163	
497*G. II. Hall, Labnop	DENBIGH.	Pontypool. M. 22,394; W. 29,696 525*T. Grifiths, Lab28,932
Merthyr, M. 22,527; W. 21,381 498*R. C. Wallhead, Lab. 24,623	Denbigh, M. 20, 249; W. 24,465	T. Keens, L. Nat14,709
S. Davies, N. P	Sto* Dr. J.H. Morris-Jones,	
· ·	M.C., L. Aatunop	MONTGOMERY, M. 14,120; W. 16,000
NEWPORT,	Wrexham, M. 27,718, W. 26,621	
M. 27,901; W. 29,234 499 Reginald G. Clarry, C. 27,829	511 A. O. Roberts, L22,474 *R. Richards, Lab20,653	L. Natunop.
*James Walker, Lab 19, 236		PEMBROKE,
	FLINT,	M. 26,548; W. 28,743
RHONDDA.	M. 34,700; W. 37,902	527* Ma J. G. Lloud George, L. 24,606
East, M. 23,204; W. 20,835 (Bye-election, March 28, 2932.)	512* Frederick Llewellyn- Jones, L. Nat	Maj. C. W. M. Price, C 19,560
too H. Mainwaring, Lab. 14,127	Mi s F Edwards, Lab. 16,158	WELSH UNIVERSITY,
A. Horner, ('om11,228 W. D. Thomas, L 7,851		M. 3,325; W. 1,796
West. M. 21,677; W. 19,273	GLAMORGAN. Aberavon, M. 23,562; W. 23,128	528 Capt. Ernest Evans,
501* Will John, Lab		S. Lewis, Ind 914
J. L. Davies, Com 4.296	E. Curran, L 16,378	51 220 Wis, T.M. 1111111111 924
	Caerphilly, M. 23,055; W. 20,744	
SWANSEA.	514* Morgan Jones, Lab23,061 Mrs. C. Bowen-Davies,	=-
East, M. 17,869; W. 18,049  502* David Williams, Lab. 17,126		SCOTTISH BURGHS (33),
R. D. Chalke, L 13,177	C 17 17	ABERDEEN.
West, M. 19,858; W. 21,822	525* D R Grenfell, Lab sz, c63	North, M. 23,037; W 25,582 529 J. G. Burnett, C22,932
503 L. Jones, L. Nat 20,603 *H. W. Samuel, Lab 14,587	Sir Edgar Rees Jones, K B.E., L 19,157	"Capt Rt. Hon. Wedg-
*H. W. Samuel, 1.40 14,587	Llandaff and Barry,	
WELSH COUNTIES (24).	M. ac. 725 : W. az. 782	D.F.C., Lab 8,753 Mrs. H.Crawford, Com. 3,980
Anglesey,	516 P. Munro, C32,590 *C. Ellis Lloyd, Lab 21,767	South, M. 22,261; W. 31,299
M. 16,096; W. 17,604	*C. Ellis Lloyd, Lab 21,767	530*Ser F. C. Thomson, Bt.,
504*Megan Lloyd George,	Neath, M. 31,735; W. 29,815	K.C., C33.988 G. Catto, Lab
L	517*Nir W. Jenkins, Lab. 30,853	
	17. (1. 247.00, 131.11 1.11 17,309	AIR DISTRICT,
BRECON AND RADNOR,	Ogmore, M. 25,820; W. 23,383	M. 22,088; W. 27,644
M. 24,519; W. 24,680 505 Capt. W. D'Arcy Hall,	518* E. J. Williams, Lab. 23,064 Sir T. G. Jones, K.B.R.,	Noore, C.B.E., C 28.256
505 Capt. W. D'Arcy Hall, N.C., C	C12,653	
*Peter Freeman. Lah17,22;	J. R. Campbell, Com. 3,099	Lab 9,974

	1 Control of Gordon
DUMBARTON DISTRICT,	Kelvingrove, M. 20,353; W. 23,844 548°Rt. Hois. W. E. Elliot, M.C., D.Sc., C
M. 19,789; W. 19,534 532*D. Kirkwood, Lab 16,335	M. 20,353; W. 23,644 848*Rt. Hon. W. E. Elliot.
532* D. Kirkwood, Lab 16,335 M. J. McCracken, C 15,338	H.C., D.Sc., C21,481
	J. Winning, Lab12,415
DUNDEE,	Maryhill, M. 22,544; W. 25,336 549 Dougtan Jamieson, K.O.
M. 46,563; W. 62,709	C20,710
533 D. M. Foot, L52,048 534 Florence Horsbrugh,	*J. S. Clarke, Lab16,613
*M. B.E., C	Partick, M. 17,048; W. 19,086 550 Maj. C. G. MacAndrew,
*M. Marcus, Lab32,573	C18,904
R. Stewart, Com10,264	A. M Kiniay, Lab
	Pollok. M. 18,671; W. 25,521 551*Col. Rt. Hon. Str John
DUNFERMLINE DISTRICT,	Gilmour, Bt., D.S.O., C. 27,772
M. 17,272; W. 19,001 535 John Wallace, L. Nat.16,863 *W. McL. Watson, Lab.12,247	J. Rankin, Lab 6.323
*W. McL. Watson, Lab. 12,247	St. Rollex, M. 20,077; W. 20,781 552* William Leonard, Lab. 13,545
Edinburgh.	552* William Leonard, Lab. 23,545 F. Shoesmith, C22,734
	Miss E. Campbell, Scot.
Central, M. 18,201; W. 21,105 536 J. C. Morrison Guy,	Nat 4,021
M.C., C	Shettleston, M. 21,171; W. 22,648
Lab	553*J. McGovern, Lab16,301 J. Lucas, C
F Douglas, Com 1,319	J. Lucas, C
East, M. 18,597; W. 21,079 537 D. M. Mason, L17,372	W. E. Stevenson, N.P. 403
*Dr. Drummond Shiels.	Springburn, M. 22,083; W. 23,185
M.C., Lab	Springburn, M. 22,083; W. 23,185 554 C. E. G. C. Emmott, C.16,092 *G. D. Hardie, Lab16,058
Scot. Nat 2.822	A. Haimes, Com 1,997
North. M. 20.018: W. 26.316	Tradeston, M. 19,396; W. 19,730 555 W. H. MacLean, Ph. D.
North, M. 20,918; W. 26,316 538*Nir P. J. Ford, Bt., C. 26,361 R. Gibson, K.C., Lab8,771	C 15.007
	T. Henderson, C.B.K.,
South, M. 17,350; W. 29,419 539*Sir Samuel Chapman,	Lab3,579 GREENOCK,
Cunop.	M. 21,345; W. 22,601 556*Col. Rt. Hon. Str G. P. Collins, K.B.R.,
West, M. 24,006; W. 31,701 540 W.G. Normand, K.C., C.31,407	556*Col. Rt. Hon. Sir G.
*G. Mathers, Lab123,704	P. Collins, K.B.R., C.M.G., Nat. L18,013
	T. Irwin, Lab10,850
GLASGOW.	A Ferguson, Com 6,440 Kirkcaldy District,
Bridgeton, M. 19,954; W. 20,386 541* James Maxton, Lab 16,630	
541* James Muxton, Lab 16,630 Dr. Catheriue Gavin, C. 11,941 Camlachie, M. 20,411; W. 22,725	M. 19,650; W. 21,827 557 Albert Russell, k.C., C.19,132
Camlachie, M. 20,411; W. 22,725	*Rt. Hon. Tom Kennedy, Lab 14,492
543 Junes Devendon, U. D. E.,	
*Rev. C. Stephen, Lab. 15, 282	LEITH, M. 24,209; W. 26,770
Catheart, M. 20,052; W. 25,347 543*John Train, C26,642	558* Ernest Brown, M.C., L. Nat24,847
A. L. Ritchie. Lab 8.010	A. Woodburn, Lab 13,400
A. L. Ritchie, <i>Lab</i> 8,919 J. Mellick, <i>N.P</i> 529	Montrose District,
Central, M. 23,370; W. 22,790	M. 12,380; W. 17,576
544*BrigGen. Sir W. Alex-	(Bye-election, June 28, 1932.)
ander, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., T.D., C.21,547 W. H. Martin, Lab11,456	559*Lt. Col. Charles I ain Kerr, D.S.O., M.C.,
W. H. Martin, Lab 11,456	L. Nat 7,963 RtHon. T. Kennedy,
Gorbals, M. 23,279; W. 24,093 545*G. Buchanau, Lab19,278	Lab
545*G. Buchanan, Lab 19,278 M. Bloch, C	D. Emslie, Scot. Nat 1,996
M. Bloch, C	PAISLEY, M. 24,098; W. 29,275
Govan, M. to 272 : W. to 222	160 Hon. J. P. Maclay, L. 26.182
546* Neil Maclean, Lab 15.047	560 Hon. J. P. Maclay, L. 26, 187 *James Welsh, Lab 16, 183
A. MICCILITE, C14,443	STIRLING AND FALKIRK
Hillhead, M. 14,394; W. 21,626 547*Rt. Hon. Sir R.S. Horne,	DISTRICT,
G.B.E., K.C., C	M. 20,737; W. 21,436 g61 J. S. C. Reid, K.C., C 21,845
G.B.E., K.C., C21,279 C. A. O'Donnell, Lab. 7,539	*H. Murnin, Lab12,483

277 SCOTTISH COUNTIES, ABERDEEN AND KINCARDINE. Central, M. 17,614; W. 20,484 562*R. W. Smith, C. ......16,501 R. C. Berkeley, M.O., L. 12,758
Eastern, M. 16,364; W. 18,163
563*R. J. G. Boothby, C. 18,266
F. Martin, Lab. 6,399 Kinoardine and Western, M. 13,483; W. 15,266 564 C. M. Barclay-Harvey, C......14,366 *James Scott, L. ...... 8,890 ARGYLL,

M. 19,697; W. 21,944

566* F. A. Macquisten, K.C.,

C.....unop. AYR AND BUTE. Bute and Northern M. 22,993; W. 28,102 567*Lt.-Gen.Sir A. G. Hunter-Weston, K.C.B., D.S.O., C. .....24,467 A. Sloan, Lab.....10,227 Kilmarnock, M. 21,363; W. 24,643 (Bye-election, Nov. 2, 2933.) South Ayrshire, M. 19,215; W. 19,144 Capt. J. O. Mac-Andrew, C. ............16,675 *Rt. Hon. James Brown, 569 Capt. L.....unop. BERWICK AND HADDINGTON. M. 21,744; W. 24,053 571 J. H. F. McEwen, C. 25,169 *George Sinkinson, Lab. 9,089 CAITHNESS AND SUTHERLAND, M. 13,652; W. 14,731 572*Rt. Hon. Sir A. H. M. Sinclair, Bt., C.M.G., L.....unop. DUMBARTON, M. 25,299; W. 29,429 (Bye election, March 17, 1932.) 573 Com. Hon. A. D. Cochrane, D.S.O., R.N., C.16,749 Rt. Hon. T. Johnston, DUMPRIES, M. 20,488; W. 24,076 574*Dr. Joseph Hunter, L.26,873 J. S. Paterson, Lab. ... 7,693 FIFE. Eastern, M. 19,977; W. 25,645 (Bye-election, Feb. 2, 1933) 575 J. H. Stewart, L. Nat. 15,770 J. Westwood, Lab. ... 6,633 J. L. Anderson, Ind. 4,404 D. Keir, Ind. L. ... 2,806 E. Linklater, Scot. Nat. 1,653

Western, M. 22,055; W. 21,175	Lini.ithgow,	1
Western, M. 22,055; W. 21,175 576 C. Milne, K.C., C22,977 *Rt. Hon. W. Adamson,	M. 22,488; W. 22,034	59
*Rt. Hon. W. Adamson,	M. 23,588; W. 22,024 588 Sir Adrian Baillie, Bt.,	1
<i>Lab.</i> 11,003	C	l
W. Gallacher, Com 5,029	*Emanuel Shinwell,	١.
Forfar, see Angus.	Lab16,956	1.
GALLOWAY,	MIDLOTHIAN AND PEEBLES.	1
M. 18,494; W. 21,818 577 J. H. McKie, C 18,993	Northern, M. 18,195; W. 21,101 589*Lt. Col. David John	
E. M. Campbell, L 9,176	589*Lt. Col. Dama John	60
H. McNelli, Lab 3,418	Colville, C	60
*Maj. C. R. Dudgeon,	Peebles and Southern,	60
N.P 986	M rf oso: W. vg 254	i
INVERNESS AND ROSS AND	M. 16,040; W. 17,354 590 Capt. A. H. M. Ram-	į.
CROMARTY.  Inversess, M. 22,479; W. 23,810	Ray. C	1
Ser M. Macdonald,	*J. Westwood, Lab9,185	1
К.С. М. G., С. В., L 18,703	MORAY AND NAIRN,	١.
D. N. Mackey, Lab 5.941	M. 12,878; W. 16,532	60
J. M. MacCormick,	591*Hon. James Stuart,	1
Scot. Nat 4,016	м. v.o., м.с., С unop.	1
Ross and Cromarty.	Orkney & Shetland,	60
M. 14,853; W. 15,250	M. 15,513; W. 17,634 592*Sir R. W. Hamilton, L. unop.	1.
579*Rt. Hon. Sir J. Ian	592 Sir R. W. Hamuton, L. unop.	6
Macpherson, Bt , K.C., L. Nat unop.	PERTH AND KINROSS.	6
Western Isles.	Kinross and Western,	15
M. 13,790; W. 14,930 g8c*T. B. Wilson Ramsay,	M. 15,299; W. 18,563	
g8c*T. B. Wilson Ramsay,	593* Duchess of Atholl, D. B.E., C	
L. Nat 5,793 I. M. Moffatt Pender,	T. A. Robertson, L 10,533	
C		
LANARK.	Perth, M. 20,952; W 26,193 594 Lord Scone, C19,254	6
Bothwell, M. 21,698; W. 20,970	F. Norie-Miller, L15,396 Mrs. H. Gault, Lab 3,705	6
58x Mrs. Helen B. Shaw,		1
M. B. K., C 16,571	RENFREW.	1
*J. Sullivan, M.B.E. Lab. 14,423	Eastern, M. 26,439; W. 30,844	1
B. McCourt, Com 2,163	595 Marqueur of Clydes-	6
Coatbridge, M. 19,400; W. 18,511	dale, C27,740 J. Strain, Lab12,477	
*J. C. Welsh, Lab14,722	W.O. Brown, Scot. Nat. 6,498	
W. W. Gilmour, N.P. 674	Western, M. 10,493; W. 20,904	6
		6
Hamilton, M. 17,125; W. 16,879 383* Duncan Graham, Lab.14,233	geour - Wedderburn,	
R. H. S. Calver, Czs,z80	Mrs. J. Maun, Lab17,318	
Lanark, M. 18,66a; W. 20,727	R. E. Muirhead, Scot.	1
584 Lord Dunglass, C 20,675	Nat 3,547	6
J. Gibson, Lab11,815	Tir. Kobert Forgan,	10.
Motherwell, M. 18,788; W. 17,949	M.C., N.P 1,304	1
Thomas Ormiston,	Roaburgh & Selkirk,	1
*Rev. J. Barr. Lab 14.714	M. 20,049; W. 25,926  597*Earl of Dalketh, C 21,394  D. E. Keit, L	1
Morthern, M. 26,964; W. 26,638	597" Earl of Dalkeith, C \$1,394	6
M.J. Americano Gray,	1	7
*Jenuie Lee, Lab19,691	STIRLING & CLACKMANNAN.	1
Rutherglen, N. 22,982; W. 24,866	M. 21,376; W. 22,476	1
\$59 Capt. H. J. MOSS, C82,185	*L. MacN. Weir, Lab. 13,669	6
17. JIBIULE, 174010,800	1. DIRCH. WELL, LAU. 13,009	1

Lab. .....12,952 SCOTTISH UNIVERSITIES, (St. Andrews, Glasgow, Aber-deen, and Edinburgh.) M. 34,205; W. 12,701 00*JohnBuchan, C.H., C....unop. ortA. Neel Skelton, C. ...unop. oz* D. M. Cowan, L. .....unop. Northern Ereland. BOROUGHS (4). East, M. 26,858; W 30,308 io3*Capt.Rt.Hon.H.Dixon, Ind. .....22,006 COUNTIES (8). ANTRIM, M. 60,763; W. 64,425 507*Maj. Rt. Hon.SirHugh O'Neill, Bt., C. .....unop. 508*Sir Joseph M'Connell, Bt., C. .....nop. ARMAGH, M. 37,524; W. 33,691 iog*Lt.-Col. Sir W. J. Allen, K.B E , D.S.O., C. .....unop. C. ....unop. FERMANAGH AND TYRONE. M. 61,009; W. 59,956 ita* Joneph Devlin, Nat .. 50,650 513*Cahir Healy, Nat. .... 50,350 513*Cahir Healy, Nat. .... 50,397 H. M. Irwin, C. .......45, 101 I. A. Burges, C. ..... 44,921 LONDONDERRY, M. 39,079; W. 42,172 5x4*Maj. Ronald Hoss, M.C., C. ...... unop. UNIVERSITY (1). 

"Right Honourable."—Members of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council are entitled to be designated "The Right Honourable," but, in practice, this profix is sometimes absorbed in other designations; for example, a Prince of the Blood admitted a Privy Counsellor remains "His Royal Highness": a Duke remains "His Grace": a Marquess is still styled "Most Honourable". In the case of Early, Viscounts and Barons a question has lately been raised whether peers of these three degrees are entitled to be called "Right Honourable" if not Privy Counsellors. While not presuming to make a statement in settlement of three question, the Editor feels bound to direct attention to the recital of Modes of Address of Peers of these three degrees (on pages 195, 199 and 202 of present Edition). The Style appearing these headings has been recited in this manner for more than sixty years in Whirakabs, and appears to be evidence of a long-standing outsom; moreover, it is borne out u each instance, in A Manus of Dignitics, Vo. R Dodd (Whittaker & Co., 1245), and in The Book of the Court, by W. J. Thoma, r.s.a., "Dedicated by Command to the Quebin" (H. G. Bohn, 1844). Earlier evidence of the courtesy could no doubt be produced. Chief Magistrates entitled to the prefix are found on p. 655.

# Bovernment and Public Offices.

#### ONOTE AS TO SALARIES.

THE salaries shown in the 1934 WHITAKER, in the case of H.M. Judges and of Government Departments, are subject to abatement in accordance with the decisions of His Majesty's Government. These abatements, which took effect from Oct. 1, 1931, are set out in Command Paper Number 3952, in various Treasury Circulars, and answers to Parliamentary questions, and may be summarised as follows:

#### (a) Ministerial salaries

£5,000 a year and over, 20%; £2,000 a year and over, but under £5,000, 15%; under £2,000 a year, 10%

The salaries of the Attorney-General and Solicitor-General have been reduced to £2,000 a year plus fees.)

(h) Other salaries (£1,800 a year and over)— £5,000 a year and over, an abatement of \$5,000 a year and over, an anaechem of a \$\phi^*; \( \frac{\xi_0}{\xi_0}, \cop \), subject to the provise that the remueration of any officer in receipt of over \( \frac{\xi_0}{\xi_0}, \cop \) a year, but less than \( \frac{\xi_0}{\xi_0}, \cop \) shall be 10% less or such larger amount as will suffice to reduce his remuneration to

£4,000. Salaries of £x,800 a year and over, but less than £2,000; such abatement as will suffice to reduce remuneration to £1,800.

#### THE COST OF LIVING BONUS.

In the year 1930 the Government introduced a Cost of Living Bonus Scheme, under which salaried Civil Servants and wage-earning Government employees received temporary additions to their salary or wages. The scheme was applied, irrespective of age or sex, as from March 1, 1920.

The Government Scheme was adopted generally by Public Authorities, certain modifications being made in particular instances. The standard cost of living in March, 1920, was

130 per cent. in excess of that of July, 1914, and the scheme of increase agreed by the Whitley Council on the basis of that figure was as follows:

Where the ordinary rate of remuneration did not exceed 30s per week—130 per cent microns. Where the ordinary rate of remuneration exceeded 33s a week, but did not exceed £200 per annum—130 per cent on the first 35s a week (£5s 5s per annum and 60 per cent, on the excess one £5s 5s per annum—130 per cent on the first £5s 5s, 60 per annum—130 per cent on the first £5s 5s, 60 per cent on the norther £500 per cent on the annum in excess of £500 up to £500.

The standard rate rose or fell a twenty-sixth in response to every five points rise or fall in the Index figure average of prices over a six months

In addition to the reduction caused by the automatic decline of the cost of living figure the following decreases were subsequently introduced -

To per cent on salaries from £500 to £700, 15 per cent on salaries from £700 to £800; 20 per cent on salaries from £800 to £900, and so on until 50 per cent was reached in the case of salaries of £1,500

a year.

No honus was payable so as to bring total remu
neration, inclusive of bonus, above £2,800

From September, 1931, to August, 1932, bonus was related to an average cost of living figure of so per cent. above the 1914 level.

#### STABILISATION.

Under an agreement reached in July 1938 there will be a period of stabilisation until April z. 1934, during which total remuneration will continue to be assessed at the rates then in operation (i.e. 50) unless for six consecutive months during the period the official cost of living figure is either below 35 or above 60, in which event a review of the general standard of Civil Service remuneration will be undertaken in the light of all the relevant considerations.

The effect on Civil Service salaries below £1,800 a year shown in the succeeding pages (other than those shown as inclusive) at various salary points is set out in the table below.

Basic Salary.	Total Renuneration.	
£100	£148	
150	209	
aco	271,	
250	329	
300	329 388	
400	505 6a3	
500	623	
600	726	
700	834	
800	940	
900	1,044	
1,000	1,146	
1,500	1,633	
1,750	1,800	

Offices other than "Government Offices."

Where bonus is payable to County, Municipal and other Officers on a sliding scale the following rates will obtain from September, 1933, to March, 1934 :--

Annnal Salary.	Bonus Sept , 2933.	Weekly Wages,	Bonus Sept , 1933.
£ 90	£ s.	в. d.	s. d.
00	45 0	14 0	7 0
150	59 4	15 0	
200	70 14	17 0	7 6
250	79 8	zŠ o	9 0
300	88 o	<b>80</b> 0	10 0
400	105 7	30 0	15 0
500	122 13.	40 0	18 8
600	126 O	50 0	80 II
700	133 13	60 0	
800	139 13		
_ 900	143 18	70 0 80 0	
1,000			
		90 0	29 5
1,750 -	50 0	100 0	31 z

#### ADMIRALTY, H.M. (see pp. 368-0).

#### **SMINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE** AND FISHERIES

Whitehall Place, S.W. z: 43 Parliament Street, S.W. z; 7, Old Bailey, E.C. 4; 8 Buckingham (fate, S.W. z.

The Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries was constituted pursuant to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries Act, 1989 to 3nd 10 Geo. V th. 91 which amended the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries Act, 1895 to 1990. The Board of Agriculture for Great Britain was established in 1899. By the Board of Agriculture Department of the Board of Agriculture were transferred to the Board of Agriculture, the designation of which was at the same time silvered. The expression "agriculture is defined to include "horticulture." The administration of the Urbinous Survey and of Kew Gardens is under the control of the Ministry.

#### Estimates, 1933, £2,127,589.

Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries, The Rt. Hon. Walter E. Elliot, M.C., M.P. £3,000
Private Socs, D. E. Vandepeer; A. W. Keeble; C. H. M. Wilcox.

Parliamentary do., Lt.-Col A J Muirhead, u.c.,

M.F., Map
Parliamentary See etary, The Earl De La Warr £2,200
Private Sec., W. B. Black, M. R.
Permanent Secretary, Sir C. J. Howell Thomas,

R.C.B., C.M.G. £3,000
Private Sec., A. F. C. Clark
Chief Scientific Adviser, Sir A. Daniel Hall, R.C.B.,

LL.B., V.R 8
Fisheries Secretary, H G Maurice, c n £1,200 to £1,500

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Botanista, F. Ballard, s.sc., J. H. Holland, F. N. Howes, M. Sc., J. Hutchinson, C. V. B. Marquand, M.A., V. S. Summerbayes, B. Sc., W. B. Turrill, p.sc.

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In addition to the above the new long-wave National and medium-wave Midiand Regional transmitters were

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The number of Licences in force on June 30 of the last arx years was 1927 2,307,000; (1938) 2,529,000, (1929) 2,792,000; (1930) 3,259,000, (1931) 3,780,000; (1933) 5,551,828, not including licences issued to the blind Chairman, The Rt Hon J. H Whitley, D C.1 , LL D

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powers previously exercised by the Endowel Schools
Cummissioners were temporarily transferred to the
Charity Commission, and in 1879 the transfer was made
bermanent. The powers of the Cummissioners over all
endowments held for purely Educational purposes have
now been transferred to the Reard of Education
purpuance of Orders in Council made under the Board
of Education Act. 1800. of Education Act, 1899.

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(Government Laboratory), 13 Clement's Inn Passage, Strand, W C 2. Establishment Expenses, 1932-1933, £66,266

Deputy Government Chemist, J. Fox. o.n z , D.sc., F i.c

Chemists, Higher Grade, J. King, vic; J. A. Hoald, M.C., B.S., 1: C.; J. Stephenson, B.S., Ale. Sage to £550 Chemists, J. W. Pooley, B.S., Ale.; I. S. A. Ashinore, B.S., Ale.; C. E. Batton, B.S.; P. M. Mooney, B.S., P. C., C. E. Batton, B.S.; P. M. Mooney, B.S., P. L.; G. H. Coft, M.S., A., C.; L. C. Nickolis, M.S., D. C., ARUS, ALC; R. H. Sottlo, B.A., Alc; F. H. Willmans, B.S., A. C.; F. M. Gregor, B.S., Alc; B. H. Dixon, M.S., Alc; F. H. Warren, B.S., Alc; J. R. Friser, B.S., P. I.C; E. H. Warren, B.S., Alc; J. J. R. Friser, B.S., P. I.C; E. H. Warren, B.S., Alc; J. K. B. H. Sockis, M.S., Alc; J. W. A. Woodley, B.S., Alc; J. E. Biscocks, M.S., Alc; J. L. Buchan, M.S., Alc; J. W. A. Woodley, B.S., Alc; H. L. Bolton, Alc; C. G. Daubney, M.S., Alc; H. G. Sunith, B.S., Ph.D., Alc; J. G. Sunith, B.S., Ph.D., Alc; C. R. H. G. Sunith, B.S., Ph.D., Alc; C. R. H. Gaskins, B.S., Ph.D., Alc; C. G. W. G. Mackellan, M.Y., B.S., Ph.D., Alc; J. G. W. G. Mackellan, M.Y., B.S., Ph.D., Alc; G. W. G. Mackellan, M.Y., B.S., Ph.D., Alc; J. G. W. G. Mackellan, M.Y., B.S., Ph.D., Alc; J. G. W. G. Mackellan, M.Y., B.S., Ph.D., Alc; J. G. W. G. Mackellan, M.Y., B.S., Ph.D., Alc; J. G. W. G. Mackellan, M.Y., B.S., Ph.D., Alc; J. G. W. G. Mackellan, M.Y., B.S., Ph.D., Alc; J. G. W. G. Mackellan, M.Y., B.S., Ph.D., Alc; J. G. W. G. Mackellan, M.Y., B.S., Ph.D., Alc; J. G. W. G. Mackellan, M.Y., B.S., Ph.D., Blanks, G. P. H. Dellel, £300 to £450 McHot Clerks, H. Blanks, G. P. Hobdell £300 to £450 McHot Clerks, H. Blanks, G. P. Hobdell £300 to £450 McHot Clerks, H. Blanks, G. P. Hobdell £300 to £450 McHot Clerks, H. Blanks, G. P. Hobdell £300 to £450 McHot Clerks, H. Blanks, G. P. Hobdell £300 to £450 McHot Clerks, H. Blanks, G. P. Hobdell £300 to £450 McHot Clerks, H. Blanks, G. P. Hobdell £300 to £450 McHot Clerks, H. Blanks, G. P. Hobdell £300 to £450 McHot Clerks, H. Blanks, G. P. Hobdell £300 to £450 McHot Edge & McHot Edge & McHot Edge & McHot Edge & McHot Edge & McHot Edge & McHot Edge & McHot Edge & McHot Edge & McHot Edge & McHo

#### **CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.**

Burlington Gardens, W. z.

nd Commissioner, Sir Roderick Melklejohn, к. в. г., с. в. (региона!) £2,200 Assistant Commissioners, G. G. Mennell (Secretary), 1. Blackle (Director of Ecominations)

each £1,000 to £1,200

Ausist. Sec . T L Hedley £700 to £900

Senior Clerks, J. Lloyd; F. L Howard . £550 to £700

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Downing Street, S.W. z.

The business of the Colonies was, until sex, included in the functions of the Home Secretary, to be transferred in that year to the newly-created. Secretary for War. In 1885 the outbreak of the Russian Wai led to the appointment of a Secretary of Colonial Indices In the Secretary of Colonial Indices In the expenditure. Sec. etc. of the Colonial Office for 1938 1898 5448 800. etc. of the Colonial Office for 1938 1898 5448 800. 1932 33 WRS £144,800

Secretary of State for the Colonies, Rt Hon Sir Philip Contrary of State for the Country, it from Sir Finish Cunlifle-Linder, of he, he, he, he for Private Secretaries, E. B. Boyd; F. G. Loo; Rear-Admiral Arthur Broinley, c. n. of (Ceremonial and Reception Secretary)

Parliamentary Private Sec., Capt T. L Dugdale,

UNDER-SECRETARIES. Permanent, Sir John Loader Mattey, K.C M G., K C V O. 

Legal Adviser, H. G. Bushe, e. B., c. M. G. f., 200 to f., 200
Assistant do H. H. Duncan fosc to f., 200
and Asst do K. O. Roberts-Wray from to f. 200
Chter Medical Adviser, A. T. Stanton, c. M. D.,
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L. f., 200 And Medical Adviner, A. J R. O'Brien, Cx G., M.C.

Economic & Financial Advisor, Sir John Campbell, R. C. M., C. Li., o. N. E.

Assistant Necretaries, A. Fiddian; H. R. Cowel, C. M., C. W. Flood, C. M., C. G. R. Williams; M. R. D. Furse, n.s.o.; H. T. Allen; H. Beckett; C. J. Jeffries, c. n.s. (Edulation ment Officer); J. A. Calder (acting) £3,000 to £3,000 Principals, H. F. Downle; A. Cooke; G. L. M. Clanson, c. M. u. o. n.; G. A. Jones; A. J. Dawe, o. n. r.; L. B. Fucoton, o. n. g. S. M. Campbell; L. B. Boyet; A. B. Ackenson; G. E. J. Gont, p. s.o., M. C., F. J. Howurd, o. n. r.; G. H. Crany; A. L. Ayton; Campbell, L. A. F. Nowholt, G. N. Irby, Migor, G. S. M. Hutchinson; A. Bevir; J. J. Paskin, n. c.; T. I. K. Lloyd; G. F. Seel; J. B. Sidobetham; R. Richinson cety); K. W. Hinxter (acty.); W. J. Higg (acty.); C. A. L. Cliffic (acty.) Economic & Financial Advisor, Sir John Campbell, or reset; J. B. Suddoutham; S. Rodinson (acty); W. J. Higg (acty); C. A. L. Cliffee (acty)
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Consulting Physicians London—A. E. Horn, c.m.c., M.D., P. H. Munson-Bahr, p.s.o., M.D., F.B.C.P.;

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Lu erpool-(i, E H Le Fanu, M B., C M., D.T M.
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(10td)
(10td)
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The Accounts of certain Colonies and Protectorates are audited on behalf of the Secretary of State for the Colonies The cost of this audit is borne by the Colonies and Protectorates affected.

Director, A. J. Harding, n. n. u., c. n. e. £1,200 to £1,200
Deputy Director, J. C. Fisher, o. n. s. £1,200 to £1,200
Assactant Director, N. C. Unstack . . . £600 to £600
Assactant Anditors, O. E. Dale, o. no. c. n. n. (emp.);
11. W. Skinner; W. F. Logate, A. C. Gelley, S. £250 to £500

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The Crown Agents for the Colonics are appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and act as busi-ness and financial agents in this country for the thyermments of the Colonies, Protectorates, etc., some 60 in number.

Crown Agents, Sir W. F. Gowers, Ec.M.o. &s.coc; H. C. Thornton, c.M.o., c.v.o, £1.79c; Percy Hubert Ezechiel, c.M.o.; Col. J. G. Fleming, c.B.s., a.o., Associant c.E., late u.E. (Engineer-in-Chief)

each £2,500 General Dept., H K Purcell (Chief Clerk), £850 to £2,000; F. G. Brudstreet (Deputy Chief Clerk) £750 to £850

Seconded for service abroad.

Finance Dept., H. C. Ransom, o s.r., £850 to £2,000; J. Goldburg, £750 to £850; A. W. Abbott

Pay do., G. F. Rowe, £750 to £850; T. C. Chilcot

Pay do., G. F. Rowe, £750 to £850; T. C. Chileot.

Stores do., J. A. Blackwood (also temp m ch of Apportunite). £850 to £700

Stores do., J. A. Blackwood (also temp m ch of Apportunite). £850 to £700

£850; N. Rau; P. J. Elliott.

£550 to £750

Skapping do. E. A. Nattrins, £750 to £850; J. M.

Drennan, n.c.s.

£550 to £550

Engineering Uontracts do., W. Ernut, s. met. E. £1,000

to £1,200; G. R. Lock, n.a.; H. Horsburgh, a m.c. e.

£600 to £800; H. G. Tindall, n.a. c. a... e. e., a.m. i.e. k.

A.M.LEK.

M.I.Mech. £1,000 to £1,200; W. E. Hogg, a.R. c. e.,

A.M.LC E.; J. W. Norrin, A. G. a., a.M.LC k.

A.M.LC E.; J. W. Norrin, A. G. a., a.M.LC k.

Engineering Inspection do., U. E. Williams, c.n.k.

A.M.LC E.; J. W. Norrin, A. G. a., a. M.LC k.

£600 to £800

Engineering Design do., J. W. Spiller, m. inst c. £5,000

Engineering Design do., J W Spiller, M. inst c. E. £1,060 to £1,250; W L Watson, A M. i c. + £850 to £1,050, R. W. Foxlee, M inst c. E. . . . . . £795 to £895

COMMISSIONERS OF CROWN LANDS, 55 Whitehall, S. W. z.

The Chown Large — The Land Revenues of the Grown in the United Kingdom have been collected on the public account since 2760, when George III, surrendered them in return for a fixed animal payment or Crul Last. At the time of the surrender the gross revenues amounted to about £90,000 and the net return to about £10,000 and the net return to about £10,000 in the year onded March 32 1932, the total Receipts by the Commissioners were £1,52,535, or dislett amount cluding Property Tax allowed was £603,379. The sum of £1,220,000 was paid to the Exchequer in 1933-33 as Surplet Researc, being a net sum from which no deductions have to be made for administration.

Private Sec., J. A. Hillman A saistant Commissioner, D. R. Crawfurth Smith

Heads of Branches, H. C. Eylos, N. B. +; E. Blanford, G. F. Bost.

Assustant Heads of Branches, C. C. Herd; R. Talbot; E. T. Drake; T. R. Oswin; R. Roddis, A. E. Horton; H. Garalde.

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Chief Meneral Inspector, W. Forster Brown, Solicitor, England, A. D. Stocks, c. a., c. s.e., Solicitor, Scotland, A. McNell, s.s.c.

Windson Parks and Woods Deputy Ranger, Lt -Col Sir Malcolm Murray, k.c v o .

Deputy Surveyor, E. H. Savill, Mc, FAI.

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City Chambers, Edinburgh
Institoted about 1192, and extended in 1495 and 1487
Annual General Convention meets in Edinburgh,
Committees meet in Edinburgh City Chambers —
Proces, The Lord Protoct of Edinburgh; Chambers —
Proces, The Lord Protoct of Edinburgh; Chambers —
Onnect, W G Normand, Ling Nary, a n n; Notaction
Gen. for Nordand); Engleser, D A. Stevenson, Jr.
n.Sc., FR. K., Mink.C.E.; Consulting Acteury,
George Lisle, c.A., 1.1.A.; Conrelation Officer, Alexander Colin MacArthur, City Chambers, Edinburgh, Aprent and Trues, John L. Officer, in N.
w.s. (az Castle Street, Edinburgh), Party, Agents,
Beveridge & Co. (az Abingdon Street, West, minster,
S.W.)

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y BURLD UF OUTTOMS AND EXCISE,
Lower Thames Street, E.C. 2.
Commissioners of Customs were first appainted in 1691
and housed by the King in London, the present "Long Room" replacing that built by Charles IL and rebuilt after destruction by fire in 178 and 1824. The Excito Department was formerly under the Inland Revenue Department, and was amalgamated with the Customs Department on 1 April, 1909

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Private Sec., A. D. Owen.

Deputy Chairman, Sir Arthur J. Dyke, R. B.E., C. B.

Commissioners & Secretaries, W. Young, CB; CJT. B Grylls, C.B. C.B. E. ... £1,200 to £1,500 Private Sec to Deputy Chairman and Commis-sioners, A. E 16.

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£500 to £600 .... £400 to £500 .... £400 to £500 Labrarian, B. R. Leftwich, M. B. E. Staff Officer, A. W. Hinne, M. B.

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Paris; F. P. Sadler; H.W. Seex; J. W. Simmons; L. Smith; J. S. Stewart; A. Thompson; C. W. Todd, R. J. Treanor, J. Whillier; E. M. Wood

Todd, R. J. Treanor, J. Whillier; E. M. Wood

\$500 to \$500
Inspectors and Class, J. A. Acheson; W. S. Bost;
D. G. Brown, R. W. Bullen; A. G. Carter; E. T. S.
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las, A. E. Enason; J. Forbes; C. L. Foster; J.
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Heuderson; H. J. Hole; R. J. Howard; E. N.
Lack, A. N. H. McLeod; S. W. Perry; W. R.
Preston, F. W. Ross; A. J. Taylor; T. Tudhope;
C. D. Young

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Surgeon Commander W. K. Hopkins, o.s. E , R R. (ret.)

Accountant and Comptioller-General's Oritical Accountant and Comptioller-General, W. Christian, C. B.

Deputy Accountant-General, H R Poole, o.n.z. £2,100 

Staff Officers, A. Butchier', A. C. Eves Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed Speed S

£650 to £750

Surv. (Long Boom), S. W. F. Hart, M.B.E. Logo to Logo Surveyors (Unidoor), C. Atkinson; A. T. Barber; C. G. Barrott; H. P. Beadle; C. L. Blyth; G. H. Brooks; M. J. Cahill, G. H. Champ; F. P. Cheeseright; H. J. Chutter; R. T. Cook; F. W. Cordwell; P. H. Cornell; W. R. Davison; G. Dewar; P. F. Doran; E. G. Hisher; A. P. Goodwin; O. T.Griffiths; R. R. Hardaker; M. Hayes; D. J. Hennessy; J. Huke; R. R. McGowan; D. Macl'herson; A. G. May; C. E. Midgley; E. Mullen, A. Munn; T. S. Nicol; J. Nisbet; K. O'Kennedy; D. S. Paton, M. B. E. V. V. Pilsani; A. E. Rogers; J. Scott; T. Service; A. B. Sherrard; M. Shinnick; T. E. Stephens; J. D. Stirk; C. S. Tiptroe; A. A. Wart, T. Welle; H. Willingham; S. Winn, G. A. Wratten; G. C. E. Wyoth

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Superintendent of Waterguard (1st Class), F. C. Warne Collectors of Customs and Excise, Scotiand.

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Asst., C. L. Hopps, £650 to £750; Edinburgh, H. R. McI. Pollard, Esco to £900; Asst., Stephen, £650 to £750; Edinburgh, £650 to £750; Classyor, J. P. Cross, on r. £655 to £750; Classyor, J. P. Cross, on r. £655 to £750; Asst., A. W. Maker, £650 to £750; T. B. (hbson, £650 to £750; Greencol, A. M. Duff, £600 to £900; Asst., F. H. Nurks, £650 to £750; Horeness, L. D. Robertson, £800 to £900; Asst., W. S. Russell, £650 to £750; Letth, P. Sibbitt ........ £600 to £900

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6A Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W. z. Appointed under the Development and Road Improvement Funds Acts of 1909 and 1910 Advances are made for the Development of Apriculture and Rural Industries, Reclaimation and Drainage of Land, Harbours and Fishers.

Chairman, Rt Hon Lord Richard Cavendish, c.s. c.m c (..npaul). Vice-Chairman, Sir Thomas H. Middleton, & c.i.z.

Walter W Berry, R.H. D. Sir William Haldane; H Jones-Davies, r. R. Honores, P. R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Honore, R. Honore, R. Honore, R. Honore, R. Hon. Earl of Shattesbury, R. Honore, R. Honore, R. Honore, R. Honore, R. Honore, R. Honore

R.P., G C.V.O., C.B.E Private Sec to Chairman & Vive-Chairman, S. Stagg. Secretary, E. H. E. Havelock . . ..... £2,000

#### ODOMINIONS OFFICE.

Downing Street, S.W. z.

In July, 1982, a new Secretaryship of State for Dominion Affairs was created, and as a result the Dominion Office, was set up, to take over, from the Colonial Office, business connected with the self-governing Dominions (including the Irish Free State), the self-governing ('biony of Nouthern Rindesia and the South African territories (Basutoland, Bechuanaland Frot and Swasiland) and husiness relating to the Imperial Controvence Theory of the Dominions Office in 1932-23

Syers Private Sec. (Ceremonial and Reception), Rear-Admiral Arthur Bromloy, c. s.a.

Parliamentary Private Sec., J. P. L. Thomas, s. p. unp.

Under Serretanies.

Permanent, Sir E. J. Harding, L.u.g., c.s.... £2,200

Private Sec., B. Cockrain.

Private Sec., B. Cockrain.

Parliamentary, Malcolm MacDonald, M.F. . . . . £1,500

Private Sec., G. Kimber (acting).

Assistant Under Secretaries of State, Sir H. F.

Batterbee, R.C.M.G., K.L.V.O.; Sir G. G. Whiskard,

· Seconded for service in Australia.

Principals, J. E. Stephenson; W. C. Hankinson, M.c.; 

\$300 to \$400 (\$50 allowance)

Spot to fee allowance)
Overseas Bettlement Department.
Caxton House, Tothill Mt. S. Wr. i to Mt. S. St. to Lot x. 50.

H. M. Government have found in measuring to indertake closer repositions of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s

#### THE DUCKY OF CORNWALL.

Buckingham Gate, S.W. z.

Buckingham Gate, S.W. z.

Cornwall was created a Duchy by Edward III, for the support of his eldest on unterwards created Prince of Wales), and the eldest son of the Sovereign has since that time been bon Duke of Cornwall.

The Revenue of the Duchy of Cornwall in the year ended December 2z, 226, was £36,23, and was derived principally from Rents and Profits of Courts, £365,837 The Payments include £45,937, outlay for the benefit of the Estate; £39,304, Deductions under various Acts, £4,952, Allowances. Ponations, and Charties, and £30,345, Expenses of Management, The sum of £66,713 was paid on account of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

Prince of Wales.

or Wales.

Prince of Wales's Council.

The Earl of Radnor (Lord B'arden of the Stamares and Keeper of Pring Soul); Edward Robert Peacock (Itereter-teneral); The Earl Fortesene, Mar; The Viscount Weymouth, Adm. Sir Lionel Halsoy, ac.mag., ac.vo., x.t.r., c.n., Walter Turner Monekton, m.c., w. (Attorney-timeral), sir Godfrey Thomas, Bt., m.o.v., c.n., May Hilgrove McCormick, m.c. (See and Keeper of Records).

Other Officers of the Duchy of Cornwall.

uner unicers of the Duchy of C Auditor, Sir Laurence E. Halsey, s. B. E. Solicitor, R. E. Tucker Asst. Servictory, P. O. T. Kingsley Chief Clerk and Surveyor, H. W. Kirk. Deputy Receiver, G. A. Conyard Sherty (1933-34), Richard Vennon Favell

## THE DUCKY OF LANCASTER.

THE DUDRY OF LANGASTER,
Lancaster Place, Strand, W.C. 2.
The County of Lancaster was seceted into a luchy or
County Pathine Duchy is Edward 111 for his son John
of Gaunt in 1377, but in 1399 it became merged in the
Crown through the accession of John of Gaunt's son as
Henry IV
The Revenue of the Duchy of Lancaster was £89,000

Henry IV

The Revenue of the Duchy of Lamaster was £29,000 in 1847 and amounted to £22,000 in the year ended December 32, 1938. The contributory times are Rentz and Profits of Courts, £52,000. Expenditure: £52,300. Outing for the benefit of the Estate: £35,300. Gedirected under various Acts of Parliament. £495. Allowances, Donations, and Chartter; £2,200. Neit Balary of the Chancellor of the Juchy and £0,395. Expenses of Management. The sum of £52,500. Neit Balary of the Chancellor of the Sum of £52,500. Neit Balary in the Majesty west to the Keeper of His Majesty a Prity Purse Chancellor, Rt. Hon J. C. C. Davidson, C. H. £2,000. C. B., M.P.

Prone No., Norman R C Warwick, M v. o., 0 n.s. Vice-thauctior, Sn Courthope Wilson, a c 4ttorney-Gen, 1811 Joseph Herbort Cumliffe, a c Receiver-Gen, Lt.-Col. Rt. Hon Sir F. Ponsonby,

Auditor, F. W. Pixley.

Clerk of Council and Keeper of Records, Louis F. Fergussor

Fergusson
Solatior, Ellot A. C. Druce
Susveyor-Gen and Deputy Receiver-Gen, T. Vaughan
Prickard, M.v.o.
Chief Clerk, Norman R. C. Warwick, M.v.o., o. B. F.
Registrap, Preston District, J. M. Worthington.
Do. Mauchester District, Harold Roberts,
Do. Liverpool Dai, R. W., Lowden
Constable of Lancaster Castle, J. Travis Travis-Clegg.

Do Liverpool Dist, R. W. Lowden
Constable of Lancaster Castle, J. Travis Travis-Clegg.

THE COUNTY PALATINE OF DURHAM.

It is uncertain when "Palatine" privileges were first
exercised in the County of Junham, as no formal creation
of the Palatinate by charter or deed appears to have
considered in the County of Junham, as no formal creation
of the Palatinate by charter or deed appears to have
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the Palatinate by charter or deed appears to have
for the County of the County of the County of the County
of Northurahus, and Alfred the Great appear to have confirmed the grant to the See of the whole of the land
between the rivers Tyne and Wear There is no evidence
of the exercise of publicate privileges by the Bishops prior
to the Norman Conquest, but it is probable that these
were acquired in the region of the Conqueror, and they
were exercised by the Pielates until resumed by the
Orowin in 1826. Phalatine counties are understood to
the originate the Webs and See, and seems in the
travelled county Palatine of Dulman
are in some measure retained, the administrative
authority being exercised on behalf of the Grown.
Chancellor, Sir Arthur Colefax, & B. E., K. O.
Altonen-General, Herbott F. Manisty, & C.
Soliction-General, J. W. Jardine, & O.
Registran of Chancery Court, A. O. Smith
Steward & Unk of Halmotes, E. J. Davies.
Deputy do., W. T. T. Channoll
Hepistran, J. M. Sladden.
Mishay Survelpes, Six A. N. Lindsay Wood, Bt.
Receivers, Smiths, Gove & Co.

ECOLESSIASTIGAL AND CHURCH ESTATES

## ECCLESIASTICAL AND CHURCH ESTATES COMMISSIONERS,

z Millbank, Westminster, S.W. z.

(Hours zo to 5.)
The Ecclesiastical Commission for the Management of The Ecclesistical Commission for the Management of Church Property, as now safeting, was incorporated in \$25, its constitution being amended in \$26, at constitution being amended in \$26, at constitution being amended in \$26, at constitution being amended in \$26, at constitution being a constitution of the Church in order to endow of augment benefit extracted from Annual Report ps sential to Parlament (Extracted from Annual Report ps sential to Parlament).

1930. 1931 1932 £297,000 £207,000 £245,000 1,537,000 1,485,000 1,397,000 1,401,000 1,700,000 1,730,000 Forward Estates Dividends, Interest, etc

Receipts £3,235,000£3,392,000£3,372,000

80,000

80,000

Bonefices, Archbishops Bishops, Administra-tion, &c

£2,334,000£2,403,000£2,374,000 Appropriation for future Augmentations, &! Min Depreciation Fund ¢564,000 *614,000 °611,000

80,000 fowards replacement of value of Securities transferred to Church

of England Pensions Board

50,000 50,000 Balance forward 207,000 245,000 257.000 Expenditure £3.235,000 £3,302,000 £3,372,000

" Including £200,000 special (1931) and £150,000 (1938).

Seconded for service in Union of S. Africa.
 Seconded for service in Canada.

Church Estates Commissioners and Treasurers.
12st, George Middleton.
12rioute Sec. to 1st. Commr., D. P. Dixon.
13nd, Hon. Richard Denman. M.r.
13rd, The Lord Davyngton
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Fronce Sec., S. R. Blown.
Fronce Sec., S. R. Blown.
Fronce Sec., S. R. Blown.
Assistant Secretary (Estates, &c.) and Steward of the
Manurs, E. J. Davies.
Assistant Secretary (Augmentation, &c.), R. W.

Foweil.

Special Commissioner (Union of Benefices), L. G. Dibdin, Heads of Divisions, A. E. Palmer; W. H. Mouncey; Telfer.

Hautis of Divisions, A. E. Frainer; w. H. Mouncey; W Telfer.

Establishment Officer, J. W. Lintott, o. B. E. Assument Heads of Divisions, A. N. Allau; W. H. Webb; S. Mills; E. V. Oliver, o. B. E.; W. Green, R.c.; E. H. B. Phillips; C. E. M. Broadley, J. S. Collins; G. M. Sladden (Durham Halmote Court Office); S. J. Gunningham, r.i.a. (Advary) Higher Executive Officers, J. J. A. Dwyer; A. A. Morgan; H. L. C. Johnson; S. W. I. Kimpton; H. L. Tinkler; D. P. Dixon; G. J. Lockwood; E. F. Daubercles; J. R. Brown; W. G. Poskitt.

Clerk, in Charve of Registry, S. W. I. Kimpton (acty). Solicitors, Messar. Milloa, Jennings-White & Foster, S. Little College Street, Westminster, S. W. I.

Messar, Suntha, Goro & Co., 7 Little College Street, Westminster, S. W. I.

Architects, Messars Caroe & Passmore, 3 Great College Street, Westminster, S. W. I.

Level Department.

Legal Department.

Official Solicitor and Registrar, H T. H Bond
Assistant Solicitor and Assistant Steward of the
Manors, W. T. T. Channell.
Sentor Legal Assistants, F. Walmsley.
Legal Assistants, A. F. G. Ruston; J. M. Wilkinson;
W. M. Jones.

## SCOTTISH ECCLESIASTICAL COMMISSION,

Merchants Hall, 22 Hanover Street, Edinburgh

For the purposes of the Church of Scotland (Property and Endowments) Act. 3005.

Chesiman, Hon.Lord Blackburn, Ll.D.; other Commissioners, Rt Hon. James Brown, P.C., o B.E., Ll.D., D.L.; Robert Candish Honderson, R.C., Churles Ker, LL.D., C.A.; Sir Isin Colquboun, Bt., D.S. o Scretary, M. G. Fisher, Adv.

#### **(BOARD OF EDUCATION.** Whitehall, London, S.W. r.

Whitehall, London, S.W. r.

The Government Department of Education was until
the establishment of a separate office, a Committee of
the Privy Council appointed in 459 to supervise the distribution of certain grants which had been made by
parliament since 459. The Act of 1599 established the
Board of Education, with a Plesident and Parliamentary
Secretary, and created a Consultative Committee. The
cost of administration was estimated at £325,246 in
the Financial Year 1933, with £323,959 for Inspection
and Examination.

#### THE BOARD.

The Right Hon. Lord Irwin, s.a., a.c.s., a.c.i.e., President (£2,000 inclusive); The Lord President of the Council; the Principal Secretaries of State; the First Lord of the Treasury; and the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Principal Private Secretary to the President, W. C. Cleary (Principal), £700 to £900 + (additional)

£350.
Assistant Private Secretary to the President, J.
Gibson (Assistant Principal), £300 to £500 + (addi-

tional) Livo.

Parliamentary Private Secretary to the President,
The Marquess of Dufferin and Ava ......unpaul Secretariat.

# Permanent Secretary, Sir Henry Pelham, K.C. B. £3,000 Private Sec., S. Laskey (Assistant Administrative Officer), £400 to £500 + (additional) £500. Parliamentary Sec., Herwald Ramsbotham, C.B.E.,

MC, M.P.
Private Sec, L. G. Duke (Principal), £700 to £900
+ (additional) £150

Deputy Secretary, M. G. Holmes, C.B., O.B.E. ... £8.800
Permanent Secretary of Welsh Department, W. P.
Wheldon, D. S. ... ... ... ... ... £1.500
Principal Assistant Secretaries, W. C. Eaton, C.B.;
A. P. Oppé; A. R. Answorth. ... £1.200 of £1.200
Assistant Secretaries, N. D. Bosworth Smith; R. B.
Campbell; D. Du B. Davidson; H. E. Mann; H. B.
Walls ... ... ... £2.000 to £1.200

#### Establishment Branch.

Director of Establishments, R. S. Wood

£2,000 to £2,200 Finance Branch.

Accountant-General, E. G. Howarth, c n , c.n r. £1,500 to £1,500 to £1,500 to £1,500 to £1,500 

Finance Officers, C. E. Hain; J. W. Hughes £750 to £890

#### Legal Branch.

Legal Adviser, W. G. B. Ritchie, c. n. £1,200 to £1,500 Assistant Legal Advisers, E. L. Hopkins, £2,000 to £1,200; A. C. Dawes; J. B. Lincoln, o.n.e.

Legal Assistants, W. V. S. Sinclair, £550 to £700; M. L. Longhurst; J. L. B. Todhunter £330 to £500

#### Training of Teachers, &c., Division.

Principals, A. J. Finny; G. N. Flemming Loo to Loo Assistant Principals, H. D. Bentliff; E. N. Strong Assistant Administrative Officer, A. L. Cadman £400 to £500

#### Pension Awards Branch.

Assistant Secretary, J. C. Gravestock £1,000 to £1,200 Deputy Head of Branch, H. E. Down ... £750 to £850

#### Territorial Divisions.

#### Teachers' Salaries Division.

Principal, J Rhodes . .. ...... .. £700 to £900 Assistant Principal, W. A. B. Hamilton £200 to £500

#### Medical Branch.

Chief Medical Officer, "Sir George Newman, K.C.B., M.D., 1. R.C.P.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Assist. Sec., C. W. Maudslay .......£2,000 to £2,000 Principals, E. L. Turnbull; C. W. Woodward, M. B.E.

Principals, E. L. Turndull; C. W. Wordwald, E. E. Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot Seconds: Spoot S

MEDICAL STAFF.
Senior Medical Officer, R. H. Crowley, M.D., F.R.C.P.

Chief Woman Medical Adviser, Dame Janet M 

#### Office of Special Inquiries and Reports.

Assistant Secretary, S. H. Wood, M. C. £1,000 to £1,200
Principal, W. R. Richardson . £700 to £900
Librarian, Miss D. F. Shuckburgh . £300 to £400 £700 to £400

Chief Medical Officer in the Ministry of Health.
 A Senior Medical Officer in the Ministry of Health.

Architect's Office.

Architect, G. E. Kondall, O.B.E., FR.I.B.A. 5600 to 5800 Assist. Architect, F. Jackman, A.B.I.B.A. £400 to 5600

Welsh Department.

Permanent Secretary, Wynn Powell Wheldon, p. s.o.

Assistant Scoretary, £1,000 to £1,200
Principal, H. E. Weston £1,000 to £900
Assistant Administrative Officer, H E Melvin £400 to £500

#### Committees.

Principal Executive and Clerical Staff.

Principal Executive and Clerical Staff.
(d) Gharral.

Heads of Sections, E. C. Brower, S. P. Brewer; A.

Brown; W. W. Cook; J. F. Freeth, L. C. Gwinnell; A. E. Marshall, M.B.S. M. Sweeny, H. C.

Tasker, Law to Lyoe, J. P. Lloyd. Lyoe to Loos

Staf Uterka, E. Biggs; G. A. Brinson, F. W. Butler;

J. W. Cooloy; E. J. C. Dighton; E. O. Eades; C. E.

Fish; S. A. Gapse; G. F. Grundy, H. W. Hazkewood; E. T. Josty, A. H. Jones, G. F. A. Jones,

A. C. Kearley; F. C. Knight, H. Marshall; C. M.

Slack, K. T. Swan; J. Tucker; W. H. Wood £400 to £500

(b) FINANCE STAFF

Accountants, F Dark; T. Faint; W C H. Hutchins. 

(i) PENNONS STAFF
Principal Staff Officers, W. T. Orine, £550 to £700.
Miss L. N. C. Mullott, Miss I Strevens, n. r.
£450 to £550
Higher Elecative Officers, F. B. Sullivan: A. Sutchall
£400 to £500), Miss L. E. F. Cornwell, n. r.,
Miss M. B. H. Gudgeon . . . . £300 to £400 Inspectorate (England).

Benior Chief Inspector, E. G. Savage . .... £2,500 Chief Inspectors, R. H. Charlos , F R G. Duckworth, Chief Woman Inspector, Miss A. G. Philip, C.B.K.

Divisional Inspectors, J. J. R. Bridge, c B E; F. W. Cape; F. T. Chapman; H. J. Dean, H. T. Holmes, O.R. E; A. T. Kordake, O.R. E., F. O. Mann, O.R. E., C. J. Phillips; J. Strachan; A. L. Thornton

Staff Inspectors, H. E. Beethroyd, J. E. Dalton, E. M. O'R. Dickey, W. Ellhott, H. Hartley, D. A. Magmanghton, A. Morley, C. W. Patkes, C. A. Ronald; G. T. Shaw; C. J. R. Whitmore, M. C. G. H. Whistanley

Ronald; G T. Shaw; C J. R. Whitmore, M. C.; G. H. Whistanloy See to £1,000

Impectors, A. H. Adams, O. E. ; Miss. L. D. Adams, H. Allsopp; F T. Amedd: H. R. V. Ball, J. A. Barrow; W. J. Batcholdu; Miss. W. Biggs, J. E. H. Blackie; C C. Blagdon, E F. D. Bloom, C. Bouthower; A. S. Bight, J. A. Browne; G. W. Buckle; E Burney, M. C. E H. Carter, O. F. F. W. Chambers, O. M.; P. B. Colos, Sir R. C. M. Cuntis, Bt.; H. H. Cuttle, R. D. S. Davios; J. J. Drape; E. J. Edwards, Miss. A. M. Fergusson. Miss. E. A. Ford's; C. D. Forth; H. F. B. FOX., L. F. Gibbon; J. W. Gofton, Miss. D. M. Hammondse; R. F. Barding; J. F. M. Hashin; G. R. Harward, R. Heath, H. A. Hinton; C. B. Hunt, C. E. Juckson; H. A. Jenkin, O. R. A. E. Kenney-Herbert, S. Lamplugh, P. Lavender, G. R. B. Loch, Miss. E. Loweday. Miss. E. F. G. McLutchane; J. Maclinnes; C. F. Maikham; R. E. Maradon; A. M. Moore; A. M. Morly, G. Nell, M. C. F. A. B. Newman, A. F. Norman-Buttor, O. R. E. Hard, J. B. Roynish, M. R. E. J. G. F. Penker; R. O. W. Pemberton; A. N. G. Peters, A. Platta; J. B. Roynish, M. R. E. J. G. M. Richards; C. A. Richardson; K. J. Ritchie, A. F. Sandys; L. C. Schiller, M. Tami, J. M. Tatton; S. Tavlor; V. Taylor; F. W. Thompson; H. M. Thurston; E. S. Watson; A. F. Watte; E. J. Wheldon; J. H. Septor.

Whiteley; C. E. Winn; L. S. Wood; W. H. Young Men £300 to £300; Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 to £320 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women £400 Women

Ste'lux, P. C. L. Lineau.
Men Liso to Lipoc; Women Lipoc to Lipoc
All branches of the Inspectorate assist in the Inspection of Ettining Schools.
Thaining Colleges.
Nath Inspector, Miss R. L. Monkhouse, O.R. L. Lipoc to Lipoc
Inspector, Miss R. L. Monkhouse, O.R. Lipoc to Lipo
Domestic Structure
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Art

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£500 to £900 These officers retain the title of Women Staff In-

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Men £500 to £500; Women £400 to £750

Woman facetors, Misses H. V. Armstrong; E. R. Clarke; R. M. Dewoy; C. S. Fergison; M. G. Giey; E. M. Perry; M. Wardle. £300 to £500

#### Inspectorate (Wales).

Assistant Inspectors, J W Fisher; D. Jenkins, Mc; W King, F. A Lewis, J Morris, Miss M Parry, D. W Pugh; W. Thomas; D M. Wilhams

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Royal College of Art, South Kensington, S.W. 7.

## **OSCOTTISH EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.** Dover House, Whitehall, London; and 14 Queen Street, Edinburgh 2.

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Accountant in Edinburgh

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Retains title of Woman Staff Inspector.
Part-time Appointment.

Medical Officer and Inspector of Physical Training, G. W. Simpson, M. D. P. H. Soc to See Inspectiveses for Domestic Subjects, Mrs. E. L. Waldle (Principal), Sigs to Sigs; Miss C. M. Kennedy; Miss E. N. MacGlashan ... Soc to Lise

#### The Royal Scottish Museum, Edinburgh,

Open free on weekdays, to a.m. to 5 p.m. (Sat. to o p.m.); and on Sundays a to g p.m. 

Keeper Natural History Department, P. H. Grimshaw Lego to Lyon Keeper Technological Department, T. Rowatt

Assistant Keepers, D. Balsillie; N. D. Cuthbertson; W. C. Wallis

#### ELECTRICITY COMMISSION.

Savoy Court, Strand, W.C. z.

The official returns rendered to the Electricity Commissioners show the following growth in electrical output in Great Britain

1924 1925	Units 6,004,000,000	1929 Units	20,394,000,000
1926	7,040,000,000		11,401,000,000
1927	,8,#34,000,000	293≅	18,834,000,000
1988	9,073,000,000		

Chairman, Sir John Snell, a B E , M. 1184.c. E , M. 1. E. E. Vice-Chairman, Sir J. R. Brooke, c.s. Commissioners, W. W. Lackle, c. 8. E., M. 1184 c. E ; T. P.

Whinshurst v b. p. m i f i Secretary, R. T. G. French, o.n.e. Solicitor, E. W. Hudson Chief Engineering Inspector, Henry Nimmo, m.i.e.e., M LM P

Asst. do., A. N. East, M. Ev.; H. Grummitt. Assistant Secretary, W. Cook.

## CENTRAL ELECTRICITY BOARD.

(Established under the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1926.)

Office, Trafalgar Bldgs., z Charing Cross, S.W.z. Office, Trafalgar Bldgs, x Charing Cross, S.W.z.
The Board are charged with the duty of supplying electroity to authorised undertakers in Greaf Britain. Their main functions are to construct main transmission lines (commonly known as "The Crid") to concentrate generation at standard frequency in the most officient stations ("Nelectual Stations") and to supply electricity in bulk for distribution. With that object in view, infections carried into effect. They embases the whole of Greaf Britain, except the north of Stothand The borrowing lowers of the Roard and \$55,000,000 (4) in May, 200, \$5,700,000 (5) in January, 230, \$5,000,000 (4) in May, 200, \$5,700,000 (5) in Ort and Nev 1931. \$5,000,000 (5) in Ort and Nev 1931. \$5,000,000 (5) in June, 1933. The Board publish Annual Reputs and Statements of Accounts.

Annual Reports and Statements of Accounts.
Chairman, Sir Andrew R. Duncau.
Other Members, The Lord Barnby, et a c; Sir James
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Duncan Watson; Sir R. L. Wedgwood, c. a, c. n a,;
W. K. Whigham
General Manager, Sir Archibald Page.
Chair Eunaver, Johnstone Wright
Commercial Manager, Harold Robson.
Chief Accountant, I. W. Coates, v. a.

#### EMIGRANTS' INFORMATION OFFICE (see Oversea Settlement Department, p. 286.) Ø EXCHEQUER AND AUDIT DEPARTMENT.

Victoria Embankment, E.C. 4

This is the Department of the Comptroller and Auditor General, an office created by the Act sp & 30 Vict. 2, 39, 2656) to replace, with extended powers, the separate offices of Comptroller General of the Receipt and Issue of the Exchequer and of the Commuschours for Auditing the Public Accounts This officer is appointed by Letters Patent under the Great East, and is irremovable

£300 to £500

except upon an address from the Two Houses of Parliament. In his capacity of Comptroller General of the Receipt and Issue of the Exchequer he authorises all issues from the Kachequer after satisfying himself that Parliament has given authority for them. He examines the Exchequer accounts and makes an annual report on them to Parliament. In his capacity of Auditor General of Public Accounts he is charged with the duty of examining on behalf of the House of Commons the accounts of expenditure out of monies provided by Parliament, the accounts of the receipt of revenue, and generally all other public accounts, including the accounts of Government stores and of trading services conducted by Government Departments. The results of his examination of those accounts are reported to the House of Commons.

Comptroller and Auditor General, Sir Gilbert Charles Upont, a.c., as a factor of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the

# ¢ EXPORT CREDITS GUARANTEE DEPARTMENT,

9 Clements Lane, E.C. 4. (Royal 8771.)

BRANCH OFFICES: Manchester — Ship Canal House, King Street. (City 9302.) Bradford— 69 Market Street. (8912.)

The Overseas Trade Acts, 1990-1930, empower the Board of Trade to give guaruntees in connection with the export of British goods. These powers are administered by the Export Creditis Guarantee Department acting in consultation with a stantopy Advisory Committee set up for the purpose. The Minister in charge of the Department at the Secretary of the Department of Overseas Trade, who in April, 1990, appointed at Executive Committee to control the daily conduct of

Statutory Advisory Committee

Chairman, *Col Hon Sidney Peol, **, p. 8 o. Jermy Chairman, *Col Hon Sidney Peol, **, p. 8 o. Jermy Chairman, *Sir John Caulcutt. Other Members, Sir Chas D Soligman; J Picton Baggo, ... **a. **Sir Ernest Bain, **a. **E. H. Glipin, **F. Goldsmith, W. E. Preston; A. Pugh, **Lr; **F. C. Sectt, W. K. Wolls

Manager and Chief Under writer, F. H. Nixon C.B. (seconded from H. M. Treasury) (and allowance) Lyos to Lyos Private Secretary, S. E. King Assistant Monager, H. Somorville Smith, p. 8.0, y. c.

(LILLIUNITE) £900

Underwriters, E. C. Adams, m s r (and allowance) Asso to £700; J Beynon, m s r (and allowance) Asso to £700; J Beynon, m s r (antensy) £500 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to £700 to AB.A A (acting) . . (and altorrance); Chief Clerk, R. J. Lawrence, M.B.E. (acting

£400 to £500 Higher Chincal Officers, H. V. Davies, M. R., A Griffith; F. Taylor (acting), A. H. Temple (acting)

Temporary Officers, A Groenblatt (inclusive), £453 to £535; C. Firth; G. A. Fitch, A. L. Trump; L. E. L. Wight............... (inclusive) £360 to £403

#### ROYAL FINE ART COMMISSION.

6 Burlington Gardens, W. 1.

Appointed in reas, "to enquire into such questions of public amenity or of artistic importance as may be referred to them from time to time by any of our Departments of State, and to report thereon to such Department; and, furthermore, to give advice on similar questions when so requested by public or quasi-public bodies, where it appears to the said Commission that their assistance would be advantageous."

their assistance would be anvantageous.

Commussioners, Prof. S. D. Adahead, M.A., M.Arch., PRIBA.; The Earl of Crawford and Balcarres, P.C., K.T., P.E.R., LI. D., P.R.A. (Charman); W. Red Dick, R. A.; The Viscount Lee of Farcham, P.C.; U.C. R., G.C.S. I., O B.E., LL. D., P.R.A.; Sir E. Lutyens, R. C.I. E., R.A., LL. P., F.A.; Sir Walter Peacock, K. O. S. Sir Will. Rothenstein, M.A., A.R.C.A.; Arthur J. Davis, P.R.J. B.A. (Charman, P.E.I.B.A. Scoredary, H. C. Bradchaw, M.Arch., F.E.I.B.A. Exceptages.)

## ROYAL FINE ART COMMISSION FOR SCOTLAND.

National Gallery, Edinburgh.

Appointed in sea" to enquire into such questions of public amenity or of artistic importance relating to Keutland as may be referred to them by any of our Departments of State and to report thereon to such Departments; and furthermore to give advice on similar questions when so requested by public or quantuble bodies when it appears to the said Commission that their assistance would be advantageous."

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Screetars, A. Norrich

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#### OFOREIGN OFFICE, Downing Street, S.W.z.

9FOREIGN OFFICE, Downing Street, S.W.z.

The Secretary ship of State for Foreign Affairs was created in 1762, superseding the ancient Secretary for the Northern Department of Europe (as the Officer had been called since 1868). He is assisted by two Under-Secretaries one Farliamentary, the other Fernament), one Pepuly Under-Secretary, and fire Assistant Under-Secretaries, Lean Advisors, a Fress Officer, twelve Connections, a Librarian, and a stat of Ulerks. The chief function \( \text{in addition to the formal dutes, are recurring und answering communications from individuals or other Government Department, from Diplomatic and Consular Agents of this country or others, and in determining the policy of the country towards Foreign Office were estimated at \(\frac{\pmathbf{Limited}{\pmathbf{Limited}}\). Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, The

Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Afairs, The Rt Hon Sir John Simon, G.c.s.i., & C.Vo, o m.e.,

Private Sec. H J Seymour, L. S. L. Second Private Sec. H J Seymour, L. S. L. Seymour, L. S. L. L. Seymour, L. S. L. Seymour, L. S. L. Seymour, L. S. L. Seymour, L. S. L. Seymour, L. S. L. Seymour, L. S. L. Seymour, L. S. L. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour, L. S. Seymour

[·] Members of Executive Committee.

Deputy Under-Secretary of State, Sir Victor Welleslev, Enance Assistant Annual Constitution of State Assistant Under Secretaries of State, Sh Lancolot (Hiphant, senso, es; Sir George Mounen, senso, os os es; O. G. Satgent, we constitution of the Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constitution of State Constit . £1,200 to £1,900 Legal Advisor, Sir Wilham Malkin, a c M G , c R , K.c Second do, W. E. Beckett, e. M. S. Scool
Third do., G. G. Fitzmanner
Press Office, Str. Arthin Willort, K. H. E.
Connectors, O. R. Wandon, e. M. C. W. Ordo, e. M. a.
C. W. Gendel, c. M. A. W. D. Peterson, e. M. a. I.
Collier; D. J. M. D. Scott, O. St. C. O'Malle,
c. M. a. R. W. A. Leeper, e. R. W. A. Leeper,
c. H. E., £1,000 to £1,200; R. F. Wigram (acting) £1,500 (Claums Adviser, M. Shoarman, o n z .. £700 to £900 A sustant, Establishment and France Department, William H Robinson, cre 1880 to Error E500 to £600 Trennical Assistant (Treaty Dept.), W L M Durlop, Second do (do ) E.W. Light, n v o o n r 6500 to 6000 Do (Consular Dept.), J. W Field, n n r 6700 to 6000

Head Officekeeper and Housekeeper, C. Fenwick £200 to £260

#### Passport Office,

z Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Dartmouth St., Westmuster, S.W. z.

Branch Passport Office, 36 Dale St., Liverpool.

The number of Passports issued in 1913 was 12,700 . In 1932 the number was 298,294 (including renewals, endorsements, &c.).

Chief Passport Officer, Hubert S. Martin, c.s.z

And the James W Stafford, on a 5550 to 5850 to 5700 to 5650 to 5700 to 5500 to 5700 to 5500 to 5700 to 5500 to 5700 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to 5500 to As Grant ..... £400 to £500

J S Grant ..... £400 to £500

## FORESTRY COMMISSION.

9 Savile Row, W. z.

The Forestry Commissioners, a Body Corporato, are appointed quinque multip under the Forestry Acts 1990 1992. The Commissioners are charged with the general duty of promoting the interests of forestry, the development of afforestation and the production and supply of timber in Great Britain Including the Germer Crown Weeds, transferred to the Commission in 1994, the Department have acquired over \$84,000 acres of hind 600 per cent. are pluntable, and they have planted applics, 230,000 acres of Grants are provided by the Commission in respect of afforestation of land belonging to private midviduals and Local Anthorities.

Chain min, Sir Roy Lister Robinson

Lister Robinson

Commissioners (Unipedd), Right Hon, Sir Francis

Dyke Achaud, at, ar, i; Col Sir George Conthopo,

at, ar, ar, br; D R Grenfell, ar; Sir High

Murray, 'r, ar, Sir Alexanden Rodger; Walter

R Suith, May S Strang-Steel, Col W, Stenart
Kothelischen, May S Strang-Steel, Col W, Stenart
Kothelischen, May S Strang-Steel, Col W, Stenart-Fothringham.

Issustant Commissioners, W. L. Taylor (England and Hades, 55 Whitehall, S.W. 1); John Sutherland, on r (Scotland, 35 Drumsheigh Gardens, Edinburgh)

See, A G Herbert, 9 Savile Row, W r. Look to Lysoe

#### FRIENDLY SOCIETIES REGISTRY.

17 North Audley Street, W. 1.

77 North Audley Street, W. 1.

A Barrister was appointed in 1886 to certify the Rules of Savings Banks, and in 1886 to certify those of Friendly Sciences. In 1886 he was constituted Registrar of Friendly Societies and Societies and Societies and Societies and Societies and Registrar for England. It exercises animerous and important functions under the Friendly Societies Acts, the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts, the Building Societies Acts, the Tade Union Acts, the Sulding Societies Act, the Tade Union Acts, the Workmen's Compensation Acts, the Scientific Societies Act, the Tade Union Acts, the Workmen's Compensation Acts, the Scientific Societies Act, the Thoto Union Acts, the Workmen's Compensation Acts, the Scientific Societies Act, the Thoto Uffice Societies Act, the Thoto Uffice Societies Act, the Thoto Uffice Societies Act, the Thoto Uffice Societies Act, the Supernanuation and other Trust Funds (Validation) Act, and a great number of local and personal

Acts. Under the Industrial Assurance Act, 2923, the Chief Registrar is charged with various powers and duties in relation to Industrial Assurance Companies and Collecting Societies, and in that capacity is styled the Industrial Assurance Commissioner.

Chief Registrar and Industrial Assurance Commissioner, Sir George Stuart Robertson, R.c. . £2,000
Private Sec., W. T. Cuthbort.
Assistant Registrar and Deputy Industrial Assurance

Commissioner, John Fox. o.B E . . £1,000 to £1,200 Assist. Registrars, H. P. Harker, B K White

Returns and Statistics Branch, (Head) F H Minett, £800; (Assist Head), W. R Johnson, M.B E.

## SCOTTISH REGISTRY OF FRIENDLY SOCIETIES,

19 Heriot Row, Edinburgh.

Registrar, Chilton L. Addison Smith, C.R., ws. Chirl Asst. & Head of Rules Branch, R Addison Smith. Head of Returns and Statistics Branch, H. A. Bakwell, A. & A. Head of Registration Branch, George Forsyth.

#### OTHE GOVERNMENT ACTUARY. Treasury Chambers, Whitehall, S.W. z.

Government Actuary, Sir A. W. Watson, R. C. B. £3,500
Private Sec. G. C. Turner.
Deputy do., G. S. W. Epps, c. R., c. B. £2,300 to £2,500
Principal Actuaries, P. N. Harvey, J. G. Kyd (Moretary)
Actuaries, P. G. Brown, G. Gillies; C. W. S. Janieson;
G. H. Maddox; D. A. Porteous, G. D. Stockman

#### GOVERNMENT HOSPITALITY FUND, Treasury Chambers, S.W. z.

Instituted in 1908 for the purpose of organizing official hospitality on a regular basis, with a view to the promotion of international goodwill. Minuster in Charge, The Rt. Hon. W. G. A. Ormsby-

Gore, M.P. Secretary, Maj E. N. S Crankshaw, M B.E.

#### MINISTRY OF HEALTH. Whitehall, S.W. z.

Whitehall, S.W. z.

This Department was established by the Ministry of Realth Act, 2019, to exercise in England and Wales powers with respect to Health and Local Government, and to it were transferred by the Act, subject to certain provisor, (a) all the powers and duties of the Local Government, Board, the Insurance Commission. (b) the powers of the Board of Educations relating to the health of expectant and nursing mothers and children under five, and to the medical inspection and treatment of children and young persons; (c) all the powers of the Pring Council and of the Lord President of the Council and the Act, 2008 and 2018, and the powers hitherto exercised by the Secretary of State under Part I of the Children Act, 2008. There may also be transferred to the Minister certain specified way and any other powers and duties in England and Welley and any other powers and duties in England and Welley of any Government Department which appear to relate of any Government Department of the health of the people.

Minuster, Lt -Com. Rt Hon Sir Hilton 1 oung, G B.E. 

Parliamentary Secretary, G. H. Shakespeare, M.P. Chief Medical Officer, Nir George Newman, s.c s., Solicitor and Legal Adviser, E. J. Maude, c B. Principal Assistant Secretary for Finance and As-countain General, S H. G. Hughes, c. n. z. Director of Establishments, H. A. Leggelt, c. n. c. n. z. Principal Assistant Secretaries, H. W. S. Francis, O.B.R.; I. G Gibbon, C.R., C.R.; A. B. Maclachlan; S. P. Vivian, c. B. (also Registrar-General) Assistant Secretaries, J. N. Beckett; R. B. Cross, obe; R. H. H. Keenlyside, one; H. A. de Montmorency, obe; E. H. Rhodes, obe; W. A. Ross, obe; R. J. Simpson, obe; J. C. Wrigley Ross, o s e.; R. J. Shinpson, o s.e., J. C. Wrigley St.coo to fs.soo Principals, I. F. Armer; S. A. Balley, m.s r; P. N. R. Butcher; R. Clark Turner (actum), J. N. Dark; C. B. R. Ellis; W. T. Fitzgernid; W. R. Frazer, o n e. H. H. George, a.e., S. F. S. Hearder; E. S. Hill; H. S. Hunter, L. Infield, o s.e.; C. R. Kerwood; A. W. Leger, T. Lindeug, F. R. Lovett, u.s.e; E. D. Macgrogor, F. F. Marchbank; G. C. North, u.e.; E. H. Phillips, o. s.e., A. N. Rucker; E. C. H. Salmon, m.c.; T. H. Shuepyhanks; A. N. C. Shelley; R. Stanton; H. H. Turner; L. N. Ure; D. C. L. Ward, Jopo to 5500; and Miss Z. L. Puxley, o. s.e. .................. 5600 to 5700. 

#### Insurance Department.

Controller, Sir Walter S. Kinnear, E.B.E. ..... £2,800 £550 to £700, and Miss M. Polson, o.n.e. £450 to £550 First Class Clerke, P. H. Barber; G. H. H. Bardwell; W. T. Begley, E. B. Bein; H. W. Blunt; W. H. Boucher, M. B.; T. M. Brett; G. D. Bridle; C. J. Bromhesd; W. O. Chatterton; T. Clark; P. P. Cooper; S. W. Cowan (acting); K. Curtis; A. E. Dale, M. B.; A. J. F. Danielli, M.c.; A. B. C. Davison; J. R. Deans; J. W. Dick, M. B.; J. D. P. C. M. Donohue; A. H. Druery; C. W. Empson; H. W. Etkins; R. H. Farreli; H. P. Firkin (acting); S. Freedman; S. G. Game; S. Gilbert; C. W. Harbidge; S. E. Hardy; R. J. 

#### Accountant-General's Division.

Principal Assistant Secretary for Finance & Accountant-General, S. H. G. Hughes, c. B. K. 

Deputy Accountant-General, J Chowi

Assistant do., S. C. Alford; F. N. Bath, o. s., H. C. Chatfield; R. P. James, o. s. &850 to £1,000 Chief Accountants, G. J. Allen, MHE, R. T. Hogg. O. M. Smith; J. L. Watson . £750 to £850 A. Sintin, A. B Carpenter (acting); 1 P. Crowther, J. E. Elmes (acting); F. W Fowkes (acting), A Gray; H. Leinon; F. Noble; D. Reid; T. A. Rigden; W. C. Stewart, £550 to £700; and Miss. 110 United States. H. F Butler, w n r. £450 to £550 

£400 to £500 Old Age Pensions Branch.

Superintending Clerk, F A. Hughes . £550 to £700 First Class Clerks, F. Boadella ; W. Smith £400 to £500

#### Medical Staff.

Chief Medical Officer, Sir George Newman, & c.B., M.D., D.C L , LL D , F.R C.P , F.R.C S. . Sentor Medical Officers, Sir G S Buchauan, c. b, m.d., b k c. r Dame Janet M. Campbell, b k r., m d., m.s., T. Caruwath, b s c., s k c., W. Duncan, c k k, m k., H. A. Maccwen, c k k, m k, A. S. MacNalty, v b., 1. Carrawau, d. N. O., M. B.; W. Duncan, d. R.; M. B.

H. A. Macwen, d. R.; M. R. S. MacNally, v. D.; F. C.P.

**Elizoo to £2,400

**Medical Officers. E. W. Admins, d. R.; M. D.; V. D.

Allison, M. D.; M. B. Arnold, v. D.; N. R. Beattle,
M. D.; Mins leabella D. Cameron, A. D.; P. Candler,
M. D.; Sir W. Dalrymple-Champaeys, Bt., M.D.,
M. C. F.; J. E. Chapman, M. C. S., Miss Emille C.

**Creaser, M. R.; K. Donaldson, M. D.; C. J. Doneban,
M. R.; J. J. A. Glover, d. D., R.; M. P., R. C.; F. Griffith,
M. R.; J. J. A. Glover, d. R.; M. P., R. C.; F. Griffith,
M. D.; J. M. Hamill, d. M.; M. D.; M. C.; J. R. HutchInson, M. D.; Lleut. C.O.; S. P. James, c. S.; R.; R.;
M. D.; A. A. Jubb, M. D., D.; C. W. A. Lethein, M.
M. D.; M. S. Milland, M. D.; M. C.; M. T. Macphail,
M. D.; M. S. Matland, M. D.; M. C.; M. T. Morgan,
M. C.; M. D.; A. C. Parsons, M. C.; J. Pearse, C.; R.;
M. D.; A. E. Quilne, M. B.; M. C.; M. Scott, M. D.;
D. R. Seymour, M. F.; W. V. Shaw, d. R.; M. D.; M. S.

C. R. M., M. R.; Lleut. Col. A. B. Smallman, c. M.;
D. R., M. D.; N. F. Minth, M. D.; G. Stock, c. B.,
C. R. R., M. R., M.; P. D.; D.; G. W. MonlerWilliams, d. R.; M., P. D.; D.; J. Williamson,
M. R.; J. Dill Russell, M. B. S. C. A. P. Doch
**Marian Medical Officers (Outdoor), R. Paterson,
M. R.; J. Dill Russell, M. B. S. C. A. P. Doch-Divisional Medical Officers (Outdoor), R. Paterson, M.B.; J. Dill Russell, M.B., F.R.C.S.; A. R. Roche, M.C., M.E.C.S.; E. W. Solby, O.B.R., M.D., F.M.C.S.; R. T. Worthington, M.B. (inclusive) £4,600 to £7,600 Regional Medical Officers, G. C. Adeney, M. B., F.R.C.S.; G. Ashton, M.D., M.R.C.F.; F. J. Blackley, M.D.; F. Challans, M.D.; A. L. Dykes, M. D.; A. Y. Greenwood, M.D.; R. A. J. Harper, M.D.; A. Heath, M.D., F.R.C.S.;

Women Inspectors, Miss E G Colles, Mrs. M O. Gordon, Miss M. Hobbs, Miss T Montagnon; Miss J. C'Bren, Miss M. A Quinlan, and Miss E. Humphreys Roberts

£aso to £aso

Government Lymph Establishment

Bacteriologist, for Clyer matted Calf Lumph, Liout-Col W D H Stevenson, c. k., n. p. 5700 to £2,000 Asst Bacteriologist, G G Butler, n. p. (temporary) £400 to £600

Legal Branch.

Solicitor and Legal Adviser, E. J. Maude, c.n. Asst Solicitors, L. G Dawson (acting), T. D Harrison; H C Tallot £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000

Asst Chief Clerks, J C Blake (acting); N C Croft-Cohen; A B. C. Gibson (acting); G D Wheway

Professional Clerks, R. J. B. Anderson : £550 to £700 C. G. Austan, C. E. O. Bax, J. R. B. Hodgelts, T. K. Johnston, L. D., L. Lees; D. H. Leek, and T. L. Williams ... £250 to £500

#### Inspectorate.

Chief General Inspecton and Deputy Secretary, Sir Arthur B Lowry, in General Inspection, N. B. Batterbury; R. H. A. G. Duff; W. F. Elinos, J. Owani Kianis, c.n.r. (acting); A. F. Hughes-Gibbs, o.n.r.; K. W. Grant Acting); A. G. Hughes-Gibbs, o.n.r.; K. W. Grant Acting); A. G. Hugward, in c.; C. J. Maslin, o.n.r.; H. Schoolen; W. J. T. Turton, o.n.r. Stoneticle, acting); R. J. R. Farrow, A. Gibb, n.n.r. (acting); V. L. Hurkness (acting); J. A. Lawther, in s.r. (acting); D. A. Lewis (acting); J. A. V. McCullough (acting); W. H. Korman, M. N. Lacting); G. A. Phillips (acting); A. Sharp (acting); J. Topping; and C. G. Ward. S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. Schoolens, S. S Chief General Inspector and Deputy Secretary, Sir

Deputy Chief Isapactors, Insurance, H. L. T. West, c., be, £550 to £1,000; and Miss E. G. Woodgate £700 to £600 Dioisional Inspectors, Insurance, G. W. Brake, T. A. Galley; H. T. Griffith; W. T. Vilmey; S. M. Jessop; A. J. Langridge; P. J. Latham, a. B., A. Macharley, G. B., L. Mason; J. J. Movnihan, a. B., G. M. Robinson; R. Watson; F. C. Wheeler, £550 to £500 Inspectors.—J. Addy; W. W. Andrew, R. Barkow; G. H. Barson; S. L. Beanwalle; D. F. Brown, J. Brunton, F. H. Comfort; H. Congrove, H. M. Cowell; E. J. Davies; H. H. Davies, W. J. Dawe; C. T. Denn, J. E. Dodwell, G. R. Dracup; A. W. Fracer; A. R. Farham; C. W. Fishor, J. S. Fisher, A. W. Fraver; C. W. Gaigor, W. H. Garner; C. H. F. Gordon, J. S. W. Gross; L. A. Hanny, J. Hardley, J. T. Hoaley, A. E. Hickford; J. R. Hill; B. R. Hillard; G. R. Hinsbands, C. Kelly, M. C., A. H. King; T. H. B. Land, W. Lowendon; T. W. Linnell; R. J. Long; J. N. P. Mackle, A. V. Martin, A. J. Mayhew, F. Moore; W. H. Morris; W. H. Murray; A. L. Newell; W. J. Norton, J. M. J. O'Gara, L. J. O'gan, J. A. Oborner, R. Pruves, J. R. Reed; Andrew Reed, T. J. Reelly, R. Rowhatt, R. T. Rowntroe; P. J. Sales; A. Sixanith; F. Sinith; A. Stewart, v. c.; H. W. Strong; W. E. Varnals; T. J. Watson; T. S. Wright, R. G. Young, £500 to £600; and the Missey F. B. Carter; E. M. Cohen; G. F. Fishwick, E. M. Gardner; M. Harthand; K. H. D. Jack; D. M. Jongara, J. D. Gordon, J. M. Sinith; M. Stanton; L. M. Struchan; B. S. Wittelhouse; H. M. Rainforth; M. Slator, W. M. Sunthonse; J. C. Lonn, M. F. Launck; E. A. McClevert; J. S. Mediogreg, E. J. D. Morrison; P. M. Price; H. M. Rainforth; M. Slator, W. M. Sunthonse; J. C. Lonn, M. F. Launck; E. A. Swanther, S. R. Lehfeldt; D. Lonn, M. F. R. Launck; E. D. Laupectors of Welfare of the Hillad, W. H. Bennett, £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £600 to £500 to £600 to £600 to £600 t Deputy Chief Inspectors, Insurance, H. L. T. West, 0.18 z., £850 to £1,000; and Miss E. G. Woodgate OBF., M.I Mech R

Pharmacust, R Dawson Hutchinson,

M. PHARM SOC. Engineering Staff.

Chief Engineering Inspr., R. G. Hetherington, c. R., 

Léon to £1,000
Chemical Inspector, H. T Calvert, M.H.R., D.S...
Ph.D., F.I.C. ...... £600 to £1,000 Ph.D., F.I.C . ..... Audit Staff.

Chief Inspector of Audits, W S. Wilkinson . £1,200 Deputy Chief Inspector of Audits, N. M. Griffiths, 

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 † These are also Inspectors of Audit.

Jumor Assistant Auditors, E. Baines; F. C. Baker; R. C. Bannerman; O. Barraclough; H. T. R. Bates; G. W. Bellingham; S. E. Bowden; C. R. Bystt; J. Carnichaei; A. R. Dean; C. O. Dean; D. Ellis; W. Foord; A. H. Gibbons; J. Giurney; G. H. Heelev; A. D. Hughes; J. F. Hunt; S. W. Jarvas, J. B. B. Kendrick, J. W. Kime, F. Lancaster; F. J. Layocok; J. M. Mackenster; A. J. Mine; J. N. McF. Moyle, C. H. W. Murphy; J. H. Niblett; C. W. Paddon; A. R. Parr; W. G. L. Bice, W. G. M. Roberts, n. c.; J. Standen; T. B. Stand; H. E. Stevens; M. C. C. Sullivan; A. W. Vale; F. D. White, A. H. Willis, £. foo to £500, and Miss W. V. Warren. ... £. foo to £400 Andit Officers, A. J. Archer; W. G. A. Bell, P. T. W. Bodwecte; G. F. Bulling; W. H. Burdge, W. H. Cavicss; J. W. Champ, H. W. Crampton; R. II. Daulton, W. A. Evans; E. T. Godward; T. C. Girtty; A. E. Huwker, A. E. Humphriss, H. Ivme, A. R. Jouse, O. E. Jones, T. H. Large, B. J. Llewellin, F. W. Lovett, A. Marshall, B. C. Osborno, J. H. S. Prrestlev, J. D. Reev; E. Smith, M. H.; D. Stephens; W. Y. Straker, J. B. Williams, C. W. C. Wookey; W. L. Wright. £400 to £500

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Chief Technical Officer for Building and Town Planming, A. Scott, M B K., I.R I B A., M LET K . £1,000 Chief Form Planning Inspector, G. L. Pepler, 181., Honoring and Town Planning Impectors, A. W. Soo.
Honoring and Town Planning Impectors, A. W. I.
H. A. Chapman, S. R. R. W. H. Collin, K. S.
Dodd, M. J. A. W. Hitch., C. H. Eyles, S. J. W. D.
Lockhart, A. M. H. K. A. T. F. J. H. S. Stewart,
A. R. I. R. A. S. S. J. S. T. F. J. R. W. Thorp, A. H. B. A.

£400 to £700 Architects, S Pointon-Taylor, FRIBA., M.J.P. £400 to £700 Assist Architects, C. H. Baker, A.R.I.BA.; A. V. Robertson, A.R.I.BA. . . . . . £250 to £450 Quantity Surveyor, E. H. Adkinson, P.A. *1

£400 to £700

General Staff,

First Class (Tecks and Staff Officers, E. V. W. Abbett,
u.c., 11 G. Allun, w.n.e.; G. J. V. Bastord, J.
H. Biddle, H. M. Bright; F. F. G. Brooke
(acting); A. H. Catling; C. O. B. Glark, A.
Coates; A. J. Cole; C. M. Cordingley; V. H.
Corti; J. W. Catthbert (acting); R. Daly; P.
Davenport, A. A. Davis, P. C. Davis; L. E. Fitz,
gerald, A. M. Fostur (acting), H. W. Fricker (acting),
A. W. Gibbey (acting); J. E. Green (acting), A.
T. Harris, F. C. Harrio, H. W. Fricker (acting),
A. T. Harris, F. C. Harrio, H. M. F. Harthorne;
E. H. Hickox (acting); A. Jones; A. E. Keech;
J. F. Kuott (acting); J. A. T. Langton, y. n. r. (acting);
A. Lewoock, W. Mackenzo, W. Magee, F. S.
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Perrey; F. W. Fickoring; H. Folman, x.n. g., F. G.
Rydo, J. H. Sersale; C. W. Sluight, J. Transhold,
J. Touner; A. Triberley; W. W. H.
White (acting), H. M. Williams (acting);
W. E. Works. Zeoc to £500; and Miss. H.
Frampton: Though, M. S. A. Hoverst, & Seo to £400. General Staff, Frampton Controller of Typists, Miss A. Howard, N B R

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Mexicers, D. Liowelyn-Williams, M.L., FRCS, D.T.
GEAT; Howell R. James. \$1,000 to \$1,200
Assistant Neartailes, Lowis Evans, \$700 to \$500
Chief Accountant, J. C. Morgan. \$500 to \$500
Chief Accountant, D. Enlyy Jones. \$500 to \$500
Chief Accountant, D. Enlyy Jones. \$500 to \$500
Legal Adviser, A. M. Bulloch. \$500 to \$500
Legal Adviser, A. M. Bulloch.
Higher Executive Officers, C. Beckworth; W. Blickle;
E. J. Evans (acting), Oswald Jones; O. M. Jones;
W. L. Jones, T. A. Morgan; H. Old (acting);
R. C. R. Richards; F. W. Rosch; D. J. Roberts;
T. L. Roberts; A. T. Thomas; W. Thomas;
T. Vose; P. M. Williams. \$400 to \$500 WELSH BOARD OF HEALTH

#### Outdoor Staff (Insurance).

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Deputies, Sir W. S. Kinnear, K. B. E.; J. Jeffrey, C. R., C. B. E.; H. Conacher, C. B. E.; J. Rowland, C. B., C. B. L.,

M.V.O., Joint Financial Advisers, Sir A. W. Watson, K.C.B., and S. H. G. Hinghes, c.B. E. Medical Adviser, W. Duncan, o.B. E., M.B. Secretary, E. C. Moffrey (acting)

#### GENERAL REGISTER OFFICE (ENGLAND AND WALES), Somerset House, W.C. 2.

(ENGLAND AND WALES),
Somerset House, W.C. 2.

The Registration of Riths, Marriages, and Deaths is believed to have been insugnated by Thomas Cromwell in grant the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second

Registrar-General, S. P Vivian, c.n. £1,200 to £1,500 (See Ministry of Health)

Superintending (Terks, G V. Howell, o n. r.; C. M. Watts, o. n. r.; A. B. Garrard; H. G Dowden.

Staf Officers, A. W. Mundy; F. Yates; G. H. Trinder; E. C. Davies; J. R. A. Campbell; J. L. Erck; H. T. Maynard; E. H. Shackle (temporary); G. S. Minchin (temporary); R. H. Jonas (temporary); & Aso to £500

#### THE BOARD OF CONTROL. (Lunacy and Mental Deficiency.) Caxton House West, Tothill Street, S.W. z. (£144,891).

The above constitute the Board.

The above constitute the Board.

Secretary, P. Barter.

5.1,000 to 5.1,200

Commissioners, Lt.-Col B T. Hodgson, c. v.o., m. s., u.s. g. f.,500; Hol. H. C. Bulloy, £1,200 to 5.1,500;

J.W. Mainmon, m. p. Surgeon-Capt, H. C. Devas, R. v. feel; Miss I M. C. Duncan, B. a., L. s. s. A. E. Evans, m. s., b. h. S. E. Gill, m. b., p. th.; Surgeon-Roar-Admiral J. F. Hall, c. m. g., k. m. s., k. ret.; E. O. Lewis, n. s. c. t. k. e. p.; Surgeon-Rear-Admiral E. T. Meagher, s. v. feel, J. C. Penton, m. a., Miss I G. H. Wilson, m. p., p. s. f. foot of £1,000

Homen Inspections, Miss C. Landon, Miss M. M. McFarlane, m. a., ph. n.; Miss II Redfern; Miss A. J. Choler

Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second £400 to £650 £600 to £900 arren, F C

COOLET AND DESCRIPTION OF A PRIME A SECOND SENSOR ASSIST. Architects, H G. Warren, F C Webster, on E 1 E 1 B A F. S. 1. £450 to £650 Assistant Architect, P T Horns, A.R.I.B A.

Assistant Necretae, W. Fanley, M. In. 1750 to 1400 Nuprintending Cleaks, W. E. J. Cardy, M.R.; F. J. Caswell, M. R. 1550 to 1500 National Control of Carte, M. P. 1550 to 15700 National Control of Carte, H. J. Clarke; W. H. S. Rose, R. L. Taylor, E. H. Warland £400 to £500

## ODEPARTMENT OF HEALTH FOR SCOTLAND.

125 George Street, 121A Princes Street, Grassmarket, 19 Rose Street, and 12 Shandwick Place, Edinburgh.

Estimates, 1933-34, £2,832,265, of which salaries, wages, and allowances are £229,559.

Chief Accountant, J. Stewart Seggie, c A Chief Accountant, J. Stewart Seggie, c A, PRAA & Sego to £1,000

Asst. Accountants, T. A. Mowat, c.A.; J. Dunlop

Solicitor, G. A Birse, MA, BI. .... Loco to Linco Assistant Solicitors, D. Gerrand Loco to Linco Thomson to £800; A. £400 to £500 (inclusive) £6

Chief Engineer and Housing Commissioner, D. Rouald. M. Inst. C. E. Loos of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control o General Inspectors, M. Boaton, J. B. B. Brown, G. H. Henderson; G. A. Mackay £500 to £800 CMef Inspector, Insurance (vacant) £830 to £2,000 Deputy Inspector (Insurance), A Morrison

£350 to £500

#### SGENERAL BOARD OF CONTROL. Lunacy and Mental Deficiency.

as Palmerston Place, Edinburgh.

Commissioner, Lt -Col Sir H Arthur Rose, p 8.6.,11 b. Legal Commissioners, Sherili J. L. N. Mapphali, R. C., and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water and a water

#### 6H.M. GENERAL REGISTER HOUSE, Edinburgh.

enah £525 ench £532

zet Cluss Clerks, R. D. Gray; J. Burt., W. Snart.,
J. M. Milligon, H. Robertson; R. H. Lindsay; G.
Nisbet; K. M. Mactilegor, W. E. S. Brebner, T.
Curran, T. Crossav; J. Fisher; A. Smith, J. Duff,
A. Brownlee, W. Morlson, W. Robertson; R.
Rarron, J. McVie, A. Dyden, J. Sommerville,
A. G. Veitch; J. Urquhart ..., each £475

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Registrar-General, A. Froude, 1 8.0. Segments Alexander, A. Fronce, 1868. Secretary, J. C. Fyfe Staff Officers, A. McKinlay; H. A. Scott. Hyther Gind Cherks, H. Johnson; J. Steven. Registration Extramers, J. Ross, J. J. Blyth, D. B. Gardner; J. Tupman J. C. Young

#### SHOME OFFICE, Whitehall, S.W. z.

GHORE OFFICE, Whitchall, S.W. z.

The Recretaryship of State for I me Atlans was created in 178a, the distinct has my mewfound, been assigned the affairs of Great Burtain, Ireland, and the oldenies, and also Southern Europe is the appaintment of the "Home" and "Foreign" Recretaries the oldenies, and also Southern Europe is the appaintment of the "Home" and "Foreign" Recretaries the Offices, the former retaining Irish and Colonial business and until 1794 War business also In 280 the Colonial business was also removed. The Home Secretary is the medium by which the Sovereign acquaints his people of his pleasure, and a channel of communication with the Sovereign, and his main functions are the maintenance of the Ring's peace, the enforcement of rules made for the internal well-being of the community, and the verifies of the community, and the verifies of the opportunity.

case of the processive of mercy principal Secretary of State for Home Affairs, Lt.-Col Rt. Hon. Sir John Glimour, Bt., d 8.0., n.p. £5,000 Private Sec., A. S. Hutchinson.

Asst Private Sec., A. Johnston Ceremonial and Receptum Secretary to Secretary of State and Registrar of the Baroneinge, R. R. Boyd.

Under-Secretarity, N.P. . . unp. Under-Secretarity Permanent, Sir R. R. Scott, R.C.R., C.S.1, 18.0. £3,000 Private Séc., C. P. Hill.

Parliamentary, Rt. Hon . Douglas Hacking, o B B . N P. Private Ser., H. A. Strutt

Do (Parliamentary), R. V. Grimston, M.P. unp.
Assulant Under Secretaires of State, A. Maxwell, c.s.
(Permissent Deputy), £2,200; R. R. Bannatyne, c.s.;

(m. n) £, soo to £, soo; (n omen) £, soo to £, soo Legal Advisor, O. F Dowson, c. sr. £, £, soo to £, soo A santant Legal Advisor, A. H. Houston (i Perdulished) £, soo to £, soo Staff Officers to Administratic Unites, & Fleid, A. J. Edanmols, s. s. t. A. 1 "Indo. J. C. Farnsworth, E. Cades, s. s. s. W. U. Jagelman . £400 to £, soo Chief Clerks, Finance Branck, L C Labram , W H Staff Officers, France Brunch, T 1 Clancy, T 8 Supt of Statistical Branch, W A. Hermon

£550 to £650 £400 to £500 Supt. of Registry, A. H. May .. Chart Clerk, Factory Dept., W. Gaskell, 1 s o

Chief (Bork, Children's Branch, H. L. Tubbs

L400 to £500 Chief Clerk (A & B Drussons), S.W. Drinkwater, x & r L400 to L500
Chief (terk (Aliens Branch), W. W. J. Burton, M. R.

L400 to L500

Chief (terk (Aliens Branch), W. W. J. Burton, M. R.

L400 to L500

L500 to L500

Official Analysis, G. Roche Lynch, o.n.r., m. n. St. Mary's Hospital, W. 2, and J. H. Ryffell, s.ch., Gny's Hospital, S. E. z.

Consulting Architect in connexion with Reformatory and Industrial Schools and Polac Buildings, F. W. Troup, esa, esa, sa, sa, ga Grw's Inn Square, W. Cz. Addisor on Fire Questions, Lt.-Col G Symonds, p v o , 2 Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W 1.

#### Factory Department, Home Office.

In 1914 there were 3,309,655 males and 2,665,006 females employed in factories in the United Kingdom, a total of 4,095,668; in 1930 the numbers were (excluding liveland) 3,181,877 males and 1,366 850 females, a total of 4,086,721, naga there were 105,616 accidents reported under the Fuctory and Workshop Acts, of which 602 were fatal. H.M. Chief Inspector, D. R. Wilson, c. B.E.

Dep Chief Inspectors, Home Office, G N Taylor, G.B.E., £1,500; L Ward, O.B.E., £900 to £1,000, Miss F I Taylor 

Medical Inspectors, J. C. Bridge, F.R.C. R.Ed., M.R.C. F.Rd., Home Office, £1,100; S. A. Henry, M.D., Londom, E. L. Middleton, M.D., Home Office; Mrs. Stuart

• Additional for Irish Business.

† Receives an allowance for performing the duties of a Principal.

Horner, M.R., B.E., Home Office; M. R. A. Merewether, M.D., Birmingham; A. N. Currie, M.R., Ch.B., Sheffield; T. Ferguson, M.D., FR.O.P.M., Glassjon; W. D. Hood, M.R., ch.R., Manchester

D. E. H. Wynter, South Eastern Dirision; E. I. Wilson, Glasgori, West; H. Woods, Bristol, South; B. W.A.Crutchlow, Leeds, South; D. E. Jones, Inserpool, South; F. O. Townsend, Middlesbrough; F. E. Knowles, South Essex; W. E. Pride, Woolscok; A. H. Couxens, Finsbury; R. I. Lind, Nottingham; E. A. Clother, Newcossile, W. M. Samson, Physical F. J. Tanner, Leicester Inspectors of Particulars (4) ....... £150 to £350

Inspectors of Explosives, Home Office.
In 1997, 55 accidents at Factories and Magazines were reported, causing 6 deaths; in 1998, 95 accidents and so deaths; in 1996, 65 accidents and a death, 1996, 65 accidents and a death, 1996, 67 accidents and a death, 1996, 67 accidents and a death. Chief Inspector, Lt., Col. R. A. Thomas, C. R. £800 to £1,000

nspectors, H. E. Watts, M.R., Ph.D., B.Sc., F. C., £700 to £800; Captain N. Fawcett .. £500 to £800

Inspector under the Inebriates Acts. Inspector, W. N. East, M.D., L. R.C.P. (Landon).

Chief Immigration Officers, A. B. Cabitis, London; H. A. Joshn, Dower, S. W. Nicholas, e. m., Hull, E. Solloway, Physiochief; J. Aikman, Glasgoor; E. C. Burgoss, London; F. J. Everest, Southampton; A. J. Nicholas, Linerpool, S. Ormond, Tyne Ports; E. E. Revey-Jones, Caridy; S. E. Dudley, Folkestone; E. H. Shaw, Harnich; V. A. Spliks, Newhaven.

L350 to £450 Immigration Officers (149) . .....£130 to £350

Inspector under Dangerous Drugs Acts. Inspector, F. R. Thornton ..... .. £350 to . ..... .. £350 to £500 Inspectors under Cruelty to Animals Act.

Inspectors, Major J. A. Giles, M.B., B.B., D.P.H. (Home Office) £800 to £900, Bt. Lt. Col. J. A. Andorson, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (Edosburgh) . . . . . . £800

H.M. Inspectors of Constabulary for England

and Wales.

Maj -Gen Sir L W Atcherley, c M G, C V O; Lt.-Col.

W. D. Allan, O B E

£z,000 to £z,200

#### H.M. Inspectors of the Children's Branch, Home Office.

Chief Inspector, A. H. Norris, c.B F.,

#### Prison Commission, Home Office.

£850 to £700

[•] Lent to another Department,
† Also in receipt of an allowance of £50.

* Also in receipt of an allowance of £20.

#### State Management Districts.

(Licensing Act, 1921), King's Buildings, Dean Stanley Street, S.W. 1.

COUNCIL

COUNCIL.

Presidents. The Secretary of State and Parliamentary Under Secretary of State. Home Department, and the Secretary of State for Scotland Members. A. Maxwell, c. B., and P. J. G. Rose, c. B. (Official Representatives); Sir William Waters Butler, Bt.; S. O. Novile; Sir J. C. G. Sykes, k. c. B. Sec., W. B. Vince, D. B. D., M.C., T. D. (Home Office)

Senior Clerks, P R Higgins; J. Orbell . £550 to £700

## OPRISONS DEPARTMENT FOR SCOTLAND.

11 Rutland Square, Edinburgh.

Sec., Lt. Col R E W. Baird, o B E. £1,000 to £2,200
Deputy Secretary, J. Fulton £650 to £850
Medical Advisor, Robert A. Fletning, ww. Li D. £190 

#£400 to £600

## POLITICAL HONOURS SCRUTINY COMMITTEE.

The Royal Commission on Honours, 1922, recommended that a Committee should be appointed to consider, before they are submitted to the King the names and particulars of persons recommended for appointment cany dignity or honour on account of political services, and after such inquiry as they think fit to report to the Prime Minister whether, so far as they believe, such persons in the whole circ impatances are fit and proper persons to be recommended.

Secretary, Sir James Rac, K B.E (Treasury, S W 1)

#### IMPERIAL COMMUNICATIONS ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

Electra House, Victoria Embankment, W.C z.

Effective House, victoria Elinbankinent, W.C. z.
This Committee was constituted in July, spe, in
accordance with the recommendations of the Imperial
Wireless and Cable fonderence, 1938, to act in an advisory
capacity in regard to telegraphic communications. The
Committee is charged with certain responsibilities is
lating to the activities of imperial and international
Communications, Limited—the company formed, in
accordance with the recommendations of the Imperial
Wireless and Cable Conference, for the purpose of coordinating the telegraphic services shoth cables and
Cable Conference, for the purpose of coordinating the telegraphic services shoth cables and
Empire.

wireless) connecting the valous parts of the British Empire
The Committee consists of one Member appointed by such of the Governments of the United Kingdom, Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, New Zaland, the Union of South Africa, the Irish Free State, India, and of the Colonies, Dependencies and Protectorates respectively. The Gavernment of any part of His Majesty's dominions now or herwafter passessing responsible government may also nominate one representative, who is entitled to be summoned to any meeting at which questions affecting the interests of that part of His Majesty's dominions are to be considered.

Chairman, Sir Campbell Stuart, & B.E. Deputy Chairman, Clive L. Bailleu, c.m.c. Secretary, E St J. Bamford.

#### IMPERIAL ECONOMIC COMMITTER

z Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, S.W. z.

s Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, S.W. 1.
This Committee was established in 1995, following proposals of the Imperial Economic Conference, 1995, and its terms of reference were successively widened by the Imperial Conferences of 1996 and 1999. Following the adoption by the Governments of the Empire of the report made in 1935 by a reviewing Committee—the Imperial Committee on Economic Consultation and Cooperation, which was convened in accordance with a resolution of the Imperial Economic (Ottawa Conference, 1938, and which examined inter also the Imperial

Economic Committee, the latter's terms of reference have been further extended and are now as follows:—

are been further extended and are now as follows:

(2) To complete a series of investigations into the possibility of improving the methods of preparing for market and marketing within the United Kingdom the food products of the overseas parts of the Empire with a view to increasing the consumption of such products in the United Kingdom in preference to imports from foreign countries, and to promote the interests both of producers and consumers.

(2) To undertake enquiries into the production for export and the marketing in various parts of the world of raw materials of the Empire.

(3) To prepare, on obtaining the approval of the Governments of the Commonwealth, surveys of any branch of Empire trade and marketing (4) To carry out certain investigations directed by

(4) To carry out certain investigations directed by To carry out certain investigations directed by the Imperial Conference, 1939

[5] To facilitate conferences among those engaged in particular industries in various parts of the Commonwealth

(5) To undertake the following services transferred from the Empire Marketing Board—

(a) periodical market intelligence notes, and (b) world surveys of production and trade (in-cluding those embraced by the "Commodity" Series issued by the Empire Marketing Bound).

(2) To make proposals to Governments in regard to other economic services and enquiries which, in its view, should be conducted on a co-operative basis, if heing understoor that this does not give to the Countitee any power to midate proposals regarding consultation in respect of economic policy.

economic policy

The nineteen members of the Imperial Economic
Committee are nominated by their respective Governments, and the Committee, whose expenses are net by
contributions from all the Governments of the Commonwealth, reports to those Governments

The results of previous enquiries are embodied in a
scree of reports, of which as last been published by
September 1933. In addition, the section of the Empire
Marketing Reard which was transferred to the Committing the contribution of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of th Chairman, Sir Horace J. Wilson, G.M.G. R.C.B., C.B. E. Secretary, Sir David Chadwick, C.S.I., C.I.E.

#### IMPERIAL SHIPPING COMMITTEE,

Great George Street, S. W. z.

Great George Street, S.W. 1.

Set up in 1980- (i) To enquire into complaints from persons and bodies interested with regard to ocean freights, racilities and conditions in the inter-impersal trade or questions of a similar nature referred to them by any of the nominating authorities, and to report their combinations to the (overnments concerned (ii). To surves the facilities for maritime transport on such routes as appear to them to be necessary for trade within the Empire, and to make recommendations to the proper author ty for the co-ordination and improvement of such facilities with regard to the type, size and speed of ships, depth of water in docks and channels, construction of harbour works and similar matters, and in so doing to take into account facilities for air transport on the toutes in question. Like the Imperial Economic Committee, it, derives antibudy from and reports to all the Governments represented at the Imperial Conference. Chairman, Rt. Hon Sir Halford Mackinder secretary, R. C. Bryant.

#### IMPORT DUTIES ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

Canton House (West Block), Tothill Street, S. W.z. (Appointed under the Import Duties Act, 1932.)

#### oindia office, Whitehall, S.W. z.

Prior to 1898 Indian affairs were conducted by the East India Company, under the supervision of a Government Board of Control, whose President was responsible for Indian affairs in Parliament. On the transfer of India to the Grown in 1898 a Secretary of State, assisted by a Council, was entrusted with the administrative duties formerly discharged by the Company and Board.

Sceretary of State, The Right Hon Sir Samuel Hoare, Bt. on E., r.n. e., nr. ... £5,000 Private See dary, W. D. Crott ....... (alinee. £300) Do Party, M. Patrick, nr. ... (alinee Friede See etary, F. F. Turnbull (aline

£150)
Political A D C. Lt.-Col. W. G. Neale, (1) .. £800

#### Under-Secretaries

Permanent, Sir Findlater Stewart, K.C.B., K.C.I.F., C.S.I.

Private Sec., K. Anderson (allnee, £150)
Paylumentary, R. A. Butler, u. r.
Private Secretary, H. A. F. Rumbold (allnee, £150)
Deputy Under Secretary, Sir Malcolm C. C. Sect. m, K.C.B.

Assist Under Sees, Sir Louis J. Kershaw, K. C.S. J. C. F.

L. D. Wakely, C.R.

£1,200 to £1,500

COUNCIL OF INDIA.

£40).
Assi to Pol A.D.C., O. Gruzelier, M v o. £400 to £550
Remdent Clerks, W. B. Goodchild; L. W. N. Hounan

#### ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION

SECRETABLES, PTC Financial, Sir Coul Kisch, R c.i.s , CB , £1,200 , F E. Grist (acty) . ..... £1,050 Military, Lt den Sir John F S D. Coloridge, L. c n , 

£400 to £500

EXECUTIVE DIVISION. ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL'S DEFARTMENT.

#### MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Chief Exec. Officer, R. H. Headley, o. n. E. 5750 to 5650 Superintending Executive Officers, A. W. Dunton, n.c., A. W. Thomson ... ... 5550 to 5750 Higher Executive Officers, H. G. Bull; J. G. Crickmay; M. K. Jephson; T. Rowland ... £400 to £500

#### MISCELLANEOUR APPOINTMENTS.

Consulting Engineers, Rendel, Palmer and Tritton.
Establishment Officer, F. W. H. Sunth, c.i.z.
Edutors, India Office List, W. R. Raynor; C. E. Hoare
(alterance Age)

Clerk of the Cades, R R de R. à Ababrelton

Assistant do Major C A F. In unmond, 0 8 E. 668:
Personal Assistant to Multury Secretary, Col. G L
Pepys, c n. p s o Rullicay Companies, R. Mowbray (allowance £200)

Aust Gart Dr. of Indian Rly Cos., W. Gauld

Administrative Officer for Currency Duties, G. W P Martin Lighter attached to Military Dept., Col. J. C. Macris, p. 8. o. Surveyor d Clerk of Works, H.M. Edwards £400 to £500

#### India Audit Office.

#### High Commissioner for India. India House, Aldwych, W.C. z.

India House, Aldwych, W.C. a.
In accordance with Sec. 29 of the tonermient of India Act, 1919, a High Commissioner for India was appointed a 1920, a High Commissioner for India was appointed in 200, ally to the directions and control, of the Governor-General in Council to act, as Agent in the Linted Kingdom on behalf of Local Governorman in India for such surposes as the Governor-General in Council shall prescribe, and to conduct any luxiness relating to the Government of India hitherto conducted by the India to Office which may be assigned to him by the Secretary of State for India.

High Commissioner for India, Sir B N. Mitra, K c 8 1. High Commissioner J. 23,000

A. C. P. C. R. M. Mather, N. R. P. Leon to Esco.

Private Secy., W. M. Mather, N. R. P. Leon to Esco.

Personal Assistant, V. J. G. Enyres.

Deputy High Commissioner, A. M. Groon, C. P., I. C. S.

£1,800 to £2,000

ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Chief Accounting Officer, G. H. Stoker, c.i.e., o.n e £900 to £1,100 Deputy Chief Accounting Officer, A J C Edwards, Deputy Chief Accounting Officer, A J. Lyso to Asso.

Assistant Chief Accounting Officer, R. W. Keny.

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Superintending Executive Officers, H W Martin, J.W. Steadman, S H Wadsworth £550 to £700 Higher Executive Officers, D. L McSweeny, No. F N Fairley; H. Wade; A. J. Rowe; A M Menon, W. Sievens £400 to £500

#### EDICATION DEPARTMENT.

Secretary, T. Quayle, p. litt. ..... L700 to L900 Educational Officer, P. K. Dutt ... L550 to L700 Educational Officers, R. M. J. Knaster; V. I. Gaster £450 to £600

#### GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Secretary, R. E. Montgomery . . . £800 to £2,000 Super intending Executive Officer, F. J. Adams Higher Executive Officers, W. Marlow; E. Simcock

£400 to £500 PUBLIC DEPARTMENT

#### Secretary, K. R. Menon, 1 C. 8.

#### TRADE DEPARTMENT

#### STORF DEPARTMENT,

Belvedere Road, Lambeth, S.E. z.

Director-General, Lt. Col Sir S. S. W. Paddon, c. 1 E Director of Purchase, J. P. Forsyth & Soo to £1,500 to functioners, W. F. Wost; W. G. Crockett, H. B.; M. Daniels Principal Executive Officers, A. S. Clark, J. L. Jonkin; W. Hairison; E. Pine, M. B.; J. W. Cooper

Consulting Engineers, Rendel, Palmer and Tritton, Naval Architects, Sir J. H. Biles & Co.

## INDUSTRIAL ASSURANCE COMMISSIONERS

#### (see Friendly Societies Registry). (BOARD OF INLAND REVENUE,

#### Somerset House, W.C. 2.

The appointment of Commissioners of Stamps dates from 1994 and of Commissioners of Taxes from 1994 and 5 will IV.c. 6. a. consolidated Board of Stamps and Taxes was established, and by 12 and 12 Vict. c. x this Board was amalgamated with the Commissioners of Excise to form the Board of Inland Revenue Ry 2 Edw. VII. c. 26 the administration of Excise was transferred to the Board of Customs. The present sources ferred to the Board of Customs.

of "Inland Revenue" consist of Death Duties, Stamps and Taxes Salaries and Expenses of the Board for 1933 are estimated at £7,104,595.

#### The Board.

C. G. Spry, c.s. .....

#### Special Commissioners of Income Tax,

York House, Kingsway, W.C. a.

Presiding Special Commissioner, Sir Mark Berosford Russell Sturgis, L. R., Sigger Special Commrs, W. J. Braithwaite; P. Williamson; N. Anderson, e. B.; J. Jacob, Hon R. Coke, D. So., R. M. Sanders, each £1,200, A. A. Oliver, e. R. R.

#### Secretaries' Office,

Woman Establishment Officer, Mrs. E. M. Garner, Orne: 5506 128 (Inclusive)
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K. J. Lawman (acting).

Staff Officer, G. F. Rickett

Principal Accountants, H. H. Isalica, Ala.; F. W. Gower, Ala.; S. P. Dillon-Smith, A. K. A. A. ... & Section of the Accountants, E. Busnett, A. C. A. H. G. Bridges, A. C. A.; K. Hanson, Ala., A. H. Harper, Ala.; W. H. Palpier, Ala.; H. Preody, As Al., L. P. Williams, M. C.; L. E. Dyne, Ala., G. H. Langdale; G. H. Knighton, M. C. A.; F. A. Tongue, As Ala.; W. A. Johnson, Ala.; A. F. Stevenson, Ala.; M. A. Johnson, Ala.; A. F. Stevenson, Ala.; C. O. Coton, C. A.; C. E. S. Ware; W. L. Addynnan

Lycett, As Ala.; W. L. Mantell, Ala.; C. O. Coton, C. A.; C. E. S. Ware; W. L. Addynnan

Lycette, As Ala.; W. L. Mantell, Ala.; C. O. Coton, C. A.; C. E. S. Ware; W. L. Addynnan

Accommodation Officer, H. H. Whooler... \$550 to \$500 Medical Officer, H. S. Stannus, rli D., M.D., N. R. C. P.

#### Office of Special Commissioners of Income Tax. York House, Kingsway, W.C. a.

† Granted special pensionable allowance of £100 p.s. whilst in charge of Assessments Division.

Brougham; F W Boustred; W. G. Birt; T. N. Hooper; G. E. Howell; J. W. Middleton; J. Robertson; A. W Caddy; W. J. Jones; A. L. Fielding; G. F. Hine; W A Ramsden; L. C Watts; S H Hopkins; W. E. Degerdon (acting)

Senior Staff Officers, C E Cook; G E Thompson £400 to £500

#### Statistics and Intelligence Branch,

Director, C J Gregg, c B. (acting) ............. (unpaid)
Assistant Director, A. L. Bock, o B E . £700 to £900
Assistant Principal Clerks, M.C. Lynch; A. W. Burgess £550 to £700 Higher Executive Officer, F. J. Cann..... £400 to £500

Controller of Death Duties, F. C. Lambert . . . £2,200
Anst Controllers of Death Duties, *A. Robinson (Deputy Controller); R. Dymond; G. D Florendine

Chief Examiners, A. E. Durrant; J. F. Rhodes; T. C. S. Smith; C. J. H. Hutchins; A. H. Pares; F. E. Jeram; K. P. Rider; H. P. Brown; H. McIlquham; W. Addison; C. Bestr; J. J. Wolfe; A. Hardwick; E. M. Miller; H. Nell, E. T. Dixon, L. F. Tours

E. M. Miller; H. Nell, E. T. Dixon, L. F. Tours, Step to Seconor Examiners, 1A. J. Doyle; H. P. C. Skingley; 1R. W. Ingram; 1L. Stack; † A. H. Troughton; J. Buckley; H. L. White; G. L. Price; E. L. Cope; R. Quigg; C. O. Vernede; C. H. Smith; E. T. Hopkins; H. P. Bassel; C. S. Thompson; P. H. G. O'Flynn; H. J. Oliver; W. K. Freeth; W. C. Royle; H. J. Harston; H. B. D. Sword; W. J. Duggan; J. Canter; R. K. Rowell; C. N. Francis; J. A. G. Owen; G. F. Broughton; J. M. Bilss; R. H. Hobson; C. S. Vincent; R. E. Allen; S. R. Tanner; H. J. B. Smythe; E. L. Green; E. A. Gratv; J. F. Tarrant; O. I'A. Thurston; F. J. Bennett; H. Porteous; P. J. Bennett, C. Jones; F. H. Peake; J. A. G. Sterling; A. T. Nichols; R. E. Coleman, o. s.v.; I. Lawton; J. Ratcliff; G. H. Richmond; J. B. Isherwood; E. Bradtock; W. T. Matthison; C. Spice; G. T. Arnott; T. M. Dale; C. A. Baker; F. Costos; F. Cruttenden; A. J. Stanton; G. W. Carter; R. N. Cook; R. Mead; E. H. Roe; T. A. McKee; W. M. Brown; J. D. Geake; A. Edmunds; E. W. Hamilton; W. H. Lynes Experiment of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Parameters of Para

Marked thus t are on the scale £600 to £800. Examiners, C. D. Knox; H. C. Sword; E. V. Cole; E. C. Burley; G. H. Moore; J. H. Burgess; L. Green; R. W. Marsh; G. H. Sellar; E. F. Saxton;

. In receipt of allowance of Lico as Deputy Controller.

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# § MINISTRY OF LABOUR. Montagu House, Whitehall, S.W. z.

Montagu House, Whitehall, S.W. z.

The gross amount for the services administered by the Ministry (Tase V. 8 w cestimated at £2, 237,000 for the year ending March 31 1224, reduced by Appropriations. In Aid to a tel sum of £56,000,000. The gross estimate is made up as follows—Malartes, £447,500 for Head-cuarters Departments. £570,000 for Claims and Record 197. The services £4,200,000 for Claims and Record 197. The services £4,200 for First Services £4,000 for Law Claims. The services £4,000 for Law Claimses. £7,400,000 for Unemployment £5,000 for Law Claimses. £7,400,000 for Unemployment £6,000 for Law Claimses. £7,400,000 for Unemployment £6,000 for Employment and Transitional Payments (Nate Grants, &c.); £83,000 for Employment and Transitional Payments (Nate Grants, &c.) for the Other of the University of Trade Roards, Committees, &c. There is also included in the Grous Estimate a sum of £6,800 in commexion with the International Lahour Organisation (League of Nations), including a contribution of £59,500 towards the expenses of the Organisation.

The Ministry of Labour also administers the Parliamentary Vote (Class V, 9) for grants in respect of Employment Schemes, amounting to £4,000,000 Minister, Rt. Hon Sir Henry B. Betterton, Bt , C.B.E , ..£2,000 Asst. do , Miss M. G Smieton.

Parliamentary Private Sec., Capt C. Waterhouse, parliamentary Private Sec., Capt C. Waterhouse, payand Parkenselvey See, R. S. Hudson, N. P. St., 200
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Permanent Secretary, Sir Francis L. C. Floud, K. R. £3,000 Accountant-General, J W. Todd, c. n. E. 51,200 to £1,500
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British Antomobile Traction, Green Line Coacnes.

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#### MERSEY DOCKS AND HARBOUR BOARD, Liverpool.

Liverpool.

Nominee Members (appointed by the Minister of Transport), Rubert & Johnson, o m m; Charles McNey; Sir Max Muspratt, Bt; T Stone Elective Members (elected by Dock Electors), Richard D. Holt (Chairman); J G B. Beazley, M c., T.D.; A. H. Hibby, p s.o.; Charles Booth; Sir Thomas A. L. Brocklebank, Bt.; E G. Brownbill, Lt.-Col Albert Buckley, p s.o., William M. Clarke, Ernost Cook; John W. Dart; Edmund Gardner; Waiter Harding; Robert L. Holt, Charles Livingston, A. C. Morrell, c a.m., M.c.; Kdward B Orne, William Park; Hugh R. Rathbone, L.D.; Leslic Roberts; Thomas Rome; Hugh L. Roxburgh; J. A. Shone; John H. Tilman, H. Sutton Timmls. General Manager and Becretary, L.A.F. Warner, c.s.E.

#### THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE.

THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE.

The control is vested in a Director and Committee appointed by the Air-Council. The Guesta Commuter of the total by the Air-Council. The Guesta Commuter of the total of the State of the Collection and discussion of meteorological observations from seems and land areas all ever the world, the maintenance of a number of stations for daily tolegraphic reports upon which gale warnings and forecasts are bused; the maintenance of observatories for the study of weather, with which are associated other geophysical subjects; and the maintenance of stations in various parts of this country, the Mediterranean and the Near East, for the supply of meteorological information and other requirements of aircraft. The responsibility for the work of the British Ratifield Organization was transferred to the Meteorological Office in July, 259.

Chairman of Neteorological Office in July, 259.

Chairman of Meteorological Committee, The Under Secretary of State for Air Director of Meteorological Office, G. C. Simpson, c.s.,

Superintendents of Observatories. Central (Kew), F. J. W. Whipple, M A. SC.D., P.Inst.P. Magnetic (Estdalemuir), J. Crichton, M.A., B.SC.; F.R.S.E. Western (Valentia, Co. Kerry), M. T. Spence, s.sc.

#### METROPOLITAN WATER BOARD, 173 Rosebery Avenue, E.C. z.

273 Rosebery Avenue, E.C. x.

The Board serves an area of 523 at miles. The charges are levied on net unnual value at such rate, not exceeding 84 per cent. as the Board may fix. The net water rental for 1938-132 was £4,943,93. The Capital Debt on March 31, 1933, amounted to £53.98-59; the interest paid being £1,748,978. The estimated population supplied was 7,212,75, the number of services being 1,292,783. The annual supply was 192,200,000 pallous (representation of the following and the few flows of the following the following of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows of the few flows

from Amwell and Chadwell. Herts. to London.

Chairman of the Metropolitan Water Board, Sir W.

Prescott, C.B.R., D.I.

Vice-Chairman, R.W. James, J.F., A.E. and C.E. (surp.)

Vice-Chairman, R.W. James, J.F., A.E. and C.E. (surp.)

Circh of the Board and Parliamentary Officer,

G.F. Stringer, Barrister-st-Law.

Special Conference, Law.

Agreed Accountant & Registrar of Met Water (4) and

Debesture, G. M. Jonnings, F.I.M.T.A.

Agreed

Director of Water Examination (vacant)

Sange,

Surveyor, HA od Oxley, F.B.L.

Surveyor, HArold Oxley, F.B.L.

Special Conference

Lagrange Surveyor, Harold Oxley, F.B.L.

Special Conference

Lagrange Surveyor, Harold Oxley, F.B.L.

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OTHE ROYAL MINT, Tower Hill, E.C. 3.

Admission by order only, application for which should be made to the Deputy Master of the Mint, about 4 weeks in advance of intended visit. Hours of admission, so to 3 Mon. to Fri.

visit. Hours of admission, so to 3 Mon, to Fri.
The Royal Mint, as now constituted, may be said to
date from six, and the buildings from size, the latter
heing completed in that year at the cost of over Sas see.
The first known Master (or Warden) of the Mint dates
from Henry 1, and the last Warden was Lord Maryborough 1854-23, the last Master being Professor Thomas
Graham, who dided in 1856. In 1950 the Coinage Act
abolished the ancient post of Master of the Mint as
such, and combined it with that of the Charcellor of
the Evolequer The estimated administrative expenses
amount to £3,48,000 for 1833-184, Appropriations in
ald, £3,290,000, leaving a net cost of £19,000.

#### Branches of the Royal Mint.

Perth, Western Australia
Deputy Master, H. A. Corbet . .....£1,200 

#### THE BRITISH MUSEUM.

Bloomsbury, W.C. z.

Open free daily zo a.m. to 6 p.m.; Sundays
p m. to 6 p.m. Lecture-toure on weekdays at
zz noon and 3 p.m. Reading-room open daily to raders, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m., and Newspaper Room (at Colindale), from so a.m. to 5 p.m., throughout the year, except Good Friday and Christmas Day, and Sundays. Closed for cleaning first six week-days in May. Tickets of admission, for purposes of research and reference which cannot be carried on elsewhere, are granted on written application beforehand to the

Director. The applicant must state abode, business or profession and full particulars of purpose, and must send a recommendation from a person

Class IV. of the Civil Estimates

The Three Principal Trustees, The Archbishop of Canterbury; The Lord High Chancellor; The Speaker of the House of Commons—croptice; Appointed by the Sowreign, The East of Harewood, A.G., D. No., ILL., V. Ofer Trustees, IR. R.H. the Prince of Wales, R. o., E. T.; Earl of Crawford and Balcarres, E.T.; Earl of Ilchester, C.R.; Lord Rothschild, F.R.S.; Lord Hanworth, K.R.Z.; Rt. Hom. H. A. L. Fisher, L.D.; L. C.O. Sir D. Prain, C.M.G., C.R., F.R.S.; Sir Henry A Mieris, D. G., L.D., F.R.S.; Sir Frederick G Hopkins, P.R.S.; Sir C.R. Peerra, C.B. E., F.R.A., F.R.A.; F.P.Of G. M. Trevelyan, O.M., C.R.E., F.R.A.; F.R.A.; F.R.A.; M. R. James, O.M., LILL, F. CASANIER, C.R. P. S. A. Murray, D.Lill., F. R.A.; M. R. James, O.M., LILL. D. T.R.A.; J. Stanley Gardiner, F.R.B.

Director and Principal Librarian, Sir G F. Hill, 

Assistant Keepers, Second Class, F. C. Francis, M. A., R. A. Wilson, B.A.; N. F. Sharp, B.A.; A. H. Chaplin, B.A.; L. W. Hanson, M.A., B. Litt; B. H. U. L. Townshend, B.A.; R. A. Skelton, B.A.; F. L. Kent, B.A. 

M.A. .....£1,000

£475 to £800 Assistant Keepers, Second Class, A. W. Shorwer, M. A.; 

F s. A Lago to L440
Keeper of Oriental Antiquities and of Ethnography, 

Solicitors, Messrs Warrens, 5 Bedford Square.

#### OTHE LONDON MUSEUM.

Lancaster House, St. James's, S.W. z.

Admission on Tuesdays, 18. : Wednesdays and Thursdays, 6d.; other days free; closed for cleaning on Friday till s p.m. Hours:—April z till oct. 3z, zo a.m till 6p.m. (Sundays z to 6 p.m.); Nov. z to March 3z, zo a.m. to 4 p.m. (Sundays z to 4 p.m.).

The London Museum was instituted, on the lines of the Carnaslet at Paris, for the conservation of antiquities and other objects associated with the history of London. The Collection was originally housed in Kensington Palace, and was reopened in zgr4 at Lancaster House

Assistant, Miss M. T. Cruso .....

#### OTHE BRITISH MUSEUM (NATURAL HISTORY).

Cromwell Road, S.W. 7.

Open free on week-days (except Good Friday and Christmas Day) to 6, and on Sundays from 2.30 to 6.

An Official Guide-lecturer conducts visitors

round some portion of the collections at zz.30 round some portion of the collections at 11,30 a.m. and at 3 p.m. daily (except Sundays) free of charge, and her services are available at other times for special parties (also free of charge) by arrangement with the Director. Students are admitted daily for the special study of the collections, and to make drawings and take photographs of specimens, under special regulations to be obtained from the Director. The Museum issues alease variets of publications. Museum issues a large variety of publications.

comprising scientific monographs and catalogues, the "Natural History Magazine" (quarterly), popular guide-books and manuals, instructions for collectors, economic pamphlets, and picture post-cards, both monochrome and in colour.

in colour.

The Natural History Collections in the British Museum were removed to South Kensington and rearranged there in 385-86, the new museum being opened to the public in 285. The collections comprise all branches of natural halt; a collection of domesticated animals; a series of insects illustrating economic soology; galleries of mammals, including whales; birds and their nests, fishes; reptiles, insects; shells; corals; sponges, &c.; galleries of fossils of all kinds; a botanical gallery; and an extensive gallery of minerals, rocks, and meteorites, with series of specimens forming introductions to their study. The satimistrative expenses were estimated at £908,000 in 1933-34.

Director, C. Tate Regan, M.A., D.SC., F.R.S.

£1,200 to £1,500 £250 to £440

Guide-Lecturer, Miss M. R. J. Edwards, H.sc.

£220 to 390 Keeper of Zoology, W. T. Calman, D.Sc., F.R.S., 52,000 Deputy Keepers, M. A. C. Hinton; G. C. Robson, M. A. F.R.B....£1,000

Technical Assistant (Higher Urune, F. V. Duruw 5300 to 5400 Keeper of Mineralogy, L. J. Spencer, s. C., F.R.R. 51,000 Deputy Keeper, W. Champbell Smith, M.O., T.D. M.A. 5500 Assistant Keepers (Second Class), F. A. Banmister, M. L.; Depray Neoper, N. A. Bannister, M. A. Bannister, M. A. Assistant Keepers (Second Class), F. A. Bannister, M. A. M. H. Hoy, B. A., B. S. S. S. Bannistottom, O. B. E., M. A. L. Coo. Deputy Keeper, A. J. Wilmott, B. A. Soo. Deputy Keeper, A. J. Wilmott, B. A. Soo. Assistant Keeper (First Class), G. Tandy, B. A. Leys to £800

Assistant Keepers (Second Class), A. W. Exell, M.A.; J. E. Dandy, M.A.; G. Taylor, B.S.; A. H. G. Alston, ......£250 to £440

#### OTHE SCIENCE MUSEUM South Kensington, S.W. 7.

Open daily, except Good Friday and Christmas Open dally. except Good Friday and Christmas Day, so to 6; Sunday, s. 50 to 6. Admission free. Science Museum Labrary, Imperial Institute Road, S.W. 7. Attached to the Science Museum: The National Library especially devoted to pure and applied Science. sys,coc volumes, r., 800 periodicals, a set of British patent specifications. Subject-matter index to satisfies in pariodicals, accessor cards. Biblioarticles in periodicals, s,000,000 cards. Biblio-

graphies supplied .- Open on weekdays, so to s.go (except Bank Holidays). Admission free. Books lent to Government Departments, Universities and approved Research Institutions.

versities and approved Research Institutions. The Science Museum was instituted in sign under the Science and Art Department as a part of the South Kensington Museum, and opened in sign; to it was added in sign; the Collections of the Patent Museum. In 1909 the administration of the Science Collections was separated from that of the Art Collections, which were transferred to the Victoria and Albert Museum. The Collection is the Science Museum illustrate the application of science to industry and the development of scientific and industrial instruments, apparatus and machinery. The divisions are: (a) Industrial Engineering; (b) Mechanical Engineering, Land Transport and Construction; (e) Water Transport and Air Transport; (d) Science and Scientific Instruments.

Director and Secretary, Brigadier E. E. B. Mackintosh, Museum Superintendent, S. T. Kelly . £300 to £600

#### Industrial Machinery Division.

#### Engineering Division.

Deputy Keeper, E. A. Forward, A.R.C.S., M.I. Mech E. £900 Assistant Keepers (First Class), G. F. Westcott, B.A.; 

#### Water and Air Transport Division.

#### Science Division I.

(Astronomy, Optical Instruments, Mathematics,

£250 to £400

### Science Division II,

Library.

Assistant Keepers (Second Class), H. T. Pledge, B.A.;
H. P. Sprutt, B.SC.

#### OTHE VICTORIA AND ALBERT MUSEUM. South Kensington, S.W. 7.

Open on weekdays from ro a.m. to 6 open on wexays room to a.m. to e.m. except Good Friday and Christmas Day. Admission free. Persons desiring the use of the Library must apply for a ticket. The Indian Section, containing collections illustrating the arts and industries of the Indian Empire, is situated in the Imperial Institute Road; open free every day, same hours as above. On Sundays the Indian Section and all other Departments of the Museum, with the exception of the Library and the Circulation Department, are open from s.30 p.m. till 6 p.m. Casts of various objects in the Museum, and also from Sculptures in the British Museum, can be obtained to order on application to the Department for the Supply of Casts.

The bistory of the Museum may be said to begin in 1858, when the Museum of Ornamental Art was founded at Mariborough House The collection consisted of certain objects which had been purchased at the 1852.

SPURETARIAT Museum Superintendent, J. P. Willcock L500 to £600 Staff Clerk, C. K. Fish .................................£400 to £500

Leso to £440
Department of Ceramics.

LIBRARY.

Keeper, A Van de Put.

Assist Keeper (Frist Viss.), H. C. Andrews £475 to £800

Assistant Keeper (Krist Viss.), A. W. When,

P. B. James (Secretary to Advisory Council), J.

Wardrop; C. H. Gibus-Smith £250 to £400

Lazo to Lago
DEPARTMENT OF WOODWORK.

Keeper, O. Brankett . £2,000
Assistant Keeper (First Class), 11. Chilord-Smith, 1-8 A
£452 to £800
Assistant Keeper (Second Class), H C. R. Edwards £250 to £440

Inman Section.

Deputy Keeper, A. J. D. Campbell ......£900

Assistant Keeper (First Class), K. de B Codrington Assistant Keeper (Second Class), A. D. H. Smith

£250 to £440 DEPARTMENT OF CIRCULATION.

W. A Thorpe ... £850 to £440

Bernhal Guerr Museum.

Bethnal Green, Cambridge Road, E. z.—
Bethnal Green, Cambridge Road, E. z.—
Bethnal Green, Cambridge Road, E. z.—
Collections of pictures, furniture, pottery, textiles, British birds. Section for objects of special interest to children. Free daily (closed Good Friday and Christmas Day): Mon., Th., zo a.m. to zo p.m.; Tu., Wed., Fri., Sat., zo a.m. to 6 p.m. Sundays, from z. zo to 6 p.m. Sundays, from s.30 to 6 p.m.

Assistant Keeper (First Class), A. K. Sabin £475 to £800 SIMPERIAL WAR MUSEUM.

Imperial Institute Road, S. Kensington, S.W. 7.
Open free daily (except Good Friday and Christmas Day), 20 a.m. to 6 p.m.; Sundays

a. 30 p.m. to 6 p.m.

The formation of a collection connected with the War, was approved by the War Cabinet on March 5, 597. The Imperial War Museum Act received the Royal Assent on July 8, 2592, and a Board of Trustees was appointed The Museum was opened by H M. the King on June 9, 2502, at the Crystal Palace The tenancy of the Crystal Palace The tenancy of the Crystal Palace The tenancy of the Western Galleries in the Imperial Institute Row as the Western Galleries in the Imperial Institute Row as the Western Galleries in the Imperial Institute Row as the Western Galleries in the Imperial Institute Row as the Western Galleries in the Imperial Institute Row as the Western Galleries in the Imperial Institute Row as the Western Galleries in the Imperial Institute Row as the Galleries of the Museum as the Institute Row in the Museum was re-opened to the public on Nov 11, 1594. The collections, to which additions are constantly being made, include Naval and Military trophies and relies, ordnance, small arms and ammunition, ship and other models, paintings, drawings sculpiture and commemorative medals, maps, war currency and stamps; photographs (comprising over 259,000 subjects, prints of which may be purchased), air photographs, lantern shdes and chematograph films. There is a reference library contaming 50,000 books and pamphilets available for study to the public. The reference sections are not open on Saturday afternoon or Singlay, All the attendants are men who served during the dreat War Canado and Nec, L R. Bradley, M. B. K. 2.30 p.m. to 6 p.m.

Curator and Sec , L R. Bradley, M.B R.

## ONATIONAL GALLERY, Trafalgar Square, W.C. 2.

Open 20-4, 5 or 6, according to season. Paying days (6d.), Thursday and Friday. Open free other days; Sunday, from 2 to 4, 5 or 6. Closed on Good Friday, Christmas Eve, and Christmas Day.

The National Gallery is the result of a Parliamentary grant of \$50,000 in 1824 for the purchase and Exhibition of the Angorstein collection of pictures, the present building being opened in 1836 and enlarged in 1865, 1876, 1889, 1911. 282 and 1920. The cost of administration of the National Gallerice (Trafalgar Square and Millbank) in 1931-22 was estimated at \$23,000

Director, Konneth M Clark
Keeper and Secretary, Edwin Glasgow
Lioat
Assistants, H. I. Kay; M. Divies
Lioat
Higher Clerical Officer, F. G. Thompkins 500 to £400

#### ONATIONAL GALLERY, MILLBANK. (The Tate Gallery), Millbank, S.W. 1.

Students' days, Tuesday and Wednesday, 6d.; her days free. For hours and Sundays see other days free.

National Gallery.

National Gallery.

The National Gallery, "was opened in 1897 on the site of Milliank Gaol, the cost of erection (250,000) being horse by Sir Henry Tate, who also contributed the nucleus of the present collection. The "Turner Wing," built at the expense of the late Sir Joseph Duveen, Senr, was pouced to the public in 1890. The Gallery now includes good to the public in 1890. The Gallery now includes Sarquett's works, opened an again of the Sarquett's works, opened an again of Sir Joseph Duveen. 

**(NATIONAL PORTRAIT GALLERY.** 

## St. Martin's Place, Charing Cross, W.C. a.

Open free on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday from so to 4, 5, or 6, according to season; free on Sunday, 2, 30 to 5, 30 (a to 4 in winter); Thursday and Friday (Students' days) admission 6d. from zo to 4 or 5.

The first grant to the institution was made in 1855; the collections being successively housed in Great George Street, Westunister, in South Kensington, and in Bethnal Green. The present building was opened in 1866, 550-no being contributed to its cost by Mr. W H. Alexander; an extension erected at the expense of Lord Duveen was opened in 1933. The amount for

salaries and expenses, including a grant of £409 for purchase of portraits, was estimated at £8,649 in 1933-34. Director, Keeper, and Secretary, H. M. Hake, c. n. L. Looc Assistant to Director, C. K. Adams . . . Lago to Looc Assistant and Lecturer, J. Steegmann . . Lago to Looc

#### **WALLACE COLLECTION.**

### Hertford House, Manchester Square, W. z.

Admission 6d. on Tuesdays and Fridays : other days free. Open on weekdays zo a.m. to 5 p.m.; Sundays z p.m. to 5 p.m. Official lectures daily (Wed. excepted) at 3 p.m. and Saturday at z noon. Closed on Good Friday, Christmas Eve and Christmas Day.

The Wallace Collection was bequeathed to the nation by the widow of Sir Rd Wallace, St., g.c., w.r., in 189, and Hertford House was subsequently acquired by the Government. The collection includes inctures, drawings and miniatures, French furniture, bronzes, porrelain, armour, and miscellaneous objets d'art. The expenses were estimated at £11,966 in 1932.

#### NATIONAL LIBRARY OF WALES. Aberystwyth.

Open free on weekdays, zo a.m. to 5 p.m.; closed on Sundays.

Founded by Royal Charter, 1907, and maintained by annual grant from the Treasury Contains over 790,000 printed books, together with valuable MSS, and rare printed books in Welsh and other Celtic languages One of the six libraries entitled to certain privileges under Copyright Act.

Librarian, W. Ll. Davies, M.A.

#### NATIONAL MUSEUM OF WALES, Cardiff. Amgueddfa Genedlaethol Cymru.

Open free on weekdays, so a.m. to 5 p.m. (Apr.-Sept., 8 p.m.); Sundays (admission 3d.) 2.30 to

Sept., 8 p.m.); Sundays (admission 3a.) 2.30 to 5 p.m.
Founded by Royal Charter, 2907, and maintained by Annual Grant from the Government and Museum rate from the Cardiff City Council. The collections consist of —(Geology), Relief Maps of Wales, "David Davies" collection of fossil plants, "Griffith J Williams" collection of minerals, and extensive collections relating to geology in Wales. Botany, the Welsh National Herbarium illustrating especially the fiors of Wales, and collections illustrating general, agricultural and forest botany. (Zoology), Collections of akins, British mammals and brids, eggs of British birds, extensive entomological collections, British molluscs, spirit collections, all of special Welsh Interest. (Arth. 8003), Welsh prohistoric, Roman and other antiquities, casts of pre-Norman monuments of Wales. Welsh Folk collection, Welsh Folk industries. (Arth, Swanses and Nantagaw porcelasis the De Winds collection of Continental porcelan. The works of Richard Illison at another frank Brangwyn, a a sew well represented a part of Princulla Collection of psintings in oil; sculpture, silver, &c.

President, Rt. Hon, the Earl of Plymouth

collection of paintings in oil; sculpture, silver, &c.

President, Rt. Hon. the Earl of Plymouth

Vice-President, Rt. Hon. W. G. A. Orniaby-Gore, M. P.

Treasurer, W. Roardon Smith.

Director, Dr. Cyrll Fox, F.S.A.

Secretary, A. H. Lee, M.C.

Keepers, (Geology) Dr. F. J. North, F.a. S.; (Botany)

H. A. Hyde, M.A.; (Zoology) Colin Matheson, M.A.; (Archaeology) V. F. Nash-Williams, M.A., F.S.A., (Art) Isaac J. Williams.

#### NATIONAL GALLERY OF SCOTLAND.

Mound, Edinburgh.

Open free Sun. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. (4 in winter); Mon., Tu., Wed., Sat., 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (4 in winter). Admission 6d. Thurs. and Fri., 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (4 in winter).

Director, Stanley Cursiter, o R.E., A.R.S A., R.S.W. Keeper, A. E. Haswell Miller, R.S.W. Secretary, Robert Moncrieff.

## SCOTTISH NATIONAL PORTRAIT GALLERY,

Queen Street, Edinburgh.

Open free on weekdays, to a.m. to 5 p.m. (4 in winter). Not open on Sundays. Director, Stanley Cursitor, o B E., A.R.S.A., R.S.W. Keeper, A. E. Haswell Miller, R S.W. Secretary, Robert Moncrieff.

#### NATIONAL MUSEUM OF ANTIQUITIES OF SCOTLAND,

Queen Street, Edinburgh.

Open free on weekdays, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (4 in winter). Not open on Sundays. Director, J. Graham Callander, i.i. p. Assistant Keeper, Arthur J. H. Edwards.

#### NATIONAL LIBRARY OF SCOTLAND, Parliament House, Edinburgh.

Open free on weekdays to a.m. to 5 p.m.; Saturdays, to to 1. Not open on Sundays.
Under the National Library of Scotland Act, 1988, the Advocatos' Library, Edinburgh, became the National Library of Scotland.

Chairman of the Trustees, Principal Sir Robert Rait, C.R.F. LL.D.

Librarian of the National Library, Henry William Mcikie, D.Litt.

#### OTHER LIBRARIES, MUSEUMS, &c.

ASHMOLEAN MUSEUM, Oxford.—Art and Archeological collections of the University. Randolph and Egyptian Sculpture galleries; Medieval room; Arundel vestibule; Dept. of Antiquities (with Cretan Collection); Dept. of Grawings, &c.). Open daily so to 4, admission 6d.; free after 2 p.m.; Sundays, 2 to 4, free Clerm time only.

(Term time only).

Keeper of the Ashmolean and Dept of Antiquities,
E.T. Leeds, M.A.

Keeper of Dept of Fine Art, (vacant)

BEDE LIBRARY (Theological), 36 Eccleston Square, London, S.W. z.

BIRMINGHAM ART GALLERY AND MUSEUM. Open free daily to to 5; Wednesdays to 8:

Sundays s to 5.

Bobleian Library and Picture Gallery, Oxford (one of the 6 Copyright Libraries).—Open daily from 9 to 7; admission (for visitors) 3d. Reading room at RADCLIFFE CAMERA (open to a.m. to to p.m.), view from roof; admission (for visitors) zd. Departmental Libraries— (for visitors) ad. Departmental Libraries—Radeliffe Library (Science); Rhodes House (History of British Empire and of U.S.A.);

Indian Institute; and Law Library.

Bolley's Librarian, H. H. E. (Taster, D.) itt

BRITISH MUSEUM AND ART GALLERY, Queen 5 Road, Bristol.—Open free daily, Wednesdays and Saturdays to to 8, other weekdays to to 6; sst and 3rd Sundays 2 to 5. Industrial art, Bristol antiquities, geology, natural history, paintings, &c Director, H. W. Maswell

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY LIBRARY, Senate House Yard, Cambridge (one of the 6 Copyright Libraries).—Open daily from 9.30 to 4; Saturdaya 9 to 1.30. Librarian, A. F. Scholfield, M.A. Serretary, H. C. Stanford, M.C., M.A.

CARLYLES HOUSE, a4 Cheyne Row, Chelsea, W. 2.—Maintained as a museum by the S.W. 3.—Maintained as a mus Carlyle's House Memorial Trust. Open daily so a.m. to sunset, 18. (6d. Saturdays).

Hon. Secretary, Miss Daphne Sanger.

CUMING MUSEUM, Central Library, Walworth Road, S.E. 17.— Natural History, "Folk" relics, "Bygones," Royal relics, Marshalsea Pump Tinworth panels. Open free daily, 12 noon (Sat. 10 a.m.) to 8.20 p.m.; Sun., 6 to 9 p.m.

DAVID COPPERFIELD LIBRARY, Somers Town, Euston Road, N.W. z.

DICKENS MUSEUM AND LIBRARY, 48 Doughty Street, London, W.C. x (Dickens Fellowship).— Open daily so to s (Sundays and Bank Holidays excepted); admission ss.

excepted); admission st.

DR. JOHNSON'S HOUSE, Gough Square, Fleet

Street, London, E.C. 4.—Open daily from xo. 30 to
4.30 or 5 (according to season); admission 6d. Not
open on Sundays. Entrance through Johnson's
Court, Fleet Street, orthrough Wine Office Court,
DOUGLAS, I. of Mar, Manx Museum, Library
and Art Gallery (established under Act of Tynwald x8d and x8ca.)

wald 1886 and 1892). Curator and Librarian, W Cubbon FITZWILLIAM MUSEUM, Trumpington Street, Cambridge.—Art collections of the University.

Numerous Picture and Sculpture galleries. Library. Open free daily ze to 4, or 5 (according to season); Sundays from a to 4, or 5.

Closed first Wednesday of each month.

Director, S. C. Cockorell, litt B.

GEFFRYE MUSEUM, Kingsland Road, E. a

(formerly Ironmongers' Almshouses).—Exhibition of old furniture, period rooms, staircases, mantelpieces, doorways, panellings, carvings, and artistic interest. Thursday evening lectures on furniture and allied arts. Maintained by L.C.C.

furniture and allied arts. Maintained by L.C.C. Open free from rr a.m. to 6 p.m. on week-days, and a p.m. to 6 p.m. on Sundays. Not open on Mondays (except Bank Holidays). Not open on Mondays (except Bank Holidays). GLASGOW.—Corporation Art Gallery, Kelvingrove Park. Open free Mon., Wed., Fri. re a.m. to 5 p.m.; Tu., Th., Sat re a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays a to 5 (or dusk, in winter). GLASGOW.—Royal Glasgow Institute, of the Fine Arts, 270 Sauchiehall Street.

Acting Secretary, George Middlemass, ca. GHUDHALL LIRRAY. MIRSHIM. AND ART

GUILDHALL LIBRARY, MUSEUN, AED ART GALLERY, Guildhall, London, E.C.a.—Admission free from so to 5 March to Sept. and from so to 4. Oct. to Keb. Library and Newspaper Room Oct. to Feb. Li open daily to to 6.

poli using ab varior of the Museum, and Director, Art Gallery, J. L. Douthwaite. Asst. Librarian, H. C. Weich Asst. Curator, Museum, Quintin Waddington, F.S.A.

HOGARTH'S HOUSE, Hogarth Lane, Chiswick, W. 4.—Open daily. May 1 to Sept. 30, 11 to 6; Oct. 1 to A pril 30, 12 to 4. Admission 6d. HOME OFFICE INDUSTRIAL MUSEUM, 97 Horse-

ferry Road, Westminster, S.W. z -A permanent ferry Koad, wesumineer, s. ... 1 — promise exhibition of methods, arrangements and appliances for promoting safety, health and welfare of industrial workers. Open every weekday a.m. to z p.m. and z to 4 p.m. Visits at to a.m. to r p.m., and z to 4 p.m. Visits at other times by arrangement with the Director. Admission free. Persons under 18 not admitted except in parties for instructional purposes.

Director, D R Wilson, c.s.z. (H.M. Chief Inspector of Factories).

HORNIMAN MUSEUM AND LIBRARY, London Rd., Forest Hill, S.E. 23(L.C.C.).—Natural History of Man and Animals. Admission free. Weekdays:-rs a.m. till 5.30, 6, or 7 p.m., according to season. Sundays throughout the year from 2 to 8 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays and on Christmas Day. (urator, Dr. H. S. Harrison.

HULL.—Ferens Art Gallery. Continuous display of loan exhibitions with the permanent collection of pictures, including unique collection of works by Frank Brangwyn, R.A. Also Spring and Autumn Open Exhibitions. Admission free daily no to 5; Sundays 2, 3e to 4, 3e.

Director, Vincent Galloway.

KEATE MEMORIAL HOUSE, Keats Grove, Hampstand N. W2.—Open free Mondays. Wednesdays

stead, N. W.3.—Open free Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays so to 6 April to Sept., so to 4 Oct. to March. Other times by appointment. Tel. Hampstead socs. Keats Mineum (adjoining)

Hampstead zofs. Keats Museum (adjoining) open every weeklay 10.30 to 8.

Resident Curator, F. Edgcumbe.

LAMBERT PALACE LIBRARY, Lambeth, S.E. 1.

-Open to readers on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, 10 to 4. (May to July, 20 to 4.30) and forenoon of Tuesdays. A large collection of Kentish books, prints, and Diocesan history. Closed at Christmas and Easter in Sentember and early part of October. September, and early part of October.

LEEDS ART GALLERY.—Open free daily to a.m.

to 6 p.m.; Wed. and Sat. re a.m. to 7 p.m.;

Sunday s. 30 to 5 p.m. Director, (vacant).

LEIGHTON HOUSE, 22 Holland Park Road, LEIGHTON HOUSE, IS Holland FAFR ROSA Kensington, W. 14.—Arab hall, collection of Lord Leighton's sketches and pictures, and works by well-known Kensington and other artists. Open free M., Tu. and Th. 11 to 3; Wed. and Fri. 11 to 1; Sat. 11 to 5. Closed on Sundays. LIVERPOOL.—Walker Art Gallery. Roscoe

collection of Old Masters and large collection of Modern Paintings. Re-opened, after extension,

in 1933.
LONDON LIBRARY, St. James's Square, S.W. 1.
See and Librarian, Dr. C. T. Hagberg Wright.
MANOHESTER ART GALLERY, Mosley Street.—
daily to a.m. to 6 p.m.; Sunday Open free daily so a.m. to 6 p.m.; Sundays 2.30 to 5.

Charlor, Lawrence Haward, M.A.

MANCHESTER.—Chetham Library. Open free

daily 0.30 to 5; Saturdays 0.30 to 4.

MANOHESTER. — The John Rylands Library,
Deanagate. Open to holders of Readers' Tickets (forms of application to be obtained from Librarian) Mondays, Wednesdays and Thursdays, no to 6; Tuesdays and Fridays, so to 9; Saturdays, so to s. Public admitted to view exhibition and main hall, Tuesdays and Fridays, s to 6.

NATIONAL CENTRAL LIBRARY, Malet Place, any public or other library in England and Wales. London, W.C.z. Books may be borrowed through

Librarian, Luxmoore Newcombe.

NATIONAL LIBRARY FOR THE BLIND (1882), 35 Great Smith Street, Westminster, S.W. r. Northern Branch, 5 st. John Street, Manchester.

Moon types.

See and Librarian, Miss O. I. Prince.

NewCastle Upon Tine, Laing Art Gallery and Museum.—Admission free, daily so to 6 (Fridays 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.; Saturdays so a.m. to

(Fridays s. p.m. to 6 p.m.; Saturdays so s.m. to 8 p.m.); Sundays 3 to 5 p.m.

Cwator, C. Bernard Stevenson.

Cwator, C. Bernard Stevenson.

Norwich Castle Museum, Norwich.—Norman Keep, containing Pre-historic, Roman and other antiquities; Rooms illustrating "Norwich through the centuries: Norwich School Pictures, Lowestoft porcelain," &c.

NOTTINGHAM MUSEUM AND ART GALLERY.

The Castle, Nottingham.—Open 10 s.m. to 6 p.m.

(Winter), 8.30 p.m. (Summer), free; Fridays 10 to 4 (or 6), admission 6d.; Sundays 2 to 5, admission 1d.

PARKES MUSEUM of the Royal Sanitary Institute, so Buckingham Palace Road, London, S. W. s., contains various sanitary appliances and exhibits relating to health and hygiene; there is a large library of sanitary and public health literature. The Museum is open free daily from literature. 10 to 5; Saturdays 10 to 1.

PASTEL SOCIETY, Royal Institute Galleries, Piccadilly, London, W. z.—Exhibitions open in January.

PATENT OFFICE LIBRARY .- See p. 477.

PEPTSIAN LIBRARY, Magdalene College, Cambridge.—Collection bequeathed by Samuel Pepys. Open free on Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays rato 1, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays 2, 30

to 3.30.
Librarian, F. McD. C. Turner, M.A.

PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE. - See pp. 319-320.

ROYAL ACADEMY OF ARTS, Burlington House, Piccadilly, London, W.z (founded in z768).— Exhibition of works by living artists, open from ast Monday in May to first week of August, from 9 to 7; admission 12. 6d.; catalogue, 12. Exhibition of works by old masters, British and Foreign artists, 8 weeks from 1st week of January, from 10 till 5; admission, 12. 6d.; catalogue, 14. Gibson and Diploma Galleries, free, daily (exc. Sundays), from 12 to 4; catalogue 18.

BOYAL CAMBRIAN ACADEMY OF ART, Plas Mawr, Conway, North Wales. Annual Ex-hibition June to Sept. Plas Mawr, a beautiful Elizabethan mansion, is open daily (exc. Sundays) from to to dusk all the year round.

ROYAL SCOTTISH ACADEMY, Princes Street, Edinburgh,—Annual Exhibition of works by living artists, middle of April to end of August; admission, ro to 5.30, rs; 6.30 to 9.30, 6d.

ROYAL INSTITUTE OF PAINTERS IN WATER COLOURS, 195 Piccadilly, London, W. z. — Exhibitions open to all artists, March 26 to May 30;

admission ze.

ROYAL INSTITUTE OF OIL PAINTERS, 195
Piccadilly, London, W. z.—Open from Oct. zz

to Nov. 7; admission is.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF PAINTERS IN WATER
COLOURS, 5A Pall Mail East, London, S.W. I
(founded in 1804).—Exhibitions confined to the
works of Members and Associates are held in

March and October; admission 1s.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS, Lincoln's Inn
Fields, London, W.C. a.—Admission to the Museum by order of Members, or on application to the Secretary or Conservator, Monday to Friday, 20 to 5; Saturday, 20 to 2. Closed Friday, zo i during Sept.

ROYAL EMPIRE SOCIETY'S LIBRARY, Northumberland Avenue, W.C.s.

umberland Avenue, W.C.a.
ROYAL GEOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY, Kensington Gore, S.W. 7.—Map room open to public free.
ROYAL SOCIETY OF ARTS, Adelphi, London, W.C.a.—Barry's Pictures in the Great Hall.
Admission free, daily, so to 3; Saturdays, zo to z.
ROYAL UNITED SERVICE MUSEUM, Banqueting Hall, Whitehall, London, S.W. z.—Rubens's celebrated ceiling (new flood-lighting), models of Trafalgar and Waterloo; interesting naval and military relies; models typifying the development of weapons, ships and aeroplanes for the fighting services. Admission to the Museum sz, daily (except Sunday); 6d. after noon on Saturdays. H.M. Forces in uniform, free. zo to 5.
BRIDE FOUNDATION INSTITUTE, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, London, E.C. 4.

Lane, Fleet Street, London, E.C. 4.

ST. DEINIOL'S RESIDENTIAL LIBRARY, Hawarden, Chester, for men students.

Warden, Rt. Rev. W. F. Wentworth-Sheilds, D.D.

SHEFFIELD.—Museum and Mappin Art Gallery, Weston Park. Open free ze to 5 (Oct. to March); 6 (April and Sept.); 7 (May and Aug.); 8.20 (June and July); Sundays, a to 5 p.m. Curator, J. W. Baggaley.

SIR JOHN SOANE'S, 13 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C. 2.—The interesting house of the famous architect of the Bank of England, bull in 1812, and maintained in its original condition, containing valuable collections and pictures by Hogarth, Watteau, Canaletto, Reynolds, Turner, &c., the alabaster sarcophagus of Seti I. (R.C. 1370), and many architectural, sculptural and antiquarian treasures. Open free on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays from March to August inclusive; and on Thursdays and Fridays in October and November. Closed for the month of September. Hours, 10.30 to 5, m November to 4. For permission to view on other days apply by letter or personally. A list of publications of the Museum will be sent on application.

Curator, Arthur T Bolton, F.S A., P.R.I.B.A.

Wellcome Historical Medical Museum, 183-193 Euston Road, London, N.W.r.—Dally, to to 5.30; Saturdays, to to 7. Admission, Medical men, dental and veterinary, pharmacists, nurses and research workers on presentation of card; others on application to-

Conservator, L W. G Malcolm, M SC , F R.S E.

WESLEY'S HOUSE MUSEUM, 47 City Road, London, E.C. I.—Interesting relics of John and Charles Wesley. Open week-days from 10 to 1 and 1 to 4, charge 6d.

Warden, Rev George H. McNeal, M.A. Curator, Bev. W. O. Barratt

WHITECHAPEL ART GALLERY, High Street, Whitechapel, London, E. r. Stations, Aldgate and Aldgate East.—Loan Exhibitions held here during year. Admission free, weekdays zs to 9 p.m.; Sundays z to 9 p.m.

DR. WILLIAMS'S TRUST (AND LIBRARY), Gordon Square, London, W.C. z.

Sec., Rev J. Worthington, B.A. Librarian, S. K. Jones, B.A.

WOOLWICH ROTUNDA MUSEUM, S.E. 18 .- The circular building, now known as the Rotunda and used as a Museum of Artillery, was originally the tent erected in the grounds of Carlton House, St. James's Park, on the occasion of the visit of the allied Sovereigns in 1814; it contains a collection of ancient and modern guns, rifles, models of ships, &c.; daily, free, from x April to a Sept., to a.m. to za 45 p.m., and from z p.m. to 5; x Oct. to 3x March, from zo to zz 45 and to \$1 Not. was March, India to \$12.5 and from z to \$1 Sundays, April to Sept., z to \$1 Oct. to March, z to \$4 p.m. Ariangements can be made to conduct parties and schools round the museum on application to the Secretary, R. A. Institution, Woolwich, S.E. 18.

YORK.—Corporation Art Gallery and Museum. Open free, daily.

YORK .-- Yorkshire Museum, founded in 1828. Open 9 to 5; admission 28. Collections of Yorkshire pottery and porcelain, mediaval pottery, Roman and mediaval antiquities, flint, stone and bronze implements, mediseval architecture, geology, etc.

Keeper, Dr. Walter E. Collinge V S.A.

#### S WATIONAL DEST OFFICE,

9 MATIONAL DEET OFFICE,

12 Old Jewry, E.C. 2.

The National Debt Commissioners were appointed under as Geo. III. c. 21 (1956), by which a permanent sinking Fund was to be established, and a sum of Assaces issued quarterly to be applied towards the reduction of the National Debt, being commonly spaces of as Mr. Fitts Sinking Fund. In 1889 this was superior that the Health of the Finding Fund. In 1893 "The New Sinking Fund was set up by Mr. The West of the Sinking Fund was set up by Mr. Baldwin, These, with other funds detailed on p. 625, new mainly operate in reducing the Debt. The Commissioners are at the present time the Speaker, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Master of the Rolls, the Superse Court, and the Governor and Deputy-Governor of the Bank of Unghand. The net administrative expenses of the Board were estimated at 1883 in 1933-34.

Comptroller-General, Maurice Francis Headlam, c.a.,

£goe to £700; Assistant Ido., G. Rackham, R.A.; A. Mackenile; G. T. Milne, A.I.A.; O. J. Phillips, F.IA.; C. P. Southern; B. R. Fels; G. McLoughlin, F.IA.; (acting) Septembers, Mosers. Mullens, Marshall, Stort, Lawford .....£2,000

& MATIONAL INSURANCE AUDIT DEPT. Head Office, 57 Broad Street, Bloomshury, W.C.s. By the National Health Insurance Acts, 2924-2928, it is provided that the accounts of Approved Societies and Branches, and Insurance Committees shall be submitted to audit by auditors appointed by the Treasury. This Department was created by the Treasury Minute of August 6, 1928.

Chief Auditor & Secretary, W. A. Middleton, c.B., c.B.E. 

Inspectors of Audit, (4); Senior Auditors, (13), Auditors, (24); Senior Auditors, (27).

#### § H.M. MAUTICAL ALMANAC OFFICE,

Royal Naval College, Greenwich, S.E. 10. The "Nautical Almanac" was first published for 2767, by the Board of Longitude. The office is now under the control of H.M. Board of Admiralty. Superintendent, L. J. Comrie, Ph.D , F.R.A.S. Specito \$700

#### OBSERVATORIES. Reyal Observatory, Greenwich.

Reyal Observatory, Greenwich.

The Royal Observatory was founded by Charles II. in 1973, the building, designed by Moore and Wren. being opened in 1876. The administrative expenses of the Observatory are estimated at about 50,000 annually.

Astronomer Royal, H. Sponcer Jones, MA, S.O.D., FR. S. W. M. H. Greavel, MA, F.R.A. S., FR. V. d. R. Woolley, MA, Ph.D. ... \$5,000 to \$700 Assistants, C. [Davidson, F.R.S.; W. Boyyer, F.R.A.S.; H. Furner, F.R.A. S.; W. M. Witchell, MSC, F.R.A. (Magnetic and Meteorological) ... \$500 to \$600 Junor do (Higher Grade), P. J. Melotte, F.R.A. ; W. Stevens, F.R.A. ; R. T. Cullen, F.R.A. ; H. W. Acton, F.R.A. S. ... \$500 to \$400 Glerical Assistant, D. J. R. Edney, F.R.A. S.

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL OBSERVATORIES.

		Altitude.	Position.	
Observatory.	Director.	Metres.	Long. E. or W.	lat, N. or S.
Armagh		64 28 }	e. M. S. o a6 35 W	84 sz.s N
(Solar Physics) Cardif Dunsink	Prof E I M Stretton nea wa	6e	0 12 38 W	51 30 16'5N
Durkam University	Charles Martin (Acting)	26 208	o ag az W	53 93 9 N 54 46 I N
Edinburgh Glasgow University	(See p. 313) Professor I, Becker, ph.p	146 56	0 18 44 W 0 17 11 W	55 55'S N 55 58'7 N
Greenwich Norman Lockyer (Saloombe Hill, Devon).	(See above) Major W. J. S. Lockyer, M A., rh D	47	0 22 53 W	50 41.8 N
Oxford (University) Oxford (Radeliff)	Prof. H. H. Plaskett, w.a	64	• 5 o W	51 48'6 N
Bouth Kensington (Imperial College) Blonyhurst College Mill Hill, London, N.W. (University	Prof Herbert Dingle a sc.	217	0 0 42 W	53 50 6 N
of London),  Kodaikanal		 ∫ ≈343	5 9 50 E	20 13'S N
Madruz Adelaide (S.A.)	Thomas Royds, p.sc	1 7	5 az o E 9 24 so E	34 55 6 8
Apia (Samoe) Canberra (Solar Physics)	W. B Rimmer, w.sc (acting)	808	9 56 0 E	35 19'5 S
Cape of Good Hope Colombo Dehra Dun (Hasg Obs.)	(See p 313) Harold Jameson, m.sc. (Indian Trigonometrical Survey)	10 6	1 13 55 E 4 19 29 E 5 12 12 E	33 56 1 S 6 54 3 N
Helwan (Kyupt)	P. A. Curry, B A. T. F. Claxton, F.R A.S.		5 13 13 E 7 36 41 E	20 18.8 N
Hyderabad (Nizamiah Obs) Johannesburg (Union Obs.)	T. P. Bhaskara Shastri, M.A.	224	5 13 49 E 1 50 18 E	26 20'9 S
Mauritius Melbourr= Ottava (Dominion Obs.)	J M. Baldwin, p.sc.	- i	3 50 13 E 9 39 84 E	37 49 9 8
Perth (W.A.)	H. B. Curlewis, s.a	60	5 a 5a W 7 43 88 E 20 4 49 E	45 83 6 N 31 57 8 S 33 51 7 S
Victoria, B.C. (Dominion Astro- physical Obs.).	J. S. Plaskett, p.sc., r.r.s.	200	8 23 40 W	46 3z.3 N
weuington, N.Z. (Dominion Obs.)	C. E. Adams, p.sc.	127	22 39 4 E	41 17'1 B

Royal Observatory,

Blackford Hill, Edinburgh.—£2,647.

Astronomer Royal for Scotland, R. A. Sampson, p.sc., First Asst. Astronomer, J. Storey, r.R.A.B. 5396 to 5450 Asst. Astronomers, R. W. Wrigley, M.A.; E. A. Baker,

Royal Observatory, Cape of Good Hope.
Astronomer, John Jackson, M.A., D. Schm. 5,667 to £1,667
Chief Assist, Herbert Horrocks, M.A., F.R.A.,
Assistant

£667 to £867 Assistants, A. J. Wilkin; J. W. Jackson; 

# 6 DEPARTMENT OF OVERSHAS TRADE. (Under the joint control of the Foreign Office and the Board of Trade). 35 Old Queen Street, S.W. z. (Whitehall coac.) City Eranch Office 9 is, Basinghall Street, E.C. z. (Metropolitan 4713) For H. M. Trade Commissioners, see p. 182. For Commercial Diplomatic Officers,

ses pp. 849-945 (Complete Edition).

ses pp. 849-945 (Complete Edition).

This Department was formed during the attumn of 1919 as a foint Department under the Foreign Office and Parliamentary Beoretary, who were the Foreign Office and Parliamentary Beoretary, who were the position both of Additional Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and of Additional Parliamentary to the Secretary for the Board of Trade. The Department is concerned mainly with the promotion and development of Overseas Trade, and comprises the former Department of Commercial Intelligence of the Board of Trade and apart of the Foreign Trade Department of the Foreign Office. It has, in addition, taken over certain functions formerly performed by the Foreign Office in connexion with Commercial Intelligence and with the Commercial Diplomatic and Consular Revices. The cost of administration was estimated at £356 478 in 1933-34.

Intelligence Officers, E. P. J. Briggs; F. Biggs; W. J. Paddon; S. Robson; W. G. Brukaud; J. F. P. Fielding; R. G. Mercer; G. C. Hatton; A. I. Schné; H. A. Treganowan; C. H. Reeve; (the foregoing hold the presonal title of First Class Intelligence Officer); E. Warren; A. V. Langton; D. F. Crawford; J. A. Dormann; E. Adams; G. H. Kelly; W. Hall; A. L.

Willis; H. C. Grange; W. M. Hill; J. C. Pittman; O. Clark; A. G. C. Deuber; E. L. F. Clough-Taylor; T. R. Ritchie; J. Mandeleid; J. McE. Martin; H. A. Jones, M. C. (Seconded for duty with the Committee of Imperial Defence); C. F. F. Fragen; A. C. Pomroy; W. Harris; F. J. Glok; E. W. Wobster-Jones; R. E. J. Moore, M. A. (allowonce S. 100); H. E. Wobber; K. L. Mercher (allowonce S. 100); H. E. Wobber; K. L. Mercher (allowonce S. 100); H. E. Wabber; K. L. Mercher (allowonce S. 100); H. J. Galnes; W. R. Over; J. Balcon; J. B. Dixon; E. J. Holford-Streven; Miss M. W. Ehrentest; M. M. Du Merton; J. H. Devine (acting); L. Harrison (acting); J. J. Bhearer.

Lago to Lago (Men); Lave; J. H. Devine (acting); D. H. Mercher (allowonce); J. H. Devine (acting); M. W. Ehrentest; M. M. Du Merton; J. H. Devine; M. G. F. Rivers; Miss F. M. Hollings; G. V. Honny; S. O. Gray; A. H. Pike; E. H. Obsorne; W. H. J. Gillham.

Lago to Lago (Men); Lago to Lago (Women) Higher Executive Officers, G. F. Rivers; Miss F. M. Hollings; G. V. Honny; S. O. Gray; A. H. Pike; E. H. Obsorne; W. H. J. Gillham.

Lago to Lago (Miss S. Cooper; G. W. Dainty; F. J. Farroll, V. G. Filkins; Miss M. K. Gooderham; V. W. Hatton; G. M. Herring; C. J. Homewood; A. Howard (acting); C. C. I. Lambert; Miss S. Naish; C. N. Pattick; W. T. Pawley; L. G. Perryman; J. T. Prescott; F. L. Sharp; A. Sherrard (acting); C. E. Thorogood; C. S. Turner (acting); W. M. Wilson; W. H. Young.

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Chief Superintendent of Typists, Miss F. A. Ensor £200 to £230

#### Overseas Trade Development Council,

Overseas Trade Development Council.

In considering the major questions affecting United Kingdom export trade, the Minister in charge of the Department has the assistance of the Overseas Trade Development Council, of which he is Chairman.

The Council consists of a few of the leaders of commerce and industry, and of one or two Civil Servantz especially concerned with trade matters, and it ensures that the Department is kept in close touch with industrial opinion. The Council's staff san integral part of the Department's organisation.

Commissioner, A. Mullins, c.B. B. (allowance £200) 

#### IMPERIAL INSTITUTE

South Kensington, S.W. 7.

South Kensington, S.W. 7.

The Imperial Institute was erected as a memorial of the Jubilee of Queen Victoria (1827-1897). The principal departments of the Institute are .—(1) Permanent Empire Exhibition. The Exhibition Galleries are open to the public free from 22 a.m. to 8 p.m. (Sundays 2.5 p.m. to 6 p.m.). After a complete reorganisation of the Exhibition Galleries and also the scenery and life of the different countries and also the scenery and life of the different countries of the British Empire There is a Central Stand for distribution of literature and for dealing with enquiries Lecture demonstrations are given to parties from the schools and to members of the public at stated times. A Chiema has been installed in which films are shown daily depicting the Hie, sports and industries of the countries of the British Empire. (s) Plant and Animal Products Department. This department deals with all investigations and enquiries relating to Foodstands, Oil-seeds, Essential Oils, Rubber, Fibres, Tobacco, Timbers, Gume and Resins, and such like products. An Advisory Council has been appointed, and technical exades or industries movemed, ecceptation in the work on Rubber. Timber, Silk, Vegetable Fibres,

Tanning Materiala, Hides and Shins, Essential Oils and Resine, and Oils and Oil-seeds. [2] Mineral Resources Department This department is responsible for dealing with all enquiries and investigations of a mineral nature. An Advisory Council on Minerals has been appointed and there are 25 advisory technical committees, each dealing with a special group of minerals and metals.

BOARD OF GOVERNORS.

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Pice-President, Sir E. T. F. Crowe, K. C.M. o. (Compticuler-General Department of Overseas Trade).

Secretary, Capitain F. B. H. Drummond, M.C.

The Beard of Governors is assisted by a Managing Committee and by the Advisory Councils and Technical Committee.

Committees.

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Kurlong, P in (Superintendent Laboratories)

Mineral Resources Department, T Crook, A n c s,
J.o.s (Friacopal); S J Johnstone, B sc, J. L. (Fice
Principal), W O. R Wynn, F ic (Superintendent
Laboratories)

Laboratories

Rehibition Gulleries, H Spooner (Curator).

#### **PATENT OFFICE**

(PATENT OFFICE (and Industrial Property Department, Board of Trade), as Southampton Buildings, W.C. a The prerogative of the Crown to grant monopolies was limited by a James I c 3 to the grant of Letters Patent for New Inventions, and the control of such grants was transferred to the Board of Trade by 46 & 47 let c 57 The duties of the Department, which do do mannly with the granting of patents, the registration of designs and trade marks, and with questions relating to literary and artistic copyright, are performed by a Comptroller General with a staff of officials. For the year 1923 the expenditure was £4873.180.

Assistant Computablers, A. J. Martin, G.B.E.; G. F. Hambly, O.B.E., £1,000 to £1,000; A. S. COX, O.B.E. £500 to £1,000, D. Brothers, W. A. Taylor, O.B.E. £500 to £1,000, D. Brothson; A. J. Wilson; R. C. Wale; T. Beacall, J. H. Binder; H. W. Hilliar; G. B.E. £500 to £500; D. Brothson; A. J. Wilson; R. C. Wale; T. Beacall, J. H. Binder; H. W. Hilliar; G. B. £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to £500 to

MANCHESTER OFFICE.

Keeper of Cotton Marks, S Mitton ...... £450 to £600 Staff Officer, H Bottomley ..... .... £300 to £450

#### OPAYMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE. Whitehall, S.W. z.

The Paymaster General's Office was formed by the consolidation in 1823 of various separate pay departments then existing, some of which dated back at least to the Restoration of 360. Other offices were incorporated in 1843. Its function is that of paying agent for the different Government Departments, other than the Revenue Departments. The majority of its payments are made through banks to whose accounts the necessary transfers are made at the Bank of England, but cash

payments are also made, and the payment of peasions is an important feature of its work. The Establishment expenses were estimated at £90,000 in 1933-34.

Paymaster General, The Lord Rochester, c. n. o unpaid.
Assistant Paymaster General, Roland Wilkins, c.s.

Private Sec., E. G. Harwood.

Principal Clerks, J. Mahood, I.s.o. £85 to £550;

F. H. W. Webster; P. S. Owen . . . . £750 to £850

Heads of Divisions, S. Stephens, A. H. May; T. W.

Beard; M. E. Martin; W. J. Dick; H. L. Botting;

J. S. McIntyre; R. C. S. Taylor; P. W. Thorogood, ... ...... .. .£550 to £700

#### **MINISTRY OF PENSIONS.**

28 Great Smith Street, Westminster, S.W. z. The amount required to defray the salaries and expenses of the Ministry and for sundry contributions in respect of the Administration of the Act, was estimated at £4,500,000 for 1033-34.

Minister of Pensions, May. Rt Hon G. C. Tryon, M.P. Saco.

Private Secs., I. Powell; C. A. Pearce, M.B.E., M.C.

Do. (Party), Maj. Sir Fergus Graham, Bt., M.F.

Permanent Secretary, Sir George Chrystal, a.c B. £2,200 Private Secretary, Miss M S. Cox

#### General Administration.

Principal Assistant Secretary, Sir Adair Hore, & B E 

Awards.

Directors, C. M. Wynne; W. H. C. Plummer, O. B. E. Sept to St., 000 Sentor Principal Clerk, P. Orr, O.B E. .... 5750 to Sego

Accounts. £750 to £850

Pension Issue Office.

Controller, T. J Arnold, C B.E. ... ... ... & Deputy Controller, E. L. V. Crocker, O.B. ..£850 to £1.000 £750 to £850

Special Grants Committee, Secretary (Senior Principal Clerk), F. G. Hinks, O.B.E.

£750 to £850

Headquarters—Executive and Clerical Senior Principal Clerks, T Roes; A. W. Rowe, O.H.E 

Senior Staf Officer, P. V. F. Raffaelli, w. L. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. Scoto J. S

P. Mitchell; W.C. G. Moger, M.B.E.; R. S. Morgan; A. W. Moss, M.B.E.; H. L. Nicholls, M.B.E.; A. K. Noskes; A. M. Olsen; Capl. R. E. Orton, M.C.; A. N. Pirouet; A. T. Porter; F. Pratt; W. G. Pratt; F. G. Price; E. J. Prudhoe; A. G. Rayner; D. R. Roberts, M.B.E.; O. M. Roberts, A. G. W. Sawyer; W. H. Scofflam; G. E. Shelton; B. A. Simes; A. Smith; F. J. B. Smith; J. Stables; C. A. S. Stephens; C. Stokes; V. W. H. Waller; C. A. S. Stephens; C. Stokes; V. W. H. Waller; C. A. G. Willer, A. Wilson, M. Lago U. Lago Staff Ufficers, F. E. Best; R. Borland; R. Cook; A. H. Hudson; F. A. Pickett; B. D. Wenban

Higher Executive Officer, Miss M. F. T. Hitchcook Senior Staff Officer, Miss M. F. Browne, M.B.z.

Canadian Office, Ottawa. Ministry Representative, F N. Smith o.n.n.

Asst. do., S. V. Paterson, \$3,708; D. W. Fage to Lego Communioner of Medical Services F. R. Bolin, M.R.C. S. See to Lego

Die ector, Lh. Col. A. W. Moore, o. B. E., T.D., M. B. S., Medeants Markett Directors, W. Haward, M.B.; J. F. E. Prideant, M.B. et al. Prideant, M.B. et al. F. E. Prideant, M.B. et al. F. E. Brideant, M.B. et al. S., 138 Principal Medical Officers (Established), S. Brown, M.B., M.B.; C. B. Greward, M.B., E. A. E. Knight, M.B., M.B.; J. C. McKentle, M.B.; C. R. Nicholston, M.B., M.D.; Col. B. Richiardson, M.B., S. Oldham, O.B.E., M.B.; J. C. M. Richiardson, M.B., M.D.; Col. R. Richiardson, M.B., M.D.; A. Sandison, O.B.E., M.D.; J. G. Willimore, M.D.; A. Sandison, O.B.E., M.D.; J. G. Willimore, M.D.; J. G. Willimore, M.D.; J. G. Willimore, M.D.; J. G. Willimore, M.D.; W. E. Adderson, M.D.; A. A. Attinson, M.B.; T. M. Bellew, M.R.C.S.; Col. L. J. Blandford, C.B.E., T.D., M.D.; J. G. Buchanan, M.B.; J. R. G. Cook, M.C., M.B.; J. E. Davley, M.C., M.D.; J. B. Bandford, C.B.E., T.D., M.D.; J. G. Buchanan, M.B.; J. R. D. Langdale Kelham, M.C.S.; S. R. R. Matthews, M.R.C.S.; Y. Wilson McCagle, 1.R.C.F.; H. E. McCready, M.C., M.D.; J. Rodley, M.C., M.D.; T. Baall Rhodes, M.B.; J. B. Ross, N.B., C. S. L. Col. D. J. Scott, O.B.E., M.C., M.D.; T. Sheedy, O.B.E., L.R.C.F.; A. H. Style, M.D.; Col. G. L. Thornton, M.C., M.R.C.S.; K. M. McLeod Veitch, O.B.E., M.D.; J. R. Kollon, M.D.; J. R. Kollon, M.D.; J. R. Kollon, M.B.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E., D.S. O., M.R.C.S.; Col. R. A. Wraith, C.B.E.,

#### PORT OF LONDON AUTHORITY.

Head Office, London, E.C. 3.

Head Office, London, E.C. 3.

The Port of London Authority, established under the Port of London Aut, 1986 (8 Edw. VII., ch. 66), on the 3sst March, 1996, for the purpose of aliministering, preserving, non-constant of the sected, with a Chairman appointed by the Authority. The following undertakings were transferred to the Port Authority as from the 1916 March, 1999;—Thames Conservancy (all rights, powers, and duties of the Conservators of the Thames in respect of the river below Teddington; London and India Decks Company; Surrey Commercial Deck Company; Millwall Dock Company; and Watermen's Company, except cortain property and funds The working of the Port for the year ended March 31, 1933, showed a defact of 577,194, leaving a balance of £397,181 carried forward.

Sir Francis Agar, Lord Rochester, c M.G.; (L.C.C.)
Sir Alfred Baker, Jr, W Devenay, Jr, Adrian C
Moreing, M.F., Adm A. G Hotham, c.s., c.M.e.,
(Trintly House) Captail. Owen Jones, c.B.F., R.D.

#### ELECTED MEMBERS.

Seventeen members are elected by pavers of dues, wharfingers and owners of river craft, and one by wharf-

wharingers and owners of ...
ingers.
F. C. Allen; Capt. Sir I. H. Benn, Bt., C.n., D.S.O.,
r.; L. H. Bolton, W.L. Buxton, Jr., Sir A. C. CoryWright, Bt., Jr.; A. C. Davis, Jr., C. S. S. Guthrie,
C. W. Hodge; D. Jones, Jr.; C. F. Leach, E. Autrev
Lloyd, W. J. McAlister; A. Maclean; Sir C. C.
McLeod, Bt.; O. H. Smith; Sir M. C. Turner, Rt
Hon, Thomas Wiles, r.c., W. L. Wrightson.
Officers

Officers
General Manager, Sir David J. Owen.
Solicitor and Secretary, J D Ritchie, M.c.

#### OPOST OFFICE.

#### Chief Office, St. Martin's-le-Grand, E.C. z.

Chief Office, St. Martin's-le-Grand, E.C. z.

A House of Commons report in 244 states "It is uncertain at what precise period the Crown undertook to be the regular carrier of letters for its subjects." The first "Master of the Posts" was appointed in 325, but the duty was not then undertaken as a reminierative department of the Government. The Post Office is now one of the three great revenue collecting departments, and while efficiently discharging its multifarious duties, shows a large annual profit. It also receives large sums for duties and taxes on behalf of the linkand Revenue Department, for certain licences for the Customs and Excise Department and the County Councils, and for National Insurance on behalf of the National Health Insurance Cummissioners and the Bard of Track. The Post Office also pays Midors, "trybans" and decomposition of the County Post was insugarated in 25c, the Post Office "Penny Post was insugarated in 25c, the Post Office "Penny Post was insugarated in 25c, the Post Office "Penty Post was insugarated in 25c, the Post Office "Penny Post was insugarated in 25c, the Post Office Telephone Service in 25c, the Money Order Office in 25c, and the Telephone Service in 25c, The expenses of the Post Office (Salaries, Wasses, etc., only) were estimated at £25,056,001 tagg 34 Postmaster-Oceaeral, Rt. Hon. Sir Kingsley Wood, x r

Postmaster-General, Rt Hon Sir Kingsley Wood, Mr

Private Secretary, C O. L Leigh-Clare.

ent Secretary to the Post Office, Sir G. Evelyn Permanent Secretary to the row ogice, on S. 25,000
P. Murray, K. B. S. Soond B. V. Sturdee, B. R. Second Secretary, Count B. V. Sturdee, B. S. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. L. S. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. L. S. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. L. S. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. L. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. L. Second Secretary, E. S. Second Secretary, E. S. Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Sec

o to £1,500 C.B Lines Officer, Sir Stephen Tallents, & C. R. G.

C.B., C.B. E.

Assistant Secretaries, J. Y. Bell, C.B.; A. R. Kidner;
W. E. Parsons; H. D. Wakely: F. W. Phillips.,
F. H. S. Grant; C. L. K. Peel; H. F. Sambrook £1,000 to £1,000

#### Secretary's Office,

Principals, G. O. Wood; F. H. Nichols; W. E. Weston; A. C. Belgrave; W. H. Welghtman; F. C. G. Twinn; L. A. Jones; W. R. Birchall, G. E. G. Forbos; J. Scholes, o.a.; W. D. Waterfall; H. G. G. Welch; F. R. Radice; F. E. Waters, F. S.; H. Townshend; O. W. Baker; J. Louden; D. O. Lumley, o. B. E.; F. Hardwick, T. Daish, ac; W. D. Sharp; B. L. Barnett, ac.; L. F. Masters; S. J. Paterson; R. A. Little (acting)

Senior Staf Officers, J. W. Wissenden; H. E. King; E. A. Codd; Mal. H. E. Higginbottom; R. H. Squire; H. J. Elphick; W. H. Bymons; A. E. Marillier; H. Morrell; F. Greenfield, £550 to £760; E. N. Eatherley. Staff Officers, D. T. Tonkin; S. C. Foster; R. W. Road-knight; E. R. Davis; S. L. Francus; J. J. O'Donnell; A. Thilott; A. Williams; E. C. Le Messurier; J. King, M. B.; B. Smart; E. Pidduck; W. M. Smith; G. R. Brown; T. G. N. Crocker; T. W. Card; C. W. Drew; D. Walker; J. Blackwell; F. Blackwell; A. H. Wood, C. G. Bray; A. E. Reed; F. J. Ford, K. McKenzle; F. W. Hauson; B. T. P. Hollins, A. H. Ealley; W. H. Postlethwate; J. V. Roberts, M. H. A. Norton; R. Upjohn; F. E. Hale; G. W. Sontherst; P. F. Aptod; C. R. Clear; A. T. Williams; J. E. Shanahan; S. H. Knight; H. J. E. Smith (acting); J. H. Richardson (acting) 

Inspector of Telephone Clerical Establishments, A. N. Entwistle ....

Senior Staf Officers, E. H. Bourne, M. Brodie
Clerks (1st Class), W. E. Stratford; J. B. Fetherston;
F. B. Booth; R. H. Clay, M. C.; A. H. Bishop;
A. M. Kay; J. B. Sisson; H. Firth; W. E. Bowler,
M. C.; J. A. Stratford; W. Goodrich; R. S.
Farquhar; P. G. L. Strong, F. Dallimer; J. H.
Young, D. Ross, os B., M. N.; M. F. Allan; T. J.
Kelly, C. E. Boxall, P. R. J. Marr, J. C. Mathison;
D. MacGregor, n. G. N. N. S. P. McI. Marshall;
C. Crosby; C. A. W. Plonvier, S. B. Huuter, F. G.
Robertson, R. E. Roberts, A. C. Hawksworth;
S. P. Wight, Z. C. Claro, F. J. C. Hoare, J. A.
Wilson; L. J. E. Cull; S. A. Hunnivett, J. Johnstone, S. H. Rees, W. J. Sharp; G. A. Harlow;
F. Urquhart; C. T. W. Read

Technical Staff. Architect and Surveyor, W. H. Ludlow, A R.I.B.A

Assistant Architect and Surveyor, C B Smith, Assistant Buildings Surveyor, R Jackson £ 170 to £400

## Headquarters Telegraph and Telephone

Headquarters Telegraph and Telephone
Organisation.

Chief Inspector of Telegraph and Telephone Traffic,
J. F. Edinonds, M. B. E.
Deputy Chief Inspector, H. F. E. Deane Loo to Libo
Inspectors, H. G. Trayboot; W. D. Skewart; F. Riley
R. K. Keer Koo to Lyo
Assatant Inspectors, Class 1, P. G. Head; C. H.
Tonns, G. W. Gomm; G. F. Saffery, S. H. Thorpe;
C. R. Fright; C. A. Robertson, M. C.; L. B. Luget;
A. J. Wadey; H. J. E. Still; H. Booker; W. H.
Ta, lor; A. Wakely; H. A. Ashton; J. A. Matheson
(acting).

# Headquarters Postal Traffic, G. H. G. Smith Chief Inspector of Postal Traffic, G. H. G. Smith Leso to £1,000 Inspectors, F. Lane; A. Gordon; E. E. Harper; J. E.

Yates ..... £600 to £700 Asst Inspectors, Class I, D. S. Cooper; C H Robin-son, C N. Nicoll; E. J. Pierce; G. A Moss

£400 to £500 Sales and Publicity.

Controller, G H Taylor ... .. £800 to £1,000
Asst Controllers, A G Highet, F. J Tickner(acting)
£500 to £600

Accountant-General's Department.

...... .. £400 to £500

Female Staff.

Central Telegraph Office.

Controller, G T. Archthald . £1,000 to £1,200
Deputy Controller, Comdr. E. L. C. Grattan, D. 5 0, E N.
£800 to £900 Controller, G T. Archtbald Assist Controllers, A Faull ; H. W Dunne Staff Officers, R. J B. Bidwell; Capt. W. G. Bouch Superintendents (Higher Grade), H. L. Dent; C. Land Superintendents (Higher Grade), H. L. Dent; C. Land Superintendents (Lower Grade), E J Samnel, F. W. Dare, E Colliver; F. C. Whitaker, W. R. G. James; R. T. Sutton, C. H. Hadderly; A. Mee; T. Galbrath Superintendents (Cable Room), C. A. Peters, £48 to £460 £500; E. W. Gnoding; B. F. Wardi ... £420 to £460 Chief Super visor, Miss B. M. Luffman ... £330 to £400 Supervisor, (Higher Grade), Misses J. E. M. Nash; A. J. McCarthy; M. A. Aitken; A. B. Nottidge £300 to £345

Engineering Department.

Engineer-in-Chief, Lt. Col A. G. Lee, o B E. M.C. £1,500
Assist Engineers-in-Chief, Major H. Brown, o B F;
A B Hait, o B E; Col. A S Angwin, D S.O. M.C., 1 D.
£500 to £1,200 Principal Power Engineer, H. C. Gunton, M. B. E. & 800 to £500 Superintending Engineer (London), E. Gonnersall, O. B. E. Deputy Superintending Engineer (London), J. W. Atkinson ... Atkinson ... Escoto £ Soo to £ Soo Superintending Engineers (Provinces) and Staff Engineers (Provinces) and Staff Engineers (Engineers (Provinces) and Staff Engineers (Engineers office), J. M. Shacketon; B. S. Cohen, o. E. R. A. Weaver, G. F. Greenham, M. B. I. J. Hedley; A. B. Gilbert; C. Robinson; F. G. C. Baldwin; T. E. Herbert; C. Willis; B. O. Anson; Capt. J. G. Hines; P. T. Wood; H. Kitchen; C. J. Mercer; P. J. Ridd; E. J. Wilby; T. Cornfoot; A. J. Gill; H. S. Thompson; C. A. Taylor, M. C.; Lt. Col. F. Reid, M.C., T.D.; Capt. N. F. Cave-

Motor Transport Officer, Class I. W. C. Burns £600 to £700 Submarine Superintendent, F. G. Ramsay, M B. H.

Submarine Superintendent, F. G. Ramany, M. n. 5000 to \$500 Commonders, Lt. Comdr G.H. Flavel, R. R. H. M. T.S. Monarch); E. R. Hutchons (H. M.T.S. Alert) \$600 to \$500 Assistant Superintending Engineers (London and Provinces), Assistant Sing Engineers (Engineerin-Chief's Office), W. H. Powoll; A. Wright; H. Honkins; S. C. Bartholoniew, M. n. R.; W. O. Blight; H. W. Fulcher; J. H. M. Wakefield; Major Jr. Kingston, o. s.; F. H. Horner; E. S. Francis; W. Scarr, J. F. Flotcher, F. O. Burralet; T. T. Partridge; R. T. King, T. H. Edgerton; H. J. Hunter; F. Woollard; G. M. Maddock; C. Brockleeby, F. Blick; E.A. Vinnart; Capit. A. C. Timmis; C. Legh, A. C. Hander, J. S. Elston; Capt. J. Fletcher; G. S. Fandol; J. M. Malinger, R. D. Wartt, H. Fancher; A. O. Gibbon; J. H. Reli; A. Bearlet, J. S. Elston; Capt. J. Fletcher; G. B. Annadol; J. M. Nichan, D. S. H. Fletcher; G. H. Annadol; J. M. Nichan, D. S. Rete; K. E. Nildh; G. S. Annadol; J. M. Scholan, D. S. A. Fletcher; A. R. Annadol; J. M. Scholan, D. S. Rete; K. E. Shilth; G. S. Annadol; J. R. Speight; W. E. Gravill, E. S. Ritter; A. Morrin, S. Speight; W. E. Gravill, E. S. Ritter; A. Leudow, Sten to Sone, Provinces Sen to Sen.

London, £600 to £700; Provinces, £550 to £650

London Postal Service Department.

London Postal Service Department.

Controller, T R Gardiner ... \$5,300 to \$5,300 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2,500 to \$2

CIRCULATION OFFICE.

Post Office (London) Railway.

Manager, Major W. G. Carter, n.c. .. Trafic Assistant, A. A. Golding... Engineering Assistant, W. J. Proctor £600 to £700 £400 to £500 £400 to £500

Also allowance of £50.

### B METROPOLITAN DISTRICT OFFICES.

West Central, New Oxford Street, W.C. z.

fc. W. Dixon ......

Sharp ...... .... £360 to £460

North-Western, Eversholt Street, N.W. z.
District Postmaster, T. O'Kelly .....£550 to £650
Assist. District Postmaster, H. E. Ogilvie

### London Telephone Service.

Controller, W. H. U. Napler, c. n. E. ... \$2,000 to \$2,200 Deputy Controller, M. C. Pink ... ... \$200 to \$200 Augas, Controllers, R. P. Crum; H. Dive, n. n. F. W. F. Taylor; R. Tiniawood, n. n. i. ... \$700 to \$200 Principal Clerks, W. R. Bold; J. R. Salter

Superintendents, J. Hinshelwood; C. W. Muirhand Spot to Loos Staff Officers, E. H. Barnes; C. S. Bird; C. A. Boatock; C. H. Brandreth; W. R. Child; D. J. Davies; W. Glenny; H. Gray; A. H. Harris; E. Jacob; A. W. Kellond; Lieut; L. J. Lee, n.s. c., a. N. N.; G. W. Livermore; J. F. Fage; C. G. Silby; G. H. Tree; W. C. R. Watson. Touther, B. L. Beamont; W. E. Deben an; W. C. Griffith; P. J. Maatle; P. W. H. Maybook. Lieuther; C. Griffith; P. J. Maatle; P. W. H. Maybook. Lieuther; C. Griffith; P. J. Maatle; P. W. H. Maybook. Lieuther; C. A. Brodie; G. Buckerige; J. E. Beucher; C. C. A. Brodie; G. Buckeridge; J. E. B. Boucher; C. C. A. Brodie; G. Buckeridge; J. K. B. Collins; E. A. Durrant; A. H. Dyer; C. W. Gorrard; F. Gray, M.c.; R. W. Gregory; R. T. Gregory; F. H. Grove; E. Hawkey; C. D. Hiff; J. A. Jenkins; A. H. Morris; H. R. Moulton; A. M. B. Newtit, F. B. Nichols; C. S. Semark; J. W. Shopherd; F. W. B. Thwistes. Superintendent (Female Cierical Staff), Miss E. M. Mahlendorff.
Staff Officers, Miss M. I. Harriss; Miss E. M. Newport; Miss E. M. Phillips: Miss M. E. Ross, M. R.; Miss E. M. Sunders; Miss F. A. Wheeler Spec to Leec Superintendent (Female Exchange Staff), Miss A. E. Cos, M. R. E. L. Sage to Lage.

**Also allowance of Left.** Superintendents, J. Hinshelwood; C. W. Muirhoad

* Also allowance of £50. † £10 allowance. ‡ On personal scale, £850 to £1,000.

Medical Department.

£300 to £500 Money Order Department.

Controller, Col. D. J. Lidbury, D.S.O. ... £900 to £3, 100

Assist. Control. J. New; J. Bolger ... £700 to £800

Principal Clerks, E. F. Warren; W. S. Hamor; E. A.

Fitsgerald, £500 to £700; H. H. Balley £500 to £600

Staff Officers, Capt. W. A. Thilm, M.G. W. H.

Stevens; J. D. Macnair; J. L. Scurlock; H. H.

Tapper; E. E. Owen; J. H. Huffington; J. G.

Brown; C. Frampton (acting) ... ... £400 to £500

Female Staff. Superintendent, Miss E. M. Le Plastrier, o.B.E.

Deputy Supts., Misses A. A. Renwick; T. M. Jackson; H. M. Nichols; L. E. G. Dunn

Staf Officers, Misses C. Dodd; M. J. Love; M. I. Grasae; J. M. Chapman; M. Harry; K. M. Brown; I. J. Arnold; K. C. Nicol; F. E. Berfield; E. M. Gate; A. J. Spalding; F. A. Ryde; G. C. Confort; B. L. T. Mackie; E. M. Hobbs (activa); H. E. Daniels (activa)

# Savings Bank Department,

Blythe Road, West Kensington, W. 24.

### Solicitor's Department.

Solicitor, Sir R. W. Woods, c.B.B. ....

Professional Clerks, E.V. Harrison; F. Hesketh, Ll. B; L. C. Thomas; S. Pemberton, Ll. B.; A. A. H. Mar-tln; A. E. Normington, Ll. B., B.C.L; W. A. Ham-merton; J. F. Brown; F. H. Plummer £230 to £500

Stores Department.

London, £556 to £700; Rirmingham, £495 to £595 Staff Ufforen, T. Wevell; H Phillips; W. G. Potter; H. J. S. Bennett; G. T. Hennel; T. L. Adamson; H. E. Willmott; W. Mahon; A. W. Burt; Capt. A. Heatl; W. P. Hines; H. J. Hall; P. Green, G. W. Sonners, C. F. Rakelff, A. F. Glover; R. Tonking; R. Crook; R. W. R. Cross, m.s. v.; D. P. Dell; R. C. Owen; H. A. Thomas; M. H. Hallett; R. G. Bennett; A. G. Fenron; H. A. Sllocok; F. L. Hawkins; A. H. Oliver; S. H. Smith; A. Wells; F. J. Raynham; J. A. Willmot London, £400 to £475; Rirmingham, £560 to £450.

Surveyors' Department (United Kingdom).

Surveyors, E. J. Gayes; R. Bell; C. H. C. Baillie; T. P. Hobbins, e. m., A. O. Spafford, o. m.; C. A. J. R. Hobbins, e. m.; A. O. Spafford, o. m.; C. A. J. R. Hobbins, e. m.; A. O. Spafford, o. m.; C. A. J. R. Mosaham, o. m.; J. T. Foxell; E. F. Nunns, J. W. Jay, A. H. Barty; W. R. Stort, See to £t.cee, P. W. McIntyre... £goe to £t.cee, P. W. McIntyre... £goe to £t.cee, P. W. McIntyre... £goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe to £t.goe 800; F. Scott, 100 to £450, G. R. Parsons, H. F. Rodgers
Staff Officers, H. A. Harrop; A. F. Clarko, E. J.
Attwood, A. Ackroyd, S. G. Stanbury; S. P. Gabagan; F. W. S. Essex; R. G. Gilbert; F. T. Holden; C. Chapman, £350 to £450, L. H. Westaway.

Postmaster Surveyors.

Birmingham, Col. A. A. Jayne, D.s.O., Ose, M.C.;

Birdol, Col. S. H. G. Dainton, O. R.; Leeds, V. R.

Kenny; Liverpool, Lt. Col. F. H. Kenpe, M.C.;

Manchester, J. G. Maddan, c. B.; Newcostleon,

Type, F. Ferguson; Sheffield, T. J. Hubbard,

Glangow, Lt. Col. F. N. Westbury, O.B.E.; Belfast, A. J. Ardern.

### General Post Office,

Waterloo Place, Edinburgh.

Secretary, F. G. Milne £2,000 to £2,200 Principal Clerks, A. J. Turnor ; J. Robertson Asso to £650 J Service, J. M. Harper, W. M. Smith (£450 to £500), £380 to £475 Solicitor, J. Richardson, w.s.

Solicitor, J. Richardson, w.s.

Solicitor, J. Richardson, w.s.

Lyoo to £500

Eraminer, W. Yule

Lyoo to £500

Eraminer, W. Hyslop

Solicitor, J. Richardson, w.s.

Lyoo to £500

Chancery Lane, W.C. z.

National Records since the Norman Conquest brought together from various repositories

Solicitor, J. Richardson, w.s.

Accountable PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE

Chancery Lane, W.C. z.

National Records since the Norman Conquest brought together from various repositories

Solicitor, J. Richardson, w.s.

Accountable, W. Yule

Lyon to £500

Chancery Lane, W.C. z.

National Records since the Norman Conquest brought together from various repositories

Solicitor, J. Richardson, w.s.

Accountable, W. Yule

Lyon to £500

Chancery Lane, W.C. z.

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Solicitor, J. Richardson, w.s.

Accountable, W. Yule

Lyon to £500

Chancery Lane, W.C. z.

National Records since the Norman Conquest brought together from various repositories

Solicitor, J. Richardson, W. J. W. S.

National Records since the Norman Conquest brought together from various repositories

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Solicitor, J. Richardson, W. J. W. S.

National Records since the Norman Conquest brought together from various repositories

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# POST OFFICE ADVISORY COUNCIL.

Set up by the Postmaster-General in January, 1932, to act in a consultative capacity on matters of general Post Office policy, and to serve as a further connecting link between the Post Office and the public.

between the Post Office and the public.

The Connext.—Maj, Hon. J. J. Astor, M. P.; Sir Charles
C Barrie, S. R., M. P.; Herbort E. G. Beale; John
Cilif; Sir George L Courthope, Bt., M. P.; Ald. M. T.
Davis; Sir Francis Goodenough, C.R. E.; Sir Enoch
Hill; Ald John H. Inskip; Ald. Sir Maurice
Jonks, Bk., P. A.; Miss Mogran Lloyd George, M. P.;
Lord Luke; Miss ishbel MacDonald; Sir Stanley
Machin; Froderick J Marquis; R. M. Holland
Martin, C. B., P.S.A.; Hon. Dorothy Pickford; John
W. Sutkon.

### OPRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE, Whitehall, S.W. r.

**GPRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.** Whitehall, S.W. z. The Privy Council is of very ancient origin. A Council, the number of which was about twelve, was instituted by Alfred, Sg., and it discharged the functions of State now confined to members of the Cabinet. In the Middle Ages the Chief Advisers of the King who were permanently about him formed the Privy Council. Having become unwieldy, it was reconstituted in styp. At present it consists of cortain eminent persons whose names are given on p. 25.6. Members of the Cabinet must be Privy Council The Council is summoned as with to act. "with others" upon the denise of the Crown, and many matters are referred by the Sovereign to Committees of the Council, some of which are standing Committees, and other counciltuted to deal with particular cases,  $r_g$ , the Judicial Committee, the Reservice Truck of Trade,  $q_F$  The Lord President of the Council is the Fifth Great Officer of State, and as such is always a prominent member of the Cabinet.

### Cabinet Office.

#### a Whitehall Gardens, S.W. z.

Scenetary, Col Sir Maurice Hankey, a.c.b., a c.m.a.
Private Sec., L. F. Burgis, c.m.a., m.n.o.
Deputy Secretary, Sir R. B. Howorth, k.c.m.a., c.b.
Principal, W. D. Wilkinson, d.s.o., m.c. (seconded from the Treasury).

### Committee of Imperial Defence, s Whitehall Gardens, S.W. z.

Secretary, Col Sir Maurice Hankey, a.c., a.c. in a Assistant Secs., C. Longhurst, c. a.; Wing-Com E J. Hodsolf, Lt Col N. C. Hind, s. ; Com C C A. Allen, a. a.; Lt-Col, H. R. Pownall, p. s. o., m.c. Conjidental Circh, Maj W H M Ives, o. a. a.

### Economic Advisory Council.

a Whitehall Gardens, S.W. z.

Joint Secretaries, Hubert D Henderson; A. F. Hemming, c. B E. Confidential Clerk, Capt F W Rawlins, M B E.

Historical Section. Secretary, Lt -Col. E. Y. Daniel, c.s.s.

se to a. The Museum (open Mon. to Fri., s to 4 p m.) contains Domesday Book (s veilum volumes) made by order of William the Conqueror in 2056, and "Domesday Uses"; Lord Montesgle a anonymous warning concerning the Gunpowder Piok (1868); build Pope Clement VII. confirming Henry VIII as "Pidel Defensor '(1584), the "Boray of Paper"; and many other documents of permanent interest.

Land Revenue Records and Enrolments. Kepper of the Records, A. E. Stamp, c.s., F.S.A.

# CITY OF LOWDON RECORDS OFFICE.

OITY OF LOWDON RECORDS OFFICE,
Guildhall, E.C. a.
Contains charters of William the Conqueror, Henry II,
and later Kings and Queens to sky; ancher custuments,
Horn. Dunthorne, Liber Oustannarum, Ordinaciontum,
Mamorandorum and Appus, and the Contained of the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contained and the Contai

Keeper of the City Records, The Town Clerk.
Deputy Keeper, A. H. Thomas, M.A., LL.D., F.S.A.
Assistant Clerk, P. E. Jones, LL.B.

# SPUBLIC TRUSTEE OFFICE,

Kingsway, W.C. a. (See also p. 360). Public Trustee, Sir Oswald R. A. Simpkin, R.C.B., c.B. £2,500 Assistant Public Trustees, J. H. Jacob, o.n.z.; R. S.

Assistant Public Trusteen, J. H. Jacob, o. n. r. i. R. Shuckburgh, c. n. r. i. R. Shuckburgh, c. n. r. i. s. see to £1, see to £1, see to £1, see to £1, see to £2, see to £2, see to £2, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, see to £3, s 

tesistant Investment Managers, H.A. I G.H. Porter; S.A. Tansley; F. G. Turner Securities Officer, F. W. Norledge, M.R.E. Secut & Spec Chief Property Advisor, H. H. Hadden, O.B.E., v.s.i.

Assistant Property Advisors, C. Bowes, F.B.I.; P. G. Crawley, F.A.I. Czawley, F.A.I. ......

### OPUBLIC WORKS LOAN BOARD, Old Jewry, E.C. z.

The Public Works I can Board was created in \$77 for the purpose of advancing money to Municipal Authorities for Public Works. During the financial year 253-23 the Commissioners advanced leans amounting to \$9,777.50. Off the total advanced out of the Local Loans Fund the sum of £5.371.92 was for purposes of the Housing Acts.

The average rate of interest was:-

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£600 to £800

# QUEEN ANNE'S BOUNTY, 3 Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W. (Hours to to 5.)

3 Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W.,

(Hours to to 5.)

The Governors of Queen Anne's Hounty were incorporated in 1708 by Royal Charter. For many years they made capital grants to poor livings, mainly for angmentation, and often to meet benefactions of equal or greater amount, but since 1809 they have cessed to make grants for augmentation line total benefactions and states of a superstate of the property of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of the foreign of th

ties of the Corporation has recently been published.

Secretary and Treasurer, F. G. Hughes.

Funcpal Assistant Secretary, W. G. Hannah.

Second Assi. Secretary, D. F. Smeaton.

Head of Title Division, C. S. Amsden.

Deputy do, J. R. Brumfit.

Solictior, E. J. Hare.

Asst. Solictiors, N. H. Oldham; L. R. C. Cornford.

Architect, Martin Skinner.

Asst. Architect, A. P. Lay.

Chief Accountant, M. L. Warren

Accountant, M. L. Warren

Accountant, Titles Accounts), C. G. Harris,

Asst. Accountant (Titles Accounts), D. F. Herring.

Asst. Hends of Divisions, W. J. F. Smith; W. Holford; S. D. Kuight; G. C. Baird; J. H. Hurdman;

W. J. Gimson.

Higher Executive Officers, F. E Willott; R. E. Darby; F. W. Eatherley; S. B. Wood; A., Fraser; C. Needell; S. C. Grimes; W. E. Tickner.

#### RAILWAY ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY

### AND

#### ANGLO - SCOTTISH RAILWAYS

ANGLO-SOOTTISH RAILWAYS

ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY.

25 Queen Anne's Gate, London, S.W. 1.

The Railways (Valuation for Rating) Act, 1920, applies the principle of valuation in common to the valuation, for rating, of the undertakings of the four smalgamated railway companies, of as a they are situate in England and Wales, and of the Mctrupolitan Railway Company (now included in the London Passenger Transport Boardi; the Act may be applied (by Scheme) to the undertaking of any other Railway Company in England and Wales Milling and the Railway Assessment authority set up under the Act, and not by the local Rating Authorities and Assessment Committees The Act also provides for the setting up of an Angle-Necotish Railways Assessment Authority (called the "Joint Authority") whose function is to apportion the greater part of the receipts of the two amalgamated railway companies operating in England and in Rotland (siz. LM 8, and LN E.) between those two countries.

Chairman of the Railway Assessment Authority and of the Joint Authority, Joahna Scholofield, x c. Gerk of the Railway Assessment Authority and of the Joint Authority, A. E. Joli.

Clerk of the Rairray A seesament Authority and of the Joint A sthority, A. E. Joli.

ODEPARTMENT OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH.

16 Old Queen Street, Westminister, S. W. z.
The Committee of the Privy Council for Scientific and Industrial Research was appointed by Order in Council dated, July 25, 295, amended by an Order in Council dated, July 25, 295, amended by an Order in Council dated, July 25, 295, amended by an Order in Council dated, July 25, 295, amended by an Order in Council dated for any sums of money provided by Parliament for the organisation and development of Scientific and Industrial Research. The Committee consists of the holders for the time being of certain Munisterial Grices. The Order in Council also appointed an Advisory Council to whom all proposals for researches stand referred. By Charter dated November 23, 295, 2958, the members of the Committee of the Privy Council were created a Knetz factor of the Council were created a Knetz factor of the Council were created a Knetz factor of the Council were created as the Council were created as the Council were created for the Science of the Council tee. On December 25, 295, an expanse Department, having its own Parliamentary Vote, was created for the service of the Council tee.

The aggregate net estimate for the Department in 1923-34 amounts to £59,595, an increase of £4,486 on the same estimate for x92-33. The gross estimate amounts to £59,595, an increase of £4,486 on the same estimate for x92-33. The gross estimate months to £59,595, and increase of £4,486 on the same estimate for x92-33. The gross estimate Britain and Busenton of Partical Geology, £6,743, President of the Council, The Lord Prosident of the Council, The Lord Prosident of the Council, The Lord Prosident of the Council, The

President of the Committee of the Privy Council, The

K.C.B , C B E , D.SC., LI D , SOC.R S.

£650 to £750

Higher Grade (Zerks, W. H. Beavis; L. W. Crawford; W. A. Macdonald; F. W. Smith; J. Williamson £300 to £400

# Building Research.

Chairman of Board, Sir Raymond Unwin, p.rech., P. R. I. B. A.

Building Research Station Bucknalls, Garston, near Watford. Director of Research, R. E. Stradling, M.C., p. Sc., ph n., 

### Chemical Research.

Chairman of Board, N. V. Sidgwick, o. s. r., sc. d., r. r. s

Chemical Research Laboratory,
Teddington, Middlesex,
Director of Research, Prof. G. T. Morgan, c. s. s. c., Principal Scientific Officer, G. D. Bongough, p.sc.

xrmeigns scientife Officer, G. D. Bougough, n.sc.

Soso to Argo
Sentor Scientife Officers, D. D. Pratt, rh n; R. Taylor;
A. C. Thaysen, rh.n.

Soso to Agoo
Scientife Officers, W. H. J. Vernon, n.sc., rh n., Ago
to Agoo; H. J. Bunker; K. R. Butlin; H. Ingleson,
n.rhil; R. N. Johnson; J. G. Mitchell, rh.n., Ago
to Ago; F. H. Burstall; K. A. Coulson, nh.n.;
G. R. Davies, n.sc. ph.n., D. V. N. Hardy, rh.n.;
A. R. Loo, rh n; N. J. L. Mognon; A. E. J. Petict;
E. Walton, ph.n., Agoo to Ago; Miss J. Stewart,
ph.n.

Saga to Argo 

### Food Investigation,

Chairman of Board, Sir Joseph G. Broodbank, J.P. Director of Food Investigation, Sir William B Hardy,

D.SC., LL.D., F.R.S.
Assistant Director, E. Barnard, p. 8.0 £700 to £900

Torry Research Station.
Aberdeen.

Stewart, ph D . Larg to £275 Ditton Laboratory,

### Forest Products Research.

Chairman of Board, Principal Sir James C. Irvine, C.B E., D.SC., LL.D , F.R.S.

£2,000 to £2,000

Forest Products Research Luboratory, Princes Risborough, Rucks. Director of Research, W. A. Robertson

Lose to £750 Senior Scientific Officer, K. St. G. Cartwright

Fuel Research. Chairman of Board, Sir Harold Hartley, c B.E., M C., Director of Research, F S Sinnatt, M.B E , D.SC. £1,200 Assistant to the Director, Maj E. O. Henrici

£700 to £000

T. F. Hurrey; D. McDougas; A. L. Minning, rh. D. Scott & Scot & Scott Scott, Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collect Shopherd ... Lars to Lars
Assistant 1, C W. G. Ockelford ... Lars to Lars
Nunf Officer, C B Fitzgerald ... Laco to Laco Physical and Chemical Survey of National Coal Resources.

£250 to £350

Radio Research.

Chairman of Board, Lt.-Col, A. G Lee, OBE, MC.

Radio Research Station

Slough, Bucks (Staff included under National Physical Laboratory Radio Department)

Road Research.

Chairman of Board, Major F. C Cook, p 8.0., Mc. Minst CE Director of Rewarch, R. E. Stradling, M.C., DSC. Ph n., w inst e k.

Roud Research Laboratory Harmondsworth, West Drayton, Middlesex. Principal Scientific Officer, R. G.C. Batson

Sensor Scientific Officer, A. G. Tarrant £500 to £600 Scientific Officers, G. Bird; T. J. Lonzdale, rh. n. r. Preston; F. W. Sparkes ......£250 to £350 Water Pollution Research.

Chairman of Board, Sir R Robertson, E.B.E., D.SC,

Director of Research, H T Calvert, M.B.E., rh.D., F.I.C. (part time) Assistant Director, A Parker, p.sc. £800 to £000

Geological Survey of Great Britain and Museum of Practical Geology. Head Offices: Jermyn Street, London, SW z, and Southpark, 19, Grange Torrace, Edinburgh (Branch Offices at Manchester, Newcastle-on-Tyne, and York)

The Geological Survey and Museum was commenced in 1832; it was under the Science and Art Department from 1833 till 1800, when that Department became merged in the Board of Education, On Nov. 1829, the administrative control of the Survey and Museum was transferred to the Committee of the Privy Council for Scientific and Industrial Research. The normal work of the Survey includes the preparation of geological maps and memoirs dealing with the general survey of the country and with various economic aspects of that survey. The Museum of Practical Geology conserves and exhibits recks, minerals and fossils which afford evidence for the published records of the survey or illustrate that survey. It is also a function of the Museum to exhibit economic minerals from all parts of the world, and especially Great Britani Chaurman of Geological Survey Board, T. Franklin Sibly, D.S., Lieb. St., Lieb. S. Lieb.

Sibly, D.sc., Linb.

Director of Survey and Museum, Sir John S. Flett, 

Museum of Practical Geology,
Jermyn Street, London, S.W.,
Curator and Librarian, W. F. P. McLintock, D. sc. Asst Curator, A. F. Hallimond, sc. D...... £450 to £650 Assist. Librarian, (vacant).

# The National Physical Laboratory,

The National Physical Laboratory,
Teddington, Middlesox
The National Physical Laboratory was founded in the
year 1900 as a public Institution for standardising and
verifying naturuments for testing materials, and for the
determination of physical containts. The Laboratory
comprises eight main sections:—13 Physics: 18 Electreity; (3) Radio; (4) Metrology, (5) Engineering; (6) Aerodynamics. 7) Metallary and Metallaryical Chemistry;
(8) The William Fronde Laboratory
Undirman of the General Board and Executive Committe, The President of the Royal Society.

Verchum and at the great Roard and Executive Com-

Chairman to the President of the Royal Society.

Nucc. Chairman of General Board and Elecutive Committee, Lord Rayleigh, p.ac., f. R. S.

Director, Sir Joseph Petavel, K B E, D Sc., F E S.

(and free residence) £1,500

Superintendent, G W.C Kayo, B E. D. & Soo to St. 000 Principal Scientific Officers, A. H. Davis, D 80.; E. Griffiths, D 80, r. e. E.; T. Smith, r. e.

Senior Scientific Officers, J. S. Anderson, D. Sc.; J. Guild; F. H. Schofield, D.S.; G. Shearer, D.S.

£500 to £600 Scientific Officers, J. H. Awbery; I. Sackhurst; N. Fleming; J. A. Hall; D. S. Perfect, £330 to £450, G. H. Aston; G. E. Bell; W. Binks; R. Donaldson; E. J. Evans; A. E. Knowler; W. E. T. Perry; R. W. Powell; M. de Selincourt; J. Thewlis; C. Wainwright; W. A. Wood

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Electricity Department.

Superintendent, E. H. Rayner, so.n. .... 500 to Sisce Principal Scientific Officer, J. W. T. Walsh, n.s.. 550 to Sisce Scientific Officers, H. Buckley; L. Hartshoru, p. so.; R. S. J. Splisbury. .... 550 to 550 Scientific Officers, H. C. Booth; I. J. Collier; R. Davis; T. H. Harrison; P. J. Higgs; T. I. Jones; J. E. P. L. Vigoureux; C. K. Webb, 550 to 540 ft. M. M. Arnold; G.W. Bowdler; B. H. Crawford; A. Felton; C. J. W. Grieveson; J. S. Preston; K. Rankton; W. G. Standring; W. S. Stilles; W. H. Ward.
    Lago to £350
Assistants I., W. Barn, 4; W. H. Eastland
    Principal Observer, W. H H Brookes .. £305 to £350
  Radio Department.

Superintendent, R. A. Watson Watt

Senior Scientific Officers, J. F. Hord; R. L. Smith
Rose, D. So., Ph.D.

Scientific Officers, R. H. Barfield, Azze to Azze to

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     Metrology Department.
Superintendent, J. E. Senra, C.B.R.
Principal Scientific Officer, S. W. Attwell, M.B.R.
    Principal Scientific Officer, S. W. Attwell, M.B.E.
Sessior Scientific Officers, F. A. Gould; F. H. Rolt,
M.B.E., V. Stott; G. A. Tomlinson, D.E., £500 to £500
Scientific Officers, H. F. Bloxam, J. S. Clark, £350 to
£500; H. Barrell; W. H. Johnson, W. G. Ridge,
£350 to £450; F. H. Blegg; D. Clayton; J. C.
Evans, ph. D. £500 to £400
Higher Grade Clerk, E. C. Cook £300 to £400
     Engineering Department,
Superintendent, H. J. Gough, N.B.R., D.Sc., Ph D., F.R.S
      Fisco to Ex.000
Principal Scientific Officers, A. Balloy; C. Jakoman
    Senior Scientific Officers, A. Banicy; C. Jakeman Asso to Large G. A. Hankins, D.sc. Scott Large G. A. Hankins, D.sc. Scott Large Contract Officers, H. J. Tapsell, Large to Large F. Aughtle; W. D. Brown; W. F. Cope; H. L. Cox; R. Houghtle; W. D. Brown; W. F. Cope; H. L. Cox; R. Houghtlen; C. E. Phillips; D. G. Sopwith; S. A. Wood
                                                                                                                                                                                                               £ago to £350
      Lego to Lago
Assistant I, T. H. Fewster ......£300 to £400
     menor; w.r. ness; T. H. Schoffeld ... 439 to 539
The William Fronde Laboratory.
Superintendent, G. S. Baker, o.r.r. m. instruct. £1,200
Principal Scientific Officer, J. L. P. Kent, m. instruct. £550
Scientific Officers, W. C. S. Wigley, £320 to £100; G. H.
Bottomley, J. F. C. Conn; G. Hughes; F. H. Todd
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### ROYAL COMMISSION FOR THE EXHIBITION OF 1851.

Offices, z Lowther Gardens, Exhibition Rd., S.W.7. Incorporated by Supplemental Charter as a permanent Commission after winding up the affairs of the Great Exhibition of 28z. It has for its object the promotion of scientific and artistic education by means of funds derived from its Kensington Estate, purchased with the surplus left over from the Great Exhibition.] President of the Royal Commission, H.R.H. the Prince

of Wales, K.a.
Chairman, Board of Management, The Lord Mac-millan, Lian.
Chairman, Science Scholarships Committee, Sir Richard Glazebrook, K.C.B., P.R.S.
Secretary to Commissioners, Evelyn Shaw, c.v.o.

# THE NATIONAL SAVINGS COMMITTEE,

Sanctuary Buildings, Westminster, S.W. z.

The National Savings Movement is directed in Edgland and Wales by the National Savings Committee. In the National Savings Committee and Wales to the National Savings Committee. In the National Savings Committee are appointed by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and include twelve representatives elected annually by the voluntary workers in the National Savings Movement and also representatives of such State Departments and other institutions as have a special interest in the promotion of popular thrift. In its origins, the National Savings Committee set up in 1915 to click National War Savings Committee set up in 1915 to click National Savings Committee set up in 1915 and in interest in the Promotion of popular thrift. In its origins, the National Savings Committee set up in 1915 and in interest in the Promotion of popular thrift. In its origins, the National Savings Movement is the Savings Association—a voluntarily conducted avarings club for the purchase of National Savings Certificates by instalments. At the end of Seytel her, 1923, there were 2,3,900 of these Associations as work. Savings Associations in the various areas of the country are usually attached to the Local Savings Committees of the Associations and the National Savings Committees of the areas, these Committees being the links between Savings Certificates soil from National Savings Committees of the Computer of Savings Certificates of the Computer Savings Certificates of the Computer Savings Certificates of the Computer Savings Certificates of the Computer Savings Certificates on that date was approximately £480,000,000. On April 2, 1928, the maturity value was reduced from 25, 65, to 200,000. On April 2, 1928, the maturity value was reduced to age. Sanctuary Buildings, Westminster, S.W. z.

The sale of Savings Certificates was suspended from The sale of Savings Certificates was suspended from the night of June 39, 1925, on the announcement of the proposals of the Conversion of Five per Cent. Wer Loan, A new issue was put on sale on August 2, 1925, at a purchase price of 16s, attaining a value of 192, in 12 years. A further change was made on June 2, 1932, the pur-chase price remaining 16s., but the value of 192, being reached in 28 years.

President, Sir Robert M. Kindersley, c. R. E. Chairman, Maj. Gen. Rt. Hon. Lord Mottistone, c. R., C. M. G., D. S. O., T. D. T., G. Chambers, K. B. E.; T. Lennox

Gilmour.

### SCOTTISH SAVINGS COMMITTEE.

xaz George Street, Edinburgh.

President, The Duke of Atholl, E.T., G.C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O.  SCOTTISH OFFICE.

Dover House, Whitehall, S.W.r (Whitehall 7464); and 9 Parliament Square, Edinburgh.

Secretary of State, Rt. Hon Sir Godfrey Collins,

Private Sec. P. J. Spraw
Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, A. Noel
Skelton, N. P.
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Sapo Expreyors, H. Sewan, Glasgov; C. P. Richards, Liverpool; T. Melarren, Greenock
Sapo to £500
Surveyors, H. S. Downey, Steanses, L. & Connent, West Hardescott, P. T. Daniel, Greenock; H. E. L. West Hardescott, P. T. Daniel, Greenock; H. E. L.

€500 to £650 Glasgow ... ..... .... .... .... .... £300 to £500

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Inspectorate of Shaps Provisions—Unity Inspector— E A Warner, London, Loverpool 5, 500 Deputy do, J. Robson, Loverpool 5, 5450 to \$500 Senior Inspectors—H White, Cardiff; I. Evans, New-coastle, A J. Holloway, Liverpool; D. Altken, Half, T. Donaldson, London; A J. Francis, Glasgow £315 to £450

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Mercantile Marine Offices.

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Inspector s of Divisions, Cmdr F G Buchaian, o Br. R N
£550 to £650
Inspector s of Divisions, Cmdr F G Buchaian, o Br.
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Mall S.W. 1. Sec., F. W. Taylor.
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Deputy Secretary, Nir Henry H. Piggott, c n., c n E
£1,800 to £1,500

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Establishment Officer, F. C. Bunn, o. s. E. .. 6700 to 6900 Staf Officers (Grade II.), C. J. Macdonald, S. Symons 

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Director (Statistics), A. E. Kirkus, O.B.E.

Assistant Director (Transport Accounts), A. Feirn 

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Do. (Grade II.), E. R. Batten; W. G. Fisher; T. G.
Jones; F. Longbottom; F. J. Pearce, M.R.; S. J.
Stepney

£400 to £500

### Railway Rates Tribunal,

OTREASURY, Whitehall, S.W. z. OTREABURY, Whitehall, S.W. z. The Lord High Treasurer of England is the Third Great Officer of State, the office having been. In commission we was a superposed of the state of the Pirate of the Pirate of the Pirate of the Pirate of the Pirate of the Pirat Lord, who is usually Prime Minister, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and some Junior Lords, with certain Secretaries and a staff of officials. The duties of 'the Pirat Lord are mainly political, as also are those of the Parliamentary Secretary and the Junior Lords; the duties of the thancellor of the Exchequer are mainly financial, in that he performs the ancient duties of the Under-Treasurer and, after agreement with the heals of the great spending departments, arranges for the great collecting departments to provide sufficient moneys to meet the needs of the year. The papers are laid before Parliament in the form of a Budget, which the Chancellor opens and expounds to the House these plans being accepted, modified, or rejected by the House.

Pairx Minister and First Lord or the Traasure—

PRINE DOING RECIPION. MIGHING LOT PRINE DO THE TRANSURY—
THE RI. HOIL James Ramssy MacDonald, M.P. & Second Private Secs., J. A. N. Barlow, C.B., C.B.E. (Principal Private Secretary); H. G. Vincent, c.v.o. (Second Private Secretary); N. M. Butler, c.v.o., Miss. E. M. Watson, C.B.E. (Private Secretaries); H. B. Usher, Miss R. Rosenberg, C.B.E. (Personal Private Secretaries);

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Col Str A. Lambert Ward, Bt., p. s. c., r. p., m. p. f., coo W. J. Blindell, m. f. f., f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f.	1
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C.B.; Sir Ernest J. Strohmenger, K.B.E., C.B.; Sir James Rac, K.B.E	
E.B.E., C.B.)	12
L.B.E., C.R.)  Director of Women Establishments, Miss Hilds Martindale, O.R.E	١,
tindale, O.B.E	
(Seconded for other Duties H. E. Fass, G.B., O.R.E.)	l
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L. L. H. Thompson; E. Twentyman; H. G. Vincent,	1
Miss E. Whyte (£600 to £750); S. H. Wright; N E. Young, M.C	1
(Seconded for other Dutles: F. H. Nixon, c.n.; J H. Penson, n.c.; E. N. R. Treutham; W. D Wilkin-	ĺ
son, p.s.o., M.C.) Assistant Principals, J. E. Bullard; E. G. Compton	2
Assistant Principals, J. E. Bullard; E. G. Compton J. I. C. Crombie; G. S. Dunnett; A. F. James (m. loan from Post Office); Mrs. H. M. Lucas (£sec to £sec); P. D. Proctor; T. L. Rowan; H. Wilson	
Saoo); P. D. Proctor; T. L. Rowan; H. Wilson Smith  Transury Officers of Accounts, A. P. Waterfield, c. R. (see above); A. E. Wateon, c. R. E(personal) S., r. roots a status to Treasury Officer of Accounts, F. J. H.	2
Assistant to Treasury Officer of Accounts, F. J. H Palmer, o n.z	1
Palmer, o n.e. £850 Accountant, T. Chadwick, o.n.e. £850 to £7,000 Deputy Accountant, E. B. Athawes£550 to £700 Estimate Clerk, J. C. Carr (see above).	
Senior Investigating Officer, D. G. Robertson £850 Investigating Officers, H. Biggs; H. M. Young	1
Sage to Lyon Chief Clerk, P. F. Pyle, I.S.O Lyon to Lyon (personal) Staff Officers, E. A. Bates; F. Beaumont; A. H. Bradley; H. G. Brookman; R. H. Burden, p.c. u;	
Bradley; H. G. Brookman; R. H. Burden, n.c. w; Government Whips.—The Parliamentary Secretary to	ľ
the Treasury and the Junior Lords, together with the— Treasurer of the Household, Sir Frederick Thomson, Bt. R.C. M.F.	١.

Bt, RC, M.F. Comptroller of the Household, Sir George Penny, Bt, and

Vice-Chamberloim of the Household, Sir Victor

Warrender, Bt. M.C., M.F., constitute the "Government Whips."

The following are "Assistant Whips" (napoud)—
Captain Sir George Bowyer, Bt., M.C., M.F., Lord
Frikins, N.F.; Com. A. R. J. Southby, M.K., M.F.; Dr.

J. H. Morris-Jones, M.C., M.F.

Serving as Financial Adviser to H.M. Ambassador

at Berlin.

1. Serving as Financial Advisor to H.M. Ambassador

at Washington.

Parliamentary Counsel.

First Counsel, Sir William Graham-Harrison, E.C.R., 

King's and Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer, See Scottish Law Courts and Offices, p. 339.

Professional Clerks, S. G. Gains; H C. Hewetson.

Accounts Branch.
Olerk in Charge of Accounts, C. H. Hunt, 1.2.0., M.R.E.
Deputy do., L. W. Mounter.

King's Proctor's Office (Divorce Business), 22 Old Queen Mt., Westininster, S.W. 2. King's Proctor, Sir Maurice Gwyer, z.c., z.c. Assitant King's Proctor, W. G. Chapman. Assitant King's Proctor, W. G. Chapman.

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6 Whitchall Gardens, S W. z.
Assistant Solicitor, G F. Carter, c. s. z.
(Antif Cirik, E V Thompson
Assistant Chief Cirik, C. A Higgins, M.s.; P. Ladbrook.

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## TRINITY HOUSE, Tower Hill, E.C. 3.

TRIMITY ROUSE, Tower Hill, E.C. 3.

Trinity House, the first General Lighthouse and Pilotage Authority in the Kingdom, was a body of inportance when Henry VIII, granted the Institution its mind any mentation of the Shipping of this Realm of England. Since that period the duty of erecting and maintaining lighthouses and other marks and signs of these, has by Royal Charter and Acts of Parliament been entrusted to the Corporation of Trinity House, and until 1874 Masters of the Navy were examined by the Fider Brethern of the Corporation of Trinity House, and the principal duty of the Corporation of Trinity House, as a Public Department, is the administration of the Lighthouse, &c., Service of England and Wales with certain statutory jurisdiction in regard to lighthouse and other seamarks in Scotland, Ireland, the Channel

Islands and Gibraltar, whilst the Corporation are also the chief Pilotage Authority in the United Kingdom, and in their caparity as a private corporation or suild they administer certain Charitable Trusts specifically dedicated to the relief of aged and distressed master mariners and their widows. The Acting Elder Brethren of the Corporation also sit with the Judges of the Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice to act as Nantical Assessors in Marine Causes tried in that Court. The Lighthouse Bervice of the Trinity House is maintained out of the General Lighthouse Fund, this fund being period of the General Lighthouse Fund, this fund being period of the General Lighthouse Fund, this fund being period of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of

Master, Field-Marshal H R.H the Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, R. a; Deputy Master, Vice-Adm. Sir Robert Mansoli, R.v. o. c. as. Elder Beatres, H.M. The King; The Earl of Selborne, R. a, a c. m.a.; Capt O P Marshall, c. R. c. Capt T Golding, c. b. c.; Maj. Gon. H R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught, R. a; The Marquess of Crewe, R. a; Rt. Hon. Winston Spencer Churchill, c. H., M. r.; Capt Owen Jones, c. b. r. B.; Capt P N. Layton, c. b. e., R. b.; Vice-Adm. H.R. H. Prince of Wales, R. a; Capt, A. H. R. Plyley; Capt. A R. H. Morrell, Capt. H. C. Birnle, p. s. o, s. p; Capt. A. S. Mackay, R. i. The Rt. Hon Stanley Baldwin, Nr.; The Viscount Bridgeman; Capt. W. R. Chaplin; Adm of the Fleet Earl Jellice, a. C. s. o. N., a c. v. o; Capt. W. E. Crumplin; The Rt. Hon J. Ramsay MacDonald, M. r.; Capt. C. E. Homan.

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Principal Pilotage Clerk, W. J. T. Halliwell.
Principal Clerk of Estates, &c., E. Godber

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Engineer, D A. Stovenson, s cc, f.s.s f, x inst c s.

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AN AMOUNTSOIL NITEGY, GIASGOW, C 2.
Chairman, William F, Robertson.
Deputy do, William Cathbort.
General Manager and Necretary, Jas. Macfarlanc.
Engineer, A. C. Garline.

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Grangemouth, Stirlingshire.
Instituted by the Forth Conservancy Order Confirmation Act agas for the preservation, maintenance and improvement of the River and Firth of Forth within the limits prescribed in the Order.

Chairman, The Earl of Eigin, K.T., C.M.G., LL.D. Cierk and Treasurer, Duncan Kennedy, w.s. 3, Bank Street, Falkirk Empraers, Monsrs. Leslie & Reid, C.E., 724 George St., Edinburgh.

Marine Superintendent, Capt. E Roynon Jones, R. R.

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# TRUSTER SAVINGS BANKS. INSPECTION COMMITTEE, Strand, W.C. s.

INSPECTION COMMITTEE,

3 & 4 Clement's Inn, Strand, W.C.s.
This Committee was established under the Savings
Bank Act. 1891, and is responsible for the inspection of
the books and accounts of Trustee Savings Banks and
dor other duties set out in this and subsequent Acts.
The Trustee Savings Banks, whose history goes back to
the, had on Nov so, 1932, 583 offices in Great Britain
and Ireland, and total funds amounting to over

(harman, Sir William G. Turpin, E c.B.

Vice-Charlinum, G. R. Freeman, r.c.a.
Other Members, Sir Arthur E. Blake, s. n. r.; Col. H. A.
Erskine, c.n., c.n.e., c. s. r.; Thomas Liddle, s.s.; Str. Philip II. Martineau, Pigby L. F. Koe.
Scorttary, Percy C. Taylor, r.c.a.

### UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMITTEE,

Caxton House West, Tothill Street, S.W. r.
The Committee was appointed by the Chancellor of
Exchequer in July, 292, to advise the Government as to
the application of grants made by Parliament towards
meeting the needs of University Education in the
United Kingdom.

Communia, Sir Walter Buchanan-Riddell, Bt., MA.
Other Members, Sir William Bragg, o. M., R. R., 7 R. R.,
Miss S. M. Fry, M. D.; Sir Humphry Rolleston, Bt.;
G. C. O., R. C. R.; Sir F. G. Konyon, c. R. P., R. C. R.;
Sir Stanley Leathes, R. C. R.,
Storetury, J. B. Boresford.

### VOLUNTARY AID DETACHMENT COUNCIL.

The Voluntary Aid Detachments Council is composed of representatives of the Admiralty, War Office, Air Ministry, the Territorial Army Associations, the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, the British Red Cross Society and St. Antrew's Ambulance Association. Chairman, Sir Humphry Rolleston, Bt., G.c.v.o.,

Secretary, Lt.-Col W. H. A. De la Pryme, D.s.o., 80
Pall Mall, S. W. 2

## WAR OFFICE (See pp. 376-7).

### IMPERIAL WAR GRAVES COMMISSION.

32 Grosvenor Gardens, S.W. I.
President, H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, L.G.
(Indirman, The Scoretary of State for War.
Prymanent Vice-Chairman, Maj Gen. Sir Fabian

Ware, E C.v. o., E B E., C.R., C.M.G. Personal Assistant to the Vice-Chairman, Capt. E. J. King, M.C.

Artistic Adviser, Lt.-Col. Sir F. Kenyon, G R.E., E.C. R.

Assistant Secretary, Finance, Lt.-Col. C. P. Oswald,

Director of Works, Lt.-Col H F Robinson, c.m.g.
Director of Records, Maj. H F. Chettle, c.m.g., o.b.e.
Secretary to the Trustees, Lt.-Col Sir H Ellissen, c.b.e.

## OWORKS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Storey's Gate, S.W. z.

H. M. Office of Works was constituted in 1855 to perform certain overseeing duties, &c., previously belonging to the Office of Woods and Forests

First Commissioner, The Rt. Hon William Ormsby-

unnaid Other Commissioners, The Principal Secretaries of State and the President of the Board of Trade

Secretariat.

Architects Division.

Chief Architect, James Groy West, O.R. . . . . . £2,500
Senior Architects, A. J. Pitcher, O.R. . . A. R. Myers,
O.R. . , F.S.I. , ARLEAL; P. K. Hanton, O.R. . £750 to £850 Maintenance Surveyors Division, Chief Surveyor, H. Ryle, M.Y.O., O BE, FS I., A.R I B.A.

Sooo to St.,000
Surveyors, J. M. Davidson; W. C. P. Eve, M.B E;
A. J Marshall, L R I.B.A.

QUARTER SESSIONS IN COUNTIES.

Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Division. Chief Mechanical and Electrical Engineer, Hubert

Baines, c B.E. .....£1,700

Under 5 a of the Criminal Justice Act 1928 Quarter Sessions in Counsists must be held within the period of az days immediately proceding and immediately following the four Quarter Days. Quarter Sessions in Boroughs are fixed by the Recorder of the Borough BREWSTER ESESSIONS are regulated by Sec. 10 of the Licensing (Consolidations) Act, 1910. COUNTY OF LONDON SESSIONS.

MIDDLESEX QUARTER SESSIONS.
GUILDHALL, Westminster, S.W. z.
Chairmas, Sir Montagu Sharpe, s. c., p. l.
Deputy do., Sir Thomas Forster, s.c., Clerk of the Peace, E. Sw. Hart, Mr. g., Guildhall, S.W. z.
Deputy do. do., C. W. Radoliffe, s.a.

SURREY SESSIONS COUNTY HALL, Kingston-on-Thames.
Chairman, Charles Martineau.
Deputy Chairman, J. H. W. Pilcher.
Assistant Chairman, Sir Lindsey Smith; Capt. E. H. Quantity Surveyors Division.
Chief Quantity Surveyor, G. C. Widdowson, o. s. s., v.s.t. Senior Surreyors, A. W. Jarvis, M.B.E.; A. E. Baylis, 

Supplies Dirision. 

Directorate of Lands & Accommodation. Director, J. H. Salmon, o.n.e., F.a. 1. ... Ego to Sz.,000
Superintending Katute Surveyors, P. W. Jupp, m. R.,
F.A. 1, G. L. Broad, o.n.e., m. 2. F. A. 1, A. R. I. B. A.
W. J. Hewkley, M. B. R., A. A. I. A. Endicott, M. B. E.,

Hallif of Royal Parks, &c., F. K. Carter £650 to £800 

Royal Botanic Garden, Edinburgh,

Regius Keeper, Sir W. W. Smith, M.A., F.R.B.R., F.L.B.

Clerk to the Lieutenancy, A. F. Copp, M.C., Burwood House, Caxton St., S.W.s. Clerk of the Peace, Dudloy Aukland.

SALFORD HUNDRED COURT OF RECORD. Albert Square, Manchester.

The Court of Record for the Hundred of Sulford dates from Angle-Saxon times, and was left undisturbed by the Judicature Acts of 1873 and 1995.

High Steward, Rt Hon the Earl of Sefton. Judge, John Roskill, a.c.

----------

Senior Clerk, H. Binks.

Registrar, F. E. Warbrock Howell (Town Clerk). Deputy Registrar (vacant).

### COUNTY OF LONDON CORONERS.

Western District, Edwin Smith.

Coroner's Office, Sheepcote Lane, Battersea, Sw. Central District, S. Ingleby Oddle.

Coroner's Office, Manor Place, Paddington Green,

N W 1

Ratern District, R L Guthrio, c n.R. ... £1,700

(torone's Office, Branch Road, Stepney, E 14.

Liberty of Tower, F. Danford Thomas ... £10 108

Corrower's Office, King's House, Tower of London

Southern District, A. Douglas Cowburn ... £1,700

Corrower's Office, St. George's Road, Peckham, S.E. 13.

South-Eastern District, W. H. Whitehouse £1,700

Corrower's Office, Watson Street, New Cross Road,

S.E. 28.

APPELLATE TRIBUNALS.

### THE JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL.

Office, Downing Street, Whitehall, S.W. z. THE Supreme Judicial Authority of the Empire is the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, before which appeals may be brought (in the form of a petition to the Crown) from Consular Courts and Courts of Vice-Admiralty, and from the Courts of India and every British The Judicial Committee of the Dominion. Dominion. The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council consists of the Lord Chancellor, Lord President, ex-Lords President, the Lords of Appeal in Ordinary (see col. 2), and such other members of the Privy Council as shall from time to time hold or have held "high Judicial Council as the control of the Privy Council as shall from time to time hold or have held "high Judicial Council as the control of the Privalent Council as the control of the Privalent Council as the Council as the Council as the Council as the Council as the Council Council as the Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Cou roin time to time non or nave near migh such cial Office " within the meaning of the Appellate Jurisdiction Acts, 1876 and 1887. Among the last are included Viscount Hallsham, Viscount Buck-master, Lord Warrington of Clyffe and Lord Salvesen. Sir John Wallis is a member by virtue of section 30 of the Judicial Committee Act, 1833; Sir George Rivers Lowndes and Sir Dinshah F. Mulls (Appellate Jurisdiction Act, 1929); and the following judges from the Dominions beyond the Seas (various Acts, 1895-1928):— Sir Charles Fitzpatrick (Canada); Sir James Rose-Sir Charles Pitzpatrick (chadaa); Sir James Rosellinnes (S. Africa); Chief Justice Lyman Poore Duff (Canada); Sir Isasc Alfred Isascs (Australia); Chief Justice Sir Wilham Mulock (Ontario); Sir Lancelot Sanderson (Bengal); Chief Justice Sir Michael Myers (N.Z.); Chief Justice Sir Frank Gaven Duffy (Australia); and Chief Justice Sir Johannes Wilhelmus Wessels (South Africa).

Registrar of the Privy Council (and Registrar of Ecclemastical Causes), Sir Charles Neish, K.B.R., C.B., Barrister-at-Law ......£1,500 Chief Clerk (Judicial), W. Reeve Wallace,

C.B.E. .....£800 Second Clerk, D. G. Lys ...... £450

### THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

THE Supreme Judicial Authority for Great Britain and Northern Ireland is the House of Lords, which is the ultimate Court of Appeal from all the Courts in Great Britain and Northern Ireland. It is constituted as under :-

The Lord High Chancellor Presides.

Lords of Appeal in Ordinary (each £6,000).

	Apptd.	Jan
		<b>193</b> 4
Rt. Hon. Lord Blanesburgh, G.B.E.	1923	72
Rt. Hon. Lord Atkin	1928	66
Rt. Ron. Lord Tomlin	1929	66
Rt. Hon. Lord Thankerton	1929	60
Rt. Hon. Lord Russell of Killowen	1929	66
Rt. Hon. Lord Macmillan	1930	60
Rt. Hon. Lord Wright	1932	64
		••

And such Peers of Parliament as are holding. or have held, high judicial office.

### LAW SITTINGS, 1934.

	January zz to Maich 28.
	April 10 to May 18.
Trinity	
Machael	masOctober a (or va) to Dec

### THE INNS OF COURT.

### DINING TERMS, 1034.

Jan. 11 Apr. 10	to	Jan. 3x May 7
May 29 Nov. 2	to	June 18 Nov. 26

### The Judiciary of England and Males.

### SUPREME COURT OF JUDICATURE. Court of Appeal.

# Ex-Officio Judges.

The Lord High Chancellor, the Lord Chief Justice of England, the Master of the Rolls, and the Prosident of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division The Master of the Rolls (£6,000).

Rt Hon. Ernest Murray, Baron Hanworth, R.A.E., born 1861 (appld. 1923).

	•	Age, Jan.
Lord Justices (each £5,	oco)— Apptd.	1934.
Rt Hon Sir T. Edward Sc	rutton 1916	77
Rt Hon Sir Paul Ogden La	Wrence 1926	72
Rt. Hon Sir F. Arthur Gre	er 1927	72 69
Rt Hon Sir Henry Herman	Slesser zgag	50
Rt. Hon. Sir Mark Lemon F	lomor 1929	67

# HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE,

### Chancery Division.

* The Lord High Chanceller:—
The Rt. Hon John, Viscount Sankey, a.n.m., b. Oct 26, 2866 (appid. 1920) & Co. as Judge and 54,000 as Speaker of the House of Lords) ... freeces

an ploaner of the House of To			
	Age, Jan. 1		
Justices (each £5,006)-	Apptd.	E934.	
Hon. Sir Harry Trelawney Eve Hon Sir Albert Charles Clauson,	1907	77	
O B. E	1926	63	
Hon.SirFrederickHerbt Maugham Hon Sir Arthur Fairfax Charles	1926	67	
Coryndon Luxmoore	2929	57	

Hon, Sir Charles Alan Bennett ... 1929

### King's Bench Division.

The Lord Chief Justice of England :-The Rt. Hon. Gordon, Lord Howart (b 1870, apptd. 1922)

Scoretary, W Bowstoad ... 5,000

Clerk, E. Hall, M.B.R. ... ... 5,400 Anntd A.

	Appu.	Age, van.
Justices (each £5,000)-		¥934.
Rt Hon Sir Horace E. Avory	1910	82
Hon Sir Thomas G. Horridge		76
Hon, Sir Alexander A. Roche		
Hon. Sir Rigby P. W Swift	1920	59
Hon Sir Edward Acton		68
Hon Sir George A. H. Branson		62
Hon Sir George John Talbot		72
Hon, Sir Frank Douglas MacKinnon		63
Rt Hon Viscount Finlay, K B E	1984	58
Hon Sir John Anthony Hawke	. zga8	Ğ4
Hon Sir Ernest BruceCharles, c n.z.	19a8	62
Hon Sir Travers Humphreys	1928	66
Hon Sir Malcolm Macnaghten,		
E.B.E	1928	64
Hon, Sir Herbert du Parcq .	1932	53
Hon Sir Rayner Goddard	1932	56
Hon. Sir Geoffrey Lawrence, p.s.o.	1932	53
Hon. Sir Cyril Atkinson	. <b>1933</b>	59

### Court of Criminal Appeal.

Judges, The Lord Chief Justice and all the Judges of the King's Bench Division of the High Court.

• PRNAIGNED EX-LORD CHARCELLORS—The following ex-Lord Chancellors are in receipt of annual penaions—Viscount Hailsham, £5,000; Viscount Buckmaster, £5,000.

Probate, Divorce and Admiralty Division. COURTS, OFFICERS, &c. Crown Office, House of Lords, S.W. z. Clerk of the Crown, Sir Claud Schuster, c.c.s, c.v.o., k.c. Deputy Clerk, Hon. A. E. A. Napier, c. s. Staff Clerk, A. J. Johnston. Lord Chancellor's Office, House of Lords. Permanent Sec and Clerk of the Crown, Sir Claud Schmister, o.c., c.v., c., k.c., asisi, Sec, Hon. A. E. A. Napler, o.a. K. Asisi, Sec, Hon. A. E. A. Napler, o.a. K. Asisi, Sec, Jor Roclesiastical Patronage, L. P. Haviland. Private Sec. to the Lord Chancellor and to the Permanent Secretary and Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms, A. J. N. Paterson. Sup. of County Courte, E. C. Martin, n n n Sec. of Commissions of the Peace, Lt.-Col J. D. Walter, n n o. Chief Clerk, R. L. Overbury.

Cerk of the Chamber and Messenger of the Great Seal,

Thomas Hickman, M.R.E. Asst do., and Purse Bearer, H. Pusey. Trainbearer, G. E. Collins. Staff Cirk, J. W. Macaree. Vote Office, B. C. Gray.

Chief Master, attached to all the Judges: Sir Joseph Henry Policek Chitty. Mr Justice Eve. Mr. Justice Maughain, and Mr. Justice Bennett.

As Chambers — Masters of the Supreme Court, A to D

A. F. Ridadale; K to K, M G. Willmott, Mc.;
L to R, H. W Jelf, S to Z, P. W. Chandles

£1,250 to £1,500 Mr. Justice Luxmooie, and Mr. ustice Farwell.

£200 to £200 CHARCERY REGISTRARS OFFICE.

Registrars, E. Hicks Beach; J. F. More, o.s.k.;
W. T. D. Ritchie, R. N. R. Blaker; A. G. Audrews;
W. S. Lones 

Third Class Clerks, J. Bizley; E. A. E. F. Clack; G. E. Nicholls; O. R. K. Thomas; S. S. Holloway, G. W. Stevenson.

Judges, Hon Sir Harry Treinwney Eve, Hon. Sir Frederick H. Maugham, and Hon. Sir. Charles A. Bennett.

Bennett.

Argontary, Arthur Stiebel.

Principal Clerks, J. R. Bull, o.s. E., and R. Y. Marvin

First Class Clerk, J. T. P. Wilson.

Soo to Loo

Necond do, W. J. Roper and C. J. Lisle.

Soo to Loo

Third do, B. S. Martin; W. G. Venton; E. L. Russell;

J. G. Usher and C. F. Pryke.

Lico to Loo

CONVEYANCING COUNSEL OF THE COURT.
Sir Arthur Underhill; A. E. Russell; T. R. C. Dill;
P. M. Walters; J. M. Lightwood; W. A. Peek.

EXAMINERS OF THE COURT.

(Empowered to take Examination of Witnesses in all Divisions of the High Court)

A. J. Spencer; A. Robinson; C. G. Moran; C. Douglas-Pennant; H. M. Stebbing; R. C. Hawkin; L. Mead; J. J. Roberts

OFFICIAL RYPERYES OF THE SUPPRIME COURT.

Courts—Royal Courts of Justice.

Sir F. Newbolt, x.c.; Samuel Ronald Courthope Bosanquet, x.c.; Charles Murray Pitnan, x.c. each £1,500

Central Office of the Supreme Court.

Central office of the Supreme Court.

Sir G. A Bonner (Sentor Master of the Supreme Court and King's Remembrancer) £1,800; Carrol Romer (b) (King's Coroner and Attorney and Master of the Crown Office); Ernest A. Jelf; W. Valentine Ball, 0.B E; Percy Regimald Sinner, p. 8.0; F. 8, Arnold Baker; Geoffrey Moseley; R. F. Burnand, o.B.E.

euch £1,200 to £2,500

Baker; Geomey Moseley; K. F. Buthard, J.B.E.

Action Deparament

Mrit, Appearance and Judgment Section.

Cierke, P. J. Bowle; E. C. Anstee; A. Finch; B.

Darwall; H. Morrill; K. G. Jacodn; R. R. May;
G. Gardener; V. W. Judd; M. C. Hewitt; E. S.

Davin; W. H. Redinan; E. J. France; T. W. Jones;
R. E. Boyl; W. G. M. Lewis; J. G. Clemens.

Summons and Order Section;
Cierks, J. P. Lalor; F. R. T. Stringer; A. J. MacClymont; E. W. Bittler; B. J. Ashworth; D. Macbeth; W. J. Kell; F. R. T. Stringer; A. J. MacClymont; E. W. Bittler; B. J. Ashworth; D. Macbeth; W. J. Fell; F. W. Player; W. Norris.

Filmu and Excend and Bills of Sale Department.

Filmu and Excend and Bills of Sale Department.

Freeman; K. W. B. Grant; A. E. Smith; E. C.

Froeman; N. A. Salutton; J. Mossins; R. C.

Newman; M. A. Salutton; J. Mossins; R. W.

Hill; A. W. Wright

Electron Pertitions, Philip Clark, on E.

King's Remembrance in and Acknowlerdoments

King's Remembrancer's and Acknowledgments
Department.

King's Remembrancer, Sir G. A. Bonnor (Senior

II. Trumpler ..... £z,500 to £z,500

(b) Carrol Romer is Registrar of the Court of Criminal

Appeal
Office hours, zo to 4; Vacations, zo to 2; Saturdays,

to to z.

† The salaries of clerks in the Central Office range from—set class, £500 to £700; and class, £500 to £400; 3rd class, £500 to £500.

† Office hours, 20,30 to 4,30; Vacations, 20,30 to 2,30; Saturdays, 20,30 to 1,30.

† Office hours, 20,30 to 4,30; Saturdays, 20,30 to 2,30; Vacations, 12 to 2.

#### § Probate Division—Central Criminal Court. Circuits of Judges. 334

Olerks (Principal Olerks), W. R. Shaw; A. F. Small; H. J. Howes; A. W. Portay; A. W. Pinder; T. H. Parker; (and Gass Clerks), R. G. Gurney; W. F. Poltook; J. M. Cole; F. R. Cutler; W. Falrax; M. H. Spider; J. J. Ramsay; C. B. Cooper; W. P. Huut; A. E. Bishop; B. P. Treagus; R. F. C. Roach; (avi Cluss Clerks), J. R. Smith; W. E. Gadd; W. J. Milton; G. Baker; H. E. Pritchard,

Court
Principal Clerk, F. G. Wortham,
said Class Clerks, T. G. Thomas and H. G. Aiton,
grd Class Clerk, T. Tomey,
Objects Receiver, Homey,
Senior Official Receiver, How. W. J. Boyls, c.s.m. £1,800
Official Receivers, R. Farke; F. C. F. Vyvyan,
Senior Assistant Official Receiver, H. Wheeler,
Assistant do, V. Armstrong; H. H. Gaine; C. Bruce
Park; W. F. Cresswell.

Companies Court.

Occupanies Court.
Judges, Hon Mr. Justice Eve, Hon. Mr. Justice Maughan and the Hon. Mr. Justice Bennett.
Court of Criminal Appeal—Registrar's Office.

Uourt of Oriminal Appeal.—Registrar's Office.
(Ofices—Room 473 Royal Courts.)
Registrar, Carrol Romer (Master of the Groven Office).
Asiak. Registrar, Anthony Highmore King.
Chief (teck. R. E. Roos, L.a.
Clerks, C. M. D. Pugott; W. E. Stone.
Railway and Canal Commission.

(Offices—Rooms 772, 773 and 774 Royal Courts.)
Re-officio Commissioners, Hon Mr Justice Mackinion
(Empland); Hon. Lord Blackburn (Scotland); The Rt.
Hon. Lord Justice (James) Andrews (Northern Ireland).

Commissioners, Hon. Sir William Francis Kyffin Taylor, a.u., a.c.; Sir R. Francis Dunnell, Bt., a.c.b. Registrar, Sir Robert McCall, a.c.v.o., a.c. Secretary, J. J. Clare Hunt.

Lunacy.

Management and Administration Department.

£800 to £2,000

Secretary to Visitors, H. Macdonald ...... Lago to Laco Land Values Reference Committee.

Lame values deference Committee.

(Office—Room as Royal Courts.)

Committee, The L.C.J., the Master of the Rolls, and the President of Surveyors' Institution.

Secretary, S. A. Lynn, v.c.s.

4 seist. Sec., A. L. Woodcock.

Official Arbitrators

[Acquisition of Land (Assessment of Compensation)
Act, 1920.]
John Wilmott, 19.18.1., 29 Paradise Street, Birmingham: Hugh C. Webster, 19.1., Lea House, Ox Lane, Harpendert, Hertz.
Board of Referees Finance Acts, 1915-27.

BORTO OF REFERENCE ADDR. 1918-37.

(ROOM 862—New Wing—Royal Courts of Justice, W.C.s.)

Chairman, Sir D. M. Kerly, s.c.

Deputy do, Francis Edmond Bray.

Registrar, J. K. F. Cleave.

Coal Mines (Reference) Committee.

(Room new Royal Courts of Justice.

Coal Mines (Reference) Committee.
(Room 773, Royal Courts of Justice,
Strand, W.C. z.)
Committee, The Lord Chief Justice of England; The
President of the Court of Session, and T. E. Forster,
3. Edon Square, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
Secretary, J. J. Clare Hunt.
Director of Public Procedutions,
z. Richmond Terrace, Whitehall, S.W. z.
Director, Sir Edward Hale Tindal Atkinson, K.C. B. Sec.

O.B.E Sat. Directors, A. Sefton-Cohen; C. R. V. Wallace

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT,-Old Bailey. The following days have been appointed for holding the Sessions for the jurisdiction of the Central Criminal Court, for -1934. 9th January. 1934. 29th May.

agga. agth May. 30th January. 27th February. 20th March. 27th April 17th July. 12th September. 16th October. ,, ,,

"rth April" asth October.

Clerk of the Court, Wilfrid Walter Nops, Lls. Deputy,
Joseph Avory Tickell

Judges, The Lord Mayor, Lord Chancellor, any person
who has been Lord Chancellor or Judge of any
Superior Courts, and the present Judges of any of the
Superior Courts, and the present Judges of any of the
Superior Courts of the Aldermen, Recorder, Common
Serjeant, and Judges of the Mayors' and City of
London Court for time being (Office hours: 10 to 4,
during August 20 to 2; Saturdays, 20 to 1)

General Quanter Sessions. Southwark. London. seth July solt March, sath July solt March, sath July solt March, sath July solt March, sath July while Nope, LL. s. Under-Sheriffs.

Under-Sheriffs, 1932-33), Cecil January, say Queen St.

Under-Sheriffs (1932-33). Cecil Jennings, Deputy, 13 St. Swithin's Lane, E.C. 4, and Sydney Newton, 12 Queen Street, E.C. 4.

CIRCUITS OF JUDGES.

South Eastern Circuit.

Agents, G. F. Hudson, Matthews & Co., 32 Queen Victoria Street, E.C 4.
South Wales Division.
Pembrokeshire (Haverfordwest)—W. and S. Cardigosshire (Laurpteet)—W. and S. Cardigosshire (Cartmeter)—W. and S. Carmarthesshire (Carmarthen)—W., S. and A. (for Assize County No 6] Glamoryanshire—(Cardiff) W. and A. alternately with Swansea; Swansea (S.).
Brecknockshire (Breuen)—W., S. and A. (for Assize Conneckshire) Beds (Bedford)—W. S. and A.
Bucks (Aylesbury)—W. S. and A.
Derbyshire (Derby)—W., S. and A.
Leicestershire (Leicestor)—W., S. and A. (for Assize Leicestershire (Leicestor)—W., S. sand A.
County No. a).
Lincoinshire (Lincoln)—W., S. and A.
Northants (Northampton)—W., S. and A.
Northants (Northampton)—W., S. and A.
Rutlandshire (Dakham)—W. and S.
Warnuckshire (Warwick Div)—W., S. and A.
Do (Birmingham Div,—W., S. and A.
Do (Birmingham Div,—W., S. and A.
Clerk of Assize, George Pleydell Bancroft
Clerk of Arraigns, R. A. Dalzell.
Associate, H. C. Nadirett
Clerk and Bailiff, H. N. Peyton.
Office, 3, Haroourt Buildings, Temple, E C.4.
Northern Groutt. Cumberland (Carlisle)—W., S. and A. (for Assize County No. 2).

Westmorland (Appleby)—W. and S.

Lancasture, Northern Division (Lancaster)—W., S. THE INDUSTRIAL COURT. THE INBUSTRAL OUTS.

The Industrial Court was established, under the Industrial Courts Act, 299, to hear and determine Trade Disputes between employers and workpeople. President, Sir Harold Morris, N. B.R., B.C. Churmen, Sir William Robinson: Rt Hon Sir Dunbar Chairmen, Sir William Robinson; R. Hon Sir Dunbar Pinnket Barton, Bt., a. c., Lindsay M Jopling, Members, Ernest J. Brown; J. McKie Bryce, c.a.z; F S Button, J F; F. E. W. Coller; D C Cumming, c. B.z.; Sir Andrew Duncan, Sir J. Duncan Elliot, k. B.z.; Sir Frank W. Goldstone; Prof H J. Laski, M.a.; J. J. Mallon; Miss Volett Markham, c. J., J. F.; Miss Cecile Matheson; Sir William McLintock, c. B. F. Ov.; H E. Parkes; Frank Pick; Sir Felix J. C. Pole, A. G. Walkden.

Scertary, W. H. Reynolds, M. B. ....... £750 to £850

The Natonal Wages Board (Railways),
5 Old Palace Yard, Westminster, S. W. z.

The National Wages Board was reconstituted by \$64 The National Wages Board was reconstituted by \$64 of the Railways Act. 1921, for the determination of questions affecting wages and conditions of service of certain classes of railway employees, on appeal from the Central Oxford Circuit.

Assizes are held three times a year at Reading, Oxford, B'orcester (for County and City), Gloucester (for County and City), Gloucester (for County and City), Monsouth, Herdord, Merewsbury, Nafford At the Autumn Assizes criminal business is taken at every town, Civil business at Gloucester, Monmouth and Shrowsbury, and Divorce business at Gloucester, Monmouth and Shrowsbur, Circh of Assize, Charles Frederick Lloyd.

Security do. and Clerk of Indictments, Thomas P Powell.

Security, Joseph Tumim.

Associate, Joseph Tumim.

Mestern Circuit.

Western Circuit.

Western Circuit. Wages Board Wages Board
Churman, Sir Harold Morris, M.R.E., R.C.
Representing Railway Companies (Punol of 30, from
whom 6 to be elected for each reference). National
Union of Railwaymen. (3); Associated Society of
Locomotive Engineers and Firemen (3); Railway
Clerks' Association (3), Users of Railways (4).
Scirciary, W. H. Reynolds, M.E. ECCLESIASTICAL COURTS. Judge, The Rt. Worshipful Sir Lewis Tonna Dibdin, [Judge of the Provincial Courts of Canterbury and York under "The Public Worship Regulation Act, 2874."] Western Orrouit.

Wilts, (Devizes) W., (Salisbury) S., (Devizes and Salisbury alternately) A., 1933 Devizes. Horset, (Dorchester) W. S. and A., 1933 Devizes. Horset, (Dorchester) W. S. and A. Somerset, (Taunton) W., (Wells) S., (Taunton and Wells alternately) A.; 1933 Taunton. Corneall, (Bodmin) W., S. and A.; Devon. (Exeter) W., S. and A. (Civ and Crim. at Devon Autumn Assizes); City of Exeter (The Guildhall), W., S. and A.; (Hants, (Winchester) W.) S. and A. (Civil and Criminal at Winchester Autumn Assizes, Hartol (The Guildhall), W., S. and A. (Civ. and Crim. at Bristol Autumn Assizes).

Cierk of Assize, J. St. L. Leslie, 3 Paper Buildings, Temple, E. C. 4. 2500

Cierk of Indictments, W. T. Snell 2500

Marth Wales and Chester Circuit. Court of Arches.

Registry, s2 Knightrider St., Doctors Commons, E C.4.

Dean, Rt. Worshipful Sir L T Dibdin, p c 1. Registrar, Arthur W. D. Moore Court of Faculties Court of Faculties.

(Registry and Office for Marriage Licences (Special and Ordinary). Appointment of Notaries Public, as Knightrider Street, Dectors Commons, E.C. Office hours, so to 4; Saturdays, so to 1.)

Master, Sir Lewis Tonna Dibdin, D.C.L.

Registrar, Arthur W. Dodwell Moore.

Deputy do, F. J. Colson.

Chaf Uerk, Charles A. Brown.

"toar-General's Office,

"to granting Marriage Licences for Churches in the for granting Maringe Licenees for Churches in the Province of Canterbury, and Court of Prouince, at the Sanctuary, Westminster, S. W. office hours, as to 4; Saturdays, as to 5 Closed on Sundays, Good Friday, Christinas Day, and Bank Holidays. Vicar-General, Sri L. T. Dibdin, n.c.t. Regustrar, H. T. A. Dashwood, M. A. Apparitor General, Sri John Hanham, Bt. Chief Clerk and Record Keeper, H. S. Allam, Changer Court of Vanh North Wales and Chester Circuit. Morth Walsa and Chester Circuit.

Montgomerpakire. [Weishpool] W.; (Newtown) S.

Merioneth (Dolgelly)—W. and S.

Carnaryonshire (Carnaryon)—W., S. and A.

Anglesey (Boaumars)—W. and S.

Denbighabire (Ruthin)—W., S. and A.

Fluntshire (Mold)—W. and S.

Clerk of Mester Castle)—W., S. and A.

Clerk of Assize, Herbert Channell, a Dr. Johnson's

Bulldings, Temple, E.C.4

Clerk of Indictments, Lt.-Col. W. P. Reade, Congleton

Cast Chancery Court of York.
Registry, Minster Yard, York.
Official Principal, Sir L. T Dibdin, D.C.L.
Registrar, Arthur Vaughan Hudson.

Associate, T. E. Morris

OFFICE OF THE VIGAR-GENERAL OF THE PROVINCE OF YORK, and for granting Marriage Licences in the Diocese of York, and for the Consistory Court of York, Vicar-dep. and Chancellor, Sir I. W. Baker-Wilbra-Vicar-Gen. and Chancellor, Sir P. W. Baker-Wilbern-ham, Bt
Registrar, Arthur Vaughan Hudson
Diocean Consistory Courts.
There are also the Consistory Courts of the various
Diocean Bishops, these are invariably situated in their
Cathadral Cities, and it is at the Registries of those
Courts that idences for Marriage in churches outside
the London area can be obtained "See also section,
"Marriage Licences"
Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's Court.
Communicary, F. H. L. Errington, c. B., B.C.L.
Chapter Clerk and Reputrar, H. T. A. Dashwood, z.
The Sanetuarry, Westminster Chapter Cirk and Reputrur, H. T. A. Dashwood, z. The Sanetuary, Westminster Receiver, H. T. A. Dashwood, The Chapter House, E. C., Eshep of London's Registry, for granting Livences for Marriages in the Diocese of London and for his Conservory Court, z. Dean's Court, St. Paul's Churchyard, E.C. 4. Office hours, so to 4; Saturdays, so to 1.

Suty, F. H. L. Errington, c. B., F. C. L.

Suty, F. H. L. Errington, c. B., F. C. L.

Chief Olerk and Record Keyper, Albert R. Cave.

Apparture, A. C. Cross. Apparitor, A. C. Cross.

GOUNTY COURTS.

In 1928: the total number of proceedings in County Courts of England and Waise (including the Mayor's and City of London Court) was 1,735,500, as a sgainst a pre-War figure of 1,260,288 (1913). The number of debtors imprisoned was 5,743 (1923) and 4,042 (1923), and of the last number 3,142 served the full term of imprisonment for "Contempt of Court" in failing to comply with the order for payment.

Gounty Courts Branch.

Lord Chancellor's Lept., House of Lords, 8, W. 2.

Registry of County Courts Judgments, dv., (Houre, no to 5; 1st to 2 for searches.) House, to to \$; is to 3 for searches.)
Superintendent, & C. Murtin, u. n. ... ... Sign to \$1,000
Ass. do. and Clerk of Accounts, E. A. Tiller \$550 to \$700
Head of Establishments Section, A. J. Hill, O. B. Auditors, H. Slade; W. E. Jones, M. B. E. J. H. Wagstaff; E. Bryanf; R. T. Rayment; G. Hardwick; S. H. J. Dinn, A. Greenwood; H. J. Elton; C. F. Dyson; H. I. James; P. J. Darby; H. S. Lughes; M. M. Pullon; H. Hulne; E. Burn; A. C. Barker, J. B. London; R. Greaves; F. A. J. Kemp, J. Rees; J. W. Bibby, E. M. Newling; G. Barton; D. Graham; A. M. Thompson, W. H. Day MAYOR'S AND CITY OF LONDON COURT. Guildhall, EC a. Judger The Lord Mayor and the Aldermen. The Recorder. The Common Serieant 

Dyer, Charles Edward, s.c. (sz.), Birmingham.
Farrant, Hy. Gatohell (33), Cambridgenhire, &c.
Frankland, Cecil James (13), Breffield, &c.
Hargeowes, Gerald de la P. (37), West London, &c.
Harington, Riward (48), Croydon, &c.
Haydon, Thomas Edmet, s.c. (se), Leleestershire, &c.
Higgins, George Herbert (46), Herstford and Willesden,
Hildesley, Alfred, s.c. (32), Essex and Suffolk
Hildyard, Gerald M.T., s.c. (18), Nottingham, &c.
Hills, Einstace, s.c. (3), Cumberland and Westmorland, &c. Hills, Editaces, a.c. (3), Climberland and Westmorland, &c.
Hogg, Adam Spencer (48), Lambeth, &c.
James, Arthur Gwynne- (52), Bath, Devizes, &c.
Jones, Astatin (52), Sussex.
Kelly, Stanley Anthony Hill (42), Bloomsbury,
Kennedy, Affred Ravenscroft, a.c. (53), Gloucestersilira, &c.
Konstan, Edwin May, v. a. (48), Kont, &c. and (52). Kennedy, Affred Ravenscroft, s.c. (53), Gioucestershire, &c.
Konstain, Edwin Max, s.c. (58), Kent, &c., and (39),
Shoreditch, &c.
Lailey, Barnard, s.c. (52), Windhester, &c.
Lailey, Barnard, s.c. (52), Windhester, &c.
Langman, Thomas Wherldge (57), Lincolnshire.
Leigh, Thomas Bowes (8), Manchester, &c.
Leigh, Thomas Bowes (8), Manchester, &c.
Leigh, Thomas Bowes (8), Manchester, &c.
Lindley, Hon. Walter B (57), Exeter, &c.
Longson, Kdward Harold (19), Derby, &c.
McCleary, Robert (12), Yorke, W. Riding,
Maxwoll, A. Hysloy (52), Wilts and Dorset, &c.
Moore, Robert Enset (47), Greenwich, &c.
Peel, Robert, o.s. s., s.c. (4) Freston, Blackburn, &c.
Perdoro, William (6), Liverpool, &c.
Randolph, Joseph Randolph, s.c. (58), Oxford, &c.
Revey, Raymond Herbert Roope, s.c., (28), Worcester, &c.
Richardson, Thomas (a), Durham, &c.
Rowland S., J. (41), Clerkenwell
Rowlands, Rowland (59), Glamorganshire.
Ruegg, Affred II, s.c. (36), North Maffordshire, &c.
Santtel, Hose Walter, c. (48), Mid Wales.
Smith, Charles Herbert- (38), North Maffordshire, &c.
Santtel, Hose Walter, c. (48), Mid Wales.
Smith, Charles Herbert- (38), North Maffordshire, &c.
Santtel, Hose Walter, c. (48), Mid Wales.
Smith, Charles Herbert- (38), North Maffordshire, &c.
Santtel, Hose Walter, c. (48), Mid Wales.
Smith, Charles Herbert- (38), North Maffordshire, &c.
Statut, William (18), York, Ripon, &c.
Thesiger, Arthu Lionel Bruce (1), Durham and
Norshimberland.
Thomas, Leonard Charles (46), Kow. Thomas, Loonard Charles (sq.), Cardiff, &c
Thompson, Owen, a. c. (se), Bow.
Tobin, Sir Aifred Aspinall, a. c. (sq.), Westminster.
Woodcock, Hubert Bayley Drysdale, a.c. (14), Leeds,
Wakefield and Duwsbury, &c. RECORDERS. Abingdon, Stephen Riou Benson (1920).
Andover, William Thomas Snell (1926).
Banhury, Harry Joseph Turrell, (1928).
Barnstaple and Biddford, Williad Barnard Faraday (1925)
Bath, Reginald Powell Croom-Johnson, R.C., M.F.
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19 (each £2,500). England and Wales: For Scotland see "Sheriffs Engiana and Wales: For Sociand see "Sheriffs Principal."

[County Court Judges are addressed as "His Honour."]

Reaxley, Hugh Loveday [16], Huil, Malton, &c.

Right, Edwin Cooper [16], Cheshire, Lancs, Yorks.

Climenta, Arthur Frederic [16], East Kent.

Chier, Albert Rwiland [16], Shoroditch, &c.

Crawford, John Dawson [26], Edinonton, &c.

Crostowaite, Arthur Tinley [16], Bolton, Bury, &c.

Davies, William Frank de Rolande [27], Carmarthenshire, &c.

Dowdall, Harold Chalenger [16] Burton-on-Trent, Afred Ernest William Harri, C.B.E., E. (1972).
Bury Mt. Edinunds, Sir Reginald Neville, Bl. (1995).
Cambridge, Rohand Burrows, E.c. (1996).
Cambridge, Rohand Burrows, E.c. (1996).
Carlethury, Charles Doughty, E.c. (1996).
Carliste, Edward Wooll, O.B.E. (1996).
Carliste, Edward Wooll, O.B.E. (1996).
Carliste, Edward Wooll, O.B.E. (1996).
Carliste, Edward Wooll, O.B.E. (1996).
Christer, Robort M. Montgomery, E.c. (1997).
Christer, Walter Frampton (1996).
Colchester, Sir Henry Honywood Curtis Bennett, E.c. (1998). (1988). Coventry, John Frederick Eales, s.c., m.p. (1988). Croydon, Robert Frederick Colam, s.c. (1988).

Deal, Major William Wilson Grantham, k.c. (1908).
Derby, Thomas Hollis Walker, k.c. (1918).
Devissa, Robert George Seton (1904).
Doucsster, Christian Bedford Fenwick (1933).
Dover, Sir A H. Bodkin, k.c. (1907-1906, and 1931).
Dover, Sir A H. Bodkin, k.c. (1907-1906, and 1931).
Durksam, John Stapleton Grey Pemberton (1904).
Exter, Geoffrey Dorling Roberts (1931).
Faversham, John Castleman Swinburne-Hanham (1908). (1908)
Folkestone, Roland Gifford Oliver, M.C., R.C. (1926).
Folkestone, Roland Gifford Oliver, M.C., R.C. (1926).
Gloucester, A. Ralph Thomas (1922).
Grantham, George Blalklock (1915).
Grantend, Julian William Wellesley Weigall (1928).
Grant Grunsby, Charles Leete Attenborough (1918).
Guildford, John Flowers, R.C. (1928). Giudifora, John Flowers, K. C. 12989]
Halifax, Godfrey Russell Vick (1922)
Hartlepools, The, Herbert Wright Holl (190x)
Hastnap, Mt John Hutchtnson (1930)
Hereford, His Honour Arthur Gwynne-James (1894).
Hugh Wycombe, Frank Walter Raffety (1905).
Huddersfield, Arthur Moiley, o B E, K. C. (1908).
Hull, Chailes Paley Scott, K. C. (1923)
Hythe, Walter Turner Mouckton, K. C. (1930).
Ipsanch, Heber Leonidas Hart, K. C., 14.D. (1915)
Kung's Lynn, Henry St. John Digby Raikes, K. C. C. E. (1905)
Kingston, Rt. Hon. Sir Thomas Inskip, c.s.r, k.c, MP (1928)
Lecte, James Willoughby Jardine, R.C. (1932)
Lectester, Paul Ernest Sandlands, o R.E. (1932)
Lechfield, Stamford Hutton, M.E.E. (1995).
Lincoln, John Suckling Prichett (1921).
Liverpool, Edward George Hemmerde, R.C. (1999).
Liverpool, Edward George Hemmerde, R.C. (1999).
Liverpool, Edward George Hemmerde, R.C. (1999).
Liverpool, Geoffrey Keith Rose, M.C. (1993).
Maddstone, Thechald Mathew (1921).
Maldon and Saffrey Walden, Linton Thorpe, R.C., M.F. (1922). Maudon and Sagren is altern, Lincon Thope, & C., & F. (1932).

Manchester, Sir W Greaves-Lord, & C., & F. (1932).

Margiate, George Malcolm Hilbery, & C. (1932).

Merthyr Tudill, John Bowen Davies, & C. (1933).

Middlestrough, Joshun Scholefield, & C. (1933).

Netoark, Richard A. Willes (1932).

Netoark, Richard A. Willes (1932).

Netoark, Francis John Fitzgerald, & C., & B. (1904).

Netecasite-upon-Tyne, Richard Storry Deans (1932).

Northampton, Charles Bertrand Marriot, & C., (1938).

Nornich, Rt. Hon. Sir William Ellis Hume-Williams,

Bt. & B.E. & C. (1903). Norwich, Rt. Hon. Sir William Ellis Hume-Williams, Bt., k. k. c. (1993).

Bt., k. k. c. (1993).

Nottingham, Henry Holmes Joy, k.c. (1994).

Oldham, Tou. Estham, k.c. (1994).

Oxford, Dighy Cotes Preedy, k.c. (1933).

Oxford, Dighy Cotes Preedy, k.c. (1939).

Plymouth, John Graham Trapuell, k.c. (1939).

Pouterback, Robert Horton Vernon Wragge (1905).

Poule, Henry Geen (1988).

Portsmouth, Robert Freek Bayford, on F., k.c. (1989).

Preston, John Edward Singloton, k.c. (1988).

Reading, St. John Goro Micklethwait (1993).

Richmond, Yorks, Frank Kingsley Griffith, M.c., M.P. (1998). (1932) Rochester, George Buchanan McClure (1933) Rotherham, Geoffrey Hugh Benbow Streatfeild (1932). Rue (vacant) Rye (Meant)
Salford, Adolph Max Lazarus Langdon, R. c. (1915).
Salisbury, Thomas Henning Parr, R.c. (1918)
Sandwich, Sir Gorvais Rentoul, R. c., M. P. (1929). Sandorough, Herbert Brent Grotrian, k.c. (1928).
Sheffitd, Walter Hedley, p s o , k c (1938).
Sheffitd, Walter Hedley, p s o , k c (1938).
Shreesbury, Jonn William St. Lawrance Leslie (1903).
Smethnoick, John Wille (1938).
Southampton, Ferdinand Philip Maximilian Schiller, R.C (1928).
Southend, Rt. Hou Sir J Ian Macpherson, Bt . R. ' ч г. (1932). Nouth Molton, Sydney Charles Nichols Goodman, к.с. (1923).
Stunding, William Marshall Freeman (1905).
Stunding, William Marshall Freeman (1905).
Studeron-Trent, Hon Sir Reginald Coventry, s.c. (1921).
Studerand, Sir Harry Courthope-Monro, s.c. (1927).
Stunderland, Sir Henry Strother Cautiley, Bt., s.c., M.r. (1918). Stouther Cautaly, M. M.r. (1918). Stouther, Jones (1930). Stouther, Gerald Dodson (1932). Tewkesbury, Wilfrid Price (1932).

Tasford, Arthur Lombe Taylor (1937).
Tiverton, John Kyrle Frederick Cleave (1932).
Walsall, Samuel Lowry Forter, & C (1932).
Walsall, Sir Albon Richardson, & c, c s s f (1931).
Wells, Arthur Fownes Somerville (1936).
Wells, Arthur Fownes Somerville (1936).
West Ham, G. W. Holford Knight, & c, x s f (1932).
West Ham, G. W. Holford Knight, & c, x s f (1932).
Wigan, Sir Regnald Mitchell Banks, & c, x s (1938).
Winchester, Regnald Playfalt Hills, o s s , & c, (1938).
Windsor, New, His Honour Hugh Murray Sturges, & c (1938). k c. (1922) Walershamston, Frederick John Wrottesley, k.c. (1939). Warester, F. M. Russell Davios, k c. (1932). Varmouth, Great, William Rowley Eliston (1923). York, Nicholas Lecturere Cunningham Macaskie OCITY POLICE OFFICE, 26 Old Jewry, E.C. 2. Commissioner, Lt . Col Sir Hugh Turnbull, K B.E., J.P. Assistant Commissioner, Capt John Arthur Davison, MC ... £900 to £1,200 Chief Superintendent, Ernest Thompson £720 to £800 CITY OF LONDON POLICE RESERVE.
Commandant, William G. Lovell, c a r.
Chief Staff Officer, Capt. A. J. Roberts. CITY OF LONDON JUSTICE ROOMS.

MANSION PLOT BY JUSTICE ROOM. A sastant Clerk METROPOLITAN POLICE OFFICE, New Scotland Yard, S.W. 1. Commissioner, Marshal of the Royal Air Force The Lord Trenchard, a c B, v s o, p.c L, 11 p .....£3,000 Deputy Commissioner, Hon Sir Trevor Bigham, E B E., Senior Clerks, M B Frere, o.ar; G R Sharpe; H G Gilbert; G A Scoley; S W. Richards; E R. Hopper
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Ho Leoo to Soo Clerk in Charge of Lost Property Office, F. 1' Daw Krewitee Officers, E. St. John; A. R. Pike; A. E. Cattle; A. F. Hamilton-Smythe, R. L. Wynn-Williams, W. F. Barter; W. W. J. Bolland; D. F. A. E. Freeman, S. House, A. G. C. Montgomery, T. E. St. Johnston; C. M. Wight-Boycott; G. C. Richardson; T. C. Russell son ; T. C Russell son; T. C. Russel. ..... .£200 to £400 Physician and Chief Medical Officer, Innac Jones, u. D. Consulting Surgeon, C Max Page, D.S.o., M.B., M.S., Deputy Physician, H. B. Russell, M.D., B.S., M.R.C.P., Surgeon Dentist, P. Lloyd-Williams, M.R.C. , L.R.C.P., Solicitors to the Commissioner, Messra Wontner & Sons, Chief Constables, R. M. Howe, M.C.; G. R. Nicholls, M.B.F. (Chiminal Investigation Department); F. W. Abboth, O. H.E., M. O. (Administration); Major J. F.

338 Magistrates' Courts—	Stipendiary Magistrates.
Ferguson (Organisation); Sir Francis Griffith, c. s. 1, o. s. z. Superintendent, H. May (Public Carriage Office). Superintendents of the Criminal Investigation Dept., P. Savage, W. Hambrook, H. Helby, J. Horwell, G. Yandell, A. Caminy (Special Beanch), H. Battley (Criminal Records)	CLFREENWELL, King's Cross Road, W.C. r.  Magistrates, Samuel Pope
P Savage, W. Hambrook, H Helby, J Horwell, G Yandell, A Canning (Special Beanch), H Battley (Crumnal Records)	GREAT MARIBORDI GH STREET, W 1 Magustrates, Frederick Mead  Lagoo
Districts and Divisions of the Metropolitan Police.	Magnetrates, Frederick Mead Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Edward C P. Boyd Market Street, S E. B. Magnetrates, M P. Ginfth Jones, o. B.  Elisso W Everard Dickson M.c Chief Clerk J. L. Hutchison, M.c LAMBTH, Renfrew Road, Lower Kennington LAMBTH, Renfrew Road, Lower Kennington
Deputy Assistant Commissioners, LtCol J F C Carter, c B L, H G F Archei, o B L, B B R Roberson, o B L	Magistrates, M.P. Griffith Jones, o. B.: £2,500 W. Everard Dickson M.c. £2,500
Chief Constables, J. R. H. Nott-Bower, J. Wilson, M.B.E.  Superintendents of Divisions	
WHITE HALL—William Powell W. G. Cole (in attendance upon H. M. the King) R. Christian — George Frankton	Mapstrates, John Brown Sandbach, K. c. £2,500 Harold McKenna. £1,500 (Intelligence of the Control of the Charles of the Control of the Charles of the Control of the Charles of the Control of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charle
O St James's — John Prothero D Martiphons — Frink Sutton Hornons — John Goldle. P Paddisoron — Harry Varney	Chig Clerk, A E Sunth  Man LEBONE, Seymour Place, W. 1.  Magistrate, Honry C. A Bingley  lvan E Suell, w
F PADDISGTON — Harry Varney G Fyssh ay — John Johnson H White happ, — Herbert Darke, J Hackey — Wilham Day.	Magistrates, Honry C. A. Bingley Ivan E. Snell, M. Chief Clerk, B. Westell North Lovbon, Stoke Newington Road, N. 16 Munstrates, Basil Watson, x c. Claud Mullins Liz, 500 Claud Mullins
T HACKNEY — William Day.  K EAST HAM — Heibert Budd,  L LAMBTH — Frederick Saint	Claud Mullins Chief Clerk, A. E. Crankshaw Old Street, E.C. 2.
M SOUTHWARE — N STOKE NEWSTON —Alford Hunt P CATEGOR —Frederick White	Magistrates, Herbert Metchife . £2,500 Frederick Oswald Langley, u.c. £2,500 Chief Clerk, F. A. C. Prait. £200 to £300
R HAMPSTEIN Augustus Ralph	Claud Mullins Chef Clerk, A. E. Crankshaw Old Strart, E.C. z. Old Strart, E.C. z. Magistrates, Herbert Metcalfe Frederick Oswald Langley, M. C. \$1,500 Chef Clerk, F. A. C. Fralt. Magistrates, John Henry Harris F. T. Barrington Ward, K. \$550 to \$5700 Chef Clerk, I. J. Cannan Tower Bines, Tooley Street, S. E. z. Magistrates, Wilham Harold Stowe Oulton Bornal Campion, K. Chef Clerk, George Pegg S550 to \$700 Chef Clerk, George Pegg \$550 to \$700
HAMBRESHTH —Robert Hammford,  V WASP-WORTH —James Lander  W Tourns — Ernest Brind  K KLEURN —Chailes Manna  W Wood Garry — Chailes Morton	Chief Clerk, H J Cannan 5550 to \$700 Town Barrist, Tooley Street, S.E. 1. Magistiates, William Harold Stowe Oriton 5, 500
Y Wood Green - Churles Morton Z Crovidon - Ernest Simith Thames (Chief Inspector). Devoydort Dockvard - (Chief Inspector).	Bornaid Campion, 8 (. £2,500 (Incf Clerk, George Pegg £550 to £700 Wasturisten, Rochester Row S.W.
DEVOYPORT DOCKYARD—(Chief Luspector).  SOFFICE OF THE RECEIVER FOR THE METHOPOLITAN POLICE DISTRICT.	Magastrates, John G Hay Halkett £2,500
New Scotland Vard S W .	Chief Clerk, E. Highes WFST LONDON, Southcombe St., W. Kensington, W. za. Magistrates, Kenneth MeLean Marshall, c B E 52,500 Ronald Arthur Powell
Receiver, Sit J F Movini, c.n. c.n. s. £1,200 to £1,500 Private secretary, C. J Kettle Secretary, C. A. Palmer, o.n. s. Accountant, A. T. Shepherd Deputy Secretary and Contracts Office, R. K. (Noll) £650 to £800	Magnetaris, Kenicui Melean Marshall, e B. £1,500 Ronald Arthur Powell £1,500 Chief Clerk, J. H. Crame Soun-Westres, Lavender IIIII, S. W. 11 Magnetrates, W. J. H. Brodrick Rhys Hopkin Morris, N. Br £1,500 Chief Clerk, James Baylis Edwards £550 to £700
£650 to £800	Rhys Hopkin Morris, M B F £2,500
Senior Clerk, E. W. Petty <u>f.ss</u> to £700 Deputy Accountant, II Day <u>f.ss</u> to £700 Higher Executive Officers, E. D. Couran, M.c.; R. J. Hayward, J. F. Marshall, P. W. J. A. Lawless, W. A. Hendry, E. Oates Executive Officers, C. J. Kettle; W. D. Cooper; J. Quinn, M. G. Kirk, L. F. Ridder, E. C. King, R. L. Kitching Sobietors, Messars Ellis & Ellis, a The Sanctuary, S. W. Architect and Surveyor, G. M. Treuch, 6.8 F. F. R. I. B., 1.8.1	(Appointed by the Home Secretary under the Municipal Comporations Act., 1882) WEST HAM, West Ham Laue, Stratford, E. 15.
Executive Officers, C. J. Kettle; W. D. Cooper; J. J. Quinn, M. G. Kirk, L. F. Ridley, E. C. King, B. L. Kitchius, C. C. King, C. C. L. King, C. C. L. C. King, C. C. L. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	(Appointed by the Home restricted; finder the Money of the Money of the Money of the Magnetiate, Forber 8t John Morrow 52,000 Reputy Magnetiate, Philip Quicke 52,000 Clerk, James II Jackson 5900
Solicitors, Mesars Ellis & Ellis, 2 The Sanctuary, S W 1 Architect and Surveyor, G. M. Trench, 6, 8 f. f. f. i. i. L750 to £850.	JUVENILE (OURTS) Chnef Clerk, Arthur Cecil Lockwood Morrison (Bow Street Police Court, W.C 2
P.S.I £750 to £850 Deputy-Surreyor, F T Bush, A R I R A £500 to £700 Assatant Architects and Surreyors, R G Strachan,	Juvenile Courts, in separate buildings from Police Courts, have been constituted by Orders in Council These are held at Caxton Hall. Westminster. Li dsey
Past Lysu Chemical Street, A H. S. Coo to Lyso Assistant Architects and Nurreyors, R. G. Strachan, 1 s.i., H. J. P. Price, a.k.i b.a., £450 to £500. A S. Hinkley £400 to £700 Engineer, G. A. H. Wootton, A. W. E. £600 to £700 Assi. do, C. N. MacDermett, N. D. E. R. F. H. Allen £400 to £500 £700 £700 £700 to £500 £700 £700 £700 £700 £700 £700 £700	Chief Cterk, James H Jackson
£450 to £600 Superintendent Storekeeper, A J Carthew £400 to £500 Superintendent, Printing Branch, C H. Putley	STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATES. Briggs, Waldo Raven, Hudder sheld (2022).
OFFICE OF THE METROPOLITAN SPECIAL CONSTABULARY RESERVE	Brough, Bertram Charles, Potteries District (1909). Deacon, Stuart, Liverpool (1910) Griffith, Robert Arthur, Meether Tudfil (1914)
Scotland House, New Scotland Yard, S.W. z. Commandant-in-Chiet, Sir Walter Allen, R.B., Deputy Comdt -in-Chief, Commandant C J Ritchie,	Grimley, Bertram Griffiths, South Staffordshire (1923). Ilkeston, The Lord, Birmingham (1920) Jones, William Hugh, K. C., Cardiff (2022).
Stoff Officer, Major S M de H Whatton, D S O., M C.	Macbeth, Percy, Salford (1932) Macdonald, J. R., on, v., Hull (1925). Marshall, Horace, Leeds (1920)
OMETROPOLITAN MAGISTRATES' COURTS. (Under the Metropolitan Police Courts Act, 2839) Bow Street, Covent Garden, W.C. 2.	Morice, Beaumont, Bradford (2924) Mundahl, Henry Smethurst, Muddlesbrough (2928). Orr. John Wellesley, Manchester (2927)
[Under the Metropolitan Police Courts Act, 1839]  Bow Striper, Couont Garden, W.C. 2.  Magistrates, Sir Rollo F Graham-Campbell (Chief Metropolitan Magistrate) 5.,800  Theodore Wilfrid Fry, 10 s.s. 5.,500  Robert Ermest Duninett 5.,500  Chief Clerk, Albert Henry Lieck 5.00	BTIPENDIARY MAGISTRATES.  Briggs, Waldo Raven, Huddes sheld [1931].  Brough, Bertmin Charles, Potteries District (1909).  Beacon, Staart, Liveryhood [1920]  Griffith, Robert Arthun, Meithur Tidfil (1925)  Griffith, Robert Arthun, Meithur Tidfil (1925).  Griffith, Robert Arthun, Meithur Tidfil (1923).  Hikeston, The Lord, Birmingham (1920).  Junes, William Hugh, S. c., Cardiff (1932).  Macdonald, J. R., o. n.r., Hill (1935).  Marshall, Horace, Leeds [1920].  Marriadi, Horace, Leeds [1920].  Morrice, Beattmont, Brudford [1924].  Mundah, Henry Smethinist, Middlesbrough (1928).  Ort., John Wellesley, Manchester (1927).  Paline, Watt Wyntt, Manchester (1927).  Paline, Watt Wyntt, Manchester (1927).  Samson, Sur E., Marlay, S., s., s., c., Sicansea (1923).  Thomas, Sir Daniel Lleuter, Pontypridd and Rhondda (1909).
	(1909). See note, p.:279.
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# SScottish Law Courts and Offices.

COURT OF SESSION (1532). LAW SITTINGS, Oct. 15 to March so and May 12 to July so.

Lord President of the whole Court, Lord Clyde (Right Hon James Avon Clyde).

Lord President of the whole Court, Lord	Clyde (Right Hon James Avon Clyde).
Lord Blackburn, Robert F. L. Blackburn	Outer House Depute Chriks, John Moir, John Cairna; David D McLaren; R A Roxburgh; George Hume
Lord Pitman, James Campbell Pitman. £3,600 Lord Wark, John Lean Wark £3,600 Princepal Clerk if Session, John Moir (interim) Inver Hause Depute Clerks, J. Antonio W II Ford £500 and £580 Inver House Ordinary Clerks, William Drummond, 500 c, R. A. Hannah each £400	John Cameron: A G Erskne Hill Croen Agent, R Alian McDongall, s.s.: Auditor of Court of Bession. 3. Parliament Square, Edinburgh Audita, A Thomson Clay, w.s. Principal Clerk, Tacation Dept., George P Graham. Do., Cash Audit Dept., J. C. Mackay.
O Office	Minute Book Office and Edictal Citations Office,
Crown Office,  9 Parliament Square, Edinburgh.  Crown Agent, It Allan McDougall, Section 51,000 (there Clerk, Duncan Lee Second Clerk, James Brown	14 H. M. Register House, Edinburgh Keeper (ad interim), T. S. Paterson, w.s. Clerk (ad int.), Donald J. Maciac, w.s.
Second Clerk, James Brown Other Clerks, H. Weaver, D. J. Stevenson, A. P. G. Ritchie	Rolls of Court and Calling Lists.  Keepers of Inner House Rolls, Wilham Mill, John A. Shaat. each £450
Justiciary Office,	
2 Parliament Square, Edinburgh Clerk of Justiciary, Alexander Rac, 180	General Register of Sasines, H.M. Register House, Edinburgh
Depute & 1st Assistant, £550 In pute & 2nd Assi (Terk, V.S. M. Marshall, B. £475 Do, and Clerical Assistant, Thomas S. Stewart. £220	Keeper of the General Register of Susmes, Goorge A. J. Lee, w s (Kreper of the Registers and Records of Scotland)
Court of Lords Commissioners for Teinds.  The Judges of the Inner House, and Lord Mackay, Lord (return) on Teinds  Clerk of Teinds & Extractor, George Turner£500	Hornings, Inhibitions, Adjudications, and Entails, 20 Sasune Office, General Register House. Keeper of the Registers of Hornings, Inhibitions, Adjudications, and Entails, George A. J. Lee, w.s.
Exchequer,  1 Parliament Squate, Edinburgh	Register of Deeds and Protests.
Lind Ordinary, Lord Floning King's Remembrancer, John Alexander Inglis, & c. Chief Class Clerks, W R Mackenzie; A W Old, W. D. Colher; P Jameson. Sheriff Court of Chancery,	Kerper, George A. J. Lee, w. s  Accountant of Court (Judicial Factories and Bankruptoy).  Accountant, Ennest E. Parker
2 Parliament Square, Edinburgh Sherdy Clenkery, S11 M. P. Fruser, s.c	Companies Registration Office, 1 Parliament Square, Eduburgh, 1 Parliament Square, Eduburgh, 1 Parliament of Business Names), John A Inglis, 5 c
H.M. Commissary Office,  2 Parliament Square, Edunburgh  Commissary (leek,£600	Edinburgh Gazette Office.  r Parlament Square, Edinburgh Keeper, John A. Inglis, K.
Commissary (Terk, Depute do , William Petrie	Attyce, a seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of
Great Seal Office.  Lord Keeper, Rt. Hon. Sir Godfrey P. Collins, K B E.	
CMG, MF. Depute Keeper (vacant). Nubstitute Keeper, A. G. Voltch.	Bishopi ic of Orkney, John White, Kirkwall.
Extractor's Office.	SCOTTISH LAND COURT,
J'reacepal Extractor, T. S. Paterson, w.s. Assistant Extractor, Donald J. Mucrae, w.s. Bill Chamber,	I Grosvenor Crescent, Edinburgh. Mrmbers, The Hou. Lord St Vigeans, ('hairman); Donald Mackay; James E. Esslemont; John A. Caneron.
H.M. Register House, Edinburgh Principal Clerk of Bills, Petitions and Sequestrations David Alex Duncau. Assistant Clerk, Frederick James Borthwick	Screttery and Principal Clerk, G. R. Lamb. Gerks of Court and Legal Assessors, Walter Murray; W. A. Cairns; John Cook. Glerk of Accounts, J. D. MacCallum.

# GLIST OF SHERIFFS, SHERIFFS-SUBSTITUTE, SHERIFF-CLERKS, AND FISCALS OF COUNTIES IN SCOTLAND.

Counties	Sheriffs	Sheriffs Substitute		Procurators-Fiscal
ABENDEEN	(feorge Morton K : 1.050	A J Louttit Laing 2,200	James Hunter	 Thoe Marlennan
	-	J Dewar Dallus . 1,100		
Angus-	D P Blades & c 800	I A D Mar Vannan Con	0 1 P	M 17
Forfar	•	JAR MarKinnon 800 R C Malcolm 2000	C T Demost	THOU HATT
Dundec	J R Dickson, & c 700	n ( Marconn 2000	C o maser	" K Alemonia.
Duncun	It I TERROIT, E 700	James B Ballingall. 900	D. A. Allan	A R Nimmo
('ampheltown		John M Campbell . 700		A R Nimmo J M Mactaggart.
Oban .		John M Campbell . 700 A McD Chaimers 700		D M MacKinnon.
AYR-	W L Muckenzie, K C 700			
Ayr		T A Menzies 1,000 A M Lating 900 Lohn W More 900 H. Burn Murdoch 700 J. B. Ballingall 700 Torman Ma donald J Denn Leslie 950 J. D. Johnston 900 J. D. Johnston 900	J Hamilton	R D Macmillan.
Kilmarnock .	( - 41 1	Lubr W Mann	D // m./	K N. Henderson.
DANFF	bee Bowlanesh	H Rurn Vardoch 200	Jee Sunarvilla	R G Johnson
DERWICK Rose	See Renfrom	J. B. Ballingall	T W Alexander	W. Grant
L'AITHYERR	Sir.I C Watson, & C 775	Norman Macdonald 200	Robert Bruce	Peter Sinclair
CLACKMANNAN	See Stirling	J Denn Lealie 950	Donglas McGregor	J B Hang
DUMBARTON	See Stirling	A J P Menzies 900	Daniel M Bride	H L Yendall
Dumfries	Rt. Hon Baron Kinross,	.1 1). Johnston 900	John McBarnie	E W Paterson,
••-	K ( 700	D 7 Omn n	A 11	W. Horne
EDINBURGH	CHEE IT DIOWN KC 1.800	R L Orr K	and Harrison	W. Horne
		I (4 Juneson 2.000		
			John Foster.	D A. Shiach.
Firr-	J ( Fenton, K . 800			
Cupar .	•••	Pudley Stuart 1 000 F A Umpherston 1,000 J G Jameson	Robt J Davidson	Geo Brander, o B R
Dunfermline	See Edinburgh 800	F A Umpherston 2,000	' ·	R J Waugh
HADDINGTON .	See Edinburgh	J G Jameson	Andrew Hamilton	Thos W Todrick
INVENTESS				
Mark William		Alexander Standard 200	at Me mount	Dun Marnisan
Portrue	•••	E (t Inghs 750		W R D Macmillar
Lochmaddy		E O Inglis		A C F Davidson
KINCARDINE	See Aberdeon	A J Lemttet Lang	James B. Cunning-	M A Hamilton
	I	J Dewar Dallas	ham	
Kinross	See Fife	F A Umpherston .	DAR Cuthbert.	John S Soutar
KIRKCUPHRIGHT .	See Dumfries	W.G Skinner 900	James Warnock	Jas. Williamson
Glangow	is mercer, k c 2000	John P Grant, u   Son Alexander Steedman   750	Robert Clearer	J D Stretheurn
CIMEBON	i	1) 5 Mucdiarmid z.soo	blorach.	2 2000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Į.	W J Robertson 1,200		
	1	John Bartholomew z,200		
		Marcha Doda 1,200	1	Į.
	ł	Marcine Dads 1,200 W Boyd Berry 1,200 LJ R Haldine 1,200 G W Wilton, R c 1,200 A R Brown & 1,200		ĺ
Tanank	ı	is a rightner .1,200		Wm Tennunt
Lanark		A R Brown & 7 200	::: <b>:</b>	Wm Tennant. J. Adair
Hammon	· · · · · ·	S MacDonald, CM G.		
	1	D 5.0. I.200	'	
Airdrie		A R Brown & 1,2008 S MacDonald, & M 6 D 5.0, D A Gunld J. A. T. Robertson C R A Howden G Brown, M B E Junes MacDonald & 1,000 G D Valentine  A M Hamilton, & 1,200 A M Hamilton, & 2,200 Robert Hendry		D J Henry
LINI ITHGOW	See Edinburgh	J A. T. Robertson	A P Sumpson, ws	Geo S Macnight
NAIRN	See Interness	C R A Howden .	4 Robertson, 8 8 C	Lanes Lann
Danus po	See Edinburch	Jumps Machanald	R Laurirem Amelia	J. & Cormack.
Protes	LI C S Sandeman & c 750	(2 l) Valentine room	John Dickson	Martin L Howman
RESPUEW-	J M Irvine, K . Boo		The second second	The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s
Paisley	1	A M Hamilton, K C 2,000 Robert Hendry . 900	A F Lochhead	John Hill
Robs and ('romart')	Jas Muckintosh, k c 700	is to be done.	1	
Dingwall		A II D Gillies . Boo	Alex Ross	A J KOSS.
Borneway	J M Hunter s.	Ronald II Rolllin	A D Oliver	Seduce Hiles
RUABURUR	See Roxburgh	W. Mitchell R.	1) F ('halmer-	John Polick
SPIRITED-	J R N Mucolmila c 800	).	Chaimeis	OTHER POLICE
Stirling		J Denn Leshe .	J A Proctor	Charles C Chevne
Falkirk	l ·	J A T Robertson z,zoc		J G Morrison
SUTHERLAND .	See Ross and Cromarte	W Forber 700	A L. Macrae	A. Argo
Wigtown	See Dumfries	W G Skinner	James Warnock	H C 1000
Wigtows Stranger .	Jas Muckintosh, a c 700  J M. Hunter, a c 750 See Roxburgh J R N Mucphall, a c 800  See Ross and Cromart  See Dumfries  See Cuttiness	W G Skinner	James Warnock	Alex Aitken.

In Scotland the principal local court is the Sheriff Court. The Judge Ordinary is the Sheriff Substitute, and the Sheriff is an Appeal Judge. The jurisdiction of the Sheriff Court is both civil and criminal. In civil questions the jurisdiction is unlimited in regard to the money value of the cause. On the criminal side the Court has cognizance of practically all serious crime except murder, treason and rape, but the power of punishment is limited to fine and imprisonment; it does not extend to penal servitude.

The Sheriff Clerk is the Clerk of the Sheriff Court, and his duties correspond nearly to those of a Registrar in the English Courts.

Prosecutions are conducted by Crown officials at the public expense; the Lord Advocate and his deputes prosecute in the High Court; the Procurators-Fiscal in the Sheriff Court.

The Address of the Secretary of the Sheriffs-Substitute Assoc. is County Buildings, Glasgow.

### ADOPTION OF CHILDREN.

In England and Wales the adoption of children is regulated by the Alloption of Children Act, 1926. An Order of Court is necessary to legalize the adoption, and the Act provides a number of safeguards. Adoption puts the child adopted practically on the same footing as a child born to the adopter in lawful wedlock, in all matters of custody, education and maintenance; but does not alter the child's rights in property of his real parents (e.g., on intestacy) nor give the child rights in respect of the adopter's property. The Act provides for a register of adopted children. Applications are made to the High Court (Chancery), County Court, or Magneterial Bench. Orders will not usually be made for a man to be sole adopter of a girl, and applicant must be twenty-five years of age, or older.

Scotland.—The Adoption of Children (Scot-

land) Act, 1930, makes similar regulations for Scotland as from Oct. 1, 1930, and directs the Registrar-General for Scotland to establish and maintain an Adopted Children Register Applications are made to the Court of Session, or the Sheriff Court within whose jurisdiction either the applicant or the child resides at the

date of application,

AFFIDAVITS.

Afidavits are written declarations on oath used (principally in Court proceedings) for supplying evidence in writing instead of by oral testimony in open Court. The person making the Affidavit is termed the Deponent. Statements of facts in an Affidavit must be within the Deponent's own knowledge. Any document or writing. e.g., a deed, letter, &c., referred to in an Affidavit and annexed to it, is termed an Evhibit. Affidavits may be sworn in England before a Commissioner for Oaths and certain Court officers so authorised. (Commissioner's fee, z/~.)

Instead of the more solomn Oath or Affidavit, a Statutory Declaration is sometimes used. The solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the pro-visions of the Statutory Declaration Acts 1835." Examples of its use are:—To prove possession and ownership of land. To prove handwriting. As to pedigree. To explain loss of a document, e.g., Share Certificate, Pawn Ticket, &c. They may be made before any Justice of the Peace (without feet) or other officer, anythorized to (without fee) or other officer anthorised to administer oaths. (Commissioner's fec. 2/-. stamp Duty, 28. 6d.)
It is Parameter anthorised to

It is Perjury knowingly to make a false statement on oath, e.g., in an Affidavit. It is a Misdemeanour to make a false Statutory Decla-

ration (Perjury Act 1911, Sec. 1 & Sec. 5). In Scotland offences are pumshable under the False Oaths (Scotland) Act, 1933.

# BIRTHS (REGISTRATION).

(For Certificates, sec p. 343.)

WHEN a birth takes place, personal information of it must be given to the local Registrar of Births and Deaths, and the register signed in his presence, by one of the following persons.

I The father or mother of the child. If they is the occupier of the honse in which the birth happened;

2. A person present at the birth happened;

2. A person present at the birth happened;

3. A person born within His Majesty's Dominions, before Jan. 7, 1915, whose father's birth happened;

4. Any person born within His Majesty's Dominions, before Jan. 7, 1915, whose father's birth is Majesty's Dominions, born within His Majesty's Dominions, or the father was born within His Majesty's Dominions, or the father's birth, a British subject.

therefore rests firstly on the parents. registration must be made within 42 days of the birth. Failure to do this without reasonable cause, involves liability to a penalty of forty shillings. If at the end of 42 days the birth is not registered, the Registrar may require any one of the above-mentioned persons to attend to register at a stated time and place. Failure to comply involves a penalty of forty shillings. The registration of a birth will be free when it takes place within 42 days (in Scotland 21 days), unless the Registrar is requested to attend at a residence or at the house where the child was born, when he may claim a fee of one shilling. After three months a birth cannot be registered except in the presence of the Superintendent Registrar, and on payment of fees, amounting to five shillings, to him and the Registrar, After twelve months no birth can be registered without the Registrar-General's consent, and on payment of further fees, amounting to ten shillings. In Scattand, after the lapse of three mouths, it can only be registered on the authority of the County Sheriff. The regulation that no birth in England and Wales could be registered after seven years was revoked in 1922, but late registration cannot be allowed rgaz, but late registration cannot be allowed unless satisfactory evidence is supplied to the Registral-deneral. The only legal proof of age and place of birth is afforded by the civil registers, which the law now requires to be made as above described. In districts under the Notification of Births Act, 1907 (as extended by an Act of 1925), notice of every birth must be given by the father, or person in attendance on the noticer, to the district medical attendance on the mother, to the district medical officer of health by post within 36 hours of the birth. This is in addition to the registration already mentioned

A "Stillbuth" must be registered, accompanied by either a certificate of doctor or midwife, or a declaration that no doctor or midwife was present at the birth, and that the child was not born alive.

The re-registration of the birth of a person under the Legitimacy Act, 1926, is provided for in that Act (see p 347).

Birth at Sea The master of a British ship must record any birth on board and send particulars to the Registrar General of Shipping.

Birth Abroad Consular Officers are author-wed to register births of British subjects occurring abroad. Centificates are procurable in due course at Registial General's office. London.

### BRITISH NATIONALITY.

The law as to British Nationality is mainly to be found in the British Nationality and Status of Ahens Act, 1914, as amended by certain Acta passed in 1918 and 1922. It is important to notice that the Act of 1914—which defines a natural-born British Subject—does not affect the status of any person born before Jan. z. 1015.

The following are deemed to be British Subjects, namely:

z. Any person born within His Majesty's

Dominious, before Jan. 1, 1915, whose father's father was born within His Majesty's Dominious.

3. Any person to whom a Certificate of Naturalization has been granted, or who has acquired British nationality by reason of annexation of territory, or by special Act of Parliament.

4. The wives (whatever their nationality of origin) of British subjects, save in certain cases where the man changes his nationality after marriage.

s. The children of naturalized British subjects born out of His Majesty's Dominions, provided that they comply with one of the following conditions:-

(a) in the case of a child born before January

- 18t, 1915,
  (i) if a Certificate of Naturalization has been granted to his father or his mother (being a widow) before January 1, 1915, and he has become resident with such father or mother (being a widow) in the United Kingdom before that date while
- under age, or
  (ii) if a Certificate of Naturalization is granted to his father or his mother (being a widow) after January 1, 1915, and his name is included therein.

(b) in the case of a child born after January z.

1915, (i) if before his birth a Certificate of Naturalization had been grauted to his father or his mother, or

(ii) if a Certificate of Naturalization is granted to his father or his mother (heing a widow) after January 1, 1915,

6. Any person born out of His Majesty's dominions whose father was at the date of the birth a British subject, and who fulfils any of the following conditions— e.g., if either
(i) his father was born within His Majesty's

allegiance; or

(ii) his father had a certificate of Naturalization : or

(iii) his father had become a British subject by reason of any annexation of territory;

(iv) his father was, at the date of the birth. in the service of the Crown; or

(v) his birth was registered at the British Consulate within one year or, in special cases, two years or, in the case of a person born on or after January 1, 1915 who would have been a British Subject if born before that date, within zz months after August 1, 1922.

A child of a British Subject is deemed to have been born within the allegiance if born anywhere where by treaty, &c., His Majesty exercises jurisdiction over British subjects.

A person whose British nationality depends upon his registration at a Consulate ceases to be a British Subject unless he asserts his nationality by declaration within a year after attaining ax, and abandons any other nationality he may have acquired.

7. A person born on a British ship

- LOSS OF BRITISH NATIONALITY .- A British subject loses his British nationality :-
  - (a) if by any voluntary or formal act he be-comes naturalized in a foreign country;
  - (b) if, in certain cases, he makes a declaration of alienage. These cases are:—
    - (i) where a person is a British subject by reason of birth in His Majesty's Dominions and allegiance or on board a British ship

and is also by birth or becomes during minority a subject of any foreign State, (ii) where a person is a British subject, but

was born out of His Majesty's Dominions,

was born and and (iii) where a Convention has been made between this country and any foreign State, to the effect that any subject of the state who has been naturalized as a state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the British subject may divest himself of

that Status;
(c) if during his minority his father loses
British nationality in circumstances
which involve the acquisition by the child of a new nationality;

(d) in the case of a woman, if she marries an alien;

(N.B. A woman who was originally a British subject and loses British nationality by marriage with an alien does not regain British nationality on the death of hus-band or the dissolution of her marriage. If in such a case she desires to resume British nationality she must apply for a Certificate of Naturalization.)

(e) in the case of a person to whom a Certifi-cate of Naturalization has been granted if the Secretary of State revokes the Certificate:

(f) if the territory of which he is an inhabitant is severed from the Crown; cf., e.g., the cases of the inhabitants of Hanover and Heligoland.

ACQUISITION OF BRITISH NATIONALITY.—An alien may acquire British nationality:—

 (a) by special Act of Parliament;
 (b) by the conquest, annexation, or cession of the territory of which he is an in habitant;

(c) in the case of a woman, by marriage with a British subject, and

(d) by naturalization.

Naturalization.—All Certificates of Naturalization granted in the United Kingdon between May 13, 1870, and December 31, 1914, were granted in accordance with the provisions of the Naturalization Act, 1890. And this Act did not secure that a Certificate granted in any part of the Empire should be valid throughout the Empire.

Under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, every person to whom a Certifi-cate of Naturalization is granted in accordance with its provisions after January 1, 1915, is a British subject, not only in that part of the British Empire where the Certificate is granted, but also in the United Kingdom and in any Dominion which has adopted the Act, and in any other British Possession.

Persons naturalized prior to January 1, 1915, may, after that date, apply for a fresh Certificate of Naturalization under the new conditions.

In order to be eligible for the grant of such a Certificate in the United Kingdom, an alien must :-

(a) during the eight years preceding his application have resided for not less than five years in His Majesty's Dominions (of which not less than one year immediately preceding the application must have been spent in the United Kingdom) or have been for not less than five years in the service of the Crown; (b) be of good character and have an adequate knowledge of the English language; and

(c) intend to reside in His Majesty's Dominions or to enter or continue in the service of the

Instructions for the guidance of persons desiring to apply for a Certificate of Naturaliza-tion are supplied with the form of application for a certificate which may be obtained (price 6d.)

from H.M. Stationery Office.

The fee payable to the Home Office in respect of the grant of a Certificate of Naturalization is fixed by the Government of the day, and is at present £10, of which £1 is payable on submission of the application and the remainder on the grant of the Certificate. The £1 payable on submission of the application is not returnable, whether or not a Certificate is granted

N.B — In the case of a woman who was a British A.B.—In the case of a woman cono mas a Brussa subject previously to her marriage to an alten, and whose husband has died or whose marriage has been dissolved, the above requirements, both as to residence and us to fee, are relaxed.

STATUS OF ALIENS.—Property may be held by an alten in the same manner as by a natural-

born British subject, but the title to such property does not confer any right on an alien to hold real property out of the United Kingdom, or qualify him for any franchise.

Aliens are not entitled to be tried by a jury de medietate lingue, but are triable in the subjects.

ADMISSION, SUPERVISION AND DEPORTATION OF ALIENS.—Under the Aliens Order, 1920, any alien coming from outside the United Kingdom must obtain the leave of an Immigration Officer to land in the United Kingdom and such leave is refused in many cases, e.g., where the alien is without means, or (if he is seeking employment) is unable to produce a Permit issued by the Minister of Labour. Prevision is also made (Article 6 of the Order) for the registration of resident aliens and (Article 12) for the deporta-tion of aliens by order of the Secretary of State, which can be made on various grounds. The Aliens Order, 1920, was made under the Aliens Restriction Act, 1914, as amended and extended by the Aliens Restriction (Amendment) Act, 1919.

### BUSINESS NAMES REGISTRATION.

REGISTRATION OF BUSINESS NAMES ACT, 1016.

This Act received the Royal Assent on as Dec., 1926, and its provisions were explained on pp. 414-425 of the 1921 "WHITAKER." The Office of the Registrar of Business Names is at Somerset House, W.C. 2.

#### CERTIFICATES

OF BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, OR DEATHS.

England and Wales.-Certificates of Births, Bright the wides.—Certificates of Britis, Deaths, or Marriages can be obtained at the General Register Office, Somerset House, on bayment of fees amounting to 3s. 7d., viz., sc. for search, 2s. 6d. for the certificate, and sd. for the stamp affixed thereto. (When application is made by post the charges are se. rd.) They can also be obtained from the registration officer having the legal custody of the registration. containing the entry of which a certificate is required. Certificates of marriages in churches of the Church of England can also be obtained from the incumbent of the church in which the marriage took place.

Certificates at reduced rates can be obtained for the purposes of certain Acts of Parliament : Friendly Societies Act, 1896, Birth or Death, 18; Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, and for purposes of Elementary Education, Birth, 6d.; Savings Banks Act, 1887, Birth, Death, or Marriage, 18.; National Insurance Acts, 1911 and 1913, Birth, 6d., Marriage, 18.; Industrial Assurance Companies Act, 1896, and Trade Unions Amendment Act. 1896, death of child under a warm of acc 18 but only from the local under 10 years of age, 18., but only from the local Registrar.

English Registers .- Birth registration exists at Somerset House from 1837. An index to s,000,000 earlier entries can be consulted at the Society of Genealogists at Chaucer House, Malet Place, London, W.C. z.

London, W.C. z.

Scottush Registers of Births, Marriages, and
Deaths.—Parish registers were instituted for
these in 1551, but until the Registration of
Births, &c. (Scotland), Act, 1854, they were not
properly kept in many cases. Extracts may,
however, be obtained from them on payment of
as, xd, for each entiry, but to be valid evidence it
must be shown that the registers from which
the entries are taken were regularly kept.
Lists of the old parish registers may be consulted in the offices of the Registrar-General,
H.M. General Register House, Ediphurcher of H.M. General Register House, Edinburgh, or of local Registers. These old registers are in the charge of the Registrar-General, and since 1854 local registers have been transmitted to him at stated periods. Registers up to the end of 1919 are now in his possession. There is a general index to the registers which may be searched on payment of z. A search of the index of a particular parish is z. A fee of zw. is payable for a search of all the Scottish registers, and zs. is payable for a search of a particular parish. An extract of an entry may be obtained on payment of 28. xd. The office of the Registrar-General is open on weekdays between to a.m. and 4 p.m.

### COPYRIGHT.

The law of copyright is contained in the Copyright Act, rozz, under which copyright subsists right Act, 1911, under which copyright subsists automatically, without registration, in every original literary, dramatic, musical and artistic work. The provisions of the Act were explained on pp. 415-416 of the 1921 "WHITAKER." The Copyright (Rome Convention) Order, 1933, extends the Copyright Act 1911 to works by citizens of foreign countries in the Copyright Union on conditions set out in the Order

conditions set out in the Order Voluntary Registration at Stationers' Hall.—
Compulsory registration at Stationers' Hall terminated on Dec. 31, 1923, but in the following year the Stationers' Company established a new Register in which Books and Fine Arts can be registered. A copy has to be filed at Stationers' Hall and certified copies of the continuous missmell that fore buring as for a Book. entries are issued, the fees being 5% for a Book, and 28. 6d. for Fine Art; certified copies 58. in either case (Office open on Wednesdays only, rra.m. to rancon, and a to 4 p m.) Such entries are of value in proving the existence of a work on a given date in the case of infringement.

### DAYS OF GRACE,

Bills of Exchange or Promissory Notes, payable at any time after date, have three days of qrace allowed; thus, a bill dated I Jan. at two months' date is not due until March 4. If a months date is not due until makin 4. It is bill or note is payable by installments to be paid "punctually," this does not exclude the days of grace (Schauerien v. Morriu, 37 T.L.R. 366). Bills drawn at sight, or on demand, must be paid on presentation without days of grace. In the United Kingdom, bills falling due on Sunday are payable the previous Saturday, and in England and Wales and in Ireland bills falling due on Good Friday or Christmas Day are simi-larly payable on the previous day. Bills falling due on Bank Holidays are payable the day after.

### DEATHS.

(For Certificates, see p. 343.)

In England and Wales .- When a death takes place, personal information of it must be given to the local Registrar of Births and Deaths, and the register signed in his presence, by one of the following persons .- x. A relative of the deceased present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness. If they fail, z. Some other relative of the deceased. In default of any relatives, 3. A person present at the death; or, the occupier of the house in which the death happened. If all the above-named fail, 4. An inmate of the house, or, the person causing the body to be buried Relatives present of in attendance are first required to attend to the registration. The registration must be made within five days of the death, or within the same time written notice of the death sent to the Registrar, accompanied by a certificate of the cause of death, agained by a registered medical practitioner, if any such attended the deceased during his last illness. If notice is sent, information must nevertheless be given and the register signed within fourteen days from the death. It is important that every death should be registered and a certificate obtained before the funeral and delivered to the clergyman or other person who performs the funeral or religious service. If at the end of fourteen days the death as not registered, the Registrar may require any one of the abovementioned persons to attend to register at a stated time and place. Failure to comply involves a penalty of forty shillings. The registration of a death is free of charge when it takes place within the above-mentioned periods, unless the Registrar is requested to attend at a residence, when a fee of one shilling is payable. After twelve months no death can be registered without the Registrar-General's consent and on

payment of fees amounting to ten shillings.

A body must not be disposed of until (1) either the Registrar has given a certificate to the effect that he has registered the death, or

the enect that he has registered the detti, or (3) until the Coroner has made a disposal order. (Births and Deaths Registration Act, 1925, 88 1, 2). A person disposing of a body must within minety-six hours deliver to the Registrar a notification as to the date, place, and means of the disposal of the belief. the disposal of the body (ib. s. 3).
"Still-born" child. (See under Births (Regis-

tration), p. 341).

Death at Sea.—The master of a British ship must record any death on board and send particulars to the Registrar-General of Shipping

Death Abroad.—Consular Officers are authorised to register deaths of British subjects occurring abroad. Certificates are procurable at Registrar-General's Office, London.

In Scotland, the rules of registration are similar, but (1) the death must be registered within 8 days; (a) the medical man concerned must give a certificate of death to the Registrar must give a certificate of death of the Registration of Births, &c. (Scotland) Act, 1854, within 7 days; (3) the informant of a death receives from the Registrar a certificate that the death has been registered.

This is given to the undertaker, who delivers it to the keeper of the cemetery. Failure to com-

ply is under penalty in all cases.

CORONERS' INQUESTS.—Coroners' inquests are held in cases of violent and unnatural deaths, such as the case of a person slain or drowned or dying suddenly, and of any person dying in prison. Coroners do not obtrude into the houses of persons for the purpose of holding inquests, but are sent for by the peace officers, to whom it is the duty of those in whose houses violent or unnatural deaths occur to make immediate communication, whilst the body remains in the same situation as when the death occurred. Inquests are not to be held on Sunday. With a view to avoiding duplication of proceedings it is now provided that if some person has been charged before examining Justices with murder manulaughter or infanticide, the Coroner shall adjourn his inquest until after conclusion of adjoint his inquest until after concusion of the criminal proceedings (Act of 1926, 8, 20). On application by the Attorney-General the High Court may order a new inquest if the interests of justice so require. A jury is only essential in the five cases specified in the Coroners (Amendment) Act, 1926, but may be summoned in any other case if the Coroner thinks fit. The jury is to be composed of not more than 12 nor less than 7 "good and lawful men" (sex disqualitication now removed). If the minority is not more than two the Coroner may accept the verdict of the majority of the jury. The jury is usually summoned from the householders residing in the neighbourhood in which the death took place. Any person summoned as a witness is bound to attend. The fine for defaulting nurmen or nutness is any sum not exceeding £5. (See, generally, the Coroners Act, 1887, and the Coroners (Amendment) Act, 1926.)

In Scotland there is no Coroner. In ordinary cases of sudden death a private inquiry is held by the Procurator Fiscal (a Crown official who is the Public Prosecutor in criminal cases in every County, see p. 340). The result of such inquiry is reported to the Loid Advocate. In the case of a death occurring in the course of an industrial employment, and in every case in which the Lord Advocate may so order, a public inquiry is held before the Sheriff and a jury.

### BURIALS.

The duty of burnal is incumbent on the deceased person's Executors (if any appointed); it is also a recognized obligation of the husband of a woman, and the parent of a child, also of a householder where the body has. Funeral a householder where the hold less. Funeral expenses of a reasonable amount will be repayable out of deceased's estate in priority to any other claims. Directions as to place and mode of burial are frequently contained in the deceased's will, or in some memorandum placed with private papers, or may have been communicated verbally to a relative. Consequently steps should be immediately taken to ascertain the deceased's wishes from the above sources. If Cremation is desired it is advisable for deceased to leave instructions in writing to that effect. Cremation may not take place if deceased has prohibited that form of burial. Under the Cremation Act, 1908, regulations are made by the Home Secretary dealing fully with the cremation of a body, disposal of sahes, etc., and containing numerous essential safe-guards. A person may legally leave directions

for the anatomical examination of his body. As to place of burial—unless closed by order in Council—the parish churchyard is the normal burying place for parishhoners, or any person dying in the Parish, but this will only nowadays apply in villages and the smaller towns. apply in Vinages and the sinaler towns. In the more populous districts cemeteries have long been established either by the local council, or a private company, and lurials will take place there in accordance with the Cemetery Regulations. For an exclusive right to a burial space in the churchyard a faculty is required from the Ecclesiastical Court. Poor persons may be buried at the public expense by a County Council or County Borough Council; and as to place of burial, &c., see Poor Law Act, 1939, 88, 75 to 78. A person being found drowned on the sea shore is to be buried by the Overseers of the Parish. As to the necessity for registration of a death before burial see Notes under Deaths, p. 344.

### DIVORCE.

Preliminary.-Matrimonial suits may be convemently divided into three classes, viz (1) those in which a declaration against marriage is sought; (a) those in which the marriage is sought to be upheld; and (3) those in which, the marriage being admitted, partial or complete divorce is sought.

(1) Nullity of Marriage.-Marriage is void ab (1) Nullity of Marriage.—Marriage is void admits of the parties were in the prohibited degrees of affinity, if it was bigamous, if there was no consent, if one of the purties was manne, or if one of the parties was under the age of consent, ie. 16—Age of Marriage Act, 1929. Inability to consummate a marriage may also be a ground for avoiding it. In such a case a decree of nullity may be obtained.

(2) Restitution of Conjugal Rights.—This is a form of relief generally sought by a spouse who has been deserted. Disobedience to a decree of restitution of conjugal rights, although two years have not elapsed, at once constitutes desertion; and such desertion, if coupled with the husband's adultery, whether committed before or after the decree of restitution, is a ground for granting to the wife a decree of dissolution of marriage.

(3) Judicial Separation and Divorce. - The third class of suit includes the suit for judicial separation (which does not dissolve a marriage), and the suit for divorce proper (which, if successful, dissolves the marriage contract altogether and leaves the parties at liberty to marry again). and leaves the parties at interty or mary again. Either sponse may petition for judical separation on the ground of adultery, or cruelty, or of desertion without cause for two years or upwards. In such a petition a husband may claim damages from the co-respondent. A decree of judicial separation is often made the ground of a petition for divorce. A petitioner who has committed adultery which has not been condoned cannot obtain a judicial separation or a decree of restitution of conjugal rights unless there has been condonation. The fact that a petitioner has been guilty of cuelty or desertion does not, however, debar hun from a decree of judicial separation on the ground of adultery unless his conduct has conduced to the adultery.

Dirorce.-Where partial or complete divorce is sought, relief can only be obtained upon proof of certain offences which fall under two heads, namely (1) those which are offences under

ecclesiastical law, e.g., cruelty, adultery, and unnatural offences; (a) those which are offences by statute, e.g., incestuous adultery, bigamy with adultery, rape, and desertion.

If a husband seeks divorce, it is sufficient for

him to prove the wife's adultery, in which case he may obtain damages from the adulterer. In the case of a wife it was formerly not sufficient Act which came into force on July 18, 1923, she may petition for divorce on the ground that, since the marriage and the passing of the Act, her husband has been guilty of adultery. A wife can also obtain divorce if the husband has been guilty of biganty with adultery, or rape or certain other criminal offences, or of adultery coupled with such cruelty as without adultery would have entitled her to a divorce a mensa et thoro, or of adultery coupled with desertion. "Cruelty" is conduct of such a character as to have caused damage to life, limb, or health (bodily or mental), or as to give rise to a reasonable apprehension of such danger. It is cruelty wilfully and recklessly to communicate a venereal disease; and a course of conduct calculated to break the spirit of the sufferer (generally the wife), continued until health breaks down or is likely to break down under the strain, is also a ground for relief.

If a wife gives birth to a child of which her husband could not possibly be the father, that is

sufficient proof of adultery.

It is desertion in the legal sense if one party to a marriage, without the consent or against the will of the other, wilfully without cause or reasonable excuse makes the other live apart for two years or more. It is, however, a question of intention. Powell v. Powell (1922) para. 278. Formerly the only remedy for desertion was a sunt for the restitution of conjugal rights. but now desertion without cause may enable the described spouse to obtain a degree of judicial separation, and if coupled with adultery, a divorce

When the decree will be refused.—A decree must be refused, even if the suit is undefended, if the allegations in the petition for divorce are not proved. There is no such thing in the Divorce Court as judgment by default. Other absolute bars to relief are (i) connivance at the adultery of the respondent; (ii) collusion, as where the initiation of the suit is procured by agreement or bargain (but this does not prevent a fresh suit being brought free from collusion); (iii) condonation, i.e. complete forgiveness which restores the status quo. Forgiveness, without restoration of the wife to her former position, cannot amount to condonation. (Tracker

v. Crocker (1921), P. 15.) There are also certain discretionary bars, as, eg where the petitioner has been guilty of unreasonable delay, or has been guilty of such wilful neglect or misconduct as has conduced to the adultery.

Intervention by King's Proctor.—At any time during the progress of a suit for dissolution or in made absolute, the King's Proctor may intervene to show cause against making a

decree absolute.

Decree Absolute .- Every decree of dissolution or nullity is in the first instance a decree nisi, and is not made absolute until the expiration of six calendar months. The marriage subsists until the decree is made absolute. After that date either spouse may marry again, but a man may not marry the sister of his divorced wife whilst the divorced wife is alive. A divorced wife may call herself by her late husband's name Persons who have been divorced may

re-marry.

Children—When a suit has been commenced, the children should not be removed from the person in whose custody they are at the time Until a suit for indical separation, nullity, or dissolution of marriage has been dismissed, the Court may make orders for the custody, maintenance, and education of children. Either spouse may make applications for access to the children.

Almony .-- A wife may in any cause file a petition for almony (i.e., means of support) pending sunt, provided evidence of the mar-riage is adduced The right to almony con-tinues until there is a decision against the wife in the court of first instance. The amount may be agreed between the parties, otherwise onefifth of the joint meomes is generally allowed. An order for permanent alimony may be obtained by a wife who has obtained a final decree of judicial separation.

Protection Orders - A deserted wife may apply to a court of petty sessions or to the Divorce Division for an order to protect any money which has come to her after such desertion against her husband and his creditors. Disobedience to the order renders a party retaining the property liable to restore it and to pay twice

the value thereof.

Costs.—Where a suit is about to be set down
for hearing, the wife, if she has not sufficient
separate estate, may obtain payment from her husband of a sum sufficient to cover her costs to date, and where a decree has been obtained against her for judicial separation on the ground of adultery, she may defend herself at his expense should he afterwards bring a suit for dissolution of marriage. If a suit be decided against a wife who has separate estate, she may be condemned in costs. A co-respondent may be ordered to pay the whole or any part of the costs of the proceedings.

### SEPARATION BY AGREEMENT.

Husband and wife may agree, with or without consideration, to separate and live apart, but the agreement, to be valid, must be followed by an immediate separation. Although usually made by deed, a mere oral agreement is binding If made, however, with a view to facilitating divorce proceedings it is void. A wife is not bound by a separation agreement if she was forced to make it by threats of violence. A clause which binds the husband to give up the custody of the children will be enforced, unless the Court is of opinion that it is not for their benefit. The agreement usually contains mutual covenants not to sue for the restitution of conjugal rights -- a covenant by the husband not to molest the wife, and a covenant by the wife or her trustee to indemnify the husband against debts contracted by her during the separation. The remedy for a breach of the agreement is specific performance.

### SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

When a husband has been guilty of assault or has deserted his wife, or has been guilty of persistent crueity, or of wilful neglect to maintain her or her infant children, or where he is an habitual drunkard, the wife may obtain relief from a Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

By an Act which came into force on Sept. 30, 1925, the following grounds for an application were added to those already existing (a) cruelty to her children, (b) that her husband insists on having marital relations while suffering from a veneral disease, (c) that he has compelled her to submit herself to prostitution. A husband may apply on the ground that the wife has been cruel to his children. Relief may also be obtained by a husband whose wife is an habitual drunkard. The Court may wife is an habitual drunkard. The Court may declare that the applicant is no longer bound to cohabit with the other spouse. Where a wife is the applicant, the legal custody of children under sixteen may be given to her, and the husband may be ordered to pay a weekly sum not exceeding £z. Where the husband applies, the custody of all the children of the marriage way be given to hus and the wife may be commay be given to him, and the wife may be committed to an inebriates home. If the wife has been guilty of adultery, no order will be made on her application unless there was condonation; and if, having obtained an order, she commits adultery, the order may be discharged, but not if the court is of opinion that the hisband conduced to the adultery by failing to make payment of the separation allowances. An order may be altered, varied or discharged at any time on cause being shown. All applications for relief must be made within six months of the ground of complaint.

### DOMESTIC SERVANTS.

"Domestic Servant" signifies, in law, a person employed in and about a residence, e.g., cook, buttler, gardener, &c.: but does not include, e.g., a governess or tutor. By general cude, e.g., a governess or tutor. By general custom, one calendar month's notice, given at any time on either side, is required to terminate the contract of domestic service, but the Courts have recognized a custom for termination at the end of the first month if notice is given at the end of the first fortnight.

Dismissal without notice is justified in the event of wilful disobedience to a reasonable order, gross misconduct, dishonesty, incompetence, or permanent incapacity. A "character," however unfavourable, is a privileged statement, so long as given without malicious intent.

The Workmen's Compensation Acts impose serious liabilities upon an employer in the event of death or disablement of a servant from an accident in the course of employment, and prudent employers will protect themselves by a Policy, which can be obtained through the leading Insurance Companies for a small annual premium.

### THE FRANCHISE.

The Representation of the People (Equal Franchise) Act, 1928, considerably amended both the qualifications for the franchise and the mode of registration of electors, and assimilated the franchises for men and women both for Parliamentary and Local Government elections

### PARLIAMENTARY.

The qualifications for the franchise are now the same for men and women. A person is entitled to be registered as a Parliamentary elector who is an years of age, and not subject to any legal incapacity; and

(a) Has the requisite residence qualification : or (b) has the requisite business premises qualifi-cation; or (c) is the husband or wife of a person Residence is the actual inhabitancy of premises, i.e., where a person's home is and where he sleeps. The residence must have been during the whole of the qualifying period, i.e., three months, in the constituency or in another constituency in the same Parliamentary borough or Parliamentary county. If not it is easential that the residence should have been successive from a Parliamentary borough or Parliamentary county contiguous to that borough or county. The Administrative County of London is treated as a Parliamentary borough.

Business premises means land or other premises of a least & to yearly value. The business premises must be occupied for the purpose of the business, profession, or trade of the person to be registered.

Universities.—A person of full age, and not subject to any legal incapacity, who has received a degree, is entitled to be registered as a Parliamentary elector for a University constituency; also a woman who has passed the final examination and fulfilled the conditions required of women by a University which did not at the time the examination was passed admit women to degrees.

### LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

The qualifications for the Local Government franchise are now the same for men and women. A person is entitled to be registered as a Local Government elector who is at years of age, and not subject to any legal incapacity; and (a) is on the last day of the qualifying period occupying as owner or tenant land or premises in the electoral area; and (b) has during the whole of the qualifying period occupied as owner or tenant any land or premises in that area; if that area is not an administrative County or a County borough, then in any administrative County or County borough in which the area is situate; or (c) is the husband or wife of a person who is entitled to be registered in respect of premises in which the person entitled, and the husband or wife reside. There is also a service qualification for the Local Government fran-chise. A person (man or woman) who unhabits any dwelling-house by virtue of any office, service or employment is deemed to occupy the dwelling house as tenant and so obtains the Local Government franchise provided the dwelling house is not inhabited by the employer.

### REGISTRATION.

Each parliamentary borough and Parliamentary county is an electoral registration area, and for each registration area there is a Registration Officer. Normally, the Town Clerk is the Registration Officer for the Parliamentary Borough and the Clerk to the County Council for the Parliamentary County. It is the duty of the Registration Officer to compile the register of all persons entitled to vote as parliamentary electors or local government electors in his area. It is also his duty to comply with any directions given by the Secretary of State as to the arrangements to be made by the Registration Officer in carrying out the registration.

The electoral lists when prepared are published by the Registration Officer. A copy can always be inspected at his office, and generally at the cluef post offices and other convenient places in the area, including Church Porches, Public Libraries, and Local Council Offices. The lists should be examined to see if the entries have

been correctly made. If not, claims and objections may be made as by notice directed.

The Index letters showing the nature of the

# qualifications of an elector are :-

R = Residence qualification.

NM = Naval or military voter.

B = Business premises qualification. O = Occupation qualification.

D = Qualification through wife's occupation.

### FOR WOMEN.

Rw = Residence qualification.

Bw = Business premises qualification.
Ow = Occupation qualification.

Dw = Qualific. through husband's occupation.

#### שומער יים צמידע

Every person registered as a parliamentary elector is entitled to vote at an election of a member to serve in Parliament. But at a General Election a person shall not vote for more than one constituency for which he or she is registered by virtue of a residence qualification, or for more than one constituency for which he or she is registered by virtue of other qualifications of any kind; which means that a person (man or woman) may, if qualified, lawfully vote twice at a General Election, but one vote must be in respect of a residence qualification, and each vote must be recorded in a different constituency.

The Blind Voters Act, 1933, enables a blind voter to be assisted in voting by a relative or friend.

### ILLEGITIMACY AND LEGITIMATION. ENGLAND AND WALES.

A man may be summoned to petty sessions on the application of the mother of a bastard child, or by the Guardians of the Poor where the child becomes chargeable to the Union or Parish; and the Justices, on his being proved to be the father of the child, may make an order requiring him to pay for its maintenance and education a sum not exceeding soc. a week. The mother has the custody of her bastard children. No person is required as father of an illegitimate child to give information concerning the birth of such child, and the register is forbidden to enter in the register the name of any person as father of the child unless at the joint request of the nother and father. Such person is in that case required to sign the register, together with the mother. An unmarried domestic servant found to be enceinte may be peremptorily dismissed without her consent a servant supposed to be enceinte renders the employer liable to an action.

LEGITIMATION.—By the Legitimacy Act, 1926, which came into force on Jam. 1, 1927, where the parents of an illegitimate person marry or have married whether before or after that date, the marriage, if the father is at the date thereof donnelled in England or Wales, renders that person, if living, legitimate as from Jan. 1924, or from the date of the marriage, which ever last happens. This does not legitimate a person whose father or mother was married to a third person at the time when the illegitimate person to the date of the marriage and the time when the illegitimate person to the date of the parents to supply information for re-registration of the birth

of a legitimated child.

How to Secure Legitimacy.—A person claiming that he, his parent, or any remoter ancestor has become legitimated, may petition the High

Court under the Legitimacy Declaration Act, 1858, or the County Court for the necessary declaration.

Rights of Legitimated Persons to take Interest in Property.-A legitimated person may take property under an intestacy occurring after the date of legitimation, or under any disposition (e.g. a will) coming into operation after such date, as if he had been legitimate

Rights and Duties of Legitimated Person .must maintain all persons whom he would be bound to maintain had he been born legitimate, and he is entitled to the benefit of any Act of Parliament which confers rights on legitimate persons to recover damages or compensation. The Act specially provides that nothing therein contained is to render any person capable of succeeding to or transmitting a right to any dignity or title.

Persons Legitimated by Extraneous Law -Broadly speaking, the Act provides that persons properly legitimated abroad shall be recognized as legitimated in England and Wales.

#### SCOTLAND.

Illegitimate Children (Scotland) Act, 1930.— The mother of an illegitimate child may obtain a decree of affiliation and alment against the father. The process may be raised either in the father. The process may be raised either in the Court of Session or the Sheriff Court, but usually is in the Sheriff Court. Where in any action of affiliation and aliment the Court fluds that the defender is the father of the child, the Court shall in awarding any sum in name of mlying expenses, or in name of aliment, have regard to the means of the pursuer and the defender, and the whole circumstances of the case. The court may, upon application by the mother or by the father of any illegitimate child, or in any action for aliment for an illegitimate child, make such order as it may think fit regarding the custody of such child and the right of access thereto of either parent, having regard to the welfare of the child and to the conduct of the parents and to the wishes as well of the mother as of the father and may on the application of either parent recall or vary such order. The obligation of the mother and of the father of an illegitumate child to provide alment for such child shall (without prejudice to any obligation attaching at common law) endure until the child attains

the age of sixteen years.

By Scots Law an illegitimate child is legitimated by the subsequent marriage of its parents provided there was no impediment to the marriage of the parents at the time of the conception of the child. Such legitimation is recognised by International Law so far as the laws of particular countries allow it. It is valid in England except that such a child cannot succeed to real estate in England on intestacy. After the marriage of the parents such a child may be registered as legitimate by warrant of the Sheriff.

### JURY SERVICE.

Preliminary.-The juries with which the public are most concerned are the grand juries; juries summoned to try causes in the High Court, at assizes and county courts; and those summoned to try caminal cases at assizes, the Old Bailey, and courts of Quarter Sessions, and coroners' juries.

Qualifications .- All natural-born subjects of

more, being men or women between 21 and 60, are

liable to serve as jurors.

The sex disqualification was removed in 1919, and women are now liable to serve, but a judge may order that the jury shall be composed of men only or of women only, or may, on an application made by a woman, grant her exemption in respect of any case by reason of the nature of the evi-

dence to be given or of the issues to be tried

The qualification of a juror is a property one that is to say, he or she must be a person who owns property or pays rates. A householder or shopkeeper in the City of London who owns personal estate worth Loo; a resident in a county or borough owning Loo a year in real householder in a county or bonough owning loo a year in real householder in a county or bonough occupying a property whose net annual value is assessed property whose net annual value is assessed at not less than £30 a year in Middlesex and the County of London, or £20 in other counties, and occupiers of houses with not less than fifteen windows, are all compellable to serve as jurors unless exempted or disqualified

Exemptions and Disqualifications — Aliens (subject as above), felous, lunatics, imbeciles, deaf or blind persons are disqualified from serving on juries, while the following classes of persons (amongst others) are exempt—peers, members and officers of both Houses of Parliament, clergymen and priests, ministers of any congregation of Protestant dissenters and Jews, whose meeting place is duly registered, judges, barristers, solicitors (if practising), officers of the supreme court, magistrates, clerks of the peace, sheriffs' officers and servants of such officers, justices of the peace, members of local bodies, governors of prisons and gaslers, super-intendents, &c., of lunatic asylums, doctors and pharmaceutical chemists (if actually practising), dentists, officers and men in Navy, Army, Arr and Territorial Forces, licensed pilots, postal, custom and inland revenue servants.

Special exemption.—A judge, and, by virtue of S. 3 of the Juries Act, 1922, the sheriff, may for good reason excuse attendance on any particular IUIT

Jury Lists.—Lists of juries are now prepared in accordance with the Juries Act, 1922. the names of persons apparently qualified as Jurors being so marked on the Electors Lists (exhibited at Town Halls, Public Libraries, in church porches, &c). Persons who deem them-selves to be entitled to be exempted should communicate with the registration officer, for all whose names appear on the Jury List as nually settled are hable to serve. Grand Juries.—Grand juries were abolished

by the Administration of Justice Act 1933, except in the case of indictments for offences

eveels in the case of multiments for one more muler certain Acts of Parliament (6 only) before grand juries of London and Middlesex.

Juries in Criminal and Civil cases.—An accused person indicted for an offence is tried by a "jury sworn." A "panel" of jurors are summoned to attend the court on a particular and the court on the particular and the court on the particular and the court on the particular and the court on the particular and the court on the particular and the court on the particular and the court on the particular and the court on the particular and the court on the particular and the court of the particular and the court of the particular and the court of the particular and the court of the particular and the court of the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particular and the particul day, and it is from amongst them that the jury who are to try the prisoners are selected jury who are to try the prisoners are selection at random (an interesting note on the selection of jurors will be found in Halsbury's Laurs of England, Vol. 18, p. 246). In a criminal case the prisoner has a right of challenge which is of two kinds—a challenge to the array—i.e., the whole number of jurors summoned (which is so rare that it need not be further considered) the King and aliens domiciled for ten years or and a challenge to the poll, i.e., to individual

jurors, which may be peremptory or for cause. jurors, which may be peremptory or for cause. Peremptory challenge, or challenge without cause, exists only as of right in treason and felony, and the prisoner can only challenge a limited number without reason. In the exercise of this right prisoners frequently object to the women on the jury. "Challenge for cause" sometimes takes place on the ground that the proposed juror is a peer or is alleged to have committed some crime which makes him infamous.

Except upon trials for murder, treason, and treason felony juries after being sworn may separate, e.g., for lunch and at night. The verdict must be given in open court in the presence of all the jurors, and in cases of treason and felony in the presence of the defendant. It must be unanimous, except that m civil cases the parties may agree to take a majority verdict.

Special Juries - Special Jurors are selected operat Juries—special Jurors are selected from persons having larger property qualifica-tions, e.g., the occupier of dwelling house in a large town rated at not less than £100. Trial is generally by Common Jury, but in any cause or matter at Assizes or in the High Court and

order for a Special Jury may be obtained in certain cases.

Payment of Jurors.—A Special Juror is en-titled to a fee of one gumea for each case in which he is sworn to act, whereas a Common Jury is only entitled to is. on each cause tried in the High Court or a County Court, and on Circuit, 8d. In Crimmal Cases the jury is entitled to and, in fact, receives nothing. At Inquests, held before Coroners, the jurous are entitled to such fee as the local authority may permit the coroner to pay.

A puror is not accountable for, nor will any action he against him, in respect of anything said or done by him in discharge of his office. If he fail to appear in the High Court or at assizes when duly summoned he may have to pay a fine of £10, while non-appearance at a county court

may involve a fine of £5.

Coroners' Junes. — (See Deaths — Coroner's Inquests, page 344.)

### LEGAL AID FOR THE POOR.

Civil Cases.

A system now exists for giving legal aid to poor persons in civil proceedings—including divorce—administered by the Law Society, Chancery Lane, W.C. 2, and through various Provincial Law Societies. Under this system committees are now established throughout England and Wales. Anyone desiring this form of aid may apply to the nearest "Poor Persons Committee" for a Poor Persons Certificate, and if this is granted a Solicitor and Counsel will be allotted to act without remuneration. The Certificate can be given if the poor person is not worth £50 (excluding wearing apparel and trade tools) and the usual income does not exceed £2 a week. In special circumstances above figures may be £100, and £4 a week. The Committee may require the poor person to deposit a sum not exceeding £5 (in the first instance) to cover out-of-pocket expenses of the conducting solicitor.

Divorce proceedings under the Poor Persons system may be commenced at the Divorce Registry in London or in one of the numerous District Registries in the Provinces now autho-

may be in London or at the Assizes at one of the many towns at which Divorce business may now be taken under the Rules of the Supreme Court.

### Criminal Cases.

The Poor Prisoners Defence Act, 1930, provides for free legal aid in criminal proceedings in specified cases and official lists are kept of apecined cases and official mass are kept of soluctors and barristers willing to undertake the defence of poor pusoners. On trial for an Indictable offence the person charged may have free legal aid, if Justices or Judge of trial count grant a Defence Cert meate. If the person's means are insufficient, such Certificate may be granted in cases where desirable, and must be given for a murder charge. In Courts of Summary Jurisdiction, assuming insufficient means, a Defence Certificate may be granted to a person if considered desirable to do so owing to gravity of charge or exceptional circumstances.

Scotland -In every town there are Solicitors for the Poor, and in the Court of Session there are Counsel for the Poor, all of whom act graintously. Any class of hitigation may be undertaken for poor persons, but the operation of the "Poors' Roll" is chiefly important in matrimonial and bastardy cases Legal services matrimonial and hastardy cases Legal services are rendered free of charge, and no Court dues are payable. In cases of divorce application must be made to the Court of Session. In cases of separation simply, application may be made to the Sheiff Court. The means that preclude a person from the benefit of the Poors' Roll are not fixed, and each application depends on its own circumstances. The Poors' Roll was established in 1424.

### MARRIAGES.

### BY BANNS OR LICENCE.

BANNS OF MARRIAGE. - The Marriage Act, 1823, prescribes audible publication according to the rubuc, on three Sundays preceding the ceremony, after the Second Lesson. Where the parties reside in different parishes, the banus must be published in both, the minister giving his certificate of the same to be handed to the numster of the parish where the marriage takes place. Under the Marriage Measure 1939, banus may be published and marriage solemnized in the parish church which is the usual place of worship of the persons to be married or either of them although neither of such persons dwells in such parish; but this publication of banns is in addition to any other publication required by law. The law provides specially for the case where one of the parties resides in Scotland, the publication being then in the place in England in which the party resides, and according to the custom in Scotland in the place where the other party reside. It may be noted that, by Scottish law only, omission to publish the bauns does not invalidate the publish the baths does not invalidate the mairiage, because it would still stand as an irregular marriage carried out by consent before witnesses (see sub-tit., "Marriages in Scotland," post). The names by which the parties are known are sufficient for publication of banus, so that a variance from the strict baptismal name is not amportant. Where wrong names are designedly given, for the purpose of concealment or otherwise, the case is different, and the marriage may be null and void (Midgeley v. Wood, 30 L.J. District Registries in the Provinces now author (P.M.A.) 57), but if a wrong and fraudulent name rised for the purpose, and the trial or hearing is given by one party, and the other party

is innocent, the validity of the marriage is not

After the lapse of three months from the last time of publication, the banns become useless, and the parties must either obtain a licence, or submit to the republication of banus. The minister ought to satisfy himself that the parties are of full age, or that the consent of parents is obtained, and it is usually on the score of insufficiency of age that banns are "forbidden." By the Marriage Act 1836, a mairiage may be performed in church on the superintendent registrar's certificate without banus, provided that the incumbent's consent is obtained. One of the parties must be resident within the *Beckenastical* panish of the church in which the marriage is to take place.

MARRIAGE LICENCES are of two kinds-(1) a Common or Ordinary Licence dispensing with the necessity for Banns granted by the Archbishops and Bishops, through their Surrogates, for marriage in any church or chapel duly liceused for marriages. (2) a Special Licence granted by the Archbishop of Canterbury for marriage at any time or in any place on good reason being abown (see below). It is a felony for any clergyman to marry the parties in the absence of banus or licence; and every Registrar or other person who knowingly unduly solemnizes a marriage is also guilty of felony. By withee of the Marriage Act, x886, the hours for marriage

are now from 8 a.m. to 3 p.m.
GENERAL NOTES.—The minister should be careful that there are two or more witnesses present, and that two witnesses attest the entries in the register books, which are kept in

duplicate.

All civil jurisdiction over marriage was taken away from the Ecclesiastical Courts by the Divorce Act of 1857. An incumbent may refuse to marry a divorced person whose marriage has been dissolved for his or her adultery, but must allow another clergyman of the diocese to per-

form the service.

A MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE is nothing more than a copy of the entry in the church register; and the customary fee is 28. 6d., and a stamp duty of 1d. Searches in the register-books may be made on payment of small fees, viz., zs. for a single year, and 6d. additional for every other year. There are small fees, regulated by custom, on the certificate given of banns in one parish for marriage in another. MARRIAGE FEES are not uniform, and if excessive there is power with the Diocesan Chancellor to moderate them. With those who are in a position to afford it, it is usual to pay a guinea to the clergyman, and 5s. to the clerk; and the usual fees are paid although a strangerclergyman be invited to perform the service.

INFANTS cannot be lawfully married without INFANTS cannot be lawfully married without the consent of certain persons (onde Ghardiauship of Infants Act, 1925. Sec. 9 and Schedule). Where both parents are living both must consent; where one is dead, the survivor; or if there is a guardian appointed by the deceased, the guardian and the survivor. The Age of Meriage Act, 1929, prohibits any marriage where either party is under 16 years of age.

MARRIAGE LICENCES FOR ESTABLISHED CHURCH.

MARRIAGE LICENCES can be obtained in London by application at the Faculty Office (as Knight-rider St., Doctors' Commons, E.C.4), at the Vicar-General's Office (x The Sanctuary, Westminster;

S.W.r.), and at the Bishop of London's Diocesan Registry (1 Dean's Court, Doctors' Commons, E.C.4), by one of the parties about to be married. In the country they may be obtained at the offices of the Bishop's Registrars, but licences obtained at the Bishop's Diocesan Registry only enable the parties to be married in the diocese in which they are issued; those procured at the Faculty Office are available for London and all England and Weles: those proured at the Vicar-General's Office (hours in both offices to to 4; Saturdays to to z) are available for London and all England, except the Province of York. No instructions, either verbal or in writing, can be received, except from one of the parties. Affidavits are prepared from the personal instructions of one of the parties about to be married, and the licence is delivered to the party upon payment of fees amounting to thirty shillings, in addition to the cost of stamp, xos. od. No previous notice is required and the licence is available as soon as it is issued. The cost of licences through a clerical surrogate in the country varies, according to the diocese, from £x 155. to £2 125. 6d. By the 4th George IV. c. 76, it is enacted, in order to avoid fraud and collusion in obtaining licences for marriage, that before any such licence be granted one of the parties shall make an affidavit that there is no legal impediment to the intended marriage; and also that one of such parties hath had his or her usual place of abode for the space of fifteen days immediately preceding the issuing of the licence within the parish or ecclesiastical district in the church of which the marriage is to be solemnized. In the country there may generally be found a parochial clergyman (Surrogate) before whom the affidavit may be taken, and whose office it is to deliver the licence personally to the applicant. (In some Dioceses it is necessary for the Surrogate to procure the licence from the Bishop's registry.)

A Licence continues in force for three months

from its date.

SPECIAL LICENCES are granted by the Archbishop of Cauterbury, under special circumstances, for marriage at any place with or without previous residence in the district, or at any time, &c.; but the reasons assigned must meet with his Grace's approval. Application must with his Graces approvant approvant in the better to The Faculty Office, 23 Knightrider Street, Doctors' Commons, E.C. 4 (tel., 6834 Central). Fees for licence stamp, &c., £25.

BEFORE A REGISTRAR AND IN NON-CONFORMIST BUILDINGS.

Marriages can take place in a District Register Office or in a Nonconformist building registered for marriages, (1) by Certificate, (2) by Licence. Notice of such marriages must be given personally to the Superintendent Registrar, a Registrar of Births and Deaths, a Registrar of Marriages, or the deputy of such officer. A marriage at a register office takes place in the presence of the Registrar of Marriages and the Superintendent Registrar; a marriage at a registered building takes place in the presence of the Registrar of Marriages, unless it is had under the provisions of the Marriage Act, 1898, respecting which see below. In each case the presence of at least two witnesses is necessary.

NOTICE OF MARRIAGE BY CERTIFICATE If both parties reside in the same registration district, they must both have resided there for seven days before the notice can be given. may then be given by either party.

If the parties reside in different registration districts, notice must be given by each to a registration officer in the district in which he or she resides, and the preliminary residential qualification of seven days must be fulfilled by each before the notice can be given.

#### NOTICE OF MARRIAGE BY LICENCE.

One notice only is necessary, whether the parties live in the same or in different registration districts, and either party may give the notice.

If both live in the same district, one of them must have lived there for fifteen days before

the notice can be given.

If they live in different districts, and both have fulfilled the necessary residential qualification, notice may be given in either district. If one only has fulfilled the qualification, the notice must be given in the district in which the residence has been fulfilled, and the other party must be resident in England or Wales when the notice is given.

The notice contains particulars as to names, ages residence, length of residence, and the building in which the marriage is to take place. It also contains a declaration that there is no legal impediment to the marriage, and, in the case of minors, that the consent of the person whose consent to the marriage is required by law, has been duly given. A person making a false declaration renders himself or herself hable to prosecution for perjury.

### ISSUE OF CERTIFICATE (WITHOUT LICENCE)

After the lapse of twenty-one clear days from the date of the entry of the notice notice notice to the Superintendent Registrar may, provided no impediment is shown, issue his certificate for the marriage, which can then take place at any time within three calendar months from the date of the entry of the notice.

### ISSUE OF CERTIFICATE AND LICENCE.

After the lapse of one week-day (not Christmas Day or Good Friday) from the date of entry of the notice, the Superintendent Registrar may, provided no impediment is shown, issue his certificate and licence for the marriage, which can then take place on any day within three calendar months from the date of entry of the notice.

### DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED AT THE MARRIAGE.

(1) Marriage by Certificate :-

a. If both parties live in the same district:—The certificate of the Superintendent Registrar of that district.

 b. If they live in different districts — A certificate from the Superintendent Registrar of each district.

(a) Marriage by Licence.—The certificate and licence of the Superintendent Registrar of the district in which the notice is given.

### PLACE OF MARRIAGE.

The marriage must generally take place at a building within the district of residence of one of the parties, but if the usual place of worship of either is outside the district of his or her residence, it may take place in such usual place of worship, provided that it is not more than two miles distant from the boundary of the district in which the notice is given; and if there is not within the district of residence of either party a registered building within which

marriages are solemnized according to the rites and ceremonies of the religious denomination to which the parties belong, it may take place in a registered building of the required denomination in the nearest district.

### MARRIAGE CEREMONY.

The marriage must be solemnized between the hours of 8 a.n., and 3 p.m., with open doors:—
"I do solemnly declare that I know not of any lawful impediment why I, A, B,, may not be joined in matrimony to C, D."; and cuch of the parties minst say to the other, "I call upon these persons here present to witness that I, A, B, do take thee, C, D, to be my lawful wedded wife for hisband!," A wedding-ring may be, and is generally, used at a mairriage at a register office.

### MARRIAGE ACT, 1898.

The presence of a Registrar of Marriages is not necessary at marriages at Nonconformist registered buildings which have adopted the provisions of this Act. The Act (which does not apply to Scotland or Ireland, or to marriages according to the mages of the Jews or of the Scotlety of Friends) provides for the appointment of an "authorised person" (a person, usually the minister or an official of the building certified by the trustees or governing body as having been duly authorised for the purpose) who must be present at and must register the marriage. If the presence of a Registrar is required at a marriage at a building at which the provisions of the Act have been adopted, the fact must be sinted when notice of the marriage is given, and the consent of the numster or trustees to the Registrar's attendance must be obtained.

The parties must at some time during the ceremony make the following declarations.—

"I do solemnly declare that I know not of any lawful impediment why I, A, B, may not be joined in materimony to C, D."

Also each of the parties must say to the other:—
"I call upon these persons here present to witness that I, A, B, do take thee, C, D, to be any lawful wedded wife [n] husband]";

or, in hen thereof —
"I, A. B., do take thee, C. D., to be my wedded wife [or husband]."

FEES OF SUPERINTENDENT REGISTRARS.

For entering notice of a mairrage by s. d certificate in the mairrage notice-book x c

For entering notice of a marriage by heence in the marriage notice-book. . For a certificate for mainiage without

Stamp duty on a hoence for mannage . re For a marriage by certificate in the presence of a Registran ......

For a marriage by hence in the presence

For a marriage by licence the total fees are £2 128. od.

### NAVAL MARRIAGES ACT, 1908.

Any officer, seaman, or marine borne on the books of one of His Majesty's ships at sea

who wishes to marry may, if the marriage is to take place at a register office or a Nonconformist registered building, give notice to his commanding officer, who, after the lapse of twenty-one clear days, can issue a certificate for the marriage. The other party must give notice in the usual way to a registration officer in the district in which she resides.

If the marriage is to take place by ceremony of the Church of England, the chaplain or commanding officer must publish the banns on board the ship on three successive Sundays: he can then issue a certificate of publication of banus The banus must also be published in the church

in which the marriage is to take place.

No marriage by heence can take place under this Act.

### MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION RESPECTING MARRIAGES.

" Naval, Military and Air Force Chapels.-The use of such Chapels for solemnization of marriages, either according to the rites of the Church of England, or otherwise, and for the publication of Banns, &c., is now regulated by the Marriage (Naval, Military and Air Force

Chapels) Act, 1932"
In Wales, and in places where the Welsh tongue is used, the declaration and contracting words may be said in Welsh, as provided by Section 23 of the Marriages and Registration Act, 1837

Jewish Marriages — If both parties are Jews,

they must give notice to a registration officer in the usual way, and may marry according to their usages in a synagogue, which has a certified marriage secretary, or private dwelling-house at any hour; the marriage must be registered by the secretary of the synagogue of which the man is a member.

Friends.-If both parties are members of the Society of Friends (Quakers), or if, not being in membership, they have been authorised by the Society of Friends to solemnize their marriage in accordance with its usages, they must give notice to a registration officer, and may be married in a Friends' meeting-house; the marriage must be registered by the registering officer of the Society appointed to act for the district in which the meeting-house is situated.

The presence of a Registiar of Mariages is not necessary at such marriages of Jews or members of the Society of Friends.

### MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

marriage may take place at a registered building before a Registrar without religious ceremony if the consent of the trustees is obtained,

If parties who have been married at a register office desire to go through a religious ceremony at a church, they may do so on production to the incumbent of a certificate of the register office marriage, but this ceremony is not recorded as a marriage in the register books.

A divorced person desiring to marry again in a register office or registered building must give notice to the Superintendent Registrar, to whom a copy of the divorce decree must be produced.

Relaxations have been made by Marriage (Prohibited Degrees of Relationship) Acts, 1907 to 1931, which successively permitted the following marriages, i.e

With a deceased wife's sister.

Act—1907. Act—1921. deceased brother's widow. deceased wife's brother's

daughter.

Act-1931.

With a deceased wife's sister's daughter. Act—r931.

father's deceased brother s widow. do.

mother's deceased brother's do. widow.

deceased wife's father's sister. do. deceased wife's mother's sister. do. brother's deceased son's widow. do. sister's deceased son's widow. do.

No clergyman can be compelled to solemnize any of the foregoing marriages, but he may allow his church to be used for the purpose by another minister.

During the lifetime of a person upon whose decease a mairiage is now authorized (but which would otherwise be prohibited owing to affinity), it is not lawful for such a marriage to be contracted.

### MARRIAGE IN ENGLAND OR WALES WHEN ONE PARTY LIVES IN SCOTLAND OR

Notice for a marriage by a Superintendent Registrar's certificate in a register office or Registrar's certificate in a register office of registered building may be given in the usual way by the party resident in England. As regards Scotland, the party there, after a residence of fifteen days, should apply to the session clerk to publish banns; as regardingly the party there, after a residence of seven days, minst give notice to the District Registrar of Marriages. Notice cannot be given for such marriages to take place by the hoence of the Suremy tendent Registrar. of the Superintendent Registrar.

Marriage of such parties may take plac-in a church of the Church of England after the publication of banus, or by Ecclesiastical licence

### MARRIAGES OF BRITISH SUBJECTS ABROAD.

British subjects may contract a valid marriage in a foreign country provided they conform to the provisions of the Foreign Marriages Act 1892. One of the parties to the marriage only need be a British subject.

Where a marriage according to the local law of a foreign country is valid by English law, then, before the marriage is solemnized in that country under the Act, the marriage officer as defined by the Act must be satisfied—

(a) That both parties are British subjects; or,

(b) If only one of the parties is a British subject, that the other is not a subject or citizen of the country; or,

(c) If only one of the parties is a British subject and the other a subject or citizen of the country, that sufficient facilities do not exist for the solemnization of the marriage in the foreign country in accordance with the law of that country; or,

(d) If the man is a British subject and the woman a subject or citizen of the country, that no objection will be taken by the authorities of the country to the solemniza-tion of the marriage under the Act.

In the case of any marriage under the Act, where the woman is a British subject and the man a foreigner, the marriage officer must be satisfied-

(a) That the marriage will be recognized by the law of the country to which the foreigner belongs; or,

0 10

(b) That some other marriage ceremony in addition to that under this Act has taken place, or is about to take place, between the parties, and that such other ceremony is recognized by the law of the country to which the foreigner belongs; or,

(c) That the leave of the Secretary of State has been obtained.

The marriage must be selemnized by or before

a marriage officer as defined by the Act.

It is necessary for one of the parties to the intending marriage to sign a notice stating the name, surname, profession, condition, and residence of each of the parties, and whether each of the parties is or is not a minor, and to give the notice to the marriage officer within whose district both of the parties have had their residence not less than one week then next preceding, and the notice must state that they have so

If the parties reside in different districts, such notice must be given to the marriage officer of the district before whom the intended marriage is to be solemnized, by the party who has resided for a period of not less than one week within the district of such marriage officer

If one of the parties resides (a) in the United Knugdom, or (b) in a Colony or India (a) notice must be given in like manner as if the party so resident were about to be married in that part of the United Kingdom in which he or she resides, and in England or Ireland must be given to the superintendent registrar or registrars, and in Scotland must be given by proclamation of bains, and (b) such notice must be given by the party dwelling in such Colony or in India as may be provided by any law of that Colony or of the Governor-General of India in Council, or in like manner as if the party were about to be married in that place.

If the non-resident party has dwelt in the district of a mairiage officer in a foreign country notice must be given by that party in like manner as if the marriage were to be solemnized by or before such marriage officer, or if the place in a foreign country at which the non-resident party has dwelt as not within the district of a mairiage officer the notice may be given to any person authorised by the Secretary of State to receive such notices. Where neither party has resided for a period of not less than one week within the district of the maniage office before whom the intended marriage is to be solemnized, and (a) the marriage cannot conveniently be solemnized at the place where either of the parties has had his or her usual place of abode, or (b) the permission of the Secretary of State has been obtained, notice must be given by each of the parties in the place where he or she has had his or her usual place of abode for a period of not less than one week immediately preceding the giving of such notice in the prescribed manner, and a certificate of the giving of such notice obtained.

If the Secretary of State is satisfied that for some good reason the party has not been able to give the required notice and that the marriage is not clandestine and that adequate notice has been given, he may permit the marriage to be solemnized.

Before the marriage is solemnized each of the parties must make on outli

(a) That he or she believes that there is no impediment;

(b) that both the parties have had their usual place of residence in the district of the consular marriage officer for three weeks immediately preceding, or if they have not both resided there during three weeks then that one of them has so resided, and stating the place where the party who has not so resided has within three months immediately preceding had for three consecutive weeks his or her usual place of abode, and the notice that has been given in that place, or, if neither party has resided there, stating the place or places where each party has within three months immediately preceding had for three weeks his or her usual place of abode, and the notices that have been given in those places.

After the expiration of 14 days after the notice of an intended mairrage has been entered, then if no lawful impediment to the marriage is shown, and the marriage has not been forbidden in manner provided by the Act, the marriage may be solemnized. A consular officer holding a warrant for a district can only solemnize a marriage at his own official house. Parties residing within a consular district who may wish to be married under the Act must go to the consular officer provided with a warrant for that district, two or more witnesses are required to be present.

The following fees for marriages under the Foreign Marriage Act are payable to His Majesty's Government:—

For receiving notice of an intended £ s. d. marriage.. .... 0 10 0 For receiving notice of a caveat....... 0 ٥ For every marriage solemnized by or in

the presence of a Marriage Officer and registered by him For certificate by a Marriage Officer of notice having been given and posted up,in case of one of the parties residing outside the consular district in which

the marriage is to take place. .. For attendance by consular officer at a marriage solemnized in accordance with the local law and for registration

of the same . ..... Marriages may be solemnized 8 a m to 3 p.m. No religious ceremony is required, but any form according to the creed of the contracting parties may be used. The presence of the duly authorised Marriage Officer is, however, necessary to render the marriage valid. If the ceremonial be that of the Church of England, it can only be performed by a clergyman of that Church.

Marriages solemnized under the Foreign Marriage Acts are legal by English law when both parties are British subjects, and also when only one of them is a British subject, but such marriages are not necessarily valid out of His Majesty's dominions. In cases where one of the parties is a subject of the country where the marriage is proposed to take place, or of a third country, the party in question must previously comply with the requirements of the marriage law of the country to which he or she belongs, so far as it may be possible to do so, in order to render such marriage also valid by the law of that country

An Englishwoman married to a foreigner fol-

lows the nationality of her husband. In Germany and Switzerland marriages by any foreign consular officer are, in the absence of any treaty stipulations, strictly prohibited.

A marriage which would not be valid in England would be equally invalid if solemnized in an embassy, legation, or consulate abroad. For instance, marriages within the prohibited degrees of consanguinity or affinity would not be valid.

A marriage between Christians in India may

be proved in England by an India Office certificate (Braid v. Braid, 1909, 25 T L R. 646).

Marriages may also be solemnized under the

"Foreign Marriages Act, 1892," before the com-manding officer of any of His Majesty's ships on a foreign station provided he be of such rank and of such vessel as is for the time being authorised for that purpose by Admiralty instructions.

MARRIAGES ABROAD WITH FOREIGNERS

ACCORDING TO FOREIGN LAW,
ACT OF 1906. - Under the Marriage with
Foreigners Act, 1906, any British subject desiring to be married in a foreign country to a foreigner according to the law of the country may, after giving notice of the marriage, obtain a certificate from the registrar that there is no legal impediment to the marriage. In order to obtain the certificate, the rules set out in the schedule to the Act must be complied with. Any persons may enter an objection to a certificate, the validity of which will be decided by the Registrar-General.

A marriage by repute which is valid by the law of the domicile in a foreign country will be recognised as valid by the English courts (re Green Noyes v. Pitkin, 1909, 25 T.L.R. 222).

## MARRIAGES IN SCOTLAND.

According to the law of Scotland marriage is a contract which is completed by the nutual consent of parties. No formalities are required and no consent of parents or guardians is neces-sary. It can be contracted by a male over 16 years of age and a female over 16 (Age of Marriage Act, 1929). Marriages may be "regular" or "irregular."

A regular marriage is one which is relebrated by a Minister of religion after due notice by the publication of lanns or publication by the Registrar. Any Minister of any denomination (including a person officiating at a Quaker wedding) who performs the coremony is reckoned to be a minister of religion. It must be per-formed before two witnesses and one of the parties must have resided in Scotland for at least 15 days before the ceremony. Public pro-clamation is made by (a) banns or (b) notice by the Registrar. Banus must be proclaimed in the parish church of both parties. It is ordered that the proclamation of banns should be made three times, but by immemorial practice pro-clamation on one Sunday is sufficient. The Clerk of the Kirk Session of the Parish takes in notices of banns and issues certificates of proclamation. The fee for proclamation may of banns is only valid for three months.
Under the Marriage Notices (Scotland) Act,

1878, a notice posted up in a conspicuous or accessible place on the board or outer wall of the Registrar's office is equivalent to the proclamation of banus. Exhibition is made for seven consecutive days. Objection may be made within other seven days. If no objections are lodged the Registrar issues a certificate : fee, zs. 6d Such certificate of publication is only valid for three months. Under the Naval Marriages Act, 1908, banns may be published on board one of His Majesty's ships where an officer. where an officer, seaman or Marine on the ship's books wishes to but for ordinary passenger motor cars (adapted

contract a marriage in Scotland. A declaration contract a marriage in Scotland. A declaration under the Marriage Notices (Scotland) Act already referred to may also be filled up and the officer commanding the ship may grant a certificate.

Irregular Marriages are survivals of modes of marriage which were general throughout Europe in mediæval times, Scotland having disregarded the decrees of the Council of Trent invalidating irregular marriages; Scotland following the ancient Canon law. These marriages may be contracted in three ways: (x) by exchange of consent before two witnesses (called in legal language per verba de presenti); (a) by promise of marriage followed by intercourse on the faith of the promise (called marriage by promise, subsequente copula); the promise, however, can only be proved by the writing or the oath of the party when action is brought; (3) by constant living together as husband and wife (called marriage by habit and repute, i.e., the general repute of the neighbourhood supported by consistent conduct. Marriage by the first mode is only valid if one of the parties has been resident in Scotland for az days before the contract is and not part of the common law of Scotland.)
"Gretna Green" marriages were abolished in 1856 by the Act 19 and 20 Victoria, Chap. 96.
Marriages thus contracted may be registered if the parties appear before the Sheriff with their witnesses and petition for registration within three months. On the Sheriff granting warrant the Registrar registers the marriage for a fee of ss. 1d. The other two forms of marriage before they are held to be valid must be declared by a decree in the Court of Session.

Marriage with a foreigner may be solemnized regularly if one of the parties has a residential qualification and provided that one party has resided in Scotland for ar days and the minister agrees to dispense with the proclamation of banns in the case of the foreigner. Marriage of a Scottish person with a foreigner, or marriage of two foreigners, may be contracted irregularly if one or other of the parties has resided in Scotland for az days.

#### MOTOR LAW.

The modern Charter of Motor Law is the Road Traffic Act 1930 and Regulations made thereunder by the Minister of Transport. This Act not only consolidated the law by repealing some thirty earlier Acts, but made numerous amendments and new provisions to keep abreast with the rapid development and modern universal use of motor vehicles. The following provisions of the law have been selected for special reference in these notes.

Age of Drivers .- The minimum ages are :for motor cycle or three-wheel combination, 16 years; for private car, 17 years, for vehicle weighing at tons unladen (or over), 21 years

Driving Licence.-As to fee, &c., see p. 603. No person to drive without a licence, nor employ a person to drive who is not licensed. To be produced to police constable on demand; but no conviction if licence produced at a police station within five days. On application for licence declaration must be made as to any physical disability, &c., certain disabilities will involve refusal of licence.

Speed Limits.—The Act prescribes Speed Limits for various Classes of Motor Vehicles.

to carry not more than seven, excluding driver) there is now no speed limit. But heavy penalties may be incurred for driving recklessly But heavy or at a speed or in manner dangerous to the public having regard to all the circumstances, nature and condition of road, amount of traffic

at the time, &c.

Pillion Riding.—Only one person (pillionaire)
on a motor-cycle in addition to driver, and then only on proper seat securely fixed behind the

driver.

Third Party Insurance.- No person may use, or permit to be used, a motor vehicle unless covered by a Policy of Insurance in respect of third-party risk. There is to be a "Certificate" of such insurance, and this certificate of insurance must be produced by a driver to a constable on demand. Under the Regulations of Transport Ministry an applicant for a car licence under the Finance Acts must with his applica-tion produce to the Licensing Authority his Certificate of Insurance.

Highway Code .- The Minister of Transport has compiled a Highway Code as authorised by the Act. It is issued with driving heence, and copies may be obtained from H.M. Stationery Office or booksellers, price rd. The code is intended as a guide to persons using the road, and may be revised from time to time. Failure to observe any provision of the code is not an offence of itself, but it may be relied on as tending to establish or negative the hability of a party in any proceedings-whether civil or criminal.

Accidents.-In the case of an accident causing damage to any person, wehicle or animal, the driver of the motor vehicle must stop, and on request of any person having reasonable grounds for so requiring, give his name and address and identification of his vehicle. If this is not done on the spot then the accident must be reported at a police station or to a constable as soon as possible, and in any case within 24 hours.

Reflecting Murrors.—Every motor vehicle, but not motor-cycle, must now be fitted with a

reflecting miror.

Motoring Organizations.—A.A. (Automobile Association), Fanum House, New Coventry Street, London, W.x; R.A.C. (Royal Automobile Club), Pall Mall, London, S.W.x; R.S.A.C. (Royal Scottash Automobile Club), 163 West, Charles (George Street, Glasgow: R.I.A.C. (Royal Irish Automobile Club), 32–34 Dawson Street, Dublin, 1

PASSPORTS.

Applications for Foreign Office Passports must be made in the form printed on the back of the Regulations (to be had on application), and enclosed in a cover addressed to "The Passport office, r Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Dartmouth Street, Westminster, S. W. r," or to "The Branch Passport Office, 36 Dalc Street, Liverpool" The charge for a Passport is 158. Passport sire issued in London between the hours of ro and 4 (Saturdays, so to r), and in Liverpool, 9.30 to 4 (Saturdays, 9.30 to r). The Passport Offices are closed on Sundays and Public Holidays (except in London between the hours of ro a m. and noon for cases of special emergency only) Pass-Ports may be obtained through the post if a Postal Order for 15s., which should be crossed, made payable to the Passport Office, is forwarded with the application. Cheques, Treasury notes or postage stamps should not be sent in payment. Application should throughly accept the payment. ment. Application should, if possible, reach the

Passport Office not less than four days before

that on which the Passport is required.

Foreign Office Passports are granted (1) to natural-born British subjects; (2) to the wives and widows of such persons; and (3) to persons naturalised in the United Kingdom, in the British Dominions or Colonies, or in India.

The wife of an alien is deemed to be an alien. The wife of an alien is deemed to be an alien. Passports are granted (2) in the case of natural-born British subjects and persons naturalised in the United Kingdom, upon the production of a Declaration by the applicant in the form printed at the back of the Regulations, verified by a Declaration made by a member or official of any Bankrup Firm established in the United Kingdom, or by any Mayor, Magistrate, Provost, Justice of the Peace, Minister of Religion, Barrister-al-law, Physician, Surgeon, Soluctor, Notury Public or Charlet ed Accountant, resident in the United Kingdom and being himself a British subject. The applicant's Certificate self a British subject. The applicant's Certificate of Birth and other evidence may also be required. Applicants serving in His Majesty's Forces may have their declarations verified by their Commanding Officers; (a) in the case of children under the age of 16 years requiring a separate Passport, upon production of a Declaration made by the child's parent or guardian in a Form (B), to be obtained upon application to the Passport Office; (3) in the case of persons naturalised in any of the British self-governing Dominions, upon pro-duction of a letter of recommendation from the High Commissioner or Agent-General in London of the State concerned. Persons naturalised or ordinarily resident in any of the Crown Colonies may be required to obtain a letter of recom-mendation from the Colonial Office.

If the applicant for a Passport be a British subject by naturalisation, the Certificate of Naturalisation must be forwarded to the Passport Office with the Declaration or letter of recommendation. British subjects by naturalisation will be described as such in their Passports, which will

be Issued subject to the necessary qualifications.
British Passports are only available for travel
to the countries named thereon, but may be
endorsed for additional countries. The possession of a Passport so endorsed does not, however, exempt the holder from compliance with any Immigration Regulations in force in British or foleign countries, or from the necessity of obtaining a visa where required.

Passports endorsed as valid for the British Empire are also available for travelling to territory under British protection or mandate, not, however, including Palestine, for which a special

endorsement must be obtained.

Foreign Office Passports are available for five years from the date of issue, unless otherwise stated. On the expiration of their period of validity they may be renewed for further consecutive periods of one to five years. In no circumstances are they available beyond ten years from the date of issue. Thereafter, or if at any time the Passport contains no further space for visas, application must be made for the issue of a new Passport.

A Passport cannot be issued or renewed by the Foreign Office on behalf of a person already abroad; such person should apply, in a foreign country, to the nearest British Mission or Consulate, or, within the British Empire, to the

nearest Passport issuing authority.
Persons resident in the Irish Free State should make application for their Passports to the Affairs, Dublin.

#### CERTIFICATION OF PHOTOGRAPHS.

Note.—It is essential that one of the two photographs of the applicant (and wife, if to be included on the Passport) should be certified on the back as shown on the Application Form

#### Safe Custody of Passports.

Passports, when not in use, should be kept in a secure place—At the expiration of the period of validity a Passport should be returned to the Passport Office

#### PAWNBROKERS' REGULATIONS.

For the TICKET

On goods pledged for more than xos ....

Note -In addition to the above, an additional charge of 1/d for each 5s or part of 5s. lent is authorized (Panubrokers Act, 1922). FOR INTEREST-

On pledges not exceeding 40s., for every

as, or part of as, per month ......
On pledges exceeding 40s., for every halfcrown or part of half a crown per month ½d. And after the first month any time not exceeding

14 days to be charged as half a month. FORFEITURE - Pledges for row. and under must be redeemed within twelve calendar months and seven days from the date of pledging. After that

they become the property of the pawnbroker.
Pledges above zoz., if not redeemed within
twelve calendar months and seven days from the
day of pledging, may be sold by auction by the
pawnbroker, but may be redeemed at any time
infore the days of sale before the day of sale.

Within three years after sale the pawner may inspect the account of the sale in the pawnbroker's inspectance countrol thesale in the pawnbrokers books on payment of one penny, and receive any surplus produced by the sale. Should there be a deficit, the pawner, or the person producing the ticket, is liable to pay the deficiency. Any deficit on sale of one pledge may be set off by the pawnbrokers exists the pawners. broker against surplus on another.

If any pledge is destroyed or damaged by fire, the pawnbroker will be bound to pay the value of the pledge after deducting the amount of the loan and profit-i.e., the loan and profit and as per

cent. on the amount of the loau. If any ticket is lost, mislaid, or stolen, the

pawner should at once apply to the pawnbroker for a form of declaration to be made before a magistrate, or the pawnbroker will be bound to deliver the pledge to any person who produces the ticket to him and claims to redeem the same.

When the loan is gs. or under, the charge on form of declaration is one halfpenny; when the

loan is above 5s., one penny.

SPECIAL CONTRACTS.—A pawnbroker may make a special contract with a pawner in respect of a

a special contract with a pawner in respect of a pledge on which the pawnbroker makes a loan of above 40x, provided that—
(x.) The pawnbroker at the time of the pawning shall deliver to the pawner a special contract pawn-ticket, signed by the pawnbroker.
(a.) The duplicate of the special contract pawnticket shall be signed by the pawner.

The pawnbroker may also charge:—Ror ticket.

The pawnbroker may also charge :- For ticket, profit per calendar month, for storage of the pledge, and payment to inspect account of sale, such sums and rates as may be agreed upon at the time of making the contract.

After the first calendar month any time not exceeding fourteen days will be charged as half a

Passport Department, Ministry of External | month, and any time exceeding fourteen days and not more than one month as one mouth

The charge for storage of the pledge will be per calendar month, or any part of a month, in addition to the charges above mentioned.

Pledges may be pawned under special contract for a period of not less than three months.

In all other respects pledges under special con-tract are subjected to the same rules as to sale by auction, inspection of account of sale, payment of surplus produced by sale, and loss of ticket, as in the case of ordinary pledges for more than ros.

#### POOR LAW.

The Poor Law in England and Wales is now administered through Public Assistance Committees, constituted for Countries and County Boronghs, which take the place of the old Boards of Guardians. The law is consolidated in the Poor Law Act, 1930.

#### RECEIPTS.

RECEIPTS should be kept for six years from the date of payment, after which period no action can be brought concerning the goods, &c., received.

#### VACCINATION.

In England and Wales vaccination is compulsory within six months from birth, the obligation to comply with the law being imposed on the paient or other person having custody of the child. The local Public Vaccinator (a doctor appointed by the local anthority) will vaccinate free of charge. Penalties are incurred for non-compliance with the law.

Exemption may be obtained if a parent,

within four months from the birth, makes a declaration that he conscientiously believes that vaccination would be prejudicial to the health of the child.

#### WARD OF COURT.

By appropriate legal process an Infant may be made what is termed a Ward of Comt. In the Chancery Division of the High Comt. In this way judicial control of the Infant may be secured, the court assuming and exercising wide powers in respect both of the person and property of Wards of Comt. Legal advice will obviously be necessary as to the circumstances in which an order might be made in any particular case.

#### WILLS.

REASONS FOR MAKING A WILL.-Every man having a wife and family should make his will. However small his estate, it is an imperative duty m most cases, and is safer in every case, to protect the interest of the survivors by a will, and by the appointment of one or more trustworthy persons to carry his wishes into effect. When persons die mtestate, having foolishly put off making a will until it is too late, their negligence may deprive those for whom they were most anxious to provide. The help of a lawyer in making a will is not in every case essential, but it is always advisable, particularly where there is a desire on a testator's part to provide for his property being "settled" as it is called—e.g., the income being paid to his widow and the capital being ultimately divided among his children, for this requires the skill of a practised lawyer. Assuming a lawyer is not employed, a person having resolved to make a will must not regard it as a light matter, to be got rid of in a few minutes, but one demanding the most serious extention. attention. It is only after a person is dead, and

cannot explain his meaning, that his will can be open to dispute. It is the more necessary, therefore, to express what is meant in language of the utmost clearness, avoiding the use of any word or expression that admits of another meaning than the one intended. It is better to be prolix than to leave the smallest room for doubt or uncertainty, although the same name or word be often repeated. Sounding phrases are entirely out of place. Avoid the use of "legal terms," such as "heirs" and "issue, "when the same thing may be expressed in plain language. If in writing the will a mistake be made, it is better to rewrite the whole. Before a will is better to rewrite the whole. Perform a while executed, that is, signed by the testator in presence of two relinesses, an alteration may be made by striking through the words with a pen, but opposition site to such alteration the testator and witnesses should write their names or place their mitials Never scratch out a word with a knife or other instrument, and no alteration of any kind whatever must be made after the will is executed If the testator afterwards wishes to change the disposition of his estate, it is better to make a new will, revoking the old one, or to add a codicil to the first, which must be duly executed and attested in the same manner as the original will. A will should be written in ink and very legibly on a single sheet of paper. Although, of course, forms of wills must vary to suit different cases, the following directions may be found useful to those who, in cases of emergency, are called upon to draw up wills, either for themselves or others:—

TESTATOR OR TESTATRIX.—The person who makes the will is the testator, or if the will-

maker he a woman, the testatrix.

ENTATE.—By this word is to be understood property of all kinds, both real and personal. Real property includes tithes and advowsons, as well as freehold land and houses; while personal property includes debts due, arrears of rents, money, leasehold property, house furniture, goods, assurance policies, stocks and shares in companies, and the like.

RESIDUARY LEGATEES .- It is well in all cases to leave to some person or persons "the tesidue of my estate and effects," although it may be thought that the whole of the property has been disposed of in legacies already mentioned in the will. It should be remembered that a will operates on property acquired after it has been

made.

To BEGIN A WILL.—A form in which a will may be commenced is:—"This is the last will of me. Thomas Smith, of Vine Cottage, Silver Street,

Reading, in the county of Berks.

To END AWILL.—After disposing of the property, the will may be ended as follows : -- "And I hereby the will may be ended as follows:— And I hereby appoint the said — sole (or joint) executor(s) of this my Will, and I revoke all former wills and codells. Dated this — day of —, 19—."

EXECUTION OF A WILL AND WITNESSES -The testator should sign his name at the foot or end of the will, in presence of two witnesses, who will immediately sign their names in his and m each other's presence. A person who has been left a legacy or share of residue in the will, or whose wife or hisband has been left a legacy, should not be an attesting witness. Their attesting winds with they would forfeit the legacy. It is better that a person named as executor should not be a witness. Husband and pointment of executors will also serve when the wife may both be witnesses, provided neither is estate is left in care of trustees, except that the a legatee. If a solicitor be appointed executor, persons should be designated "executors and trustees." The Public Trustee may be appointed

charges shall be paid; but in this case he (as an interested party) must not be a witness to the will. Opposite to or beneath the testator's signature should be written the attestation clause. The

following form of attestation will be found sufficient

Signed by the testator [or tes-

tatrix, as the case may bel, in THOMAS SMITE the presence of us, both present [Signature of Testator.]

at the same time who in his for her] presence and in the presence of each other have herennto set

our names as witnesses. William Jones, of Vine Cottage, Silver Street, Reading, Tailor. Henry Morgan, of North Street, Reading, Esq.

It is desirable that the witnesses should be fully described, as they may possibly be wanted at some future time. If the testator should be too ill to sign, even by a mark, another person may sign the testator's name to the will for him, in his presence and by his direction, and in this case it should be shown that the testator knew the contents of the document. The attestation clause should therefore be worded: "Signed by Thomas Brown, by the direction and in the presence of the testator, Thomas Smith, in the joint presence of us, who thereupon signed our names in his presence and in the presence of each other, the will having been first read over to the testator, who appeared fully to understand the same."

If the testator be blind the will should be read aloud to him in the presence of the witnesses, and the fact mentioned in the attestation clause, If by inadvertence the testator should have signed his will without the witnesses being present, then the attestation should be:—"The testator acknowledged his signature already made as his signature to his last will and testament, in the joint presence," &c. Any omission in the observance of these details causes delay and expense, and sometimes great difficulty is experienced in procuring an affidavit by one of the attesting witnesses before the will can be admitted to Probate. The stringency of the law as to signature and witnessing of a will is only relaxed in favour of soldiers, sailors and airmen in certain circumstances.

CODICIL.-When any change is required to be made in the disposition of property as stated in the will, the change should be embodied in a codicil. A codicil should begin :- "This is a codicil to the will of me, Thomas Smith, of Vine Cottage, Silver Street, Reading, in the county of Berks, the said will bearing date," &c. A codicil must be dated at the end, and signed and witnessed with exactly the same formalities as the will.

EXECUTORS.—It is usual to appoint two executors, although one is sufficient. The name and address of each executor should be given in full, as follows:—"I appoint John Jones, of number twenty-one, London Street, Ipswich, and Edward Matthews, of number seventeen, Market Street, Lincoln, executors of this my will," An executor may be a legatee Thus a child or wife to whom the whole or a portion of the estate is left may be appointed sole executor, or one of two executors. The addresses of the executors are

executor or trustee of a will. See Public

TRUSTER, post.
TRUSTS OF THE WILL.—When the estate is wholly for the children, the will may read, after the appointment of the executors and trustees:— "I give and devise all my estate and effects, real and personal, of which I may die possessed or entitled to, unto the said John Jones and Edward Matthews, upon trust in equal shares for all or any my children or child living at my death who being sons or a son attain the age of a years or being daughters or a daughter attain that age or marry. And for all or any the children or child living at my death, who being male attain the age of az years or being female attain that age or marry, of any child of mine who dies in my lifetime leaving children or a child living at my death, such last-mentioned children or child to take the share or shares which their parent to take the snare or snares which their parent would have taken if living at my death, and so that no grandchild of mine shall take whose parent is living and capable of taking." Where the widow is to have a life-interest use the following words: "upon trust for my wife during her life [or during her widowhood], and after her death [or second marriage, which first happened upon trust in equal shares for all or any happens upon trust in equal shares for all or any my children or child "&c. as before. The words in square brackets will only be used where the widow is to lose her interest if she marries again.

TESTAMENTARY CAPACITY .- A minor cannot make a will. A married woman (married since January 1, 1883) may dispose by will of any real or personal property as her separate property as if she were a feme sole (Mazried Women's Property Act, 188s, s. 1 (2)). As to the powers of a woman married before that date it is advisable to con-

sult a solicitor.

REVOCATION .- A will is revoked by a subsequent will (but only so far as such subsequent will operates as a virtual revocation, as by making other provisions inconsistent with the previous will; for this reason a will should always have a clause revoking previous testamentary dispositions, or by burning, tearing, or otherwise destroying the same. It is not sufficient to obliterate the will with a pen. Marriage in every case acts as the revocation of a will, unless, in the case of a will made on or after Jan. 1, 206, it is expected to the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of the case of th pressed to have been made in contemplation of marriage (Law of Property Act, 1925, s. 177); so that after marriage the old will should be reacknowledged, or a new one made.

LAPSED LEGACIES.—If a legatee die in the life-time of the testator, the legacy or share of residue lapses and falls into the residue, excepting only in cases where the legatee is a child or "other issue" of the testator and leaves issue living at the testator's death, and the will does not provide for the class of children or issue being ascertained at some period other than the death of the testator. For instance, if a share of residue is left to "all my children living at my wife's death," the share of a child who died in the wife's lifetime would lapse even though the child should

leave issue.

TO ONE PERSON ABSOLUTELY .- When it is the intention to leave all the property to one person, as for instance a wife or child, the will may read:—"I devise and bequeath all my estate and

az years, trustees should be appointed to hold the property in trust for those to whom it will ulti-mately belong. The trustees will have power to apply the annual income for their maintenance. A wife may be appointed a trustee, or may be sole trustee. It is also usual to appoint the executors or some near relative, guardians of children under age. By the Guardianship of Infants Act, 1896, the mother of a child, if she survives the father, becomes the guardian of such child, either alone, if no guardian is appointed, or jointly with any guardian appointed by the father.

ALL PROPERTY TO BE INVESTED.—Executors and trustees may be empowered to sell and dispose of an estate, and after the payment of all just debts and expenses to invest the remainder. For this purpose the section headed "Trust Investments" should be consulted.

DUTIES OF EXECUTORS.—After the death of the testator, the duties of the executor are briefly as follows:—The first duty of the executors, or of one of them, is to see that the funeral takes place in a suitable and becoming way; then to make lists of the debts and the assets or property. For purposes of duty it is necessary to estimate the value of the real and personal property left, or get it valued. (For scale of duty see Index, "Estate Duty.") Under the onty see Index, "Estate Duty.") Under the Finance Act, 1894, duties are charged on all property in which the testator had a life interest, even though the property may not have been under his personal control. The executor must take the will to the Principal Probate Registry, Somerset House, or to the local Dis-trict Probate Registry, or to a solicitor, and prove the will. Collect all the property of the deceased and pay all his just debts, and before distributing the estate, if it be a large one, it is necessary in order to relieve the executors from personal liability to advertise in certain London and local newspapers for all claims against the estate to be sent in before a specified date. Pay the legacy or succession duty. Dispose of the residue of the property as directed in the will. All the testator's real estate becomes vested in the executors, who hold the same as trustees for the persons beneficially entitled under the will or otherwise, and such persons can only acquire a title to the estate through the executors, after payment of all charges and liabilities to which the same is subject. Executors are not obliged to act neither is it necessary that all the executors should act: one alone is competent to prove a will and carry out its provisions. In small estates, prolate and letters of administration may be obtained through an Inland Revenue Office.

ADMINISTRATORS.—If an executor has not been appointed in the will, or if the executor be dead, or does not wish to act, the residuary legatee nearest of kin to the deceased, or a legatee under the will, is entitled to act and administer the will, and is called administrator.

#### WHERE TO FIND A PROVED WILL

To find a will proved before Jan. 1, 1828, the date on which the Court of Probate Act, 1827 (so & at Vict. c. 72), came into operation, it is best to search first—if the testator was a man as for instance a wife or child, the will may read:—"I devise and bequesth all my estate and effects, real and personal, which I may die possessed of or entitled to, unto my wife Mary Smith, absolutely."

To Cell.Dern under Age.—When estates are 10 feet wholly or in part to children under the age of registries when these institutions came into

This is the only broad rule which can be laid down to guide a searcher. To find a will proved since 1858 is a far simpler task. It must have been proved either at the Principal Registry at Somerset House, or a District Registry. In the former case the original will itself is carefully preserved at Somerset House, the copy of which probate has been granted is in the hands of the executors who proved the will, and another copy for Parliament is bound up in a folio volume of wills made by testators of that initial and date; the indices to these volumes fill a room of considerable size at Somerset House, where the indices may be examined and a copy of any will read on payment of a search fee of one shilling. The heavier of a search ree of one siming.

In the latter case, the original will, proved in
the District Registry, is there kept, and may be
seen or a copy obtained, but a copy is sent
to and filed at Somerset House, where also it
may be seen A general index of grants, both probate and administrations, is prepared and printed annually in lexicographical form, and may be seen at either the Principal or a District Registry. This index is usually ready by about October of the following year. The reader may not copy any part of the will except the names and addresses of the executors and the date and private number of the will. If he desires a copy, he can order one to be made, for which he will pay according to the length of the will, at the rate of sixpence a folio (ninety words) for an ordinary copy, and ninepence a folio for a certified copy, which can be produced and read certified copy, which can be produced and read in any court of law. The *sp District Probate Registries established by the Act of *\$59 are at :—Bangor, Birmingham, Blandford, Bodmin, Bristol, Carlisle, Carmarthen, Chester, Durham, Exeter, Gloucester, Ipswich, Lancaster, Lecester, Lewes, Lincoln, Laverpool, Liandaff, Manchester, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Norwich, Nottingham, Oxford, Peterborough, Shrewsbury, Taunton, Wakefield, Winchester, York.

#### SAFE CUSTODY OF WILLS.

There is a depository for the safe custody of the Wills of lining persons at Somerset House. A will may be deposited personally, or through the Registrar of a District Registry, who will transmit the will to London in a registered letter. The fee is \$50.000 min a registered letter. The fee is \$50.000 min a registered letter. The fee is \$50.000 min a registered letter. A will once deposited will not be given up to anybody, but must remain in the registry inntil the testator dies. Any will appointing the Public Trustee as Executor may be deposited with him for safe custody. (See Public Truster, post.)

#### PROBATE OF WILLS.

OBTAINING PROBATE OR ADMINISTRATION WITHOUT THE AID OF A SOLICITOR.

The entrance to the office for personal applications is in the south-east corner of the Quadrangle of Somerset House, Strand, Room 44. The applicant should bring the registrar's certificate of the death of the deceased, or an official certificate of burial, and the will, if there be one, and full details of the property and debts of the deceased.

If there be no will or no executor be appointed, or the executor will not act, two sureties must be obtained to enter into a bond for the faithful administration of the estate, unless the whole

personal estate does not exceed £50, when one surety only will be required. They need not attend upon the first visit.

In no case can any correspondence be entered into; nor can an interview be given to any agent. The business of the department can be transacted only with the applicant in person.

Application may be made at a District Probate Registry instead of at Somerset House Where the whole real and personal estate, with-

Where the whole real and personal estate, without the deduction of debts or funeral expenses, does not exceed £500, application may be made at one of the Inland Revenue Offices in the suburbs and many principal towns throughout the country.

the country.

Where the deceased has left no will, and the whole personal estate does not exceed £x00, the widows, or children, if residing at more than three miles from any Probate Registry, may apply to the Registrar of the County Court.

Scotland, -" Confirmation" is the Scottish equivalent of Probate. That is obtained in the Sheriff Court of the County in which the deceased was domiciled at the date of his death or where was dominine at the date of the detail and the had no fixed domicile or died abroad, in the conniissariat of Edinburgh. Executors are either "nominate" or "dative." An Executor nominate is one nominated by the deceased in his will. An Executor dative is one appointed by the Court (x) in the case of intestacy or (a) by the Court (z) in the case of intestacy or (s) where the deceased had failed to mame an executor in his will. In the former case the deceased's next-of-kin are all entitled to be declared executors dative. An inventory of the deceased's estate and a schedule of debts, excellent the control of the deceased of the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been controlled to the court had been together with an affidavit, must be given up. If the deceased had personal property in England or Ireland it is shown in the inventory, and then the confirmation is produced in the prin-cipal Court of Probate in England or Ireland. It is then sealed in such Courts and has the effect of probate or letters of administration in England or Ireland. In estates under £500 confirmation is obtained at reduced fees.

### SCOTS LAW OF WILLS.

The only formalities required by the Law of Scotland as regards due execution of a will are for purposes of authentication. A will must be in writing (except that a person may leave a legacy verbally if the amount of that legacy does not exceed zoo Scots (£8 & 8d. sterling). A will may be either (1) holograph, i.e., written by the testator himself, in which case no witnesses are necessary; (a) tested, which means that it is signed in presence of two witnesses. It is not necessary that these witnesses should sign in presence of one another, or even that they should see the testator signing so long as the testator acknowledges his signature to the witnesses. If the testator cannot write, his will may be authenticated by a notary and two witnesses. A parish minister may act as a notary for the purpose of subscribing a will in his own parish. Wills are registered for execution purposes in the Books of the Council and Session, H.M. General Register House, Edinburgh, for preservation. The original deed may be inspected in the General Register House on payment of a small fee. A certified official copy may be obtained from either register on payment of stamp duties and writing fees.

TRUST FUNDS AND INVESTMENTS. By the Trustee Act, 2935 (which came into force on Jan. 2, 2956), a trustee may invest trust funds in (2) any parliamentary stocks or Government securities of the United Kingdom; (b) on real or heritable securities of the United Kingdom; dom; (c) in stock of the Bank of England or Ireland; (d) in India 2, 5½, 4½, 3½, 3 and 3½ per cent. stock or other stock issued by the Secretary of State for India charged on Indian revenue; (c) in securities the interest of which secretary law and interest of which secretary law and interest of the control of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of is guaranteed by Parliament; (f) in Consolidated Stock of the Metropolitan Board of Works, or of the London County Council, or Delenture Stock of the Receiver of Police, or Metropolitan Water Stock; (g) in Debenture, Guaranteed or Preference Stock of any railway in the United Kingdom incorporated by special Act, and having paid a dividend of not less than 3 per cent. on its Ordinary Stock for a years; (h) in United Kingdom incorporated by the stock of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Cou dom Railway Stock when the railway is leased in perpetuity to any railway such as that men-tioned in (g) supra; (i) in Debenture Stock in Indian Railways; (j) in "B" anunities of the Eastern Bengal East Indian, the Scinde, Punjanb and Delhi, Great Indian Peninsula and Madras Railways, and in Deferred Annuities in the register of holders of Class D Annuities conprised in the register ('lass C of the East Indian Railway Company; (k) in the stock of any Indian railway upon which a fixed or minimum dividend is guaranteed by the Indian Government, or upon the capital of which the interest ment, or upon the capital of which the interest is so guaranteed; (?) in the Debenture or Prefer-ence Stock of any Water Company supplying water for profit, and incorporated by special Act or Royal Charter, which has paid a dividend of not less than 5 per cent. on Ordinary Stock for ro years; (n) in the nominal or Inscribed Stock of any Municipal Borough in the United Kingdom having a population of more than 50,000, or of any County Council; (a) in the Nominal or Inscribed Stock of any commissions supplying water by statute, and having power to levy rates over an area embracing not fewer than 50,000 persons, provided the rates for 10 years have not exceeded 80 per cent. of the amount thorised to be levied; (a) in Stocks authorised under the Colonial Stock Act, 1900; (p) in local bonds issued under the Housing (Additional Powers) Act, 1939; (q) in any Stock or Securities issued in respect of any Government loan in Northern Ireland; (r) in Stocks, &c., authorised for the investment of cash under the control of the Court. All such investment way be varied. Court. All such investments may be varied. As regards railway investments. the L. & N.E. Ry., the S.Ry., the L.M. & S. Ry., and the G.W. Ry., are to be treated as if they were a company which had in each of the ten years before amal-paragraphs (g), (i), (k), (l), (m), (o), (p) and (q), supra, if any of them is liable to be redeemed at par or at some other fixed rate a trustee may not purchase (a) at a price exceeding 15 per cent. above par or such other fixed rate; nor (b) if the stock is liable to be so redeemed as aforesaid within 15 years of the date of purchase at a price exceeding its redemption value 693 to xx price exceeding its redemption value 663 to 12 of the same Act contain various important provisious as to the rights of trustees in the matter of investing trust monies.

As to the investments permitted by The Rules of the Supreme Court, 1883, see "WHITAKER" for 1927, P. 244, Where The Trusk Amendment Act, 1884 (Scotland only), The Colonial Stock Act, 1900, and The Housing (Additional Powers) Act, 1919, are also noted.

#### THE PUBLIC TRUSTEE.

This is a Government Office (opened in 1908) by means of which the State acts as Executor and as Trustee under a Will, or as Trustee under a Settlement, whether new or old, and in other capacities of a like nature. The public demand for the services of the Public Trustee is well maintained. The value of the trusts accepted up to March 31, 1933, was £341.284,960.

The facts of any trust, new or old, in which it is

The facts of any trust, new or old, in which it is desired that the Public Trustee should act may be brought to his notice by letter or by personal interview. Upon his assenting to act, his appointment is effected in the same simple way as in that of a private trustee, or he can be appointed by an Order of the Count. He can act solely or

jointly with others.

In the case of a Will about to be made, all that the testator need say is, "I appoint the Public Trustee executor and trustee of this my Will"; or the appointment may be a joint one with friends or relations. In the case of a Will already made, the appointment of the Public Trustee can be effected by means of a codel. Executors who have obtained probate can transfer their duties to him under an Order of the Court. He can also act as Administrator with, or without, the Will annexed.

The Public Trustee being a permanent trustee, the expense of fresh appointments is saved. His integrity is guaranteed by the State, while the public demand for his services should ensure a valuable experience and skill in the execution of his office; and a wide knowledge in the work of

investment.

As regards investments, the Public Trustee, like a private trustee, is bound by such powers of investment as may be given him in the Will or trust instrument under which he acts or under the general law. See Trust Funds anto. The statutory rules require that strict secrecy shall be observed in respect of all matters dealt with in the Department. Accounts of every trust, in simple form, are furnished to the henceticates as Leubird.

beneficiaries as required.

The Public Trustee Act provides that the fees
to be charged shall be arranged from time to
time so as to defray the expenses of the Department and accuracy. A profit is not intransfer.

ment and no more. A profit is not intended.

An interview with the Public Trustee or with any of his senior officers can be arranged at

any time.

A pamphlet giving full particulars and details of the fees can be obtained free of cost upon application to the Office of the Public Trustee, Kingsway, W.C. z (tel., Holborn 4,300), or at any Post Office.

There is a branch office in Arkwright House, Parsonage Gardens, Manchester 3.

#### WIRELESS RECEIVING LICENCES.

Hravy penalties are prescribed by the Wireless Telegraphy Act, 1904, on conviction of the offence of establishing a wireless station, or installing or working wireless apparatus without the Postmaster General's licence. Licences for receiving broadcasting programmes and messages sent for general reception can be obtained at any post office on payment of the fee of 100.

The succession to the property of a person dying Intestate on or after January 1, 1926, is regulated by The Administration of Estates Act, 1925, which repealed the old law and established one new Code applicable both to Real Estate (land, &c.) and Personal Estate (leaseholds, chattels, investments, &c.). The Act abolished the rule of Primogeniture (inheritance by eldest son), the rights of dower (widow's third) and of curtesy (husband's life interest), and all special customs (e.g. gavelkind and Borough English). As to Personal Estate: Parents were placed on an equal footing; a mother regained her ancient preference over an intestate child's brothers and sisters; relatives of the whole blood obtained priority over those of the half blood; and relatives more remote than first consins were excluded from the distribution. "The widow's £500" under the Intestates Estates Act, 1890, was increased to £1,000, whether there be issue or no issue, and given also to a husband; whilst the widow or husband now also takes all the "personal chattels."

#### TABLE OF EXAMPLES.

Important.—Note.—By Section 46 of the Administration of Estates Act, ress, a surviving husband or write takes absolutely (i) the "personal chattels"; and (ii) £1,000 free of death duties and expenses. The "residue" is then distributed as indicated in the Table.
"Personal chattels" are:—Articles of household use or ornament, &c. (not used for business

purposes).

In each instance it is supposed there are no nearer relations than those named.

			ł
	If the Intestate leaves.	The Estate is distributed as follows -	l
1.	Widow (or husband), and children	One half to widow (or husband) for life, and then to children equally. Other half to children equally at once.	
2.	Widow (or husband), and father and mother	(Widow (or husband) for life, and then to father and mother equally.	
3.	Widow (or husband), and either father or mother, not both	(Widow (or husband) for life, and then to father or mother absolutely.	
4.		(Widow (or husband) for life, and then to brothers and sisters equally.	
5.	Widow (or husband), and brothers or sisters of half blood	Widow (or husband) for life, and then to brothers and sisters equally.	
6.	Widow (or husband), and nephews or meces	(Widow (or husband) for life, and then to nephews and nieces per starpes.	
7	Widow (or husband), and grandparents $ \dots  \dots$	(Widow (or husband) for life, and then to grand- parents equally.	
8	Widow (or husband), and uncles or aunts $ \dots $	Widow (or husband) for life, and then to unclose and aunts equally.	l.
9	Widow (or husband) but none of above relations or descendants	All to widow (or misosna).	ľ
10	Children, and grandchildren (issue of deceased child)	Amongst children in equal shares, the grand- children taking equally their deceased parent's share.	
13	Father and mother Father or mother, not both	Father and mother equally. Father or mother.	
14	Brothers or sisters, and nephews or nieces (children of deceased brother or sister)	Amongst brothers and sisters in equal shares, the children of deceased brother or sister	
16.	Brothers or sisters, and grandparent Grandparents, paternal or maternal	taking equally their deceased parent's share. Brothers and sisters equally. Grandparents equally.	
	Grandparent, and uncles or aunts	Cheics and admis of whole blood equally.	
19.	Uncles or aunts, and deceased uncle's or aunt's children	Amongst uncles and aunts in equal shares, the children of deceased uncle or aunt taking equally their deceased parent's share.	
	Uncles or aunts, and nephews or meres  Cousins, i.e. deceased uncle's or aunt's children or grandchildren		
22.	Any other relation than those named in pre- ceding examples (e g Great grandparents) and no widow or husband		
ha.	ve attained or attain the age of ar or have mar	must be had to the rule that the relative must ried or marry under that age.	
	raking per stirper is taking by descent or	representation. Thus, in Example 6, nephews	1

(Legitimacy Act, 1926, S. 9.)

and nicces take amongst them the share which their deceased parent would have taken if he or she had survived the Intestate.

### Intestates' Estates, Scotland.

#### I.-MOVABLES.

In each instance it is supposed there are no nearer relations than those named.

By the Intestate Hushand's Estate (Scotland) Act, xqxx, the widow of a man dying intestate and without issue is entitled to the whole estate both heritable and movable if under £300 in value; if over that amount she takes £500 out of the heritable and movable estate rateably before any division is made, and after that the share in the remainder to which she was entitled before the passing of the Act.

	•	î
	If the Intestate due, leaving. His representatives take in the proportions following:—	
	Vidow only 'Half to widow, half to next of kin, or if none, then to the Crown.	-
1	**Husband only	•
	children by one or more viving deceased equally; one-third to surviving children per	i
	mairiages capita* and issue of predeceasing children per stirpes.*	-
	Widow and father Half to widow, half to father.	1
	Widow and mother, no father Half to widow, one-half to mother.	١
1	(Half to widow, half equally amongst brothers and sisters	İ
	Widow, brothers or sisters	Į
	amongst them their deceased parent's share.	i
	Vidow, mother, nephews or nieces Half to widow, one-half to mother.	l
	father and mother Whole to father	1
	ather, mother, brothers and Half to father; half to brothers and sisters equally.	ı
١.	SIBUTE	i
1	grandchildren	i
١.	ather, brothers and sisters	
	Auther, brothers and sisters Mother one-half, brothers and sisters one-half equally.	İ
1	fother, but no other kin Whole to mother.	l
١,	child, children or grandchildren by Amongst children in equal shares, the grandchildren by de-	l
l	deceased children taking amongst them their deceased parent's	
	Brothers or sisters and nephews  Amongst brothers or sisters in equal shares, the children of	
'	or nieces deceased brothers or sisters taking amongst them their deceased parent's share.	l
1	Brother or sister and graudfather All to brother or sister.	l
	Brother or sister and uncles or All to brother or sister.	ĺ
l	aunts	١
	Irandfather, no nearer relation All to grandfather.	١
1	Tather's father and mother's all to father's father.	
	Frandmother, uncles and aunts All to uncle and aunts, if paternal.	I
	freat-grandfather, uncles and All to uncles and aunts, if paternal; if not then to paternal aunts	
	Incles and aunts All equally.	
	Incle and deceased uncle's child All to uncle.	
1	Incle by mother's side, and de-p Child of deceased paternal uncle or aunt takes to exclusion of ceased uncle or aunt's child	
	unts, nephew and mece Nephew and niece.	١
	ousins Equally per capita.*	١
1	ophew by brother, and nephew by half-sister All to nephew by brother.	l
1	Dy Hatt-Sidue:	1

Note A.—Illegitimate children do not succeed to their father or mother as heirs in intestacy.

Note B.—In Scotland, a lease on intestacy and in the absence of any destination descends to the heir-at-law.

NOTE C.—When a person dies intestate leaving heritable estate as well as movables, the heir to the heritage, if he is also one of the next-of-kin, is not entitled to any of the movables if he takes the heritage. He may, however, "collate" the heritage, i.e., share it with the other next-of-kin and thus get an equal share of the mixed estate.

* Per capita means by the head; per stirpes means inheriting through a parent deceased. Movables taken per capita divide into as many shares as there are children. Where representatives of a deceased parent take per stirpes they take equally amongst them the share that would have fallen to the deceased had he or she survived.

#### II.-HERITAGE.

Table of Succession to heritable property in Scotland on intestacy and in the absence of any destination in the property writs, other than "to heirs and successors."

In each instance it is supposed there are no nearer relations than those named.

	an once amounted at an authorise mich said the notice to refer to the transfer mental.
	If Intestate die leaving Heritage would descend to:
(1)	Wife only; no blood relations. One-third to wife for life; rest to Crown as ultimus hacres.
(4)	Wife and child or children and [One-third to wife for life. Fee to eldest son or his heir male.
(2)	children of a deceased child. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	( deceased daughter taking his mother's place.
(3)	Wife and father One-third to wife for life, rest to father.
133	Wife and mother One-third to wife for life. Fee to nearest heir male.  Wife, brother, or sister, and) One third to wife for life. Fee to immediate venues butter.
(5)	children of a deceased brother and his heir male; if were then to immediate add a brother
(4)	
(0)	Wife, mother, nephews and One-third to wife for life; rest to nephew (eldest) or niecesequally if brother left no son. See No. 2.
	One-third to wife for life; rest to younger brother and his
(-)	Wife, mother, brother, sisters heirs. It the only heirs are nieces they will take equally.
(7)	and nieges (children of de. / II no younger brosner then to immediate elder brother and
į	Ins here said the thought and the said way, it sisters but no profilers the
i	sisters take equally, and if the sisters have predeceased leaving only daughters they succeed equally.
(8)	No wife or child or issue of a To brother as in (5) whom failing to lineal ancestor paternal
(0)	deceased child and his heirs.
(0)	Children by one or more wives)
1	and the issue of deceased ( issue as in (a)
	children
(10)	Husband and child or children Liferent of whole to husband. Fee to eldest son.  Mother, but no wire, child or
(11)	ingua of a child fathou
	brother, sister, nephew or to consider how and his holds. If none, then
	niece or more distant de-
١.,	scendants of father
(12)	Mother and brothers and All to younger brother whom failing to immediate elder sisters
(+2)	Mother and sisters All to sisters equally.
(14)	Father and brothers and sisters   Fee as in (<)
(15)	Child and grandchild by de-1 (See No. 2.) "Rest to eldest son or his issue," under head.
	ceased child
	Brother and grandfather All to brother.  Brother's grandson and bro. (All to great-nephew, if grandson of brother (conforming to
(17)	Mos sands)
i	All to brother's daughter, if child of eldest brother.
(18)	Brother and two aunts Brother, all.
(19)	Brother and wife
(20)	Grandfather (no nearer) All to grandfather. Father's father and mother's All to fether's father
, ,	mother All to lattle statute.
(22)	Grandmother and uncle, or
, ,	aunt on father's side (no) All to uncle or aunt.
	nearer)
(23)	Uncle and deceased uncle's If deceased uncle was younger brother, then to child. If both brothers older than intestate, then to the younger of them
	child or his heir male.
(24)	Uncle by mother's side, and Child of deceased uncle on father's side, or (if none) child of
	deceased unites of sums of deceased anni on father's side
(>	child
(35)	Two aunts, nephew and niece, children of deceased brother Nephew.
(26)	Uncle or sunt's children, and) Brother's grandeon or if granddenighters between then sevell-
,	brother's graudchildren (conforming to Nos a and a)
(37)	Nephew by brother, and nephew by brother.
	Nephew by deceased brother,
,_,,	and nephews and nieces by All to eldest nephew, son of deceased brother.
1	deceased sister
3.7	TEIn Scotland succession to heritage on intestscy NEVER ascends to the mother and her
rela	tions. Even the mother's own estate, after vesting in her son or daughter, never ascends to
	maternal line again.
l	

#### *SOLICITORS' CHARGES.

These are now usually regulated in conveyancing and non-contentions business by the Solicitors Renuncration Act, 1881, and the Scale thereunder, but the Act allows an option to a solicitor of declining to adopt it. It chiefly relates to sales, purchases and mortgages, and is based upon the value of the property or amount of the money myolved. Besides this, it is legal for a client to make a bargain beforehand for a fixed sum. The amount coming to the solicitor, whether under Scale or agreement, is intended to cover the services of agreement, is intended to cover the services of himself and his clerks, while it is, of course, exclusive of actual outlay for stamps, &c. On punchase or mortgage money exceeding £3,000, the Scale charge for each party's solicitor is 1% per cent.; this does not apply to sales by anction. Where a negotiation fee is chargeable, in addition, by the weathout, nurchaser's or mortgage's for hortgage. vendor's, purchaser's, or mortgagee's (not mortgageor's) solicitor, the Scale charge on sums exceeding £300 and not exceeding £3,000 is r per cent. It should be noted that if the solicitor negotiates the purchase or mortgage, he is entitled to an additional fee of substantial amount under the Scale referred to. Charges are now subject to an increase of 33% per cent.

Scotland.—Solicitors' fees for Conveyancing

and General business are regulated by a joint table approved by the different societies of Law Agents (Solicitors). Fees for litigation are regulated by the Court of Session. The tables of fees are published in The "Parliament House Book" and in "The Scottish Law Directory." When a solicitor sues for payment of a pro-fessional account it is remitted to the Auditor of

the Court for taxation of his charges.

#### MEDICAL FEES.

The following are the charges usually made by General Practitioners .-

GINERAL	RESTAL	(OF PATIFAL	s House)
PRACTITIONERS.	Lio to £=5	£=5 to £50	£50to £200
Ordinary Visit Night Visit Mileage beyond two	Double an	5s to zos 6d ordinary vis	7# 6d.to x58. It
miles from Home Detention per i hour	an Gel	38.	48
Letters of Advice	Sametharg	was for an or	linary visit
Attendee on servants		1 5×	5x to 7x 6d
Midwifery	zi (is	zi to 4 (in	41 to 71 trb
Adminstrng Chlfrm	158	14 (48	3 Gs.
CONSULTANTS		i	
Advice or Visit alone		3 (+R	3 Gs.
Advice or Visit with anotherPractitioner Mileage beyond two	24 (is.	zi to 3 Gs	11 to 3 Gs.
miles from Home	1 152	* 188	THE

Special visits-i.c., of which due notice has not been given before the practitioner starts on his daily round, are charged at the rate of a visit and a half. Patients calling upon the doctor are charged at the same rate as if visited by him.

e It is anticipated that the increase of 338 per centwill be reduced by coluntary action by the profession,
in accordance with suggestions made by the Lord
Chancellor (Viscount Sankey) in May, 292. The Lord
Chancellor considered that there was a difference
between non-contentions work and litigation, and he
suggested, as his personal opinion, that the 335 per cent,
on litigation costs might be reduced to as per cent, and
the 330 per cent, in respect of non-contentions work,
including schemellor was most anxious that the more
ment for a reduction should be a voluntary one coming
from the solicitors themselves

When the ordinary medical attendant is called upon to meet another in consultation, he is entitled to charge double his ordinary fee. When he himself is called in in consultation, he is entitled to the minimum fee.

When more members of one family are ill at the same time, half a fee is charged for each beyond

the first In midwifery cases the fee generally covers all charges for visits, &c., if all goes well; but if the illness be protracted, or if any special operation has to be performed, there is an extra charge.

If attendance on servants is paid for by employer, or if he send for the doctor, the charge is

the same as to himself.

Certificates of health are to be charged for same as visits, except where special investigation is needed, as in certificates for lunacy, insurance offices, &c., when the charge may be from half a gninea to two gnmeas.

Vaccination is usually charged for according to the number of visits required.

Medical bills are commonly rendered once or twice a year.

STOCKBROKERS' CHARGES

The Rules and Regulations drawn up by the London Stock Exchange "Committee for General Purposes" are very voluminous and technical, The customary scale of brokerage is 5s. per £100 on British (with some exceptions) or Foreign Government or American dollar stocks, and ros. per £100 on British Railway registered stocks. Det £ 200 on Bridsh Rahmay registered modes. On shares not exceeding 15s. the brokerage is 1/5d. per share; not exceeding 30s., 3d. per share; not exceeding 60s., 6d. per share, and so on. There are mountain charges of 10s. on less than £ 200 and £x on over £x00.

ACCOUNTANTS' CHARGES

The following scale of fees is generally applicable, but for special work fees are usually a matter of negotiation:—

Company Audits.—Fee fixed by Shareholders in General Meeting.

Preparing Balance Sheets, Investigating Accounts, &c.—Principals' time, per day of seven hours, 5 to 10 Gs Managing Clerks (if Charhours, 5 to ro Gs Managing Clerks (if Chartered or Incorporated Accountants), 3 to 5 Gs.; (not Chartered or Incorporated Accountants), 11/2 to z Gs.; other Clerks, r G. and npwards. If at a distance from the office or outside the United Kingdom, hotel and travelling expenses: wni be charged.

Receivers, Liquidators and Trustees in Bank-ruptcy.—Usually by percentage on realisation of assets and dividends paid

Voluntary Laquidators - Usually fixed by the Company in General Meeting.

ARCHITECTS.

Fees on New Works,—For taking the Client's instructions, preparing sketch design, making approximate estimate of cost by cubic measurespecifications for the purpose of estimates, obtaining tenders, advising on tenders and in preparation of contract, selecting and instructing of consultants, furnishing to the Contractor one copy of the drawings and specification and such other details as are necessary for the proper carrying out of the works, general supervision as above defined, issuing certificates for payment, and passing and certifying accounts, a percentage on the total cost of all executed works as follows:— (a) If the contract or order exceeds £2,000.

the percentage is to be 6 per cent.

(b) If the contract or order does not exceed £2,000, the percentage is to be no per cent. in the case of works costing £100 graduated to 6 per cent. in the case of works costing £2,000 as the special character of such works may render appropriate.

Alterations and Additions.—A percentage not exceeding twice the amount due for new works

of the same cost.

Fittings, Decorations, &c .- In works in which designs for fittings, appointments, decorations, or complex detail or construction are main features, special fees may be charged according to the circumstances, and also for designs for furniture.

Omitted Works -In addition to the percentage on the total cost of executed works, the Architect is to be paid in respect of all works included in the tender or order, but not executed, two-thirds of the charge which would have been due upon them had they been carried out.

Partial Service .- If the project or part of it be abandoned, or if the services of the Architect cease or are dispensed with before a contract is entered into or order given, the charges in respect of the works abandoned or for which the Architect was employed (as the case may be) are as follows :-

(a) For making approximate estimate of cost by cubic measurement, or otherwise, one-fourth of the percentage on the estimated cost of such

works.

(b) For making approximate estimate of cost by cubic measurement, or otherwise, and preparing drawings and particulars sufficient to enable quantities to be prepared or a tender obtained, two-thirds of the percentage on the estimated cost of such works.

Instalments.—On a contract being entered into or order given for the works the Architect shall be entitled to an instalment of two-thirds of the charge calculated on the total amount of the contract or order, and no part of such payment shall be reclaimable from the Architect in the event of the subsequent abandonment of the works. The remainder of the Architect's remuneration shall be payable by instalments

remuneration shall be payable by installments from time to time as the work proceeds.

Work Executed with Old Materials, &c.—In all cases where work is executed wholly or in part with old materials, or where material, labour or carriage is provided by the Client, the percentage shall be calculated as if the works had been executed throughout by a Contractor,

and with new material.

Services Not Included in Percentage .- The foregoing percentages do not cover the following services, for which, and for any other services not covered by any payment herein provided for, additional charges may be made in accordance with the amount of work involved :-

Advising as to the selection and snitability of site. Negotiations relating to the site or build-ing. Surveying the site or building and taking levels, and making surveys, measurements, and

plans of existing buildings.

The preparation of further sketch designs necessitated by a material alteration in, or addition to, the Client's instructions, or altering the working drawings and specification in consequence thereof prior to the commencement of the works. Altering drawings, or preparing new drawings, and other services involved in consequence of variations or additions desired by the Client after the commencement of the

works. Making extra drawings for the Client's on Contractors' use, and making drawings for and negotiations with ground laudlords, adjoining owners, public authorities, or others, and making applications for licences and consents.

Making arrangements in respect of party walls and rights of light and other easements, reservations or restrictions. Services in connection with litigation or arbitration. Services consequent upon or resulting from the death or bankruptcy of Contractors of the failure or neglect of Contractors from any cause whatever to carry out the works in accordance with the contract or order or consequent upon the fraud or negligence of the Clerk of Works. Services in connection with fire, flood, or tempest during the execution of the works, and services in con-

meetion with the planning of grounds or gardens.

Housing Schemes and Laying Out Estates.—
The fees are those approved by the Ministry of
Health, the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries,
and the Scottish Board of Health.

Approval of Lessee's Plans. - For approving plans submitted by a lessee and for inspecting the work during its progress so far as may be necessary to ensure the conditions being fulfilled, and certifying for lease when required, the charge is as follows :-

For each £100 or part of £100 of the total cost up to £500, 2½ per cent. (minimum fee,

£3 38).
For each £100 or part of £100 from £300 to £5,000, 1½ per cent.
For each £1.0 or part of £100 above £5,000,

Litigation and Arbitration -For qualifying to give evidence, settling proofs, conferences with Solicitors and Counsel, attendances in Court or before Arbitrators or other tribinals, and for other services in connection with litigation and arbitration the charges are based upon the time occupied and the professional standing of the Architect.

Land Surveying and Levelling.—For surveying and making a plan of a town, village, street or road, estate or grounds, or any part thereof, for taking levels, setting out streets or roads, and for other services in connection with land not otherwise specifically provided for, the charges are by time in accordance with Clause ax.

Sanitary Surveys. -- For inspecting, reporting and advising on the sanitary condition of premises, the charge is by time in accordance with Clause as, the minimum fee being £3 38., in addition to the cost of assistance and ap-

pliances. Expenses.-The above-mentioned fees are, in all cases, exclusive of the cost of copies of documents, lithography, travelling and hotel expenses, and all other disbursements, which are

to be charged in addition.

#### QUANTITY SURVEYORS.

I .- ARCHITECTURAL WORK.

Note .- In cases where any of the materials used in construction are supplied by the building owner the percentage charge is based upon the estimated or actual value thereof.

Lump Sum Contracts.

(a) Taking out and preparing Bills of Quantities:—2½ per cent. upon the estimated cost of the work up to £5,000; a per cent. above

£5,000.

(b) Pricing out estimates:—½ per cent.

(c) Measuring and making up account of varia-

tions upon contracts including pricing:—s½ per cent. upon the amount of the gross additions, and 1½ per cent. upon the amount of the gross omissions.

(d) Preparing approximate estimates:-1/2 per

cent. upon the estimated cost.

(e) Surveying work in progress, taking par-ticulars, and reporting for Interim Certificates:—

½ per cent upon the amount of the valuation.
(f) Taking particulars on site and writing specifications for works of alterations or repair, including supervision if required :--7½ per cent. on the amount expended or alternatively a charge based upon the time involved. Schedule Contracts.

(a) Preparing, pricing and agreeing a schedule of prices : - 1/2 per cent. upon the cost of the work. (b) Measuring, bringing to account and valuing work done: -2½ per cent. upon the gross amount of the account

II .- ENGINEERING WORK. Lump Sum and Schedule Contracts. Percentage charges half those for architectural

work but the same scale in respect of charges based upon time.

III .- LITIGATION AND ARBITRATION. For qualifying to give evidence, settling proofs, conferences with solicitors and counsel, attendance in courts or before arbitrators or other

tribunals, and for other services in connexion, the charge is based upon the time involved, with a minimum of 5 gumeas per day.

The above charges are exclusive of the cost of printing, lithography, and fair copies of accounts, and in all cases travelling and other out-of-pocket expenses are payable in addition to the fees.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS. On Constructional Work the payment is usually a commission upon the estimated or actual cost of works covered by the Engineers' Specifications and (or) Drawings, or alternatively an agreed fee. The total commission is normally 5 per cent. unless such cost be less than £10,000, when remuneration is at a higher rate or by an

agreed fee. Additional fees (usually 3 per cent. increase) are payable for Reinforced Concrete work. For Quantities and Acounts (the services which in architectural work would not be covered by the Architect's fee but would be Quantity Surveyor's work) the usual charge is

21/2 to 21/2 per cent. or an agreed fee
A copy of Professional Rules and Practice and

Scale of Fees may be obtained (price 18) from the Hon. Sec. of the Association, 11, Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W. 1

AUCTIONEERS, SURVEYORS AND ESTATE AGENTS.

AGENTS.

1. Sales by Auction.

Freshold, Leasehold, and Copyhold Properties, including the preparation of particulars, and advising as to reserves:—On the first £300, per cent.; on the next £4,700, s½ per cent.; on the raddition to the above charges:—On amounts paid by the purchaser for Chattels, Fixtures, Fittings, Trade Stocks, and other Morable Effects, Timber and Transfersht under the conditions.

Timber, and Tenant-right under the conditions of sale, in addition to the purchase-money of the property:—5 per cent. on £500, and 3½ per cent. on residue, to include inventory and valuation.

Where the division of an Estate into a number the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the con

of lots involves substantial additional work, increased remuneration as arranged between the

Vendor and Auctioneer.

Sale before Auction, After issue of advertisements, the same scale as by auction.

Non-Sale.

In the event of non-sale at the auction, a fee, the amount of which is a matter of arrangement, is payable.

Sale after Auction.

In the event of the property being sold within three months after the auction, the charges for non-sale would merge into the ordinary commission then payable.

Furniture, Trade Stocks, and Chattels, on the Vendor's Premises. - 5 per cent. on the amount realised, exclusive of preparation of catalogues.

Plant and Machinery.—5 per cent. on the amount realised, exclusive of preparation of catalognes.

Live and Dead Farming Stock (except Horses, Pedagree Live-Stock, and Malk-Recorded Cattle). -2½ per cent. on live stock, and g per cent. on dead stock, on the amount realised.

Horses, Pedigree Live Stock and Milk-Recorded Cattle.—5 per cent, on the amount realised. On Lots referred to in the last four paragraphs, reserved or bought in by or on behalf of the wendor.

-One half the commission on sale, calculated on the amount of reserve or buying in price.

2. Private Treaty Sales.
Freehold and Copyhold Estates and Houses, and Freeding and typing a Estates and Houses, and Ground Leaves -On the first 3,500, 5 per cent.; on the next £4,700, 2½ per cent; on the residue, x½ per cent; and a commission, in addition, on the amount paid for Chattels, Fixtures, Fixtury, Furniture, Trade Stocks, and other Movable Effects, Timber, and Tenant-right, of 5 per cent. up to £500, and 2½ per cent. on the residue, to include inventory and valuation

NOTE .- In Sales by Auction and Private Treaty Sales.—Where two Agents are co-operating at the request of the owner, the commission shall

be at the rate of a scale and a quarter.

3. Purchases.

Freehold and Copyhold Estates and Houses, and Ground Leases.—One half of the scale for and Grouna Leages.—Une-nail of the scale for sale by private treaty, calculated upon the amount of the purchase-money, but including inspection, advising as to value, and negotiating or bidding. If no purchase is effected, the usual scale for valuation should be charged: one guinca per cent. on first £1.000; half a guinea on next £9,000; and a quarter of a guinea per cent. beyond on the value of the property. Minimum fee, £5 5s.

4. Lettings.

Business Premises, Unfurnished Houses, Flats,
&c., or on Disposing of all Leases (other than
Ground Leases) by assignment or otherwise.— Granual Leases by assignment or otherwise.—
If the annual value be £100 or less 5 per cent,
on one year's rent, where the term is for one
year or less, and 7½ per cent, on one year's rent
where the term is for more than one year. If
the annual value be over £100 the above scale
shall apply to the first £100 and on the excess
rental over that amount, where the term is for
threat years or least a per cent, on one year's rent. three years or less, 5 per cent. on one year's rent; where the term is for more than three years, 7½ per cent. on one year's rent; in the case of leases requiring the lessee to repair the demised leases requiring the lessee to repair the demassed premises the commission is to per cent, on one year's rent, whatever the term. Upon the premium or consideration (in all cases), 5 per cent, up to £1,000, and 2½ per cent, on the residue; and the commission on any

fixtures, furniture, sum obtained for OF effects of any kind, of 5 per cent. up to £500, and 2½ per cent. on the residue. In the case of a progressive rent the commission is based on the average rent receivable. When a property, which an agent has been instructed to let or sell, is let by him with an option to purchase, and the tenant afterwards exercises his option, the commission for selling, less the commission already paid on the letting, will then become payable.

For negotiating the Renting of Unfurnished Houses or Flats, excluding Survey or Valuation.

-Half the commission payable for a letting On Letting Furnished Houses or Flats in Town or Country, or Shootings, including Collection of Rent .- 5 per cent. on the first year's rental, and

2/2 per cent. for the remainder of the term.

For negotiating the Renting of Furnished Houses or Flats, excluding Survey or Valuation. -Half the commission payable for a letting.

For Making or Checking Inventories of Furni-

ture and Effects.—A minimum fee of two gumess

per day, exclusive of expenses.

On Letting Land on Building Lease.—(a) On Ground Rents up to £50, one year's ground Ground Rents up to £50, one year's ground rent; (b) on Grount Rents exceeding £50 and not exceeding £500, as in (a) on first £50, plus 75 per cent. on the residue; (c) on Ground Rents exceeding £500 and not exceeding £5,000, as in (b) on first £500, plus 50 per cent. on the residue; (d) on Ground Rents exceeding £5,000, as in (c) on first £5,000, plus as per cent. on the residue, together with 5 per cent. on the first £5,000 of the premium and 2½ per cent. on the residue. residue.

On Assigning Building Agreements at a Premeum .- One-half of the scale for Letting Land on Building Lease, together with 5 per cent. on the first £x,000 of the premium and 2½ per cent. on the residue.

5. Collections or Receiverships.

to per cent upon gross rental of weekly property; 5 per cent. upon gross rental of other property or tithes; 7½ per cent upon the gross rental for the management and collection of rents on agricultural estates; 2½ to 5 per cent. on ground rents, according to the amount of the rents and the number of collections.

#### 6. Laying Out or Development of Estates.

For Road Construction, 5 per cent. upon the outlay, exclusive of expenses.

7. Valuations.
z. Valuation of Freehold, Copyhold, or Leasehold Properties .- A guinea per cent. on the first £1.000; half a guinea per cent. on the next £9,000; and a quarter of a guinea per cent. heyond on the value of the property, subject to a minimum fee of five gumeas,

2. Of Property taken under Compulsory Powers.—(a) For qualifying to give evidence the charge is on Ryde's Scale; (b) to the valuer preparing the case (including negotiation for a settlement, where required) one-third additional to Ryde's Scale. The fee is exclusive of five guineas per day for attendances. Plans and disbursements extra.

3. Valuing for Annual Rental.—(a) Agricultural Property——1/2 guiness per cent. up to £350, 5 guiness per cent. beyond. (b) Business and Resiguiness per cent. beyond. (b) Business and Resiguiness per cent. dential Property—5 guineas per cent. up to £300, and 2½ guineas per cent. beyond. Minimum fee 5 guineas.

4. Valuation of Furniture, Fixtures, Trade Stocks, and Effects.—5 guineas per cent. up to £500, and 2½ guineas per cent. on the residue.

5. Valuation of Plant, Machinery, and Trade Stocks—2½ guineas per cent. on first £500, 1½ guineas per cent. on the next £5,000; on the next £5,000, 1 guinea per cent.; over £20,000, by arrangement. Valuation to include inventory. Minimum fee, 5 guineas.

tory. Minimum fee, 5 gmneas.

6. Valuation of Live and Dead Farming Stock 5 guineas per cent. on first £100, and 21/2 guineas per cent. on the residue. Valuation of Tenant-Right.—5 guineas per cent. on first £100, 212 guineas per cent on next £200 and 1% guineas per cent on residue. For Settling Dilapidations.— 5 gnmeas per cent. on the amount of the settle-

7. Valuation of Hotel and Public House Fixtures, Fittings, and Contents .- 5 guineas per cent. on the amount of the valuation as settled.

8. Valuation for Probate and Estate Duty Purposes. - (a) Freehold, Copyhold, and Leasehold Property.-One guinea per cent. on the first £1,000, half a guinea per cent. on the next £4,000, and one quarter-guinea per cent. on the remainder. Minimum fee,£5 55; (b) Of Furmiture and Effects .- 5 guineas per cent. on the first £200, and 21/2 guineas per cent on the next £400, and 21/2 guineas per cent. of the remainder of the amount of valuation, to include inventory. Minimum fee, £5 58.

9. Valuations for Rating purposes and Assessment Appeal. .—'This scale applies to single Properties which have to be valued for Ratepayers, Rating Authorities, Assessment Committees or County Valuation Committees, but does not apply to the preparation of new Valuation Lists or the assessment of Special Properties or all Licensed Piemises in a Rating Area. Where the net annual value does not exceed £1,000, 2 gumeas per cent., plus g guineas; not exceeding 65,000, 2 guineas per cent, with minimum fee of ag guneas; not exceeding £10,000, 2 guineas on first £5,000 and 1½ guineas on residue; not on mist £5,000 and 1½ guineas on residue; not exceeding £50,000, a guineas on first £5,000, 1½ guineas on next £5,000, and 1½ guineas on first £5,000, 1½ guineas on next £5,000, 1½ guineas on next £5,000, and 1 guinea on the residue. the residue.

In addition to the foregoing, for attending before Assessment Committees, 5 guineas per day; and before Quarter Sessions, 30 guineas per day, together with travelling expenses.

so. Preparing Specification of Dilapidations, and settling the amount of required -5 guiness per cent on the amount. Minimum fee, per cent Mmimum fee, £5 58

11. Marking, Valuation and Sale of Timber and Underwood.—5 guineas per cent on amount realised. When valuing only, 5 guineas per cent. on first £500, and 2½ guineas per cent. on the residue.

Where one Valuer acts between both parties the minimum charge shall be scale and a half. divisible between both parties.

### SHIPBROKERS' CHARGES.

A scale of Minimum Agency Charges became operative for Members of the Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers (Office, 27 St. Mary Ass. London, E.C. 2) from 1920, and has been revised from time to time Copies may be obtained from the Secretary.

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Director, O. Lance, o B.F. £2,000 to £2,000

Annt. do., J. H. Jeffery £850 to £2,000

Naval Store Department. Director, J. W. L. Ollier, c.s., c. sr. £1,200 to £1,500 beputy Director, W. J. Glek, c.s., £1,000 to £1,200 to £1,200 to £1,200 to £1,200 to £1,200 to £1,200 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,000 to £1,0

Victualling Department. Director, G. F. Cotton, w.v.o. o.n.g. . £2,000 to £2,200
Assistant Director, C. R. B. Lane . . . £850 to £2,000
Civil Engineer-in-Chief's Department.
Civil Engineer-in-Chief, T. B. Hunter, c.s., o.s.y.,

· In addition to Naval Retired Pay.

#### Contract and Purchase Department.

Director of Contracts, W St. D. Jenkins, c.n., c.B.R. 

#### Scientific Research and Experiment Department.

Director, C. V. Drysdale, c. B., o Br., d Bc., M LRE, s Res (rd.). £1,800 to £1,800 Asst Director, J. Buckingham, M A. ... £800 to £1,000 Superintendent, Admirally Research Lubertdery, C. S. Wright, c. Br. N. M. N. M. ... £800 to £1,000 War Office Representative, Maj. D. S. C. Evans, R.A.

#### Reserves Office.

Queen Anne's Chambers, Tothill Street, S.W. z. Admiral Commanding Reserves, Vice-Adm. G. K. Chetwode, cn, cb; Naval Member, R.N U.R. Committee, Capt. H B.

Malby, a Norr-Except where otherwise shown. Naval and Marine Officers at the Admiralty are in receipt of Naval Pay and Allowances

#### Judge Advocate of the Fleet.

c.o. Royal Naval College, Greenwich, S.E. 10.
Judge Advocate of the Fleet, J. G. Trappell, E.c.
Deputy do , Paym. Capt. J. Siddalls, OBE, R.S.

#### Greenwich Hospital Department.

Ofices, 14 Buckligham Gate, S W. 1. The total estimated income of Greenwich Hospital for The total estimated income of Greenwich Hospital for regs is £32,433, as compared with £441,536 for 1938. The total estimated expenditure is £361,530, as against £441,437 will be spent on Greenwich Hospital pensions to seamen and marines, including Greenwich Hospital Canada pensions, pensions to seamen and marines, including Greenwich Hospital Canada pensions, pensions will be devoted to the Royal Hospital School.

Director, A. W. Smallwood, c.m. £2,500. Clock in Charge, A. W. J. Davies, M.R.R.

### NAVAL ESTIMATES, 1913-14 to 1933-34. Expenditure and Personnel, compared with 1913-14 Estimates,

Year	Numbers.	Expenditure
	Excluding R M Police.	£
1913-14	145,047	47,021,636
1923-24	99,107	54,054,350
1924-25	99,453	55,693,787
1025 26	100,884	60,004,548
1925-27	100,791	57,142,862
1927-28	101,916	58.123,257
1928-29	100,680	57,139,146
1929-30	99,300	55.987,770
1930 31	94,98I	52,274,186
1931-38	92,449	51,014,752
1932-33	91,410	50,476,300
1933-34	90,300	53,570,000

NAVAL PERSONNEL, 1914, 1929 and 1931.

		Active.	
Corvert.	1914.	zgag.	293z.
Great Britain United States of America Japan France Italy	67,258 50,645 69,885	99,300 114,500 85,000 6a,000 46,000	94,921 199,886 98,800 57,000 52,000

#### ADMIRALS OF THE FLEET.

١	Sir Arthur Dalrymple Fanshawe, o.c B., g.c.v.o. (horn 1847)	April 30, 1010
ı	Karl Jellicoe, G.C.B., O.M., G.C.V. O., Lil.D. (born 1840)	April 3. 1010
I	The Rt. Hon Earl Beatty, q.c.s., o M., c.c.v.o., D.S.o., D.C L., LL.D (born 1871)	April 3, 2020
١	Sir U. E. Madden, Bt., qc. n., qc v o, k c. n. q., pc 1., 1.1. b (born 1862)	July 31. 1034
١	Hon. Sir S A. Gough-Calthorpe, G.o n., a.c.x a., c v o (born 1864)	May 8, 1095
i	Sir H F. Oliver, q c.B., K.C.M.q., M V O. LL D (born 1868)	Jan. 21, 1988
I	Sir O. de B. Brock, c.c. B. E. C. M. G., R.C.V.O., D. C. (born 1869)	July az. zoso
Į	Sir R. J. B. Keves, Bt., G c.n., E.C v.o , C.N.O., D.S.O , D.C.L., LL.D (born 1872)	May 8, 2030
١	Sir F. L. Field, a.c n., K.c.m.a. (born 1871)	Jan az. 1933

#### ADMIRALS.

Sir R. Y. Tyrrhitt, Bt., c.c., n. S., p. C. L. (First and Francisca), W. M. Jannes, c. n. (Battle Cruise Naved A D I' to the King).

Sir A E M Chatfield, k.c. n. h. c. m. a. c. v. o. (s. Nea Lard and Chief of the Naved Staff).

Sir C T. M. Fuller, k.c. n., c. n. h. A. Brown, c. n. (Eng. in-Chief) D.R.O.
Sir A. K. Waistell, R.C.B.
Sir J. D. Kelly, G., v.O., R.C.B. (C-tin-Ct., Portsmouth)
Sir W.A. H. Kolly, R.J., R., C.M. G., M. v. O.
Sir W. W. Fisher, R.C.B., C.V.O. (C-tin-Ct., Mediterranean). in-C., Mediterranean).
Sir W. H. D Boyle, K C B. (Corn-C., Home Fleet)
Sir F. C. Droyer, K.C.B., C.B.K. (Coin-C., Chana).

H. W. Parker, c n , c x a.

VICE-ADMIRALS. Sir R R C Backhouse, K. C B . C.M. G (ant Battle Squadron, Mediterra nran L. G. Preston, c. n. (Commandant, Imperial Defence College) Sir II. Meade-Featherston Hon Sir II. Menter Decisions.
haugh, K. v. o., c. B., D. B. o., A. D.C.
(H. M. Yachts)
Sir A. D. P. R. Pound, K.c.B. (and
Sea Lord)
Sir H. J. Tweedie, K. c.B. (C.-in-C., Nore.

Nore.

II R.H The Frince of Wales, so (Personal A D C to the King)

E J. A. Fullerton, c. B., D S O, N A (C dis-C, Plymouth)

W. M. Kerr, c. B., C. B. (Reserve Fleets B E Douivile, c n , c m a (President, R N ('oll., Greenwich)
W Tonikinson, c.n. m, v o W Tomkinson, c.s. M. v o E A. Astley-Rushton, c.s., c M o Hon R A R Plunket-Ernle-Erle-(C.-in-C., 

BRITISH.

gas and chemical warfare. Reduction of size of warships

and guns.

military

countries.

armaments.

Establishment

Abolition of submarines and

as per cent, reduction of all

strength

of

maxima

for

# C. J. C. Little, c. n. (Deputy Chief of D. P. N. North, c. n. a., c. n. a., c. n. (Extra Equery to the Prince of W. M. Janues, c.,n. (Battle Cruiser) Squadton) N. P. Lawrence, p. s. o. (Nubmarines) A. B. Chmingham, p. s. o. (De-

#### Surgeon Vice-Admiral.

Sir R St G S. Bond, R.C.R., FRCP, FRCK, RRP (Medical Director-Gen.)

#### REAR-ADMIRALS.

W. F. French, c. B., c. M. o. (Malta).
T. N. James, c. B., M. N. o.
R. M. Colvin, c. B., c. B. E.
F. F. Rose, c. B., b. S.
J. K. im Thurn, c. B., c. M. o., c. B.
zat Crusser Squadron, MediterT. Gurnell, c. B.
J. H. Hocken runean)
Hou, W. S Leveson-Gower, CB., J. H. Hocken
W. S. Maun, c. B E. D.S.O. H. Noble, c.B., c v o. (and F. R. Beeman, c v o. Cruiser Squadron).

C.W.Round Turner, c.M. a (Chatham Dackyard)

A. E. Hurst E. W. Roberts, o B.E. F. E. Dean Deckyard)
R. A. S. Hill, c. B., c. B.E.
H. J. S. Brownrigg, c. B., p.s.o. (3rd) ('ruiser Squadron). F. Loftus Tottenham, c B , c.B B. F. Lottus Johannan, C. B., C. B., S. R. Balley, C. B., C. B., D. S. O. (Asst. Thief of Naval Staff)
G. Blake, L. B. D. K. O. (4th Sea Lord)
R. C. Dalglish, C. B. (Australian Squadron). A. L. Snagge, c n (Director of Per A. I. Shagge, C B (Directo of rersonal Newtones).

F. M. Austin, C M. (Ribraltar).

B. W. M. Fairbairn, O.B. (Vice-President, Ordiance Committer).

F. G. G. Chilton, C B. (N.O.).

Vangies,

A. E. F. Bedford (Unit of the Staff, Manthe on manife.).

N F. Lawrence, D 8.0 (Nubmarines)
A B. Cunningham, D 8 0 (Destroyers, Mediterranean).
M K Horton, D 8 0 (2nd Battle

M K Horton, Dro (and Battle Squadron),
J M Pipon, Dro, Mro, Dro, Dro,
W T R Ford
E. J Hardman-Jones, Dro. (Coast of Nordland),
E. O. B S. Osbotne, Dro.
C V Robinson,
D B Le Mottee,
St. A B. Wake
F. B. Watson, Dro (N.Z. Naval

Board).
C E Kennedy-Parvis.
J F. Somerville, D 8 0. (R N

F. Somerville, D. Barracks, Portsmouth).

#### Engineer-Rear-Admirals.

#### Surgeon-Rear-Admirals.

R W. B Hall, c. B., o B.F. W W. Keir, c. M. o H R H Denny, c. B P T Nicholls J. S Dudding, o B E. G L Buckeridge, o B E.

#### Paymaster-Rear-Admiral.

H W Woodward (Paymaster-Di-rector-Gen),

### COMMODORES.

### DISARMAMENT PROPOSALS.

#### AMERICAN.

Restrictions for tanks and Abolition of submarines and to the League of Nations.

Abolition of submarines and International police force to Limitation of expenditure on prevent war. armaments. New proportional reduction all of Navies. Limitation of Armies.

#### FRENCH.

Big aeroplanes, warships and submarines to be handed over

International army to repress war. Prohibition of aerial artillery

and poison gas attacks on civilians.

#### NAVAL COMMANDS.

The Nore.

Portsmouth.

C.-in-C, Adm. Sir J. D Kelly, a c v.o., r c.B (Victory)
Jan. 17, 1934
H.M. Submarines, Rear-Adm. N F. Laurence, b vo 

stonhaugh, k.c.v.o., c.n., b.s.o. (Factoriae a April 1, 1931 April 1, 1931 Portsmouth Dockgard, Vice-Adm. H. K. Kitson, c. n. Mn.) 13, 1931 Plymouth.

Coast of Scotland,

Commanding, Rear-Adm. E. J. Hardman-Jones, o. B. E. (Greenwich) July 22, 2022 ......July x2, x933 Reserve Fleet.

Home Fleet.

(H M S. Nelson, Rodney, Malaya, Valiant, Warspite, Hood, Renown; 4 Leanders, 2 Aircraft Carriers, 3 Destroyer Flotillas; 6 "L" Submarines ) C.-1n-C., Adm Sir W. H D. Boyle, s.c. s (Nelson)

2nd Battle Squadron, Rear-Adm M. K. Horton, Mediterranean.

(H.M.N. Queen Elizabeth, Resolution, Revenge, Royal Oak, Royal Soveroign; London, Sussex, Devonshire, Stropshire; Delhi, Duuban, Despatch, Glorious; 3 Destroyer Flotillas; 9 Submarines O.-In-C., Adm. Sir W. Fisher, k. cs., c. v.o. (Gueen Elizabeth) Cat. Sir R. R. C. Backhouse, k. cs., c. v.o. (Heenige) April 121, 1928 at Gritler Synadron, Rear-Adm J. K. im Thurn, c. B., c. M. G., c. B. k. (London) June 20, 1923 at Gritler Synadron, Rear-Adm H. J. S. Browning, c. E., d. s. o. (Delhi) Destroyer Flotillas, Rear-Adm A. B. Cunningham, d. C. (Corentry) Dec., 1923 S. V. O., Malto, Rear-Adm W. F. French, c. R., t. M. (St. Amgelo) Jan. 20, 1923 S. N.O., Gibrattar, Rear-Adm F. M. Austin, c. S. (Cormoroni) May 2, 1933 Queen Elizabeth, Resolution, Revenge, 

#### THE ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE.

The RNR, was formed in z853, and its affairs are governed, under the Board of Admiralty, by the RNR. Advisory Committee, which meets as necessary

R.N.R. ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

Queen Anne's Chambers, Tothill Street. S.W. z. President, Vice-Adm. G. K. Chetwode, c B., C.B F Secretary, Paym.-Lt.-Com J H B. Benwell-Lejeung, R.N.

Commanders for R.N.R. and M.M Duties Liverpool (30, Canning Place), Com E. W. H. Blake,

London (P. L. A. Buildings, Trinity Square, E.C. 3), Com. M. J. Palmes, z.w. Southampton (Prudential Buildings, Above Bar), Com. N. M. F. Corbett, z.w.

China.

(H M.S. Kent, Berwick, Cumberland, Cornwall, Caradoc, Suffolk; sth Destroyer Flotilia, Aircraft Carrier Eagle; as Submarines; Gunboats and Sloops.)

C-in-C., Vice-Adm Sir F. C Droyer, a.c. a. c. s. a. (Kent)

March 12. 1921

March 12. 1921

June 3, 2933

Chillon, c. a. 24 (Chillon, c. a.

S.N.O., Fangtse, Rear-Adm. F G. G. Chilton, c.s. Sept. 16, 1932

South American Diem (H.M.S. York and Exeter). Commodore A. E. Evans, o. R. F. (Exeter) Nov. - , 2933

East Indies. 

Africa. 

Simonstown, Capt J H. Young (Afrikander) May 25, 2933

IMPERIAL NAVIES.

India.

(a Sloops, 5 other vessels)

Director, Royal Indian Marine and Principal Naval
Transport Officer, East Indies (Bombay), Rear Adm.
Sir H T Walwyn, K c R. I., c, B, D. B. O. Oct. 5, 1938

Ireputy Director, Capt H. Morland, R I.M., c, L. C.

Dec. 13, 1935

Australia. (H M A S. Australia and Canberra; 2 Cruisers and

6 Destroyers.) C-in-C., Rear-Adm R. C. Dalglish (Canberra

April 7, 1932 Sydney, Capt. H J. Feakes, R A.N (Penyuin) Aug. 7, 1931 Canada.

(4 Destroyers; 5 other vessels)

Director of Nanul Service, Commodore W. Hose,
c.B. L., R.C.M. (Guelph) .....................July z, zgec New Zealand.

(H M.N.Z S. Diomede and Dunedin; 2 Sloops) C.-m.C., Rear-Adm F. B. Watson, D.S.O. (Dunedin) April 27, 2938

South Africa. (4 vessels.) See African Station.

#### THE ROYAL NAVAL VOLUNTEER RESERVE.

The R.N.V.R was formed in 1902, and its affairs are governed, under the Board of Admiralty, by the R.N.V.R. Committee.

R N V R. COMMITTEE.

Queen Anne's Chambers, Tothill Street, S.W. z. President, Vice-Adm. G K. Chetwode, c.B., C.R.E.

Commanding Officers of Divisions. Commanding Officers of Divisions.
London (H.M.S. President, Victoria Embankment, E.C. 4), Capt. J. R. Hemsted.
Sussez, Capt. Rt. Hon Earl Howe, c. R.E., v.D.
Tyne, Capt. E. W. Swan, o.R.E., v.D.
Mersey, Capt. R. Eigood, v.D.
Mersey, Capt. R. Eigood, v.D.
Severn, Capt. E. G. C. Cavendish
East Scottah, Capt. W. F. Keay, v.D
Ulster, Capt. Earl of Kilmorey

#### SHIPS OF THE ROYAL NAVY (Dec. 31, 1933).

#### POST-JUTLAND TYPES.

	Battleships.		
Çom-	•		Main
pleted.		Tons.	Armament
1987	Nelson, Rodney	33,500	9 × 16in
	Battle Cruiser		
1980	Hood	42,100	8 × rsin.
-	Cruisers.	• •	
	Berwick, Cornwall,		
1927	Cumberland.		
_			
1928	Keut, Suffolk.		
1928	H.M.A.S. Australia,		
	Canberra.		
1949	London, Devonshire,		
	Sussex, Shropshire.		
1930	Dorsetshire, Norfolk	10,000	
1030-3	York, Exeter	8,400	
1933	Leander	7,000	$8 \times 6$ in.
1933	Achilles, Neptune,		
	Orion	7,000	$8 \times 6$ in.
1935	Amphion, Ajax	7,000	$8 \times 6$ in.
1935	Arethusa	5,000	6 × 6in.
1935	Apollo, Phaeton	7,000	6 × 6in.
1935	Galatea	5,000	6 × 6in.
1010-	5 Hawkins, Frobisher,	•	
-9-9	Efflugham	g.86o	7 × 7'5in
	Vindictive	9,925	
1085	Emerald, Enterprise	7,500	7 × 6iu.
1018-		7,300	, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
-910-	Delhi, Despatch,		
	Dragon, Durban,		
	Diomede, $(N.Z)$ ,		
		. 0	£ V 6111
	Dunedin $(N.Z.)$	4,050	6 × 6іц.

#### OTHER VESSELS.

Aircraft-Carriers : Conrageous, 22,500 tons ; Aircraft-Carriers Contrageous, 22,500 tous; Glorious, 22,500 tous; Glorious, 22,500; Ethernes, 23,500; Ethernes, 23,500; Chustross, 5,000 (Australiau Navy); Argus 24,450 (Maintenance Reserve, Rosyth); Ark Royal 6,000 (Reserve Fleet, Nore.) Monitors 8 Patrul Boats 5, Depot Ships 22, Sloops "Acacla" (1888 4, "Anchinas" (1888 3, "Arnhis" class 7; "Azalea" class 2; "Ad "class 2; "Africham" class 8; "Hastings" class 4; "Bridgewater" class 2, Under construction in the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state "Briggwater class 2. Under construction in 1933—8. About 1,500 tons, 1 or 2 × 4-in. Minelayer: 1. Minesurerpers: 27. Plotilla Leaders "Scott" class 7; "Sinakespeare" class 5; "Format Kempenfelts" 2; Admiratly class 4, "Exmouth" and "Faulkner" under construction. All about and "Faulkner" inider construction. All about 1,500 tons, 4 or 5 × 4 y-in. Destroyers. "R" class 10; "N" class 28; (2 Canadian); "V" class 26; "W" class 27; "A" class 2; "A class 2; "Causa 2; "Causa 2; "Defender "class 8; "Grusader" class 4; "Defender "class 8; under construction in 1933. "Defender" class 8; under construction in 1933—8 "R" and 8 "F" class All about 1,350 tons with 4 or 5 4 7-in. Submarenes: "H" class 15; "L" class 13; "I.50" class 6; "Oberon" class 5; "Odin" class 6; "Swordfab" class 4; "Parthian class 5; "Rainbow" class 4; "Thannes" class 1; "Rorpouse" class 1 "R" class 1; "X" class 1; "Inder construction in 1933—8 "River" class 3; "Improved Swordfish" class and 1 "Porpoise" class. Sucreying: 9. Gunbouts 18 with 1 building 18 with x building

#### NAVAL AIR WORK.

Catapults have been, or are being, fitted to

#### POST-JUTLAND TYPES.

	Oruisers—contin	34-4-		
Com- pleted. 1918-22	Cairo, Calcutta, Cape-	Tons.	Main Armanient	
	town, Carlisle, Colombo	4,100	5 × 6in.	

	4,	.9-	3 / ( )
	PRE-JUTLAND TYPI Battleships.	28.	
T.	ife = 20 years under Washin	gtor	Pact,
	Queen Elizabeth, Ma- laya, Barham, Valiant, Warspite	00	8 × 15in.
1917	Oak, Revenge, Resolution, Ramillies 29,1	50	8 × 15in.
	Battle Cruisers.		
1916	Renown, Repulse 32,0	00	6 × 15i0.
	Cruisers.		
1917	Ceres, Cardiff, Coven- try, Curacoa, Curlew 4,2	00	5 × 6in.
1916	Caledon, Calypso, Cara-	8o	5 × 6in.
1916	Cambrian, Canterbury, Castor, Champion,	•	
	Constance 3,9	20	4 × 6in.
1914	Comus 3,8	95	4 × 6in.
		2	

naissance) are replacing the Flycatcher (1023) type for sea work.

The "Prosperity Naval Construction Programme" of 1933 included a Aircraft Carriers (20,000 tons), 4 Cruisers (20,000 tons, 6'z in. guns), 4 Submarines, az Destroyers (1,500-1,800 tons). 2 Gunboats.

#### FRENCH NAVY.

Programme designed to bring tonnage to total of 670,000 towards desired total of 721,000 tons :of \$\frac{6}{2}0.000\$ towards desired total of \$\frac{7}{2}x.000\$ tons:—
Capital ships, \$\frac{7}{2}.000\$; Aircraft carriers, \$\frac{6}{2}.000\$; Crussers and destroyers, \$\frac{3}{2}0.000\$; Submaines, \$\frac{6}{2}0.000\$. The \$\frac{3}{2}0.000\$ ton battle cruiser \$\int \text{pinker} \text{ring}\$, and the side of the \$\frac{1}{2}\text{ring}\$ guts in quadruple turrets. Included in current programma era 4 cruisers \$\frac{7}{2}.000\$ tons), in addition to the \$\int \text{pan } de \text{Vienne } and \$\int \text{La } \text{Galisonnière}\$ (7,000 tons) and \$\int \text{min } \text{Enrich } \text{Enrich } \text{Chateaurenaut}\$ (building at \$\text{K}\$. Nazaire) has been renamed \$\frac{6}{2}\text{europes}\$. Georges Leggues.

#### ITALIAN NAVY.

The last (Bolzano) of the series of seven 10,000 Cruisers under the Washington Agreement was launched in August, 1938, and the programmes for 1938-33 include 4 cruisers of 7,000 tons.

GERMANY'S "POCKET BATTLESHIPS."

Germany is building 5 "Pocket Battleships" of 10,000 tons displacement, heavily armoured, 50,000 h.p., with 6 11-in. guns (670 lb. projectile), 86-in. guns, and 43 5-in. guns, with 6 torpedo tubes. "A" (Deutschland) was laid down at tubes. cataphits have been, or are being nitted to tunes. "A (Detachinata) was laid down at ac capital ships and cruisers, 15 being completed in March 1933. Hawker-Nimrod (single-seater) and Hawker-Osprey (two-seater fighter reconsidered in the same day, and "C" has been laid down.

MAVAL	CASUALTIES	IN THE	WAR.

Casualties to all ranks of Royal Navy and Royal Naval Reserve, including Mercantile Marine Reserve while serving in H.M. ships and merchant ships, but excluding casualties of the Royal Naval Division and British Mercantile Marine losses:—

Marine losses :-		
	Officers.	
Killed in action or died of wounds	2,074	20,735
Died	400	11,433
Wounded in action	549	3,961
Injured	256	392
Missing	_	2
Prisoners of War	211	824
Interned	51	170
m 4 1		
Total	2.541	27.517

#### WARSHIP LOSSES IN THE WAR,

. 1			-		_	. —	. — -	
	Class.	U.K.	U.S.A	France.	Italy.	Japan.	Germ.	AustH.
	Battleships Battle Cruisers Cruisers Monitors Destroyers Torpedo Boats	13 3 25 6 64 10		5 14 8	3 2 1 10 5	4 3 1	1 1 24 72 51	3 3 5 4
,	Submarines Small Craft	59 27		14	. 8	=	216	8

## WAR LOSSES OF BRITISH MERCANTILE SHIPPING. (Tous.)

Merchant

5.637

y T B's uisers &c.	By Sub- marines,	By Mines	By Air- craft	Total
	· —	-		
40 202	6 625 050	642 470	2 072	a ago oco

Total .. 448,339 6,69s,642 681,96s 7.912 7.830,855

Nil

#### BRITISH CAPITAL SHIPS. COMPARISON WITH PRE-WAR TOTAL.

Inte.		leships. Building		Cruisers Building	Total.
Jan. 1, 1914 Jan. 1, 1934	58 12	14	9		82 15
'	• Pr	om official	source	ł k.	

#### GREAT WAR MEDALS.

THE following Medals for service in the Great War have been issued up to Sept. 15, 1933:-

Medal	Admiralty	War Office.	Air Ministry	Board of Trade
British War Medals		5,689,006	111,163	98,032
Conspicuous Gallantry Medals	108			•••
Distinguished Service Medals	5,519			•••
Meritorious Service Medals	1,058	92,735	8qz	•••
1914 Stars	12,392	366,217	i 1	
TOTA-TE STATE	283,500	z,08z,956	i 1	•••
Victory Medals	477,276	5,144,838	105,336	•••
Distinguished Conduct Medals		31,173	3,00	•••
Military Medals		130,274	1	•
Territorial War Medals	•••	33,944		
Distinguished Flying Medals	•••	33,341	169	
Air Force Medals			163	
Mercantile Marme War Medals				
DICIONDUIC Marine at mount			•••	134,333

#### AIR STRENGTH 1923 AND 1933.

	1923		1933.		1933.
Country.	First Line	First Line	Reserves, &c	Total.	Commercial Aircraft.
France U.S.A. Great Britain Japan Italy U.S.B. Germany.	405 328 300 150	1,687 1,752 838 1,384 	1,313 599 596 555 	3,000 2,351 1,434 1,939 1,507	1,600 7,330 981  578 

#### ESTIMATED NAVIES OF THE POWERS IN JANUARY, 1936.

Nation.	Battleships.	('ruipers.	Destroyers.	Submarines	Aircraft Carriers.
Great Britain United States of America France Italy Japan Germany	15 15 13 (3) 8 (4) 9 13 (5)	64 (z4) 30 60 (3) 39 (4) 29 7 (z)	164 (48) 115 77 (25) 118 (30) 77 39 (13)	42 (1) 50 139 (30) 88 (17) 36	6 5 - 4

The figures in parentheses represent ships included in totals that will be over age in 1936.

#### NAVIES OF THE WORLD IN JANUARY, 1988.

NOTE.—As a result of the London Naval Conference (Jan. 21-April 25, 1930), the British Empire, the United States and Japan undertook to proceed at once with the reduction of their capital sinps, and the British Empire, U.S.A., Japan, France and Italy agreed to waive (during the years 1931-1936 inclusive) the right granted by the Washington Treaty to replace obsolescent ships.

Country	Buttleships.	Cruisers	Arreraft Carriers	Destroyers.	Sub marines.	Gunboats	Mine- sweepeers.
Alhania		•••	·			6	l
Argentina	4 '	7	·	12	3	6	
Australia		4	, <b>x</b>	6	ž	[!] 3	·
Belgium	l l		١	l i		! I	
Brazil	3	3		21	4	! .	
Cauada				4			3
Chile		4		1 2 1	9		
China		Ġ		12		10	
Cuba	1			1 1	•••	6	
Denmark		4		1	11	•	6
Estonia	'			2		1	1
Finland	1				4		1
France (1)		20	3	20	84	52	22
Germany (a)	. 5	8		16	•	3	80
Great Britain (3)	15	57	8	158	55	17	28
Greece	* (a)	3/		8	3 <u>5</u>		
Italy (4)	, ,,,,	22	1	93	50		48
Japan (5)		36	3	101	63	14	10
Latvia	,	_		101	2	,	
Mexico	x (m)	••	•••		_		•••
Netherlands	3(0)	•••	•••	8		-	•••
New Zealand		3		1 - ;	31	;	•••
Norway	4 (11)	-		1 ": :	•••		•••
Peru		3	!	3	9		•••
Poland		2		I I	4	3	•••
		•••	•••	3	3	ز. ا	
Portugal	· · ·	11		11	6	26	•••
Rumania		•••	•••	4	I		
Siam	i 1	•	•••	3	•:	6	•••
Spain		8	į	17	16		;
Sweden	10 (a)	•••		13	22	•••	
Turkey				5	5	4	
U.8. A. (6)	15	30	3	25I	82	18	43
U.S.S.R. (7)	3 :	6		17	16	4	6
Yugoslavia					4	!	1

NOTES.

- (c) Coast-Defence Battleships.
  (z) France—Building z Battleship. 8 Cruisers. 13 Destroyers. 25 Submarines, 29 Gunboats.
  (d) Germany—Building 3 Estitleships
  (d) Great Britain—Building to Cruisers, 19 Destroyers, 10 Submarines, 2 Gunboats
  (d) Italy—Building 6 Cruisers, 6 Destroyers, 28 Submarines
  (d) Japan—Building 6 Cruisers, 6 Destroyers, 28 Submarines
  (d) Japan—Building 8 Cruisers, 2 Afteraft Carrier, 4 Destroyers, 3 Submarines, 2 Minesweepers;
  Properled 3 Cruisers, 9 Destroyers, 6 Submarines
  (d) U.S.A.—Building 6 Cruisers, 4 Afteraft Carrier; 8 Destroyers, 2 Submarines;
  (d) U.S.A.—Building 6 Cruisers, 4 Afteraft Carrier; 8 Destroyers, 2 Submarines;
  (d) U.S.A.—No details available as to ships building or projected

#### ARMIES OF THE WORLD.

#### AIR FLEETS OF THE WORLD.

CGUNTRY.	Втетем.	PEACY STRYNGTH.	Country.	FIRST LINE AIRCRAFT.	Total Aircraft
Albania	Compulsory	13,000	Albania	nil	nil
rgentina	Compulsory	30,000	Argentina	86	•••
ustralia	Voluntary	30,000	Australia	40	•••
ustria	Voluntary	(a) 30,000	Austria	(e)	(e)
elgium	Compulsory	90,000	Belgium	195	
olivia	Compulsory				•••
	Compulsory	8,000	Bolivia	20	•••
raził	Compulsory	46,000	Brazil	100	150
ulgaria	Voluntary	(b) 20,000	Bulgaria	(n)	<b>(f)</b>
anada	Militia	50,000	Canada	355	•••
hile	Compulsory	25,000	Chile	100	150
hina	Voluntary	1,000,000	China	250	
olombia	Compulsory	10,000	Colombia	15	
osta Rica	Militia	1,000	Costa Rica	10	
uba	Voluntary	12.000	Cuba	20	
zechoslovakıa	Compulsory	150,000	Czechoslovakia	546	687
enmark	Militia	12,000	Denmark	78	•••
ominican Rep	Voluntary	3,000	Dominican Rep	nil	nil
cuador	Voluntary	5,000	Ecuador	10	•••
gypt	Compulsory	12,000	Egypt	nil	nil
stonia	Compulsory	15,000	Estonia	75	•••
inland		28,000	Finland	60	
rance	Compulsory	500,000	France	x,687	3,000
ermany	Voluntary		Germany	(g)_	<b>(g)</b>
t. Britain		148,700	Gt. Britain	838	1,434
reece	Compulsory .	65,000	Greece	40	120
uatemala		7,000	Guatemala	12	•••
ait:	Militia	2,000	Haiti	nil	nil
onduras		2,200	Honduras	nil	nil
ончина	Voluments				
ungary	Voluntary	(d) 35,000	Hungary	(4)	(h)_
ndia	Voluntary	260,000	India	116	196
'auq			Iraq	22	22
rish Free State	Voluntary	7,000	Irish Free State	24	•••
taly	Compulsory	500,000	Italy		1,507
apan	Compulsory	270,000	Japan	1,384	1,939
		25,000	Latvia	-,304	-,939
				mil	nıl
iberia	Militia	5,000	Liberia		7174
ithuauia!		x8,000	Lithuania	70	•••
exico	Voluntary	50,000	Мехісо	10	•••
etherlands	Compulsory	60,000	Netherlands	380	•••
ew Zealand	Militia	20,000	New Zealand	36	•••
icaragua		3,000	Nicaragua	nil	nil
orway		60,000		180	
anama			Norway Panama	nil	nil
		1,000	Day novey		
araguay	Compulsory	3,000	Paraguay	nil	nil
ersia	Compulsory	40,000	Persia	20	•••
eru	Compulsory	10,000	Peru	10	20
eruoland	Compulsory	264,000	Poland		700
ortugal	Compulsory .	70,000	Portugal	130	
nmania	Compulsory	180,000	Rumania	599	799
alvador	Voluntary		Salvador	399	17%
am		25,000	Si.m.	- 1	•
				:::	
pain		120,000	Span	462	649
weden	Natl. Militia	30,000	, Sweden	91	180
witzerland	Natl Militia	45,000	Switzerland	125	300
urkey	Compulsory	140,000	Turkey	50	
nion of S. Africa	Compulsory	13,000	Union of S. Africa	66	
J.S.A		145,000	U.S.A	1,752	
J.S.S.R		562,000	U.S.S. R.		a,35x (')
				1,500	0
ruguay	voluntary	6,500	Uruguay	4=	•••
enezuela	compulsory	6,000	Venezuela	IO	
Zana alauna	Compulsory	127,000	Yngoslavia	627	984

Notes.—(a) Austria limited to 30,000 all ranks by Treaty of St Gramain. (b) Bulgaria limited to 20,000 all ranks, with Gendarmerie 30,000 and Frontier Guard 3,000 by Treaty of Newilly. (c) Germany limited to 20,000 all ranks by Treaty of Verselles. (d) Hungary limited to 35,000 all ranks by Treaty of Trianon. (e), (f), (g), (h) Prohibited by respective Treaties.

DISARMANEAT PROPOSALS.—In the British Draft Convention submitted March 26, 2933, to the Disarmament Conference at Geneva, numerical limitations were suggested for the average daily effectives in the land armed forces of the nations of continental Europe. The proposals were given in detail in Two invess of March 27, 2933

o The Army Council, The War Office, Whitehall, S.W. z.

Secretary of State for War (President of the Army Council), Hon. Col. the Rt. Hon, the Viscount Hailsham. 

#### The Secretary of State for War.

Hon. Col. the Rt Hon the Viscount Hailsham, Principal Private Secretary, H. J. B. Clough (plus allowance of £300) Livo to £300 Assistant Private Secretary, C. L. Bayne (plus allowance of £400) Livo to £500 Personal Private Secretary, Capt. A. C. Graham

Milliary Secretary (Secretary of the Selection Board), It. Gen. Sir G. Sidney Clive, K.c.H., C.M.G., D.R.O. Denuty Milliary Secretary of Assistant Secretary of the Selection Board), Col. (tomp. Brigadier) F. S. G. l'iggott, p s.o.

#### The Chief of the Imperial General Staff.

Chicf of the Imperial General Staff, Gon. Sir Archibald A. Montgomery-Massingberd, Kon., Kon.e., D.C.GEN.

Military Assistant, Bt Lt.-Col. J G des R. Swayne Personal Assistant, Capt. G. H Hunt.

Personal Assumit, Capt. C. H. Hunt.
Discotor of Millary Operations and Intelligence,
Maj. Gen J. G. Dill, C. R., C. R.G., D. R.G.
Deputy Duretor of Millary Operations and Intelligence,
Col. (temp Bigadier) R. H. Haining, D. R.G.
General Stuff Officers, and Ornale, Col. M. N.
MacLood, D. R., M. C., Col. I. V. Bond, Col. P. J.
Mackey, D. R.G., M. C.; Col. T. J. Hutton, M. C.;
Col. H. L. Ismay, C. B., D. B. G.; Et.-Col. L. R. Hill,
D. R. E. M. C. R. Hill,
D. R. E. R. Col. L. R. Hill,
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Military Representative on the Permanent Actions,
Military Representative on the Permanent Actions,
Committee to the League of Nations, Co. (tourn)
Brigh A. Unipolicy, C., C. a. b. c.
Director of Stay Dutes, Mai, Gon Sir Ivo I. B. Vosey,

Burector of Stage Indicas, mai, cool Billyoli il Yosey,
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F.G., C.M.G., D.S.O., L.D.; Col. L. Cart, D.S.O.
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Smith, c. Inspector of Physical Training, Col. G. N. Dyor, D.S.o.

#### The Adjutant-General to the Forces,

Adjutant-General to the Forces, Gen Sir Cecii I.

D. S.O.

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Assistant Adputants-General, Col. E. J. L. Pike, M.C.;

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Assatant Director-General, J. W. I. Scott, D. 80.
Assatant Director-General (for the Dental Services),
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Director of Hygune, Maj-Gen. P. H. Honderson,

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CRE, RR.C.
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Military Nursing Service, Miss A. P. Wilson,

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B Burgess.

**Inspector of the Royal Army Service Corp. Col. (tomp. Brig.) W N White, p.s.o

#### The Master-General of the Ordnance,

Master-General of the Ordnance, Lt.-Gen Sir J. Ronald E. Charles, R.C.B., I. No., D.S. O. Private Sec., Lt. C. J. H. Nicholson.
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#### The Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for War.

Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for War-Lt -Col. the Rt. Hon the Earl Stanhope, p.s.o.,

Picc, D. L. Bayne (acting)
Picceto-Gen of the Territorial Army, I.t.-Gen. C
Bonlam-Carter, E.R., C.M. o. D. o.
Assignit Livedor, Col. J. S. Drew. D. S. o., M.C.
Picceto-Gen. C. B. S. Drew. D. S. o., M.C.
Mass R. Orborne, C. B. E. R. C.
Miss R. Orborne, C. B. E. R. C.
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O. C. Borrott, C. B., C. M. G., C. B. E., D. S. O., C. O. King's Own R. (G.O. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M mittee). Sir Hereward Wake, Bt , c B , c M.Q , H R.H Duke of York, Earl of Inverness, R.G., R.T., G. M.G., G.C.VO., Col. S. Gds., Col.-in-Chief zz Hrs., Som L.I., E. Yorks Reg, R.A.O.C., and Leic. Yeo (Personal A.D.C to the King) , (hina). C Arnitago, c. n., c.m.g., b s.o (Staf (villege, ('amberley), ... W. Bartholomew, c. n., c. m. g. r. n. c. m. g. a. (Inspector of the Royal Artillery) D.S.O. (4978 | D. CR. D. R.O. (B. C. R.O.)

H. Kari Slake, C. R., C. M.G., D.S.O. (Baluchistan District, Quetta)

C. M. Wagstaff, G.R., C.M.G., C.R.,
D.S.O. (B.D.A., Woodnick).

H. Needham, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.
(Bombay District) Atmery)
J.W. West, C.W.G., C.B.E., M.B., E.H.S.
(R. A. M. College, Millbunk).
R. B. Ainsworth, D.S.O., O.B.E.,
E.B.P. (Commandant, R. A. M. ('ollege). Смере. С. Lewin, с.в., сма., р.во (GO', Malaya). С. P. Heywood, с.в., сма, р.в.о. R. J. Collins, св., см.а., р.в.о. Thorpe, c B., c M.g., D 4 o. (D A G & Dir. of Organization, India). A. E. McNamara, c.B., c.M. G., D. Co. (Director of Military Training) K. G. Buchanan, c M a , D s.o. R. M. Luckock, c M a , b s.o. W Howard, c n , c m a , n s o (Ad-ninistration, Eastern Command, Horse Guards) G. S. Dobble, c.B., c.M.a., p.s.o. (Comdt, School of Military Engi-neering, Chatham) g.W Horse Guards)
J. Kønnedy, c.s., c.m.a., d. s. o. (44h
Home Constites Dron., il'volvech),
M. G. Taylor, c.n., c.w. q. d. v. o., c.
Sir J. L. G. Burnett of Leys, Bt.,
T. R., c.M. q. d. o., (52st-Highland-A J Hunter, c M.a., p.s.o., M c. B B Crozier, c.M.a., p.s.o. O H L Nicholson, c M.a., p.s.o. W P. H. Hill, c M a, p s o., Col. R Fus Sir J. L. G. Burnette on more not. C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. B., C. FitzGerald, Fitz(3 (D.D M S Eastern Command, Hone (hards, S W. 2) H.J Huddleston, c.s., c.s. 6., d.s. 6. H. J. Huddisson, C. H., C. M., D. S. O.,
M.C. Col. Dornet B.
I. I. G. Morgan-Owen, C. M., C. E.,
D. S. O., Col. S. Wales Bord
A. J. McCulloch, D. R. O., D. C. M.
(Comul. Senior Officers' School,
Nicerness). of Recruiting & Organical Wist Office)
A. Brough, c. B., c.M.a., c. B. E., d. D. S. O., Col. S. Writer School, (Director of Mechanization, War Office).
P. H. Henderson, D. S. O., M. B., (D. F. R. C. Commings, c.N.a., D. S. C. (Rangoon Brigade Area, Mingaladon).
(D.D.M.S., Western Command, Quetta).

G. Fleming, c. S. E., D. S. O., Col. S. Writer School, Officer School, Officer School, Sheerness).

D. S. O., Col. S. Writer Development of Country School, D. S. O., D. W. M. C. (School Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control of Control o

# Royal Marines.

R. F. C. Foster, C.B., C M G., D.S.O. G. R. S Hickson, C B., C.B.E. R. D. Ormsby, C.B.E.

Indian Army. F. Orton, c B. (D Q.M.G. and Director of Movements & Quartering).
Deane, c. B., p s o. (Burma Dis-170).
Deane, c. B., u S.O. (Burma District, Rangoon).
H. B. D. Baird, c. B., c. M.S., c. I. B., u S.O. (Deccan District).
U. J. B. Hay, c. M., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., d. M. M. Moens, c. M., c. M. S., d. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., c. M. S., D.B.O. (Noc., In MIMITY Dept., Income Office).
R. C. Wilson, C.B., D.S.O., M.C. (Commandaut, Ntaf College, Quetta).
C. Kirkpatrick, C.B., C.B. (Sind Brigade Area, Karach).
J. D. Graham, C.B., C.I.E., M.B., B. R. Moberley, c.B., D.S.D. (D.A. 4 Q.M.G., Northern Command, d Q.m.. Murree). Murret,
C. A. Sprawson, C. E., M. D., F. R. C. F.,
E. H. F. E. Mao Mahon, G. B., C. B. E., M. C.
(Director of Supplies & Transport),
W. V. Coppingor, C. I. E., D. S. O., M. D.,
F. R. C. S. I., I. M. S.
B. P. Pope, C. B., D. S. O. (Waziristan),
C. B. P. O. C. B., D. S. O. (Waziristan)

F.R.C.B.I., L.M.C. S. B. Popo, C.B., D.S.O. (Waziristan District, Dera Ismail Khan). Wolth, C.B., C.B.E., D.N.O. (Landl Kotal Brigade) C. A. Milward, C.B., C.L.E., C.B.E.,

D. B. O.

E. D. Giles, C.B., C.M.G., D. B. O.
(('twolry, India).
T. G. F. Paterson, D. B. O., M. B.,
I.M. S., S. H. V. (D. D. M. S., Northern
Command, Murrel.
E. A. Walker, M. B., P. R. O. S., I.M. S.,
K. H. S. (D. D. M. S., Rastern Command, Naim. Tai).
H. C. Duncan, C. B., D. S. O., O. B. E.
J. H. F. Lakin, C. B., C. S. I.

#### RELATIVE RANK-SEA, LAND AND AIR.

Commissioned Officers of The Royal Navy, The Army, and The Royal Air Force rank with one another according to Seniority or Date of Appointment, as shown in the following table:— ARNY.

Lieutenant-General.

Field-Marshal. General. 2.

ROYAL NAVY.

Admiral of the Fleet, Admiral. Vice-Admiral. Rear-Admiral.

Commodore (zet & and Class). Captain. Commander.

Lieutenant-Commander. Liquitenant.

Sub-Lieutenant and Mate. Commissioned Officer from Warrant Rank.

Major-General.

Brigadier
Colonel. Lieut.-Colonel. Z.

3.

Major. Captain. Lieutenant, Second Lieutenant.

ROYAL AIR FORCE. Marshal of the Royal Air Force, Air Chief Marshal. Air-Marshal. Air Vice-Marshal.

Air-Commodore. Group Captain.
Wing-Commander.
Squadron Leader.
Flight-Lieutenant.
Flying Officer (or Observer).
Pilot Officer.

Commissioned Officers of the Royal Marines rank at all times, according to Seniority, with Army Officers of the same titles.

· In place of the former Army title of Brigadier-General.

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF THE ARMY.

#### The British Army, 1914 and 1932.

Regular Army, Home	1914 185,000 75,000 33,000 145,000 64,000 mil.	1933 99,000 61.000 29,000 124,500 111. 17,500 136,000
Total	714.000	467,000

#### Order of Precedence of Regiments, etc.

The Life Guards and the Royal Horse Guards (The Blues).

Royal Horse Artillery (but on parade, with their guns, to take the right and march at the head of the Household Cavalry).

Regiments of Cavalry of the Line.—xst King's
D.G., The Queen's Bays (and D.G.), 3rd/6th
Carabineers (P. of W. D.G. and The Cara-Carabineers (P. of W. D.G. and The Carabineers), 4/7th D.G. (4th Royal Irish and 7th Princess Royal's), 5th Inniskilling D.G., 18t The Royal Dragoons, The Royal Scots Greys (and D.), 3rd The King's Own Hussars, 4th Queen's Own Hussars, 5th King's Own Royal Irish Hussars, 5th Queen's Royal Irish Royal Hussars, 5th Queen's Royal Iancers, 18th Royal Hussars (Prince of Wales's Own), 18th Royal Hussars (Prince of Wales's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), 18th Hussars (Prince Own), Royal Hussars (Prince of Wales's Own), 12th Hussars (Prince Albert's Own), 12th Royal Lancers (P. of Wales's), 12/18th Hussars (12th H. and 18th Royal Queen Mary's Own H.), 12/19th Hussars (12th The King's and 20th), 12/12th Hussars (12th The King's and 20th), 12/12th Hussars (12th The King's and 20th), 16/12th Lancers (12th The Queen's and 5th Royal, Queen Alexandra's Own), 16/12th Lancers (12th D. of Cambridge's Own and 11th Empress of India's).

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Corps of Royal Engineers. Royal Corns of Signals.

Regiments of Footguards .-- Grenadier Guards (3 Battalions), Coldstream Guards (3 Bns.), Scots Guards (2 Bns.), Irish Guards (2 Bn.), Welsh Guards (z Bn.).

Regiments of Infantry of the Line.—49 English
Regiments (s Battalions each); 3 Welsh
Regiments (s Battalions each); 10 Scottish
(6 Highland and 4 Lowland) Regiments
(s Battalions each); and s Irish Regiments s Battalions each).

les.—Certain Infantry Regiments have special titles—r.g.. The Queen's Royal Regt. (West Surrey); The Buffs (E. Kent); The King's Own Royal Regt. (Lancaster); The King's Gegt. (Liverpool); The Green Howards (Yorkshire); The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles); The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding); The Prince of Waless Volra. (South Lancs); The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders); The Sherwood Foresters (Notts and Derby); The Loyal Regt. (North Lancs); The Queen's Own (R.W. Kent); The King's Own (Yorkshire L.I.); The King's Shropshire L.I. -Certain Infantry Regiments have special

Royal Tank Corps.

Local Companies of Royal Artillery abroad. Royal Malta Artillery.

Royal Army Chaplains Department. Royal Army Service Corps.

Royal Army Medical Corps.

Royal Army Ordnance Corps.

Royal Army Pay Corps.

Royal Army Veterinary Corps.

Army Educational Corps. (Hdqrs., Army School of Education, Shorncliffe).

The Army Dental Corps.

Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service.

Royal Monmouthshire Royal Engineers.

Sumlementary Reserve.

Militia (In order of Arms as for Regular Army). Honourable Artillery Company.

Territorial Army.

Territorial Army Nursing Service.

Militia Units in Bermuda, Channel Islands and Malta.

Officers Training Corps.

#### THE MILITIA.

In 1907 the "Old Constitutional Force" known as the "Militia" was transformed into the "Special Reserve," but the following Militia units were retained:—The Berninda Militia Artillery, the Chainel Islands Militia, and the Malta Militia. In 1921 the terms "Special Reserve (and Extra Reserve) Battalions" were abolished, and "Militia" restored, but no appointments are at investment and to the force pointments are at present made to the force.

Militia in the War—At the outbreak of the

Great War all units were embodied, the majority being included in Defence Schemes. One or two units served abroad, but, generally speaking, the units were employed as training and reinforcing centres for the Armies in the field.

#### THE TERRITORIAL ARMY.

In 1907 the "Yeomanry" and the "Volunteers" were transferred into the "Paratteria" were transferred into the Territorial which included English, Welsh, and Force, Scottish Cavalry ; Royal Horse, Royal Field, and Royal Garrison Artillery; Royal Engineers; Infantry; Royal Army Service Corps and Royal Army Medical Corps. In 1981 the title was changed to "Territorial Army.

Territorials in the War .- The strength of the Territorial Force in July, 1914, was about 165,000. During the Great War 310 new units were formed, and there passed through the ranks of the force about 50,000 officers and 1,000,000 other ranks. The Territorial Force suffered total battle casualties of 27,000 officers and nearly 600,000 other ranks. of which some 6,600 officers and rob,ooo other ranks were killed. Among the war honours gained by officers and men of the Territorial Force were 70 Victoria Crosses.

#### OFFICIAL END OF THE WAR.

The Official Termination of the War, when Treaties of Peace had been ratified by the respective Governments, was Aug. 33, 1981. The Ottoman Empire was excluded from the Order in Council, and War with Turkey was declared at an end on August 6, ros4.

COMMANDS OF THE ARMY.	THE AIR PROGRAMME, 1983-84.
Aldershot.	GREAT BRITAIN33 regular squadrons
G.O.C. in-Chief, LieutGen. Hon. Sir J. Francis	r3 auxiliary or Cadre
Gathorne-Hardy, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.	overskas:
Maiur Can (Administration) F Property	India 8 squadrons.
Major-Gen. (Administration), E. Evans, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O	Iraq 4 squadrons.
Eastern, Horse Guards, S.W. z.	Iraq
G.O.Cin-Chief, Gen. Sir C. J. Deverell, K.C.B.,	Aden z squadron.
FRV May 9 sans	Singapore 2 squadrons.
Major-Gen. (Administration), G. W. Howard,	At home and abroad 27 flights.
C.B., C.M.G., D.S.CJune 1, 1931	FLYING BOATS:
London District, Horse Guards, S.W. z.	At home and abroad 7 squadrons.
G.O.C., Maj. Gen. C. J. C. Grant. C.B., D.S.O.	STRENGTH OF THE AIR FORCE.
Dec. 1, 1932	
Northern, York. G.O.Cin-Chief, Gen. Sir Alexander E. Wardrop,	The Air Estimates for 1933 show a maximum number of personnel to be borne on the estab-
K.C.B., C.M.GOct. 12, 1933	lishment of the Royal Air Force, or attached
Northern Ireland, Newtownards.	thereto, exclusive of those serving in India, for
G.O.C., MajGen. E. S. Girdwood, C.B., C M.G.	the year of 31,000. These numbers are shown
Sept. 17, 1931	below:—
Scottish, Edinburgh.	Air Officers
G.O.C. in-Chief, Gen. Sir A. R. Cameron, K.C.B.,	Other Commissioned Officers 3,150
C.M.GFeb. 19, 1933	Cadeta
Southern, Salisbury.	Warrant Officers
G.O.Cin-Chief, Geu. Sir P. P. de B. Radcliffe,	Non-Commissioned Officers 6,000 Aircraftmen 19,042
K.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O Feb. 19, 1933 Major-Gen. (Administration), H. de C. Martelli,	Apprentices 2,130
C.B., D.S.O	
Western, Chester.	Total 31,000
G.O.Cin-Chief, LieutGen. W. M. St. G. Kirke,	The numbers recorded above include 3,036 officers and airmen in Technical Training and
C.B., C.M.G., D.S.OMay 13, 1933	officers and airmen in Technical Training and
China, Hong Kong.	Educational Services (including cadets and air-
G.O.C., MajGen. O. C. Borrett, C.B., C.M G.,	craft apprentices under instruction), 1,060 Medical Services, 124 Air Ministry, and 856
C.B E., D.S.O Dec. z, z932	attached to Auxiliary and Reserve Forces.
Egypt, Cairo.	Air Force Reserve.
G.O.C., Lieut Gen. Sir J. T. Burnett-Stuart,	The establishment of the Air Force Reserve
K.C.B., K.B.E., C.M.G , D.S.OJune 5, 1931	is 1,650 officers and 11,000 airmen in 1933,
Sudan Defence Force.	the estimated strength on 1st January, 1933, being 1,251 officers and 8,187 airmen (exclusive
G O.C., Col. (temp. Brigadier) S S Butler, C.M G , D.S.O	being 1,251 officers and 8,187 airmen (exclusive
Iraq.	of Permanent Staff), a total of 9,438.
Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal E. R.	GREAT WAR CASUALTIES, 1974-1919.
Ludlow-Hewitt, C.B , C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C.	British Empire.
Oct. 2, 1930	Gt. Britain and Ireland Siz, 317 1,849,404
India.	Gt. Britain and Ireland 812,317 1,849,494   Canada 62,817 166,105
Cin-Chief, Field Marshal Sir P. W. Chetwode,	Australia 60.456 154.723
Bt., G.C.B., K C.M.G., D S.O., A D C.Gen.	New Zealand 18,212 45,946
Nov. 30, 1930 Chief of the General Staff, Gen Sir K. Wigiam,	South Africa
K C.B., C.S.I., C B.E., D S.O., A D.C Gen. Indian	Newfoundland 1,609 3,628 Colonies 52,044 78,535
Army	India
Adjutant-General, Lieut. Gen. Sir W. S. Leslie,	
K.C.B., K.B.E., C.M.G., D.S.OApril x, x93s	Total, British Empire 1,089,919 2,400,988
Quartermaster-General, LieutGen. Sir W. E. Ironside, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.OOct. —, 1933	Allred and Associated Countries.
Master-General of the Ordnance, LicutGen. B. R.	Deaths Wounded.
Kirwan, C.B., C.M.G.,April 1, 1030	France 1,393,388 1,490,000
Engineer-in-Chief, MajGon. G. H. Addison,	Belgium 38,172 44,686 Italy 460,000 947,000
C.M.G., D.S.OJune 8, 1928	Italy 450,000 947,000 Portugal 7,222 13,751
Indian Commands.	Rumania
Northern, Gen. Sir R. A. Cassels, G.C.B., C.S.I.,	Ser bis
D.S.O., Indian Army	U.S.A 215,660 205,690
C.M.GJune 20. 1021	Enemy Countries.
C.M.G. June 30, 2931 Eastern, Gen. Sir C. N. Macmullen, K.C.B., C.M.G.,	Germany 2,050,466 4,202,028
C.I.E., D.S.O., A.D.C., Indian ArmyApril 1, 1932 Southern, LieutGen. Sit G. D. Jeffreys, K.C.B.,	Austria and Hungary 1,200,000 3,620,000
Southern, LieutGen. Sit G. D. Jeffreys, K.C.B.,	Bulgaria zoz,as4 z5z,400
K.C.V.O., C.M.G March 25, 1932	Turkey 300,000 570,000
***************************************	TWANACE 1084

# § The Royal Air Force.

THE KING, Chief of the Royal Air Force.

The Air Council, Secretary of State for Air and President of the Air Council, The Most Hon. The Marquess of Londonderry, u.g., u.v.o. Under Secretary of State for Air and Vice-President of the Air Council, The Rt Hon Sir Philip Sassoon, Bt,

Chief of the Aw Staff and Senior Aw Member of the Council, Air Chief Marshal Sir Edward L Ellington,

R.C.B., C.B.C., C.B.E., A.D.C.

Air Member for Personucl, Air Vice-Marshal F. W. Bowhill, c. M. c., b. s.

Air Member for Supply and Research, Air Marshal Sir Hugh C. T. Dowding, R.C.B., C.M.G.

Scorelary of the Air Ministry, Sir Christopher Li Bullock, R.C.B., C.B.E.

Secretary of State.

Gwydyr House, Whitehall, S.W. z.

Secretary of State, The Most Hon. The Marquess of Londonderry, R.G., M v o Private Secretaries, C J. Galpin, D 8 0.; C. A. C J

Hondriks, w.c. Asst Private Sec., 1 V. H. Campboll.

Under Secretary of State for Air, The Rt. Hon Sir Philip Sasson, Bt., a w.c. w., w.r.

Private Secretary, E. H. T. Willshire.

Parliamentary Private Sec. (unpaid), T. L. E. B

Guinness, м.г.

DIRECTORATE OF CIVIL AVIATION.

Director of Civil Aviation, Lt. Col. F. C. Shelmerdine, C.I.E., O.B.E £2,000

Personal Assistant, H. Jones, M.B.E.

Deputy Director of Civil Aviation, F. G. L. Bertram,

Chief Technical Assistant, R. H. S. Mealing,

#### ACCIDENTS BRANCH.

Impector of Accidents, Maj. J. P. C. Cooper, o. B. R., M. C. Deputy do . Squadron Leader (ret.) F. E. Hellyer, O. R.K.

Department of the Secretary

Adastral House, Kingsway, W.C. z.

Secretary, Sir Christopher Ll. Bullock, R.c.B., C B.E. €3,000

Private Sec , M. P. Murray.

Deputy Scoretary, Sir Sigmund Dannrouther, c.s.

Deputy Secretary, Sir Sigmund Dannreuther, c.s.

Private Sec, M. J Dean.

Principal Assistant Secretaries, J. A. Webster, c.s.,
D & O.; C. R. Brigstocke, G. S.; J. S. Ross, G.S.; C. R.

Assistant Secretaries, J. B. Abraham, C. S.; C. G.

Evans; C. N. Knight, O.L.S.; K. L. Megarry, O.S.S.;
F. G. Nutt, C.S.; L. G. S. Roynolds, O.S.;
R. C. Richards; W. L. Sectt, D S. C. (acting); A.
H. Self

H. Barnes; C. G. Cames, M. R.; G.
Calder; W. G. Clements, M. S. F. Chif; J. T.
Cotton, O.S.; W. E. L. Courtney; W. B. Fodor,
C. J. Galpin, D.S. O. J. G. Gibson, R. Monk-Jones;
F. W. Musson, A. C.; P. J. Oldneld; J. B.

Proper; L. F. Schooling; W. G. Stevens; F. G.
C. Young

Ass. Principals and Assi Administrative Officers,
R. Abraham, M.C., M.M.; I. V. H. Campboll;
S. S. Chorry; M. J. Dean (Readest Clerk); C. G.

S. S. Chorry; M. J. Dean (Readest Clerk); F. H.

Sandfurd (Resident Clerk); A. E. Slater; H. W.

Walsh; E. H. T. Wilshire.

Directorate of Accounts.

#### DIRECTORATE OF ACCOUNTS.

DIRECTORATE OF CONTRACTS.

Director, B. E. Holloway, c. n. . . . . fr, see to fr, see Deputy Director, L. V. Meadoweroft fr, oco to fr, see

† Representative of Great Britain on the International Commission for Air Navigation.

Assistant Directors, G. T. Jones; E L Pickles, O.B.E. Senior Contracts Officers, E. Backhouse, M.B.E.; S. Davey, M.B.E. (actg.); W. C. Fenwick, M.B.E. (actg.); F. Noxon.

Department of the Chief of the Air Staff.

Chief of the Air Stuff, Air Chief Marshal Su Edward L. Ellington, K. B., W. G., C. B. E., A. D. C. Private Secretary, J. B. Propor. Personal Assist., Flight-Lieut H. N. Thornton Director of Operations and Intelligence, and Deputy Chief of the Air Staff, Air Vice-Marshal Sur Edgal R. Ludlow-Hewitt, K. C. B., C. M. G., D. S. C., M. C.

Deputy Director,
Director of Organisation and Staff Duties.

Vice-Marshal R. P. Mills, c. R., N. C., A. F. C. Deputy Director of Staff Duties, Group-Capt. T. L. Leigh-Mallory, D. S. O. Deputy Director of Oryanisation, Group-Capt. L. A. Pattinson, D. S. O., M. C., D. F. C., A. D. C. Signals Franch, Air-Commodore J. B. Bowen, O. R. E. Director of Works and Buildings, Col. J. F. Turner,

Deputy do., H. A. Lewis Dale, M.I.C.E., MI Mech E Asst Director of Works, A Gilpin, o B K Chief Mechanical and Electrical Engineer, Maj. D. Goad, o B.E , M.I.E.E

Department of the Air Member for Personnel.

Air Member for Personnel, Air Vice-Marshal F W Bowhill, t. B. C., D. B. C.
Private Secretary, H. R. Ould
Director of Postinys, Air Commodoro C. T. Macleau,

C.B., D B.O , M.C Director of Personal Services, Air Commodore E D M

Robertson, p ...

Deputy Director of Manning, Group Capt. C H. K. Edmonds, 1.5 o, 0 B L.
Director of Training, Air Commodore C L. Courtney,

Director of Pranting, Air Commodure C. L. Coulding, C. M., C. B., E. B., D. S.O.

Director of K. A. F. Medical Services, Air Vice-Marshal

J. McIntyre, C. B., M.C., M.B., R.Ch., E. M.S.

And Director (Hyprene), Squadron Leader R BoogWatson, M.B., C. B. B., D.F. H.

Matron-in-Chief, Roy S. L. Clarke, M. A., B.S.C., E. H.C.

Educational Adviser, W. M. Page, C. B. E., M. A.

# Department of the Air Member for Supply and Research.

Air Member for Supply and Research, Air Marshal Sir Hugh C. T. Dowding, a.c.e., c.m.c. Private Sec., A. E. Slater Director of Technical Development, Air-Commodore 11 M. Cave-Browne-Cave, D. R. C., D. L. C. Director of Scientific Research, H. E. Wimperls, L. E. E.,

MA, I. RAS.S., M.I. E.E. Deputy Director of Technical Development, Major J S Buchanan, O. R., AFRASS, ANIME Deputy Director of Scientific Research, D. R. Pyo, MA, FRAC.6 Director of Aeronautical Inspection, Lt. Col. H. W. S.

Outram, C.B.E, ARS.M. AFR.ACS, A.MIE.E.

Director of

Director of Equipment, Air Commodore A W Bigsworth, CMG, D.S.O. AF (
Deputy Director of Repair and Maintenance, Group Capt. R. M. Hill, M.C. A. N.C.
Deputy Director of Equipment, Group Capt. G.
Laing, C.B.E.
Deputy Director of Stores, Group Capt. C. G.
Smith, O.B.E.

& For Salaries see note, p. 279.

#### COMMANDS OF THE AIR FORCE, Air Defence of Great Britain,

Western Area, Andover, Hants.

Air Officer Commanding, Air Commodore P H L 

.....Oct x, x933 Fighting Area, Uxbridge, Middlesex.

Ar Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal P B.

Joubert de la Ferté, c m.a , p s.o. ... Jan 2, 1934

Inland Area, Bentley Priory, Stanmore, Middlesex.

Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal A. M. 

Royal Air Force, Cranwell.

Cranwell, Lines.

Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal W. G. S.
Mitchell, c.e.e., D s. o., M c., A F. c. . . . . Jan 30, 1933

Royal Air Force, Halton.

Halton House, Halton Camp, Bucks.

Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal N. D K.

MucEwen, c. m G, D & o. . . . . . . Oct. 1, 1931

Royal Air Force, Middle East, Villa Victoria, Cairo.

Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice Marshal C L. N Newall, c.B., c.M. G., c.B.E., A.M. .... Sopt. 26, 1231 Air Officer Commanding, Paleatine and Transgordin (Old Fast Hotel, Jerusalem), Air Commodore R E C Peirse, D.E.O., A.F.C. .... Sopt. 36, 1933

Iraq Command. Hinaidı.

Royal Air Force, Mediterranean, Valletta, Malta. Air Officer Commanding, Air Commodore C E H Rathborne, p.s.o. ..... Jan as, 1932

Aden Command. Steamer Point, Aden.

Officer Commanding, Group-Capt. C F A. Portal, ps.o, mc ..... Feb. , 1934

Royal Air Force, Far East. Singapore, Straits Settlements.

Officer Commanding, Group Capt S. W. Smith, o s r Oct 7, 1933

Princess Mary's Royal Air Force Nursing Service. Under the Presidency of H.R.H. the Princess Royal (Countess of Harewood).

#### OFFICERS OF AIR RANK. Marshals of the Royal Air Force.

Air Chief Marshal.

#### Air Vice-Marshals.

Sir E. R. Ludlow-Hewitt, E.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C. (Director of Operations and Intelligence and Deputy Chief of the Air Stoff). . . . . Jan. 2, 2936 A. M. Longmore, C.B., D.S.O. (A O.C., Indued Area)

A. A. LONGHIOTE, C.B., D.S.O. (A. O. V., Inalia Area;
C. L. N. Newall, C.B., C.M.G., C.B.E., Jan. 2, 1399
F. W. Bowhill, C.M.G., D.S.O. (Ar Member for Personnel)
C. S. Burnott, C.B., G.R.E., D.S.O. (A. O. V., Iraq)
July 2, 1932
July 2, 1932

J. Mointyro, c. H. M.C., M.H., B.Ch., E. H.S. (Director of R. A. F. Medaud Sermons) . . . . . . . . . July z., 1932 N. D. K. MacEwon, c. H. G., D. S. O. (A.O.C.) Halton) Jan z., 1933

H.R.H. The Duke of York, R.G., R.T., G.O. R.G. C.V.O.

(Personal J.D. I othe King)

P. B. Joubert de la Ferté, C.M.G., p.s.o. (A.O.C., Folking, 1923)

R. P. Mills, C. R.M.G., A.F. C. (A.O.C., Central Afrea)

W. R. 'Freeman, c.s., p.s.o., m.c. (July 1, 1933)
W. R. 'Aresman, c.s., p.s.o., m.c. (Commandant, R.A.' Staff College, Andore') ....July 1, 1933
W. G. S. Mitchell, c.s.z., p.s.o., m.c., s.b.c. (A.O. Cranvell) ....July 1, 1933

#### Air Commodores.

P. H. L. Playfair, c.B , M.o (A O C., Western Area) A W. Digsworth, CMG., D.So., A.F.C. (Director of

Equipment); W. F McN. Foster, c.B., c.B E., d.s.o., d.s.c. Jan. z, 1930 Jan.

H. V Wells, CBE, MRC.S., LRCP, EHP. (PM.O., ADGB). July 1, 1938
R. P. Ross, D.S.O., A.F.C. Jan 2, 1931
C L. Courtney, CB., CBE, DS.O. (Director of Treith-

E. D. 33 ROBERTONIE CAVE, D. 80 O. D. F. C. (Director of Technical Deorlopment). July 1, 1931

H. M. Cavo-Browne-Clave, D. 80 O. D. F. C. (Director of Technical Deorlopment). July 1, 1931

H. Le M. Brock, C. S., D. 80 (No 22 Group, Inland Area) July 1, 1931

S. J. Gill, C. S. E., M. C. (Senior Au Staff Officer, Coastal Ann. 1, 1932

Area)
A. B. Barratt, c. M. G. M. C. Senior Air Staff Officer, A. C. Senior Air Staff Officer, Palenda A. S. Barratt, c. M. G. M. C. Senior Air Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer, Staff Officer

Jruj) Jan. 1, 1933
G R. Bromet, D.S.O., O.B.E. (Senur Air Staff Officer, Middle East) Jan. 2, 2933

# Religious Statistics.

CONTINENTAL DISTRIBUTION.

D. Hf	CONTINENTAL DISTRIBUTION.							
Religion.	Europe.	Asia	Af	rica.	N. America.	6 America	Oceania.	Total
							THE BELLIA.	TOTAL
Christians :-						_		1
Roman Catholics Orthodox Catholics		7,000,000 20,000,000		00,000 00,000	1,000,000	61,000,000	1,500,000	331,500,000
ProtestantChurches				00,000			6,000,000	244,000,000
Coptic Christians		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		00,000		300,000		10,000,000
					-			
Total Christians	455,000,000	34,000,000	18,0	00,000	116,000,000	61,900,000	7,500,000	692,400,000
Non-Christians							i	
Jews		1,000,000		00,000	4,510,000		30,000	16,130,000
Muhammadaus				00,000				209,020,000
Buddhists		230,000,000			180,000		•••	150,180,000
Confucians and	•••	230,000,000	•	•••	150,000		•••	230,150,000
Taoists		350,000,000	١.		600,000			350,600,000
Shintoists		25,000,000	١.	•••				25,000,000
Animists, etc	•••	45,000,000		00,000			100,000	135,650,000
Unclassified	5,000,000	18,000,000		•••	25,000,000	3,000,000	870,000	50,870,000
Tot'l Non-Christian	20.000.000	979,000,000	725.0	00.000	28,000,000	3.100.000	7.000.000	,165,100,000
100121011 0111111111		3/3/	-33,-					,105,100,000
TOTAL		1,013,000,000	153,0	00,000				
'				_=				
RELIGIONS OF TH	HE BRITIS	H ISLES, 1	929.	ı	RELI	GIONS O	F CANAD	A.
(From The Church	Self-Govern	ment Chroni	cle.		Relign	ons	regr	1931
L CHOIL THE CHAIGH	ent, 1931.)		,	Kom	an Catholic ed Church	·	3,389,626	
4	England.			Angl	icads	•••••••••	1,407,780	2,017,375
Religions		Number	7	Presi	yterian	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,409,406	
Anglicans	2	5,800,000	9 54	Bapt	ist	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	421,730	
Roman Catholics		8,120,000	5.66		eran		· 286,458	394,194
Eastern Orthodox .	(		80.0		Bli k Orthodos			
Old Catholies		30,000	0.00	Men	k Orthodox nonite	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·	102,389
Methodists		8,800,000	7'54	Salva	tion Army		58,797 24,733	
Methodists Congregationalists Baptists	1	,020,000	3'74	Conf	ucian		37.114	
		890,000	a.39		gelical Ass		13,905	32,213
Presbyterians		500,000	1'34		non stian Science		- 3,	
Church of Christ		50,000 130,000	0,13		ihists			
Moravians		8,000	0.03		thobor			
Brethren		80,000	0,31		luen			
Catholic Apostolic C	hurch	15,000	0'04		RELIG	IONS OF	AUSTRAL	IA.
Swedenborgians	•••••	15,000	0.08	Chr	Religio	ns.	ıgıı.	zgaz.
Society of Friends		30,000	0.10	Pres	ch of Engli byterians	unu		2,372,995
Christian Scientists		150,000	0.40	Metl	odists	···· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	558,336 547,806	636,974 63 <b>a</b> ,6 <b>a</b> 9
Jews	•••••	270,000	0.42	Othe	r Protestan	ts	458,370	
Others		3,165,000	8.22		au Catholic		931,435	1,134,008
Wales on	d Monmout	hahire.					• • •	21,615
Anglicans			37.77	RE	LIGIOUS :	DENOMIN		
Calvinists			97 77 90'37	1				Uhurch Meni bers, 1926
Congregationalists .	••••••	520,000	19.32	Bapt	ıst			
Baptists		410,000	15.18	Cong	regationali ples of Chi eran	st		881,696
Methodists		165,000	9.11	Disci	ples of Chi	ist		1,377,595
Roman Catholics		100,000	3.70	Mach	erali	••••••		3,966,003
Others	•••••	205,000	7.28	Praci	nodist byterian .			8,070,619
1	Scotland.			Prot	estant Epis	copal		2,625,284 1,859,086
Church of Scotland .		,585,000	71.03	Jewi	slı			4,081,348
Roman Catholics			3'34	Rom	an Catholi	c		19,605,003
Episcopal Church		164,000	3'34	Latt	er-day Sain	ts	•••••	606,56x
Congregationalists .	******	107,000	9.18		ern Orthod			
Baptists	•••••	63,000	1,38		ch of Chris r denomins			
Methodists Others		37,000 404,000	0'75 8'24				••• •••••	7.0
Amreia	••••••	404,400		•	TOTAL	•••••	•••••	54,576,346

#### THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

#### THE CHURCH ASSEMBLY.

8, Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W. z. (Hours to to 5.)

Sessions of the Church Assembly in 1934.-Feb. 5-19; June 18-22; Nov. 12-16.

MEASURES PASSED BY THE ASSEMBLY, 1933. (Date of Royal Assent is shown in brackets.)

THE CHURCH ASSEMBLY (or "National Assembly of the Church of England") was established in 1920, "to deliberate on all matters concerning the Church of England and to make provision in respect thereof," The Assembly consists of three Houses, composed of Bishops, Clergy, and Larty respectively. The first two Houses cousist of the Convocations of Canterbury and York, of which the respective Upper Houses form the House of Bishops, and the respective Lower Houses the House of Clergy; the House of Laity comprises representatives of the Laity of the Provinces of Canterbury and York, elected every five years by the Lay members of the Diocean Conference, who consist mainly of representatives elected, either directly or indirectly, by members of the Church of England on a roil prepared in each parish.

The Church Assembly is free to discuss any proposal concerning the Church of England, and to make provision in respect of such matters, but where this includes Parliamentary sanction for any alteration contemplated, this authority is to be sought in the manuer prescribed by the Church of England Assembly (Powers) Act, 1919, often referred to as the "Enabling Act." It is specially provided that any unovation touching doctrinal formulæ, or the services or ceremonies of the Church, or the administration of the Sacraments or sacred rites thereof, must be debated and voted upon by each of the three Houses of Bishops. It is further laid down that the Assembly or any of the three Houses may debate and formulate its judgment by resolution upon any matter concerning the Church, or otherwise of religious or public interest, but the Assembly may not issue any statement purporting to define the doctrine of the Church on any question of theology. None of the powers belonging to the Convocations of Canterbury and York is to be diminished or derogated by the Assembly, which is also prohibited from exercising any power or performing any function distinctively belonging to the Bisliops by right

of their episcopal office.

Parochial affairs are managed by Parochial
Church Meetings of parishioners who are
members of the Church of England and by
Church Councils elected by such meetings.

— General Statistics.—The number of baptisms in 1931 was 418,981, the Easter communicants in the various English Dioceses numbered 2,428,324. The total gross income of 22,773 incumbents was £6,525,109, including £193,847 contributed as

Easter offerings. The stipends of the assistant clergy were £995,312. The amount of voluntary percental contributions in the 43 dioceses of England was £6,529,160.

Central Board of Finance.—Receipts in 1932 amounted to £128,848, of which sum Diocesan contributions amounted to £127,962.—Below are the principal notes of expenditure:—

£1,184
80,739
1,131
5,105
2,511
50,000
1,317
8,102
27,298

*Total expenditure ......£117,387 Total receipts ...... 128,848

#### OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Chairman, The Archbishop of Canterbury.
Vive-Chairman, The Archbishop of Canterbury.
Vive-Chairman, The Archbishop of York.
Secretary, Sir Philip W. Isker-Wilbraham, Bart.
Assistant Secretary, Gauon F. Partridge
Secretary Central Advisory Council of Training
for the Ministry, Rev. Frank Woolnough
Secretary to Legal Board, W. S. Wigglesworth.
Sec. to Missionary Council, Cauon A. W. Davies,
p. Litt.
Secretary Press & Publications Board, R. Stokes.
Hon. Sec. Social and Industrial Committee, Rev.

P. T. R. Kirk. Secretary, Archbishops' Commission on the Relations of Church and State, L. Eaton Smith.

The House of Bushops.

Chairman, The Archbishop of Canterbury
Vice-Chairman, The Archbishop of York.

The House of Clergy.

Chairman, The Dean of Noi wiel.

Vice-Chairman, The Archdeacon of Auckland.

The House of Laity.
Chairman, The Earl of Selborne, K.G.
Vice-Chairman, The Lord Daryngton.

#### CONVOCATION, Canterbury, Upper House,

President.-- The Archbishop of Canterbury. Registrar, H. T. A. Dashwood. Apparitor-General, Sir John Hanham, Bt.

#### Lower House.

Prolocutor, The Archdeacon of st. Albans. Actuary, Guy Bowman.

### York, Upper House.

President. - The Archbishop of York.

#### Lower House,

Prolocutor, The Archdeacon of Halifax. Registrar, A. V. Hudson, Minster Yard, York.

One Board also financed Church Training Colleges in connection with its Loan Scheme for the extension and improvement of College buildings to the extent of £86,36.

#### DIOCESES OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The sums appended to the various offices are the full incomes derivable from the estates and revenues of the Church. The Beaus and Chapters of certain Thocase (nurthed * in the following pages) preferred several years ago to retain the long of produce the same annual income.

in tren of fixed annual money payments, estates estimated
Probince of Canterbury.
*CANTERBURY. £15,000.
95th Archbishop and Primate of All England, Rt.
95th Archbishop and Primate of All England, Rt. Hon. and Most Rev. Cosmo Gordon Lang, D.D.
(consecrated 1901). (Lanibeth Palace, S.L. 1.)
[Signs Cosmo Cantuar:] 1928
Bishops Suffragan. Dover, Rt. Rev. J. V. Macmillan, O.B.E., D.D.
Cha Precincts (anterbury)
(The Precincts, Canterbury)
Vicarage, ('noydon)
Asst. Bp., Rt. Rev. A. M. Knight, D.D., com.
1903 (The Rectory, Lyminge. Kent)1910
Dean (£2,000).
Very Rev Hewlett Johnson, D.D., B.Sc1931
Canons Residentiary (each £1,000).
T G Gardiner M.A. 1017   Castle1024
Bn. of Dover 1981 J.M.C. Crum, M.A. 1988
S. Brekersteth, D.D. 1956 Archdn. Hard- T.G Gardiner, M.A. 1937   Castle
Precentor, R. Alamo, M.B.E., M.A
Organist, C Charlton Palmer, Mus.Doc.
Archdeacons.
Canterbury, Ven. E. H. Hardeastle, M.A. 1924 Mandstone, The Hishop of Dover 1921 Beneficed Clenyy, 3vo; Curates, &c., 152 Vicar-General of Province and Diocese, Sir Lewis
Reneficed Clerni. 310: Curates, &c., 153.
Vicar-General of Province and Diocese, Sir Lewis
ionna Dibain. D C.L.
Commissary of Diocese, F H. L. Errington, C.B.,
D.C.I., K.C. Principal Registrar of Province and Diocese and
Legal Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sauctuary,
8.W. 1
LONDON, £10,000.
108th Bishop, Rt Hon and Rt. Rev. Arthur Foley
Winnington-Ingiam, K.C.V.O, D.D., LL.D. (Provincial Dean of Canterbury; Prelate of the
Order of the British Empire) care vac. (Citi-
ham Palace, S.W. 6.) (Signs A. F. London, I zooz
Asst. Bps., Rt Rev. Herbert Bury, D.D., cons.
1908. (8 Greycoat Gardens, Westminster,
Order of the British Empire), cons. 1897. (Ful- ham Palace, S.W. 6.) (Signs A. F. Loudon.) 1901. Asst. Bps., Rt. Rev. Herbert Bury, D.D., cons. 1908. (8 Greycoat Gardens, Westminster, S.W.); Rt. Rev. W. W. Perrin, D.D., cons. 1911.
Bushops Sufragan, Stepney, Rt. Rev. Chas Edwd. Curzon, M.A. (120 Bedford Court Mansions, W.C. x)
Stepney, Rt. Rev. Chas Edwd. Curzon, M.A. (120)
Vancouton Rt. Rev. Bertram Fitzgerald
Simpson, M.C., B.D
Wulesden, Rt. Rev. Guy Vernon Smith, M.C., M.A.
(65 Hendon Lane, N. W. 3) 1929
Paril Staunton Butty O.B.F. M. A. Tore
Basil Staunton Batty, O.B.E., M.A 1926
Very Rev Wm Ralph Inge. K.C.V.O., D.D.
Dean of St. Paul's (£2,000). Very Rev. Wm. Ralph Inge, K.C.V.O., D.D., Deanery, Dean's Court, E.Csgr
Conous Residentiary (each frees)
8. A. Alexauder, C.V.O., O. C. Quick, M.A 1930
S. A. Alevander, C.V.O., O. C. Quick, N.A 1930 M.A
Archd Sharpe, M.A. 1939'
Organisi, Stanley Marchant, Mus. DOC., F.R.C.O.
Archdeacons.
London, Ven. E. N. Sharpe, M. A
Hampstead, Ven. C E. Lambert, M.A1930
Beneficed Clergy, 561; Curates, &c., 1015.

Chancellor and Commissary of the Dean and Chapter, F. H. L. Errington, C.B., D.C.L.,

Joint Registrars, C. W. Lee and H. T. A. Dashwood, I Dean's Court, E.C. 4. Chapter Clerk and Secretary, H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sanctuary, S.W. r.

### Westminster. £3,∞∞.

Dean, The Very Rev. W. Foxley Norris, c.v.o., Canons Residentiary (£1,200 to £1,400)
W.H.Carnegie, M.A. 1913 | P. Dearmer, D.D. 1931
Archd, Storr, M.A., 1924 | F. R. Barry, D.S.O.,
F.L. Donaldson, M.A. 1924 | M.A. 1933
Sub-Dean, W.H. Carnegie, M.A. 1938 Archdeacon, Ven. V. F. Storr, M.A.... 1931 Receiver-Gen. & Chapter Clerk, Sir E. F. Knapp-......1031 Fisher. Precentor (vacant).
Organist, E. Bullock, Mus.D., F.R.C.O.

#### *WINCHESTER. £4,500.

goth Bishop, Rt. Rev. Cyril Forster Garbett, D.D., cons. 1919. (Wolvesey, Winchester.) Prelate of the Order of the Garter. [Signs Cyril Winton] ....

Bishop Sufragan. Southampton, Rt. Rev. Arthur Baillie Lumsdaine 

Canous Residentiary (nominally £917).

1. Hodgson, D.D. ...1932 | Bp of Southampton 1933
E. Moor, M.A. .....1933 | L. H. Lang .......1933

Organist, Harold Rhodes, Mus. Doc. Archdeacons (£300).

Winchester, Ven. Alfred Edward Daldy, M.A. 1930 Basingstoke, Ven J. Carpenter Turner, M.A. 1937 Beneficed Clergy, 306; Curates, &c., 8s. Chancellor, Guy H Guillum Scott, M.A. ...(1930) Registrar, Charles Wooldridge, Winchester. Scottares, C. W. Lee and H. T. A. Dashwood, z The Sanctuary, S.W. z.

#### BATH AND WELLS. £5,000.

1911) ......1930

Bishop Sufragan.
Taunton, Rt. Rev. George Arthur Hollis, M.A.
(The Liberty, Wells) ......1931

Organist, Rev. Canon Davis, Mus.D.

Archdeacons (each £200). Bath, Ven. S. A. Boyd, M.A. 1984 Taunton, Bishop de Salis, D.D. 1911 rates, dc., 1015.

of the Dean and ton, C.B., D.C.L., | Chanceller, F. H. L. Errington, C.B., D.C.L., | Chanceller, F. H. L. Errington, C.B., D.C.L., K.C. Registrar, Sec. & Chapt. Clerk, B. G. Harris, Wells.

The Oldinor	of England.
BIRMINGHAM. £4,200.0	Archdeacons (each £300).
3rd Bishop, Rt. Rev. Ernest William Barnes, Sc.D.,	Lainer Ven W H D Smythe M.A
D.D., LL.D., F.R.S. (Bishop's Croft, Harborne,	Chichester, Ven. Benedict G. Hoskyns, M.A. 1930 Hastings, Ven. A. F. Alston298
Birmingham 17.) [Signs E. W. Birmingham]	Hastings, Ven. A. F. Alston
Assistant Bishop and Provost, Rt Rev. A.	Beneficed Clergy, 397: Curates, &c., about 195. Chancellor, Kenneth M. Macmorran, K.C.,
Hamilton Baynes, D.D., Birmingham (cons.	Chancellor, Kenneth M. Macmorran, K.C.,
1893)1913	Secretary to the Bishop, Chapter Clerk and Regis-
Archdeacons (each £300).	trar, I.tCol. T. Macdonald Eggar, O.B.E.,
Birmingham, Ven. Charles Honton, M.A 1915 Aston, Ven J. Harold Richards, M A	Cinchester.
Aston, Ven J. Harold Kichards, M A1920	COVENTRY. £3,000.
Beneficed Clergy, 166; Curates, d.c., 85. Organist, F. W. B. Dunnill, F.R C.O Chancellor, Sir E. W. Hausell, K.C., M.A (1921)	3rd Bishop and Dean, Rt. Rev. Mervyn George
Chancettor, Sir E. W. Hansell, K.C., M.A (1921)	Haigh, D.D. (The Bishop's House, Coventry.)
Registrar and Secretary, Charles Ekm, 36 Waterloo St., Birmingham.	[Signs Mervyn Coventry.]
waterioo St., biriningham.	Archdeacons.
BRISTOL. £2,577 (reconstituted 1897) 50th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Cliftord Salisbury Woodward, M.C., D.D. (The Palace, Bristol)	Coventry, Ven. J. W. Hunkin, O. B. K., M.C., D. D. 1987
Woodward, M.C., D.D. (The Palace, Bristol)	Warwick, Ven. H. St. B. Holland, M. A 1989
[Signs C. S. Bristol]	Beneficed Clergy, 201, Curates, &c., 70.
Bishop Suffragan.	Chancellor, Sir E. W. Hansell, K C., M A(1021)
Malmesbury, Rt. Rev. Ronald Erskine Ramsay,	Chancellor, Sir E. W. Hansell, K.C., M.A(1921) Registrar, Walter Browett, Coventry (1918).
LL, D,	
Dean (£1,360). Very Rev. H. L. C. V. de Candole, D.D 1926	rat Richan Rt. Rev. Edmund Courtenay Pearce
Canons Residentiary (each £680).	b.D (Breadsall Mount, Derby.) [Signs
H. B Freeman, M.A.   L. G. Mannering, M.C.,	Edmund Derby]x927
1924 M A1932	Archdeacons
F. D V. Naiborough, M. H. FitzGerald, M.A.	Derby, Ven. Edward Spencer Noakes, LL D. 1909
B.D1928   1933	Chesterfield, Ven. Geoffrey Hai e (layton, M.A. 1928) Organist, G. H. Heath Gracie, B.Mils., F.R.C.O.
Organist, Hubert W. Hunt, D Mus	Beneficed Clergy, 262; Curates, &c., 45.
Archdeacons (each £200).  Bristal, Von. W. Welchman, M A	Chancellor, H. B. Valsey, M.A., K.C.
Swindon, Bishop of Malmesbury 1928	Registrar, J. E. T. Ducker, Derby.
Beneficed Clergy, 190; Curates, &c., 104	ELY. £4 000.
Chancellor, H. C. Dowdall, K.C., M.A 1919	Seet Richard Rt Ray Launand January White.
Registrar and Secretary, Wm. Sefton Clarke, M. A.	Thousen, D.D. (The Palace, Ely) [Signs Leouald Ely]
OHELESFORD. £3,000. 3rd Bishop, Rt. Rev. Henry Albert Wilson, D.D.	Leonard Ely] 1924
(Bishopscourt, Chelmsford.) (Signs Henry	Eyre Price, D.D., cons. 1906
Chelmsford] 1929	
Выкорн Suffragan	Very Rev A. F. Kirkpatnek, D.D 1906
Colchester, Rt. Rev. Charles Henry Ridsdale, M.A.	Canons Residentiary (each £700)
(Derhy House, Colchester) 1933	Bishop Price, D. L. 1921 C. J. Smith, M.A. 1926 G. W. Evaus, M.A. 1923 J. M. Creed, D.D. 1926 F. V. Watson, M.A. 1925 C. E. Raven, M.A. 1932
Barking, Rt. Rev. J. Theodore Inskip, D D. (The Walnuts, Walthamstow, E. 17)	G. W. Evaus, M A. 1923 J. M. Creed, D.D 1926
Organist, F. R Frye, B.A., F.R.C.O.	Organist, M. P. Conway, Nus. Doc. (1931).
Archdeacons.	Archdeacons.
Colchester, Bishop of Colchester(£600) 1933	Ely, Rt Rev. Bishop Price, D.D. (£600) 1919
West Ham, Bishop of Barking(£400) 1920 Southend, Ven. P. M. Bayne, M.A (£300) 1922	Hunts, Ven. K. D. Knowles, D.D (£200) 1921
Remarked Clarge 460 Curates de	Western, Ven. G. H. Ward, M.A(£200) 1934
Beneficed Clergy, 460; Curates, &c., 238. Chancellor, Sir P. Baker Wilbraham, Bart.	Beneficed Cleryy, 308; Curates, dv., 100. Chancellor, Kenneth M. Macmottan, K.C., LL.D. Registrar, E. R. Evans, Ely. Secretary, H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sanctuary,
Secretaries, Day and Son, a Millbank, S.W.	Registrar, E. R. Evans, Ely.
OHICHESTER. £4,200.  97th Bishop, Rt. Rev. George Kennedy Allen Bell, D.D. (The Palace, Chichester.) [Signs:	Secretary, H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sanctuary,
97th Bishop, Rt. Rev. George Kennedy Allen	5. W. I.
George Cicestr:]	EXETER £2,800.
Asst. Bishop, Rt. Rev. Henry Kemble Southwell,	D.D. (The Palace, Exeter) [Signs W. Exon:] 1917
C. M.G., D.D (cons. 1920) 1930	
Bishop Suffragan.	Bishops Suffragan. Crediton, Rt. Rev. William Frederick Surtees,
Lewes, Rt. Rev Hugh Maudslay Hordern, M. A 1929	M A. (The Close, Exeter) 1930
Dean (£950).   Very Rev. A. S. Duncan-Jones, B D	Plymouth, Rt Rev. John Howard Bertram Masterman, M A1923
Canone Residentiary (each Lage)	Dean (£2,000).
Bishop Southwell, E. Mortlock, M A 1926 C.M.G., D.D	Very Rev. Walter Robert Matthews, D.D1931
C.M.G., D.Dgii R. J. Campbell, D.D.	Canons Rendentiary (each £1,000).
Archdn. Hoskyns1918   1930   Organist, Harvey Grace, Mus. Doc.	D. McLaren, M.A1913   Bp. of Crediton1930 Archd. Thompson 1930   (A vacancy)1933
	Archu. Luoinpson 1930   (A vacancy)1933
s Subject to pension of £1,250 to predecessor.	Organist, T. H. M. Armstrong, Mus. Doc.

300 The Church	oj Englana.
Archdeacons.	Archdeacons (each £200).
Exeter, Ven. A. Huxley Thompson, M.A 1930 Barnstaple, Van. F. Emlyn Jones, M.A. (£340) 1930	Leicester, Ven. F. B. Macnutt, N. A., F. R. Hist. S. 1920 Loughborough, Ven. W. P. Hurrell, M. A 1923
Totues (vacant)	Remarked Clause and Campies do
Plymouth, Ven. F. W. Daukes, M.A. (£300) 1925	Beneficed Clergy, 242; Curates, &c., 55. Chancellor, N. C. Armitsye, M.A.
Benefices, gaz; Incumbents, goz; Curates, &c., abt. 300. Chancellor, Sir Francis Newbolt, K 0.	
Registrar and Secretary, H. W. Michelmore, Exeter.	LICHFIELD. £4,200. 93rd Bishop, Right Rev. John Augustine Kemp-
*GLOUCESTER. £4,300.	thorne, b.b cons. 1910. (Bishop's Hostel, Lichfield.) [Signs J. A. Lichfield] trans. 1913
33rd Bishop, Rt. Rev. Arthur Cayley Headlam, D.D. C.H. (Palace, Gloucester.) [Signs A. C.	
D.D., C.H. (Palace, Gloucester.) [Signs A. C. Gloucester]	Bishop Suffragan. Stafford, Right Rev. Lionel Payne Crawfurd, D.D.
Assistant Bishop, Rt. Rev. Edwin James Palmer,	(Edgmond Rectory, Newport, Salop) 1915
D. D. (cons. 1908)	Dean (£1,000).
Dean, Very Rev. Henry Gee, D.D. (about £1,400)	Very Rev. Hy. E. Savage, D.D(1909)
Canons Residentiary (each about £700).  F. H. Dudden, D.D. 1918 H. M. Smith, D.D. 1921 F. Peacock, M.A., M. E. Atlay, M.A. 1923	Canons Residentiary (each £500).  A. Moncrief, M.A1917   J. J. G. Stockley, M.A.
F. Peacock, M.A., M. E. Atlay, M.A. 1923	Alfred Penny, M.A. 1919
(Canon Missioner). 1919	Organist, Ambrose P. Porter, B.Mus., F.R.C.O.
Organist, Herbert Sumsion, Mus.Bac., F.R.C.O., £400.	Archdeacons (each £300).
Archdeacons (each £300).	Salop, Ven. Hon, H. E. S. S. Lambart, M.A. 2017
Gloucester, Ven. A. J. Hodson, M.A2933 Cheltenham, Ven. F. W. Sears, M.A2932	Staford, Ven. Hugh Bright, M.A
Beneficed Clergy, 300; Curates, &c., 00.	Beneficed Clergy, 472; Curates, &c., 282.
Chancellor & Vicar-Gen., Sir E. W. Hansell, K.C.,	Chancellor, F O. Langley, L.L.B(1928) Registrar and Sec., G. J. Murray Atkins, The
M.A	Registrar and Sec., G. J. Murray Atkins, The Close, Lichfield.
GUILDFORD. £3,000.  18t Bishop, Rt. Rev. John Harold Greig, D.D.,	LINCOLN, £4,500.
cons. 1921. (Farnham Castle, Surrey.) [Signs	grat Bishop, Right Rev. Frederick Cyril Nugent Hicks, D.D. (cous. 1927) (The Old Palace, Lincoln) [Signs F. C. Lincoln]
John (fulldford)	Lincoln ) [Signs F. C. Lincoln]
cons. 1919.	(cons. 1896)1930
Archdeacon (£300) Surrey, Ven Lionel Blackburne, M.A 1922	Bishop Suffragan.
	Grantham, Right Rev. Ernest Morell Blackie, B.A. (The Subdeanery, Lincoln.)1930
Organist, A. Sowerbutts, M.C., F.R.C.O. Benched Clergy, 140; Curates, &c., 76. Chancellor, K. Macmorran, M.A., K.C. Registrar, A. W. D. Moore.	Dean (£2,000).
Chancellor, K. Macmorran, M. A., K.C.	Very Rev. Robert Andrew Mitchell, M.A 1930
	Canone Residentiary (each £1,000).
HEREFORD. £4,200.	Bishop of Grantham J. H. Srawley, D.D. 1923 Archd. Larken1933
99th Bishop, Right Rev. Charles Lisle Carr, D.D., cons 1922 (The Palace, Hereford) [Signs	Organist, Gordon Sister, Mus. Doc.
Lisle Hereford]	Archdeacons.
Dean.	Lincoln, Ven. H. Larken, M.A
Very Rev. Reginald Waterfield, D. D. (£1,000) 1919 Canons Residentiary (each about £470).	Benefices, 582; Curates, &c., 72.
A.T. Bannister, M. A. 1909   B. H. Streeter, D.D. 1915	Chancellor, Sir E. W. Hansell, E.C., M.A(2923) Registrar, A. E. T. Jourdain.
A.T. Banuister, M. A. 1909 B. H. Streeter, D.D. 1915 A. L. Lilley, M.A. 1911 H. A. Moore, M.A. 1929 Organist, Percy C. Hull, F.R.C.O, Mus. Doc.	
Archdeacons (each £300).	NORWICH. £4,200.
Hereford, Rt. Rev. G. D. lliff, D.D	65th Bishop (105th of East Anglea), Rt. Rev. Bertram Pollock, K.C.V.O., D.D. (The Palace
Beneficed Cleray, so6; Curates, &c . 22	Bertram Pollock, K.C.V O., D.D. (The Palace, Norwich.) [Signs B. Norwic.] 1916
Beneficed Clergy, 296; Curates, &c., 23. Chancellor, S. R. C. Bosanquet, K.C., M. A. Registrar, Francis R. James.	Asst. Bp., Rt. Rev E F. Robins, D.D., cons. 1910. Dean (£1,800).
Remarar, Francis E. James.	Very Rev. David H. S. Cranage, B.D., Litt.D. 1928
LEICESTER.	Canone Residentiary (each £900).
noth Bishop, Rt. Rev. Cyril Charles Bowman Bardsley, D.D. (Bishop's House, Leicester)	J. Allen Bell, M.A. 1918   Archd. Buckland, M.A.
[Signs Cyril Leicester] cons. 19231926	A. R. H. Grant, 1925 C.V O., D.D1926 F. W. Green, M.A. 1931
Canons.	Organist Heathcote Statham Mus Doc Care
Archdn. Macnutt 1927   S.T. Winckley, M. A. 1927 Archdn. Hurrell 1927   G. W. Briggs, M. A. 1927	Archdeacons (each £300).
K R C PAVIE W A. I A. LINWOOD WTIPDE.	Norman, ven. G. M. MacDermott, M.A1980
rgenist, George C. Gray, Mus. Bac., F.R.C.O.	Lynn, Ven. H. S. Radeliffe, M.A202
- garage and a sample of the same and a same and a same and a same a same a same a same a same a same a same a	1004

Renefeed Chryp., 465: C. Curette, 4c., 142. Channellor, F. Keppel North, L13. B. Registror & Sec., C. B. Bollingbroke.  OXFORD. £5,000. 35th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Thomas Banks Strong, 6.B.R., D.D., D. Mins, cons. 1590 (Cuddendon Palace, Coxon). [Signs Thomas Xon.] trans 1593 Bishop Steffenger. Bishop Steffenger. Bishop Steffenger. Bishop Steffenger. Bishop Steffenger. Brokingsham, Broke, E. Bernell, St. D. 1592 Assistant Broke, St. Bishop Steffenger. Brokingsham, D. (come. 1594). Dean of Chriet Church (£5,000). E.W. Watson, D. D. 1594 Bahop Shaw, D. D. 1594 Bishop Steffenger. Brokingsham, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken, Broken,	The Church	of England. 389
Chancellor, Guy H. Guillum Scott, M.A. (1930).  Registrar, W. B. Frearson.  PORTSMOUTH. £3,000.  1st Bishop, Rt. Rev. E. Neville Lovett, C.B.E., D.D. (Bishopswood, Fareham, Hants.) [Signs Neville Portsmouth]. ————————————————————————————————————	Beneficed Clergy, 450; Curates, &c., 142. Chancellor, F. Keppel North, Ll.B. Registrar & Sec., C. B. Bolingbroke.  OXFORD. £5,000.  36th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Thomas Banks Strong, G.B.R., D.D., D.Mus., cons. 1930 (Cuddesdon Palace, Oxon.) [Signs Thomas Oxon.] trans 1931 Bishop Suffragan. Buckingham, Rt. Rev. Philip H. Eliot. D.D. 1932 Assistant Bishop, Rt. Rev. Edward Domett Shaw, D.D. (cons. 1914).  Dean of Christ Church £3,000.  Very Rev. Henry Julian White, D.D	Very Rev. Francis Underhill, D.D
Land Bishop, Rt. Rev. E. Neville Lovett, C.B.E., D.D.  (Bishopswood, Fareham, Hants.) [Signs Neville Portsmouth]	Chancellor, Guy H. Guillum Scott, M.A. (1930). Registrar, W. B. Freatson.	Sherborne, Rt Rev. Gerald Burton Allen, D.D. 1928
Isle of Wight, Ven. R. McKew, C.B.R., D.Dx229 Chancellor, T. H. Parr, K.C., M.A. (1930).  Registrar, E. Bechervaise.  **BOOHESTER. £4,000.  zond Bishop, Rt. Rev. Martin Linton Smith, D.S.O., D.D., cons. 1925. (Bishop's Court, Rochester.) [Signs Martin Roffen.]	nst Bishop, Rt. Rev. E. Neville Lovett, C.B.E., D.D. (Bishopswood, Fareham, Hants.) [Signs Neville Portsmouth.]	Canons Residentiary (each £500). Archd. Carpentergsf   C. T. Dimont, D. D. 1938 Hy. R. Farrer 1916   Archd. Parish
D.S.O., D.D., cons. 1918. (Bishop's Court, 1 (1907).  Rochester.) [Signs Martin Roffen.] 1930 Registrar, E. C. Parker.  Asst. Bp., Rt. Rev. G. L. King, D.D., cons. 1899.   Legal Secretary, W. E. Bigg.	Isle of Wight, Ven. R. McKew, C.B.R., D.D1939 Chancellor, T. H. Parr, K.C., M.A. (1930). Registrar, E. Bechervaise. *ROOHESTER. £4,000.	Dorzet, Ven. W. O. Parish, M.A
WHITAUPP'S ALWANACH 1084	D.S.O., D.D., cons. 1918. (Bishop's Court, Rochester.) [Signs Martin Roffen.] 1930 Asst. Bp., Rt. Rev. G. L. King, D.D., cons. 1899.	(1907). Registrar, E. C. Parker. Legal Secretary, W. E. Bigg.

SOUTHWARK, £3,000.	Probince of York.
Parsons D.D. (cons. rosz). (Bishop's House.	4TAD# 0
Parsona, D.D. (cons. 1927). (Bishop's House, Kennington Park, S.E. 11.) [Signs Richard Southwark]	oth Archbishop and Primate of England, Right Hon. and Most Rev. William Temple, D.D., D.Litt., cons. 1991. (Bishopthorpe, York.) [Signs W. Ebor]
Bishops Suffragan. Kingston-on-Thumes, Rt. Rev. Frederick Ochterloney Taylor Hawkes, M.A. (Kingston House, Macaulay Rd., Clapham Common, S.W. 4) 1927 Wootwich, Rt. Rev. Arthur Llewellyn Preston, 1932	combe, b.b. (Bolton Percy, York)1923
Canons Residentiary.  R. C. Joynt, M.A1917 H. G. Monroe, M.A. 1925 J. B. Haldane 1918 A. I. Preston 1935 F. A. Cockin, M.A. 1929 (Vacancy)	Dean (£s,000). Very Rev. Herhert Newell Bate, M.A
Archicacons (each £200).  Southwark, Bishop of Kingston-on-Thames 1927 Lewsham, Bishop of Woolwich	Archdeacons (each £300).  Fork, Ven. Arthur Creyke England, M.A1933  East Riding, The Bishop of Hull
Registrar, Arthur Day.	Official Principal and Auditor of the Chancery Court, Sir Lewis Tonna Dibdin, K.C., D.C L.
4th Bishop, Right Rev. Henry Mosley, D.D. (Bishop's Manor, Southwell.) [Signs Henry Southwell]	Vicar-Gen of Province, and Chancellor of Diocese, Sir Philip W. Baker-Wilbraham, Bt. Registrar and Secretary, A. V. Hudson, York.
Newark, Ven. E. Hacking, M.A	Both Bishop, Rt. Rev. Herbert Hensley Henson, D.D., cons. 1938. (Auckland Castle, Bishop) Auckland, [Signs Herbert Dunelm]1920
Chancettor, Maj W. T. Monekton, M.C., K.C., M.A	Bishop Sufragan,
TRURO. £3,000. 7th Bishop and Dean, Rt. Rev. Walter Howard	Jarrene, Rt. Rev. James Geoffrey Gordon, M.A.
Frere, D.D. (Lis Escop, Truro.) [Signs Walterns	Dean (£3,000).  Very Rev. Cyril Alington, D.D1933
Truron :]	Canons Residentiary (each £1,000).
Cons 1909.  Canons Residentiary.  E. W. Sara, M.A. (£400) H. H. Mills, M.A1925	A. B. G. Lillingston, G. C. Richards, D. D. 1927  D. Dawson Walker, Bishop of Jar- D.D
(£300) 1926 (£400) 1930	Organist, J. Dykes Bower.
Archdeacons (each £300).  Cornicall, Ven. G. W. Hockley, M.A	Durham, The Bishop of Jarrow, D.D. (£200)1932 Auckland, Ven. A. E. J. Rawlinson, D.D. (£300) 1938 Beneficed Clergy, 269; Curates, 90.
Organist, F. G. Ormond, B.A.  Beneficed Clergy, 223; Curates, 33; other Clergy, 48.  Chancellor, Sir Philip Baker Wilbraham, Bt.	Chancellor, Sir Philip Baker-Wilbraham, Bt.,
Registrar and Sec., A. F. Harvey.  WORCESTER. £3.900.  102th Bishop, Right Rev. Arthur William	Registrar, J. B. Lazenby, Durham. Secretary, H. C. Ferens, M.A., Durham.
Thomson Perowne, D.D. (cons. 1980) (Hartle- bury Castle, Kidderminster.) [Signs Arthur	ast Bishop, Rt. Rev. Percy Mark Herbert, p.p.
Worcester]	Richon Suffrage
Canons (each £300).  Archdn. James, A.J. Carlyle, D.Litt.1930  M.A	Burnley, Rt. Rev. Edgar Priestley Swain, M.A. (Reedles Lodge, Burnley.)
Organist. Sir Ivor Atkins. Mus.D.	Archdeacons (each £300).  Blackburn, Bishop of Whalley
Archdeacons (each £300). Worcester, Ven. J. H. F. Peile, M.A	(Pragnist
Beneficed Clergy, 200. Chancellor, W. H. Lewis, O.B.E., M.A. (1931).	Beneficed Clergy, 252; Curates, &c., 45. Chancellor, Wilfrid Lewis, O.B.E., M.A. (1929). Registrar, Reginald Clayton.
WHITMATTED'S AT	1004

BRADFORD. £2,750.  2nd Bishop, Rt. Rev. Alfred Walter Frank Blunt, D.D. (Horton Hall, Bradford) [Signs Alfred	Archdeacons (each £300). Liverpool, Ven. George John Howson
Bradford] 1931 Archdeacons (each £300). Bradford, Ven. G. F. Ackerley, M.A. 1938 Craven, Ven. J. F. Howson, M.A. 1938 Beneficed Clergy, 150; Curates, 38.	Beneficed Clergy, 23; Deaneries, 12; Curates, 4c, 150 Chancellor, His Hon. Judge Dowdall, K.C., B.C.L. Registrars, R. Farmer & T. H. Arden, Church House, Liverpool.
Chancellor, Sir F. Newholt, M.A., K.C. Registrar and Secretary, F. A. T. Mossman, a Tyrrel Street, Bradford.	MANCHESTER. £4,200.
CARLISLE. £4,500. 61st Bp., Rt. Rev. H. Herbert Williams, D. D. (Rose	6th Bishop, Right Rev. Frederic Sumpter Guy Warman, D.D. (Bishopscourt, Higher Broughton.) [Signs Guy Manchester] (cons.
Castle, Carlisle.) [Signs Herbert Carliol] .1920 Asst. Bishop, Rt. Rev. E. L. Danson, D. D., cons 1917. (The Abbey, Carlisle.)	Bishops Suffragan.  Hulme, Rt Rev. Thomas Shei wood Jones, D.
Bishop Suffragan. Barrow-in-Furness, Rt. Rev. Herbert Sidney Pelham, M.A	(Rectory, Middleton)
Very Rev. Cecil Henry Hamilton Cooper, M.A.	Dean (£1,500). Very Rev. Garfield Hodder Williams, O.B.E., M.B. Canons Residentiary (each £850).
Canons Residentiary (each about £800)  Rt. Rev. E. L. Danson, Adams, D.S.O, M.C, D.D	P Green, M.A
Organist, F. W. Wadely, Mus. Doc.  Archdeacons.  Carlisle, Ven. Grandage Edwards Powell,	Archdeacons (each £200).  Manchester, Ven. N. L. Aspinall, M.A
Furness, Ven. G. S. Smith, M.A (£200) 1926 Westmortand, Ven. J. H. Hopkinson, M.A.	Benenced Clergy, 370; Curates, dc., about 190. Chancellor, H P Lewis, OBE, MA (1930) Registrar and Diocesan Secretary, L H Orford,
Beneficed Clergy, 283; Curates, d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c., d.c.	M.A., IL.B.  NEWCASTLE, £3,900.  6th Bishop, Rt Rev Harold Einest Bilbrough,
CHESTER. £4,200.  35th Bishop, Rt Rev. Geoffrey Francis Fisher,	D D. (Benwell Tower, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.) [Signs Harold Newcastle] (cons. 1926)1927  Canons Residentiary.
M.A. (The Bishop's House, Chester.) [Signs G. F. Cestr]	A. Boot, M.A J N. Esteman- E. B. Hicks, M.A 1927 Champain, M.A. 1928 Archd. Hunter 1931
Dean (f.z.200).  Very Rev. Frank Selwyn Macaulay Beunett, M.A., The Deanery, 59 Liverpool Rd, Chester1920  Canons Residentiary (each £600)	Archdeacons Lindusfarne, Ven R. R. Mangin, M.A1924 Northumberland, Ven. L. S. Hunter, M. A 1931
Arch. Paige Cox, B.b. J. F. L. Southam, M.A. 1917 M. R. Newbolt, M.A. A. E. Simpson, M.A. 1931	Organist, William Ellis, Mus.D., F.R.C.O., Beneficed Clergy, 185; Chaplains, 11; Curates, 71. Chancellor, F. H. L. Errington, C.B., D.C.L., K.C. Regustrar and Sec., J. B. Lazenby, Newcastle.
Organist, Malcolm Boyle.  Archdeacons (each £300).	RIPON, £3,900.
Chester, Ven. W. L. Paige Cox, B.D	6th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Edward Arthur Burroughs, D.D. (The Palace, Ripon.) [Signs Arthur Ripon]1926
Bishop's Secretaries, Gamon, Farmer & Co., Chester, and H. T. A. Dashwood, 1 The Sanc- tuary, S.W. 1.	Bishop Suffragan.  Knaresborough, Rt. Rev. Lucius F. M. B. Smith, D.D. (Methley Rectory, Leeds)
LIVERPOOL. £4,200.  3rd Bishop, Rt. Rev. Albert Augustus David,	Dean (£1,000). Very Rev. Charles Mansfield Owen, D.D., V.D. 1915 Canons Residentiary (each £500).
D.D., cons. 1921. (Bishop's Lodge, Liverpool.) [Signs Albert Liverpool]	J. B. Harford, B.D. 1911 B.D., K.H.C1927 Archd, Watson, M.A. 1921
Warrington, Rt. Rev. Herbert Gresford Jones, D.D., cons. 1920. (Winwick Rectory, Warrington.)	Archdeacons (each £300).  Leeds, Bishop of Knaresborough, D.D
Dean (£1,500). Very Rev. Frederick William Dwelly, D.D. 1931 Canons Residentiary. T. A. E. Davey	Richmond, Ven. A. Herbert Watson, M.A 1922  Beneficed Clergy, 221; Curates, 60.
T. A. E. Davey1931 J. T. Mitchell 1933 J. C. How1931 J. S. Bezzant1933 Organist, H. Goss-Custard, Mus. B.	Registrar and Secretary, G. B. Lomas Waker, Harrogate.

# 392 The Church of England—Suffragan Bishops—Bishops Resigned.

SHEFFIELD. £2,500.
18t Bishop, Rt. Rev. Leonard Hedley Burrows,
DD, cons. 1909. (Bishopsholme, Sheffield.)
D.D. cons. 1909. (Bishopsholme, Sheffield.) [Signs Leonard H. Sheffield]
Assistant Bishop, Rt. Rev. A. J. Doull, D.D.
(cons. 1915)1933
Organist, T. W. Hanforth, Mus. B., F.R.C O.
Archileacons (each £300).
Sheffield, Rt. Rev. A. J. Doull, D.D.;
Doncaster, Ven. F. G. Sandford, M.A1913
Beneficed Clergy, 172; Curates, 60.
Chancellor, Humphrey King, M.A., LL.B 1930
Registrar and Legal Sec., V. H. Sandford,
20 Bank Street, Sheffield.

Beneficed Clergy, 28; Curates, &c., 24. Vicar-General, Sec. and Registrar, Ramsey G. Johnson.

# WAKEFIELD. £3,000.

3rd Bishop, Rt. Rev. James Buchanan Seaton, D.D. (Bishopgarth, Wakefield.) [Signs James, Wakefield] 1298

## Bishop Suffragan.

Pontefract, Rt. Rev. Campbell Richard Hone, M.A. (Woodthorpe Lodge, Wakefield.) ... 1930

Archdeacons (each £300).

# SUFFRAGAN BISHOPS OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND AND CHURCH IN WALES.

Burking (Chelmsford); Barrow in Furness (Carlisle); Buckingham (Ozford); Burnley (Blackburn); Colchester (Chelmsford); Crediton (Exeter); Croydon (Canterbury); Dover (Canterbury); Fulhum (London); Grantham (Lincoln); Hull (York); Hulme (Manchester); Jarrow (Durham); Kensington (London); Kingston (Southwark); Knaresborough (Ripon); Lewes (Chichester); Maenan (St. Asuph); Malmsbury) (Bristol); Middleton (Manchester); Plymouth (Exeter); Pontefract (Wakefield); St. Asaph (St. Asaph); Sherborne (Salusbury); Southampton (Winchester); Staford (Lichfield); Stepney (London); Taunton (B. & Wells); Warrington (Liverpool); Whalley (Blackburn); Whitby (York); Willesden (London); Woolwich (Southwark).

#### CHURCH OF ENGLAND BISHOPS WHO HAVE RESIGNED.

OMOROM VA MAIOMAND.					
Name. Diocese Cons		Name	Diocese	Cons. Re	
C. T. Abraham, b. 1857 Derby 1909	1987	E. A. Knox, b. 1847	Manchester	1903 1g:	20
E. A. Anderson, b. 1859 Riverina 1895	1025	G. H. Lander, b. 1861	Hong Kong	1007 10	20
F. S. Baines, b. 1858 Natal1901	1928	G. E. Lloyd, b. 1861	sankatcheir <b>a</b> n	1022 10	SI
Arthur H. Baynes, b. 1854 Natal 1893	1000	J. Lofthouse, b. 1855	Keewatin	1008 10	31
F. H. Beaven, b. 1855 S. Rhodesia 1911	1025	J. R. Lucas, b. 1867	lackenzie Rive	r 1013 10:	26
A. P. Berkeley, b. 1868 Windward Is 1917	1030	S. P. Matheson, b. 1852	Ruverts Lan	d 1002 10	30
E. J. Bidwell, b. 1866 Ontario 1913	1035	H. J. Molony, b. 1865	Cheh Kiana		R
C. H. Golding Bird, b. 1874 Mauritius 1919		F M Molyneux, M.B.E.,	. 1885 Melanes	101024 10	27
C. H. Boutflower, b 1863 Southampton . 1905	1022	William R. Mounsey, b	. 1868 Labran	TOOO TO	??
W. J. Carey, b. 1875 Bloemfontein 1921	1033	J. O. Nash	Canetorn	1017 101	•
W. M. Carter. K.C.H.G., b. 1850 Cape T. 1891	1020	J. A. Newnham, b. 1851	Saskatcherna	n 1802 to	·
T. A. Chapman, b. 1867 Colchester 1988	1930	G. Nickson, b. 1864	Reintal	1093 191	
A. Chandler, b. 1860 . Bloemfontein1908	-933	M. S. O'Rorke, b. 1869	Accra	900 193	32
Eyre Chatterton, b. 1863 Nagpur1903	1906	II. L. Paget, b. 1853	Charter	1913 192	
Chas. E. Cornish b. 1842 Grahamstown 1899	1910	E. A Parry, b. 1860	Quiana	1900 193	52
E. D. L. Danson, b. 1880 Labran 1917		E. P. mer, b. 1869	Rombau	1900 192	11
		W. W. Perrin, b. 1848	Willedge	1906 192	9
C. J. Ferguson-Davie, b. 1872 Singapore 1907		H. M. E. Price, b. 1863	Zhil Vian	1911 192	9
C. F. de Salis, b. 1860Taunton 1911		1 H C Pandalph b	P ((II-ILIP)) DEE Ceriliteani	1900 191	18
A. J. Doull, b. 1870 Kootenay1915	1933	J H. G. Randolph, b. r	44babasa	1909 191	7
C. R. Duppuy, b. 1881Hong Kong 1920	1932	E. F. Robins b. 1870	Ainaoasca	1910 193	<b>30</b>
G. R. Eden, b. 1869 Wakeneld1910	1928	W. W. Sedgwick, b. 185	9n arajni	1914 192	19
G. H. Frodsham, b. 1863 N. Queenuld. 1902	1912	R. G. Shedden, b. 1889 .	N assau	1919 193	32
J. L. Fuller, b. 1881 Lebombo 1913	1920	W. F. W. Shields, b. 180	y Armuaate	1916 192	19
R. S. Fyffe, b. 1869Rangom1910		John Taylor Smith, b. 18	60 Sierra Leon	e 1897 190	30
C. Hope Gill, b. 1861Travancore1905	1924	Wm Eden Smyth, b. 18	58 Lebombo	1893 191	3
H. A. Gray, b 1872 Edmonton 1914	1931	H. K. Southwell, b. 186	Lewer	1920 192	6
A. V. Green, b. 1857 Ballarat 1894	1915	J. M Steward, b. 1874	Melanesia	1919 192	8
M. H. M. Gumbleton, b. 1872 Ballarat1916	1927	W. S. Swayne, b. 1860	Lincoln	1980 193	<b>12</b>
(i. D. Halford, b. 1865 Rockhampton 1908	1920	J. F. Sweeny, b. 1857	Toronto	1909 193	<b>18</b>
J. R. Harmer, b. 1857 Rochester 1895	1930	Edward S. Tulbot, b. 18.	44 Winchester.	1895 198	3
J. C. Hill, b 1862	1930	N. S. Talbot, M.C., b. 18	79 Pretoria	1920 193	3 1
C. Hook, b. 1844 Kingston-on-Thames 1905	1914	H. Tugwell, b. 1854 Equ	iatorial Africa	1894 198	1
W. B. Hornby, b. 1851 Nassau 1892	1919	T. C. Twitchell, b. 1866.	Polynesia	1908 1gg	1
W. W. Heugh, b. 1859 Woolwich 1918	1932	W. L. Vyvyan, b. 1861	…Zાતાતિમતે	1003 108	n l
G. D. Iliff, b. 1867Shantung1903	1921	H. P. Walsh, b. 1870	Анват	1905 102	الم
Albert E. Joscelyne, b. 1866 Jamaica 1905	TOIR	Jas. Edwd. C. Welldon, l	). <b>1854</b> Calcutte	1898 190	i l
C. Julius, b. 1847 Christchurch, N.Z 1890	1025	Henry Whitehead, b. 185	Madras	1800 102	2
A. B. L. Karney, b. 1875 Johannesburg 1922	1933	H. L. Wild, 5. 1864	Newcastle	1015 108	7
George L. King, b. 1860 Madagascar 1899	1010	J. W. Williams, b. 1851.	Kaffrarıa	1001 103	•
Arthur M. Knight, b. 1864 Rangoon1903	1000	Cecil J. Wood, b. 1873 .	Melanesia	IOTH TOT	ام
454 VIII	-,-,-				7

CHURCH OF ENGL	AN	D BIBHOPS ABROAD.	93
CANADA.	1	AUSTRALIA.	
Province of Canada,	- 1	Province of New South Wales.	- 1
Archbishop and Metropolitan and Primate of	٠		
Canada.	- 1	Archbishop and Metropolitan of New South W	
Bees. Apptel Clg.	3.	Sydney, H. W. K. Mowll, b. 1890 (cons.	Cigy.
Nova Scotia, C. L. Worrell, b. 1853 (cons.		1082 : Archbn 1023)	378
Bp. Coadj., J. Hackenley, b. 18771915	~	1922; Archbp 1933)	3.0
Bishops.	- 1		
Montreal, John Cragg Farthing,	]	Bishops.	- 1
b. 18621909 14	40	Armidale, John Stoward Moyes, b. 1884 1989	41
Fredericton, J. A. Richardson, b. 18681907 Quebec, Lennox Waldron Williams,	79	Bathurst, Horace Crotty, b. 1886	62
Queeec, Lennox Waldron Williams,	84	Goulburn. (vacant)1933	63
b. 18591915 8	~~ ∤	Grafton, John Wm. Ashton, b. 18641921	41
Archbishop and Metropolitan	- 1	Newcastle, F. de Witt Batty, b. 1879 1931	85
	68	Riverma, Reginald C. Halse, b. 1881 1925	25
Bishops.	- 1	Province of Victoria.	-
Algoma, R. R. Smith, b. 1872 1926	57	Archbishop and Metropolitan.	- 1
Huron, C. A Seager, b. 1872 (cons. 1926) 1931 15	52		
Niagara, L. W. B. Broughall, b. 1876 . 1933		Melbourne, F. W. Head, M C., b. 1874 1929	286
	73	Bishops.	1
Province of Ruperts Land.	- }	Ballar at, P. C. T. Crick, b. 1882 (c. 1921) 1927	63
Archlushup.	- 1	Bendigo, Donald Baker, b. 1882	31
Rupert's Land, Isaac O. Stringer, b. 1866.	i	Gippsland, G. H. Clanswick, b. 1881 1917	37
	11	St. Arnaud, Melville C. James, b. 1877 1927 Wangaratta, J. Stephen Hart, b. 1866 1927	26
Bishops.			34
Arctic, A. L. Fleming 2933 Athabasca, A. H. Sovereign 1933	.!	Province of Queensland.	- 1
	9   34	Archbishop and Metropolitan	
Calgary, L. R. Sherman, b. 1886 1927	85	Brisbane, (vacant)1933	126
Edmonton, A E. Burgett 332	31	Bp. Coudy., H. H. Dixon, b. 18691932	1
	¥7 ¦	Bishops.	i
Moosonee, J G. Anderson, b. 18661909 1	14	Carpentaria. Stephen H. Davies, b. 1884 1922	
Prince Albert, W. Burd 1932	20	New Gumen, Henry Newton, b. 1867	14
Saskatehanan W Rurd	20	(C 1015)	16
Saskatoon W. T. T. Hallam	- 1	A. Queensland, John O Feetham, b. 1876 1913	80
Yukon, W. A. Geddes, b. 1894 1989	7	Rockhampton, Fortescue L. Ash, b. 188s 1988	20
Mosonier, J. G. Andensin, b. 1865 1999  Prince Albert, W. Burd	1	Province of Western Australia,	- }
	- 1	Archbishop and Metropolitan.	}
New Westminuter, A. U. de Pencier,	- (	Perth, H. F Le Fanu, b. 1870, c. 1915 1929	_ 1
New Westminster, A. U. de Pencier, b. 1866 (cons. 1910; Archbishop and Metropolitan, 1925)1925	63	1 (100, 11, 1 10 1400, 0, 10,0, 0, 1915 1929	72
bisuops.	-3	Bishops,	i
Caledonia, George Alexander Rix, b 1988 1	16	Bunbury, Cecil Wilson, b. 1859(1894) 1917 Kalgoorlie, William E Elsey, b. 1879 1919	34
Cariboo, W. R. Adams, b. 18771925 Columbia, C. De Veber Schofield,	12	Kalgoorlie, William E Elsey, b. 1879 1919	8
Columbia, C. De Vener Schoneia,		N W. Australia, John Frewer, b. 1283 1929	- 4
	44	Extra-Provincial Dioceses.	1
PROVINCE OF INDIA AND CEYLON.		Adelaide, Arthur N. Thomas, b. 1869 1906	zo8
Metropolitan Bishop.	- 1	Tamania, Robert S Hay, b. 18641919	96
Calcutta, Foss Westcott, b 1863 (cons.	j	Willochra, Richard Thomas, b. 1881 1926	24
	20		
Bishops.	[	PROVINCE OF NEW ZEALAND.	- 1
Assam, George Clay Hubback, b. 18801924	15	Archbishop and Metropolitan.	ı
Rombay, R. Dyke Acland, b. 1882 1929 Chota Nagpur, K. W. S. Kennedy, b.	94	Auckland, A. W. Averill, b. 1865 (cons.	1
18651926	50	1910, Archbp. and Metropolitan 1925) 1914	120
Cotombo, Mark Carpenter-Garnier, b.	- 1	Brohops.	
	93		ì
Dornakal, V. S. Azariah, b. 18741913 Lahore, G. D. Barne, Cl.E., OB.E., b.	94	Christchurch, Campbell West West- Watson, b. 1877 (cons 1909)	
1880	10	Dunedin, Isaac Richards, b. 18591989	83 46
Asst. Bp., J. S C Bannerjee 1931		Melanesia, W. H. Baddeley, D.S.O. M. C.,	40 (
Lucknow, Chas. J. G. Saunders, b. 1888 1928	96	b. 1894	35
Madras, E. H. M. Waller, b. 1870 (c 1915) 1922 1	62	Bp. Cond), J. H. Dickinson, b. 19011931	i
\ \agpur, A \ \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdo	40	Polyneya I S Kennthown k -000	зB
Nusik, P. H. Loyd, b. 1884 (c. 1925) . 1928	-	Wajanu, H. W. Williams h 1860 .1923	6
Rangoon, N. H. Tubbs, b. 1879 (c. 1923) 1928 Tinnevelly, Rannad and Madura, F. J	49	Polynesia. L. S. Kempthorne, b. 1886 1923 Waiapu, H. W. Wilhams, b. 18601930 Ep. Suff. (Actearca), F. A. Bennett, b.	72
Western, b. 1880 1929	86	1872	i
Travancore and Cochin, E. A. L. Moore,	ĺ	Waikato, C. A. Cherrington, b. 1873 1926	i
b. 18701925	50	Wellington, T. H. Sprott, O.B.E., b. 1856 1911	73
		1094	

394	Church of	England	Bishops	Abroad-	The	Church	in	Wales.

394 Church of England Dishops A	oroda—Ins Church in Wales.
PROVINCE OF SOUTH AFRICA.	PROVINCE OF JAPAN.
Sees. Apptd. Olgy,	Sees. Aprild. Clay. Hokkaido, G. J. Walsh, b. 18791927
Archbishop and Metropolitan.	N. 1148/1114 (N/GDGN), A. Les, D. 18651000   8
Cape Town, F. R. Phelps, b. 1863	Kobé, J. B. Simpson, b. 1880
(cons 1915; Metropolitan 1931)1931 100 Bp. Coad, S. W. Lavis1931	Osaka, Y. Naide, b. 1863 1984 31
Bishops.	South Tokyo, Samuel Heaslett, b. 1875 1928 27 Tokyo, P. Y. Matsui1926 —
	UNDER ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.
Bloemfontein, (vacant)	Accra, John O. Aglionby, M.C., b. 1884 1984 7
Damaraland,	Argentina and E. S. America, E. F.
Grahamstown, A. H. Cullen, b. 1887 1931 96	Every, b. 1862 (cms. 1902)1910 29  Bermuda, Arthur Heber Browne, b. 1864 1925 —
Johannesburg, (vacant)	Egypt and the Sudan, Llyn. H.Gwynne,
Glison, b. 1885	C.M.G., C.B E., b. 1863
Lebombo, Basil William Peacey, b. 1889 1939 13 S Rhodesia, E. F. Paget, M.C., b. 18861925 29	Gibraltar, H. J. Buxton, b. 18801933 61
Natal. Leonard L. Fisher, b. 1882 1038 61	Jerusalem, G.F. Graham Brown, O.B.E.,
Pretoria. W. Parker, b. 1882 1933 87	b. 18911932 Korea, A. C. Cooper, b. 18811931 15
St. Helena, C C. Watts, b	Labuan and Sarawak, N. B. Hudson, D.S.O.,
b. 1872	M.C
Zululand, C. A. W. Aylen1930 33	A. W. Smith, b. 18751985
PROVINCE OF THE WEST INDIES.	Lagos, F. M. Jones, b. 1886
Archbishop of West Indies.	Madagascar, R. S. M. O Ferrall, b. 1890 1926 Masasi, W. V. Lucas, b. 1883
Antiqua, Edward Hutson, C.M.G., b. 1873	Mauritius H Otter Rayry
(cons. 1911; Archbishap, 1921) 1921 34	Mombasa, R. S. Heywood, b. 18671918 85
Rishops.	Newfoundland, Wm. Charles White, b.
Barbados, D. W. Bentley (c. 1919) 1927 73 Guiana, Oswald H. Parry, b. 18691921 38	Niger, B. Lashrey h. v880 veev)
Guiana, Oswald H. Parry, b. 18691921 38 Honduras, Edward A. Dunn, b. 1869 927	Niger Delta (Suf.)   A. M. Gelsthorpe,   B. S. O
Jamaica, W. G. Hardie, b. 1878 1928 90	J. C. John1933
Nassau, J. Dauglish	Northern Knodesia, A. J. W. May, D.
Windward Islands, Vibert Jackson 1931	Nyasaland, G. W. Douglas, b. 18751930 18
	Persia, J. H. Linton, b. 1879 1919 12
PROVINCE OF CHINA	Sierra Leone, G. W. Wright, b. 18731923 50 Singapore, Basil C. Roberts, b. 18871927 22
Chung Hua Sheng Kung Hui.	Tangunyata Centrut, G. A. Chambers,
(Chinese Holy Catholic Church.)	b. 1927 — Uganda, John J. Willis, O.B.E., b. 1872 1922 68
Cheh Kiang, John Curtis, b. 18801929 42 Fuh-Kien, John Hind, b. 1876 1918 41	Uganda, John J. Willis, O.B.E., b. 1873 1912 68 Assist. Bishop, C. E. Stuart 1912 Upper Nie, A. L. Kitching, b. 18751926 — Zanzibar, T. H. Birley, b. 18641925 56
1sst. Bishop, Ding Ing-ong, b. 1874 1927	Upper Nile, A. L. Kitching, b. 18751986
11st. Bishop, Ding Ing-ong, b. 1874 1927 Honan, W. C. White, b. 1873 1999 Bp. Coad)., Lindel Tsen 1929	Zanzibar, T. H. Birley, b. 18641925 56 The Greek Orthodox Church of Cyprus.
Kwanasi and Hunan, J. Holden, b. 1022 7	Archbishop (Primate of the Autocephalous Church of Cuprus), Monsignor Kyrillos
North China, F. L. Norris, b. 1864 1914 17 Shantung, Thomas Arnold Scott, b. 1880 1921 19 Victuria, Hong Kong, R. O. Hall 1932 31	Church of Cuprus) Monsignor Kyrillos Vazsilliou (elected 1916).
Victoria, Hong Kong, R. O. Hall 1938 31	Metropolitans.
West China, (vacant)	Paphos, Mgr. Leoutios Leontion
	Kyrenia, Mgr. Makarios Myriantheus1917
THE CHURCH IN WALE	S. (Disestablished March 31, 1980.)
ST. ASAPH. £4,200. 18t Archbishop and Metropolitan of the Province	LLANDAFF. £4,200.
ast Archbishop and Metropolitan of the Province of Wales, Most Rev. Alfred George Edwards,	96th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Timothy Rees, M.C., B.A. (Llys Esgob, Llandaff, Cardiff.) [Signs T.
D.D., D.C.L., D.Litt., cone. 1889. (Palace, St. Asaph.) [Signs A. G. Cambr.] elect Archip. 1920	(Llys Esgob, Llandaff, Cardiff.) [Signs T. Llandaff]
Asaph.) [Signs A. G. Cambr.] elect Archbp. 1920 Bishop Suffragan.	
Macnan, Rt. Rev. Thomas Lloyd, M.Aroso	MONMOUTH. £2,400.
BANGOR. £1,600. 74th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Charles Alfred Howell	and Bishop, Rt. Rev. Gilbert Cunningham Joyce, D.D (Bishopstow, Stow Hill, Newport, Mon.)
Green, D.D. (Bishopscourt, Bangor) [Signs C.	[Signs Gilbert Monmouth]
Bangor :]1928	SWANSEA AND BRECON. £2,400.
ST. DAVID'S. £3,400. 120th Bishop, Rt. Rev. David Lewis Prosser, D.D.	sst Bishop, Rt. Rev. Edward Latham Bevan, D.D.,
(Palace, Abergwill, Carmarthenshire.) [Signs	cons. rors. (Ely Tower, Brecon.) [Signs E. L.
j). L. St. David's j 1927	Swansea & Brecon]
WHITAKER'S A	LMANACK, 1984.
WHITAKER'S A	LMANACK. 1984,

THE CHURCH OF IRELAND (DISESTABLISHED 1869).  Oh. Pop. Incum- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Incom- Inc	wa.
Sees. Archeibhops. Apptd. (2901) bents Curates. of S	
Armagh Most Rev. Charles F. D'Arcy, D.D., b. 1859 1920 55,359 57 16 £2,	500
(cons. 1903)	•
Dublin Most Rev. John A Fitzgerald Gregg, D.D., b. 1872 1920 70,532 102 55 2,	500
(cons. 1915)	-
Bisnors	
Meath Most Rev. John Orr, D.D., b 1874, cons. 1923,	
trans. 1927 9,891 41 4 1,	
Cashel Rt. Rev. John Frederick McNeice, D.D., b 1866 1931 8,271 39 5 1,	479
Clogher Rt. Rev. James Macmanaway, P.D., b. 1860 1923 32,000 41 19 1,	441
Cork Rt. Rev. William Edward Flewett, D.D., b. 1862 1933 31,935 85 8 1,	703
Derry Rt. Rev. Joseph Irvine Peacocke, D.D., b. 1872 1916 47,746 72 13 2,	
Down Rt. Rev. Charles T. P. Grierson, D D., b. 1856 1919 139 139 139 139	750
Killaloe Rt. Rev. Henry Edmind Patton, D. D., b. 1867 1924 9,222 59 17 1,	500
Kilinore Rt. Rev. Arthur William Barton, B.D., b. 1881 1930 31,210 33 7 1,	548
Limerick . (vacant) 1933 5,200 30 7 1,	108
Ossory Rt. Rev. J. Godfrey FitzM. Day, D D, b. 1875 1920 19,231 62 21 1	535
Tuan Rt. Rev. William Hardy Holmes, D.D., b. 1873 1931 . 7,000 30 4 1,	193
ST. PATRICK'S NATIONAL CATHEDRAL, DUBLIN.	

Dean and Ordinary, Very Rev. Thomas Arnold Harvey, B.D.

#### GENERAL SYNOD,

Consisting of House of Bishops (13) and House of Representatives (viz., 208 clerical and 416 lay). Honorary Secretaries, Ven. C. K. Irwin, B.D.; Very Rev. H. B. Kennedy, B.D.; Major E. H. C. Wellesley and W. E. Thrift, T.D.

Secretary to the REPRESENTATIVE CHURCH BODY (INCORPORATED 1870), A. F. Maude, 52 St. Stephen's Green E., Dublin; Asst. Sec. Rev. J. H. Vates, B.D. Chief Accountant—George B. Butler.

By the Act of Union, 1800, the Church of Ireland, Synod, and 3 parochial nominators (lay) appointed by the registered vestrymen of the parish.

was united with the Church of England, the Sovereign, as one of its members, being supreme governor on earth By the Act of 1869 this muon was severed, and on Jan. 1, 1871, the Church of Ireland resumed her independent position. The Act of 1869 not only disestablished the Irish Church, but also took away her endowments, nothing being left but the right to the life services of the annuitant Bishops and Clergy (the annuities provided were commuted for a capital sum), the right to claim churches in use for divine service, the right to buy the See and Glebe Houses (with garden and curtilage), and £500,000 in lieu of private endowments.

The supreme governing body of the Church of Ireland is the GENERAL SYNOP, which meets annually.

Subject to the GENERAL SYNOD are so Diocesan Synods, which are assisted by smaller elected bodies called Diocesan Councils.

The Bishop of the Diocese is chosen by the clerical and lay members of the Diocesan Synod The Primate is chosen by the House of Bishops from amongst their own number.

The incumbent of the Parish is appointed by a Board of Nomination, consisting of 7 persons, viz - The Bishop, 3 diocesan nominators (2 clerical and r lay) appointed by the Diocesan

The flusheral trustees of the Church are the REPRESENTATIVE BODY, composed of the Archbishops and Bishops, 13 clergymen and 26 laymen, chosen by the Diocesan Synois, with 13 co-opted members (clerical or lay) This body holds the property of the Church, and administers its funds, subject to the General Synod.

The first property it held was the capital sum £7.58..ops. representing the life amunities of the Bishops and Clerky paid over as commutation money by the Church Commissioners, and also £500,000 compensation for private endowments. The commutation capital on Der. 37, 1932, was only £6.467 xzs. 64., charged with annuities to a annuitants. The funds, however, in the 2 annutants. The funds, however, in the custody of the Representative Body amounted in all to £10,923,989, made up of Commutation £54,688, Frivate Endowments £324,736, Parochal Sustentation £7,720,724, Episcopal Sustentation £572,087, General Symod Funds £724,085, and Miscell access surgeous £2, 28,868 and Miscellaneous purposes £2,088,668.

Since 1869 members of the Church have paid in to the Representative Body a total sum of £11,028,833. The interest of the Diocesan and Parochial Sustentation and other Funds is approximately £372,324. The total amount of assessment for stipend paid by parishes, 1932, was £104,935, and the total amount paid for stipends under Diocesan Schemes was £338,455.

THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN SCOTLAND.
THE RT REV. BISDOPS CORS. Clgy Stipd. Sees THE RT RIV. BISHOP Aberdeen...Fred. Ll. Deane, D. D. 1917...45.. £*955 Argyll...Kenneth Mackenzie, D D. 1907...14... *674 Argum. Most Rev. W. J. F.
Robberds, D.D. (Primus 1908) 1904 .30...*1,310
Edinburgh H. S. Reid, D.D. .....1929 .71...*1307

THE RT REV. BISHOPS Cons Clay, Stipd. Glasgow J R Darbyshire, M.A. 1931... 84£*1,297
Moray...... A J. Maclean, D.D. ... 1904... 22 ... *859
St Andrews, E. T. S. Reid, D.D. 

With residence

Registrar of the Episcopal Synod, Donald B. Sinclair, W.S., 43 Castle Street, Edinburgh. Churches, Mission Stations, &c., 417. Parsonages, 207. Clergy, 308. Communicants, 60,797.

#### THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND is Presbyterian in constitution, and is governed by Kirk Sessions, Presbyteries, Synods, and the General Assembly, which consists of both clerical and lay representatives from each of the Presbyteries. is presided over by a Moderator (chosen annually by the Assembly), to whom His Majesty the King has granted precedence in Scotland, during his term of office, next after the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain. The Sovereign is represented by oreat Britain. The sovereign is represented by a Lord High Commissioner (appointed each year by the Crown), who receives the sum of £a,coo towards his expenses. The country, for Church purposes, was, prior to the umon of the Church of Scotland with the United Free Church of Scotland with the United Free Church of Scotland with the United Free Church of Scotland with the United Free Church of Scotland with the United Free Church of Scotland with the United Free Church of Scotland with the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland With the United Free Church of Scotland Wi Scotland which was effected at a joint meeting of the General Assemblies of both Churches held on October 2, 1929, in the presence of H.R.H. the Duke of York as Lord High Commissioner, divided into 16 Synods and 84 Presbyteries, and there were about 1,800 ministers and licentiates engaged in ministerial and other work. number of communicants on the roll (Dec. 31, 1938) was 759,797. The sum of £809,865 3s. 3d. was (apart from Seat Rents levied by Church was a pair to have a considerably over 50 chapels, at a cost for stipends and supplementary endowments of over £2,450,000, have been endowed and erected into parishes quoad sacra. The parasic churches numbered 1,470. There were in addition 245 chapels and mission stations, in digures applicable to the church of Scotland as now re-united after 86 years of separation are only partis naulable. only partly available :-

Congregations, 2,520; total membership, 1,880,620; Sunday Schools, 3,758, with 369,725 scholars and 4,709 teachers. In 20 foreign Mission fields there are 587 European Mission Agents (and in addition 255 missionaries wives, many of whom are doing mission work in the various fields) and 7,807 native agents, evangelists and teachers, including in both cases thuse of the Women's Foreign Mission.

Until 256 the Church of Rootland was Roman Catholic, but in that year the Scots Parliament abolished the jurisdiction of the Pope, proscribed the Mass, and ratified a Confession of Fatth drawn up by John Knox and other divines. In it all essential articles of the ancient creeds of the Church were adhered to. Ceremonics were declared to be temporary in their nature, and should be altered when they began to fosten superstition. Presbytery was settled in 2590.

The restoration of the rights of the Bishops, civil and ecclesiastical, was, however, sanctioned by the General Assembly of 1610, and three Scottish Bishops were in that year consecrated in London. Further innovations by King crated in London. Further innovations by King James VI. alarmed the people, and the attempt of Charles I to impose on the Church a Book of Canons and a Liturgy was met by the National Covenant and the restoration of Presbyterian forms, which culminated in the Westminster Confession of Faith in 1646. At the Restoration the Church again became Episcopal, but in 1650 the Scottish Parliament re-established Presbyterianism. By the Tresty of Union between England and Scotland (ratified by the English Parliament 6 Anne c. ii.) the Church by the English Parliament 6 Anne c. ii.) the Church of Scotland was secured in its Presbyterian form of government, and the very first official act of a sovereign of the British Empire on his accession is to take an oath to maintain inviolably this settlement. In ross Parliament passed the Church of Scotland Act, zgaz, to declare the lawfulness of certain Articles declaratory of the constitution of the Church of Scotland. These Articles were framed with a view to facilitating union among Presbyterian Churches in Scotland. A committee, appointed by the Secretary for Scotland (under the Presidency of the late Viscount Haldane), enquired into the question of endowments, following upon which the Church of Scotland (Property and Endowments, Bill) was introduced and we are seed into the late. Bill) was introduced and was passed into law (15 and 16 Geo. V. c. 33) in 1925. The primary purpose of this legislative measure was to transfer to and vest in the Church of Scotland General Trustees, incorporated under the Church of Scotland (General Trustees) Order Confirmation Act xgaz, the whole properties and endowments belonging to the Church as it then existed for behoof the latter.

LORD HIGH COMMISSIONER (1933), John Buchan, C.H., M.P., Holyrood Palace, Edinburgh.

MODERATOR (1933-4), Rt. Rev. Lauchlan Maclean Watt, D.D. Semor Clerks, Rev. J. T. Cox, D.D.; Very Rev.

James Harvey, D.D.

Junior Clerk, Rev. J. G. Sutherland, D.D.

Procurator, Sir William Chree, K.C., LL.D.

Agents of the Church, J. A. S. Millar, M.V.O., W.S., 20 Castle St., Edinburgh; Arthur H. McLean, W.S.; and E. J. McCandlish, W.S.

Chairman of General Trustees and Legal Adviser, J. A. S. Millar, M.V.O., W.S. Parliamentary Solicitor, A. H. Spens, London.

Interim General Treasurer, James Wylie, 121 George Street, Edinburgh.

#### OTHER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES.

(z) The Presbyterian Church in Ireland.—The largest of the Presbyterian churches in Ireland consists of 33 presbyteries, 566 ministers, 547 congregations, with xxx,760 communicants, 94,864 families, 7,997 Sabbath-school teachers, and 94,435 scholars. During the xx months ended Dec. 31, 1932, this branch contributed by congregational effort £342,355 for religious, charitable, and missionary purposes. The total income for the period for all purposes was £455,750.—Moderator (1933-4), Rt. Rev. William Corkey, M.A., D.D. General Sec., Rev. W. A. Watson, M.A., D.D., Church House, Belfast.

(a) The Presbyterian Church of England has 14 presbyteries, 354 congregations, 7 preaching stations, and 83,413 members. It has a Theological College (Westminster College, Cambridge), and supports 68 missionaries abroad, including 34 women. In 1923 the amount raised for all purposes was £338,284.—Moderator, Rev. C. C. Goodlet, M.A. Gen. Sec., Rev. Thomas Mackay, M.A. Church Offices: 15 Russell Square, W.C. r. Publications Office: 21 Warwick Lane, Paternoster Row, E.C. 4.

UNDER the general designation of METHODISTS are included all those religious bodies which owe are included at those rengious socies which owe their existence, directly or indirectly, to the efforts of the Revd. John Wesley (born June 27, 1793; died March 2, 1791) and his brother, Kevd. Charles Wesley (born Dec. 18, 1797; died March 29, 1788).

#### THE METHODIST CHURCH.

On September 20, 1932, the Wesleyan Methodist Church, the Primitive Methodist Church and the United Methodist Church, were united

and became "The Methodist Church."

The Methodist Church is governed primarily by the Conference, secondarily by the Synods (held in September and May), consisting of all the ministers and of selected laymen in each district, over which a chairman is appointed by the Conference; and thirdly by quarterly meetings of the ministers and lay officers of each circuit. The authority of both Synods and Quarterly Meetings is subordinate to the Conference, which has the supreme legislative and judicial power in Methodism. President of the Conference (1933-1934), Rev F. L. Wiseman,

Vice-President of the Conference (1933-34),

Moses Bonroe, J.P.
Secretary of the Conference, Rev. Robert Bond,
2 Central Buildings, Westininster, S.W. 2.

Statistics.—In 1933, in association with the Conference in Great Britain and Ireland (at home and abroad), there were 5,337 Ministers, 45,636 Lay Preachers, 1,243,041 Members and Proba-tioners, 2,332 Churches, 16,212 Sunday Schools, 212,057 Sunday School Officers and Teachers, and

1,436,837 Sunday Scholars.
The latest statistics of Methodism throughoutthe world (1932) are: Ministers, 59,434; local preachers, 88,327; members and probationers. 12,976,070; Sunday schools, 92,769; officers and 11,970,970; Sunuay scholars, 10,997,700; Churches and other preaching places, 102,078.

Wesleyan Methodists, the original best

founded in 1739 by the two brothers. The first Conference, consisting of six clergymen and four

laymen, was held in 1744.

| The Primitive Methodists, sprang up in Staffordshire, in 1810, under the leadership of Hugh Bourne and William Clowes.

The United Methodist Church was formed by the Union in 1907 of three denominations of Methodists which hitherto had been separate from and independent of each other. These were and independent of each other. These were— The Methodist New Connexion, which owed its origin in 1797 to the Rev. Alexander Kilham, one of the early itinerating Wesleyan preachers The Bible Christians, founded in 1815 by Wm. O'Bryan, a Wesleyan lay preacher in Cornwall. The United Methodist Free Churches, which was itself ap amalgamation of three different secessions—the Protestant Methodists, formed in 1828; the Wesleyan Methodist Association, which sprang out of a controversy in 1834, concerning the need for a trained ministry; and the Wesleyan Reform Association, founded in 1849, during a great

agitation.
The act of union of these three denominations into one took place in London on September 17, 1907, when the first united Conference was held.

# INDEPENDENT METHODISTS.

Independent Methodists .- This body is Congregational in its organisation, with an unpaid Ministry. Its first Conference was held in 1805. In 1932 there were in Great Britain and Ireland, 400 Ministers, 10,786 Members, 163 Chapels and 22,574 Sunday Scholars.

#### WLEILEYAN REFORM UNION.

This Union is Methodist in doctrine, Congregational in government, with, if any church desires it, a paid ministry. It is the remnant of the original Reformers expelled from Wes-leyan Methodism in 1849. The adherents are mainly in the Midland counties. In 1933 there were in Great Britain and Ireland 30 Ministers, 486 Lay Preachers, 13,516 Members, 23 Chappels and 25,705 Sunday Scholars.—President (1933-24), Councillor L. E. Milner, 21 Conduit Road, Sheffield to; General Secretary (1933-34), Rev. G. A. Metcaife, Wesleyan Reform Book Room, 25 Change Alley, Sheffield; Hon. Sec., W. Brookes, J.P., Pitsmoor, Sheffield.

# THE CALVINISTIC METHODIST CHURCH OF WALES.

The CALVINISTIC METHODIST OR PRESEY-TERIAN CHURCH OF WALES is the only Church of purely Welsh origin, and embraces a very large section of the Welsh-speaking population. Its form of government being Presbyterian, it is a constituent of the Pan-Presbyterian Council or Alliance. It has foreign missions in Assam, India, and in Brittany. Churches and preaching stations in Assam. 1.465.

preaching stations in Assam, 1,465.
In 1932 the body numbered—churches, 1,489; chapels and other buildings for Sunday-school branches, 1,702; ministers and preachers, 1,134; branches, 1,702; ministers and preachers, 1,124; elders, 7,245; communicants, 184,187; on probation, 365; Sunday-school teachers and officers, 21,865; Sunday-school scholars, 12,9,933; adherents (including communicants), 384,555. Contributions in aid of the Ministry in 193, 1765,289,278; 7d. For various religious purposes (including the ministry), £409,498. Receipts from various funds, £30,921 es. 4d.

One of the features of the Welsh churches is

the Sunday-school, which is attended by adults as well as children; the vernacular is the language used generally in these schools

The English branch of the Church has 379

chapels and preaching stations, with 34,844 com-

municants

On 18 July, 1933, the Calvanistic Methodist or Preshyterian Church of Wales Act, 1933, re-ceived the Royal Assont. By this measure the autonomy of the Church in matters spiritual and the establishment of a Properties Board have been secured. have been secured.

Moderators of Synods-South Wales, Evan Evans, Aberystwyth; North Wales, Rev. W. M. Jones, Llansantstraid, Oswestry.

Moderator of General Assembly, Rev. P. Hughes Griffiths, 42 West Heath Drive, Golder's Hill, London, N.W. 11.

Chief Secretary, Rev. D. Cuullo Davies, M.A., Bryn Elwydd, Machynlleth, North Wales.

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THE INDEPENDENTS

The Independents, or Congregationalists, are the most ancient community of Dissenters. in 1831 the majority of their churches were formed into the Congregational Union of England and Wales, incorporated in 1903, and in 1905 nine of districts were formed, each under a Moderator. There are 31 county and other Associations in the British Isles, with 4,744 churches and preaching stations; the number of ministers in the British Isles is 2,862. Chairman of the Congregational Union of England and Wales, 1794-25, Rev. T. T. James, M.A. Secretary, President of the Baptist Union, 1933-34, Rev. R. 1994-25, Rev. T. T. James, M.A. Secretary, Countried of the Baptist Union, 1933-34, Rev. R. 1994-1995 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015 and 2015

The Countess of Huntingdon's Connexion, with 38 chapels and mission stations, is governed by nine trustees assisted by an annual conference. of ministers and delegates Secretary, E. Dolby Shelton. Offices, 41, Holborn Hall, Gray's Inn Road, W.C. r

AND THE BAPTISTS.

The Baptists are similar to the Congregationalists in all respects but one—viz., the Baptism by immersion of believers only. Like the Congregationalists, they are for the most part grouped in associations of churches, and the majority of

m 70 countries. Communicant membership neurly 12,000,000. General Sec., Rev. J. H. Rush-

brooke, M. A. . D. D. Office, 4Southampton Row, W. C. x. The Strict and Particular Baptists have about 600 places of worship in England and Wales, and 20,000 members, with Foreign mission fields.

# THE SALVATION ARMY.

that the properties and assets, hitherto held by the General as Sole Trustee, should be vested in a Custodian Trustee Company.

In Dec., 1932, the number of Officers, Cadets and Employée was 35,000, of Corps and Outposts, 15,931. 'Local Officers' (unpaid) 108,856. The number of countries occupied was 84, and of languages used 76. Connected with the Salvation Army are 1,528 philanthropic institutions, including 300 Industrial Houses, 93 Maternity Houses, 27 Shup. Posts 16 Prison Mater Homes. Hones, 172 Slum Posts, 16 Prison-Gate Homes, 397 Shelters and Cheap Food Depots for the Homeless, 136 Lahour Bureaux, 12 Farms, &c. 1,030 Industrial Homes and Day Schools. The total raised in the British Isles during "Self-Denial Week" in 1933 amounted to £143,970. Balance-sheets and statements of £,143,070. Balance-sheets and statements of account relating to the General Funds or to the Social Funds can be obtained, post free, from 107 Queen Victoria Street, E.C. 4.—GENERAL, Edward J. Higgins (1939), Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C. 4.

yietoria street, London, E.C. 4.
and the Reformed Episcopal Church founded (in New York) in 1873. In England there are 50 churches. Bishop Prinnis, Rt. Rev. F. Vanghan, D.D., Emmanuel Rectory, Morecambe. Gen. Sec., Rev. A. V. Bland, D.D., Rydal Mount, Morecambe. The Old Roman Catholic Church: Archbahop in Gi. Britain, Most Rev. Bennard Mary Williams, Madam's Wood, Painswick, Strond, Glos. The Seventh Day Advantists (Hdgrs., Stanborough Park, Watford, Herts) have 75 organized churches, 30 companies, and 4,852 members in the British Isles. The Greeks (Exarch of Western and Northern Eurone, Metromembers in the British Isles. The Greeks (Exarch of Western and Northern Europe, Metropolitan of Thysteira. Archibishop Germanos, so Nowton Rd., Bayswater, W. 2) havest. Sophia's Cathedral (Moscow Road, W. 2) havest. Sophia's Cathedral (Moscow Road, W. 2) and churches in Manchester, Liverpool, and Cardiff. The Russian Orthodox Church (St. Philip) is at 188, Buckingham Palace Road S. Wr. The Armenians have a church in London (S. Sarkis, Iverna Gardens) and in Manchester (St. Trinity, Upper Brook Street); the French, Dutch, Swedes, and Swiss in London, Norwich, Hull, and Canterbury. The Shah Jehan Mosque, Woking, Surrey, was built in 1890 at the cost of the Begum of Bhopal; it is the headquarters of the Maslim Mission and Literary Trust, with a resident Imam: Literary Trust, with a resident Imam; there is also a mosque for Moslems in Melrose Road, Southfields, S.W. 18, with a resident Imam. A Buddhist mission is at 4x, Gloucester Road, Regent's Park, N.W.z.

THE SALVATION ARMY was founded by General William Booth (b. 1829, d. 1912) in July, 1865, in the East of London.

After the work had spread to many English cities under the name of the Christian Mission, it took, in 1878, its present name, and adopted a military plan of organisation, with a uniform and other distinctive features. From the early and other distinctive teachers. From the early eightles it spread to many parts of the world, and at the death of its Founder was established in 50 countries. It is now (1933) established in \$4 countries and colonies. Since 1800, following the publication of "In Darkest England and the Way Out," written by the first General, the Salvation Army has added Social Work of a varied and comprehensive character to the evangelistic work with which it began, and which remains the foundation and principal features of its activities.

In 1931, an Act of Parliament provided that all future Generals should be elected by the High Conneil of the The Salvation Army, and

Minor Religious Denominations. The General Assembly of Unitarian and Free The General Assembly of Salarian Churches, has about 320 ministers, 345 cm. Sec., chaples and other places of worship. Gen. Sec., Rev. Mortimer Rowe, B.A., Essex Hall, Essex Street, W.C.s. The Brethren number about 80,000, of whom five-eighths belong to the "Open" body. The Sooiety of Friends (Quakers) consists of 19,129 members in Great Britain, consists of 19,129 members in Great Britain, and has 389 places of worship with as places of worship in Ireland and 2,108 members. Central Offices (Great Britain), Friends House, Euston Rd., N.W. 1, Ireland), 6 Eustace Street, Dublin The Churches of Christ have 14,277 members and 486 churches in the Britain Laber with 12, 37 pandor 186 churches in the British Isles, with 159 Snuday Schools, 1,719 teachers, and 16,817 scholars. The Church of Christ, Scientist, has in the British Isles 250 branches of The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass., U.S.A. (Offices, Donington House, Norfolk St., Strand, W.C. 2). The Boravian Church (Offices, 22 Fetter Lane, E.C.) has in the U.K. 41 congregations and preaching stations, with 3,345 communicants. The Catholic Apostolic Church has above 80 churches, including a fine Gothic building in Gordon Square, W.C.; the New Church (Swedenborgian), 75 societies with about 6,700 registered members; the Latter-Day Saints (Mormons) have 82 churches. The Free Church of England (otherwise called The Reformed Episcopal Church) is the Union of two denominations, the Free Church of Eugland founded in 1844

TUE BOMAN	CAT	HOLIC CHURCH. 399
IN England and Wales there are 4 Archiv	I AU Sosige	HOLIC CHURCH.  399  ppal and 14 Episcopal Sees; in Scotland 2 Archi- nlepiscopal and 34 Episcopal Sees. In the British  opal Sees, with 65 Vicariates and 32 Prefectures.  tholic population of England and Wales (1922) at  figures, 1926) 3.171.697. The figures for India  (1921) 3.383.663, Australian Commonweath (1931)  of South Africa 173.955, the total for the British  tion of the world is estimated at 334,664,791.
episcopal and 4 Episcopal Sees; in Ireland	Arch	depiscopal and at Episcopal Sees. In the British
Empire there are 40 Archiepiscopal and 125	Episc	opal Sees, with 60 Vicariates and 31 Prefectures.
2.244.580. Scotland (2020) 607.752. Ireland (C	ne ca ensus	figures, 1026) 3,171,607. The figures for India
(1928) are s,856,237, Ceylon (1921) 385,507, Ca	nada	(1921) 3,383,663, Australian Commonwealth (1931)
1,251,797, New Zealand (1931) 182,714, and I	inion	of South Africa 173,955, the total for the British
ENGLAND AND WALES.	popun	Europe.—Bishops. Core
Archinshops, Covs Ct.	FRQT	Malta, Maurus Caruana, Bp., Archb, 1015
Westminster. Francis. Cardinal Bourne		G020, Michael G0nzi 1924
(translated from S'thwark 1903) 1896 Bishop Auxiliary, Joseph Butt	568	Gibraltar, Richard Fitzgerald 1927
(cons. 1911)		DeleApostolic to Canada, Abp. Andrew Cassulo.
Cardiff, Francis Mostyn 1895	138	Archbishops. Cons.
Birmingham, Thomas Williams 1929 Liverpool, Richard Downey 1928	386 485	Edmonton, Henry O'Leary 1913
Bishops.	405	Halifax, Thomas O'Donnell 1931 Kunston, Michael J. Spratt 1922
Brentwood, Arthur Doubleday 1920	117	Abp. Coad)., Michael J UBrien 1013
Clifton, William Lee	156 285	Montreal, Paul N. Bruchesi 1897
Lancaster, Thomas Wulstan Pearson 1925	261	Abp. Coadj., George Gauthier
Leeds, J. R. Cowgill	<b>233</b>	Ottawa, Joseph William Forbes 1928 Port of Spain, John Pius Dowling, O.P 1909
Menevia, Wales, Francis Vaughan 1926	140	Port of Spain, John Pins Dowling, O.P 1909 Quebec, Rodrigue, Cardinal Villeneuve 1931
Middlesbro., Thomas Shine (cons. 1921) 1929 Northampton, Lawrence Youens 1933	149 126	Bp. Aux., Homer Plante 1931
Nottingham, John McNulty 1932	169	Bp. Aux., Homer Plante
Plymouth, John Barrett 1929	139 240	St. Bomface, Arthur Béliveau
Portsmouth, Wm. Timothy Cotter . 1910 Salford, Thomas Heushaw 1926	410	Toronto, Neil MacNeil 1805
Shrewsbury, Hugh Singleton 1908	128	Toronto, Neil MacNeil
Bp. Coadj., Ambrose Moriarty 1931 Southwark, Peter E. Amigo 1904	-6-	Bp. Condy., William Duke 1928   Winnipeg, Alfred Sinnott 1926
Bo. Auxil. W. Brown 1934	563	Bishops.
Bp. Auxil., W. Brown 1924 SCOTLAND —Archbishops.		Alexandria, Felix Conturier
St. Andrews & Edinburgh, Joseph McDonald	138	Antiquensh, James Morrison
Glasgow, Donald Mackintosh 1922	365	Belize, Joseph A. Murphy 1932
Віньорн.		Belize, Joseph A. Murphy 1934 British Ginana, George Weld, Vic. Ap. 1932 Calgary, Peter J. Monahan 1933 Charlottetown, Joseph C'Sullivan 1931
Aberdeen, George Benneti	77 27	Charlottetown Joseph O'Sulliver
Dunkeld, John Toner 1914	52	1 Chainam, N D., Jacrick Chiasson 1017
Gallorau, James McCarthy 1014	36	Chrontimi, Charles Lamarche 1018
BRITISH DOMINIONS.  Ireland,—Archbishops.		Gravelbourg, Arthur Melanson 1932
Armagh Joseph Mackory (cons. rors) ross	187	Grouard, Joseph Guy, Vic. Ap. 1930 Gulf of St. Lawrence, J. Leventoux, Vic. Ap. 1932 Hauleubury, Louis Rhéaume 1933 Hamilton, Thomas McNally (trans. 1934) 1913 Manhier Circus, John Norch
Dublin, Edward Byrne 1920) Bp. Aux. Francis Joseph Wall 1931)	665	Gulf of St Lawrence, J. Leventonx, Vic. Ap. 1922
Bp. Aux. Francis Joseph Wall 1931)	131	Hamilton, Thomas McNally (traus, 1923)
Cashel, John Harty	173	Harbour-Grace, John March 1906 Hudson Bay, Arsène Turquetil V. A 1932
Bushovs.		Hudson Bay, Arsène Turquetil V. A 1932
Achonry, Patrick Morrisroe 1911 Ardagh, James McNamee 1927	52 133	Jamaica, Thomas Emmet, Vic. Ap
Clogher, Patrick McKenna 1909	IIO	Keewatin, Ovide Charlebois 1910 London, John T. Kidd 1931 Mackenzie, Gabriel Breynat, Vicar Ap. 1902
Clonfert, John Dignan 1024	83	London, John T. Kidd 1931
Cloyne, Robert Browne	141	
Bp. Coad1., James Roche (tr. 1931) 1936 Cork, Daniel Cohalan 1914 Derry, Bernard O'Kane 1936	224	Mout Laurier Joseph Eugéne Limoges
Derry, Bernard O'Kane 1926	116	Nicolet, Joseph S. Brunault         1899           North Ontario, J. Hallé, Vic. Ap.         1931           Pembroke, Patrick Ryan         1932           Peterboro', Denis O'Connor         1930
Down & Connor, Damel Mageean 1929 Dromore, Edward Mulhern 1916	72	Pembroke, Patrick Ryan
Flphin, Edward Doorly 1923	105	Peterboro', Denis O'Connor 1930
Fiphin, Edward Doorly 1923 Ferns, William Codd 1928	¥55	Prince Aivert & Saskatoon, J. Prud nomme igai
Galway and Kilmacdwayh Thomas	96	Rimouski, G. Courchesne 1928
O'Doherty (trans. 1923) 1919 Kerry, Michael O'Brieu 1927	138	Roseau, James Moris 1922 St George's, N.F., Henry Renouf 1922 St. Hyacinth, Fabius Decelles 1924
Kildare & Leighlin, Matthew Cullen 1927	159	St. Hyacinth, Fabius Decelles
Killala, James Naughton 1912 Killaloe, Michael Fogarty 1904	49	Bp. Aux., — Desmarais
Kilmore, Patrick Finegan 1910	175	Sault Ste. Marie, David J. Scollard 1904
Limerick, David Keane 1924	184	Sherbrooke Albholisus (4800000 vos
Meath, Thomas Mulvaney 1929	190	Three Rivers, F. X. Cloutier 1899 Bp. Aux., Alfred Comtois 1996
Ossory, Patrick Collier 1928 Raphoe, William MacNeely 1923	134 95	valleynela, Altreu Langiois 1923
Ross, (vacant)	30	Victoria, B.U., Gerald Murray 1930
Waterf de Lismore, Jeremiah Kenane 1933	x68	Yukon & Pr. Rupert, Emilius Bunoz, Vic. Ap. 1917
WHITAKER	'S A	LMANACK, 1984.

Clove	1	CONS.
Bishop for Ruthenians in Canada, Basil	Coimbatore, Louis Tournier	1022
Ladika, res. Winnipeg 1929	Dacca, Timothy Crowley	1027
	Dingsmur G. R. Angelmo	TORO
Africa.	Galle, The Bp. of Trincomalee, A. A	1007
Del. Apostolic to S. Africa, Abp Jordan Gijlswijk	Hong Kong, Henry Veltorte	10 <b>2</b> 6
Delegate-Apost to Equat and Arabia, Abb.	Hong Kong, Henry Valtorta	1920
Delegate-Apost. to Egypt and Arabia, Abp. Valerio Valeri	Jafina, Alfred Guyomard	-909
Piekono	Early Pode Postmana	1924
Bagamoyo, Bartholomew Wilson, V. A 1924 Bahrel-Ghazal, Autony Stoppani, V. A 1937 Bangweolo, Stephen Larue, V. A 1933 Basutoland, Joseph Bouhomini, V. A 1933	Kandy, Bede Beekmeyer	1912
Dala al (threat Autory Stormen V A	Rollar, 12 Fereira	1930
Denricale Stanbon Lamb V A	Kottayam, Alexander Chulaparambil	1914
Dangeroto, Stephen Larne, V. A 1913	Krishnagur, Emmanuel Baro, A. A	1925
Description of Employ O'Downley V A	Kumbaconam, Peter Rayappa	1931
Benin, Coast of, Francis O'Rourke, V A 1930	Lahore, Hector Catry	1986
Bukoba, Burckart Huwilei, V. A	Malacca, E. Barillou	1904
Cape of Good Hope, E., H. Macsherry, V. A. 1890	Mangalore, Victor R. Fernandes	1931
1)0 , H PAT 1925	Mangalore, Vaccarty  Malacca, E. Barillon  Mangalore, Victor R. Fernandes  Melhapir, (vacant)  Manor, Manrice Bornard Despatures  Nagone, (vaccant)	1933
Dar-es-Salaam, Edgar Maranta, V. A 1930	Musorc, Maurice Bernard Despatures	1922
Eshowe, Thomas Spreiter, Vic. Ap 1906	Nagpuo, (vacant)	1933
Gold Coast, William T. Porter, V. A 1933	Nellore, W. Bonter	1928
Great Namaqualand, Joseph Klemann 1931	Nagpu', (vacant)	1080
Khartum, Hector F. Bini, V. A 1931	Poona, H. Doering. Ranchi, L. van Hoeck	1007
Külima Njaro, Joseph Byrne, V. A 1932	Ranchi, L. van Hoeck	1021
Kimberley, Hermann Meysing, Vic. Ap . 1925	Salem, Henri Prunier	1020
Kisantu, Adolphe Verwinp, S. J 1931	Trich novolu. A Farsandier	1000
Lower Volta, Augustus Hermann, Vic Ap. 1023	Trichenopoly, A Fasandier	1021
Gold Coast, William T. Porter, A	Trincomalec, Gaston Robichez	1017
Margaza, Antony Comen. V. A 1080	Tuticorin, Francis Roche	****
Natal. Henry Delaile. Vic. Ap 1004	Vijayapuram, John V. Arnna	1021
Nugag Mathurin Guillemé, Vic Ap 1011	Vizagapatam, Peter Rossillon	1931
Vueri, Kenna, Charles Re. V. A 1032	Ametricke	1910
Orange River, J. Simon, Vic. Ap 1808	Australia.	
Rn Condi Odija Kares	Del. Apos. to Australasia, Mgr. Philip Bernard	iini.
Post Louis James Lacu	Archbishops.	
Port Victoria Sauchellee Louis (luny 1021	Adelarde, Robt W. Spence	1914
Meanza, Antony Oomen, V. A.       1938         Malal, Henry Delalle, Vic. Ap.       1904         Nyasa, Mathurin Guillemé, Vic. Ap.       1911         Nyeri, Kenya, Charles Re, V. A.       1922         Orange River, J. Simon, Vic. Ap.       1836         Bp. Coadj., Odilo Fages.       1938         Port Louis, James Leen       1938         Port Victoria, Seychelles, Louis Gumy       1921         Bp. Coadj., Aloysius Joie       1933	Brisbane, James Dunig	1905
Salishum A Chichester	Hobart, William Hayden	1930
Shire Louis Annest Vic An toto	Melbourne, Damel Mannix	1912
Sierra Leone Bartholomew Wilson, Vic. Ap 2022	Perth, Patrick Joseph Clune	1913
Salishury, A. Chichester	Archly, Cond., R. Prendiville	1933
Res Count Charles Haarev 1020	Sydney, Michael Kelly	1901
Suer Canal Ange Marie Hiral V A 1020	Archop. Condy., Michael Sheehau	1922
Tabora Joseph Trudel V A	Bishops.	
Srn Nigeria, Ignatius Shanahan, Vic Al. 1920 Bp. Coad., Charles Heerey	Armidale, John Coleman	1989
Transpaal, David O'Leary, V A 1025	Ballarat, Daniel Foley	1916
Uganda, Henry Streicher, V. A 1027	Contact Contact Trees Trees Trees	1986
Upper Nile John W. Campling, V A 1025	Centrat Oceania, Joseph Loerko, Vic. Ap	1931
Western Nigeria (vacant)	Cooktown, John Heavey	IOIA
Windhoek, Joseph Gotthard, V. A x026	Eastern New Guinea, Francis Wolf, Vic. Ap.	1914
Zanzibar John Hefferman V A 1022	Fin, Charles Nicolas, Vic. Ap.	1918
200.0000,000000000000000000000000000000	Geraldton J. P. O'Collins	1930
Asia.	tribert raumus, Joseph Bach, Vic. Ap	1927
Delegate-Apostolic to India, Abp. Leo Kierkels.	Gouldum, John Barry	1084
Patriarch.	Kimberley, Otto Raible, Adm. Ap	1929
Jerusalem, Louis Barlassina 1918	Lasmore, John Carroll	IQIO
Bp. Auxil., Francis Fellinger 1939	Bp. Condj , Patrick Farrelly	1931
Archbishops.	Maitland, Edmund J. Gleeson	1929
Agra, Angelo Bernacchioni 1918	North Solomon Islands, T. J. Wade, Vic Ap.	1930
Condj. E. L. Vanni 1916	Papuasia, A. G. de Boismenn, Vic. Ap	1899
Bombay, Joachim Lima 1925	240 Danie (10 141 ta 1 Calcula, 1 10. 21 p	1923
Calcutta, Ferdinand Périer 1921	Port Augusta. Andrew Killian	1984
Colombo, Pierre Marque	Rockhampton, Romauld Hayes	1938
Cyprus, Paul Aonad 191	Sale, Richard Ryan	1983
Ernakulam, Augustine Kandathil 1911	Sandhurst, John MacCarthy	1917
Madras, Eugene Méderlet 1926	Nouth Solomon Islands Alaysins Reness	1000
Simla, Anselm John Kenealy 191	Tomroomba, James Byrne Townsville, Terence McGuire Wagga, Useph Dwyer Wilcannia Forbes, Thomas Martin Fox	1929
Verapoly, Angelo Perez 191	Townsville, Terence McGuire	1930
	Wagga-Wagga, Joseph Dwyer	1918
Bishops.	Wilcannia Forbes, Thomas Martin Fox	1931
Almer, Maturin Le Ruyet 1931	W	
Allahabad, Joseph Poli		-0
Arabia (Aden), A. da Treppio, Adm. Ap 1918 Burma, North, Eugene C. Foulquier, Vic. A. 1908	Archighon Condi Thomas O'Shee	4074
Purma South Fraderick Propert	Archbishop Coadj., Thomas O'Shea	-913
Burma, South, Frederick Provost 1931	Auckland, James Liston	T000
Olaman alama Tamas Valla hamas 1910		-9-0
	Christchurch, Matthew Joseph Brodie	
Calicut, Paul Perini 1910 Changanacherry, James Kallacherry 1922 Chittagong, A. M. Lepailleur 1922	Christchurch, Matthew Joseph Brodie Dunedin, James Whyte	1910

# Cathedrals, Churches, &c.

e ange	otato, v
ENGLISH CATHEDRALS.	,
See. Period and total length (	
Bath & Wells (Wells).—rath-rath Cent	in Jeers
Birmingham.—18th Cent. (Archer)	
Bradfordrsth Cent	. •
Bristol 14th Cent. (Nave 19th Cent.	) 300
Canterbury zzth-z6th Cent	· 517
Carlisle zzth-z4th Cent	204
Chelmsford.—15th Cent	. !
Chester13th Cent	345
Chichester.—xxth-xxth ('ent	. 376
Coventry.—z4th Cent	,
Coventry.—z4th Cent Durham.—zzth-zzth ('ent	470
Elyrith-rath Cent	. 521
Exeteristh-i4th Cent	. 383
Gloncester—xxth Cent	. 420
Guildford (Holy Trinity)	. 4
Hereford.—rath Cent	
Leicester (St. Martin's)	· 342
Leicester (Nt. Martin s)	\
Lichfield x3th-x4th Cent. (Three sp	ires.) 371
Lincolnzzth-zzth Cent. (Central t	ower
271 feet)	48x
Liverpool.—soth Cent. Largest in Eng	iand
(when completed)	би
London.—St. Paul's Cathedral, 17th Ce	nt 479
Manchester.—15th Cent	
Newcastle.—zgth ('ent. (Spire zgs fee	t) j
Norwichxxth-xxth ('ent	399
Oxford Christ Church, zath Cent	179
Peterboroughisth Cent	
Portsmouth-(St. Thomas of Cauter)	bury)
rath Cent	
Pinon Mineter	270
Ripon Minster.—zzth-zzth Cent Rochester.—zzth-zzth Cent	306
St. Albans.—rath-rath Cent.	521
St. Edmundsbury & Ipswich (Bury	5=1
Bdmundel anth Cont	170
Edmunds).—t5th Cent.	
Salisbury.—13th Cent (Spire 404 feet) Sheffield.—14th-15th Cent.	449
Snemeld.—14th-15th Cent	
Sodor & Man (Pro-Cathedral Chapel	i, at.
Nicholas, Bishopscourt, I. of Man)	••••
Southwark.—z3th Cent	
Southwell Minster zzth-zzth ('ent	
Trurosoth ('ent	275
Wakefield.—15th ('ent	
Winchester zzth-zsth Cent	526
Worcester zzth-zzth Cent	400
York Minster xxth-xxth Cent	
	•
WELSH CATHEDRALS.	cut\
See Period and total length (in	
Rangor.—zeth-z6th Cent	

Monmouth.-Pro-Cathedral, St. Woollos, Newport, 13th. Cent..... 

ST. PAUL'S CATHERAL, City of London, E. C. 4. (1675-1730) cost £747.660. The cross on the done is 365 ft. above the ground level, the inner cupola 218 ft. above the floor. "Great Paul," in S. W. tower, weighs 27 tons. Organ by Father Smith (enlarged by Willis) in case carved by Grinling Gibbons (who also carved the chole stalls). Nave and transents free. Wow carved by Grinling Gibbons (who also carved the choir stalls). Nave and transepts free; Free; to the following parts (on week-days only): Library, whispering gallery, and stone gallery, 6d; golden gallery, xz, crypt, 6d; ball, xz; total, 3z. Service on Sundays at 8, *zo. 3o. *2. 5z, and *g. Weekdays at 8, *zo. x.z., *4. ("Services are choral). To the 8. are remains of the Chapter House and Choisters of "Old St. Paul's," destroyed by the Fire of London in *55. stroyed by the Fire of London in 1666.

WRETMINSTER ABBEY, S.W. r (built A.D. 1050-1750). — Open on week-days at 8 a.m. Admission to Royal Chapels by fee of 6d, except on Mondays (open free); wax effigies, 6d. Norman undercroft, 3d. Transepts open on Sundays for service only, and Nave only between services. Holy Communion at 8; Morning Prayer and Holy Communion at 8.30. Daily—Moly Communion at 6.30. Daily—Moly Communion at 8.30. Chapel of Henry chorn) services at 2.0 and 2. Chapel of Henry choral services at 10 and 3. Chapel of Henry VII., Chapter House, and Cloisters; King Edward VII., Chapter House, and Cloisters; King Rdward the Confessor's shrine, A.D. 1259, tombs of kings (Edward I., Edward III., Henry V., Mary, Queen of Scots, Queen Elizabeth), and many other monuments and objects of interest, especially the grave of "An Unknown Warrior" and the Warrior's Chapel at the W. end of Nave (1920), and Poets Corner. The Coronation Chair encloses the "Stone of Scone," brought from Scotland by Edward I. un 1299. The Chapel of the Pyx is mean on Tusadax and Saturday. by Edward I. in ragy. The Cha

SOUTHWARK CATHEDRAL, sonth side of the Thames, near London Bridge, S.E. z.—Mainly 13th century. Known as St. Mary Overie previous to zg4o. Open 7.30 a.m. to 6 p.m., free. Sunday services, 7 30. 8, and rr a.m. (choral) and 6.30 p.m. (choral) week-days; 7.30. 8 and sp.m. (choral). The tomb of John Gower (2330-2408) is between the Bunyan and Chancer memorial windows, in the N. nisle; Shakespeare effigy backed by view of Southwark and Globe Theatre in S. aisle : the attar screen (erected zgao) has been restored; the tomb of Bishop Andiewes (died zga) is near screen. The Early English Lady Chapel (behind the choir), restored 1930, is the scene of the Consistory Courts of the reign of Mary (Gardiner and Reach Chapter and Control of the Consistory Courts of the reign of Mary (Gardiner and Reach Chapter and Control of the reign of Mary (Gardiner and Reach Chapter and Control of the reign of Mary (Gardiner and Reach Chapter and Control of the reign of Mary (Gardiner and Control of the reign of Mary (Gardiner and Control of the reign of Mary (Gardiner and Control of the reign of Mary (Gardiner and Control of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the reign of the re and Bonnei); and is still used for this purpose.

ALL HALLOWS, Barking-by-the-Tower, E.C. 3 All. MALLONS, Barking-Dy-the-Lower, E.C. 3

-right century church, containing a very fine
series of brass efficies; Jacobean pulpit with
Sussev ironwork and font cover ascribed to
Grinling Gibbons; crypt of earlier church.

All. SAINTS, Margaret Street, W. z.—Built by
Butterfield in 1859. Anglo-Catholic and noted

for its music.

Bow CHURCH (St. MARY-LE-Bow), Cheapside, E.C.2 Rebuilt by Wren with beautiful steeple (s22 ft.) 12th century crypt and church open tess to.) sith century crypt and church open daily (evcept M.) to a.m. to 5 p.m. Since yth century anyone born within sound of the bells of Bow Church has been designated a "Cockney." The 1th century church was built on stone arches or "bows."

CHRIST CHURCH, GREYFRIARS, E.C. I.—
Repullt by Wren. The organ (repaired rosz) is by Renatus Harris, and the marble font is attri-buted to Gimling Gibbons. Until removal to Horshan (1908) the boys of Christ's Hospital (Blue Coat School), the site of which is now occupied by the G.P.O., attended services at Church Church and the galleries contain seats with raised benches for the "Grecians." Blue Coat School boys still attend annually on St.
Matthew's Day (Sept. 22). "Spital Sermon" is
preached at Christ Church at Easter.

GUARDS' CHAPEL, Wellington Barracks (Birdcage Walk, St. James's Pk., S.W.z).—Chapel redeconted in 1878. Open to visitors on week days, so to r and a to 4 (Mondays and Saturdays, so to rat.) Parade service on Smndays at ra.m. (tickets of admission can be obtained on application to the Chaplain, R. M. Chapel, Wellington Barracka); Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; Evening service at 6.30 p.m. (no tickets required for these sei-

vices). HOLY TRINITY, Minories, Aldgate, E. r .- (Dismantled and now a Sunday school). Contains a mural monument with the arms of the Earls of Dartmouth and of a member of that family (Legge) in which the arms of George Washington are quartered with those of the Legges.

MARYLEBONE CHAPEL, High Street, Marylebone, W. r (now replaced by St. Marylebone Church).—In the churchyard lie Allan Ramsay (poet), Hoyle (whist), Ferguson (astronomer), Charles Wesley (hymn writer) and his son Samuel

Wesley (musician)

ST. Alban, Brooke Street, Holborn, E.C. 1.brick building by Butterfield (1858). Catholic and noted for its music; organ by Willis. Vicar, Rev. R.S Eves. Services on Sundays : Holy Eucharist at 7 and 8; choral at 10; solemn, with sermon at 11; matins, 10,30; haptisms, and churchings at 2.15; children's service and catechising, 3; evensong at 6.30; frequent mission

services. Open daily, 6.43 a.m. to 9 p.m.
ST ANDREW UNDERSHAFT, St. Mary Axe,
Leadenhall Street, E. C. 3.—An early 16th century church, contains a monument of Stow, the London antiquary, and a memorial of Holbein. The organ is by Renatus Harris, the rival of Father Smith.

St. Annk's, Wardour Street, Soho, W. z.—Built in 17th century and noted for its music. Monument of William Hazlitt in the churchyard.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S Priory Church, Smithfield, R.C. 1, the oldest parish church in London (A.D.1223).—Rector, Rev. Canon E. S. Savage, M.A. Fine old Norman building, with toml of the first prior, Rahere. N. transept restored and re-opened in June, 1893. Crypt, Lady Chapel and Cloisters opened 1905-1918. Open daily (Sundays 3 to 5, and for services 8.30: 11.0; 6.30).
St. Bener, Paul's Wharf, Upper Thames Street,

E.C. 4—Rebuilt by Wren, 1683; Inigo Jones, 1573-1652, and his father and mother, were builed in former church. St. Benet is the St. Benet is the

Metropolitan Welch Church

ST. BRIDE'S CHURCH, Fleet Street, E.C 4.— Rebuilt by Wren, with beautiful spire (and ft.). Samuel Richardson, the novelist, is buried in the nave. In the old church Lovelace, Sackville and Wynkyn de Worde were buried,

and Samuel Pepys was baptized.
St. CLEMENT DANKS, Strand W.C. 2.-ST. CLEMENT DAYS, OF SURE WAY.

by Wren ou site of earlier church assigned to
the Danish settlers. The traditional burial
place of Harold Harefoot (King Harold I., see
p. 185) son of Cannte. The organ is by Father p. 185) son of Cannte. The organ is by Father Smith; the bells are those celebrated in the familiar nursery rhyme "Oranges and Lemons," and the air is among those played on the chimes (since 1920). Dr. Johnson's pew in gallery and monument outside E. end.

ST. DUNSTAN'S IN THE EAST, Idol Lane, Lower Thames street. E.C. 3—Rebuilt by Wren with fine tower and spire; rest of church rebuilt, 1817-1811; coutains many monuments.

ST. EDMUND, KING AND MARTYR, Lombard Street, E.C. 3.—Rebuilt by Wren, with altar at the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of the street of th

north end; organ by Renatus Harris. Restored and re-opened 1919, after damage by Air Raid,

July 7, 1917.
St. ETHRLBURGA'S, Bishopsgate, E.C. 2. (14th and 15th century) with two "Hudson" windows. -On April 19, 1607, Henry Hudson (the navigator who gave his name to Hudson's Bay and to the Hudson River), his son John, and his ten sailors

took communion in St. Ethelburga's, "purposing to goe to sea foure days after.

ST. GEORGE'S, Hanover Square, W. 1 (18th century; famous for fashionable marriages).

ST. GEORGE'S, Southwark, S.E.-(Rebuilt 1736 contains the tombs of Bishop Bonner (1497-1569 and Edward Cocker (x53x-x675), the author of Cocker's "Arithmetik." (The expression "according to Cocker" refers to this book.)

ST. GILES'S, Cripplegate, E.C. 2 (14th century).

—Contains the graves of John Milton, John Foxe, and Sir Martin Frobisher, the Elizabethan seaman, who attempted to discover a north-west passage to Cathay, and commanded the Primrose as vice-admiral to Drake in his expedition to

the West Indies.

ST. HELEN'S, Bishopsgate, E.C. 2.—The "West-minster Abbey of the City" from its numerous monuments; building dates from 13th century. Contains a Shakespeare memorial window preseuted by Mr William Prentice, an American. In St. Helen's Place the foundations of an earlier church were uncovered during rebuilding

operations in 1922.
St. James's, Piccadilly, W. z.—Built by Wren, with font and wood carvings by Grinling Gibbons. Lord Chesterfield and Lord Chatham were

St. John's, St. John's Square, Clerkenwell, E.C. x—Built in early 18th century, includes part of the ancient priory of St. John (zzth cen-

tury crypt).
ST KATHERINE CREE, Leadenhall Street, E. C.3. Rebuilt in early 17th century and ascribed to Inigo Jones. Contains a catherine wheel E. window, an organ by Father Smith, Archbishop Laud's prayer book and bible, and a monument of Sir Nicholas Throgmorton. The "Lion" sermon is preached here annually before the Lord Mayor and Corporation of London to commemorate the escape of a Lord Mayor (Sir John Gayer) from a hon in Algeria (Oct 16, 1630)

ST. MAGNUS THE MARTYR, Lower Thames Street, E.C. 3.—Rebuilt by Wren, with steeple (185 feet) and lantern of great beauty, contains the tomb of Miles Coverdale (1488-1568), translator of the Bible, who was rector of St. Magnus (1564-1566) and Bishop of Exeter (1551-1557).

St. MARGARRY, Lothbury, E.C. z.—Rebuilt by Wren, contains Grinling Gibbous carvings (font,

chancel screen, and pulpit).

ST. MARGARET 8, Westminster, S.W. 1. Founded 11th or 12th century; buildings date from 15th century, with frequent "restorations."
The parish church of the Dominions beyond the Seas.

ST. MARGARET PATTENS, Rood Lane, East-cheap, E.C. 3.—Rebuilt by Wien, with a leaden spire, contains two canopied pews and other

curious survivals and relics.

ST. MARTIN'S IN THE FIELDS, Trafalgar Square, S.W.z.—Built by James Gibbs (172z-6) in place of earlier church on same site. In register of burials are the names of Nell Gwynne (1687), Farquhar the dramatist (1707), and Roubiliac the sculptor (1672). A bust of James Gibbs by Rysbrack is in the church.

St. Mary, Aldermanbury, E.C. a.-Rebuilt by Wren, contains the tomb of Judge Jeffreys and a marble monument to Lieutenant John Smith, "drowned off Staten Island in 1982" John Heminge and Henry Condell (Shakespeare's editors) were buried in the older church.

ST. MARY WOOLNOTH (above the City and South London Tube Station), King William Street and Lombard Street, E.C. 3.—Built by Hawksmoor early 18th century, organ by Father Smith, contains a memorial to Sir Wm. Phipps, Governor of Massachusetts, who died in London in 1605.

ST. MICHAEL PATERNOSTER ROYAL, College Hill, Upper Thames Street, E.C. 4.—Rebuilt after the Fire by Strong (a pupil of Wren's), the former church contained the tomb of "Dick Whittington" and a Grinling Gibbons altarpiece.

ST. OLAVE, Hart Street, Mark Lane, E.C. 3.—A 15th century church, which survived the five of London, contains the tombs of Samuel Pepys and his wife, and a monument of John Watts, "President of the Council of New York"; also a memorial (formerly in All Hallows Staining) to Monkhouse Davison and Abrain Newman, the exporters of the chest of tea which were thrown into Boston Harlour, Dec. 16, 1773. On Trinity Monday the Master and Brethren of Trinity House (g. n.) attend service here.

ST. PAUL'S, Covent Garden, W.C. 2.—Built by Inigo Jones. The tombstones round the exterior of the church record the burial places of Samuel Butler (Budibras), Sir Peter Lely (Painter), Wycherley (Dramatist), Grinling Gibbons (Wood Carver), Dr. Arne ("Rule, Britannia"), and Macklin (Actor); Ellen Terry memorial

ST. PETER'S, Cornhill, R.C.3.—Rebuilt by Wren, contains a carved choir screen also ascribed to him. The organ is by Father Smith.

Sr. Sepulcher, Holborn, E.C. 1.—Part of this church escaped the Fire (see footnote, col. 2). The organ is by Renatus Harris, in a case attributed to Grinling Gibbons. Memorials in the church to Roger Ascham (Queen Elizabeth's tutor) and Capt. John Smith, "sometime Governour of Virginia and Admirall of New England," who would have been put to death but for the intercession of Pocahontas. (Princess Pocahontas is buried in Gravesend).

tas is buried in Gravesend.

St. Strephen's, Coleman Street, E.C. a.—The
Rev. John Davenport, who, with other refugees,
landed at Boston in 1637, and founded the colony
of New Haven, Connecticut, in the following
year was vicar of this church from 1624 to 1633.
The colony was composed in part of former
residents of this parish. The tablet in the
church to Davenport's memory was erected by

one of his American descendants.
St. Strphen's, Walbrook, E.C. 4.—Rebuilt by
Wren, contains the tomb of Sir John Vanbrugh
(architect and dramatist), and a painting by
Benjamin West.

SAVOY CHAPEL, Savoy Street, Strand, W.C. a (re-built about 1505, on site of 13th century Savoy Palace, restored after disastrous fire in 1864).— Graves of Gavin Douglas and George Wither, and memorials of D'Oyly Carte, Laurence Irving

ST. SWITHIN'S CHURCH, St. SWITHIN'S LANG. E.C. 4 (rebuilt by Wren after the Fire of London, but since modernised).—Contains embedded in its external (8.) wall London Stone (mentioned in King Henry VI., Pt. II.), the millsavium from which in Roman times the miles were measured.

THETEMPLE CHURCH, south side of Fleet Street, E.C. 4.—The largest of the five remaining round churches in England, the other four being the Churches of the Holy Sepulchre at Cambridge, Northampton, Little Maplestead (Essex), and Ludlow. The Norman church, restored 1840-1845, is open to the public on week-days, 10.30 a.m.

to 4 p.m., Saturdays excepted. Organ by Father Smith. Church service (famous music) on Sunday at 21 a.m. and 3 p.m. Service is discontinued in Aug. and Sept. Master of the Temple, Rev. Spencer Cecil Carpenter, B.D.

WHEN'S CHURCHES.—Many of the *Churches in the City of London were destroyed by the Fire of London (Sept. =-6, 2666). Fifty of these were rebuilt by Wren at a total cost of £563,266 as 4,2d., the most expensive being St. Maryle-Bow, £12,450 60. 8,2d. (£7,388 8a. 74,d. for "Bow Tower"), and the cheapest, St. Vedast-Foster (£1,823 128. 5d.).

#### Church of Scotland.

SOOTTISH NATIONAL CHURCH, Crown Court, Russell Street, Covent Garden, W.C. z. Sundays xxxg and 6.3c. Minister, Rev. J. Moffett, B.A., z, Taviton Street, W.C. z.

ST. COLUMBA'S, Pont Street, Belgrave Square, S.W. z. Sundays zz and 6.30. Ministers, Rev. Archibald Fleming, D.D., and Rev. Ian R. Gillan.

#### Congregational.

BRIXTON INDEPENDENT CHURCH, 364 Brixton Road, S.W. o.—Sundays, 11 and 6.45.—Rev. Edgar A. Willis, B.Sc.

CITY TEMPLE, Holborn Viaduct. E.C.4.—Sundays, 11 and 7.—Rev. F. W. Norwood, D.D.

CHRIST CHURCH, Westminster Bridge Road, S.E. I.—Opened on July 4, 1896, the centenary of American Independence. The Lincoln Tower and Spire, soo feet high, shows the Stars and Stripes wrought into the stone, and the British lion and the American eagle at the angles of the tower. The cost of the tower was partially defrayed by Americans, in gratitude for Dr. Newman Hall's sympathy with the Union during the American Civil War. Sunday services. 11 and 2.

FELLOWSHIP GUILD SERVICES, instituted by Miss Maude Royden, C.H., D.D., and Dr. Percy Dearmer at Kensington Town Hall in March, 1920, and removed in June, 1921, to Guildhouse, Eccleston Square, S.W. z. Sundays, Music and address, 3-30, and service and sermon, 6-30.

HARKOURT CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, St. Paul's Road, Canonbury, N. 1.—Founded about 5638 at Pancras, Soper Lane, from there to Redcross Street, and to Hare Court, Aldergate, in 591, and removed in 1893 to Canonbury. John Bunyan died in the House of a Deacon of Harecourt. Sundays, xx and 6.30; Wednesdays, 8.0 p.m.

8.0 p.m.
THE KING'S WEIGH HOUSE, Duke Street,
Grosvenor Square, W. z.—Sundays, H.C., 9 and
zo; zz a.u. and 7 p.m.
Thurs. 7.30 p.m.

PILORIM FATHERS MEMORIAL CHURCH, New Keit Road, S.E. r.—The oldest Congregational Church in London (A.D. 1676), was enlarged by American subscribers in 1895.—Sunday Services at 12 and 6.45; Tuesdays at 3. The Church, with the Memorial Chapel, may be seen at any time.

* The City Churches now standing which survived the Fire of London are:—All Hallows, Barking-by-the-Tower: St. Andrew Undershaft; St. Bartholomew the Great, St. Ethelburga, Bishopsgate; St. Giles, Cripplente: St. Helen, Bishopsgate; St. Katherine Gree; and St. Olave, Hart Street. Of St. Sepulchre, Holborn, only the south porch and the town remain; of All Hallows, Staining, only the tower; St. Andrew, Holborn, excapped the Fire, but it was in a ruinous condition at the time and was reconstructed by Wren, the old tower being refarred with Fortland stone in 274

UNION CHAPEL, Islington.—Sundays, 21 a.m. and 7 p.m.; Wed., 8 p.m. Minister, Rev. J. Westbury Jones, M.A., D.D. (pro tempore).

WESTMINSTER CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Buckingham Gate, S.W. 1.—Sundays, 11 and 7. Minister, Rev. Hubert L. Simpson, M.A., D.D.

WHITEFIELD'S CENTRAL MISSION (Loudon Congregational Union), Tottenham Court Road, M. a.—Founded by the Rev. George Whitefield, M. A., In 1736 Institutional Church founded by Rev. C Silvester Horne, M. A., M. P., In 1730 Supernitendent Munister, Rev. A. D. Belden, B. D. Hon. Sec., Wm Oliver. ISunday Services, 12 and 2, Men's Meeting, 3-25. Thursday Service, 7-45 p. m. Institute and Clubs for young people open daily.

#### Mathodist.

WESLEY'S CHAPEL, City Road, E.C. z. "The Cathedral of Wesleyan Methodism." Contains many relics of John and Charles Wesley and other great founders of Methodism. As the Mother Church of Methodism" visitors attend from all parts of the world.—Sunday morning at 11; evening at 6.30. John Wesley's tomb in graveyard behind chapel. In front is Wesin graveyard behind chapel. In front is Wesley's House and Museum (see p. 311). Minister,
Rev. George H. McNeal, M.A., 49 City
Road, E.C. 1. Opposite Wesley's Chapel is
Runhill Fields Burial Ground, City Road, the
burial place of Dr. John Owen (1583), John Bunyan
(1688). Daniel Defoc (1731). Dr. Watts (1748),
William Blake (1838), and Susannah Wesley
(1743). To the west of the cemetery is the
Friends' Burial Ground, with the grave of
George Fox, founder of the Society of Friends.
CENTRAL HALL Westminster S.W. - Sandau

CENTRAL HALL, Westminster, S.W. z.—Sunday Services, zz a.m. and z p.m. Sunday Preacher, Rev. Dinsdale T. Young, D.D.

KINGSWAY HALL, Kingsway and Great Queen Street, W.C. z. Sundays at 11, 3.30, and 7. Preacher, Rev. Ira G. Goldhawk.

#### Baptist.

BLOOMSBURY BAPTIST | CHURCH, Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C. 2.—Sundays, 22 and 7; Thursdays, 8 p.m. Minister, Rev. F. Townley Lord, D D.

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE, Newington, S.E. 11 (C. H. Spurgeon's, 1861-1891).—Sunday, 11 and 6.30; Thursday, 7.30 Pastor, Rev. H. and 6.30; Thursd Tydeman Chilvers.

WESTBOURNE PARK, Porchester Rd., Bayswater, W. z -Sundays, zz a.m. and 6.30 p.m. Wednesdays, 7.30 p.m.

#### Roman Catholic.

WESTMINSTER CATHEDRAL, Ashley Place, Westminster, S.W. I. (close to Victoria Station), built 300 synagogi 1895-1903 from the designs of J. F. Beutley (the campanile is 283 feet high).—Sundays: Low Masses, 6, 6, 30, 7, 7, 30, 8, 30, 9 (with short Sermon); Capitular High Mass, 10, 30; Low Mass with Sermon, 12; Solemin Vespers and Benediction, 2, Weekdays: Low Masses (First Fridays. 6), 7, 7, 30, 8, 8, 30, 9; Capitular High Mass, 10, 30; Vespers, Compline and Benediction, 2, 25; Mexicon and Benediction, 8, 12, Holidays of Obligation: Low Masses, 6, 6, 30, 7, 7, 30, 8, 8, 30, 9; Capitular High Mass, 10, 30; Low Mass, 12; Solemin Vespers, Compline and Benediction, 2, 32; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 12; Compline and Benediction, 3, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 25; Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8 WESTMINSTER CATHEDRAL, Ashley Place, West-

Manning buried in crypt. Shrine of Blessed John Southworth in the Chapel of St. George and the English Martyrs. The Great Arch over the High Altar and the whole of the Tympanum beneath it have lately been covered with a rich mosaic showing Christ in Glory, with groups of the XII Apostles. This is probably the largest mosaic in the country. Campanile open to public by new electric lift, admission zs.

public by new electric lift, admission is.

ST. GEORGE'S CATHEDRAL, Lambeth Road,
S.E. I.—Built by Pugin 1240-8 (tower not yet
built), near Waterloo Station and Lambeth
North "Tube." Sundays: Low Masses, 7, 8, 30
(children), 12 (with short sermon); High Mass,
10.30; Italian Sermon and Benediction, 6, 30, 10
West-days. Low Masses, 7, -30, 8, 10. Sermon and
Benediction on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays
at 8, 15. Holidays of Obligation: Low Masses, 6, 7,
8, 9, 10; High Mass, 11. Vespers and Benediction,
8, m. Church open, 6, 30-1 and 2, 30-20. 8 p.m. Church open, 6.30-1 and 2.30-9.30.

THE ORATORY, Brompton, S.W. z.-Sundays: THE ORATORY, Brompton, S.W. 1.—Sumaays:
Low Masses, 630, 7, 730, 8, 830, 9, 10; High
Mass, 10.45; Low Mass and Sermon, 12; Vespers,
3-30; Evening Service and Benediction, 7. Week
days: Low Masses, 630, 7, 730, 8, 830, 10.
Evening Service and Sermon daily, 8 (except
Saturday). Holidays: High Mass, 10.45; Low
Mass, 12. Thursdays and Saturdays, 4-30. Benestration. Great Pattern P. Philip's May as High Mass, 12. Thursdays and Saturdays, 4.30, Benediction. Great Day.-St. Philip's, May 26, High Mass, 11; Solemn Vespers, 4.30; Benediction, 8.

#### Dutch Reformed.

AUSTIN FRIARS, Old Broad Street, E.C. 2 14th century church, assigned by Edward VI. to Protestant refugees and ultimately to the Dutch: contains many 14th century and later tombs.

#### Christian Science,

Christian Science.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.—First Church of Christ,
Scientust (Sloane Terrace, S.W. 2); Second (Palace
Gardens Terrace, W. 8); Third (7 and 8, Curzon
Street, Mayfair, W. 1); Fourth (34 Woburn Place,
Russell Sq., W. C.); Fifth (86, Crouch Hill, N.4);
Sixth (Gwendolen Avenue, Putney, S.W. 15);
Seventh (Wright's Lane, Kensington, W. 8);
Eighth (20, Acre Lane, Brixton, S.W. 2); Ninth
(Marsham Street, Westminster, S.W. 1); Tenth
(Bennett Park Hall, Blackheath, S.E. 2); Eleventh
(Nutford Place, Bryanston Square, W. 1); Twelfth
(Ullswater Road, West Norwood, S.E. 29); Thirteenth (49 Sussex Place, South Kensington,
S.W. 2).

# The Chief Rabbi.

The Jews. — Among the inhabitants of the United Kingdom are about 300,000 Jews, mainly in London and other large towns, who possess 300 synagogues, with about 300 ministers and readers. Chief Rabbi, Very Rev. Dr. J. H. Hetz. Chief Rabbi's Office, 4, St. James's Place, Aldgate, E.C.3. Their number in the British Empire totals 250,000, and throughout the world is computed at 25,000,000.

#### Jewish Synagogues.

SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE SYNAGOGUE, Bevis Marks, E.C. 3.—Founded during Commonwealth; present building erected in 1701. The oldest Jewish synagogue in the country.

GREAT SYNAGOGUE, St. James's Place, Duke Street, Aldgate, E.C. 3. — Founded in 169s (present building 1790). WEST LONDON SYNAGOGUE, Upper Berkeley

# Educational Statistics.

### I .- ELEWENTARY.

Statutes require parents in England and Wales to cause their children to receive efficient elementary instruction or to attend school from 5 to 14 years of age; in Scotland, to provide efficient education up to 15 years; in Ireland, to cause their children to attend school from 6 to 14 years.

In England and Wales (1931) there were 20,907 public elementary schools with accommodation for 7,171,774 pupils, and average attendance of 4,935,737; in addition, there were 131 special schools for blind and deaf children, with accommodation for 9,443, and 476 for defective and epileptic children, with accommodation for 43,343. There were (1931) 35,059 certificated college-trained men teachers and 67,459 women, 5,143 certificated not college-trained men teachers and 18,730 women, and 1,896 uncertificated men and 28,774 uncertificated women.

In Scottand (1931) there were 2,924 primary schools with accommodation for 867,506, and average attendance of 594,665. There were (1931) 4,085 certificated men teachers and 25,341 women teachers, and 28 provisionally certificated women.

Elementary school education includes teaching in practical matters—needlework, drawing, gardening, handicrafts, cookery, &c.—and the sections upon health, medical attendance, physical training, evening play centres, home study, future employment, &c., show that the schools are valuable agencies in child-welfare generally.

# II.—EDUCATION BEYOND ELEMENTARY. Secondary.

The aims, methods, and instructions are in marked contrast to the comparative simplicity of those in Elementary Education. In all the four countries it is now felt that although technical instruction was the first branch to be promoted by statute, undifferentiated 4-year secondary (intermediate) courses should be gone through before pupils proceed to specialisation for industrial, commercial, &c , employments.

In England and Wales (1931) the number of Secondary schools recognised for grant was 1,367, with 10,925 full-time men and 10,769 full-time women teachers. The Authorities aim at securing graduate teachers as far as possible. The full-time pupils numbered 50,279 boys and 25,254 girls under 12; 141,255 boys and 120,795 girls between 12 and 16; 23,232 boys and 20,849 girls over 16—a total of 321,252 boys and 20,849 girls over 16—a total of 321,252 boys and 20,849 girls over 16—a total of 321,252 boys and 20,900 girls over 16—a total of 321,252 boys and 20,840 girls over 16—a total of 321,252 boys and 10,840 girls over 16—batter than 16; 23,252 boys and 20,900 girls over 16—batter than 16; 23,252 boys and 20,900 girls over 16—batter than 16; 23,252 boys and 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000 girls over 16; 25,000

In Scotland there are Preparatory and Secondary Departments under the same Commissioners and Local Authorities as the Elementary schools. In 1931 there were 207 Preparatory Departments with 75,796 children on the Register and average attendances of 57,020, and 251 Secondary Departments with 78,232 children on the Register and average attendances of 75,623. The Authorities aim at securing honours graduates as far as possible on the teaching staff, and all teachers are certificated.

Technical Education in England and Wales is provided in Evening and similar schools and in Day Technical Classes and Technical Institution Courses (mostly controlled by Local Authorities). State grants are paid on the number of students, of whom about one-half are under 17 years of age The average attendance of a student is about 50 hours per annum. There are also Teachers Courses, Tutorial Classes, and also Schools of Art, Branch Schools of Art, and Art Classes. In Scotland Technical Education is provided in like manner.

Training.

Training is provided by the State for Elementary School Teachers, of whom 50 per cent. have been trained in Colleges having nearly 13,000 places. Progress is being made towards providing for the Training of Teachers for Secondary Schools, a small annual State grant being nu.de for the purpose; in Scotland all candidates for employment as teachers must undertake a course of training of at least one year in teaching.

**Humersities**

Universities.

Many of these institutions now receive annual State grants, mainly in the form of "block" grants paid by the Treasury on the advice of the University Grants Committee. Substantial grants are also received from local Education Authorities in England and Wales. State grants to Irish Institutions were transferred from the Treasury to the Irish Governments as from

April, 1932.
In 1930-31 the Professors and Undergraduates

ne approximately as	Professors.	Under-
Universities	Ac.	graduates.
England (11)	3,900	34,960
Wales (1)	375	3,070
Scotland (4)	939	11,650
Total (16)	5,214	49,680

# EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION, 1933-34.

The combined total of expenditure of Local Education Authorities from the Exchequer and from the rates in 1933-34 is estimated at £81,840,000, as against £82,800,000 in 1932-33. The net expenditure falling on the Rates was estimated at £33,627,000, as against £40,216,000 in 1932-33. The grants payable by the Exchequer to Local Education Authorities are estimated at £37,964,000, as against £38,755,000 in 1932-33.

in 1933-33

The assumed cost per child for Elementary Education in 1933-34 is estimated at £12 58. 8d. as against £12 118. 7d. in 1933-34 is 4,930,000, as against an estimated for 1933-34 is 4,930,000, for 1932-33. The grants to Universities and Colleges is £1,830,000, as against £1,680,000 in 1933-33.

406 UNIVERSITIES COL	LEGES AND SCHOOLS.		
THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD	Secretary of—		
OXFORD UNIVERSITY TERMS 1934.	Committee for Appointments, C. E. D. Peters, M.A., Corpus, and E. A. Gres-		
FULL TERM.	well, M.A., Hertford.  Adviser to Overseas Students, H. S.		
Hilary, or Lent, Jan. 14 to March 10.	Williamson, M. A., Ch. Ch.		
Trinity, April as to June 16.  Michaelmas, Oct. 14 to Dec. 8.	The Rhodes Trustees, C. K. Allen, D.O.L., Univ. The Trustees of the Oxford Endowment Fund,		
NUMBER OF UNDERGRADUATES IN RESIDENCE	Nigel Bong, M.A., Magg., 40 Sloane Square,		
Trinity Term, 1933, 4,805.	HEBDOMADAL COUNCIL.		
University Officers, &c.	Oficial Members, The Chancellor; The Vice-Chan-		
Chancellor, (vacant)  High Steward, Lord Sankey of Moreton,	t.   cellor; Proctors; The Master of Balliol.		
G.R.E. R.C.L., M.A. HOH, D.C.L., Jenus 10	Rt. Hon. H. A. L. Fisher, M.A., Hon. D.C.L.; F. H. Dudden, D.D.; C. R. M. F. Cruttwell, M.A.; J. F. Stenning, M.A.; G. S. Gordon, M.A.; V. J. K. Brook, M.A.; Lynds Grier, M.A.;		
Vice-Chancellor, Rev. F. J. Lvs. M.A	M.A.; J. F. Stenning, M.A.; G. S. Gordon, M.A.; V. J. K. Brook, M.A.; Lynda Grier, M.A.;		
Lincoln; I. Deane Jones, M.A., Merton 19 Burgernes, Lord Hugh R. H. Cacil, M.A., Holl. D.C.L., Heriford; Sir C. W. C. Oman, M.A., Hon. D.C.L., All Souls 19 Assessor of the Chancellor's Court, A. E. W.	M.A.: Sir Farguhar-Buzzard, D.M., A. H. Smith,		
Hon. D.C.L., Hertford; Sir C. W. C. Oman, M.A., Hon. D.C.L., All Souls 19	M.A.; H. M. D. Parker, M.A.; J. R. H. Weaver, M.A.; J. L. Brierly, D.C.L.; H. R. F. Harrod, M.A.; A. E. W. Hazel, B.C.L., M.A.; J. H. Wolfenden, M.A.; P. A. Landon, M.A.		
Assessor of the Chancellor's Court, A. E. W.	M.A.; A. E. W. Hazel, B.C.L., M.A.; J. H.		
HAZEL K.C., B.C.L. M.A., FILICIDE OF JUSTON 19	30		
Member of the Medical Council of the United	UNIVERSITY PROPESSORS. MICC.		
Kingdom, Sir Farquhar Buzzard, Bt., D.M., Ch.Ch.	American History (Harmsworth), R. McN.  McElroy, M.A., Queen's		
Boatey's Ingrarian, H. H. E. Craster,	Anatomy (Lee's), A. Thomson, M.A., Ch.Ch. 1803		
D.Litt., All Souls	31 Anglo-Sazon, J. R. R. Tolkien, M.A., Pembroke		
1938; E. Lobel, M.A., Queen's 19	19 Arabic (Laudian), D. S. Margoliouth,		
Kesper of the Ashinolean Museum,	Archicology (Lincoln), J. D. Beazley, M.A.,		
1 TO MI Toude Mr A D N/C ==	28 Linc 1925		
Curator of the Lewis Evans' Collection, R. T. Gunther, N.A., Magdalen	Astronomy (Savilian), H. H. Plaskett, M.A.,		
Mesper of Art Gatterses, M. McM. Clark,	New Coll 1932		
Registrar of the University, Douglas Veule,	Botany (Sherard), A G. Tansley, M.A., Magd. 1927		
M.A., Corpus	Byzantine and Modern Greek Lang. and Lit. R. M. Dawkins, N.A., Exeter		
Wadham 15	25 Celtic, John Fraser, M.A., Jenus 1981		
Secretary of Faculties, H. M. Margoliouth,	Chemistry (Lee's), F. Soddy, M.A., Exeter 1919 185 Chemistry (Waynstete), R. Robinson, M.A.,		
Radcliffe Observer, H. Knox-Shaw, D.Sc.,	Magd 1929		
Secretary to the Curature of the University	Civil Law (Regrus), F. de Zulueta, D.C.L.,		
Secretary to the Curators of the University Chest, Sir A. C. McWatters, M.A., Trunty Curator of Sheldonian Theatre, J. F. Stenning, M.A., Warden of Wadham 19 Acting Curator of Schools, L. H. Dudley	32 All Souls		
Stenning, M.A., Warden of Wadham 19	28 All Souls roso		
Buxton, M.A., D.SC., Exerci	Comparative Anatomy (Linacre), E. S. Good-		
Registrar of the Chancellor's Court, J. C. B.	Comparative Philology, G. E. K. Braun-		
Gamlen, M.A., Balliol	Divinity (Regnus), Henry Leighton Goudge, D.D., Ch. Ch. 1993		
Ch. Ch., 1899; F. E. Marshall, M.A., St. John's	D.D., Ch. Ch		
University Counsel, W. A. Greene, K.C.,	Ch. Ch 1927		
M.A., All Souls	pay EcclesiasticalHistory(Regius), E.W. Watson, pag D.D., Ch. Ch		
Summoner of Preachers, H. M. Lodge, Hou.	Economic History (Chichele), G. N. Clark,		
	pro M.A., All Souls		
Secretary to Delegates of— Examination of Schools, C. H. Wilkinson,	B. N.C 1020		
M.A., Worcester.	English Language and Literature, H. C. K. Wyld, B.Litt., M A., Merton		
Extra - Mural Studies, Rev. F. E.	English Literature, D. Nichol Smith, M.A.,		
Local Exams., W.C. Burnet, M.A., Worcester.	Exegeris (Ireland), (vacant)		
D. Phil. Magdalen	Experimental Philosophy (Lee's), F. A. Lindemann, M.A., Ch. Ch		
University Press, R. W. Chapman, M.A., Hon. D.Litt., Magdalen.	Fine Art (Stade), H. S. Goodhart-Rendel 1933		
	Forestry, R. S. Troup, D.Sc., St John's 1980		
whitaker's almanack, 1934.			

	Elect.	Elect.	ı
French (Foch), G. Rudler, M.A., All Souls	1919	Oxford Celleges.	l
Geology, W. J. Sollas, M.A., Univ.	1897	(With date of foundation.)	
Geometry (Savulan), E. C. Hitchmaran.	1	All Souls (1437), W. G. S. Adams, M.A., Warden.	
M.A., New Coll	1931	Balliol (1262), A. D. Lindsay, M.A., Master. B.N.C. (1509), C. H. Sampson, M.A., Principal.	ı
Fiedler, M.V.O., M.A., Queen's	1907	Ch. Ch. (1532), H. J. White, D.D., Dean.	١
Greek (Regions), G. G. A. Murray, D. Live.,	- 1	Corpus Christi (1546), Sir R. W. Livingstone, M.A.,	
Ch. Ch. Hebrew (Regius), G. A. Cooke, D.D., Ch.Ch.	1908	Prendent. Exeter (1314), R. R. Marett, D.Sc., Rector.	l
History, Ancient (Camden), J. G. C. Ander-	-9-4	Hertford (1874), C. R. M. F. Cruttwell, M.A., Prin.	١
son, M.A., B.N.C.	1927	Jesus (1571), A. E. W. Hazel, K.C., B.C.L.,	l
History, Ancient (Wykeham), J. L. Myres, M.A., New Coll.	1910	M.A., Principal. Lincoln (1427), J. A. R. Munro, M.A., Rector.	١
International Law (Chichele), J. L. Brierly,		Hagdalen (1458), G. S. Gordon, M.A., President.	l
D.C.L., All Souls.	1922		١
International Relations (Montague Burton), A. E. Zimmern, M.A., New Coll	1930	New Coll. (1379), Rt Hon. H. A. L. Flaher, M.A., Hon. D C.L., Warden. Oriel (1326), W. D. Ross, M.A., Provost. Pembroke (1684), F. H. Dudden, D. D., Master. Queen's (1340), B. H. Streeter, M.A. Provost.	i
Interpretation of Holy Scripture, D. C. Simpson, D.D., OrielItalian (Serena), C. Foligno, M.A., Magd. Jurisprudence, A. L. Goodhart, D.C. L., Univ.	1	Oriel (1326), W. D. Ross, M A., Provost.	
Simpson, D.D., Oriel	1925	Pembroke (1624), F. H.Dudden, D.D., Master.	١
Jurisprudence, A. L. Goodhart, D.C.L., Univ.	1931	St John's (1545), D. H. Streeter, M.A. Procest.	ı
Latin (Corpus), A. C. Clark, M.A., Corpus	1913	St. John's (1555), (vacant), President. Trinity (1554), H. E. D. Blakiston, D.D., Pres.	l
Latin (Corpus), A. C. Clark, M.A., Corpus Law (Vinerian), Sir W. S. Holdsworth, K.C., D.C L., All Souls	1022	University (1249), Sir M. E. Sadler, M.A., K.C.S.I.,	1
Logic (Wykeham), H. H. Joachim, M.A.,	1922	Master. Wadham (1612), J. F. Stenning, M.A., Warden.	١
New Coll	1919	Worcester (1714), F. J. Lys, M.A., Prorost.	l
Mathematics (Rouse Ball), E.A. Milne, M.A.,	1928	Wadham (1612), J. F. Stenning, M.A., Warden. Worcetter (1714), F. J. Lys, M.A., Propost. St. Edm. Hall (1869), A. R. Emden, M.A., Prin. Keble (1870), B. J. Kidd, D.D., Warden.	١
Wadham	1920	Neme (1070), B. S. Kidd, D D., Furuen.	١
Bt., K.C.V.O, DM, Ch. Ch	1927	St. Catherine's Society (1868), V. J. K. Brook, M.A.,	١
Smith, M.A., Magd	1910	Censor. Campion Hall, M. C. D'Arcy, M A., Master.	l
Military History (Chichele), Maj. Gen. Sir E.	19.0	S. Benet's Hall, P. J. McCann, M.A., Master.	ļ
Swinton. K.B.E., C B., D.S.O., M.A., All Souls	1925	St. Peter's Hall (1929), C. M. Chavasse, M. A., Master.	l
Mineralogy, H. L. Bowman, D.Sc., Magd Modern History (Chichele), Sir C. W. C.	1909		ı
Oman, K.B.E., M.A., Hon D.C.L , All Souls	1905	Societies of Women Students.	١
Modern History (Regnus), F. M. Powicke,	_	LADY MARGARET HALL (1878).	
M.A., Oriel	1988	Principal, Miss Lynda Grier, M.A.	1
MA, Corpus	1928	Vice Principal, Miss E. Jamison, M.A. Librarian and Secretary, Miss Anson, M.A.	ļ
Music, Sir Hugh P. Allen, K C.V.O., D.Mus., New Coll	1918	Bursar, Miss Harbottle.	١
Natural Philosophy (Sedleian), A. E. H.	-		١
Love, D.Sc., Queen's	1899	SOMERVILLE COLLEGE (1879).	١
Papyrology, A. S. Hunt, D. Litt., Queen's Pastoral Theology (Regrus), K. E. Kirk,	1913	Principal, Miss H. Darbishire, M.A.	1
	1933	Vice-Principal, Miss M. K. Pope, M A. Secretary and Treasurer, Miss A. Beauchamp,	!
Pathology, G. Dreyer. M.A., Lanc	1907	Bursar, Miss M. B. Stonedale. [O.B.K.	1
Pharmacology, J. A. Gunn, M.A., Balliol Philosophy of the Christian Religion (Oriel),	1918	Dean. Miss V. Farnell, M.A.	
L. W. Grensted, D.D., Oriel	1930	Librarian, Miss E Evans, B Litt., M.A.	1
I. W. Grensted, D.D., Oriel	***	ST. Hugh's College (1886).	1
M.A., New Coll.  Physiology (Waynflete), Sir C. S. Sherring-	1900	Principal, Miss Barbara Elizabeth Gwyer, M.A.	
ton, O.M., G.B.R., Hon. D.Sc., F.R.S., Magd.	1913	Librarian, Miss B. M. Hamilton-Thompson, M.A.	1
! Poetry, (vacant) Political Economy, D. H. Macgregor, M.A.,		Bursar, Miss G. Thornycroft, B A.	1
All Souls	1921	ST. HILDA'S COLLEGE (1893).	
Political Theory and Institutions, Sir			1
James A. Salter, K.C.B.  Pure Mathematics (Waynflete), A. L. Dixon,	1934	Principal, Miss J. de L. Mann, M.A. Vice-Principal, Miss A. M. Sandys, M.A.,	١
M.A., Magd	1922	F.R.Hist.S.	
Roman Dutch Law (Rhodes), R. W. Lee,		Bursar, Miss V. L. Winslow.	1
D C.L., All Souls	. 1931 . 1930	Secretary, Miss J. C. Thornton, M.A.	١
Rural Economy (Sibthorpian), J. A. S.	930	SOCIETY OF OXFORD HOME-STUDENTS (1879).	١
Rural Economy (Sibthorman), J. A. S. Watson, M.A., St. John's	1925	(z Jowett Walk, Oxford.)	١
Sanskrit (Boden), F. W. Thomas, C.I.E., M A., Balliol		Denneinal Miss Grace E. Hadow W.	ļ
Spanish (King Alfonso XIII), W. J.	/	Vice-Principal, Miss R. F. Butler, M.A. Treasurer, Mrs. M. H. Prichard, M.A. Secretary, Miss E. M. Moore, M.A.	1
Entwistle, M.A., Exeter	1932	Treasurer, Mrs. M. H. Prichard, M.A.	Ì
Zoology, G. D. H. Carpenter, D.M	¥933	I DOUGHOURS, MILEO 12. DI. MINITO, M.A.	۷

THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE.	Heads of Colleges. The Master of Gonville and
CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY TERMS, 1934.	Heads of Colleges, The Master of Gonville and Caius; The Master of Corpus Christi; The
FULL TERM.	Master of Clare; The Master of Sidney Sussex. Professors, Dr. H. R. Dean; Professor F. L.
Lent Jan. 15 to Mar. 15.	Professors, Dr. H. R. Dean; Professor F. L.
Easter Apr. 18 to June 9.	Engledow; Professor F. E. Adcock; Dr. A. D.
Michaelmas Oct. 9 to Dec. 7.	McNair.
NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN RESIDENCE,	Other Members of the Regent House, H. McL. Innes, M.A. (Trin.): S. W. Gruse, M.A. (Chr.); F. R. Salter, M.A. (Magd.); H. Thirkill, M.A. (Cla.); Dr. T. S. Hele; D. A. Winstanley, M.A. (Trin.); G. G. Morris, M.A. (Corp.).
Oct., 1932, 5,704.	K. R. Saltar M. A. (Mand ) H. Thirkill, M.A.
Chancellor, Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, Elect	(Cla.): Dr. T. S. Hele: D. A. Winstanley.
M.A., M.P., Hon. LL.D., Trin. 1930 Vice-Chancellor, J. F. Cameron, M.A.,	M.A. (Trin.): G. G. Morris, M.A. (Corp.).
Master of Caius 1933	UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS.
Master of Caius	Aeronautical Engineering (Francis Mond), Elect.
Devonshire, K.G., P.C. G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.,	B. M. Jones, M.A., Emm. 1919 Agriculture (Drapers), F. L. Engledow,
Devonshire, K.G., P.C., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., Hon. LL.D., <i>Trin.</i>	Agriculture (Drapers), F. L. Engledow,
Deputy High Steward, The Lord Han-	M. A/0/L
worth, M.A., Trin 1026	Anatomy, J. T. Wilson, M.A., Joh
Representatives in Parliament, Sir J. J.	Ancient History, F. E. Adcock, M.A.
Withers, M.A., Hon. LL.D., Cath. &	(King's) 1985
King's; G. H. A. Wilson, M.A., Cla 1929	Ancient Philosophy (Laurence), F. M. Cornford, M.A., Trish. Anglo-Sazon (Elrington and Bosworth), H. M. Chadwick, M.A., Clare. Animal Pathology, J. B. Buxton, M.A. Span
Commissary, Hon. Mr. Justice Macnagh-	Angle-Sager (Firington and Resports)
ten, K.B.E., M.A., Tran 1926	H. M Chadwick, M.A., Clare 1913
Orator, T. R. Glover, M.A., St. John's 1920	Animal Pathology, J. B. Buxton, M.A 1923
Registrary, E. Harrison, M.A., Trin 1936 Assistant Registraries, R. E. Priestley, M.A.,	
Clare, 1914; H. Claye, M.A., Cai 1927	M.A., Trin. 1933 Arabic (Lord Almoner's), A. A. Bevan, M.A.,
Librarian, A. F. Scholfield, M.A., King's 1923	Arabic (Lord Almoner's), A. A. Bevan, M.A.,
Sec. to the Library. H.C. Stanford, M.A., Joh. 2027	Trin 1803
Treasurer, T. Knox-Shaw, M.A., Sid. Suss 1920 Assistant Treasurer, C. R. Macdonald,	Archieology (Duney), E. H. Minns, Litt.D.,
Assistant Treasurer, C. R. Macdonald,	Pemb 1927
M.A., Cai 1933	Astronomy and Grometry (Lowndean), H.F.
Esquire Bedells, R. Hamblin Smith, M.A.,	Baker, Sc.D., Joh
Pet.; C. P. Sumner, M.A., Cat 1922	M.A., Trin 1913
Proctors, A. J. Berry, M.A., Down.;	Astrophysics, F. J. M. Stratton, M.A., Cai. 1928
F. R. F. Scott, M A., Magd	Biochemistry (Sir William Dunn), Sir F. G.
Organist, B. Ord, M.A., Mus.B. (King's)	Hopkins, M.A., Hon. Sc.D., Trin 1981
Director of the Observatory, Professor Sii A. S. Eddington, M. A., Trin.	Biology (Quick), D. Keilin, M.A., Magd 1931
Director of the Solar Physics Observatory and	Botany, A. C. Seward, Sc.D., Down, 2006
Newall Observer, Professor F. J. M. Stratton,	Chemistry, Sir W. J. Pope, K.B.R., M.A.,
M.A., Cai.	Std. State rook
Superintendent of the Museum of Zoology, C.	Chinese Language and History, A. C. Moule, Litt.D., Trin
Forster-Cooper, M.A., Trin. H.	Civil Law (Regius), W. W. Buckland, LL.D.,
Director of the Fitzwilliam Museum and Marlay	Caius 1914
Curator, S. C. Cockerell, M.A., Hon. Litt.D., Down.	
Strickland Curator, F. R. Parrington, M.A., Sid.	Classical Archaeology (Laurence), A. B. Cook, Litt. b., Queens'
Sura.	Colloid Science (John Humphrey Plummer).
Curator of the Museum of Archieology and	E. K. Rideal, M.A., Trin. H
Ethnology, L. C. G. Clarke, M. A. Trin, H.	(Lady Manageric) I & Pothurs
Curator of the Museum of Classical Archaeo- logy, Prof. A. B. Cook, Litt.D., Queens'. Director of the Botame Garden, H. Gilbert-Carter,	,, (Lady Margaret's), J F. Bethune-
togy, Prof. A. B. Cook, Litt.D., Queens'.	Baker, D.D., Pemb
Director of the Bottomic Garden, ii (1110ett-Carter,	Trin 1905
M.A., Trin.  Librarian of Squire Law Library, T. E. Lewis,	" (Hulsean), W. E. Barnes, D.D., Pet. 1901
Ph.D., Trin. H.	,, (Kly), J. M. Creed, D.D., Joh 1026
Representative on General Medical Council, Prof.	Locientificat Huttory (Dixie), J.P. Whithey,
W. L. Brown, M.D., Corp.	D.D., Emm. 1919
Director of the Psychological Laboratory, Prof.	Economic History, J. H. Clapham, Litt.D.,
F. C. Bartlett, M.A., St. John's.	King's 1928
SECRETARY TO	English Law (Rouse Ball), P. H. Winfield, LL.D., Joh
Local Examinations Syndicate, W. N. Williams,	English Literature (King Edward VII), Sir
M.A., Selw., Syndicate Buildings.	A. T. Quiller-Couch, M. A., Jesus 1912
Board of Extra-mural Studies, G. F. Hickson,	Experimental Physics (Cavendish), Lord
M.A., Cla. Stuart House.	Experimental Physics (Cavendish), Lord Rutherford, O.M., M.A., Hon Sc.D., Trin. 1919
Highest Grade Schools Examination Syndicate, T.	Experimental Psychology, F. C. Bartlett,
G. Bedford, M.A. Sid. Suss., 62 Sidney Street.	M. A., Joh 1027
Appointments Board, O. V. Guy, M.A., Jes., University Offices	Fine Art (Slade), R. E. Fry, M.A., King's 1933
University Press, S. C. Roberts, M.A., Pemb.	Fine Art (Slade), R. E. Fry, M.A., King's 1933 French (Drapers), O. H. P. Prior, M.A., Joh. Genetics (Arthur Balfour), R. C. Punnett,
COUNCIL OF THE SENATE.	
(Secretary, The Registrary.)	Consumption P Debambana as a Auto-
Ex-officio Members, The Chancellor; Vice-	Geology (Woodwardian), O. T. Jones, N.A.,
Chancellor	Cla

Elect. German (Schroder), R. A. Williams, M.A., 1932 Greek (Regius), D. S. Robertson, M.A., zos8 Hebrew (Regius), S. A. Cook, Litt.D. Caius. 1932 Imperial and Naval History (Vere Harmsworth) (vacant) Industrial Relations (Montague Burton), J. Hilton, M.A. 1931 International Law (Whereell), A.P. Higgins, 1920 1933 Latin (Kennedy), A.E. Housman, M.A., Trin. Laws of England (Downing), H. D. Hazel-IQII tine, Litt D., Downing..... 1919 Mathematical Physics (John Humphrey Plummer), R. H. Fowler, M.A., Trin. ... Mathematics (Lucasian), P. A. M. Dirac, Ph.D., Joh.

Mathematics (Rouse Ball), J. E. Littlewood, M.A., Trin. 1932 1928 Mechanism and Applied Mechanics, C. E. 1919 Litt.D , Trin. 1025 Metallurgy (Goldsmiths'), R. S. Hutton, 1932 Mineralogy and Petrology, C. E. Tilley, Ph.D. Emm. ... ... ... 1931 Modern History (Regius), G. M. Trevelyan, O.M., M.A., Trin 1927 Modern History, H. W. V. Temperley, Litt. D. Pet ...... Litt. D. Pet Moral Philosophy (Knightbridge), C. D. Broad, Litt. D., Trin. Muste, E. J. Dent, M.A., Mus B., King's. ... Natural Philosophy (Jacksonian), C. T. R. Wilson, M.A., Sid. Sussa Pathology, H. R. Dean, M.D., Trin. II. ... Physic (liegius), W. L. Brown, M.D., Corp. Physics, Str. J. J. Thomson, O.M., M.A., Hon. Sc.D., Trin. H. Lowry, C. E., M.A., Trin H. 1930 1933 1926 1025 1982 193# 1010 Physiology, J. Barcroft, M.A., King's .....
Political Economy, A C. Pigon, M.A., 1985 1908 1927 Pure Mathematics (Sadleirian), G. 11. Hardy, M. A. Trin.

Sanskrit, E. J. Rapson, M.A., Joh.

Social Authropology (William Wyse), T. C.

Hodson, M. A., Cath.

Spanish, J. B. Trend, M.A., Chr. 1931 1906 Theoretical Chemistry (John Humphry Plummer), J. E. Lennard-Jones, Ph.D., Gardiner, M.A., Cains ....

# Cambridge Colleges. (With date of foundation.)

Christ's (1505), Norman McLean, M.A., Master. Clare (1326), G. H. A. Wilson, M.A., Master. Corpus Christi (1328), W. Spens, M. A., Master. Downing (1800), Albert C. Seward, Sc.D., Master. Emmanuel (1884), Peter Giles, Litt.D., Master. Goncille & Caina (1348), J. F. Cameron, M.A., Master.

Jesus (1496), Arthur Gray, M.A., Master. King's (1441), (vacant) Provost.

Magdalene (1542), A. B. Ramsay, M.A., Master.

Hatchingan M. A. Master. Pembroke (1347), A. Hutchinson, M.A., Master.

Peterhouse (1284), Field-Marshal Sir W. R. Birdwood, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., K.C.S.I., M.A., LL.D. (Hon.), Master. Queens (1448), J. A. Venn, Litt.D., Pres. St. Catharine's (1473), H. J. Chaytor, Litt.D., Master. Sidney-Sussez (1596), Gr. R. F. Scott, M.A., Master.
Sidney-Sussez (1596), Gr. A. Weekes, M.A., Master.
Trimity (1546), Sir J. J. Thomson, O.M., M.A.,
Hon. Sc.D., Master. Trinity Hall (1350), H. R. Dean, M.D., Master. APPROVED FOUNDATION. Selwyn College (1882), G. E. Newsom, M. A., Master. Non-Collegiate Students (1869), W. S. Thatcher, M.A., Censor.

#### Colleges for Women. GIRTON COLLEGE.

Mistress, Miss H. M. Wodehouse, M.A. Vice-Mistress, Miss H. M. R. Murray, M.A. Bursar, Miss F. M. Smith, M.A. Junior Bursar, Miss K. M. Robeitson, M.A. Librarian, Miss H. I. Mc Morran, M.A. Assistant Tutor and Registrar, Miss M. G. Duff,

Secretary, Miss K. M. Peace, M.A.

# NEWNHAM COLLEGE.

Principal, Miss J. P Struchey.

Tutors, Miss E. M. Chrystal; Miss A. B. Dale;
Mrs. Palmer; Miss Steele Smith. Bursar, Mrs Lacy.

#### THE UNIVERSITY OF LONDON,

South Kensington, S. W. 7. 1836, 1900 and 1929. IN 1927 the University of London, with the assistance of a gift of £400,000 from the Rockefeller Foundation of America and a grant from H.M. Treasury, purchased a site in Bloomsbury mmediately to the north of the British Museum upon which to erect a group of buildings which would form the headquarters of the University. The site, which is rectangular in shape and has an area of about 10% acres, is bounded on the west by Malet Street, on the east by Russell Square and Woburn Square, on the north by Byng Place and on the south by Montagu Place (with the British Museum on the other side of the road).

Since its acquisition, the problem of the development of the site for University purposes has been worked out stage by stage. With the assistance of the London County Council, parhamentary powers were obtained in ross for the clusing of certain roadways which crossed the site, so as to seeme a self-contained estate for the central University area. With a view to avoiding inconvenience to the public and the congestion of thoroughfares, the stipulation was made that before these powers were exercised certain of the roads surrounding the site should be widened and the cost borne by the University. The condition having been fulfilled, permission was given in Kebmary, 1932, by the Minister of Transport, with the concurrence of the London County Council and the Holborn Borough Council, to the enclosing of the southern portion This was completed in the early of the site. part of 1932

The buildings to be erected on the site will be mainly for various central institutions and activities for which inadequate or no accommodation exists at present. These include the University Library, the newly established Conrtauld Institute of Art, the Institute of These include the Historical Research and the Institute of Education. Suitable quarters will be provided for the
central administrative staff, and it is hoped
that it will also be possible to erect a large
ceremonial hall and an adequate building for
the University Union. Certain other institutions, notably the Birkbeck College and the
School of Oriental Studies, have been included
provisionally in the building programme. With
probably one or two exceptions, it is not
prosed to transfer to the site any of the Colleges
of the University, in which the greater part of
the teaching work of the University is conducted.
The sim is to establish a centre for the University system which extends over the whole of

In the preliminary consideration of the question of development the University had the assistance of Mr. H. V. Lanchester, F.R.LB.A., who acted as consultant architect from 1920 to 1931. In June, 1931, Mr. Charles Holden, F.R.LB.A., was appointed Architect for all the buildings to be erected. Although the scheme will have to be carried out in stages, Mr. Holden's first task was the preparation of a general design for the whole site any such design should have regard to the immediate and future needs of the University, that it should preserve on the site at least as much open space as now exists, and that its scheme of buildings should not be out of harmony with other buildings adjoining the site. This task Mr. Holden accomplished, and his design has been generally approved by the Court and Senate.

The first stage of actual building operations was begun early in 1933. A contract for the work of excavating and of constructing the retaining walls for the Senate House and administrative offices was entered into and, on June 36, 1933, His Majesty the King, accompanied by Her Majesty the Queen, laid the foundation stone of the new buildings in the presence of a large and distinguished gathering, including representatives of most of the principal universities and learned societies of the

world.

Towards the cost of building developments capital grants to an amount of £450,000 have been voted by the London County Council; the Corporation of the City of London have, subject to certain conditions, made a grant of £100,000 towards the cost of the Ceremonial Hall; and, for the same purpose, grants from the City Companies, amounting at present to about \$72,000 in all, have been received or promised. The Goldsmiths' Company have offered, conditionally £50,000 towards the cost of erecting and equipping the building of the University Library. Mr. Samuel Courtauld has generously provided for the cost of the building for the Courtauld Institute of Art, and the Czechoslovak Government have promised a substantial sum for a permanent home for the Institute of Slavone Studies.

# DATES OF SESSION, 1933-34

18t Term.—October 5 to December 14, 1933. and Term.—January 9 to March 20, 1934. 3rd Term.—April 24 to June 26, 1934.

During the year 1932 the total admissions amounted to 13.351; the number of internal Students reading for Degrees and Diplomas in July, 1933, Was 12.327.

Visitor, H.M. the King in Council, Chancellor, The Right Hon. the Earl of Athlone, K.G., P.C., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O., Ll.D., D.C.L. Vice-Chancellor, Prof. Louis Napoleon George Filon, C.B.E., T.D., D.Sc., M.A., F.R.S. Chairman of Convocation, Sidney Luxton Loney, M.A.

Principal, Edwin Deller, LL.D.

#### THE COURT.

The Chancellor.
The Vice-Chancellor.
The Chairman of Convocation.

The Chairman of Convocation.

Appointed by the Senate, H. L. Eason, Sir Ernest
Graham-Little, M.P., Dr. W. R. Halliday,
Prof. F. Horton, Rev. Dr. J. Scott Lidgett,
Sir Ernest Pooley. By His Majesty in Connoil,
Sir Charles Addis, Sir George L. Rarstow,
Rt. Hon. Lord Macmillan, Sir E. Cooper Perry.
By the L.C.C., Sir John W. Gilbert, Sir Oscar
E. Warburg. Co-opted Member, Sir Maurice
Jenks, Bt.

# THE SENATE.

The Chancellor, The Vice-Chancellor, The Chairman of Convocation, The Principal Heads of the following Schooks—The Priocipal Heads of the following Schooks—The Priocipal of University College, The Principals of King's College, Bedford College, Birkbeck College, and East London College, The Rector of the Imperial College of Science and Technology, The Director of the London School of Economics and Political Science, The Principals of Royal Holloway College and Westfield College. Appointed by Convocation—(Theology), Rev. Canon J. A. Douglas: (Arts), Rev. Dr. J. Scott Lidgett, Prof. Sir T. Perey Nunn, Prof. A. W. Reed, Miss E. Strudwick, Rev. Dr. J. Scott Lidgett, Prof. Sir T. Perey Nunn, Prof. A. W. Reed, Miss E. Strudwick, Rev. Dr. J. Sir Ernest Graham-Little, M.P. W. G. Spencer; (Science), Maj. A. G. Church, G. D. Dunkerley, Dr. C. W. Kinminis, Dr. R. H. Pickard, Prof. W. Wilson; (Engineering), Roger Smith; (Economics) including Commerce and Industry) and Political Science, Prof. Abraham Wolf. Appointed by the Faculties—(Theology, Rev. Prof. E. S. Waterhouse: (Arts), Prof. H. E. Butler, Rev. Canon Prof. C. J. Sisson; (Laws), Prof. D. H. Parry; (Music), Prof. P. C. Buck; (Medicine), The Rt. Hon. Lord Dawson of Penn, H. L. Esson, Sir Cuthbert S. Wallace; (Science), Prof. A. L. Bowley; (General Medical Schools), Dr. A. M. H. Gray, Prof. William Wright. By University College, Sir Andrew T. Taylor. By Kingir College (Theological Department), Rev. Richard Hanson. Co-opted Members, The Very Rev. the Dean of Exeter (Dr. W. R. Matthews), Sir George F. Hill, Col. Sir Henry G. Lyons, Sir Ernest H.

#### Principal Officers.

Clerk of the Court, Harold Claughton, C.B.E., B.A. Secretary to the Senate, Maurice Webb, C.I.E., M.A. Registrars: (Academic) S. J. Worsley, D.S.O., M.O., B.A.; (External) G. F. Goodchild, M.A.; (University Extension and Tutorial Classes) J. Lea, M.A.

Secretary of Matriculation and School Examination Conneil, S. H. Shurrock, M.A. Goldsmiths' Librarian, R. A. Rye. Accountant, Oliver Greenwood, F.S. A.A. Supt. of Examinations, R. B. P. Wallace, N.A.,

Secretary to Training Colleges Delegacy, G. R. Oake, B.A.

Representative in Parliament, Sir Ernest Graham-Little (1924).
Public Orator, Prof. H. E. Butler, M.A.

# Organisation of Teaching.

Organisation of Tracking.

On January 1, 1207, University College was transferred to the University, of which it now forms an integral part in the Faculties of Arts, Laws, Medicine, Science, Engineering, and Economics. On January 1, 1200, King's College was, in respect of all its Departments except that of Theology, transferred to the University, of which it now forms an integral part, in the Faculties of Arts, Laws, Medicine, Science, Engineering, and Economics. The Theological Department of the College remains a "School of the University" in the Faculty of Theology. Other University Institutions are the Brown Animal Sanatory Institution in Wandsworth Road, Goldsmiths' College at New Cross, the Bartlett School of Architecture at University College, the Institute of Historical Research in Malet Street, the University Observatory in Mill Hill Park, the Institute of Education at Southampton Row, the Courtaild Education at Southampton Row, the Courtauld Institute of Art at Portman Square, and the School of Slavonic and East European Studies at Torrington Square.

#### UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS.

American History (Commonwealth Fund), H. H. Bellot, M.A.

Beilot, M.A.

Anatomy, D. Mac C. Blair, M.R.; W. E. Le Gros
Clark, D.Sc., F.R.C.S.; J. E. S. Frazer, F.R.C.S.;
T. B. Johnston, M.B.; Mrs. Lucas Keene, M.B.;
G. Elliot Smith, M.D., F.R.S.; H. H. Woollard,
M.D.; W. Wright, D.Sc.

Activity (Classical). H. A. Hayris, D.Sc.

Anatomy (Chnical), H. A. Harris, D.Sc. Anatomy (Courtauld), T. Yeates, M.R. Anthropology, B. Malinowski, L.S.C., Ph.D. Arabic, H. A. R. Gibb, M.A. Archicedogy (Yates), B. Ashmole, M.C., M.A. Architecture, A. E. Richardson, F.R. I.B.A. Astro-Physics, A. Fowler, D.SC., F.R.S.

ARIFO-TRIBUCR, A. FOWIET, D.SC., F.R.S. Aviation (Zaharof), L. Bairstow, C.B. E., F.R.S. Bacteriology, J. W. H. Eyre, M.D.; Alexander Fleming, M.B.; J. C. G. Ledingham, C.M.G., D.Sc., F.R.S.; C. C. Okell, M.C., B.A.; F. W. Twort, L.R.C.P., F.R.S.; G. S. Wilson, M.D. Bacteriology (Goldsmiths' Company s), W. Bullerby, M. C. P. E. S. W. T. P. E. S. G. S. Wilson, M.D.

loch, M.D., F R.S. Bacteriology and Immunology, W. W. C. Topley,

M. D. Belgian Studies and Institutions, E. Cammaerts, C.B.R., LL.D.

Biochemistry, J. C. Drummond, D.Sc.; H. Raistrick, D.Sc.; R. Robison, D.S.O., F.R.S.
Biochemistry (Courtauld), E. C. Dodds, M.V.O.,

Ph.D., M.D.

Botany, F. E. Fritch, D. C., Ph.D.; R. R. Gates,
Ph.D.; Dame Helen C. I. Gwynne-Vaughan, G.B.E., D.Sc.

Botany (Hüdred Carlile), W. Neilson-Jones, M.A. Botany (Quain), E. J. Salisbury, D.Sc.

Chemical Engineering (Ramsay Memorial), W. K.

Chemical Technology, W. A. Bone, D.Sc. Chemistry, A. J. Allmand, M.O., D.Sc., F.R.S.; F. G. Chemistry, A. J. Allmand, M.C., D.SC., F.R.S.; F. G.
Donnan, C.B.R., D.SC., F.R.S.; C. S. Gibson.
O.B.E., M.Sc.; C. K. Ingold, D.Sc.; T. S. Moore,
M.A.; J. R. Partington, M.B.E., D.SC.; R. H.
Aders Plimmer, D.Sc.; J. F. Spencer, D.Sc.;
C. K. Tinkler, D.Sc.; W. B. Tuck, D.Sc.
Chemistry (Daniell), S. Smiles, O.B.R., D.Sc., F.R.S.
Do. (Inoryanic), H. V. A. Briscoe, D.Sc.,
Do. (Organic), J. F. Thorpe, C.B.E., D.Sc.
Do. (Physical), J. C. Phillip, O.B.E., D.Sc.; S.
Surden, D.SC.

Sugden, p.sc.

Chemistry as applied to Hygiene, M. E. Delafield, M.B., B.ch.

Chinese, Sir R. F. Johnston, K.C.M.G., C.B.E., LL.D. Chinese Art and Archaeology, W. P. Yetts, 0. B. K,

Classics, F. R. Earp, M.A.; J. H. Sleeman, M.A.; J. A. K. Thomson, M.A.; F. A. Wright, M.A. Commerce. A. J. Sargent, M.A.

Do. (Cassel), A. Plant, B.Com.
Dietetics, S. J. Cowell, N.B.
Dutch History & Institutions, Pieter (leyl, Lit.D. Economic Science and Statistics (Tooke), F. A. von Hayek, Dr.Jur. Economics, L. C. Robbins, M.A.

Do., Banking and Currency (Cassel), T. E G.

Do., Dathering to the Carriery Consequence of Regory, D.Sc.

Education, H. R. Hamley, M.A.; Sir T. Percy Nunn, D.Litt.; J. D. Wilson, Litt.D.

Emoryology, J. P. Hill, D.Sc., F.R.S.

Engineeric S. C. H. Lander, C.B.K., D.Sc., Coul, A. J. S. Pipperd, M.B.E., D.Sc.; A. H.

Jameson, M.Sc., M.I.C.R. Civil and Mechanical, E. G. Coker, D.Sc., F.R.S;

E. H. Lamb, D.S.C., M.SC.

Electrical, W. C. Clinton, B.Sc.; C. L. Fortescue, O. B., M.A., J. T. MacGregor Morris, M.I.E.E.; J. K. Catterson-Smith, M.Eng.

Highwan (Mayburn), R. G. H. Clements, M.C., M. I C. K. Mechanical, G. Cook, p.sc.; E. F. D. Witchell,

Municipal (Chadwick). M. T. M. Ormsby,

F. R. C. Sc.

English Language and Literature, B. 1. Evans, M.A.; A. W. Reed, D.Lit. Do. Quain), R. W. Chambers, D.Lit., F.B.A. English Lang. and Medicival Literature, P. G. Thomas, Litt.D. English Literature (Hidred Carlile), Lascelles

Abercrombie, Litt.D.

Do. Modern (Northelife), C. J. Sisson, D.-ès-L. Entomology, J. W. Munro, D.Sc. Epidemology and Vital Statistic, Major Green-

wood, D.Sc., F.R.C.P., F R.S. Ethnology, C. G. Seligman, M.D., F h.S.

Engenics (Galton), R. A. Fisher, sc D., F.R.S. Fine Art (Slade), R. Schwabe.

French and Romance Philosophy (Fielden), L. M. Brandin, Ph.D.

French Language & Literature, J. A. Dechamps, D.-es-L.; D. Saurat, D.-ès-L.; F. J. Tanquerey, D. -ès-L

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æcotland.	UNIVERSITY OF DUBLIN (AMD TRINITY COLLEGE), 1591. Elected
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l niversity College, Dunder (1880).	Indian & Home Civil Service, E. H. Alton, Litt.D
Principal (vacant)£350 Secretary, W. G. B. Oliver. CONJOINT MEDICAL SCHOOL, DUNDER.	Marrie W W Starkie Titt T
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George Adam Smith, M.A., D.D., LL.D., Litt.D.,	Librarian, J. F. Howley, D.Litt.
F B A. Secretary, H. J Butchart, D.S.O., B L. Librarian, W. Douglas Simpson, D.Litt.	UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN. 1909.  President, Denis J. Coffey, M.A., M.B., LL.D.  Registrar, Prof. Arthur W. Conway, D.Sc., F.R.S.
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(With dates of Foundation.)

ADELAIDE, S.A. (1874).
MELBOURNE, Vio. (1853).
QUEENSLAND, Brisbane, Q. (1909).
SYDNEY, N.S.W. (1850).
TASMANIA, Hobart, Tas. (1890).
WESTERN AUSTRALIA, Perti, W.A. (1911).

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BRITISH COLUMBIA, Vancouver, B.C. (1908).
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OTTAWA, Ottawa (1866).
QUÈEN'S, Kingston, Ontario (1841).
ST. FRANCIS KAVIER, Antigonish, N.S. (1866).
SASEATCHEWAN, Saskatoon (1907).
TORONTO, TOronto, Ontario (1857).
TRINITY COLLEGE, Toronto, Outario (1851). VICTORIA, Toronto, Ontario (1841). WESTERN ONTARIO, London, Ontario (1878).

#### CEYLON.

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AGRA UNIVERSITY (1926). ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY (1920). ALLAHABAD UNIVERSITY (1887). ANDHRA UNIVERSITY, Bezwada, Madras (1926). BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY (1916). BOMBAY UNIVERSITY (1857) CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY (1857). DACCA UNIVERSITY, Dacca, Bengal (1911). DELHI UNIVERSITY (1982). LUCKNOW UNIVERSITY (1990). MADRAS UNIVERSITY (1857).

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Nagpur University (1933).
OSWANIA University, Hyderabad, Deccan (1917). PATNA UNIVERSITY (1917). PUNJAB UNIVERSITY, LANORE (1888).

RANGOON UNIVERSITY (1920).

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HEBREW UNIVERSITY, Jerusalem (1925).

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WNIVERSITY OF MALTA, Valletta (1769).

MAURITIUS. COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE, Port Louis (1925).

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UNIVERSITY OF NEW ZEALAND, Wellington (1870). Canterbury College, Christchurch (1873). University of Otago, Dunedin (1866). University College, Auckland (188a). Victoria University College, Wellington (1897).

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(z855) Huguenot University College, Wellington.

C.P. (1874). Natal University College, Pietermaritzburg.

Natal (1909). Potchefstroom University College, Potchefstroom, Transvaal (1922). Rhodes University College, Grahamstown,

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Department of Architecture, The Northern Polytechnic, London.

School of Architecture, The Polytechnic, Regent Street, London.

Armstrong College School of Architecture (Uni-

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UNIVERSITY COLLEGE HOSPITAL MEDICAL SCHOOL .- q. v.

# DOMESTIC SUBJECTS.

Degree and Diploma Courses .- The Universities giving Degree Courses in *Domestic Science* are Bristol (B.Sc. — Domestic Science), London (Household and Social Science); Diploma

Courses at Reading and Sheffield.

ABERDEEN, Miss Dunnett, Head (Domestic Science Department, Robert Gordon's Tech-

nical College).

BATH, Miss King, Principal (Domestic Science

Training College, Long Acre).
BRISTOL, Principal, Miss M. Michael (Municipal College of Domestic Subjects, 3 Great George Street).

CARDIFF, Miss E. M. Davies, B.Sc., Principal (Training College of Domestic Arts, St. Andrew's Place). EDINBURGH (Edinburgh College of Domestic Science, Atholl Crescent and xx, Walker

Street).

GLASGOW, Miss Melvin, J.P., Principal (Glasgow and West of Scotland College of Domestic

Science, r. Park Drive, C. 3).
GLOUCESTER, Miss Whitaker, Principal (Training Coll. of Domestic Science, Barrack Square,

associated with Bristol University).

LEEDS, Miss Juniper, Principal (Yorkshire Training College of Housecraft, Vernon Rd.).

LEIGETER, Miss M. Willcock, Principal (Domestics of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the Coll

tic Science Training College, University Road). LIVERPOOL, Miss C. A. Kemp, Principal (City Technical College for Women and F. L. Calder

College of Domestic Science, Colquitt Street). LONDON, Miss E. Gladys Clarke, O.B.E., Principal (National Training College of Domestic Subjects, Buckingham Palace Road, S.W. 1).

Jects, Buckingham Palace Road, S. W. 3.1.
LONDON, Miss Helen Masters, Head (Donnestic Science Dept., Battersea Polytechnic, S.W. 11).
LONDON, Miss Maughan, M.Sc., Principal (National Society's Training College, Berridge House, West Hampstead, N.W. 6).
MANCHESTER, Miss Cook, M.A., Principal (Municipal Training College of Housecraft, High Street, Manchester vs.)

Street, Manchester 13).

NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE, Miss A. Redford, Principal (Northern Counties' Training College of Cookery and Domestic Science, Northumberland Road).

#### DRAMA.

ROYAL ACADEMY OF DRAMATIC ART (founded by H. B. Tree, 1904), 6s-64 Gower Street, and Malet Street, W.C.I.—President, Miss Irene Vanbrugh. Principal, Kenneth R. Barnes, M. A.

#### ENGINEERING.

Diploma Courses. — The Universities giving Diploma Courses in Engineering are:—Oxford, Cambridge, London, Manchester, Bristol, Liverpool, Sheffield, Edinburgh and Dublin.

# (See also Technical Education.)

ESTATE MANAGEMENT. COLLEGE OF ESTATE MANAGEMENT, 35 Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C. z.—Principal, B. W. Adkin, F.S.I. Sec. B. C. Hadland, M.A.

#### FIRE FIGHTING.

SCHOOL OF INSTRUCTION FOR FIREMEN, Fire Dept., Brighton, Sussex.-C. Birch, Chief Fire Officer.

FORESTRY.

Diploma Courses. — The Universities giving Diploma Courses in Forestry are Oxford, Cambridge, Wales (Baugor) and Edinburgh.
IMPERIAL FORESTRY INSTITUTE, Oxford.—
Director, Prof. R. S. Troup, C.I.E., D.Sc., F.R.S.

CAMBRIDGE .- School of Forestry BANGOR.-Univ. Coll. of N. Wales.

EDINBURGH.-Coll. of Forestry.

#### GEOGRAPHY.

Degree and Diploma Courses .- Liverpool and Birmingham give Degree Courses in Geography; Diploma Courses at Oxford, Cambridge, London, Leeds, Liverpool, Manchester, Wales (Aberyst-wyth) and Edinburgh.

# JOURNALISM.

LONDON UNIVERSITY. Courses in Journalism are provided by the University in co-operation with University College, Gower Street, King's College, Strand, or Bedford College, Regents Park.

LONDON SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM, 57 Gordon Square, W.C. 1.—Principal, Sir Max Pember-

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Degree Courses.—The Universities giving Degree Courses in Law (which do not entitle the holder to practise either as Barrister or Solicitor) are Oxford, Cambridge, London, Durham, Birmingham, Liverpool, Manchester, Leeds, Sheffield, Wales, Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Belfast and Dublin. Qualifications for Barrister are obtainable only at one of the Inns of Court or Faculty of Advocates; for Solicitor, from the Law Society or its equivalent in Scotland or Ireland.

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K.C., LL. M.

K.C., I.L.M.
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Hindu & Muhammadan Law (Lecturer), S. G.

Vesey FitzGerald, M.A. FACULTY OF ADVOCATES.

(Parliament Square, Edinburgh.)

[Admission as an Advocate of the Scottish Bar is by petition to the Court of Session. The candidate is remitted for examination to the Faculty of Advocates.]

of Advocates.]
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Vice-Dean, J. S. Leadbetter, K.C.
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Clerk of Faculty, J. R. Wardlaw Burnet.
Agent, William C. Johnston, D.K.S.

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Admission to the Bar of Northern Ireland is controlled by the Honourable Society of the Inn of Court of Northern Ireland (established Jan. 11, 1926), the Royal Courts of Justice (Ulster), Belfast.—Treasurer (until Dec. 21, 1932). The Hon. Mr. Justice Megaw, Under Treas, and Libraran, A. Newton Anderson. The Scotety of King's Inn, Dublin, controls admissions to the Even State Rev. the Free State Bar.

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## (100-113 Chancery Lane, W.C. s.)

[The Society controls the education and examination of articled clerks, and the admission of solicitors in England and Wales. Number of

members, 10,505.]
President, 1933-34, Sir Reginald Poole, B.A.
Vice-President, H. R. Blaker. Secretary, Edmund Ralph Cook, C.B.R.

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subjects; and the classes are open to all students, whether articled clerks or otherwise, on payment of the prescribed fees. Studentships of 400 per annum are offered by the Council each year.

#### Poor Persons Committee.

Room 785, Royal Courts of Justice, W.C. 2. The Poor Persons Committee for London is a Committee formed by the Law Society.—Secretary, Adrian Hassard-Short.

SOCIETY OF WRITERS TO H M. SIGNET.

(Parliament Square, Edinburgh.)

[Writers to the Signet are authorised to append to their names the letters W.S.]

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burgh.

LAW SOCIETY OF IRELAND.

The Incorporated Law Society of Ireland keeps a register of Solicitors in the Irish Free State. Secretary, W. G. Wakely, Solicitors' Buildings, Four Courts, Dublin.

#### LIBRARIANSHIP.

UNIV. OF LONDON SCHOOL OF LIBRARIAN-SHIP, University College, Gower St., W.C z.— Director, R. A. Baker, D.Lit. LIBRARY ASSOCIATION, Chauver House, Malet Place, W.C. z.—Se., P. S. J. Welsford, F.I.S.A.

#### MASSAGE.

CHARTERED SOCIETY OF MASSAGE AND MEDI-CAL GYMNASTICS, Tavistock House (North), Tavistock Square, W.C.1.—Sec., Miss W. Young, M.B.E., M.A., B.Sc.; Facamanations Sec., Miss H. Butchard.

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Medical Study may be followed at most of the Universities and all the recognised Medical Schools in the British Isles. Medical and Surgical Degrees are conferred by nearly every University, and qualifications by the various Medical Colleges and Corporations.

GENERAL MEDICAL COUNCIL, 44 Hallam St., W. z.—President, Sir Norman Walker, M.D., Registrars: England, Michael Hesseldine, C.B. Scottand, Thomas H. Graham, O.B.R., zz Queen Street, Edinburgh; Ireland, Richard J. E. Roe,

35 Dawson Street, Dublin.

Any unregistered person practising as an Any infreguered person practising as an Apotheory is liable to a penalty under the Apotheories Act, 1813. The use by infreguered persons of any title implying registration, or that they are recognised by law, is made an offence by the Medical Act, 1828. No infreguered by the Medical Act, 1828. No infreguered by the Medical Act, 1828, and the second can give a valid certificate required by the medical act and the second can be acted to the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical act of the medical law or hold an appointment at a hospital or on a ship, &c., or obtain dangerous drugs or treat venereal disease.

GENERAL NURSING COUNCIL FOR ENGLAND AND WALES, so Portland Place, W. z.—Chair-man, Miss Ellen Mary Musson, C.B.E., R.R.C., LL.D.; Registrar, Miss Marian Scott Riddell,

CERTRAL MIDWIVES BOARD, r Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, S.W. r.—Chairman, J. S. Fair-bairn, M. B., F.R.C.P., F.R.C.S., F.C.O.G.; Secretary, H. G. Westley, M.A., LL.B.

MEDICAL SCHOOLS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S HOSPITAL AND COLLEGE. Clinical practice comprises a service of 785 beds. -Unincat practice comprises a service of 980 costs.
Number of cases in 1938: in-patients, 11,45:;
out-patients, 90,395. 85 house appointments
(37 resident) annually. Over 600 clinical appointments available annually for students.
Scholarships and prizes to the total value of over

f., soo awarded each year. Dean of the Medical College, W. Girling Ball, F.R.C.S. LONDON HOSPITAL MEDICAL COLLEGE AND DENTAL SCHOOL.—The largest general hospital in England; 843 heds; in-patients 1938, 14,634; out-patients, roz, ag; attendances, soz, a68; over 170 appointments are made annually from students of the College recently qualified. Resident appointments carry board and residence. Research Funds to the value of appointments of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of the college of proximately £113,000. Scholarships to the value of £1,000. Prizes are awarded annually, including 6 entrance scholarships of the value of £706.—Dean, Prof. William Wright, D.Sc.; Sec., E J. Burdon.

GUY'S HOSPITAL. - Number of beds in constant occupation, 649. Number of new out-patients in 1932, 113,273. Clinical clerkships and dresserships held by all students. 73 House appointments open to qualified students; resident appointments carry free board and residence. Scholarments carry free board and residence. Scholarships and Prizes amounting in all to nearly \$1.000 are awarded annually. Residential college and club for students, adjoining the hospital.—Dran, Prof. T. B. Johnston, M.B., Ch.B.; Sub-Dran, J. J. Conybeare, M.D.; Sec., J. H. E. Winston
ST THOMAS'S HOSPITAL. (Founded 1888)—
644 beds; numeroms prizes and scholarships; 50 house appointments and clinical assistantships one to qualified students twice vearly:

so noise appointments and timized assistant-ships open to qualified students twice yearly; clinical clerkships and dresserships are held without extra fees. The School Buildings are among the most complete in London. Fees, £50 per annum. A Residential ('lub includes dining, club, reading and billiard rooms, as well as resident accommodation for 60 students .-Medical Sec., R. J. C. Thompson, C.M.G., D.S.O., M.D., M.R.C.P.
ST GEORGE'S HOSPITAL MEDICAL SCH.—Beds,

436, including 100 convalencent beds at Wimbledon. Numerous scholarships, &c., and a registrarships value £300 per annum.-Dean, Anthony

Feiling, M.D.

MIDDLESEX HOSPITAL .- Number of beds, 470. MIDDIMEX HOSPITAL.—Number of beds, 470.
Two entrance scholarships, value £roo each, also two of £90 and £60 for students of Oxford and Cambridge Universities. Total value of scholarships and prizes awarded annually exceeds £1,000.—Dean, T. Izod Bennett, M.D., F.R.O.P.; Secretary, R. A. Foley.

ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL -Number of heds, 370. In-patients 1932, 5,341. Out-patients 1932, 41,344. Five entrance scholarships, value £250 to £300, awarded annually in July.—Dean, Dr. C. M. Wilson; Sec. B. E. Matthews, B.A.

CHARING CROSS HOSPITAL MEDICAL SCHOOL— Number of beds, 300. In-patients 1938, 5,400; Out-patients, 28,500—Dean, Eric A. Crook, M.A., M.ch., F.R.C.S.

M.Oh., F.R.O.S.
WESTMINSTER HOSPITAL.—Beds, 240.—Dean,
Sir Stanley Woodwark, C.M.G., C.E.E., M.D.
UNIVERSITY COLLEGE HOSPITAL MEDICAL
SCHOOL, University St., W.C. z.—240 beds. A
School of Final Medical Studies. Recently the
recipient from the Rockfeller Foundation of

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—Dean, A. M. H. Gray, C.B.R. M.D., F.R.C.P.,

F.R.C.S.; Sec., R. Sloley; Vice-Dean, Gwynne
Williams, M.S., F.R.C.S.; Sub-Dean (for Dental
Students), J. L. Dudley Buxton, L.M.S.S.A., L.D.S.

KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL (Medical and Dental)

Schools), Denmark Hill, S.E. 5.—Number of beds,

Schools), Denmark Hill, S.E. 5.—Number of beds, \$84. Entrance Scholarships of a total value of \$1,530 are offered annually. Four tutors and six Registrars are appointed annually, and 30 Resident Medical Officers.—Dean, J. A. Drake, M.D.; Sec., S. C. Ranner, M.A. LISTER INST. OF PERVENTIVE MEDICINE, Chelsea Bridge Road, S.W. z (Sloane 2181).—Director, Prof. J. C. G. Ledingham, C.M.G., M.E. LONDON (ROYAL FREE HOSFITAL) SCHOOL OF MEDICINE FOR WOMEN, 8 Hunter St., Brunswick Sq., W.C.—Scholarships of the annual value of Sq., W.C.-Scholarships of the annual value of over £1,900 are awarded each year. Clinical work is carried out at the Royal Free and various Special Hospitals. Many appointments open to qualified students. Students' chambers are provided in connexion with Medical School .-Dean, Miss Bolton, M.D., B.S.; Warden and Sec, Miss L. M. Brooks.

Sec., Miss I. M. Brooks,
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Bacteriology.—One year's course. Epidemiology
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ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL COLLEGE, Millbank, S.W. z.—Commdt., Maj.-Gen. R. B Ainsworth, D S.O., O.B E., K.H.P.

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College, Greenwich, S.E. zo. Director of Medical Studies, Surgeon Capt. S. Bradbury, M.B., R.N.

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Bristol, Royal Infirmary and General Hospital. Bristol University. Cambridge University.
Cardiff, Welsh National School of Medicine.
Durham University. Edinburgh University. Edinburgh University.
Glasgow, Anderson's College Medical School.
Glasgow, St. Mungo's College.
Glasgow, Western Medical School.
Ireland, Dublin University.
Ireland, National University.
Ireland, Queen's University.
Leeds University.
Liverpool, Royal Infirmary.
Liverpool, Royal Southern Hospital
Liverpool University.
Manchester University.
Manchester University. Manchester University. Newcastle, Durham College of Medicine. Norfolk and Norwich Hospital, Norwich. North Staffordshire Infirmary, Hartshill. Oxford University.
Royal College of Physicians, Ireland.
Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Scotland, Universities of. Sheffield University. Wales, University of. Wolverhampton and Stafford General Hospital.

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Chaplain, Rev. C. C. A'B. Thacker, O.B.E., M.A. ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE,

SANDHURRY (1799).
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K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.
Adjutant. Capt. N. W. Gwatkin.
Quarter-Master, Majort G. Upton, O.B.E., D.C.M.
Official Expertation Capt. Surf. W. Manufal. Pr.

Offr. i. /c. Equitation, Capt. Sir T. F. Meyrick, Bt. Medical Officer, Lt.-Col. E. Gibbon, O.B.E., M.B., R.A.M.C.

M.B., R.A.M.C.
Chaplain, Rev. T. W. Heale, M.A., C.F.
DUKE OF YORK'S ROYAL MILITARY
SCHOOL, Dover.
Commandant, Lt.-Col. H. S. Poyntz, D.S.O.,

A. E.C. Servetary, Major H. Jordison, D.C.M.

Headmaster, Major W. de B. Wood, M.A., A.E.C.

Officer Instructor, Capt. G. W. S. Brown, M.B.E.,

A.E.C. QUEEN VICTORIA SCHOOL

Dunblane, Scotland.
Commandant, Col. S. A. Innes, D.S.O.
Headmaster, Capt. W. H. Williams, A.E.C.
ARMY SCHOOL OF EDUCATION,

Shorncliffe.
Commandant, Lt.-Col. J. H. Gettins, O.B.E. D.S.O., B.A.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COLLEGE OF PRECEPTORS, Bloomsbury Square, W.C. z. All persons engaged in education who have been registered by the Teachers Registration Council or have passed an examination satisfactory to the Conneil are admissible as members Diplomas granted are F.C.P., L C P., and A.C P.

President, (vacant).
Dean, Herbert Ward, C.B.E, M.A., F.C.P.
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This is one of our great National Institutions, where Sailors, Soldiers and Airmeu can go when on leave or passing through London; a place where they may obtain at moderate charges good meals and comfortable bedrooms and where they find the usual amenities of a club, including Library and Writing Room, Billiard Room, Baths, Barber's Shop, and also a Club Shop in which articles of everyday use and almost everything that Service men require may be purchased. The Club is open throughout the day and night.

The Union Jack Club was erected by public subscription as a National Memorial to those who had fallen in the South African War, and other campaigns, and was opened on July 1st, 1907, by His late Majesty King Edward VII. Memberahip is open to those below the rank of Officer who are serving on the Active Last of the Regular Porces, honorary membership being extended to the Colonial Permanent Forces and to the Navies, Armies and Air Forces of Foreign Powers visiting England. A limited number of ex-Service Warrant Officers, Petty Officers, N.C.

officers and men may also be elected members of the Club.

The Club is managed by a Council and a General Committee, which includes representatives of the members.

A considerable extension of the Club with funds raised in all parts of the Empire to commemorate the services of our gallant fig'iting forces in the Great War of 1914-18 and to provide mereased accommodation was completed in 1923.

Since read the Council has been enabled, through the anonymous gift of one of its nembers, still further to enlarge the premises, bringing the number of beds available to 816, as against the original so8 when the Club opened.

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Exton Street, Waterloo Road, S.E. r. Tel.: Hop. 2724. Opened June, 1913.

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THE HEADMASTERS' CONFERENCE.—Chairman | meetings are, as a rule, held in December, alter-933) Dr. C. Norwood (Harrow); Seys, W. A. ulkeley-Evans, C.B.R., Ll.D., 5 Paper Buildings, emple, E.C. 4.—The Headmasters Conference | University town.

NOTES:—(a) "Annual Fees" represent the average amount payable annually, exclusive of fees for optional subjects; the fees quoted are the total amount for boarding and tuition, except where marked D. The accepted practice is for a term's notice to be given before a boy is withdrawn, and a term's fee is usually payable if a withdrawal takes place without notice.

a withdrawal takes place without notice.

(b) "Headmaster." In certain Schools other titles prevail, e.g., Beaumont, "Rector"; Belfast Academical, "Principal"; Dulwich, "Master"; Edinburgh Academy, "Rector"; Glenalmond, "Warden"; Halleybury, "Muster"; King William's, I. of Man, "Principal"; Liverpool College, "Principal"; Magdalen Coll. Sch., "Master"; Manchester Gr., "High Master"; Marihorough, "Mnster"; Radley, "Warden"; St. Columba, Dublin, "Warden"; St. Edward's, Oxford, "Warden"; St. Paul's, "High Master"; Stonyhurst, "Rector"; Victoria College, Jersey, "Principal"; Wellington, "Master"

Name of School.	F'ded.	No of Boys	Annual Fees. See note (a), D = Day Boys.	Headmaster. See note (b).
England and Wales,	1			
Abingdon, Berks	1372	145	£98D£30	W. M. Grundy,
Aldenham, Elstree, Herts	1597	245	7.122D7.54	G. A. Riding.
Alleyn's Dulwich, S.E. 22	1619	780	£123D£54	R. B. Henderson.
Ampleforth (R C.), York	1802	300	£158	Rev. V. P. Nevill, O.S.B.
Ardingly Coll., Sussey	1858	100	£100D£30	Rev. E. C. Crosse, D.S.O., M.O.
Bancroft's, Woodford Green, Essex		370	£70 D£36	T. G. Wells.
Battersea Gr. Sch., S.W. 11		3/0	£/0	H. R. Ellis.
Beaumont (R.C.), Old Windsor	1861	350	Corn	Rev. W. J. Weld, S.J.
Bedford School	1552	895	£157D£30	H. Grose-Hodge
Bedford Modern School	1566	600	£90D£12-20	H. W. Liddle.
Berkhamsted, Herts			£120D£12-20	C. Machell ('ox.
Birkenhead, Cheshire	1542	530	£95D£30	W. F. Bushell.
Bishops' Stortford Coll., Herts	1868	400	*************************************	H. L. Price.
Blackburn Gr. School		350	£126D£32	
	1567	560		A. Holden.
Blind College, Worcester	-06-		C	G. C. Brown.
Bloxham, Banbury, Ovou	x860	140	£110	V. L. Armitage.
Blundell's, Tiverton	1004	305	£139D£16 D£24 £159-165D£43	A. R. Wallace.
Bolton	1524	340	·····································	F. R. Poskitt.
Bootham, York	1823	148	女159-165D长43	D. Gray.
Bradfield, Berks	1850	330	#. I 50	E. E. A. Whitworth, M.C.
Bradford Gr., Yorks	1668	730	D£az-a6 £8aD£ao	W. Edwards, Litt.D.
Brentwood	¥557	740	£83	J. F. Hough.
Bridlington School		1 _		W. Parkinson, M.C.
Brighton College, Sussex	1847	380	£150D£60	Rev. A. H. Belcher.
Bristol Gr	1538	800	£80 D£18-21	J. E. Barton.
Bromsgrove, Worcester	1527	300	£140 D£40	D. J. Walters, M.C.
Bury Gr., Lancs	1615	312	£97D£,23	L. R. Strangeways.
Cambridge and County High Sch.	1900	450	D£12-17	A. B. Mayne.
Canford, Wimborne, Dorset	1983	336	£158	Rev. C. B. Canning.
Caterham, Surrey	1811	300	£110 D£32	A. P. Mottram.
Charterhouse, Godalming	1611	620	£175	Frank Fletcher.
Cheltenham	1841	640	£162D£54	R. V. H. Roseveare, M.C.
Chigwell, Essex	1609	240	£99D£89	E. H. Stewart Walde.
Christ Coll., Brecon	2541	120	£103D£37	Rev. Arthur D. James.
Christ's Hospital, Horsham	1558	833		H. L. O. Flecker.
City of London, E.C. 4	2442	770	D£32	F. R. Dale, D.S.O., M.C.
Clifton College, Bristol	186a	718	£173D£68	N. Whatley,
Coatham, Redcar, Yorks	1700	300	£88D£14	Rev. H. D. Littler.
Cranbrook, Keut	1500	180	£78-100 D£12	C. Russell Scott.
Cranleigh, Surrey	1863	300	£150D7.50	Rev. D. G. Loveday.
Crypt, Gloucester	1539	300	£150D£50	D. G. Williams.
Dartmouth (R. N. Coll.)	1903	374		E. W. E. Kempson, M.C.

Name of School,	F'ded.	No. of Boys.	Annual Fees. See note (a). D=Day Boys.	Headmaster. See note (b).
Dauntsey's, Devizes	7842	180	from	G. W. Olive.
Dean Close, Cheltenham	1543 1886	240	£100	P. Bolton.
Denstone, Staffs	x873	<b>28</b> 0	±, 120	Rev. T. Allen Moxon.
Denstone, Staffs	1615	130	£120	Rev. W. I. Rice, O.S.B.
Dover, Kent	1871	#30	£114-135 D£33-45	W. S. Lee, J.P. Rev. R. S. Trafford.
Downside (R.C.), Bath	1605	240	Lyna	Rev. R. S. Trafford.
Durbam College, S.E. 27	1619	790	£150 D£45 £120 D£62 £148 D£59 £105 D£45 D£22	W. R. Booth.
Eastbourne, Sussex	1414	150	大120 ···· · リ大02	Rev. H. K. Luce. G. V. Carey.
Ellegmere Coll. Shronshite	1884	300	£ 105 1) £ 45	Rev. A. B. Billen, D.D.
Ellesmere Coll., Shropshire Emanuel Sch., S.W. zz	1594	550	D£22	C. G. M. Broom.
Epsom, Surrey	1853	430	£135-155 D£57	Rev. A. C. Powell, O.B E.
Epsom, Surrey Eton College, Windsor	1440	1155	£135-155D£57	C. A. Elliott, O.B.E.
Exeter, Devon	z633	245	£100D£26	J. L. Andrews.
Feisted, Essex	1564	360	£115-135 D£20	Rev. K. F. J. Bickersteth, M.C.
Framlingham Coll., Suffolk .	z865	170	£105 D£24	W. H. A. Whitworth, M.C.
Giggleswick, York Gresham's, Holt, Norfolk	1512	180	<b>タエネロリ</b> よ30	E. H. Partridge.
Hubardashare' Asba's & W -	1555 1690	264 600	\$25 \$100	J. R. Eccles. Rev. F. J. Kemp.
Haberdashers' Aske's, N.W. z Haileybury, Herts	1862	530	£150	J Talbot T D
Harrow	1571	650	\$150	J. Talbot, T.D. C. Norwood, D.Litt. J. H. E. Crees, D.Litt. J. A. H. Johnston, D.Sc. H. B. Shaw.
Hereford Sch	1381	170	7.08D7.33	J. H. E. Crees, D. Litt.
Highgate, Middlesex	1565	68o	£135-150 D£50 60	J. A. H. Johnston, p.sc.
Hulme Gr. Sch , Oldham		300	D£13-26	H. B. Shaw.
Hulme Gr. Sch , Oldham Hurstpierpoint, Sussex	' z848	140	£135D£45	Rev. H. Bernard Tower. W. V. Cavill, M. C.
Hymers Coll . Hull	x887	520	£77D£17	W. V. Cavill, M.C.
Imperial Service Coll., Windsor	1912	363	£105-125 . D£13 £88D£24 £123D£30 D£24-54	E. G. A. Beckwith, J.P.
Ipswich, Suffolk	1380	330	表88	T. Tanqueray.
Kelly Coll., Tavistock	. 1877	120	£123	Rev. N. Miller. E. T. England.
King Edward VI Southennton	1552	550 424		G. Clifford Harper.
King Edward's, Birmingham King Edward VI, Southampton . King Edward VI, Stafford	1553	300	±130	F. T. Nott.
King's College Sch., Wimbledon .	1020	580	£130 D£40	H. Lionel Rogers.
King's Sch., Bruton	1519	110	£88-100 1) £35-27	C. H. Tremlett.
King's Sch., Canterbury	1541	267	£.137Df.54	N. P. Birley, D.S.O., M.C. C W. Baty.
King's Sch., Canterbury King's Sch., Chester	1541	266	£84-881)£18-22	C W. Baty.
Kings' Sch., Ely	<b>1543</b>	170	£78 D£18	Rev Canon T. J. Kirkland.
King's Sch., Rochester King's Sch., Worcester	1542	170	£83-103D£28	Rev. W. Parker, B D.
King's Sch., Worcester	1541	200	£83-103	Rev. C. Creighton.
Kingswood, Bath	1748	295	5110· 1/548-54	A.B. Sackett, M c. Rev. J. H. S. Bailey, D.D. C. H. Blakiston.
Lancaster (Royal Gr. Sch.)	1471 1848	320	£162	C H Rinkiston
Lancing Coll., Sussex Leatherhead, Surrey	1851	235	7770	J. S. Carter
Leeds Gr. Sch	1552	665	£110	J. S. Carter. T. Thomas, Ph.D.
Leeds Gr. Sch	1890	145	£.157 180 D £.50	E. B. Castle.
Leys Sch., Cambridge Liverpool Coll Liverpool Coll. Collegiate Sch	1875	250	£157·189D£50	Rev. H. Bisseker. Rev. R. W. Howard.
Liverpool Coll	<b>x84</b> 0	410	£118 D£46	Rev. R. W. Howard.
Liverpool Coll. Collegiate Sch	٠	1		A. M. Gibson.
Llandovery Coll	1848	140	£81 D£15 £90D£86 £162 D£60 D£30	Rev. T. Walker Thomas.
Magdalen Coll. Sch., Oxford	1480	170	<b>夕</b> 92 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	R. Kennard Davis.
Malvern, Worcestershire	x865	500	£102 125,00	F. S. Preston. Douglas G. Miller.
Manchester Gr. Sch	1515	1	2,30	T. Dennis.
Marlborough, Wilts	1843	740	£135-185	G. C. Turner, M.C.
Merchant Taylors', Sandy Lodge.	1561	500	£135 D£45	Spencer Leeson.
Merchant Taylors', Sandy Lodge. Merchant Taylors', Crosby, I and	1620	560	£95 D£22	Rev. C. F Russell.
Mill Hill, N. W. 7.,	2807	441	£95 D£22 £160	M. L. Jacks.
Monkton Combe, Bath	1 x868	250	£120-130 1)£45	Rev. E. Hayward
Monmouth Sch	1615	*35	\( \frac{100}{2} \)   \( \frac{150}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \frac{15}{2} \)   \( \f	C. Fairfax Scott.
Newcastle upon Tyne (Royal Gr)	1545	750	1,₹30	E. R. Thomas. T. Stinton.
Newcastle-under-Lyme (High)	1874	410	本77 ··································	David J. Llove
Newport, Mon. (High) Northampton Sch		406	C-6 1)7-4	W C C Cooke
Norwich Sch	1541 1547	590 240	770-80 D7-	T. W. G. Acland
Nottingham High Sch	1513	500	D7.20	C. L. Reynolds.
Uakhan	TERA	840	£102-109 D£28	F. C. Doherty, M.B.E.
Oundle, Northants	1556	583	£180	David J. Lloyd, W. C. C. Cooke, T. W. G. Acland, C. L. Reynolds, F. C. Doherty, M.B.E. K. Fisher, Ph.D. Pay H. A. Abbott
Palmer's Sch., Grays, Essex	1706	500	£60D£12	
Oundle, Northants.  Palmer's Sch., Grays, Essex  Perse, Cambridge  Peter Symonds's, Winchester	1615	330	£186	H. A. Wootton. P. T. Freeman, M.B.E., Ph.D.
rever symonds's, Winchester	1 1607	450	' £05 £15	P. T. Freeman, M.B.E., Ph.D.

436 Headmasters' Conference Schools.						
Name of School.	Fded.	No. of Boys.	Annual Fees. See note (a). D=Day Roys.	Headmaster, See note (b).		
Plymouth College Portsmouth Gr. Sch	1854	440	£93 D£27	H. W. Kalph.		
Portsmouth Ur. Sch	1732 1554	540 525	£90 D£23-25	Rev. Canon W. J. Barton. II. M. Butler.		
Queen Mary's, Walsali . Radley Coll., Abingdon	1847	275	£.x8<	Rev. W. H. Ferguson.		
Reading Sch., Derks	1120	580	£ 86 1)£ 25-26	G. H. Keeton. J. T. Christie.		
Repton Sch., Derby	1557	410	£.168	J. T. Christie.		
Rossall, Fleetwood, Lanes	1844	300 640	#.145	H. G. M. Clarke.		
Rugby Rydal, Colwyn I'ay	1885	200	£.126	Rev. A J Costain.		
St. Albans, Herts	948	450	£126 D£18	H. G. M. Clarke, P. H. B. Lyon, M.C. Rev. A J Costain. W. T. March.		
St. Bees', Cumberland	1583	152	1 £.120 D £.43 .	. L. A. Bell.		
St Edmund's Canterbury	1749	140				
St. Edward's, Oxford	1863 1906	370	£130 D£60 :	Rev. H. E. Kendall, O.B.E.		
St. Lawrence, Ramsgate	1879	310	£116 D£31 42 £120D£38	Rev. C. Grant. Rev. B. V. F. Brackenbury.		
St. Olave's. Tower Bridge, S.E. z.	1571		D£11.25	H. G. Abel.		
St. Olave's, Tower Bridge, S.E. z. St. Paul's, W. Kensington, W. 14.	1509	471 680	£145	John Bell.		
St. Peter's, York		250	Z116D£34	S M. Toyne.		
Sedbergh, Yorks	1525		£150 ·	G. B. Smith.		
Sherborne, Dorset	1550		£165D£72 £180D£44	C. L. F. Boughey.		
Strewsbury	1552		£90 D£14-19	H. H. Hardy, M.B.E. Rev. J. D. Day.		
Shrewsbury		1	1	C. H. Gilkes.		
Stonyhurst (R.C.), Blackburn, Lancs	1592		£150	Rev R D O'Connor s t		
Stowe, Bucks	1983	500	£189	Rev. E. D. O'Connor, S.J. J. F. Roxburgh, T. M. James.		
Sutton Valence, Maidstone	1576	200		T M. James.		
Taunton, Somerset	1847	700 470	カクフ 111 リカリック	H. Nicholson, H. N. P. Sloman, M.C.		
Trent College, Derbyshire	1553 1866	200	₹142 · · · 1/202	G. F. Bell, M.C.		
University Coll. Sch., N.W. 3	1830	525	1			
Uppingham, Rutland	1584	500	£186	Rev. H. R. Owen.		
Wakefield Gr. Sch., Yorks	1591		£75 D£23	Rev. H. R. Owen. A. J. Spilsbury. F. Wilkinson. E. Percival Smith.		
Wallasey Gr. Sch		750		F. Wilkinson.		
Warwick	1704	700	た84-92 シチュ5-20	E. Reynolds.		
Watford Gr. Sch , Herts Wellingborough, Northauts	1595	267	£84-92 D£15-18 D£18 £102 D£24	E. Reynolds.		
Wellington, Berks	1853	650	£125-175	L. de O. Tollemache. F. B. Malim.		
Wellington Sch., Somerset		1	1	G. Corner.		
Westminster, Dean's Yard, S.W.z.	1339	365	£170 D£75	Rev. H. Costley-White, D.D.		
Weymouth, Dorset	1863	190	£110D£54	A. G. Pite, M.C.		
Whitgift, Croydon	1304		1 4.20	R. Gurner, M.C. Rev. A. T. P. Williams, D.D.		
Winchester	1394	470 520	±,200 D.£.20	warren Derry.		
Worrester (Royal Gr.)	1200	430	£300 D£30 £83 D£15	H. R. Pullinger.		
Worcester (Royal Gr.) Worksop, Notts Wrekin, Wellington, Shropshire	1805	360	£,120-130	Rev. F. J. Shirley, Ph.D.		
Wrekin, Wellington, Shropshire	OSSI	310	£x58	1 W. M. Gordon.		
Wycliffe Coll., Stonehouse	1882		Z96-114D£30-36	W. A. Sibly, J.P.		
Wyggeston Sch., Leicester	1564	940		T. Kıngdom.		
Scotland.	1 '	1	1	1		
The Edinburgh Academy	1824	570	£135-144 D£42-45	A. L. F. Smith, C.B.E., M.V.O.		
Fettes, Edinburgh	1870	260	£160	A. L. F. Smith, C.B.E., M.V.O. A. H. Ashcroft, D.S.O.		
George Watson's Coll., Edinburgh	1871	1350	D£13-33	G. Robertson.		
Loretto, near Edinburgh	1027	170	£,100	J. R. C. Greeniees, D.S.O.		
Merchiston Castle, Edinburgh Trinity College, Glenalmond	1833 1841	200	£165	Rev. Canon F. W. Matheson,		
	,		£,59	M.B.E.		
Northern Ireland.	1 . 1	1'	1	1		
Campbell Coll., Belfast Portora Royal Sch., Enniskillen Royal Academical Instn., Belfast	1894	285	£100 D£35 £108D£14-19 D£19	W. D. Gibbon, D.S.O., M.C.		
Portora Royal Sch., Euniskinen	1618	187	£108 D£14-19	Rev. E. G. Seale.		
	1870	630		G. Garrou.		
Irish Free State.	1 1	1		•		
St. Columba's, Dublin	1843	100	£100	Rev. C. W. Sowby.		
Channel Islands.	1 /	1 '	1	i		
	1563	300	£84-04 D.f.30	Rev. F. Hardy, LL.D.		
Elizabeth Coll., Guernsey Victoria Coll., Jersey	1852	230	£85-97 D£18-30	Rev. F. Hardy, LL.D. J. H. Gummett.		
Isle of Man.	1	1 - 1	1	1		
King William's Coll	1668	196	£108-116 D£30	Daw A H Harris		
Will at Hittern a Acres	1000	- 190	\$100 100 PAS.	. Kev. G. H. Haires		

# Public Schools in the British Dominions. Note.—Those marked with an asterisk (*) are "Headmasters' Conference Schools."

AVIII - MICHOLD HILLIAND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND								
Name of School,	F'ded.	No. of Boys.	Annual Fees. See note (a). D=Day Roys	Headmaster. See note (b).				
*St. Andrew's Coll., Aurora, Ont. *Trinity Coll., Port Hope, Out *Upper Canada Coll , Toronto Australia.	1899 1865 1829	150 255 620	\$750 D\$250 £165 \$750 D\$250	Rev. D. B. Macdonald, LL.D. Rev. F. G. Orchard, D.D. W. L. Grant, LL.D.				
N.S.W. —  *Armidale Sch., Armidale  *C. of E. Gr. Sch., North Sydney  *King's Sch., Parramatta  *Newington Coll., Stammore  St. Ignatius Coll. (R.C.), Sydney  St. Joseph's Coll. (R.C.), Sydney  The Scots College, Sydney  Sydney Gr. Sch., Sydney	1889 1832 1863 1880 1881 1892 1854	550 400 319 250 270 425 500	£118 D£36 £126 D£39 £101 D£39 £105 D£37 £70 D£38 £114 D£31	Rev. H. Sanger. L. C. Robson, M.C. Rev. C. T. Parkinson. P. R. Le Couteur. Rev. L. G. Loughnan, S.J. Rev M. Placid. J. Bee. H. S. Dettmann.				
Victoria.—  *C. of E. Gr. Sch., Melbourne  *Geelong Coll., Geelong  *Geelong Gr. Sch., Corio  *Scotch Coll., Melbourne  *Wasley Coll., Melbourne  *Xavier Coll. (R.C.), Melbourne  South Australia:—	1858 1861 1857 1851 1865 1878	580 300 400 1201 510 430	138 D£45 125 D£35 141 D£48 128 D£38 128 D£38 128 D£36	R. P. Franklin. Rev. W. F. Rolland, MsO J. R. Darling. W. S. Littlejohn, LL. D. II. J. Stewart. Rev. E. Frost, S.J.				
*Collegiate Sch. of St. Peter, Adelaide  *Prince Alfred Coll., Kent Town  *Scotch Coll., Mutcham King's Coll., Kensington Christian Brothers' Coll., Rostrevor	1847 1869  1924	560 425  125	£116 D£35 £81-105D£18-27 £90 D£24 £75 D£15	J. H. Hill (acting), J. F. Ward. N. M. A. Gratton, K. W. H. Smith.				
Sacred Heart Coll. Glenelg  Western Australia  *Guildford Gr. Sch  Hale Coll., Perth  Scotch Coll., Claremont  Wesley Coll., Perth  Christian Brothers Coll., Petth	1895 1858 1857 1922 1896	200	£100 D£27 £34 D£10 £81 D£24 £100 D£25 £566 D£20	Rev. R. E. Freeth. Dr. M. Arnold Buntine. P. C. Anderson. Dr. J. I. Rossiter. W. I. Power.				
Tasmania — Hutchins Sch., Hobart  New Zealand. *Auckland, Gr. Sch	1869		D£11	H. J. D. Mahon.				
*Auckland, King's Coll  *Christchurch, Christ's (oll  Nelson College, Nelson  Otago High Sch., Dunedin  *Timaru High Sch  *Waitaki High Sch., Janaru.  *Wanganui Collegiate	1914 1850 1856 1863  1878 1852	304 450 760  450 200		Rev. H. K. Archdall. R. J. Richards. C. H. Broad. W. J. Morrell. W. Thomas. F. Milner, C.M.G. J. Allen.				
Union of South Africa.  *8t. Andrew's Coll., Grahamstown  *Diocesan Coll., Rondesbosch  *8t. John's Coll., Johannesberg  *Michaelhouse, Balgowan, Natal  West Indies.	1854 1849 1898 1896	300 460 480 228	£120 D£40 £108 D£30 £130 D£32 £120	Rev. C. B Armstrong. Rev. R. H. C. Birt. Rev. C. H.S. Runge, D.S.O., M.G. R. F. Currey, M.O.				
*Harrison Coll., Barbados	1733		D£15	H. N. Haskell.				

Notes:—(a) "Annual Fees" represent the series of titles prevail, e.g., St. Paul's, "High Mistress"; fees for optional subjects.

(b) "Headmistress." In certain Schools other titles prevail, e.g., St. Paul's, "High Mistress"; fees for optional subjects.

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School	Fded	No. of Girls.	Annual Fees, See note (a) D = Day (iirls.	Headmistress. See Note (b).
Abbey Sch., Reading	1887 1883	210 170	£95 1141)£16-32 £110 1)£30 £120-158	H. E. Musson, J.P. M. Spurling. B. M. Baker.
Bristol.	1864	230	f.20-150	E. Steel, O.B E.
	1882 1882	595 300	£991)£12-24	K. M. Westaway, D Litt. B. A. Tonkin.
	1983	360	£190	C. M. Sheldon. C. F. Mackenzie.
Beverley, East Yorks	1908	160 320	£60 1)£13-16 1)£13	E. H. Sandford. A. B. Dawson.
Blackburn, Notre Dame Sch. (R.C.)	1848	285 300	1950	B. M. Robinson. M. Swift.
Bournemouth Collegiate	1904 1899	400 100	£126-135 D£26-32 £101D£26	M. H. Meade. M. Davie.
Bournemouth High Bradford Girls' Gr	1886	430 530		C. F. Stocks. M. A. Hooke.
Brentwood, Ursulme High Sch. (R.C.). Burton-on-Trent High	1875	450 370	た75 リよ15 リよ16	Mmc. Ursula Schoenen. E. H. Linnell.
Canterbury, Simon Langton's	1881	170	£63-106	N. Campling. D. de B. Dobson.
Cavendish High, Buxton Cheltenham Ladies' College . Christ's Hospital, Hertford	1853	850 880	£75	Ada F. Evans. B. M. Sparks. N. C. Craig.
Church Education Corporation (34, Denison House, Westminster, S.W. x):	1552	200	21 to to £40	C. Claig.
Bedgebury Park, Goudhurst Sandecotes, Parkstone	1920	90 80	£185-200£36	E. Bickersteth. M. C. Harding.
Uplands, St. Leonards-on-Sea Church Schools Company (Church House,	1903	100	£110 125 1)£32	M. C. Harding. M. V. Hill.
Dean's Yard, S.W. z): Dulwich	1914	200		M. Williams.
Guildford	1888 1890	195 190		H. G. Ralph E. M. L. Elliott.
Southampton (Atherley Sch.) Sunderland	1926	163 250	£75 D£13-29 £75 D£13-27 D£13-26 D£15-30	G. M. Pierce-Jones. E. M. Ironside.
York College	1884	110		A. M. Procter. E. E. Ellett. F. M. Almond
Clergy Daughters', Bristol . Clifton High	1831 1877 1891	130 490	1)£30-45	E. M. Almond. D. N. Glenday. G. M. Morgan.
Colston's, Bristol	1910	650 160 167		E. J. Prebble. H. G. O'Brien.
Croydon, Ladies of Mary Convent (R.C.) Dee House Convent Sch., Chester (R.C.)	1869 1850	420 260	£53	Dame Winefride. Mme. Imelda, o.s.m.
Derby High Sch	1892 1872	150 493	D£13-29	l C. Joslin. (Mrs.) M. A. M. Kirk.
Durham High Sch   Edgbaston High, Birmingham	1884 1876	213 285	£84 D£22 £115 D£40	J. M. Brown. W. M. Casswell.
Edghaston, C. of E. Coll Edgehili, North Devon	1884 1884	400 190		Freda Godfrey. E. Cuthbertson Hill.
Exeter, Episcopal Modern Sch.	1892 1709	210   295		Wilmot Gascoigne. F. M. Ragg.
Exeter, Maynard's Girls' Sch  Farnborough, Hillside Convent (R.C.)  Farringtons, Chislehurst	1658 1889 1911	385 84	£105 D£13-22 £130D£22 £185	C. W. Dixon. (Rev. Mother). A. H. Davies.
Faversham, Wm. Gibbs s School	1883	240	D£9-12	M. E. Holmes.
Girls' Public Day School Trust (Broadway Court, Westminster, S.W. z): Bath High	1875	260	£86-135D£13-20	E. M. Cull,
Blackheath High	1901	330 450	D£16-30	E. M. Cull, H. N. Stephen. A. K. Lewis.
	1876	300 480	£86-135D £13-30 	l. M. Oakden. K. D. B. Littlewood.
Clapham High	z875	470	£84-120 D£13-30	M. Jarrett.

8' P	uolu	Schools.	439
Fdcd	No of Girls	Annual Fees See note (a). D=Day Giris.	Headmistress. See note (b)
1874	740		E. Ransford, C. N. Williams,
1873 1880	275 245	£.00-120. D£14-30	L. E. Charlesworth A. F. Cossey.
1075	345 350	£63-02 1)£13-30	A. F. Cossey. D. F. P. Hiley. E. P. Jameson. W. D. Philipps.
1873	440		J. M. H. McCaig. M. Gale.
1882	350	<b>あ70-117・リカ14-30</b>	G. E. Watt. K. E. Chester. D. L. Walker.
1878 1885	450 275	D£16-30 £77-103. D£14-30	D. Gale.
1887	490 400	D£16-30	M. L. Potter. E. R. Gwatkin.
1887	270		E. M. L. Lees. M. S. Smith, Ph.D.
1880	500	£73-102. D£13-30 D£15-30	E. K. East. M. E. Lewis. C. R. Ash.
1904	217		Mme. Forristal.
1000	300 537	D£10	M. S. Copenian.
1893	350	£.144-174	D. W. Sprules. M. E. Jones.
1915	150	£135-156 1)£27-60	J. G. Townshend. K. L. Porcher. A. M. Chambers
1850	370	£105 D£36 £64 D£16	A. M. Chambers. C. E. Robinson. E. Trotter.
1020	360 384	6	P. D. Cowell. M. H. Boyle. S. N. E. Trood, D.Lit.
1879	415	£63 D£14 £90D£10-16	12. DOOLLY.
1876	боо́	£88 D£22	D. A. Sweet. Mrs. Leslie Kirk. M. T. Talbot.
1803	463	£78 D£15 £135 D£7-15	L. C. Savill. S. G. Anthony.
1856	330 520	D£18-15	F. M. Fordham. Sister Imelda.
1851	475	D£10	M. Gilbey
	507	D£19	Ethel Hutchings. M. K. Cotton.
1699	200	DZ14	M. A. Burgess.
1850 1871	451 500	D£32 D£16	I. M. Drummond Olive Wright.
1905	263 529	D£13-as	Olive Wright. J. E. Turner. K. T. Zachary
1876	376	D£17	A. I. Nolting. W. E. Crapper. A. R. Mortson.
1917	150 240	£185 D£63	K. Moherley Bell.
1887	580	D£16	D. S. Hansen. J. Franklin. [Litt.D. M. D. Brock, O.B.L.
1613	335	D£10 £145-158 D£22-62	A. M. Bozman. G. E. Holloway.
1904	300 160	D£19-85	Mme. E. Hutchinson. D. Apperson.
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	1874 1878 1878 1878 1875 1875 1875 1875 1875	Fided No Grid (Girls 1874 740 1878 370 1873 375 1895 345 1895 345 1895 370 1884 600 1887 200 1887 200 1887 200 1887 200 1887 200 1887 200 1887 200 1887 200 1887 200 1887 200 1887 200 1887 200 1887 200 1888 200 1889 370 1889 370 1889 370 1889 370 1889 370 1889 370 1889 370 1889 370 1889 370 1889 370 1899 388 2877 260 1881 2876 500 1891 2876 376 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200 1891 200	Fided of Bee note (a).  1874 740

School.	Fded.	No. of Girls.	Annual Fees, See note (a) D = Day Girls	Headmistress. See Note (b)
ondon*—continued.			D. Co.	F B Collins
St. Saviour's and St. Olave's Gr., New Kent Rd., S.E. z.	1562	465	D£8-15	F. B. Collins.
St. Ursula's, Greenwich (R.C.)	1920	287	C 1) C	E. Z. Cooren. E. A. Bristol.
oughborough High Sch	1849	38o 46o	£74 D£14	R. Bartels.
falvern Girls' College. Worcestershire	1893	450	£127-158 1)£6-21	I. M. Brooks.
lalvern Girls' College, Worcestershne lanchester High Sch. ferchant Taylors', Gt. Crosby, Lancs lilham Ford, Oxford	1874	500	£137-153D£6-at D£14 D£16-23	M. G. Clarke,
lerchant Taylors', Gt. Crosby, Lancs	1888	480	D£16–23	E. Fordham.
lilham Ford, Oxford	1905	335	D£14	E. J. Bailey.
Illton Mount Coll., Crawley, Sussex Ionmouth Sch. for Girls	1871	140	D£14 £138 D£36 £88 D£25 £80 D£24	Mrs. D. M. Henman.
loravian Sch., Fulneck, Leeds	1897 1753	193	780 D. 525	M. G. Odling. K. P. Curry.
eweastle upon Tyne, Church High	-/33			at. 1. ouily.
Sch	1885	430	£186D£35 D£17 D£10 D£13 D£10 D£13 D£13 D£13	L M. Gurney.
ewport High Sch., Monmouthshire .	1896	*75	D£11	G. K. Horser.
ormanton High Sch., Yorks orthampton High Sch	1592 1878	219		Katherine Reeve E. M. Wallace.
orwich, Blyth Secondary School	1902	535	D£13 19	Mrs. F. E. Whitaker.
rme Girls' Sch. Newcastle-under-Lyme	1877	472	D£13	Jessie Sprunt.
verstone, Northauts	1929	225	£180	Mrs. D. L. Esslemon
				0.B.K.
almers Endowed, Grays, Essex	1706	270	£60-64D£12-18	E. M. Wren
aston House Sch., Cambridge (R.C.) . ate's Gr. Sch., Cheltenham	1905	187		Mother M. Paul.
enrhos, Colwyn Bay	1905	300	£88	E. Wanwright
enzance, W. Cornwall Coll	1884	130	£60-64D£12-18 D£20 D£15 £88-127 £77D£15-18	E H. Killin
erse Sch., Cambridge	1881	340		A. N. Miles, E. Wamwright. E. H. Killip M. H. Cattley. M. Creekett
ymouth, Notre Dame High (R.C.)	1905	255		M. CIOCKELL.
ymouth, St. Dunstan's Abbey	1926	230	£75 D£9 15	Sister M. Tercan.
ymouth, St. Dunstan's Abbeyreston, Tark Iffil House (R.C.)reston, Winkley Sq. Convent (R.C.)rincess Helena, Kaling, W.5	1871	260	£75 D£9 15 £45 D£10 £45D£10	•••
rincess Helena Esling W. s	1870	360 90	大45	G. Milvain,
ucen Anne's, ('aversham	1698	250	£105-120	K. E. Moore.
ueen Elizabeth's. Mansfield	1885	390	£120 D£13	D. C. Johnson
neen Ethelburga's, Harrogate	1912	136		Evelyn L. Young.
neen Margaret's, Scarborough	1901	140	\$150-180.D£32-48 D£13 £85D£20 £140D£22 D£22 D£22	L. O. Parsons
ueen Mary, Lytham	1930 1878	312 260	······································	D. Bailey. M. T. Nedham.
ueen Mary, Lytham	1894	250	£05 £, 20	Ethel M. Trew.
edland High Sch., Bristol .	1882	360	7.00 D.f.22	C. M. Taylor
ochester Gr. School	2888	341	D£12	Dora L. Sandford.
oedean, Bughton	x885	316	£165-195	E. M. Tanner.
Albau s High Sch	1907	300	£104-113 D£17-32	Edith Archibald.
Clare's, Polwithen, Penzance	1889	112	£105-195 £104-113 D£17-32 £94-105D£10-23	V. M. Macpherson. Sister M. Winifred.
Elphin's, Darley Dale, Derby	1844	334 98		M. E. Hudson
Relix Southwold	1897	265	£ 150-165. D£45-54	M. E. Hudson. E. M. Edghill.
Helen's, Abingdon	1903	190	£150-165D£45-54 £90D£16 £70-80	Sister T. Hilary.
. Hilda's, Whitby, Yorks	1926	120	€70-80	G. E. Clapham.
Loseph's Readford Vorks (R C)	1909	38c	丸75········· IJ丸 エ4-23	B. Symonds.
Katharine's Wantage	1905	127	D£16	M. B. Duffey, o. B. E.
. Katharine's, Wantage	1907	70	£75D£44	J. O. Cudliph. C. M. Hartnell. Julian M. Boys.
. Margaret's, Bushey Mary & St. Anne's, Abbots Bromley	1749	210	£140-160	Julian M. Boys.
. Mary & St. Anne's, Abbots Bromley	1874	288	£120-125	O. F. Martin
Mary's, Calne, Wilts	1873	120	£126D£16	E. M. Matthews.
. Mary's School, wantage	1873 1836	280	7,150	Sister Catherine. F. L. Ghey.
Michael's, Bognor Regis	1844	115	£76-150 D £30-48	Kate Dawson.
. Michael's, East Grinstead	1890	131	#150	S. C. Archer.
., Stephen's High Sch. Windsor	1882	100	£85-100D£15-24	S. C. Archer. M. J. Potcher.
L. Swithun's, Winchester	z884	300	£142 D£7-48	Ethel Finlay.
Winifred's, Llaufairfechan	1887	144	£105D£16	N. M. Doman.
	1904	28z	************	A. Shuley.
heffield. Notre Dame High (R.C.)	-Re-	240	D C	C. Volev
alford, Adelphi Honse (R.C.)heffield, Notre Dame High (R.C.)herborne Sch. for Girls, Dorset puthend-on-Sea High Sch.	1855 1899	540 267	D£13 £165D£78 D£13	C. Foley. H. V. Stuart.

School.	F'ded	No. of Girls	Annual Fees. (See note (a), D = Day (iirls.	Headmistress, See note (b),
Southend-on-Sea, St. Bernard's Convent (R.C.).	1910	380	£68 D£17	M. H. Boyle.
Stafford, Girl's High Sch. Stamford High Sch. Stamford High Sch. Sunderland, St. Anthony's (R.C.) Sunny Hill, Bruton Thomlinson Girls' Sch., Wigton Tiverton Girl's Sch., Devonshire Truro High Sch. Truro High Sch. Truro High Sch. Wakefield Girls' High. Wallasey, Maris Stella High (R.C.) Wallsall (Qn. Mary's High Sch.), Staffs Walthamstow Hall, Sevenoaks Ware Gr. Sch. Westonbirt, Tetbury, Gloucestershire Westonbirt, Tetbury, Gloucestershire Wheelwright Gr. Sch., Dewsbury. Wigan, Notre Dame High Sch. (R.C.) Willesden, Convent Secondary Sch. (R.C.)	1907 1876 1906 1900 1714 1877 1880 1840 1844 1553 1838 1906 1704 17948 1889 1904	170 145 142 180 580 220 385 210 300 589 220 310	### ##################################	M. V. Stafford. E. L. Ramsay. H. Woodhead.
Wycombe Abhey, Bucks	1896 1901	330	£200 D£13	W. M. Crosthwaite. Eva E. E. Dessin.
St. Bride's, Edinburgh	1835 1888 1877	150 260 370	£95-125D£13-40 £93-105D£18-42 £195D£63	M. E. Macdonald Clark. Margaret C. Aitken. K. H. McCutcheon.
Helensburgh, St. Bride's	1895 1897	300 220 100		Jame M. Robertson. M. C. Bell. B. S. B. McMurtie.
Isle of Man. Buchan Sch., Castletown	:		£72 82D£15-24	
Channel Islands. Ladies' College, Guernsey Jersey College for Girls	1882 1888	160 . 300	£90-110 D£14-30 £105-120 D£20-30	V. A. Prain. Ethel G. Barton.

# Secondary Schools.

A Secondary School, as defined by the Board of Education, is a school for pupils who intend to remain for at least four years, and up to at least the age of 16. It must provide a progressive course of general education of a kind and amount suited to an age-range at least from 12 to 17. The Board of Education issues annually a list of Secondary Schools recognized by the Board of Education as efficient, with the full official name of the school, the place where it is situated, the date of recognition, the fees payable and (in many cases) the examinations taken. A similar list is published for Wales and (with less detail) for Secotland. The list, in the case of England and Wales alone, occupies over 130 pages.

#### SCHOLASTIC ASSOCIATIONS.

THE INCORPORATED ASSOCIATION OF HEAD MASTERS, 20 GORDON SQUARC, W.C. v. President, Frank Fletcher, M.A. Joint Hon. Sees., W. Jenkyn Thomas, M.A.; F. R. Hurlstone-Jones, M.A.; Hon. Teasurer, F. B. Malim, M.A.; Asst. Sec., H. Marshall.—The qualification for membership is the holding of the head mastership of a Public Secondary school for boys in England or Wales administered under a definite form of public or corporate control by a governing body which has powers both to control the school finances and to appoint and dismiss the head master.

THE SCHOOLMASTERS' ASSOCIATION, IRELAND (Secy., Rev. C. B. Armstrong, M.A., St. Columba's College, Rathfarnham) is similar to the I.A.H.M.

ASSOC. OF ASSISTANT MASTERS IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS, 20 Gordon Sq., W.C. z. Sec., G. D. Dunkerley, B.Sc.

ASSOCIATION OF HEAD MISTRESSES.—Head mistresses of Public Secondary Schools are eligible for membership. A Conference is held annually 10 June. Prevident (1931-33), Miss E. Strudwick, St. Paul's Girls' School, Hammersmith.

Secretary. Miss R. Young as Gordon Square.

Secretary, Miss R. Young, 29 Gordon Square, W.C.r.

## 442 Principal British and Frish Societies and Institutions. * For List of Abbreviations, see pages following Index.

BOYAL ACADEMY, THE, Burlington House, W.I.—

President. Str William Llewellyn, G.C.V.O.
(1998). Keeper, W. W. Russell, C.V.O., R.A.
Treat., Sydney Lee, R.A. Sec., W. R. M. Lamb,
C.V.O., M.A. Reg., C. W. Tanner. Librarum,
E. E. V. Wright, M.A.

ACADEMY, THE ROYAL SCOTTISH, Princes Street,
Edinburgh.—Pres., Sir G. Washington Browne;
Kee, David Foggie; Treat., W. M. Frazer;
Librarian, John Duncan; Asst. Sec., Henry
Hastings.

Royal Scottish Academicians.

#### Royal Academicians.

H., | zgaz*Lavery, Sir John. 1932 Baker, K.C.I.E. 1930 Lee, Sydney. zozz Bell, R. Anning. zozz*Blomfield,SirRegi-1920 Llewellyn,SirWm., G.C. V.O. 1920 Lutyens, Sir Edwin nald T., D. Litt 1010 Brangwyn, Frank. 1915 Brown, Arnesby 1925*Burnet, Sir John J. 1920 Cameron, Sir D. Y. 1935 Cameron, Sir D. 1.
1935 Clausen, Sir George
1935 Connard, Philip
1950*Cope, Sir Arthur,
1935 Munnings, Alid. J.
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1938 Munn K.C.V.O. 1926 Osborne, Malcolm. 1881 Ouless, Walter W. 1932 de Glehn, W. G. 1988 Dick, W. Reid. 1922 Pegram, Henry A. 1923 Philpot, Glyn W. 1913 Druiy, Alfred. 1015 Farquharson, J. 1903 Priestman, 1934 Fisher, Melton. 1933 Flint, W. Russell 1910*Forbes, Stanhope A. tram. 1926 Russell, WalterW., C. V.O. 1922 Scott, Sir Giles G. x89a*Gilbert, Sir A. M.V.O.
1933 Green, W. Curtis.
1931 Griggs, F. L. M.
1937 Hall, Oliver 1920 Shannon, Chas. H. 1911*Short, Sir Frank. zosoStanton,Sir Herbert Hughes-. 1919*Stokes. Adrian. 1926 Harcourt, George. 1924 Hartwell, Chas L. 1929 Talmage, Algernon 1920 Henry, George. Μ. 1931 Taylor, L. Camp-

#### · Associates.

1931 Belcher, George 1936 Birch, S. J. Ia. morna. 1932 B.shop, Henry. 1928 Brockhurst, G. L. 1931 Brundrit, R. G 1931 Drudurt, K. G. 1930 Cooper, Sir E. 1907 Cowper, Frank C. 1933 Davis, Arthur. 1907 Dawber, E. Guy. 1907 Dodd, Francis. 1931 Elwell, F. W. 1933 Eves, R. G. 1989 Garbe, Richard.

1928 John, Augustus E 1999 John, Sir Win.

Goscombe.

1930 Kelly, Gerald F.

1926 Jagger, Charles S. 1928 Knight, Harold. 1927 Knight, Danie Laura, D.B.E. 1930 Lawrence, A. K. 1932 Ledward, Gilbert. 1931 Mounington, W. T. 1932 Procter, Ernest. 1927 Rushbury, Henry. 1924 Sickert, Richard. 1933 Spencer, Stanley. 1936 Tapper, Walter J. 1935 Walker, Arthur G.

bell.

1931 Turner, Alfred.

1932 Watson, G Spencer 1933 Williams, Terrick.

#### Former Presidents.

z Sir J. Reynolds, 1768. | 10 Sir J. E. Millais, Bt., a Benjamin West, 1792. 1806. 11 Sir E. J. Poynter, Bt., 3 James Wyatt, 18c5. 4 Benjamin West, 18c6 5 Sir T. Lawrence, 18so. x896. xa Sir Aston Webb. Sir T. Lawrence, 1830.
6 Sir M. A. Shee, 1830.
7 Sir Ch. Eastlake, 1850.
8 Sir Francis Grant, 1856. G.C.V.O., C.B., 1919. 13 Sir Frank Dicksee, K.C.V.O., 1924. Lord Leighton, 1878.

ACADEMY OF ART, ROYAL CAMBRIAN, Plas Mawr, Conway.—Pres., Sir Cuthbert C. Grundy; Hon. Sec., Thomas Ellison; Sec. and Curator, Clarence G. Dyall.

é finnier Academician

† Senior Associate.

1922 Alison, David. 1928 Brown, W. Marshall. 1902 Browne, Sir G. W. 1918 Cameron, Sir D. Y. 1929 Carrick, Alexander 1930 Lutyens, Sh Edwin L., K.C.I.K.
1931 Machebh Raeburn, 1932 Douglas, Andrew.
1933 Mc Millan, W.
1935 Murnings, Alfd. J.
1936 Murnay, Sir David.
1936 Grieve, Walter G.
1937 Hope, Robert.
1938 Hope, Robert.
1938 Hope, Robert.
1938 Hope, Robert.
1938 Large Olsson, Julius. xoas Houston, George. 1911 Hutchison, R. G. 1930 Kay, Archibald. 1909 Kerr, Hy. W.

Aiken, John M.

Allan, A R. W.

Bowie, John. Cadell, F. C B

Cursiter, Stanley. Fairlie, Reginald.

Henderson, J. Morris.

Anderson, James B. Botthwick, A. E.

1923 Lintott, Henry. 1933 Lumsden, E. S. 1901 Macgillivray, P. 1930 Miller, James. 1931 Morris, James A. 1902 Nisbet, R. B. 1902 Nispet, R. B. 1927 Peploe, S. J. 1923 Pirie, George 1932 Proudfoot, Alexander. 1933 Shanks, W. Somerville. 1921 Smith, George, 1914 Walls, William, 1932 Wilson, D. Forrester.

Non-Resident Academicians. (1896) Sir John Lavery; (1902) George Henry; (1914) Sir J. J. Burnet; (1918) Sir D. Y. Cameron; (1912) P. Portsmouth; (1914) Fiddes Watt.

#### Associates.

Mackie, Peter. Mainds, Allan D. Milne, Maclauchlan. Oppenheimer, Charles. Paterson, Alex. N. Rhind, J. Massey. Shotz, Benno. Smith, J. G. Spence. Sturrock, A. R. Sutherland, D. M. Tarbolton, Harold O. Todd, W. J. Walker. Watson, John.

Kay, James. Kelly, William. Keppie, John. Lamb, William. Non-Resident Associates. R. Payton Reid; G. H. Panlın; Malcolm Gavin. R. Payton Reid; G. H. Panine; Malcolm Gavin, Acalemy, The Bertrish, Burlington Gardens, London, W. I.—President—Dr. J. W. Mackail. Council—Prof. N. H. Baynes. Prof. W. W. Buckland, Prof. F. C. Burkitt, Prof. J. H. Clapham, C. R.E., Dr. P. Giles, Dr. W. W. Greg, Prof. E. H. Minns, Prof. G. E. Moore, Prof. R. A. Nicholson, Prof. A. F. Pollard, Dr. W. D. Ross, O.B.E., Prof. W. R. Scott, Prof. W. R. Sottey, Prof. F. M. Stenton, Prof. H. W. V. Temperley, O.B.E. Sec.—Sir F. G. Kenyon, G.B.E., K.G.B.; Treas., Prof. W. R. Scott.

G.R.E., K.G.B.; Treas., Prof. W. R. Scott.

ACADEMY, ROYAL IRISH (1785), 19 Dawson Street,
Dublin.—Pres., R. Lloyd Praeger, D.Sc.; Sec.,
Prof J. J. Nolan, D.Sc.; Sec. of Science Committee, Prof J. J. Nolan, D.Sc.; Sec. of Politic
Literature and Antiquities Committee, T. P.
Lo Fanu, C.B.; Res. Sec., A. Farrington, R.B.

ACADEMY OF CHRISTIAN ART OF IRELAND, 17
South Frederick Street, Dublin.—Hon. Sec.,
7 S. Goran National Mussum. Dublin.

South Frederick Street, Dublin.—Hon. Sec.,
L. S. Gogan, National Museum, Dublin.
ACCOUNTANT-LECTURERS' ASSOC., 69, DOWNS
ROAD, E. S.—Hon. Sec., M. MODESTAIRS
ACCOUNTANTS AND ACTUARIES IN GLASGOW,
INSTITUTE OF (1855), 218 St. Vincent Street,
Glasgow.—Sec., D. Norman Sload, B.L., C.A.,
190 West George Street, Glasgow, C.z.
ACCOUNTANTS AND AUDITORS, BRITISH ASSOCIATION OF, 83 Bridge Street, Manchester.—Sec.,
Arnold Taylor.

ACCOUNTANTS AND AUDITORS, INCORPORATED, SOCIETY OF (1885), Incorporated Accountants Hall, Victoria Embankment, W.C. a.—Pres., Edward Cassleton Ellott; Sec., Alexander A. Garrett, M.A., B.Sc.

OCCURTANTS. INSTITUTION OF CRRTIFIED PUBLIC, 5 Salters' Hall Court, E.C. 4.—Sec., R. ACCOUNTANTS. K. Hardy.

ACCOUNTANTS, CORPORATION OF (1891), 121 West George Street, Glasgow, C.z .- Sec. and Treas . J. Stirling Brown.

ACCOUNTANTS IN ABERDEEN, SOCIETY OF (1867). ACCOUNTANTS IN EDINBURGH, SOCIETY OF (1854), 27 Queen Street, Edinburgh.—Sec. & Tres., L. B. Bell.

ACCOUNTANTS IN IRELAND, INSTITUTE OF CHART-RRED (1888), 41 Dawson Street. Dublin .- Pres., Thomas Geohegan : Hon. Sec., G. Brock.

ACCOUNTANTS, INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED, in England and Wales (1880), Moorgate Place, E.C.2— Pres., H. L. H. Hill, M.A. Sec., Hon. G. Col-ville, M.B.R.; Asst. Sec., R. W. Bankes, C.B.F.

'ACCOUNTANTS, LONDON ASSOCIATION OF CER-TIFIED, 50 Bedford Square, W.C z. -Sec., J. C Latham.

ACTORS' BENEVOLENT FUND, 8 Adam Street, W.C. z.—Sec., W. G. Gray.

ACTORS (BRITISH) EQUITY ASSOCIATION, Thavies Inn, Holborn, E.C. z.-Hon. Sec, A. M. Wall.

ACTORS' CHURCH UNION, A Bateman Buildings, Soho Square, W. z — Hon. Sec., Rev. D. Hole. ACTORS' ORPHANAGE, Langley Hall, Bucks.—

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Young Womens' Christian Association. London Head Offices, 16-12 Gt. Russell St., W.C. z. YOUTH HOSTELS ASSOCIATION, 18 Bridge Rd., Welwyn Gaiden City, Herts.—Hon. Sec., E. St. John Catchpool.

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An organisation especially valuable for helping a parish to keep the elder lads to their religious a parish to keep the dute has to their religious duties; was founded in 1891, and combines a military method with moral and religious instruction. It is estimated that x,500,000 lads have had the advantage of the Brigade's lads have had the advantage of the Brigade's Rev. J. T. Hodgson; General Secretary, Rov. J.W. training, and to-day there are over one thousand companies throughout the Empire, with upwards Straud, W.C. a.

of 60,000 lads.—Headquarters, Aldwych House, Catherine Street, W.C.z. H.Q. Staff Chaplain and Secretary, Rov. C. M. Armitage, M.A.

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THE BROTHERHOOD MOVEMENT, "to lead men and women into the Kingdom of God, to unite in Brotherhood of mutual help, to win the masses of the people for Jesus Christ, and to encourage the study of social service," may be said to have been founded in 1875 as the outcome of the Pleasant Sunday Afternoon movement initiated by John Blackham of West Bromwich. The movement is non-political and unsectarian, and connected with it are other societies—Sisterhoods, P.S.A., Bible Classes, &c. President,

# * For further particulars of Hospitals see Advertisement pages.

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St. Bartholomews Hospital, West Smithfield.
Accidents admitted at all times. Ordinary
cases (in-Patients) by arrangement. Outpatients daily, surgical 9, medical 9; ear, M.
and K. at 1. Tu. and Th. at 9; throat, M. patients Gally, surgical 9, medical 9; ear, M. and F. at v. Tu. and Th. at 9; throat, M. and F. at v., Tu. and Th. at 9; twomen, M. and S. at 9, W. at v; dental, daily, at 9; orthopadic, M. and Th. at v; eye, M., Tu., Th. and F. at v; electrical, M., Tu., Th., and F. at v; electrical, M., Tu., Th., and F. at v; operations daily, at v, 30. Visiting-days: Sun, at v, 3,0; Wed., 3 to 4 p.m. Clerk, Thos. Hayes.

Anat. Clerk, C. C. Carus-Wilson. Stevard, C.

Paraditich. Matron. Miss. Flain Day. B. C. Assi. Clerk, C. C. Caius-Wilson. Steward, C. J. Powditch. Matron, Miss Reien Dey, R.R. C. J. Powditch. Matron, Miss Reien Dey, R.R. C. J. T. TIOMAS'S HOSPITAL, Albert Embankment, S. E. Ont-patients daily at 9 a.m.; accidents and urgent cases at all times; ear, M. and Th.; throat, Tu., W., F; skin, Tu. and F.; women, M., Tues, and F.; children under ra, M., Tu., Th., F. and Sat, 9, 20; eye, daily, except Sat., 1, 20; dental, M. and Th., 9; mental, Tu., ro; vaccination, Th., ro, 20, X-rays, daily, ro a.m. physical exercise, Tu. and Th., 1, 20; neurological, W., 1, 30; urological, daily at roa.m. Visiting days: Sundays, 3 to 4, 30 p.m.; Wednesdays, 3, 30 to 4, 30. Paying patients are udmitted to 'St. Thomas's Home. Secretary, A. P. B. Irwin, b. S. O., M.A. Matron, Miss Lloyd admitted to "St. Thomas's Home." Secretary, A. P. B. Irwin, b.S. O., M.A. Matron, Miss Lloyd Still, C.B.R., R.R.C. The Nightingale Nursing School is attached.

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Visiting-days: Sun, a to 4; Wed., 3 to 4 Treas., F. P. Whithread. Supt., H. L. Eason, C. B., C.M.G., M.S. Clerk, W. J. Curry. Matron,

Miss E. MacManus, O.B.E.

Miss E. MacManus, O.B.E.
KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL, Denmark Hill, S.E.,
Urgent cases at all times. Out-patients, Medical—M., Tu., Wed., Th. and Fri., r. p.m.
Surgical—M., Tu., Th. and Fri., r. p.m.
Diseases of women, Tu. and Fri., r. p.m.
Urological, male, Wed., r. p.m.; female, Th.,
r. p.m. Orthopedic, Wed., r. p.m.; Fracture
clinic, Tu., r. p.m. Ear, nose and throat, M.,
Tu., Th. and Fri., r. p.m. Ophthalmic, M. and
Th., r. p.m. Skin, Tu. and Fri., r. p.m. Neurology, Tu. and Kri., r. p.m. Electrical, daily
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Tu. and Kri., g. a.m. Dental, daily g. a.m.
Visiting-days, Wed., 5 to 6; Sun., 2 to 4;
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Willcot. Willicox.

LONDON HOSPITAL, Whitechapel Rd., E.z. Urgent cases and accidents at all hours; out-patients cases and accidents at all hours; out-patients daily at x p.m. (except Sunday); ear, throat and nose, M., Tu., Th. and F., 9; skin, Tu. and Th., 9; ophthalmic, M., W., Th., and Sat., 9; clectrical, daily, except W., 9, 32, children, Tu., W. and Fri., 9; orthopsedic, F., 9; light-therapy, M. a, Wed. xr, Fri. a: diseases of women, W. x, and Sat. 9. Visiting-days: General wards, Wed., 4 to 5; Sun., 3 to 5. House wards, Wed., 4 to 5; Sat., 3 to 5. Children's wards, Sun., 3 to 5. House Gov., A. G. Elliott, O.B.E., M.C., B.A. Matron, Miss M. Littleboy, A. R. I.C.

M. Littleboy, A.R.R.C.
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For relief without letters of recommendation. Accidents and ungent cases received at all hours. Out-patients daily, at x p.m.; Sat., 9 a.m.; diseases of women, W. and Sat. at 9; diseases of the eye, Tu. and F. at 9; throat, nose, and ear, M. and Th. at 9; skin, Tu. and F. at 9 a.m. Visiting-days; Sun., 3 to 4; Thur., 3 30 to 4 30. Sec., Reginald R. Garratt. T. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL, Hyde Park Corner, S.W. I. Open at all times for accidents and urrent cases. In return the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second pro

S.W. z. Open at all times for accidents and urgent cases. In-patients, daily at zx.24 p.m. Out-patients, general medical and surgical, daily at zx.20; throat, nose and ear, M. and F. at zx.30; yee, W. at z. 30 p.m., and Sat. at 2, 30 a.m.; skin, Tu. at z. 30; dental, M., Th. and Fri. at zx.30; T.B. clinic, M., 3.30 p.m.; Orthopædic, W. z. 45; genito-urmary, Th., women, zs noon, men at z. 30; venoreal discases, in medical, surgical, obstetrical, skin, and genito-urmary departments, and on M. to F. at 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. aud 6-0 p.m. Sat. o a.m. to 2 p.m. 2 p.m. departments, and on M. to r. at 9 a.m. to a p.m. and 6-9 p.m., Sat., 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.; diseases of women. M. and Th. at x.90; diseases of women. M. and Th. at x.90 maternity cases, M. xa,90 p.m. and Th. 9 a.m.; children, Th., 3 p.m.; Infant Welfare, Th. 3 p.m.; vaccination, Th. at x 30. Maternity Ward and Special Departments for Maternity ward and Special Departments for X-ray, electro-therapeutic and massage treatment. Visiting-days: Sun. and W., a.30 to 3.45, and Th. 6-7 p.m. The Atkinson Morley's Convalescent Hospital, Wimbledon, Recovery Branch, is attached. Secretary, James M. Churchifield. Matron, Miss H. Hanks, R.R.C.

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MILLER GENERAL HOSPITAL for South-East London, Greenwich Rd., S. E. R. E. Marka

don, Greenwich Rd., S E.zo. Sec., E. E. Marks.

MOUNT VERNON HOSPITAL (Incorp.). Hospital at Northwood, Midx. Out-patients daily at 10, at 14 Ridinghouse Street, W. r. Visiting-day: Sun., 2 to 4. Sec., W. J. Morton. NATIONAL TEMPERANCE HOSPITAL, Hampstead

Road, N.W.z. (For treatment of patients withroad, N. W. I. (For treatment of patients with-out the ordinary administration of alcohol.) Casualty dept. open always, Med. Out-Patients, M., Tu., W., and Th. at r.; surgical, daily (Sat. 9) at r.; eye, M., and Th., r.; ear, throat and nose, F., r.; skin, W., r.; dental, Tu. at 9. In-Patients, daily. Invall Memorial Wing for Private Patients, 4½ to xr gs. weekly. Sec., Alfred C. Adams.

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Open free at all hours. Visiting-days, Tu, and
Fri. 3 to 4, Sun. a to 4.
D. H. Lindsay.

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Earl's Court, S.W.5. Gen. hosp. free to necessitous poor; private rooms for pay patients. House Governor, E. Radiford, J.P.
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ROYAL NORTHERN HOSPITAL, Holloway, N. 7. toyas Northern Hospital, Holloway, N. 7. In-patients every day between vo and 4 p.m. accidents and urgent cases admitted at all times. Out-patients, medical, M., 9, Tu., W., Th., and F., z, children's clinic, M. z, Th., 9; surgical, M., Tu., Th., and F., z, w., 9; genito-urinary, Tu., 9; denial, M., Tu. F., Sat., 9, Wed., z; car, nose and throat, Tu. and F., z; skin, W. and Th., z; eye, M. and Th., z; orthopuedic, Sat., 9; neurological, F. z; diseases of women, Tu., Th., 9; Visiting-days: Gen. Wards, Sun., a to 3,30; Tu., 5 to 6. Ontributory Wards, Sun., a to 3,30; Tu., F., 5 to 6. Private Wards, 3 to 6. Boyal Chest Hospital, City Road; Hospital of Recovery, Southgate; Reckitt Coavales. Home, Clacton. Sceretary, Gilbert G. Panter. Matron, Miss E. Willis. ST. JOHN AND ST. ELIZABETH, HOSPITAL OF, 60

ST. JOHN AND ST. ELIZABETH, HOSPITAL OF, 66
Grove End Road, N.W.S. For medical and surgical cases. 149 beds. Private rooms for paying patients. Sec., F. Dudley Hobbs, B.A.
ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL, Lewisham, S.E. 12. xes beds. Sec., J. C. Gilbert.
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THE CANCER HOSPITAL (Free), Fulham Road, S.W.3. Poor persons admitted free without letter of recommendation. Out-patients seen

letter of recommendation. Out-patients seen each week day, except Saturday, at ap.m. Also W. at 10 and Sat. at 11. Visiting-days, W. and Sun., a to 4. Sec., C. Cobbold, M.A.

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BELGRAVE HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN, Incorporated), rClapham Rd., S. W.g. Medical, M., Tu., W., Th., Fri., 9; Surgical, M., Tu., Th., Fr., 9; skin, W., at 2 p.m.; dental. W., a.m.; eye, Tu., 2 p.m. Matron, Miss M. Curstter. Sec., Thomas Clapham.

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For Ophthalmu Neonatorum and Congenital Syphilis—St. Margaret's Hospital, Leighton Road, N.W.5. For Ruguerin, and Other Diseases of the Skin and Scalp—Goldie Leigh Hospital, Abbey

And Scalp—Goldie Leigh Hospital, Abbey Wood, S.E. s.

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Sec. J. F. Russell.
PRINCESS LOUISE KENSINGTON HOSPITAL FOR
C'HILDREN, St. Quintin Avenue, North Kensington, W. 10.—Sec., H. J. Eley.

QUEEN'S HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN, Hackney Rd., E. z, and at Bexhill-on-Sea (204 beds). In-and out-patients daily, except Sat., at zz.30. and ont-patients daily, except Sat., at xa.30. Surgical cases, M., Fr. 9 a.m.; Th. x p.m.; medical, M. 9 aud x; Tu., Th., x p.m., W., K., Sat., 9 a.m.; eye, W. xa.30; skin, Tn. xz.30; car, nose, and throat, Th., Th. and Sat., 9.30; whooping cough, F. x.30 p. m.; dental, twice a week. Sc., C. H. Bessell. Lady Supt., Miss G. A. Allen. Suyal. WATEKIO, HOSPITAL. FOR CHILDREN

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Pinewood Sanatorium, Wokingham, Berks.

(Women.) Colindale Hospital, Colindale Avenue, Hendou,

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St. Georye's Home, Milman's Street, Chelsea,
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Northern Hospital (part), Winchmore Hill,
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Grove Park Hospital, Lee, S.E. zz. (Men and

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CATHERINE GLADSTONE CONVALESCENT HOME (Mitcham, Surrey). Annexe for reception of women and children from the wards of the London Hospital. Maintained by the "Marie Celeste" Samaritan Society.

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NATIONAL DENTAL HOSPITAL (Dental department, Univ. Coll. Hosp.), Gt. Portland St.,

daily, 9 to 12 a.m.
ROYAL DENTAL HOSPITAL OF LONDON, Leicester Sq., W.C. z. For extraction under gas or stopping, a subscriber's or Governor's letter required. Daily, 9 till ro.30 a.m., and r to a.30 p.m.; Sats., 9 to ro.30.

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Orchard (Fever or Smallpox), Dartford, Kent.

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LONDON FEVER HOSPITAL, Liverpool Road, Islungton, N. z. Sec., W. Elliot Dixon.

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GOEDON HOSPITAL, Vauxhall Bridge Road, S.W. z. (1884). For Rectal Diseases. Out-patients, M., Tu., W., Th. and F., at z., aud Tu. 6 p.m. Sec., Capt. H. K. Rew.

ST. MARK'S HOSPITAL, City Road, E.C. z. Out-Patients, M., r p.m., Tu., Th. and F., 4.30 p.m., Sat. at x p.m. Operations, M., Tu., W. Th. at a.30 p.m., Sat. at xz a.m. Matron, Miss E. Hall. Sec , Raymond Bull.

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HEART DISPASS.

NATIONAL HOSPITAL FOR DISPASSES OF THE HEART, INCORPORATED, Westmoreland St., St. Marylebone (from Soho Square), 45 beds. Outstants. M., Tu. and F., 9.30 and 1.30; W., patients, M., Tu. and F., 9.30 and 2.30; W., 2.30 and 6.30; Th., 2.30. Sec., Capt. R. G. Whitney.

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BLES, Leamington .- Sec., Maj. E. S. Phillips, D.S.O.

D.S.O.
ST. COLUMBA'S HOSPITAL, 98 Avenue Road,
Swiss Cottage, N.W.3. Scc., Vincent J. Cooper.
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THE HOSTEL OF GOD (Free Home for the Dying),

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LOCK HOSPITAL. Hospital for In-patients and ook Hospital. Hospital for In-patients and Home, Harrow Road, W. 9. Admission daily, Out-patient department, 9r Dean St., Soho, W r. Out-patients, Males, M., W., r to s and 6 to 8; Tu., 5 to 7; Th., rs 30 to r. 30; Fr., 5 to 7; Sat., z tu 4; Females, T., r to z; Fr., r to z; There are facilities for daily irrigations at both Hospitals. Female Out-patient department, Harrow Road, open from 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. private wards for both sexes.

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Belectives, Rothin. Opice, 14-16 Lingate IIII, E.C. 4. Sec., H. Stephens.

St. Lukk's Hospital, Weider's Honse, Gerrard's Cross, Bucks. (Temporarily closed pending acquisition of funds for maintenance and development.) Opice, Woodside Hospital, Woodside Avenue, Muswell Hill, N.

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M. Stewart, M.D., Ch.B., F.R.C.P., D.P.M. Caterham mental hospital, Caterham, Surrey.-Healthy unimprovable adult cases, and children over g years of similar type. Med.

Supt., T. Lindsay, M. D., Ch. B., F.R.O.S., D.P.M.
Fountain mental hospital, Tooling Grove,
S.W. 17.—Mental defectives—untrainable boys under 9 years, and nutrainable girls under 16 years. Med. Supt , James Nicoll, M.D., C.M., vears. D. P. H.

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Trainable juvenile and adult cases of mental defect (both sexes). Med. Supt., J. K. C. Laing, M.B., B.N., D.P.M.
Tooting Bee hospital, Tooting Bee Road, S.W.17.
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Turnbull, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.M.

'andsworth Common (Springfield Mental Hosp.).—Med. Sup, R. Worth, O.B.E, M.B. Wandsworth

Brookwood.—Med. Sup., J. A. Lowry, M.D. Netherne, Coulsdon.—Med. Sup., P. C. Coombes, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

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HOSPITAL FOR EPILEPSY AND PARALYSIS, AND OTHER DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM (Incorporated), Maida Vale, near the end of St. Johns Wood Road. Free and paying in and out-patients are received. 85 beds, the parameter of the parameter of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of th including as private wards. Out-patients daily, a p.m., except Sat. Sec., H. W. Burleigh.

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CENTRAL LONDON OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL, Judd Street, W.C. z. (52 beds). Attendance daily, at 1 p.m., and on Mon. and Fri. 5, 15 p.m. Accidents and urgent cases seen at all hours.

BOYAL EYE HOSPITAL OR KOYAL SOUTH

LONDON OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL, St. George's Circus, Southwark, S.E. r. Out-patients daily at r. p.m. Sat. 8.45 a.m.—Sec., F. E. D'Alton. ROYAL LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PARTING MARCHES LONDON OPHTHALMIO HOSPITAL (MOOR-PAR

FIELDS EYR HOSPITAL), City Rd., E.C. 1. Open daily (except Bank Holidays and Saturday following Good Friday) to the poor, from 8.30 a.m. until the limit is reached. Visitingdays: Su , W. and F., 3 to 4. Sec. A. J. M. Tarrant.

ROYAL WRSTMINSTER OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL, Broad Street, Holborn, W.C. 2. Attendance daily, x2 to x30 p.m. Accidents at any time. Free to the poor on their own application.

WESTERN OPPITHALMIC HOSPITAL, 155 Marylebone Road, N.W. z. (1856). Out-patients, M., Tu., Th. and F. 1.30; W. and S. 9 a.m.

### ORTHOP EDIC.

ROYAL NATIONAL ORTHOPEDIC HOSPITAL, with which is amalgamated the CITY ORTHO-PEDIC HOSPITAL, 234 Great Portland St., Regent's Park, W., and Bolsover St., W. z., Surgeons attend daily except Sat. At z. 30. Country Branch, Brockley Hill, Stanmore, Middx.

HEATHERWOOD ORTHOPADIC HOSPITAL FOR EX-SERVICE MEN'S CHILDREN, 136 beds, Ascot, Berks. London Office, as Cromwell Road,

S.W.7. LONDON FOOT HOSPITAL, 33 Fitzioy Square, W. z .- Sec., A. Phillips.

# PAY HOSPITALS.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE HOSPITAL, 19 Lisson Grove, N.W. z .- For educated women with small incomes. Medical and surgical cases received. Matron, Miss F. K. Houghton.

ST. ANDREW'S HOSPITAL DOLLIS HILL, N.W. a. (Chiefly for the Professional and Middle Classes irrespective of nationality or creed.) Apply Matron.

ST. SAVIOUR'S HOSPITAL (for ladies of limited means), 10 Osnaburgh Street, Regent's Park, N.W. 1. From a to 5 guineas weekly. St. Thomas's Home, St. Thomas's Hospital, S.E.

For particulars apply to the Steward.

ST. MARYLEBONE HOME (for Incurables), 6z Wey-

mouth St., W.

Home for Confirmed Invalids, 36 Aubert Park and 1 to 3 Highbury Terrace, N. 5. For invalid ladies of limited incomes.

THE HOSPITAL FOR DISPASES OF THE SKIN, Blackfriars Road, S.E. (1841). Out-patients, daily exc. Sat. at 1.20, and on Tu. and F., 6 p.m. Radium, Ultra Violet Light and X-Ray treatment daily.

LONDON SKIN HOSPITAL, 40 Fitzroy Sq., W.z. Outpatients treated daily at z to 2.30 and 5 to 6.30

p.m.; Sat. 1 to 2.30 p.m. only. St. John's Hospital for Diseases of Skin r. JOHN'S HOSPITAL RUE MISSIANUS (1865). In-patient Dept., 262, Uxbridge Road, W. zz (40 beds). Out-patients daily at Leicester Sig., 2 to 3.30, and (except Sat.), 5.30 to 6.45 p.m. Free and paying in-patients received. Sec., L. G. R. Turpin.

ST. PAUL'S HOSPITAL FOR DISRASES (INCLUDING CANCER) OF THE GENITO-URINARY ORGANS AND SKIN, Endell St., W.C.a. (23 beds). Necessitous cases both In- and Out-patients (free). Sec., R. T. Lawlor.

WESTERN SKIN HOSPITAL, 44-46 Hampstead Road, N.W. r. M., Tu , W., Th., F., 1.30 p.m.; Tu. aud Th., 5 p.m.; F., 5 p.m.

# STONE AND URINARY DISEASES.

ALI. SAINTS' HOSPITAL FOR GENITO-URINARY DISEASES (IUCOTP.). Austral Street, West Square, St. George's Road, N.E. 11. ST. PRTRE'S HOSPITAL FOR STONE, STRICTURE, AND OTHER URINARY DISEASES, Heurietta St.,

Covent Garden, W.C. z.

### THROAT, NOSE, AND EAR.

CENTRAL LONDON THROAT. NOSE AND EAR

Hosp., Gray's Inn Rd., W.C. 1. Golden Square Throat, Nose, and Ear Hos-

GOLDEN SQUARE THROAT, NOSE, AND EAR HOS-PITAL (Incorporated), Golden Sq., W. z. Open daily (Sat. excepted), z.30 to 3 p.m.; Tu. and Th. evenings, 6 to 7.30; Sat., 9 to zo. 30 a.m. BETROPOLITAN EAR, NOSE AND THROAT HOS-PITAL (1838), INCORPORATED, 2 FITZIOY Sq., W. ROYAL EAR HOSPITAL, Huntley Street, W.C. z. (Ear, Nose and Throat Dept. of U.C.H.), W. and Th., z p.m.; Tu. and F., 9 a.m.

# TROPICAL DISEASES.

HOSPITAL FOR TROPICAL DISKASES, as Gordon Street, Endsleigh Gardens, W.C. r., an establishment of the Seamen's Hosp. Society.

ROSS INSTITUTE AND HOSPITAL FOR TROPICAL DISPASES, Putney Heath, S.W. 15.—Sec., Maj. Lockwood Stevens.

#### WOMEN.

CHELSEA HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN, Arthur St., Chelsea, S. W. 3. ro4 beds (18 in special wards at 5 gs. a week). (Convalescent Home at St. Leonards, not limited to Hospital patients).
Out-patients daily at s p.m. (except Sat.).
ELIZABETH GARRETT ANDERSON HOSPITAL, 144
Euston Road, N.W. Out-patients Mon. to Fri.

at 1; Sat. at 9. GROSVENOR HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN, Vincent Sq., S.W. Out-p. daily, I to s p.m., exc. Sat. HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN, so Soho Square, W. I. 81 beds.

SAMARITAN FREE HOSPITAL, Marylebone Road, N.W. Out-dept. daily (except Sat.), 22 to 2. St. Mary's Hospital for Women and r. Mary's Hospital & Children, Plaistow, E. 13.

SOUTH LONDON HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN (Incorp.), South Side, Clapham Common, S. W.4. 135 beds.

ADELPHI, Strand, W.C. a.—Adelphi Terrace and district commemorate the four architect brothers, James, John, Robert and William ADAM, who laid out the district (formerly Durham House) at the close of the 18th century. James, John, Robert, and William Streets (the last named is now Durham Street) commemorate these founders of the Adam style of architecture and internal decoration. In the neighbourhood of the Adelphi was York House, built by the Duke of Buckingham in 16ag (the Water Gate of which atill stands in Embaukment Gardens, q.v.), the commemorative streets being Charles Street, Villern Street, Duke Street, Of Lane, Buckingham Street (Of Lane is now "York Place").

Australia House, Strand, W.C. a.—A hand-ADELPHI, Strand, W.C. a. - Adelphi Terrace

AUSTRALIA HOUSE, Strand, W.C. z .- A handsome and imposing building, erected xgzz-4 by the Commonwealth of Australia as the offices of the High Commissioner for the Commonwealth. the High Commissioner for the Commonwealth. The Agents-tieneral for Victoria, South Australia House. New South Australia House. New South Walks, Quennsland and Western Australia Inveseparate offices in the Strand Bank of England, Threadneedle Street, E.C.a. (Not open to sightscers).—The Bank of England was founded in 1694, and, although a joint stock lank has always been closely connected with

bank, has always been closely connected with the Government. The present building (now being enlarged) was erected from the designs of Sampson (1734) and Sir John Soane (1788). A "Bank Guard" is furnished every evening by the Battalion of Foot Guards on duty.

BETHLEM ROYAL HOSPITAL — The site in

Lambeth, formerly occupied by this institution, will be laid out as a public park under the supervision of the L.C.C., through the generosity

of Lord Rothenmere.
BEIGRAVIA.—A fashionable district of London west of Buckingham Palace and south of Hyde Park, extends from Grosvenor Place on the east cate, carring from crosvenor Frace on the east to Sloane Street on the west, and includes Bel-grave, Chester, Lowndes, and Eaton Squares and Cadogan Place.

BRIDGES. -The bridges over the Thames (from East to West) are the Tower Bridge (built by the Corporation of London and opened in 1894), with its bascules, affording a fine view of the Pool and of the metropolis; London Bridge the Fol and of the memories, London Druge (opened after rebuilding in 1822, and until 1750 the only bridge over the Thames in London), with the Monument (q.v.) and Fishmongers' Hall: Southwark Bridge (opened in 1829, and rebuilt by the Corporation of London, 1921); St. rebuilt by the Corporation of London, xsax); St. Paul's Bridge (proposed to be built by the Corporation of London); Blackfriars Bridge (opened in 1865 and widened by the Corporation of London in xso5); width, zostt.; Waterloo Bridge (Rennie), width, 4sft. 6ms. (opened in 1817) commanding a fine view of western London to be reconstructed or rebuilt by L.C.C.); Hungerford Bridge (for pedestrians only); Westminster Bridge Only it in zero and then presenting a view. Bridge (built in 1750 and then presenting a view that inspired Wordsworth's sonnet; rebuilt and that inspired Wordsworth's sonnet; rebuilt and reopened in 1852; width, \$4ft.) with Thorny-croft's Boudicea at the north-western end; this bridge leads from Westminster Abbey and the Houses of Parliament to the County Itali (qv.) and St. Thomas's Hospital; Lambeth Bridge (rebuilt by L.C.C. and opened in 1932) leading from Lambeth Palace to Millbank; l'auchall Bridge (rebuilt in 1936) leading to Kennington Oval; Victoria Bridge (1883); Chelsea, leading from Chelsea Hospital to Battersea Park, and Albert Bridge (1873); Battersea Bridge (opened in 1891); Wands-

worth Bridge (opened in 1873); Putney Bridge (opened in 1886) where the Oxford and Cambridge (opened in 1886) where the Oxford and Cambridge Boat Bace is started for Mortlake; Hanumer-mith Bridge (rebuilt 1887); Barnes Bridge (for pedestrians only); Chisticick Bridge (opened in 1933); King Baward VII. Bridge, Kew (rebuilt in 1908), leading to the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew; Twickenham Lock Bridge; Twickenham Bridge (opened in 1933); Richmond Bridge (opened in 1933); Richmond Bridge (opened in 1933).
BUCKINGHAM PALLACE, St. James's Park, S.W.z. (Not open to the public).—Was purchased by King George IV. In 1 1956 from the Duke of Buckingham, and was altered by Nash for King George IV. The London home of the Sovereign since Queen Victoria's accession in 1837. Re-

George IV. The London home of the Sovereign since Queen Victoria's accession in 1837. Refronted in stone (part of the Queen Victoria Memorial) by Sir Aston Webb in 1913. BURLINGTON HOUSE, Piccadilly, W. 1.—Occupied by Royal Academy of Arts (for annual exhibitions, see "Picture Galleries"); British Academy; Royal, Antiquarian, Astronomical, Linnean, Chemical and Geological Societies.

Linnean, Chemical and Geological Societies.

CANADA HOUSE, Trafalgar Square, S.W. r.

—A conspicuous building on the Western side
of the Square, in which are the Offices of the
High Commissioner of the Dominion and
Officials dealing with Trade, Emigration, &c.
Designed by Sir Robert Smirke in 1820, it was
neovasted and embellished when vacaded by the
Union Club. Certain interior features of the
original building are preserved, and the spacious,
richly furnished 100m now occupied by the
High Commissioner is much admired. Surrounded by Offices of Unandian Agenta-General rounded by Offices of Canadian Agents-General, Banks, Steamship, Ratiway and other Dominion Companies, the Canadian Building is one of London's new landmarks. It was opened by

H. M. King George V. in June, 1925.
CANONBURY TOWER, Canonbury, N. z. — A social club for tenants of the Marquess of Northampton's estates in the vicinity (in the remains of the reth century house of the Priors of St. Bartholomew). Contains the "Spencer" and "Compton" oak-panelled rooms. Other relics of Canonbury

onewy, Contains the Spencer and Compton oak-panelled rooms. Other relies of Canonbury House can be seen in the vicinity.

CEMETERIES.—FOR Bunhill Fields, see p. 404. In Kensal Green Cemetery, North Kensington, W. 20 (70 acres), are tombs of W. M. Thackeray, Anthony Trollope, Eydney Smith, Shirley Brooks, Wilkie Collins, Tom Hood, W. Murcady, George Cruikshank, John Leech, Leigh Hunt, Brunel ("Great Eastern"), Ross (Arctic), Charles Kemble and Charles Matthews (Actors), Robert Owen (Social Reformer). In Hyghgate Cemetery, N. 6, are the tombs of George Ellot, Herbert Spencer, Michael Faiaday, and G. J. Holyoake. In Abney Park Cemetery, Stoke Newington, N. 26, are the tomb of George In Compton of the Salvation Army, and memorials to many Konconformist Divines. In the South Metropolitan Cemetery, No wood, S. E. 27, are the tombs of C. H. Spurgeon, Lord Alverstone, Douglas Jerrold, John Belcher, R.A., Theodore Douglas Jerrold, John Belcher, R.A., Theodore Watte-Dunton, Dr. Moffat (Missionary), Sir H. Bessemer, Sir H. Maxim, Sir J. Barnby, Sir A. Manns, and J. Whitaker, F. S.A. (Whitaker's Almanack). CREMATORIA, — 1 Nord (City of Alimanack). CREMATORIA. - Illord (City of Loudon); Norwood; and Golder's Green (12 acres), adjoining Hampstead Heath, with "Garden of Rest" and memorials to famous men and women. Since cremation was first instituted Wolliell. Since tremation was not measured in 1885 there have been 70,000 cremations in Great Britain. Of these, 27,000 have been carried out at Golder's Green, 9,000 at Woking,

8,000 at Manchester, and the remainder at as different centres in Great Britain.

"CENOTAPI, Whitehall, S. W. z.—(Literally empty tomb"). Monument erected "To the Glorious Dead," as a memorial to all ranks of the Sea, Land and Air Korees who gave their lives in the service of the Empire during the freat War. Erected as a temporary memorial in 1919 and replaced by a permanent structure in 1920. Unveiled by the King-Emperor on in 1920. Unveiled Armistice Day, 1920.

Arminate Day, 1938.
CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT, Old Bailey, E. C. 4.—
Built by Corporation of London, 1903-1907. Fine
mural paintings by Sir W. B. Richmond and
Professor Gerald Moira in Great Hall. To be
viewed on Tuesdays and Fridays (from 10 to 4) when sittings of the Court so permit. Applica-

tion to be made to the Keeper.

CHARTERHOUSE, in Charterhouse Square, E.C.; (Master, Rev. W. T. B. Hayter, M.A.), a Carthusian monastery until 1535, purchased from the Earl of Suffolk in 1632 by Thomas Sutton and devoted by him as a home for aged gentlemen (60), "Brothers of Charterhouse," for particulars see Times, p. 11, Feb. 5, 1921. The buildings are partly 44th (but mainly 16th) century. Chapel, great hall, and staircase. Mon., Wed., and Fridays, admission 12., at 3 p.m. Service on Sundays at 8 and 11 a.m., and on weekdays at 9.30 a.m. and 6 p.m. Bulkings not shown on Sundays. Roger Williams, the founder and governor of Rhode Island, U.S.A., was on June 25, 1621, elected a scholar of Sutton's Hospital.

CHRISEA, S.W. 3.-A western metropolitan borough (see p. 657), with a fine embankment between Victoria and Battersen bridges over the Thames (see p. 478). "Chelsea (lid Church" (All Saints) contains memorials of Sir Thomas More, Sir Hans Sloane, Shadwell (poet laureate), Woodfall (printer of "Junius"), and many others. Steele, Smollett, Turner, Rossetti, Whistler, Leigh Hunt and Carlyle (see p. 300) lived there. The borough was formerly famous for buns and presenting.

and porcelain.

CHELSEA PHYSIC GARDEN, Royal Hospital Road, S.W. 3.—A garden of general botanical research, established in latter part of 17th century by the Society of Apothecaries, occupies site presented in 1772 by Sir Haus Sloane. Trans-ferred in 1899 to the Trustees of the London Parochial Charities. Tickets of admission for approved students obtainable from the Clerk to the Trustees, 3, Temple Gardens, E.C. 4. CHELSEA BOYAL HOSPITAL (founded by Charles

II. in 168a, and built by Wru; opened in 1694), Royal Hospital Road, Chelsca, S. W. 3, for Old and Disabled Soldiers. Flags and other War Trophies in the Great Hall. Accommodation for 558 In-Pensioners. The extensive grounds include the former Ranelagh. Gardens. Open daily to to as and a to 4, and on Sunday afternoons. Governor, General Sir Walter P. Braithwaite, G.C.B. Lieut. Governor and Secretary, Maj.-Gen. O. H. Delano

Governor and Secretary, Maj.-Gen. O. H. Delano Osborne, C.B., C.M.G.

COLLEGE OF ARMS OR HERALDS' COLLEGE (*ee also p. 28s.), Queen Victoria Street, E.C. 4.—The Royal "Officers of Arms" ("Kings, Heralds and Purauivants of Arms") were incorporated by Richard III., and acquired "Derby House" on the site of the present College building from Queen Mary I. The building now in use was rebuilt after the Fire of London. The Powers vested by the Crown in the Earl Marshal (The Duke of Norfolk) with regard to all State ccre-

monial, and the granting and use of Armorial Bearings, are exercised by this College. Enquiry may be made to the Officer on duty in the Public Office every day between so a.m. and 4 p.m.

Saturdays, 10 to 1.
COUNTY HALL, Westminster Bridge S.E. 1. The Headquarters of the London County Council (see pp. 673-676) built on the Pedlar's Acre, Lambeth, from the designs of Ralph Knott, with The building contains a council chamber, reception hall, &c.

CUSTOM HOUSE, Lower Thames Street, E.C. 3.

CUSTOM HOUSE, Lower Thames Street, E.C. 2.—Built early in 19th century, with a wide quay on Thames. The Long Room is 190 ft. long.

DEAN WACE HOUSE, 7 Wine Office Court, E.C. 4.—
DOWNING STREET, Whitehall, S.W. 1.—Named after a politician of Charles II. 's reign. No. 20 the official town residence of the Prime Minister, No. 12 of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and No. 12 is the office of the Government Whips.

ELY PLACE, Holborn Circus, E.C. 1.—The site of the Lowdyn house of former Rishors of Ely

of the London house of former Bishops of Ely.
The ath century chapel, now St. Etheldreda's
(R.C.) Church, is open daily until dusk; a charge
of ad is made for admission to the crypt.
EMPIRE MEMORIAL HOSTEL (British Sallors
Steight).

Society), 747 Commercial Road, Limehouse, E. 14.—A memorial erected by the women of the Empire to men of both sea services. The hostel contains 300 beds, a restaurant and recreation-rooms; billiard-room; concert hall, private chapel, &c. Open daily, including Sunday, free; night porter in attendance.

FULHAM PALACE, Bishop's Avenue, Fulham, S. W.6. - The courtyard is 15th century, remainder 18th century. Residence of the Bishop of London. Grounds of 37 acres, surrounded by ancient most. Previous application to visit should be made to

the Bishop's Secretary.
GUILDHALL, King Street, City, E.C. a (dating from early 15th century).—Grand Civic Hall, where Sovereigns and Princes are entertained, Freedoms conferred, and the great City functions take place; Offices and Council Chamber of the Corporation of the City of London (see p. 668). Admission free. The Library contains Plan of London in 1570; Deed of Sale with Shakespeare's signature; first, second and fourth folios of Shakespeare's plays, &c., and (with Newspaper Pown additional or over free on week days. Room adjoining) is open free on week days, to a.m. to 6 p.m. Keeper of the Guildhall, G. W. Bodman (1928

HOLBORN VIADUCT, F.C. z, was constructed in z867-z869 by order of the Corporation of the City of London from the designs of William Haywood, to carry the roadway over the valley of the Fleet river (the "Hole-bourne"). The Holborn Valley Viaduct is 1,400 ft. long, and is mainly of brick with iron bridges over Farringdon Street and Shoe Lane. The cost (£1,571,000) was borne by the City of London, the loan raised for the purposes of the improvement being secured on the Coal and Corn dues; these dues were abolished in 1889 and 1902, and the loan is being otherwise discharged.

HONOURABLE ARTILLERY COMPANY'S HEAD QUALTERS, City Road, E.C. 1.—The H.A.C. (Sec., Maj. G. G. Walker, D.S.O., M.C.) received its charter of incorporation from Henry VIII. in 1537, and has occupied its present ground since 1641. Four of its members—Duncan, Keayne,

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1984

U.S.A. American soldiers and sailors may view

U.S.A. American somers and samors may vorthe armounty, on request.

HORSE GUARDS, Whitehall, S.W. z.—Archway and offices built about zygo. The mounting of the guard (Life Guards, or Koyal Horse Guards) at zz a.m. (a a.m. on Sundays) and the dismounting at 4 p.m. are picturesque ceremonies. Only those on the Lord Chamberiain's list may always beauth the cates and archway into Only those on the LOrd Chambersains list may drive through the gates and archway into Horse Guards' Parade, (300,000 8q. ft.), where the Colour is "trooped" on the King's Birthday. (Trafalgar Square is 168.850 8q. ft.; Parliament Square, 136,900 8q. ft.; Leicester Square,

200,000 Sq. ft ).
HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT, Westminster, S.W. z. The "Palace of Westminster" was re-built in Tago-186 from the designs of Sir Charles Barry and Augustus Pugin, at a cost of £1.26,000.—Open to visitors on Saturdays, and on Easter and Whit Mondays and Tuesdays and August Bank Holiday if neither House be sitting Admission at the Norman Porch, House of Lords, on the above-mentioned days, from a.m. to 3.30 p.m. Admission to the zo a.m. to 3.30 p.m. Admission to the Strangers' Gallery of the House of Commons, Strangers' Gallery of the House of Commons, during session, by member's order, or order obtained on personal application at the Admission Order Office in St. Stephen's Hall. The Victoria Tower (House of Lords) is 336 ft. high, and when Parliament is sitting the Union Jack flies by day from its flagstaff. The Clock Tower of the House of Commons is 320 ft. high and coutsing "Hig Ban" (1224 fours., named after Sir contains "Big Ben" (13½ tons, named after Sir Benjamin Hall, First Commissioner of Works when it was hung in 1856. A light is displayed

when it was hung in 1856. A light is displayed from this tower when Parlament is sitting.

1NNS OF COURT. — The Inner and Middle Temple, S. of Fleet Street, E.C. 4, and N. of Victoria Embankment, to which the gardens extend, occupy (since early rath century) the site of the buildings of the Order of Knights Templars, the Temple Church (q.v.) surviving. Middle Temple Hall is Elizabethan, and in Middle Temple Hall is Elizabethan, and in Middle Temple (Aurelle Shukeapear (Henry VI Middle Tample Cardens Shakespeare (Henry VI, Pt. I) places the incident which led to the "Wars of the Roses" (1455-1456). Lincoln's Inn, from Chancery Lane to Lincoln's Inn Fields, from Chancery Lane to Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C. a, occupies the site of the palace of a former Bishop of Chichester and of a Black Friars monastery. It was founded early in the zeth century. The new Hall is modern, the Library is 19th century, and the old Hall carly 16th century, the Chapel (Inigo Jones) early 19th century. Lincoln's Inn Fields (7 acres); the Square contains many fine old houses with handsome interiors General Inn Enal W.C. 1909. teriors. Gray's Inn. Gray's Inn Road, W.C. 1, was founded in late 14th century. The Hall is 16th century (the "Comedy of Errors" was performed century (the "comety or Entrors was performed there in 1594); the Gardens were laid out (accord-ing to tradition) by Lord Chancellor Bacon (died 1566). No other "Inns" are active, but Staple Inn is worth visiting as a relic of Flizabethan London; is worth visiting as a relic of Elizabethan London; it has a picturesque gabled front on Holborn (opposite Gray's Lin Road), and the Hall, with hammer beam roof, is intact. Clement's Inn, feet Street, and Thavies Inn, Holborn Circua. Serjants' Inn, Fleet Street, and another (now demolished) of the same name in Chancery face. Were convected of Serjants' Ina. The

Saturdays and Sundays (March-Sept. a to 6; Oct. 2 to 5, Nov.-Feb. 2 to 4). Kennington Gardens (q.v.) adjoin. LAMBETH PALACE, S. E. z. — The official residence

LAMESTH PALACE, S. E. r.—The official residence of the Archbishop of Canterbury, on south bank of Thames; the oldest part is 13th century, the house itself is early 15th century. For leave to visit the historical portions, applications should be made by letter to the Archbishop's Secretary.

LAW COURTS, Strand, W.C. 2.—The Royal Courts of Justice were erected from the designs of G. E. Street (completed by Sir A. Blomfield and A. E. Street) in 1544-1668 at a cost of 51,000,000 (the site cost 51,500,000 in addition). Until they were occupied by the Supreme Court of Judicature (established in 1873 by the fusion of High Court, Chancery, Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, Exchequer, Probate, Divorce, and Admiratry the Courts met in Westimister Hall (g.2.). The Central Hall is 136 ft. long.

LITLE BRITAIN, Smithfield, E.C.x.—Benjamin Franklin lived in Little Britain on his first com-

Franklin lived in little Britain on his first coming to London. It was then a centre of the bookselling and printing trade, and Franklin is reputed to have set type in the works which extended into the Lady Chapel of St. Bartholo-

new's Church (q.v.).
Livery Companies (see p. 691) have magnificent halls, but admission to view them has generally to be

arranged beforehand.

IONDON MONUMENT (commonly called "The Monument"), Pudding Lane, Eastcheap, E.C. 2.—Built from designs of Wren, 1671-1679, to commemorate the Great Fire of London, which broke out in Pudding Lane, Sept. 2, 1666. The fluted Doric column is 202 feet high (the fiames of fire 42 feet in addition), and is based on a square plinth, with fine carvings on W. face. Splendid views of London from gallery at top of column. Admission 3d., 9 to 6 (Oct.-

April to 4).

LONDON UNIVERSITY.—Administrative buildings, hall, union, &c., will be erected on reacre site in Bloomsbury. Foundation stone will

site in Bloomsbury. Foundation stone will probably be laid early in 1932. Office accommodation is at present afforded in the Imperial Institute Buildings, South Kensington.

LORD'S CRICKET GROUND, St. John's Wood Road, N.W.S.—The headquarters (since 1824) of the Marylebone Cricket Club, the premier cricket club in England and the governing body of cricket, the scene of some of the principal natelys of the season and Middless County beadquarters. Admission to ordinary matchess. headquarters, Admission to ordinary matches zs., to special matches ss. or ss. (including tax). The public can obtain reserved seats on payment. Tenuis Court in building behind members'

pavilion, where interesting games are played.

MANSION HOUSE, City, E.C.4.—(Reconstructed 1930-31). The official residence of the Lord Mayor; the Egyptian Hall and Ballroom are the chief attractions. Admission by order from the

Lord Mayor's Secretary

(opposite Gray's Lūn Road), and the Hall, with hammer beam roof, is intact. Clement's Inn (near St. Clement Dane's Church); C'liford's Inn, Fleet Street, and Thavies Inn, Holborn Circus. Seriants' Inn, Fleet Street, and another (now demolished) of the same name in Chancery Lane, were composed of Serjeants-at-Law, the last of whom died in 1922.

KENSINGTON PALACE, W. B.—Enlarged by Christopher Wren for King William III. (1851), and continued as a royal residence until 1956. The birthplace of Queen Victoria in 1829. Open on

and opened by H.M. the Queen; London Fruit Exchangs, Brushfield Street (built by Corporation of London 1938-9) faces Spitalfields Market; Metropolitan Cattle Market (Mon. and Th.; General or Pedlars' Market, Tu. and Frl.) and Abattoirs, Caledonian Road, N.z. Other markets are—Covent Garden, W.C. 2 (established under a charter of Charles II. in 1661) and Borough Mar-ket, S.E. 1, for Vegetables, Fruit. Flowers, &c. Marlborough House, Fall Mail, S.W. 1, (No. Charles the publish. Built by Wren for the creat and opened by H.M. the Queen; London Fruit

open to the public) .- Built by Wren for the great Duke of Marlborough about 1710, and purchased as a London residence for the Prince of Wales

in 1863.

MAYFAIR.—A fashionable district of London,

Delace and east of Hyde mayfalk.—A manionable district of London, north of Buckinghain Palace and east of Hyde Park, extends from Oxford Street (N.) to Piccadilly (S.), and from Bond Street (E.) to Park Lane (W.), includes Curzon Street and Grosvenor and Berkeley Squares. The most fashionable shopping centres of London are included in Mayfair in Old and New Bond Street and Oxford Street Repeat Street almost adjoins Mayfair. Street. Regent Street almost adjoins Mayfair.

MONUMENTS .- VICTORIA MEMORIAL in front of Buckingham Palace; Albert Memorial, South Kensington; Air, Victoria Embankment; Bea-consprein, Parliament Square; Brigian, Vic-toria Embankment: Boadicka (more correctly toria Embankment: BOADICEA (more correctly, "Boudicea"), Queen of the Iceni, E. Anglin Westminster Bridge; BURNS, Embankment Gardens; BURGHERS OF CALAIS (replica of Rodin's statue), Victoria Tower Gardens, Westminster; CAYALRY, Hyde Park; CAYELL, St. Martin's Place; CENOTAPH, Whitehall; CHARLES I. (erected Jan. 29, 1675), Trafalgar Square; CHARLES II. (elining Glibons), inside the Royal Exchange; CLEOPATRA'S NEBLE (68½ ft. high, erected 1876), Thames Embankment (the Sphinx, W. of pedestal, and the surrounding atonework, bear scars from an Air Raid), CAPTAIN GOOK (Brock), the Mall; CHIMEAN, Broad Sanctuary; OLIVER CROMWELL (Thorny-croft), outside Westminster Hall; DUKE OF VARK (124 ft.), St. croft), outside Westminster Hall; DURE OF CAMBRIDGE, Whitehall; DURE OF YORK (124 ft.), St. James's Park; EDWARD VII., Waterloo Place (Mackennal); EROS, (Gilbert) Embaukment Gardens; EROS, (Gilbert) Embaukment Gardens; MARKCHAL FOCH, Grosvenor Gardens; GEORGE IV. (Chantrey) riding without stirrups, Trafalgar Square; GLADSTONE, facing Australia House, Strand; GUARDS', (Crimea) Waterloo Place, (Great War) Horse Guards' Parade; IRVING (Brock), N. side of National Portrait Gallery; JAMES II. (Grinling Gibbons), The Mall; KITCHENER, Horse Guards' Parade; ABRAHAM LINCOLN (St. Gaudens), facing Westminster Abbey; LONDON TROOPS, Röyal Exchange; MILTON, St. Giles's, Cripplegate; MONUMENT, THE (see above); NELSON (124 ft.), Trafalgar Square, with Landseer's lions (cast from guns recovered from the wreck of the Royal George); FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE, Waterloo Place; recovered from the wreck of the Royal George); FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE, Waterloo Place; PETER PAN" (Frampton), Kensington Gardens; RICHARD CKUR DE LION (MARCCHET), Old Palace Yard; ROBERTS, Horse Guards Parade; ROYAL ARTILLERY, (South Africa) The Mail, (Great War) Hyde Park Corner; ROYAL MARINES, The Mail; SCOTT (Antarctic), Waterloo Place; SHAKESPEARE (FONTAMA), Leicester Square; GRORGE WASHINGTON (Houdon), Trafalgar Square; WELLINGTON, Hyde Park Corner; WELLINGTON (Chantrey) riding without stirrups, Royal Exchange; JOHN WESLEY, City Road; WOLSELEY, Horse Guards Parade.

PATENT OPPION (including PUBLIC LIBRARY),

as Southampton Buildings, W.C.a.—In 1932, the Patent Office sealed 21, 150 patents and registered 29,687 designs and 6,660 trade marks. The library (252,600 volumes) is open to the public

daily from ze a.m. to 9 p.m.

PEOPLE'S PALACE, Mile End Road, E.z.—
The Queen's Hall was destroyed by fire on February as, 1931, and no decision has yet been arrived at as to rebuilding. Small Hall—Bancs and concerts. Social clubs, hard tennis courts, Badminton courts and indoor cricket pitches.

Hall can be hired. PORT OF LONDON.—The Port of London com-prises the tidal portion of the River Thames from Teddington to the sea, a distance of 69 miles and five dock systems covering an area of mnes and new dock systems covering an area of 4,203 acres, of which yaz acres are water. The governing body is the Port of London Authority (see pp. 325-6) whose Head Offices in Trinity Square, E.C. 3, were designed by Sir Edwin Cooper, A.R.A., F.R.I B.A. The value of the overseas trade of the Port, including transhipments under bond in 1931 was £305,189,000 and represents over one-third of the overseas trade of the United Kingdom. Particulars of the docks are as follows:—London & St. Katharine Docks, E x.—Area 123½ acres including 43 acres water. Chief commodities handled are Wool, water. Uniter commountee handled are wood, tyory, spices, Shells, Tea, Rubber, Wine, Marble, Canned Goods, Hides, Perfumes, &c., and general cargo from Continental and constwise ports. Surry, Commercial Docks, S.E. 15.—Area 381 acres, including 133 acres water. The chief centre of the London and Provincial Softchief centre of the London and Provincial Soft-wood Trade. Also handles Grain, Canadian Datry Produce, &c. West India & Milwall Docks, E. 14.—Area 473 acres including 1331/3 acres water. Principal commodities handled are Rum, Sugar, Grain, Hardwood, Fruit, Ply-wood and Wood pulp. In Milwall Dock a special feature is the Granary. East India Dock, E. 14.—Area 671/2 acres including 131/3 acres water. Centro of South African and West India Trade. Special equipment for handling bananas. Royal Victoria & Albert & West India Trade. Special equipment for handling bananas. Royal Victoria & Albert & King George V. Docks, E. 16.—Area 1, 1025 acres including 246 acres water—have special facilities for handling Frozen and Chilled Meat, Grain, Tobacco. Large quantities of Wool, Fruit, Dairy Tobacco. Large quantities of Wool, Fruit, Pairy Produce and general cargo are also dealt with. The King George V. Dock, opened in 1921, provides accommodation for vessels up to 30,000 tons. Tilbury Docks, Essex—Arca 67, 2 acres, including 104/2 acres water. These docks are 26 miles below London Bridge and are used principally by vessels plying on the Australian, Indiau and other Eastern routes. The Cargo Letty in the River et Tilbury is available for Jetty in the River at Tilbury is available for vessels to discharge or load part cargoes. Tilbury Passenger Landing Stage provides accommodation for liners at all states of the tide and adjoins Tilbury Riverside Station, giving direct rail connexion with London, the Mid-

direct fall confication with London, the mar-lands and the North.

Post Office.—The "General Post Office" is in King Edward Street, E.C. x, a handsomely fronted, ferro-concrete building (Tanner), with marble inlaid hall, opened in 1930. The public Hall is open for usual postal business from 6.43 a.m. to 9 p.m. (Sat. 8 p.m.). In the neighbour-hood are G.P.O. North and G.P.O. West (the

PATENT OFFICE (including Public Library), to 4 or 5) is in a timbered xyth century house, and

contains a Jacobean plaster ceiling and Jacobean and Georgiau panolling. (Available for lettings—Apply Architect, County Hall S.E.r.)
ROMAN LONDON. — Visible remains of the Roman city are now very few. The most atriking is a fine plece of the city wall, including an angle bastion, beneath the pavement of the yard of the General Post Office at Giltspur Street. Other portions of this three mile wall which encircled the city may be seen at Roman Wall House, Crutched Friars, and near the White Tower of the Tower of London. The fragments showing in the churchyards of Cripplegate, Saint Alphage, London Wall, and All Hallows, London Wall, are medieval reconstructions, the actual Roman are medieval reconstructions, the actual Roman masonry of the lower portion being here concealed beneath the soil. Recent excavations in Jewry Street, where the wall crossed the bed of a small stream, give good grounds for supposing that it was built about 75 to 85 A.D. In the basement of the Coal Exchange of Lower Thames Street are the remains of a hypocaust, perhaps once forming part of public baths. The governmental headquarters of the town were a great basilica, more than 400 feet long from east to west, the massive walls of which have been encountered, extending from leadenhall Market across Graceextending from Leadenhall Market across Gracechurch Street as far as St. Michael's, Cornhill. Excavations during the past few years have shown that the river front was embanked in Roman times with a construction of huge oaken timbers for a considerable distance both cast and west of the present London Bridge, Many relics of Roman London may be seen in the Guildhall, British and London Museums (q.v.).

Guidiali, Bittisi and London Museums (q.v.),
ROYAL EXCHANGE, Cornibili, E.C. 3, founded
by Sir Thomas Gresham, 1566, opened by Queen
Elizabeth 1571, rebuilt 1667-9 and 1843-1844).—
Admission free. Statues of Queen Elizabeth,
Charles II., Queen Victoria, Sir Thomas Gresham,
Wallette, (Charles elitheristics). Wellington (Chantrey), riding without stirrups. Peabody, and others; frescoes in the ambu-latory by Leighton, Abbey, Brangwyn, Wyllie, and others. The chimes of the Royal Exchange (re-cast xgsr) play English, Scottish and Irish melodies at g a.m., xs noon, and 3 and 6 p.m. With the exception of the ambulatory practically the whole of the building is now occupied by the Royal Exchange Assurance, which has had its head office there since 1720.

ROYAL (REORAPHICAL SOCIETY, Kensington Gore, S.W. 7.—Map Room open to public, free.

ROYAL MINT, Tower Hill, E.C. 3 (building erected 18ro), where gold, silver, and brouze are coined. Admission by order only, application for which should be made to the Deputy Master of the Mint, about 4 weeks in advance of intended visit. Hours of admission, so to 3 Mon. 16 Mill average Rank Holders, for when Mon. to Fri., except Bank Holidays, &c., when the Mint is closed.

ST. JAMES'S PALACE, in Pall Mall, S.W. r.—
(Not open to the public). Built by Henry VIII,
(according to tradition, from designs by Holbein); the Gatehouse and Presence Chamber remain, and part of the Chapel Royal. A royal residence from 1698 to 1837. Royal Levées held here during the season. Representatives of Foreign Powers are still accredited "to the Court of St. James's," and (by the King's permission) the Conference of the Allies was held

there in February, 1921. St. John's Gate, Clerkenwell, E.C.1.—Now the Chancery of the Order of St. John of Jernsalem, and formerly the gate of the Priory of that Order.

of which the gate house (early 16th century) and choir of Church (crypt 12th century) alone survive. The gatehouse may be inspected by writ-

ten permission of the Secretary at the Chancery.
SMITHFIELD. E.C. z.—Sir William Wallace ten permission of the Secretary at the Chancery, SMITHFIKID, E.C. r.—Sir William Wallace was executed there (1305) in the reign of Edward I., and Wat Tyler was "despatched" by Lord Mayor "Walworth (1304) in the reign of Richard II. Anne Askew, a Protestant martyr (1516), and under Mary I. (1553-1558) many suffered there for the Protestant faith. (A memorial is affixed to the W. wall of St. Bartholomew's Hospital.) The last to suffer for religion at Smithfield was Bartholomew Lerratt. religion at Smithfield was Bartholomew Leggatt. Unitarian (1612), in the reign of James I. At the corner of Cock Lane (W. side of West Smithfield) is a small gilt figure commemorating the spot where the Fire of London was finally checked by the demolition of houses, Sept. 6, 1666.

SOMERSET HOUSE, Strand, W.C. a, and Victoria Embankment, W.C. a.—The heautiful river façade (60e feet long) was built at the close of the 18th century from the designs of Sir W. Chambers; the remainder of the building is early 19th century. Somerset House was the property of Lord Protector Somerset, at whose attainder in 1552 the palace passed to the Crown, and it was a royal residence until about the close of the 17th century. The building is now occupied by the Board of Inland Revenue and by the Principal Probate Registry and the office of the Registrar-General of Births, Marriages and Deaths. In the Probate Registry (Central and Deaths. In the Probate Registry (Central Hall) are the wills (inter alia) of Shakespeare, Milton, Newton, Van Dyck, Pitt, Dr. Johnson, Nelson, Wellington and Burke.

SOUTH AFRICA HOUSE, Trafalgar Square, W.C. a.—A conspicuous building on the east side of Trafaigar Square erected from the design of Sir Herbert Baker and opened by H.M. King George V. (June 2s. 1933). The London head-quarters of the Union of South Africa, Offices of the High Commissioner, with general enquiry offices, exhibition, halls, travel bureau, reading-room, cinema, &c.

STOCK EXCHANGE, E.C. 2. (Strangers not admitted).—Known in the City as the "House," was founded in 1773 and now consists of about 4,000 members. A dealer ("jobber") does business only with other members; a "broker" is the intermediary with the public. Speculators for a rise in prices are "bulls"; those for a fall are "bears." Charmany the Committee for General Purposes, Sir Archibald Henry Campbell; Deputy ruti-see, Sit Archioant menry Campucit, Deputy Charman, Robert B. Pearson; Secretary, General Purposes Committee, A. L. F. Green; Secretary, Trustees and Managers, R. M. Brydone; Ofice, 23, Thrognorton St. E.C. 2. Thames Embankments.—The Victoria Em-bankment, on the N. side (from Westminster to

Blackfriars), was constructed by Sir J. W. Bazal-gette for the Metropolitan Board of Works, 1864-1870 (the seats, of which the supports of some are a kneeling camel, laden with spicery, and of others a winged sphinx, were presented by the Grocers' Company, and by Rt. Hon. W. H. Smith, N., in 1874); the Albert Embankment on the S. side (from Westminster Bridge to Vauxhall). 1866-1869; the Chelsea Embankment, 1871-1874. The total cost exceeded £2,000,000. Sir J. W.

[•] The "Sword of St Paul" appears in the zst quarter of the City Arms, not "Walworth's dagger" as once commonly believed, an error still repeated in an inscrip-tion in Fishmongon's Hall.

Baralgette (1819-1891) also inaugurated the London main drainage system, 1828-1865. A medallion has been placed on a pier of the Victoria Embankment to commemorate the engineer of the Thames waterside improvements ("Flumini vincula pocuit"). The County Hall of the L.C.C. includes an embankment on the

Surrey side.

THANES TUNNELS .- The Rotherhithe Tunne! (foot passengers and vehicles), constructed by the L.C.c. and opened in 1908, connects Com-mercial Road East, with Lower Road, Rotherhithe; the total length is 1 mile 322 yards, of which 474 yards are under the river. The cost of the tunnel and 18 approaches was £1,583,273. The Blackwall Tunnel (foot passengers and vehicles) was constructed by the LC.C. and opened in 1807, connects East India Dock Road, Poplar, with Blackwall Lane, East Greenwich. The total length of the tunnel is a mile 276 yards, of which 407 yds. are under the river. The cost of the tunnel with its approaches was about £1,328,592. Greenwich Tunnel (foot passengers only) constructed by the L.C.C. and opened in 1908, connects the Isle of Pogs, Poplar, with Greenwich. The length of the subway is 406 yards, and the cost was about £180,000. The Woolwich Tunnel (foot passengers only), constructed by the L.C.C. and opened in 1912, connects North and South Woolwich below the passenger and vehicular ferry from North Woolwich Station, E. 16, to High Street, Woolwich, S. E. 18. The length of the subway is 518 yards, and its cost was about £ 36,000. The Thames Tunnel (1200 feet) was opened in 1843 to connect Wapping (N.) with Rotherhithe (S.). In 1866 it was closed to the public, and purchased by the East London Railway Company. The Towns Subway for foot, nassengers, was The Tower Subway for foot passengers was opened in 1870, and has long been closed.

TOWER HILL, E.C. r and E.C. 3, was formerly

the place of execution for condemned prisoners from the Tower, the site of the scaffold being marked in the gardens of Trinity Square.

Tower of London, E.C. 3 (built by William the Conqueror, A.D. 1065-1087).—Admission to Jewel House, on all week days, 6d.; White Tower and Armouries, including Vaults, 6d.; to Bloody Tower, on all week days, 6d. Free on Saturdays (except Jewel House and Bloody Tower) by tickets issued at the office at gateway. Open from issued at the office at gateway. Open from r May to 30 Sept., ro a.m. to 6 p.m.; r Oct. to 30 April, ro a.m. to 5 p.m. Not open on Good Friday, Christmas Day, or Sunday. Constable, Field Marshal Lord Milne, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., B.S.O., D.C.L., LL.D.; Lieutenant, Lt.-Gen. H. H. S. Knox, C.R., D.S.O.; Mayer and Resident Gooenor, Lt.-Col. W. F. O. Favnell, P.S.O.; Keeper of the Jewel House, Major-Gen. Sir George J. Younghushand, K.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., C.B.; Curator of the Amagine Charles Roules w. A. The of the Armouries, Charles foulkes, F.S.A. The Yeoman Warders retain their picturesque Tudor uniforms. During the Great War the rudor uniforms. During the Great War the use of the Tower as a prison was revived. Sir William Wallace, King David II. and King James I. of Scotland, the "Little Princes" (Edward V. and his brother), Anne Boleyn, Katherine Howard, Lady Jane Grey, Queen Elizabeth, Sir Walter Raleigh, William Penn, Cranmer, Bidley and Latimer and many others were imprisoned in the Tower. were imprisoned in the Tower.

TRAFALGAR SQUARE, S.W. 1. -This space was laid out in the second quarter of the 19th century. In the Square are the Nelson Monument 142 feet high, with Landseer's lions round the hase.

WESTMINSTER HALL, S.W. z (built by William Buius, A.D. 1067-1100 and altered by Richard IL, 1377-1399), adjacent to and incorporated in the Houses of Parliament.—Westminster Hall is Houses of Parliament.—Westminster Hall is part of the Palace of Westminster and survived the fire, which destroyed the remainder of the Palace (Oct. 16, 1834). The Hall is so feet long, 68 feet wide, and so feet high. The hammer beam roof of carved oak, dating from 1399, is one of the principal attractions. King Charles I. was tried in the Hall. For admission, see regulations as to House of Parliament. lations as to Houses of Parliament.

WHITEHALL, opposite Horse Guards, S.W. z.— Erected by Inigo Jones as a banqueting-house for the projected Whitehall Palace. King Charles I. was beheaded here.

### PARKS, SPACES AND GARDENS,

The principal Parks and Open Spaces in the Metropolitan area are maintained as under :-By the Crown.

BUSHY PARK (1,100 acres), see D. 481. GREEN PARK (53 acres) W. 1.—Between Picca-dilly and St. James's Park with Constitution Hill, leading to Hyde Park Corner.

GREENWIGH PARK (188 acres), S.E. 10, see p. 48s.
HAMPTON COURT GARDENS (54 acres).
HAMPTON COURT GREEN (17 acres).
HAMPTON COURT PARK (615 acres).
HYDE PARK (260 acres)—From Park Lane,

W. r., to Kensington Gardens, W. s, containing the Serpentine. Fine gateway at Hyde Park Corner, with Apsley House, the Achilles Statue, Rotten Row and the Ladies' Mile. To the northeast is the Marble Arch, originally erected by George IV. at the entrance to Buckingham Palace and re-erected in present position in x85x.

KENSINGTON GARDENS (275 acres) W. a.—From western boundary of Hyde Park to Kensington Palace, containing the Albert Memorial.

KEW ROYAL BOTANIC GARDENS (288 acres),

see p. a81 and p. 480.

REGENT'S PARK and PRIMROSK HILL (535 acres), N.W. I.—From Maryle one Road to Primrose Hill surrounded by the Outer Circle and divided by the Broad Walk leading to Zoological Gardens.

RICHMOND GREEN (10 acres).

RICHMOND PARK (s, 3,38 acres).
St. James's Park (93 acres), S.W. z.—From Whitehall to Buckingham Palace. An ornamental lake of 5 acres is spanned by a suspension bridge built in 1857, from which a magnificent view is obtainable towards Westminster eastwards and oneaning to Buckingham Palace. The Mall leads from the Admiralty Arch to the Queen Victoria Memorial and Buckingham Palace. Birdcage Walk from Storey's Gate, past Wellington Barracks, to Buckingham Palace. Master Gruner of St. James's Park, Field-Marshal Lord Milne, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., D.S.O., D.C.L., LL.D.

By the Corporation of London. BURNHAM BEECHES and FLEET WOOD (400

acres), see p. 481.
COULSDON COMMON Surrey (163 acres). EPPING FOREST (5,560 acres), see p. 481. FARTHINGDOWN, Surrey (ras acres).
HIGHGATE WOOD (70 acres). Highgate Hill is
the scene of the Dick Whittington legends.

ne scene of the Dick whittington legends.
KENLEY COMMON, Surrey (80 acres).
QUEEN'S PARK, Kilburn (30 acres).
RIDDLESDOWN, Surrey (87 acres).
SPRING PARK, West Wickham (36 acres).
WEST HAM PARK (77 acres).
WEST WICKHAM COMMON, Kent (85 acres).

By the London County Council.

BATTERSEA PARK (200 acres), S.W. 8 to S.W. 11,

BATTERERA PARK (200 acres), S.W. 250 S.W. 21, with Sub-tropical Garden (a acres).
BLACKHEATH (267 acres), S.E. 3.—Morden
College, founded in 2695 as a home for "decayed
Turkey merchants," is near the S.E. corner.
BOSTALL HEATH AND WOODS (234 acres), S.E. 2.
BROCKWELL PARK (127 acres), with Brockwell Hall, Herne Hill, S.E. 5.
CLAPIAN COMMON (200 acres), S.W.

CLAPHAM COMMON (205 acres), S.W. 4. DULWICH PARK (72 acres), with lake, S.E. 22.

FINSBURY PARK (115 acres), N. 4.
GOLDER'S HILL (36 acres), adjoining West
Heath, liampstead.

HACKNEY IOWNS (42 acres), E. s.
HACKNEY MARSH (340 acres), E. 8.
HAINAULT FOREST (805 acres), Hainault, Essex. HAMPSTEAD HEATH and Extension (288 acres), N.W. 3-Hampstead Church contains a bust of

Keats, who lived for a time at Lawn Bauk (formerly called Wentworth Place). KEN WOOD (195; acres), adjoining Parliament Hill Fields, and including Nightingale Valley. Part purchased in 1922 by public subscription; opened and dedicated by the King, July 18, 1925. Ken Wood contains valuable art treasures

(Iveagh bequest)

MARBLE HILL (66 acres).—Twickenham, Mid-dlesex (opposite Richmond, Surrey)—A bean-tiful park, running down to the riverside, on the left bank of the Thames; includes a mansion, formerly the residence of Mrs. Fitzherbert, morganatic wife of George IV. Twickenham contains Pope's Villa (rebuilt) and the poet's tomb in the parish church, near which is York House, where Queen Anne was born. At Strawberry Hill is Horace Walpole's house with ornamental garden

PARLIAMENT HILL (271 acres)-adjoining PARMAMENT HIM: (27) Reves—aujoining Hampstead Heath. A tumulus, popularly known as Roudicea's Tonto, is believed to be Roman.
PECKHAM RYE (64 acres), S.E. 15, and S.E. 22.
PECKHAM RYE PARK (49 acres), S.E. 15 and

PLUMSTRAD COMMON (103 acres), S.E. 18. RAVENSCOURT PARK (33 acres), Hannersmith. SOUTHWARK PARK (63 acres), near Surrey Commercial Docks, Rotherhithe, S.E. 16. STREATHAM COMMON (66 acres), S.W. 16.

TOOTING COMMON (217 acres), S.W. 17.
VIOTORIA PARK (217 acres), E. 2. The Bethnal
Green Museum (a branch of the Victoria and Albert Museum) is close by.

WANDSWORTH COMMON (175 acres), S.W. 18. WANDSWORTH PARK (so acres), on the right bank of the Thames, opposite the ground of Hurlingham Club.

WATERLOW PARK (26 acres), on the southern slopes of Highgate Hill, N. 6, containing Lauderdale House, formerly occupied by Nell Gwynne. WORMWOOD SCRUBS (az acres), Hammersmith.

EXHIBITIONS, &c., IN LONDON DURING 1934.

ALEXANDRA PALACE, Wood Green, N.as-Present building erected in 1875; previous building completely destroyed by fire in June 1873; acquired for the public by the Middlesex County Council and other local Anthorities in 1900. The building covers an area of 7½ acres. Nearly see acres of beautiful park land are open free to the public daily; extensive views over London, Essex and Hertfordshire can be obtained. The Grand Organ in the Great Hall, recently re-stored, is the finest concert organ in Europe;

recitals every Sunday afternoon. Spacious halls available for Exhibitions, Trade Shows, Conventions and Displays. Promenade Concerts in Concert Hall every Sunday during Winter and in the picturesque Grove in the Summer; roller skating rink open daily; dances in Ball Room on Th. and Sat.

on Th. and Sat.
CRYSTAL PALACK, S. E. zo.—The Great Pleasure
Resort, originally designed for the International
Exhibition in Hyde Fark (z8zz), removed and
e-erected on the creat of Notwood Hill. Open
daily from zo a.m. Feativals, Shows, Sports
Hectings, Speedway Racing, Musical and other
entertainments. Firework displays every Thursday at dusk, during August and September.
The famous Fine Art Courts and collection
of Statuary have been restored. 28 acres of
recreation under cover and soo acres of pleasure recreation under cover and soo acres of pleasure

park. General Manager, Sir Henry Buckland.

MADAME TUSSAUD'S EXHIBITION, Marylebone Road, N.W.r. Reopened after fire, 1938. Open daily (including Sunday) from 10 s.m. to 10 p.m.

dally (including sunday) from to a.m. to to p.m. Admission zs. 6d. (incl. tax); children under twelve, 6d. (including tax).

OLYMPIA, Addison Road, W.z4. Various Exhibitions in 1934; Dairy and Ice Cream Convention; British Industries Fair (Secretary, British Ludustries Fair (British tries Fair, 33 Old Queen Street, 8, W. I.); Ideal Homes; Furniture Trades; Terrier Club Show; Ladles Kennel Club Show; Royal Tournament; Confectionery Exhibition; Wireless Exhibition; Building Trades; followed by Motor and Machine Tool Trades Exhibition in October and November; Circus and Fair in December.

ROYAL AGRICULTURAL HALL, Upper Street, Is-ROYAL AGRICULTURAL RAIL, UPPER SCREEK, Bington, N. z.—(attle Show in December; World's Fair in Dec. and Jan.; Dog Show in Feb.; Horse Shows in Feb. and March. Used Motor Car Exhibition and Sale in April; Laundry Exhibition in May; Confectionery and Grocers in Sept.; Shoe and Leather and Dairy in Oct.; Brewers' Exhibition and Public Health Exhibition in Nov.

Exhibition and Thome Headed Exhibition in Nov.

ROYAL BOTANIC GARDENS, KEW.—Accessible
by railway, omnibus, and tram. Open daily,
M., W., Th., Sat., Sun. and Good Fri. xd.; Tu.
and Fri. (Students' days), 6d.; Bank Holidays free,
ro to sunset or 8 p.m. (summer time). (Houses x
p.m. to p.m. or sunset.) Closed on Christmas Day.

BOYAL HORMOGURINAL SOCIETY Vincent P.III. 105 J. III. OF SINGEL OF CONSTRUCTION OF SINGE A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SOURCE AND A CONTRIBUTION OF SO

WHITE CITY, Shepherd's Bush, W.1.2.—Various Evhibitions, May to Nov.; Floodlight Bugby Sept. to May; Athletics; Greyhound Racing.
ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS, Regent's Park, N.W. 8 (opened A.D. 1838; the King's menagerie transferred from the Tower of London, 1834).—Admission on weekdays from 9 a.m. till sunset or 8 during "Summer Time" (warning bell is rung 15 minutes before closing time); Mondays of december Bank Holidays when ordinary state). 6d. (except Bank Holidays, when ordinary rates); other weekdays, 1s.; children under twelve, 6d. Special prices for parties and schools, on applicacation to the Secretary. On Sundays admission to the gardens can only be obtained by an order from a fellow of the Zoological Society. A military band plays on Saturday and Sunday atternoons in summer from 3.30 p.m. An aquatum (admission on Monday, except Bank Holidays, 6d., other days 2s., children under zs, 6d.) was opened in road.
In ross visitors to the "Zoo" numbered r.sss.ses

Whipsnade Zoological Park, 3 miles from Dunstable (34 from Loudon), opened May, 2932. A country annexe of the Zoo. Open daily so to sunset (incl. Sundays), 18. (children under 12, 6d.).

MUSIC.

ROYAL OPERA, Covent Garden, W.C. z.-Grand opera during Loudon Season. The (third) Covent Garden Theatte was opened May 12, 1828 (the first was opened Dec. 7, 1732). Secretary of Covent Garden Opera Syndioate (1930), Ltd., W.V. Barrell, Royal Opera, Covent Garden, W.C. 2.

BACH CHOIR (Founded 1876). — Fixtures for 333-34 season. Choral and Orchestral Concert 1933-34 season. Choral and Orchestral Concert at Queen's Hall, Passion Sunday, March 18, 1934, 11 a.m. and 2, 30 p.m. Also Choral and Orchestral Control Hall, West. Concert, Dec. 19, 1933, at Central Hall, West-minster. Musical Director, Reginald Jacques; Secretary, Francis J. Belton, a Wontner Road, London, S.W. 17.

ROYAL ALBERT HALL, South Kensington, S.W. 7.—Royal Choral Society, and other Cou-certs, Meetings, Balls, Bazaars, Boxing Contests, Exhibitions, &c. Manager, Charles B. Cochran;

Exhibitions, &c. Manager, Charles B. Cochran; Secretary, Reginald Askew.

ROYAL PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY, 19 Berners Street, W. z.—Hon. Sec., Keith Douglas. Series of orchestral concerts commenced 1813 and continued without break to present time. Season, Oct.—Apr. at Queen's Hall.

QUEEN'S HALL, Laugham Place, W. z.-Con-

QUEEN'S HALL, Laugham Place, W. r.—Concerts August to May.

KNRLLER HALL, Twickeuham.—Royal Military
School of Music. The full band of z6e instrumentalists hold classical military band concerts
in the grounds on Wednesdays throughout the
summer scason. First Wed. of month a 3-30
p.m., all other Wed. at 8 p.m. Particulars of
fortnightly winter orchestral concerts can be
obtained from the Adjutant.

ENVIRONS OF LONDON.

BARNET AND HADLEY GREEN.—Scene of Battle, A.D. 1471. Hadley Woods.

BROOKLANDS, Weybridge.—Motor and motor-

BURNHAM BEECHES and FLEET WOOD, Bucks. -Magnificent sylvan scenery (425 acres), purchased by the Corporation of London for the cuased by the corporation of London for the benefit of the public in 1879; Fleet Wood (65 acres) presented in 1921. During summer omnibus runs daily, Sundays included, from Slough Station, G.W.R., passing within 250 yards of "Gray's Elegy" Church, see "Stoke Poges."

BUSHY PARK (1,100 acres).—Adjoining Hampton Court, contains many fine trees and avenue of horse-chestnuts enclosed in a fourfold avenue of limes, planted by King William III. "Cheston these, planted by king with an 11. Chest-ont Sunday" (when the trees are in full bloom with their "candles") is usually about 1st to 15th May. A herd of tame deer is maintained.

agth May. A herd of tame deer is maintained. CHEQUERS, a country residence for Prime Ministers (from Jan. x, xgaz), was presented to the Nation (with an endowment to maintain the estate, &c.) by Lord and Lady Lee of Fareham, as the official country residence for the Prime Minister of the day, and the gift was approved by Parliament in the Chequers Estate Act, 1937. In 1938 the Chequers Estate of the Chequers is a Tudor mansion in the Chilteria, about 2 miles from Princes Risborough, Bucks, about 2 miles from Princes Risborough, Bucks, about 3 miles from Princes Risborough, Bucks, and contains a collection of Cromwellian portraits and relics.

elected member of the Commons can resign elected member of the Commons can resign his seat; he must apply for some office of profit under the Crown, and so vacate his seat under the Act of Settlement, 1907 (8 Anne, c.) and the usual practice is to apply for the Stewardship of the Chiltern Hundreds, or of the Manor of Poynings, or Northstead, or the Escheatorship of Munster, whereupon the seat is declared vacant (under the Place Act of 1742, which expressly permitted acceptance of such offices to serve as an excuse for resigna-tion) and a new writ is issued by the Speaker. tion) and a new writ is issued by the Speaker.

CUFFLEY, Herts.—Memorial to Capt. W. L. Robinson, 74f, on spot above which the first

German Zeppelin (L zz) was destroyed.

Darwin and Down House, Downe, Farnborough Kent.—Where Charles Darwin thought and worked for 40 years and died in 1882. Maintained by the British Association. Open free daily (except Good Friday and Christmas Day)

dally (except Good Friday and Christmas Day ro to 6, April to Sept., and x 1 to 4 Oct. to March. DULWICH, S.E. az (5 miles from London) con-tains Dulwich College (founded by Edward Alleyn in 5619), Dulwich Picture Gallery, built by Sir John Scane to house the collection bequeathed by the artist, Sir Francis Bourgeois (open free daily, so to 4, 5, or 6, and on Sunday afternoona during the Summer), the Horninan Museum (see p. 320), and Dulwich Park (72 acres). In Dulwich Village the rural characteristics of the

pre-suburban period are preserved.

ELTHAM, Kent (zo miles from London by Southern Ry.). Remains of 13th-15th century Eitham Falace, the birthplace of John of Eitham (1316), son of Edward II. The hall, built by Edward IV., contains fine hammer-beam roof of chestruit. In the churchyard of St. John the Baptist is the tomb of Thomas Progrett the comedian and funder of the Doggett, the comedian and founder of the Thanes Watermen's championship.

ENPIRED, Middlesex (20 miles from London by L.N.E. Ry.). Parish Church contains well-preserved brasses and monuments.

ENVIELD LOCK, Middlesex. Royal Small Arms
Factory may be visited by appointment (intending visitors must be British subjects and should apply beforehand by letter)

EPPING FOREST (5,659 acres, originally purchased by the Corporation of London for £350,000 and thrown open to the public in 188a; the present forest is 12 miles long by 1 to 2 miles wide, about one-tenth of its original area; in recent years the deer in the forest have averaged 120). LOUGHTON, BUCKHURST HILL, CHINGFORD, HIGH BEECH, on L. & N.E. Railway. Beautiful forest scenery.

ETON COLLEGE. -22 miles from London. most famous of English schools, founded by

most tamous of Enginen schools, founded by Henry VI. in 1440, the scholars numbering 1,855 in Sept. 1933. Buildings date from 1445. GRAVSEEN, a borough and river port, 2s miles from London (Southern Ry.). A favourite resort for Londoners. St. George's Church (1737) contains memorials to Princess Pocalontas, who was buried in the former church in 1617.

was buried in the former church in 807.

GREENWICH, S.E. 10.—A south-eastern metropolitan borough (see p. 667) with a frontage of 4½ miles on the Thames. Greenwich Hospital (since 1873, the Royal Naval College) was built by Charles II., from designs by Inigo Jones, and by Queen Anne and William III., from designs by Wren, on the site of an ancient royal palacers and the more recent Placentia, as quierred Affities. of the more recent Placentia, an enlarged edition CHILTERN HUNDREDS (Stoke, Burnham and of the palace, constructed by Humphrey, Duke Desborough, in Buckinghamshire).—No duly of Gloucester (1391-1447), son of Henry IV. of the palace, constructed by Humphrey, Duke

Henry VIII., Queen Mary I. and Queen Elizabeth were born in the Royal Palace (which reverted to the Crown in 24,97) and King Edward VI. died there. The Painted Hall of Greenwich Hospital there. The Painted Hall of Greenwich Hospital (Thornhill), Nelson Relica, &c., open on week-days (except Friday) from 10 (and on Sundays from 2) till 4 or 6, according to time of year. In the principal quadrangle is a marble statue of George II., by Rysbraeck. Naval Museum, interesting Collection of Models, &c. open daily, except Friday and Sunday, from 20 till 4 or 6; admission 6d. per person (except Sundays and Bank Holidays)—bona fide parties of 30 or more, 3d. per person. Chapel open daily except Sundays and Fridays, and after 4 p.m. on Saturdays. Greenwich Park (188 acres) was enclosed by Humphrey, Duke of Gloucester, and laid out by Charles II., from the designs of Le Notre. On a hill in Greenwich Park is Greenwich Observatory (founded 1675), the zero meridan of longitude Greenwich Park is Greenwich Observatory (founded 1675), the zero meridian of longitude and of "Greenwich Time." Admission to the Observatory (children excluded) only by permission of the Astronomer Royal. The parish church of Greenwich (St. Alfeje) was rebuilt by Hawksmoor (Wren's pupil) in 1718, and contains a pulpit and other carvings attributed to Grinling Gibbons. General Wolfe (Heights of Abraham) and Tallis ("the father of Church Music") are buried in the church. Henry VIII was christened in the former church, The Ministerial Whitebait Dinner, at the "Ship" Hotel, was last held in 1864.

Ministeria: Whitebati Doiner, at the Ship Hotel, was last held in 1894. HAMPTON COURT.—Sixteenth century Palace built by Cardinal Wolsey, with additions by Sir Christopher Wren for William and Mary, 15 miles from London. Fine view of river. Beautiful garfrom London. Fine view of river. Beautiful gar-dens with maze and prolific grape vine (planted in 1758). Old Royal Apartments and collection of pictures. Tennis Court, built by King Henry VIII. in 1830. The State Apartments and Great Hall are open every week-day from 10 a.m., and on Sundays from 2 p.m. Hours of closing, May to Sept. 6 p.m.; March, April and Oct. 5 p.m.; Nov., Dec., Jan. and Feb. 4 p.m. Admission, Mon., Tues., Wed., Thur. and Fri., 10; Sat., 6d. (children half price). Admission to the Tudor Kitchen, Wine Cellars and Great Hall cellars, ad. (inclusive charge), no half-price. Sun. and Bank Holidays, free. Tickets obtainable at the King's Staircase. Bushy Park adjoins the Lion Gates

of Hampton Court Palace.

HARROW-ON-THE-HILL .-- to miles by Metropolitan and other railways. Large public school (about 550 scholars), founded by John Lyon in 1571. The "Fourth Form Room" dates from 1608. ziyz. The "Fourth form Room" dates from roos.

Jordans and Chalfont St. Gilks, near
Beaconsfield, Bucks, contain the Old Quaker
Meeting House (1688) at Jordans, in the burial
ground of which lies William Penn (Pennsylvania);
a barn in the farm ground is believed to have
been built out of the timbers of the Maufoner been built out of the simbers of the manners by the zyth century owner of Jordans (Gardener). At Chalfont St. Glies is the cottage where Milton lived during the Great Plague (1665-1666). Kingston-dpon-Thames, Survey (about 22 miles

from Loudon), is the ancient place of coronation of the Kings of Saxon England. The Coronation Stone (hence the name "King's Stone") is preserved within railings in the market place.

the home of Queen Mary's mother (the Prince of Wales was born there June 33, 2804). The Star and Garter Home for Disabled Soldiers, Sallors, and Airmen (the Women's Memorial of the Great Wary was opened by Queen Mary in 2014. Richmond Park (3,358 acres) contains herds of fallow and red deer. From the Terrace Gardens, Richmond Hill, can be obtained a wonderful view of the Valley of the Thames. the Valley of the Thames.

the Valley of the Innues.

RUNNINGDE—A meadow of about xoo acres, on S. bank of Thames (part of the Crown Lands), between Windsor and Staines. From June 15-23. rais, the hostile Barons encamped on this meadow during negotiations with King John, who rode over each day from Windsor The 48 "Articles of the Barons" were accepted by the King on June 15, and were subsequently embodied in a charter, since known as Magna Carta, of which several copies were sealed on June 19. About half a mile N.E. of the meadow is Magna Carta Island (claimed as the actual site of the sealing) presented to the Nation in

1930 by Lady Fairhaven and her sons.

RYE HOUSE, at Hoddesdon, on the River Lee. Scene of the celebrated plot. Old castle and dungeons, pictures, oak fireplaces, chests and panels; Queen Elizabeth's bed. The Great Bed of Ware (mentioned in "Twelfth Night"), formerly at Rye House, is now at the Victoria

and Albert Museum.

and Albert Museum.

St. ALBANS.—A city in Hertfordshire, on the river Ver, 22 miles N.W. of London. The abbey church, built partly of materials from the old Roman city of Verulamium by Paul of Caen, was consecrated in xxx₅. Parts still remain of the Norman structure. The city was the scene of the overthrow of Henry VI. in xxx₅, and of the Earl of Warwick in xxx₅. On a printing press set up in the abbey the first English translation of the Bulle was uristed. Ruine of ancient City. of the Bible was printed. Ruins of ancient City of Verulam; St. Michael's Church, with tomb of Lord Bacon.

STOKE POGES (a miles from Slough station on G.W. Ry.) contains the rath century ('hurch with the Churchyard of Gray's "Elegy" and "Ode on a Distant Prospect of Eton College."

The poet was buried in the church in 1771.

WALTHAM ABBEY (or WALTHAM HOLY CROSS),
13 miles from London (L. N.E. Ry.).—The Abbey ruins, Harold's Bridge (xxth century), the Nave of the former cruciform Abbey Church (the oldest Norman building in England (consecrated May 3, xo5o) and the traditional burial place of King Harold II., xo5o) and a Lady Chapel of Edward II., with crypt below. New evidence of the position and style of several buildings, which once stood on the site of the Augustinian monastery, were revealed by the prolonged drought in the summer of 1933. At Waltham Cross, z mile from the Abbey, is one of the crosses (partly restored) erected by Edward I. crosses (partly restored) erected by Edward 1.
to mark a resting place of the corpse of Queen
Eleanor on its way to Westminster Abbey.
(Ten crosses were erected, but only those at
Geddington, Northampton and Waltham
remain; "Charing" Cross originally stood on the
spot now occupied by the statue of Charles I.
at Whitehall.)

WINDSOR CASTLE (begun by William the

Conqueror, A.D. 1066-1087).—22 miles from London, by Great Western and Southern Railways. RICHMOND, Surrey, contains the red brick on, by Great Western and Southern Railways. When the Court is not in residence, the State Apartments of Windsor Castle are generally queen Anne, and early Georgian periods, including White Lodge in Richmond Park, on every week-day except Friday. The charges for admission are: Adults, rs.; children, 6d. On Bank Holidays half the usual fees are charged; by the King's command, the proceeds to go to local charities. An authorised guide book can be obtained at the office, price 6d. The hours of admission to the State Apartments are from x April to 30 June, and x to 3x Oct. between rx and 4; x July to 30 Sept., rx to 5; and from x Nov. to 3x March, between rx and 3. The Queen's Dolle House is open on the same days and hours as the State Apartments, admission 6d. each person. The Albert Memorial Chapel is open on the same days and at the same hours as the State Apartments (except between x and x p m); the Round Tower or Keep is open from x April-30 Sept. the same days and hours as the State Apartments. The royal stables and riding school may be viewed daily between the hours of x and 3. St. George's Chapel may be viewed on week-days (Fridays excepted), between x a.m. and 4.p.m.

WOOLWICH.—9 miles from London; (Southern Railway), Dockyard and Arsenal Station for Barracks, Rotunda, &c. Old Dockyard; Extensive Barracks for Royal Artillery, Royal Army Service Corps, &c. Common for military evolutions. For Rotunda Museum, see p. 311.

#### METROPOLITAN SPORT.

AQUATICS.—The Oxford and Cambridge Boat Race, rowed almost continuously sunce 1856 (first race 1839) takes place about last Saturday in March. The course is 4% miles from Putnev to Mortlake. Henley Regatte occupies four days towards the close of the London season. Deggett's Coat and Badge for Thames watermen on Aug. 7, from London Bridge to Chelsea. The Wingfield Scalls, amateur championship of the Thames in July

Thames, in July.

ATHLETICS.—The Amateur Championships are held on the second Saturday in July (or third when there are five 'in the month) at the White City, Shepherd's Bush, the head-quarters of the London Athletic Club, under the auspices of the Amateur Athletic Association (A.A.A.), ro, John Street, Adelphi, W.C.z. 'Hon. Sec., D. G. A. Lowe. 'The Womens' Amateur Athletic Association (Hon. Sec., D. G. A. Lowe. 'The Womens' Amateur Athletic Association (Hon. Sec., Mrs. Cornell, 93, Langdale Avenne, Mitcham, Surrey). The Oxford and Cambridge Sports are held at the White City, Shepherd's Bush (Saturday, March ro, in 1934). Bonding is manared by the English Bowling Association (Hon. Sec., G. R. Hills, Sunnybrae, High Drive, Coombe Berg Estate, Norbiton). Annateur Boxing is controlled by the Amateur Boxing is controlled by the Amateur Boxing association, 22, Great James Street, Bedford Row, W.C., and Professional Boving by the British Boxing Board of Control, 68, Dean Street, Solio, W.L. Crucket is governed by the M.C. at Lord's (see p. 48). The grounds of Surrey County Cricket Club at Kennington Oval are also easily accessible. The Croquet Association offices (Sec., Col. P. G. Davles, C.M.G., C.B.E.) are at 4, Southampton Row, W.C.. Rughy Football in the Metropolitan area is played on amateurs only, the International home matches taking place at Twickenham. The Oxford and Cambridge match is also played at Twickenham. The principal Metropolitan Clubs are Blackheath ("The Club," Rectory Field), the Harlequins (Twickenham), Richmond (Athletic Ground), London Scottish and Rosslyn Park (Old Deer Park, Richmond). Sec. of the Rugby Vision, Commidt. S. F. Coopper, B.N. Offices.

Twickenham. The Football Association (founded in 1863), Sec., Sir Frederick Wall, 22, Lancaster (fate, W.2, controls the Association game in England, and similar Associations control in Wales, Scotland and Ireland. The leading Amateur Clubs are The Corinthians (Hon. Sec., G. N. Foster), and the Casuals (Offices, 26, Fenchurch St., E.C.3), in addition to those playing in the Arthur Dunn Cup Competition for Old Boys of Public Schools. Principal Metropolitan clubs are Arsenal (Highbury, N.), Chelses (Stamford Bridge), Clapton Orient (Milifields Road, Homerton, E.9), Fulham (Craven Cottage, S.W.6), Millwall (New Cross, S.E.14), Queen's Fark Rangers (Shepherd's Bush, W.), Tottenlam Hotspur (Tottenham, N.), and West Ham United (Upton Park, E.). The English Cup Final is usually played at Wembley in April. The governing bodies for Amateur Gymnastics are the Amateur Gymnastic Association of England, 53, Victoria Street, S.W.x (Hon. Sec., W. C. Young, The Lodge, Relford Road, Edinburgh); Wales (Hon. Sec., P. Clarke, 5, Hafod Lane, Hopkinstown, Pontypridd); Ulster (Hon. Sec., T. McBride, 20 Cavehill Boad, Belfast). Lawar Tennis Championships are decided at Wimbledon early in July or late in June). The controlling body is the Lawar Tennis Association, 28, Essex Street, W.C.s. Polo is played from May to July at Hurlingham Club (Fulham, S.W.6), at Ranelagh Club (Barnes, S.W.2), and at Roehampton, and in various parts of the country also in Aug. and Sept. Tennis is played at Queen's Club, Prince's Club, and Lou's, and there is a Tennis Court at Hampton Court Palace (built by King Henry VIII. in 1850). The Hon. Sec. of the Annateur Swimming Association is H. E. Fern, J.P., Springlaven, Barnet, Herts. The Hon. Sec. of the National Amateur Wrestling Association is P. Longhurst, Galricch, Wallington, Surrey.

naven, namet, herts. The How. Sec. of the National Amateur Wrestling Association is P. Longhurst, Gairloch, Wallington, Surrey. RACE MERTINGS.—Flat Racing is under the rules of The Jockey Club, Newmarket; Steeple-chasing under the rules of The National Hunt Committee. The Derby is run at Epsom (44 miles from London). The Calcutta Sweep (on the race for the Derby) is promoted annually by the Royal Calcutta Turf Club. The Sweep is confined to Members; tickets are of the value of Rs to (Ten Rupees). Assot Week at Ascot Heath, near Windsor, about a fortnight after the Derby. The principal flat races are on Neumarket Heath: meetings near London are Sandown Park (Esher), Kempton Park (Sunbury), Hurst Park (W. Molesey), Statwick (Southern Ry.). Lingfield (E. Grinstead); Goodwood Races, which mark the close of the London Season, are held in the Duke of Richmond's Park, near Chichester, Sussex, in July. The Grand National Steeplechase (the principal race of the steeplechasingseason) is held at Aintree, near Liverpool, about the last Friday in March. The Waterloo Cup (Coursing) is won at Altear, near Liverpool, Gruhund Racing, with a mechanical hare, is held several evenings weekly at Wembley, The White City, Harringay, Wimbledon, Clapton and West Ham. All the London greyhound tracks, and speedway meetings are hald on Angere evenings when there is no greyhound, racing and Speedway meetings at Lea Bridge and Clapton.

PUBLIC CARRIAGE STATISTICS. Public Carriages licensed during 1933: Horse-drawn cabs { two-wheeled four-wheeled 36 Motor cabs..... 8.zzz Horse-drawn omnibus ..... Ŧ Motor omnibuses..... 5,807

Motor coaches ..... Tramcars ...... 2,578 80 Trolley Vehicles ..... Total..... 28,540

LUGGAGE.-For each bicycle, child's mail s. d.

NOTE. - Luggage carried on the footboard of

a hansom-pattern cab so that the doors do not

close over it is deemed to be outside within the

(one child or two children under zo years of s. d.

ETTER PERSONS.-For each above two

age count as one person) .....

of this clause.

cart, or perambulator, 6d.; for each package carried outside the carriage ..... o s

Driver	s and	Conductors	licensed	durin
Cab	drivers	Horse		54
Moto	or omnii d trame	bus ) Drivers ar   Conduct	19	.373
Moto	r_coach	{ Drivers Conductor	8 <u>1</u>	,409 ,280
		mat.	-1 =	

CAB DRIVERS before obtaining a licence are required to pass an examination as to their ability to drive, and, in addition, have to pass an examination as to their Knowledge of town. It extends to a knowledge of the principal squares, clubs, hospitals, hotels, theatres, streets, and public buildings in London. During 1933, 588 applicants for cab drivers licenses passed the examination as to knowledge of London and its environs. 18,346 separate examinations were held.

# LOST PROPERTY.

Of lost property, 271,548 articles were deposited, of which 60,546 were claimed by the owners. The number of awards paid to drivers,

&c., was 50,821.

Enquiries as to property left in a cab should be made at the Lost Property Office, 109, Lambeth made at the Lost Property Office, red, Lambage Road, S. E. z. Office hours, ro to 4 (Saturdays, ro to z). The office is not open on Sundays, Good Briday, Christmas Day and Bank Holidays. For property left in a motor coach, enquiry should be made at the office of the coach com-pany concerned. For property left in a London onnibus, tramear or trolley vehicle, enquiry should be made at the Lost Property Office of the London Passenger Transport Board, aco-soz, Baker Street, W.z.

# · LIGHTING-UP TIME.

By the Road Transport Lighting Act, 1927 (17 and 18 Geo. 5, ch. 37) "every vehicle on any road shall during the hours of darkness carry—

(a) two lamps, each showing to the front a white light visible from a reasonable distance; (b) one lamp showing to the tear a red light visible from a reasonable distance;

and every such lamp shall, while the vehicle is on any road during such hours as aforesaid, be kept properly trimmed, lighted and in efficient condition, and shall be attached to the vehicle in such position and manner as the Minister (of Transport) may by regulations prescribe.

It shall be the duty of any person who causes or permits a vehicle to be on any road during the hours of darkness to provide the vehicle with lamps in accordance with the requirements of this Act and of any regulations made there-under." (Sec. 1(1))

nder." (Sec 1 (1).) (Regulations have been made and are con-

tained in S.R. & O. No. 723 of 1929.)

Whole or partial exemption may be given to vehicles used for naval, military or air force purposes (Sec. 1 (3) (b)); vehicles carrying nufanimable or explosive goods of a nature specified in the regulations; vehicles when standing on places specially set aside for the purpose; vehicles drawn or propelled by hand, save as provided (Sec. z (s)).

The Minister may by regulation require or permit, on conditions, distinctive lamps to be carried displaying coloured lights on vehicles used as Hackney Carriages or public service wehicles or vehicles used for naval, military, or air force, or police purposes, or as ambulances.

The "hours of darkness" are defined thus :-

- (a) As respects the period of summer time, the time between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise.
- (b) As respects the remainder of the year the time between half an hour after sunset and half an hour before sunrise.

Bicycles (pedal and mechanical solo), pedal tricycles, and invalid carriages, require a single

white light to the front.

Pedal bicycles and tricycles need not show a red light to the rear if they have attached an

unobscured and efficient red reflector.

Pedal bicycles and tricycles and solo motor cycles need not carry a lamp if being wheeled by a person on foot as near as possible to the near or left hand edge of the carriage way.

Horse Vehicles.—A separate lamp showing a red light to the rear shall not be required to be carried if the lamps showing a light to the front also show a red light to the rear visible from a reasonable distance and no part of the vehicle or load extends more than 6 feet behind such

Any vehicle carrying a load overhauging laterally more than 12 inches from the centre of the nearest side lamp must have either an additional lamp on the sides where the load overhaugs or the position of the one lamp must be such that no part of the load projects outwards more than
zz inches beyond a vertical line drawn through
the centre of the substituted or additional lamn.

On any vehicle carrying a load more than 6 feet behind any lamp showing a red light to the rear carried in accordance with the Act, an additional or substituted lamp shall be carried so that such load shall not project more than 6 feet beyond such additional or substituted lamp.

Certain vehicles engaged in agriculture are

exempt from carrying lamps.

# ON TOW.

There are special provisions as to vehicles towing and being towed. A lamp showing a red light need not be carried by the drawing vehicle; ngth need how be carried up the trawing venture, no lamp showing a light to the front need be carried on any vehicle being drawn; a lamp showing a red light need not be carried on any vehicle heng drawn except the rearmost vehicle. Provided—if the distance between any such vehicles caceeds givet, each vehicle shall be required to carry the same lamps as if it were not a drawing vehicle or a vehicle being drawn and a drawing vehicle or a vehicle being drawn, and if a drawn vehicle carries a load that projects laterally more than zz inches beyond the outermost of the lamps showing a white light to the front, an additional lamp shall be carried on the projecting load so that no part projects more than xz inches beyond a vertical line through the centre of such lamp.

#### INSIDE LIGHTING.

Public Service Vehicles must, in compliance with the requirements of The Public Service Vehicles (Conditions of Fitness) and (Equipment and Use) Provisional Regulations, 1931, he adequately lighted inside, and, in the case of double-decked vehicles fitted with a permanent top, also lighted outside at all times during the hours of darkness when carrying passengers.

# Principal London Clubs.

480		Brintibar	Tourna Cu	ιυ».	
Name of Club.	Kata- blish cd.	Club-House	Secretary.	Subscription Entr   Ann	1. Remarks.
Allemarle	1874 1911 1863 1904 1857 1919 1926 1931 1918 1838 1765	as Savie Row, W 1	Edwin T. Mind Mrs. Gerald Wrey Mrs. Gerald Wrey Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. Mrs.	4 4 5 & 3 7, 4 & zo, 6, zo & 40 z4 30 z5	Ladies and Gentlemon.  Social: Non-pulitical.  Social: Ladies only.  Social and Bridge.  Mountaineering.  Americans in London.  Slocial.  Luncheon Club  To foster good will.
Arta Athonsum Anthors Bachelors Bachminton Baldwin Bath Beautort Beautort Bootle's Bootle's	2863 2834 2892 2876 2877 1894 2865 2876 2762	40 Dover Street, W 1	Campbell T.W. Hill Algernon Rose W. Tarner (actua) A. Troughton Austan Moody J. Wilson Taylor U. W. Norfield James Atfield Cant. A. T. Wynyard Wytobt	26 ro 30 rs 31 6.48 13 & 15 rs 30 rs 4 rs 30 rs	Art, Literature, Science, Literature, Bob, Services 13 Literature, Pob, Services 7 Social: Ladies as visitors, Sporting and Conching, Social: Bridge Naval, Mill. and Social. Sporting and Social. Social: Non-political.
British Empire. Brooks Brooks Burlington FineArts Caledonian Carlton. Cavalry. Carlton. Cavalry. City Athenseum City Athenseum City Livery City Griton. City Livery City University City Womens. Cooks Treet Conservative Conservative Constitutional Covered Courts Cowdray.	1906 1764 1919 1866 1898 1898 1898 1913 1894 1838 1894 1914 1919 1866 1948 1919 1866 1948 1931 1931 1894 1894 1894 1893 1995 1898 1898 1898 1898 1898 1898 1898	as B. James's St., S. W. z. St. James's Street, S. V. z. z. St. Street, S. V. z. z. St. Savile Row, W. z. St. James's St. James's St. J. Z. John St. W. z. z. John St. W. z. z. John St. W. z. z. John St. W. z. z. z. John St. W. z. z. z. J. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z.	Capt. R. W. Leckie Col.C.Rawnelsy, c. M. G. C. H. P. D. S. O. A. K. Drayson. J. R. Balley. H. de L. Ross. H. C. Gilles H. Col. A. L. Y. Willing, C. D. L. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	30 15 & 15 & 15 & 15 & 15 & 15 & 15 & 15	3 Gentlemen: C. of E  > locals. 5 Social and Empire Unity. 14 Social and Empire Unity. 14 Social and Empire Unity. Merchants, Bankers, &c. Oxf and Camb. Graduate 8. Social Peace and Free Trade. 5 Social 1. Residential. 3 Strictly Conservative 6 Political; Conservative
Cruising Association Desonshire E. India United Serv Eaton Gate (Ladies) Eccentric Empress Farmers Fly Flainers Forum Garrick Golfers Glesen Room Greshau Greshau Guards	1908 1874 1849 1995 1890 1897 1842 1919 1831 1877 1843 1813	Chiltern Court, N. W. z. 50 St. James's St. S. N. z. 68 t. James's Sq. S. W. z. 67, Eaton Square, S. W. z. 25 hever Street, W. z. z. 25 hever Street, W. z. z. Whitehall Court, S. W. z. 6 Grosvenor Place, S. W. z. 56 Garrick Street, W. C. a. St. 55 Garrick Street, W. C. a.	H J Hanson, o. B r C G. Dunning (acty.) Ft Lt A. C Snow Miss E L Lees (I, A Harrison (Hon W. H Stone C Bertrun Rolfe May W H Saffery. Miss loo a Parr. Lt Col. K A Plimp	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	58 Yachting, Pilotage, &c 80clal: Non-political 1 midian Offre & Civil Servt 2 ladies' residential. 3 Social. 5 Lathes of position 2 greatural interests. Flyfishers and Social. 7,5 Women Social and Prof Dramatic and Laterary. 18 Social for Golfers Dramatic Profession. Bankers and Merchants. 6 unard 'Officers and.
Haleyon Hurst Park Hurst Park Hurst Park Hurst Park Hortenens Junior Army & Navy Junior Carlton Jun Constitutional Jun. Avail & Military Junior United Service	2864 2887 2899	Horse Guards' Av., S.W z 30 Pall Mall, S.W.z 201 Piccadilly, W.z 202 Piccadilly, W.z	Col L J Jesse, c.m.a.  CB 7, D 8 0  Maj N, N E Bray  D 8 a, M.c  C. W Eldradge  Col L E Tempes  Stone, c M c. C. R.F.	, 30 15 & 10 & t 10, 5	24 Officers past and present. 22 Strictly Conservative. 36 Conservative and Unionis. 3. Naval, Mil & Air Force.
Kempton Park Kempton Park Kempton Park Kempton Park Karhtto of Rud Table Ladors Alphno Automobile Carlton Fingdre Imperial Lady Goifers London Fencing	1877 1873 1773 1773 1790 1903 1903 1903 1903 1904 1913 1914	ix Charles St., St. James S. W. I. Sunbory on Thames & Piccadilly, W. z. Hyde Pk. Hotel, S. W. g. (G. Central Hofel, N. W. z. z St. James S. P., S. W. y. z St. James S. P., S. W. y. g Grossenor Place, S. W. z. jog Hover St., S. W. z. jog Hover St., S. W. z. jog Minjstabridge, R. W. z. jog Whighsbridge, R. W. z. jog Whighsbridge, S. W. z. jog Chocland Row, S. W. z. y. Claceland Row, S. W. z.	W. Dandson H. T. W. Bowell Capt. E. Nicks (Hon) Miss H. M. K. Andrew Miss G. M. Fowler Miss G. M. Fowler Miss B. Lowing Miss B. Lowing Miss B. Lowing Miss B. Lowing Miss B. Lowing Miss B. Lowing Miss B. Lowing Miss Stiola Lynch Miss Stiola Lynch Miss Stiola Lynch Miss Stiola Lynch Miss Stiola Lynch	7, 6, 10 5, 10 10 11 12 13 15 12 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Racing For impriving breed of do Arthurian and Social. Mountaineering to Connected with Forces, 20 Social: Motor Lecomotio Social and Political Social and Conservative,

	Principal London Clubs. 487								
Name of Club.	Esta olish	Club-House.	a Secretary.	Sube	criptn.	Remarks			
Name of Citto.	ed.	Ciub-riouse.	g Secretary.	Entr	Ann.	Memarks,			
London Rowing	<b>z85</b> 6	Embankment, Putney.	LtCol C. E. P. San-	G.	G. 3	Amateur Rowing.			
Lyceum	2904 1797 2869	Embankment, Putney, S W. 136 Piceadilly W r 8John's WoodRd N W.8 52 Pall Mall, S W.r	M. L Guy W. Findlay Paym. Capt. J. C.	£5	23	Ladies: Arts and Lit Headquarters of Cricket. Social.			
National National Liberal National Sporting Naval and Military	1845 1882 1891 1868	zsQu'nAnne'sGate,S.W.z Whitehall Place, S.W.z zz Soho Square, W.z 94 Precadally, W.z			6 & 10 8 to 1 7 & 5 15 & 2	Protestant and Social, Idberal, Sporting and Social, Navy, Army, Marines, Air.			
New Century New Oxfd & Camb. New University New Victorian New foundland Nihon-lin-Kwai 1000 Northern Counties. Nunses Oriental Oxford and Camb.	2899 2883 2864 2896 1981 2869 1995 1981 1884 1877 1830	is Hay Hill, W. z.  25 Stratton Street, W z.  57 St. James Nr., R W. z.  57 St. James Nr., R W. z.  57 St. James Nr., E. W. z.  Dining Club outy  3 Cavendish Sq., W z.  58 Ryder Street, R.W. z.  58 W jitchell Cz., S W z.  58 Hanover Rq., W z.  58 KingSt, St.Jas S. S.W.  72-75 Pall Mall, S W. Z.	Mrs Rice C. W. (Johnson (actg.) R. C. Drunkwater Miss A. K. Taylor Co High Comm. A. Kudautani (Joint Stews). Capt G. H. Osborne Miss R. Yorath May R. C. B. Williams A. F. Fauns May W. F. Jeffries, May W. F. Jeffries,	1 & 3 Nul 30 20	5 & 0 2 & 1 6 1 & 2 3 & 4 15 & 3 10 14	Ladies: Social. Uxford and Camb. Univ. Uxford and Camb. Univ. Ladies. Social. Interested in Newfoundld. Japanese nutionality. Consorvative. Social. Northumbrians. Royal BritishNurser Assoc. Social. Lady guests. Social. Lady guests. Oxford and Camb, Univ.			
Oxf & Camb Musical Pioneer Portland Pratt's Press Prince's	1899 2898 2816 1841 2882 2853	6 Bedford Sq., W.C. z zs Cavendish Place, W. z g St James's Sq., S. W. z. z4 Park Place, S. W. z Salisbury Sq., E.C.4 z97 Knightsbridge, S. W.7	Horace M. Abel (Hon.) Miss E Holdgate, s.sc. ('upt. R. M. Lees  1 Lazenby A R Hamilton		4 & 5 80 5 & 1 12	Chamber Music . Ladies : Social . Social : Non-political . Social . Strictly Journalistic . Real Tenns . Squash and . Racquets .			
Public Schools	1919 1886	5z Curzon Street, W. z. West Kensington, W. z4	Capt L M Bodden Whetham Lt -Col G Eyre Bruce,	8 & 5	6, 4, s, x 3, 7, zo	Social: Public Schools. Sports and Athletics.			
Railway	1899 1894 1837 1901 1901	West Kensington, W. 14 57 Fetter Lane, E.C. 4 Barnes, S.W. 13 104 5 Pail Mull. S W x. Rooin pton Lane, S W. 15 128 Piccadilly, W x Pull Mall, S.W. 1	H A Vallance (Hon.) S. H Berry H B Bell H, G Arnold LtCom. H, E Perrin Group-Capt. A. B Burdett, D.s.o.	10/6 40 40 10	10.7 6.1	Study of Railway matters Polo, Golf, Croquet, Tunnis. Reformers. Polo, Golf, Croquet, Tennis. Aviation. Officers of B.A.F., R.F.C., R.N.A.B And at Woodcote Park,			
Royal Automobile .  Royal Cruising Royal Societies Royal Thannes Yacht Ryl Toxophilite Soc. Royal Water Colour Society Art	1897 1880 1894 1775 1781 1884	53 Welbeck St., Wr 63 St. James's St., S.W. r 66 Knightsbridge, S.W. r 90 Albion MewsEast, Wr. 54 Pull Mall East, S.W.r.	R H Humphreys Maj Crailsham, c.s L Melville Foster, n.n.L. H. Philp	44.8	10,6 & 4	And at Woodcote Park, Epsore. Yachting and Social. Learned Societies. Yachting and Social. Archery. Social and Art.			
St. Andrews. St. James S St. Stephen's Sandown Park. Savage Savite Sesame Imperial. Smithfield Spanish (Centro Espanish)	1930 1857 1879 1875 1867 1868 1895	s Whitehall Court, S.W.; 206 Piccadilly, W z z Bridge St., S W z 35 Old Bond St., W z 67 Adelphi Terr, W.C. a 69 Brook Street, W z 49 Grosvenor St., W z 22 Hanover Square, W. z	W A. Martin (Hon.) Thomas H. Merver. F. F. Gorell Barnes. A. E. Hunt. V. Woodhouse (Hon.) Maj. Strange Butson. Mrs. Turnbull Leonard Bull	25 25 5 7 25 Nul	2 & x 18 25 8 & x2 7 & 4 28 5	Scotzmen & Scotzwomen. Diplomatic. Conservative. Racing; and at Esher. Literature and Art. Social 'Non-political. Social and Literary. Fat cattle, &c.			
Sports Stadium Thames Rowing Thatched House The Three Arts Travellers Turf Union	1917 2893 1988 2869 2865 7911 2829 2868 1868	5 Cavendish Square, W. z 6 St. James's Sq., S W. x 8 High Holborn, W.C. z Putney, S.W. z 66 St. James's St., S W. z 25 Mary'houeltd, N.W. z 266 Pall Mall, S.W. z 85 Procadilly, W. z Carlton HouseTer., S.W. z	I Ramirez Maj. Saunders, D.S.O. S. W. Swift R H Coombe (Hon.), LtCol. G. V Watson Mrs. C. L. Flack Maj. W. E. S. Tyler William Lovelace Col. W. M. Macleod	15 20 1 15 30 1	3 4 13,6,3 3 & 2 14 15 15,10,5,	Social; Non-political. Social and Sports. Lancheon and Sports Club. Amateur Rowing. Social 'Non-political. Ladies: Music, Art, Drama. Travellers. Racing and Social. Social, Non-political.			
Untd. Nursing Servs. United Service	1927 1815	34 Cavendish Sq., W.z zz Pail Mall, S.W.z	O B E., B.N. (ret )	£40	1, 2 & 3	Ladies of Crown Services. Combatunt Officers.			
United Sports United University	1903 1800	4 Whitehall Ct., S W. 1 2 Suffolk Street, S W. 1	Col J. L. Jesse, C. M.G., O.B.R., D.S.O. LtCom R. H. V.	20	1 to 5	Social and Sporting. Oxford and Camb. Univ.			
United Wards Univer of London University Womens' Veterans'	1877 1914 1887 1907	a: Gower Street, W.C : a Audley Square, W.: Hand Court, W.C. :	W. Longland, a sc Miss C. Allison Lt. Col. W. D. Kenny,		58.	Civic: Non-political. University and Medical. University and Medical. Social: for ax-Service men.			
Victoria (Ladies') Victoria (Ladies') West Indian White's Windham Writers'	1860 2894 1885 1898 1698 1886 1891	18 Wellington St. W.C. 2 36 Grosvener Pl., S W. z. 2 Grosvener Pl., S W. z. 4 Whitehall Ct., S.W. z. 37 St. James's St., S.W. z. 28 Kt. James's Sq., S.W. z. 20 Norfolk St., W.C. 2	Frank H. Holmes  Mrs. M. Phillips Capt. E. S. Balley Capt. F. C. Messum R. H. G. Wright Miss L. R. Mitchell (Hon.)	5	6 7 25 4,3 & 23 80 26 3 & 8	Sporting and Social. Town house for Ladies, Social: Lady visitors. Social: West Indian. Social: Non-political. Rocial: Non-political. Ladies (literary, &c.).			

# PRINCIPAL CLUBS IN ENGLAND AND WALES.

			No. of	Subsc	ription.	
Town	Estab- lished	Address.	Mem- hers.	Entr.	Ann.	*Hon, Sec. or Secretary.
	-		- 1	G.		ec c A Deset
Abergavenny (County) Alderney, C. I. (Grosnez) Aldershot (Officers)	1683 1923	Lower Monk Street Victoria Street	50 35	£:	£3 £3	°C. G. A. Brooks,  °G D. Drewitt. Lt. Col. T. Adair, D.s.o. R. W. D. Young.  °Mrs. J. Richardson.  °Lt. Col. B. C. Dwyer-Hamp
Aldershot (Officers)	1905 1858	Victoria Street Farnborough Road	350		7 & 4	LtCol. T. Adair, p.s.o.
Bath (Bath and County)	1956 1908 1809	milsom Street 6 Green Edge	400	*	124	Mrs. J. Richardson.
Bath (Bath and County) (Ladies) Beaumaris (Royal Anglese)		6 Green Edge	101	•	•	ton, D.S.O.
Section (Sedford Club) (Town and County) Bembridge, I of W (Saling). Bexhill-on Sea (New) Birkenhead (Royal Mersey Yt.) Birmingham (Clef). (Chamber of Commerce). (Connecounty). (Jahran). (Jahran). (Jahran).	x883	o De Parys Avenue Embankment	135		480	ton, p.s.o. Chifford Whitworth. Capt. C. S. Hickman, p.s.o. Capt. A. Stuart Little LtOol. C. L. Seton Browne, W. P. Davidson   p.s.o.
(Town and County)	1884 1886	Inle of Wight	135 450	6	3	Capt. A. Stuart Little
Bexhill-on Sea (New)	1010 1844 1881	s Marina Court Ave	722	3 •	:	W. P. Davidson. 1980.
Birkenhead (Royal Mersey 10)	1881	Rockferry	332		6 & z	W. F. Davidson.  Sidney C. Taunton, M B F H. Ryles.  A. Axel Miller, M.C.  H. R. Bettinson.  Walter Riley.
(Chamber of Conmerce)	1921 1872	95 New Street	400 375	::	12, 6 & 3	A. Axel Miller, M.C.
(Compolitan)	1899 1880 1868	53 Temple Row . Fore Street Corporation Street	250	•	2 8 4	*H. R. Bettinson.
(Liberal) (Midland)	1868	New Street	160	5	8 4 4	*Walter Riley.  H. Jumes Gittoes, r.c.a  T. Harold Platts  Muse B. O'Leary.  H. P. Bazeley.  Johu T. Ruddi.  Robert Cheetham.
(Midland) (Midland Conservative) (Three Counties: Ladies)	1003	New Street	210 450	·4	78.	Miss B. O'Leary.
(Union) Bishop Auckland (The Club)	2014 2858	Colmore Row	328	10	12	P. P. Bazeley
Bishop Auckland (The Club) Blackburn (Conservative)	1875 1860	Church Street	300		£1 178.6.1	Robert Cheetham.
(Union)	1850	Church Street 45 Preston New Rd Sudley Road	70		48.	Chut Herbert C Possel
(Union) Bognor Regis (The Bognor Club	1877		1		384	OHE, R.N T B. Hawkins, 'May, H. V. Firth  lantine, 'W. M. L. Pollard; 'T. Bal- T. W. Smith; 'J. W. G.
Bolton (Constitutional) Bournemouth(Boscombe Club)	1 1070	Mawdsley Street .	275 55	3	5	"Maj. H. V. Firth (lantine.
(The Club)		19 The Crescent Pier Approach 48 Market Street .	300	5	5 & 3	T. W. Smith: J. W. G
(lonservative)						
(The Club) (Liberal)	1860 1877	Manor Row	155 400	•:	5, 3 & 21	*S Y. P Gardner. Alton Ward.
(Union)		Bank Street Piece Hall Yard	400 86	Nil. 3 & 2	5, 3 & 24 4, 6 & 12 53, 524	*George P. Hill.
Brecon (County)	1881 1887	Lion Street	100	2 2 2 E1	23. 2.1	Alton Ward.  'George P. Hill.  W. M. Best, M.A.  'R. J. R. Haslewood.  'Ilarold G. Walker.  'T. Shoesmith.  Min G. Davker.
Bridlington (R Yorks Yacht)	1847 1872	South Cliff Road	278 130	•:	z j	Pliarold G. Walker.
(Union) Brecon (Caunty) Bridgmorth (The Unb) Bridlington (R Yorks Yacht) Bridghton (County) (Naw)	1929 1874	za South Street 7 Middle Street .				Miss G. Parker
(New) (New (lub, Ladies)	1874	133-134 King's Road	300		6 & 4 3 & a 9 & 6	LtCol. H. V Bailey.
(Union)	1932 1893 1855 1885 1868	7 Middle Street 233-134 King's Road 233-134 King's Road 136 King's Road 136 King's Road 136 King's Road 137 King's Road 138 King's Road 138 King's Road 139 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 King's Road 130 Ki	300	5	9 & 6	Miss G. Parker LtCol H V. Burley, LtCol. H. V. Burley, H. J. Alford, S. B. Sleeman
(Union) Bristol (Clifton) (Constitutional) .	1865	St. Stephen Street	370 588		54.0	H. Kitchingman.
	1868 1893	Corn Street	600 230	4 & 2 3 & 1	3 & 14	H. W. Gibbs.
(University and Literary) Budleigh Salterton Burnham-on-Crouch (Royal	1901	The Parade	130	3	3 & 23	N. B. Sleeman H. Kitchingman, A. J. Gardner, H. W. Gibbs, *LtCol. R. J. Milne,
Budleigh Salterton Burnham-on-Crouch (Royal Corinthian Yacht) Burton-on-Trent (The Club)	1078	Burnh'm-ou-(Touch,	580	3	2	Garren W Pullett
Burtou-on-Trent (The Club)	x884 x860	Essex	135	5	4. 2 % 1	J. S. Moorby W. H. Tomlinson G. W. Taylor Morgan. P. L. Sherwood.
Burton-on-Trent (The Club) Buxton (Union) Caernarvon(RoyalWelshYacht Cambridge (Amat. Dramatic) (Footlights) (Hawks)	1847 1855 1886	Porth-y-aur	118	3	2 & 2	G. W. Taylor Morgan.
Cambridge (Amat. Damatic)	. 1855 1886	Porth-y-aur Park Street Corn Exchange St. All Saints' Passage	66	:	3 3	A. L. d'Antal. M. G. L. Turnbull. C. M. Fletcher.
	. 1871	All Saints' Passage	200	£29	€6	M. G. L. Turnbull.
1 (Pitt)	1815	Jenus Lane	200	3	3 2 2 2	8. B. R. Cooke
(Union) Canterbury (The Club)	z875	33 St. George's Street 33 St. George's Street Old Dover Road s Westgate Street Mount Stnart Sq. 8 Victoria Place	320	3	£5 108. £	os. R. R. Cooke Capt. A. H. Smith J. F. Andrews. S. J. Pice. J. Pearson Griffiths.
(East Kent)	. 1866	s Westgate Street .	35 ·	5 & 21	3 & 11	S. J. Price. J. Pearson Griffitha
Carlisle (Border)	1868	8 Victoria Place	110		3	
(Cumberland County) Carmarthen (Carmarthen &	1870	24 Lowther Street Spilman Street	. 144	563	3 & 1	*ItCol F. W. Halton. *F. A. Soppitt.
County		, ··-	1	6	1	alt Cal P U Manularran
Cheltenham (New)	1874 1893 1807 1866	Promenade	400		9 2	ot II Danken
(Union)	1807	Cambray St. Peter sChurchyd	138	5	43. 33. ± £6 & £4 zos.	of H. Roulter. J. H. Hopley. Capt. E. Hilton Gardner.
		Eastgate	•		£4 108.	ePowtel (2 Montin
Chichester(West Sussex)Co'nt; Colchester (The Club)	1872 1889 1887	East Street Bank Passage Head Street	145	::	3 4 2	G. C Bensusan-Butt, r c.a.
(St. Runwald's)	. z887	Head Street	90	5	5 & 3	G. C. Bensusan-Butt, F.C.A. G. C. Bensusan-Butt, F.C.A. S. J. Gurner
		Lattle Park Street 4 5 Queen's Road . R.Y.S.Castle, Cowe	. 300 No	5	4 8 8	Sidney Smith.
Cowes (Royal Yacht Squadron	2815	R.Y.S. Castle, Cowe	limit	100	£16	Paym. Capt. F. W. Walshe, M.V.O., O.B.E., R.N.
(Boyal London Yacht) Cromer (The Club) Deal (Deal & Waimer Union) Derby (County) Devises (North Witts) Doronester (Perset County) Douglas, Lot M. (Silan Vannu Deves (The Club (Boyal Club) (Boyal Club) Porta Yacht	. z838	The Parade		Na	1.3.	G. H. L. Watson.
Cromer (The Club)	1872	Marine Rd. Walme	1 130		4 8 2	Maj. H. C. Owen, o.B.E., M.C.
Derby (County)	. 1878	203 Friar Gate	363	5 4 3	54.1	•W. de L. Brooke.
Doronester (Dorset County)	1802	3 High West Street	31	::	4. 3. & 2 4 & 2 5 & 2 3 & 1 4 & 3 3 & 7	Col. H. Rouse, c.s., p s.o.
Douglas, I.of M. (Ellan Vannur	2900 2972 2878 288e 288e 289e 289e 289e	The Parade. Cliff Avenue Marine Rd., Walme 103 Friar Gate. 27 St. John's Street 3 High West Street Finch Road 5 Waterloo Crescen Marine Parade	100	Na	3 6 71	*Col. W. T. Mould, c.m.e.
(Royal Cinque Ports Yacht)	1972	Marine Parade	. 100	Nu	3	Paym. Capt. F. W. Walshe, M.T.G., O.B.E., BM. G. H. L. Watson. B. J. Waller. Maj. H. C. Owen, O.B.E., M.C. (ierard H. Smith. SW. de L. Brooke. eCol. H. Rouse, O.B., D. S.O. eS, J. Kaye. eCol. W. T. Mould, C.M.S. eL. S. Bennett.
				- 10		

Town.			No			
	Estab- lished.	Address.	No. of Mem-	Entr.	ription.	*Hon, Sec. or Secretary.
				G.	- G.	
Durham (County) Eastbourne (Davonshire)	1890	Old Elvet Burlington Place .	200	7		John Wallace
Eastbourne (Davonshire)	1872 1846 1890	Burlington Place .	250 350	;	5.3&2 5&2	John Wallace May Frederick Sutton, p s of LtCol. H. W. Channer og. A. Rowe ø. J. R. Turnbull, M.o.  A. F. Alcock  M. Noel Ford, A. N. Pitts, E. H. Spence May E. J. R. Hawkins, Hereward II, Tresidder,  F. A. R. Chands,
Easex Yacht Club	v800	at Grand Parade Leigh-on Sea	300		30.	oG. A. Rowe
(Sussex) Easex Yacht Club Eton (Etonian Country)	E984	Clewer Mead, Eton Dresden House	I,400		5. 6, 7 & 8	J. R. Turnbull, n.c.
Evesham (Evesham) Exeter (Devon and Exeter)			251 231	5	5. 6, 7 & 8 3 & 1 1 6 & 5	A. F. Alcock
	z876	High Street	130		3, 2, & I	A. N. Pitts.
Exmouth (The Club)	1889	The Esplanade	300		482	E. H. Spence
(Exeter and County) Fxmouth (The Club) Falmouth (The Club) (Royal Cornwall Yacht) Farbam (Castle Yacht) Folixestone (The Club) Folkestone (Radnor) Fowey (Royal Fowey Yacht) Gloucester (City and County) Guildford (County) Halifax (The Club) Harrosate (The Ulub)	1871	High Street The Esplanade Western Terrace Greenbank	248	543	4 & 3 3 & I	Hereward II Tresidder.
Fareham (Castle Yacht)	z887		52		3 8 =	F. A. Richards.
Felixstowe (The Club)	2026 2874	Cliff House	190	Ail 3	34.	U. F Rolfe
Fowey (Royal Fowey Yacht).	1874 1894	Fowey	#30		5 & 3	E E. English.
Gloucester (City and County)	1874	Westgate Street.	200	· 5	5 & £ 3 20.4	O. F. Kolfe Lt. Col W. Swinhoo-Phelan E. E. English. E. G. Matthews. Major W. R. Harris, O. B. K. Oliorace Rhedes Ol. Ja Marchant
Halifax (The Club)	z868		200	5 & 3	544	Major W R Harris, c.n K.
Harrogate (The Club)	x855	Fountain Street. Victoria Avenue Pier Hotel	130	, 5	5 % 3	Is le Marchant.
Harrogate (The Club) Harwich(Royal Harw'h Yacht Henley on Thames	2856 1843 1880	Pier Hotel	170	1	1	W C. W. Ingle, p s.c
Ditto		Leander Phyllus Court		10	3 8	Capt. Roy Finlay.
Hereford (Herefordshire)	1905 1870 1890		181	$\lambda^5 u$	4.4	J. luglis.
(The Drive, R.C.)	1007	Fourth Avenue The Drive	181	. 444	6 dc 3)	o A H Nauley Ston
Hereferd (Herefordshire) Hove (The Club) (The Drive, B.C.) Huddersfield (The Club). Hull (Hull and E. Riding).	2907 1870 1874 1879	The Drive.  22 John William St 23 Anlaby Road	260	- 20	£10	o Horace Rhodes ol. le Marchant. W.C. W. Ingle, p. s.c Capt. M. T. Daniel, R. N. Capt. Roy Finlay. o.J. Inglis. i-F. W. Sears. o-A. H. Saulez. (ton A. H. Saulez. A. Pawson.
Hull (Hull and E Riding) (Hull Constitutional)	1874	Carr Lane	280 500	•••		A. Pawson.
Hythe (Cinque Ports)	. I 900	74 High Street	70		582	Brig tien T W. Stansfeld
Hythe (Cinque Ports) Hythe, Hants (Royal Motor Yacht)	1905	74 High Street Hythe Pier, South-	475	9	5	A. Pawson. T. A. Newbound. Brig Gen T W. Stansfeld F. T. Bersey.
Yacht)	x860	ampton Brook Street	150			
Ipswich (County Club)  (Ipswich and Suffolk)  Jersey (R.C.I. Yacht)	x869 x886	II Northgate Gd Hotel,St. Heher Berect,St	205	i	5 & 3	A. D. G. Drayton, G. E. Whalley, Rev G. A. Sexton, D.D. J. Collas, D.S. O.
Jersey (R.C.I. Yacht)	x863 x852	Gd Hotel.St. Heher	180	1	6	Rev G A Sexton, D.D.
(Victoria)			100	. £6		The Col. J at Collag, D.S o.
Kendali Westmorland County	1893 1866	Highgate	9x	4	4	•H B, Greenwood, •Com J, W Frintlough, R : Capt J H Charters. •George Hunter. •F. W. Gillespie. •Paul Pulleyne •Mu C, Brooke-Hart M.C.
Kingswear (Royal Dart Yacht	1800	Redtord Street	₹5 200	, i	3	Com J. W Fnitlough , R
Leamington (Tennis court) (Leamington (Uub)	2847 2887	26 The Parade .	60	3	3	George Hunter.
Leeds (The Leeds Club)	2849 2928	3 Albion Place .	308	25	12	or. W. Gillespie.
(Leamington Club) Leads (The Leads Club) (The Central) Leicester (County) Lowes (Lewes and County)	1873	26 The Parade 3 Albion Place City Square Bishop Street	200	8	5	*Paul Pulleyne
Lowes (Lowes and County)	1873 1873 1873	St. Annes St. Mary's Street South Torrace	204		1 5&3	*Maj. G. Brooke-Hart, M.C. *Rowland Gorringe, *A. E. Collis *W. S. Goldie.
Lancoln (Lincoln and County, Littlehampton (County)	1873	St. Mary's Street	262 259	':	3 8 24	A. E Collis
Livernool (Artists)	1912 1881			1 4 2	1,263	PErnest D. Roden. ('apt. George Nickson. "Hon. Secretary."
Liverpool (Artists) (Constitutional) (Exchange)	1888 1832	India Buildings	800 280	.;	20 & 5	Capt. George Nickson.
(Lyceum)		Bold Street	500	- 7 - 80	20, 4 & 3	Albert Oulton
(Lyceum)(Palatine)	-8-6	India Buildings zz Fenwick Street Bold Street Bold Street	120	10	20	R. D Holt
(Racquet)	1875 1815	Up. Parliament St. 6 Rumford Place		Nil	10	J. Nelson Barstow.
(Racquet)	1844	BedfdR , Rock Ferry	30 366	3		"Hon. Secretary." Albert Outlon. "R. D Holt "J. Nelson Barstow. "C. A. Robinson. "W. P. Davidson. "Prof. F. Raleigh Batt Com. H. A. Knight, s. v
(University) Lowestoft (Royal Norfolk and Suffolk Yacht)	1895	BedfdR , Rock Ferry a Mount Pleasant Royal Plain	350 430	6, 4 & 3	4.4.	Prof. F. Raleigh Batt
Loweston (Royal Norioik and Suffolk Yacht)	1	Royal Plain	430	0, 4 & 3	6,4 & 3	
Meidetone (Kent County)	. 1257	Week Street	200	Nat	6 & 4	Maj F. D. Thomas. "Harold Bodden.
Manchester (Arts)	1879	South St , Peter St	250 300	£ι	4 4 2	Harold Bodden.
(Clarendon) (Constitutional) (The Ladies')	2876		-	Nit	15 8	J Cocklin.
(The Ladies)	1863 1867	oo Deansgate 8x King Street	170	10/6	3	Miss Lilian M. Bailey.
(Reform)	1024		750	! ::	4 & 2	Miss Mary Grace
(Union)	x8ac	75 Mosley Street . Wellington Hotel.	450	25	12	L. H Walker.
(Cruising Association)	1914	Wellington Hotel.	63	15 & 12	8 & 6	Miss Jalian M. Balley, F. Milnes. Miss Mary Gregg. I. H. Walker. •II. Whitaker. J. R. Winpenny. •Montagu Strickland •J. T. Vizard
Middlesbrough (Cleveland) Minehead (West Somerset) Monmouth (Monm'that county	1 7002		250 120	. 2	5 & 2 }	Montagu Strickland
Monmouth (Monm'that ounty	1873 1896 1888	Agmeourt Square Promenade	47	Nil	2	o.J T. Vizard
Now Brighton (Liverp'l Yacht Newbury (South Berks) Newcastle upon Tyne (Northern Counties)	1890 1888	Bridge Street .	120	3		*Rertram Pelham, •W. H. U. Follett.
Newcastle upon Tyne	1		1	1	Į .	W. 22. C. 2 GIRCU.
(Northern Counties)	18ag 186a	13 Eldon Square .	200	15	10	O Vadiand
Newport, Mon (Monmouth	1875	Westgate Road. High Street	300	20 5	25 5	George Lediard. B. C. Jones.
shire County)	-			1	-	1
Normampton (The Club)	1873 1864	17 Upper King St.	£00	5	5 & 4	John Woods, Com. J. C. Mansfield, R.N. A. L. Morell, William Moss.
Nottingham (Borough)	z893 z863	King Street	320	••	7 & 5 6 & 3	A. L. Morell.
(Nottinghamshire)	1863 1863	Victoria Street	200	10	4 % =	William Moss.
Owtond ((Samundon)	1003	32 Holywell	250 250	4 & 2		H. R. Peake.
Oxford (Clarendon)	. 1005			~ "	1 07	
(Northern Counties) (Union) Newport, Mon (Monnouth shire County) Northampton The Club) Northampton The Club) Nortingham (Borough) (Nottingham (Borough) (Nottingham shire) Oxford (Clarendon) (Oxford and County) (Oxford and	. 1884	az George Street	200	£2 104.	±4 208.	*Derek Kahn.
(Utilis)	2884	Frewin Court	12,000 12,000	£2 104.	4 108.	*Derek Kahn,  *J. R. D. Crichton.  *K. L. Francis
(Utilis)	2884	George Row. 27 Upper King St. King Street. Victoria Street 54 Corn Market St. 33 Holywell. 28 George Street Frewin Court. 24 Kg. Edwd. Street The Explanate.	12,000 120 120	£5	£4 108. £4 108. £4 108.	*Derek Kahn. *J. R. D. Crichton. *E. L. Francis. [R D., R.N R Pay-Com. R. Stuart Back
(U U D S)	2884	sx George Street Frewin Court xa Kg. Edwd. Street The Explanade Proetgate Lockyer Street The Hoc.	1.62	£2 104. £1 £5	54 108. 54 108. 54 108. 3 4 3 & 1	Arthur A. Tyler. H. R. Peake. 'Derek Kahn. 'J. R. D. Crichton. 'E. L. Francis. [a D., a.N a Pay-Com. R. Stuart Back Walter J. Descon. 'F. R. Watson. LtCol. A. W. G. Ridings.

490 <i>Pri</i>	псіра	l Clubs in E	nglan	id an	d Wal	es.
Town.	jatab- lished	Address.	No. of Mem-		oription	*Hon. Sec. or Secretary.
	, шешен		bers.	Entr.	Ann.	
Plymouth (Royal Plymouth Corinthian Yacht) (Royal South Western Yacht, Portamouth (Royal Naval)	1877	Maderra Road	100	G.	G.	A. H. Rendle.
(Royal South Western Yacht,	zBgo	West Hoe	208		. 3	ol) M. Murdoch. [R.
Portamouth (Royal Navul)	x867	West Hoe	439	A17	1. 3. 6. 1	InstrCapt. G. H. Andre Paym LtCom, L. M. Po
(Royal Portsmouth Corinthian Yacht)	z882	62 Clarence Parade, Southsea	220	Att	46.2	Paym Lt Com. L. M. Pe
reston (Conservation)	: x878	Guildhall Street	753		1	W. Atkinson, r.c a Eng-Capt, H. E. Rock, R
lamagate (Royal Temple	1857	Guildhall Street West Cliff Mansions	300		4 & 3	"Eng Capt. H. E. Rock, R
Yacht) leading (Athenseum)	1842	Frur Street	230	]		N. H. (1 Thoughton
/Berkshire)	2075	Riagrave Street	300	5	3 4	P. W. C. Doughty.
(Berkshire) leading (Wellington)	x88x	Station Rond Market Place	285		4. 3, 2 & 1	*S Bird P. Bruce Elliott.
apon (The Club)	1840 1865	Gundulph Square .	120	3	543	1', Bruce Elliott.
(Medway Yacht	1880	Willis Avenue	160	108 6d.	5 4 3	Maj H J Cobb.
lugby (The Club)	1866	North Street	100	Nul	3	*R. E. Morris.
caung (Wellington) ipon (The Club) ochester (Castle) (Medway Yacht aughy (The Club) yde (Royal Victoria Yacht) (Royal Thames Yacht)	2844	St Thomas Street	175 1,200	i ::	6 & 3	No. 11 D. Co. 14h
,. (Royal Thames ) acht) Leonards on-Sea (East Sus-	1775 1884	Ryde Pier Warrioi Square .	160	Nil	5 & 3	Mai H. R. Crailsham, o. s F. G. Stenning.
(South Cliff) (South Cliff)	2867	St. Nicholas Cliff		••	7 & 3	olf C. Moresby White.
(South Ciff)	28,8 2842	West Street Norfolk Street .	400	. ×5	12 6 6	*R Bent. Lt, Col. M J. Duggan, o.u
(Athenaum	1843 2847	George Street .	500	. 5	£6 tos.	
(Athenaum	xess	St James's Row	330		4	Allan Hastings
hrewsbury (The Club) (Shropshire County)	x838 x872	Oak House, Dogrole	X50	1 4	5.4 & 2	II Beuman D S
outhampton (Royal Southern	1837	The Square By the Pier	230		7	il Beaman for Lt-Col. J. H. Westley, c m. °D H B Harfield
Yacht)	1	-	ł	ļ		
(Royal Southampton Yacht) outhend (Alexandra Yacht)	1875	79. Above Bar	400 250	3	4 6 3	A I Robinson. C F Parsons R W Barker. H Bardsley Maj T W. G Davis. H D'Arcy Hutton.
		Lower Emlanade.	250	2	3, 2 0, 15	R W liarker.
outhport (Union) outhmen (Royal Albert Yacht) outhwold Suffolk (The Blyth	1903 1869	a Bath Street	130		5	oH Bardeley
outhsea (Royal Albert Yacht)	3864	Chfton Rond	254	Nil Nil		Maj T W. G Davis.
Club)	1930	Southwold .	98	30	3 4, 2	H DARYHUMON.
tamford (Stamtord and	2872	St. Mary's Street	65	2	3 & 2	Walter Goodley.
County) troud (The (Tub)	288o	Subsciption Rooms	10o		3 & 2	oT E Sanders
wriber (Swaiiber and	1878	Subscription Rooms Castle Square	236	5	4	E M. Bradford.
(Counties)	1875	Mumbles	280			W Charac Carl Hithe
(Bristol Channel Vacht) aunton (Somerset County) avistock (West Devon)	288o	Fore Street	200	i .:	5, 3 & 2	T Carey Griffiths. F Clyde Smith *Col H. G. Pinches.
avistock (West Devon)	1899	Bedford Square	70		£3 108.	*Col H. G. Pinches.
eddington (Royal Cance)	x866	Trowlock Island	260		2 2 2	Eric Freenan
eignmouth (East Deven) enby (Temby and County) enterden (The Tudor (Tub) onbridge (The Club)	x869	Relvadere	87	22.	4	Fric Freen.an B B Tudball. W G Moore
enby (Tenby and County)	1877	The Croft	79 108	Nul	4, 3 & z	W G Moore
onbridge (The Club)	1020 1884	14g. High Street	Ra	10/6 Nil	4 & 2	*Col P L Grove.
ombridge (The Clud) orquay (Carlton). (Royal Torbay Yacht) unbridgeWells(and Countles) (Kent and Sussex)	1913 1863	Vaughan Road Boacon Terrace	150	2	, ,	
(Royal Torbay Yacht)	x863	Beacon Terrace	114	5	5 & 3 a & 1	*C E Rotherham.  *J F. Dixon  *J Taylor.
(Kent and Sussex)	1878	40, Loudon Road The Great Hall	278	1 ";	56.3	*J Taylor.
akefield (County)	1893 1881	Drury Lane	150	3	5	Capt. H G Stickley.
alsali (The Club)	1881	Bridge Street .	100		6	J S Ridsdale.
Marwick (County)	1895	The Cliffs	75 300	::	4 & 3	Arthur C Burrows.
(Westcliff Yacht)	1900	Westcliff-on-Sea	350	1 7	1	or J. Sparrow.
(Kent and Sussex) "akefield ('ounty) "alsall (The Club) "arwick (County) "estcliff-on-Sea (Welcome) (Westcliff Yacht) "estward Ho ('Union) "eymouth, Hoyal Dorset Y'cht,	1900 1870	Westward Ho'	107		4	O() A Smith
eymouth(Royal Dorset Y'cht) hitchaven (West Cumber-	2875 2908	6, Charlotte Row	217	6	8	H. L. Davis  F. J. Sparrow.  C. A. Smith  Maj W. L. Newcombe.  A. M. Allunson.
land)		AN THE WASHINGT OF	150	3		
Inchaster / Hammelina)	1875 1895 1887	Southgate Street .	250	6	54.	Capt N. R. de la Lee Gil A L. Body. Maj. E. F. Wrigley.
indermere (Royal Winder.	1893	13. Southgate Street Windermere	70	NA ac.	4 2 4 1	Mai E E Wrigley
indermere (Royal Winder- mere Yacht) isbech (Wisbech & District	1		1		1	
isbech (Wisbech & District Club)	1983	Glan-Dyfi, Wisbech	160	3	•	*Ernest Hickling.
olverhampton(Conservative)	1877	Lichfield Street	¥53		6 & 3	oW. Vincent Vale.  oL J Gibbons.  oMajor H. M Griffiths, oMaj. J. E. H. Ford.
olverhampton(Conservative) orcester (Worcestershire)	1860	to Foregate Street The Cross	105	£ş	£5 & £6	ol. J (libbons.
(Union)	1877 1878	Yarmouth, I of W.	150	= &1	5. 3. E =	Major R. M. Grinting,
rmouth, I. of W. (Solent Yacht)			1	t	í	
		o, Museum Street Museum Street	450	= & z	3& 1	If B Marston. Lt Col.H.S.Lickman, c.s.
(Yorkshire)			-======================================			
CLUB		اما	Olye Lanere l	els, &c.		No. of Clubs. Membersh 1,670 goz,6
According to a recent r	eturn t	here are 13,947	A-SPA	ice de		1,670 501,6 1,391 350,6
inde of all kinds upon th	ie regis	ter in England   🖰	UNBOLA	ative		1,321 363,0
nd Wales (1931) and 633 i	n Scotla	and (1931). An	rolleer A	G(116		,3 303,0

According to a recent return there are 13,947 Clubs of all kinds upon the register in England and Wales (1931) and 633 in Scotland (1931). An examination of a recent return shows the following results:—

 Objects, &c.
 No. of Clubs.
 Membership.

 Trade Union, &c.
 a,827
 1,095,700

 Athletic
 1,696
 725,800

450 900 3		A.U.MCRIMAN, CON.B.
Olyects, &c.	No. of Ch	ubs. Membership.
General	1,67	o <u>5</u> 01,600
Ex-Service, &c	I,39	£ 350,960
Conservative	1,38	z 363,000
Golf	73	
Liberal	54	6 147,500
Masonic	52	6 147,500 5 74, <b>80</b> 0
Not Specified	1,06	8 303,100
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# PRINCIPAL SCOTTISH CLUBS.

Name of Club.	Estab- lished.	Club-House.	No of Mem- bers.	Subsc Entr.	Ann.	*Hon Sec. or Secretary.
Aberdeen (Royal Northern)	2854	204, Union St	286	£5 Temp,		F. R. Young
yr (County)	1872	Sandgate	220	£55	6 & 4 Gs.	W. H. Kennedy.
)undee (Eastern)	x866	3. Albert Square	236	£xo		W. L. Pattullo.
dinburgh (Caledonian U.S.)	zBeg	4. Shandwick Pl	400		7 (48.	Maj. K. S. Robertson, o s. g
., (New)		85. Princes St	1,000		za Gs	Col. J. H. M. Davie, D.s.o.
(Ladies' Caledonian)	2906	13, Charlotte Square	790	6 Gs.	4 6 5 (18	Miss M. de la Cour.
., (Northern)	1839	9z, George St	300	10 (ds	8, 5 & 41+8.	J. Hamilton Craig. c.a. Miss L. Meikleichn.
(Queen's)	2897 2836	7. Frederick St 37. Queen Street	700	a Gs.	None	A. N. G. Aitken.
(Royal Eastern Yacht) (Royal Forth Yacht)	1868		x65	a Ga	3 G:	J. A. Macqueen, D.s.c.
			_	(xa&)		
., (Scottish Conservative)	x877	zza, Princes St	2,400	1 5 G.	. (5.89(in)	J. M. M. Halliday.
(Scottish Liberal)	x880	zoo. Princes St	700	Susp		Join A E. Gunn.
(University)	x864	227. Princes St	750	Sugn.	22 & 7 GB	tico, J. R. Hamilton.
(University Union)	288g	Park Place	1.554	58	. 14 & 2 Gs.	*G. F. Anderson.
alasgow (Art)		285, Bath St	420	(7&)	4 Un.	George Middlemass, c A.
400 11 1		D. 43		1 20 4	20. 5 & )	George II. Rose.
(Conservative)	x880	33, Bothwell St	1,400	154	3 (48 )	George II. Rosc.
(Junior)	x888	zzz, Douglas St	150	Nil.	. ₹B	R. A. Clapperton,
(Kelvin)	x897 x886	29 Royal ExchangeNo		8 (+s.	6 Gs.	Miss M. Logie.
. (Liberal)	x896	97 Buchanan Street	320	Nul.	5 & mg (18	Matthew W. White.
(New)	x869	z44. W.George St	500	30 (łs.	16 & 8 Gs	William G. France, c.A.
" (Royal Clyde Yacht)	x856	Hunter's Quay	700	4 Ga.	s (is. 10.	F. A. Downes, c.A.
(R. W'st'rn of Scot. Y'cht )		[173, Fulton, S E	118	zG.	2 G	J. B Hardie.
" (R Scottish Automobile)	zfigg	Blythswood Buunre.	5,800	5 Gs.	5 & a (1s.	Robert J. Smith, c.s.c., c.a.
(Scottish Constitutional)	1891	zza, W. George St	756	Nul	4 65 # GB.	Hugh Brechin, c. A.
(The Western)	2825	147. Buchanan Mt	620	£at	20 Gs.	Lt Col L. Cotterill,
nverness (Highland)	1869	37, High Street	250	12 (is.	4 Gs.	F W. Fraser; R. Guy Hill
Now (Board Highland Veels)	x88x	Corran Esplanade	205	5 Gs		W. Monteith.
han (Royal Highland Yacht)	1881	zo, High Street	154	15 (in		*Col. James Cook
aisley (The ('lub)	1824	ING. FALKIE STUTOUU	-34	1 43 (18	1 / 2 5 0 5	James Napier.

# PRINCIPAL IRISH CLUBS.

Name of Club	Estab- lished.	Club-House.	No of Menu- bers.	Entr.	Ann	*Hon Sec. or Secretary.
Bangor (Royal Ulster Yacht). Belfast (Royal North of Ire- land Yacht) (Ulster)	1866 1892 1868	Bangor, Co Down . Cultra, Belfast Custle Place	600 670	6 (jq 2 (s). 24 (i).	3 (f 2 dt 1 (f 1 zo dt 7 (is	² D. Kirkimtrick
(Ulster Reform)		4. Royal Avenne	470	5 GH.	8 & 5 Gs.	James Hutchinson
, (Union)	z837	5, Donegall Place. Church Street	220	20 (is	7 (is.	
avan (County)	x8ga x8a8	80. South Mall	50 175	£10	£10	W C. L Sullivan.
ork (County)		135. St Stephen's Cin.		2 ( 18.	2(14	Miss Ewing Kennedy.
(Royal Irish Automobile)	Igoz	34. Dawson Street	1 625	1		Cant. R. D. Greer
(Catholic Commercial)	1881	42, Upper O'Connell St			3 (4.	W. Blake; D. Tannian.
(Dublin University)	x850	17. St Stephen's Gn	0)	Ail.	20 & 6 GB.	Capt C R Smith, o s r.
" (Friendly Brother House)	1680	az, St Stephen's Gn.		5 Gs.	2 GR.	F F Fetherstonhaugh
(Hillarmian II Sler)	1832	8. St Stephen's Gn	235	Nil		Henry J. Staff.
(IZ ildary Strout)	178a	Kildare Street .	6,6	12 Gs.	12 (is	H de B Bewley.
(Leinster)	1745	29, Clare Street	120	! -	5 & 3 Gs	John J. Flood.
" (St Stephen's Green)	2B40	9. St. Stephen's Gn	400	Susp.	£10 & £8	H H Turnbull.
ermanagh (County)	1863	Churchet En'skillen		a Gs	4 & 3 GB	*Hon Cecil Lowry Corry,
ilkenny (County) ingstown (Roy Alfred Yacht)	x879 x864	20, Patrick Street	70	. 5.	£6	Major Lindeway Knox. W. M Paget Haffield, M.
(Royal Irish Yacht)	1846	Dun Laoghaire	380	£5	6 Gs	F. M. Sellens.
(Royal St George Yacht)	1818	Dun Laoghaire	300	5 Gs.	7 GB.	D. Henry Bailey.
imerick (County)	1813	O'Connell Street .	85		£8	G. E. Faimer.
ondonderry (Northern Counties)	x880	24, Bishop Street	150	8 & 4 Gs	£6 & 3	Capt. W. H. Wagentreil
magh (Tyrone County)	x840	Omagh	70	5 Gs.	4 Gs.	°R. J. Newell
neenstown(Royal Cork Yacht)		Queenstown .	zóo	£7	£5.	Capt R. R. Wilson.
faterford (Co & City)	2833	Waterford	80	8 Gs.	7 Gs.	•W. Gallwey. W. Richardson,

# Bublishers and Their Addresses.

Aberdeen University Press, Aberdeen.
Allan, Philip, 69, Great Russell Street, W.C.r.
Allen & Unwin, 40, Museum St., W.C.r.
Allen & Unwin, 40, Museum St., W.C.r.
Allen & Unwin, 40, Museum St., W.C.r.
Allenson, Racquet Court, Fleet St., E.C.4.
Amalgamated Press, Fleetway House, E.C.4.
Appleton, 34, Bedford St., W.C.r.
Archer, D., 6, Old Gloucester St., W.C.
Architectural Press, 9, Queen Anne's Gate, S.W.r.
Arnold, E. & Co., 47, Maddox St., W.r.
Arnold, E. & Co., 47, Maddox St., W.r.
Bagster, 12, Paternoster Row, E.C.4.
Ballière, Findall & Cox, 8, Henrietta St., W.C.r.
Baellière, Findall & Cox, 8, Henrietta St., W.C.r.
Balle, Sons & Danielsson, 83, Gt Tichfield St., W.r.
Bell, Geo., & Sons, 6, Portugal St., W.C.r.
Barker, 22, Garrick St., W.C.
Bartholomew, 12, Duncan St., Edinburgh.
Batsford, 12, North Andley Street, W.r.
Bell, Geo., & Sons, 6, Portugal St., W.C.r.
Blackie, Glasgow, and 50, Old Balley, E.C.4.
Blackie, Glasgow, and 50, Old Balley, E.C.4.
Blackie, Glasgow, and 50, Old Balley, E.C.4.
Blackie, Glasgow, and 50, Old Balley, E.C.4.
Blackwood, Edinburgh, and 37, P.N. Row, E.C.4.
Bles, Geoffrey, 22, Sulfolk St., S.W.r.
Bowes & Bowes, Cambridge,
Burns, Oates, & W., Newgate St., E.C.
Bautroworth & Co., 46, Bell Yard, E.C.4.
Cambridge Univ. Press, 132, Fetter Lane, E.C.4.
Cape, Jounthan, 26, Bedford St., W.C.z.
Cassell & Co., La Relle Sauvage, E.C.4.
Cayne Press, 27, Soho Square, W.z.
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Madras Mail—57 Fleet Street, E.C.4
Flomeer (Allanhand)—g. Chancery Lane, W.C.2
Rangoon Gazette—a4 Old Jewry, E.C.2
Statesman (Pulcutta)—z3—58 Fleet Street, E.C.4
Times of India—Salisbury Square House, E.C.4

Malayn and Hong Kong — Hong Kong Dally Press—33 Fleet Street, E C 4 Malay Mail—7 Garrick Street, W C 2. Penang Gazette—33 Paternoster Row, E C 4 New Zenland —
Auckland Star—30 New Bridge Street, E. (* 4
Auckland Weekly News—85 Fleet Street, E. (* 4
Christohurch Press—85 Fleet Street, E. (* 4
Christohurch Star—30 New Bridge Street, E. (* 4
Christohurch Times—30 New Bridge Street, E. (* 4

Dominion (Wellington)—30 New Bridge Street, E.C.4.
Dunedin Evening Star—30 New Bridge Street, E.C.4.
Mirror (Auckland)—30 New Bridge Street, E.C.4.
New Zealand Free Lance—30 New Bridge Street, E.C.4.
New Zealand Free Lance—30 New Bridge Street, E.C.4.
New Zealand Farmer (Auckland)—30 New Bridge
Street, E.C.4.
New Zealand Herald—35 Fleet Street, E.C.4.
New Zealand Bimallholder (Auckland)—30 New Bridge
Street, E.C.4.
Oamaru Mail—30 New Bridge Street, E.C.4.
Poverty Ray Herald (Gisborne)—30 New Bridge Street, E.C.4. Southland Daily News (Invercargill)-30 New Bridge Street, E C 4

Thranaki I hall , News (New Plymouth)—30 New Bridge
Street, E C 4.

Wangamii Chronicle—30 New Bridge Street, E C 4. South Africa outh .171ca —
Bloemfonteun Friend—7a Flect Street, E.C.4.
Cape Argus- 7a Fleet Street, E.C.4.
Cape Argus- 73 Fleet Street, E.C.4.
Cape Times-135 Fleet Street, E.C.4.
East London Dispatch—7a Fleet Street, E.C.4.
Johannedung Star—7a Fleet Street, E.C.4.
Johannedung Star—7a Fleet Street, E.C.4.
Natal Mercury—2a5 Fleet Street, E.C.4.
Ratal Wilness—7a Fleet Street, E.C.4.
Blobdesial Israell—7a Fleet Street, E.C.4. Chicago Daily News—Bush House, Aldwych, W.C.s. Chicago Tribune—235 Fleet Street, E.C.4 Detroit Free Press—24 Regent Street, S.W. z New York Herald-Tribune—Bush House, Aldwych,

# LONDON AMBULANCE SERVICES.

Headquarters (London Ambulance Service), London County Council, Public Health Department, County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E. 1 (Telephone: City 7200).

Accident Section. Ambulance Stations

A. Seagrave Road, Fulham, S.W.6.

Seagrave Road, Fulham, S.W.6.

19 Herbrand Street, Tavistock Place, W.C.1

5 Montclare Street, Bethnal Green, E. 1.

142 High Road, Lee, S.E. 13.

Landor Road, S.W.9

Landor Road, S.W.9

15 Lephant and Castle, S.E.

7 Woolmore Street, Poplar, E. 14.

Corsica Street, Highluny, N.5.

Lyons Place, St. John's Wood, N.W. 8.

119 Batterséa Rise, S.W.11.

High Street, Woolwich, S.E. 18.

13 Regency Street, S.W. 2.

Canterbury Road, Old Kent Road, S.E. 15.

Paragon Road, Hackney, E. 9.

D. E.F. G.

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N. Õ.

7. Canceroury Road, On Achi Roda, S. R. 15.
R. Paragon Road, Hackney, E. 9.
S. Mountearl Gardens, Streatham, S. W. 16.
T. Slichester Mewa, North Kensington, W. 10.
Number of Ambulance calls in 1915, 2,405; 1920, 19,414; 1925, 35,269; 1926, 39,447; 1927, 40,233; 1928, 43,415; 1929, 43,567; 1930, 43,930. 1931, 48,679; 1932, 40,638.

The Service is established for the conveyance to hospital of persons suffering from accident or sudden illness in the streets or public places, or from accident in private houses. It is not, in ordinary circumstances, intended for the removal of persons suffering from illness in private houses. Urgent parturition cases are removed to hospitals on the application of a duly qualified medical practitioner or a certified midwife, provided that either a certified midwife or doctor accompanies the case. Calls for ambulances are made by means of the telephone, the operator being asked for "Ambulance." When communication is established the locality of the accident or illness should be given, and the name of the caller.

General Ambulance Section.

New York Herald-Tribune—Bush Rouse, Amw. W Cs W Cs New York Times—Salisbury Square House, E C 4, Washington Star—14 Regent Street, S W x

Ambulance Stations. Eastern Ambulance Station, Brooksby's Walk, Homerton, E 9 (near Homerton Rulway Station).

North-Western-Ambulance Station, Lawn Road, Fleet Road, Hampstead, N.W. 3 (near Hamp-stead Heath and Belsize Park Rallway Stations).

Western Ambulance Station, Seagrave Road, Fulham, S W. 6 (near West Brompton Railway Station).

South-Western Ambulance Station, Landor Road, Stockwell, S.W. 9 (near Clapham Road and Clapham North Railway Stations).

South-Eastern Ambulance Station, New Cross Road, S.E. 14 (near Old Kent Road Railway Station).

Brook Ambulance Station, Shooters Hill, Woodwich, S.E. 18 (nearest Railway Station, Blackheath).

# Ambulances Supplied on Payment.

The ambulances for general service are available, when not required for public purposes, for the conveyance, on payment, of private materinty, mental, medical and surgical cases, materinty, mental, mental and singuistical cases, at any time of the day and night. Applications for ambulances should be made to the Head-quarters, County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E.; (Telephone: City 7200) when the actual charge for any proposed removal can be obtained.

In addition to the above service and to that of the St. John Ambulance and Brigade, Ambulances are maintained by the City of London.

# Banks and Banking.

### THE BANK OF ENGLAND, FOUNDED 1694.

THE GOVERNOR, DEPUTY GOVERNOR, AND OTHER OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR 1933

Governor, The Rt. Hon. Montagu Collet Norman, D.S.O.

Deputy Governor, Sir Ernest Musgrave Harvey, Bt., K.B.E.

#### DIRECTORS.

Sir Alan Garrett Anderson,
K.B.E.
Sir Basil Phillott Blackett,
K.C.B., K.C.S.I.
George Macaulay Booth.
William Henry Clegg.
Patrick Ashley Cooper.
Sir Andrew Rae Duncan.
Albert Charles Gladstone.
Kenneth Goschen.

Edward Charles Grenfell, M.P. Charles Jocelyn Hambro.
Col. Lionel Hy. Hambury, C.M.G.
Edward Holland-Martin.
Lord Hyndley of Meads.
Sir Robt. Molesworth Kindersley, G.B.E.
Hon. Roland Dudley Kitson,
D.S.O., M.C.

Cecil Lubbock.
Robert Lydston Newman.
Edward Robert Peacock.
Hon. Alexander Shaw.
Sir Josiah Charles Stamp,
G.B. E.
Frank Cyril Tiarks.
Henry Alexander Trotter.
Walter Kennedy Whigham.
Arthur Whitworth.

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# ACCOUNT FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 15, 1933. SUR DEPARTMENT. ! BANKING DEPARTMENT.

| Proprietors' | Govt. Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securities | Securiti

£450,376,131

OFFICIALS.

Henry Clay. R. N. Kershaw, M.C. Sir O. E. Niemeyer, G.B.E., K.C.B. H. A. Siepmann.

Assistant to the Governors, Leslie Lefeaux.
Chief Accountant, A. M. Walker.
Deputy do., H. V. Such, O.B.E.; C. W. Wise,
O.B.E., M.O.
Assist. Chief Accountants, E. M. Stapley; W. B.
Hillkirk.
Chief Cashier, B. G. Catterns.
Deputy do., H. B. C. Yeomans; E. N. Dalton.
Assist. Chief Cashier, Norman Redfern, M.C.;
Alexander Stone.
Deputy Chief, Overseas and Foreign Dept.,
Cameron Cobbold (acting).
Assist. Chief do., F. F. J. Powell.
Secretary and Chief of Establishments, R. C. G.

Deputy Secretary, E. H. D. Skinner.
Assist. Secretary, A. W. C. Dascombe.
Deputy Chief of Establishments, A. V. Alexander.
Assist. Chief of Establishments, Hugh Wheeler.
Discount Office.

Principal, K. O. Pepplatt, M.C.,
Deputy do., A. C. Bull.
Assist, Principal, C. V. Franks.

Branch Banks Office,
Principal, E. N. Travers.
Deputy do., R. C. Stevenson.
Ascist. Principal, William Holdstock.
Law Courts Branch.
Agent, J. L. Tull.

### COUNTRY BRANCHES AND AGENTS.

Birmingham, A. C. Turner. Bristol, L. T. Mosse. Hull, F. A. N. Pedder. Leeds, J. D. Mackenzie.

Dale.

Liverpool, F. G. Ager, D.S.O. Manchester, R. B. Johnston. Newcastle, E. W. Lidderdale. Plymouth, G. Farr White.

# THE BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE.

THE BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE, in Post Office Court, Lombard Street, is the medium through which Bankers obtain the amount of Cheques and Bills in their hands for collecting from other Bankers. The total for the year 1928 was £328,111,959,000, a decrease of £4,123,100,000 as compared with 1931. Town Clearing in 1931, £27,833,633,000, a decrease as compared with 1931 of £3,265,729,000; Metropolitan Clearing, £1,511,207,000, a decrease of £57,445,000; Country Clearing, £3,265,729,000, a decrease of £84,200,000.—Chairman, Hon. Rupert E. Beckett; Deputy Chairman, Frank Chaplin; Hon. Sec. E. Holland-Martin, C.B.; Acting Managers, Herbert J. Woodcook (Chiqf Inspector); R. Miller (Deputy Inspector).

* Clearing Bankers, † Army Agents.

London Banking Hours are 9 a.m. to 3.30 p.m. (Saturdays 12 noon.)

£4,175,000; Reserve Funds. £1,678,761.

3 ALEXANDERS DISCOUNT CO., LTD. (1810), 24, LOMDARD St., E.C. 3.—Capital, authorised, £1,800,000 £2 Crimulative Preference Shares, fully paid, 800,000 £2 Ordinary Shares, £1 paid, with a reserve liability of £800,000. Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposits, etc., £35,643,627; Dividend, 1932-33, 6 p.c. Preference Shares, less tax, 19 p.c. Ordinary Shares, less tax.

ALEX. LAWRIK & CO., LTD. (1867), 103, Clive Street, Calcutta (24, St. Mary Axe, E.C. 3.

- Street, Charleta (14, St. Mary Are, E.C. 3.)

  3A ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD. (1285), Calcutta, India (London Agents 1783). Affiliated to the P. & O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.—
  (apital, authorised, Rs. 40.00.000. Issued and subscribed—25,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 each, 16,000 fully paid, 9,000 Rs. 50 paid; 15,000 6 p.c. Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each, fully paid; Reserve Fund, Rs. 44.50 000. Dividend, 1932-33. 6 p. C. Preference Shares; 18 p. c. Ordinary Shares. (33 Branches.)
- 4 ALLAN (T. H.) & Co., 17, Gracechurch St., E.C.3.
- 5 THE AMERICAN EXPRESS Co. Iuc. The Subsidiary of American Express Co., New York (1841), 65, Broadway, New York, U.S.A.; 79 Bishopsgate, E.C. s.—Capital, \$6,000,000 (Shares fully paid). (56 Branches throughout the world.)

ANGLO-CZECHOSLOVAK and PRAGUE CREDIT BANK, Prague. London Office, 48, Bishopsgate, E.C. s. — Capital, 120.000.000 Kc. Reserves, 18.026.347 Kc. Deposits and Creditors, 2.580.123.460 Kc. (45 Branches) ANGLO-EASTERN BANK, LTD. (1910), 11, Peter

St., Manchester.

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LTD. (1864). Amalgamated with Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), 54, LombardStreet,

Colonial and Overseas), 34, Lombard Street, E.C. 3.

ANGLO-FRENCH BANKING CORPORATION, LTD., 31, Lombard Street. E.C. 3.—Authorised Capital, £3,000,000. Capital Issued and Paid-up, £1,250,000.

ANGLO-INTERNATIONAL BANK LTD., 24-28, Lombard St., R.C. 3.—Authorised Capital, £3,000,000. Issued, £2,950,008.

ANGLO-MALTERE BANK (1809), Exchange Buildings, Malta (London Agents, 164, 1978; 281).—Authorised Capital, £300,000 (£500 Shares, £400 paid). (Branch at GOZO.)

ANGLO-PALESTINE BANK, LTD. (1908), 10-12, Walbrook, E.C. 4 (London Agents, 122A).— Capital authorised. £1,000,000. Subscribed,

Capital authorised. £2,000.000. Subscribed, £300.200 £2 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £30,000; Deposits, etc., 1932, £2,277,006. (7 Branches.)
ANGLO-PORTUGUESE COLONIAL AND OVERSEAS BANK, LTD. (1930), 9, Bishopsgate. E.C. 2.—Capital, £2,500,000. Issued and fully paid, £2,000,000; Deposits, etc., £362,191.

London Banking Hours are 9 a.m. to 3.30 p.m. (Saturdays 12 noon.)

18 Agriculturial Bank of Egypt (1992), Cairo
(Stone House, 128, Bishopagate, E. C. 2.—
(Capital, £3,740,000 (Ordinary and Deferred Shares £5, Preferred Bhares
£50 each, fully paid), Authorised Debenture Capital, £6,370,000; Outstanding,
£4,175,000; Reserve Funds. £1,678,761.

3 Alekanders Discount Co., Ltd. (1820), 24,
Lombard St., E.C. 2.—Capital, authorised,
£1,800,000 £3 Ordinary Shares, £1 paid,
800,000 £3 Ordinary Shares, £1 paid,
with a reserve Hability of £800,000.

Branches, Affiliated Bank—BRITISH BANK
OF SOUTH AMERICA, Ltd.

BALLARAT BANKING UO., LTD. (1865,) 21,
Lydlard St. North, Ballarat, Victoria
(London Ayents, 70).—Capital, paid up
£153,000; Reserve and Accumulated
Profits, £206,778; Deposits, etc., £473,749.
Dividend, 5 p.c. p.a. (23 Agencies).
12B BANGA COMMERCIALE ITALIANA (1804),
Milan, Italy (22, Threadneedle St., E.C. 2).
—Capital: Lire 700,000,000; Reserve, Lire
580,000,000; Deposits, 306/31, Lire
7.668,000,000. (127 Branches.)

(117 Branches.) ,668,000,000.

7,668,000,000. (119 Branches.)
BANCO DE BILBAO (1837), Bilhao (London
Office, Bilbao House, New Broad St., E.C.s.).
—Capital, Pesetas 69, 200,000,000; Paid-und,
Pesetas 86,679,449.11; Deposits, etc.,
Pesetas 875,644,243.5; Dividends, 1931,
12 p.c.; 1232, 12 p.c. (68 Branches in Spain,
France, Morocco and Canary Islands.)
BANCO DE CHILE (1824) Scartage and Val.

France, Morocco and Canary Islands,)
12C BANCO DE CHILE (1894), Santiago and Valparasiso, Chile (94, Gracechurch St.,
E (* 3).—(apital, paid up. Stoo.coo.coo;
Reserves, Stor.coo.coo. Deposits, etc.,
Currency \$335,500,000. (33 Branches).
BANCO DI ROMA (1880), Rome. (Jondon Representative Office, Gresham House, 24, Old
Broad St., London, E.C. s.—Capital paid
up, Lire 200.000,000; Reserve Fund, Lire
65 00.000; Chapatia, and Lire 256 00.000.

65,000,000; Deposits, etc., Live 2,568,000,000 (123 Branches in Italy and Colonies, also 15 Branches in Switzerland, Malta, Turkey, Syria and Palestine.)

13 BANCO ESPAÑOL DEL RIO DE LA PLATA (1886),

Buenos Aires, Argentine (7, Fenchurch St., E.C. 3). — Capital, \$50,000,000; Con-tingency and Reserve Fund, \$16,427,550.

tinguncy aim Reserve Fund, \$10,427,550.

(39 Branches, 19 Agenicles.)

BANGALORE BANK, LTD., Bangalore, India—Capital, Authorised Rs. 10.00.000, Suinscribed Rs. 6.00.000 (Shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid); Reserve Fund, Rs. 135,750; Depositis, etc., Rs. 20,4-98; Dividend, 8 p.c.

BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS,

Geneva, Switzerland.—Capital, 500,000,000 Swiss Francs (500,000 shares of 2,500 Gold

Swiss francs (soo,coo shares of 2,500 total
Swiss fea., as p.c. paid up).
13A BANK OF ADELAIDE (1865), Adelaide, South
Australia (11, Leadenhall St., E.C. 3)—
Capital, £,125,000 (£5 Shares, fully paid);
Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposits, etc.,
£6,667,037; Dividend, 1932-33, Int. Div.
4 p.c. p.a. Final Div. 4 p.c. p.a. (112

A p.c. p.a. Final Div. 4 p.c. p.a. (112 Branches and Sub-branches.)
BANK OF AMERICA TRUST AND NATIONAL SAYINGS ASSOCIATION. San Francisco, California, U.S.A., (12, Nicholas Lane, E.C. 4). Capital, \$50,000,000,00; Reserves, \$7,379,379,70; Deposits, 30/6/33, \$715,000,532.05. (410 Banking Offices in s43 California Cities.)

BANK OF ATHENS (1893), Athens, Greece (182, Fenchurch St., E.C. 3).—Capital, Dr. 100,800,000 (Dr. 100 Shares, fully paid).

(zz4 Branches.)

12 BANK OF AUSTRALASIA (1823) (4, Threadneedle St., E.C. a) — Paid up Capital, £4,500,000 (£5 Shares, £5 paid); Reserve Fund, £2,475,000; Currency Reserve, £2,000,000; Total Liabilities, £51,822,553; Dividend, 1921–228, £7 p.C. (227 Branches in Australia and N.Z.)

Bank of Baroda, Ltd. (1908), Mandvi-Baroda, India (London Agents, 90).— Issued and Subscribed Capital, Rs. 30. 00. 000. (Shares of Rs. 200 and Rs. 50 paid up); Reserve Fund, Rs. 20.00.000; Deposits, Rs. 7.32.75.766; Dividend, 1932, 10 p.c. (16 Branches in India.)

BANK OF BERNUDA, LTD. (1889), Hamilton, Bernuda (London Agents, 126).—Subscribed Capital, £50,000 of which is paid up £45,720 (£50 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £78,000. (Branches at Somerset and St. George's.)
BANK OF N. T. BUTERHFIELD & SON, LTD. Established 1858. Incorporated 2004. Cable Address, Field, Bernuda.—Capital Subscribed and Paid up, £40,000. Reserve Fund, £100,000. Total Resources, over £750,000. BANK OF BERMUDA, LTD. (1869), Hamilton,

### Fig. 200, 12 Bank of British West Africa Ltd. (1894), 27 Gracechurch St., E.C.3.—Capital, authorised £4,000,000. Subscribed £3,000,000; paid up £1,200,000. Reserve fund, £400,000; Deposits, £6,207,224. (53 Branches and Agencies.)

Branches and Agencies.)

19 BANK OF ENGLAND (1694), Threadneedle
St., E.C. 2.—Capital, £14, 533,000 (Fully
paid Stock); Reserve Fund, £3,679,535;
Deposits, etc., Sept. 25, 1933, £155 848,350;
Dividend, *293-33, 12 p.c. (9 Branches
in London and England.) See alwo p. 462.

20A BANK OF INDIA, LTD. (1906), Bombay,
India (London Agents, 221).—Capital,
Rs. 2.00.00.000 (Shares of Rs. 200, Rs. 50 paid
un). Reserve Fund. Rs. 200,0000; De-

up); Reserve Fund, Rs. z.oo.co.coc; De-

up); Reserve Fund, Rs. 1.00.00.000; Deposits, Setc., Rs. 15-07.64-785; Dividend, 1931-38, 10 p.c. (so Branches) and Bank of Ireland (1783), College Green, Dublin (London Agents, az, 173).—Capital, £2,769,2308tock; Reserve Fund, £3,180,000; Deposits. etc., £37,727,111; Dividend, 1932, 14½ less Income Tax. (167 Branches and Agencies.)

and Agencies.)

BANK OF LONDON & SOUTH AMERICA LTD.

(186a) (5, 7 and 8, Tokenhouse Yard, E.C. 2).

— Authorised Capital, £4,000,000; Paid-up Capital, £3,540,000. £5 Shares, fully paid.

Reserve Fund, £1,500,000. Dividend, 1931-32, 3 p.c. (53 Branches and Agencies.)

BANK OF MAITA (282a), Malta (London Agents, 30, 128, 164, 281).

BANK OF MONTRAL (1827), Montreut, Canada (47, Threadneedle St., E.C. 2, and 9, Waterlou Place, S. W. 1).—(24pital, \$25,000,000 on (500 Shares); Reserve Fund, \$26,000,000 for Total Assets, etc., \$769,166,2786; Dividend, 2900-81-82-32-24-25-25-29-30-31, za D.C., 1932, zz D.c. and bounds a p.c. (584 Branches and Agencies.) 23

and Agencies.)

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES (1817),

Sydney, N.S.W. (29, Threadneedle St.,

E.C. a.)—Pald-up Capital, £8,780,000; Reserve Fund, £6,150,000; Reserve Liability

of Proprietors, £8,780,000; Aggregate Assets to 30/9/3s, £107,585,115; Dividend, 1931-3s, 5/4 p.c. payable in Australian Currency. (744 Branches and Agencies in Australia, N.Z., Fiji, Papus and New Guinea.)

Australia, N.Z., Fiji, Papua and New Guinea.)

BANK OF NEW ZEALAND, Incorporated with Limited Liability in New Zealand (1851), Wellington, N.Z. (1, Queen Victoria St., E.C. 4.)—Capital, Subscribed and paid up. £6,854,123 £525,968 4 p.C. Guaranteed Stock—Preference A £500,000 fully paid £2 shares; C Long term Mortgage shares of £1 each £334,375 fully paid. D Long term Mortgage Shares of £1 each £334,375 fully paid. Preference B £1,375,000 fully paid £2 shares; and £3,759,000 fully paid £2 shares; and £3,759,000 fully paid £3,3455,843; Dividend, Ordinary Shares of £1 fully paid); Reserve Fund, and Undivided Profits, £3,970,056; Deposits, £33,565,843; Dividend, Ordinary Shares, 1931–38, 144 p.c. in New Zealand Currency, Over 230 Branches and Agencies in New Zealand; also branches in Melbourne and Sydney, Fiji and Samoa).

BAEK OF NOVA SCOTIA (1822), Halifax, N.S.; General Manager's Office, Toronto, Ontario, Canada (105, Old Broad St., London, E.C. 2).—Capital, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,000,000 (\$200 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$2,

Canada, Newfoundland, West Indies, etc.)
BANK OF RUMANIA, LTD. (1993) (Buchareat)
123, Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.—Capital,
£200,000 (£6 Shares, fully paid); Reserve
Fund, £20,000.
BANK OF SCOTLAND (1693), Bank St., Edinburgh (30, Bishopsgate, E.C.2), and 16/18,
Piccadilly. W. 17.—Capital, £2,850,000
(Stock, £1,500,000 paid up); Reserve
Fund, etc., £2,386,127; Deposits, etc.,
£36,049,05; Dividend, 1933–33, at the
rate of 18% in October 1932, at the rate of
18% in April 1933. (1930 Branches and SubBranches.)

Branches.)

Branches.)
BANK OF SPAIN (1855), Madrid, Spain, (26, New Broad St., E.C. 2).—Capital, Pesetas 277,000,000 (Shares of Pesetas 33,000,000. Prevision Fund, Pesetas 13,000,000. Prevision Fund, Pesetas 13,000,000. Special Reserve Fund, Pesetas 27,799,499,73. Deposits, etc., Pesetas 999,647,880-96; Dividend, 1932, Pesetas 235 per share. (73 Branches and Avencies) and Agencies.)

BANK OF TAWAN, LTD. (1899). Taipeh, Formosa (40 and 4x, Old Broad Street., E.C.s.)—Capital, Fen 15,000,000; Reserve Fund, Yen 20,000. Dividend, 1933, 3 p.c. (33 Branches and Agencies.)
BANK OF TOKONTO (1895). Torunto, Ontario, Camada (London Agents., 264).—Capital, \$5,000,000 (Shares of \$100, fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$9,000,000; Deposits, etc., over \$32,000,000; Dividend, 1932, 1x p.c., bonus x p.c. (179 Branches in Camada.)
BANQUE BELGE FOUR L'ETHANGER, LTD. (1903), Brussels (4, Blahupagate St., E.C.s.).—Capital, France 200,000,000 (Shares Fr. 500); Reserve Fund, Fr. 130,000,000; Deposits, etc., Fr. 1380,ass,903; Dividend, 1931-32, 6 p.c. free of tax. (6 Branches.)
BANQUE CANADIENNE NATIONALE, Mont-

real, Canada (Bank of Hochelaga and real, Canada (Bank of Hochelaga and Banque Nationale amalgamated). — Paid up Capital and Reserve, \$14,000,000; Assets over \$328,000,000. (\$53 Offices in Canada. Subsidiary in Paris.)

BANQUE DE FRANCE (1800), Paris.—Paid up Capital, Fr. 1828,500,000 (Fr. 1,000 shares, fully paid); Reserves, Fr. 208,801,861; Deposits, etc., 24/12/1299, Fr. 20093,833,345; Net Dividend, 1920, Sp. p. c. (666 Branches, Agencies and Auxiliary Offices.)

BANQUE DU COMO BELCE (1909), Brussels

BRITISH LINEN BANK; The UNION BANK OF MANCHESTER, LTD., q.v.
BARCLAYS BANK (CANADA), Head Office, 214, St. James' Street, West Montreal. Branches, Montreal and Toronto.
30A BARCLAYS BANK (FRANCE) LTD., Chief Office, 33, Rue du IV Septembre, Paris. (15 Branches.)
30B BARCLAYS RANK (DOMINION.

(15 Branches.)
30B BARCLAYS BANK (DOMINION, COLONIAL & OVEREEAS), 54, Lombard St., E.C.—Capital, £10,000,000; Subscribed Capital, £5,975,500; Faid-up Capital £4,975,500; Reserve Fund, £1,650,000; Deposits, 31/3/33, £71,380,355—Dividend, 8 p.c. Preference Shares and 43 p.c. on A and B Shares. (479 Branches and Agencies.)
31 BARING BROTHERS & CO. LTD (*200)

and Agencies.)

BARING BROTHERS & Co., LTD. (1890), 8,
Bishopagate, E.C. s, and Liverpool.—
Capital, £2,050,000 (fully paid); Reserve
Fund, £2,000,000; Deposits, etc.,
£27,421,764.

BELFAST BANKING Co., LTD. (1827), Belfast
(Affliated to No. 164).—Subscribed Capital,
£2,000,000; Paid: UR. Capital,
£2,000,000; Paid: UR. Capital,
£3,000,000; Paid: UR. Capital,
£4,000,000; Paid: UR. Capital,
£4,000,000; Paid: UR. Capital,

(Aflatea to No. 104).—Subscribed vapital, £3,500,000; Paide up Capital, £800,000 (300,000 Shares of £12 104., £4 paid); Reserve Fund, £700,000; Deposits, etc. (31 Dec., 1938), £15,173,938; Dividend, 1938, 11 p.c. less tax. (87 Branches and Sub-Branches.)

BENSON & CO., FREDERICK J. (1896), Dorland House, 14, Regent St., S.W. r. BENSON, ROBERT, & CO., LTD., 24, Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

BLANDY BROS. & CO., LTD., Madeira.
BLANDY BROTHERS & CO., LTD. (1815),
Madeira; London Correspondents, Blandy
Bros. & Co. (London), Ltd. (London House, 3. New London St., E.C. 3).

BLANDY BROTHERS & CO. (1886). (Grand Canary), S.A., Las Palmas; London Correspondents, Blandy Bros. & Co. (London), Ltd., 3, New London St., E.C. 3.

B. W. BLYDENSTEIN & CO. (1886), 54, 55 & 55, Threadneedle St., E.C. 2.—Capital, £160,000; Loans, Deposits, etc., £2,618,806.
BONERIGHT, WILLIAM P., & CO. (1893), 24, Birchin Lane, E.C. 3.
BRANDTS (WILLIAM) SONS & CO. (1803), 36, Fenchurch Street, E.C. 3, formerly of 4, Fenchurch Avenue, E.C. 3.
BRIGHTWER & CO. (1860), 34, Nicholas Lane,

BRIGHTWEN & Co. (1860), 34, Nicholas Lane,

BRITISH BANK FOR FOREIGN TRADE, LTD.

BRITISH BANK FOR FOREIGN TRADE, LTD.
(1921), 12, Angel Court, E.C. a.—Subscribed
Capital, £325,600; 321,600 Shares of £1
each fully paid; Deposits and Current
Accounts, £327,264
BRITISH BANK OF SOUTH AMERICA, LTD.
(1863), 129, Old Broad Street, E.C. a.—
Capital, £3,000,000; £00 Shares, £10 paid);
Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposits, etc.,
£5,652,404; Dividend, 1923, 85. Per share.
(6 Bianches.)
BRITISH LINEN BANK (1746), 28. St. Andrew

40 BRITISH LINEN BANK (1746), 38, St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh (38, Threadneedle St., E.C.s). Affiliated to Barcleys Bank, Ltd. EC. s). Affiliated to Barclays Bank, Ltd.
—Capital, £1,250,000 fully paid; Reserve
Funds, £3,250,000; Deposits, etc.,
£30,561,147; Dividend, 1932-33, 16 p.c.
(aog Branches and Sub-Branches).

**Thomass. Ranking Co., Ltd. (1857),

41 BRITISH MUTUAL BANKING Co., LTD. (1857),

41 BRITISH MUTUAL BANKING CO., LTD. (1857), Ludgate Circus, E.c. 4.—Capital, £300,000 (£5 Shares, £2 paid); Reserve Fund, £102,500; Deposits, etc., £773,022; Dividend, 1932, 12 p.c.
BRITISH OVERSKAS BANK, LTD. (1919), 33, Gracechurch Street, E.C. 3. Capital, £5,000,000; suthorised, £2,000,000; paid in full, 200,000 A Shares of £5; 200,000 B Shares of £5; Reserve Fund, £175,000; Deposits, £3,006,879.

45 BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO. (1820), Founders Court, Lothbury, E.C. 2, & 123, Pall Mall, S.W. 2.

S.W. z.

BUNGE & COMPANY, LIMITED, Bunge House, St. Mary Axe, E.C. 3. 464 CANADA PERMANENT MORTGAGE CORPORA. ANAIDA PERMANENT MORRAGGE CORPORA-TION (1855), Toronto, Ontario, Canada (London Agents, 164).—Capital, Paid up, 87,000,000.00 (\$100 Shares, fully paid), Reserve Fund, \$8,000,000.00; Deposits, \$14,608,170.20; Dividend, 1932, 12 p.c. (9 Branches in Canada.)

CANADIAN BARK OF COMMERCE (1867), Toronto, Ontario, Canada (a. Lombard St., E.C. 3).—Capital, £6,164,384 (Snoo Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £6,164,384; Total Assets, 30/21/33, £123,323,423; Dividend, March and June, xp.c.; Sept. and Dec. xp.c. (xxx Results) the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact

Dividend, March and June, 12 p.C.; Sept. and Dec., 10 p.C. (215 Branches throughout the World.)

ZATER & COY., LTD. (1912), Royal Bank
Buildings, 5, Bishopsgate, E.C. z.

CENTRAL HANOVER BANK AND TRUST COMPANY, New York, U.S.A. (144, Leadenhall
St., E.C. 3.)—Capital, \$21,000,000.00 (3)

EST. EC. 3.)—Capital, \$21,000,000.00 (3)

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD. (1911), Bombay, (London Agents, 164)—Capital,
Es. 1.68,00,000 (3) (Shares of Rs. 50, Rs. 52

paid); Reserve and Contingency Fund,
Rs. 70,00,000; Deposits, etc., 31/12/32,

66

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Bs. co, x1, 5s, coc; Dividend, 2x/xs/3s, 6 p.c. (a4 Branches and 9 Pay-Offices.)

53 CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA (1853), 28, Bishopsgate, E.C. a.

—Capital, £3,000,000 (£5 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £3,000,000; Deposits, etc., £43,532,954; Dividend, 1922, 14 p.c. (43 Branches and Agencies.)

THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, New York, U.S.A. (10, Moorgate Street, E.C. 2 and Bush House, W.C. 2).—Capital, \$148,000.000,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits, 32/12/32, \$111,130,610.55. Deposits,\$1,466,038,619.32. CHILD & Co. (1599), Amalgamated with GLYN, MILLS & Co.

cilin, milles & Co.

CLYDESDALE BANK, I.TD. (1838), St. Vincent -Place, Glasgow (30, Lombard St., E.C. 3, and 16, Regent St., S.W. 1). Affiliated to No. 264.—Authorised Capital, £3,300,000; Paid-up Capital, £1,300,000 (100,000 Shares of £50, £10 paid); Reserve Fund, £1,600,000; Deposits, etc. (Dec. 31, 1938), £32,000,805; Dividend, 1932, 16 p.C. (2011 Branches).

COMMRGIAL BANK OF AUSTRALIA. LTD.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF AUSTRALIA, LTD. COMMERCIAL BANK OF AUSTRALIA, ITL.
(1893), Collins St., Melbourne (17, Moorgate, E.C. a).—Subscribed Capital £4,17,350 (£xo Preference, fully paid; 10,100 (10,100), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (10), (1

SHARES. (336 DEALGHOS and Agencies.)

COMMERCIAL BANK OF SOOTLAND, LTD.

(1810), 14, George St., Edinburgh (6s. Lombard St., E.C. 3).— Capital, £7,500,000

(1,750,000 A shares of £4 each, £2 paid; 500,000 B shares of £2 each fully paid): Reserve Fund, £2.50,000;

Deposits, etc., £37,502,537; Divident, 1931-24, f p.c. on A shares; r p.c. on B shares.

(Over 350 Branches and Sub
(Hilles). Offices.)

68A COMMERCIAL BANK OF SPANISH AMERICA, LTD. (1904). BANK, LTD. See ANGLO-SOUTH AMERICAN

COMMERCIAL BANKING ('O. OF SYDNEY, LTD. COMMERCIAL BARKING CO. OF SYDNEY, LTI. (1834), 343 George St., Sydney, N.S. W. (18, Birchin Lane, E. C. 31.—Authorised Capital, £13,000,000; Cap Shares, £12 108. paid); Reserve Fund, £4,200,000; Deposits, etc. 30/6/22, £44,466,426; Dividend, 1931-32, 5p.c. (430 Brauches in N.S. W., Queensland, Victoria, South Australia and Federal Capital Territory.)

COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA (2012).—Sydney, N.S.W. (8, Old Jewry, E.C.a; Australia House, Strand, W.C.a).—Owned and guaranteed by the Government of the Commonwealth. Authorised Control owned and guaranteen by the Government of the Commonwealth. Authorised Capital, £20,000,000; ('apital in hand, £4,000,000. Deposits, (General Bank), £12,793, £63,080,503, (Savings Bank), £1,405,575a; Reserve Fund, General Bank, £1,405,582, (a50 Brauches in Commonwealth.) Note Issue Dept. £60,003,264

Dept., £50,053,426. *
COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS (1889), z4, Rue Bergère, Paris, City Office (8-z3, King William St. E.C. 4; West End Office, 8, Princes St. W.1.)—Capital, France 400,000.000 (Shares, France 500, fully paid); Reserve Fund, Francs 425,941,967; Deposits, etc., Francs 9,103,359,588.08; Dividend, 1938, Francs 50 per share—i.c. to p.c. on Soc,000 shares. (77 Offices in Paris and Suburbs.)

ro p.c. on soc, coc anares. (77 Offices in Paris and Suburbs.)
Thos. Cook & Son (Bankers), Ltd., z\$41.
Berkeley St., W. r.—Capital, Authorised and issued, £a50,000; called up, £z25,000 in 250,000 ahares of £z with rospeld; Reserve Fund, £z5,000; Deposita, etc., £2,974,752. (18 Branches in London). Co-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOUETY, Ltd. (1872), r. Balloon St., Mancketter (and 92, Leman St., E. r.)—Capital paid up, £10,352,787; Deposits, etc., £7,7,276,230; Reserve and Insurance Fund, £7,266,675; Dividend, 1932-38, 5 p.c. (5 Branches.) COPLEYS BANK, LTD. (1976), 36-7, Old Jewry, E.C. a, Perth, W. A., and Melbourne.
COUTTS & CO. (1622), 440, Strand, W.C. a; 15, Lombard St., E.C. a; r., Park Lane, W. r.; to Cavendish Sq., W. r., to Gadgan Place, Sloane Street, S.W. r., and r. Brook Gate, Park Lane, W. r. —Capital, issued and paid up, £1,000,000; Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposits of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of the strands of th

Park Lane, W. z.—Capital, issued and paid up, £1,000,000; Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposits, etc., 30/6/32, £28,001,838.

CREDIT FONCIER D'ALGERIE ET DE TUNISIE (1880), 43, Rue Cambon, Pana, (18. St. Swithin's Lane, E.C., 4).—Capital, France 150.000,000; Reserves, France 30.837,791; Deposits, France 31,23,21,082; Dividend Fcs. 37 D.c. (148 Branches.)

76A CREDIT INDESTRIEL ET COMMERCIAL (1899).
66, Rue de la Victoire, Paris (96, Old Broad Steet, London, E.C. 2.)—Capital, Fcs. 100,000,000. Issued 300,000 Shares of Fr. 500, 130,000 Registered Shares, Fr. 185 paid up, and 70,000 Shares fully paid to 14/6/3231; Reserve Fund, Fes. 70,000,000; Deposits, etc., 31/24/32, Fes. 1,997,828,950.90.
(66 Branches in Paris and Suburbs.)

77 CREDIT LYONNAIS (1883), Palais du Com-

(66 Branches in Paris and Suburbs.)
CREDIT LYONNAIS (1863), Palais du Commerce, Lyons, France (40, Lombard St., E.C.; West End Office, 25-27, Charles St., Haymarket, S.W. 1).—Capital, France 408,000,000 (Shares, Fr. 200, fully paid); Reserve Fund, Fr. 200,000,000; Deposits, 21/12/1021, Fr. 14,957,402,122 (282)
Branches and sub-Branches in France.)

Branches and sub-Branches in France.) CREDITO TRAILANO (2670), Genoc and Milan, Italy (s. Royal Exchange Avenue, E. C. 3.—Capital, Live 200,000,000, (Shares, Live 300,000,000; Deposits, etc., Live 5,454,555,643; Dividend, 1931, 5 p.c. (sat Branches).

ROGER CUNLIFFE, SONS & CO. (2529), 28, Clement's Lane, Lombard St., E. C. 4.
DANIELL, CAZENOVE & CO., 50, COUNHII,

8x

E.C. 3. E.C. 3.
DISTRIOT BANK, LTD. (1889), Spring Gardens, Manchester (75, Cornhill, E.C. 3)—
(apital £9,796,000 ("A" Shares £5 each, £7 paid; "B" Shares, £7 each fully paid); Reserve Fund, £8,000,000; Deposits, etc., 30/6/33, £53,149,033; Dividends, 1931, "A" Shares, 16/2 p.c.; "B" Shares, 10 p.c. (390 Branches.)

(399 Branches.)
DMINION BANK (1871). King and Yonge
Streets, Toronto, Canada (3, King William
Street, E.C. 4)—Capital, \$7,000,000 (\$100
Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund,
\$9,210,773; Deposits, etc., \$109,179,948;
Dividends, 10 p.c. (133 Branches in Canada.) MESSRS. DRUMMOND (1727), 49, Charing

Cross, S.W. z. (Now Drummonds Branch Royal Bank of Scotland.) WILLIAM DUFF & SON, LTD., 115 Cannon

St., E.C. 4.
BENJAMIN DUNN & Co., Maidstone.
Typ. (1000). Croshy BANKA BANK, LTD. (1909), Croshy Square, E.C. 3.—Capital, £2,000,000 (£10 Shares, £5 paid); Reserve Fund, £600,000; Dividend, 1938, 6s. a share—leas Income Tax. (12 Branches in India and East.)

93 English, Scottish and Australian Bank, LTD. (1893), 5, Gracechurch St., E.C. 3.— Capital, Paid up. £3.000,000 (£5 Shares, £3 paid); Reserve and Special Reserve Fund, £3.205,000; Deposits, etc., £29.372,385; Dividend, 1931-38, 5 p.c., free of Income Tax. (288 Branches in Australia and Tasmania.)

ERLANGERS, LTD. (1859), 4, Moorgate, E.C.a. 99B GILLETT BROTHERS DISCOUNT CO., LTD. (1867),

pgB GILLETT BROTHERS DISCOUNT CO., LTD. (1867),
sp. Clements Lane, Lombard St., E.C. 4.
roo*[GINN, MILLS & CO. (1753), incorporating CHILD & Co. and Holt & Co., 67, Lombard St., E.C. 3); Child & Co., 1, Fleet St., E.C. 4, and Marygold House, Carfax, Oxford; Holt & Co., Kirkland House, Whitehall, S.W. I.—Capital, £1,60,000 (Stock, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £530,000; Deposits, etc., 31/18/1938, £35,731.879.
GORDON, GRANT & CO., LTD. (1911), Port of Spain, Trinidad, West Indies (London Agents, 75) Authorised Capital, Fully paid up, \$34,000,000.00; Reserve Fund, \$324,000; Deposit Accounts, and Sundry Creditors, \$498,007.
GORCHENS & CUNLIFFE, 12, Austin Friars, E.C.s.

GOSCHERS & OURMEL, T., E.C.a.

E.C.a.
GRADE BROTHERS & CO., LTD., 247, Leadenhall Street, E.C.a; Liverpool.

2051 GRINDLAY & CO., LTD. (2828), 54, Parliament St., S. W. I.—Capital, £250,000; Reserve, £100,000; Deposits, etc., £2,896,467. (7)
Branches in India.)

Branches in India.)

105A GUARANTY TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK (1864),
140. Broadway, New York, U.S.A. (32,
Lombard St., E. U.3).—Capital.\$90,000,000.00

(\$100 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund,
\$170.000,000.00; Undivided Profits Account, 31/3/1933, \$11,899,853. Deposits,
\$952,543,000. (Branches in Liverpool,
Paris, Havre, Brussels and Antwerp.)

100 GUINMESS MAHON & CO. (1866), 22 Cornhill

ratis, navie, blussets and antwerp.)

105B GUINNESS, MAHON & CO. (1836), 53, Corthill,
E.C. 3; 17, College Green, Dublin.

106 GUINNER & CO. (1830), Bishop's Watham,
Hanta (London Agents, 30).

HARS & SONS (1730), 124, Old Broad St.,
E.C. 2, and Stock Exchange.

HALIFAX COMMERCIAL BANKING Co., Ltd. (1810), Amalgamated with the BANK OF LIVERPOOL and MARTINS.

LIVERPOOL and MARTINS.

HANBROS BANK, I.TD., Head Office, 41, Blahopegate, E.C. 2.; West End Office, 31-24, Cockspur St., Trafalgar Square, S.W. 1.—Authorised and Subscribed Capital, £4,400,000; Paid-up Capital, £1,400,000 (Y. A. Shares, £2 zos.paid); and £00,000 (Y. A. Shares, £2 zos.paid); and £00,000 (Y. A. Shares, £2 zos.paid); and £00,000 (Y. A. Shares, £2 zos.paid); Reserve, 2,000,000; Deposits, etc., £10,621,787; Dividend, 293–21, 18 P.C. on £70 shares, 6 p.c. "A "shares, less Income Tax.

114 HAROD'S LFD. (1889), Brompton Road, Knightsbridge, S.W. 2.—Authorised Capital, £6,20,000; Issued Capital, £6,215,194; Reserve Fund, £1,00,000

Reserve Fund, £1,000,000.

HELBERT, WAGG & Co., LTD. (1979), 41, Thresdneedle St. E.C.s.—Capital Authorised and Issued, £480,000; Shares, £20 fully paid (£300,000 Preference, £120,000 Ordinary).

Ordinary).

IIS HIBERNIAN BANK, LTD. (1808), College Green, Dublin (London Agenta, 130).—
Capital, £3,000,000 (£30 Shares, £5 paid); Reserve Fund, £64,000; Deposits, etc., £1x,809,553; Dividend half year ending June 30, 1033, 1x p.c. (125 Branches and Sub-Branches.)
HIGGINSON & CO. (1507), 80, Lombard St., E. C. 3, and 1x, Cornhill, E. C. 3.

IISA CHARLES HOARB & CO. (1672), 37, Fleet St., E. C. 4, and Aldford House, Park Lane, W. 1.— Capital and Reserve Fund, £300,000; Deposits, etc., £3,500,506, HOHLER & CO. (1800), 33, Cornhill, E. C. 3.

IISD HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION (1267), Hongkong (9, Gracechurch PORATION (1267), Hongkong (9, Gracechurch)

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING COR-PORATION (1859), Hongkong (9, Gracechurch St., E.C. 3). — Capital, \$20,000,000 (\$128 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Liability of Proprietors, \$20,000,000; Sterling Reserve Fund, £6,500,000; Silver Reserve Fund, \$10,000,000; Deposits, etc., \$931,637,829; Dividend, 1932, £6 per share. (42 Branches.) Branches.)

115E FREDE. HUTH & Co. (1809), 12, Tokenhouse

Yard, E.C. s.

Yard, E.C. s.

Fimperial Bank of Canada (1875), Toronto, Ontario (London Agents, 132).—Capital, \$7,000,000 (\$5:00 \$hares, fully paid); Reserve Yund, \$8,000,000; Deposits, 31/10/1932, \$99,7°8,331; Dividends, 1920.—Uly 1932, 12 p.C.; Nov. 1932, 10 p.C. (218 Branches, Imperial Bank of India (1921), Calcutta, Bomboy, Madras. (London Office, 25, Old Broad St., E.C. 2).—Capital, Suberribed, Rs. 11,25,00,000; Paid up, Rs. 5,65,50,000; Reserve, Rs. 5,20,000. Dividend, 1931-32; 12 p.C. free of tax. (168 Branches, 1931-32; 12 p.C. free of tax. (168 Branches, 1940-31); 13 p.C. free of tax. (168 Branches, 1940-31); 14 p.C. free of tax. (168 Branches, 1940-31); 15 p.C. free of tax. (168 Branches, 1940-31); 16 p.C. free of tax. (168 Branches, 1940-31); 16 p.C. free of tax. (168 Branches, 1940-31); 16 p.C. free of tax. (168 Branches in Persia, India and Iraq.) International. Bankino Corporation (1901), New York Office, 55, Wall St., New York, U.S. A. (36, Bishopagate, E.C.).—Capital and Surplus, \$5,00,000; Undivided Profits, \$4,356,480-72; Deposita, etc., \$6,344,083-94; Dividend, 1932, 194, p.C. quarterly.

Ionian Bank, Ltd. (1839), 25/31, Moorgate, E.C. 2.—Capital, Authorised, \$1,000,000; Peposita, etc., \$6,509,23; Dividend, 1933, 29, p.C. (40 Branches in Greece, Egypt and Cyprus, 1801, 1941); Reserve Fund, \$7,00,000; Deposita, etc., \$6,509,23; Dividend, 1933, 2, p.C. (40 Branches in Greece, Egypt and Cyprus, 1801, 1941); Reserve Fund, \$7,00,000; Deposits, etc., \$6,509,23; Dividend, 1933, 2, p.C. (40 Branches in Greece, Egypt and Cyprus, 1802, 200,000; Dividend, 1933, 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940,000; 1940, HISF IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA (1875), Toronto,

morton St., E.C. a.

ISLE OF MAN BANK, LTD. (1865), Douglas, ISLE OF MAN BANK, LTD. (1863), Douglas, I. of M. (London Agents, sax).—Capital, \$200,000 in 20,000 Shares of \$x0 each—\$3 6s. & Lnaid up; Reserve Fund, \$x00,000; Deposits, etc., \$2,x00,140; Dividend, 1932, 11 p.c. (8 Branches.)

17AIO-BEIGIAN BANK (Banque Italo-Belge, S.A.), Antwerp (100,000 Broad Street, E.C.2.)—Capital, Fr.100,000 (Fr. 500 Shares); Reserves, Fr. 100,000,000 (Fr. 500 Shares); Reserves, Fr. 100,000,000 (Enanches)

Branches.)

S. JAPHET & Co., LTD., 60, London Wall, E.C. a; z Shorter's Court, E.C. a.

ISSA JEWISH COLONIAL TRUST, LTD. (1899),
Brook House, Walbrook, E.C. 4; 96, High
St., Whitechapel.—Capital, £395,239 (£1
Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £4,322;

Deposits, etc., £1,138,341.
122B N. KEIZER & CO., 9, Drapers Gdns., E.C. 2.
128C A. KEYSER & Co. (1853), 31, Throgmorton

136 KLEINWORT, SONS & CO. (1830), no Fenchurch St., E C. 3; and at Linerpool.

LAND MORTGAGE BANK OF VICTORIA, LTD. (1864), 360, Collins St., Melbourne. - Capital pard up, £76,529 ss. (£r 128. Shares, 10s. 6d. paid); Deposits, etc., £1,519. Dividend, 1921-28, 5 p.c. 131 LAZARD BROTHERS & Co., LTD., 11, Old

Broad St., E.C. z.

Broad St., E.C. 2.

138**LLOYDE BANK LTD. (1265), Head and Registered Office, at Austin Friars, E.C. 2.

138**LLOYDE BANK LTD. (1265), Head and Registered Office, at Austin Friars, E.C. 2.

Eastern Department, 39. Threadneedle St., E.C. 2.

1 Principal London Offices:—City Office, 72.

1 Lombard St., E.C. 3; 39 Threadneedle St., E.C. 2.

1 Lombard St., E.C. 3; 39 Threadneedle St., E.C. 2.

1 Colonial and Foreign Office, 80.

1 Gracechurch St., E.C. 3; 6, Pall Mall, S.W. 2. (Cox & King's Branch); 26, St. James's St., S.W. 2. Law Courts, 222, Strand, W.C. 2; — Subscribed Capital, 173, 322,076 (A. Shares £5, £1 paid; B. Shares, £2, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £3,000,000; Current, Deposit, and Other Accounts (30/6/1933), £373,367,386; Dividend, 1932. 28 p.c. less Tax on "A"

Shares, p.c. less Tax "B" Shares, Over 1,000 Offices in England and Wales and others in Ludies and England. Offices in England and Wales and others onices in England and waters an others in India and Burms. Associated Bruke—The National Bank of Scotland Ltd.; Bank of Lobdon and South America Ltd. (q.v.).—LLOYDS and NATIONAL PROVINCIAL FOREIGN BANK LIMITED; THE NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ZEALAND, LTD.; BANK OF BRITISH WEST AFRICA LTD.

138B LLOYDS AND NATIONAL PROVINCIAL FOR-LLOYDS AND NATIONAL PROVINCIAL FOR-BIGN BANK LTD. (1911), 43, Boulevard des Capucines, Paris; 34, Threadneedle St., E.C. s; and yr, Haymarket, S.W. 1.— Capital, £1.200,000 (£50 Shares, fully paid). (20 Branches.) LONDON AND EASTREN TRADE BANK LTD. (1920), 67, Gracechurch St., E.C.3.—Capital, Authorised, £1,000,000; Subscribed and Paid un. £500.000.

Paid up. 6500,000. LONDON MERCHANT BANK, LTD. (1873), 38, Lombard St., E.C. 2.—Capital Subscribed, K, 350,000; Paid up, £82,000. Dividends on A Shares 7 p.c., on B Shares 4 p.c. for r930; Deposite £r.,007,028. LYON & TUOKER (1866), 34, Nicholas Lane,

E C. 4.

158A MANCHESTER AND COUNTY BANK, MANCHESTER AND COUNTY BANK, LTD. (1865), 55, King St., Manchester (London Agents, 175).—Capital, £5,460,200 (£20 Shares, £4 paid); Reserve Fund, £750,000; Deposits, etc., £18,231,731; Dividend, 121/2 D.C., 1232. (1700 Branches.) M. W. MARSHALL & CO. (1860), 33, Nicholas

Lane, E.C. 4.

153° MARTINE BANK, LTD. (1831), 3, Water St.,
Liverpool (68, Lombard St., E.C. 3) —
Capital paid up, £4,160.042 (939.556 Shares

of £so each, £s ros. paid, and z,8zz,zss £z Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund, £s,goo,eoc; Deposits, etc., zo June, 1933, £s,804,5z; Dividend, 1921-2s, £z4 p.c.; Interim, 1923, z4 p.c. p.a.; Interim, 1923, z4 p.c. p.s.; Branches and Sub-Haranches Branches.

MERGANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD. (z8cs), 1g. Gracechurch St., E.C. 2.— Capital, £1,050,000 (60,000 A and B Shares, £35—£12 rost. paid), Easerve Fund and Undivided Profits, £2,265,76;

THE CLYDESDALE BANK, LTD., and NORTH OF SCOTLAND BANK, LTD. (q.v.), MIDLAND BANK EXECUTOR AND TRUSTEE CO., LTD SAMURL MONTAGU & Co. (1853), 114, Old Broad St., E.C. 2.

Broad St., E.C. 2.

Montreal City and District Savings

Bank (1846), Montreal, Canada (London
Agents, 22). — Capital, \$2,000,000 (\$100
Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund,
\$3,200,000; Deposits, etc., 306/33.
\$55,075.793. (22 Branches in Montreal

\$55,075,793. and District.)

MORGAN GRENFELL & Co. (1836), s3, Great Winchester St., E.C. a; Private unlimited Coy. (1927)—Capital, £1,000,000 fully paid. MOSGOW NAROUNY BANK LTD., 58-60 MOORGATE, E.C. a—Capital, £1,635,000 THOMAS MOSLEY & Co. (1829), Gibraltar

THOMAS MOSLEY & CO. (1889), Gibralian and Tangier (London Agents, sax) and sax and Largier (London Agents, sax) and sax and UNSTER BANK, LTD. (1882), South Mail, Cork, Ireland (London Agents, 173).—Subscribed Capital, £1,875,000 (375,000 Shares of £5 each); Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposits, £6,015,972; Dividend, June, 1933, sap. c. free of Income Tax. (szo Branches and Sub-Branches.)

MURRIETTA & CO. LTD. (1908), zo. Great Win-

MURRIETA & Co., LTD. (1915), 19, Great Winchester St., E.C. 2.

THE MUSLIM BANK OF INDIA, LTD. (1912), Lahors. (London Agents. 221.) (g Branches.) 168° NATIONAL BANK LTD. (1835), 13-17, Old Broad St., E.C. 2.—Capital, £7,500,000 Broad St., E.C. a.—Capital, £7,500,000 (£5 Shares, £1 paid); Reserve Kund, £1,040,000; Deposits, etc., 20/6/33, £339.038.076; Dividend, 12 p.c. per ann. June, 1933. (270 Branches and SubBranches in Eugland and Ireland.)
NATIONAL BANK OF AUSTRALASIA, LTD. (1858), Collins St., Melbourne (7, Lothbury, E.C. a).—Capital, Paid up, £5,000,000 (£10

fully paid Shares; £8 Ordinary Shares, £5 paid); Reserve Fund, £3,000,000; Exchange Adjustment Reserve, £300,000; Deposits, 31/1933, £33,668,109; Dividend, 1938-33, 5 p.c. (438 Branches and Agencies in Australasia.)

2704 NATIONAL BANK OF EGYPT (1898), Cairo, Egypt (6 & 7, King William St., E.C. 4)— Capital, £3,000,000 (£70 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £3,000,000; Deposits, £35,474,023; Dividend, 2932. 15 p.c. (37 Offices in Egypt and The Sudan.)

171 NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD. (1863), 26, Bishopsgate, E.C. a.—(apital, £4,000.000 (£sgShares, £rs roc. paid); Reserve Fund, £s,200,000; Deposits, etc., £30,860,471; Dividend, 1930, so p.c. (30 Branches, etc.)

172 NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ZEALAND, LTD (1872), 8, Moorgate, E.C. 2. — Capital, £6,000,000 (£7 10s. Shares, £2 10s. paul); Reserve Fund, £2,000,000; Deposits, £12,767,816; Dividend, 1932-33, 4 pc. (85 Branches and Agencies.)

(85 branches and Agendes.)

173 NATIONAL BANK OF SOOTLAND, LTD. (1885),
42, St. Andrew Square, Rainburgh (37,
Nicholas Lane, E.C. 4). Affiliated to
Lloyds Bank, Ltd.—Capital, £5,000,000;
Paid up, £1,100,000 (£500 Stock, £110
paid); Reserve Fund, £1,550,000; Deposits, etc., 1/11/32, £33,857,656; Divitlend, 1930-32, 16 p.c. (268 Branches, etc.)
173A NATIONAL BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA LTD.,
(1801)—Amalexameted with Barchays Rank

173A NATIONAL BARK OF SOUTH ARRIVA 1715, (1891).—Amaigamated with Barclays Sank, 54, Lombard Street, E.C.3. 173D NATIONAL CITY BARK OF NEW YORK, 55, Wall St., New York, U.S.A. (26, Bishops-gate, E.C.3, and 11, Waterloo Place, S.W. 9).—Capital, Surplus and Undivided 28, W. 9).—Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, 31/3/1933, \$179,983,030.17; Deposits, \$1,023,319,821.24; Dividend, 1932,

zz / p.c. NATIONAL DISCOUNT Co., Ltd. (1856), 35, Cornhill, E.C. 3.—Authorised Capital, £3,705,000—18sued £3,133,335. Paid up Capital £7,000,000; Reserve Fund, £7,000,000; Deposits, etc., £36,944,345; Dividend and Bonus, 1923. "A" shares, Dividend to p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.; "B" shares, Dividend on p.c.;

30 p.c.; Bodus 4 p.c. 1744 NATIONAL METAL AND CHEMICAL BANK, MrD., Adelaide House, King William St.,

E.C. 4.

175* NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK, LTD. (1833), Head Offics, 15, Bishopsgate, E.C. 2.—

Subscribed Capital, £43,527,080 £25
Shares, £3 tos. paid; £30 Shares, £4
paid and £5 fully paid); Paid up Capital
£9,479,416; Reserve Fund, £8,000,000;
Deposits, etc., 30/6/33, £392.073,300; Dividend, 1922, 25 p.C. (1,270 Branches and Arencles.) Agencies.)

Agencies.)

NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELSBANK,
N.V. (1863), Annsterdam (London Agents,
30, 328, 164, 281A, 189).—Paid up Capital,
Fis. 55,000,000; Reserve, Fis. 28,561, 110,83;
Deposits, etc., Fis. 123,696,260.43; Dividend, 2928, 111.

175A NETHERLANDE BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA
(2888), Amsterdam (Salisbury House, Finsbury Circus, E.C. 2).—Capital, £628, 575,
South African Currency (£66 and Fi. 500
Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund,
£183,143, South African Currency; Deposits, etc., £1,727,245, South African

Currency; Dividend, 1931, 6 p.c. (15 Branches in South Africa.) NEUMANN, LURBEOK & Co. 286-294, Salisbury House, London Wall, E.C. 2. NORTH BORNEO, STATE BANK OF (1921), Sandakan. Branch Office, Jesselton.

NORTH BORNEO, STATE BANK OF (1921), Sandakan. Branch Office, Jesselton. (London Agents, 53.)

NORTH OF SOUPLAND BANK, LTD. (1836). Aberdeen (London Office, 3 & 4, Lothbury, E.C. 2.). Affiliated to No. 164.—Subscribed Capital, £3,250,000. Paid up Capital, £3,250,000. Paid up Capital, £7,141,000 (165,000 Shares of £30 each, £7 paid); Reserve Fund. £1,165,000; Deposita. etc., Dec. 21, 1932, £28,298.295; Dividend, 1932, 166. (160 Branches.)

NORTHERN BANK, LTD. (1824), Belfast (London Agents, 100, 30).—Capital, £3,500,000; £00 Shares, £2 paid); Capital, paid up, £700,000; Reserve Funds, £500,000; Deposits, etc., 31/18/32, £15,287,277; Dividend, 1910-22, 121-22, C. A shares, £4 p.c. B slares. (182 Branches and Agunica.)

OTTOMAN BANK (1863), Istanbul, Turkey (26, Throgmorton St., E.C. 2).—Capital £10,000,000 (£20 Shares, £20 paid; Reserve Fund, £1,250,000; Deposita, etc., Dec. 31, 1932, £13,594,360; Dividend, 32, er Share (paid July, 1932). (74 Branches in Turkey, Cyprus, Egypt and Greece.)

OVRREEA-CHINEER BANKING CORPORATION LTD. (1932), Singapore, Straits Settlements.—Authorised Canital Scoress on Paid

LTD. (1932), Singapore, Straite Settlements.
—Anthorised Capital, \$40,000,000.00; Paid up, \$10,000,000.00.

THE P. & O. BANKING CORPORATION, LTD. THE P. & O. BANKING CORPORATION, LTD. (1920), 17-128, Leadenhall Street, E.C. 3. West End Branch, 16, Cockspur St., S.W.—Authorised Capital, £, 5,000,000 £ 10 Shares, fully paid). Issued Capital, £, 5,94,150; Reserve, £, 180,000; Deposits, £, 7,07,000. Dividend, 1932-33, 5 p.c. (8 Branches.) PARRY, MURRAY & CO., Ltd., 107, Old Broad St. E.C. 2.

Dividend, 1932-33, 5 p.c. to Discussion,
179 PARRY, MURRAY & Co., Ltd., 107, Old
Broad St., E.C. s.
181 PROVINCIAL BARK OF CANADA (1900), ssr, St.
James St., Montreal (London Agents, 128),
—Capital, \$4,000,000 (\$100 Shares, fully
paid); Reserve Fund, \$1,500.000; Deposite,
etc., \$43,205,600 19; Dividend, 1932-313, 7
p.c. (139 Branches and 198 Sub-Branches,
183 PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND, LTD. (1825),
R Throgmorton Avenue, E.C. s. (London

8. Throgans Dank Of Inkland, LTD. (1925).

8. Throgans 30.—Capital, £4,080,000 (£100 Old Shares, £12 108. paid; £20 New Shares, £10 paid); Reserve Fund, £470,000; Deposits, etc., £15,630,955; Dividend, 1932-33, 12½ D.C. (125 Branches and Shil-Branches).

SUII-DIRICHES.

QUERRILADO NATIONAL BANK, LTD. (1872), Brukane (8, Princes St., E.C. a)—Capital subscribed £1,750,000 paid up, £2,750,000; Reserve Fund, £860,000; Deposits, etc., 30/6/33, £7,872,224; Dividend, 1932-33, 4 p.c. (133 Branches.)

GERALD QUIN, COPR & CO. (1892), 18, Royal Exchange, E.C. 2.

185 GERALD QUIN, COPR & CO. (1892), 18, Royal Exchange, E.C. 3.
186 REWYER, WHITBURN & COMPANY, LTD., 17, Clement's Lane, E.C. 4.
186A RHD, CASTRO & CO. (1850), Funchal, Madeira (119, Cheapside, E.C. 3).
187A REJIANCE BANK, LTD. (1990), 105, Queen Victoria St., E.C. 4.—Capital, £60,000; Reserve Fund, March 31, 1931, £50,000.
1881; RICHARDSON & CO. (18th century), 25, King St., St. James's, S.W. z.
RODOCANACHI, SONS & CO. (1830), Palmerston House, Old Broad St., E.C. 2.

G. ROSS & Co. (1860), So. Bishopsgate, E.C. 2. N. M. ROTHSCHILD & SONS (1805), New Court, St. Swithin's Lane, E.C. 4.

zoo Royal, St., Swithing Lame, E.C. 4.
zoo Royal Bank of Canada (1269), Montreal
(6, Lothbury, E.C. s).—Capital, \$35,000,000
(\$200 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund,
\$35,000,000; Deposits,29/4/33,\$574,855,498;
Dividend, 1931-32, 12 p.c. (810 Brauches
in Canada, British West Indies, etc.)

in Cauada, Éritish West Indies, etc.)

192 ROYAL BANK OF IRELAND, LTD. (1836),
Foster Place, Dublin (London Agents,
2031.—Capital, £1,200,000 £50 Shares,
£10 paid); Reserve Fund, £270.000; Deposits, etc., 21/18/28£6,661,989; Div., 1931-28,
1092 ROYAL BANK OF SOOTLAND (1727),
St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh (1727),
St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh (2, 1818) Degate, E.C. 2,—Capital, £3,760,198
(£200 Stock, fully paid); Reserve Fund.
£3,760,026; Deposits, 21/10/28, £55,826,683;
Dividend, 1921-228, 17 p.c. (252 Branches
and Sub-Branches.) Associated Bank,
Williams Descon's Sank, Ltd. Williams Deacon's Bank, Ltd.

294 A. RUFFER & SONS, LTD. (1872), 39, Lombard Street, E.C. 3. 295 RUSSIAN BANK FOR KOREIGN TRADE (1871),

59-60, Gracechurch St., E.C. 3. J. Henry Schröder & Co. (1804), 145, Leadenhall St., E.C. 3.
A. Scott & Co. (1855), Rangoon, Burma (London Agents, 105) SELIGMAN BROTHERS, LTD. (1864), 18. Austin Friars, E.C. s.

SEYD& Co., LTD. (1858),9, Clements La., E.C.4. sorb Societé Belge de Credit Industriel (1903), Brussels (224, Cannon St., E.C.4).

SOCIETÉ GÉNÉRALE (1864), 29, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris (205, Old Broad St., E.C. 2; 22, Waterloo Place, S.W. 2).—Subcribed Capital, Fcs. 625,000,000 (Shares, Fcs. 300); Pald up Capital, Fcs. 320,977,730; Reserve Funds and Undivided Profits, For. 426,913,015; Deposits, 30/6/32, For. 12,922,233,619. (1,430 Branches.)
SOUTH AFRICAN RESERVE BANK (1920),

Pretoria, Transvaal (London Agents, 19).

—Capital, fully paid, £1,000,000; Deposits, £23,27,455; Dividend, 1932-33, 6 p.c. (g Branches.)

THE STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA, LTD. (1868), to, Clements Lane, E.C. 4, and 77, King William St., E.C. 4, 63, London wall, E.C. 2, and 9, Northumberland Avenue, W.C. 2.—Authorised and Subscribed Capital w.c. = Autonieu and studerheu capi-tal, £10,000,000; Paid up Capital, £2,500,000; Reserve Fund, £2,500,000; Deposits, etc., £22,950,375; Dividend, 292=23, op.c. (370 Branches and Agencies in Africa.)

GEORGE STEUART & Co. (1843), Colombo, Ceylon (London Agents, 30).

Coylon (Loradon Agenta, 30).

Soad John Stuart & Co., Ltd. (1832), Manchester (Loradon Agenta, 175).—Capital, £40,000; Issued, £32,700 Preference; 2,500 Ordinary (£5 Shares, fully paid).

SUNITOMO BANK, Ltd. (1895), Osaka, Japan (67, Bishopagate, E.C.s). Subscribed (apital, 1/en 70,000,000; Paid-up Capital, 1/en 50,000,000; Reserve, 1/en 31,260,000,00; Deposita, 30/6/33, 1/en 815,330,474,47; Dividend, 1932 (1st half), 7 p.c. p.s. (83 Branches.)

SWISS BANK CORPORATION (1872), Basic (99, Gresham Street, E.C. 2; 110, Regent

Street, S.W. 1).—Capital and Reserves, Fcs. 214,000,000; In Sterling, 31/12/31, £1 = 25 fcs.; Share Capital, £6,400,000; Reserves, £3,120,000; Fixed Sight and Time Deposits, £44,000,000; Dividend, 1932, 6 p.C. (33 Branches and Agencies.)
B. TAGLIAFERRO & SONS (1812), Malta (London Agents 22)

B. TAGLIAFERRO & SONS (1822), Malta (London Agents, 221).
LUKE THOMAS & CO., LTD., 138, Leadenhall St., E.C. 3, and at Aden.
205 ULSTER BANK, LTD. (1836), Waring Street, Belfast (Affiliated to No. 221).—Capital, £3,200,000 (£15, Shares, £4, Paid); Reserve Fund, £1,200,000; Deposita, etc., £23,465,141; Dividend, 1923, 16 p.c. free of tax. (116 Branches and 93 Sub-Offices.)
208 THE UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA, LTD. (1837), 71, Cornhill, E.C. 2.—Capital Authorised and Issued, £1,200,000; Paid up £4,000,000; Reserve Fund, £3,320,000; Currency Reserve, £1,500,000; Reserve Liability of Proprietors, £8,000,000; Deposita, £3,215,900; Div., 1932-33.
25 p.c., free of U.K. Income Tax. (214 Branches in Australia and New Zealand.); 210 UNION BANK OF MANCHESTER, LTD. (1836),

UNION BANK OF MANCHESTER, LTD. (1836), York St., Manchester (London Agents 30). Associated with Barclays Bank, Ltd.— Issued Capital, £1,500,000 (£5 Shares, £2 nos, paid); Reserve Funds, £500,000; Deposits, etc., £19,159,664; Dividend, 1932, 11 P.C.

UNION BANK OF SCOTLAND, LTD. (1830), 110, St. Vincent St., Glasgore, C. a; 64, George St., Edinburgh (6a, Cornilli, E. 2, —Capital, £5,500,000; Reserve Fund, —Capital, £5,200,000; Reserve Fund, £1,200,000; Deposits, etc., £28,546,751; Dividend, 1938-33, 18 p.c. (siz Branches,

UNION DISCOUNT COMPANY OF LONDON,

etc.)
UNION DISCOUNT COMPANY OF LONDON,
LTD. (1883), 39, COTTAILL, E.C. 3.—Capital
Issued, £8,500,000; Pald up, £1,850,000
(£5 Shares, £8 1001, paid); Reserve Fund,
£1,750,000; Deposits, etc., £52,437,710;
Dividend 15 pc. and Bonus 5 pc. (1932).
"WESTMINSTER BANK LTD. (1836). Head
Office, 41, Lothbury, E.C. 8; Stock
Transfer Office, 9, Old Broad St., E.C.2;
Trustee Department, 51, Threadneedle
St., E.C. 2; Lombard Street Office,
21, Lombard Street, E.C.3; West
End Office, 1, St. James's Sq., SW.1;
Foreign Branch Office, 41, Lothbury, E.C.2;
—Capital, £3,200,000 (7,500,000 Shares
of £4 esch (£2 psid), and 3,000,000 Shares
of £4 esch (£2 psid), and 3,000,000 Shares
of £4 esch (£3 psid), and 3,000,000 Shares
of £4 esch (£3 psid), and 3,000,000 Shares
of £4 esch (£3 psid), and 3,000,000 Shares
of £4 esch (£4 psid), and 3,000,000 Shares
of £4 esch (£5 psid), and 3,000,000 Shares
of £5 esch); Feserve Fund, £7,500,000;
£1 Shares, 10,001 Branches, Sub-Branches
and Agencies.) Afiliated Banks, WestMINSTER FOREIGN BANK LTD.; ULSTER
BANK LTD. (a.v.) BANK LTD. (q.v.)

221A WESTMINSTER FOREIGN BANK, LTD., 41, Lothbury, E.C. 2. WILLIAM WHITELEY, LTD. (1899), Queen's

Rd., Bayswater, W. s.

Rd., Bayswater, W. s.
WILLIAMS DEACON'S BANK, LTD. (1836),
Head Office, Mosley St., Manchester (20,
Birchin Lane, E.C. 2.—Issued Capital,
£3,125,000; Paid up Capital, £1,875,000;
Reserve Fund, £800,000; Deposits,
31/12/24, £33,812,853; Dividend, 1932.
A Shares 12% p.c., B Shares 12% p.c.
(174 Branches and Sub-Branches.)
WOGAU & CO. (1839), 53, Cornhill, E.C. 3.

YOKOHAMA SPRCIE BANK, LTD. (1880), Yokohama, Japan (7, Bishopsgate, E.C. s).
—Capital, Yen 100,000,000 (Yen 120 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, Yen 129,750,000; Deposita, etc., 30/12/32, Yen 650,126,578.29; Dividend, 1931-32, 10 p.c. (4: Branches.) YORKSHIEE PRHNY BANK, LTD. (1911), 2, Infirmary St., Leads (97-99 Cheapside,

E.C. a).—Capital, £1,500,000 (Capital Paid up 250,000 £5 Shares, £3 paid £750,000, 250,000 £1 Shares fully paid, £250,000, Capital uncalled, £500,000; Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposita, etc., £31,325,030. (157 Town Branches, 75t Village Branches and 3,021 Banks for School Children.)

#### THE "BIG FIVE."

ľ								
Name.	Branches and Sub- Branches		Capital Paid up	Fund.	Current. Deposit and Other Accounts.	Net Pro- fits, 1938, includ- ing carry forward	Dividend	Special Alleon- trons.
	1	-	\$	£ .	3.	£		£
Burclays Bank,	e,070	£30 000,000 "A" Shares, £4 each, fully paid.	15,858,217	20,250,000	30/6/33 379.395.573	2,139,962	" A " Shares 10%	Nil
2.0		"B" Shares, £1 each,			1	[	" B " Shares 14%	í
		fully paid "C" Shares, £z each,			- 101		"C 'Shares 24%	i
LloydsBank,Ltd	over 1,900	fully paid Subscribed £73,302,076	14 Rtn 250	8 000 000	30/6/33	2 one #66	" A Shares za"	200 000
Liojus Baina, IAA	1,900	"A" Shares, £5. £z paid. "B" Shares, £z,	13,010,232	5,000,000	373,507,500	2,0/2,500	"B Shares 5	200,000
	over	fully paid			30/6/33			
Midland Bank, Ltd.	2,100	Subscribed £42.504,262 £12 Shares, £2 202 paid £2 208. Shares, fully paid.	14,248,018	11,500,000	425, 102, 15 <del>2</del>	a,869,158	26% .	300,000
		£2 Shares, fully paid			30/6/33			
National Provin cial Bank Ltd	1,370	Subscribed £43,627,080 £25 Shares, £3 20s paid	9.479.416	8,000,000	<b>892,073,20</b> 0	2,397,434	25%	200,000
Westminster Bank, Ltd.	1,071	£20 Shares, £4 paid £3 Shares, fully paid Subscribed £33 000,000 £4 Shares, £2 paid £2 Shares, fully paid	9,3 <b>2</b> 0,157	7 500 000	30/6/33 304,670,141	z,926,428	£4 Shares 28% £2 Shares 22%	300,000

### BRITISH AND OTHER BANK DEPOSITS.

Midland Bank, London (30/6/33)	£425,102,138   National City Bank of New York'	
Barclays Bank, London (30/6/33)	379.395,573 : (31/3/33)	£ <b>204,6</b> 63,964
Lloyds Bank, Loudon (30/6/33)	373,567,386 Quaranty Trust Company, New	
Westminster Bank, London (30/6/33)	304,670,141 York (31/3/33)	100.508.600
Chase National Bank of the City of	17 1 17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
New York (31/12/32)		165,848,360
National Provincial Bank, London	Canadian Bank of Commerce,	
(30/6/33)	292,073,200   Toronto (30/11/32)	183,352,483

#### THE BREAKDOWN OF THE GOLD STANDARD.

The breakdown of the gold standard was a gradual process, beginning in 1920 and continuing until April, 1933 (when the United States dollar depreciated in relation to gold). The nations which have abandoned the gold standard are placed in order of the time that their currences first depreciated in terms of gold.

Date of

-	1,0777, 03		Taute of 1
Country.	Depreciation		Depreciation
Uruguay			Oct. 1931
Argentina	Nov. 1030	Finland	Oct. 1031
Brazil	Dec. 1030	Bolivia	Oct. 1031
Australia	March 1030	Saivador	
New Zealand	April 1930	Japan	
Venezuela	Sept. 1930	Colombia	Jan. 1932
Mexico	Aug. 1931	Nicaragua	Jan. 1932 '
United Kingdom	Sept. 1931	Costa Rica	
Canada	Sept. 1931	Greece	April 1032
India	Sept. 1931	Chile	April 1028
8weden		Peru	May 103s
Denmark	Sept. 1931	Ecuador	June 1022
Norway		Sian:	June zoza
Egypt	Sept. 1931	Yugoslavia	July 1032
Irish Free State	Sept. 1031	Union of South Africa	Jan. 1033
British Malaya	Sept. 1931	Honduras	
Palestine	Sept. 1931	United States	April 1933
Austria	Oct. 1931		
			1

### PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.

### Bank Holidays.

BANK HOLIDAYS IN ENGLAND, WALES, IRELAND AND THE CHANNEL ISLANDS ARE: Easter Monday, Whit Monday, First Monday in August and First Week Day after Christmas (Boxing Day.)

Banks are also closed on Good Friday and Christmas Day, and the Bank of England Transfer Offices on May 1 and Nov 1 (or next day, if Sunday) in addition. The Stock Exchange is closed on Bank Holidays, Good Friday, Christmas Day, and on Jan. 1,

Whit Tuesday and Coronation Day, if and when decreed.

Law Offices—Good Friday, Easter Monday and Tuesday, Whit Monday, Christmas Day, and first week day after Christmas. BANK HOLIDAYS IN SCOTLAND ARE:—New

Year's Day, First Monday in May and First Monday in August.

Banks in Scotland are also closed on Good Friday and Christmas Day. There are also Spring and Autumn holidays in Edinburgh and Glasgow.

May 1 and Nov. 1.

Custom House and Docks, as Banks: with the King's Birthday (June 2 or when decreed.)

Excise and Stamp Offices, as Banks. with

# Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes in Great Britain and Ireland :-

are payable on the PRECEDING business day when the last day of grace falls on one of the days stated below:

England, Wales and Channel Islands.	IRELAND.	SCOTLAND.
Good Friday.*	Good Friday.	Good Friday.
	Christmas Day.	Christmas Day.
	Dec s6th if a Sunday.	
Sunday, unless the second day	Sunday, unless the second day	Sunday, unless the second day
of grace is a bank holiday.*	of grace is a bank holiday.	of grace is a bank holiday.  A day proclaimed as a public
A day proclaimed as a public	A day proclaimed as a public	A day proclaimed as a public
fast or thanksgiving.*	fast or thanksgiving.	fast or thanksgiving.

. In the Isle of Man bills due on this day are payable on the successored business day.

are payable on the SUCCEPDING business day when the last day of grace falls on one of the days stated below:

1		
England, Wales, Channel Islands and Isle of Man.	IRELAND.	SCOTLAND.
Jan. 1st (but and when 1st is a Sunday) only in Channel	Jan. 1st (but and when 1st is a Sunday) only in Irish Free	Jan. 1st (but and when 1st is a Sunday).
Islands and Isle of Man.	State and if proclaimed as a bank holiday.	
_	March 17th (but 18th when 17th is a Sunday).	_
Easter Monday.	Easter Monday.	_
Whit Monday.	Whit Monday.	sst Monday in May.
The King's Birthday only in		100 Monday In May.
Channel Islands and Isle of Man (Monday in Isle of Man when the date falls on a Sunday.)		_
July 5th (but 6th when 5th is a Sunday) only in Isle of Man.	July 12th (but 13th when 12th is a Sunday) only in Northern Ireland and if proclaimed as a back holiday.	
ast Monday in August.	est Monday in August.	ist Monday in August.
Nov. 12th (but 12th when 12th		_
is a Sunday) only in Isle of Man.		
when s6th is a Sunday).	when a6th is a Sunday).	Dec. a6th if a Sunday or Monday.
Sunday, when the second day of grace is a bank holiday.	Sunday, when the second day of	Sunday, if the second day of grace is a bank holiday.
		A day proclaimed as a bank holiday.

### LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE list on the following two pages contains the names of all the more important British Life offices, and of nine Colonial companies (marked C), all of which transact business in this country.

CLASS OF BUSINESS.—The second column shows whether the company is conducted on the Mutual system whereby the whole of the divisible profit is allotted to participating policy-holders (M), or whether the company has proprietors by whom part (usually a very small proportion) of such profit is received (P). Life offices transacting other insurance business are marked 0 in this column. In such cases the Life funds are kept separately, and are not liable for the claims of other departments. The Share Capital is usually liable for the claims of all branches. Those having an Industrial branch are indicated by letter I.

FIGURES.—These are taken from the latest annual accounts available at date of going to press, and in the majority of cases refer to annual reports for the financial year ended December 31, 1932.

LIFE FUNDS.—The amounts of these funds, though interesting, are not in themselves a sufficient indication of the financial stability of a company, which cannot be judged unless liabilities are actuarially compared with assets.

PREMIUM INCOME.—The annual premium income is in all cases stated after deduction of the amount paid to other companies for reassuring parts of the risks.

EXPENSES.—The expenses of a Life office include, in all cases where paid, commission to agents. The amount of expenses is less important in itself than in relation to premium income, consequently the percentage of the premium income absorbed in expenses is shown. The average percentage of British offices is about 12½%, of which about 5% is expended on commission and 7½% on other expenses. This ratio taken by itself is frequently misleading,

because, if the proportion of new business is large, the percentage of the total premiums absorbed in expenses may legitimately be higher than where the new business is small. Moreover, where rates of premium are below the average any comparisons of percentage should be considered, with due regard to this feature, a gain to the policyholder through reduced premium being equivalent to an immediate cash bonus.

INTEREST.—The rate of interest earned is important for comparison with the rate assumed in valuing liabilities, since the greater the margin between these rates the greater is the surplus available from this source for honus. The rate of interest given is without deduction of Income Tax except where marked (x)—net.

VALUATIONS.—The last columns of the table are derived from the valuation returns made by the companies to the Board of Trade. A valuation indicates liability under existing policies, after making allowance for the amounts to be paid and received. It is assumed that deaths will occur in accordance with a mortality table, and that interest will be earned at a certain rate. Various mortality tables are employed, those most usual being known as the H^m and O^m, and the corresponding Tables H^m(a) and O^m(a) which exclude mortality in the first five years of assurance. If a company assumes that it will earn a high rate of interest in the future, the net liability will appear less than if it assumes a low rate, while the liability on account of mortality appears greater by some tables than by others. The position of an office is most satisfactory when a stringent basis of valuation is adopted, because the margin between the calculated and experienced liability is larger and the surplus available for bonuses is greater. The O^m and O^m(?) tables in conjunction are more stringent than the O^m table alone, the H^m is more stringent than the American, and with every table the lower the rate of interest assumed the more stringent it the valuation.

# FIRE INSURANCE RATES. "

Most large fire offices belong to the tariff association, charging identical rates of premium. There are, however, a number of non-tariff offices which claim to assess individual risks independently on merits. Tariff rates of premium per £xoo insured sgainst fire for the more common classes of risk are as follows.—

Private Dwelling Houses, built of brick or stone and tiled or slated and in no hazardous proximity, se. 6d.

proximity, 1s. 6d.

Household goods therein, usually 2s.

A number of companies issue "comprehensive" policies embracing in one contract all risks incidental to private houses and contents.

Shops and Warehouses, similarly built and circumstanced, in which no hazardous goods are deposited nor hazardous trades carried on, from as,

Stock and Utensils in trade, fixtures, and household furniture in such shops and warehouses, from as.

Most fire insurance companies transact accident and miscellaneous business, and if a strong

company be selected with a reputation for liberal dealing it will probably be found to the advantage of a householder that he should effect with it all such policies as he may require, in place of dividing them amongst several companies. The "comprehensive" policies previously referred to, combine in one contract protection against damage by fire to the contents of a house, or from burgiary, housebreaking, larceny, theft, &c., and insurance against domestic servants' employers' liability, damage from storm or tempest, third party risks, and other hazards. This can usually be arranged for an annual premium of 3. per £ see of the full value of the contents of the house. Fire insurance of the house itself is not included, however, in this estimate, but can be included under the same policy, if desired. The advantage of a policy of this description is that it obviates the inconvenience of payments of small amounts in insurance premiums at different dates, and that in one comprehensive form it supplies protection at a moderate cost for all a householder's ordinary insurance requirements.

١			ANNUAL ACO	OUNTS PUBLI	BED 14 1633		-	VALUATI	UN.	
tal.	Class.	Name of Office.	Life Funds.	Life Premium	% of Ex-	Rat Inte		Mortality Tuble.	Int	ere
!			Funds.	Income	Premiums.			Twoie,	Assu	me
			£	£		£ 8.	d.		£ *	
83	PO	Abstainers & General	3,365,313	348,683	20'02	5 8	4	Om	3 0	
104	P	African Life	5,016,6 <del>2</del> 6	679,04 x	25,24	5 18	4	O=(5)	4 0	•
124	PO	Alliance*	23,451,441	1,500,998		5 3	7	Om	3 0	•
lo8	PO	Atlas	9,063,980	929,769	11'74	5 = 3	7	Counties	3, 3	d
49	M	Australian Mutual (C)	74 007 940	5,421,732	13,10	4 15 1		H=&Carlisle	3 0	,
	PIO	Britannic (Ordinary)	1	1,104,634	1	5 13		0m 2884	3 0	
	PO	British Equitable	1,698,305	161,648		5 0	ŏ	Om	3 0	
77 104	Ρŏ	British General	1,033,749	154,946		5 6	7	O ^m	3 0	_
103	PΪ	British Widows (Ord.)	151,953	25,05I				Om & Hm	3 10	_
los	Po	Caledonian	7,225,245	558,347	16.14	5 6	7 6	Om & Carlisle		
47)	1	1.			1	1			۳.	
(20)	P	Canada Life (C)	42,109,397	5,496,598	24'03	5 4	7	Om(*)	3 4	2 3
34	P	Cleric'l, Medic'l & Gen.	TT. 202.075	811,534	14'80	5 10	6	Om(5)	3 10	•
73	MO	Colonial Mutual (C)	XX.248.640	1,459,450	25.38	4 10	9	Om'	3 10	
61	Po	Commercial Union	20,600.860	1,657,290	11.28		2	Om	3 0	
71	P	Confederation (C)	18,030,020	2,678,549		5 1	10	Om(5) & Am	3 4	
67	PO	Co-operative (Ord.)	5,007,8xx	882,608	14.67	5 4	o(N)		3 4	,
107	PO	Eagle, Star & B. Dom.*	14.406.143	834,513	16.43		2 ′	Om	3 6	ខទ
87	PO	Ecclesiastical	294,097	21,245	3 99	5 7	TO.	()m	3 1	æ
101	PO	Economic	135,524	5,750		5 8	6	()m	3 0	
ба	M	Equitable (c)	8,001,365	583,900	7'20	5 22	6	E.C.	4 0	•
44	P	Equity & Law	10,656,056	751,753	14'16	4 22	9(N)	(m & (m(5)	3 0	•
38	M	Friends' Provident &	7 207 20B	602,693	17'90	5 18	7	լ( Om(5) & Om 1	3 0	,
37	P	General		357,476	22.65		5	Om Am & Af	3 10	,
148	P	Gresham	8,780,178	896,555		5 2 2		Hin	3 0	
lat	PO	Guardian	6,785,508	596,400	14'07		5	Om & Carlisle	3 0	•
-6	P	(Imperial Life of )	13,068,106	1	1	(	_	H ^m	3 6	
96	1			*,033,553	23.22	5 10	5		3 4	3
loó	PO	Law Union & Rock	10,790,832	722,871	17,120	5 9	4	Om Court Amounton	3 0	•
36	PO	Legal & General	21,996,414	2,303,516	80.82	5 10	* {	Govt. Annuts	4 0	•
38	P	Life Assoc. of Scotland	7,195,381	533,635	20'35	5 7		Om	3 0	•
36	PO	L'pool & Lond. & Globe	10.661,440	819,309	10,00		7	Om & Om(8)	2 15	•
42	1	L'pool Vict. Friendly	848,260	294,960	27'71	5 0 1	io.	Ond Eng. No.	3 10	•
162	PO	London & Scottish*	4,908,834	365,523		5 3	0	Om	3 10	•
160	PIO	Lond'n & Manch. (Ord.)		1,070,653	16.31		2	()m ,	3 0	•
20	PO	London Assurance	7,123,372	683,373	14.80	5 6	3	Om	2 15	6
ინ	PO	London General (Ord.).	330,272	34,045	44'3 ¹	5 16	<b>4</b>	Hm F () Press!	4 10	•
lo6	м	London Tife (4)	-660		# · o #	! ! a	. !	E.C. Rural	٦.	
	, MI	London Life (c)	10,157,200	1,470,716	5.02	5 4	• 1	Dists. (males)	(3 *	5
	_		1			!	,	Hin, Ameri-	!'	
87	P	Manufacturers Life (C)	sa,6s6,68 ₃	4,083,290	34'12	4 18 1	I X	can, &c.	3 @	· 3
58	M	Marine & General	2.516.008	212,596	20'17	6 0	3	Om	2 0	
		Medical Sickness, )	_			i -	3	(C.C. Rural)	-	
84	M	Annuity & Life	358,294	33,285	8.23	5 0	2	(males)	3 0	
86	P	Mutual L.&Citizens'(C)	15,266,506	1,345,408	13.08	4 19 1	11	{ H ^m , a(f) & }	3 0	•
TO	M	Nat. Farmers'Un. Mut.*	43.712	18,166	13.20	4 IB	3	Om	3 0	•
30	M	National Mutual	5,331,845	366,222	13.8s	5 8 1	I X	E.C. Rural (males)	3 15	,
60	M	Natl. Mut. of Austrl (C)*	35, 181,488	3,078,860	12.85	5 17	9	Hm	3 0	•
35	М	National Provident	10,917,996	789,386			í	Om	3 0	•
25 i	PIO	New Ireland	161,225	40,193	22.28		3	Om.	4 0	•
23	PO	Nth. Brit. & Mercantile	32,880,610	2,188,507	17'16	5 8	3	Óm	3 0	
36	PO	Northern	7,144,191	490,938		5 4	3	Qm		
08	М	Norwich Union Life*	36,607,864	3,721,518		5 9	8	Om.	2 10	Ō
. 1								(Cent.C'ties)	1	
64	PIO	Pearl (Ordinary)	32,316,407	4,844,881	9.89	5 9	6	Rural Dists. (males)	3 0	
<b>6</b> .	PO	Phœnix	16,003,730	1,203,740	14'47	5 10		( (III PIGE) )	2 0	
91		Pioneer Life (Ord.)	348,730	39,455			o(N)	0m	3 0	

# PRINCIPAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANIES-continued.

		1	ANNUAL AC	OUNTS PUBLIS	HED IN 1933.		VALUA	tow.
Estab lished		Name of Office	Life Funds.	Life Premium Income,	% of Expenses to Premiums.	Rate of Interest Earned.	Mortality Table.	Interest % Assumed
_	P	Prov. Assoc. of London	£ *6,402,651	£ *498,200	(11,21)	£ 8. d.		£ 8. d.
1877	1 -				{18.31}	5 1 9	, Om	2 10 0
1840	M	Provident Mutual Prudential (Ord.)	-10-314			5 7 0	, Om	3
1848	PIO	Refuge (Ordinary)	204,136.138			4 16 3(N)	Om Om	3 0 0
1864 1845	PO	Royal	33.930,701 24,529,238			4 to 7(N)	Om & Om(4)*	3 0 0
1850	M	Royal Liver, Friendly	I,954,531	243,080		5 0 5		300
1730	PO	Royal Exchange	11,434,856			5 14 0	О́т	3 0 0
1 <b>8</b> 61	PI	Royal London (Ord.)		1,349,777		5 7 5	Om	3 to o
1867	PI	Salvation Army		282,362		5 II 7	Hm	3 0 0
1826	M	Scottish Amicable	10,781,608	690,149	15.70	5 22 5	Om(5)*	2 15 O
1831	M	Scottish Equitable	1	764,522	13.0s	5 8 7	(Om(6),&Om) (netprems.)	3 0 0
1877	PO	Scottish Insurance	*9#7,33#	58,x98	19.26		(* Om(s) & ) Carlisle	3 0 0
1881	PO	Scottish Life	6,950,436	549,444	16.18	5 22 7		3 0 0
1837	M	Scottish Provident		1,230,430	17'1B	5 7 8	O=	3 0 0
x883	P	Scottish Temperance	6,928,760	567,003		5 12 11		3 0 0
1884	PO	Scottish Union & Nat. *	11,115,795	736,889		5 6 5	Om	3 0 0
1815	М	Scottish Widows'	30,026,113	x,885,346		5 7 4	On(5)*	8 15 O
1891	P		5,830,457	604,459		5 22 20	Om(s)& Om)	3 0 0
1825	P	Standard	22,824,263	1,234,642	16'47		netprems.	a to o
1810	P	Sun Life	34,083,107	3,252,997	15 80 E	5 7 22		8 o s*
2865	P	Sun Life of Canada (C).	118,251,593	22,652,915		4 5	Om(5)	3 6 34
1840	M	United Kingdom Prov.	20,286,180	1,430,478				10 0
1825	P	University Life	1,367,269	79,182		119 7		3, 0, 0,
1841	MI	Wesleyan & Gen. (Ord.) Yorkshire	5,147,539	622,141	17 93	5 5 9	Om to Ometh	3+ 6 34
1824	PO	Y OFKEHITE	7,733,267	676,457	za 96	96	Om & Om(3)	84T & 3I
		11	NDUSTRIA	L COMPA	VIES.	•		
866	-	Britannic	11,687,459	3,294,670.	35'74 5	14 5	Eng. No.8	
843		LiverpoolVict.Friendly	25,174,945	5,206,855	40'88 5		Eng. No. 8	
869	P	London & Manchester	5,371,180	1,569,968	41'24 5		Eng. No. 8	0 0
864	P	Pearl	31,595,268	7,254,877	3z.3z 2	8 x {	C.C.U.D.	10 0
848	P	Prudential	37,502,325	19,133,368	24'23 5	5 4(N)	Eng. No. 8	
864		Refuge		5, 168,820	35 79 5	5 7(N)	Eng. No. 8	3 6 34
850	M	Royal Liver Friendly	15,811,848	3,337,901	38'24 5	0 5	Eng. No.6	3 & 34
86x	P	Royal London	19,076,878	4,248,858	43'07 5	97	Eng. No. 9	
862		Salvation Army	3,078,265	819,814		x 0	Eng. No. o	10 0
841		Wesleyan & General	5,859,908	2,238,202	38.60		Eng. No. 61	
OGI	TAT	AL CONTACT OF CALIFORNIA	2,023,200	-,-30,105	30 09 15	· - 3 /1	Males 13	10 0

- U = Colonial Office.
- Alliance Including funds of acquired businesses
  The exs. of the Life Dept., including Coms. are
  limited to 10% of total prems
- Commercial Union. Including figures of acquired
- · Eagle Star and B D .- Including funds of acquired businesses.
- London and Scottish. Includes figures of acquired Scottish Metropolitan business.
- * Natl. Farmers Union. Life Dept. est. Dec., rost.
- * Natl. Mut. of Austral Three years ending Sept. 30, 1931.
- Norwich Union. Excludes acquired Scottish Imp.
- Northern.—Interest earned in participating branch. · Sun Life

  - † With profit business : Without profit business.

- e = Does not pay Commission. | * Pioneer Life. Year ending March 31, 1933.
  - Prov. Assoc. Figures include Ord. & Mnthly business.
  - . Royal. Om and Om(5) with Om select net premiums.
  - Scottish Amicable. Combined with O^m net premiums. * Scottish Equitable Year ending March 1, 1933.
  - Scottish Ins. —(a) Funds after transferring £50,000 to Investment Reserve Fund; (b) Combined with Ou net premiums.
  - Scottish U. and N. Includes acquired City of Glasgow business. · Scottish Widows. Om(5) with Om net premiums.

  - * Standard. Year ending Nov. 15, 1932.
  - sun Life Interest assumed for non-participating assurances and for Bonuses £4 per cent. Weeleyan and General † With profit business. ; Without profit business.

# BONUSES.

The following table gives examples of Bonus declared on Whole Life and Enlowment Assurances for £x00. In each case the rate given is in respect of a policy effected at age 30 next birthday, and the Endowment Bonus is based on a Policy maturing at age 60.

	,	The same source	The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s	at age co.
Office.	lasto Valua- tion.	Bonus de clared on Whole Lafe Assurances Syears in so years in force force	Bonns declared on Endowment Assurances	Interim Benus
Abstainers and Gen	19320	\$2/0/0	£1/18,0	At full rate last declared.
African Life	1929	Gunranteed £2 for first so years, homes then ceuse and prems are re- duced,	£1/26/0	Not stated.
Alliance	2928	£2;2/0 compound	Same as Whole Life	4s/e compound for each pre- mium paid in current
Atlus Australian Mutual	19324 19324	£2/8/0 compound £2/6,0 £3/2/0	Same as Whole Life £2/28/0 (5 yrs. 111 force) £2/22/0 (20 , )	funquennium.  £s/s/o compound  Proportion of year's bonus
Brittanic	2932A	£1/18/0	Same as Whole Life	granted Three-quarters of that last
British Equitable	1928	£z/27/6. Abstainer s Special Bonus Pols £s/5/0	Same as Whole Lafe	declared £2/27/6 for 1929 and 1933
British General . Caledonian	2932°	£2/0/0 companied	£2/0/0 compound £2/8/0	£2/0/0 compound Whole Life. £2/2/0; Endownent, £2/0/0 Allowed on death.
Onnada Life	19384	£2/0/8 £2/4/2	£1/11/8 (5 yrs. in force)	Allowed on death.
Clerical, Medical	1930*	£2/5/6 £2/12/2	£2/9/0 (5 ,, ., )	Full rate last declared.
Commercial Union	1932	£1/28/4 £1/28/9	22/9/0 (5 ) ) 22/20/0 (20 ) ) 22/8/2 ° (5 yrs in force) 22/22/0 (20 ) )	Full rate last declared.
Confederataun	19324	<b>.</b> £1/20′0	£2/11/0 (20, )	According to age, plan and
Co-operative Eagle,Star and Brit Dominions	1932 t	£2/26/0 £2/8/0 Alexainer's £1/9/0 £2/8/0 compound	£1/16/0 Same as Whole Life	According to age, plan and duration of policy \$\int_z'z5/0 \$\int_z'z5/0
Eccledastical Economic Equitable	1030° 1030°	£2/2/0 compound £2/0/0 compound £2/22/0 £3/25/0	\$2/8/6 compound \$2/8/6 compound \$2/20/6 on Num Assured and Existing Romuses; also extra Bonus of	£2/0/0 compound £1/20/0 compound At death—From 30/- to £5/12/6 n.a. On Survival—£1/20/0 com-
Equity & Law	tgag	£2 2/0 £2/6/0	13/- p c. p.a. simple on survivance. £2/4/0 (5 yrs in force) £2/8/0 (20 ,, )	pound plus 25/- simple p.a.  Whole Life - Cash Bonns rate with indumum of £2/2/o Endowment — full rever-
Friends Prov. and	1929	£a/a/e compound	£2/2/o compound	Endowment — full rever- sionary rate. £1/25/0 compound
General	1930 1939	£2/25/0 £2/5/0	£1/15/0 Name as Whole Life	£z/zg/o One fifth of last bonus rate
Guardiau	1929	£1/15/2 £2/9/7	£1/34/0 (5 Vrs. in force)	for each year At rate last declared.
Imperial Life of	19384	£0/17/2 £1/3/7	£2/13'7 (20 ,, ,, )	Interim Bonus is allowed on
Law Union & Rock	1929	£2/5/0 compound	£2/5/0 compound	tleath £7/15/0 simple in respect of four annual prems, paid in
Life Association of	19300	£3=/4/0	£2/4/0	eurrent quinquennium £3/4/0
Reotland Liverpool, London &	1928	£2/2/0	£2/0/0	Whole Life, £2/8/0, Endt.
Globe Liverpool Victoria	1930	£2/25·0	£2/25/0	£2/3/0 £2/35'0
Friendly London and Man-	1932 (*	£2/4/0	. £2/4/0	
choster Loudon & Scottish London Assurance London Life	1932 1930 1931 \	£2/22/0 £2/5/0 compound £2/28/0 compound for	£z/zz/o £z'5 o compound year from July z, 1933	£3/4/0 by maturity. Nil—by death £2/5/0 Same as rate last declared
Manufacturers		Profits distributed annual	year from July 1, 1933	Nil on claims between policy auniversaries.
Marine and General Medical Sickness.	1932°	ly as each dividends £2/20/0 £1/3/0	£2/20/0 £2/3 0	Full reversionary rate £1 3/0
Annuity and Life Mutual Life	19314	£3/0/0	Eriza a (E Vrs in funcs)	As Bonus last declared.
Nat Farmer's Union National Mutual of Australia	1931,	£2/8;0 £2'10/0 £2'17/0	£2/9/0 (20, ) £1 10 0 £2/0/0 (5 yrs in force)	£2/20,0 90 p c of 2932 Bonus
National Mutual .	1938*	£2/2.6 compound (old	\$2/5/0 (20 )	As last declared
National Provident	1930	£2/2.6 compound (old series) plus 6/e compound £3/0/e until expecta- tion of Life attained, increasing gradually thereafter to £5/0/e and	(old series)  £2/8/0 (up to 15 yrs. in force)  £2/18/0 (over 15 yrs. in	(old series) As Bonus last declared.
		over.	force) plus extra 10/- payable on survival only	
Augustus of 1987 %		WHITAKER'S AT	MANACK, 1934.	
		······································		

			3		
	Office.	Last* Valua- tion.	Bonus declared on Whole Life Assurances 5 years in so years in force. force.	Bouuses declared on Endowment Assurances.	Interim Bonus,
	New Iteland North British and Morcantile	1830 1831,	£2/0/0 £2/6/2	£z/o/o Same as Whole Life	Nil by death claims Full rate last declared
	Northern Norwich Union Pearl Phoenix	1830 1839 1830 1830	£2/26/0for £2/25/0 £2/0/0 £2/20/0	1986-30 £2/8/0 £2/0/0 £2/6/0	£a/g/e from Dec. 1998 Full rate last declared Nil by Death Claims By Death — Whole Life, £a/g/e; Endowment, £a/e/a. By Maturity, £a/é/e
i	Provident Associa-	2938A	£2/30/0	£2/20/0	Full rate last declared
	Provident Mutual Prudential Refuge	1939 19334 1938	£2/5/0 £2/6/0 £2/18/0 £3/0/0 compound	£1/15/0 £2/0/0 £1/18/0 £3/0/0 compound	Full rate last declared Rate last declared £2/18/0 £a/o/o compound from Jan.
	Royal	1939 1939 1930	£3/2/0 £3/0/0 £3/0/0 £3/3/6 compound £3/3/6 compound	£2/2/e £2/0/o £2/0/o £3/0/o £2/2/6 compound £2/0/e compound	rggs. £a/g/o Full rate hat declared £a/o/o Same as benus last declared £a/o/o compound £a/o/o compound from 1938
	Scottish Insurance Scottish Life Scottish Provident	1936 1930 1931*	£3/4/6 £2/8/0 £2/20/0 Policies not pre- viously shared £2/25/0 and £3/0/0 Policies previously shared	£3/4/0 £2/8/0 £3/0/0 compound	£2/2/0 52/8/0 Endowment, £2/0/0 compound
1	Scottish Temper-	1932	£2/0/0 compound	£2/0/0	Whole Life, £1/15/e compound; Endownent, £1/15/e simple
	Scottish Union	1938	£2/3/o	£2/3/0	Sz/z8/e for each year's prem. paid subsequent to Dec 3z, zezs
	Scottish Widows Southern Lafe Standard Sun Life Sun Life of Canada	1938 1931° 1938 1938	£2/2/0 compound £2/0/0 compound £2/2/0 £2/2/0/0 £2/2/0 £2/2/0/0	£a/a/e compound £a/o/e compound £a/a/o compound Same as Whole Life	£a/a/e compound £a/e/e compound £a/a/e compound £a/a/e compound Same rate as last declared
	United Kingdom University Life	1938*	£z/s/s  £z/zs/o  Temp. Sect. £z/z comp'd  Gen'l. £s/z  £s/ze/o	Temp. Sect. £2/3/0 £2/20/0	At compound rates 4s, per cent, less than last declared At death, £3/0/0
	Wesleyan & General Yorkabire	29387 20387	£2/4/20 £2/70/0	£2/4/0 £2/4/0 (5 years in force) £2/9/7 (20 years in force)	Maturing Endowment—  Salsolo for each year after Dec 1929  Nil, by Death Claims  Full rates last declared

* Nors —The Valuation period is for the 5 years ending in December of the year stated, unless otherwise marked.

-Annual Valuation.

A.—Annual Valuation.
Abstainers and General. — Three years ended becomber 32, 1952.
Atlas.—One year ending Decomber 32, 1952.
British General. — Three years ending December 32, 1952.
Galedonial — Three years ending December 32, 1952.
Galedonial — Three years ending December 32, 1952.
General, Medical and General. — Four and one-half years ending December 32, 1952.
Gommerdal Unno. — Policy maturing at age 55.
Confederation.— Anticipated Specimen Annual Boness payable in 1952.
Ecclesiastical.—Five years ending Peiruary 26, 1969.
Equitable.—Four years ending December 32, 1959.
Life Association of Scotland — Three and three-quarter years ending December 32, 1959.

London and Manchester -One year ending March at.

Medical Sickness Annuity and Life.—Five years Medical richards Albertalasia,—Three years ending September 30, 1931. Bonuses allotted at distribution as at September 30, 1932. National Mutual.—Two years ending December 32,

National Toylent.—Three years ending Dec. 31, 1230.
New Iroland.—One year ending December 31, 1230.
New Iroland.—One year ending December 32, 1230.
Scottish Kuultabie.—Fire years ending December 32, 1233.
Southern Life.—Three years ending December 33,

1838. Handard —One year ending November 25, 1932 United Kingdom.—Three years ending Dec. 21, 1932. University Life.—43 years ending Dec. 32, 1962.

# REPAYMENTS OF INCOME TAX ON PREMIUMS.

The amounts repaid by the Income Tax Commissioners on account of Life Insurance Premiums during the years 1914-15 to 1925-26 are shown below. These amounts repaid are additional to the allowances made on assessment.

Your	Number.	Amount	Year.	Number.	Amount.
1914-15	25,005 32,902 37,929 37,920	£144,185 179,678 343,189 537,761 551,073 585,637	1980-81	83,981 83,886 —	£679,337 784,433 610,464 633,997 536,196 513,178

#### ANNUAL PREMIUMS FOR WHOLE LIFE ( ASSURANCE.

Life assurance may be effected either with or without participation in profits. If without participation, both sum assured and premium remain unchanged. If with participation, a higher premium is charged, and bouness can! either be payable with the sum assured, applied to reduce the premium, or surrendered for cash. An alternative plan is available in some offices whereby future bonuses are anticipated and used to reduce premiums from the outset. This is as hereafter give called the "Discounted Bonus" or "Cost Price" otherwise stated.

system. If the bonuses actually declared exceed system. If the bonuses actually declared exceed those anticipated, the difference is credited to the policyholder; if, however, the anticipated bonuses exceed those declared, the balance has to be liquidated by the policyholder or remains as a debt. Policies should only be effected on this system in companies which can point to good and consistent bonus records, and whose valuation reserves are particularly atoms. whose valuation reserves are particularly strong.

The ages applicable to the life and endowment assurance (but not the annuity) rates as hereafter given are "next birthday" unless

# AVERAGE ANNUAL PREMIUMS FOR WHOLE LIFE ASSURANCE OF £100.

Age at Entry		Wit rofi			ith rofi	out its	Dia oun Bon	ted	Age at Entry.		Wit			rith Prof		Dir oun Bon	ted	Age at Entry.	F	Wit	h ts.	ith rofi			Dis ount Bont	ted
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	~	8. 19 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	d. 4 1 1 1 1 2 4 6 9	1 1 1 1 1	8. 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	d. 2 10 7 5 3 2 1 1 1 1	 8. 18 13 14 14 15 16 17 18	d. = 9409 533= = =	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	2	8. 10 11 12 14 15 17 18 0	d. 3 8 8 9 3 11 8 8 8	£=====================================	#. 0 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	d. 3 4 7 11 5 11 6 1 9 6	 8. 0 1 2 3 4 6 7 9 10 12	2 4	41 42 43 44 45 46 48 50 55 60	3333334456	8. 6 8 11 13 16 18 4 11 11 19	d. 11 10 16 0 8 6 0 9 8	15 17 18 0 4 6 12 17	d. 4 3 4 7 0 7 1 10 6 10	3 3	8. 13 15 17 19 1 4 9 15 13	d. 11 9 9 9 11 3 3

The next table shows the annual premiums payable throughout life for a policy of £200 payable at death, with profits. It is not sufficient to judge a life office by premium rates only. An office charging a high premium may give higher bonuses than one charging a low premium, and therefore bonus results and prospects as well as premiums have to be considered. Some offices only allow bonuses to be taken in reduction of premium, and on this plan the rates are usually

high to commence with, but are greatly reduced after a few years. Some reserve bonuses for the older classes of policyholders, and in these cases lower premiums than the average are usually charged. Most offices grant interim bonuses between valuation periods, and it is important to ascertain if this is the case before an assurance is effected, and how such interim bonuses compare with valuation bonuses, especially in cases of endowment assurance.

# ANNUAL PREMIUMS FOR ASSURANCE OF £200 PAYABLE AT DEATH, WITH PROFITS.

NAME OF OFFICE	A	ge	81	A	ge	<b>25</b> .	Δ	ge	30	1	ge	35.	_A	ge	40	1	ge	45-	A	ge	50.	A	ge	55-	Δ	ge	60
	£	8.	d.	£	ĕ.	d.	L	ĸ.	đ.	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.	L	s.	đ.	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.
*+Abstainers & Gen.	1	15	2	Ţ.	18	4		3	5	2	9	II		18	6	3	9	7	4	4	1	5	3	2	6	8	5
*†Abstainers'& Gen. *†African Life	1	18	4		2	7		9	ō	12	17		3	7	3	. 4	ō	8	4	16	7	5	17	10	7	5	10
+Alliance			4	2	3	- 5	1			12	16		13	ĸ		2	16	ĸ	i 4	10	10	ĸ			. 6	16	7
+Allas	1	18	7		2	- 5	2	8	1	12	15		13	3	7	2	14	- 5	۱4		4		ĸ	11	6	II	11
†Australian Mutual.	1	18	- 5	2	2	8		8		13	15	4	3	4	5	3	16	۰	4	٥	10	3	12				4
+Britannic		18	•					7		1 .	76			4	•		TE	~		**			**	**	16	**	
British Equitable		15	- 5	is	0	4		6	ő	12	13		1	i	10	. ī	12	χÓ	. <b>.</b>	7	2	E	6	11	6	12	4
British Equitable British General		ō	4		3	ıi				12	16		1	4	10	3	15	8	lă.	ió	7	ĕ	10	4	6	18	-
TUBIODOMBN		10	4			11		- 5	- 4	12	15	4	13	4		: 2	15	72	14	10	7	· K	۰		16	13	- 2
+Canada Life		zź	ě			6		8	ĕ	1.	16	10	2	ě	4	1 2	17	10	1	14	•	1	ıź	11	7	-3	4
+Clerical, Medical &	1						ı		-	1	_			-		i -	-		1 -	-		1 -	_		١-	_	•
General		18	8	. 2				7	6	l.	TE	,	2			•	18		4	74	10	ĸ	16	**	-		
General	1	18	ĸ			7		á		1=	16	3	13	ž	-	13	16		7	7	10	2	**		4	3	
Commercial Union		17	3		_	Ŕ	-	6	3	15	72		! 3	3	;	3	-3		١.	;		3	::	-:	4	÷	i
+Confederation	1	-4	Ŧ.			-		ĭ	ž	15	::	.:	3	3	3	13		- 7	17	::	-	3	:2	ĭ	-	ž	:
†Eagle, Star & B.Do. Ecclesiastical	:		:	-	:	7	:	- 4	•	1	-::	•	13	3		. 3	::	ž	7	••	:	3	10	-7	12	10	7
Ecclosiastical	:	-8	3	١.	:	:	:	~		12	::	•	13	3	-0	13	*5	٠	1	ž	3	3	7	10	2		•
+Economic	:		3	٠.	:	7	:	ĕ		1	:3	•	13	:	7	٠, ٥	::	٠	:	.2	•	3	_3		2	-2	•
+Equitable	1	*9	-	:	:			-2	3	1.	-5	Y	13	- 2	9	15	-8	•	•		9	5	10	-	2	10	
Equity and Law	-	-3		:=	-		-	**	-0	3			3	-	2	3	10	-	•			5		2	10	•	9
+Friends' Provident	•	.0	9	•	3	•	-	•	.0	-	-5	-0	3	•	•	3	-5	7	•	10	9	5		•	7		
A Consumer	١.		_	_	_		l_		_	_		_			_	i _		_	١.	_	_	۱		_	١.		
& Century	1	19		٠.	-		•	•		=	- 2	-	3	•	_3	: 3	15	3	4	.9	9.	5	9	- 4	10	10	9
Tuencial bile	-	-0	-	-	3	•		9	-	1.	10		3	4	11	3	10	5	4	ij	3	5	10	7	10	10	•
*†General Life †Gresham Guardian	Ī	16	9		-			Z	0		34	3	3		10	3	14	۰	4	5	•	5	7	5	10	18	3
Guardian	) <b>E</b>	19	2	; 2		- 4	3	8	10	12	10	7	' 3	4	- 6	: 3	15	8	4	9	3	5	8	4	16	14	

General late—takes reduced by a particle and seem of the first seems at entry.

London Life—Allowance is made for quarter-years in ages at entry.

Manufacturers—Bates are for age nearest birthday.

Nati. Mut of Aust.—Rates are for age nearest birthday.

Prudential—A reduction in the rate is made for Assurances of £1.000 or over, up to £5.000, and a further reduction for over £5.000. Royal—Rates reduced by 2/- per cent for Assurances of £1.000 and over. Reottish Life—Rates reduced by 2/- per cent. for Assurances of £5.000 and over on medically examined lives. Excitish Temperance—Bates for abstainers are no per cent less, limited to 5'- per £100. But Life—Reductions granted to Temperance—Rates for abstainers are no percent less, limited to 9' per £200. Sun life—Reductions granted to total abstainers.

University life—Total Ronuses guaranteed to amount to at least 30' per cent. per annum for first 10 years and 35' per cent. per annum thereafter.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES.

are extremely attractive to persons who desire a Bendowment assurance series to nan are extremely attractive to persons who desire a Bendowment assurance participating in protitio to combine a provision for their dependants, in in a good bonus-paying life office. The selection event of premature death, with the investment of such an office is all-important, as so much of savings for the realisation of a fund for their depends upon profit-earling capacity—see first own personal enjoyment in later life. For the page of Life Assurance section. investment of small annual sums there is no

Endowment Assurances are very popular, and medium promising more satisfactory results than

# ANNUAL PREMIUMS FOR ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE OF £100. WITH PROFITS.

Under endowment assurances the sum assured is paid after a given number of years, or on the attainment of a fixed age. Should the life assured, however, die during the endowment period, the sum assured is paid at death together with any Bonuses attaching under a "with profit" Policy.

The following table miums, for various by, the offices name the end of 15, so and previous, with profits.

The following table shows the annual premiums, for various ages at entry, charged by the offices named, to secure £100 at the end of 15, so and 25 years, or at death, if previous, with profits.

				8	i'w	Ass	CR	ED	Pay	BLI	AT I	DEAT	TH,	DR	AT 1	THE	END	OF				
NAME OF OFFICE.		ış	YŁ	ARS.			Ī			o Y	RARS.							YE	ARS.			
	Age	35	Age	40	Age	45	1	Age	30	Age	35					- 1			Age	35	Age	40.
*Abstainers & Genri. *African Life	6 18 6 17 6 10	92	5 14 7 1 5 19 7 1	0 4 9 6 3 7 6 7	18 5	10	4 5 5 5	15 1 1	4:	1 28 5 4 5 3	5	5 7 5 6 5 8	8 0	3 4 3 4	15 0 19 1	0 3 8 4 7 4	16 18 13 13	5 2	1 19 1 5	7:4	3 9 7 9	3 5 3
Britannic British Equitable British General	6 19	47	, 1 18	6'7 5'7	4	11	5	18	4	. 4	3	3 7	3	3	19 16	103	18	7 4	3   0	1 4 10 4	6	
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- Abstainer & Geni Abstainers rates.
   African Life—These rates carry a guaranteed Bonus.
   General Life—Rates reduced by 16% for sums assured of £1,00. to £2,499 or by 26% for £2,500 and over.
   London Life—Allowance is made for quarter years in ages at entry.
   Manufacturers—Hates are for see nearest birthday.
   Manufacturers—Hates are for genearest birthday.
   National Mark—Rates are for genearest birthday.
   Prudential—A reduction in the rate is made for Assurances of £1,000 or over up to £5,000 and further reduction over £5,000 end over consider the Rates reduced by 26% for Assurances of £1,000 and over on medically examined lives.
   Scottial Temp.—Rates for Abstainers are 26 per cent leafs.
   Bun Life of Canada—Rates quested are for nearest birthday.

LIFE ASSURANCE PROGRESS. The business of foreign and colonial companies doing business in the United Kingdom is not

	ORDIVARY LI	fl Companies,	INDUSTRIAL L	TE COMPANIES
	2980	1931.	2000.	1931.
Premiums	£41,246,118 2,262,073 17,695,718		£25,349,822  3,730,966	£45,407,253  12,255,186
Total Income	61,203,909	109,742,002	29,080,788	57,662,439
ClaimsOther OutgoIncrease in Funds	30,730,140 15,717,818 14,756,557	49,049,006 43,411,242 17,290,754	9,828,359 12,655,778 6,596,651	18,741,831 29,986,392 8,934,216
Total	61,203,909	109,742,002	29,080,788	57,662,439
Life Assurance Funds	425,932,087	754,262,613	80,519,449	226,258,422
	ORDINARY LI	E ASSURANCES	INDUSTRIAL LE	FE ABSURANCE
	No. of Policies	Amount.	No. of Policies.	Amount.
Total Assurances in Force in 1931 as shown by the latest Returns published by the Board of Trade (Companies established within Great		£		£
Britain)	5,370,723	1,667,888,777	63,046,101	1,035,305,0

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Caledonian—Rates increased for purchase price of £1,000 or over. Co-operative, London Life and Mutual and Citizens' Rates are for quarterly payments.

I hondon Life Rates are for exact age stated, but are apportioned for actual age at time of purchase.

Sun Life of Canada—Rates for exact ages.

THIS Table shows amount of Annuity granted for every free paid. The age is calculated from the last birthday, but many offices quote intermediate rates for every half or quarter year. By some a proportionate amount is payable to day of death. Some Companies pay whole or part of stamp duty. [For Notes see page 52.]

The Annuity is calculated as payable half-yearly. In some cases the quarterly rate is the same; in others it is a little less. Some offices grant special terms in case of impaired lives.

OFFICE.	Ī_			M	AL	ES.				1		-	1	EM.	LES			_
OFFICE.	Age	50	A	e 60	1	Age	65.	Ag	e 7a.	1	ige 5	o.	Age	60	Age	65.	Age	70.
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In the following pages, Offices marked G transact the chief classes of Insurance, i.e., Fire, Life, Burglary, Motor, Employers' Liability, &c., whilst those who transact only a particular class or classes are marked accordingly.

Est'd.	Nature of Business.	Name of Company.	Address of Head and London Offices.
1883	G	Abstainers and General'	[142, Edmund-street, Birmingham; 213, Kings way, W.C. 2.
1904	Life	African Life	[Johannesburg; River Plate House, Finsburg   circus, E.C. s.
844	G	Alliance	Bartholomew-lane, E.C. s.
927	Mc	AnglianArmy, Navy, and General	Anglian Ho., 35-37, Chiswell-street, E.C. z. Trafalgar Ho., Waterloo Pl., Pall Mall, S.W.:
1904 1918	G, except Line	Atlantic	36-37. Old Jewry, E.C. s.
808	G	Atlas	36-37, Old Jewry, E.C. z. gz, Cheapside, E.C. z.
1849	Life	Australian Mutual Provident.	os, Cheapside, E.C. s. Sydney; 73-76, King William-street, E.C. 4. Southampton-row, W.C. r. Cooper's Buildings, Church-street, Liverpoo Mutual-buildings, Darwen-street, Blackburner Menchurch Street E.G.
1905 1839	Fire, Burglary Life	BaptistBlackburn Assurance	4, Southampton-row, W.C. z.   Cooner's Ruildings, Church-street   Linernoo
1863	Life	Blackburn Philanthropic	Mutual-buildings, Darwen-street, Blackbur
1925	M&F	Black Sea and Baltic	100, renemated Street, M.C. 3.
866	G	Britannic	Broad-st. Corner, Birmingham; 44-46, King way, W.C. a.
863	Marine	British and Foreign Marine	Liverpool; 3-4 & 5-6, Lime-street, E.C.3.
1898	Emp. Liab.	British Employers' Mutual	St. Thomas-street, Sunderland.
878	Machinery	British Engine, &c British Equitable	a4, Fennel-st., Manchester; 56, Kingsway, W.C.: Royal Exchange, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
854	G C	British General	66, Cheapside, E.C. 2.
888	G,except Life		31 & 32, King-street, Cheapside, E.C. 2.
896	Life	British Life	7, West George-street, Glasgow
908	G, except Life Life	British OakBritish Widows	63 & 64, Gracechurch-street, E.C. 3. 4 1, Oldtreet, E.C. x.
90a 86 x	Emp. Liab.	Builders' Accident	31 & 32, Bedford-street, Strand, W.C. 2.
805	G	Caledonian	19, George-st., Edin.; 5, Lothbury, E.C. s. Toronto; 2, St. James's-square, S.W. z
847	Life	Canada Life	Toronto; z, St. James's-square, S.W. z
903	G, except Life	Car and General	83, Pall Mall, S.W. z.
899) 906	Fire	Central	z, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
885	G	Century	[18, Charlotte-sq., Edin.; 7, Leadenhall-stree] E.C. 3.
900	Fire	City Fire Office	St. Swithin's-house, St. Swithin's-lane, E.C. 4
886	Annuities	Clergy Pensions	53, Tufton-street, S.W. 1.
844	Life Life & P. A.	Clerical, Medical, and Gen Colonial Mutual	15, St. James's-square, S.W. 1. Melbourne. 4, St. Paul's Churchyard, E.C. 4
873 861	G	Commercial Union	24, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
871	Life	Confederation	Toronto; Bush-house, Aldwych, W.C. z.
89x	G	Congregational	az, Apsley-crescent, Bradford.
867	G	Co-operative	Corporation-street, Munchester; 42, Kingswa
1905	G. except Life	Cornhill	3s, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
807	{G, ex. Life }	County Fire	so, Regent-street, W. z.
300 300	( )	Dominion	Edinburgh : 108A, Cannon-street, E.C. 4.
909		Drapers' and General	ros and ros. Newgate-street, E.C. r.
904	G	Eagle, Star and British Dom	(z, Threadneedle-street, E.C. z; 3-6, Lime street; and 30-3z, Moorgate, E.C. z.
887	G	Ecclesiastical	z, Norfolk-street, Strand, W. C. z.
90I	G	Economic	zo, Fenchurch-street, E.C. 3.
803	G	Edinburgh	s6, George st., Edin.; 3, Birchin-lane, E.C. 3
880	G	Employers' Liability	Hamilton House, Victoria Embankment, E.C.
898		Employers Mutual	(zz, Charlotte square, Edinburgh; Melbourn house, Aldwych, W.C. z.
762	Life	Equitable	house, Aldwych, W.C. s. zg, Coleman-street, E.C.s. zs, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C. s.
844 80a	Life Kire & Acc	Equity and Law	Colebester: a & & Kingstreet F.C.
894	Fire & Acc. G. except Life	Essex and Suffolk	Colchester; 7 & 8, King-street, E.C. 2. 50-52, Lime-street, E.C. 3.
1900	G. except Life	Farmers' Finance and Ins	County Insurance-buildings, York.
1904		Federated Employers'	18, King-street, Manchester; and 15-16, Georg
800	_	Fine Art and General	street, E.C. 4. So and so, Cheapside, E.C. 2.
832	Life	Friends' Prov. and Century	(7, Leadenhall-street, E.C. 3; 18, Charlott square, Edinburgh.

520		Directory of Insur	ance Companies.
st d.	Nature of Business.	Name of Company.	Address of Head and London Offices
885	G	General Accident	Perth ; General-buildings, Aldwych, W.C. a
837	Life	General Life	General-buildings, Aldwych, W.C. z.
837 848	Life	Gresham Life	188-100 Fleet-street E C 4
OIO		Gresham Fire and Accident	188-190, Fleet-street, E.C. 4.
840	G G	Guarantee Society	Sun Court, Cornhill, E.C. 3.  68, King William-street, E.C. 4.  83 & 84, Queen-street, E.C. 4.  48 & 49, Dame-st., Dublin.  Physical Riversides.
<b>8</b> 61 919	A excentlife	Guildhall	82 & Sa. Queen-street. E.C. 4
908	G. except Life	Hiberulan	48 & 40. Dame-st., Dublin.
932	Life	Ideal Life	
824	Marine	Indomnity Mutual	Lioya s-buildings, E.C. 3.
880	Emp. Liab.	Iron Trades Employers'	82, Victoria-street, S.W. 1.
89s)	G. except Life	Law Accident	5, Chancery-lane, W.C. z.
907 / 845)	G. except Life	Law Fire	114, Chancery-lane, W.C. s.
806	G	Law Union and Rock	7, Chancery-lane, W.C. a.
907	G	Legal	Legal Ins. building, s31, Strand, W.C. s.
836	G	Legal and General	7, Chancery-lane, W.C. s. Legal Insbuilding, s21, Strand, W.C. s. 10, Fleet-street, E.C. 4. 24-28, Moorgate, E.C. s.
890	u. except Life	Life Assoc. of Scotland	Se Princes et Edinh . as Rishoverete F.C.
838 836	Life	L'pool & London & Globe	8a. Princes-st., Édinb.; 28, Bishopsgate, E.C. 1, Dale-street, Liverpool; 1, Cornhill, E.C. 2
866		L'pool & London Plate Glass	14, Dale-street, Liverpool.
918	G. except Life	Liverpool Marine and General	
843	Life	Liverpool Victoria	7, Lesdennall-street, E.C. 3. Victoria House, Southampton-row, W.C. 1. 1. 2 & 2. Queen-street Place, E.C. 4.
890	G except Life	Local Government Guarantee	
86z	G. except Life	London & Laucashire	(7, Chancery-lane, W.C. s (Chief Administration); 155, Leadenhall-street, E.C. 3.
86a	G	London and Scottish	(King William Street House, Arthur-street E.C 4.
86a	G. ex. Marine	London and Manchester	50, Finsbury-square, E.C. s.
885	Plate-glass	London & Manch. Plate (lass	Broad-street House, Old Broad-street, E.C.
86o	G. except Life	London and Provincial Marine	4, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C. 3. 12, King William-street, E.C. 4; 257, Leade
720	G	London Assurance	t, Aing William-street, E.C. 4; 157, Leade hall-street, E.C. 3. (Marine.) London House, 27-28, Newgate-street, E.C.
906	G	London General	London House, 27-28, Newgate-street, E.C.
869	G. except Life	London Guarantee and Acci-	4-5, King William-street, E.(', 4.
0.4	110-	dent London Life	8z, King William-street, E.C. 4.
806 887	Life Life	Manufacturers	Toronto; z, Regent-street, S.W.z.
836	Marine	Marine	150, Leadenhall-street, E.C 2
858	Life &c.	Marine and General	159, Leadenhall street, E.C. 3. 48, Fenchurch-street, E.C. 3.
864	Marine	Maritime	Liverpool: Lloyd's-buildings, E.C. 3. 300, High Holborn, W.C. 1. 3 & 4, 5 & 6, Linne-street, E.C. 3.
884	Life & P.A	Med , Sickness, Ann. and Life	300, High Holborn, W.C. z.
871	Marine	Merchanta' Marine	3 & 4, 5 & 6, Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Winchester House, Victoria-square, Birmin
898	Emp. Liab.	Midland Employers' Mutual	ham.
896	Plate-glass	Midland Mutual Plate Glass	soo, Wolverhampton-street Dudley.
006	G. except Life	Motor Union	10, St. James's street, S.W.
903 886	Fire &c.	Municipal Mutual	25-27, Old Queen-street, Westminster, S. W.:
	Life & Acc.	Mutual Life and Citizens'	Sydney; I. Lancaster-place, Strand, W.C. a
899	G .	Mutual Property	Manchester: Empire House St. Mastin's.
864	Boilers, &c.	National Boiler	zs, Whitehall, S.W. z., Manchester; Empire House, St. Martin's-l Grand, E.C. z.
924	G. except Life	National Employers' Mutual	10, St. Mary Axe, K.U. 3.
910	G ex. Life &)	National Farmers Union	Church-street, Stratford-on-Avon.
ł	Marine J	National of Great Britain	Glasgow; 3, Birchin-lane, E.C. 3.
863	(Guar., &c. )	National Guaran. & Suretyship	
830	Life	National Mutual Life	39, King-street, Cheapside, E.C. s. 5, Cheapside, E.C. s.
200	Life	National Mutual of Austral National Provident	48, Gracechurch-street, E.C. 3.
835 854	Life Plate Glass	National Provincial	66, Ludgate-hill, E.C. 4.
981	NavalOficrs.	Navigators & General	Finsbury-court, Finsbury-pavement, E.C. s.
- 1	irisk, &c. 5	New Iroland	
909	G.except Life	North and South	Dublin; g, Bishopsgate, E.C. a. Orleans House, Edmund-street, Laverpuol.
809	Q .	North British and Mercantile	(64, Princes-street, Edinburgh; 61, Threa needle-street, E.C. a.
836	G I	Northern	z, Union-ter., Aberdsen; z, Moorgate, E.C. z. Norwich; so, Fleet-street, E.C. 4.

1			322
Est'd.	Nature of Business.	Name of Company.	Address of Head and London Office.
1808	Life	Norwich Union Life	Norwick ; 49, Fleet-street, E.C. 4.
1871	G.except Life Marine	Ocean Accident	36-44, Moorgate, E.C. s. 37-9, Lime-street, E.C. 3.
1859 1886	G.except Life	Palatine	r & s, Royal Exchange Buildings, E.C. 3.
1864	G	Pearl	242. High Helborn, W.C. z.
1783 1891	G Life & Acc.	Phœnix	Phoenix House, King William-street, E.C. 4. 67, Dale-street, Liverpool.
1919	Motor	Premier Motor Policies	Melbourne Ho., Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W.C.a.
1866	Fire & Emp. )	Primitive Methodist	York.
1840	Life	Provident Mutual Life	ag-31, Moorgate, E.C. s.
1865	G.except Life	Provident Accident and White	Kinnsird House, Pall Mall East, S.W. z.
1877	Life	Provident Assocn. of London	
1003	G.except Life	Provincial	Provident House, Bishopsgate, E.C. 2.  Kendal: 32, Old Jewry, E.C. 2.  Holborn-bars, E.C. 2.
1848	G	Prudential	Holborn-bars, E.C. z.
1886	Fire Marine	Queensland	Sydney; zz, Birchin-lane, E.C. 3.
1849	G.except Life	Railway Passengers	64, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
1864	Motor Life	Red Star Association Refuge	27, Leadenhall-street, E.C. 3. Oxford St <i>Manchester</i> ; 133, Strand, W.C. 2. 1, Walworth-road, Elephant and Castle, S.E. 17.
1906	G.except Life	Reliance Fire and Accident .	z, Walworth-road, Elephant and Castle, S.E. 17.
1881	Marine & Fire	Reliance Marine	Liverpool; 3-4, Lime-street, E.C. 3.
1823	Reversions	Reversionary Interest Society	29, Coleman-street, E.C. z. Grosvenor Buildings, Hyde Park Corner,
1918	G.except Life		8.W. z.
1845	G G	Royal Exchange	Liverpool; 24-28, Lombard-street, E.C.3. Royal Exchange, E.C. 2.
1730	Life	Royal Liver	Liverpool.
1861	G	Royal London	Royal London House, Finsbury-square, E.C. a.
1887	Pensions Life	Royal Nat. Pension (Nurses) Salvation Army	
	G. ex. Life &	Salvation Army Fire	132, Queen Victoria-street, E.C. 4.
1909	Emp. Liab.	Scottish Amicable	
1826 1919	Life G.except Life	Soutish Automobile and Gen.	Glasgow; 17, Tokenhouse-yard, E.C. s. Glasgow; 40, Piccadilly, W. 1.
1881	G.except Life	Scottish Boiler	Glasgow; 40, Piccadilly, W. 1. Glasgow; Sun Court, 66-67 Cornhill, E.C. 3.
1831	Life G	Scottish Equitable . Scottish Insurance	28, St. Andrew-sq., Edinb.; 13, Cornhill. E.C. 3. 115, George-st., Edinb.; 110, Cannon-st., E.C.4.
1877	Indus. Life	Scottish Legal	(Bothwell-st., Glasgow; Golden Cross House, Trafalgar-sq., W.C. s.
1853		Scottish Life	l'rafalgar-sq., W.C. s.
1881	Life & Acc.		19, St. Andrewsu, Edinb.; 9, King-st., E.C 2. (Edinburgh; King William House, Arthur-
1876	G	Scottish Metropolitan	Edinburgh; King William House, Arthur- street, E.C. 4.
1837	Life	Scottish Provident	(6, St. Andrew-sq., Edinburgh; 3, Lombard-st., E.C.3.
1877	Reversions	Scottish Reversionary	33, Charlotte Square, Edinburgh.
1883	Life & Acc.	Scottish Union and National	109, St. Vincent-st., Glasg.; 3, Cheapside, E.C.a.
1844	Life	Scottish Widows'	9, St. Andrew-sq., Edinb.; 28, Cornhill. E.C. 2.
1875		Sea	33, Charlotte Square, Edinburgh. 109, St. Vincent.st., Glasg.; 3, Cheapside, E.C.a. 135, St. Andrew-sq., Edinb.; 5, Walbrook, E.C.4. 15, St. Andrew-sq., Edinb.; 36, Combill, E.C. 3, (Liverpool; 31, Cornhill, E.C. 3 (Marine); 25, Abdurghlane, E.C. 4 (Nicenter)
1872	-	South British	Abchurch lane, E.C. 4 (Fire, etc.).  New Zealand; s., Cowper's-crt., Cornhill, E.C. 3.
1891	Life	Southern Life	Cape Town; Bush House, Aldwych, W.C. a.
1805	Life	Standard Life	(3, George-st., Edinb.; 46, Queen Victoria-st., L.C. 4.
1871	Marine	Standard Mariue	Be and Co Exchange-buildings, Liverpool.
1891	G. except Life	State	
1710	G. except Life Life	Sun Life	63. Threadneedle-street. E.C 2.
1865	Life	Sun Life of Canada	63, Threadneedle-street, E.C. a. 63, Threadneedle-street, E.C. a. Montreal: s, & 4, Cockspur-st, S.W. s. {Linerpool; Lloyd's Bldg., Leadenhall-street,
186o	Marine	Thames and Mersey	Linerpool; Lloyd's Bldg., Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
1867	Marine	Ulster Marine	Belfast.
1714		Union Assurance	z & z, Royal Exchange-buildings, E C 3.
1907	Marine	Union Marine	11, Dale-st., Liverpool; 1, Fenchurch-av., E.C.3.
1915	G. except Life	United British	1. 2 & 2. Queen-street-place, E.C. 4.
1902	G. except Life Life	United Legal Indemnity	6, Norfolk-street, Strand, W.C. a.
1908	G. except Life	United Kingdom Prov Universal Automobile	196, Strand, W.C. s. 16s, Buckingham Palace-road, S.W. z.
1825	Life	University	as, Pail-mall, S.W. r.

522		Insurance Directory—A	dvice to Assurants.
Mst'd	Nature of Business.	Name of Company.	Address of Head and London Offices.
1919 1859 1875	Reinsurance Boilers, &c. G. except Life	Vulcan Boiler and General	73-76, King William-street, E.C. 4.  Manchester; 3, Gracechurch-street, E.C. 4.  21, Ironmouger-lane, E.C. 2.
1911	G. except Life	Welsh Insurance Corpn	Cardif; King William House, Arthur-
1841 1798 1886		Wesleyan and General Wesleyan Methodist Preachers West of Scotland	Steelhouse-lane, Birmingham. 70A, Basinghall-street, E.C. a. Glasgow; St., Cannon-street, E.C.4.
1851	(Fire Acc. & ) (Marine	Western	Toronto; 14, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
1912	G Life & Acc.	Western Australian	Perth; 36 & 37, Old Jewry, E.C. a a34, St. Vincent-street, Glasgow.
1717	G. except Life	Westminster Fire	27, King-street, Covent-garden, W.C. 2.
1919	Fire, Acc. &)	World Auxily. Ins. Corpn., Ltd.	30, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
1894	(Fire, Acc. &)	World Marine	4, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C. 3.
186a		Yangtaze Ins. Assoc	Shanghai; 78/80, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
1884	G	Yorkshire	(St. Helen's-square, York; "Yorkshire Ho." 66-67, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
1872	G. except Life	Zurich General Acc. and Liab.	Fairfax Ho., Fulwood-pl., High Holborn, W.C. t.

ADVICE REGARDING LIFE ASSURANCE.

Apart from the immediate protection thereby given, a life or endowment assurance policy. if effected in a first-class bonus-paying company, provides exceptional opportunity for the remu-nerative investment of savings. Policyholders can claim relief from Income Tax in respect of life assurance premiums not exceeding in amount one-sixth of their income, where the death risk is involved.

The selection of the office best suited to requirements and likely to produce the best results should be carefully made, but the study of any tables or suggestions is not sufficient to enable persons without technical knowledge to gauge the respective merits of the various companies. There are many good offices, and in the most select class some are better adapted than others for particular purposes, and large sums may be saved or earned by intending proposers through obtaining reliable advice before a proposal is made.

Medical examinations are sometimes dispensed with in the case of new proposals, but policies in these instances are sometimes subject to certain restrictive conditions.

In view of the fact that life assurance premiums are governed by age, it is advisable to produce a birth certificate or other satisfactory evidence of this, when effecting a Policy. It is not always asked for then but is required by the offices before the policy monies are paid.

INQUIRIES.—On receipt of an inquiry containing particulars of requirements (accompanied by \$s.) addressed to "The Insurance Editor, zs., Warwick-lane, E.C. 4," advice will be given as to the system and policies hest adapted to the special requirements. Inquiries should state the date of birth of the person who requires the Insurance. The following are suggested as

the policies most likely to be required:—

(a) Whole Life—With and without profits.

(b) ,, —With limited number of payments.

,, -Reduced premium for first / (c) 5 years.
(d) Endowment—With and without profits.

-Reduced premium for first f) Family Income Policies.

(g) Children's Insurances—Educational, &c.

HOW TO ASSIGN When a Policy is assigned by way of Mortgage, when a rolley is assigned by way of horegage, it is better to employ a solicitor; but when the Assignment is absolute, i.e., when a Policy is sold out and out, his services may be dispensed

The Assignment may be in the following form, and the document must be stamped by the Inland Revenue Stamp Office :

I, (name)....., of (address)....., in the County of ....., (occupation)...., in consideration of the sum of (pounds)..... paid to me by (name)....., of (address)...., in the County of ..... numbered ......., and dated ......., and all monies assured by or to become payable thereunder. *And I hereby certify that the A LIFE POLICY.

transaction hereby effected does not form part or a larger transaction, or of a series of transactions, in respect of which the amount or value, or the aggregate amount or value, of the consideration exceeds five hundred pounds.*

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this ...... day of ............. 19 .... Signed, sealed and delivered) by the above-named, in the

presence of-Name..... Address ..... -----

Notice of the Assignment should be sent, in duplicate, to the Head Office of the Company immediately on execution. The Company is entitled to charge a fee of five shillings for registration, and will retain one copy and the charge of the world be necessarily to the property of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the other will be returned with acceptance of service endorsed thereon.

· This paragraph should be omitted when not applicable

At the end of regr the voluntary membership for Great Britain of registered Friendly Societies (other than Collecting Societies) was 7,742,267, and their relative funds £222,868,762. Following are particulars of some of the principal societies of various types. Names are in some instances abbreviated :-

Established	Name of Society.	Funda.	Voluntary Kembership
	"Orders," i.e. Sooleties with Branches-	£	
810	Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Manchester Unity	22,008,913	738,46
834	Ancient Order of Foresters	14.418.748	759,00
:835	Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity	4,573,920	616,06
8=6	Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity	0 004 200	a60,61
855	Order of the Sons of Temperance	1,558,553	311,77
845 860	British Order of Ancient Free Gardeners	845,048	64,03
781	United Ancient Order of Druids	687,618 644,988	46,31
858	Order of Druids	570,223	83,38 85,14
-3-	Other Aggungulating Sickness Societies—		-3,14
848	Hearts of Oak Benefit Society	27.766.487	465,xa
800	Foreman's Mutual Benefit Society	8,370,500	17,17
837	Rational Association	T.482 T.F	153,63
863	Shaffield Equalised Independent Druids	1.164.602	70,84
865	G W Rly Enginemen & Kiramen's &c. Society	v ava Rad	18,37
874	L.M. & S. Rly. (L.N.W.) Provident & Pension Society	1,082,719	42,17
	Deposit Societies-		
868	National Deposit Friendly Society	8,710,688	1,170,11
878	Teachers' Provident Society		86,10
893	Ideal Benefit Society		65,66
681	Tunbridge Wells Equitable Friendly Society		90,81
908	U.K. Commercial Travellers' Benefit Society		8,99
887	Wiltshire Working Men's Conservative Benefit Society	808,840	37.91
	Dividing Societies— †London General Omnibus Co.'s Employees' Friendly Society		_
914 891	They Tabernacle Sick and Provident Society		45,83
991	West Green P.S.A. Slate Club	-4-,	18,20
you	Death and Burial Societies—	7,757	18,07
844	Coventry Church General Burial Society	90,353	83,61
845	Manchester District A O K Wriendly Family &c Society	85,380	
890	Amalgamated Engineers' Widows' & Orphans' Provident Society	60,348	3,34
-,-	Widows' & Orphans' Relief Societies-	00,340	0,5
752	Society for Reposit of Widows of Officers &c (Royal Artillary)	363.484	- 41
816	Royal Army Medical Corps Officers' W. & O. Friendly Society	223,319	35
	Royal Army Medical Corps Officers' W. & O. Friendly Society Societies for Providing Institutional Treatment	0.5	· •
906	Post Office Sanatorium	31,600	116,24
908	Printers' Medical Aid & Sanatoria	6,013	37,49
_	Medical Aid Society		
847	Great Western Railway Medical Fund Society	42,986	14,88
	Societies Providing Other Types of Benefit-		
878	Lancashire & Ches. Miners Pt. Relief Society(provides Accident Benefit)		43,89
983	Corporation of City of Glasgow. &c. (Superannuation)	2,974,379	20,96
	Incorporation of Carters in Leith		
555	United General Sea Box of Borrowstounness		
670	Westernity of Dyers in Linlithony	10,452	4
701	Fraternity of Dyers in Linlithgow	5,9 <del>0</del> 9 7,166	
703	Norman Society	7,100 2,930	1
708	Society of Lintot	2.180	
718	Goldsmiths' Friendly Society	4,254	
	Collecting Societies ++	77.04	,
843	Liverpool Victoria Friendly Society	87.282.CRR	9,358,40
850	Royal Liver Friendly Society Scottish Legal Life Assurance Society	18.318.16	5,034,5
8ga	Scottish Legal Life Assurance Society	6,012,724	8,276,6
:862	City of Glasgow Friendly Society	1.240.048	460,7

[•] Figures given as at end of 1938 Figures in membership column for "Collecting Societies," represent the members of assurances.

4. Annual Division of Sick Fund about \$23,000.

4. Annual Division about \$13,000.

5. Annual Division about \$13,000.

5. Annual Division about \$13,000.

6. Annual Division about \$13,000.

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6. Annual Division about \$13,000.

6. Annual Divi

Building Societies are for the most part as-sociations incorporated with limited liability under the Building Societies Acts. The exceptions are a few societies established prior to assist their members in acquiring dwelling houses, business premises, or other freehold or leasehold property, foroccupation or investment. Members' subscriptions are accumulated in a fund which may be augmented by deposits and land which may be augmented by deposits and loans, and advances are made from the fund to assist members in the purchase of properties. Security for advances is given by a mortgage upon the property purchased. Many, if not most, of the earlier societies were terminating. In these societies the share subscriptions were accumulated until there was sufficient capital secuminated until there was sunctent capitals to make an advance to a member upon mortgage, and the right to an advance, or as it was called an "appropriation," was conferred upon the fortunate member as a result of a ballot among the members who had not already received advances, or by sale to the member bidding the advances, or by sale to the member budging the ap-highest premium for the privilege of the ap-propriation. By later legislation, however, balloting for advances was prohibited for new societies. The Acts define a terminating society as one in which the rules provide for the ter-mination of the society at a fixed date, or when a result specified in its rules is attained. Usually the rules provide that a society shall terminate when all the members have received advances. Terminating societies have been almost entirely superseded by the permanent societies, some of which have become very wealthy and important financial institutions.

All building societies are required to register their rules and file their accounts with the Registrar of Friendly Societies, who is also Registrar of Building Societies.

The lowering of the general level of interest rates, following the War Loan conversion in 1932, led many building societies to restrict the inflow of money for investment, and to reduce the rates of interest payable, at first on new but later on all shares and deposits. Towards the end of the year there was a reduction in the rate of interest charged on new mortgages, and subsequently many societies allowed some relief on old mortgages. During 1933 there have been further reductions in the rates of interest payable on shares and deposits, and also a further reduction in the rate charged on mortgages. The rate of interest on new mortgage advances to owneroccupiers is now stated to be g per cent. per annum. It is understood that the rates of interest payable to share investors vary among the large societies from 3% to 4% per cent. per annun, and that the rate payable to depositors is generally 3 per cent. per annum. In the later part of 1933 some of the large societies found it possible to relax restrictions which had been placed on the receipt of money for investment.

The Fourth International Congress of Building Societies was held in London in June, 1933. It was attended by delegates from 16 countries, including the United Kingdom. Building societies in the countries represented at the Congress number approximately 13,000, with assets exceeding £5,000,000,000. It is stated that the total membership is some 25,000,000. The following is a summary of particulars extracted from the Registrar's Report:

# BUILDING SOCIETIES, GREAT BRITAIN, 1932.

l								
Class.	Number.	Share Investors.	Advances during Year.	Share Capital.	Due to De- positors and otherCreditors.	Ralance Profit and Reserve.	Mortgage	Assețs.
Permanent— Incorporated Unincorporated Terminating	8so 30 164	1,638,813 37,304 28,050	£000'8 80,517 1,287 338	£000'8 374,690 4,850 1,316	£,000'8 65,711 684 383	£000'8 81,856 878 166	£000's 381,197 5,451 1,789	£000'8 80,460 361 136
TOTALS	1,014	1,692,167	82,142	380,856	66,778	81,700	388 377	80,957

## BUILDING SOCIETIES WITH MORE THAN £300,000 ASSETS AT END OF FINANCIAL YEAR 1932.

20				
Established.	Name of Society Address. (abbreviated).	Share Investors.	Advanced on Mortgage during Year.	Total Assets.
1853 1869 1866 1846 1846 1857 1851 1853 1865 1863 1905 1853 1859	ENGLAND.  Barnsley P., 12, Regent St., Barnsley	8,788 855 11,050 11,934 87,132 3,318 1,868 8,936	£5 247,943 58,185 76,606 87,60g 535,319 90,135 577,485 801,804	305, 113 443,550 4,462,866 319,780 4,458,800 6,830,221 13,076,830 1.144,653 587,337 573,882 471,547

N	, e	8.3	1
Name of Society Address. (abbreviated).	Share Investors	Advanced on Mortgage during Year.	Total Assets.
ENGLAND (continued)—		عر	£
Burnley—Borough, 12, Nicholas St., Burnley			2,568,77
U)Cambridgeshire P. B., 6, Post Office Terrace, Cambridge CarlialeCumberland Co-consentive R as Fisher St. Carliale	2,354	76,795	366,6 2,358,3
Chatham & Dist. Reliance P. a. Military Road, Chatham	2,636	113.034	511,5
Cheltenham & Gloucester, 18, Clarence St., Cheltenham	14,584	865,465	5,274,2
Cheshunt P. B., 226, Crossbrook St., Cheshunt, Waltham Cross			1,145,7
Coine for Market St. Coine	2.090	87.878	355,5 696,5
Coventry P. Economic, 19 & 20, High St., Coventry	15,133	384.086	2,107,8
Provident P 30, Hertford St., Coventry	3,850	94,060	593,5 1,763,0
Darlington Equit., Church Row, Market Place, Darlington	7,198	285,369	1,763,0
Derhyshire P R a Iron Gate Derhy	3,007	£67.842	589,6
Dewsbury&W.Riding P. B., Mech's Instn., Church St., Dewsb'ry			3.107,3 1,188,8
Dudley & Dist. B., 224, Market Place, Dudley, Worcs	4,313	202,165	763,9
Eastbourne Mut., 49A, Grove Rd., Eastbourne	2,652		828,6
Exeter B. Upper raul St., Exeter Freter		50,225	357,3 598,9
Furness & S. Cumberland P. B., 26. Cornwallis St., Barrow-	2,402	102,400	390,5
in-Furness	3,586	138,126	821,1
Grays Co-op. Mut. P. B. sa. New Rd., Grays	2,844	55,462	564,6
Grimsby & Cleethorpes P. B., 37, Bethlehein St., Grimsby		100,003	383,: 88,676,:
Hanley Econ. r. Albion Sq., Hanley, Stoke-on-Trent		104.314	447,1
Harrow-Cunningham P., Cunningham Ho., Bessboro' Rd.,	-1/43		
11 BTTOW	2,348	116,645	760,7
Hastings P., 29 & 30, Havelock Rd., Hastings	7,131	456,780	2,318,0 750,0
Hinckley & Country P. B. o. Castle St., Hinckley	2.775	88.400	750,0 522,4
& S. Leicestershire P. B., 27, The Borough, Hinckley	4,484	158,655	748,3
, P., 3z, Castle St., Hinckley	3,397	91,373	401.7
Huddersfield, Britannia Bldgs., St. Peter's St., Huddersfield	17,906	2,027,020	22,847,6 388,6
ID & Suffolk P. B., 44. Unper Brook St., Inswich			300,0 995,8
U) Eastern Counties P. B. 22. Queen St., Ipswich			2,525,5
Jarrow-Tyne Commercial P., 10, Grange Rd. West, Jarrow	I,493	36,700	399,2
Keighley & Craven P. B. Cooke St., Keighley	6,772	371,839	3,886,4
Leads and Holbeck vos Albion St. Leads	1,937	212.700	416,1 2,042,0
P., Permanent House, The Headrow, Leeds	54,037		10,046,
" Provincial, 26, Albion St., Leeds	20,180	746,958	19,046, 3,886,
Leek & Moorishos, 15. Stockwell St., Leek	17.204	710,764	3,779,9
Leicester P. Walford Ho. Welford Place, Leicester	42.208	309,319 T.054.685	2,080,8 10,887,3
Temp. & Gen. P. 13, Belvoir St., Leicester	14,630		1,967,
Lewes Co-operative B., rt, High St., Lewes	4,192	209,420	827,4
Liverpool Investment, 67, Lord St., Liverpool	4,337	443,793	1,762,0
	275 825	2.548,600	40,721,4
Camberwell & S. London, 8, Camberwell Green, S.E. 5	1,451		455,1
Chelsea P., 8z, King's Road, S.W. 3	I,489	100,517	430,1
Comparative P. New Oxford House, Hart St. W.C.	7,004		2,348,4 16,317,3
Equity P., x64A. Strand. W.C. a	2.445		480,4
Finchley, 4 High St , N. Finchley, N. 18	1,154	80,990	368,6
Fourth City, 34, London Wall, E.C. a	4,628	308,765	1,729,4 671,1
,, P.O. Mut., 181, Queen Victoria St., E.C. 4	3,056	230,341	671,1
Hearts of Oak P., 40, Oxford St. W. v	7.003		797,0
Lambeth, 212. Westminster Bridge Rd., S.E. 1	1,880		835,
Magnet, Magnet House, Paddington Green, W. s	6,175	538,470	2,370.
National, National House, 16-18, Moorgate, E.C. 2	101,679	4,256,565	21,076,0
People's Coop P 199 Greenwich Rd S E		257,032	1,155,1 349,2
Planet, 7. Finsbury Sq., E.C. 2		187.844	1,079,
Portman, 14, Orchard St., W. 1	13,518	1,120,993	4,394,5
Reliance P., 25/6 Percy St., Tottenham Court Rd., W. 1	1,724	61,711	3x1,3 670,4
	Burnley—Borough, 1s. Nicholas St., Burnley (U)Cambridgeshire P. B., 6, Post Office Terrace, Cambridges  Carlisle—Cumberland Co-operative B., 38, Fisher St., Carlisle Chatham & Dist. Reliance P., 2, Military Road, Chatham Cheltenham & Glouceater, 28, Clarence St., Cheltenham Cheltenham & Glouceater, 28, Clarence St., Cheltenham Cheshunt P. B., 126, Crossbrook St., Cheshunt, Waltham Cross Colchester Equit. St. Peter's Ch'rs. High St., Colchester Colne, 6s, Market St., Colne Coventry P. Economic, 19 & 20, High St., Coventry Provident P., 30, Hertford St., Coventry Darlington Equit., Church Row, Market Place, Darlington Derbyshire P. B., 7, Iron Gate, Derby. Dewsbury&W. Riding P. B., Mech's Instn., Church St., Dewsb'ry Dudley & Dist. B., 224, Market Place, Dudley, Worcs Eastbourne Mut., 493, Grove Rd., Eastbourne Exeter B. Upper Paul St., Exeter  —, Provident P., 124, Bedford Circus, Exeter  Furness & S. Cumberland P. B., 36, Cornwallis St., Barrow- in-Furness Grays Co-op. Mut. P. B. 22, New Rd., Grays Grimsby & Cleethorpes P. B., 37, Bethlehem St., Grimsby Halifax, Permanent Bidgs., Commercial St., Halifax Hanrow—Cunningham P., Cunningham Ho., Bessboro' Rd., Hastings P., 29 & 30, Havelock Rd., Hastings  Hinckley & Country P. B., 9, Castle St., Hinckley  Huddersfield, Britannia Bidgs., St. Peter's St., Huddersfield Ipswich & Dist. P. B., 8, Northgate St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  (U)  — Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St	Burnley—Borough, zs. Nicholas St., Burnley  (U)Cambridgeshire P. B., 6, Pust Office Terrace, Cambridge	Burnley—Borough, 18, Nicholas St., Burnley (Ucambridgeshire P. B., 6, Pust Office Terrace, Cambridge

Westbourne   Park   P.   Westbourne   Grove, W.s.   34, 321   3,857,400   31,545   34, 321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321   34,321		Name of Society Address. (altbreviated).	Share Investors.	Advanced on Mortgage during Year.	Total Assets.
Woulwich Equit.   113, Powis St.   S.   18   34,221   36,73,489   11,324   22,37   34,461   22,37   34,461   22,37   34,461   23,37   34,461   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37   24,37		England (Continued)— Temperance P., 4, Ludgate Hill, E.C. 4	9,980	-	£ 5,057,0
## Onorthern Counties P., z., Market St., Newcastle on Tyne	1		34,221	2,863,409	11,542,
## ", —Northern Counties P., z, Market St., Newcastle on Tyne		Macclesfield—Cheshire, Castle St., Macclesfield	59,907	213,660	948,
##Northern Counties P., z, Market St., Newcastle on Tyne		Market Harborough, Northampton Rd., Market Harboro'	6,205		901,
Northern Counties P., s, Market St., Newcastle on Tyne   1,531   12,532   12,534   13,535   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,793   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345   13,345	1	Nelson-Marsden, z, Russell St., Nelson	2,940		1,039, 564,
##Northern Counties P., z, Market St., Newcastle on Tyne	1	Newcastle on Tyne P., 22/6, (frainger St. W., Newcastle on Tyne	0.883	448.348	2,979
##Northern Counties P., z, Market St., Newcastle on Tyne	1	" ,, —Crown, az, Eldon Sq., Newcastle on Tyne	1,788	74,468	574,
## 1. *** *** **************************		-Northern Counties P., a, Market St., Newcastle	2,390		1,007,
Newport				395,690	2,213,
Newport			1,531	594.579	490, 2,929,
Newport	1	,, Royal Arcade P., ay, Grey St., Newcastle on Tyne		51,345	316,
Newport		,, , — Universal P., 7, Grey St., Newcastle on Tyne Newcastle—N. Staffs. P. Econ. B., r King St., Newcastle,			1,1 <i>7</i> 0, 640,
Northampton Conservative, 60, Gold Mt. Northampton   7, 10 m/s & County R. 8.5, Abington St., Northampton   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 21,000   7, 2		Newport-Moninouthanire and S. Wales, I. Friary Chrs.,	-,77-	100,-34	
Northwich, 1, High St., Bull Ring, Northwich   1,507   20,300   32   30,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,4	1	Dock St., Newport		87,375	460,
Northwich, 1, High St., Bull Ring, Northwich   1,507   20,300   32   30,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,4		Town & County. B. As. Abington St., Northampton		781.008	
Northwich, 1, High St., Bull Ring, Northwich   1,507   20,309   32   30,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,400   34,4	1	North Shields P., 75, Howard St., N. Shields	3,087	96,151	
Cliey, 40, Boroughgate, Otley		,, —Standard, &, Church Way, N. Shields			506, 356,
Cliey, 40, Boroughgate, Otley		Northwich, z, High St., Bull Ring, Northwich	2,677	80,370	1 2XD.
Otley, 40, Boroughaste, Otley Padham, 18, Rowerby 84. Padham, Burnley Radman, 18, Rowerby 84. Padham, Burnley Redditch, 18, Church Green West, Redditch Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch Redditch B., Church Green Redditch Redditch B., Church Green Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch Redditch R			9,464		2,455 358
Scarborough s, York Pl., Searborough   3,394   113,479   50,394   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,		Otley, 40. Horougheate, Otley		187,975	445
Scarborough, S. York Pl., Searborough   3,394   123,449   6,200   8,400,000   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400   5,400		Padiham, 18, Sowerby St., Padiham, Burnley	2,212	88,602	059
Scarborough, s, York Pl., Searborough   3,394   33,349   8heerness & Gillingham P., Broadway, Sheerness   5,205   58,105   5,205   Skipton, 5g, High St., Skipton   5,795   South Shields   5,795   58,105   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095   1,095		Remarks—Isla of Thanet R. 46 Queen St., Remarks		210,381	393
Scarborough s, York Pl., Searborough   3,394   113,479   50,394   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,495   3,		Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch	4	76,815	1,038
Skipton, 59, High St., Skipton South Shields Commercial P., Barrington St., South Shields, 596  South Shields Commercial P., Barrington St., South Shields, 596  ", —Corporation P., 6, Aville Street, South Shields, 596  ", —Rigidie P., 63, King St., South Shields, 598  Stroud Provt. B., 4, Rowcroft, Stroud, 500  ", —Kigidie P., 63, King St., Sunderland, 599  ", —Kigidie P., 8, Kawcett St., Sunderland, 599  ", —Korking Hen's, Fawcett St., Walsall, 599  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., Chapel St., Walsall, 299  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., Chapel St., Walsall, 299  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., Waltham Abbey, Waltham, 299  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., Waltham Abbey, Waltham, 299  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., Waltham, 299  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs., 199  ", —Kourt Bank Chrs.		Rugby, Temple Bldgs., Rugby	5,239	109,531	751
Skipton, 3g, High St., Shipton South Shields Commercial P., Barrington St., South Shields, 256 , , , —Corporation P., 5, Saville Street, South Shields, 256 , , , —Righle P., 6g, King St., South Shields, 256 , , , —Righle P., 6g, King St., South Shields, 256 Strond Provt. B., 4, Rowcroft, Strond, 250 Sunderland—Indus. and Provt. P., 2g, John St., Sunderland, 250 , Working Men's, Yawcett St., Sunderland, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercial Rd., Swindon, 250 Swindon P., z. Commercia		Sheerness & Gillingham P., Broadway, Sheerness	6,300		I.OII
South Shields Commercial P., 8, Naville Street, South Shields,,,,,,,	1	Skipton, 59, High St., Skipton	5,785	582, 16e	1,800
Warwick & Warwickshire P. B., 24, Jury St., Warwick   3,724   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,		South Shields Commercial P., Barrington St., South Shields	1,030		430
Warwick & Warwickshire P. B., 24, Jury St., Warwick   3,724   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,		-Kligible P., 63, King St., South Shields	898	22,548	339
Warwick & Warwickshire P. B., 24, Jury St., Warwick   3,724   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,		Strond Provt. B., 4, Rowcroft, Strond	z,468	39,938	306
Warwick & Warwickshire P. B., 24, Jury St., Warwick   3,724   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,		Working Men's, Fawcett St. Sunderland	2,000	114,807	504
Warwick & Warwickshire P. B., 24, Jury St., Warwick   3,724   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,	1	Swindon P., z, Commercial Rd., Swindon	883	42,235	347
Warwick & Warwickshire P. B., 24, Jury St., Warwick   3,724   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,		Tyldesley P. B., County Bank Chrs., Chapel St., Tyldesley	1,352	25.225	300
Warwick & Warwickshire P. B., 24, Jury St., Warwick   3,724   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,758   3   3,754   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,755   3,		Wakali Mutual B., Estate Offices, 45, Bridge St., Walsall Watham Abbey P., 5, Church St., Waltham Abbey, Waltham	1,176	1	
tardiff—Principality, Rrincipality Bdgs., s7/9, Queen Street, Cardiff.—Scottanh. Scottanh.	- 1	Wannigh & Wannighabina P R at Tuny St Wannigh	1,383	172,304	78s
Cardiff—Principality, Principality Bdgs., s7/9, Queen Street, Cardiff		West Bromwich, 32z, High St., W. Bromwich	13.305	372,580	1,510
Cardiff—Principality, Principality Bdgs., s7/9, Queen Street, Cardiff		Wolverhampton Pholders P., 36, Lichfield St., Wolverhampton	6,774	240,578	, 1,841
Cardiff—Principality, Principality Bdgs., s7/9, Queen Street, Cardiff	,	,, & District F.,4z, Lichneid St., Wolverhampton	5,391	200,781 140,768	789
Cardiff 5,531 282,095 2,2	1	WALES,	5,524	126,415	699
Dunfermilue, 20, Cross Wynd, Dunfermilue	1	Cardiff	5,53 ²		i
Billiaburgh—Scottish Amicable, 72, George St., Edinburgh 8,482 446,995 2,3		Dunfermline, 20, Cross Wynd, Dunfermline	7,678	141,481	Sos
Norz(U) signifies "Unincorporated," s.e., formed prior to 1837 and working under the Act of 1836.	1			144,995	z,374

GT. BRITAIN		

401			
Denomination.	Standard Weight.	Least Current Weight.	Remedy of Weight.
GOLD COINS:	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
*Five Pound £5	616'37239	612'500	1.00
*Two Pound Za	246 54895	345 000	0.40
Sovereign £1	183'27447	122,200	0,30
Half-Sovereign zos.	61 63783	61 185	0'15
SILVER COINS:	3/-3		1 -3
&Crown ss	436.36363	_	8,000
Double Florin 4s	340 00000		z ·678
Half-Crown ss. 6d	#18.18181	_	1'264
Florin <b>28</b>	174'54545	-	0'997
Shilling rs	87.27272	i —	0 578
Sixpence 6d	43 63636	_	0.346
*Groat or 4d	30,00000	! —	0.203
Threepence 3d	81618 IR	l —	0.818
*Twopence ad	14'54545	_	0'144
*Penny zd	7'27272	_	0.082
BRONZE COINS:	,-,-	i	
Penny zd	145 83333		a'916
Halfpenny ¼d	87.50000	' —	1.750
Farthing ¼ d	43'75000	_	0.875
	79_/		

The "Remedy" is the amount of variation from standard permitted in fineness and in weight of coins when first issued from the Mint.

weight of coins when first issued from the Mint. Standard Gold contains twenty-two twenty-fourths (carats) of fine gold and two twenty-fourths of alloy; fineness, 916.65, or as carats; 240 troy ounces of standard gold are coined into 924 sovereigns and one half-sovereign; one troy ounce is, therefore, worth £3 178. 10½d, and one ounce of pure gold, on the same hasis, £448. 11½d. Durling 1933 the average market price of gold fluctuated in accordance with the Franc-sterling exchange, being 128/6 on Oct. 21. Bar Gold.—The "har," as purchased in the buillon market, is soo oz. troy (except for the Far East, which requires 100 c. bars). Standard Silver formerly consisted of thirty-seven-fortieths of fine silver and three-fortieths of alloy; fineness, 92. Silver for coinage, by an

seven-fortieths of fine silver and three-fortieths of alloy; fineness, say. Silver for coinage, by an Amending Act (zo Geo. V. ch. 3), consists of one-half silver, one-half silver; or in millesimal, fineness, 500; za troy ounces of 500 fineness are coined into 65 shillings.† (Another Standard, called the "New Sterling" or Britannia, of the fineness zz oz. zo dwt. (958-33), is practically obsolete. It is occasionally used, however, for high-class plact. The Average Yearly Price of Silver per standard Troy Ounce in the Loudon Market during the lastively every was as follows:—zoze. 5z.d.d.:

card Troy Ounce in the London Market during the lastivelveyears was as follows:—rgos, Sr.i.d.; 1999. 51.i.d.; 1999. 11.i.d.; 1

quoted in cents per troy ounce fine. In order to quoted in cents per troy ounce fine. In order to convert an English quotation into cents per onnee fine, first express the pence as a whole number and decimal fraction and then multiply by s res; to express a United States price on the English system, multiply the cents by o 455s. Thronse is an alloy of copper 95 parts, tin 4 parts, and zinc x part, or of copper 95½ parts, tin 2 narts and zinc x part, or of copper 95½ parts, tin 2 narts and zinc x part, or of copper 95.

3 parts and zinc z1/2 parts.

* lasted on special occasions.

† By law a shilling weighs one sixty-sixth of us on Troy; so or, of pure sliver would be used in coining 7s shillings of 98 fineness and use of 580 fineness.

† The largal weight of a penny is one-third, of the halfpenny one-fifth, and of the farthing one-tenth of an ounce avoirdupois; the halfpenny is one suck in diameter.

Tokens.-No person is allowed to coin any token to pass for, or as representing, bronze or other money, under a penalty of £20.

Melting of Coins.—The melting of British gold

and silver coin is prohibited.

Light Gold.—Any person to whom it is tendered should break, cut, or deface any gold coin below the least current weight; but under the provisions of the Coinage Act, 1891, and an Order in Council of March 16, 2891, light gold coin which has not been illegally dealt with is received by the Bank of England on behalf of the Mint at its full nominal value.

Bank of England Notes are issued for suns of not., £1, £5, £10, £20, £50; also for £100, £500, and £1,000.
Tressury Notes of the value of £1 and not. were replaced by Bank of England notes as from Normanbean and

November 25, 1938.

Bank Post Bills can be obtained at the Bank of England for amounts of £10 and over at seven days sight. They are issued for the full sum named thereon, without allowance for discount. No charge is made for bills so drawn : they may be obtained at the Chief Office of the Bank

of England in London, or at any of the branches. Legal Tender of Money.—Bank of England Notes of £1 and 10s. are legal tender in Great Britain and Northern Ireland for the payment of any amount, those of the higher denominations are legal tender in England and Wales only. Change cannot be demanded except from the Bank of England. Gold, if of or above the least current weight, is legal tender to any amount. Silver is legal tender for sums up to £a, and

bronze up to tad.

British Coinage Statistics.—During 1930 the number of coins struck at the Royal Mint was 185,090,308, of which 73,849,176 were Imperial, 27,797,632 Colonial, and 83,446,000 Foreign.

# BRITISH DOMINIONS.

Imperial Sterling Coins are the sole legal metallic currency in:

FALKLAND ISLANDS. NEW ZEALAND. Fiji. Gibraltar. St. Heiena. West Indies. *See also* Jamaica, *below*.

Special Coins are current in addition to the Imperial series in :-

AUSTRALIAN COMMONWEALTH. - Special florins, shillings, sixpences, and three-pences in silver, and pence and half-pence in bronze, of the same weights and composition as Imperial coins of these denominations, but of special designs, while the silver coins are of 500 fineness.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA. -Silver and bronze coins, bearing special designs, and corresponding to Imperial coins in denominations nations, weights and composition, except that the fineness of the silver is Soc. Currency Bill of 1932 provides for a florin and cent. currency.

British Guiana.—A special great or four-

pence.

pence.

BRITISH WEST AFRICA.—Silver and also "alloy metal," zz., zz., 5d., and zd., One penny, one halfpenny, and one-tenth penny (nickel-bronze).

GUERNSEY.—Eight doubles (= z penny), 4, z, and z double.

JAMAICA. - Nickel-bronze pence, halfpence, and farthings.

JERSEY. - Special pence, halfpence, and farthings MALTA.—One-third of a farthing (bronze).

	MONETARY UNIT	In B	ام\   ritish	Pieces to	Onen Clause	SILVER AND OTHER
Dominion.	(Standard Coin).	('nrr	ency.	the Pound Sterling	Gorb (,0148"	SCHAIDIARY COINS.
ADEN	(see India.)		•			
BRITISH	Gold Dollar .	4	11/3	4 867	British and	Silver-50, 25, & 10 cent
HONDURAS					United States.	Nickel-5 cents.
	a a della me			-		Bronze-cents. [cent
	8.8. dollar at fixed rating	2	4	8.57	•••	Silver-100, 50, 10 and Nickel-5, 2%, & 1 cen
BORNEO	HACK TACKER					Brouze-1 cent; 1/4 al
i						% cent rare.
CANADA	Silver Dollar on	4	11/3	4 867	Canadian Sio	32 cent rare. Silver—1 dollar, 50,
	gold hasis			, ,	& \$5: also	to, and 5 cents.
1					British gold &	Nickel-s cents.
( ) marr	Indian Rupee,		6	1/	U.S \$10 & \$5 British.	Bronze—cents. Silver—50, 25, & 10 cent
CRATOR	fixed rating	•	•	131/3	Dittibil.	Nickel—s cents.
						Copper-1, 1/2, & 1/4 cet
CYPRUS	Plastre	•	21/3	180	British.	Surr-49, 18, 9, 4% 8
						3 plastres.
<b>.</b>	(see France Ac.)				1	Bronze-1, 1/2, and
KAST AFRICA Hong Kong	(see Kenya, &c.) Dollar, Mexican	1	51/8*	14'015*	1	piastre. [cen Silver—50, 20, 10, and
(and LABUAN)	or British	•	3/8	14 612		Bronze cent.
INDIA	Rupee (fixed	1	6	13 33	British and	Silver-1/2 Rs (8 anns
	rating) = 16				15-rupee piece.	Silver-1/2 Rs (8 anna Cupro-Nickel (scollope
	annas = 64			l		1/4 Rs (4 annas).
	pice=194 pies			l	l	Nickel (square) round
				1	1	(scolloped) & R
				l	1	anua).
				l	1	Bronze-s pice (1/ anni
				1		½ pice or 1½ pies (
						anna); z pie (1º au
IRISH FREE	Saorstát Pound	20				or 1/3 pice). Silver 28. 6d., 28., 18.
STATE		-	•			Nickel-6d., 3d.
	:				1	Bronze-zd., %d., %d
	Shilling	1	a	80		Silver—18, 50 con 100 cents = 18.
GANVIKA and				í		100 cents = 18.
UGANDA		l		1		Nickel and Bronze (pe
						forated)—10, 5, 2, a 1 cent.
MALAYA	S.S. dollar at		4	8:57	British	Silver-1 dollar, 50,
	fixed rating	1	•			zo, and 5 cents.
		1		1		A ickel—g cents.
Management and a	Indian Dame		6			Bronze—1, ½, & ¼ ce Silver—Indian Rup
SEYCHELLES)	Indian Rupee, fixed rating		9	1314	•••	50, 25, 20 and 10 cen
NE CHEMINE)		l				Bronze-5, 2, and 1 ce
NEWFOUNDLAND	Dollar on gold	4	11/3	4 867		Silver-50, so, 10 cent
	basis	i .		1		Nickel-5 cents.
Man //	Duitialite vander		_		British	Bronze-cents.
NEW ZKALAND	BritishSovereign	80	0		Dritish	Silver-18., 18., 6d., 3 Bronze-1d., 4d., 4d
PALESTINE	Palestine Pound	30	•			Silver-100, 50 mils.
	(£P) divided			1	}	Nickel-bronze 20, 10
	into 1,000			1	1	mila.
147	Milliones		41/	1	CP-	Bronzea; z mils.
SUDAN	Gold Pound of zoo Piastres	30	6¼	975	£Ez;	Nilver-2,5,10,20piast
	100 1 1001744				50 1 (1001768	Nickel—10, 5, 2 mils. Bronze—1, 1,2 mils.
WEST AFRICA	BritishSovereign	90	•		British.	Silver or Alloy-28.,
						6d., 3d. Nickel (perforated)

^{*}Variable with the price of silver—(Oct. zz. 1933), z\$\(^2\)_id. per standard ounce. † The only gold coin in general use in Egypt and the Sudan is the British sovereign, which is current at \$9\)\(^1\) plastres. § The Exchange value of the following units in 1933 (Jan. z to Oct. zz) was:—(Janadian, Dullar, max. \$5\)\(^2\) at \(^2\)\(^2\). (ini. \$5\)\(^3\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2\)\(^2

NOTE.—Gold Standard suspended by 1.K. on September 21, 1931. Money Rates since that date are purely nominal A Variable with the price of aliver.	by 1'.K. on Sept	MONEYS OF FOREIGN NATIONS, ptember 21, 1931. Money Rates sin	TIOMS.	hat date are pure	ly nom	nal.	
Not normally quoted on daily London Foreign Exchange Market.	ndon Foreign Kr	- 1	are marke	Quotations are marked on special application to a bank or broker.	ation to	a bank or brok	er.
			Nominal		te of Excl	Rate of Exchange on London.	
Country and Monetary Unit	Gold Cons.	Silver Coins	Value of Unit	Method of	A+ Dar	January to October ar, 1933.	toher az, zggg.
-			('urrency.	Quoting.		Maximum.	Minimum
		- 1/ 1/ 1 A 1 Talani	£ 5. £.		•	*	٠
Abyssinia—Silver Tutari	Stand on or	I, 2, 2 Te to 2 I will receive		_	22.52	*	•
Ħ	z, z and 5 Peros	I Pero; S, Io, 20 and 50	0 3 11 12		47.58d.	45.3od.	40.25d.
taros Denos Dess of any Contains	:	manuar	. 8 %			•	
Austria-Schilling of roo Groschen	100 and as	12, 1 and 2 Schilling	6£6.9 o o	Schilling to L	2185.X	33.00 sch.	36.00 30h.
Belgium—Being of 5 France		Nickel 14, 1, 2 and 5 France	858.9 o o	8 Belga to £	8.8	s2.so peldas	se no popus
Congo—Same as Belgium  Rollvia—Gold Boliviano of 200 Centaros	8,	so Centimes 1 Bol; 10, 20, 50 Centavos	: <b>9</b>	Boliviano to £	13.33		•
The state of the Contract of the Contract of	Bolivianos	•	:	Pence to Milreis	5.89d.	S. sod.	4.e6d.
fame	!	1					
Actual, Paper Milrein	:	Soo Reis	668.5 0 0		3	10,000	430.07
Bulgaria - Lee of 100 Stoting	an an Ton Peans	100, 50, 10 Leve		(Peros) \$ to £	3, 4	8.8	\$02.0
China—Tael of 100 Cents		No Tael coins		Sterling to Tack		:	:
Dollar of zoo cents	:	I Dollar, or Yuan	9 1 0	Do. to Dollar		:	:
Tack para Dollars noo (Nominal)	252 and 5 Pesos	5, 10, 30, 90 Cents	•	Pesos to £	w	7.75 pee.	3.20 pet.
tands of the Child Order of and Confessione 1 at 10 20 Childhes	a g ro mo Colones	Centavos 4. 10. 24. 40 Centetimos	0.01 T	Colones to £	10.45	:	:
Cuba Gold Peso (= \$1 U.S.)	30, 10, 5, 4, 2, 1	1 Peso; 40, 20, 10 Cents		•	*	•	•
Cachoslowskia-Crown		S, to Crowns	, g	Croums to £	Sz. 191	117 '8 kr.	103.7 kr.
Dansig - Denzig gruden	A	a, 5 Guiden	9.6		3.81	22.45 kr.	10.30 17.
	TO C. SO SHOPE	2, 2 Alone 3, 10 and 25		Sucres to £	3	8.90 sucres	19. 68 suores
Brypt Gold Pound of 100 Pinetres	Egyptlan Pound	2, 5, 10, 20 Pinstres	7.9 o z	Piastres to £	2/26	97 'e petre.	971's petre.
The Control	go Frances	;	77. I O	Kroon to £	18.150	19. So kroon	12. 50 kroon
Finland—Gold Markka of 100 Penni	100, 800	Nickel-bronze z Marka;	77.1 0 0		£2. £61	228 S F. mks.	226 .o F. mitz.
France - Press of see Centimes	100 Francs	Nickel 1, 2 France; 5, 10,	26.1 0 0	France to £	124.31	89.32 fr.	72. F.
d and a second a		and as Centimes		•	*	•	*
Algeria—Same as France	::	1 Piastre	: "	Pence to Piastre	•	•	٠
				-			

Country and Monetary Unit.  France—Madagascar—Same as France			Nominal	-			
France-Madagascar-Same as France	Gold Coms.	Eliver Coins.	Value of Unit	It Method of	At Par	Januáry to O	January to October 21, 1935.
France-Madagascar-Same as France	     		Currency	Quoting.		Maximum.	Minimum.
		:	p 9				
	to and so Mark	1, 2, 3, 5 Mark; 50	0 0 11.7483	3 Marks to £	£\$.00	15.44 mks.	12'93 mat.
Greece-Drachma of 100 Lepta	20 Drachmae	FJennye 10, 20 Drachmae; 20, 50	19.0 0 0	Drachma to £	375	635 so drch.	555 .00 drak.
Guatemala-Gold Quetzal	5, 10, 20	X, X, 1 Quetzal	0 4 I.32	Pesos to £	£2.08	•	•
Haiti-Nominal, Gold Gourde of 100 Centatos 1, 2, 5, 20	I, B, S, TO	I Gourde; 5, 10, 20, 25, 50	:	•	•	•	•
Hondurat Jenning of an Castane			8.6 0 0	,	-	•	•
	zo, to trempirus	ro and so Filler; I Penge	8.62	Pengo to £	27 82	20.25 Pen.	18.00 pen.
Italy—Nominal Lira of 100 Centerim:	10, 20, 50, 100	20, 50 Fil8	° :		* * *	\$ 9.89	*8.50 (in
	Lare	Centesim					
Tripoll—Same as Italy	::	: :	9.	*	*	•	•
Japan-Gold Fen of 100 Sen	5, 10, 20 Fen	10, 20, 50 Sen	%0 E 0	Pence to Yen	24.584.	15.254.	pro.Er
	5. 10, 20 WON		0 2 0/2		•	7	
-	100,50,20,10 Luke	5, 2, 1 Luis: 50 yruscut	6 0	<b>₹</b> 01.8397	25 22/3		10.00 term
	So Litas		26.4 0 0	p Litas to £	99.84	34 So litas	31. So litae
Mexico Nominal Gold Pero of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Cont	: :	Deep	0		• }	•	• •
	Peros.	Centarna	N 0	₹ 01 <b>1</b> 022 7	R 6	17 00 Pen.	TO OR Pers.
i	so & roo France	:	915.6 0 0	•	*		•
Morocco-French Zone-see France. Spanish Zone-see Spain.							
	5, to Floring	14, 1, 21/4 Floring;	0 x 7.8s4	M Floring to £	201.81	8 75 A.	7.63.4
Jove Cold Caridan		ro, as Cents					
Curacao—Same as Netherlands	S, to Guitaer	%, >2, 1, 3% Gunaer	722. L 1 0	Fromma to &	13.107	8.75 //.	7.00 /
	::	5, 10, 20, 50 Centaros			4 8665	*	•
Omen Muhamadi of 100 Ore	5, 10, 30 Kroner	1, 2 Kroner; 10, 25, 50 Ore	27. 1. 0	Kroner to £	18.159	19 92 kr.	19.40 kr.
The manufacture of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the duffernment of the d	:	Maria Lileresa Dollar and	1 0 1	•	,	•	,
Panama-Gold Balboa of a Petot 1, 2/2, 5, 10, 20	1, 21/3, 5, 10, 30	1 Peso; 5, 10, 20, 50 Cents	*	*	•	•	٠
Paraguay-Nominal, Peso of 100 Centavos	Datooas	2, 1 Peto; 50 Centavos	•	•	•	•	•

			ž	Nominal		ate of Exc	Rate of Exchange on London	
Country and Monetary Unit.	Gold Coins	Ellver Coins.	ş Ş	Value of Unit in British Currency.	Method of Quoting,	At Par	January to 0	January to October m. 1933.
Persia-Gold Pahlavi (£1 St.) of 20 Riyale .	Published to Rights '. Pahlers of 20 R. R. Right of 20 B.	Nickel 5, 10, & 5 Riyals Nickel 5, 10, 20 Dinars Copper 1, & 2 Dinars	42	p 0	Pahlavi to £		•	•
Peru-Sol (=100 Diveros = 1,000 Centarux)	1, 12, I Soles	1, 15, 1 So	۰	761 1	Soles to £	17.38	23 80 Kilex	18.40 soles
so Softs = former Peruvian Libra (L.F.) Poland—Gold Zloty of 100 Grosz	100, 50, 20, 10	5, 10, 20 Centatos 10, 5, 2, 1, 1/2 Zloty	•	5.2	Zloty to £	43.38	31.38 cloty	Apels of '72
ioninal, Gold Escudo of	100 1, 2, 5, 10	2., 5, to Excudo; so Centavor	0	. %5	. Excudo to £	<b>4</b> .30	:	:
Actual, Paper escuio	Tecuro	•	0	, 4 LE 0	Ewindo to &	00,011	110'00 (86.	103 '00 680,
Macao - Pataca = (9 to 9.5) Excuelos =	:	:		:	:	:	:	1
Portuguese India—Indian Rupes = 400 Reis Rumania—Leu of 100 Bani	bus og 'Se 'os	I, 2, 5, 10, 30, 100 Lei;		9.0	Foi to L	813.6	607'S lei	\$20.0 fei
Salvador-Gold Colon of 100 Centatos	100 Let	5, 10, 20, 25, 40, 50 Centaros	." _ • _	90	Colons to £	9.73	15 50 col.	8:28 cst.
Paper Pese Siam—Gold Bakt of 100 Satangs Spaln—Peseta	111	1, 2, 5 Petetas; 20, 50		372	Pence to haht Pereta to £	21.8ad.	22.38d.	24.984.
Sweden-Gold Krong of 100 Ore Switzerland Franc of 100 Centimes	5, 10, 20 Kronor 10, 20 France 25, 50, 100, 250,	I, a Kroner; 10, 25, 50 Ore I, a, 5 Frones, 50 Centimes 1/2, I, a, 5, 10, 20 Plastres	000	918.60	Kronor to L France to L Piastres to L	18.159 25.22/2 110	19 55 kr. 18 20 fr. 730 petr.	18.34 ft. 15.89 ft. 640 petr.
Gold Piestre of 40 Paras	1, 2 1/2 5, 30, 30		•••	\$ 1	Dollars to L	998.4	4 838\$	3.332
Philippines-Filipino = 30 U.S. Cents		I, 1/2 Petos; 30, 10	٥	99.0 =	•	•	•	•
Uruguay-Nominal, Gold Peso of 100 Cen-	10 Pesos	I Peso; 10, 20, 50 Centesimos		<u>ب</u>	Pence to \$	. Srd.	37 38d.	29.38d.
U.S.S.R.—Nominal, Gold Rouble of 100	:	1 Rouble; so Kopecks or half rouble=poltnnik	•	*	Roubles to £1	9.46	6 796 rbls.	5.999 rble.
Currency = Tehervonetz	30, 25, 100	I, 2, 5 Bolivares;	ড়৽	94	Bodivares to £	35.35	24 . 25 bol.	20.80 bel.
Varmelavia Diagr of 100 Parity	10. 30 Danger	10. 20 Dinas			Dinars to £	916.94	257 'S dim.	ass.o din.

### HALL MARKS ON PLATE.*

Assay Office Marks.—Official marks stamped on gold and silver plate at Assay Offices :-Assay Office ... Distinguishing Mark.
London (Gold-Leopard's Head (uncrowned from smiths' Hall)

1300 to 1478-9, when it became

1300 to 1478-9, when it became crowned until 1821, since when it has been uncrowned). From 1697-1780 this mark was not

used in London. Birmingham .. Anchor.

City Arms (3 Garbs and a Sword). Chester ...... Sheffield ..... Crown.

Edinburgh .. . Castle. Tree, Fish & Bell. Glasgow . .....

ublin ... .. Harp crowned. The Assay Offices at Bristol, Exeter, Newcastle-Dublin ... upon-Tyne, Norwich and York have long been closed.

Makers' Mark (instituted in 1363)—This is impressed by the maker, and consists of initial letter (or letters) indicating the Surname (or

Christian and Surname) of the maker.

Date Mark (instituted in 1478-9).—The year in which the article is marked at the Assay Office is indicated by a letter on a shield, the type of letter and the shape of the shield being changed in cycles of so, 25 or 25 years. In so-year cycles (London, invariably, Chester, alternately with 25, and Sheffield, alternately with 25), the letters J. V. W. X. Y. Z are omitted; in 25-year cycles (Birmugham, Edinburgh and Dublin, and alternately with 25). nately at Chester and Sheffield) the letter "j the letters are employed in a 26-year cycle.

The Sovereign's Mark.—The "lion Fig.

passant," for silver articles only, was first used in 1544, and has been is use ever since (except during the Higher Standard period, 1697-1720). From 1544-9 it was crowned, since then, uncrowned.

The Sovereign's Head .- The portrait of the reigning Sovereign was impressed on all plate chargeable to duty assayed from 1784—1889-90. The duty on plate was removed in 1890, and the Sovereign's head does not appear on plate The Crown.—On gold articles only, in lieu of the "lion passant" on silver.

Britannia .- A full-length figure of Britannia Britannia.—A full-length figure of Britannia was impressed on silver plate of a special standard of fineness (11 oz. 10 dwt. of fine metal to each 12 dwt. of alloy) during a short period only, 1697-1720; since that date the Britannia quality has been manufactured in small quantities, bearing the figure of Britannia, with the lion's head erased and the date mark.

Starling Niver—A strike of silver plate marked

Sterling Silver. - Articles of silver plate marked at an assay office are guaranteed to be of the requisite standard of purity and to contain 21 Oz. 2 dwt. of fine metal to each 18 dwt. of alloy. Sterling Gold .- Articles of gold plate marked at an assay office are guaranteed to contain such amount of pure gold as is marked thereon by the assaying office in carats and decimals thereof. The relative values of the various standards is shown below :-

Pure gold, sac. 4 4 111/3 3rd Stand., 15c. 2 13 18 Standard, sac. 3 3 1 10/4 4th ditto, 12c. 2 2 5% and ditto, 12c. 3 3 8% 5th ditto, 9c. 11 10/2

* For the greater part of the material for this article readers of the ALMANACE are indebted to the late Mr. Wilfrid Crippe (suthor of "Old English Plate") by whose courtesy also many of the illustrations were provided.

London (Goldsmiths' Hall) Date Marks From 1438 to 1936.

Lombardic, simple .. .. 1438-9 to 1457-8

Lombardic, external cusps ...... . . . 1458-9 ,, 1477-8

Lombardic. double CHSDS ...... 1478-0 ,, 1497-8

Black letter, small... 1498-9 ,, 1517-8

Lombardic ...... 1518-9 ,, 1537-8

Roman and other capitals ...... 1538-9 ,, 1557-8

Black letter, small . 1558-9 ,, 1577-8

Roman letter, capitals 1578-9 ,, 1597-8

Lombardic, external cusps ...... 1508-0 .. 1617-8

Italic letter, small | .. 1618-9 ,, 1637-8

Court hand ...... 1638-9 ,, 1657-8

Black letter, capitals | 1658-9 ,, 1677-8

Black letter, small ... 1678-9 ,, 1696-7

Court hand ..... ...... 1697 ,, 2715-6 (From March 1697 only.)

Roman letter, capitals 1716-7 to 1735-6

Roman letter, small 1736-7 ,, 1755-6

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1984.

	nan Marks on Plate-
A	Old English, capitals 1756–7 to 1775–6
<b>a</b>	Roman letter, small 1776-7 ,, 1795-6
A	Roman letter. capitals 2796-7 ,, 1815-6
<b>a</b>	Roman letter, small 1816-7 ,, 1835-6
A	Old English, capitals 1836-7 ,, 1855-6
(A)	Old English small 1856-7 ,, 1875-6
A	Roman letter, capitals 1876-7 ,, 1895-6 [A to M square shield N to Z as shown.]
$ \mathbf{a} $	Roman letter, small 1896-7 ,, 1915-6
a	Old English, small 1916-7 ,, 1935-6

The Collector will find but little difficulty in distinguishing a letter of one cycle from that of another, presuming his knowledge to be insufficient to judge by the style and period of the article item.

cient to judge by the style and period of the article itself, e.g.:

An article marked with the letter F xyzzz-can be distinguished from letter F xBzzz-can be distinguished from letter xBzzz-can be distinguished from letter can the letter can to the sovereign's head in the former as against its presence in the latter case; the different form of the leopard's head (which was "crowned" until xBzz); and lastly, the irregularity of the stamp in the first case as compared with the uniformity of the latter stamp. These again can be distinguished from F xBzzz as before, by the different shield of the date letter only (the shields of the remaining marks being the same as those of xBzzzz); the absence of crown on leopard's head, and the presence of the Queen's vice the King's head.

### Imported Plate.

Any gold or silver plate or article manufactured out of the United Kingdom and brought to be assayed, stamped or marked at a British or an Irish Assay Office must be marked in the manner prescribed by the Order in Council of May 11, 1206, under which the mark for each Assay Office is ordained to be:—London, the aign of the Constellation Leo; Birmingkam, Equilateral Triangle; Chester, Acorn and two leaves, Shefteld, the sign of the Constellation Labra; Edinburgh, St. Andrew's Cross; Glasgon, double block letter F inverted; Dithin, Boujet. The annual date letter is to be added by the Assay Office, as for plate, etc., of home manufacture.

# The Periods of English Architecture.

		<b>*.</b> •
	Date.	Style.
I.	Before B.C. 55	Ancient British
II.	B C. 55 to A.D. 420	
111.	A.D 449 to Norman Conquest (	(1066) Anglo-Saxon.
IV.	1066-1180 (i.e. to end 12th cent.	5.) Norman.
V.	1180-1307 (i.e. 13th cent.)	Early English (Lancet, or Geometrical)
VI.	1307-1377 (i.e. 14th cent.)	Decorated (or Curvilinear).
VII.	1277-148s (Le. 15th cent.)	
VIII.	1485-1558 (i.e. first half 16th cer	ent ) Tudor.
**	A D Forly Pennies	sance
IA.	A.D. 1550-1085 Early Itelians	Jacobean (A.D. 1603-1625).
	A.Dfor -for Tata Panaisse	ance
A.	A.D. 1025-1030. Dave Ivenaless	Queen Anne and Georgian (A D 1703-1830).
		(William IV. (A.D. 1830-1837).
Moder	n Architecture ) anth cent to	Victoria (A.D. 1837-1901).
(The A	ge of Revivals) 19th cent. to I	present time Edward VII. (A.D. 1901-1910).
(		George V. (A.D. 1010- )

This Comparative Table shows the approximate period of each style. It must, however, be remembered that the transition from one style to the next was slow and gradual, and can often hardly be traced, so minute are the differences. It is only for convenience in alluding to the different stages of evolution that the division is made, for it must not be forgotten that the Architecture of England is one continuous development.

Note.—The first portion (I-VIII) of this table is based upon that given on p. 347, Parts IX and X on p. 777, and "Modern" on p. 858, of "A History of Architecture on the Comparative Method" (9th ed.), by Sir Banister Fletcher, P.R.I.B.A., F.S.A. (Bataford.)

# MARKS ON PORCELAIN.

POTTERY or porcelain usually hear distinctive marks either painted on or stamped into the bottom of the article. These marks may indicate the factory, the potter, or the decorator, and in the case of Chinese or Japanese ware the dynasty at the date of manufacture. In the factory at Sevres the practice of marking the date by lietters was also followed, and this has led to the forging of many bogus pieces. The factories in Europe generally indicate the place of origin only. Special knowledge is therefore required of the collector, and the learned amateur notes not only the mark, but the material, the colouring, and the decoration of the article, and frequently has to compare it with one that is unquestionably genuine. The following hints will, in the absence of the more learned dissertation of Mr. Chaffers, serve as a guide to the ordinary possessor or purchaser.

In the manufacture of porcelain, two main varieties of paste are used, termed respectively hard and soft: or, as the Franch have it, pate dure et pate tendre. The hard paste contains more sluming and less silica than the soft when baked, it is translucent, hard, and sonorous on being struck; it has a white, milky colour, and can sustain, without injury, sudden alternations of high and low temperature. Its essential constituent is pure white kaolin, a variety of olay which is exceedingly scarce in England and other parts of Europe, but of comparatively common occurrence in many districts of China and Japan. The soft variety has an unotuous, cream-like enamel, and is soapy to the touch; it is lighter than the other kind, and less hard (a kuife will scratch it), and does not require so great a heat for solidification.

The manufacture of hard, and what is often considered the only true, procelain, was invented by the Chinese about 180 B.C., and attained its greatest perfection at the beginning of the 11th century. The secrets of the art were, in 1212, carried over to Japan, whose inhabitants soon became formidable rivals to the older makers. Specimens of this eastern ware had, from a very early date, occasionally found their way into Europe, but no regular importation took place until the middle of the 16th century, when a small settlement was formed on the Japanese coast by some enterprising traders from Portugal. It was from them that the ware first received the name it now bears, its transincence probably reminding them of the cowrie-shell which, from a supposed resemblance to the shape of a young pig, had been termed, in their language, porcellana.

In 1641 the Japanese authorities, having viewed with strong disapproval the many conversions to Christianity effected by the Portuguese misaonaries, expelled the settlers from the island, and gave to the Dutch, who could always be trusted to refrain from proselyting, the exclusive privilege of trading with them. Although the commercial industry of the Hollanders supplied England and the Continent with comparatively large quantities of the Griental porcelain ware, the finar specimens were eagerly sought after, and, by Queen anne's time, all classes seem to have become infected by a collecting mania. The high prices

they fetched naturally led to many attempts at imitation, which, owing to the difficulty in finding a suitable clay, all resulted in more or less marked failure, nothing but the inferior pate tendre being produced.

The first successful experiment was made, with the kaolin from Aue in the Erzgebirge, by J. F. Bottcher, who had accidentally gained a knowledge of its valuable properties. In consequence of the discovery Augustus, Elector of Saxony, was induced to set up a porcelain factory near Dresden, with Böttcher as director, and, in 27s, the latter succeeded in producing an almost perfect imitation of the hard, white porcelain of the East. The most elaborate precautions were taken to prevent the secret of its manufacture getting abroad, but a very few years later, a heavy bribe extracted it from one of the workmen, and a rival factory was established at Vienna. The works at Berlin, Baden, and other towns in Germany all owed their origin in the same way to the dishonesty of different employés. The decorations of the earlier German productions were merely imitations, in blue and white, of the Chinese and Japanese; but towards the middle of the 18th century elaborate miniature paintings of flowers, insects, and copies of well-known pictures became fashionable. The best statueties and groups were made between 173x and 1795; the finest of these are in plain glazed white, though many are gaily decorated, and the dress richly ornamented with fine laze.

Of the factories in England, it is doubtful which has best claim to be termed the oldest; both the Chelsea and the Bow works were established before 1750, and those of Derby and Worcester very shortly after that date. Though at first confining themselves to mitations of the simple Oriental models, the English makers soon attained great perfection in the German and French styles, and, after the discovery of the Cornwall kaolin in 1755, their best productions ranked, in every respect, very little lower than the masterpieces of Dresden and Sèvres.

In France, a factory for the soft variety had been set up at St. Cloud as early as 1595, and some excellent work was produced there. In 1753, works under royal patronage were set up at Vincennes, and, three years later, removed to Sèvres. The best productions were sent out during the ninc years which followed the purchase of the manufactory by Louis XV. in 1760. At the end of this period the discovery of kaolin near Limoges led to a discontinuance of the manufacture of pate tendre in favour of the more highly valued pate dure. Sèvres porcelain, made for use, is usually painted with flowers or figure-subjects on a plain white ground. The purely decorative pieces have panels with pictures on a white ground surrounded by frames of gold scrollwork; the main body of the piece is covered with one deep or brilliant colour.

The following are the chief marks used in the more important European manufactories. The description of the appearance of the various porcelains may be found useful in the detection of forgeries, spurious pieces being unfortunately almost as abundant as genuine specimens:—

# GERMANY-(Hard Paste).

DRESDEN.—The porcelain has a cold white, almost bluish, tint. The marks are always in blue.

1709-1712.—The initials of Augustus Rex.



1712-1720.—The wand of Æsculapius.



1721, with intervals to present time.—The crossed swords.



1731-1733.—The same, with a dot between the handles.



1796-1814 (Marcolini period) —
The same, with a star between the handles.



Scratches across the mark show there is some defect in the piece.



Sometimes the handles meet, and cause a slight variation in the appearance of the mark.



KPM. was painted in italics on pieces intended for royal use

VIENNA.—The porcelain has, generally, a greyish tint. The usual mark is a shield, in blue.



BERLIN.—The porcelain closely resembles that of Dresden. In 176t the manufactory was made a royal establishment. The marks are generally in blue, though a brown sceptre is occasionally found.

1751-1761.—A capital W, with two of the strokes crossing.



1761 onwards.—A sceptre Occasionally there are two sceptres, crossed to imitate the Dresden mark.
At the present day the porcelain is stamped with the Prussian eagle, encircled by the words KOENIGL, PORZELLAN MANGFACTUR.

# ENGLAND-(Soft Paste till 1755).

CHELSEA.—The porcelain is of a pure white colour, with a tint almost equal to that of the hard kind. The mark is an anchor, in gold for the best, in red for the second quality.



Bow.—The porcelain is of a fine milky white. In 1750 the works received the name of New Canton; and in 1775 were transferred to Deiby. The marks are very various, and often not distinguishable from those of Chelsea. We give two varieties, which generally occur in blue.



DERBY.—The potcelain is very transparent, and of a good white colour In 1769, the proprietor of the factory, W. Duesbury, purchased the kins and moulds of the Chelsea works. The marks are in pink, violet, or gold. The earliest mark was an talle D.

After 1769, the same, crossed with an anchoi (DERBY-CHELSEA).



After 1775, the date of the flist royal order, a crown with crossed daggers, of a D, or an anchor (CROWN-DERBY).



Worcester —The porcelain is not of a very good colour, but is tolerably transparent.

The earliest mark was a W or a crescent, in blue. Crossed arrows, and imitations of Chinese and Dresden marks are also found.





# FRANCE-(Soft Paste till 1770).

VINCENNES and SEVRES - The porcelain is remarkable for its creamy softness of colour. The Sevres period dates from 1756, when the factory was removed thither from Vincennes.

1745-1753 — I'wo italic L's crossed 1753-1756 — The same, with a letter in the centre. The letters A-Z denote the years 1753-77. The Sevreperiod begins with D.



1778-1795 —The period of double letters AA-RR.
1795-1800 —R F, the initials of République Française.



From 1800 to the present time, the mark has varied with each change of sovereign or government, and is, generally, self-explaining.

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The Weights and Measures Act of 1278, super-seding all previous laws, enacts the legal measures for Great Britain, basing them upon the Standard Yard and the Standard Pound, in the custody of the Standards Department of the Board of Trade,

The YARD and the POUND are the only two independent standards for weights and measures. dependent standards for weights and Measures.
The Gallon, the capacity standard, wet or dry, is based upon the Pound. The Act of 1896 defines the Gallon as the volume of ten standard pounds of distilled water weighed in air against brass weights, both water and air at the temperas weights, both water and air at the temperas weights, for a fair and the temperas weights, both water and air at the temperas weights, or a fair and the temperature of 62° Fairenheit, with the barometer at 30 inches.

# Apothecaries' Weight.

Measures of Weight.

so grains = 1 scruple (21) (= 1 so6 Grammes).
3 scruples = 1 drachm (31) (= 3 868 Grammes).
8 drachms = 1 ounce (= 31 1035 Grammes).

# Measures of Capacity.

60 minims (min.) = 1 fluid drachm (= 3'552 Millilitres).

z fluid ounce (= 2.84123 8 fluid drachms

Centilitres).
1 pint (= 0 568 Litre).
2 GALLON (= 4 5459631 so finid ounces 8 pints Litres).

The Apothecaries' grain is the Avoirdupois grain, and the Apothecaries' ounce is the Troy grain, and the Apothecaries' ounce is the Troy ounce, of 480 grains. The Apothecaries' drachn is not the same as the Avoirdupois dram, and is spell differently. A fluid ounce of distilled water at a temperature of 6s° Fahrenheit is equal in weight to the Avoirdupois ounce (437) grains). A fluid drachn (44675 grains) is equal in weight to Two Avoirdupois drams.

Approximate Equivalents:—
1 "table-spoon" = 1/2 fluid oz.; 1 "dessert-spoon" = 1/2 fluid oz.; 1 "tea-spoon" = 1/4 fluid

# Avoirdupois Weight.

7000 grains (gr.) = 1 pound (lb.). 16 drams (dr.) = 1 ounce (oz.) (= 28'350 Grammes).

16 ounces = 1 POUND ( = 0'45359243 Kilo-

16 ounces = 1 POUND (= 0.4535943 kHograms).
14 pounds = 1 stone* (= 6.350 Kilograms).
28 pounds = 1 quarter (of a cvt.) (= 12*70 Kilograms).
200 pounds = 1 cental (= 26.353643 Kilograms).
4 quarters (112 lb.) = 1 hundredweight (cvt.) (= 50*8625 Kilograms).
20 hundredweight (a, 440 lb.) = 1 ton (= 1*0460 Tonnes or 1016*0 Kilograms).

### Troy Weight.

24 grains = 1 pennyweight (divt.) ( = 1'5552 (frammes).

so dwt. = r ounce (= 31 reas Grammes).

For gold and silver the ounce, divided decimally, and not into grains, is the sole unit of weight. The Troy ounce is the same as the Apothecaries' ounce, = 480 Avoirdupois grains (32 rogs Grammes) in weight. There is no Troy Pound.

# Jewellers' Weight.

The metric carat of see millegrammes is the legal standard of weight for precious stones and pearls.

. The Smithfeld stone (for dead meat) is 8 lb. only.

Measures of Capacity. 4 gills = 1 pint ( = e g68 Litre). 2 pints = 1 quart ( = 1 136 Litres). 4 quarts = 1 GALLON ( = 4'5459631 Litres). a gallon = 197 294 cubic inches.
a gallons = 1 peck (= 9 0019 Litres).
a gallons = 1 bushel (= (3 637 Dekalitres).
bushels = 1 quarter (= 2 096 Hectolitres).
A chaldron is 36 bushels = 4/2 quarters.

Measures of Length. ra inches (in.) = r foot (ft.) (= 0 30480 Metre).
3 feet = r yard (yd.) (= 0 914399 Metre).
6 feet = r fathom (= r 3688 Metres). 5½ yards = 1 pole (=5'caga Metres).
22 yards = 1 chain = 100 links(=20'1168 Metres).
10 chains = 1 furlong (= 201'168 Metres). 8 furlongs = 1 mile = 1,760 yards (= 1:6093 3 miles = 1 league (obsolete). [Kilometres]. A Cricket Pitch is 22 yards (one chain) between the stumps.

A Lawn Tenns Court is 78 × 36 feet (double) and  $78 \times 27$  feet (single).

A Croquet Lawn is 105 × 84 feet (full size) or

A Criquet Discristing SX 84 1881 (1111 size) or a smaller multiple of gX 4 feet.

A Badminton Court is 44×20 ft, with net 30 ins. deep and g ft high at centre.

A Polo Ground is 200 × 160 ords.

A Football Ground (Association) is 220 × 80 yds.

(full size); (Rugby) 110 × 75 yds. (full size).

Birmingham Gauge. The equivalent of an inch is 15/0 B.G. The numbers proceed by units down to 1/0 B.G., which = 0.3964 inch, and from 1 B.G. ('3532 inch) by units to ga B.G. ('00095 inch).

### Square or Surface Measure.

144 sq. inches = 1 sq. foot (= 9's903 Sq. Deci-metres).

9 sq. feet = 1 sq. yard ( = 0 335125 Sg. Metre).
30½ sq. yards = 1 perch, or rod, or pole ( = 25 33 Sq. Metre).
40 perches = 1 rood ( = 0 1017 Hectare).
4 rands = 1 acre ( = 0 40468 Hectare).

10 square chains = 1 acre. metres). 640 acres = 1 square mile (= 2 58995 Sq Kilo-

an area 55 × 22 yards (or 110 × 11 yards) would be one quarter of an acre, and so on.

# Cubic Measure.

1.728 cubic inches = 1 cubic foot (= 0'028317 Cubic metre). 27 cubic feet = 1 cubic yard (= 0'764553 Cubic metre).

### Angular or Circular Measure.

60 seconds (") = z minute ('). 60 minutes = r degree (°). 30 degrees = 1 sign. o degrees = 1 right angle or quadrant.
12 signs (4 quadrants) = 1 circumference.
Diameter of circle × 3'1416 = circumference.
Diameter squared × 3'1416 = surface of circle.
Diameter squared × 3'1416 = surface of sphere
Diameter cubed × 3'1416 = surface of sphere
One degree of circumference × 3'1416; product by
length or height, gives the surface.
Diameter squared × 7'684; product by length
or height, gives solid content.
Note.—A circle of 7 yards diameter has, in
practice, a circumference of 18 yards = 2 chain. go degrees = r right angle or quadrant.

Miscellaneous Weights and Measures.	
Apples (Bushel) = $37$ to $43$ lb. (average $40$ lb.)	
Ballast (Pig) = e6 lb.	
Beef (Barrel) = 200 lb.	
Biscuits (Bag) = res lb.	
Biscuits (Bag) = rea lb. Blacklend ((ask) = rr cwt.	
Butter (Barrel) =4 firkins = ss4 lb.	
Camphor (Box) = 1 cwt.	
Cloves (Matt) = So lb.	
,, (Chest) = $aoo$ 1b. Coal (Sack) = $aa4$ 1b.	
(Chaldron) - 9- bushola	
" (Chaldron) = 85 bushels.	
(Ton) = 10 sacks.	
Cocoa (Bag) = rra lb.	
(Cask) = z cwt. a8 lli.	
Coffee (Bag) = x40 to x68 lb. ,, (Bale of Mocha) = x24 to x80 lb	
" (Bale of Mocha) = 224 to 250 10	
(Barrel) = 119 to 108 lb.	
, (Tierce) = 5 to 7 cwt.	
Cotton (U.S. Bale) = 450 to 550 lb.	
" (Tierce) = 5 to 7 cwt. Cotton (U.S. Bale) = 450 to 550 lb. " (Egyptian Bale) = 700 to 740 lb.	
,, (indian Bale) = 400 lb.	
" (Tinivelly) 500 lb.	
Currants (Caroteel) = 5 to 9 cwt.	
Flour (Peck) = $14$ lb.	
(Bag) == 140 lb.	
(i)aas (Seam) == 24 stone of 5 lb. == 120 lb.	
Gunnowder (Burrel) = 100 lb.	
Hides (Last) = 12 dozen.	
Honey (Gallon) = 22 lb.	
Hops (Bag) = see lh.	
,, (Pocket) = 11/2 to a cwt.	
Lead (Fodder):	
London and Hull = 1914 cwt.	
Derby and Newcastle = ast. cwt.	
Meat (Stone) = 8 lb.	
Nuts (Barcelona, Bag) = 126 lb.	i
Oats (Barrel)= 14 stone.	
Pepper (Bag of black) = 316 lb.	
, (Bag of white) = 168 lb.	1
Pork (Barrel) = see 1b.	į
Potatoes (Sack) = 112 lb. (since 1923).	
Points (Rossel) - ere lb	ı
Raisins (Barrel) = xxx lb.	
Rice (Bag) = 168 lb.	ł
Sago (Bag) = rrs lb.	1
Saltpetre (Bag) = 168 lb.	
Soft Soap (Barrel or Pack) = 256 lb.	
(Firkin) = 64 lb.	1
Steel (Faggot) = 180 lh.	
Sugar (Bag) = 112-106 lb.	ı
,, (Hogshead) = 13 to 16 cwt.	1
", (Tierce) = 7 to 9 cwt. Tar (Barrel) = 26½ gallous. Tes (Chest) = 84 lb.	
Tar (Barrel) = 26% gallous.	į
Tea (Chest) $=$ 84 lb.	;
Tonacco (Hogsnead) = 18 to 18 car	
Turpentine (Barrel) = sa4 to a80 lb.	,
Wood (Cord) = ras cubic feet.	
Wool (Nack) = 364 lb.	Ì
Wheat, Corn, and Flour.	
where, com, and recor.	

Miscellaneous Weights and Mess

Under the Corn Sales Act of 1921 the Corn Returns Act of 1882 is amended, and provision is made for the sale of cereals by weight in terms of the hundredweight of zzs imperial standard nounds.

too lb. wheat produces 70 lb. flour. 200 lb. flour produces 230 lb. bread.
A quartern loaf = 4 lb.
A last of grain = 80 bushels.

A last of grain = 80 bushels.

Norz.—A Quarter is a heaped measure of 8
bushels. A quarter of English wheat is reckoned bushels. A quarter of English wheat is reckoned as 5a4 lb.

Market the standard bushel of oats is reckoned and the second (C.G.S. unita), and the value of and the second (C.G.S. unita), and the value of the second (C.G.S. unita), and the value of the second (C.G.S. unita).

Hay and Straw.

Truss of Straw, 35 lb. Truss of Old Hay, 36 lb. Truss of New Hay (to September 2st), 60 lb. Load of hay or straw = 36 trusses.

Ton of hay = 36 trusses.

An acre of grass should yield z to z tons of hay.

Sizes of Barrels and Bottles. Gals. | Barrel | 36 = 9 × 4 |
| Hogshead (1½ barrels) | 54 = 9 × 6 |
| Puncheon (a barrels) | 78 = 9 × 6 |
| Butt of Ale (3 barrels) | 108 = 9 × 18 | An Anker = 10 gallons; a Tieros = 40 gallons; a Pipe of Port or Mandew = 115 gals.; Teneriffe a Pipe of Port or Maadew = xzg gals.; Teneriffe = xeo gals.; Marsals = og gals.; Madeira and Cape = og gals.; Shorry and Tent = xe8 gals.; Butt of Lisbon and Bucellas = xzy gals.; Aum of Hock and Rhenish = og gals.; Hughead of Brandy, 6e gals.; Claret, 4s; Port, 5y; Sherry, 5s; Madeira, 4s gallons; Puncheon of Brandy or Rum = xeo gals.

Bottles.—The customary glass bottle of wine or spirits should contain one-sixth of a gallon = x625 fluid ounces.

In the drug trade two large bottles are used :—

In the drug trade two large bottles are used :-Corbyn... =40 fluid or (quart) Winchester quart =80 , (½ gal) (1/2 gallon). Water.

Cubic inch ..... = 252'458 grains. Gallon (277'274 cub. in.) = 20 lb. (distilled). Cubic foot ...... = 6a'3ax 35'943 cubic ft. (sa4 gals.) = x ton. = 6a'3ax lb.

Water for Ships: Tun, 210 gala., Butt 220, Puncheon 72, Barrel 36, Kilderkin 28 gals.

An Inch of Ram on the surface of an acre (43,560 sq. feet) = 3,630 cubic feet = 100'002 tons.

Cisterns: A cistern 4 feet by s1/2 and 3 deep will hold brimful 286'963 gallons, weighing 16 cwt. s qrs. s1'6 lb. in addition to its own weight.

# Railway Gauges.

In Great Britain = 4 ft. 8½ in.

"Ireland = 5 ft. 3 in.
"U.S.A. = 4 ft. 8½ in.
The 4 ft. 8½ in. gauge is also used in Canada, France, Germany, Netherlands, Belgium, Denmark, Austria, Hungary, Italy, Switzerland, Sweden and European Turkey.

"Australia:—
N.S.W. m. 2 ft. 6 in. and 4 ft. 814 in.

N.S.W. = 3 ft. 6 in. and 4 ft. 8½ in. Victoria and South Australia = 5 ft. 3 in. Queensland and Western Australia = 3 ft. 6 in. ,, New Zealand = 3 ft. 6 in.

, New Accounts = 3 it. 6 in. , India = 5 it. 6 in. ; 3 it. 3 id. in. and 5 it. 6 in. , South Africa = 3 it. 6 in. , Egypt = 4 it. 8 in. , Ceylon = 5 it. 6 in.

", Japan = 3 ft. 6 in.
", Spain and Portugal = 5 ft. 6 in.
", U.S.S.R. = 5 ft. 6 in.

A single track of 4 ft. 8½ in. and 3ft. 3½ in.
A single track of 4 ft. 8½ in. gauge requires 12 ft. of roadway; a double track requires 23 ft.

the units has been fixed by international agreement. The principal units are as follow:

As a unit of resistance, the international Ohm, which is based upon the ohm equal to zo units of resistance of the C.G.S. system of electromagnetic units, and is represented by the resistance offered to an unvarying electric current by a column of mercury at the temperature of melting ice, 14 4521 grammes in mass, of a constant cross-sectional area, and of a length of 106'3 centimetres.

As a unit of current, the international Ampère, which is one-tenth of the unit of current of the C.G.S. system of electro-magnetic units and which is represented sufficiently well for practical use by the unvarying current which, when passed through a solution of nitrate of silver in water, in accordance with a certain specification, deposits silver at the rate of o coxxx8

of a gramme per second.

As a unit of electro-motive force, the international Volt, which is the E.M.F. that, steadily applied to a conductor whose resistance is one international ohm, will produce a current of one international ampère, and which is represented sufficiently well for practical use by \$1932 of the E.M.F. between the poles or electrodes of the voltaic cell known as Clark's cell at a tempera-ture of zg C, and prepared in the manner described in a certain specification.

As a unit of quantity, the international Coulomb, which is the quantity of electricity transferred by a current of one international

ampère in one second.

As a unit of capacity, the international Farad, which is the capacity of a conductor charged to a potential of one international volt by one international coulomb of electricity. The unit generally used in practice is one-millionth part of this, or the microfarad.

As the unit of work, the Joule, which is xo' units of work in the C.G.S. system, and which is represented sufficiently well for practical use by the energy expended in one second by an interpractice the watt-hour is usually employed. It represents the work done by such a current in an

hour, and equals 3,600 joules.

As the unit of power, the Watt, which is 20' units of power in the C G.S. system, and which is represented sufficiently well for practical use by the work done at the rate of one joule per second 746 watts = r horse-power, and the value of a Board of Trade unit (B.O.T.U.) is r,coo watt-hours, or 3,600,000 joules, or 11/3 horse-power hours.

As the unit of induction, the Henry, which is the induction in the circuit when the E.M.F. induced in this circuit is one international volt. while the inducing current varies at the rate of one international ampère per second.

# Builders' Measurements.

Stock or kiln bricks	83/4	inches	×	4%	(×	2¾
Welch fire-bricks	9	,,	×	4%	X	21/4
Paving bricks	9	,,			íΧ	
Square tiles	934	,,	×	93/	ί×	X.
,,	6	**	×	6	×	2
Dutch clinker bricks	91/4	,,	×	3	×	11/2
A Rod of Brickwork	1614	feet >	( x	534	feet	t v

1½ brick thick = 306 cubic feet, or 11½ cubic yards, and contains about 4,500 bricks with about 75 cubic feet of mortar. The rod being 5 British metres, a rod of brickwork is as square metres 14 bricks thick = very nearly 10 cubic metres.

Ordinary bricks weigh about 7 lb. each; a load

of soo weights about r ton rr cwt. r qr.

A Piece of machine printed Wall Paper is
rr/4 yd. long and rr in. wide; of hand printed
ra yd. long x ar in. wide. French wall papers are usually o yd. x 18 in.

Timber and Wood. 100 superficial feet = x square of flooring.
50 cubic feet of planks = x load. timber = 1 shipping ton. 42 do. **z**o8 do. do. = r stack. do. = r cord. 128 do.

A standard hundred of deals contains 120 pieces. The Petrograd standard consists of 165 cubic feet, or rao pieces 1½ in. × rr in. × rz ft., or rao pieces 3 in. × rr in. × 6 ft.

A Batten is not more than 7 inches wide; a Deal not more than g inches; Planks are z to 4 inches thick, and zo inches and up in width. Sizes of Slates.

	in in		in. in
Empress	36×16	Ladies	
	26×14	" Small	16× 8
Princesses	24×14	" Large	14×12
Duchesses		Plantation	14X 8
Marchionesses		Plantation	13×11
		Doubled	13×10
Countesses		,,	13× 7
		Smalls	
Viscountesses			
,, Small	18× 9	Ditto	11X51
	Specific	Gravities.	

Weight of any volume of following substances

of water.	the 10	eignt of the same vo	ume
Alcohol	0.20	Mercury	13.00
Aluminium	2.67	Milk	
Basalt	2.86	Olive Oil	1,03
			0.02
Beer	1.08	Petroleum	o.88
Blood	1.06	Platinum	21 45
Brandy	0'84	Portland Stone	8,00
Brass	8.00	Sand, river	1.00
Chalk	1.08	" pit	z.80
Cider	I.03	Shingle	z .go
Clay	z .00	Silver	10,21
Coal, Welch	1.20	Sodium	0'97
" Newcastle	1'24	Steel	7'75
Copper	8'94	Thames ballast	1 8o
Cork	0'84	Tin	7'29
Earth	z 60	Turpentine	0.87
Glass	2'80 L	Urine	I OI
Glycerine	z.aę	WATER	I '00
	10.38	Wine, Bordeaux	0.00
Gravel, coarse	1'85	Wood:-	
Gunpowder	0.03	Ash	0'84
Honey	1'45	Beech	0.84
Ice	0.08		0.Qz
	22 38	Cherry	0'72
Iron, cast	7:30	Ebony	1 33
" wrought	7.79	Mahogany	1.00
Ivory	ī.83	Oak	1.12
	11.32	Poplar	0.38
Limestone	2 30	Walnut	0.62
Marble	3.30	Zinc	2,10
mardie	2'70 '	Zinc	7.10

62'321 lb. by the specific gravity. To find the number of cubic feet in one ton, divide 35'943 by the specific gravity.

In Scotland, and at certain places in England and Wales at which the Cran Measures Act, 1908, has been put into operation, fresh herrings must be sold by the Cran, containing 37½ imperial gallons, or Quarter Cran of 9% imperial gallons. In the Isle of Man and in Ireland herrings are sold by the Maze, which contains 1 as long hundreds of 126 each. On the East Coast of England, at places where the above-mentioned Act is not in force, they are sold by the Lust, which contains 13,200 fish. They are counted by the Warp, which is 4 fish. 33 Warps = 1 Long Hundred = 1 Thousand, 1,320: 10 Thousand = 1 Last, 13,200. Cured herrings are sold in barrels, the canacity of which, in Scotsold in barrels, the capacity of which, in Sociland, must always be \$5% imperial gallons, or in half-barrels of 13% gallons. Herring barrels on thalf-barrels must be of corresponding capacity in England and Wales if they are presented for the

Government Brand at any place at which the Herring Fishery (Branding) Act, 1923, is in force A Quintal of fish (Newfoundland, &c.) is 113 lb.; a barrel of anchovies = 30 lb.; a "box of fish" is about 90 lb.; a Newfoundland "box of fish" octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish" octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish" octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish" octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish" octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish" octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish" octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish" octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish" octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish" octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish octaving and lb. 18 Newfoundland "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish "box of fish of fish" contains zee lb., zzz lb., or zz8 lb., to suit the requirements of the different markets.

# Geographical Measures.

The North and South Poles are two points at the opposite extremities of that diameter of the earth round which it revolves. The Equator is a great circle, equally distant from the North and South Poles. For geographical purposes, the surface of the earth is divided by circles, called the circles of Latitude and Lougitude. The circles of Latitude are small circles parallel to the Equator. The circles of Longitude are great circles perpendicular to the Equator, and passing through the North and South Poles. These circles are divided into Degrees, Minutes, and Seconds. Degrees of Latitude are numbered from the Equator to the North and South Poles. Degrees of Longitude are numbered from the primary circle of Longitude, or Meridian, which passes through the astronomical observatory of Greenwich (England). The Date or Calendar

Line is shown on p. 138.

A Geographical Mile is the length of one minute of Latitude. If the earth was a sphere, every minute of Latitude would be of the same length; but, as it is a spheroid, the length of a minute increases from 6,046 feet at the Equator to 6,008 feet at the Poles. The mean Mustor to 6, 100 leet at the roles. The manual length off the geographical mile is 6,0768 feet. The Nautical Mile is (strictly speaking) the length of a minute of the meridian, and is thus identical with the geographical mile. In practice, however, it is taken as the Admiratity Knot of the control of the control with the second of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the nowever, it is taken as the Annataty Francis, 6,685 feet, divided into 10 cables, which are assumed to be 100 fathoms, or 600 feet.

The Polar diameter of the Earth is 7,895 English miles. The mean equatorial diameter is 7,626 miles. The circumference at the Equator is

24,902 miles.

Measures of Heat.

The comparisons in col. 2 are of Thermometers constructed by Fahrenheit, Celsius and Resumen.

Gabriel Daniel Fahrenheit, F.R.S. (1686-1736), was born at Daniel, and lived a great part of his life in England and the Netherlands. He was elected in England and the Netherlands. He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society in 1792. Anders Csirius (1710-1744), inventor of the Centigrade Thermometer, was born at Upsala, kweden, and was for many years Professor of Astronomy at the University of Upsala. René Antoine Ferchault de Réaumur (1683-1757), was born at La Rochelle, France, and became known as "The Pilny of the XVIIIth Century" on account of his work as a Natural Historian. work as a Natural Historian.

Thern	reserror	Comp	arisons.	
mparison	between	Scales	of Fahrenh	wil

# A	Comp	arison b Réaus	etween t	Scales of Contig	f Fahre rede.	nheit,
R=C+R+	CENT.	FAM'T	Run	CENT.	FAR'T	Rur
85, + + +	**************************************	**************************************	B. B. 4 6 8	CETT	777770 66 0 1 4 6 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Ä.	94 93 98 91	201 2 299 4 197 6 195 8	75°8 74°4 73°6 72°8	19 18 17 16	60.8 64.4 60.8	25 2 24 4 23 6 28 8
2 = 3 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	90 89 88 87 86	194 198 2 190 4 288 6 286 8	72 72 8 60 6 68 8	15 14 13 18	59 57.8 55.4 53.6 51.8	2.8 20.4 21.3
	85 84 83 88	185 183' 2 181' 4 179' 6 179' 8	68 67 8 66 4 65 6 64 8	7 6	48.8 46.4 44.6 48.8	7.2 6.4 5.6 4.8
NOTE.—The normal temperature of the human body is 98.4° E. or 3° (36.9°) C. or CONVERSION.  s9.5° R. Freezing point=39 F.=° C.=° R.; Boding point=313°F.=100° C.=80° R. Let F.= Fahr.  "Absolute." Temperature is Temperature reckoned from "Absolute Zero." which is at 33° C. below 2° R. and is denoted by "C. Cent. the letter "K."  "Below 29 F. subirer 39 "R. Below 40 F. S. Selow 50 F. R. Sesum.	20 77 77 76	170 174 8 178 4 170 6 168 8	60.8 60.8 60.8	3	39 8 37 4 35 6 33 8	3's 2'4 2'6 0'8
ook. Le	75 74 73 78 71	165 a 163 4 161 6 159 B	59°2 58 4 57°6 56 8	3 4	20 a	0.8 1.6 8.4
7° (36'9°) (200°) (200°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°) (20°)	55 55	256 s 254 4 252 6 250 8	55°8 54°4 53°6 52 8	7 8 9	29 4 27 6 25 8	5'6 6'4 7'8
Absolute B. and	64 63 6e 61	147 s 145 4 143 6 143 8	51's 50'4 49'6 48'8	11 12 13 14	18.8 20.4 18.8	9 6 20 4 11 8
dy is 98.  g point == 9d from ' below o	\$9 58 57 56	138.8 134.0 136.8	47'8 46 4 45'6 44'8	25 27 28 29	3.8	23'8 13'6 24'4 15'8
human bo t. ; Bodin e reckone and zr8.4	55 54 53 51 51	232 239 8 237'4 235'6 143 8	44 43°s 42°4 41°6 40°8	21 22 23 24	5.8 7.6 9.3 11.8	26'8 27 6 28'4 29'2
re of the of C.=o° F	49 48 47 46	124.8 118.4 116.6	30 a 36 4 37.6 36.8	27 26 29	24.8 20.6 23	33.8 88.4 87.6 80.8
emperatu =3s° F. =c fure is Te 159.4° bel	45 44 43 48 41	113 109'4 107 6 105 8	35°2 34°4 33°6 38°8	32 28 33 34	23'8 25'6 27'4 29'3	94·8 95·6 96·4
NOTE.—The normal temperature of the human body is 95° R. or 37° (26°9°) C. or 39° S. Precking point=328° F.=xeo° C.=80° R. ; Boding point=328° F.=xeo° C.=80° R. also did not "Absolute Zero," which is at 873° C. is low o' C. alow o' R. and is denoted by the letter 'K. 'Bolow o' C. and is denoted by the letter 'K. 'B. subfract 38° C. alow o' C. and is denoted by the letter 'K.	39 38 37 36	204 302 2 200 4 98 6 96 8	32 a 30 4 20 6 26 8	35 36 37 38 39	32 39·8 34·6 36·4 36·8	#8 #9 6 30 4 31 %
TE. The Drodute" 3° C. belc	35 34 33 39 31	95 93 2 91 4 89 6	27 8 26 4 25 6 24 8	42 43 44	42 · 8 43 · 6 45 · 4 47 · 8	33.6 34.4 35.2
No se R se se se se se se se se se se se se se	30 30 37 37 30	84 :s 84 :s 80 :0 78 :8	23'2 21'6 21'6 20'8	45 46 47 48 49	50 8 58 6 54 4 50 8	35 8 37 6 38 4 39 2

Nautical Measures.

6 feet = : fathom. roo fathoms = r cable length. to cables = 1 nautical mile. 60 nautical miles = 1 degree.

The assumed length of the cable is 600 feet (=182 87 metres), but it is strictly 606 97 feet (=185 metres). The conventional Nautical (= 185 metres). The conventional Nautical Mile (the Knot in speed measurements) is rocables, assumed at 6,686 feet (strictly 6,659 7 feet), but the Nautical Mile is strictly the length of a minute of the meridian and differs according to latitude. Ship Measurement,

The Ton-measurement of cargo was originally the space occupied by 4 hogsheads (= a Tun) of wine = 50 cubic feet. It is now 40 cubic feet, which is approximately the bulk of 4 quarters,

or a short ton, of wheat.

The Ton-register, the unit of capacity of a ship, was originally the space occupied by a Last of to Quarters of wheat = 100 cubic feet. This cubic space is the Ton-register used by all maritime nations, 100 English cubic feet.

Gross tonnage is the sum in cubic feet of all the

various enclosed spaces of a vessel, divided by 100.

Net tonnage is the gross tonnage less certain deductions on account of crew spaces, engine room, water ballast, and other spaces not used for passengers or cargo.

Dead-weight tonnage, or carrying capacity, is the number of tons (of s,240 lb.) of cargo that a vessel is capable of carrying when charged to the load water line (q.v).

Displacement tonnage is the number of tons of sea water displaced by a vessel when charged to the load water line (q.v.), i.e., it is the weight of vessel and contents in tons.

Load-water-line is the line that would be made round the shell of a vessel when loaded as deep as the minimum freeboard regulations permit.

Draught is the distance in feet from the lowest

art of the bottom of a vessel to the actual water line at which the vessel is floating. Thus the loadwater-line marks the greatest, or loaded, draught of a vessel A vessel without any cargo in her hold or passengers or their lugrage aboard is said to be "light ship," or "light," or "in ballast." Free Board is the distance from the main or

upper deck to the load-water-line of a vessel. As a general rule the minimum free board provides an amount of reserve buoyancy that will keep a vessel afloat with two compartments holed.

Bells and Watches on Board Ship.

Bells.—Time is kept by means of a bell, which is struck every half hour. Anyone who, in an effort to terminate his watch prematurely, strikes the bell early, is accused of "warming the bell," an expression which has grown to include the doing of anything before the appointed time.

Watches.—For purposes of discipline, and to divide the work fairly, the crew is mustered in two divisions: the Starboard (right side, looking forward) and the Port (left). The day commences at noon, and is thus divided :-

Watch. Bells (in 16 hours). Afternoon...... noon to 4 p.m., 1 to 8. First Dog.......... 4 p.m. to 6 p.m., 1, 2, 3, 4. +Last or Second Morning ...... 4 a.m to 8 a.m., 1 to 8. Forencon...... 8 a.m. to noon, 1 to 8.

† Lust =Royal Navy § Second in Mercantile Marine

This makes seven Watches, enabling the crew to keep them alternately, as the Watch which is on duty in the forenoon one day has the afternoon next day, and the men who have only four hours' rest one night have eight hours the next. This is the reason for having Dog Watches, which are made by dividing the hours between 4 p.m. and 8 p.m. into two Watches.

For TIME AT SEA see p. 158. Speed of Ships.

The Knot is a measure of speed of ships. The following table shows the equivalents of 1 to 42 knots in land (statute) miles per hour:—

Knots	Miles	Knots	Miles	Knots	Miles
1	1'1515	15	17'2727	29	33'3939
2	8,3030	16	18 4242	30	34'5454
3	3'4545	17	19 5757	31	35 6969
4	4.6060	, 1Š	20'7272	38	36.8484
6	5 7575	19	az 8787	33	38.0000
Ğ	6.0000	20	<b>23.0303</b>	34	39'1515
7	8.0006	21	24'1818	35	40.3030
8	0,3131	22	25'3333	35 36	41'4545
9	10.3636	23	26'4848	37	48 6060
10	11.2121	24	27.6363	37 38	43'7575
11	1a.6666	25	28.7878	39	44 9090
12	13.8180	26	20.0303	40	46.0606
13	14 0000	27	31.0008	41	47'8181
14	16.1313	28	32'2424	42_	48.3636

Measures of Energy, &c.

In Physics the unit of force is the dyne, the In Physics the unit of force is the dyne, the amount that, acting for one second on one gramme mass, gives it a velocity of one centimetre per second. The British unit is the poundal, which in one second gives one pounda velocity of one foot per second. One poundal velocity of one foot per second. One poundal = 13,8a55 dynes. In Meteorology the unit of atmospheric pressure is the Bar, equal to the pressure of 1,000,000 dynes (a megadyne) per squentimetre. The Meteorological Bar is thus 1,000,000 Chemical Bars.

Horse power is energy exerted at the rate of 550 foot-pounds per second; an alternative unit is the kilowatt (102 kilogram-meters per second)=

737 55 foot points per second.

Thermal Unit.—The British Thermal Unit (B.Th.U.) is the amount of heat required to raise one pound of water one degree Fahrenheit. The Gas Therm = 100,000 B.Th. V. If I' = cu. ft. consumed, H=declared heat value of the Company's gas (in B.Th.U. per cu. ft.),  $P = \cos t$  of therm in pence, B = total bill in pence—then  $B = V \times H \times t$ P--- 100,000, whence equivalent cost (in pence) per 1,000 cm. ft. =  $B \times 1,000 + V = H \times P + 100$ .

Yarn Measures. Cotton and Spun Silk Count.-

Thread =  $x\frac{1}{2}$  yards.

Les or Skein, skn. = 120 yards. Hank, hk. = 7 Skeins, or Leas = 840 yards Spindle, spdl. = 18 Hanks.

Counts = the number of Hanks in 1 lb. Bundle Hanks, either of 5 lb. or 10 lb.

Reels of cotton vary from 30 to 1,760 yards; they must be marked correctly.

Bundles of Cotton are chiefly made up for export.

Worsted Count.—Wrap, 80 yards; Hank = 56
yards = 7 Wraps; Counts or Numbers are the number of hanks in a lb.

Linen Count.—The Hank or Lea is 300 yards, and the number of these in z lb. is the count of the yarn. A Spindle is 48 hanks; a Bundle is 200 hanks. West of England Count.—The Hank is 320 yards,

and the number of hanks in z lb. is the count of the yarn.

Paper and B	ook	Meas	ure	•	
Writing Paper.		Print			
24 sheets = 1 quire. 20 quires = 1 ream.	3 1		8 =	: r bı	ream. Indie. bale.
Regular Sizes of	Pri	nting	P	aper	
Foolscap	=	17	×	131/2	inches
Double Foolscap	=	27		17	19
Crown	=	20	×	15	,,
Double Crown	=	30	×	20	,,
Post	=	194	×	151/2	,,
Double Post	=	311/2	×	191/2	,,
Double Large Post	=	33		31	,,
Sheet and ½ Post	=	23,5	×	191/2	**
Demy	=	22/2	×	171/2	**
Double Demy	=	35	×	221/2	,,
Music Demy	=	30	×	15/2	,,
Medium	=	23	×	18	**
Royal	=	25	×	20	"
Super Royal	=	271/2	×	201/2	,,
Elephant	=	28	×	<b>23</b>	97
Imperial	=	30	×	22	11

Note.—Books are usually bound up in sheets of so or 32 pages. Octavo books are generally printed 62 pages at a time (32 pages on each side of a sheet of quad); a crown octavo book of 320 pages will therefore require 5 sheets of quad crown, and a ream will provide 120 books, the odd of sheets being reckoned as waste. Newspapers (and books circulating in large numbers) are printed on rotary presses, for which the paper is supplied on reels (and not in cut reams). "Whitaker" is printed on a rotary press, 122 pages at a time, the paper being served to the press from a reel, and 6 sheets of 32 pages are delivered, printed and folded, at the opposite end of the press.

Sizes of Writing and Drawing Papers. × 48 inches. Emperor ... . .... .. = × 31 ,, × 26¾ ,, × 28¾ ,, Antiquarian ...... = Double Elephant . . . . = Grand Eagle ..... X a6 ,, X a3½ ,, Atlas ..... Colombier ...... .. = Imperial ..... = X 23 Elephant ..... -X 23 Cartridge ... ... .. = Super Royal ..... = X 19 Royal ..... = X 17!5 X 1612 Medium .... = Large Post . 31 Copy or Draft ..... X 16 Demy ..... = X 151/2 19 × 15¹4 ,, 18¹/₂ × 14¹/₃ ,, 17 × 13¹/₂ ,, Post ..... = Pinched Post .. . .... = 22 X 13½ ,, 24½ X 13½ ,, 26½ X 16½ ,, Sheet and 1/2 Foolscap ... = Double Foolscap ...... Double Post ... X 19 ... ... . Double Large Post ...... X ax Double Demy ..... X 20 16½ × 13¼ " Pott ..... - = 15 Sizes of Brown Papers.

Casing ..... = Iouble Imperial ... =

Elephant..... . . . =

Haven Cap..... = Bag Cap .... = Kent Cap = =

Double Four Pound ..

Imperial Cap......

Sizes of Bo	und	Book	<b>8</b> .		
Demy 16mo		5 %		43%	inches.
Demy x8mo	=	514	×		11
Foolscap Octavo (8vo)	==	63%	×		"
Crown 8vo	=	71/2		5	"
Large Crown 8vo	=	8	×	51/4	11
Deiny 8vo	=	836	×		,,
Medium 8vo	=	91/2	×		"
Royal 8vo	=	10	×	61/4	,,
Super Royal 8vo	=	101/	×	678	,,
Imperial 8vo	=	11	×	71/2	,,
Foolscap Quarto (4to) .	=	81/2	×	6¾	"
Crown 4to	=	10	×	73/2	"
Demy 4to	=	111/4	×	83/	11
Royal 4to	=	13/2	×	10	,,
Imperial 4to	=	15	×	II	,,
Crown Folio	=	15	×	10	,,
Demy Folio	=	1736	×	111/4	"
Royal Folio	=	20	×	121/2	"
Music	=	14	×	101/4	"
Sizes of	Tw	ne.			

The type chiefly used in "Whitaker" is named Nonpareil (6 point). The column contains 75 lines, and is 12 Pica on wide, on an average every column contains about 2 oro letters or fee words.

imes, and is za l'ica chie wide, on an average every column contains about 3,000 letters, or 600 words. All Founders cast their type to one uniform height ("type high"), which is 14 inch. Individual letters vary in breadth, but the "hody" of each character is of uniform depth throughout the alphabet in each fount. The unit of breadth is the Pica M (Em)6 of which, side by side, occupy one inch of space. The unit of depth is the Point (72 Points = x inch), so that 6 lines of x2 Point occupy x inch in depth. The names and sizes of the varior's founts are :—

Brilliant (3½ point). A column the size of this in "Whitakei," if set in Brilliant would contain 124 lines, and about 7, 500 letters Printing is the art of producing impressions from characters or figures.

Printing is the art of producing impressions from characters or figures,

Dnamond (4½ point) is the next size, the column
would contain roy lines, and about 6,000 letters.

Printing is the art of producing impressions from characters or

Pearl (5 point), 95 lines, 4,370 letters--Printing is the art of producing impressions, from chara

Ruby (5½ point), 87 lines, 3,740 letters— Printing is the art of producing impressions, from cha Nonpared (6 point), 75 lines, 3,000 letters— Printing is the art of producing impressions, fro

Minion (7 point), 64 lines, 2,360 letters—
Printing is the art of producing impressions,
Bremer (8 point), 58 lines, 1,970 letters—

Printing is the art of producing impressi

Bourgeois (9 point), 53 lines, 1,590 letters—

Printing is the art of producing impre Long Pruner (10 point), 47 lines, 1,360 letters— Printing is the art of producing im

Small Pica (11 point), 43 lines, 1 120 letters— Printing is the art of producing i Pica (12 point), 37 lines, 890 letters—

Printing is the art of produci
English (14 point), 34 lines, 680 letters—

Printing is the art of pro

Printing 1s the art o

Double Pica (sa point), as lines, abo letters—

Printing is the

× 36 inches.

X 29

X 24

X 21 ,,

X 22 X 21 X 19½ X 18

#### CORRECTING FOR THE PRESS.

Copyright by William Clowes & Sons, Ltd., Printers of "Whitaker's Almanace."

The following extract is set up incorrectly in order to explain the conventional methods of correcting for the Press:-

```
7 o/ The precess of printing, when compared with that of
                 riting, is unquestionably a dear process; provided a
3 copies of sufficient number of any particular hookare printed, so
               as to renper the proportion of the first expense upon a
               singgle copy inconsiderable. If, for example, it were
                                                                        Is trs.
               required, even at the present moment time, to print a
               single copy, or even three copies or four, only of any
               production, the cost of printing would be greater than
               the cost of transcribing. )
10 run on
                It is when hundredgrand especially thousands, of the
               same work are demanded that the great value of the
               printing press in maknig knowledge cheap is par-
               ticularly shown. It is probable that the first printers
               did not take off more than two or three hundred, if so
        14 2 / many, of their works and, therefore, the earliest printed
               books must have been still dear, on account of the
               limited number of their readers. CAXTON, as it appears
               by a passage in one of his books, was a continue printer;
               and required something like an aSeurance that he should
               sell enough of any particular book to repay the cost of
               producing it. In his 'Legends of Saints,' he says, " I
               have submysed (submitted) myself to translate into
               English the Saints of Legend, called ' Legenda aurea'
               in Latin; and William, Earl of Arundel Sent me a
                worshipful gentleman, promising that my said lord
                should, during mylife, give and grant to me a yearly fee,
               that is to note, a buck in summer and a doe in winter / 27
```

1. Is the mark for changing the wrong lotter in the word process
2. To substitute one word for another
3 and 24. The first is the method of marking a short insertion, the second of marking a long one.
4. To have a space put between the two words
5. To turn a letter which has been placed upside down.
6. To close the word in which a space has been improperly left.
7 and 8. To take away dele, blot outh a superfluous letter or word
12, and 22. Different marks for transposing the arrangement of letters, words or sentences.
10. To have no fresh paragraph.
11. To substitute a commar for a full-point or period
13. To commence a new paragraph
14. 19, 21, and 27. To insert points and marks of quotation.
15. To have any particular part printed in Italic
15. To have words or letters printed in Italic
16. To have words or letters printed in Italic
17. To have a word or letters printed in Islaic
18. To have a word or letters printed in Islaic
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ourerted.

17 To have a word remain, which has been accidentally or erroneously marked. Set is the Latin for 'let it stand.'

18. Pedata cut a letter which does not match with the others: a 'wrong fount'

29. and 22. To have certain parts printed in small or full capitals

25. To set straight whatever may stand crooked.

26. To remove the unnecessary black mark between the words, which arises from what should form the space not having been pushed down.

### METRIC WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

See also "Double Conversion Tables for Weights and Measures.

In addition to the Imperial standard weights and measures, the use of the French or Metric system of weights and measures was made per-

system of weights and measures was made per-missive in Great Britain in 1897.

In the Metric system, the standard of length is the METRE, the standard of weight is the KILOGRAM, and the standard of capacity is the LITRE. Accurate copies of the Metre, Kilogram, and Litre are kept in the custody of the Standards Office of the Board of Trade

# I .- MEASURES OF LENGTH.

zo millimetres = z centimetre = 0'39370zz3 inch. (mm.) (cm.)

continuetres = 1 decimetre = 3.9370113 inches.

(dm.)

10 decimetres = 1 METRE (m) = 1'0936143 yards. to metres ... = r dekametre = ro 936143 yards. (dam.)

10 dekametres = 1 hectometre = 100 36143 yards. (hm.)

no hectometres = x kilometre = o 62137 mile. (km.)

A kilometre is approximately five eighths of a mile, so that 8 kilometres may be regarded by pedestrians as 5 miles.

# 2 .- MEASURES OF WEIGHT.

10 milligrams = 1 centigram = 0'15432 grains. (cg ). (mg) 10 centigrams = 1 decigram = 1'5432 ,,  $(\bar{d}g.)$ zo decigrams = z gramme =15 4323 ,, (grm.)

to grammes = 1 dekagram = 5.6438 drams. (ďag ) zo dekagrams = z hectogram = 3 5274 oz.

(hg.) zo hectograms = z KILOGRAM = z'zo46223 lb.

(kg ) to kilograms = 1 myriagram = 22 046223 lb. To myriagrams = x quintal (q) = x'9684 cwt. To quintals ... = x tonne (t.) ... = 0 9842 ton.

# 3 .- MEASURES OF CAPACITY.

no millilitres = 1 centilitre = 0'0704 gill. (mil.) (cl.)

so centilities = x decilitre(dl.) = 0.7598 pint. to decilitres = I LITER (lit.) = 1 7598 pints.

to litres ..... = 1 dekalitre .. = 2 1997 gals.

(dal) no dekalitres = 1 hectolitre = 2 7497 bushels. (hl.)

z cubic cm. (water) = z gram; z,000 cubic cm. (water) or z litre = z kilogram; z cubic metre (z,000 litres, z,000 kilograms) = z metric ton.

### 4 -MEASURES OF LAND.

100 sq. metres = 1 are (a.)..... = 0.0988 rood. 100 ares ..... = 1 hectare(ha.) = 2.4711 acres. 100 hectares = 1 sq. kilometre = 0.38611 sq. mile.

n hectolitre...... = 2.75 bushels. n hectolitre per hectare = 1.11 bushels per acre.

THE UNITED STATES.

Weight.—In the short ton of 2,000 lb., the Cental of 200 lb. takes the place of the Cwt. in

the long too. There are Two tons, therefore, the long ton of a,sao lb., the short ton of a,ooo lb. Capacity.—For grain, the old bushel of a, xoo ac cubic inches; its gallon = 268°8 cubic inches. This is commonly called the Winchester bushel, though really of the slightly different London standard

For liquids, the old wine-gallon of agr cubic inches, five-sixths of the British gallon and = \$58,3178 grains of water. It is divided into 8 pints = 7,389 7 grains of water = 16 8 Imperial ounces. In medicine the pint is divided into 16 fluid ounces = 455.6 grains of water, and the ounce into 8 fluid drachms of 60 minims.

# BRITISH DOMINIONS.

Australia and New Zealand,—Same as British. Canada.—Same as British but with short ton of 2,000 lb., as in U.S.A.

Newfoundland.—Same as British.

Ohannel Islands.
The weights and measures in use in the Channel Islands are those of Great Britain, the cental of 100 lb, being used as well as the cut. of 112 lb. The Old Island Measures are as follows:—

Vergée (Normandy Jersey. Guernsey Cwt. ..... .. (104 lb.) = 112'3 lb. (100 lh.)=

zo8 a lb. British India. .... ----- = 0'75 inch. Guz, usual'y 33 inches; also the yard.

Cawny (Madras) ..... ,, = 1.33 ,,
Tola (rupee-weight) ..... = 180 grains.

Chittak ..... = 2.0571 0Z. 

Seer (Liquid) . ... = 1 760 pints.

Candy ,, ... = 500 lb.
Visham = 3 lb.; Dangali = 3 pints.
Parah = 15 gallons.
Catty (Singapore) = 1/3 lb.

Pikul ..... roo cattles = 133 lb.

Irish Free State.—Same as British.

Malta.

The Metric System. Old Maltese Measures.

z Palmo = zo 3za5 inches.

8 Palmi = r canna = 6 ft. rol/2 inches.

r sq. Cauma = 47 as 64, feet.

25 8q. Cauma = 1 tumulo = 6 mondelli = 12 100

24 feet.

2 mondello = 10 misure.

r acre = 3 tumuli, 3 mondelli, 6 misure. Sudan, —See Egypt.

# South Africa.

The Metric System is compulsory in the case of chemists, and is permissible (along with British weights and measures) in other cases. In addition, the following old Dutch measures are still used:-Liquid Measure: Leaguer=about 128 inectofitre per nectare = 1 17 fushels per acre.

1 quintal = 36 p bushels per acre.

1 quintal per hectare = 149 bushels per acre.

1 franc a hectolitre = 36d. a bushel (par).

1 a quintal = 36 bushels. The general surface measure is Morgen, equal to 1.03 British feet. The francs (duty).... = 1st.6d.a quarter (par).

1 short ton of s,000 ib. is used.

# DOUBLE CONVERSION TABLES FOR WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

NOTE.—The central figures in heavy type represent either of the two columns beside them, as the case may be. Examples:—1 centimetre = c'394 inch and 1 inch = s'340 centimetres.

1 metre = r'094 yards and 1 yard = c'914 nietre.

1 kilometre = c'621 nile and 1 mile = r'094 kilometres.

	1			
Centi- metres. Inches.	Metres. Yards.	Kilo- metres. Miles.	Hectares. Acres.	Square Square Kilometres. Miles.
2'540 1 0'394 5'080 2 0'787	0'914 1 1'094	1.600 1 0.621	0'404 1 2'472	2'500 1 0'386
5.080 3 1.181 2.080 3 1.181	1 8ag 8 a 187 2 743 8 3 281	3'219 8 1'243 4'828 3 1'864	0.800 2 4.942 1.814 8 7.413	7'770 8 1'158
10 160 4 1 575	3 648 4 4 374	6'437 4 2'485	1'619 4 g'884	10'360 4 1'544
12,400 9 1,000	4'57a 5 5'468 5'486 6 6'66a	8'047 5 3'107 0'666 6 3'788	2'023 5 12'355 2'428 6 14'826	12'950 5 1'931
15'240 6 2'362 17'780 7 2'756	5'486 6 6'56a 6'40z 7 7'655	9'656 6 3'728 11'266 7 4'350	2'428 6 14'826 2'833 7 17'298	15'540 6 2'317
20.320 8 3.120	7'315 8 8'749	12'875 8 4'971	3.837 8 19.769	20'720 8 3'089
22.860 9 3.543 25.400 10 3.937	8'230 9 9'843	14'484 9 5'592 16'094 10 6'214	3'648 9 22'240 4'047 10 24'711	23.310 9 3.475
50.800 80 3.834	9'144 10 10'936 18'288 80 21'872	32'187 20 12'427	8'047 10 84'711 8'094 80 49'428	22.800 30 7.288
26.500 30 11.811	27 432 80 32 808	48 281 30 18 641	12'140 80 74'132	77 699 80 II 583
101 600 40 15 748	36'576 40 43'745 45'780 50 54'681	64'375 40 a4'855 80'468 50 31'068	16'187 40 98'843 20'234 50 123'554	103 598 40 15 444 129 498 50 19 306
158'400 60 23'622	54.863 60 65.617	96.262 60 37.282	24 281 60 148 265	155'397 60 #3'169
177'800 70 a7'559	64'007 70 76'553	118 655 70 43 495	28'328 70 172'976	181'397 70 a7'0a8
203,200 80 31,400 228,000 80 31,400	73'151 80 87'489 82'295 90 98'425	128.720 80 49.709	38'374 80 197'686 36'4a1 90 aas'397	207 196 80 30 889 233 096 90 34 750
254.000 100 39.370	91'439 100 109'361			258 995 100 38 611
Cubic Cubic Metres. Yards.	Kilograms. Av.	Short Long Tons. Tons.	Metric Long Tonnes. Tons.	Metric Short Tonnes. Tons.
0'765 1 1'308	0'454 1 2'205	1,12   1 0.803	1 o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	0'907 1 1'108
1'529 2 2'016 8'294 8 3'924	0'907 2 4'409 1'361 3 6'614	3'36 3 2'677	2'032 2 1'968 3 048 3 2'953	1'814 8 2'205 2'722 8 3'307
3'058 4 5'232	1 814 4 8 818	4'48 4 3'570	4 064 4 3 937	3'629 4 4'409
3 823 5 6 540 4 587 6 7 848	2'268 5 11'023	5'60 5 4'462 6'72 6 5'354	5'080 5 4'931 6'066 6 5'005	4'536 5 5'518 5'443 6 6'674
4'587 6 7'848 5'352 7 9'156	3'175 7 15'432		6.096 6 2.002	
6'116 8 10'464	3.689 8 17.637	8.96 8 7.139	8'128 8 7'874	7'257 8 8'818
7'646 10 13'080	4'08a 9 19'84a 4'536 10 aa'046	10.08 8.03s	9'144 9 8'858 10'161 10 9'842	8'165 9 9'9at 9'078 10 11'023
15.901 80 30.120	9'072 80 44'093	22'40 20 17'848	20'321 20 19'684	18 144 80 28 046
22 937 80 39 239	13.608   30   66.130	33.60 30 26.772 44.80 40 35.606	30 48a 80 ag 5a6	27.215 80 33.069
30 582 40 52 318 38 228 50 65 398	18'144 40 88'185 22'680 50 110'231	44.80 40 35.696 56.00 50 44.620	40 64z 40 39 368 50 803 50 49 811	36'887 40 44'092 45'359 50 55'116
45 873 60 78 477	27'215 60 138'277	67 20   60 53 545	60 063 60 50 053	54'431 60 66'139
53.210 4 80 104.636	31.751 70 154.323	78.40 70 6z.469	71'184 70 68'894 81'884 80 78'737	
68.810 80 104 030	36'287 80 176'370 40'823 90 198'416	100.80 80.317	01'444 90 88'570	72'574 80 88'185 81'646 90 99'308
76'455 100 130'795	45'359 100 zao'46s		1 101 605 100 98 421	90'718 100 110'231
Litres. Pints.	Litres. Gallons.	U.S. English Gallons Gallons (Liquid). (Liquid)	Rughele Rughele	Hecto-English litres, per Bushels, Hectare. per Acre,
0'568 1' 1'760	4'546 1 0'230	1'200 1 0'833		o.898 1 1.113
1.130 8 3.200	9'098 2 0'440	2 401 2 1 666	2.063 8 1.030	1.796 8 2.226
1'705 3 5'279	13'638 8 0'660 18'184 4 0'880	3 601 8 2 499 4 802 4 3 332	3 095 3 2 908 4 126 4 3 878	2 695 8 3 340
2 273 4 7 039 2 841 5 8 799	32,430 p 1,100	6'002 5 4'165	5 158 5 4 847	3'593 4. 4'453 4'491 5 5'566
3'409 6 TO 559	27'276 6 1'320	7'203 6 4'998	6'189 6 5'817	5'389 6 6'679
3'978 7 12'319 4'546 8 14'078	31.822 7 1.540 36.368 8 1.760	8.403 7 5.831 9.603 8 6.664	7'221 7 6 786 8'252 8 7'756	6 287 7 7 7 793 7 186 8 8 906
5'114 9 15 838	40'914 9 1'980		9'284 9 8'725	8'084 9 10'010
5 682 10 17 598	45 460 10 a soo	10 804 9 7 497 12 004 10 8 330 24 000 20 16 661	10 315 10 9 694	8.982 10 II.138
17'047 80 35'196	90 919 80 4 399	36 013 30 24 991	30,042 30 10,380	17 964 80 22 265 26 946 80 33 397
sa'730 40 70'39s	181 838 40 8 799	48 017 40 33 381	41 260 40 38 778	35 998 40 44 530
38'412 50 87'990 34'094 60 105'568	227.28 60 10.000	78'080 60 41'558	51'576 50 48'472 61'891 60 58'167	44 910 50 55 662
35'777 70 rag'186	318:217 70 15:398	84'030   70 g8'312	72 206 70 67 861	62 874 70 27 029
45'459 80 140'784	363 677 80 17 598	96.034 80 66.642	8a saz 80 77 556	71 856 80 89 050
51'148 90 158'38a 56'884 100 175'98o	409'136 90 19'797	108.039 90 74.973	203,121 100 84.320	80.838 80 100 111,334
7.75 -VO 175 900	737 390 -001 20 997		1004	1 000 111 314

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1984.

o.	3	¼d.	L	½d.	_ _	¾d.	_	zd.	_ _	ad.	3	d.	4	l.	50	<i>l</i> .	<b>6</b> d	!. ! 	7d.	1	Bd.	2	d.		od.	1	ıd.	N
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	000000000	01/2	00000	2 2½	0 0	3 3 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	000000	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0	6 8 10	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	36 90 36 90 36	1 1 2 2 3	4804804804	I I 2	5 10 3 8 1 6 11 4 9	0 I I Z Z 3 3 4 4 5	6	2 1 2 1 3 6 4 2 4 8 5 3 5 1 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 4 0 8 4 0	3 3 4 5 6	9630963096	3 4 5 5 6 7 8	4 2 0 10 8 6	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3	10
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	000000000	2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	000000000	5½ 6 6½ 7 7½ 8 8½ 9 9½	0 0 0 1 1	9 9 10 10 11 14 0 0 14	1 1 1	11 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3	0 2 4 6 8	3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5	9036903690	3444555666	8048048048	6 7 7		5667788990	0 6 0	1 1	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 4 0 8 4 0 8	9	3096309630	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 15	2 0 10 8 6 4 2 0 10 8	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	1 0 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4	11 13 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
1 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 0	00000000	5½ 5½ 5½ 6¼ 6¼ 6¼ 7¼		10½ 11 11½ 0 1½ 1½ 2½ 3	***	3 ¼ 4 ¼ 5 ¼ 6 6 ¼ 7 ½ 8 ¼ 9 ¼ 10 1 2	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	9 10 11 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5	6 8 10 0 2 4 6 8 10 0	5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7	36 90 36 90 36	7778889990	0 4 8 0 1 4 8 1	10 1 11 11 12	2	1 2 3 3 4 4	610101010101010101010101010101010101010	2 10 3 5 4 7 4 7 5 2 6 4 6 11	14 15 16 16 17 18 18	8 4 0 8 4 0 8	15 16 17 18 18 19 20 21 21	96 30 96 30 96	17 18 19 20 20 21 22 23 24 25	6 4 2 0 10 8 6 4 2	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	3 2 1 0 11 10 9 8 7	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	00000000	734 8 4 8 1 ₂ 8 3 9 14 9 14 9 14 9 14	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3½ 4 4½ 5 5½ 6½ 7½ 8	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	11/4 0 0/4 11/2 21/4 3 3/4 4/2 5/4 6	3 3 3 3 3	7 8 9 10 11 0 1 2 3	5555566666	2 4 6 8 10 0 2 4 6 8	78888999910	9 36 9	10	4 1 8 1 0 1 4 1 8 1 0 1 4 1 1 4 1 1	3 4 4 5 5 5	1 1 1 9 1 7 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 3 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3	6 7 7 8 9	6 11 6 11 6 21 6 21 6 21 6 21	8 8 9 3 9 10 5 5 7 6 7 7	21 22 32	4 0 8 4 0 8 4 0	23 24 24 25 26 27 27 28 29 30	0 9 6 3 0 9 6 3	25 26 27 28 29 30 30 31 32 33			5 4 3 2 1 0 11 10 9 8	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40
1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 9	0 1 0 1	10¼ 10¾ 10¾ 11 11¼ 11¼ 01¼ 0½	I	81/2 9 1/2 10 10 1/2 11 11/2 0 01/2	2 2 2 3 3 3 3	614 71/2 81/4 9 91/4 101 111/4 0 01/4 11/2	3 4 4	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 0 1	6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8	0 2 4 6 8	10 10 11 11 11 11 12 12	31 6 1	4 4 5 5 5 6 6	8 I 4 I 8 I 4 I 8 I 8 I 8 I 8 I	7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9	162 492 705 50	0 1 2 3 4	6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 7 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8	6 1 8 3 3 10 7 5 9 7 7 9 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	27 28 28 30 30 31 32 32 33	0	33 34 35 36 36	3 0 9 6 3 0	34 35 36 37 38 39 40 40	6 4 2 0		7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	41 48 44 45 46 47 48 49
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1	3 3	11,2 2 21/2 3 4 5 6 7 1/2 9 10 1/2	4 4 4 4	21/4 3 31/4 41/2 6 7/2 9 11/4 11/2 3/4 4/2 6 10/2	4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6	3 9 10 0 6	9 9 10 10 11 11 12 13	8 0 0 4 8 0 6 0 6 8 0 0	13 13 14 15 15 17 18	913 616 616 616 616 616 616 616 616 616 6	7788901 3346	0 2 3 8 2 2 8 2 2 9 2 2 9 3 3 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	34 56 78 90 2	3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	5 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	5 30 5 30 5 30 5 35 5 35 5 40 6 40 6 40	4 11 6 8 10 9 6 3 10 0	34 34 35 36 37 38 40 42 44 46 46 48 52	08 4 0 4 8 0 0 0 8 0 0	39 49 42 43 45 47 49 51 52 54	36 96 06	42 43 44 45 46 48 50 52 55 55 56 65	20840606400	46 47 48 49 51 55 55 66 63 64 66 71	98 76 4 2 0 96 3 2 06	51 52 53 54 56 58 60 63 69 70 72 78
	ı	8 9 0½	3 3 4	6 9 2	5 5 6	3 7½ 3	6 7 7 8	6	13 14 15 16	0	20 21 22 25	0.2 0.3 6.3	8	8 3 0 3 0 3 4 4	3 5	4 44 6 45 8 5		49	6	53 56 60 66	400	50 53 57	0	66 79 75 83	0	73 77 8s	6 8	80 84 90 100

# EQUIVALENT INVESTMENTS.

Examples:—To ascertain the yield of Consols at a price of £57 res. cd. look in the column headed 2½ Pr. Ct. for 57½, and it will be seen that the yield (column headed Return Per (ent.) is £45c. r.d. Similarly, shares paying a fixed dividend of 6 per cent. if purchased at £105, will yield £5 r4s. 3d. per cent.; while 5 per cent. shares at £97½ yield £5 zs. 7d. per cent.

eturi er Cen	t	Průt	Průt	Pr Ct	3½ Průt	3½ Pr Út	Pi Ct	4½ Prút	Pr. Ct.	5½ Pr ('t.	6 Pr('t	Pr. Ct	7½ Pr. Čt	8 Pr. Ct.	9 Pr∪t	10 Pr. (*
3 10	6	100	110 104¾	120	130	140	160	180 1∠	200 1001/3	200 ½	240	260 266%	300 285¾	320 304%	360 34ª¾	400 381
2 12	9	95¾ 93		1117/3	121	130%	158 /3 140	167%	186	20473		2602/	279	208	34-73 335	372
<b>8</b> 15	0	901	100	109	228	12716	145/3	163 1/2	181%	200	218	254	2723	200%	327	363
3 17	6	87_		104%	113	131%		156 /2	174		2083	243/3	260%	278	313	347
3 0	7	83 1/3 82 1/2	91%	99	1081/4	115/2	1331/3	150 148½	166% 165	183 1/2	200	233/3 231	250 247 ½	266% 264	300 297	333 330
3 r	6	81 1/4	8938	971/2	105/4	113/2	130	1461/	16a½	17814	195	3371/2	24334	260	292 X	325
3 2	6	80	88	96	104	113	128	144	160	176	193	224	840	256	288	320
3 . 3	_6	7814	86 %	94 1/2				14134	1571/2	1731/4		2201/	236%	253	<b>283</b> ½	315
3 4 3 5	6	77½ 76¼	85%	93		108½ 106¾		1391/4	155 158½	1701/2		217	232 1/2	248	279 274½	310
3 6	á	75	8a 1/2	00		105	120	135	150	165	180	310	225	240	270	300
3 7	10	731/4	81 1/8	881/2	9534	1031/4	118	138%	1471/2	16214	177	2061/2	221/4	236	265 1/2	295
39	0	72 1/2	79%	87	941/4	101 1/2	-	130/2	145	1591/2		203	317/2	232	абх	290
3 10	5	71¾ 70	78%	851/2	92¾ 91	991/4	114	1281/4	1421/2	15634	171 168	199%	21374	224	256 ½	285
3 12	9	68%	75%	821/2	89%	961/4		1231/4	1371/2	1511/4	165	1921/2	2061/	220	24715	275
3 14	I	67 1/2	74%	8x	87%	941/2	208	131 1/2	135	1481		180	202 1/2	216	243	270
3 IS	6	661/4		79 1/2	861/4	923/4		11933		145%		1851/2	1983/4	313	236 1/2	265
3 16 3 18	5	65 63¾	71/2	78	84 1/2	91 891/4	104	117	130	143	156	182	195	208	234	260
4 0	3	62 1/2		75/2	8114	87 1/2		113 1/2	125	137/2		175	1871/2	200	239 1/2	255 250
4 z	7	61 1/4	67%	731/2	793	85%	98	1101/4	1381/2	13434	147	171/2	18334	196	220%	245
4 _ 3	4	60	66	72	78	84	96	108	120	132	¥44	168	180	198	216	240
4 5	1	58		70/2		8a 1/4 80 1/2	94	105/4		1201/2	141	164½ 161		188 184	211/2	
	11	57 1/2	63½ 61½	671/2	74%	7834	92	1031/2	115	123/4		1571/2	178/2	180	207 202 1/2	230
4 10	II	55	601/2	66	71 1/2	77	88	99	110	121	138	154	165	176	198	230
4 13	0	531/4				75%	86	963/4	1071/2			1501/2			1931/	315
4 15	3	58 1/2	57 % 56 3	63 61½	681/4	731/2		94 1/2	105	115%		147	1571/2		189	310
4 17 5 0	7	51 1/4	. 50yx	60	65	723/4	80	9874	100	1123/4	120	143 1/2	153% 150	160	184 1/3	305
5 2	7	483/4	535		63 1/3	681/4	78	8734	971/2	1071/4	227	136½	146%	156	1751/2	
5 5	_ 3	471/2		1	61/4	661/2	76	851/2		1041/		133	1481/2		171	190
5 8	I	46%	50%		60%	64%		831/4	93 1/2		111	120			1661/	
5 11	_	45 43%	49½ 48½	54 581/2		63 61 1/4	72	783/4		99	105	133 1/2	135	144	162 157 1/2	175
5 17	3	481/	463/4	5 <b>x</b>	55%	591/2		761/	85	931	102	IIO	12714		153	170
6 0	_0	4133	45%	50	54%	59½ 58½	663	.,	_831/	917	100	1163		_133½		x66
6 2	5	40)	44%		53	571/						1147				163
6 5	8	40 39 ¹ /6	44	48	503/	56	64	73	80 781/	88 861	96	109%	120	1251	144	150
6 10	5			46	49%	53%	6x 3	69	76%	841 821	92	107	115	1232		153
6 13	_4	37 /			48%	58 1/2		67 1/2				105	113/		135	150
6 16	6	36%	40 /	44	47%	51/	583		731/3	80%	88	1007	110	1171/3	132	146
7 3	10	35	39 %		45%	49	57%	64 1/2			84	98	1071/2	114%	120	143 140
7 6	4	341/	371/2	41	44 1/2	473	541	61/2	681	751	88	95%	103	1091/3	123	136
7 10	. •	33 1/2		40	431/	462			00%	73%		937	100	106%		
7 13	10	31 %			431/4	45 %		581/	65	71½ 69¾	76	91 883	971/2	104	117	130
7 17	**	301	34 %		40	43%		57 55½	63½ 61¾	67	74	863	95 981/2	101 %	121	183
8 6	8	30	33	36	39	48	48	54	60	66	72	Be.	90	96	ros	120
8 11	_ 5	39%	38/	35_	37%	40%						8x 3	.)	931/	205	226
8 16	6 10	287	323		363	39 ² / 38 ² /	45%		56%	6a /	66	797		90%	106	113
9 7	10	27 ½ 26 ¾	30%	33	351/4	37	44	49 1/2 48	55	582	64	77	8s 1	85%	99	TO
9 13	7	25 t	-81	31	331/2	36%	43% 43%	46%	53½ 51¾	56	62	7-7	77%	8 8 3	93	103
0		95	=7%		33%	25	40	45	10	55	60	70	75	80	90	100

# 548 Present Value of a Leasehold, &c.—English Mile Compared. PRESENT VALUE OF A LEASE, FREEHOLD ESTATE, OR ANNUITY.

Yoars.	3%	4%	5%	6%	7%	Years	3%	4%	5%	6%	7%
1/2	49	48	48	48	47	44	24 25	20 55	17 66	15 38	13 50
<b>1</b>	97	oδ	95	94	93	45	24 52	20 72	17 77	15 46	13 6
	1 91	1 Š9	1 86	z 83	1 81	46	24 77	20 88	17 88	15 52	13 6
3	2 8g	a 78 °	2 72	2 67	2 62	47	25 02	2I 04	17 98	I5 59	13 6
4	3 72	3 63	3 55	3 47	3 39	48	25 26	2I 20	18 08	15 65	<b>43</b> 7
5	4 58	4 45	4 33 5 08	4 21	4 10	49	25 50	2I 34	18 17	15 71	13 7
5	5 42	5 24		4 92	4 77	50	<b>25 73</b>	2I 48	18 26	15 76	138
7 8	6 23	6 00	5 79 6 46	5 58	3 39	3-	25 95	21 62	18 34	15 81	138
8	7 02	6 73		6 21	5 97	52	26 16	21 75	18 42	15 86	13 8
9	7 78	7 44	7 11	6 8o	6 51	53	26 37 26 58	21 87	18 49	15 90	13 8
TO	8 53	8 11	7 72 8 31	7 36	7 02	54	<b>26 58</b>	2I 99	18 56	15 95	13 9
II	9 25 ,	8 76		7 36 7 89 8 38 8 85	7 50	55	26 77	22 II	18 63	15 99	13 9
12	9 95	9 39		8 38	7 94	ı 50 i	26 96	22 22	18 70	16 03	13 9
13	10 63	9 99	9 39		8 36	57	27 15	22 32	18 70	16 of	13 9
14	II 39	10 56	9 90	9 29	8 75	58	<b>27 33</b>	22 43	18 82	16 10	14 0
15	II 94	II I2	10 38	9 7º	9 11	59	27 50 I	22 53 ,	18 87	16 13	14 0
16	12 56	11 65	10 84	10 11	9 45	60	27 67	22 62	18 93	16 16	14 0
17	13 16	12 17	11 27	το 48	9 76	61	27 84	22 71	18 98	16 19	14 0
18 i	I3 75	12 66	11 69	10 83	10 00	62	28 oo	22 8o	19 03	16 22	14 0
19	14 32	13 13	12 08	11 16	10 34	63	28 15	22 89	19 07	16 24	14 0
20	14 88	13 59	12 46	XX 47	10 59	64	28 30	22 97	19 12	I6 26 !	14 I
31	15 41	14 03	12 82	11 76	10 84	65	28 45	23 04	19 16	16 29	14 I
22	I5 94	14 45	13 16	12 04	11 of	66	28 59	23 12	19 20	16 31	14 I
23	16 44	14 86	13 49	12 30	11 27	67	28 73	23 19	I9 24	16 33	14 I
24	16 93	I5 25	13 80	12 55	11 47	68	28 87	23 26	19 27	16 35	14 1
25	17 41	15 6a	14 09	12 78	11 65	69	29 00	23 33 j	19 31	16 37	14 1
26	17 87	15 98	14 38	13 00		70	29 12	<b>23 39</b>	19 34	16 38	14 1
27	18 33	16 33	14 64	13 21	11 <b>9</b> 9	7 7 j	29 24	23 45	19 37	16 40	14 I
28·	18 76	16 66	14 90	13 41	12 14	72	29 36	23 51	19 40	16 4x	14 I
29	19 19	16 98	15 14	13 59	12 28	73	29 48	23 57 °	19 43	16 43	14 1
30	19 60	17 29	15 37	13 76	12 41	74	29 59	23 63 °	19 46	16 44	14 I
31	20 00	17 59	15 59	13 93 I		75	29 70	ag 68	19 48	16 45	14 I
38	20 39	17 87	15 80	14 o8	12 65	76	29 81	*3 73 '	19 51	16 47	14 2
33	20 76	18 15	16 00 .	14 23	12 75	77	29 9I	23 78	19 53	16 48 I	14 2
34	21 13	18 41	16 19	14 37		78	30 OI	23 8z	19 55	16 49	14 z
35 36	21 49	18 66	16 37	14 50 '	12 95	79	30 10	23 87	19 57	16 50	14 2
36	az 83	18 91	16 55			80	30 30	23 9I	19 59	16 51	14 2
37 38	22 17	19 14	16 71	14 74	13 12	85	30 63	<b>24</b> II	19 68	16 55	14 2
	38 49	19 37	16 87	14 85		90	31 00	24 27	19 75	16 58	14 2
39	22 SI	19 58	17 03	14 95 I	13 <b>2</b> 6	95	31 38	<b>34 40</b>	19 80	16 60	14 2
40	23 11	19 79	17 16	15 05	13 33	100	3x 60	24 50 I	19 85	16 62	14 2
41	23 4I	19 99	17 29	15 14	13 39					i	-
48	23 70	30 19	17 42	15 38	I3 45	1 1		IN PERP		1	
:-	-2 -2	20 20	*** **	** **		. 1				-6 66	

Example z—What is the present value of a Lease having 37 years to run of the net annual value of £100, interest being reckoned at 4 per cent.? Answer.—19 14 years purchase, or £1,914.

17 55

15 31

20 37

____

43

Example a.—A man, aged 56, in the receipt of a pension or annuity of £300 a year net, wishes to commute that for a present payment, interest being reckoned at 5 per cent. How much will he receive? Asswer.—Laoking at the Table of Expectation of Life [av., it will be seen that the expectation for age 56 is about 27 years; and

from the above table an annuity certain for 17 years interest at 5 per cent, is worth 11 27 years purchase. The present payment required would therefore be £1,127 approximately.

33 33 25 00 20 00

16 66

Approximately,

Note to Example 2 — This method is only approximate.

The values of annuities which depend on lives of a given
presult age, when properly calculated according to a
given mortality table and a given rate of interest, are
always somewhat less than those given by the method
used in this example.

THE ENGLISH	MILE C	OMPARED	WITI	H OTH	ER EU	JROPI	LAN N	IEASU	RES.	_
	English Mile	French Kilom	German Geog M.	Russian Verst	Austm	Jutch Ure	Norweg. Mile.	Swedish Mile.	Danish Mile.	Stunde.
English Statute Mile English Geog. Mile Kilometre German Geog. Mile Russian Verst Austrian Mile Dutch Ure Norwegian Mile Swedish Mile Danish Mile Swiss Stunde	1'153 1' 0'6a1 0' 4 610 4' 0'663 0' 4'714 4' 3'458 3' 7'081 6' 6'644 5' 4 682 4'	091 11'299 764 10'692 068 7'536	0'250 0'250 0 135 1'000 0 144 1'022 0'750 1'523 1'441 1'016 0'648	10.280 10.010	0'132 0'978 0'141 1'000 0'734 1'489 1'409	0'333 0'180 1'363 1'363 1'363	0.657 0.094 0.678 0.493 1.000 0.948 0.667	0'710 0'520 1'057 1 000 0'705	0'148 1'006 0'738 1'499 1'419	0'335 0'386 0'308 1'543 0 222 1'578 1'157 2'350 2'224 1'567 1'000

#### REPAYMENT OF PUBLIC LOANS.

SUMS needed annually for the liquidation of a debt (principal and interest) of £100, at the stated percentage, in 5 to 80 years. If the loan he for £1,000, each annual installment must be multiplied by 10, and 80 on. Thus, a liquicipal Loan of £1,000,000 at 5 per cent., repayable in 80 years, would cost the ratepayers £51,031 gs. annually for that period, and would then be extinguished.

Years	3⅓ per Ct	4 per ('t	4i per Ct	5 per Ct.	5k per ('t.	6 per Ct	64 per Ct
5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 65 70 75 80	5 8 d 22 2 11/2 12 0 5 1 1 2 0 5 1 1 4 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d  ## d	£ 8 d 22 15 7 12 12 9 9 6 2 4 7 13 9 6 14 10 1/2 6 2 9 1/2 5 14 6 1/2 5 1 8 1/2 4 16 17 4 15 5 1/2 4 14 4 4 13 5 1/4 4 13 5 1/4 4 13 5 1/4	6 n d 3 1 11 12 8 0 5 5 4 7 1 10 6 2 1 14 5 16 6 6 5 15 5 16 6 6 4 5 7 4 5 5 8 5 3 4 4 6 5 3 7 6 5 3 7 6	8 444 13 5 4 98 7 444 7 9 144 6 9 114 6 0 104 5 16 14 5 14 5 13 5 14 5 13 5 14 5 13 5 14 5 15 5 15 6 16	#3 14 9 12 13 11 8 14 15 10 5 11 8 14 4 12 7 15 5 12 16 17 11 16 6 10 16 6 10 16 6 10 16 6 10 16 6 10 16 6 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	# 1 3 % 4 1 3 % 4 1 1 3 1 8 8 % 4 1 3 1 1 8 8 % 4 1 9 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

#### REDEMPTION OF CAPITAL

BY ANNUAL PAYMENTS.

THE following are the rates charged by certain first-class Insurance Companies for "Redemption Policies," to secure the payment of £500 in return for so many annual premiums, e.g., an Insurance Company will undertake to pay £500 on Midsummer Day, 1951, in return for the payment of £25, 2d. on Midsummer Day, 1933, and each year afterwards until 1950, or 28 payments in all; for £1,000 the annual premium would be £25 118, 8d., and so on. This table is of particular interest to purchasers of Leaschoid property, as it enables such purchasers to see, at a glance, the amount to be paid out of the income from the property for a redemption policy to provide the sum originally expended (with a margin for dilapidations, if necessary), by the time the leasehold interest has expired.

Yrs	Pre	u.	Yrs	F	re'ı	11	Yrs	F	re i	n	Yrs	Pr	e m
		đ.		£	8.	d.		£	٧.	d.		s.	đ.
IO	89	4	<b>2</b> 5	3	13	3	40	1	5		55	14	3
11	7 11	7	26	2	10	4		I	4		56	13	
12	6 16	9	27	2	7	8		Ţ	3	8	57	13	3
13	6 4	3	æŠ	3	5	3	43	'n	2	8	58	12	9
14	5 13	7	29	3	2	11	44	'n.	1	9	59	13	4
15	5 4	4	30	3	0	9	45	1	0	11	60	11	11
16	4 16		31	1	18	10	46		0	1	61	111	5
17			38		16	11	47	0	19	4	62	11	1
18	4 2	11	33	1	15	3		ъ	18	ż	63	10	8
19	3 17	3			13	7		.0	17	10		10	4
30	3 12				12	í			17	2	65	9	11
21	3 7		36	12	10	8	51	6	16	6	66	9	7
32	3 3			1			52		15	11	67	9	3
<b>*3</b>	2 10		38	1		7	53		15		68		õ
	2 16		39	2			54		14	9	69	8	8

#### THE RULE OF THE ROAD.

The Rule of the Road is a paradox quite,
For in driving your carriage along,
If you bear to the left you are sure to go right,
If you bear to the right you go wrong.
But in walking the streets 'tis a different case,
To the right it is right you should steer,
On the left should be left enough of clear space
For the people who wish to walk there.

# THE WALKER'S MAXIMS.

(From *The Times*, April 9, 1930). Two rules the walker must obey If he would reach his home to-day— On Roadway always keep the Right On Footpath just the op-po-site.

# G. BUCKSTON BROWNE.

THE RULE OF THE ROAD AT SEA.

1. Two steamships meeting.

when both side-lights you see ahead, Port your helm, and show your RED.

z. Two steamships passing.
GREEN to GREEN, or RED to RED,
Perfect safety—Go a-head!

3. Two steamships crossing.
If to your starboard RED appear,
It is your duty to keep clear;
To act as judgment says is proper;—
To Port—or Starboard—Back, or Stop her.
But when upon your port is seen
A Steamer's starboard light of GREEN,
There's not so much for you to do,
For GREEN to Port keeps clear of you.
Both in safety and in doubt,
Always keep a good look-out;
In danger, with no room to turn,
Ease her—stop her—go astern.

550	DECIMAL PAR	TS OF £1 STEE	LING,	
Pence.  '001	Pence.  ozó 6½  ozó 6½  ozó 6½  ozó 6½  ozó 7½  ozó 7½  ozó 7½  ozó 7½  ozó 2½  ozó 33  ozó 3½  ozó 3½  ozó 3½  ozó 3½  ozó 3½  ozó 3½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½  ozó 2½	Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling   Shilling	g. Pence. o'./ o'./ o'./ o'./ o'./ o'./ o'./ o'.	illing. Penoe.  x 6 x 6 x 6 x 6 x 6 x 7 x 6 x 7 x 7 x 7 x 7 x 7 x 7 x 8 x 8 x 8 x 8 x 8 x 9 x 9 x 1 9 x 1 9 x 1 10 x 10 x 10 x 10 x 10 x 10 x 10 x
ozz 5½	'047 1114 '048 1114	'071 1 '072 1	5 096 5½ 097 5½ 098	1 11/4
024 5¾ 025 6	.049 11 14	'073 I	51/4 '099	1 111/2
Shillings  '050 = 1 0  '053 = 1 3  '100 = 2 0  '125 = 2 6  '150 = 3 0  '200 = 4 0  '250 = 5 0  '300 = 6 0  350 = 7 0  '400 = 8 0	'450 = '500 = '555 = '555 = '600 = 650 = '750 = '750 = '850 = '850 = '900 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '500 = '50	shillings 9 c 10 0 10 6 11 0 12 0 13 0 14 0 15 0 16 0 17 0 18 0	300 = 6 0 045 = 0 103/ 345 = 6 103/ 345 = 6 103/ 800 = 16 0 098 = 1 113/ 898 = 17 113/	4
PRICE OF THE FUNI	08, 1931, 1932 AND 19	AVERAGE	PRICE OF 21/2 %	CONSOLS.
a)4% Consols 4% Consols 5% War Loan 4% Funding 3½% Conversion 4% Victory Bonds 2% Local Loans Stock Bank of England Stock 5% Corp. of London Stock 5% L.C.C. Stock 4% Port of Lond. "B" Stk	1021 1032 1733 174 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175	January February February January July January February July July July August September	75 2 6 59 14 0 75 15 0 60 11 0 74 15 0 63 9 11 74 5 0 64 4 9	1933. ₹. 8 d. 73 6 0 74 2 0 74 6 0 75 16 0 72 18 0 73 2 0 71 16 0 73 16 0 73 16 0 73 16 0 73 16 0 
BRITISH DOMINI		AVERAC	THE BANK RATE. OR Minimum Rate per	r Cent.
Australia 6% (1931–41). Australia 5% (1934–45) Canada 4% (1940–60) Cape 3½% (1930–49) Gold Coast 6% (1945–70) Kenya 5% (1948–56) N.S.W. 5% (1933–55) New Zealand 4% (1943–55) Queensland 5% (1940–60) S. Africa 5% (1945–75) S. Aust. 5% (1945–75) S. Rhod. 5% (1934–49) Tasmania 3½% (1940–00) Victoria 5% (1945–75) W. Aust. 5% (1945–75) W. Aust. 5% (1945–75)	103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	Month 12    Month 2	024 x988 x980, x930, x930 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 7	31. 2932 xr 33. 6 5.64 x 4 2 3.3 x 77 x 2 5 2 5 2 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

# CALCULATED EXPECTATION OF LIFE.

THE following table (extracted from the Registrar-General's Return for England and Wales) is based upon the Census of 1921, and deaths for 1920-21-22 (English Life Table No. 9).

	_		1		1				
AGE.	OF 200,00	R SURVIVING	AFTER-	FAN LIFETIME CTATION	AGE.	THE NUMBE	CO BORN, R SURVIVING D OF RACH	AFTER-I	ran Jertime Station
AGE.	YEAR	D OF EACH OF LIFE.	of I	AFE).	AGE.	YEAR C	of Live.		AFE).
	Male	Female.	Male.	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female
0	100,000	100,000	55 6a 60 07	59.58	54	66,243	71,239	18'43	20 61 19 86
2	91,004 88,875	93,058 91,069	60.50	62'99 63.35	55 56	65,161	70,360	17'73	10,13
3	87,948	90,167	60'14	62.98	57	64,017 62,814	69,432 68,458	16.32	18.38
4	87,370	89,599	59'53	6a.3g	58	61,550	67,435	15 68	17.65
5	86,955	89,182	58 81	6x 67	59	60,217	66,354	15'01	16.03
	86,592	88,804	58.02	60.93	60	58,804	65,202	14.36	16,83
7	86,300	88,508	57 25	60.13	6r	57,298	63,965	±3'73	×5 53
9	86,06z 85,864	88,273 88,079	56'41 55'53	59°29	62 63	55,691 53,980	62,634 61,202	13.11	14 85 14 18
10	85,603	87,909	54.64	57 53	64	52,166	59,666	11.03	13.23
11	85,538	87,751	53 74	56.63	65 66	50,255	58,027	11.30	12 00
12	85,390	87,593	52 84	55 74		48,257	56,201	10.81 11.36	12'20
13	85,241	87,429	51 '93	54.84	67	46,x83	54,464	10'27	21.68
14	85,084	87,254	51.03	53 95	68	44,037	52,545	9.75	11,00
15 16	84,915 84,730	87,067 86,860	50'12 40'23	52.18	69 70	41,819	50,528	9'24	10.21
17	84,522	86,658	48.35	22.31	70	39,526 37,156	48,401 46,152	8 75 8 27	9'95 9'41
18	84,287	86,432	47 48	50'44	72	34,712	43,777	7.83	8.00
19	84,027	86,191	46 63	49 58	73	32,208	41,282	7'39	8 40
20	83,748	85,938	45'78	48.73	74	29,664	38,68a	6.98	7'93
21	83,456	85,675	44 94	47 87	75 76	27,107	36,002	6 59	7'49
23	83,153 82,842	85,404 85,126	44 '10 43 27	47 02 46 18	70	24,565	33,268	6'az 5'87	7 06 6 66
24	82,525	84,843	42.43	45'33	78	22,061 19,622	30,504 27,736	5 54	6.32
25	82,202	84,553	41.60	44'48	79 80	17,272	24,991	5.83	5'90
26	81,875	84,257	40 76	43'64		15,035	22,295	4 '93	5 '56
27	81,547	83,955	39 92	42 79	81	12,930	19,672	4 65	5 '≥3
28 29	81,218 80,887	83,649 83,337	39 '08 38 '24	41'95 41'10	8s 83	10,973 9,181	17,145	4°39 4°15	4 93 4 65
30	80,549	83,019	37'40	40'26	84	7,568	12,505	3,03	4'39
31	80,199	82,604	36 56	39 41	85 86	6,144	10,456	3.42	4'16
32	79,834	82,362	35.72	38.57		4,917	8,630	3.28	3.03
33	79,45=	82,021	34 89	37 73	87	3,875	7,024	3,33	3'72
34	79,052	81,672	34 '07	36.89	88	3,004	5,632	3,12	3,21
35 36	78,634	81,314	.33*≥5	36.02	89	2,288	4,444	2 98 2 82	3.33
37	78,199 77,749	80,947 80,571	32 43 31 61	35 21	90	1,710 1,253	3,447 2,625	2 66	3,13
37 38	77,283	80,371	30 80	33.23	92	898.2	1,960	2'51	2.79
39	76,798	79,790	29 99	32.70	93	629'2	1,433	a '37	2 63
40	76,294	79,381	39.10	31 '86	94	430'1	1,024	2'24	2'47
41 42	75,769	78,959	<b>28</b> .39	31,03	95	286.3	714	2,12	a.33
42 43	75,222 74,652	78,522 78,070	27 '59 26 '79	30,30	96	185'3	485	1,80	2,30
44 44	74,052	77,600	30.01	29 37 28 55	97 98	70'8	380,3	1.48	2.97 2.95
45 45	73.436	77,109	25.22	27.73	99	41.6	127'4	z '68	z 184
45	72,789	76,594	24 44 23 66	26.0x	100	23.6	76.4	1 '59	1.43
47 48	72,118	76,053	23 66	26 10	IDI	12'9	44°z	1.20	1 63
48 49	71,420 70,689	75,484 74,883	22.12	25 29 24 49	102	6·7 3·3	24'5 13'0	1'42 1'34	1'53 1'44
50	69,916	74,246	31.36	23'69	104	1.6	6.6	1'27	1.36
51	69,092	73,567	30.Q1 31.3Q	33.01	105	0.2	3.5	1.50	1,38
52	68,208	72,841	19'87	22,13	106		1.2	-	1.80
53	67,250	72,066	19'14	31.36	107		0.7		1'12

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1984.

# EXPECTATION OF LIFE IN EMGLAND AND WALES, CENSUS BY CENSUS.

Males	1871	1881	1891	1901	1911.	zgaz.	Excess of zonz over z87z (fifty years)	Fe- males	2872	1861	289 z	1901.	1911	1921.	Excess of zoaz over z87z (fifty years).
Age	1						Years.	Age.							Years
•	40.4	43'4	43.5	45'9	5x.6	55'5	14'I	•	43'5	46.6	46.7	49'8	55'4	59 5	16.0
5	49'8	28.0	51.8	54 T	57'3	58.8	6.0	5	21.0	54 0	54'I	56.2	59'9	91.2	9.8
10	46.7	48.6	48'I	50'I	23.z	54.7	8.0	10	48.8	50.6	50'4	52'9	55'9	57.5	8.2
15	43'7	44'4	43'7	45'7	486	50.3	7'5	15	44'8	46'4	46'0	48.5	51'4	53 '1	8.3
30	38.9	40.3	39'5	41.2	44'2	458	6.0	20	41.1	42'4	41 9	44'3	47'E	48.7	76
25	35'4	36.2	35.6	37'4	40'0	416	6.3	25	37'5	38 6	37'9	40.1	42'8	44'5	70
35	28.2	29'I	<b>28.</b> 0	<b>29</b> '5	31.2	33.3	4.6	35	30.8	31'4	30.3	35.0	34'4	3Q.z	5'3
45	88.3	28 4	SI.I	88.3	<b>23.0</b>	25'3	30	45	24'I	24'4	23.3	24'5	<b>a</b> 6.3	<b>27</b> .8	3.7
55	zę.z	10.0	15'0	15'9	16.9	17.8	1.7	55	17.3	17'5	16.3	17'5	18.0	19.0	a·6
65	10.2	10.2	9.7	10'4	11.0	11.4	0.0	65	11.3	11.2	10.9	11'4	12'4	13.0	1.2
	6.0	Q.1	5.7	6.1	6.4	6.6	0.6	75	6.2	6.7	6.5	6.8	7'3	7.5	1.0
75 85	3.3	3,3	3.1	3'4	3.6	37	0.2	85	3.2	3.6	3'4	3.7	4 1	4'1	0.6

Scotland in 1921 showed longevity, both of males and females, less than England and Wales at all ages, ranging from 2.34 years and 3.23 years at birth to fractions of a year at later ages, but while at every age women's longevity exceeds that of men in Scotland the excess is much less marked than in England. In Ireland up to 1911 the longevity of males up to 23 and over 85 years was less than in England, but between ages 25 and 85 was greater. Of females the Irish longevity was consistently less than that of England, except for the ages 55 to 75. Northern Ireland in 1925 showed remarkable improvements over 1921 as regards longevity, and again high figures for males of 55 and over were repeated, though less prominently, England having improved in the decade of years 1921-1921. The 1925 Census in the I.F.S. showed further improvements, except that the figures for females were disappointing, ranging from 25 years to 2-25 years below the improvements shown in England and Wales at various ages. The ratio of females to males in I.F.S. is also small, being 973 to 1,000.

# TABLE FOR CONVERTING AN AREA, WHICH IS SHEWN DECIMALLY, INTO ROODS, POLES AND SQUARE YARDS, AND CONVERSELY FOR SHEWING AN AREA IN DECIMAL PARTS OF AN ACRE.

						Α.		Con				Α.	R.	P	Sq Ye
025	4	• 1	.020	8	•	. 072	12	•	.100	16	•				
084	3	25	.049	7	25	.074	11	25	.099	¥5	25				
283	3	20	.048	7	20	.023	II	20	.008	15	20				
22	3	15	1047	7	¥5	.023	II	15	.007	15	15				
180	3	10	.046	7	10	.02z	II	IO i	.000	15	10				
20	3	5	'045	7	5	.020	II	5	095	15	5				
oz <b>8</b> 75	3	ō	'04375	7	0	.06875	II	0	'09375	15	ō	'			
Šzc	2	25	.043	6	25	· o68	10	25	.093	14	<b>*</b> 5	, ,		3	-
27	2	20	.042	6	20	.067	10	20	.008	14	20		00	3	24
16 10	2	15	041	6	15	.066	10	15	.ooz	14	15		00	2	3
15		10	'040	6	10	• 065	10	10	.000	14	10		00	-	32
14	2	5	.030	6	5	.064	IO	5	.080	34	5		00	-	16
125		ö	0375	5 6	ŏ :	· o625	10	0	.0875	14	ŏ		00	•	7
II	1	25	.036		25	.001	ő	25	.086	13	25		.00	÷	34
10	ī	20	035	5	20	. 000	ó	20	085	13	80		000	ĭ	36
209	ī	15	034	5	15	. 050	ő	15	.084	13	15		100	ŏ	38
008	•	10	.033	5	10	.058	ó	10	.083	13	10	٠.		O	16
007	, -	5	.033	š	5	'057	ő	5	.083	13	5		10		Poles
00625		-3	.03152	- 5	0 1	05025	9	6	08125		-5 ;	,			
005	٥	25	'030	I	25	'055	8	25	.080	12	25				
004	ŏ	20	,020	- 7	20	'054	8	20	.079	12	30				
003	ŏ	15	·028	- 7	15	.023	8	15	.078	12	¥5				
002	ŏ	10	'037	7	10	.023	š	10	.077	12	10				
200	Pole	Yds 5	1026	Tables	5	.021	1.016	5	.076	Poles	Yds 5				
	D.1	Sq.		Pole	Ads		Pole	s. Yds !		331	Sq				

A. Ezample :—An Area is shewn as 10.861.	Conversely:—An Area is 6 1 15 10
Acres A. R P. Sq. Yds. 0'800 = 0 3 8 0 0'06x = 0 0 9 25	A. R P Sq.Yds. o 1 S o = 0.300 o 0 7 10 = 0.046
Therefore 10.861 = 10 3 17 25	Therefore 6 x x5 x0 = 6.346

SIMPLE INTEREST FROM DAY TO DAY.

Showing the simple interest on £200 in pence for 2 to 300 days at various rates per annum.

ays.	One Quarter Per Cent.	One Half Per Cent.	One Per Cent.	Two Per Cent.	Two and a Half Per Cent.	Three Per Cent.	Four Per Cent.	Five Per ('ent.	Six Per Cent.
	d.	d.	đ.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	đ.
I	0'164	0.380	0.658	1.312	z 644	1'973	a 630	3°288	3'945
3	0,380	o 558	1.312	a 630	3'a88	3'945	5'260	6.575	7.890
3	0.493	o.0 <u>9</u> 6	z 973	3'945	4'93#	5.018	7.890	9.863	11.835
ă.	o 6 <u>5</u> 8	1.312	a 630	5'260	6.575	7.890	10.231	13,121	15.781
5	0'888	I'644	3.188	6.575	8.310	9.863	13.121	z6 [.] 438	19.736
5	o'986	z '973	3'945	7.890	9'863	11 B36	15.781	19.726	83.671
7	1.121	a,301	4.603	9.305	11.207	13.808	18.411	23'014	27.616
8	1.312	a.630	5'260	10.21	13.121	15.781	31'04I	30 30 x	31 562
9	1'470	a '959	5.018	11.836	14.795	17.753	23 67 I	<b>29</b> .289	35'507
10	z 644	3's88	6.575	13'151	16.438	19'726	ag.301	38'877	39'458
30	3*288	6.575	13,121	30.30x	38 877	39'458	52.603	65.753	78 904
30	4'932	9.863	19.726	39'452	49'315	59'178	78.904	98.630	118.326
40	6.575	13.121	30,30x	58.603	65'753	78.004	105,302	131'507	157'808
50	8.310	16.438	32.877	65.753	82,103	98.630	131'507	164'384	197'260
60	9.863	19'726	39'453	78'904	98.630	x x8.356	157.808	197'260	236.413
70	11.202	23'014	46'027	92.055	112.008	138.083	184.110	230°137	276'164
80	13,121	30.30x	52.003	105.302	131'507	157.808	210.411	263 014	315 616
90	14.795	29.289	59°178	118.320	147'945	177 534	236 712	295 890	355 068
100	16 438	32 877	65'753	131'507	164°384	197'260	363.013	328.767	394.2sz
100	32.877	65.753	131'507	263.014	328.767	394 Saz	526 027	657 534	789 04 z
300	49'315	98.630	197'260	394 521	493'ISI	591.781	789°041	302, 386	1183.268

# A TABLE OF THE NUMBER OF DAYS FROM ANY DAY IN ONE MONTH TO THE SAME IN ANY OTHER MONTH IN ORDINARY YEARS.

	Jan	Feb.	Mar	April	May.	June	July	Aug.	Sept	Oct	Nov.	Dec.
January	365	31	59	90	120	151	181	212	243	273	304	334
February	334	365	28	59	89	120	150	181	212	243	273	303
March	306	337	365	31	61	92	122	· 153	184	214	<b>245</b>	275
April	275	306	334	365	30	61	91	122	153	183	214	344
May	245	276	304	335	365	3z	, 6x	92	123	153	184	314
June	214	245	273	304	334	365	30	61	92	122	153	183
July	, z84	215	243	274	304	335	365	3z	62	93	123	153
August	<b>153</b>	184	312	*43	<b>≈73</b>	304	334	365	Зz	, 61	93	132
September	122	153	181	212	348	<b>2</b> 73	303	334	365	30	61	91
October	98	123	151	182	212	<b>243</b>	<b>273</b>	304	335	365	31	6z
November	61	98	130	151	181	212	242	<b>273</b>	304	334	365	30
December	31	62	90	121	151	182	313	243	274	304	335	365

# TABLE OF INCOME OR WAGES.

Per	Per Month	Per Week	Per Day	Per Year	Per Month.	Per Week.	Per Day.	Per Year.	Per Month.	Per Week	Per lay.
£ 8 0 10 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	8 d 0 0 10 8 0 2 6 0 3 4 4 2 0 5 0 6 0 8 4 7 0 0 8 4 7 0 0 8 8 9 0 9 2 0 0 10 0 0 10 10 0	0 a 4½ 0 4½ 0 9 0 9 0 11½ 1 1 1½ 1 1 1½ 1 1 1½ 1 1 1½ 2 1 1½ 2 1 1½ 2 3 3 3 5	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	# 10 00 00 11 10 00 11 11 11 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 15 15 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	6 s. d. 0 13 4 0 0 14 0 0 15 0 0 15 0 0 17 0 0 18 4 0 19 3 1 0 0 1 1 8 4 1 3 4 1 3 6 1 6 8	s d. 3 1 3 23/4 3 3/4	a. d c 5½ c 5½ c 6½ c 6½ c 6½ c 6½ c 7½ c 7½ c 8½ c 8½ c 8½ c 9½ c 9½ c 9½ c 10½	£ 8 18 0 18 18 19 0 20 0 30 0 40 0 50 0	6 8 d 1 110 6 111 8 110 0 0 1 11 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	£ s d 0 6 11 0 7 3 ½ 0 7 8 ½ 0 15 4 ½ 0 19 3 ½ 1 3 1 1 6 11 1 10 9 ½ 1 14 7 ½ 1 18 5 ½ 3 16 11 5 15 4 ½ 9 12 3 ½ 11 10 9 ½	6 s d 0 0 113/4 0 1 0/5 0 1 0/5 0 1 1/4 0 2 3/4 0 3 3/4 0 4 11/4 0 5 55/4 1 1 11 1 7 4/4 1 1 18 4/4
7 7 7	7 12 3 5 12 6	2 8½ 2 10 2 10½	0 4%	17 17		6 6%	0 11%	900 0 1000 0	75 0 0 83 6 8	15 7 8½ 17 6 1½ 19 4 7½	2 3 10 2 9 3/4 2 14 9/2

# COMPOUND INTEREST TABLES.

TABLE I.—Showing the Sum to which an TABLE II.—Showing the Amount which £1 and the first accumulating at Compound Interest will amount in from One to Fifty Years at various Rates.

AT VARIOUS RATES.

	UNE .	10 1.11.1	LILLA										
¥r.	Per Ct.	Per Ct.	Per Ct.	Per Ct.	Per Ut.	Per Ct.	٧r	Per Ct	Per Ot	Per Ct.	Per Ct.	Per Ct.	Per Ut
1	1,000	1,000	I 000	1,000	1 '000	1 '000	1	1.0320	1,0300	1 0350	1.0400	1'0450	1 '0500
2	2'035	2 '030	2 035	2'040	2'045	2 '050	2	1 0506	1.0000	1'0712	1.0816	1 0080	1'1025
8	3 076	3 091	3,100	3'122	3'137	3'153	8	1.0769	1'0937	1 1087		1'1412	1 1576
4	4 153	4'184	4 215		4'278	4'310	4	1.1038	1'1256	1'1475	1'1699	1,1082	1 2155
5	5 256	2,300	5.36s		5 47 ¹	5.250	5	1 1314	1,1203	1'1877	1 2167	1 2462	1.3763
6	6 388	6 468	6 550		6.414	6.80s	6	1,1264	1,1041	1.3393	1 2653		1,3401
7	7 547	7.662	7 779		8 019	8'142	8	1'1887	1 2200	1'2723	1,3120	1,3000	1 4071
8	8.436	8.892	9 052	9'214	9,380	9 549	9	1 2184	1 a668	1,3168	z 3686	1'4831	1 4775
9	9 955	10 159	10.368	10 583 12 006	13,388	11'027	10	1.8480	1.3048	1,3090	1 4233	1.4861	1.2213 1.2213
10 11	11,303	11'464	11.431	13 486		12 578	!îĭ	1 3121	1 3439 1 3842	1 4590	1'4802	1 5530 1 6220	1,4103
12	12 483	12'808	13'148	15 026	15 464	15 917	12	1.3440	1 4258	1 5111	1,0010	1.6020	1 7959
13	13.796	15 618	19,113	16 627	17 160	17.713	13	1 3785	1.4685	1.2640	1.6621	1.223	1 8856
14	15 140	17 086	17.677	18 202	18 932	19'509	14	1.4130	1.2130	1 6187	1 7317	1.8219	1'9799
15	17.033	18.200	19 296	20 024	80'784	21.223	15	1'4483	1 5580	1.6753	I 8000	1 9353	2 0780
16	10.380	80'157	20'971	21 825	28'719	23.657	16	1'4845	1'6047	1'7340	1 '8730	2'0224	2'1829
17	20 865	21 762	33 705	23'698	24 742	25 840	17	1.2416	1'6528	1 7947	1 9479	2 1134	2'2920
18	22 386	23 414	24 500	25'645	26 855	28.132	18	1 5597	1'7024	1.8575	2'0258	2 2085	a 4066
19	23'946	25 117	<b>26 357</b>	27 671	29'064	30.239	19	1 5987	1 '7535	1 9225	3,1008	2'3079	2'5270
20	25 545	26 870	28 280	29 778	31.371	33 066	20	r 6386	1,8001	z 9898	3,1011	3'4117	a ·6533
31	37'183	28.676	30,360	31,36ð	33,783	35 719	21	1 6796	1.8603	2 0594	2'2788	3,2503	2'7860
22	28 863	30 537	38,380	34.548	36,303	38 505	22	1.4210	1,0101	3,1312	a .3000	2 6337	2 9253
28	30.284	3ª 453	34 460		38 937	41 430	23	1.7646	1 9736	3,3001	2'4647	2 7522	3.0712
24	38 349	34 486	36 667	30.083	41 689	44 508	25	1.8087	2.0328	3.3833	2.2633	a 8760	3,8821
26	34 158	36 459 38 553	38 950 41 313		44 565 47 57 ¹	47 7*7 51 113	26	1.8539	2'0938 2'1566	2'3632 2 4460	2 6658	3'0054	3'3864
37	37 012	40 710	43 759		50'711	54.669	27	1'9478	2,3313	2 5316	2 8834	3 2820	3 7335
28	30 860	48 931	46 891		53 993	58.403	28	1 9965		2 6202	2 9987	3'4297	3,0301
29	41 856	45'210	48'911	58 066		68.383	29	3.0464	2'3566	2'7110	3'1187	3'5840	4'1161
80	43 903	47 575	51 623	56'085		66.439	30	2'0976	2'4273	a 8068	3'≥434	3'7453	4 3810
81	46 000	50,003	54 429	59 328	64 752	70.761	31	2'1500	2 5001	2'9050	3'373z	3,0130	4 5380
32	48 150	58'503	57 335	62 701	68 666	75 299	32	a.ao38	2'5751	3.0064	3.2081	4'0900	4'7649
38	50'354	55'078	60,341	66'210		80 064	33	2 2589	2.6233	3,1110	3'6484	4 2740	5'0032
34	58.613	57.730	63,453		77 030	85.067	34	3,3123	2 7319	3,5500	3 7943	4'4664	5 2533
35	54 988	60 468	66.674	73 652		90 380	35	2 3732	2.8139	3,3336	3 9461	4 6673	5.2160
86	57 301	63.576	70.008			95 836	36  37	2'4325	2.8983	3 4503	4 1039	4 8774	2,4018
37	59 734	66'174	73 458		91 041	101,628	11	2 4933	3.0048	3.5710 3.6960	4'2681	5 0969	6 0814
39	62,334	69°159 73°234	77'029		101,464	107 710	39	2.2224 3.0100	3 0748	3.8254	4 4388	5'3862 5'5650	6 3855
40	67 403	75'40I	84 550		107 030	120 800		2.0821	3.5030	3 9593	4.8010	5 8164	7 0400
41	20.088	78 663	88 510		112 847	127'840		2 7523	3 3599	4 0978	4 9931	6 0781	7 3920
42	73'840	88.083	03.607		118'935	135 232		2 8210	3 4007	4'2413	5 1928	6.3216	
48	75'661	85'484			125 276	143 993		2 8915	3 5645		5'4005	6.6374	8'1497
44	78.552	89 048			131 914	151 143	44	2 9638	3 6715	4 5433	5 6165	6 9361	8.5572
45	81 516	98 780			138 850	159 700		3'0379	3 7816	4'7024	5'8412	7 2482	8 9850
	84 554		110'484		146 098	168 685		3,1130	3.8920	4.8669	6.0748	7 5744	9'4343
47		100'397			153 673	178.110		3,1014	,		6.3178	7'9153	9,0000
48	90.860			139 263		188 025		3 2715	4'1383	5,3136	6 5705	8'2715	10 4013
49				145 834		198 427		3 3533	4 2562	5.396z	6.8333	8.6437	10,0313
50				152 667		209 348		3'4371	4 3839			9.0326	11 4674
1	When the	annuity	is payab	le at the	beginning	natend o	of at	the end o	f the year	the am	ount for t	he follow	ing year,

when the annuity is payable at the beginning materia of at the end of the year, the amount for the following year, less £2, must be taken. Thus, for £2 at 24 per cent, for 25 years, take 26 years, £36 oz2, and deduct £2-£35 oz2

TWENTY-FIVE LARGEST WILLS, 1932-33.					
Sir J. R. Ellerman, Bt., d. July 16, 1933£17,224,425 H. T. Mills, d. May 31, 1933 2,989,637	Sir D. Stern, Bt., d. April 17, 1933 Edward E. N. Hett, d. April 4, 1933.	£640,964 631,191			
Robert Fleming, d. July 31, 1933 2,174,803	G. F. Clark, d. Sept. 29, 1932	595.931 588,433			
Richard Tilden Smith, d. Dec. 18, 1929 880,495	W. Minett, F.S.A., d. Jan. 19, 1933 Wm. Langlands, d. Feb. 14, 1933	566,217 528,177			
E. Wagg, d. Mar. 7, 1933 781,540	Sir J. H. Cory, d. Feb. 7, 1933 M. G. Herbert, d. Sept. 26, 1932	507,442 506,907			
W. Mosenthal, d. Feb. 17, 1933 750,262	H. Davidson, d. April 8, 1933	506,673 498,891			
Capt. A. W. Merry, d. Aug. 16, 1933. 670,143	Sir J. P. Reynolds, d. Dec. 12, 1932 J. C. Duffus, d. Mar. 17, 1933 E. S. Edgar, d. Jan. 25, 1933	487,071 473,451 461,972			

Abruzzi, Prince Luigi, the Duke of the, the Dillon, Harold Arthur Lee, C.H., 17th Viscount, distinguished Italian explorer, aged 66.— March 18.

Allen, Dr. Percy Stafford, President of Corpus Christi, Oxford, aged 63.—June 26. Ashton, of Hyde, Thomas Gair, Baron, former

M.P. and business man, aged 78.—May z. Besant, Mrs. Annie, the theosophist and Indian

reformer, aged 8g.—Sept. ac. Biles, Sir John Harvard, K.C.I.E., famous uaval architect, aged 9g.—Oct. 27. Birkin, Sir Henry Balph Stanley, Bart., famous

Bottomley, Horatio, former M.P. and publicist, aged 75.—May 36.
Brade, 81r Reginald, G.C.B., former secretary to the War Office, aged 68.—Jan. 4.

Brieux, Eugene, the great French dramatist,

aged 74.—Dec. 6, 1938.

Broderick, Sir John Joyce, K.B.K., C.M.G.,
Ambassador-elect to the Argentine, aged 51.— June 2.

Burdon, Sir John Alder, K.B.E., C.M.G., former Governor of British Houduras, aged 66.—

Burnham, Harry Lawson Webster Lawson, C.H., rst Viscount, former proprietor of The Davy Telegraph, aged 70.—July 20. Bury, Rt. Rev. Herbert, D.D., former Bishop for Northern and Central Europe, aged 79.—

Jan. 15. Butler, Lady (Elizabeth), painter of military pictures, aged 82.—Oct. 2.

Byatt, Sir Horace Archer, G.C.M.G., Colonial

administrator, aged 58.—April 8.

Campbell, Licut. Gen. Sir William Pitcairn,
K.C.B., distinguished soldier, aged 77.—Sept. 32. Carnegie, Rt. Hon. Sir Lancelot Douglas, P.C., G.C.V.O., K.C.M.G., former Ambassador to Portugal, aged 7x.—Oct. 15. Cator, Maj.-Gen. Albemarle Bertie Edward, C.B.,

D.S.O., G.O.C., London District, aged 55 .- Nov. 18, 1932.

18, 1932.
Chapman, Rev. Hugh Boswell, chaplain of the Savoy Chapel, aged 79.—April 1.
Chelmaford, Rt. Hon. Frederick Thesiger, P.C., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.B.E., 1st Viscount, former Viceroy of India, aged 64.—April 1.
Chesterfield, Edwyn Francis Scudamore-Standard Chemical Company of Standard Chemical Company of Standard Chemical Chemical Company of Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical Chemical C

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coolings, Carvin, Floridate of Chica Santa Com-rest to 1928, aged 60.—Jan. 5. Cowdray, Weetman Harold Miller Pearson, and Viscount, sportsman and politician, aged 51.— Oct. 5.

Cramp, Concemore Thomas, railwaymens' leader,

aged 52.—July 14.

Cresswell, Vice-Admiral Sir William Rooke,
K.C.M.G., K.R.E., organiser of Australian Navy, aged So.—April 20

Cullen, Brien Cokayne, 1st Baron, former Governor of Bank of England, aged 68 .- Nov. 3,

Dawson, Brig. General Sir Douglas, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., C.M.G., former Court official, aged 78—

Jan. 19. Denwood, Jonathan Mawson, Cumberland author

nd poet, aged 6₂.—March ₂₀.

Dering, Sir Herbert Guy Nevill, K.C.M.G., K.C.I.K., M.Y.O., former diplomatist, aged 6₅.—May 2₉.

Dickinson, Sir John, former London Chief Magistrate, aged 8₄.—Oct. 2₉.

antiquary and expert in annual, ages and Dec. 18, 1932.

Donald, Sir Bobert, G.B.E., distinguished journalist, aged 69.—Feb.y.

Downing, Sir Stanford Edwin, Secretary to Ecclesiastical Commission, aged 63.—June 12.

Duncan, Charles, Labour M.P. for Clay Cross division, aged 68.—July 6.

division, aged 68.—July 6.

Eleman, Sir John Reeves, Bart., C.H., great shirowner and financier, aged 71.—July 26.

shipowner and financier, aged 71.-July 16. Fagan, James Bernard, playwright and producer,

aged 52.—Feb. 17.
Feisal, King of Isa, aged 52.—Sept. 8.
Findlay, Sir Mansfeldt de Cardonnel, G.B.E.,
K.C.M.G., C.B., distinguished diplomatist, aged

71.—Dec. 31, 1932.
FitzGeorge, Col. Sir Augustus Charles Frederick,
K.C. V.O., C.B., son of Duke of Cambridge, aged

86.—Oct. 30.

Fletcher, Sir Walter Morley, K.B.E., O.B., M.D., F.R.S., secretary of Medical Research Council,

F.R.S., secretary of Medical Research Council, aged 89.—July 7.
Fortescue, Hon. Sir John William, K.C.V.O., historian of the British Army, aged 73.—Oct. 22.
Galsworthy, John, O.M., famous novelist and dramatist, aged 65.—Jan. 21.
Garnett, Dr. William, former educational advisor to L.C.U., aged 81.—Nov. 7, 1932.
Gillman, General Sir Webb, K.C.B., K.C.M.C., D.S.O., G.O.C. in C. Eastern Command, aged 62.—April 20.
Glegg, Sir Alexander, chairman of British and Foreign Bible Society, aged 84.—Nept. 19.

Foreign Bible Society, aged 85.—Sept. 19. Goschen, Sir Edward Henry, Bart., former official

in Egypt, aged 57.—Aug. 7. Grey, Rt. Hon. Edward, 1st Viscount, K.G., P.C., the great statesman and War-time Foreign Secretary, aged 71. - Sept. 7.
Griffith, Col. Sir Richard John Waldie, Bart.,

soldier and sportsman, aged 83 — July 24.
Groves, Clo, "Richard Dehan," author of "The
Dop Doctor," and other novels, aged 69.—

Dec. 3, 1932 Hall, Fred, Labour M.P for Normanton division

nan, Freu, Labour M.F. for Normanton division for my years, aged 77.—April 18.

Hall, Frederick William, D. Litt., President of St. John's College, Oxford, aged 65.—Oct. 11.

Hardy, Rt. Hon. Lawrence, P.C., former Conservative M.P., aged 78.—Jan. 21.

Hatton, John Leigh Smeathman, Vice-Chancellor

of London University, aged 67.—Jan 13.

Hawkins, Sir Anthony Hope, the author and playwright, aged 70.—July 8.

Hinkler, Herbert John Louis, the Australian

Houston, Sir Alexander Cruikshank, K.B.E., c.v.o., bacteriologist of London's water, aged

68.-- Úct. 29.

os.—Oct. 39.

Hulley, Leonard, LL.D., biographer and poet, aged ys.—May 3.

Johnston, Sir Charles, Bart., Lord Mayor of London 1914-15, aged 34.—April 10.

Kellaway, Rt. Hon. Frederick George, former Cabinet Minister, and leader of broadcasting,

aged 62 - April 13.

Kerr. Frederick, stage and film actor, aged 74.

May 2.

Knebworth, Edward Anthony James Lytton, Viscount, M.P. for Hitchin, sportsman and

airman, aged 29.—May z.
Lawrence, Hon. Dame Maude Agnes, D.B.E., Chief
Woman Education Inspector, aged 68.—Jan. zz.
Lemieux, Sir Francois Xavier, Chief Justice of Superior Court of Quebec, aged 8s. - July 18.

Lovat, Simon Joseph Fraser, 14th Baron, K.T., G.C.V.O., K.C.M.G., C.B., D.S O., forestry expert,

aged 61.—Feb. 18.
McCardie, Hon. Sir Henry Alfred, Judge of King's Bench Division, aged 63.—April 26. Magnus, Sir Philip, Bart., former M.P and educationist, aged 90—Aug 29.

Manville, Sir Edward, consulting engineer and

industrialist, aged 70.—March 17. Marling, Sir Charles Murray, G

G.C.M.G., C.B, distinguished diplomatist, aged 70.—Feb 16.
Marsh, Richard, racehorse trainer to King

Edward and King George, aged 81.—May 20. Maxwell, Sir James Crawford, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., late Governor of Northern Rhodesia, aged 63 .-

Nov. 16, 1932. Millar, Sir James Dancan, K C., Liberal M.P. for East Fife, aged 61.—Dec. 10, 1932.
Moir, Sir Ernest William, Bart., distinguished

engineer, aged 71.—June 14.

Monk Bretton, John William Dodson, Baron, authority on local Government, aged 63.—

July 29.

Montgomery, Rt. Rev. Henry Hutchinson, former Bishop of Tasmania, aged 85.—Nov. 25,

Moore, George Augustus, the distinguished writer

and novelist, aged 80.—Jan 21.

Morgan, Lt Col. David Watts, C.B.E., D.S.O., Labour M.P. for Rhondda East, aged 65 .-

Feb. 23. Morgan, Sir Kenyon Vaughan-, Conservative M.P. for Fulham East, aged 59.—Aug. ax. Mosley, Lady Cynthia Blanche, former Labour

M.P., aged 34.—May 16. Nash, Vaughan, private secretary to Campbell-

Bannerman and Asquith, aged 71 .- Dec. 16,

Ottley, Canon Robert Lawrence, D.D., Regius Professor of Pastoral Theology at Oxford, aged 76 .- · Feb. 1

Pachmann, Vladimir de, the great piauist, aged 84.—Jan. 7.
Paulevé, Paul, former French Prime Minister,

aged 69.—Oct. 29.
Pakenham, Admiral Sir William Christopher, G.O.B., K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., distinguished sailor, aged 72.—July 28. Palairet, Lionel Charles Hamilton, great batsman

and athlete, aged 6s.—March 27.
Pichon, Stephen, former French Foreign Minister, aged 76.—Sept. 18.

Pitt, Percy, musical director and composer, aged 6s.—Nor. 23, 2932.
Radford, Robert, leading English bass singer,

aged 58 .- March 1.

Ranfurly, Uchter John Mark Knox, G.C.M.G., Earl of, former Governor of New Zealand, aged 77.—Oct. 1. Ranjitsinhji Vibhaji, Maharaja of Nawanagar,

G.C.S.I., G.B.E., famous cricketer and Indian

ruler, aged 60.—April 2.

Reynolds, Col. Sir James Philip, Bart., D.S.O.,
Conservative M.P. for Exchange division of Liverpool, aged 67.—Dec. 12, 1932.
Roberts, Arthur, veteran comedian, aged 80.—

Robertson, Rt. Hon. John Mackinnon, journalist and former Liberal M.P., aged 76.—Jan. 5.
Robertson, Field Marshal Sir William Robert,

Bt., G.C.B., G.C M G., G C.Y.O., D.S.O., the great soldier, aged 73.—Feb. 1s. Robinson, Very Rev. Joseph Armitage, D.D., former Dean of Westminster and Wells, aged 75. -May 7.

Robson, Sir Arthur Mayo, K.B.R., F.R.C.S. ploneer in surgery, aged 80.—Oct. 12.

Boss, Adrian, writer of musical comedy lyrics, aged 72.—Sept. 10.

Rowallan, 181 Baron, former M.P. and a hene-

factor of Glasgow, aged 76.—March 19. Royce, Sir Frederick Henry, Bart., O.B.E., the

famous motor and air engineer, aged 70 .-April 22.

Saintsbury, Professor George, distinguished lite-

rary historian and critic, aged 87.—Jan. a8. Salmond, Air Uhief Marshal Sir William Geoffrev Salinond, Air Uniet Marshal Sir William Geoffrey
Hanson, R.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O., Chief of the
Air Staff, aged 54.—Aµrd 27.
Section, Thomas, former Nationalist M.P. and
noted orator, aged 83.—Nov. 1, 1932.
Sichel, Walter Sydney, biographer and critic,
aged 78.—Auq. 7.
Simpson, Sir John William, K.B.E., F.R.I.B.A.,
aged 74.—March 36.
Spooner, Ven George Hardwicke. Archdeacon of
Fivernool aged 85.—Kch.

Liverpool, aged 8r — Feb. 7.
Starmer, Sir Charles Walter, newspaper proprietor, aged 6a — June 29.
Stern, Sir Edward David, Bart., banker and

horse-lover, aged 78.—April 17.
Stobart, John Clarke, Education Director of B.B.C., aged 55.—May 11.
Storey, Sir Thomas James, K.B.E., founer chair-

man of Lloyd's Register, aged 83.—June 19. Sutro, Alfred, the popular playwright, aged 70. -Sept. 11.

Swettenham, Sir James Alexander, K.C.M.G., former Governor of Jamaica, aged 86.— April 21.

Swynnerton, Mrs Annie Louisa, first woman A.R.A., aged 88 - Oct 24

Sydenham, 1st Baron, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.B.E., Indian Governor, aged 84.—Feb. 7 Terry, Fred, the famous romantic actor, aged 69

— April 27.
Thomson, Sir Graeme, G C.M.G., K C.B., Governor of Ceylon, aged 58.—Sept. 28.
Thomson, Prof. Sir John Arthur, LL.D., zoologist

and botanist, aged 71 -Feb. 12.
Thornton, Sir Henry Worth, K.B.E., Canadian

National Railways, aged 61.—March 14. Transions. R. Temple, novelist and dramatist, aged 53.—March 19.

Treowen, Major-General Ivor Herbert, 1st Baron, C.B., C.M.G., aged 82.—Oct. 18.

Urquhart, John Leslie, noted mining engineer,

aged 58.—March 13.

Vyle, Sir Gilbert Christopher, K.B.E., potable industrial leader, aged 63.—Sept. 7.

Wakefield, Henry Russell, D.D., former Bishop

of Birmingham, aged 78.—Jan. 9. Walters, Rt. Hon. Sir John Tudor, former M.P.

and housing expert, aged 65 — July 16.
Wapshare, Lieut-General Sir Richard, R.C.I.E.,
C.R., C.S. I.(Mesopotamia), aged 72 — Dec. 23, 1938.
Wavertree, 1st Baron, founder of the National

Wavertree, 1st Baron, founder of the National Stud, aged 76.—Feb. 2. Wester Wemyss, Lord, G.C.B., C.M.G., M.V.O., Admiral of the Fleet, aged 69.—May 24. Whitaker, George Herbert, M.R.C.S., for many years Managing Director of WHITAKR'S ALMANACK, aged 72.—Ocf. 14. Williamson, Mrs. (C. N.), Alice Muriel, novelist, aged 38.—Srpl. 24. Wordsworth, Dame Elizabeth, D.B.E., D.C.L., first principal of Lady Margaret Hall, Oxford, aged 92.—Nov. 30, 1932.
Wright, Most Rev. John Charles, D.D., Primate of Australia, aged 71.—Feb. 24. of Australia, aged 71.-Feb. 24.

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Portree, the only town in Skye, to open schoolboys' hostel. 14. Prince of Wales returned to London from Biarritz. 28. King and Queen left Balmoral for London. Oct. 27. Prince of Wales suffering from slight chill.

# IMPERIAL POLITICS. (For Parliament see pp. 254-8).

(1932) Nov. 1. As final stage of War Loan conversion scheme, Government aunounced £300,000,000 a per cent. loan at 97\fo2, 7. Report of Royal Commission on Unemployment Insurance recommended dual system of relief, providing help after insurance rights are exhausted, and establishment of a statutory Commission. Adjustments of contributions and benefits were estimated to result in saving of £14,000,000 a year. S. Government's new rules for operation of "means test" issued. 17. Third Indian tion of "means test issued, 17. Initial annian Round Table Conference opened by Prime Minister. After passage of Ottawa Agreements Bill, Order was issued bringing parts of it into operation. 24. Committee on Local Expenditure issued report suggesting local expenditure ture issued report suggesting local expenditure could be reduced by £3,500,000 to £4,000,000 in salaries of local government employees.

Dec. 2 Britain made strong representations to Persian Government against cancellation of the oil concession. 11. Britain agreed to pay American Debt instalment, not as resumption of the annual payments but as a canifal navment. the annual payments, but as a capital payment of which acrount should be taken in any final settlement. 12. Final Note explained that these conditions related solely to Britain's position. 15. Mr. R. C. Norman, Viscount Bridgeman and Mrs. Mary Hamilton appointed Governors of B.B.C. in place of Lord Gainford, Dr. Montague Rendall and Lady Snowden. 24. Third India Round Table Conference ended, Sir Samuel Hoare declaring Government would do its uthnost to remove quickly every obstacle in way of federation. (1933) Jan 9. Interim report of Royal Commission on Lotteres and Betting recommended that totalisator the annual payments, but as a capital payment and Betting recommended that totalisator betting in clubs and on greyhound tracks should be declared illegal, and declared totalisator clubs a grave social menace. Advisory Council for the Post Office set up. 19. National candidate won Exchange division of Liverpool from Labour, but by greatly reduced majority. Feb. 2. Mr. J. H. Stewart, National Liberal, retained East Fife, defeating four other candidates. 6. Sir Ronald Lindsay, British Ambassador to United States, arrived in London and consulted with Premier and other Ministers on debts question. 7. Parliamentary Liberal Party decided not to go into opposition. 13.

Prime Minister announced that Government had decided to discontinue policy of attempting to deal with unemployment by system of State-assisted relief works. 16. Vote of censure on Government defeated in House of Commons by Government defeated in House of Commons by Ara to 49. 22. Mr. P. J. Pybus, Minister of Transport, resigned, and was succeeded by Mr. Oliver Stanley, Mr. Douglas Hacking becoming Parliamentary Under Secretary. 27. Committee appointed to consider the question recommended that income tax should be paid by co-operative societies on all trading, but not on discount on numerbases. 28. Labour won Rotherham from purchases. 28. Labour won Rotherham from Conservatives. March 2. Army Estimates totalled £37,950,000, increase of £2,462,000.

8. Air Estimates raised by £35,000 to £17,435,000.
9. Navy Estimates amounted to £32,579,000, increase of £3,093,700, due to new building programme of an warships, including four cruisers.
13. Mr. Lloyd George, addressing Free Church demonstration at Sheffield, urged the Churches to cry "Halt" to war before it was too late. 17. Government's proposals for new Indian constitution, published as a White Paper, gave self-government to India, subject to safe-guards, and provided for creation of responsiblygoverned federation of States and Provinces, with Federal Legislature of two Chambers and eleven Provincial Legislatures. Defence, external affairs and ecclesiastical affairs were reserved. Government retained Ashford division in triangular contest. 20. Owing to arrest of British subjects in Moscow, negotiations for commercial treaty with Russia were suspended. 31. Financial year closed with Budget deficit of £33.279,000, including payment of war debt to United States. April 2. Sir Esmond Ovey, British Ambassador to Moscow, arrived in London and conferred with Sir John Simon on arrests of British subjects. 6. Membership of Joint Select Committee to examine Indian government plan announced. Mr. Churchill declined to serve. Import Duties Advisory Committee issued draft scheme for reorganisation of iton and steel industry submitted by tion of iron and steel industry submitted by committee of the industry. 12. Lord Lincommittee of the industry. 12. Lord Lin-lithgow elected chairman of Indian Joint Committee. 15. Mr. MacDonald and his daughter left England for Washington. 19. Few hours after trial of Britons at Moscow proclamation was signed by the King prohibiting importation of large number of Russian goods, including timber and petrol. 23. Three Britons expelled from Russia and Mr. Gregory warmly welcomed on arrival in London. 24. Anglo-Danish trade agreement signed in London. 25. The Budget agreement signed in London. 25. The Budget introduced. Embarge on Russian imports came into force. 27. Auglo-German trade agreement published and Anglo-Argentine agreement initialied. May 2. Lord Trenchard, Commissioner of Metropolitan Police, in his report, urged direct recruitment for hicher posts of men from outside the service, and criticised "attempts to stir up discontent" in Police Federation. 3. Prime Minister arrived home from United States. 11. Government's new plan for Metropolitan Police included institution of new Metropolitan Police included institution of new officer class recruited from Universities and public and secondary schools and trained at a public college, ten years' service for section of the Force, swifter promotion, and restriction of activities of Police Federation. 12. Mr. Churchill attacked White Paper plan for India at Manchester. Organising Committee of World Economic Conference accepted United States tarnff truce proposal with reservations and decided to urge other nations to agree to its immediate coming into force. 15. Trade agreements with Sweden and Norway signed. 19.
National Liberal Conference at Scarborough
carried resolution expressing view that Sir
Herbert Samuel and his colleagues in Parliament
should sit on Opposition benches. June 8.
Royal Commission on Lotterles and Betting in final report recommended legalisation of cash betting by post, and restriction of newspaper competitions for forecasting results of sporting events. They made proposals to check growth of greyhound racing and declared large lotteries to be undesirable, adding that if they were

permitted least objectionable form was State permitted least objectionable form was state to testery for benefit of Exchequer. Hitchin returned Conservative by reduced majority. To Government decided to offer "token pay nent" for United States debt instalment. 12. World Economic Conference inaugurated in London by speech of welcome by the King, who appealed to all the delegates to co-operate for sake of the ultimate good of the whole world. Mr MacDonald followed with plea for rapidity of agreement. 13. Chief delegates to the Conference made their opening speeches. 14. Mr. Chamberlain announced that Britain would pay zo,000,000 dollars in silver, obtained from Government of India, as instalment of debt to United States. Chancellor placed Britain's proposals for world recovery before Economic Conference, and declared action must be taken simultaneously in monetary, financial and economic spheres, and that final settlement of reparations and war debts was essential. 13. Conference set up Monetary and Financial Commission with Governor Cox as chairman and Economic Commission with M. Coliin as chairman. 19. The two Commissions began work. 22. Announced that United States Government considered that measures of temporary stabilisation would be untimely. 28. By 838 votes to 356, Conservative Central Council, meeting in London, supported Mr. Baldwin and endorsed Government's portes are salawin and endorsed government action in submitting problem of India to Joint Committee. 30. Gold countries asked United States to agree to certain currency proposals. July 1. Negotiations between Sir John Simon and M. Litvinoff resulted in committee to be the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state mutation by the Soviet of sentences on Mr. Thornton and Mr. Macdonald, and British embargo against Russian imports was at once lifted. American delegation to Conference announced Mr. Roosevelt's rejection of proposed announced Mr. Roosevelt's rejection of proposed compromise on currency question. 3. Mr. Roosevelt's Note read to the Conference referred to "specious fallacy" of temporary stabilisation and led to suggestions to wind up the Conference. 6. Proposal to adjourn the Conference rejected by the Bureau. 17. Mr. Lloyd George entertained at luncheon to celebrate and stamilyersary of National Health Insurance. 27. World Economic Conference went into 27. World Economic Conference went into "recess," Mr. MacDonald declaring that it was not a finish. Efforts to open up way for dis-cussion of tariffs and quotas must be renewed, he said. Reports of the two Commissions were adopted and Bureau of Conference was em-powered to determine date of reassembling. recommended that local authorities or public utility societies should be empowered to acquire compulsorily for reconditioning working-class houses which could be made fit for habitation houses which could be made it for habitation for as years, and proposed re-housing subsidies.

10. Dominions Office announced Government had decided to discontinue Empire Marketing Board. 21. Representatives of 32 wheat importing and exporting countries met in London to consider production and sale of wheat. 25. Agreement was signed by most of countries represented by which United States, Canada, Australia and the Arentine spread to restrict. Australia and the Argentine agreed to restrict their exports by 15 per cent. in 1933-34 and 1934-35, and importing countries agreed that when international price of wheat reached specified figure they would consider adjusting their tariffs to admit of importing wheat.

3ept. 1. Mr. Arthur Henderson elected M.P.

for Clay Cross division by majority of 15,638 over Government candidate. 6. Dairy farmers voted overwhelmingly in favour of Government's milk marketing scheme. 7. Viscount Grey died at his home at Fallodon. Mr. Sidney Foster, generalmanager of London Co-operative Foster, generalmanager of Milk Marketing Board. 30. Revenue returns for first half of financial year showed rise of £7,305,334 in revenue and fall of £48,300,776 in expenditure, compared with same period of previous year Oct. 6. Conservative Conference at Birmingham. voted for Government's policy on Indian government by 737 to 344. 9. Unemployment figures fell by 521,264, compared with a year earlier. 244. Mr. Churchill ontlined his plan for provincial Home Rule in India to the Joint Committee. 25. Labour won surprising victory in East Fulham, Conservative majority of 14,521 being turned into Labour majority of 4,840.

MUNICIPAL.-(1932) Nov. 1. Labour made small gains in contests for seats on municipal councils. 9. Sir Percy Greenaway's year of office as Lord Mayor of London opened with customary procession. Mr. MacDonald did not attend Guildhall hanquet owing to his health, Mr. Baldwin taking his place. 15. London County Council rejected proposals to open cinemas in London on Sundays earlier than 6 p.m. 29. Poll of municipal electors at Croydon showed 34,527 for and 24,386 against Sunday chemas, Bishop of Croydon leading campaign in favour. (1933) Jan. 2. Minister of Labour announced appointment of ... person to administer transitional payments in place of Swansea Borough Council because of latter's illegal practice. 24. L.C.C were informed by the Ministry of Transport that Waterloo Bridge must not be demolished, but must be reconditioned and widened at cost of £685,000. May 18. London Passenger Transport Board formed, with Lord Ashfield as chairman and Mr. Frank Pick as full-time member for seven years. June 21. King Feisal of Iraq received address of welcome from City of London Corporation. July 1. London Passenger Transport Board took over all transport facilities of the metropolis. Sept. 7. Willesden became a borough. 22. Wood Green received its Charter. 29. Sir Charles Henry Collett elected Lord Mayor of London. Oct. 2. London County Council announced that Waterloo Bridge would be closed for reconstruction. 5. Finchley became a borough. 24. London County Council adopted scheme for reconditioning Waterloo Bridge at estimated cost of 5685,000, bridge to be converted into four-way bridge with 35 ft. roadway by widening.

ACCIDENTS AT SKA.—(1932) Nov. 2. New Mission ship Southern Cross VI. wrecked off the New Hebrides. 6. Grimsby trawler Golden New Hebrides. 6. Grimsby trawer Goners Deeps overturned when seeking shelfer from gale in Norwegian port, 13 lives being lost. 13. Fire occurred on British food-carrying liner Oregon Star at Hebburn, acting-captain being killed. 19. While L.N.E.R. steamer Antwerp was anchored in thick fog near Zeebrugge, American steamer Hastings collided with her, dames done being shows water Deep 21. damage done being above water. Dec. 21. Newcastle steamer Gateshead foundered after Newcastle steamer Gateshead foundered after collision with another vessel off Seaham Har-bour, 8 lives being lost. (1933) Jan. 2. Aber-deen trawier battered to pieces in gale on Kin-cardineshire coats, crew of 9 being lost. 4. French luxury liner L'Atlantique was gutted by

fire, caused by incendiarism, in English Channel while proceeding to Le Havre for repairs. No passengers were on board, and most of crew passengers were on board, and most of crew were rescued, but 19 lives were lost. Vessel was towed to Cherbourg, but after investigation task of refitting was found impossible. 20. British freighter Exeter City was abandoned in flerce gale in mid-Atlantic, 4 of crew of 26 being lost. March 19. Grimsby trawler sank following a collision in North Sea, 10 of crew of 12 being drowned. April 28. Explosion on aircraft carrier Eagle at Spithead killed one man and injured two others May 1. Dover-Ostend mail boats Princesse Marie Jose and Stad Antwerven boats Princesse Marie Jose and Stad Antwerpen collided in fog off South Goodwins, no one being injured but vessels damaged. 23. Submarine La3 damaged in collision with trawler off coast Lag damaged in collision with trawler off coast of Aberdeenshire. 31. Liner Guidford Castle had to be beached after being in collision with British steamer Stentor off Hamburg during thick fog, 3 of crew being drowned but all passengers saved. June 2. As passengers were travelling to England on liner New York vessel was in collision off coast of Holland with schooner which sank, 10 of crew of 12 being rescued. 7. New French cross-Channel steamer Cote d'Argent, New French cross-Channel steamer Cote d'Argent, with 374 passengers, was in collision in the Channel with Swedish cargo ship, neither ship being badly damaged. Aug. 25. Lord Moyne's 1,200-ton yacht Rousselka struck rock of coast of Galway and aank, all on board being resoued. Sept. 1. British freighter driven ashore on Cuban coast by tropical cyclone. Explosion on British tanker Athalqueen killed 5 of crew near Manila. 14. Cardiff steamer Portheaul heached near Yarmouth with cargo of esparto grass blazing, all orew being rescued. Oct. 7. Submarine La6 went aground on rocks off the Mull of Kintyre but was refloated and proceeded to Cambelltown Bay. 8. An explosion occurred in of Kintyre but was refloated and proceeded to Cambelltown Bay. S. An explosion occurred in battery-room of Le6, a men being killed and at injured 17. In stormy sea British liner City of Paria, with soo passengers, ran into sandbank about 50 miles from Marseilles. 18. She was foated and arrived at Marseilles. 20. Japanese steamer l'askima Maru sank in typhoon near Kobe, two English women passengers being among victims. 24. British cargo sengers being among victims. 24. British cargo steamer Silverpains was in collision with United States cruiser Chicago in deuse fog soo miles from San Fraucisco, both vessels being badly damaged.

ACCIDENTS, (HENERAL.—(1932) Nov. 9'
Train dashed into gang of platelayers near Watford Junction, killing 5 men, obscured by smoke from another express. 12. Explosion occurred in Edge Green pit of Garswood Hall Colliery Company at Golborne, 25 miners being killed. Doc. 9. Explosion at Cortonwood Colliery, near Wombwell, Yorkahire, resulted in 6 deaths. 24. Six children were burned to death in fire in small house at Ehrnungham. (1933) Jan. 14. Slight earthquake occurred over large area in North-Eastern England, but no damage was done. 31. Passenger express from London crashed into goods train at Loughbarough, fireman of former being killed. March 10. Three miners drowned by lurush of water in Aldwarke Main Colliery, near Rotherham. 17. Southend pier cut in two by sailing barge in a gale. 27. Explosion at Gateshead killed 6 people and injured 25 others. 30. Houses over considerable area at Mitcham wrecked by explosion at factory,

a boy being killed, several persons injured, and many families rendered homeless. April 18. Light engine collided with express near Swansea, 15 passengers being slightly injured. May 2. Passenger train in collision with light engine near Liverpool, 25 people being slightly injured. 28. Passenger train to Alton left rails between Raynes Park and Wimbledon on Southern Railway, and another from Southampton to London crashed into it and ripped off sides of several carriages, 5 passengers of Alton train being killed and many injured. June 6. Ryde Town Hall destroyed by fire. 11. Express from Crewe to Euston derailed near Rugeley, no passengers being injured. 28. Motor coach crashed into railway embankment at Whyteleafe, Surrey, 27 persons being injured. July 5. Philharmonic Hall, Liverpool, destroyed by fire. 10. Edinburgh to London express crashed into goods train at Little Salkeld, near Carlisle, 12 persons being injured. 31. Central pier and pavilion at Morecambe destroyed by fire. Aug. 30. An engineer was killed and 3 workmen burned by explosion at Battersea Power Station. Sept. 10. Pier pavilion at Worthing destroyed by fire.

AVIATION.—(1932) Nov. 12. Victor Smith, 19-year-old South African airman, left Capetown for England. 13. He arrived at Mossamedes, 1,500 miles. 14. Mrs. J. A. Mollison (Amy Johnson) left Lympne for Capetown, landed at Oran, Algeria, 1,100 miles distant, in 13 hours, and left again. 18. Smith reached Duala and took off. Mrs. Mollison landed at Gao. 18. She left and flew to Duala. 17. Forced down at Bengueila owing to oiling trouble, she was able later to proceed, and reached Mossamedes. 18. She landed at Capetown in 4 days 6 hours 4 minutes, 10½ hours better than her husband's record. 20. After being missing for some days, Smith reached Gao, having made forced landing at Dori, where he waited for petrol. 22. He reached Oran. 24. Smith arrived at Croydon after forced landing near Ashford. after forced landing near Ashford. Dec. 11. Mrs Mollison left Capetown on return flight to England, landed at Mossamedes and went on to Benguella. 12. She left and arrived at Duals.
13. She reached Gao. 14. She was compelled by stormy weather to land at Benl Ounit. 19.
Mrs. Mollison was given enthusiastic reception Mrs. Molison was given entrusiantic reception on arrival at Croydon, beating record for return journey, which took 7 days 7 hours 5 minutes. (1933) Jan. 7. Bert Hinkler, the Australian airman, left Feitham, Middlesex, on attempt to break Australian flight record, and nothing further was beard of him until his body was found on April 38 in mountainous district of Tuscany. 12. Giant R.A.F. flying-boat sank in Plymouth Sound after collision with naval launch, one man being drowned and seven injured. 15. Lady Bailey left Oroydon on attempt to fly to the Cape. She passed over Oran, but, overcome by fatigue, returned and landed, and doctor diagnosed influenzal symptoms. After a rest she again took off. 16. French monoplane flew from St. Louis, Senegal, to Port Natal, Brazil. 19. Missing for some days, Lady Bailey was found uninjured by searching airmen se miles from Tahoua, Niger, where she had made forced ianding from lack of petrol. Febs. 2. Mrs. Mollison, for her African flights, awarded the Segrave Memorial Trophy for most outstanding demonstration of possibilities of on arrival at Croydon, beating record for return standing demonstration of possibilities of transport. S. R.A.F. Fairey Mapler, with

Squadron-Leader O. R. Gayford and Flight-Lieut. G. E. Nicholetts, left Cranwell on non-stop flight for the Cape. Mollison left Lympne on his way to South America. He landed at Bar-celona and left again. 7. Mollison arrived in Spanish West Africa. 8. Non-stop flight ended successfully, the R.A.F. monoplane landing at 4.40 p.m. at Walvis Bay, after flying 5,340 miles in 57 hours as minutes, beating record by 238 miles. Four R.A.F. officers and men burned to death when large Service bomber crashed into death when large Service comoer crashed muotree on Wiltahire Downs and broke in two.

9. Mollison flew from Thies, Senegal, to Port Natal, Brazil, 1,700 miles, in 17% hours, being first airman to accomplish sold westward crossing of North and South Atlantic, and first to fly from England to South America and beating Europe to South America record. 20. Air Force Cross awarded to Squadron-Leader Gayford and bar to the Cross to Flight-Lieut. Nicholetts. March 9. Victor Smith left Lympne for the Cape, landed at Oran and proceeded to Beni Abbes. 10. He reached Regran and flew on. 12. Smith left Walvis Bay ahead of Amy Mollison's record. 13. He had to make forced landing about 160 miles from Capetown through lack of fuel. 28. Imperial Airways liner City of Liver-pool crashed in flames near Dixmude, Belgium, za passengers and crew of three all being killed. Cause of fire was not discovered by official enquiries. April 11. Capt. W. N. Lancaster left Lympne on attempt to fly to Australia. 12. He left Reggan and set out for Gao, but was not heard of again. May 1. Viscount Knebworth, M.P., killed in aeroplane crash at Hendon. 8. Polish airman, Skarzynski, flew across South Atlantic from Senegal to Port Natal in 27½ Abstract 15. French monoplane returned from Port Natal, Brazil, to Dakar, Africa. June 3. James Mattern let New York on attempt at solo flight round the world. 4. He landed on Norwegian Island, record solo flight of 4,roo miles of the same for Moscow. 6. He arrived at 5. He left again for Moveow. 6. He arrived at Omak. 7. Mattern made forced landing at Belovo, Siberia. The Mollisons aeroplane crashed during take-off at Croydon for their double Atlantic flight and was wrecked, neither being injured. 11. Mattern landed on Soviet-Manchurian border. 14. He left Khabarovsk for Nome, Alaska. 22. Charles Ulm, with two companions, left Sydney and flew 2,200 miles to Derby, Western Australia. 24. He reached Singapore. 26. He arrived at Rangoon. 28. Ulm landed at Karachi. 29. He was delayed. in Persia owing to engine trouble. July 1. Italian armada of 25 flying-boats, led by General Balbo, began their formation flight to America with journey from Orbetello to Amsterdam, where one machine was lost, one of crew being killed. 2. The 24 flying-loats flew to Loudon-derry. 5. Flying bilind for 125 miles, the armada reached Reykjavik, Iceland. 7. After | three weeks silence James Mattern was found alive at Anadir Chukotka, Siberia, his plane having been wrecked in forced landing. 8. Capt. Geoffrey de Havilland won King's Cup over four rounds of a course totalling 830 miles. 10. Ulm and his companions arrived at Heston. 12. Italian scaplanes flew without mishap from Raykjavik to Cartwright, Labrador, 1,500 miles.

13. They reached Shediac, New Brunswick.

14. They flew to Moutreal. 15. They completed their outward journey and arrived at Chicago, about 7,000 miles from home. Wiley Post lett.

New York on machine fitted with robot pilot.

16. He landed at Berlin, covering 3,8xc miles in as hours 45 minutes, and left again for Siberia, but had weather forced him to land at Koenigsberg. 17. Post arrived at Moscow and flew on. Two American-Lithuanian airmen, Darins and Girenas, crashed and were killed about 270 miles from Kovno after flying over 4,000 miles from New York. 18. Post reached Novosibirsk, Siberia, and flew to Irkutsk. 19. He was forced down by bad weather at Rukhlova. General Balbo and his companions reached New York. Lord Londonderry announced that R.A.F. would not attempt to regain speed record from Italy. 20 Post passed over Nome. 21. He crashed at Flat, Alaska, but repaired his machine and reached Fairbanks. Mattern arrived at Nome. 22. Post arrived at New York, having flown round the arrived at New York, having flown round the world alone and beaten by at hours a rains, record which he and Gatty set up. Mr. and Mrs. Mollison left Pendine Sands for America in Seafarer. 23. They crossed Newfoundland coast, and without landing headed for New York but crashed in landing at aerodrome at Bridgeport, both filers being injured and plane wrecked. 24. Although bruised and lacerated Mr. and Mrs. Mollison flew to New York as passengers and were warmly greeted. 25. Italian armada of 24 left New York for Shediac on homeward flight, two making stops on the way. 26. The seaplanes flew to Shoal Harbour, Newfoundland. 28. General Balbo given rank of Marshal. Aug. 5. French airmen, Paul Codos and Maurice Rossi, left New York for Europe in attempt to beat long-distance record. 6. They landed at Rayack, 55 miles north-west of Damasaus, after flight of 5,528 miles in 54 hours 45 min., beating record of the R.A.F. fliers. S. Marshal Balbo's fleet of 24 sasplanes flew from Shoal Harbour to the Azores. 9. 22 of the machines arrived at Lisbon, the other having capsized in taking off with loss of one officer. 13. The armada completed their flight and landed at Ostia. Sept. 2. Marquis Francesco de Pinedo, Italian airman, killed at New York when his monoplane overturned and caught fire in starting long-distance flight. 5. Soviet aeroplane crashed 70 miles from Moscow, 8 persons being killed, including 3 of leading figures in Russian aviation. 26. While returning from manoeuvres with the Navy, 13 R.A.F. machines manoeuvres with the Navy, x3 R.A.F. machines were forced down by fog, 4 men being killed.

28. French airman, Gustav Lemoine, reached altitude of 44,827 feet, a new record which was confirmed, 30. Soviet stratosphere balloon reached height registered at x1½ miles at Moscow.

Oct. 1. Mr. MacDonald flew to Allonne to assist French Premier to unwell memorial to victims of R rot disaster. Private according returning to England from Allonne and the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier to the premier acroplane returning to England from Allonne crashed in Kent, p:lot and two passengers (one a press photographer) being killed.

3. The Mollisons' machine damaged at Wasaga Beach when they attempted start of non-stop right to Europe, which was abandoned. 4. Sir Charles Kingsford-Smith, starting solo flight to Australia, flew from Lympne to Brindis. 5. He landed at Baghdad. 6. He reached Gwadar on Gulf of Oman. 7. He flew to Karachi. 8. He arrived at Akyab, Burma, ahead of record. Italian vilot Colonal Gurdishno Casicallia backs. Italian pilot, Colonel Guglielmo Casinelli, broke world speed record for zoo kilometres, averaging 393.35 miles an hour. 9. Kingsford-Smith reached Alor Star. 10. He flew to Sourahaya. 11. Kingsford-Smith arrived at Wyndham, Western Australia, in 7 days 4 hours 47 mins. beating C. W. A. Scott's record by r day r6 hours.

12. Charles Ulm, with two companions, left Feltham for Australia. 13. They reached Athens and left for Baghdad. 15. They arrived at Karachi. 16. After forced landing owing to wind and rain they reached Calcutta. 17. Their departure was delayed by engine failure but they proceeded to Akyab R.A.F. flying-boat crashed into Southampton Water, one man being killed and two officers injured 18. Ulm arrived at Sourabaya. 19. He and his companions landed at Derby, Western Australia, in 6 days 17 hours 56 mins., beating Kingsford-Smith's solo record by 10 hours 51 mins.

CRIMES AND TRIALS —(1932) Nov. 16. Jury at Staffordshire Assizes found Harold Hayward Wilkins, 16-years-old kennel-boy, gnilty of murdering a kennel-maid where he was employed, but strongly recommended mercy owing to his age. He was sentenced to death, but reprieve was granted. 25. Young soldier charged in name of James Thomas Collins, accused of killing two men and a girl in a Kent wood by shooting at them, was found guilty but insane at Maidstone Assizes. Dec 5. Young farmer, Godfrey Nobes, was found not guilty at Surrey Assizes, at Kingston, on charge of murdering aged married couple at Cutt Mill, near Godalming, and was discharged. (1933)

Jan. 2. Cypiot doctor, Angelos Zemenides,
was shot dead in hall of boarding-house at

Hampstead. A compatriot, Theodosios Petron,
was arrested, but was found not guilty and was

Hampstead at Old Relieve was Academic at the States. discharged at Old Bailey on March 17. 3. In ruins of a burned-out bungalow at Horndean, Hauts, bodies were found of man and woman identified later as Edward Burton and his wife, the man having nurdered his wife and committed suicide. Blazing Shed Murder.—Body was found on Jan. 3 in ruins of burned-ont shed in builder's yard in Hawley Crescent, Chalk Farm. At first it was thought to be that of Samuel James Furnace, the occupier, but it was afterwards definitely identified as that of his friend, Walter Spatchett, a rent collector, and post-mortem revealed that he had been shot. Furnace disappeared for several days, but he was traced to a boarding-house at Southend, where he was arrested on Jan. 15, brought to London and charged with munder of Spatchett. On following morning he was found poisoned in his cell, and he died next day, evidence at the inquest revealing that he had concealed bottle of spirit of salts in lining of his overcost, which was not found when he was searched by police. Feb 21. J Maundy Gregory sentenced at Bow Street to two months' imprisonment in second division and fine of £50 for attempting to obtain £10,000 from an officer for trying to procure him a title. March 20. General court-martial at Chelsea Barracks began trial of Lieut. Norman Baille-Stewart on ten charges based on the Official Secrets Act, to which he pleaded not guilty. 28 The Court concluded and found the 28 The Court concluded and found the officer not guilty of three alternative charges, April 13. Lieut. Baillie-Stewart sentenced to be cashiered and to undergo five years' penal servitude. June 8. Fred Morse sentenced to death at Wells Assizes for murder of his niece, aged zs, by drowning her at Curry Mallet. Aug. 18. On 33rd day of hearing of fire conspiracy trial at Central Criminal Court, longest in its history, jury returned verdicts

of guilty against the ten defendants who had pleaded not guilty. 20. The ten and six others who had pleaded guilty sentenced by Mr. Justice Humphreys to imprisonment, Leopold Harris, described as "head and front of the conspiracy," receiving 14 years' penal servitade. 27. Man named Charles William Fox was stabbed to death in kitchen of his house while he was searching for presumed burgiar. Sept. 6. Charred body of Frederick Ellison Morton, farmer, found in burnt-out car in his garage at Sherburn-in-Elmet, near Leeds.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—(1932) Nov. 7. Dr. F. C. N. Hicks, Bishop of Gibraitar, appointed Bishop of Lincoin. 11. Manifesto was issued by ahout 50 clergy of Anglican Church attacking the Anglo-Catholic party for "modernst and insular tendencies." Doc. 17. Dr. Nickson resigned see of Bristol on grounds of health. (1933) Feb. 9. Canon C. S. Woodward, Rector of St. John the Evangelist, Westminster, appointed Bishop of Bristol. March 2. Dr. C. A. Alington, headmaster of Eton, appointed Dean of Durham in succession to Dr. Welldon. June 5. Foundation stone laid of Liverpool's Roman Catholic Cathedral, Papal Legate biessing enormous congregation. 12. The three Houses of Church Assembly gave general approval to Majority Report of Banus of Marriage Commission. July 9. Evensong service held in open air at White City Stadium in connection with Oxford Movement Centenary Commemoration. 16. High Mass sung at White City Stadium by Bishop of Colombo as climax to Centenary. Sept. 9. Jubilee of Boys' Brigade celebrated in Glasgow, where 30,000 lads were reviewed by Prince George. Oct. 8. Bishop of London commissioned in St. Paul's Cathedral 500 of the Buchman Group for campaign in London.

EDUCATIONAL.—(1932) Nov. 22. Board of Education decided to confirm new regulations in Circular 1421 for raising fees in secondary schools and imposing means test on parents. (1933) Feb. 3. Mi. Baldwin, Chancellor of Cambridge University, opened Royal Society Mond Laboratory for research in magnetic fields. 9. Oxford Union by \$75 to 153 carried motion "That this House will in no circumstances fight for its King and country." March 2. Motion to expunge resolution defeated by 750 to 138. Sir Ian Hamilton, in rectoral address at Edinburgh University, criticised treatment of Japan and the arms export embargo. May 22. Board of Education called for review of staffing of secondary and elementary schools with view to reduction in number of teachers. 28. Mr. C. A. Elliott, Senior Tutor of Jesus College, Cambridge, appointed headmaster of Eton College on Dr. Alington's resignation. Jure 21. Selwyn College, Cambridge, celebrated its jubile. July 5. Education Estimates showed saving of £5,469,701 on previous year. Oct. 21. Lord Irwin nominated as candidate for office of Chancellor of University of Oxford.

IRELAND.—(1932) Nov. 11. Disorders occurred in Dublin through Republicans attempting to prevent wearing of Armistice Day poppies, police making baton charges on procession of Republicans. One man was killed. 15. Motion censuring Mr. de Valera's Government for failing to reach settlement with Britain defeated in the Dail by 75 to 70. 16. Prince of

Wales received tremendous welcome in Ulster when he opened the new Northern Ireland Gov-ernment Buildings at Stormont, Belfast. 17. He visited Queen's University and factories and 25. Irish Eailway Wages Board granted companies reduction of so per cent. in wages and salaries. 26. Mr. Donal Buckley appointed Governor General of Free State. Dec. 17. saismes. 25. Mr. Donai muckiey appointed Governor, General of Free State. Dec. 17. Railwaymen accepted proposal that reduced wages should not be put into operation for Northern Ireland until Jan. 22 and for Free State until April 20. (1933) Jan. 2. Mr. de Valera announced a surprise dissolution of the Dall and immediate general election. 3. The Dall was dissolved. 4. Centre Party formed in Free State in opposition to Mr. de Valera. 20. Mr. de Valera in election manifesto declared he would abolish the Senate, reduce membership of the Dail and introduce bill to save the railways. 22. Series of fights followed election meeting addressed by Mr. Coggrave at Traines, 50 people being injured. 24. Polling took place in the Free State. 28. With final count, Mr. de Valera obtained majority of one (the Speaker's casting vote) over all other parties, with total of 77, Mr. Cosgrave's supporters numbering 48, Centre Party 17, and Labour 8. 30. Strike began on railways of Northern Ireland and forest Northern Railway system against reduc-tion of wages recommended by Irish Railways Board. Feb. 1. Train manned by emergency crew fell over embankment six miles from Dundalk through rails being maliciously removed: two men being killed and four injured. S. Dail Ehrann met. 9. Mr. de Valera re-elected President of Executive Conneil by 82 to 54, and announced his administration. 23. Free State Government relieved General O'Duffy from his office as Chief Commissioner of Civic Guard.

March 2. Owing to substage train from Belfast to Omagh fouled points just after crossing bridge and was wrecked, so passengers being njured. 10. Negotiations for settlement of Uister railway strike broke down. 15. Free State Senate rejected by 24 to 16 second reading to Oaths Bill and urged negotiations with British Government. 17. Dail passed bill state of the passed bill. authorising use for ordinary purposes of land annuities money. 22. Prize money for Grand National sweepstake amounted to £1,986,731.
April 7. Terms for settlement of Clater railway strike approved by men's executives. 10. Strike began on Great Southern Railway. 13. Agreement reached with strikers. May 2 Dail passed the Oaths Bill by 76 votes to 56, and, according to the Constitution, it could become law despite its rejection by Senate. 10. Free State Budget showed surplus of £1,141,196. Mr. McEntee, Finance Minister, 10. Free State Dauget showed surplus of first, 14, 156. Mr. McEntee, Finance Minister, amounced tariff on daily newspapers imported.

29. Prize money for Derby sweepstake totalled f. 1947. 484. July 29. Surrender of arms demanded in Dublin from ex-Ministers and members and members. of newly-formed National Guard. Aug. 9. Mr. de Valera introduced in Dail three bills to amend the Constitution by lessening functions and powers of Governor-General and terminating the Right of Appeal to His Majesty in Council. 11. Free State Government brought into force the Public Safety Act and banned proposed march of National Guard through Dublin. 16.

illegal organisation and military tribunal revived. 27. Meeting of National Guard as memorial to Michael Collins in County Cork was proclaimed. Sapt. 8. Opposition parties in Kree State united as United Irish Party, with General O'Duffy as leader and Mr. Coggrave one of his chief supporters. 18. Military tribunal at Dubliu ordered closing of headquarters of National Guard. Commandant Edward Cronin, General O'Duffy's colleague, dismissed from Kree State Army Reserve. 28. Vote of censure on Government defeated in Dail by 80 to 65. Oct. 6. General O'Duffy injured by stone thrown by crowd at Tralec. 12. Dail adjourned after passing final stages of bill to abolish appeals to Privy Council, and those to amend the Constitution. 21. Prize money for Cambridgeshire aweepstake totalled £1.707,100.

LABOUR.—(1932) Nov. 7. Work resumed in spinning section of Lancashire cotton industry after a week's stoppage on wages question. 29. National Railway Wages Board began hearing of claim by the four British railway companies for reduction in wages and salaries. Dec. 20. Public sittings of Board concluded. 28. "More looms" agreement in Lancashire cotton industry accepted by employers and men. (1933) Jan. 13. Employers' and workers' side of National Railway Wages Roard cach produced separate report, having entirely failed to agree, and chairman, Sir Harold Morris, recommended slight extension of the cut al leady in existence. 17. Railway companies decided to accept the chairman's finding. 24. The three railway unions decided to reject modified wager reductions proposed by Wages Board chairman. March 3. The railway companies notified railway unions that at end of twelve months they would cease to refer disputes to Wages Board. Aug. 14. x2.000 men and boys employed by Amalgamated Anthracite Colheries of South Wales struck work. 21. Strike ended and work resumed. Sept. 4. Trades Union Congress opened at Brighton. 7. Congress adopted General Council's report condemning all forms of dictatorships. 27. Mr. Andrew Conley elected chairman of General Council. Oct 2. Labour Party Conference opened at Hastings. Executive defeated on proposal to amend the constitution by admitting associate members. 4. Conference unanimously passed resolution declaring that whole force of Labour movement would resist war. 17. Railway managers met secretaries of railway unions to consider possibility of amending machinery for regulating wages and conditions.

10. Free State Budget showed surplus of £1.147.196. Mr. WcEntee, Finance Minister, amonneed tariff on daily newspapers imported.
29. Frize money for Derby sweepstake totalled at Geneva. 17. Sir John Simon explained E. 19.148. July 29. Surrender of ams demanded in Dublin from ex-Ministers and members of newly-formed National Guard. Aug. 9. Mr. de Valera introduced in Dail three bills to amend the Constitution by lessening functions and powers of Governor-General and terminating the Right of Appeal to His Majesty in Council.

11. Free State Government brought into force the Public Safety Act and banned proposed in proposal to reduce temporarily civil servants' equality of rights in a system which would proposal to reduce temporarily civil servants' equality of rights in a system which would proposal to reduce temporarily civil servants' of League began consideration of dispute in League began consideration of dispute in the constitution of the proposal to reduce temporarily civil servants' provide security for all nations." 19. Connoil salaries. 22. National Guard declared an

between Persian and British Governments over the oil concession, and adjourned discussion at Persia's request. (1933) Jan. 21. Committee of 19 of the League failed to solve Sino-Japanese question. Feb. 6. The Committee decided not to recognise existing regime in Manchukuo. 17. Committee's report published. 24. Assembly voted on the Committee's report, 42 being in favour, Japan against and Siam abstaining. Japanese delegates subsequently walked out and declared they would not come back. Mar. 16. Mr. MacDonald placed draft convention before Disarmament Conference at Geneva proposing five-year holiday for all capital ship construction, abolition of submarines over 2,000 tons, future limitation of large mobile land guns, limitation of size of tanks, and reduction of Continental armies 27 Japan gave notice of her intention to withdraw from the League. British draft convention accepted as basis for discussion April 25. by Disarmament Conference. Disarmament Conference resumed. 28. United States delegate urged that British plan should be adopted as a whole. May 5. Germans brought forward number of amendments to British draft convention, including mbolition of submarines and naval and military alreraft 19. German delegate said Germany accepted British plan as basis of the future Disarmament Convention, thus ending a deadlock of some weeks 22. Mr. Norman Davis promised that United States would accept full share of responsibility to make disarmament definite and effective, and urged reduction of armaments to level of domestic police force. 25. Representatives of Peru and Columbia signed at Geneva agreement ending hostilities between the two countries. 27. Mr. Eden told Disarma-ment Conference Britain must retain power to bomb from the air for police purposes in certain outlying districts. June 30. Sir Eric Drummond handed over office of Secretary-General to the League to M. Joseph Avenol. Sept. 25.
Assembly net under shadow of disarmament conversations. Mr. C. te Water (South Africa) was elected President. Oct. 6. Germany informed Britain and Italy that French disarmament proposals-a transitional period for limiting armaments followed by a general reduc-tion—were unacceptable, and demanded equality of rights. 12. Britain, France and United States reassirmed that there should be no re-armamont, and rejected Germany's demand for "samples of tanks, big guns and aeroplanes, and insisted on trial period for inspection of armaments by International Commission. 14. Germany an nounced withdrawal from Conference and League owing to decision of the Powers. 18. Conference adjourned to enable Governments to consider stuation. 21. Germany made formal notification of her withdrawal from League, which under the Covenant would take place in two years. 25. Bureau of Conference decided to continue work, but recommended adjournment of Conference. 26. General Commission adopted recommendation.

LEGAL.—(1932) Nov. 9. Lever Brothers and directors of the company were awarded £20,000 damages for libel against Mr. William M. Knesle and Mr. George Harvey Bagnall. 22. Prince George admitted Bencher of Lincolu's Inn and dined with the other Bencher's. Dec. 9. Lord Chancellor appointed committee of Judges, barristers and solicitors, to consider

question of expediting justice. 18. Divisional Court held that totalisators on greyhound racing tracks were illegal, and sent a case back to Leeds magistrates who had dismissed summons against Leeds Greyhound Association for permitting use of totalisator. (1933)Jan. 13. Sir Chartres Biron, Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, resigned, and was succeeded by Mr. Rollo Graham-Campbell. 25. Judicial Committee of Privy Council dismissed appeal of Commander J. G. Sutton against conviction and sentence of six months' imprisonment for manslaughter of hotel keeper at Limassol, Cyprus. March S. Committee appointed by Lord Chancellor recommended abolition of grand juries and shortening of the Long Vacation by two weeks. April 28. Mr. Justice McCardie found shot dead at his London home, shot-gun being between his legs. May 12. Mr. Cyril atkinson, K.C., appointed Judge of King's Bench Division. 25. King signed Order shortening Long Vacation by ten days. June 9. Dr. A. Goldfoot, of Cheltenham, awarded £12,000 damages against motorist for injuries that ruined his career. July 13. Scottish Court of Appeal held that use of totalisators in dog-racing enclosures and clubs was illegal. Sept. 29. Sir Frank Boyd Merriman appointed President of Probate, Divorce and Admiralty Division on resignation of Lord Merrivale. Mr. Donald Somervell appointed Solicitor-General. Oct. 2. New isw term opened. Mr. Craigie Aitchison, K.C., appointed to succeed Lord Alness as Lord Justice Clerk. Mr. W. G. Normand appointed Lord Advocate, and Mr. Douglas Jameson Solicitor-General for Scotland.

# IMPERIAL DOMINIONS.

(1932) Nov. 9. Serious damage caused in West Indies by hurricaue. 15. General election in Burma resulted in defeat of party who favoured separation from India. 20. All-India Moslem Conference and Moslem League rejected proposals for communal agreement which had been adopted at conference of Moslems, Hindus and Sikhs. 25. Revolt against the Maharajah of Alwar began. Dec. 6. England won first test match at Sydney by ten wickets. 18. New Zea-land offered to resume liability for war debts payment to Britain which had been suspended. 29. Mr. Havenga, Union Finance Minister, explained that South Africa was not on a gold bullion or a gold exchange standard, and that banks were free to fix rates of exchange with other countries. (1933) Jan. 1. Earth tremors feit in many places in South Africa, but no damage done. 2. Number of Northumberland Fusiliers stationed at Kingston, Jamaica, rioted and injured civilians in protest against death of a comrade during a dispute. 3. Australia won second test match at Melbourne by xxx runs.

10. British troops arrived in Alwar State to restore order in revolt of Moslem subjects of Hindu Maharajah of Alwar. 19. England won third test match at Adelaide by 338 runs.

Feb. 1. Lord Willingdon, opening winter session of Legislative Assembly at New Delhi, referred to satisfactory change in political outlook in India. 8. Mrs. Gandhi sentenced to six months' imprisonment for assisting in promoting months imprisonment for assisting in promoting civil disobedience. 16. By winning fourth test match against Australia by six wickets at Brisbane, England regained "the Ashes." 18 General Hertzog, South African Prime Minister, invited General Smuts to co-operate in a national

government. 23. Basis for coalition in the Union agreed upon. 24. Nationalist and South Africa Parties accepted the agreement. 28. England won final test at Sydney by eight wickets. March 2. In Union House of Assembly General Hertzog announced coming formation of National Government. 16. Australian Commonwealth 11 the of stamphing sold to Commonwealth Line of steamships sold to British group for £500,000. 20. Viceroy opened twelfth session of Chamber of Princes at New Delhi and urged Indian States to accept the Federal scheme. 30. New South African Cabi-net sworn in with General Smuts as Minister of Justice. April 3. Two British aeroplanes of the Houston Expedition flew over the summit of Mount Everest. 4. One of the aeroplanes made forced landing after flight over Mount Kanchen-8. Referendum in Western Australia showed large majority for secession from the Commonwealth. Liberals won election in South
Australia. 12. Sir Ernest Clark appointed
Governor of Tasmania after office had been in abeyance for three years. 19. Another successful flight made over Mount Everest, unauthorised and forbidden, but successful in completing photographic record. May 8. Gandhi began three weeks' fast in gaol as "purification" on behalf of the Untouchables. Nine hours later he was released unconditionally and he announced suspension of civil disobedience campaign. 14. Mrs. Gandhi, on her release from prison, arrived in Poona to nurse her husband through his fast. 17. General election in South Africa gave overwhelming majority to Hertzog-Smuts National Government. 20. Maharaja of Alwar decided to give free hand to British officials to prevent trouble and to leave his State. 29. Gandhi's fast ended with the Mahatma exhausted but not in danger. June 1. Lord Brahourne appointed Governor of Bombay.

Aug. 1. Mr. and Mrs. Gaudhi and 33 of
their supporters arrested to prevent plan to
carry out march to preach individual civil disobedience. Afghan village bombed by British aeroplanes with high evplosives. 2. Afghanistan frontier villages again bombed. High Court at Allahabad concluded hearing of Meerut con-spiracy trials, Chief Justice saying sentences seemed rather severe. 2. Nine of Meerut prisoners were acquitted, nucluding H. L. Hutchinson, formerly sentenced to four years' imprisonment. Twelve other sentences were reduced, but judges held that prosecution was justified. 4. Gandhi sentenced to a year's reduced, but judges near that prosecution was justified. 4. Gandhi sentenced to a year's imprisonment for disobeying order to go to Poona City and refrain from political activi-ties. 10. Settlement announced of dispute between Government of Victoria and 350 British families who emigrated under an official scheme. 16. Gandhi began another fast in gaol. 20. Gandhi removed to hospital. 23. He was released unconditionally. 28. Viceroy of India said progress of Government's policy left him with great hope and encouragement, because law and order had been restored and India was law and order had been restored and India was more peaceful and confident than for many years. **Sept. 2.** Mr. B. E. J. Burge, District Magistrate at Midnapore, shot dead by three Bengali youths on football field. **7.** South African Government agreed to pay subsidy to two Italian shipping companies to provide regular liner services. 13. Commission of Inquiry in Bechunanland, investigating case in which native court of Chief Tshekedl ordered white men to the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court o

man concerned should be banished from all native territories. First woman elected to New Zealand Parliament. 14. Vice-Admiral New Zealand Parliament. 14. Vice-Aumirasi Evans, the acting High Commissioner, sentenced Chief Tshekedi to be suspended during King's pleasure and banishment from territory of his tribe. Hostile tribesmen of North-West Frontier of India driven back by troops and aeroplanes. Gandhi undertook not to court aeropianes. Gandhi undertook not to court reimprisonment by offering overt civil resistance for a year. 20. Mrs. Annie Besant died at her Theosophist foundation at Adyar. 21. Mr. S. M. Bruce appointed Australian High Commissioner in London. 28. Reinstatement of Tshekedi ordered by the King on advice of Dominions Secretary. Oct. 4. Vice-Admiral Evans carried out ceremony of reinstating Evans carried out ceremony of reinstating Tshekedi as Chief at Serowe. Australian Budget contained tariff reductions in favour of British traders, and provided for deficit of £1,276,000 to be met out of accumulated surplus of preceding years. 10. Dominions Secretary refused request of Tshekedi for permission to come to England. Cables published from Australian Board of Control and M.C.C showed cordial relations in the cricket field had been restored. 27. Announced that Prince George would visit Union of South Africa early in 1934. Serious riots occurred in Jaffa following Arab protests against increased Jewish immigration, xx persons being killed. 29. Rioting occurred in Jerusalem, 2 persons being killed.

### UNITED STATES.

(1932) Nov. 8. Mr. Franklin Roosevelt, Democratic candidate and Governor of New York State, elected President by sweeping majority over Mr. Hoover, his party gaining ascendancy in both Senate and House of Representations. sentatives. 10. British Note asking for post-ponement of instalment of American Debt due on Dec. 15 handed to Secretary of State. 14.
France asked for suspension of debt payment.
22. President Hoover and Governor Roosevelt discussed war debts problem at the White House. 23. Replies to Britain and France stated that no facts had been presented justifying postponement of the instalments. Congress leaders refused to grant moratorium or consider debt revision. Mr. Hoover appealed to American people for more favourable consideration for the debtor nations. Dec. 5. Congress assembled and passed resolution to submit repeal of Prohibition to the State Conventions, but without necessary two-thirds majority. Hunger marchers were prevented from approaching 6. Mr. Hoover in message to Conbuilding. gress said he had told European Governments he would recommend methods to overcome temporary exchange difficulties in paying debt temporary exchange difficulties in paying debt instalments. Hunger marchers presented petition for relief and unemployment insurance.

8. In new Note to Britain Mr. Stinson said Government could not agree to postponement of payment, and declared payments had a definite relationship to problem of world recovery, and that President was prepared to survey whole position. 11. British Note agree that the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of ing to pay the instalment as a capital payment received, and reply sent declaring United States had no authority to accept payment on suggested Inquiry in Bechuanaland, investigating case in terms. 15. Britain's £19,000,000 nustalment paid which native court of Chief Tshekedi ordered by 95,000,000 dollars in gold, being earmarked by white man to be flogged, decided that the Bank of England for Federal Reserve Bank

19. In message to Congress Mr. Hoover said he would proceed independently of Congress to set up machinery for further war debt disset up machinery for further war used to accussions. 22. Owing to opposition Mr. Hoover abandoned the proposal. (1933) Jan. 5. Mr. Calvin Coolidge, former President, found dead at his home from heart disease. 20. After consultation between Mr. Hoover and Mr. Roosevelt, it was announced that the incoming Administration would receive British incoming Administration would receive British representatives in March to discuss debts and world economic problems. 25. British Government accepted invitation. 26. Ford Motor Company amounced closing down of its factories, employing 100,000 workers, owing to strike at Detroit. 29. Sir Ronald Lindsay, British Am-hassador, conferred with Mr. Roosevelt on war debts. Feb. 13. Mr. Charles Boettcher, millionaire friend of Colonel Lindbergh, kidnapped from his home at Denver, Colorado. In farewell message to the nation Mr. Hoover urged Europe to return to gold standard and stabilised currency as the quickest path to conomic peace. 14.
Moratorium declared in Michigan owing to
financial crisis, 581 banks having closed, 15.
Italian-American lunatic named Zangara fired five shots from revolver at Mr. Roosevelt at reception at Miami. He was uninjured, but Mayor Cermak of Chicago and a woman were wounded and former died later. 20. Zaugara was sentenced on various charges to imprisonment totalling 80 years. House of Representatives passed by 280 to 121 resolutions for repeal tives passed by 285 to 121 resolutions for repeat of Prohibition, previously passed by Senate by 63 to 23. 22. Sir Malcolm Campbell at Daytona. Beach, Florida, set up land speed record of 272 128 mp. h., despite injured wrist. 23. Judge Robert W. Bingham, of Louisville, appointed Ambassador to Great Britain. 25. Governor of Maryland declared three days moratorium throughout his State. 26. Legislatures of so States met on Sunday to protect the banks, and in several cases mora-torium was permitted if necessary. March 1. Moratoriums declared in other States. 2. Senator T. J. Walsh, Attorney-General elect, died on train while on his honeymoon. 4. Mr. Franklin Roosevelt was inaugurated as President at Washington in presence of enormous crowd. Practically all States proclaimed moratoriums and great quantities of scrip were printed. In his speech the President said Administration must act quickly and speculation with other people's money must end. He was prepared to ask for power to deal with the emergency as if they were invaded. 6. President ordered banks to close for five days and prohibited dealings in foreign exchanges, export of gold and silver and hoardings of currency, scrip taking place of currency. 9. Both Houses passed emergency bill giving President power to allow immediate reopening of sound banks, reorganisation of weak banks and provision of fresh currency. 10. Death sentence pronounced on Zangara, murderer of Mayor Cermak. Serious earthquake in California, famous resorts near Los Angeles suffering seriously. 13. Banks in 12 Federal Reserve centres reopened for dealings in new currency. President recommended immediate modification of the Volstead Act to increase permissible alcoholic content in beer and other beverages. 15. New York Stock Exchange reopened after ten days closure and thousands of banks resumed business. 20. Zangara was electrocuted at Raiford, Florida. 29. President

saked Congress for strict Government control of asked Congress for strict Government control of share issues to protect public from crooked financiers. April 4. World's biggest airship, American naval dirigible Abron, plunged into sea off coast of New Jersey, 74 of 77 officers and men being lost despite strenuous rescue efforts. 5. President invited Mr. MacDonald to visit Washington. He modified embargo on gold. 6. In 19 States beer and light wines were saleable after midnight. 19. United States went off the gold standard. 21. Mr. MacDonald arrived at Washington and went to the White arrived at Washington and went to the White House. 23. After number of talks with President, he went for cruise on Potomse with Mr. Roosevelt. 24. Joint statement announced that the purpose of exploring problems of World Economic Conference had been admirably served. Mr. MacDonald discussed situation with M. Herriot. 26. Before Mr. MacDonald left United States another joint statement declared that simultaneous action in economic and monetary fields was required for rise in commodity prices, that excessive tariffs, quotas and exchange restrictions should be moderated, and that international monetary standard should be re-established. 29. Senate passed Farm Relief Bill with amendment authorising President to order large expansion of currency or to reduce gold content of the dollar. May 3. House of Representatives passed bill and amendment. 16. President appealed to heads of all nations urging a pact of non-aggression, all countries to send no armed force of any kind across their frontiers, general disarmament according to the British plan, no increase of armaments, immediate reduction of offensive weapons and their ultimate elimination. 17. Mr. Roosevelt asked Congress to start huge public works programme and levy taxes to underwrite it. 23. Federal Reserve Bank tarted necotiations for purchase of a reconstruction. underwrite it. 23. Federal Reserve Bank started negotiations for purchase of 25,000,000 dollars worth of Government bonds. 24. Tom Mooney, Labour leader, after serving 17 years' imprisonment for complicity in bomb outrage at San Francisco in 1916, was acquitted on his re-trial. June 3. Senate passed bill prohibiting future payments on outstanding obligations in gold by 48 to so. 5. President signed the bill, thus officially suspending gold standard. 14. Mr. Roosevelt accepted offer by Great Britain of ro,000,000 dollars towards instalment of war debt payment, and in message to the people declared that Britain had not defaulted. 15. Secretary for Navy announced programme of construction for Navy announced programme of construction of so destroyers, a sircraft carriers, a cruisers, 4 submarines and a gunboats in next three years.

16. Congress adjourned three days after House of Representatives. July 2. President and his Cabnet met on cruiser Indanapolis to discuss currency situation following Mr. Rooseveit's refusal to agree to stabilisation. 11. Mr. Roosevelt formed mey group of advisers, consisting of administrators appointed to carry out his recovery schemes. 21. From his bedroom, President issued appeal to the nation to raise wares dent issued appeal to the nation to raise wages and spread employment, employers being asked to bind themselves to maintain fixed minimum wage and maximum working week and become members of the National Recovery Administration. 29. New Yorks largest banks pledged their support. Aug. 1. Clashes occurred between sheriffs and strike pickets in coal-mining area in Pennsylvania and martial less week. declared. 3. The 500,000,000 dollar bond issue oversubscribed six times. 4. Tear bombs were

thrown in New York Stock Exchange and Wall Street and trading had to be suspended. United States women lawn tennis players retained Wightman Cup by 4 matches to 3.

20. President signed codes governing conditions in oil and lumber industries and order codifying steel industry for three montis' trial. 29. Through part of bridge over river being washed away by floods, six coaches of express from Los Angeles to Chicago plunged into torrent at Tucumcari, New Mexico, 6 lives being lost. 31. War Secretary announced that programme of medicality living Mexica Angeles army equipment of modernising United States army equipment had been suspended to see outcome of Geneva discussions. Police fought strikers at Philadelphia hosiery mills, a pickets being shot dead and 18 persons injured. Sept. 4. Commodore Gar Wood retained Harmsworth Trophy for speed-hoat by defeating Mr. Hubert Scott-Paine at Algonac, Michigan. 13. Great "Victory Parade" took place in New York to mark end of two weeks N.R.A. drive. 14. Tear-gns and guns used in riot in strike area in south-west Pennsylvania. 18. President signed code for coal industry. Oct. 3. British debt mission arrived at New York. 5. In struggle between rival miners' unions in Southern Illinois, strike had been suspended to see outcome of Geneva rival miners' unions in Southern Illinois, strike rival miners' unions in Southern Illinois, strike pickets shot as persons and blew up railway bridge, troops being called out to quell disorders. Auglo-American debt negotiations opened at Washington. 13. Strikersdemonstratingathead-quarters of National Recovery Administration in New York were charged by mounted police. 15. President announced inunciate creation of Tennat I Joindation Reart to help depositions of Deposit Liquidation Board to help depositors of closed banks. 20. Mr. Roosevelt invited Soviet Government to send representative to United States to discuss resumption of relations. 21.
President said Government would create a Goverument market for gold and would ease the gold embargo, dollar being revalued after restoration of price levels. 25. He fixed price of Government's flist gold purchases, and outlined machinery to control imports endangering National Recovery codes. 26. Price of gold was raised. 31. Mr. Ford agreed to submit wage and hours report required by the code. Strike of Western farmers called off. Miners on strike in Pennsylvania ordered by leaders to resume work.

# FRANCE.

(1932) Nov. 20. Railway near Nantes was blown up by bombs three hours before train in which M. Herriot was travelling was due. Dec. 8. Mr. MacDonald and Mr. Neville Chamberlain discussed American debt question with M. Herriot in Paris. 9. Despite M. Herriot's arguments, Finance Committee of Chamber voted against payment of American debt instalment. 11. Cabinet decided that France must pay the instalment subject to reservations. 14. Chamber, by 402 to 187, declined to pay instalment, and M. Herriot's administration resigned. 18. M. Paul-Boncour formed a Cabinet. (1933) Jam. 25. Paris Stock Exchange went on strike as protest against proposals of Finance Committee to abolish bearer bonds and transferable shares. 28. M. Paul-Boncour's administration resigned owing to opposition to Budget proposals. 31. M. Daladier founed Ministry with M. Paul-Boncour as Foreign Minister. Feb. 3. New Government obtained vote of confidence by 37e votes to see in the Chamber. 6. Boiler

exploded at Renault motor works at Billan-court, 8 men being killed and 130 injured. Commission of inquiry into loss of L'Atlantique found that there had been sabotage. 13. Chamber passed Government's new fluancial proposals by 359 to 235. 17. France sent strongly worded Note to Austria demanding that alleged smuggling of arms should be stopped. 20. Many State and municipal employees struck work for few hours as protest against proposed wage reductions. March 10. Mr. MacDonald and Sir John Simon consulted in Paris with M. Daladier and Foreign Minister on the European situation and Disarmament Conference. After their conversations with Signor Mussolini, Mr. MacDonald and Sir John Simon placed proposal for Fonr-Power Combination to secure peace before M. Daladier and Foreign Minister.

April 4. Small French dirigible crashed between Rochefort and Lorient without loss of life. May 29. Paris shops and cafés closed for three hours as protest against burden of national taxation. Andrea Spada, notorious Corsican brigand, captured. June 4. Crowded express from Paris to La Baule left rails near Nantes at point where goods train had been derailed two days earlier, 15 persons being killed and 138 injured. Near Tours another express train ran into local train, 23 people being injured. July 8. Chamber passed bill increasing number of tariffs on imports, many British commodities being affected. 30. At Stade Roland Garros, Britain won Davis Cup after az years interval, beating France, the holder, by three matches to two. Aug. 20. French gendarmes invaded Augorra and disarmed police. 22. Water traffic on Seine paralysed by strike of bargemen who made barrier of barges across of hargemen who made harrier of harges across the river. Sept. 2. M. Georges Leygues, Minister of Marine, died. Oct. 19. Socialist Parliamentary Party decided to vote against Government's Budget proposals for reduction of civil servants' salaries. 20. After rejecting many proposals for economy and new taxes, Finance Commission of the Chamber voted the Budget, but left it unbalanced. 24. After long debate in Chamber Government was defeated on the Budget by 329 to 24x, mainly as result of proposed cut in civil servants salaires. M. Daladier and his colleagues at once resigned. Cherbourg-Paus express ran off rails on viaduct therbourg-tails sapess ian on laist at the mear Evreux and crashed into river below, 45 persons being killed and many injured.

26. M. Sarrant formed new Cabnet, with M. Paul-Boncour as Foreign Minister, and M. Daladier as War Minister. 29. M. Painlevé, former Premier, died. ,

#### GERMANY.

(1932) Nov. 3. Transport workers in Berlin struck work and stopped all public services as protest against proposal to reduce wages. 6. General election took place. 17. President accepted resignation of Von Papen Cabinet. 21. President invited Herr Hitler to explore possibilities of forming (abinet under certain conditions. 22. Herr Hitler declined to open negotiations to meet the President's desires. Dec. 2. General von Schleicher became Chancellor, with Baron von Neurath as Foreign Minister. (1933) Jan. 25. Government resigned on President's refusal to grant demand for power to dissolve Reichatag and hold new elections. 30. Herr Hitler appointed Chancellor, with Herr von Papen Vice-Chancellor

and Baron von Neurath Foreign Minister in Nazi and Nationalist administration. Enthusiastic demonstrations followed announcement. Feb. 1. President dissolved Reichstag. Chancellor proclaimed two Four-Year-Plans to remove distress and cure unemployment. Communists were prohibited from holding outdoor demonstrations in Berlin. 6. Legal outdoor demonstrations in Berlin. 6. Legal government of Prussia was deposed and Prussian Parliament dissolved. 10. Fire in benzole plant at Neunkirchen, one of the Saar industrial towns, spread to giant gasometer, which exploded, causing enormous damage and great less of life. 27. Reichstag seriously damaged by fires which broke out in so places. Police suspected incendiarism and arrested a man in the building. 28. President suspended free sneech and free writings. sident suspended free speech and free writings, introduced death penalty for various acts of violence, to ward off Communist acts of terror, and suppressed entire Communist and Socialist Press of Prussia. March 5. Hitler won great victory at General Election, securing 288 seats, though he did not secure absolute majority over all other parties. 8. Jews in many towns forced to close their shops. 9. Nazi troops occupied Bavarian Government offices in Munich and demanded resignation of Ministers Berlin resignation of offices of promment Jews was insisted upon. 10. Bavarian Government submitted to Nazis. 16. Dr. Schacht succeeded Dr. Luther as President of Reichsbank. 19. Jewish judges prohibited from sitting in many courts. 21. Reichstag opened by President in the garrison church at Potsdam. Communists were not present, having been suppressed. 23.
Reichstag passed bill giving Government dictatorial powers. Chancellor Hitler spoke against return of the Monarchy and in favour of Signor Mussolin's peace plan. 24. Government de-cided to abolish trade unions as at present organised and to form one huge union under a Government Commissioner. April 1. Boycott of Jews enforced throughout Germany for one day. 5. Suicide of many prominent Jews announced to escape persecution. May 1.
Addressing enormous May Day crowd, Chancellor Hitler intimated that scheme of compulsory labour would be introduced. 2. Nazi troops seized trade union offices and Labour banks and arrested leaders. 7. Dr. Bruening, former Chancellor, elected leader of Centre Party. 17. At specially convened meeting of Reichstag, Herr Hitler said no European war would improve present situation and that war would be madness. Germany, he said, desired to live in peace with all nations and was ready to join in any non-aggression pact. June 2.
President of Reichsbank announced moratorium for all Germany's foreign debts. 7. Germany accepted final draft of Four-Power Pact. 8. President of Reichshank declared temporary 8. President of Reichshank declared temporary moratorium on transfer abroad of interest payments on all Germany's foreign indebtedness incurred before July x, aggz. 22. "Green Shirts" and "Black Shirts" suppressed. 23. Social-Democratic Party suppressed. 27. Dr. Hugenberg, leader of Nationalist Party, resigned Ministry of Economic Affairs. 29. President accepted Dr Hugenberg's resignation. Centre, or Roman Catholic, Party wound up. 30. President urged Chancellor to take steps to promote peace between the Evangelical Churches and Government, and Chancellor instructed Minister of Interior to take necessary action. July 9. of Interior to take necessary action. July 9.

Concordat between the Holy See and Germany initialied. 31. New Cabinet procedure enabled Government to promulgate laws without the Reichstag, only the Chancellor "passing" laws. Notes to Germany on latter's anti-Austrian activities. Germany replied that interference in German-Austrian impasse was inadmissible. 18. As result of British Government's protests, German Government rescinded regulations on travel in foreign ships. 20. Government's industrial plan included provision of £35,000,000 for enlargement and repair of public buildings and house property. 21. Trial of five men for setting fire to the Reichstag opened at Leipzig. Oct. 14. Chancellor Hitler announced Reichstag would be dissolved and that plebisoite and an election would take place in a month to ascertain nation's opinion of his decision to withdraw from League of Nations and Disarmament Conference.

### OTHER COUNTRIES.

(1932) Nov. 6. To mark tenth anniversary of the Fascists' march on Rome, Signor Mussolini signed amnesty decree remitting sentences under five years of about 6,000 persons. 20. Japan rejected the Lytton report on Manchuria. 28. Persian Government notified Anglo-Persian Oil Company of annulment of the D'Arcy Concession, covering an enormous oil-producing area. Dec. 1. Cardinal Bourne seriously ill in Rome. 2. Persian National Assembly approved Government's cancellation of oil concession. 5. Italy decided to pay her instalment of American Debt. 12. Armed man found in cellar at Doorn House, ex-Kaiser's home in Holland. 13. Two trains collided in Gütsch tunnel near Lucerne,'s persons being killed. 24. The Pope announced a Holy Year from April 2, 1933. 27. Greek Court of Appeal decided that Mr. Samuel Insull could Jan. 2. Chilean President signed decree for legal liquidation of nitrate combine known as cosach as preliminary to reorganisation. Japan-ese troops occupied Shaukaikwan on border of China and Manchuku. S. Revolutionary out-breaks occurred in Spain. 10. Japanese troops invaded province of Jehol. 13. Queen Joanna of Bulgaria gave birth to daughter. Feb. S. Following minor outbreaks, crew of Dutch battle-ship nutinied in Sumatra and put to sea, pur-sued by officers in unammed steamer. 6. War-arips and seaplanes took up the chase. 10. Bomb was dropped on the mutinous vessel from flying boat, killing several men, and white flag was hoisted and survivors captured. 17. Japanese Cabinet sanctioned plan of campaign for invasion of Jehol, between China and Manchuria, to preserve order. 21. Japanese offensive opened with 30,000 troops. 23. Japan presented ultimatum to China demanding withdrawal of Chinese troops from Jehol and launched flerce attack on Chaoyang. 26. Chinese evacuated Chaoyang and Kailu. yang. 26. Chinese evacuated Chaoyang and Kailu.
March 1. Japanese claimed to have captured
Chihfeng and Lingyuan. 3. Violent earthquake
struck Tokio, causing serious fires, and on the
coast tidal wave demolished 1,500 houses, deathroll exceeding 2,000. 4. Jehol city captured by
Japanese, Chinese Governor of province fied,
and Japanese fig was hoisted on the Great
Wall. 11. Japanese forces ceased hostilities
along entire length of Great Wall. 12. Four
British officials of Metropolitan-Vickers Company, and four Russian employees arrested in

Moscow. 14. Two other Englishmen arrested by Moscow secret police, but two, Mr. Alan Monkhouse and Mr. de Nordwall, released on parole. Charge against them was sabotage, aiming at destruction of electrical stations and undermining of electrical industry. 15. Further arrests of Russian employees in Moscow. 19. After two days' consultations in Rome between Signor Mussolini and Mr. MacDonald and Sir John Simon, Four-Power Pact for preservation of peace was proposed. 29. Chinese pirates boarded British steamer at Newchwang and carried off four officers. 30. British Ambassador at Moscow left for London to consult Sir John Simon. April 3. One of the four ofheers cap-tured by Chinese pirates brought to Newchwang demands for enormous ransom. 4. Another three of Moscow accused released on bail. 5. Permanent Court of International Justice gave judgment in favour of Denmark in territorial dispute with Norway over Greenland. 10. Japanese and Manchukuo troops launched offensive inside the Great Wall on Chinese security. 12. Trial began at Moscow of six Englishmen (Messrs. Monkhouse, Thornton, Macdonald, Cushny, Nordwall and Gregory) and zz Russians on charges of salotage, espionage and bribery. Macdonald and the Russians pleaded guilty. 13. Macdonald withdrew his plea of guilty, but after being taken from the court admitted espionage. 16. Japan seized port of Chinwangtao. 19. Soon after midnight Moscow Court's decision was announced. Mr Gregory was acquitted, Messrs. Monkhouse, Cushny and Nordwall expelled from Russia for five years, Mr. Thornton sentenced to three years' imprisonment, and Mr. Macdonald to two years. Most of Russians were also sent to prison. 19. Japanese aeroplanes bombed several towns in China. Pekin placed under martial law. 20. The three expelled Britons and Mr. Gregory left Moscow. 22. Russian Government ordered cessation of trade with Great Britain as reply to latter's embargo. 23. Japanese troops ordered to cease lustilities. 30. President Cerro of Peru fatally shot when leaving race-course at Luna. Agreement between Persia and Anglo-Persian Oil Company signed at Teheran. Bolivia over the Gran Chaco frontier area. Japanese troops halted on reaching suburbs of Pekin, truce following China's acceptance of Japan's terms. 31. Formal armistice between China and Japan signed at Tang Kn provided for de-militarisation of large area south of Great Wall and retirement of Japanese to the Great Wall. Wall. June 6. Man fired at M. Venizelos and Madame Venizelos near Athens, former being unburt but his wife injured. 7. Kour-Power Pact to secure peace for Europe for ten years initialled in Rome by British, French, German and Italian representatives. 19. Dr. Roosevelt's Dollfuss, Austrian Chancellor, dissolved Nazi relations.

Party and forbade all its activities within his country. 21. Prince of Asturias, eldest son of King Alfonso, married at Lausanne to Senorita Sampedro-Ocejo. July 1. Soviet embargo on British imports cancelled. Mr. Thornton and Mr. Macdonald were released from prison. 2. They left for England. 15. Four-Power Pact signed at Rome. Aug. 6. Rebellion broke out in Cuba. 12. General Machado resigned Presidency of Caba and fied by air to the Bahamas, several of his supporters being killed. 13. Senor Carlos Manuel de Cespedes inangurated as President of Cubs. 18. Four Eton masters killed sident of Cubs. 18. Four Eton masters killed while mountaineering in the Bernina Alps on border of Switzerland and Italy. Following Assyrian outbreak of reprisals, Mar Shimum, the Patriarch of the Assyrians, deported from Baghdad by Iraq Government, being taken by air by R.A.F. machines to Palestine on way to Cyprus. 20. Dr. Dollfuss, Austrian Chancellor, discussed German broadcast attacks on cellor, discussed German broadcast attacks on Anstria with Signor Mussolini at Riccione. 27. Austria and Italy agreed to economic entente, Austria being given ontlet to the sea through a free zone at Trieste. Sept. 4. Netherlands denounced the Tariff Truce. 5. New revolution in Cuba overthrew President de Cespedes. 7. The three British officers kid-Cespeces, 7. Inc three British Omicors Kunapped by Chinese pirates released and arrived at Panshan after long negotiations. 8. King Feisal of Iraq died suddenly at Berne and was succeeded by his zr-years-old son, Ghazi. 10. Professor San Martin elected President of Cuba. 14. Heimwehr, Austria's Fascist army, decided to accept leadership of Dr. Dollfuss. 15. Austrian Chancellor said all precautions had been taken to deal with invasion by Germany. Remarkable scenes at Baghdad at funeral of King Feisal. 16. Italy decided to raise tariffs against countries which had abandoned gold standard. 19. News received of serious earthquake on August 15 in Northern Szechuan, Chuna, 5,000 people being killed. 20. Dr. Dollfnss decided to take over the entire State Executive. 21. He retained five portfolios in addition to Chausellorship. 28 Satons humistane surer universities. cellorship. 25. Serious hurricane swept up western coast of Mexico, 5,000 persons being killed at Tampico. 26. New Trade Agreement signed at Buenos Ayros by which the Argentine made tariff concessions to Great Britain. Oct. 2. After being besieged for three weeks, 500 Cuban officers defying the new Government sourcedered and were arrested. 3. Dr. Dollfinss injured by young ex-soldier, Rudoif Dertil, who fired two shots at him in corridor of Parliament. House in Vienna. 6. Dr. Dolfmas recovered from his wound. 8. New Cabinet formed in Spain by Senor Martinez Barros 12. Mintary rebellion broke out in Slam and martial law was proclaimed. 20. Soviet accepted President Roosevelt's invitation to discuss resumption of

# THE MILITARY KNIGHTS OF WINDSOR.

# Royal Foundation.

Governor, Lt.-Gen. Sir Charles T. M. Kavanagh, K.C.B., k.C.M.G., C.V.O., D.S.O.

Lt.-Col. T. L. Coxhead, D.S.O., O.B.E. Lt.-Col. A. C. Jackson. Lt.-Col. A. W. Watte. Lt.-Col. T. L. Plunkett, D.S.O. Lt.-Col. C. L. Hodgson. Ct.-Col. C. Lt.-Col. C. Lt.-Col. C. C. Singleton, C.M.G., D.S.O. Col. C. Singleton, C.M.G., D.S.O. Col. C. Singleton, C.M.G., D.S.O.

# RETROSPECT OF SPORT.

# THE DERBY, 1890-1933.

# For particulars of the Derby from 1780-1889 800 1921 edition.

The Distance of the Derhy course at Epsoin is now exactly a mile 4 furlongs, having been shortened 20 yards by the rounding off of Tattenham Corner. Sir J. Hawley scored four successes with Teidlington, Beadsman, Musjid, and Blue Gown, the second and third being consecutive victories. The late Duke of Westminster also scored four wins with Bend Or, Shotorei, Ormoude, and Flying Fox. Lady James Douglas was the first haly to win the Derhy.

ear -	NAME AND OWNER OF WINNER	Cetting	Jockey	Trainer.	No c
:8go	Sir J. Miller's Sainfoin	100 to 15	J. Watts	J. Porter	8
1891	Sir F. Johnstone's *#Common	to to rr	G. Barrett		33
1892	Lord Bradford's Sir Hugo	40 to 1	F. Allsopp	T. Wadlow	13
893	Mr. McCalmont's *Lisinglass	4 to 9	T. Loates	Jewitt	111
804	Lord Rosebery's *Ladas	a to g	J. Watts	M. Dawson	7
8os	Lord Rosebery's Sir Visto	g to x	S. Loutes	M. Dawson	15
806	Prince of Wales's Persimmon	5 to x	J. Watts	R. Marsh	11
807	Mr. Gubbins's *!Galtee More	1 to 4	C. Wood	S. Darling	11
808	Mr. J. Larnach's Jeddah	roo to r	O. Madden	R. Marsh	18
800	Duke of Westminster's *IFlying Fox	2 to 5	M. Cannon	J. Porter	12
000	Prince of Wales's *! Diamond Jubilee	6 to 4	H. Jones	R. Marsh	14
901	Mr. W. C. Whitney's Volodyovski	5 to 2	L Reiff	J. Huggins	25
908	Mr. J. Gubbins's Ard Patrick	100 to 14	J. H. Martin	F. Darling	18
	Sir J. Miller's *! Rock Sand	4 to 6	D. Maher	G Plackwell	
903	Mr. L. de Rothschild's *St. Amant	5 to 1	K. Cannon	A. Hayhoe .	2
904	Lord Rosebery & Cicero	4 to 11	D. Maher	P. Peck	1 -
905	Major E. Loder's Spearmint	6 to 1	D. Maher	D D Clinia	9
906	Mr R. Croker's Orby		J. Reiff		22
907	Chev. Ginistrelli's †Signorinetta	roo to g	J. Rell	J. Allen	9
908		100 to 1	W. Bullock	Owner	18
909	King Edward VII.'s *Minoru	7 to 2	H. Jones	R. Marsh	15
910	Mr. "Fairie's" Lemberg	7 to 4	B. Dillon	A. Taylor	15
222	Mr. J. B. Joel's "Sunstar	13 to 8	G. Stern	C. Morton .	26
912	Mr. W. Raphael's oTagalie	roo to 8	J. Reiff	D. Waugh	30
913	Mr. A. P. Cunliffe's Aboyeur	roo to r	E. Piper	T. Lewis	15
914	Mr. H. B. Duryea's Durbar II	ao to x	M. MacGee	T. Murphy	30
915	Mr. S. Joel's *Pommern	rr to ro	8. Donoghue	C. Peck	12
316	Mr. E. Hulton's   Pifinella	n to a	J. Childs	R. Dawson	10
917	Mr. " Fairie's " *Gay Crusader	7 to 4	S. Donoghue	A. Taylor	11
918	Lady J. Douglas's *Gainsborough	8 to 13	J. Childs	A. Taylor	13
010	Lord Clanely's Grand Parade	33 to 1		F. Barling	
320	Capt G. Loder's Spion Kop	roo to 6	F. O'Neill	P. P. Gilpin	13
ga t	Mr. J. B. Joel's Humorist	6 to 1	S. Donoghue	C. Morton	19
	Lord Woolavington's Captain Cuttle	10 to 1	S. Donoghue	F. Darling	23
922	Mr. B. Irish's Papyrus	100 to 15	S. Donoghue	B. Jarvis	30
923	Lord Derby's Sansovino	o to s	T. Weston .	G. Lambton .	19
) <del>24</del>	Mr. H. E. Morriss's *Manna	-	8. Donoghue	F. Darling	27
925	Lord Woolayington's TCoronach		J. Childs	F. Darling	37
986	Mr. F. Curzon's Call Boy		E. C. Elliott	F. Darling	19
927		4 to x		J. Watts	23
928	Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen's Felstead	33 to x	H. Wragg	O. Bell	19
929	Mr. W. Barnett's ‡Trigo	33 to 1	J. Marshall	R. Dawson	26
930	H.H. Aga Khan's Blenheim	18 to 1	H. Wragg	R. Dawson	17
93x	Mr. J. A. Dewar's *Cameroulan	7 to a	F. Fox	F. Darling	25
93=	Mr. T. Walls' April the Fifth		F. Lane	T. Walls	81
933	Lord Derby's 'Hyperion	6 to x	T. Weston	G. Lambton	84

Marked onlso won the Two Thousand Gumeas, it he Oaks, 5 the One Thousand; and it he St. Leger Norses 2015—M. C. Lower Isanay's Chaganour (J. Reiff) finished first, but was disqualified for boring, 2015—Owing to the War the race was decided one the Suffolk Stakes Course (2) miles) at Newmarket. Record time, 2 min 24 sees. by Hyperion in 2933

2,000GUINS 2 mile.	1,000GUINS.	OAKS.	ASCOT CUP	ECLIPSE STAKES.	ST. LEGER, 1 m 6 fur. 132 yds
1926 Colorado 1927 Adum s Apple 1928 Flamingo 1929 Mr Jinks 1939 Nollte	Taj Mah Fair Isle Four Course Kandy	Pennycomequick Rose of England Brulette Udaipur	Foxlaw Inversion Inversion Bosworth Trimdon	Colorado Fairway Royal Minstrel Rustom Pasha Caerleon Miracle	Singapore Sandwich Firdanssi

ļ		vopou					571
1	LINCOLNEH. HDCP.	1 4 mil	NATION. les <b>85</b> 5 yds.	AL. CITY & 8	UBURBAN s furlongs.	KEMPTON z mile s t	JUBILEE urlongs
2009 2030	Elton 4y 7st alb	Gregalaci	k 7v zzst 4lb	7lb. Lucky Tor		. Athford av 8s	st all)
1931	Knight Error sy 7st 7lh.	Grakle gy	zzat 7lb	Anthurium	a 4v 7st zib.		ryst 810 Bat oll
1933	Riton sy 7st alb. Leonidas II gy 8st Knight Error sy 7st 7lb. Jerome Fandor sy 6st 13lb Dorigen sy 9st 1lb N'MARKET STAKES	Kellsboro	zost 7llı Juck 7y zza	t glb Great Scot	n 4y 7st zlb y 7st 4lb yy 8st 4lb IUNT OUP.	Venturer 47 7 Colorado Kid	781 9lb 4y 7st zelb
1	N'MARKET STAKES.	A8001	C STAKES	ROYAL	IUNT OUP.	NEW 81	TÀKES
1989	Hunter's Moon oet		miles	7 furlons	re 166 varde	Ascot—s fi	nrlongs
1930	Scout II get	Bonny Bo	y 67 Bat 51b	Macnab 4y	t xxlb 7st 8lb te 4y 7st 5lb	Lightning Sta	tr Bat zolls
3832 1931	THE PRINCE WE GET	Son of M	ry 5y 8at. 4lb y 6y 8at 5lb r 4y 7at zolb int 5y 8at 2lb			Spenser Set zo	
2933	Young Lover 9st	Roi de Pa	ris sy 7at olh	Colorado K	id 4y 8st 5lb .	Colombo 9st 3	•
1	GOLD VASE, ASCOT.			PROSS. 0.	FWALES'S	STEWARI	
	s miles.	Ascot, a	m 61 88 yds	z mil	cet met July le 4 fur.	Goodwood-6	6 furlongs
1989 1930	Covenden 4y 8st 4lb Trimdon 4y 8st 4lb	Brown Jac	rk 5y gat alb	Pairway 4y	get zall)	Fleeting Mem- Le Phare 4y 8	orygy 8st zlb
1931	Pomme d'Api 3y 7st zalb	Brown Jac	ck 73' gat 81h	Recorder			
1932	Silvermere av 7st zall, Gainslaw 4y 8st 4lb	Brown Jac					
1933	Gainslaw 47 Set 4lb	NČÁRTET NČÁRTET	ck 9y get8lh ROTTP⊢ 4	Jacopo 40 9 Raymond 3	y 7st 8lh	Pharacre 4y 7	Nt 41h
	s miles a furlance	a muleu v fu					
1930 1931	Brown Jack by get 71b Brown Jack by get 71b Brown	own Jack 63	get zz ib M	E Henriques Co	mmunderie	Rust Pas	ha 3y Set 7th
1931	Brulette 4v ost 4lb For	hunter 3y	78t 81b A	Duggan's Strip	the Willow .	Cameroni	an ay get
<b>2933</b>	Brown Juck by 9st 7lb Brown Juck by 9st 7lb Brown Leap 49 9st 3lb Sin Brulette 49 9st 4lb For Sans Peine 31 7st zalb Col OSSAREWITOH.	orado Kid 4	y 8st 61h Lad	ly Granards' Cap	piello	···   Onatelain Dantur 4v	' 981
			E PK.STKE	s. DEWHŪRS	STAKES	CAMBRIDG!	EBHIRE.
1929			irioniga	LAURE 7 THE	ple 8st zzlh	Double Life av	78t zelb (36)
1930	West Wicklow 5y 7st 6lb (3: Ut Majeur 3y 8st 3lb (28) Noble Star 4y 8st 3lb (26) Nitsichin 4y 8st 3lb (26) Seminole 4y 8st (33)	. Porthew	Hair ('ost all	Firdeness Set	zalb	The Fen 3y 7st a	v 7st zzlb(s4)
193 <b>2</b>	Nitsichin 4y 8st 9lh (26)	. Felicitat	ion get lknight get	. Hyperion ost	gli)	Pullover 3y 6st : Raymond 3y 8st	
×933	- жинтине 4у вес (33) .	लस्यालक सम्बद्ध		Mia Rustom	get all .	raymond 37 8st	ագուռ ( <del>20</del> 6)
	Leading Owners and	IME T	ome IN 1	933 (up to O.t		Innba	i
, ,	Vinning Owners.	Winning Tr	rainers		Winning :	Jookeys. and 3rd Unpl	Ttl Pc.
Lord	Derby	k Butters	£44.149 39,114	Richards, G	a38	147 93 388	866 27'48
		C Boyd-Re	och.	Bensley, P	64	80 52 216 44 39 158 65 60 #63	305 80'08
Mr. IV	Astor 27.546 Capt Woolavington 24.540 for	4				aA-	
		Jarrie	29.052	Perryman, R Fox, F	6z	62 64 405	471 13'37 593 20 #8
7 4		Jarrie	29.052	Fox, F	6z	63 64 405 43 52 244 55 62 314	308 24 88
Lt ('o Sir Al	A Dewar	darvis twson T Hogg	32,852 3x,899 23,957	Fox,'F Dines, J Weston, T Wragg, H Donorbue, 8	6z 59 59	63 64 405 43 52 244 55 62 314	398 14 8a 490 13 04 312 18 26
	A Dewar . 23,702 J. Le A Dewar . 23,045 J. Le ol Gles Loder 25,973 Capt fred Butt . 22,858 F. To oornton-Smith 21,7074 V. G	Jarvis wson T Hogg empleman ilpin	38,853 31,899 31,8957 35,556 35,5039	Fox,'F Dines, J Weston, T Wragg, H Donorbue, 8	6z 59 59	63 64 405 43 52 244 55 62 314	398 14 8s 490 22'04 312 18 26 425 22'77 339 15 33
	A Dewar . 23,04 J. L. A Dewar . 23,04 J. L. d Gles Loder 22,973 Capt fred Butt . 22,858 F. T. tornton-Smith 21,707 V. G. Howard de M. H. deu	Jarvis T Hogg ampleman ilpin Jartigan	38,853 31,899 31,8957 35,556 35,5039	Fox, F Drnes, J Weston, T Wragg, H Donoghue, S, Rav, C Smith, E Carslake, B		63 64 405 43 52 244 55 62 314 41 40 174 56 53 353 36 35 217 69 60 334 27 36 138	398
Wal-	reard segment 33,702 A 1 learn 1,3,702 A 1 learn 1,3,702 A 1 learn 1,003 Capt fred Butt 22,858 F. T. nornton-Smith 22,707 V. G. Howard de 20,339 M 10 Leading Breet ec Black	Jarvis wson T Hogg empleman ilpin lartigan . Peacock ders.	33,852 31,899 31,899 33,957 15,526 15,039 14,003 13,832	Fox, F Dries, J Weston, T Wragg, H Donoghue, S. Rav, C. Smith, E Carslake, B  On Novemb thus boating th	52 59 57 53 53 54 55 50 67 68 78 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79	63 64 405 43 52 244 55 62 314 41 40 174 56 53 353 36 35 27 69 60 337 27 36 138 hards rode his 24	398 14 88 490 22 04 312 18 26 415 22 77 339 25 33 514 9 92 251 19 92 17th winner.
Sir Al- Lord I	thard asmond 13,707 J. L. A. Dewar . 13,045 J. Le Gles Loder 22,973 Capt free Butt. 22,853 F. T. nornton-Smith 12,797 V. G. deu	Jarvis iwson Thogg emplement tipin Jartigun ersock tersock 17 3 14 1 3	33,852 31,899 31,899 33,957 15,526 15,039 14,003 13,832	Fox, 'F Onnes, J Weston, T Wragg, II Donoghue, S, Rav, C. Sunth, E Carslake, B On November of the boating the	59 59 57 53 52 52 52 54 58 69 69 69 69 69 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	63 64 405 43 52 244 55 62 374 41 40 174 56 53 353 36 35 217 69 60 334 27 36 138 nards rode his 24 5 winning mount	398 14 88 490 22 04 312 18 26 415 22 77 339 25 33 514 9 92 251 19 92 17th winner.
Sir Al- Lord I France Nation	thard osmonu 13,702 J. La A Bewar 13,045 J. La G Gles Loder 22,973 Capt freel hut. 22,893 F. Toornton-Smith 11,709 V. G Howard de 10,399 M. H deu 10,399 M. D Leading Bress ee Black	Jarvis iwson Thogg emplement tipin Jartigun ersock tersock 17 3 14 1 3	33,853 37,899 83,957 15,039 14,003 13,832 4 £35,037 9 28,359 8 28,251	Fox, 'F Dines, J Weston, T Wragg, H Donoghue, S. Rav, C. Sinth, E Carslake, B On November in Fred Archer in	65 59 59 57 53 53 52 50 er 8, 1933, Richer record of 246	63 64 405 43 52 244 55 62 314 41 40 174 56 53 353 36 35 217 69 60 334 27 36 138 hards rode his 24 5 winning mount	398 14 8a 499 22'04 312 x8 a6 415 22'77 339 25 33 514 9'92 251 19 92 17th winner, ts set up by
Sir Al- Lord I France Nation H II,	Nari osmonu 13,007 J. L. A Bewar 13,005 J. Le i Gles Loder 22,973 Capt freel liut 12,893 F. Te ownton-Smith 12,707 V. G. M. I deu 10,339 M. D. Leading Breet ee Black Lierth freel liut 12,808 G. Te condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of	Jarvis vweon T Hogg empleman flpin lartism Pencock 17 3 18 1 14 1 14 3 9 1	32,052 37,957 15,5,6 15,039 14,003 13,832 4 .635,037½ 9 .28,359 28,359 15,944 15,944 9 .13,769	Fox, 'F Dines, J Weston, T Wragg, H Donoghue, S. Rav, C. Sinth, E Carslake, B On November in Fred Archer in	65 59 59 57 53 53 52 50 er 8, 1933, Richer record of 246	63 64 405 43 52 244 55 62 314 41 40 174 56 53 353 36 35 217 69 60 334 27 36 138 hards rode his 24 5 winning mount	398 14 8a 499 22'04 312 x8 a6 415 22'77 339 25 33 514 9'92 251 19 92 17th winner, ts set up by
Sir Al- Lord I France Nation H II,	Nari osmonu 13,007 J. L. A Bewar 13,005 J. Le i Gles Loder 22,973 Capt freel liut 12,893 F. Te ownton-Smith 12,707 V. G. M. I deu 10,339 M. D. Leading Breet ee Black Lierth freel liut 12,808 G. Te condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of	Jarvis vweon T Hogg empleman flpin lartism Pencock 17 3 18 1 14 1 14 3 9 1	32,052 31,059 15,516 15,526 15,526 15,039 13,832 4 £35,037 9 £8,359 8 £8,251 9 £6,396 4 15,944 15,944 15,944 15,944 15,944	Fox, 'F Dines, J Weston, T Wragg, H Donoghue, S. Rav, C. Sinth, E Carslake, B On November in Fred Archer in	65 59 59 57 53 53 52 50 er 8, 1933, Richer record of 246	63 64 405 43 52 244 55 62 314 41 40 174 56 53 353 36 35 217 69 60 334 27 36 138 hards rode his 24 5 winning mount	398 14 8a 499 22'04 312 x8 a6 415 22'77 339 25 33 514 9'92 251 19 92 17th winner, ts set up by
Sir Al- Lord I France Nation H II, Lient Lord I Lord N	Nari osmonu 13,007 J. L. A. Bewar . 13,045 J. Le il Gles Lader . 12,893 F. Ti ownton-Smith . 12,893 F. Ti ownton-Smith . 12,994 V. M. il deu	Jarvis veson T Hogg T Hogg Inpin lartigum lertigum lertigum Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarvis Jarv	34,859 31,859 15,503 15,503 14,003 13,832 4 635,037 9 88,359 10 10,396 11,504 9 13,109 11,104 9 13,109 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 11,104 1	Fox. 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COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP TABLE, 1933.

1933 Computitors — Win, 15 16s , Tr., 7; pts each In Drawn Games Side leading on ast unnings, 5 pts , no result on set innings, 4 pts each; Source equal on set innings, 5 pts , no result on set innings, 5 pts , no result on set innings, 6 pts each where there is no plu; on the first two days the match will come under the laws for one day games, except that a side may not declare its first innings closed until it has a side may not declare its first innings closed until it has a side may not declare its first innings, the winners will some ten points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points and their uponents three points are points.

County Order for 1933 1932 in brackets	Played	Won.	Lost.	Won on ret Innings.	Lost on 1st Innings	Points Possible	Points Ubtained	Perrentage
Yorkshire (2) Sussex (3) Kent (3) Essex (24) Lancashire (6) Derbyshire (8) Warwick (9) Notis (4) Surrey (5) Gloucester (7) Middlesex (1) Morthants (6) Lancashire (8) Worester (27) Glanoqual (8) Letester (27)	30 38 38 38 38 38 36 30 26 26 30 26 30 26 30 26 30 26 30 26 31 30 26 30 26 30 26 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	19 18 15 13 9 11 9 7 6 7 5 2 2 3	3 58 8 1 11 5 3 5 13 10 14 11 9 13 9	3 7 3 4 10 3 5 7 12 5 2 2 5 4 7 5 1	5 a 3 3 7 3 8 8 3 a 5 a 3 2 6 7 7	450 480 480 480 480 420 420 450 390 360 480 390 360 390	315 311 253 224 210 189 188 170 189 189 199 189 199 199 199 199 199 199	70 00 64 79 56 22 53 33 55 00 44 76 40 76 40 76 40 76 40 22 32 55 30 27 31 66 20 22 10 16 18 20

The first County Championship was in 1873 when Glonestershire and Notthighamshire finished equal on points Yorkshire won 25 times; Surrey 9, Notts 8. Lancs 7, Kent 4, Middlesex 4, Glonester 2, Derby 2 and Warwick 2, Notts and Yorks tied in 1879 and 1882, and Notts 1 Yorks and Surrey equal in 1889.

MINOR COUNTIES TABLE, 1933.

County	Played	Won	Lost	Won on set Innugs.	Lost on 1st Innings	No Regult.	Points Obtained	Percentage
Points Awarded.,	<u></u>	25		5	3	I		
Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Norfolk  Nor	10 8 8 10 10 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	46 4558 + 3333348388830+00	0 1 0 1 8 0 0 1 M 0 8 M 4 M 3 M 4 M 6 M 6 M 6 M 6 M 6 M 6 M 6 M 6 M 6	5420266622022222222222222222222222222222	1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 5 2 1 2 1 3 2 1 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	36 43 43 37 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	72°00 71 66 70 00 64 00 60 00 55 55 52 50 52 50 52 50 60 00 47 50 44 50 44 50 44 50 44 50 44 50 42 50 54 50 55 55 50 50 00 57 50 58 50 59 50 50 00 50 50 50 00 50 50 50 00 50

*Challenge Match - Yorkshire 11 beating Norfolk: but sater, it was found that Yorkshire 11 percentage should be 63 33 tbird. The championship was not decided when we went to press (November 6, 293).

RNGLAND r. SOUTH AFRICA
First played, 1868. England have won se matches;
South Africa 21, and 21 matches have been drawn.

Batsman.	Number of Innings.	Total Runs.	Highest Score.	Times not out.	Average.
G Headley B J. Seatly Connt to Cannt to Cannt C Cannt C C A Grant C A Grant C A Grant C A Grant C A Grant C A Grant C A Grant C A Coata C A Roach L N Constantine C A Wiles H C Griffith V A Valentine E Achong E A Moratine C M Christiani C M Christiani	38 34 46 4 9 34 43 45 52 45 9 86 27 38 33 29	2380 1078 1195 90 258 866 1046 1286 1046 181 431 431 431 391 324 252 179	224° 106° 115 48 67 146 149° 180 105 64 71 84 59° 25° 40	3 7 7 7 2 0 4 4 6 2 2 1 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	66 m8 39 70 30 64 30 06 26 66 28 53 27 76 26 82 27 72 27 20 27 20 27 20 29 95 9 94

. Signifies not out.

#### BOWLING AVERAGES.

G C. Grant	6 3 =6 5 5 1 9 1 25 9 2 100 0 2 36 5 295 5 143 6 6 2 7 286 7 286	321 2261 310 446 440 1055 721 2566 1038 725 48 1541 150	16 103 14 9 13 31 91 71 44 19 26 36 3	20 06 20 98 22 14 27 33 32 30 34 33 36 14 37 22 38 15 42 30 50 00

C M. Christiani, 1-0-6-0. G N Francis, 18-3-55-0; R S Grant, 7-2-11-3.

ENGLAND v AUSTRALIA.

First played, 1876. England have won 51 matches; Australia 51 matches, and 27 matches have been drawn

M C C. AUSTRALASIAN TOUR, 2032-32. Results.—Played 25; Won 10, Lost 1; Drawn, 14 Australia Played 26, New Zealand 3 (all drawn).

### TEST MATCHES,

AST MATCHFS.

Results—England, won 4; Australia, z
First Test, Sydney, Dec 27, 1938—England won by
swickets: Australia, 360, 164; England, 524, z (no
wicket).

Second Test, Melbourne, Dec. 30 1938-Jan 3, 1933.— Australia won by 121 runs: Australia, 228, 192, England,

169, 159.
Third Test, Adelaide, Jan. 13-19, 1933.—England won by 38 runs: England, 341, 412; Anstralia, 382, 393.
Fourth Test, Brisbaue, Feb. 19-16, 1933.—England won by 6 wickets: Australia, 340, 175; England, 296, 163 (4 wickets).

Fifth Test, Sydney, Feb. 23 28.—England won by 8 wickets: Australia, 435, 188, England, 454, 188

(a wickets). NEW ZEALAND TEST MATCHES.

NEW ZEALAND TEST MATCHES.

First Test. Christchurch, March 26-27, 2933.—Drawn':
England 550 (8 wickets, declared); New Zealand, 255 (10 wicket)
Second Test. Auckland, March 32, April 2-3, 2933.—
New Zealand, 258, 26 (10 wicket), England, 548 (7 wickets, declared).

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BATTING (TEST M		AVI				ENGLISH BAT	TING		RAGI	\$5, zç	33-	
Batsman.	Number of Innings	Total Runs.	Highest Innings.	Times Not Out	Average.	Batsman.		Number of Indings	Total Runs	Highest Innings	Times Not Out	Average
Paynter Sutcliffe Hammond R. E. S. Wyatt Nawab of Pataudi Leyland Vority Larwood G. O. Allen D. R. Jardine Ames Bowling (Test M. Bowling (Test M.	9939577986	184 440 440 327 122 306 114 145 163 199 113	194 112 78 102 86 45 98 48 56	1 1 2 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 2	61'33 55'00 55'00 46'71 40'60 34'00 28'50 24'16 23'28 22'11 16'14 7'20	Hammond (W. R.) (Gh Mead Mead Mead Mead Mead Mead Mead Mead		15 10 50 52	3323 2576 1105 2379 2300 3058 3156 779 412 2317 2404 1754 1600 1083	264 227 221 187° 158 295 301° 127 133 210° 226 231° 204°	56 0 10 12 5 9 0 8 4 4 5 6 E	67 81 67 76 61 36 59 47 58 97 58 89 51 93 51 50 66 48 72 48 48 48
Bowler.	Overs.	Mardens.	Run4	Wickets	Average.	Sutcliffe Hopwood Bakewell Barling Santall Langridge (John)		46 47 44 46 51	2211 1972 2149 1915 1727 2056	205 142 257 269 250° 250°	5 4 1 3 9 6	47 04 46 95 46 71 46 70 46 67 45 68
Larwood Verity Voce 1 O. Allen	230 2 133 133 3 171	45 24 20	644 271 407 593	15 21	19 51 24 63 27 00 28 23	• Sij English Bow	nines	not a		ES, 19	933.	
Bowes played two innings						Bowler.	Overs.	Mardana		Kuns	Wickets.	Average
(Wickets, average 20 00).  Australia Chief players - Total runs. 396, hughest score (Krickhe (1386, 1297, 42 77); W. M. Woodfull (205, 732, 33 (3 27 06); W. A. Oldfield (12 Bowling T Wall (runs, 40; W. J. O'Rellly (502, 27, 25  BATTING (M. C.)	12 176 88), \ 6, 42°, ), \(\(\delta\); II 6, 65 20 C. A\	Y. 27 20 tets, 10 Iron 0).	(148, Richa 5, aver mong GRS).	rdsorage, rage,	37 00); 11 (279, 25 56), 71, 13,	G O Allen. H. G Owen Smith Verity . Freeman Freeman Langridge (James) . Goddard	66 173 3 1155 4 2039 1214 2 1228 3	42 65 42 35 41	8 2 4 4 3 2 4 3 3 2 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	166 555 1 549 2 135 1	13 35 90 98 48 58 83 98	9'00 13 31 15 26 16 40 16 56
Batsman.	Number of Innings	Total Runs	Highest	Times Not Out	Average.	Howes Tate (M W) (Sussex) K Farnes C. S. Marriott	989 : 989 : 735 4 465 948 : 1188 4	30 16 13	9 2	828 1 868 1 978 1	59 99 13 54	-0
Hammond Sut liffe Nawah of Pataudi Leyland D. R. Jardine P. E. C. Wyatt Leyland Leyland Leyland Leyland Leyland Leyland Leyland Leyland Leyland Leyland Leyland Leyland Leyland Leyland	24 26 17 24 26 25	1763 1481 843 976 948 816 997	366° 194 166 152° 181° 188°	3 1 1 3 3 3	83 95 59 24 53 31 42 43 39 50 37 09 36 92 36 60	Mitchell (Derbyshue) Cornford (J) Hopwood Nu hols Copson E. A. Barlow Matthews Sibbles Young (A)	871 608 940 808 372 920 987 969	24 19 14 22 14 24 14 13	6 3	163	48 56 45 90 34 93 83	19 77 80 76 80 97 81 34 82 14 82 34
Paynter Tate Larwood F. R. Brown G. O. Allen Voce. Verity Duckworth Bowes Mitchell	23 15 20 20 29 21 . 15 . 14 14	732 262 298 431 430 261 328 155 55 89	94° 98 74 60 66 54° 27 20 32	36 2 1 0 6	30.60 29 11 22 92 23 68 21 50 20 07 18 22 14 50 7 85 6 84	Oxford  1984. ('ambridge won 1985. Match drawn. 1986 ('ambridge won 1987 ('ambridge won 1988 Match drawn. 1989. Match drawn. 1931. Oxford won by 8 1932 Match drawn.	Resulty 9 with y 34 ri	ts ckets	RIDGE			
Bowling (M.C.	.C. A		GKS)			1933. Match drawn.	dan z	Hari	ko <b>w</b>			
Bowler.	Отеп.	Maidens.	Runs.	Wickets	Average.	First played 1805. Pla 35. Drawn 26. 1932 Eton won by an 1932 Drawn. 1933 Drawn.					. н	HITOW
rayater	256 1 22 2 258 2 387 7 289 297 287 7 181 6 307 3 215 2	48 7 28 134 49 41 49 34 41 39	889 71 955 889 994 1091 604 690 1034 608	64 5 53 48 42 45 26 38	13 89 14'20 18 01 18'52 24'24 25'53 26'53 27'81 30'40	Winchester and Eton of Rughy beat Marlboron Halley bury beat Chelt Clifton beat Tonbridge Army beat Royal Nay Royal Nay beat R A Army and R A F dras Gentlemen and Player Gentlemen and Player	enhum	by t	ins. Dwick	cets.	' 10 W	ickets

#### MISCELLANEOUS CRICKET RECORDS.

ENGLAND AND AUSTRALIA-TEST MATCH RECORDS Highest nerve active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active active ac

INDIVIDIAL RECORDS

Highest individual scores, A. E. Stoddart, 28, for Hampstead v. Stodes, 2885; in first-class cricket in England A. C. Maolaren, 424, for Lancashire v. Somerset, at Taulton, July, 2695; in Australia, D. G. Bradman (Australia), 458 (not out) for N.N.W. v. Queensland, Sydney, 2594–30. Highest aggregate innings — Australia, Victoria 2.207, N.N.W., McDonne, 1926, England, Yorkshire 287, N.N.W., McDonne, 1926, England, Yorkshire 287, N.N.W., McDonne, 1926, England, Yorkshire 287, N.N.W., McDonne, 1926, England, Yorkshire 287, N. Nerwickshire, 2866.

Record win.—Victoria beat New South Wales by innings and 656 runs, 1922, 2022, 2026

Smallest totals—Oxford University (one man absent), 2, v. M. C. at Oxford, May, 2877; Northanta, 12, v. Gloncester, June 12, 1929, was scored by New South Wales v. Nouth Australia at Fyliney, Jun, 25, 2526 Scores, Most centuries in one season—J. B. Hobbs, 25; next, (*B. Fry (2021, T. Hayward (1920), E. Hendren (1923), P. Mend (1928) and H. Sutchiffe (1928), 32 centuries each.

(1993). P. Mead [1998] and H. Sutcliffe (1998), 32 centuries each.

Most runs made in a year,—T Hayward (Surrey), 3.528 in 1996. T Hayward exceeded 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 100 seasons, 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 runs in 2.000 r

## CROQUET IN 1933.

Champonship.—Miss D D Steel
Champonship.—Miss D D Steel
Champonship.—Gontlemen, Lt 4vd W R. Du Pre:
Ladies, Miss D. D. Steel, Duddes, B G. Klein and
B. Reckett. Mixed, Trevor Williams and Mrs A. C.
lonides
Field Chauston Cut.—Mrs A. C. lonides.
Rockempton Challesge Cup.—C. F. Coliman.
Reckett Uup.—P. W. Marvay
Githey Gup.—S. T. Ford-North (Play off after A, B, C
and D Blocks.)
Beddore Cup.—Miss D. D. Strel Whenvider Cup.—

Beddow Cup-Miss D. D. Steel (Champion Cup now becomes her own property) County Championship—Surrey (9 points), z; Middle-86X. S.

## BADMINTON IN 1933.

#### CHAMPIONEHIPS.

Mena Singlea, R. M. White.
Mena Doubles, D. O. Hume and R. M. White.
Ladies Sundre, Miss A. Woodroft.
Ladies Inchies, Miss M. Bell and Miss T. Kingsbury.
Missed Doubles, D. C. Hume and Mrs. Uber,
Inter-County, Middleex beat Northunerland \$2-3
England beat Ireland, London; Swotland, Glasgow,
'ales, Llandudno
'(anbridge beat Uxford, 25 o matches.

BOWLS CHAMPIONSHIP, 1988,

Single Handed—J McKinlay (Paddington, London) best P Guy (Shankhu) az. 28. Parar—Alleuders (R Slater and W. W. Buckell) beat Richmond Park (C. W. Phillips and W. H. Brett) 20-12. Rink—Nouthese Waverley B. E. Matthews, H.J. Head, B. W. Johnson J. W. Rhodess best Torbay 27 27. County—Nurrey best Hampshire, 136-113

# International Bowls Championship.

Wales, won z, lost z (shots for. 239; against. 243), z; England, won z, lost z (265-267), z, Scotland (275-200), z; Ireland, lost all matches.

#### CROSS COUNTRY CHAMPIONSHIP, 1983.

International.—(Newport) England, 3s points, 2; Scotland, 6s points, 2; France, 209 points, 3; Wales, 257 points, 4; Belgium, 267 points, 5; North Ireland, 266 points, 6;

National-Birchfield H., T. Evenson, Salford H.

Scottish National. - Maryhill H . J. G. Flockhart, Shettleston.

Wales.-Cwmbran H., E. Thomas, Cwmbran H. Free State, Ireland, — O'Callaghan's Mills; J. J. O'Connor, Limerick City.

Inter-County.-Staffordshire. J. T. Holden, Stafford-

Inter-Services.-Army Sgt. R R Sutherland, Army. Oxford and Cambridge.—Oxford won by 15 points to 40; C J. Mabey, O, and J. E Lovelock, O, tied, in 42 m 36 s. Universities Union - Oxford Centipedes, 1; O. S. Eddington, London Univ

#### ROAD WALKING.

National Championship (so miles).—Surrey W.C., 36 points,; A H G Pope, Woodford Green A.C., 2 hrs. 48 min. 384 sec.

National Championship (50 kilometres) -H H Whitlock, 4 hrs, 39 min. 7 sec London to Brighton (51 miles 1,607 yds )-T. W. Green,

8 hr. z min zo sec

#### TABLE TENNIS, 1933.

#### EUROPEAN CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Singles, G. Barna (Hungary); Doubles, G. Barna and Glanz (Hungary). Women's Singles, Mile Sipos (Hun-gary); Doubles, Mile Sipos and Mile Medin Yansky (Hungary).

Swaything Cup —Hungary, 1; Czechoslovakia, 1; Great Britain and Austria, 3, tied

#### GREAT BRITAIN CHAMPIONSHIP.

Singles, G Barna; Doubles, Barna and Glanz Women's Singles, Miss D. M. Emdin, Women's Houbles, Miss Woodlead and Miss Wood. Mizzet Doubles, G Barna and Miss D. M. Emdin.

#### Record Football Attendance.

The record attendance for a football match is 127, 307, at the Association International between brothand and England at Hampden Park on Mar. 3, 1918. The largest "gate" receipts were £57,776 at the Final at Weinbley Stadimu, April 35, 103, between Bolton Wandersra and West Ham, when 126,049 persons passed the turnstiles, besides many who broke in. Accurate figures were not recorded, but probably the attendance was over 126,000.

## The Fastest Trains.

The fastest trains, The fastest trains.

The fastest trains speed on record was at the rate of rear miles per hour by a 6.W.R. train from Plymouth to Laddington on May 9, 2004. The fastest Expitest train leaves Swindon at 3.45 p m., and reaches Paddington (77 3 miles per hour The fastest Sottisk train leaves Thornhill at 20,53 p m and reaches Dumfries at 22.9 p.m., at a speed of 53,3 miles per hour. The fastest Priek train leaves Dublin at 3.25 p m. and reaches Drogheds in leaves Dublin at 3.25 p m. and reaches Drogheds at 8 minutes, at 60 3 miles per hour. The Caundam Pacofe is second in the regular running record, with the 230 p m. from Moniteal to Smiths Falls (22 miles in 68°8 minutes). The fastest French train is the 20.20 a.m. from Paris (Nord) to Jeumont (247 7 miles in 134 minutes) at 66 z miles per hour

#### Theatre Records.

Thentre Records.—The longest run at a London theatre is a,35 consecutive performances of Chu Chua Chao, which was produced at His Magesty on Aug. 3s. 2936, rearhed its 1,476th performance on Oct. 17, 1919, and was withdrawn after its 2,89th performance (having brought in 5,700,000) on July 22, 1922. The "record run" at a London theatre, in pre-war days, was held by Charley's Aunt (1,486 consecutive performances). Other long runs are Cur Boys (1,263), The Maud of the Mountains (1,283), A Little Sit of Fing (1,241), A Chinese Honeymoon (1,475), Romance (1,246).

#### AMATEUR ATHLETIC CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1022

AMATEUR ATE	LETIC CHAMPIONS	IIPS, 1933
Event.		Time.
ean Vanda	G M H	м. в.
seo Varde	C Range	. 0 99,10
440 Yards	G. T. Saunders. C. Berger F. F. Wolff C. Whitehead R. H. Thomas. L. A. Lehtmen	1 0 40
Half mile	C Whitehead	1 541
x Mile	R H. Thomas	4 243
3 Miles	.   L A Lehtmen	. II4 93
a Milar Steamle, lue	G W Bailey e V lso Hollo,	50 51
zan Varda Hundley	· I) () Window	. 10 og
440 Yards Hurdles	D.O Finlay	0 533
440 Yards Relay	.   8 C P Krefeld	. 0 43
z Mile Relay	London A C	3 217
a miles walk	. ' A. A. COODAL	.12 203
Z Miles Walk	. IJ F Johnson	42 II
Marathun	D M'Nab Robertson	21:43:11:326
Throwing the Disci	ıs E Madarasz	
Jasel	in W P. Abell	160 1
Javel	ier W Britton	247 6
Putting the Weight	L. Z Hehux	51 8]
Long Jump	. L Balogh	23 21
Pole Jump	. D lunocenti	12 61
High Jump	M. Bodosi	0 3
Tup, carp and Jun	M. Bodosi	40 25
Tug of Ward atth W	t.) R Marines (Portsub	
	CirL A Lehtmen (Fr	
	rA A Cooper and R. H	
	held jointly	

### AMATEUR ATHLETIC RECORDS.

(Official World's Records adopted by International Athletic Federation marked *) RUNNING.

Distance	Time	Name.	Nation	Year.
Yands	M 5.		-	
1000	'o oł	F. Wykoff	U.S.A	1030
100	0 0 7/10	E H Liddell R E Walker	Scotland .	1023
	, ,,,,,	R E Walker	South Africa	1908
120	O III	H P Drew	U 8 A	1914
E30	0 124	C W Paddock .	E S A	IOSI
250			U.S.A	IGSI
200		C W Paddock	U.S A	1921
200	o zgł	W. R Applegarth	Fueland	1013
STO®	0 201	R. A Locke	USA	1926
220		W. R Applegarth	Foolow.	1916
3000	0 30	B J Wefers	ringuand.	
		G. M Butler	U & A.	1896
300*	0 30			1926
4400	0 471	V Williams }	USA.	1932
440			Scotland .	1908
500	0 57	M. W Sheppard	USA	1910
600° .	1 10t	D. G. A. Lowe	England	1926
880	1 51	O. Peltzei	Germany	1926
2000°	2 115	C Ellis	England	1939
1320	3 2	J. E Lovelock	N.Z	1932
Miles.				
I	4 7	J. E. Lovelock	NZ	1933
z*	4 9k	J. Ladoumegue	France	1031
80	8 59	J. E. Lovelock J. Ladoumegue P. Nurmi L Lehtinen J. Kuso mski	Finland	1931
3*	13 50	L Lehtinen	Finland	1932
4*	ro at	J. Kuso mski	Poland	1038
5*	24 6t	P Nurmi	Finland	1034
5°	29 361	P. Nurmi	Finland	1030
200	50 IS	P Nurmi P Nurmi P Nurmi	Finland	1028
	_rh 201	n. 45s., F. Appleb	V 7000 007 0	
an inner		ousland, 1894; 25° 1	r, sque, 20° E	41148
H Green	10., ·1. (·1	ne miles aby tem	-61: T A V	-y:8.,
TI GLEGH	,,,,,,,,,,	30 miles-3h. 17m.	Societion View View	taires.

th Sam. 548., G. Crossland, 1894; 25° miles—2h. 29m 20fs., H. Green, 1913, 32 miles—3h. 27m, 361s., J. A. Squires, 1895; 40 miles—4h. 46m 54s. J. E. Dixon, 1884, 50 miles—6h. 13m. 58s., E. W. Lloyd, 1913. All England

# • RELAY RACING RECORDS.

Distance.	Time	Name.	Year
400 yards (4×x00) 400 hetres (4×x00) x600 metres (4×400) x600 metres (4×400) x600 metres (4×400) s miles (4×40 yds ) a miles (4×40 yds ) ds )	0 40	U S.A U S A Olymp Team Univ. S California U S.A Olymp Team Stanford U S.A British Team Univ. of Ulinois	1927 1932 1931

#### *WORLD'S RECORDS.

# METRIC DISTANCES

Instance.	Tu	ne :	Name	Nation.	Year
Metres.	N	3, 10	(P Williams	Canada	2930
		3, 20	(E Tolan	U S A	1938
200	•	207	R. A Locke	U S A	1026
300 .	0	334	C W Paddock	U S.A	xgax
400	۰	461	W. Carr	U.S A	1938
800		401	T Hanuson	British	1932
X,000	2	237	J Ladoumegne	France	1930
I,500	3	401.	J Ladonmegue	France	1030
2,000		21\$.	J Ladonnegue	France .	1031
3,000 .	5 8	201	P Numi .	Finland	1926
5,000	14	27	L. Lehtinen	Finland	1938
10,000	30	64	P. Nurmi .	Finland .	1989

#### *HURDLE RACING (Over zo hurdles) Height, zzoyds., 3ft 6m; zzoyds., aft 6m; 440 vds, 3ft

Dist	Time	Name.	Nation.	Yr.
Metres	м н о 14§		Sweden Finland . U S A	1931 1931
400° 400° Yards	0 52 0 52	F M Taylor G Harding	Ü S.A U.S A	1928 1932
120	0 14 ¹ 0 23 0 52	P. Benid C Brookins J A Gibson	USA USA	1931 1924 1927

### *WALKING RECORDS

Distance	Time	Name.	Nation.	Year.
4°	6 26 13 11 20 25 27 14 35 47 43 7	G. E. Larner G. E. Larner G. E. Larner A. H. G. Pope . A. H. G. Pope .	Canada England England England England England England England	1905 1932 1932

10° miles—th 15m. 57ls. G. E. Larner, 1908, 15 miles— 1h. 55m 41ls. R. Birdre, 1914; 20 miles—ah 49m 26s. J. Butler, 1897, and H. V. L. Ross, 1913; 25 miles— 3h. 37m. 64s. S. C. A. Schoffeld, 1911; 50 miles— 7h 53m 27s. J. Butler, 1905; 72 miles—11h. 49m 23fs. E. C. Horton, 1944, 100 miles—18h. 4m. 10s. T. E. Hammond, 1908. All England.

#### RECORDS BY TIME

Event	Dist'ce	Name	Nation	Yr
5 *Walkin	g 8 474 g 20 952 g 15 501 g 21 47 g 26 1663 g 33 75	P. Nurmi A H G Pope H. Green R Bridge H V L Ross H H Whitlock J. Butler	Putney	1931 1911 1912 1913 1901 1901 1901

#### FIELD EVENTS

Event	Dist	Name.	Nation	Yr
	Ft Ins			
High 5	* 6 84	H.M Osborne	U S.A	1084
Jump	6 Bg	W. Marty	U.S A	Z933
	0 5	B. H Baker	England	TORY
Long Jump	20 24	C Nambu .	Japan	1931
Pole Jump	14 XA	W Miller	U S.A.	1932
Hop, Step. (	51 7 50 0	W Determ	Inpan	1932
Hammer )			London	1986
Throw	0189 6j	P. Ryan	U.S A	1913
TM		ł	i .	,
Throw .	A100 8	P Jessup	U.S A	1932
Javelin )		35 7	177 1	1
Throw {	-4- 101	at. Jarvinen	Finland	1932
Weight )	0 ER 02	7 Heleev	Poland	i
Putting 5	3- 78	M. Melana	L Otalini	,,,,,,,,

	1
INTERNATIONAL MATCHES, 1988. GREAT BRITAIN v. FRANCE (WHITE CITY, LONDON).	Long Jump-and Lieut, T. K. Lacey (Army) sz 201
G. Britain won by 641 points to 541. M ×.	Long Jump—and Lieut. T. K. Lacey (Army) at ret Putting the Weight—and Lieut. A. J. A.
200 yards (i, T. Saunders (G B) 0 99/20	Putting the Weight—sad Lieut. A. J. A. Watson (Army). "MAMPIONEHIP. 44 of roo yards—and Lt. W.H. Summers, D. Weilingtons o so see yards—and Lt. F. H. Rowen, Lance Fus o set 4 o yards—lieut. C. L. C. Want, Ox and Bucks o set 850 yards—and Lt. M. H. C. Gutteridge, R. Tanks z 77 yzo 550 yards—and Lt. M. H. C. Gutteridge, R. Tanks z 77 yzo 2 miles—lieut. F. W. Wherland, A. T. S
250 yards—F. P. Reid (G B.)	200 yards and Lt W.H. Summers, D. Wellingtons o
880 yards J Keller (F) 1 57	zao yards—and Lt. F. H Bowen, Lance Fus o ast
z mile R. H. Thomas (G. B.) 4 20]	240 yards—Ident, C. I., C. Ward, Ox and Bucks 6 50;
3 miles - R. Rochard (F / 14 42	z mile-Sgt. R R, Sutherland, A P.T S 4 301
sao yarda Hurdles D. O. Finlay (G B) o 15	3 miles Lieut. E W Denison, R E
z mile relay -G. Britain 3 38	I lorset 0 15
High Jump—E Bradbrook (G. B.) 6 s	
High Jump—E. Bradbrook (G. B.) 6 a Long Jump—R. Paul (F.) 23 B Pole Vault H. Vintouky (F.) 23 E Throwing the Discus J. Noel (F.) 25 9 Putting the Weight C. Unhour (F.) 45 4 4	liigh Jump—and Ident. J Sheffield, R.A 5 9
Pole Vault - R. Vintousky (F.)	Pole Jump-L Col. A. Kinally, and R. Tanks 10 9
Putting the Weight - C. Duhour (F) 48 41	Putting the Shot-and Lt. A. J. A Watson, The
GREAT BRITAIN P GERMANY (WHITE CITY).	Throwing the Hummer Set R. Holmes and
Germany won by 75 points to 59. × s.	Black Watch 7
Hutting the Weight-C. Dimour (F)	High Jump—and Lieut, J. Sheffield, R.A
440 yards—A Metzmer (G)	Throwing the Javelin-Lieut (' G. Bowen 279 9
600 yards-(' Whitehead and T. H. Serimshaw	ARMY UNIT TEAM CHAMPIONSHIP.
wile R II Thomas (G R)	18t Janes. Fus. 88 pts (1); R. E. Aldershot 80 pts. (2);
s miles-M. Syring (G.) 14 43	ROYALAIR FORCE CHAMPIONSHIPS. M. S.
zao yards Hurdles-I) O. Finlay (G B) 0 140/10	zoo yards-L.A.A., Jamieson, Halton o zot
See yards - (* Witteness and T. ft Scrimstaw (G.B.)	A40 vards—F. Off T C Dickens Henlow on o/20
High Jump—G. Weinkoets (G.) 6 r	860 yards-Sgt R H Thomas, Boscombe Down a of
Long Jump—W. Letchum (G.) 24 01  Bale Vault, E. Wagner (G.)	Mile-Sgt R H. Thomas, Boscombe Down 4 261
Throwing the Discus-H H. Sievert (G)148 3	120 hurdles—Ngt. D O. Finlay, Tangmere 0 25 1/20
High Jump—G. Weinkoets (G.). 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Throwing the Discus—Lieut J. B. H. Keals, Queen's R. R.  Throwing the Jaselim—Lieut C. G. Bowen 129 9  ARMY UNIT TEAM CHAMPIONSHIPS.  281 James. Fus. 88 pts (2); R. E. Alderahot 80 pts. (2);  ROYAL AIR FORCE CHAMPIONSHIPS.  282 parsis—LA. A. Jameson, Halton 0. 020;  283 parsis—LA. A. Jameson, Telation 0. 020;  284 parsis—P. Off T. C. Dickens, Henlow 0. 020 pts.  285 parsis—Set R. H. Thomas, Boscombe Down 2. 020;  286 parsis—Set R. H. Thomas, Boscombe Down 2. 020;  286 parsis—Set R. H. Thomas, Boscombe Down 2. 020;  287 parsis—Set R. H. Thomas, Boscombe Down 2. 020;  288 parsis—Set D. S. C. Pinlay, Tangmere 0. 025 pts.  288 parsis—AC. G. Robinson Grantham
ITALY # (FREAT BRITAIN (MILAN)	High Jump—P Off. F. E. Nuttall. Boscombs 5 8 long Jump—Sgt. D. O. Finlay, Tangmere 22 15 lole Jump—F. Off. H. Ford, East-burch 25 6 Putting the Shot—F. Off. H. Ford, Castchurch 25 6 Putting the Bhot—F. Off. H. Ford, Castchurch 23 6 Putting the Davelin—A. C. Neale, Gosport 229 22 King, Cup Unit Championship—Henlow, 29 pts Air Council Unit Junior Team—Grantham, 22 pts Air Dordence Gl. Britain Cup—Tangmere.
ree metres—E. T Saunders (G ii) o zo 7/zo zoo metres—E. Toetti (I) o zz	long Jump -Sgt D, O Finlay, Tangmere 21
200 metres-E. Toetti (1) o arf	Pole Jump—F. Off. H. Ford, Eastehurch 5 Putting the Shot—F. Off. H. Ford, Eastehurch 43 44
See matres—I (Serati (I) 5 49	Throwing the Javelin A.(' Neale, Gosport zag zz
z,000 metres-l. Bertali (1) 3 49	King's Cup Unit Championship-Henlow, 30 pts
g.coo metres—T. Evenson (G.B.) 15 15	Air Defence Gt Britain Cun—Tangmere.
400 metres Hurdies- L. Facelli (I)	ROYAL NAVY AND ROYAL MARINES M S.
Relay (4×200 metres)—Great Britain 0 42	200 yards-Londing Teleg Bulless o rot
ITALY & GREAT BRITAIN (Milay)   Italy won by 85 points to 68   N   8,   100 metres—G T Saunders (f B)   0   20 metres—E. Treetti (f)   0   21   20 metres—E. Treetti (f)   0   22   20   20 metres—C L C Ward (G.B)   0   49   20 metres—U Cerati (f)   1   2   25   20 metres—U Cerati (f)   1   2   25   20 metres—T. Evenson (G B)   25   25   25   20 metres Hurdles—D. O Finlay (G B)   0   24   24   24   24   24   24   24	440 vards—A B. Holdsworth
Long Jump-Tobal (I ) 23 2	880 yards—L. S Taylor 2 0
Throwing the Discus (horwerger (1)	Mile-L. S Taylor
High Jump—Tommasi (I )	Air Defence GI Britain Cup—Tangmere.  ROVAL NAVY AND ROYAL MARINES M 8.  100 yards—Leading Teleg Bulless
OTHER ATHLETIC EVENTS, 1988.	High Jump-Mant Harmend FT. IN.
AVHARD AND GAMPDIDGH	High Jump—Lieut. Haggard 5 63 Long Jump—Pay-Mid J. 8 Biggie 22 24 Putting the Shot—A. B Lack 38 9 Throwing the Discussed Lieut. Legson B. M. vers
1933, Oxford 8 events, Cambridge 3 events 31 8	Putting the Shot—A. B Lack 38 9
zoo yards—E. I. Davis (O.) o zo	Throwing the Javelin-Sul-Lieut, Mack 153 34
Sto yards-N. P. Hallowell (O) I ast	YALE AND HARVARD v. OXFORD AND CAM-
Mile-J. E. Lovelock (0.) 4 28	Yale and Harvard won events by 6.6
ise yards-C. F. Stanwood (O.) o 14	firsts and 9-3 seconds. w s
1933 Oxford Sevents (Ambridge) events   18	zoo yards-Calvin (H.) e 94
High Jump—('. F. Stanwood (O.) 5 17	Long Jumi-Pay-Mill J. S. Biggle 32 al 8 p. Putting the Shot—A B. Lack 32 8 p. Throwing the Discuss—and Lieut. Lessen, R. M. 22 s. Throwing the Javelin-Sull-Lieut. Mack 123 al YALE AND HARVARD 0. OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE (Rywmavar, U.S.A.)  Yale and Harvard won events by 6.6 firsts and 9-3 seconds. 3 8 to yards—Calvin (H.) 6 p. 32 seconds. 3 8 to yards—Calvin (H.) 6 p. 32 seconds. 3 8 to yards—V. P. Hallowell (O) 7 5 s. 3 8 yards—N. P. Hallowell (O) 7 5 s. 3 8 yards—N. P. Hallowell (O) 9 3 8 5 2 yards Hurdles—C F. Bianwood (O) 6 24 2 2 2 yards Hurdles—C F. Bianwood (O) 6 24 2 2 2 2 yards Hurdles—C F. Bianwood (O) 6 24 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Bigh Jump-4', F. Stanwood (O.)	Mile-T E Lovelock (0)
Weight Putting-J. Ryles (O.)	Two Miles-C J. Mabey (O.)
OXFORD v. CAMBRIDGE RELAYS (Dac zoes)	230 yards Hurdles-C. P Stanwood (0) 0 24
Cambridge won by 4 races to a: one void. M. s.	FT. 13
400 yards (4×100 yds.)—Usmbridge o 36;	High Jump-Brown (Y.) 6 at
z mile (4×440 yds )—Cambridge 3 ast	Pole Vault—Brown (V.)
s miles (4×800 yds.—Cambridge	Putting the Weight-Jackson (Y.) 44 21
480 yards Hurdles (4×200 yds.)—Cambridge 2 4	PRINCETON AND CORNELL v. OXFORD AND
weight Futuing—J. Ayies (0.7. 42 5) OXFORD s. CAMBRIDGE RELAYS (Dec. 1998). Cambridge won by 4 races to 2: one void. M. g. 400 yards (4× 100 yards. — Cambridge 0 384 1800 yards (4× 100 yards. — Cambridge 3 351 2 miles (4× 100 yards. — Void 3 351 2 miles (4× 100 yards. — Void 3 351 2 miles (4× 100 yards. — Void 3 351 2 miles (4× 100 yards. — Void 3 351 2 miles (4× 100 yards. — Void 3 351 2 miles (4× 100 yards. — Void 3 351 2 miles (4× 100 yards. — Void 3 351 2 miles (4× 100 yards. — Void 3 351 2 miles (4× 100 yards. — Void 3 351 2 miles (4× 100 yards. — Void 3 351 2 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards. ) 3 351 3 miles (4× 100 yards.	High Jump—Brown (Y.) 6 22 Long Jump—Hasler (Y.) 8 27 Pole Vault—Brown (Y.) 13 68 Patting the Weight—Jackson (Y.) 13 68 PATROETON AND ORNELL P. OXFORD AND OARERIDGE (PRINCEYON) Princeton and Cornell won events by 8 to 4.
INTER-SERVICE CHAMPIONSHIP, 1933.	M. S.
INTER-SERVICE CHAMPIONSHIP, 1933.  Athletic Championship—Army, 94 pts. 1; R.A.F., 7s pts.  s; R. Navy and R. Marines, 44 pts. 3. Winners—	100 yards - Hardy (Cor.)   0   92   12   12   12   12   12   12   12
M. S.	440 yards-Kane (Cor.) 0 484
see yards—sud Lieut F H. Rowen (Army) e zel	880 yards—Bonthron (P.) 1 g3
440 yards-Lieut. C L. Ward (Army) o sol	Two Miles-Mangan (Cor.)
We yards—Lieut M. H. C. Gutterdge (Army) . z 561	200 yards Hurdles-J. S. Thornton (Cam.) 0 141
see yards—and Lieut W. H. Summers (Army) e see yards—and Lieut F. H. Bowen (Army) e see 446 yards—Lieut C. L. Ward (Army) e see 446 yards—Lieut M. H. C. Gutterdge (Army) z ge 3 miles—Sgt. R. H. Thomas (R. A. F.) e 42 miles—Sgt. A. Holmes (Army) z 46 y/ze see yards Hurdles—Sgt. D. O. Finlay (E.A.F.) e 156 miles—Sgt. A. Holmes (Army) z 46 y/ze see yards Hurdles—Sgt. D. O. Finlay (E.A.F.) e 156 miles—Sgt. Jump—sed Lieut, J. Sheffield (Army) z 157 miles (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut, J. Sheffield (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut, J. Sheffield (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut, J. Sheffield (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut, J. Sheffield (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut, J. Sheffield (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut, J. Sheffield (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut, J. Sheffield (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles—Sgt. Dump—sed Lieut (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (Army) z 158 miles (A	sao yards Hurdies-U. F. Stanwood (U.) 6 84 1/26
me yards Hurdles-Sgt. D. O. Finlay (B.A.F.) • 251	Righ Jump—C. F. Stanwood (O.)
High Jump—and Lieut. J. Sheffield (Army); Fr. 18. Fl. Lieut. F. E. Nuttall (R.A.F.) g 91	Pole Vault-McWilliams (P.)
Fl. Lieut. F. E. Nuttall (R.A.F.) g 91	Putting the Weight-Garrett (P.) 45 zz
. <del> </del>	

#### WOMENS' ATHLETIC RECORDS.

#### WOMENS' RECORDS .- RUNNING.

Nistance.	Time	Name.	Country.	Year.
6 metres 20 metres 200 metres 200 metres 200 yards 440 rards 280 metres 280 yards 1,000 metres	9 9/10 11 1/10 11 9/10	Walasiewicz Walasiewicz E. Johnson Walasiewicz N. Halstead N. Halstead L. Radke G. Lunn L. Radke	Poland Poland England Poland Poland England England Germany England Germany	1930 1938 1938 1938 1930 1930 1930 1930 1930
Hurdles— 80 metres	11 7/10	M. Didrikson	Germany	1932
Walking— 1,600 metres	7 52}	J Probekk	England	1933

RIELD	EVENTS

Event.	1)istance	Name.	Countay.	Year
High Jump	5 5	J. Shiley	U.S.A Japan	1932
Long Jump	19 8	K. Hitomi		1931
Shot	44 11	G. Heublein		1931
Javelin	146 5	Braunmuller.		1938
Discus	139 8	Walastewicz		1938

WOMENS ROAD WALKING CHAMPIONSHIP. London Olympiads A.C., J. Probekk, Middlesex, 25 m

WOMENS' INTER COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP.

Middlesex, 93 pts, 1; Lancashire, 36 pts., 2; Surrey,

WOMENS' CROSS COUNTRY CHAMPIONSHIPS Airedale H., 45 pts. 2; London Olympiads A C, 52 pts. 3. (vvil Service LA C., 52 pts. 3
First three home — Miss L. Nejes, Haywards Heath, 29 m 96; z; Miss R. Christmas, I. O.A.U., 29 m 42 s. 2. Mrs Baven, LO A.C., 29 m, 25 s., 3.

### PROFESSIONAL RUNNING RECORDS.

Yds.	Time	Name	Yr
100 130 150 220 250 300 440	H. M 0 0 98 0 0 12 0 0 12 0 0 24 0 0 25 0 0 30 0 0 475	J. Donaldson, S. Africa. J. Donaldson, S. Africa. J. Donaldson, Australia. H. Hutchens, Australia. L. C. Mr Lachlan, N. Z. H. Hutchens, Australia. H. Hutchens, Edinburgh. B. R. Day, Australia.	1910 1909 1911 188a 1902 1884 1907
Miles	o z 531	F. S. Hewitt, N.Z.	1871
2	0 4 13	W. G. George, London	1863
3 4 5	0 14 18 0 19 35 0 84 40	G. McCrae, Edinburgh P Cannon, Glasgow	1918 1863
30	0 50 55 I 40 20	H Holmer, Edinburgh	1918
25	2 22 20	W Kolehmainen, USA	1912

#### Time Records.

Hours.				Name	Yr.
:	Mis.	Y (4. 1266 2200 380 2800 1540	•	H. Watkins, Rochdale . H. Holmer, Edinburgh G. Mason, London G. Cartwright, Westminster	180

#### WOMENS' A.A.A. CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1933.

Event	Winner.	Times
soo Metres		M. b. c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c. 185 c.
Throwing the Discus	A. H. Holland	zoS zz

#### CYCLING.

### N.C.U. CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1933.

* *** nond*	Winner.	н. ж в,
as miles	F. Dusika	o 57 30\$
50 miles (paced)	F. W. Southall	z 43 85
z mile (tandem) }	A. G. Sieri}	
s miles Team Pursuit,	Poole Wheelers	0 4 24

#### WORLD'S CYCLING CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1933.

z Kilometre (Amsteur).—J. Van Egmond (Holland). z Kilometre (Professional).—J. Scherens (Belgium). zoo Kilometres (track) (Professional).—C. Lacquehay

(France), (about 235 kilom.) (Amateur).—
P Egit (Switzerland),
Road tha mpionship (about 266 kilom.) (Professional).—
(f. Speicher (France).

#### WORLD'S CYCLING TRACK RECORDS. (Standing start, motor paced.)

5 20 50	31 i	188 576 752 180	. 10 II .	L. Vandersto	yft. yft. yft.
	38 r			-76 m 504 yds , L. I	

#### PLACE TO PLACE CYCLING RECORDS.

London-Brighton and back (106 miles), 4 h. 53 m. 20 s., F. W Southall, 1927.

London Bath and back (are miles), rr h 3 m. 56 s., C Marshall 1927. London York (188 miles), 9 h 40 m , J W. Rossiter, 1926

London-Edinburgh (39s miles), a3 h. 43 m., R. Shirley, 82 1906.

London-Land's End (300 miles), 17 h. 28 m., C. F. By Davey, 1983.

Land's End-John o' Groats (900 miles), a days 13 h. 22 m., J. W. Rossiter, 1929.

zoo miles Road (Out and Home), C. Marshall, 4h.

## WRESTLING, 1933,

Catch as Catch Can—Bantam, Joseph Reid; Feather, J. W. Taylor; Light, G Mackenzic, Welter, H. John-son, Middle, B J. Rowe; Light Heavy, R. Cook; Heavy, S. J Bissell.

Cumberland and Westmoreland —Feather. T. Sewell; Light. W. Sewell; Middle. J. Ferguson; Light Heavy, G. C. Tweedale, Heavy, J. W. Carr.

### Professional Walking.

Walking Records.—: Mile, 6m. sas G. Cummings, Manchester, 1943; a miles, 19m. 14s.; 3 miles, 80m. 15s.; 6 miles, 80m. 18s.; 5 miles, 19m. 18s.; 6 miles, 19m. 18s.; 7 miles, 19m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m. 18s.; 10m.; 10m. 18s.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.; 10m.;

#### ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL. International Table, 1932-33.

	Country.	Played	Won.	Lost.	Drawn	Gio	uls.	Points.
				-	ľ	For.	Agst.	
-	Wales	3		0	1	9	3	5
	Scotland	. 3		ĭ	•	8	6	4
	Ireland	3		3		1		;

ENGLAND v. SCOT-LAND g. g. ASSOCIATION CUP. LAND E. g. g. ASSOCIATION CUP.

1939 England ..5 to a Arsenal b. Huddersfield 2—0

1931 Ecotland. 2 to o W. Bronwich b Birmingham
1932 England ..3 to o W. Bronwich b Birmingham
1933 Scotland .2 to v Everton b. Manchester City 3—0 INTERNATIONAL MATCHES (2032-3)

Sept 25, 293, Belfast (Windsor Park), Scotland beat Ireland, 4 -0. Oct. 27, 293, Blackpool, England beat Ireland, z o tet 26, 293s, Edinburgh (Tynecastle), Wales beat Scotland, 5 - 2 Nov. 36, 293s, Wrezham, Wales and England drawn,

O-0

Dec. 7, 1938, Wreyham, Wales beat Ireland, 4-x
April 1, 1933, Glasgow (Hamplen Park), Scotland
beat England, 3-1
Dec. 7, 1938, London (Stamford Bridge), England
beat Austria, 4-2.
May 13, 1933, Home, Italy and England, drawn, x-1
May 20, 1933, Berne, England beat Switzerland, 4-0,
May 25, 1933, Paris (Colombes), France and Wales
drawn, x-1.

AMATRIE INTERVALABLES

Amareur Internationals (2932.)
Jan 22, 1933, Torquay, England heat Wales, x—o
Jan 28, 1933, Glasgow (Celtic Park), Scotland heat
lreland, 6—0 Feb 18, 1933. Belfast (Cliftonville), Ireland beat England, 4-3 March 25, 1933. London (Dulwich), England beat Scotland, 2-0
April 8, 2933, Bangor, Wales and Scotland drawn,

INTER-LEAGUE MATCHEE (1938-3). Oct. 2, 2930, Belfast, Football League heat Irish League 5-2

Oct 19, 1932, Glasgow, Scottish League beat Irish League 4-1 Nov 9. 1932. Manchester, Scottish League beat Football League 3 0

LEAGUE COMPETITIONS.

First Division — Arsenal, 38 pts., z; Aston Villa, 54 pts., a; Shemeld Wednesday, 52 pts., 3.
Szcond Division.—Stoke City, 56 pts., z; Tottenham Hotspur, 55 pts, 2.

THIRD DIVISION.—(Northern Section) Hull City,
59 pts; (Southern Section Brentford, 64 pts
Scottish—Div. I., Rangers, 62 pts; Div. II., Hiber-

ROTTISH—1912., Resigner, on pice; DIV. II., Internations, as ptc
ININE—Belfast Celtic, 4z pts.
ININE—FRE STATE.—Dundalk, sp ptc
Wilsh Natioval.—Lianelly, 36 ptc.
ININES ARE Dulwich Hamlet, 36 ptc., boating Leyton-INTHMIAN — POINT HAMMER, 30 pts., DORNER atone by goal average
ATHERIAN.—Walthamstow Avenue, 36 pts.
NPARTAN.—Chosham United, 37 pts.
LONDON.—Park Royal, 43 pts.

#### CUP FINALS.

F.A. Cur.—Everton 3, Manchester City e, Wembley.
F.A. Amarun.—Kinstonian 4; Stockton 1 (after a draw at Dulwich (1-2), Darlington
Rootting Cur.—Celtic 1, Motherwell e, Hampden
Park.

Park.
IRIER CUT --Glentoran 3; Distillery 2 (after two draws), all at Windsor Park, Belfast.
Weisu Cur --Chester 2; Wrezhann o, Chester
A.F.A. Or e --Catford Wanderers 3; St. Albans

A.F.A. Ci r — Catford Wanderers 3; St. Albans City z. Arraus Dunk Cur (Public Schools).—Old Salopians F.A. Charity Shirld.— Arsenal 3; Everton o.

Everton.

Army Ovr.—end Q.O. Cameron High. 3; and Rifle
Brig. a (after a draw x.—x)
R. Navy Isrue-Pour Uvr.—Chatham 4. Devenport z.
Ogronn ann Camennor—Cambridge 3; Oxford z.

## GOLF CHAMPIONSHIPS.

GOLF CHAN

(OPEN.

(Instituted 1893.)

1254. W. Hagen (U.S.A.).
1295. B. T. Jones (U.S.A.).
1297. R. T. Jones (U.S.A.).
1298. W. Hagen (U.S.A.).
1298. W. Hagen (U.S.A.).
1299. W. Hagen (U.S.A.).
1291. T. Jones (U.S.A.).
1291. T. J. Jones (U.S.A.).
1291. D. Armour (U.S.A.).
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1995 Robert Harris.
1995 J. Sweetser (U.S. A.)
1997 Dr. W. Tweddell.
1995 T. P. Perkun.
1990 C. J. H. Tolley.
1990 R. T. Jones (U.S. A.)
1992 J. de Forrest.
1993 J. de Forrest.
1993 Hon, Michael Scott. 2933 Hon, Michael Scot PROFESSIONAL TOURNAMENT, (Neers of the World) 2945 E. R. Whitcombe. 2954 A. Compaton. 2964 A. Herd 2994 A. (Lompaton. 2995 A. Michaell. 2995 A. Michaell. 2995 A. W. Cotton. 2937 H. Cotton. LADIES. (1893.)

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OTHER GOLF WINNERS IN 1933.

OTHER GOLF WINNERS IN 1933.

English Close Anuteur — J Woollam
English Chose Anuteur — J Woollam
English Chose Anuteur — J Woollam
English Chose Anuteur — J Woollam
American Open — E Sarazen
American Anuteur — J T. Dunlap,
American Anuteur — J T. Dunlap,
American Anuteur — J — Ulli Putta.
Austrakan Anuteur — J — Ulli Putta.
Austrakan Anuteur — J Hert I wan bell.
Frish Open — E W — H. Kenyon
Irish Anuteur — J McLean.
Irish Anuteur — J McLean.
Irish Nature Anuteur — J Burke.
Irish Rotus Anuteur — J McLean.
British Gurs — B Gade
British Gurs — B Gade
French Open — B Gadd
French Ladies Open — Miss K. Garnham.
Helyan Open — A Bonner.
German Open — A Alliss
Anny Marties

German open.—R. Allins
A. Marches
G. Man Marches
G. Man Marches
G. Man Marches
G. Man Marches
G. R. M. Lt Com H. N.
Sheffield; Army Champonahap—Lieut H. S. Mitchell
(Green Howards); R.A.F. Champonahap—F.-Lieut
E. J. Hope.
A. Army Team.—Lincoln Regt.

Carmy a sum.—Lancoln Regt.

Cambridge won by so matches to 3.

Four-somes — Cambridge 3 matches; Oxford a.

Singles —Cambridge 3 matches; Oxford a.

RYDER CUP. Gt. Britain v. U.S.A. Southport.

Gt. Britain peat U.S.A. by smatches to 5.

Singles.—Gt. Britain 4 matches; U.S.A. 2. (one halved).

Singles.

E. Sarasen (U.S.A.) beat A. H. Padgham (G.B.) 6 and 4; A. Mitchell (U.S.A.) beat O. Dutra (U.S.A.) 9 and 8; W. Hagen (U.S.A.) beat D. J. Lacey (G.B.) z up; C. Wood (U.S.A.) beat P. H. Davies (B.B.) 4 and 3; P. Alliss (G.B.) beat D. Runyan (B.B.) 4 and 3; P. Alliss (G.B.) beat D. Bengel (U.S.A.) a hole; H. Smith (U.S.A.) a hole; H. Smith (U.S.A.) beat C. Whitcombe (G.B.A.) a hole; H. Smith (U.S.A.) beat C. Whitcombe (G.B.A.) a hole; H. Smith (U.S.A.) beat C. Whitcombe (G.B.A.) a hole; H. Smith (U.S.A.) beat C. Whitcombe (G.B.A.) a hole; H. Smith (U.S.A.) beat C. Whitcombe (G.B.A.) a hole; H. Smith (U.S.A.) beat C. Whitcombe (G.B.A.) a hole; H. Smith (U.S.A.) beat C. Whitcombe (G.B.A.) a hole; H. Smith (U.S.A.) beat C. Whitcombe (G.B.A.) and 2.

Allies and Whitcombe (G.B.) s and z.

Foursomes

Allies and Whitcombe (G.B.) and Hagen and Saragen
(U.S.A.) halved; Mitchell and Havers (G.B.) beat Dutra
and Shute (U.S.A.) z and z; Davies and Easterbrock
(G.B.) beat Runyan and Wood (U.S.A.) z hole; E. Dudlev
and W. Burke (U.S.A.) beat Padgham and A. Perry
(G.B.) z hole

### RUGBY UNION FOOTBALL. International Table, 1938-33.

Country	Played.	Won.	Lort.	Drawn.	Points	Scored	Points
Scotland England Ireland Wales	3	3 1	2 2 2	0	For 22 20 22 15	Agst. 9 16 30 24	6 3 3

1933 1932 1932 1933	CALOUTTA CUP.  (Eng. Sect   g t g t)  Scotland 0 4-0 s  Brawn 0 -0 c  Scotland 2-3 (n.) s  England 2-0 s  Scotland 1 c-0 s  Hampehire
	INTERNATIONAL MATCHES, 1932-33.
1933. Jan. 21.	TwickenhamWales beat England by 7 pts to 3

Feb 12. Twickenham—England beat Ireland by 17 pts to 3

Mar 11. Belfast,—Ireland beat Wales by 10 pts. to 5 Mar 18 Edinburgh,—Scotland beat England by 3 pts to c.

April: Dublin —Scotland beat Ireland by 6 pts. to 6.

County Championship. Hampshire beat Lancashire by 18 pts. to 7

ONFORD AND CAMBRIDGE, 2032 33.
Oxford, z goal, z try (8 pts.); Cambridge, z try (3 pts.)
NORTHARN RUGBY LEAGUE.
Club Championally.—Salford best Swinton at Wigan

(15 pts. to 5).

Challenge Cup. — Hu
Wembley (21 pts to 17). -Huddersfield beat Warrington at

#### HOCKEY IN 1932-33.

# INTERNATIONAL MATCHES.

Beckenham—t'ambridge beat 0xford, s-c.
Portsmouth—Army beat R. Navy, 1 c
(thatham—R. A.P. beat R. Navy, 2 c,
(thriftige—Army beat R. A.P. 3; 3; 4)
Aldershot (Army Cup)—and K. Shropshire L.I. beat
and Laysia, 2-c.

OTHER RESULTS.

#### WOMENS HOCKEY. INTERNATIONAL MATCHES

Scotland, won z, drawn z (6 goals to 4), z; England, won z, lost z (zz-6), z; Ireland, won z, lost z, drawn z (7-9), 3; Wales, lost 3 (7-2a).

Oxford beat Cambridge by 4 goals to 3.

#### LACROSSE, 1933.

Oxford, z6 goals; Cambridge, 3.
British Champiouship (Iroquois), Manchester beat
Oxford, 8 7 (after extra time).
County Championship—Cheshire beat Middlesex.

75-3.
North beat South, 10 3.
North beat South, 10 3.
Southern Flags.—Oxford
Northern Flags.—Manchester
Womens University: Oxford, 7 goals; Cambridge, 3.

THE CHAMPIONSHIPS (WIMBLEDON).

Womens' Doubles — Mme Mathieu (France' and Miss E Ryan (U.S.A.) beat Miss A. M. Yorke and Miss F James (B.B.) (6-2, 9-11, 6-4,) Mized Doubles.—G. von Cramm and Fraulein H. Krah-winkel (Germany) beat N. G. Farquitanson (S. Africa) and Miss M. Hoeley (G.B. | 9-3, 8-6) All England Plate — F. H. D. Wilde (G.B.) beat J. D. P. Wheatley (G.B.) (6-4, 6-4) All England Womens' Plate — Mille S. Rosambert (France) beat Mile. J. (foldsk hnidt (6-4, 6 z.)

#### HARD COURTS (BOURNTHOUTH).

Singles.—F. J. Perry,
Doubles.—J. H. (Tawford and D. P. Turnbull
Womens' Singles.—Miss D. E. Round
Womens' Pouldes.—Miss M. Hoeley and Miss D. E. Round
Missed Doubles.—H. G. N. Lee and Miss F. James.

#### DAVIS CUP FINAL

Great Britain beat France H W. Austin (G B.) beat A Morlin (France); lost to H. Cochet (France), Deat H. Cochet (France); lost to F. J. Perry (G.B.) beat H. Cochet (France); beat A. Merlin (France) J. Borotra and J. Brugnon (France) heat G. P. Hughes and H. G. N. Lee (G.B.). Inter-Zone—Great Britain heat U S A European Zone—Great Britain beat Australia.

# WIGHTMAN CUP (WOMEN)

# U.S A. beat Great Britain by 4 matches to 2.

SINGLES. Miss H. Jacobs (USA) best Miss D. E. Round (G.B.); best Miss M. C. Noriven (G.B.); Miss S. Palfrey (U.S.A.) best Miss M. C. Scriven (G.B.); lost to Miss D. E. Round (G.B.). Miss C. Babcock (U.S.A.) lost to Miss B. Nuthall (G.B.)

DOUBLES. Miss H Jacobs and Miss Palitov (U.S.A.) beat Miss M Healey and Miss D. E. Round (G.B.) Miss A. Marble and Mirs J. van Ryn (U.S.A.) lost to Miss F. Jumes and Miss B Nutball (G.B.) America Chramforships—Nangles, F. J. Perry (G.B.), Doubles, G. M Lott and L. Stoeffen; Women's Nangles, Miss H. Jacobs and Miss B. Palfrey, Mixed Doubles, Miss H. Jacobs and Miss B. Palfrey, Mixed Doubles, H. E. Vines and Miss Ryan.

Oxford and Cambridge.—Cambridge (18 9) matches.

#### POLO IN 1933.

Champion Cup —Jaipur beat Osmaston 21-6 Indian Empire Shield —Jaipur beat Hurlingham 7 4 King's Coronation Cup —Jaipur beat Royal Scots Greys

9-5. Inter-Regimental.—Royal Scots Greys beat Queens Bays

6-5. Subatterns—12th Hussars beat 5th luniskilling Subatteras—rith Hussars pert per lamination Dragons
Dragons
Dragons
Duke of York's Challenge Cup—R Navy beat R A.F. 8-2.
County Challenge Cup—Toulston
Rockampton Cup.—Jaipur beat Osmaston 7-3.
Whiting Cup.—Royal Rots Grays beat (sumaston 20)-8)
Ranelagh Cup.—Jaipur beat Osmaston 6-4
Ranelagh Cup.—Jaipur beat Osmaston 6-4
Raype—King a Cup.—rath Lancers.
Oxford and Cambridge.—Cambridge 6-4.
Indian Championship, Dec. 26, 1932.—Jaipur beat 10th
Hussars 6-3

Hussars 9-2
Championship of the Americas — Meadowbrook (U.S.A.)
best Argentine at Buenos Aires

Garage Russala

Westchester Cup:—First meeting in 1885, and Great Britain won both matches. Second meeting in 1986, Great Britain won by two matches to one. U.S.A. won both matches in 1888, 1891; and 1992. Great Britain 1914. U.S.A. 1892, 1892, 1894 and 1936.

BWINKING.						
WORLD'S AMATEUR SWIMMING RECORDS.	M u i					
zoo yarda—J. Weissmuller, U.S.A o 52 2997	200 yards—R. J. C. Sutton					
180 yards—W. Laufer, U.S.A 25 1989	soo yards, Breast-A. Schoebel 338					
soo metres -J. Weissmuller, U.S.A 2 8 2987	aso yards—R. H. Leivers					
200 yards—J. Weissmuller, U.S.A 3 7t2927	goo yards—R. H. Leivers					
300 metres—J. Taris, France 3 271 1932	200 yards, Bresst.—A. Schoebel   2 36					
400 metres—J. Taris, France	Long Distance—F. G. M. Milton.					
goo yards—Arne Borg, Sweden	Diving-C. D. Tomalin.					
no metres—J. Taris, France	LADIES CHAMPIONSHIPS.					
880 yards—C Crabbe, U.S.A 20 20 2930	LADIES CHAMPIONSHIPS.  100 yards—Miss S. Glderhead 1 71  120 yards Pack Stroke—Miss M. McNuity 2 4  200 yards Ereast—Miss M. Hinton 50  200 yards—Miss S. Wolstenholme 4 43  40 yards—Miss S. Wolstenholme 5 3  Diving—Miss E. Macready.  Diving—Miss E. Macready.					
z.eee metres—S. Makino, Japan	zeo yards Back Stroke—Miss M. McNulty s					
z,goo metres—Arne Borg, Sweden zo 71 zoa7	20 yards - Miss B. Wolstenholme 2 43					
i mile—Arne Borg, Sweden	440 yards—Miss B. Wolstenholme					
MEN-BACK STROKE.	Diving-Miss E. Macready.					
180 yards-G Kojac, U.S.A 2 37 1932	INTER-COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIPS.					
see metres—G Kojac, U.S A	Middlesex, 37 points, 1; Surrey, 441, 8; Kent, 55, 3.					
Mgn-Back Strokk.     1 811938       1go yards-G Kojac, U.S.A.     2 3721932       2 co metres-G Kojac, U.S.A.     3 341930       2 co metres-G Kojac, U.S.A.     3 341930       2 co metres-T. Iriye, Japan     5 421932       5 421932     5 421932	INTER-SERVICES CHAMPIONSHIPS.					
Mary Duning General	Middlesex, 37 points, 1; Surrey, 44; s; Kent, 56, 3.  INTER-SERVICES CHAMPIONSHIPER Army, 85 points, 1; R.A.F. 72; s; R.N. & R.M. 67; 3; 100 yards -LOpl. A. May, Army, 1; 1, 2; 100 yards Bresst-E. R. A. Smith, R.N. & R.M. 1 24; 100 yards Bresst-E. R. A. Smith, R.N. & R.M. 1 24; 100 yards Bresst-E. R. A. Smith, R.N. & R.M. 1 24; 100 yards Bresst-E. R. A. Smith, R.N. & R.M. 1 24; 100 yards -A. C. Cousens, R.A.F. 6 12; 100 yards Relsy-Army, 1; R.A.F., 5, R. Navy & 100 yards Relsy-Army, 1; R.A.F., 5, R. Navy & 100 yards Relsy-Army, 1; R.A.F., 5, R. Navy & 100 yards Relsy-Army, 1; R.A.F., 5, R. Navy & 100 yards Relsy-Army, 1; R.A.F., 5, R. Navy & 100 yards Roley - R. Navy beat Army, 2 goals to 1; R. Navy 11 drawn with the R.A.F., 2; Army beat R.A.F., 4-2. 11 OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE					
1936   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938   1938	100 yarda Back-A. C. Muir, R.A.F 1 27					
200 yards—W. Spence, Canada	zoo yarus Breast-E. R. A. Smith, R.N. & R.M 143					
400 metres—E. Rademacher, Germany 5 50 1986	440 yards -A. O. Cousens, R A.F 6 zzi					
see metres—T. Reingoldt, Finland 7 30g2931	432 Aco vards Relay—Army					
geo metres—T. Heingoldt, Finlandt	R.M., 3 3 55					
zoo metres-Miss H Madison, U.S A 68 1931	Diving—Sgt. Laurence, Army.					
zgo yards—Miss H. Madison, U.S.A 1 35 1932	Water Polo-R. Navy beat Army, a goals to z ; R. Navy					
300 yards-Miss H Madison, U.S.A 3 39 1930	drawn with the R A.F., s-s; Army heat R.A F., 4-s.					
300 metres—Miss H. Madison, U.S.A 3 505/10.1932	OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE					
440 yards-Miss H. Madison, U.S.A 5 32 1931	Bath Club.—Winners.					
goo yards—Miss H. Madison, U.S.A 5 10g . 1930	200 yards-F. M. Bourne (O.) 0 578					
880 yards-Miss H. Madison, U.S A	280 yards—F. M. Bourne (O.)					
2,000 yards—Miss H Madison, U.S.A 3 23 1931	zso yards Back—F. M. Bourne (0.)					
z.soo metres—Miss H Madison, U S A23 2722932	266 yards Relay—Cambridge					
z mile-Miss H. Madison, U.S A	300 yards Medley Relay-Cambridge 3 29					
	Cambridge won by 35 points to 18.  Bath Club.—Winners.  100 yards—F. M. Bourne (O.)  100 yards—F. M. Bourne (O.)  101 yards—F. M. Bourne (O.)  102 yards—F. M. Bourne (O.)  103 yards—F. M. Bourne (O.)  104 yards—R. Mitchell (O.)  105 yards Back—F. M. Bourne (O.)  106 yards Breast—Yanovic  107 yards Breast—Yanovic  108 yards Relay—Cambridge  109 yards Melley Relay—Cambridge  109 yards Melley Relay—Cambridge  109 yards Melley Relay—Cambridge  109 yards Melley Relay—Cambridge  109 yards Melley Relay—Cambridge  109 yards Melley Relay—Cambridge  109 yards Melley Relay—Cambridge  109 yards Melley Relay—Cambridge  109 yards Melley Relay—Cambridge  109 yards Melley Relay—Cambridge  109 yards Melley Relay—Cambridge  109 yards—F. M. Sands—Cambridge  109 yards—					
zee metres—Miss E. Jacobsen, Denmark z 25 1932 200 yards—Miss E. Jacobsen Denmark z 50 1932 200 metres—Miss E. Jacobsen, Denmark z 3 1932 400 metres—Miss S. Kastein, Holland 0 38 1932	WATER POLO, 2933. Club Championship Final—Coventry beat Cheltenham 6—5 (Ashton-under-Lyne).					
see metres-Miss E Jacobsen, Denmark 3 3 1938	6-5 (Ashfon-under-Lyne).					
400 metres—Miss S. Kastein, Holland 0 3841932 800 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 8 2341932	shire 4-3 (Weston-super-Mare).					
	County Championship, Final—Essex beat Gloucester- shire 4-2 (Weston-super-Mare), England beat Wales 9-2 (Newport), Wales beat Ireland 6-2 (Dublin).					
WOMEN-BACK STROKE.	UNDER WATER RECORD.					
180 yards-Miss E. Holm, U.S.A 1 53 1938	The record for staying under water is claimed by					
zee metres—Miss E. Holm, U.S.A	The record for staying under water is claimed by M. Pouliquen, of Paris, who, on Nov. 3, 1912, at Paris, remained under water 6 mins 295 secs.					
THE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF T	remained under water o mins 29% sees.					
BRITISH AMATEUR RECORDS MEN.	CHANNEL SWIMMING. 1933:—Miss Sunny Lowry, of Levenshulme, Manchester.					
MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK   MKK	swinning the Channel on Aug. 28, 1932 started at					
180 yards—8. de Barany, Hungary 1 261	swimming the Channel on Aug. 26, 1933, started at Cape Grisnes on Monday evening at 6 30 pm. and landed at St. Margaret's Bay on Tuesday 29th, at					
ass yards—R. J. C. Sutton, G. Britain set	zo.z5 a.m.					
440 vards—J. Guilini, Belgium 5 5	In order of time occupied:-					
goo yards—J. Taris, France 5 501	(a) Hans Vierkotter, Cologne, Aug. 20, 2006 22 5					
z.coo yards—E. P. Peters	(a) Norman L. Derham England, Sept. 17, 1986 13 56					
Mile-N. Wainwright	(a) R. M. Teinine, England, Aug. 5, 1927					
soo yards, Breast Stroke—S. Bell 301	(b) Hilda Sharp. England, Aug. 24, 2928					
Plunging-F. W. Parrington, 86 ft. 8 in.	(a) 1vy (111, England, Oct. 13, 1927					
Wonen.	(c) Mrs Corson, U S.A., Aug. st, 1986					
zoo yards-Miss W den Ouden, Holland z sł	(d) Miss Perry Duncan, S. Africa, Sept. 20, 2023. 15 45					
280 yards—Miss W. den Ouden, Holland 2 364	S. Tiraboschi, Argentine, Aug. za, 1983 26 23					
300 yards Miss M. J. Cooper 3 501	(a) C. Tooth, Boston, U.S.A., Sept. 9, 1983					
440 yards—miss m Cooper	(1) Capt. Webb, England, Aug. 25, 2575 22 45					
z.coo yards - Miss Ethel Mayne 14 47	(f) T. W. Burgess, England, Sept. 6, 1911					
Mile-miss stroi mayne stroke Miss M. J ('coper 25 40	10					
soo yards, Breast Stroke Miss J. Kastein, Holland s 55	(a) Grisnez to Dover; (b) Grisnez to Deal; (c) Grisnez					
Wourn   Wourn   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year   Year	(a) Grisnez to Dover; (b) Grisnez to Deal; (c) Grisnez to Dover; (d) Grisnez to E. Foreland; (e) Calais to Dover; (f) Dover to Calais; (g) Grisnez to Folkestone.					
(150) (15)	C					

#### BOXING IN 1923.

#### World's Professional Champions. (On Nov. 1, 1933.)

Ply Weight (8 st )—Jackie Brown (British). Bantam Weight (8 st 6 lb.)—Al Brown (U.S.A.). Feather Weight (8 st.)—[In aleyance). Lught Weight (8 st.)—[In—Barney Ross (U.S.A.). Welter Weight (10 st.)—Ib—Jimmy McLarnin (U.S.A.). Middle Weight (12 st. 6 lb.—Lou Broullard (France). Light Heavy Weight (27 st.)—M. Closenbloom (U.S.A.). Heavy Weight (27 st.)—Primo Carnera (Italy).

# British Professional Champions. (On Nov z. 2933.)

Fly Weight—Jackle Brown. Bantam Weight—Johnny King. Feather Weight—Seaman Watson. Lapk Weight— Johnny Cuthbert. Weiter Weight—Jack Hood. Middle Weight—Jock McAvoy. Lapk Heavy Weight—Lan Harvey. Heavy Weight—Jack Peterson.

#### A.B.A. Champions.

Fly Weight — T. Pardoe Bantam — G. Johnston Feather — J. C. Walters. Light Weight — H. Mirler Weiter-Nergt, B. P. Peters. Middle— A. Shuwyer. Light Heavy— G. J. Brennan. Heavy— C. H. O'Grady.

#### Imperial Services Boxing,

Army sz, pts, z : R A F zo pts, z ; R N, and R, M., 7 pts, 3; Territorials, 4 pts., 4.

Feathers—snd Lieut C W. S. Belas, Territorial (R.A.) Light—Pay-Off, E B. Nelson, R. A.F. (Andover) Welter—Flying-Off R. M. Noblston, R.A.F. (Bircham, Newton)

Mewon)
Mewon)
Meddle-Sub-Lieut, Gardner, R N
Light Heavy—and Laeut, R, D, M. Godowski, Army (2nd
Scots Guards),
Heavy—Lieut. Courtney (R,N.).

Fly—Tpr O'Callaghan, Army (afght Lancers) Bantam—Le-Cpl. March, Army (K.O.Y.L.1), Feether—A CRObinson, R.A.F. (Bigdin Hill). Lapht—Cpl Tromey, Army (4/7th Pragoon Gds.), Welter—Lt.-higt. Petters, Army (14/8th Gds.), Middle—Pte. Lacey, Army (R.A.S.C.). Light Heavy—St. Jamieson, Army (iordon High) Heavy—Rta. Thorne, Army (and Ritie Brigade)

### Oxford and Cambridge.

Oxford won by 5 events to a.

Bautam—F W. Obeyesekers (C.) Feather—P Opponheim (Cl. Lupht—J R. McCready (O.), Welter (B. E. Clark (I) Maddle—B, T Thesiger (O.), Lupht—Clouston (U.). Heavy—W. P. Thesiger (O.), Heavy—R. R. Clouston (U.).

#### PENCING IN 1923.

Championships: Episa-A. E. Pelling; Januor-J. R. Fitsmanrice. Subres-O. G. Trinder; Januor-R. F. Tredgold. Foils-J. Emrys Lloyd. Ladies Foils-Miss J. Guinness.
Oxford and Cambridge-Cambridge won by 9-4 assanits. Foil: Cambridge 4 defeats to 5. Sabre: Cambridge no defeats to 4. Epise Match-Oxford beat Cambridge by 7 defeats to 16

Rpée Match—Oxford beat Cambridge by 7 defeata to 16
Service Championshiff (Royal Tournament, Olympia)
Poils Inter-Services, Champion and Army Winner,
Sgt. Maj, H. Parsons (A.B.P.T.): others, R. N. P. O.
Finch R. Marines, Sgt. L. V. Clarke. R.A.F., Sgt.
W.R. Hancock
Epte. Inter-Services, Champion, L.A.C., J. R. Fitzmaurice, R.A.F., and R.A.F. Winner: others, R. N. P. O.
Finch, R. Marines, Sgt. L. V. Clarke. Army,
A. D. Finch. R. Marines, Sgt. L. V. Clarke. Army,
Subres: Inter-Services Champion, Sgt.-Maj. H. Parsons
(ASP.T.) and Army Winner: others, R. Navy,
Lieut. Cuir. R. Harry, R. Marines, C.-Sgt. Jerred.
RA.F., Sgt. W. R. Hancock.
Bajoest: Inter-Services, Champion, Cpl. A. V. Perry,
and R.M.; others, R.N. A. B. J. A. Cardew. Arms;
LL-Sgt. Anderson. R. A.F., Sgt. F. J. Stubberfield.
Champion of Arms: Sgt. Maj. H. Parsons (Army).

#### RILLIARDS IN 1988.

Championship.-W. Lindrum beat J. Davis. 22,81g-22,223, Gold Cup.—T. Newman (6,000 points), z; C. McConachy (6,000), z; J. Davis (6,000), 3; W. Lindrum (scratch), 4. World Record Break .- W. Lindrum, 4,137, January 19-

BO, 1938. Professional Snooker Championship. - J. Davis beat

C McConachy. Womens' Professional Championship-Miss J. Gardner. Amateur Championship .- S. Lee beat H. F. E. Coles, 4.459-3.437

Amateur Snooker Championship.—E. Bedford beat A. Kershaw, 5 events to z.

Army.-Sigman. Drury, 5th Div. Signals.

Oxford and Cambridge.—Cambridge won by s-z. C. C. Love (t') beat F. P. Peel (t) ): F. M. Bancroft (t), beat R. S. Dunn (C): W. G. Morgan (C.) beat A. G. N. Fernardo (O.).

Womens' Amateur Championship - Miss T. Carpenter beat Miss V. Seule.

Womens' American Snooker Champsonship.—Miss Quinn best Miss Ballantine, 4: Empre Cup, London.—S Lee (England), 4 games to 1; T. Jones (Wales), 3, 2; A. Prior (S. Africa), 2, 3; M. Smith (Scolland), 1, 4; J. Blackburn (N. Ireland),

World's Championship.—Dr. A. Alekhine beat E. D. Bogoljubow at Wiesbalen in November, 1999. Alekhine won 11 gumes, Bogoljubow 5 games, 9 games being drawn.
E. D. Bogoljubow has challenged Dr. A. Alekhine to play in 1934.

British Championships .- Sultan Khan Hastings

#### MOTORING

#### PRINCIPAL RACES, 2933.

24 Hours Grand Priz d'Endurance, Le Mans (France).—
T. Nuvolari and R. Sommer (3,144 kilo., average 131 et m.p h)

International Trophy, Brooklands - Hon, B E. Lewis (88 of m p h)

International Tourist Trophy, Ulster Ards Circuit— T Nuvolari (distance 478 miles: time 5 hr 57 min. 3 sec. vavenge 76 5 m.p.h)
America Grand Priz, Indianapolis.—Louis Meyer (66 159 m.p.h).

Haly Grand Priz, Monsu — Fagiole (s hr. 42 min. 42 sec ). Three chief drivers were killed 'Campari and Borracchini thrown out in one accident, and Czackowscki later.

#### MOTOR CYCLING.

Grand Prix, Ulster Circuit - S Woods (\$743 m.p.h.)
Sentor Tourist Trophy, Isle of Man - S Woods (3 hr. 25 min. 35 sec., & 24 m.p.h.)

Junior Tourist Trophy .- S. Woods (3 hr. 23 min. 20 sec : 78 08 m.p.h.).

Light-Weight Trophy .- S. Gleave (3 hr 41 mm 23 sec. : 71'59 m.p.h ).

#### WORLD'S RECORDS.

Fastest Trip on Land —Sir Malcolm Campbell in Blue Rird, 272 326 m p h , Daytona Beach, Florida, U S A., Feb. 22, 233.

Fastest Tripon Water .- Gar Wood, U S A , at Michigan Lake, record 197'43 m.p.h.

Motor Cycling Speed Record on the Track.—238 339 m p h J. S. Wright, Monthlery, Paris, Aug 22, 2930; on the road, 252 342 m.p.h , J. S. Wright, Cork, Nov. 6, 1930. Motor Cycling (International Official Record).—zzo 8 miles, C. W. S. Lacey, Monthlery, Sept. 20, 2022.

MOTOR BOAT INTERNATIONAL (Harmsworth Trophy), 2933. Gar Wood, U.S.A., beat Hubert Paine, G.B., in three races, at Algonac, Michigan, Sept. 3-4, 1923.

#### AIR SPEED RECORD.

April 20, 2933.—Warrant Officer Agello, over Lake Garda, Italy, 483'76 m.p.h. (668'403 kilometres).

#### THE UNIVERSITY BOAT RACE.

Year	Winner	1D. 8	Won by
zges	Cambridge	20 27	4è lengths
<b>2983</b>	Oxford	20 54	of a length.
2004	Cambridge	18 41	4 lengths.
	Cambridge	21 50	30 lengths o
2986 2986	Cambridge	10 20	5 lengths.
1007	('ambridge	20 T4	3 lengths
2907 2900	Cambridge	80 RK	so lengths.
1929	Cambridge	10 24	7 lengths.
1930	Cambridge	19 9	2 lengths.
1931	Cambridge	19 26	24 lengths.
2038	Cambridge	19 31	5 lengths.
1033	Cambridge	20 57	al lengths.

Oxford were waterlogged.

#### WORLD'S SCULLING CHAMPIONSHIP.

Year	Winner and Country
1000	E. Barry beat A. Felton (N.S.W)
2081	DA. Hadfield beat R. Arnai (N.Z.).
1982	J. Puddon beat Hadfield (N.Z.).
1983	J. Paddon Hadfield (N S.W )
1024	J. Paddon A. Felton (Queensland).
2924	
1985	M Goodsell ,, J. P McDevitt (N.S.W.).
1925	M Goodsell , . P. Hannan (N S W ).
1925	M. Goodsell , J. Paddon (N S W.).
1986	M Goodsell., Tom Saul (N.S.W).
1987	M. Goodsell H. A. Barry (Vancouver).
zga8	H A. Barry M Goodsell (Vancouver)
2030 May	E. A. Phelia beat H. A. Barry (Thames).
2930 Oct.	E. A. Phelps H. A. Barry (Thames)
1930 (10.	E. A. Phelps , M. Goodsell (Los Angeles)
1932 Sept	P. A. Frieipa ,, m. Modarii (Amangriea)
1933 Sept.	R H. Pearce ,, E. A Phelps (Toronto)

#### HENLEY REGATTA, 1933.

Grand Challenge Cup .- London R ( beat Berliner R.C.,

Silver Goblets -- Eton Vikings heat Royal Chester R C 9m. 178. Diamond Sculls -T. G. Askwith (Peterhouse, Cam) bent H. L. Warren (Trinity, Cam.) 9m. 78

# OTHER AQUATIC EVENTS, 1933.

Wingfield Scalls.—L. F. Southwood (Thames R C )
Doggett's Coat and Bodge.—Eric L. Phelps (Patnet)

# AMATEUR PUNTING IN 1983.

Singles.—H. R. Higginson Doubles.—J. A. Urquhart and A. Esson-Scott. Women.—Miss R. E. Chart Professional Purtisu 1933.—Albert Edwards

#### TENNIS IN 1988.

Amateur Championskip.—L. Lees best Lord Aberdare.
Amateur Four, Handed Championskip.—Lord Aberdare
and W. D. Macpherson best E. M. Baerlein and
L. Lees.
Open Championskip.—W. Groom (M. C. C. professional).
University Matches.—Winners, First Strings, Oxford
(W. Yarr Robinson). Second Strings, Oxford (W. Aurr Robinson). Second Strings, Oxford (W. Aurr Robinson).

M.C.C Pruses—(Gold) Lord Aberdare; (Silver) R. Aird. Bathurst Cap.—Great Britain beat America. Coupé de Paris —Lord Aberdare.

#### RACQUETS, 1933.

Singles.—I. Aker-Douglas beat Lord Aberdare.
Doubles.—E. A. Wags and I. Aker-Douglas beat J C. F.
Simpson and C. S. Crawley.
Gafford and Cambridge.—Singles: J. M. Stow (C.).
Doubles: J. M. Stow, A. H. S. Reid (C.). 'Cambridge,

#### SQUASH RACQUETS, 1932-83.

Amateur Championship.-F. D. Amr Bey beat F. Snell. Open Championship.-F. D. Amr Bey beat D. Butcher pro.).

Oxford and Ounbridge.—Cambridge W A Lewthwaite.

J. A. (illies, D. J. Burnett, C. L. W. Sheepshanks,

A. H. S. Reid) 5-6.

# OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE.

# Principal Events and Winners, 1988.

Principal Events and Winners, 1933.
The first Circket Match between Oxford and Cambridge was on June 4, 1827, on Lord's Ground; the result was unfinished. Annual contests started in 1838, in Rowing, Oxford and Cambridge met in 1820 at Henley (Hambledon Lock to Henley Bridge, 24 miles), and Oxford won easily in 14min, 20 sec. The next match was in 1826 from Westminster to Futney, and Cambridge won in 26 min. but for several years Henley Results was need for the match. The first regularly annual ruce on The Athletic Sports were instituted in 1854, and the first meeting was on Ohrist Church Oricket Ground Since 2855, London has always been the ground.

-			-	,
Event.	Summary of Results.			Result,
	Oxf'd	('amb	Drawn.	1939-33.
Cricket (1827)	38	44	24	Drawn
Boat Ruce (1889),	40	44	1 1	Camb.
Ruckets (zers).	32	35	17	Camb
Tennis (x8so)	14	40	15	Oxford
Billiards (x860)	33	24	10	Camb.
Shooting-				
Chancellor's (1862)	24	43	-	Camb.
Humphrey (zf 69)	30	27	-	Camb.
Athletics (x864)	30 26	33	6	Oxford
('hem (1873)	25	25	6	Oxford
Football-		-	-	
Assur intion (2873-4)	23	23	8	Camb
Rughy (1873 4)	24	23	10	Oxford
Golf (x878)	22	25	3	Camb
Polo (2879)	22	27		Camb
Cross Country (1880-1)	22	27		Oxford
Lawn Tennis (z88z)	13	15	20	Camb
Hockey (x800)	15	10		Camb
Swimming (zBox)	15	70 28	5 2	Camb.
Water Polo (z89z)	12	10	8	Camb.
Boxing (1897)	10	16	-	Oxford
Fencing (1897)	24	15	5	('amb.
Fencing Epec (1913)		1 3	3	Oxford
Laurosae (1903)	.8	9 7		Oxford
				VIOLU

#### Winners of Other Events.

Radminton—Cambridge, 13-0 Squash Racket—Cambridge, 2-0. Ice Hockey—Oxford, 2 o. Nkiting—Cambridge, 2 events to z. Jinitias—Oxford, 3 bunts to z. Athletic Relays—Cambridge, 4-2. Ruchy Fives—Cambridge, 2-2. Eton Fives—Oxford, 3-0. Shouting (Small-bore)—Oxford, 774 points to 773.

#### WINTER WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1983. SPEED SKATING.

World's Championship-Hans Engestangen (Norway), 198'87. FIGURE SKATING.

ns'—Karl Schaefer (Austria); Womens'—Miss Sonja Henie (Norway).

# EUROPEAN CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Mena'-Ernat Baier; Womens'-Mile Leiner; Pairs-Karl Zwaak and Mile Lilla Pape.

# SKATING AND CHIEF OTHER EVENTS, 1933.

SEATING AND CHIEF OTHER EVENTS, 1933.

England Righer Champronship (England Style)—E A.

Johnstone; Hand-and-Hand, E. A. Johnstone and
Miss Whyatt; international Spile (Mens)—J. F.

Page; (Ladies)—Miss M. Philips; (Pairs)—R.

Muriock and Miss M. Philips.

Create Run (Featon Gold Onp)—C. B. Holland (US A.)

Page Skied—E. A. Johnstone, Westminster Kink,

ondon.

Joe Hockey-Oxford beat Cambridge, 2 goal to 0.
England N.S.A. Championship, 2933 — C. W. Horn,
4 min. 52; sec.. Lingay Fen.

# PRINCIPAL RACING AND OTHER PIXTURES FOR 1984,

PRINGIPAL RACING AND

RACING

Victory Steeplechase (In unkelled, 3 miles)—Feb. 3.

Troytown Steeplechase (Lingskeld, 3 miles)—Feb. 3.

National Trad Steeplechase (Lingskeld, 3 miles)—Feb. 3.

National Hant Steeplechase (Calebraham, 4 miles)—Mart. 7.

Grand Mittary Cup (Sandown, 2 milles)—March 21.

Lineolashire Handicap (1 miles)—March 22.

Lineolashire Handicap (1 miles)—March 23.

Lineolashire Handicap (1 miles)—March 23.

Lineosahire Steeplechase (Maschesfer, 3) miles)—April 2.

Lancashire Steeplechase (Maschesfer, 3) miles)—April 2.

Areal Matropolitian (Ryom, 2 miles)—April 24.

Craven Stakes (Newmarket, 2 mile)—April 24.

Craven Stakes (Newmarket, 2 mile)—April 25.

Seco Genness (2 mile)—May 2.

Victoria Cup (Harst Park, 7 furlongs)—May 5.

Chester Cup (2) miles)—May 16.

Manchester Cup (2) mile)—May 25.

Derby (3 mile)—June 3.

Manchester Cup (2) mile)—June 7.

Coke (3 mile)—June 7.

Coke (4 mile)—June 7.

Coke (4 mile)—June 7.

Coke (4 mile)—June 7.

Coke (4 mile)—June 7.

Coke (5 mile)—June 7.

Coke (6 mile)—June 7.

Coke (6 mile)—June 7.

Lacot Stakes (6 mile)—June 14.

Acot Stakes (8 mile)—June 19. Coronation (Exp (s) mile)—June 7.

Ords (s) mile)—June 8.

Masobury Summer Cup (s) mile)—June 14.

Asott Stakes (s miles)—June 28.

Asott Stakes (s miles)—June 28.

Asott Stakes (s miles)—June 28.

Grand Prac (Exp (s) miles) and 5 ards)—June 28.

Grand Prac (s) pris (s) miles and 18.

Grand Prac (s) pris (s) miles and 18.

Grand Prac (s) pris (s) miles and 18.

Frinces of Water's Stakes (s) miles—June 29.

July Stakes (Necontrict, 5 furlongs 240 yards)—July 3.

Frinces of Water's Stakes (s) miles—July 29.

Scaura's Cup (s furlongs)—July 32.

Scootwood Cup (s miles 3 furlongs)—Aug 2.

Ebor Handscop (Jork, 21 miles—Aug, 29.

Generack Stakes (s) furlongs—Aug, 29.

Frinces Edward Handscop (Manchester, 21 miles)—Sept 2.

Champagne Stakes (Inconcester, 6 furlongs)—Sept 3.

Newborry, Marches (Astronarket, 3 miles—Oct 4.

Newborry, Marches (Astronarket, 3 miles—Oct 6.

Ceatrecitch (s) miles—Oct, 27.

Maddle Park Stakes (of miles)—Oct, 28.

Cambridgeshere (s mile s furlongs)—Oct, 38.

Cambridgeshere (s miles—Oct, 27.

Marches Towenber Handscop (s) miles—Nov, 28.

Briter November Handscop (s) miles—Nov, 28.

Waterloo (s) miles—Nov, 28.

Waterloo (s) miles—Nov, 24.

Waterloo (s) miles—Nov, 24.

Waterloo (s) miles—Nov, 24.

Waterloo (s) miles—Nov, 24.

Waterloo (s) miles—Nov, 24.

Waterloo (s) miles—Nov, 24.

Waterloo (s) miles—Nov, 24. Manchester November Handscap (1) mile)—Nov. 24.

OTHER FIXTURES, 2934
Waterloo Cup—Coursing—Feb. 24. 26.
Fritzs Indicatries Rur. Feb. 24. 26.
Feb. 29—March Arch 19 (2) bout 2 F.M.]
A B A. Championshirs, A libert Hall—March 22.
Flaying Fields Iny—April 23.
Ford 3—Oxford v. Cambridge—July 2 4 (provisional).

Eton v. Harrow—July 6 7 (provisional)
Alderskof Tattoo—June 5, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23
Attendances (1993) (29, 237; (1996) 173, 197. (1997) 189, 475; (1998) 237, 100; (1993) 243, 250
(1993) 403,000, (1993) 421, 250
Fencing, (197ord v. Cambridge, Foil and Sabres (London F.C. St. James)—Feb. 27.
Fracting, Uzford and Cambridge, Epec Match (Oxford).—
May 22.

Golf, Oxford v. Cambridge (Formbu)—Maych.—20. May 12.

Golf, Oxford v. Cambridge (Formby) — March 27-28.

Golf, English Amateur. — April 23-29.

Golf, English Amateur. — April 23-29.

Golf Amateur. Prestock— May 28-3 June v.

Golf Amateur. Prestock— May 28-3 June v.

Golf Open, Sandwock— June 29-30.

Royal Tox-transent, Olympia— May 27- June 2.

Royal Air Porce Pageant (Hendon)— June 29
Hard Courts (Bournemouth)— April 29. May 2-5.

Wimbledon: — The Championships (Lawn Tennis) —

June 29- July 7.

Aldershot Show—July 4-7.

Redes Regulati—July 4-5.

Northern Command Tattoo (Ravensworth Castle, nr.

Neveaudie)— July 2-3 da 2-24. Healey Regatta—uny \$, 5, ..., 'Ravensworth Castle, nr. Novenstle)—July 9 and 10-14 Windledon—Davis Gup Challenge Round—July 25, 27, 28 Coves Week—July 39-Aug. 4. Coves Week—July 39-Aug. 4. Coves Week—July 39-Aug. 4. Julin Horse Shove—July 31, Aug. 2-4. Southern Command 9th Annual Tidworth Tattoo—Aug 4 and 7-12 Attendance (1932) 139-875.

Motor Show, Ulympia—Oct. 12-28.

Wales Department of the April 20 Association (A), Representative Matches (A) are Amateur, R Representative Matches (A) England v. Ireland (A), Hord—Feb. 17. Scotland v. Wales (A), Edinburgh—March 10. Scotland v. Bengland (A), Glasgow—March 24. Ireland v. Scotland (A), Belfast—April 21. England v. Scotland (A), Belfast—April 21. England v. Scotland (A), Wenbley—April 24. Army (up (A), Aldershot—April 22. F.A. Anateur (up—April 22. F.A. National (up, Wembley—April 24. Belfast) Victoria 11.

F.A. National Cup, Wembley—April ...

Wales v Rugland, Oxfulf—Jan. ...

Scotland v. Wales, Edinburgh—Feb 3.

Ireland v England, Dublin—Feb 3.

Royal Navy v. R.A.F., Twickenham—Feb 3e,

Royal Navy v. W. ...

Royal Navy v. Army, Twickenham—March 3. Scottanu v Freinat, Famburga.—F65 224. Royal Navy v Army, Twickenham.—March 3. Wales v Ireland, Swansea.—March 22. England v. Scotland. Twickenham.—March 24. Army v. R.A.F., Twickenham.—March 24.

HOCKEY
England P. Wales, in Wales—March 2.
England V. Scolland, Beckenham—March 27.
England v. Ireland, in Ireland—March 27.

CRICKET

CRICKET.
Australian Tour.
First Test, Nottingham—June 2, 9, 22, 23, 25
Second Test, Lord's—June 22, 23, 25
Third Test, Manchester—July 6, 7, 9, 20
Fourth Test, Leeds—July 20, 21, 23, 24
Fifth Test, Cval—Aug. 23, 20, 22, 23 and, if the "rubber" is dependent, to be played to a finish

is dependent, to be played to a minst
CROSS COUNTRY CHAMPIONSHIPS.
Universities—Athletic Union—Feb 27
Pustricts—Midland, North and South—Feb 24.
National—Himley Park, Dudley—March 26.
R.A.F.—Henlow—March 26.
Army—Wi., dior—March 26.
International Race, Ayr—March 24.
Inter-Services—March 26 (prov.).

Inter-Services—March 26 (prov.).

ATHLEFICS.

ATHLEFICS.

The Sports—Oxford & Cambridge, White City—March 20 Road Walking, 20 miles Championships—May 22,

Polytechnic Starathon and Kinnaird Shield—White City—May 22,

A. M. Championships—White City—July 23, 24,

Oxford and Cambridge v. Princeton and Cornell—White City—July 23, 24,

City—July 28 (provisional).

England v. Frances—White City—Aug 2, 4, 6

World's Womens' Championships—White City—Aug 2, 4, 6

# COURSING-WATERLOO CUP.

Year	NOMINATOR.	WIAAFE.
1986 1987 1988 1989 1930 1931 1932 1933	Mr. J. Jarvis. Mr. A. Gordon Smith. Mrs. Sofer Whitburn. Mr. A. Gordon Smith. Mr. G. Smith. Mr. T. (xok. Mr. Mr. W. Killis. Mr. J. L. Jarvis.	Golden Seal. White Collar. Golden Surprise. Church Street Conversion Ben Tinto.

TACHTING.

THE AMERICA CUP.

The first America, yeart won on August se, 1851, and every race has been won since by the U.S.A.

Shannrock I lost to Columbia, 1892; Shamrock II lost to Columbia, 1992; Shamrock III. lost to Reliance, 1993; Shamrock V. lost to Recolute, 1990; Shamrock V lost to Enterprise, 1990.

King's Cup at Course.—Velaheda (W. L. Stephenson).
On the second day the King's Britannia best Velsheda, Channel race, from Cowes to Havre Lightship and back—Altair.

RACING		i. Rules (Steeplechases)	
- JANUARY.	4 Royal Artillery M (Sandown Park). 6, 7 Catterick Bridge. 6, 7 Worcester. 6, 7 Aldershot bona fid Military M	JUNE.	27. Fontuell Park. 29. 80 Yarmouth 29-81. Ayr (Western M ).
z, s. Manchester	6. 7 Catterick Bridge.	s. z. Doncaster. a. Windsor.	19. so Yarmouth 19-at. Ayr (Western M ).
1. Plumpton 3.4 Worsester. 5.6. Gatwick	6,7 Worcester.	5-8. Epsom. 9. Kempton Park	19, 20. Taunton. 21, 22. Windsor.
5, 6. Gatwick	Military M	9 Bogside.	22. Bogside
a Laigneten		9 Pontefract. 22, 22 Birmingham.	24, 25. Lefcester 24, 25. Hamilton Park.
20, 22. Lingfield Park 28, 13. Windsor	7 Bangor. 7 Beaufort Hunt. 7 Southdown bong fil	zz, zz. Lewes.	24, 25. Leicester 24, 25. Hamilton Park. 26, 27. Gatwick. 26, 27. Pontefract.
12, 13, Windsor 15, 16 Birmingham, 17, 18. Hurst Park	9, 20 Warwick. [Hunt	zz, zz. Lewes. zz, z4. Newbury. zz, z4. Beverley & E. Riding zz, z6. Gatwick.	
10. 20. Newburn	11, 18. Doncaster. 11, 18 Ladlow.	25, 26. Gatwick. 15, 26 Ayr.	26, 27. Perth Hant. 28, 29. Newbury. 28, 29. Lanark
sa, s3. Derby. s4. Chelinsford.	22. SedoeAeld.	15, 16 ('henstow	26. 29. lanark 20. Towcester.
26, 27. Kempton Park.	13, 14. Newbury 13, 14. Bogside J. C. & N H	23 Windsor.	OCTOBER.
31, Feb 1. Sandown Park.	24. Quora Hunt. 26, 27. Edinburgh. 26. Chelmsford.	az. Hamilton Park.	z. s. Birmingham z. Wys.
FEBRUARY.	16. Chelmsford. 16, 17. Uttoxeter.	a6 a8 Newcastle & Gosforth	a.s. Newmarket.
2. 3 Lingfield Park 3 Wolverhampton		27, 28. Brighton	3. Market Rasen
e 6. Warwick.	17 10. Newmarket. 18, 19. Chellenham 18. Tarporley. 18. Rothbury. 20, 21 Lingfield Park	29, 30 Sandown Park	4. Colveall Park 5. 6. Thirsk.
7. 8 Gatterek	18. Rothbury.	JULY.  ** Wolverhampton	6. Kempton Park. 6. Stratford-on-Arem 8. 9. Nottingham.
8 Tamiton.	so, at. Ayr.	3 6. Newmarket. 3 5. Carlisle.	8, 9. Nottingham. 20, 22 Chepstow.
9, 20. Hurst Park. 22, 23. Nottengham	so, st. Ayr. st Stratford-on-Avon st Old Surrey & Burston bona fide Hunt	7. Alexandra Park 7. Hamilton Park	10, 11 Chepitow. 10, 11 York 10, 12. Fontwell Park
22 Plumpton.			10, 11. Fontwell Park 12, 13. Haydock Park.
26, 27. Sandown Park	24 26. Ensom.	9, 29 Nottingham 20 22 Bibury (Salisbury), 22, 22 Pontefract	12, 13. Haydock Park. 12, 13. United Bord (Kelso) 13. Alexandra Park. 13. Wincanton
	25, 26. Pontefract. 25, 26 Hexham.	zo za Bibury (Salishury),	13. Alexandra Purk.
19, 20, Derby. 21, 22 Newbury. 21, 22 Haydock Park. 23, 24 Lingfield Park.	s6 Taunton	13. 34 Lingfield Park	13 Wincanton 15. Uttozer 16-19 Newmarket 17, 18. Cardif. 17, 18. Hexham.
23, 24 Lingfield Park.	27, 26. Sandown Park, 27, 26. Stockton.	16. 17 AVI.	17, 18. Cardif.
23, 24. Manchester. 26, 27. Bermenham. 28, Mar z. Kempton Park	27, 26 Newport. 28 Bridgeorth	17 19 Newmarket 18, 19. Bath	29, so Catterick Bridge
	O United Hunts (Ling field Park).	18, 19. Lanark. 20, 21. Sandown Park	17, 18. Isszam. 19, 20. Cattorick Bridge 20. Lingfield Park. 20. Southwell. 21. 22. Wolverhampton 23. 24. Newcastle & Gosforth
MARCH.		20, 21 Bogside 23, 24. Lefcester.	as, s3. Wolverhampton
2, 3 staturck. 2, 3 Aldershot bona side	MAY.		
Milita M.	1-4. Newmarket, 2. 2. United Bord. (Kelso) 2, 3. Fontwell Park.	25-27 Idverpool 27, s8 Hurst Park. 28, 30 Worcester	24, 25. Worrester 24, 25. Wetherby.
5 Shirley. 6-8 National Haut (Chel	a, 3. Fontwell Park.	28, 30 Rdinburgh	as. Sandown Park.
tenham). 9, 10 Catterick Bridge	3 Nurley. 3 Woore Hunt. 4.5 Thirsk.	3z, Aug z-3 Goodwood AUGUST.	26, 27. Newbury. 27. Stockton.
o. 10 Hurst Park	4. 5 Thirsk. 5. Hurst Park.   neck	3, 4. Catterick Bridge	29, 30 Nottingham. 29 Wye. 30 31, Nov 1, 2. Newmarket 31, Nov. 1. Mancheste.
14, 13 Wolverhampton 12 Melton Hunt.	O. (MUYSTY) & IAGHINN)	3. 4. Catterick Bridge 4. Alexandra Park 4. 6 Chepstow 6. Sandown Park.	30 3z, Nov z, z. New man ket
12 Whe. 14 Chelmsford	7 Market Rasen 7. 8. Pershore.	6. Sandown Park.	NOVEMBER.
	8 to (thester	6, 7. Ripon. 6, 7. Birmingham.	a. 3. Thirak.
15. Plumpton 16 17. Grand Military M.	9, 10. Folkestone. 9, 10. Manmouth.	6. 7. Newton Abhot.	2. 3. Cheltenham.
(Eandown Park).	9, 10. Manmouth. 9 , indyefteld	8, 9. Haydock Park	3. Hurst Park. 5. 6 Leicester.
[Flat Race Season opens ]	zz, za Kempton Park. zz, za. Ripon	7.9. Brighton. 8, 9. Haydock Park 20, 22. Lewes. 20, 22. Thirsk.	5. 0. Hawthorn Hill.
zo. Colsnell Park.	TT Wenlook		7. Cheimstord.
19, 20 Hawthorn Hill 22 24 Liverpool(J.C & N.H.	zz. Stratford-on-Aron. zz. Alexandra Park zz. Littoxeter.	13, 14. Folkestone. 15, 16. Kempton Park. 17, 18. Windsor.	9, zo. Windsor.
26, 27. Nottingham. 27 Household Brigade	14, 15. Uttoxeter.		zz. Wolverhampton.
(Hanthorn Hill)	16, 17. Newton Abbot.	so, si. Wolverhampton. sr-sg. Stockton.	13-15. Derby. 16, 17. Catterick Bridge
Ade Military M	14. Alexandra Park 14. S. Uttoxeter. 15. 17. Newmarket. 16. 17. Newton Abbot. 18. 19 Gatwick. 18. 19 Haydock Park. 19. Hamilton Park.	32, 33, Bath.	ző, zy. Chepstor. zy. Lingfield Park. zy-zz. Warwick.
(Hawthorn Hill).	19. Hamilton Park.	24, 25. Hurst Park.	19-21. Warwick. 23-24. Manchester.
31 Chepatow.	19. Southwell.	28 30. York.	23, 24. Innofield Park
an Conthanall	zo Towcester.	31, Sept. z. Gatwick	26, 27. Birmingham. 28, 29. Newbury.
31-April a. Corisele. 31-April a Manchester 31-Apr a. Kempton Park	ar as Redcar.	SEPTEMBER.	30, Dec. z. Haydock Park 30, Dec. z. Kempton Park
31-Apr s. Kempton Park	az, as. Wolverhampton az, as Buckfastleigh.	I Hamilton Park 3, 4. Lewes.	DECREBER.
APRIL.	az. Bungay. az, az. Cardif.	3 Southwell. 4-6. Derby.	3, 4. Laiosster 5, 6 Gatwick.
a, 3 Birmingham.	ax. Carimel.	4. 6 Brighton.	7. 8 Sandown Park
a, 3. Newcastle & Gosforth a, 3. Cardif. a. Hereford. a. Huntingdon. a. Market Rasen. a, 3 Torquay. a, 3 Torcester	at. Herkam. at. Huntingdon.	7. 8. Folkestone.	
a. Hereford.	zz. Huntingdon. zz. Wetherby. zz. Wincanton.	7, 8. Manchester.	10. 21. Nottinghum. 20. Plumpton 18. 23. Windsor
a. Market Rasen.	ag-s6. Manchester.	zo. Sharley.	
a, 3 Torquay.	as so Lingfield Park	12 14. Doncaster.	17-19. Derby.
a, 3. Wetherby.	ag-a6. Manchester. ag as Yarmouth ag as Lingfield Park as Colwall Purk. as Tork.	IR Alexandre Davis	14. 15. Plant Park 19-19. Derby. 26. 27. Kempton Park 26. 27. Wolverhampton. 26. Sedogfield. 28. 29. Nowbury 32. Cheltenham.
8. Erjage with june 12 mm	.so. 30. Bath. 32, June z. Salisbury.	15. Ripon. 17, 18. Warwick. 17, 18. Edinburgh	ss. so Newbury
4. 5. Laicester	31, supe 1. Samedry.	17, 18. Edinburgh	gz. Cheltenham.

# The British Empire.

## AREA AND POPULATION.

Continental Distribution.	English Square Miles.	Estimated Population.
In Europe In Asia In Africa In North America In Central America In the West Indies In South America In Oceania	121,512 1,824,550 4,652,000 3,893,020 8,600 12,300 97,800 3,300,000	48,000,000 365,000,000 60,000,000 50,000 50,000 2,000,000 320,000
Total	13,909,782	493,370,000

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION .- The British Empire occupies over one-quarter of the known surface of the globe, and its population exceeds one-quarter of the estimated number of the human race. The total area is distributed almost equally over the Northern and Southern Hemispheres, but more than two-thirds lie in the Eastern and less than one-third in the Western Hemisphere.

ETHNOLOGY.-The estimated white population

ETHNOLOGY.—The estimated white population of the Dominions in 1921 was 90,000,000, mainly British and Irish, but partly French, Dutch, and Spanish. The remaining 430,000,000 include 360,000,000 of the native races of India and Ceylon, 40,000,000 black races, 6,000,000 Arabs, 6,000,000 Mislays, 1,000,000 Chinese, and 2,000,000 Polynesians, with various other elements, including 100,000 "Red Iudians" in Canada.

RELIGIONS.—Of the total population over

RELIGIONS.—Of the cost population of the second cost industrial second are findus, 100,000,000 Muhammadans, 80,000,000 Christians (67,000,000 Protestants, 13,000,000 Roman Catholics), 12,000,000 Bludhlists, 12,000,000 Animists, 4,000,000 Slichs, Jains and Parsees, 750,000 Jews, and the remainder with which religious to select the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the second cost of the seco with tribal religions.

CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT.-There is no fundamental law upon which the Constitution of rundaments i isw upon which the Constitution of the British Empire rests, but there are three main principles underlying its administration, viz., self-government, self-support, and self-defence. The first of these principles has been applied for many years, and is fully developed in the case of Canada, Newfoundland, Australis, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa, and the Irish Free State. The second principle is New Zealand, the Union or South Africa, and the Irish Free State. The second principle is equally developed, almost every unit being financially self-supporting, and few requiring aid from the central Government. The third principle is of modern growth, and may be said

to be the outcome of the Imperial Conference.

THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.—The origin of the Imperial Conference may be traced to the presence in London (in 1887) of the Primc Ministers of the various Dominions, at the cele-Ministers of the various Dominions, at the cele-brations of the Jubilee of Queen Victoria. Simi-lar gatherings took place in London in 1897, 1902, 1907 and 1911, and in 1907 the title of "Colonial" Conference was changed to Imperial Conference. At the earlier meetings the Colonial Secretary

with the sessions of the Imperial War Cabinet, was called the Imperial War Conference, and was held under the Chairmanship of the Secretary of State for the Colonies. In gaz, the Premiers' or State for the Colonies. In rgsz, the Primeer's Conference, under the Presidency of the Prime Minister of Great Britain, discussed all matters of general interest to the Empire as a whole. The constitution of the Conference, which again met in rgsz, rgs6 and rggo, is as follows:—The Prime Ministers and other Ministers and other Ministers and other Ministers. follows:—The Frime samisters and other frimesters of the United Kingdom, Canada, Commonwealth of Australia, New Zealand, Union of South Africa, the Irish Free State, and Newfoundland, the Secretary of State for India and other representatives of India. The Secretariat of the Conference is provided by the Government ments represented.

SELF - GOVERNMENT. - (x) Great Britain, The Constitution recognises certain great principles, including the fair administration of justice, the prohibition of taxation without the consent of the people, and a limited monarchy, the power of the monarch being, in effect, wielded by a Ministry supported by a majority of the by a Ministry supported by a majority of the House of Commons, the members of which House are elected on a wide franchise, exercised by electors of both sexes. The component parts of the British Government are the King; the Legislature (House of Lords and House of Commons); the Executive, appointed by the Sovereign and responsible to Parliament; and the Judicature.

(a) The Indian Empire.—India is governed by the King as Emperor, acting on the advice of the Secretary of State for India, who is assisted by a Council whose members are appointed by the Secretary of State. The latter is responsible to, and represents the authority of. Parliament. Subject to the Secretary of State's direction, the Governor-General and his Executive Council, with a legislature of two houses, the Council of State of 60 members (of whom not more than so are government officials), and the Legislative Assembly of 145 members (26 official).

(3) Imperial Dominions.—Until 1931, all British Obminions were subject (except as regards taxation) to the legislation of the British Parliament, but no Act of Parliament affected a Dominion unless that Dominion was specially mentioned, and if the legislature of a Dominion enacted a law presided, but with the change of title additional presided, but with the change of title additional presided, but with the change of title additional presidency by the Primm which was given to the assembly by the unless that Dominion was specially mentioned, and if the legislature of a Dominion enacted a law Minister of Great Britain. In 1917 and 1918 which was repugnant to an Imperial law affecting the Conference, which was held concurrently: the Dominion, it was to the extent to which it was

repugnant absolutely void. The Statute of West-minster (which received the Royal Assent Dec. 22, says) removed the restrictions on legislative autonomy of the self-governing Dominions. Dominion legislatures may be controlled by the refusal of the Governor's assent to any measure passed; by reservation of a measure for the consideration of the Crown, and refusal of the Crown's assent; by a suspensory clause and the refusal of the Royal assent. Subject to such control the parliament of a self-governing Dominion exercises within its borders all the ordinary powers of a sovereign assembly. The Imperial Dominions may be divided into four classes, according to the way in which they are governed :-

(a) Those having Dominion Status. Where "Dominion Status" is enjoyed the executive is entrusted to political chiefs who are responsible, not merely or mainly to the Crown, but to the elected legislature of the Dominion. The Dominions thus governed are Canada, Newfoundand, Australia, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa, and the Irish Free State. Malta and Southern Rhodesia have "responsible govern-

ment, but certain powers are reserved.

(b) Where there is government by legislative assembly wholly or partly elected, and an executive council nominated by the Crown or the Governor representing the Crown. In this class may be placed Northern Rhodesia, the Bahamas, Barlados, Bermuda, British Guisna, Jamaica, Leeward Islands, and Mauritius.

(c) Where there is government by a Governor acting with an executive and a legislative council,

the councils being nominated by the Crown or a the councils being hominated by the Crown or a Governor representing the Crown. Dependencies so governed include Ceylon, Falkland Islanda, Fiji, Gambia, Gibraltar, Kenya, Nigeria, St. Vincent, Sierra Leone, Straits Settlements, Tanganyika, Trinidad. (d) Wherein both legislative and executive

powers are vested in the Governor alone. In this class are Labuan and St. Helena, where power is also reserved to the Crown to legislate by Order in Council. In South Africa, Bechuanaland, Basutoland, and Swaziland are governed in substantially the same way, but no power is reserved to the Crown.

(e) Protectorates. The protectorates are countries which, as regards their foreign relations, are under the exclusive control of the Crown.
The protectorates of the British Empire include Nyasaland, Somaliland, Swaziland, Uganda.

(f) Spheres of Influence. A sphere of influence may be described as an area wherein other Powers undertake not to attempt to acquire influence or territory by treaty or annexation; such British spheres exist in the Persian Gulf and in Arabia.

(g) Mandatory Spheres, where the responsibility for securing good government and a reasonable development of natural resources is confided to an already established government by man-date from the League of Nations. Such British spheres are parts of the former German Colonies in West Africa, and the former Turkish govern-ment of Palestine. SELF-SUPPORT.—With but few exceptions the

British Dominions are self-supporting, revenue being raised locally to meet the expenditure. Occasional grants are made by the Central Government to meet exceptional expenditure, or in aid of administration in the earlier stages

Authority, e.g., the Nigerian purchase, the Uganda Railway, &c. No taxes are imposed on the subjects of a Dominion or Colony by the tine subjects or a Dominion or Colony by the Central Government, as such subjects are not directly represented in the British House of Commons; this principle, "No taxation without representation," was the mainspring of the revolt in the North American Colonies at the close of the eighteenth century. Since that disastrous attempt to impose taxes without the consent of the taxpayer, the principle which had for many the taxpayers, the principle, which had for many years been accepted in Great Britain, has become an accepted maxim of British Overseas administration.

SELF-DEFKNCE. — The Dominions, generally, provide for the defence of their immediate area, but the general strategical defence of the Empire is undertaken by the United Kingdom Government. Questions affecting general strategical defence are considered and determined by the Imperial Defence Committee, which co-ordinates the work of the sea, land and air forces. In the Great War of 1974-1978 the Dominions provided Armies or Contingents, which fought in every area and bore a full share of the sacrifices by which victory was achieved. The land and air forces of the Dominions are maintained at the expense of the Dominious concerned. The amounts provided for Naval Defence in the estimates of the under-mentioned parts of the estimates of the under-mentioned parts of the Empire for the year 1930-31 are as follows:—Great Britain £51,739,000; Canada \$3,600,000; Australia £1,736,533; New Zealand £675,480 (including £185,000 as a contribution towards the Naval Base at Singapore, and £100,000 interest and sinking fund on account of H.M.S. New Zealand); Union of South Africa £78,560. The proportion of expenditure on Naval Defence to the total Import and Export trade of these parts of the Empire is as follows: Great Britain 3'04 per cent.; Canada o'15 per cent.; Australia 1'06 per cent.; New Zealand o'77 per cent. Union of South Africa o'04 per cent. Per caput of population the expenditure is, Great Britain Ar as. 7d.; Canada 36 cents; Australia 5s. 6d.; New Zealand 5s. 2d.; Union of South Africa (European population only) 25/2d. As regards Colonies not possessing responsible governments, contributions to Imperial Defence are paid to the War Office.

THE LEGISLATURE.—The Parliament of Great Britain is the supreme legislative authority of the Empire. This Parliament has, with the consent of the King-Emperor, delegated its legisiative authority to other parliaments constituted by itself, while retaining a general supervision of Imperial affairs. The Secretaries of State for the Dominions and Colonies are Cabinet Ministers, their active participation in the government of the nations of the Empire decreasing with the measure of self-government accorded to each. Parliament also exercises a control

over Indian affairs through a Secretary of State,
THE JUDICATURE.—The Supreme Judicial Authority of the Empire is the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, before which appeals may be brought (in the form of a petition to the Crown) from Consular Courts and Courts of Vice-Admiralty, and from the Courts of India and every British Dominion. The Committee (see p. 33s) consists of such members of the Privy Council as have held or are holding high judicial office, provision being made for the inclusion of repre-sentatives of India and the self-governing Doof development. Certain capital expenses are sentatives of India and the self-governing Do-also undertaken from time to time by the Central minions. India and the Dominions have each a judicial system, with judges appointed by the Crown. The Supreme Judicial Authority for Great Britain and Northern Ireland is the House of Lords.

EDUCATION.—Universities (see pp. 406-417) and University Colleges have been established and degrees are conferred. Under the will of Cecil degrees are conserved. Under the will of cells Bhodes scholarships were founded at Oxford, his old University, for students from the British Dominions and Colonies, the United States of America, and Germany. Rhodes Scholarships, of the annual value of £400 tenable at any college at Oxford, are awarded in each of the United States and Germany. States, in each State or Province of Canada, Australia and South Africa (where there are also scholarships for Rhodesia and for certain towns and schools in Cape Colony), in New Zealand, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Bermuda and Malta. The normal number in residence together is about 196, of whom 190 come from the British Empire and 96 from America. Secretary to the Rhodes Trustees, The Marquess of Lothian, C.H., 17, Waterloo Place, London, S.W. I. Oxford Secretary, Dr. C. K. Allen, M.A., Rhodes House, Oxford.

Statistics issued by the Universities Bureau of the British Empire show that the total number of students from overseas attending Universities and Colleges in the United Kingdom at the beginning of the 1932-33 session was
4,915, of whom 836 are from Africa, 1,157 from
America, 1,840 from Asia, 792 from Europe, and 28z from the Pacific. The principal figures are : 28; from the Pacific. The principal figures are: India, Burma, and Ceylon, 1,39; United States, 705; South Africa, 49s; Egypt, 23; Australia, 177; Canada and Newfoundland, 213; Germany, 165; China, 153; West Indies, 154; New Zealand, 264; Russia, 36; France, 80; Japan, 47; Netherlands, 46; Poland, 43; Persia, 58; Switzerland, 50; Norway, 41.

The Davison Scholarships, established in 1923, hear hear withdraws.

have been withdrawn.

The Prince of Wales's Scholarships (founded 1932.)-Two scholarships tenable for two years at Oxford University by selected students of the

University of Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Under The Commonwealth Fund (ar East 57th
Street, New York, U.S.A.), established in 1918
by Mrs. Stephen V. Harkness, there are available for candidates of British descent a varying number of Fellowships, of an annual value of approximately \$3.000 each, tenable for two years at certain American Universities. For 1934 they may be awarded as follows:

z. Twenty Fellowships open to men and women of British descent, unmarried, under thirty years of age on Sept. 1, domiciled in England, Scotland, Wales or Ireland, and graduates of recognised universities therein;

a. Two Fellowships open to candidates of British descent from the British Dominions who have studied, but not necessarily graduated, at a University in the United Kingdom or in the Irish Free State. Candidates must be graduates of a recognised University in a British Dominion or Colony, and must fulfil the conditions regarding age and marriage prescribed above, but need not show a domicile in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

3 Five Fellowships open to candidates of British descent who hold appointments overseas under the British Government, or the Government of India, or the Government of a British Dominion, Colony, Protectorate or Mandated Territory. Candidates may be single or married,

but must not be more than thirty-five years of

age on September 1 of the year of award.

FINANCE.—Complete financial autonomy is enjoyed, in fact, by all British Dominions, and customs tariffs are in most cases the principal source of revenue. The tariffs are generally lower for merchandise of British origin than for importations from foreign countries. There is no Imperial Debt, but certain obligations of Crown Colonies and Protectorates are met in the early stages of their development by the central Government, and occasional grants in aid of revenue are also made at need. Advances so made and still outstanding are shown under the heading "National Debt" (see Index).

Stocks authorised under the Colonial Stock Act ross are Trustee Securities, and the price at which some of them may be obtained is shown

on p. 550.
PRODUCTION.—Canada, India, Australia, and Great Britain are the principal wheat-producing units. Barley, oats, rice and maize, and tea, coffee and rubber are largely cultivated, while more than half the world's output of cocca is produced in British Dominions. Cane sugar is produced in India (for local consumption), West Indies, Australia, New Zealand, Natal, and Mauritius, and beet sugar in Great Britain, Canada and elsewhere. Fruit is grown in most of the Dominions and figures largely in the sales of the London Fruit Exchange (Spitalfields). Meat is produced in large quantities in New Zealand, produced in large quantities in New Zealand, Australia and South Africa. Australia and New Zealand are the greatest wool-producing countries of 'he world, and the output of coal in Great Britain exceeds that of every country except the U.S.A.; coal is also abundant in Australia, Canada, India and South Africa. Cotton is extensively grown in India, West Africa, East Africa, Sudan, West Indies, and in the tropical parts of Australia; chantes and mechanical parts of Australia; chemical and mechanical wood pulp for paper-making is extensively produced in Canada and Newfoundland. Iron ore is found in many of the Dominions, and pig iron is largely produced; tin is produced mainly within the Commonwealth (particularly in the Malay peninsula), while 70 per cent. of the world's supply of gold is drawn from South and South-West Africa, Australia, New Zealand and Vest Africa, Australia, New Canada, in Concada, it is produced also in Borneo, British East Africa, British Guians, Ceylon, India, Malay States, Sarawak, Sudan, and West Africa. Precious stones are found in various parts of the Commonwealth, South Africa producing the principal supply of diamonds, and India of rubies and emeralds. Petroleum is produced in India, Trinidad and Canada.

CAPITAL OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.-London

(England). Population (1931), 8,303,818.
The Chief Magistrates of the following Cities of the British Empire are designated Lord Mayor (in Scotland, Lord Provest):—

*London. Dublin. Newcastle upon * | Edinburgh. Tyne. †Aberdeen. Elgin. *Adelaide. Norwich. *Belfast. * Glasgow. Nottingham.

Birming-Hull. ham. Leeds. Bradford. Leicester. Brisbane. Liverpool. Manchester. Bristol. *Melbourne. Cardiff.

Perth. Portsmouth. Sheffield. Stoke-on-Trent. *Sydney. *York.

Entitled to the prefix "Right Honourable."
 Lord Provosts

## THE BRITISH ISLES.

Divisions and Capitals.	Area		Population.		
Invisions and Capitals.	(Sq. Miles).	1911.	1981.	1931.	
England (London)	50,327	33,649,571	35,230,225	\$37,354,917	
Wales and Monmouthshire Scotland (Edinburgh)	3,016 30,405	2,420,921 4,760,904	2,656,474 4,882,497	\$2,593,014 \$4,842,554	
Northern Ireland (Belfast) Irish Free State (Dublin)	32,059	4,390,219	{ *1,256,561 *2,971,992	†1,250,000 †2,949,000	
Isle of Man (Douglas)	221	52,016	60,284	\$49,338	
Jersey (St. Helier)	45 28	51,898	49,701	\$50,455	
Guernsey, &c. (St. Peter Port)	28	45,001	40,529	§42,606	
Total	121,101	45,370,530	47,148,263		

· Census of 1986.

Distant

† Estimated for 1986. § Preliminary Report of Census.

	Bircus, Marriages and Deaths (Gr. Britain and Morthern Ireland).							
Year.	Births.	Rate per z,ccc.	Marriages.	Rate per 1,000.	Deaths.	Rate per z,eco.		
1927 1928 1929 1930 1931	777,520 783,052 761,963 769,239 749,974	17'1 16'7 16'8 16'8	348,138 343,449 353,709 355,971 381,885	15'3 15'5 15'5	568,655 543,664 623,232 536,860 573,908	12.5 11.9 13.6 11.9		

Annual Birth Rate for 50 years. England and Wales. Excess of Birth Rate over Death Rate per s,000 Pop. per i Infant Mortality Period, (under s year)
per s,000
of live births. Average per 1,000 Pop. Average per 2,000 Pop. annum 1881-1890..... 11.8 11.4 32'4 18.8 10.1 143 29 9 27 2 21 8 z8g1-1900..... 153 1901-1910... 15'4 14'3 (a) 127 1911-1920..... 7°5 100 1981-1930-----19.9 18.3 12 1 7¹ 70 65 74 60 66 4'3 18.3 16.4 11.2 19.3 19.3 1090 ..... 8.11 13'4 11'4 4.9 1930 ..... 3.2 12,3 12,0 12,3

(a) Civilian mortality only.

§ In 1990 the deaths of infants numbered 142,912 out of 890,248 live births.

In 1930 ... 38,908 ... 648,511 ...

# COMPARATIVE TABLE OF VITAL STATISTICS.

Country.	Bi	rth R	ates (	per 1,	000 P	p.).	Country	D	eath I	Rates	(per 1	,000 P	op.).
Country.	1 <b>88</b> 0	1890	1900	1910	1920	1930	Country.	188o	1890	1900	1910	1930	1930
ing. & Wales	34.8	30.8	a8 7	25.1	<b>25</b> 5	16.3	Eng. & Wales.	30.2	19.5	18.8	13.2	18'4	21.4
cotland	33.6	30.4	30.0	30.3	92.I	19.6	Scotland	19.6	19.8	18.0	14.8	14.0	13.3
reland	<b>=3.</b> 8			<b>s</b> 3.3	22.5	19.8b	Ireland		17.9	18.1	17.1	14.8	13.8
lustralia	36.0	35.8	27.2	36.4	<b>25</b> .2		Australia		14.8	18'7	10.4	II.O	
New Zealand.	38.0	31.8	25.4	36.3	25 X	18.8	New Zealand.		0.0		0.2	10.0	8.6
anada		·			36.6	83.0	Canada	·		-		10.0	10.2
In.of S. Africa					30.0	26 6c	Un. of S. Africa			• •••		11.0	,
	1 1				_		United (	regi	stra-	`			,
inited States					83.4	18.0	States(	tion	area	}17.0	12.0	13.4	11.3
ermany	37.7	36 5	36.0	3g.8	85.0		Germany	96 T	24'4	81.8	16.8	14.8	****
rance	85.8	83.I	81'4	19.7	81.4		France	22.6	32 0	81.0	17.0	17'4	14.6
taly	33.6	37'5		38.0	31.8	26.4	Italy	30.4	27.3	23.8		17.0	
enmark	31.8	31.4	30.0		25'4	18.7	Denmark	30.4	18.7	16.4			
weden	20'4	38.8	36.0	34 B	83.6	25'4	Sweden	18. I	16.4	16. I			
ustria	37 3	37.8	37.6	38 5	28.4	16.8	Austria						/
lungary			39 4			25'4	Hungary	38.6	38.1	<b>26</b> .0	83.6	30.0	
J. S. S. R.	] [	1- /			, ,	J - 5 - 7 ,	U.S.S.R.	3-	;	,	-3 -		-5 :
(European)	40 T	48 2	40.3	<b>' 44</b> '0		۱ ۱	(European)		38.3	22.2	28°0	· !	
elgium	31.1	39 I	29 0	83.7	38.I		Belgium	22.3	30 / 30 8	10.3	12.8		13.3
				rthern				(c) W					-3 :

## Deaths in England and Wales (1931) Analysed.

Total 249,717 (civilians) Males
241,913 , Females, of which 71,959 single
82,791 married
87,163 widowed

# 491,630 deaths

Causes :	Males.	Females.
Circulatory System—Heart Disease, &c	60,735	64,749
Infectious Diseases—Tuberculosis, Influenza, &c	35,886	30,684
Respiratory—Pneumonia, Bronchitis, &c.	34,384	29,623
Cancer and other Tumours	28,908	33, <b>28</b> 1
Nervous System—Apoplexy included	19,560	20,860
Digestive System	14,003	11,656
External Causes, Violence, &c.	14,547	7,031
Early Infancy	0,803	6,997
Old Age	7,121	10,867
Other Ailments and Ill-defined	25,332	26,205
	249.717	241,913
	249.717	

# Annual Mortality in England and Weles from Principal Causes.

Deaths per Million Persons Living (Standardised rates).

					. ———			
	1871-80.	x86x 90.	1892-1900	1901-10.	1911-20	2925	2930.	293Z.
Enteric Fever Smallpox Influenza Tuberculosis (all forms) Cancer Diabetes. Measles* Scarlet Fever* Diphtheris and Croup* Whooping Cough* Suicides.	2,882 484  1,038 1,908 765 1,415	199 45 20 2,444 610  1,227 903 823 1,259 76 591	175 14 363 2,021 767  1,217 439 894 1,115 88 531	91 13 208 1,646 867 93 973 311 584 876 102 464	34 o 566 z,375 928 98 89z 14z 447 596 87	10 0 274 1,017 1,002 88 520 86 86 862 594 105 358	7 101 87s 1,003 101 431 64 340 211 127 429	 288 269 209 208 341 45 258 263 

[•] At ages under 15 years.

# Violent Deaths in England and Wales, 1931.

Suicides	Males 3, <b>624</b>	Females. 1,523	Total. 5,147	(of which 1,431 coal gas, 736 hanging, 913 drowning, 676 poison).
Homicide	76	214	190	
Wounds of War	98	•••	98	1
Executions	10		10	
Accidents	9,943	5,07 <b>6</b>	15,019	(of which zz,450 by crushing or falling, 685 by drown- ing, z,397 by burns, 428 by suffocation, zz by light- ning, 24 by excessive cold, zz by excessive heat, zz
Open verdicts, &c	808	318	1,110	from hunger and thirst).
1	14,547	7,031	21,578	

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1984.

⁴ Civilian only.

# Divorces (Great Britain).

Total number of Divorces and Annulments of Marriage in England and Wales and Scotland.

Year	E & W.	Scotland.	Great Britain
1913	577	250 ·	827
1922	2,588	38z	2,970
1923	2,667	363	3,030
1924	2,286	438	2,724
1985	2,605	451	3,056
1926	2,622	425	3,047
1987	3,190	474	3,664
rgaß	4,018	504	4,522
1929	3,396	519	3,915
1930	3,563	469	4,032
1021	2 264	260	4 222

# Illegitimate Births.

Country	Total Births	Illegitimate Births
Belgium (1931)	71,866 759,846	5,511 58,347 6,869 28,086 6,003 65,568
Germany (1930) Italy (1931) Netherlands (1931) Norway (1931) Scotland (1931) Sweden (1931)	1,163,381 1,027,638 177,387 47,236 92,220 91,004	140,993 51,498 3,071 3,344 6,661 14,514

#### IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION.

#### (1) From and to Places out of Europe.

		:	1	DESTINATION	S OF THE	(BRITISH AND	D NORTH	IRISH) F	MIGRANTS	
Year	Total In- ward.	Total Ont- ward	To the British Empire.					Тос	ther Coun	tnes.
		'	North America	Australia & N.Z	South Africa	Other Dominions	Total	USA	Else- where	Total
1913 1930 1931 1932	372,618 290,369 255,768 276,856	701,691 327,992 213,057 222,184	196,278 69,281 38,003 33,911	77,934 21,434 12,100 11,522	25,855 21,816 19,491 16,707		321,450 140,523 95,421 89,365	77,014 59,390 27,320 23,731	17,814 21,053 26,823 52,902	94,828 80,443 54,243 76,633

# (a) From and to the Continent of Europe.

law	łD	Outward				
Year Channel E Coast Otl		Channel E Coast Ports Ports	Other Air Ports. Stations	Total,		
1926 1,091,087 351,195 51, 1930 1,111,377 373,306 44, 1931 1,013,582 324,831 37, 1932 704,131 251,000 56,	38 28,474 1,549,991 06 24,294 1,400,613	1,068,686 319,547 1,081,820 363,058 968,168 331,835 693,305 249,007	40,010 20,575 35,934 22,377	1,454,183 1,504,857 1,358,314 1,033,772		

Nationality of Passengers.-In 1931 British Subjects numbering 149,564 emigrated from the United Kingdom to countries out of Europe and British Subjects numbering 184,813 entered the U.K. from countries out of Europe. In 1931 Aliens numbering 70,555 arrived from non-European countries and 63,493 Aliens left the U.K. for countries out of Europe. The total number of Aliens landed from all countries was 457,414 (1939) and 454,752 (1930) and the total number of Aliens embarked for all destinations was 449,645 (1939) and 449,628 (1930). Leave to land was refused to s, roo Aliens (1939) and to 3,335 (1930).

BIRTH8,	<b>DEATH8</b>	AND	MARRIAGES.
Œ	er a one of	Popul	ation )

# · Marriages Biths Deaths

Year	Eng	Scot	Eng.	Scot.	Eng & W	Scot
1851	34 I		21.8	•••	17.3	
1861	34.8	34.8	81.2	21.2	16.2	13'7
1871	35'5	34.8	82'3	82.3	16.8	14'6
1881	34 '1	33.6	19'7	19.7	15'2	13.8
1891	30.8	30.8	19.4	19'7	15'6	13.0
1901	a8.7	<b>29</b> 5	17.2	17'9	16.0	14'3
1011	*4.5	a5'8	13.8	15 1	15 3	13.3
1921		25'6	12'4	14'8	17.6	10.4
1931	15.8	19'0	18.3	, 13.3	15.6	13.8
••	• Ma	rriages :	= Person			

#### ILLITERACY.

Number of Illiterates Per Cent. of

		ulation
	Turkey (1927) 12,518,000	g1'8
	India (1921)207,967,000	90 0
	Egypt (1927) 8,817,000	85.7
	Brazil (1920) 28,127,000	67.0
	Portugal (1920) 3,096,000	65 0
	Mexico (1921) 6,879,000	64'9
	U.S.S.R. (1926) 53,000,000	48.7
	Spain (1980) 7,206,000	43 0
	Greece (1938) 2,076,000	43'0
	Poland (1981) 6,597,000	32.7
	Italy (1981) 8,228,000	a6.8
-		

#### CENSUS POPULATION OF THE BRITISH ISLANDS.

Previous to 1801 there existed no official return of the population of either England or Scotland; nor was it till 1813 that statemen had anything more than surnise to guide them respecting Ireland, and the census then taken of that country was far from correct. The estimate formed of the English population at various periods, calculated from the numbers of baptisms, burials, and marriages, was in the years—

	indicati man iti aiso 2000
15704,160,221	16705,773,646
16004,811,718	17006,045,008
16305,600,517	17506,517,035

The first general Census of Great Britain and Ireland was taken in 1801, and since the time named there has been a fresh numbering every ten years, with the following results:

180116,345,646	187131,629,299
181118,509,116	188135,026,108
182120,983,092	1891 37,880,764
183124,132,294	190141,609,091
184126,854,969	1911 45,370,539
185127,533,755	192142,769,196\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\

** The population of Great Britain and Ireland a month before the outbreak of the Great War was officially estimated at 46,089,349.

The number of persons to the square mile was in 1921. England and Wales, 649; Scotland, 264; Ireland (1912), 135.6.

Population enumerated in Great Britain 1811-1931, Irrland, 1831-1911, and Islands (Isle of Man, Jersky and Guernsky and Associated Islands), 1881-1931.

	1	POPULATION.	•	INCREA	SE.	FAMIL	128.	INHABITED	Houses
ENGLAND AND	Males	Females	Total.	Decennial	Per Cent :	Number	Persons in each	Number	Persons to each
WALES.			-						
1811.	4,873,605	5,290,651	10,164,256	1,271,720	14'00	2,142,147	4'74	1,797,504	5 65
1821.	5,850,319	6,149,917	12,000,236	1,835,980	18.00	z,493,423	4 '81	2,088,156	
1831.	6,771,196	7,125,601	13,896,797	1,896,561	15'80	2,911,874	4'77	2,481,544	5 60
1841.	7,777,586	8,136,562	15,914,148	2,017,351	14 27	**	**	2,943,945	5'4x
1851.	8,781,225	9,146,384	17,927,609	2,013,461	12.65	3,712,290	4'83	3,278,039	5'47
1861.		10,289,965	20,066,224	2,138,615	11.00	4,491,524	4 47	3,739,505	5'37
		11,653,332	22,712,266	2,646,042	13.51	5,049,016	4.50	4,259,117	5 33
		13,334,537	25,974,439	3,262,173	14.36	5,633,198	4.61	4,831,519	5'38
1891.		14,949,624	29,002,525	3,028,086	11.62	6,131,001	4'73	5,451,497	5'3*
rgor.		16,799,230	32,527,843	3,525,318	13 17	7,036,868	4 62	6,260,852	5'20
	17,445,608		36,070,492	3,542,649	10.89	8,005,290	4.20	7,141,781	5.02
1921.	18,082,220		37,885,242	1,814,750	2,03	i —	-	7,811,030	4'08
1931.	19,138,844	20,809,087	39,947,93 ^x	2,062,689	5.16	-	-	-	-
COTLAND		ĺ	1		!				1
1811.	826,296	979,568	1,805,864	¥97,444	12'27		4'49	304,093	5'93
1821.	982,623	1,108,898	2,091,521	285,657	15.83	447,960	4.66	341,474	6.13
1831.	1,114,456	1,249,930	2,364,386	272,865	13.04	502,301	4'70	369,393	6.40
1841.	1,241,862	1,378,322		255,798	10.81	550,428	4.76	502,852	2,81
1851.	1,375,479	1,513,263	2 888,742	268,558	10'25	600,098	4 B1	370,308	7'80
1861.	1,449,848	1,612,446	3,062,294	173-552	6.00	678,584	4'51	393,220	7.78
1871.	1,603,143	1,756,875	3,360,018	297,724	9'73	743,694	4 52	412,185	8.08
1881.	1,799,475	1,036,098	3,735,573	375,555	11.18	812,712	4 60	739,005	5.02
z8gz.	1,942,717	2,082,030	4,025,647	290,074	7'77	876,089	4'59	817,568	4 '92
Igor.	2,173,755	2,298,348	4,472,103	446,456	11.00	967,200	4'62	926,914	4.82
IQII.	2,308,839	2,452,065	4,760,904	288,80x	6'46	1,040,147	4 58	1,013,369	4.70
1021.	2,347,642	2,534,855	4,882,497	121,503	2'55			1,057,609	4'62
1931.	2,325,867	2,516,687	4,842,554	939.943	\$0.81	i –	-	_	_
RELAND.							i		ļ
1831.	3,794,880	3,972,521	7,767,401	965,574	·	1,385,066	5.6x	1,249,816	6.51
1841.	4,019,576	4,155,548	8,175,124	407,723	5'25		5'55	1.328,839	6.15
1851.	3,190,630	3,361,755	6,552,385	Ø1,622,730	\$19 B5	1,804,319	5'44	1,046,223	6·28
1861.	2,837,370		5,798,967	9753,418	\$11 50	1,128,300	5'14	995.156	5'83
1871.	2,639,753	2,772,624	5,412,377	386,590	\$6.67	1,071,494	5'04	961,3 <b>8</b> 0	
1881.	2,533,277	2,641,559		9=37,541	\$4.30	995,974	5'20	914,108	5'66
1891.	2,318,053	2,385,797	4,704,750	\$470,086	00 08	932,113	5 '05	870,578	5'40
IQOI.	2,200,040	2,258,735	4,458,775	9=45,975	<b>05 ≥3</b>	010,256	4 '90	858,158	5'90
1911.	2,192,048	2,198,171	4,390,219	\$68,556	§1.24	910,748	4 82	861,879	2.09
SLANDS.							1		!
1881.	66.08x	75,179	141,260	\$3,378	02:34		_	24,197	5'84
18q1.	69,555	78,287	147,843	6,582	4.66	_	_	25,824	5.72
Igor.	70,576	79,794	150,370	2,528	1.77	_		27,770	5'41
IQII.	70,166	78,749	148,915	Ø1,455	00.06	35,664	4'17	20,230	5 26
1981.	68,585		149,852	937	. 06		1 -		3.5
1931.	66,447	75,958	142,399	97.453			l –	_	I -

These rates have been corrected for the varying length of the intercensal periods.
 Incorrectly taken.
 Decrease.
 Figures for Great Britain only.

#### CENTRAL GOVERNMENT.

THE BRITISH CONSTITUTION.—The British Constitution is mainly unwritten and customary, but its development is marked by certain outstanding and fundamental laws, of which the principal are Magna Carta(azzs), which secured annual parliaments and the equal administration of justice; the Habeas Corpus Act (1699), securing the liberty of the person; the Act of Settlement (2901), providing for the Protestant succession to the throne; the Act of Union with Sectland (1907), the Act of Union with Ireland (1800), the Parliament Act (2911), which enabled the Commons to pass certain Acts without the concurrence of the other chamber; the Gonernment of Ireland Act (1920), the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1928, and The Statuts of Westminster (1931).

- z. The Soverign.—The throne is hereditary in the British house of Windsor with mixed succession, the sons of the Soverign and their descendants having precedence of daughters, but daughters and their descendants preference over lateral lines. The Monarchy is constitutional and limited. The King has a right to veto Bills passed by both Houses of Parliament, but in practice his veto is almost obsolete. "The King can do no wrong" is a maxim of the Constitution, and consequently no action for civil wrong will lie against the Crown. A petition of right will, however, enable an injured subject to obtain redress, while, if in the administration of an Act of Parliament a Government department exceeds its rights, a declaration of right may be obtained in an action against the Attorney-General.
- a. The Legislature.—Parliament consists of two Houses, the Lords and the Commons. From 2503 until 1883 reports of the proceedings of Parliament were issued under the title of Hansard's Parliamentary Debates. The proceedings are open to the Press, and are now officially reported, copies of the reports being obtainable from H.M. Stationery Office.

(a) The House of Lords consists of peers. A peer may hold his seat by (1) hereditary right, (2) creation by the King, (3) official position or election. English bishops (24), Irish peers (28) elected for life, and Scottish peers (26) elected for duration of Parliament, also sit in the House of Lords.

The powers of the House of Lords were much restricted by the Parliament Act, spx. Thus, if a Money Bill is not passed unanieuded by the House of Lords within a mouth of its being sent up, it becomes law upon the Royal assent being signified. A Public Bill other than a Money Bill will become law without the consent of the Lords if it is passed by the Commons, and sent up to the Lords, in three successive sessions, provided two years elapse between the date of the second reading in the Commons in the first session and the date when it is passed by that body in the third session. Passing a Bill with anendments by the House of Lords is equivalent to rejection, unless the Commons approve the amendments. Any Bill by which the maximum duration of Parliament is increased is excepted from this Act. Members of the House of Lords are unpaid.

(b) The House of Commons.—This body consists of 625 elected members. The maximum duration of Parliament is five years. Members receive salaries of £400 and travelling facilities over the railways.

- 3. The Executive.—The Crown (the King in Council) "makes peace and war, issues charters; increases the peerage, is the fountain of honour, of office, and of justice." The Cabinet, under the presidency of the Prime Minister, consists of Ministers appointed by the Sovereign on the advice of the Prime Minister; Ministers receives salaries of varying amounts. The Cabinet has no corporate existence. Ministers are severally responsible to Parliament for their actions, and the Cabinet as a whole is responsible to Parliament for its joint and several administration. Ministers hold their office during the Sovareign's pleasure; they may be dismissed at any moment (see WHITAKER'S ALMANACE 1332, pp. 884-886—"Government by Party," 1688-1931.
- 4. The Judicature.—(a) England and Wales.—The laws in England and Wales are administered by Indges appointed by the Crown, who hold office for life, and cannot be removed save on petition presented by both Houses of Parliament. Two Courts of Appeal hear appeals from the High Court, the ultimate Court of Appeal from all the courts in Great Britain being the House of Lords. Civil cases arising in London and Middlesex are tried at the High Court in London, but civil cases arising in the country are tried on circuit by judges of the King's Bench at the Assizes. The Chancery division has exclusive jurisdiction to try certain classes of actions. To the County Courts is relegated the duty of trying actions where the sum in dispute does not exceed a certain amount. The County Courts, too, have jurisdiction to try cases arising under certain special Acts of Parliament, e.g., the Workmen's Compensation Act. Bankruptcy cases arising in London are heard in the London Bankruptcy Court; those arising out of London are dealt with in the County Courts.

  With regard to criminal law it is a general

With regard to criminal law it is a general principle that, except for certain minor oriences, every person charged is entitled to be tried by a jury 'Courts of criminal jurisdiction in Rapland are: (a) The judges of the High Court sitting at Assizes for the trial of cases out of London; and at the Central Criminal Court ("The Old Balley"), for the trial of cases arising in and around London. (a) Courts of Quarter Sessions, holden for every county, and formed of justices of the peace, presided over by a chairman. The recorders of certain cities and boroughs have a jurisdiction similar to that of courts of Quarter Sessions. (3) Courts of Petry Sessions, consisting of at least two justices of the peace or a stipendiary magistrate. (4) The Court of Criminal Appeal has power to hear appeals against convictions and sentences.

- (b) Scotland.—Scots civil law is administered by the Court of Session, which is a court of law and equity. The High Court of Justiciary is the supreme criminal court in Scotland. It consists of all the judges, and as a rule it is confined to the trial of serious cases. The Sheriff of the county exercises functions which correspond to those of the English County Court Judges and the Chairmen of Quarter Sessions. Burgh magistrates and justices of the peace have jurisdiction in petty cases.
- (c) Northern Ireland.—The higher courts in Northern Ireland are very similar to the English courts, but the County Court Judges are also the Chairmen of Quarter Sessions.

Religious and Languages.—The inhabitants of Great Britain and Ireland are almost entirely Christians, the exceptions being about 300,000
Jews and a small number of non-Christian
immalgrants In England the Church of England (with an Episcopal form of Government), and in Scotland the Church of Scotland (with a Presbyterian form of Government), are the "Established Religions." The Church was diseasabilished in Ireland in 1869, and in Wales in 1730. There has been no religious census since 1851, but many of the religious bodies publish catimates of menubuling and actimates diseased. of membership, and estimated figures for raps will be found on p. 264. The language of the people is English, with a large proportion of Weish-speaking people in Wales, many of whom are bi-lingual. Attempts are being made to revive the Gaelio language in the Irish Free State. Gaelic is still spoken in the Highlands and Islands of Scotland, there being 7,069 persons speaking Gaelic only (Ross and Cromarty 3,435, inverness 2,123, Argyll 235, other counties 176), and 237,149 speaking Gaelic and English at the Census of 1321. of membership, and estimated figures for 1929

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

Local Government is carried out under the central control of the Ministry of Health (which superseded the various Local Government Boards in 1919). The subjects which local hodies administer are, inter alia, education; the second to the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control o local hodies administer are, interatia, education; the poor law; public health; police; the control of the sale of intolicating liquors; the provision of lunatic asylums. The ruling principle has been to entrust special interests to those specially interested. In England and Wales there are elective Councils for each Administrative County (under Chairmen), for each City and Borough (under Lord Mayors or Mayors), and for Urban and Rural Districts (under Chairmen), every parish being thus included. Scotland has elective County Councils under a Convener, Burgh Councils under a Lord Provost or Provost, or Parish Councils with Chairmen. Chairmen.

#### POLICE.

The strength of the Police force was \$8,556 in England and Wales (1931), 6,666 in Scotland (1931), and 2,786 in Northern Ireland (1931). The Police of England and Wales are administered by the Home Office, those of Scotland by the Scottish Office. The LONDON POLICE consists of the City Police and of the Metropolitan Police. The City Police district comprises an area of 67g statute acres, and contains two courts of justice, those of the Guildhall and Mansion House, where the Lord Mayor and the Aldermen are the magistrates (see p. 337). Although the area is comparatively small, the rateable value is enormous. The night population is 20,896, but the day (or working) popula-tion is 436,721. The Force under the Comtion is 45,555. The force under the Commissioner comprises x Assistant Commissioner, 3 Superintendents, 7 Chief Inspectors, 25 Inspectors, 17 Sub-Inspectors, 18 Sergeants, and 952 Constables; also 18 Constables on private service duty. The City of London Police Reserve (Headquarters, Buthill Row, E.C. 2) numbered 3.266 all ranks in Oct. 2932. The Metropolitan Police district embraces an

area of 447,666 statute acres, with a population of about 8,860,000. There are within this area fourteen Folice Courts (see p. 328). The Force on Sept. 4, 1933, consisted of 33 Superin-

tendents, yao Inapectors, 2,777 Sergeants, and 26,624 Constables, making a total of 20,232, with 214 horses. The strength of the Netropolitum Special Constabutary Reserve and its Auxiliary Force on Sept. 4, 2933, was 29,276. The gross Force on Sept. 4, 2933, was 19,296. The gross expenditure of the Metropolitan Police and Metropolitan Police Courts for the year 1993-33 was 18,293,764. On March 21, 1933, there were 14,500 Police pensioners, and 1,614 pensioned widows and 475 children.

(z) Assizes and Quarter Sessions, England and Wales: High Court and Sherif Courts, Scotland.

Year	England a	nd Wales	Scotland.		
	For Trial.	Convicted	For Trial.	Convicted.	
1913 1928 1929 1930 1931	12,511 7,283 7,072 8,384 8,667	to, 165 6,000 5,879 6,981 7,389	1,358 1,160 1,449 1,131 1,174	1,055 049 878 894 938	

(2) Summary Courts.

	Engla	nd and V	Wales.	A	cotland	
Year	Appre- hended	Con- victed	Com- mitted	Appre- hended.	Con- victed,	Com-
1913 1928 1929 1930 1931	69,265 63,194 61,723 66,049 68,747	23,021 21,925 22,516	7,231 8,710		17,618 13,793 12,963 13,437 13,880	164 179 159

URIME 1910-1914 and 1930 and 1931. (England and Walen.)

THE principal classes of Crime in the Criminal

Statistics issued by the	Home (	Omce are	shown
below:— Class of Offence, A	nn Av	Number	Number
Chara of Official Co	4910 14	1030.	1931
1. Against the Person	4,332		5,283
II. Against Property :-	4133-	3,009	3,203
(a) With Violence		-6 -10	
(b) Without do.			
	70,030	110,159	117,099
III. Malicious Injury to			_
Property	648	352	
(Including Arson			228
IV. Forgery & Currency	708	1,078	1,141
V. Other	3,114	3,538	
		5,55	2,-,-
Total	07.084	147,031	150.29B
I. Crimen of Violence	eguink	r Number	rion.
	1010-L		
Murder	253		
do. Attempts & Threats			
	115	91	
Manslaughter		162	
Infanticide	-	16	, 25
Child destruction	_	-	
Concealment of Birth	*85	95	99
Wounding			,
(a) Felonies	957	198	164
(b) Misdemeanours	951	I,BEI	1,174
Endangering Railway	43-	-,-9-	-,-/4
Passengers	-		
	75		13
Assault	63		35
Intimidation	13	۰	•

~ · · · · · · ·	Ann Av.	Number	Number
Sexual Crimes:—	1910-14.	×930.	1931.
Rape	x6s	89	90
Defilement (Girls u	D-	_	_
der 13)	129	58	78
do. (13 to 16)		408	383
Indecent Assaults		z,872	1,668
Incest	71	76	97
Procuration		15	15
Abduction		13	25
Bigamy	159	374	3*3
Unnatural Offences,	&c. 307	648	6az
II. (a) Against P	roperty wi	th Violen	ice.
Sacrilege		163	183
Burglary	1,618	1,440	1,488
Housebreaking	4,923	9,720	12,261
Shopbreaking	4,363	11,846	14,278
Attempts to break in	482	1,850	1,517
Entering with intent	362	1,833	1,382
Possessing Housebres	ık-		
ing tools	142	267	338
Robbery		217	208
Extortion by threats	48	94	76
II. (b) Against Pro			
Larceny :-	percy week	U44 F 4011	7406.
Horses & Cattle			***
from Person		130	150
in House		1,994	2,031
by Servant	798	1,679	
of Post Letters	4,265	3,575	3,414
		347	428
Embezzlement		2,150	2,053
Other aggravated		144	183
Simple	60,116	84,697	90,436
Obtaining by false p			
tences		11,296	11,503
Frauds by Agents	···· 195	676	822
Falsifying Accounts		267	373
Other Frauds		998	1,240
Receiving stolen goods	3 1,636	2,102	2,369
Bankruptcy Offences.		104	74
	urders.		
	ber known.		
1870	101	4'4	
1888	190	6.2	5

In 1931 there were known to the police xor cases of murder of x12 persons aged over x year. In 34 cases (involving 4s persons) the murderer or suspect committed suicide. In 57 cases (59 victims) 38 persons were arrested; in the remaining 10 cases, involving 10 victims (3 of whom had died following illegal operations) no arrest was made. Of the 38 persons arrested there were:—

Death Sentences (1931).

Of the 20 persons sentenced to death in 1931 there were executed 2s, commuted to penal servitude for life 6. 2 conviction was quashed by the Court of Criminal Appeal and 2 was respited and removed to Broadmoor.

• These figures are for England and Wales. In 1932 there were 496 homicides in New York, U.S.A., 449 arrests being made and 56 convictions obtained, at being followed by death sentences. Of the 496 homicides, 36 were attributable to "gang warfare."

Suicide	s and Att	empted St	cicides 1921	B-1931.
Suicides . Attempted Expen	4,i i 2,i ses of Cur		9 4,971 94 3,953 ruests (all d	5,09 <b>2</b> 3,115 3 <i>4888</i> ).
Coroners'	zg28,	xgag.	1930.	1931.
Salaries Other Ex-	£90,164	£92,156	£94,276	£95,257
penses	113,777	122,525	228,698	118,405
	£202.047	£ 274.687	£272.074	£212.662

The total number of persons proceeded against for Motor Car offences against the Highway Acts in 1931 was sos. 88 (195.776 males and 6.51s females). 1,796 persons were apprehended and 199.49s summoned, 11,039 being discharged, 18,595 charges proved and order made without conviction, 178.532 convicted and 123 otherwise disposed of.

#### DRUNKENNESS. England and Wales.

Licensed Premises.		Registered Clubs	Convictions (Drunkenness
On,	Off.		
88,730	23,632	8.457	188,877
79,330	28,174	12,481	65,166
78,803	22,189	12,775	55,642
78,307	22,171	13,138	51,966
77,8az	22,166	13,526	53,080
77-335	22,125	13,947	42,343
	On.  88,739 79,330 78,803 78,307 77,821	Premises.  On. Off.  88,739 23,632 79,330 22,174 78,803 22,189 78,307 22,175 77,8az 22,166	Premises.  On. Off.  88,739

Of the total convictions in 1931 males convicted numbered 35,212 and females 7,131.

# HOUSING PROGRESS. Great Britain.

Number of New Buildings Assessed to Income Tax for the first time in each year ended April 5.

Year.	England and Wales.	Scotland.	Total
1919- 80	8,666	1,070	9,736
1920-21	27,077	3,412	30,489
1921-22	80,800	6,218	87,032
1932-23	137,906	14,407	152,313
1983-84	100,119	10,790	220,909
1924-25	121,895	8,765	130,660
zgag−a6	173,553	14,506	188,059
1926-27	215,287	19,383	<b>234,670</b>
1927-28	a63,999	a6,883	200,882
1028-20	287,173	25,675	252,848
1919-30	214,607	25,173	239,78o
1930-31	221,852	18,192	240,044
1931-38	1		

INFANT M	ORTALITY	
	Birth Rate,	Deaths under
	Der 1,000	z year, per
Country	population.	z.coo Births
England & Wales (1932)	15'3	6<
Scotland (1938)	18·6	65 86
Northern Ireland (1932)	•••	82
Irish Free State (1938)	18. a	71
Australia (1938)	17.0	41
Canada (1931)	83.8	41 85 8a
Belgium (1931)	18.3	8a
France (1931)	17.4	<i>7</i> 6
Germany (1931)	16.0	143
Italy (1938)	<b>23.8</b>	106
Netherlands (1932)	88.0	46
Norway (1931)	16.4	46
Poland (1931)	30.8	143

#### PINANCE.

Revenue and Expenditure 1880-8: to 1903-04, and for twenty-one years ended March 31, 1934:-

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure	Surplus + or Deficit -	Gross Debt.
880-81	€81,872,000	€80,939,000	+ £933,000	£766,145,000
Bgo-g1	89,489,000	87,733,000	+ 1,755,000	684,071,000
199-1900 (S. Afr. War)	129.805,000	143,687,000	- 13,883,000	638,920,000
900-01 do.	140,124,000	103,332.000	53,208,000	703,934,000
01-02	152 712,000	205,236,000	- 52,524,000	765,216,000
008-03	161,319,000	194,251,000	- 38,938,000	798,349,000
03-04	151,341,000	156,756,000	- 5,415,000	794,498,000
113-14	108,243,000	197,493,000	+ 750,000	706,154,000
24-15 (Great War)	226,694,000	560,474,000	- 333,779,000	1,161,958,000
915-16 do	336,767,000	1,550,158,000	- 1,832,302,000	2,189,838,000
926-29 do	573,428,000	2,198,113,000	- 1,624,685,000	4,063,645,000
17-18 do	707,835,000	2,696,221,000	- 1,988,987,000	5,941,096,000
oh er-8x	889,021,000	2,579,301,000	- 1,690,880,000	7,481,050,000
19-20	1,339,571,000	1,665,773,000	- 326,202,000	7,875,642,000
20-81	1,485,985,000	1,195,488,000	+ 230,557,000	7,683,097,000
21-22	1,124,880,000	1,079,187,000	+ 45,693,000	7,720,532,000
98-83	914,012,000	812,497,000	+ 101,516,000	7,8zs,563,000
983-84	837,169,000	788,840,000	+ 48,330,000	7,707,538,000
024-25	799,436,000	795.777,000	+ 3,659,000	7,665,880,000
985-86	812,062,000	826,100,000	- 14,038,120	7,633,783,000
926-27	805,701,000	842,395,000	- 36,694,000	7,652,688,000
027-28	842,824,000	838,585,000	+ 4,830,000	7,630,973,000
928-39	836,435,000	818,141,000	+ 18,394,000	7,680,854,000
29-300	734,189,000	748,712,000	- 14,593,000	7,596,811,000
30-31	775,894,975	799,170,946	- 23,276,00c	7,584,000,000
931-32 (Two Budgets)	770,963.000	770,599,000	+ 364,000	7,647,950,000
932-33	744,791,000	777,070,000	- 33,279.000	7,768,970,000
933-34*	698,777,000	697,486,000	+ 1,291,000	

i "Self-Balancing" Revenue and Expenditure omitted from 1989 30 Budget Estimate, April 25, 1933 (see pp. 265-256).

### RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE 1931-32 AND 1932-33.

i	Receipts.			Expenditure.		
	From Taxes — Income Tax		1938-33. (251,539,000 60,650,000 77,140,000 19,220,000	Consolidated Fund Services — Debt, Interest, &c, Do., Sinking Fund	1931-38. (289,492,214 38,507,786	1932-33. £382,200,000 36,300,000
	E.P.D. and Corpora- tion Profits	2,500,000	2,200,000	Total Debt	322,000,000	£308,500,000
	Land Tax, etc Customs Excise Motor Vehicle Duties	850,000 136,158,000 119,900,000	770,000 167,235,000 180,900,000	Northern Ireland Other	6,347,000	6,966,000 3,334,000
	(Exchequer share)	4,961,000	5,000,000	Total C.F. Services	£331,399,000	£318,800,000
	Total from Taxes Post Office (Net) Crown Lands (Net) Sundry Loans Wiscellaneous Rating Relief Suspense Total Ordinary	11,500,000 1,850,000 13,810,000 89,913,000 3,990,000	£704,654,000 10,870,000 1,280,000 5,185,000 28,988,000	Navy	51,060,000 38,500,000 17,700,000 380,105,000 4,800,000 7,015,000	50,010,000 35,880,000 17,100,000 342,920,000 5,100,000 7,860,000
	Revenue Deficit	£770,963,000;	£744,791,000 £32,279,000	Total Expenditure	£770,599,000	£777,070,000

THE REVENUE AS CONTRIBUTED.

A return issued by the Treasury gives the following totals during the year ended March 31, 2932:—

REVENUE. | EXPENDITURE.

2014 ( 2011 - 201			
England and Wales Scotland Other sources	67,467,500	England and Wales Scotland General Services	48,345,400

Of the total expenditure for England and Wales and Scotland (£347,277,500) the percentages were:—England and Wales, 5, 50; Scotland, 12 30. The percentages for the grand total expenditure were:—England and Wales, 26 27; Scotland, 5 32; general services, 36 31.

#### 596 CUSTOMS TARIFF OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN RELAND (1933-1934).

I.—IMPORT DUTIES ACT, 1932.

This Act provides that on and after 1st March, 1932, a duty equal to 10 per cent. of their ralue is imposed on all goods imported into the United Kingdom. The Act empowers the Import Duties Adrisory Committee to recommend additional duties to the Treasury, who may by Order charge the same. Orders have been made corering additional duties on a considerable number of articles. The following goods are exempt:-

(i) Goods for the time being chargeable with a duty of customs by or
under any enactment other than the
Import Duties Act 1923, except composite goods of which some of the
components are liable to such other
customs duty. Such composite goods
are chargeable under the Import
Duties Act, 1923, only up to the
amount, if any, by which the aggregate amount of the general ad valorum;
duty and the additional duty exceeds
the other customs duty, unless it is
otherwise expressly provided in the
Schedules of additional duties:
(a) Goods which are consigned direct)
(a) Goods which are consigned direct) of a shipbuilding yard (a) Goods exempt under Imperial (b) Goods exempt under Imperial (c) Goods exempt under Imperial (d) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goods exempt under Imperial (e) Goo

(g) Machinery of certain classes not for the time being procurable in the United Kingdom. (e) Goods specifically exempted by the Import Duties Act, 292, and Priessury Orders made thereunder, its All articles consigned to any pullow.

museum museum. Argol and other crude tartrates. Bilberries Bismuth Metal

Bristles of the pig, hog or loar. Bromine. Calcium carbide Calcium Cyanamide (or cyanamide

of lime). Carborundum, crude, ground or graded but not further manufactured

Cinchons bark
Coal, coke, and manufactured fuel
f which coal or coke is the chief

constituent. Cobalt metal in the form of roudels.

pellets or squares, but not including alloys of cobalt. Coca leaves
Common reeds (phragmites communis), crushed and baled.

munis), crushed and baled.
Copper coldice
Copper unwrought
Cork, raw and granulated, cork
shavings and waste.
Cotton fraw) (including unmanufactured out on waste and unbleached
cotton finters).

crude sarvoba.
Crude araroba.
Crude araroba.
Crude servo, unground.
Ferso-chronium.
Ferro-chronium.
t, unground.
Foreign Patent Office Specifications
Gallnuts.

Glycol ethers and glycol etheresters Gold and silver bullion and coin; Gold and silver bullion and coin; jlatinumin grain, ingut, bar, or powder. Goods which, at the time of their importation into the United Kingdom, constitute or form part of a ship which is leing imported for the purpose of being broken up. Gum arable that the time of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purp

criptions:
Pig iron, smelted wholly with
charcoal
Vanadium-titanium pig iron produced in an electric furnace
Ingots manufactured entirely
from pig iron smelted wholly
with charcoal.
Blooms, billets, slabs, bars and
rods of wrought iron produced
by puddling with charcoal from
pig iron smelted wholly with
charcoal
Bandauw strip over a inches wide

Bandsaw strip over 4 inches wide and from 19 to 12 gauge (Birming-ham wire gauge) in thickness.

Kelp.

Keip.
Live quadruped animals.
Maize in grain.
Manila hemp (musa textilis) not
further dressed after soutching or
decorticating; tow of manila hemp
musa textilis).

Manuscripts and typescripts and like products of duplicating machines Maps; architectural or engineering designs; hydrographic charts.

pencil and charcoal drawings, and partels, on canvas or paper (including board)

board)
Potassium carbonate, chloride and sulphate; kainite and other mineral potassium fertiliser sale.
Pyrethrum flowers.
Radium compounds and ores.
Ramie, not dressed.
Rice, broken.
Rock crystal quartz, raw, including

crushed

crushed Roundwood logs of pine, spruce, and aspen in the natural state of free from bark or hast, not hewn or sawn except cross cut at the ends, in lengths not exceeding so inches, the top diameter not being more than a inches.

Rubber (raw) Rubber (raw) including crepe; rubber latex, gutta-percha (raw). Scientific films (that is to say, cine-matograph films exempted under the provisions of Section 8 of the Finance Act, 2988, from the Customs Inty imposed by Section 3 of the Finance Act, 2989, Shellac, Seed lac and Stick lac. Silico-manganese. including

Soya beans, Sulphur

rupnur
Taic, steatite and
whether ground or not.
Tantalum metal.
Tea.

Tea.
The following articles of a size and shape adapted for use in articles of pewellery or initiation newellery, not mounted, set or struing, viz — Artificial pearls
Non-precious and imitation stones including those made of glass initiations of tortoiseshell mutations and performance of the above mentioned materials or of shells, seeds or house, seeds or house.

seeds or hones. Tin (unwrought).

Tin (unwrought).

Tin (unwrought).

Inset precious and semi-precious stomes and pearle except unmounted diamonds drilled so as to be adapted for use in wire-drawing dies.

Untrimmed natural silkworm gut in insits or bundles.

Wax matrices.

Wax matrices.

Walse products shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs and Excuse to have been preduced or manufactured in floating factories which are British concerns.

Wheat mgrain.

White arsenic.

Wooden pit-props.

Wooden pit-props. Wooden telegraph poles.

Wood pulp and egapter. Wood pulp and egapter. Wood pulp and egapter. Wood and animal hair (raw), whether cleaned, scoured or carbonised or not, rags of wool not pulled, rags, partly of wool, not pulled; wool note; and wool waste not pulled or garnetted.

#### CUSTOMS DRAWBACK.

The Treasury on receiving a recommendation from the Committee to the effect that a drawback of any duties chargeable under the Act ought to be allowed may make an order accordingly,

The drawback may be allowed on the exportation or shipment as stores of goods which are exported or so shipped, either by the importer or by some person who has taken delirery directly from the importer in the same state as that in which they were imported and which have not been used.

The drawback shall be an amount equal to the duty paid.

# II.—UNDER PREVIOUS ACTS

Goods chargeable with Customs Duty under enactments other than the Import Duties Act, 1932.

Act, 1932.				,		
ARTICLES.	Rates of Duty.	ARTICLES.	Rates of Duty.	ARTICLES.	Rat of D	tes utv.
Import Duties.	f . d.		£ s. d.	ARTIVICIAL SILE-con	tinued. 🔊 s	
†Amorphous Carbon Elec-	334 Der	†Motor Cars, Bicter as, Tri- cycles, and Accessories and parts	33/3 Per	(a) Duty as follows	<del></del>	
†Arc-Lamp Carbonslb.		and parts	cent.			
ARTIFICIAL BILK. See " BILK."				Ì	1 1.	
BEER For every 36 gallons		cluding gramophones, pianolas and other simi-	1		1 da da 1 1	silk alone.
BEER For every 36 gallons where the worts thereof	ŧ	lar instruments.	33/5	-	2824	43
were before fermenta-	,	Accessories and component parts of musical instru-	) per		[ 문학교	
tion of a specific gravity of 1,027 degrees or less	1 5 3	ments and records and	cent		Containing allk alone, or both ellk and arti- ficial silk.	12
Exceeding 2,027 degrees-		other means of reproduc-	1		Conta	gela .
For the first 1,007 degrees For every additional de	1 1 5 3	ing music.	,		0.0	544∙
gree in excess of rese	,	Ours—see "Hydrocarbon Oils"				
And so on in proportion for		tOPTICAL GLASS, optical in-)	50 per	Made wholly of silk	a. d.   a	ı. d.
any less number of gals.		struments and compo- nent parts thereof		or artificial silk, or where the value of	1	
CARDS, PLAYING doz pack				the component ex-	1	
†CH1CORY : Raw or kiln-dried		Petroleum Ous-See " Hy drocarbon Oils "	-	ceeds so per cent of the aggregate .	1b. za o g	
Roasted or ground lb		†SACCHARIN (including Faub-		Exceeds g per cent.,		
CHLORAL HYDRATElb.		stances of like nature or		but does not ex- ceed so per cent	1b. 4 0 1	
CHLOROFORMlb	. 0 4 4	use)oz.		Not exceeding a per		
CINEMATOGRAPH FILMS, DE	•	†Schatific Instruments and     component parts thereof	334 per cent.	cent	1b. o 9 o	4
lin. ft × 13% in — Blank film		1	COLIU.	·		
Positives	. o o ī	IDILIK:		SPIRITS AND STRONG V	VATERS:	
Negatives	33⅓ { 35⅓ { per	Cocoons and waste of all kinds—		For every gallon ted at hydromete of Spirits of any tion (except pe Spirits),including or Methylic Alcoh fied we net to be note	compu-	
+CLOCKS, Watches and parts	{ per	Undischarged 1b.		of Spirits of any	descrip-	
10aan. amt	cent	Wholly or in part dis-		Spirits), including	orrumed Naphtha	
Husks and Shellscwt	. 0 14 0	charged other than noils	0 3 0	or Methylic Alcoh	ol, puri-	
Cocoa Butter	001	Norls ,	0 1 0	fied so as to be pote mixturesandprepa		
tCorrect cwt Kiln-dried, roasted, or	. 0 24 0	Raw-		containing spirits	:	
groundlb		Undischarged Wholly or in part dis-	0 3 0	Enumerated Spirite		
ground		charged	0 4 4	Brandy, Rumpr		
Collopiongal	. 1 14 11	Yarn-		Imitation Rum.	Geneva	
ETHER, ACRTIC	0 2 7	Undischarged " Wholly or in part dis-	0 4 8		roof gal. *3 s	5 5
Buttricgal	. 1110 . 1166	charged—		Unenumerated Spir		
ETHYL BROMIDElb	. o z s	Not being noil yaru	0 6 8 0 I 5	Sweetened (in Liqueurs, Cordis	cluding	
CRLORIDEgal	. I I 10	Noil yaru		Liqueurs, Cordia tures and other p	renara-	
,, Iodide	. 0 19 0	Tissues— Undischarged	0 5 3	tions containing if tested) p	odinie.	
†FRUIT, Dried, or otherwise Preserved without sugar		Wholly or in part dis-		Not Sweetened (iv	cludina	D
Currents		Noil tissue	0 I 7	Liqueurs, Cordia	ls, mix-	
Currants		Habutai	0 6 6	Liqueurs, Cordia tures and other tions containing	prepara-	
Raisins cwt. See also "Sugar."	. 070	Other tissues	079	In	roof gal. 3 g	5 5
†Hor On oz		ARTIFICIAL SILE		NAPHTHA AND METH	VLIC AL.	
†Horsewt	400	Waste Singles yarn and straw "	0 I 0	conor, parified s be potablep	o na to	
	{ 334 per	Doubled or twisted thread ,,		•		5 5
	cent.		0 3 0	Additional in respect	t of Im-	
Hiprocarnon Oils per gal. Rebate of 7d gallon on de-		Tissues	036	Not warehoused, o	r ware.	
livery for home consump		Any other articles where the value of the silk or		housed less than	s years	_
tion of any goods other	•	urificial silk component	33.3	_	roof gal. o	z 6
†IGEITION MAGNETOS and permanent magnets	334 per	exceeds so per cent of	per cent.	Warehoused a year		
	cent.	. Values.	,	less than 3 years, p		
Matches:— Containers—		Exceeds 5 per cent., but does not exceed 20 per	20	Liqueurs, Cordish tures, and other	propara-	
(zo matches) per z.oo:	0 6 8	cent.	per	tions containing in bottle, entered	Apirits	
(xo-ao) ,, x,oo (ao-go) , , , gross	0 13 4		f a per	a manner as to	indicate	
Containers, Additional—	🔻 y	Hot exceeding 3 her center	l cent	that the strength	is not to	
per sg matches over so per gross		In addition to the above to per cent is chargeable of	n l'ame	1		. 2
MECHANICAL LIGHTER OF COM	•	Tissues, and other articles articles of apparel. The la subject in lieu of the above	except	Additional in respe	ct of Im-	
ponent part except a find		subject in lieu of the above	duties to	mature Spirits:-	•	
tungsten, &c	334 per				r ware-	
†MOLYBORNUM, &c	cent.	(z) Above duties plus so per value of the article.	rent. of	housed less than	uid gal. o	
				<del>`</del>		
† British	empire p	roducts are either liable to red	uced rat	es or totally exempt.		

598 Customs Tariff of			rn Ireland, 1933-3	_
ARTICLES. Rates of Duty.	ARTICLES Sugar—continued.	of Duty	ARTICLES. Sugan—continued.	Rates of Dut
		20 5. 0	MILE:-	≴ 8.
NAPETEA-continued. £ s. d.	Confectionery Figcw Licorice, on which the du	t. 0 8 g	Condensed, sweetened, cwt.	
Warehoused a years and less	Licorice, on which the du		Contentact, sweetched, Cwt.	- 5
other 2 lears Idana Ban a a d	on the Sugar or other		Condensed slightly sweet-	
Perfumed Spirits liquid gal. *6 • • Additional in respect of im-	sweetening matter use in the preparation do	xd.	Condensed slightly sweet- ened, if the duty on the Bugar or other sweetening matter does not exceed	
Additional in respect of Im-	in the preparation do	•	matter does not exceed	
	not exceed 3s. 9d. per cw	L.	as. zd. per cwtcwt.	
not warehoused, or ware.				
Not warehoused, or ware- housed less than s years liquid gal. o z 5 Warehoused syears and less	A.B Gums imported : Bulk, in Burrels or Case for which duty on the	n	MILE POWDER:—If not con- taining any added Sugar	w
Warehoused a years and less	Bulk, in Burrels or Case	6,	taining any added bugar	Free
than 3 years liquid gal. o 1 7	for which duty on the	16	If the duty on the Bugar or other sweetening matter	
zs. per gallon extra if im- ported in bottles.	combined quantity Sugar and Glucose use in the manufacture do	or Li	GOOD DOT EXCESS 48, 32, Det	
ported in bottles.	in the manufacture do	~	cwtcwt.	0 4
	not exceed 5s. 4d, per cu	t.	3m = 11 = 4 h = m = = = = = 4 = -1 = 1	
SUGAR, &c.	CW	L 0 5 4	ing those in which the Tru	
UGAR: Not exceeding 76	Other I D Come Commi		In all other cases, includ- ing those in which the Im- porter wishes to dispense	
deg of polarization, cwt. o 4 6	(Thewing Gume tel	S.	with sampling and testing	
•	Beans, Turkish Dalies	ž.	cwt.	
Excdg. 76 & not ex. 77, owt. 6 4 7 5	Eugared Almonds, &c .	m	TABLE WATERS, prepared	
	which the duty on t	he	with Sugargal.	
76 79 0 4 15 1 79 80 0 5 0 9	sugar or other sweeteni	O.B	TAMARINDS, in Syrupcwt.	
80 Br 0 K 8'7	Other A.B. Gums, Carame Chewing Gums, Jel Beans, Turkish Peligh Sugared Almonds, &c., which the duty on sugar or other swesteni matter used does not e coed &s. gd. per owicv	X-		
8z ., 8z ., 0 5 4'5	coors as Box box cut of a co.		OTHER Preparations made with added Sugar or	:
, 8a . 83 . • 8 63	Other Sugared Almond	is.	sweetening matter (ather	
83 84 9 8 8 3 84 85 9 8 20 3	Chewing Gums, Je	ly	sweetening matter (other than Saccharin) Charged	1
84 85 • 5 20 3 85 86 • 6 • 3	Beans, &c., Carraw	u.y	under Sec. 7. Finance Act.	
86 97 0 6 8 3	Other Sugared Almond Chewing Gums, Jel Beans, &c., Carraw Seeds, and Confectioner nade from Sugar, as containing no other ing	y,	zgoz,	
87 88 0 6 4 6	containing no other ing	na 	149	
, at , a, o 6 6 8	dients except flavourin	r	†STRITHETIC ORGANIC CREMI- CALS, &c	334 17
89 90 0 6 9'5 90 92 0 7 0's	CV	t o zz B	TABLE WATERS, other than those prepared with Sugar	Cent
90 92 0 7 0's		_	those prepared with Suga	r
., 9x ., 9n ., 9 7 2'9 ., 90 ., 93 ., 9 7 5'6	†Flowers in Crystelliz Bugar, as Crystelliz	ed	gal	
92 60 6 7 2 9 90 93 6 7 5 6 93 94 6 7 8 2	Fruit	od rt. o zz 8	†TEAlb	
94 95 9 7 20 9 95 96 9 8 10				-
90 92 0 7 0 2 0 7 0 2 90 92 0 7 0 2 90 93 0 7 5 6 94 0 7 10 9 95 0 7 10 9 95 0 7 10 9 95 0 8 10 95 95 0 8 10 95 95 95 98 43	tFautr preserved in Sugar	·	TOBACCO:-	
	tFatt preserved in Sugar (2) Fruit not liable to du as such:—	ty	Upon tobacco unmanu- factured, viz :	•
97 98 0 8 70 98 # 0 22 80	as such:-	7.0	Containing me lb or many	
· · · · ·	Tinned or Bottled in the Syrup, if the duty on t	in	Containing se lb. or more of moisture in every see lb. weight thereof—	;
AOLASSES and invert Sugar	Sugar or other sweet	ne m	zoo lb. weight thereof-	-
and all other Sugar and	ing matter used does r	ot	Uniteripped	9
ionages and invert Sugar and all other Sugar and extracts from Sugar which cannot be completely tested by the Polariscope, and on which Duty is not	Sugar or other sweets ing matter used does re exceed is 6id. per cwt		Strippedlb	
tested by the Poleriscope	CY	rt.oz6j	Less than so lb	
and on which Duty is not	Tinned or Bottled in th	· tan	Unstripped lb	
	syrup in other cases ev	rt. 0 2 7	Strippedlb	o zo
If containing 70 per cent. or more of sweetening	Tinned or Bottled in th		Then takens manufact	
or more of sweetening	Byrup		Upon tobacco manufac tured, viz.:-	-
matter	Crystallized, Glace, or Me	at z	('igarslb	0 18
Less than 70 per cent and	7:3	vt o zz 8	Cigarettes	
more than 50 per cept.	Drained'		Cavendish or Negrobeac	i
cwt. e s 4	Fruit Pulp, in thin Syru	, 0	1 134	
Not more than 50 per cent.	or and a mark the mark by tu	vt. e = 7	Cavendish or Negrobead manufactured in bond	! "
	In thick Syrup			
Molasses is free of duty		-	Other Munufactured To	• 28
when cleared for use by a	(s) Fruit liable to duty	as	Other Manufactured To bacco	. 0 12
Molasses is free of duty when cleared for use by a licensed distiller in the manufacture of Spirits, or if it is to be used solely	Such : Class on Wa		Snuff containing more	9
manuracture of Spirits,	Crystallized, Glace, or Me or in pulp, including Jo and Fruit Jellies	UE,	than 13 lb. of moistur	Ð
manufacture of spirits, or if it is to be used solely for purposes of food for stock.	and Fruit Jellies	et e zz B		
stock.	Tituled of Doction	10	thereoflb	
	Syrup	rt. o sz 8	Not more than 13 lblb	. 0 13
Lucosz, Solidcwt. 0 7 5	1		WATCHES-see Clocks.	
	FRUITS, INITATION, Cryst lized or not, if the di on the Sugar or oti sweetening matter di not exceed gs. yd. per o	ati-		
RTICLES CONTAINING SUGAR OR ANY	on the Sugar or oth	ner	†Wise:-	
OTHER SWEETENING MATTER.	sweetening matter d	DOS	Not exceeding ago proc	ť
(If Spirit has been used in the	not exceed gs. 7d. per co	wt.	spiritgal	. 0 3
manufacture, an additional duty is charged at the rate of id per lb. or such higher rate as analysis may show to be neces-	To all other and		ag* to 48*gal	
ner lb. or such higher vote or	In all other casesc	7t. 0 22 8	Exery degree or fraction	n.
analysis may show to be neces-	(Ginger, preserved in Su	ru P	of a degree above 48°, at	0
sary.	Lateral Propertion or pri	wt. e g e	of a degree above 4s°, as additional dutygal	
CANDIED OF DRAINED PERLOWS . 8 5	Preserved in Syrupo		Sparkling (additional) gal	. 0 23
			Still, in bottle, an addi	
CARAMEL Bolid	TELEFICATION OF THE PARTY OF	011	Still, in bottle, an additional duty gal	0.8
Liquid cwt. o 8 g	†Marmalade, Jame, and Fr Jellier, if not made fr Fruit liable to duty	A.F	Winners Valves and simi- lar rectifiers and vacu-	
	40 AGA		WIRELESS VALVES and simi-	
RUTHET	such	WU		
DEUTHEY	such	-	lar rectifiers and vacu-	cen

# III.—IRISH FREE STATE (SPECIAL DUTIES) ACT, 1932

This Act provides for the imposition of Special Customs duties on goods imported from the Irish Free State. Power is granted to the Treasury to make Orders. The goods at

breaem so offer Ref wie			
Live Cattle—  (i) Under 6 months old  (ii) 6 nonths old but under 18 months old  (iii) 18 months old but under 2 years old  (iv) 2 years old and upwards not	F 26	Other animals Butter Eggs Cream Bacon Pork Poultry and Game	30 per cent.
	ad valorem.	Other meat of all kinds	

## EXCISE DUTIES AND LICENCES.

(ADMINISTERED BY THE BOA	RD OF CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.)
APPRAISERS AND HOUSE AGENTS, ann. £ a. d. U.K	Boor-Dealers' and Brewers—continued.  Not to be consumed on premises, from £r row. od. where annual value does not exceed £ro, up to £ro where it exceed £co.
which duty has been paid)Per lb. o z o ARTIFICIAL SILK WASTEPer lb. o o 6 ARTIFICIAL SILK YARN OR WASTE, Manufacturers ofannual licence z o o	CARD (Playing) makers, to sell 1 e e , for every packduty e 3 CIPER RFTAILER, annual licence :
AUCTIONEER'S Annual Licence	*For consumption on the premises: from & st. od. where annual value is under & sc. up to £6 where it is £ too or over. Not to be consumed on the premises a • •
Exceeding 1.027 degrees—  For the first 1.027 degrees 1 4 o  For every additional degree in  excess of 1.027 degrees	*For Early-closing and Six-day Licences, proportionate reduction, as for Pub- licans (q.v.). COFFEE MIXTURES or substitutes, per 11 b. o oc
gallons.  BERR-DEALERS'ANDBREWERS (annual): Beer-Dealer, Wholesale	COMPENSATION FUND.—Publicans are now called upon to pay an additional duty on renewal; or grant of new licence (Monopoly Value) (4 E.7,c.s3).
year, viz.: not exceeding 100 bar- rels, £1; exceeding 100, £1 for first 100, and 85. od. for every further 50.  By a Beginner	DISTILLER'S Annual Licence: according to distillation in preceding year, viz.: not exceeding 50,000 gailons, £10; exceeding 50,000, £10 for first 50,000, and £10 for every further 25,000.  By a Beginner
with duty, then, annual value of house not exceeding £10	ENTERTAINMENTS DUTY. — Where the amount of payment for admission, excluding the amount of the duty.—  Exceeds ad. but does not exceed aid. o o of
to the duty on the beer made 4 c  Retailers of beer (Beer-house Licence):—  *For consumption on the premises: a  Duty equal to a third of the annual  value of the premises, subject to a  minimum of from £3 ros. cd. to  £33 ros. cd., according to popula-	", std. ", ', 6d. 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
tion of district. There is an option to pay in proportion to the annual "compensation value" in certain cases of large beer-houses and "seasonal" hotels.	Certain exemptions allowed (Schools, Educational Institutions, &c.).  GLUCOSE, Solidthe cwt. o s sz  Do. Liquid, • 3 zż

	-		_
	d.		đ.
GLUCOSE OF SACCHARIN, Annual Licence to Manufacture	_		
to Manuacoure 1 9	٩١	Beer, and Wine, to be consumed on the premises: a Duty equal to half the annual value of the premises, subject to a minimum of from £5 to £35, according to population of district. There is an option to pay in	
HAWKER'S Annual Licence (see Pedlars) a .	اه	the annual value of the premises.	
	- 1	subject to a minimum of from £s to	
HOUSE AGENTS, letting furnished houses	- 1	£35, according to population of dis-	
at a rent above £25 a year (annual) a o	•	trict. There is an option to pay in	
MATCHES :- Containers (10 matches)	- 1	proportion to the annual "compen- sation value" in certain cases of large	
	اہ	public-houses and "seasonal" hotels.	
(10-20)per 1,000 e 12	- 1	Hotels and Restaurants: Duty	
	•	charged according to proportion that	
Additional, per ag matches over so	- 1	receipts from intoxicating liquors bear	
per gross o a	.	to total receipts, or, optionally, ag% of the "annual licencevalue"; subject	
and so in proportion for any less	1	in either case to a minimum charge.	
number of containers.	- 1	Clubs: an Excise Duty of 3d. in the £ on their purchases of intoxicating	
Manufacturers' annual licence 1 o	.	£ on their purchases of intoxicating	
	٦	liquors, but no Licence Duty.	
MECHANICAL LIGHTER o 1	•	Publicans keeping their premises closed the whole of Sunday or closing	
MEDICINES (Patent), Great Britain only:		one hour sooner than otherwise re-	
	.	quired on week-days, pay only six- sevenths of the above duty; and	
,, ar.6d.o 6 ,, 30k o 6	•	sevenths of the above duty; and	
	0	keeping closed on Sunday, and also closing one hour earlier each day	
,, ros a   Exceed, gov a e	•	through the week, only five-sevenths	
MEDICINES (Patent), Dealers, &c., Aunual	- 1	of the above duty.	
(Great Britain), for each set of premises o 5	•	RAILWAY RESTAURANT CAR, an.licence : o	
Marianta and Invest Come and all	- 1		•
MOLASSES and Invert Sugar and all other Sugar and Extractsfrom Sugar	- 1	REFRESHMENT HOUSES, annual licence,	_
which cannot be completely tested	- 1	under £30 rent o zo	•
by the polariscope and on which	ì	£30 or above I I	,
duty is not otherwise charged :-	l	SACCHARIN (or like substance), the oz o I	5
78 containing 4/ or more of successor	- 1	SPIRITS:-	
If containing 70% or more of sweeten- ing matter	- 1	Home-made, per proof gallon 3 18	5
	•	Additional in respect of Immature	
Less than 70% and more than 80%.	٠. ا	Spirits: Not warehoused, or warehoused less	
Per uwt. • 2	14	than s years proof gal. o z	5
Not more than 50 % Per cwt. • :	oj	Warehoused a years and less than 2	
Molasses is free of duty when cleared	- 1	yearsproof gal. e z	3
for use by a licensed distiller in the	- 1	Rectifiers and Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, annual 15 Compounders, an	•
manufacture of Spirits, or if it is to		Dealers not retailers	
he used solely for the purpose of	- 1	,, retailers of o is	•
food for stock.	- 1	Retailers of, for consumption on the	
MONEYLENDER'S LICENCE Annual to	- 1	premises, annual, see Publicans.	
July 31 6	•	Retailers, consumed off premises:	
OSSINTONIA TOPMONO		Annual value of licensed premises:	
Any intoxicating liquor a so	.	Exceeding £ 10 and not exceld. £20 11 10	
Beer or Wing only o 5	- 1	,, 80 ,, 30I4 0 (	>
Tobacco dealers	4	,, 30 ,, 3 so15 o	
December Management			_
PASSENGER VESSELS, on Licence for a board which excisable	- 1	,, 75 ,, ,, 10017 to c	
liquors and tobacco are sold	•	,, 100 ,, ,, ago30 o c	
sold 11 day 3 0 0	•	,, 500 50 Q L	,
		Sale of methylated spirits is pro-	
PAWNBROKERS, ANNUAL LICENCE 7 19 C	•	hibited between the hours of 10 p.m.	
regard to weight, an additional 5 15	_	on Saturday and 8 a.m.on the follow- ing Monday (penalty £200).	
tofferd on whiteful an additional 2 12			
PEDLARS (Police Licence) • 5	.	STILLS OF RETORTS, ennual:-	
Drawn Below in amount linears	- 1	Chemists and others, keeping or using e se	•
PLATE: Dealers in, annual licence, Above a dwt, and under a oz. gold, or	١	Sugar (British) Manufacturers ann. z e	į
above 5 dwt. and under 20 oz. silver,		SUGAR. Not exceeding 76° polarisation	
in one article 2 6	0	the cwt. 1/10.1	ı
s or gold, or so or silver, or upwards 5 15	•	and graduated up to Exceeding 69°	
Refluers of gold or silver, annual licence 5 15	D	the curt. p 4 7	_
***************************************		1004	7

Excise Duties and Licences	, Local Taxation Licences. 60
SWEETS (including British Wine):— Sent out from the premises of a maker	Exc. 20,000 lb. and not exc. 40,00010 16 40,00015 12
of sweets for salegal. e z 6	60,000 ,, \$6,000si
Sparkling wine p 2 6	80,000 ,, 200,00086
Maker's annual licence 5 5 0	100,00031 10
Wholeshir Dealer & & o	Beginners to pay £5 50, and a sur-
Retailers of : the same as for Cider.	charge on renewal.
TABLE WATER (unsweetened) Manu-	VINEGAR-MAKERS, annual x (WINE, annual licences:
facturer ann. e to e	Dealers (wine only)
TABLE WATERS other than those pre-	*Retailers, selling for consumption
pared with sugargal. o o 8	on (see only Publicans): from
	£4 ros. od. (annual value under £20) up to £rz (annual value £rco
Tobacco, grown in Great Britain :-	
Manufactured in bondper lb. o 9 47	and over).
Unmanufactured, if containing 20% or	Wine retailers (or grocers) selling
more of moistureper lb. o 7 31	value not expending feel up to fre
Less than so % moistureper lb. o 8 of	wine (off): from £2 ros. od. (annual value not exceeding £20) up to £10 (annual value exceeding £200).
Tobacco Growers, Cultivators or Curers, England and Scotland o 5 o	
Curers, England and Scotland o 5 o	WINE, BRITISH, Manufacturers for sale
Topacco and Snuff annual . Thesiam in	of, see SWEETS.
TOBACCO and Shuff, annual: Dealers in o 5 3  Tobacco manufacturers, not exceeding	*For Early-closing and Six-day Licences, proportionate reduction, as for Pub-
20,000 lb 5 5 0	licans (q.v.).
, 3 3 •	1
ARMORIAL BEARINGS, annual licence, £ s. d.	£
Great Britain 1 1 o	Tricycles4
If used on any carriage, do s s o	Vehicles (including cycles with
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment)
	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding s cwt. in weight
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:— (1) With four or more wheels—	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding s cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding s.cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:— (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding s.cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:— (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding s.cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding g cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding g cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding 5 cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding g cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids.  Hackney Carriages:— Thancars
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
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CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
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CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids.  Hackney Carriages:— Thancars.  Other Vehicles which are propelled by steam, or which are electrically propelled, or which are constructed or adapted to use coal gas as fuel, or which are not constructed or adapted to use as fuel any fuel other than light oils:—  Having a seating capacity for— Not more than 4 persons
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding 5 cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids.  Hackney Carriages:— Thancars
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CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids.  Hackney Carriages:— Thancars.  Other Vehicles which are propelled by steam, or which are electrically propelled, or which are constructed or adapted to use coal gas as fuel, or which are not constructed or adapted to use as fuel any fuel other than light oils:—  Having a seating capacity for— Not more than 4 persons
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids.  Hackney Carriages:— Thaincars
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids.  Hackney Carriages:— Thaincars
CARRIAGES DRAWN BY HORSES OR  MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses	Vehicles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding a cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids

# STAMPS, TAXES, DEATH DUTIES, ETC. (ADMINISTERED BY THE BOARD OF INLAND REVENUE.)

Note.—The instruments for which the use of Postage (Unified) adhesive stamps is "permitted" under the Stamp Act, 1891, are :—

Agreements liable to the duty of 6d.—s. ss. Bills of exchange (including cheques) for payment of money on demand—s. 3s (s). Certified copies of or extracts from registers of births, &c.—s. &. Charter-parties—s. 49, 5s Lesse or tack—s. 9s : 1, of a dwelling-house, or part of it, for a definite term not exceeding a year, at a rent not exceeding the rate of £4s per annum; ii., of any furnished dwelling-house or apartments for any definite term less than a year, where the rent for such term does not exceed £5s. Letter of renunciation—s. 79 (s), and \$2 \times 3 \times 3 \times (c. 9, s. 9 (s). Notarial Acts—s. 3s Policies of Insurance (not life or marine)—s. 9s. Protests of bills of exchange and promisory notes—s so. Proxies liable to the duty of sd.—s \$6. Receipts—s. 202 (s) Transfers of shares in Cost book mines—s. 20. Voting payers—s \$6. Warrants for goods—s 21x (s).

of exchange and promissory notes—s on Proxies liable of shares in Cost look mines—s are Voting papers—s	to the duty of xd—s &c. Receipts—s. xox (2) Transfers &c. Warrants for goods—s xxx (2).
£ s d	£ • d
ADMISSION to the degree of a barrister 50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Any Inn of Court or Student of King's Inn, Dublin 25 o	Eve freend not evapoding for
As Fellow of College of Physicians 25 o	,, 25 ,, 50 0 0 6
As Burgess, by birth, apprenticeship,	,, 50 ,, 75 o o g
or marriage, England or Ireland r o	
As Burgess, on any other ground 3 o a Faculty as a Notary Public, England 30 o	
Ditto, Ireland or Scotland 20 0	Bills of Exchange, Foreign (i.e., drawn,
As a Burgess in Scotland o 5	II K ) trut marrable on demined on
APPIDAVIT, or statutory declaration o a 6	within 3 days. When paid, or endorsed, or negotiated in U.K.: Not
AGREEMENT, or memorandum of agreement, under hand only, not	dorsed, or negotiated in U.K.: Not exceeding £10
otherwise charged o o d	Exc. £xo and not exceeding £35 o o 3
AGREEMENT for Lease, see LEASES.	Every £100 or fractional part o o 6
Ditto, for less than a year of a furnished house, the rent exceeding £35 o 5	
Ditto, for Bale of Property—chargeable	[Special Adhesive Stamps are required for Foreign Bills chargeable with
in certain cases as an actual Con-	these ad val. duties.)
veyance (Stamp Act, 1891, s. 59).  ALKALI WORKS, Cert. of Registration 10 0 0	BILL OF LADING 0 0 6
ALLOTMENT, see LETTER OF ALLOTMENT.	BILL OF SALE, Absolute, see CONVEY-
	ANCE ON SALE; by way of Security, see MORTGAGE, &c.
APPOINTMENT of a new trustee and in execution of a power of property, not	BOND for payment of money, see MORT-
being by a will; also on retirement	GAGE BOND, &c.
of trustee, although no new trustee be appointed (a Edw. VII. c. 7) o so o	For securing an annuity :—  z. Where the total amount is ascertain-
APPRAISEMENT OR VALUATION of any	able. Same as MORTGAGE BOND, &c.
property, or of dilapidations, or of	a. Where the payments are for the term
repairs wanted, or of materials and	of life, or other indefinite period : For every £5, and every fractional
labour, where the amount of the appraisement shall not exceed £5 o o 3	For every £5, and every fractional part of £5 payable—
Not exc. £zo o o 6 Not exc. £zo o = 6	If as primary security o s 6 If as collateral security o o 6
,, 20 0 I 0 ,, 100 0 5 0 ,, 30 0 I 0 ,	For Customs or Excise duties, same
,, 40 o a ol ,, 500 o 15 o	as Mortgage Bond, &c., but not to
Exceeding £500 I o o	On obtaining letters of administration,
APPRENTICESHIP INDENTURES 0 2 6	&c. (not exceeding £x00 exempt) o s o
ARMS, grant of, stamp duty on zo o o	Of any kind whatever, not specifically
ARTICLES of Clerkship to solicitor, in England or Ireland	charged (including Fidelity Bonds), same as Mortgage Bond, &c., but
In Superior Courts, in Scotland 60 0 0	not to exceed o ze o
In Sheriff Courts, in Scotland o z 6	CAPITAL DUTY (Share).—Companies and
AWARD o zo o	Corporations with limited liability, on
BANK NOTE for money payable on de-	every £100 of the nominal capital o 10 o Statement of amount of any increase
mand:   Not exceedg. fr sd.   Not exceedg. fro ss.	of registered capital shall be de-
,, £3 10d. ,, £30 38.	livered duly stamped within fifteen
,, £518.3d. ,, £50 5%. ,, £100 88. 6d.	days after the passing of the resolu- tion (3 Edw. 7, c. 46, s. 5).
BANKER'S Annual Licence 30 0 0	CAPITAL DUTY (Loan).—On issues by
Bankers' Cheques c o s	Local Authorities, Companies, and
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Inland or Foreign,	Corporations, &c., on every £100 of
payable on demand, or within a days	smount secured (6a & 63 Vict., c. 9, s. 8) o s 6 ss. in the £ is repayable if the Capital
after date or sight, 6s & 63 Vict., c. 9,	is applied in conversion of an exist-
s. zo (s), for any amount o c s	ing loan (s. ze, Fin. Act, z907).

				-		:				_
~				£	<b>s.</b> (	d.		£	8.	d.
		be taken out	t yeariy			ı	For every additional £25 up to £300	0	5	•
		or, law agent o				ļ	If exceeding £300, then for every £50	0	ZO.	•
to the	signet,	notary public,	convey-			- 1	Provise for composition for transfer			
in accer,	apecial ]	leader, and dr	areamad			ļ	duty: see 54 & 55 Vict. c. 39, 57 and 58 Vict. c. 30, 10 & 11 Geo. V., c. 18, and 12 & 13 Geo. V., c. 17.			
in equ	Conora	tising within : Post Office, I	io mines			- 1	58 VICL. C. 30, 10 of 11 Geo. V., C. 18,			
oreith	er in the	city or shire	of Edin.			- 1	and 12 & 13 000. V., C. 17.			
hurch	or in t	he city of Du	hlin or			- 1	*CONVEYANCE or transfer on sale of any			
within	a miles	he city of Du thereof		•			property (except as above); where			
If pr	actising	elsewhere		6	-	0	the purchase money shall not exceed			
		ree years one h		•	•	_	£			
		birth, baptis				- 1	Exceeding £5 and not exceeding £10	ŏ	i	ō
riage	death o	r burial	,			. !	,, 10 ,, 15	ŏ	3	ō
				-	-	2	,, IS ,, 20	•	ă	0
				0	0	•	., 30 ., 35	•	Š	0
		its, payable on		_	_	_	For every additional Lag up to £300	•	5	•
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		0	•		If exceeding £300, then for every £50 Of any kind not otherwise charged	0	10	•
COLLATE	eral Sko	CURITY, for eve	ry £100	0	•	6	Of any kind not otherwise charged	0	10	0
Maxin	aum dut	у		0	IO	0	Conveyances by way of gift inter rivos			
COMMISS	ION of L	unacy		•	4		are charged as conveyances on sale.			
					-	1	Exceptions for marriage settle-			
CONTRAC	01, see A	GREEMENT.				-	ments, and certain gifts of pro-			
		for the sale or ]				- 1	perty for preservation of open spaces, and for conveyances to ap-			
		r marketable s				1	point new trustees, &c.			
		ne of the stock	or mar-			-	garnio new or unoces, tee,			
	e securit	•					COPY OR EXTRACT (attested or authenti-			
		nd does not exc	eed £xoo	0	•	6	cated), except probates, the same duty			
Excee	ds 100	**	500	0	x	0	as original, but not to exceed	•	z	0
**	500	**	¥,000	0	3	0				
19	1,000	**	1,500	0	3	0	COPYHOLD AND CUSTOMARY ESTATES:-			
**	1,500	11	2,500	0	4	0	If on sale, mortgage, or demise, the			
**	2,500	11	5,000	0	6	0	ad valurem duties under Conveyance,			
11	5,000	***	7,500	0		•	Mortgage, or Lease. Upon any other occasi n—Surrender or grant made			
**	7,500	11	10,000		10	0	out of court on the memorandum			
11	10,000	**	12,500		12	0	out of court, or the memorandum thereof, and Copy of court-roll of any			
**	12,500	**	17,500		16		surrender or grant made in court	_	••	_
	17,500	;r	20,000		x8	ŏ	antiferror of grant made in confermen		20	•
33		***************************************	20,000	ī	-	•	CORPORATE AND UNINCORPORATE BODIES.			
79	(Spec	ial adhesive st	amps.)	-	-		Upon the net annual value, income, or			
Contia		Notes are charg					profits accrued in respect of all real			
One	only of	the two train	sactions				or personal property vested in such			
	raced.						bodiesper cent. (Subject to certain exceptions laid	5	•	•
Oution	Contra	ct Notes are ch	argeable				(Subject to certain exceptions laid			
witl	half	the above rat	es only,				down in the Act 48 & 49 Vict. c. 51.)			
unle	ss the o	ption is a doub	le one.				COVENANT-For repayment of money,			
Contro	net Not	e follormna	a duly	£	8.	đ.	are MORTGAGE.			
stan	aped o	ption contrac	t note				For original creation and sale of any			
chai	rgeable	with half the	e ahove				amuity, see Conveyance.			
	s only.						For an anunity (except on original			
		ant for payme					creation and sale) or other periodi-			
		n Annuity : f		_	_		cal payments, see BOND.			
		al part of £5		0	0	0	Separate Deed of, made on occasion			
CONVEY	ANCE OF	TRANSFER :-	Of Bank				of sale or mortgage, but not being			
of Eng	gland Sto	œk		0	15	6	an instrument chargeable with ad			
Of an	v Coloni	al Stock form	ing part				val. duty as a Conveyance or Mort-			
of p	ublic de	bt of Colony, if U.K. and the	register				gage: same duty as a Convey-			
is k	ept_m	U.K. and the	Stock is				ance on Sale, or a Mortgage, but not to exceed	_	•	_
deci	ared un	der the Coloni	at Stock				AUT TO EXCECU	0	10	0
Act	, 1877 : I	or every £100, of £100, of	or irac				DEATH DUTIES, see ESTATE.			
	ai part	OI £100, OI	iminiai	_	_	_				
tion	ount trai	isierreg		0	5	0	DECLARATION, see Affidavit.			
amo	h-	CONTRACTOR IN THE SECOND	or. See				DEGLADARION OF TOURS not better			
amo Or m	ay be	-Car a sad					DECLARATION OF TRUST, not being a			
amo Or m Stai	ay be mp Act,	1891, 8. 114.					Will on Softlamont		_	
or m Stai	ay be mp Act, ANCE or	ransfer on sa	le of any		7		Will or Settlement	•	10	0
Or m Star Convey	mp Act, ANCE or (except	1891, S. 114. transfer on sa as aforesaid), s	le of any hares, or		77					_
Or m Star Convey stock marke	mp Act, ANCE or (except etable se	i891, 8. II4. transfer on sa as aforexaid), s curity: where	le of any hares, or the pur-		77.4					_
Or m Star Convey stock marke chase	mp Act,  ANCE or  (except  etable se  money	transfer on sa as aforexaid), s curity: where shall not exceed	le of any hares, or the pur- d £5	•	3	•				_
Or m Star Convey stock marke chase	mp Act,  ANCE or  (except  etable se  money	i891, 8. II4. transfer on sa as aforexaid), s curity: where	le of any hares, or the pur- d £5 ng £10	0	W	0				_
Or m Star Convey stock marke chase	ANCE or (except etable se money seding £5	transfer on sa as aforexaid), s curity: where shall not exceed	le of any hares, or the pur- d £5 ng £10	0	7774 II 8 3	0				_
Or m Star Convey stock marke chase Excee	mp Act,  ANCE or  (except  stable se  money seding £5	transfer on sa as aforesaid), a ccurity: where shall not exceed and not exceed	le of any hares, or the pur- d £5 ng £10	0 0 0 0	- 4	0	*In cases where the consideration does n figo and the instrument contains a certific quired by the Finance (1909-18) Act, 1910, 1900, transaction does not form part of a larger to or of a series of transactions in respect of consideration exceeds £500, duty is charged a			_

Payment of Estate or Succession claimed. Five years' average taken. Duties may, by agreement with the Commissioners, be made, wholly or in part, in the form of real or Clergyman or Minister using part of his house mainly for his duties may obtain an allowance leasehold property comprised in not exceeding the tax on one-eighth of the rent, or annual value.

ance, repairs, insurance and manage-ment in excess of above relief may be

the estate.

schedule B: In respect of the Occupation of lands used for the purposes of husbandry only, or mainly for those purposes, on an amount equal to the Annual Value; or, by special request, if made before 5th June (5th August in Scotland) in the current income-tax year, on profits of husbandry, as in case of Trades, under Schedule D. In the case of all other lands on an amount equal to one-third of the annual value.

Schedule C: Dividends or Annuities from public revenue (Government Stocks, &c.)

Schedule D: Trades, Professions, Remittances from Abroad, Interest, &c. Schedule E: Salaries, pensions, and other

Schedule E; Salaries, pensions, and other emoluments of Officers of Army, Navy, Civil Service, Ecclesiastical Bodies, Corporations, Public Companies, &c.

LIFE INSURANCE.—Allowance of duty may be claimed on the amount of premiums pand for insurance of self or wife in approved Companies legally carrying on business in the United Kingdom, if not exceeding one-suxth of the net personal income; but the amount allowable in respect of any premium for securing a capital sum on death not to exceed 7 per cent. of the actual sum assured, nor m respect of any premium for securing any other benefits, more than £xee in all.

RESIDENTS ABROAD—No exemption or other relief is given to persons not residing in the United Kingdom. *Exceptions*: British subjects, present or former servants of the Crown, widows whose late hushands were in the service of the Crown, missionaries, servants of native States under British protection, residents in the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man, and persons, previously resident in the United Kingdom, residing abroad for the sake of their health or the health of a member of their family.

DOMINION INCOME TAX.—Relicf is granted under certain conditions in the case of a taxpayer who has paid, or is liable to pay, United Kingdom Income Tax on any part of his income, and who proves that he has paid Dominion Income Tax for the same year in respect of the same part of his income.

SCHOLARSHIPS.—Income from a scholarship held by a person receiving full-time instruction at a university, college, school, or other educational establishment is exempted from Income Tax (including Super-Tax).

1907-8 and 1908-9	0	1
1909-10 to 1913-14	0	I
1914-15 '	0	1
IQ15-IQ16	0	3
1916-17 and 1917-18	0	5
1918-19 to 1981-22	0	6
1988-1983	0	5
1983-84 and 1984-85	0	4
1985-86 to 1989-30	0	4
1930-31	0	4
1931-3s and 1938-33	0	5

SUR TAX.—The Sur Tax replaced the Super Tax, which was levied up to and including the Super Tax Year 1928—9 (payable January 1, 1929), based on the statutory income of the year 1929—7. The Sur Tax is in effect a deferred instalment of Income Tax payable on January 1 after the end of the Income Tax year. Thus the first payment of Sur Tax was due January 1, 1920, and was the deferred instalment of Income Tax for the year 1928—9.

Nul.

For every £ of the next £10,000 of the excess...... o 6 6

Notes en Income Tax.

Under the Finance Act of 1930 a radical alteration was made in the method of granting relief in the Income Tax in favour of earned income as compared with investment income, and in the method of graduating the burden of the tax according to the size of a taxpayer's income and his family responsibilities. The previously existing exemptions, abatements, and reliefs were replaced by the various reliefs set out below. In introducing the new system, the Act employed two terms not previously used in connection with the Income Tax, viz., "assessable income" and "taxable income"

"Assessable Income" means, in the case of
"earned" income, the amount of such income
as computed for Income Tax purposes, after
deducting the amount of the "earned" income
allowance mentioned below, and in the case of
other income, the actual amount of such income
as computed for Income Tax purposes.

"Taxable Income" means that part of the "assessable income" upon which Income Tax is accountly charged, that is, the "assessable income" lass the various deductions referred to below,

Deduction in arriving at Assessable Income. Karned Income Allowance.—The differentiation in favour of "earned" income is made by deducting one-fifth of the "earned" income in order to arrive at the assessable income. The deduction is given irrespective of the amount of the total income, but must not exceed \$500 for any one individual. The "assessable income" of a taxpayer is, therefore, his total income, as computed for Income Tax purposes, after making the appropriate deduction in respect of any "earned" income.

An allowance is also made of one-fifth of the unearned income of persons of the age of 65 years and upwards whose total income does not exceed £500. This allowance is granted, in the case of a married couple, where either the husband or his wife, living with him, has attained the age of 65 years at the commencement of the year of assessment, but the joint total income must in auch a case fall within the preactibed limits. Provision is also made for marginal relief, in order to avoid the hardship which would be involved when the total income falls just over the preactibed limit of £500.

Total Exemption.—Exemption from tax may be claimed where the total assessable income does not exceed £100, or, in the case of an individual whose wife is living with him, £150. Where the income is wholly earned, these limits are equivalent to £150 and £157 xor. respectively. See above.

Deductions from Assessable Income in order to arrive at Tazable Income.—Where the taxpayer is not totally exempt, the following deductions may be claimed from the total assessable income in order to arrive at the "taxable income." The deductions may be claimed irrespective of the annount of the tazaber's total income.

Personal allowance may be claimed of £xoo, or, in the case of an individual whose wife is living with him, £x5o.

Wife's Earned Income.—When a taxpayer's total income includes any earned income of his wife, the personal allowance of £155 is increased by a sum equal to four-fifths of the amount of such carned income, subject to a maximum additional allowance of £45.

Deduction for a Widower's (or Widow's) House-beeper taking Charge of Children.—A deduction of £50 may be claimed, under certain conditions, by a widower who has living with him a female relative for the purpose of having the charge and care of any child or adopted child of his in respect of whom the deduction for children (see p. 503) is given or in the capacity of a house-keaper or by a widow who has a female relative resident with her for the like purpose. If the widower or widow proves that he or she has no such female relative who is able or willing to take such charge, the same deduction may be elaimed in respect of some other female person employed for that purpose.

Deduction in respect of Widowed Mother, dc., taking Charge of Children.—A deduction of £50 may be claimed, under certain conditions, by an I'mmarried Person who has living with him and maintains at his own expense either his mother (being a widow or living apart from her husband) or some other female relative, for the purpose of having the charge and care of any brother or sister of his in respect of whom the deduction for children or adopted children (see p. 62) is given.

Deduction for Children.—A deduction may be claimed in respect of each child, step-child, or adopted child under the age of a years, or who, if over that age, is receiving full-time instruction at any university, college, school, or other educational establishment. The deduction allowable is \$50 in respect of one child, and \$40 in respect of each additional child for whom the relief is due. No deduction is, however, allowed in respect of any child of adopted child who is entitled in his or her own right to an income which, after excluding any income to which the child is entitled as the heider of a scholarship, bursary, or other similar educational endowment, exceeds \$50 a year.

Deduction in respect of Dependent Relatives.—
A deduction of \$\( \text{sg} \) may be olaimed in respect of (a) any person whom the taxpayer maintains at his own expense, and who is a relative of his or of his wife, and incapacitated by old age or infirmity from maintaining himself or herself, or (b) his or his wife's widowed nother, whether incapacitated or not, or (c) a daughter who is resident with the taxpayer, and upon whose services he is compelled to depend, by reason of old age or infirmity. The deduction under (a) or (b) is conditional, however, upon the means of the dependent relative not exceeding \$\( \text{sg} \) os a year. The deduction applies in the case of a female taxpayer, with the substitution of "husband" for "wife" above.

Rates of Tax chargeable on the "Taxable Income."—The following provisions as to the rates of tax chargeable on the taxable incume (i.e., that part of the income on which tax is actually charged) apply, whatever the total amount of the income. For the year ending Apr. 5, 1934, the first £175 of the taxable income is chargeable at as 64, in the £. The remainder of the taxable income is chargeable at the standard rate of tax, i.e., at gs. in the £.

Relief in respect of Life Assurance Premiums.—Where allowance is due in respect of premiums paid for Life Assurance or for contracts for Deferred Annuities, the allowance is deducted from the annount of tax arrived at under the preceding paragraph, and calculated at following rates:—one-half the standard rate in the £ on the amount of the premium paid on policies taken out since June 22, 2256, irrespective of the claimant's total income; and on policies taken out before June 23, 2356, a deduction of tax at one-half the standard rate in the £ is allowed on the premiums paid by a claimant whose income does not exceed £1,000, of three-fourths of the standard rate in the £ where his income exceeds £2,000 and does not exceed £2,000, and at the standard rate in the £ where his income

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	_	€.	ε.	d.	I
INEBRIATES RETREATS Lice (20%. additional is payable patient over 10 in number	e for ever	. 3	•	•	
Insurance Policies—Life	:				
For any sum not exceeding	g £20		0	1	
Exc. £ 10, and not exc. £			0	3	
Exc. £25, and not exc. £3 £30 or fractional part of	f£⊊o	. 0	۰	6	
Exc. £500, and not exc. every£100 or fractional	£1,000, fo	r o o	1	0	
Exc. £x,eoe, for every £x fractional part of £x,eo	,eco or all	y . o	10		Ì
Policies of Indemnity ander the Employers' Lings, and the Workmen's tion Act, 1897:  Under hand	against los ability Act Compensa	8		_	
Under seal			10	6	E
-Accidental Death, of Injury, or on periodica during sickness, or loss upon Property	l payment or damag	s e	•	6	
Provise for Composition for Duty, see 52 & 53 Vict. c., 59 & 60 Vict. c. 28, 8, 13, 7 c. 13, 8, 8 (2).	2, 5. 20, All	d			P
INSURANCE POLICIES—SEA :					A
Where the premium does	not excee	d			
38. 6d. per cent Where the premium exc		. 0	0	I	t
per cent :	sous as ou	•			o
For any Voyage:-					0
Where the sum insure	d does no	t			n
exceed £s50	•••••	. 0	•	3	d
Exceeds £350 but does	not excee	() 0 0	۰	6	C
" £500 "	., ,, £75		•	9	E t
., £750 ,,	, "£1,00		1	ó	R
fractional part of £5	y £,500 ∪ 00	i. o	0	6	l _e
For Time:-					0
Where the insurance i	s made fo	r			I
	4. 4.				

AND TAX.—The quota payable by each Pariah, as fixed in the year 1795 (less the amount redeemed), is raised by an equal pound rate, the rate of Assessment not to exceed is in the £. Where the income of the owner of tha land (when not a body of persons, corporate or incorporate) does not exceed fixe he is exempt from payment of land tax, and if the owner's income does not exceed fixe one half of the tax is remitted, but he must olaim this relief before payment of the tax.

*LEASES:—Lease or tack of any dwelling-house or part thereof for any definite term not exceeding a year at a rent not exceeding 4-60 per annum.xd.; for any definite term less than a year of any furnished dwelling-house or apartments where the rent for such term exceeds £s. §s.; of any lands, tenements, &c., at a yearly rent:—

Exed.	Not Exce		exc	Not cod	ing		35	yea nd r	rs		i	izce ng year	TUU
	£s	•••	0		0	•••	0	6	0	•••	0	18	0
£s	10		0	3	۰	•••	0	13	0	•••		4	0
10	15	•••	0	3	•	•••	٥	18	0	•••		zĠ	۰
15	20		•	4	0	•••	1	4	0	•••		8	۰
20	35					•••		10	0		3	•	•
85					•				0	•••	ĕ	•	0
50		•••		15	0	•••			•		0	•	•
75						•••			ō		12	•	ō
100.	for ;											-	_
parto								۰		•••	6		•
Lease													

Lease of any kind not specially charged z o o Agreement for lease not exceeding 35 years, same as actual lease

*Section 13 of the Revenue Act, 1311, provides that in cases where the consideration or any part of the consideration consists of any money, stock, or security (other than rent), the amount or value of which does not exceed \$500, and the instrument contains a certificate that the transaction does not form part of a larger transaction or of a series of transactions in respect of which the consideration other than rent exceed \$500, duty shall be charged at half the rates set out under the leading "Conveyance or Transfer on sale of any property," &c.

The Section, however, does not apply in any case where part of the consideration for any lease or tack consists of rent, and that rent exceeds £20 a year.

LEGACY AND SUCCESSION DUTIES: -Also see "Estate Duty."

If the deceased died on or after the rst June, r88r, every peouniary Legacy or Residue, or share of Residue, although not of the amount or value of £20, is chargeable.—Except in the cases of small estates, see note to Estate Duty.

No succession duty is payable where the principal value of all the successions on the same death does not amount to £zee.

Rates of duties payable on legacies, annustics, and residues, and of Succession Duties where decased died before 1st July, 1888, or where Estate Duty, Finance 4ct, 1894, is payable.

To Husband or Wife or Children of the Deceased, or their Descendants, or to the Father or Mother or other Lineal Ancestor of the Deceased (see above)

£z per cent

exceeding is months, six times the amount which would be payable if the insurance were made upon a voyage.

(z) Not exceeding 6 months, three times the amount which would be payable if the in-

(a) Exceeding 6 months and not

voyage;

surance were made upon a

INVENTORY DUTY, see ESTATE DUTY.

,	
Exceptions.—Estates not exceeding £15,000.—gacies and successions of less than £1,000	MORTGAGE, BOND, &c., not exceeding £ 10 0
a,coo in the case of widow or child under the	Not exc. £25o o 8 Not exc. £200 o 5
e of zz of deceased), whatever may be value on the estate.	1 1000 2 6 300 0 7
	Exceeding £300, for every £100 and fractional part of £100
To Brothers and Sisters of the Deceased,	Exceeding £300, for every £100 and
or their Descendants£5 per cent To Brothers and Sisters of the Father or	Traveler of Mortgage (overt market
	Transfer of Mortgage (except market- able securities), for every £100 o
scendants	
	Collateral, or auxiliary, or additional,
father or Grandmother of the Deceased,	or substituted security (other than
To any Person in any other degree of col-	Collateral, or auxiliary, or additional, or substituted security (other than an equitable mortcage), when the principal security is duly stamped;
lateral Consanguinity, or to a Stranger	for every £100, or fraction of £100,
in Blood to the Deceased	6d., up to a maximum of o ro
Where deceased died on or after z July, x888, and	None and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state
Probate or Estate Duty is not payable, Success	
sion Duties for the relationships above are a	PASSBORM
rates of 1½, 4½,6½,7½, and 11½ respectively The Husband or Wife is chargeable with Estate	Diministration of the inventions
The Husband or Wife is chargeable with Estate	PATENT (LETTERS) for inventions :— On application for provisional
Duty and Legacy and Succession Duty; and the Husband or Wife of a relation is charge	On application for provisional protection r o
able at the rate at which the relation would	On filing complete specification 3 o
he charged.	On notice to have patent scaled r o
Penalties.—Persons paying or receiving with	Application for certificate of payment of renewal:—Before the expiration
taking or signing a proper Receipt, or not	of renewal:—Before the expiration
ring notice of a succession, or not delivering an count, are subject to certain Penaltics.	of the 4th year from the date of the patent, and in respect of the 5th year
country, are autoject to cortain I charmes.	Le and Ly addit, each year to Ly6
TTERS OF ALLOTMENT AND OF RENUNCIATION.	£5, and £x addit. each year to £x6 in respect of the x6th year.
Less than £5, $zd.$ ; £5 and upwards, $6d.$	Other small fees are also payable, of such
TTERS OF MARQUE AND REPRISAL£	amount as may be from time to time prescribed.
MARINE DAMENT CRANT OF to any honour of	
dignity, viz.: Duke, £280: Marquess, £200	POWER OF ATTORNEY, &c., receiving
TTERS PATENT, GRANT OF, to any honour or dignity, viz.: Duke, £350; Marquess, £350; Earl, £350; Viscount, £350; Baron, £350 Precedence, £300; Baronet, £300; Cougé d'elur to elect an Archbishop or Bishop, £30; any the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the	For the receipt of any money, or bill,
Precedence, £100; Baronet, £100; Congé d'elir	or note, not exceeding £ 20, or of
to elect an Archbishop or Bishop, £30; any	any periodical payments not exceed-
other honour, dignity, or franchise, £30. Changof surname or arms, in accordance with will	ing 4 to annually
£50; upon voluntary application, £10.	To the receipt of dividends of interest
	of any stock, if for one payment only or
£ s. d	
NACY ACT, Licence for House o to a	Power of attorney of any other kind o ro
or estate 2 0	PROCURATION, Deed, &c., of o ro
	PROMISSORY NOTE, see BILL OF EXCHANGE.
ARKETABLE SECURITIES transferable by delivery :	PROPERTY AND INCOME TAX, see INCOME TAX,
(z) Colonial Government Securities,	
per £100 0 5	PROTEST of any Bill of Exchange— Where the duty on the Bill or Note
a) Colonial Municipal Securities, for	does not exceed is., the same duty
every $\mathcal{L}_{10}$ or fractional part of $\mathcal{L}_{10}$ os a 3 Securities dated or signed before	as the Bill or Note. In any other case o r
7th Aug., 1885, double the duty on Mortgage, Bond, &c. (q.v.).	Therman Community Att
Mortanae Rond Jee (a.v.)	RECEIPTS FOR SALARIES, Wages, and Supe
Maringage, Dona, a c. (4.0.).	
(4) Of any other description, for every	annuation, and other like allowances exempts
(4) Of any other description, for every	annuation, and other like allowances exempted by Sec. 36 Finance Act, 1984.
4) Of any other description, for every £xo or fractional part of £xo o 4  not transferable by delivery, same	annuation, and other like allowances exempte by Sec. 36 Finance Act, 1984.
4) (If any other description, for every £x0 or fractional part of £x0 o 4 ( ). not transferable by delivery, same duty as on Mortgage Bond, &c. (q.v.)	annuation, and other like allowances exempte
(4) (if any other description, for every £xe or fractional part of £xe o 4 ( ). not transferable by delivery, same duty as on Mortgage Bond, &c. (q.v.)	annuation, and other like allowances exempte by Sec. 36 Finance Act, 1934.  REVOCATION of any Trust of Property, £ s. not being a Will
(4) (4) any other description, for every £xe or fractional part of £to	annuation, and other like allowances exempted by Sec. 36 Finance Act, 1934.  REVOCATION of any Trust of Property, £ s. not being a Will
(4) (M any other description, for every £ so or fractional part of £ to	annuation, and other like allowances exempted by Sec. 36 Finance Act, 1934.  REVOCATION of any Trust of Property, £ s. not being a Will
(4) Of any other description, for every fro or fractional part of from o 4 (a) fractional part of from o 4 (b) fractional part of from o 4 (c) from fractional part of fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fractional fra	annuation, and other like allowances exempted by Sec. 36 Finance Act, 1934.  REVOCATION of any Trust of Property, £ s. not being a Will
(4) Of any other description, for every £ no or fractional part of £ no	annuation, and other like allowances exempted by Sec. 36 Finance Act, 1934.  REVOCATION of any Trust of Property, £ s. not being a Will
(4) (If any other description, for every fro or fractional part of from o 4 (a) not transferable by delivery, same duty as on Mortgage Bond, &c. (q.v.)  ARRIGGE LICENCE, special, England and Wales, and Northern Ireland 5 o (Not special (see pages 349-350) o 10 (INERAL RIGHTS DUTY:  Rate of Duty [payable by the proprietor wher he works the minerals, or, in any other case by the immediate lessor of the working lessee]	annuation, and other like allowances exempts by Sec. 36 Finance Act, 1954.  REVOCATION of any Trust of Property, £ 8. not being a Will
(4) (If any other description, for every £ so or fractional part of £ ion	annuation, and other like allowances exempted by Sec. 36 Finance Act, 1934.  REVOCATION of any Trust of Property, £ s. not being a Will
(4) (If any other description, for every fro or fractional part of from o 4 (a) not transferable by delivery, same duty as on Mortgage Bond, &c. (q.v.)  ARRIGGE LICENCE, special, England and Wales, and Northern Ireland 5 o (Not special (see pages 349-350) o 10 (INERAL RIGHTS DUTY:  Rate of Duty [payable by the proprietor wher he works the minerals, or, in any other case by the immediate lessor of the working lessee]	annuation, and other like allowances exempted by Sec. 36 Finance Act, 1934.  REVOCATION of any Trust of Property, £ s. not being a Will

£ a. d.	٠ ا
z. Of any Company, Corporation, or	- 1
body of persons in the U.K., on issue,	1
per cent. on nominal value 3 0	ا د
a. Of any Foreign or Colonial Company	
on first negotiation in U.K., for	ł
every£ze or fractional part of £ze e 4	ا د
STOCK CERTIF., see SHARE WARRANT.	1
SUCCESSION DUTIES, see LEGACY DUTIES.	-
SUR TAX, see INCOME TAX.	-
TRANSFER OF STOCK, see CONVEYANCE.	-
Transfer of Share in Cost-Book Mines	8
VALUATION, see APPRAISEMENT.	
VOTING PAPER OF Proxy o o	
WARRANT FOR GOODS 0 0	3
The Commissioners as a general rule allow	,
deeds, &c., to be stamped after execution :	-1
WITHOUT PENALTY, ON PAYMENT OF DUTY ONLY	٠.
Agreements under hand only, liable to the duty	
of 6d. — Agreements for letting furnished	

Agreements under hand only, liable to the duty of 6d. — Agreements for letting furnished houses for less than a year. — Appraisements. — Attested copies, — within 14 days of first execution.

Foreign sea policies, within to days of arrival in U.K.

Deeds and instruments not otherwise excepted, within 30 days of first execution.

NOTE.—Where wholly executed abroad, the period begins to reckon from the date of arrival here.

PENALTIKS ENFORCEABLE ON STAMPING, IN ADDITION TO DUTY:-

7 days, but within one mouth...... so e Receipts, within 14 days after they

Receipts, after 14 days, but within one month

#### Hours at Somerset House.

Inland Revenue Office, to to 4 (Saturdays, z).

#### GAME AND GUN LICENCES.

GAME AND GUN LICENCES.—A licence is required by every person who hunts, shoots, or takes game, except persons (in Great Britain) taking woodcock and snipe with nets or springes; proprietors, or tenants, on enclosed land, killing rabbits; persons hunting deer, or hares, with hounds; owners or occupiers, or their servants, killing deer on their own enclosed land; beaters and others, not holding guns, attending holders of game licences. Occupiers of enclosed land, or owners, having the right to kill game, may themselves kill hares, or authorise others to do so, without a licence, but such authority must be limited to one person at a time in any one parish, and must be registered with the clerk of the Justices of the Petty Sessional Division in which the land is situate. Even when the quarry is not what is legally known as "game," a "gun" licence is necessary. A game licence, however, covers agun licence. Sailors, soldiers, airmen, territorial soldiers, or constables, on duty or at practice, need not take out a gun licence, nor need occupiers of land scaring birds or killing vermin on such land, or persons so acting under the orders of occupiers holding a licence. Unless, however, the occupier is himself licensed, lie

cannot authorise any unlicensed person to carry a gun. "Scaring" birds is not to be regarded as including killing of any birds, and "vermin" does not include rabbits. The rates of duty are as follows:—

subsequently—renewable every 3 years) is also necessary (with certain exceptions) for any person in possession of a firearm.

A person under 14 may not purchase or have in his possession any firearm other than a smooth-bore shot gun or air gun or air rifle.

#### DISTANCE OF THE HORIZON.

The limit of distance to which one can see varies with the height of the spectator. The greatest distance at which an object on the surface of the sea, or of a level plain, can be seen by a person whose eyes are at a height of g feet from the same level is nearly 3 miles. At a height of so feet the range is increased to nearly 6 miles, and an approximate rule for finding the range of vision for small heights is to increase the square root of the number of feet that the eye is above the level surface by a third of itself, the result being the distance of the horizon in miles, but is slightly in excess of that in the table below, which is computed by a more precise formula. The table may be used conversely to show the distance of an object of given height that is just visible from a point in the surface of the earth or sea. Refraction is taken into account both in the approximate rule and in the Table.

At a height of the range is | At a height of the range is |

of the runge is a 'g miles. ...... 5'9 ; ...... 9'3 ; ...... 13'2 ; At a height of At a height of the range is 500 ft. ...... s9'5 miles. 5 ft. ...... 4,000 ft. ...... 83'3 miles. 5,000 ,, 1,000 ,, **30** ,, ...... 186.8 ..... 58.0 50 ,, 2,000 ,, 20,000 ,, 100 ,, 3,000 ,, ...... 78'I

#### NET RECEIPTS FROM EXCISE, 2020-1022.

	1									
	Year ended March 31	Beer.	Spirits	Liquor Licences.	Other	Patent Medicines	Table Waters.	Entertain ments.	Matches	
The same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the sa	1939 1931 1932 1933	70,846,978 71,254,674 69,269,299 68,710,020 67,097,581	38,997,751 36,651,064 35,137,338 30,236,256 30,059,871	£ 4,267,343 4,290,410 4,273,118 4,314,466 4,243,407	£ 530,672 529,319 538,315 522,394 532,069	£ 1,333,512 1,234,199 1,097,602 974,955 882,006	.5 354,907 358,617 339,398 310,650 310,866	6,003,587 6,695,847 6,958,088 7,868,908 9,318,688	1,880,623 2,006,166 2,026,221 2,115,960 2,107,131	

Other Licences issued in 1938-31 included: Auctioneers, 7,455; Bookmakers Personal Certificates to date of sholltion, Nov. 1, 1930), 1,246, do Entry Certificates, 239; Hawkers, 7,851. Patent Medicine Makers and Veridors, 10,459. Moneylenders, 3,638, Pawnbrokers, 2,498. Plate Dealers, 17,456; Tobacco Dealers, 48,683; Male Servants, 186,232. Armorial Bearings, 94,379; Pogs. 2,941,332; Gum, 239,246; Jame dirichiding Gamekeepers), 51,431; and Game

### 6 NET RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMS, 1989-1933.

Year ended March 32	Tea.	Cocon and Coffee,	Sugar.	Tolsacco and Snuff	Wine.	Spirita,	Matches.	Clocks and Watches.
1929 1930 1931 1932 1933	£ 5,750,718 43,336 Nil Nil 2,119,512	982,254 1,076,496	£ 13,911,816 11,753,395 12,363,749 14,493,667 11,380,669	64,187,910	£, 4,256,243 4,889,710 4,103,124 3,808,291 3,761,665	4,747.981	£, 2,071,859 2,115,893 2,074,865 1,958,322 1,670,561	£ 614,465 585,078 790,462 643,018 475,766

i The not receipt from Customs in 1932 33 was £157,195,364 Goods liable under the Import Duties Act. 1932, contributed £22,703,986; goods from the Irush Free Nute contributed £22,515,003; and Oil contributed £22,260,666

Consumption per Head.—In 1929, the average consumption per head of the population of Great Britain and Northern Ireland was: Tra, 1012[b]; Coffee, 076[b]; Cocon, 282[b], a total of 1372[b]. per head. In 1840, the figures were: Tea, 122[b]; Coffee, 126[b]; Cocon, 262[b], a total of 272[b]. SMUGGLING.—During the year ended the 32th March, 1931, 6,768 setzures of smuggled goods were made. Of these, 4,436 were seizures of Cobacco, cigars and foreign spirits. The quantities seized were 5,122 lb, of tobacco and cigars, and 239 gallous of spirits.

3,034 persons were convicted of smuggling, and penalties to the amount of £13,243 recovered.

### NET RECEIPTS FROM ESTATE DUTY, INCOME TAX, POST OFFICE, &c., 1909-1933.

1	ESTATE, &c	., Duties.	1			Рокт	OFFICE REV	ENUE.
Year ended Mar. 3x	Estate Duty	Legacy and Succession Duty.	INCOMP TAX.	Super Tax. (Sul-Tax)	Stanps.	Postal	Telegraph	Telephone.
1989 1930 1931 1932 1933	\$\frac{5}{72,231,490}\frac{69,548,208}{73,704,458}\frac{56,079,351}{67,382,804}	9,557,719 9,301,051 8,460,312	\$37,620,000 237,426,000 256,047,000 257,367,000 251,539,000	\$6,150,000 \$6,390,000 67,830,000 76,700,000 60,650,000			6,300,000 6,250,000 6,200,000	£ 20,100,000 21,600,000 22,600,000 23,250,000

#### DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME TAX.

The total tax payable by individuals is £350,000,000, divided as under :--

Incomes up to £500 pay .....£33,000,000 

€ 250,000,000

## MOTOR VEHICLE DUTIES.

Division. Gross Receipts.

1931 -38 1939-33 England and Wales ...£25,866,080 £ 26,394, 162 Scotland ..... 2,364,092 8,415.962

Total ......£28,230,178 £28,810,124 Details of Receipts from Motor Vehicle Duties will be found on p. 637.

#### CONSCIENCE MONEY.

"Money remitted to the Chancellor of the Exchequer by Sundry Persons for Conscience Sake, &c.," varies in amount from year to year:— Year.

Year. Received Received. 1915-16...£1,905 7 11 1939-30... 1936-37... 2,931 18 4 1930-31... 1937-38... 10,475 5 8 1931-32... 1938-39... 14,985 16 7 1938-33... 1929-30... £7,594 13 1030-31... 8,116 7 1,195 ٥

#### FIRE LOSSES.

The cost of losses from fire in Great Britain and Ireland in 1938 was estimated at £8.691,000, in 1939 at £11,784,000, in 1939 at £9,015,000, in 1932 at £9,025,000, and in 1932 at £9,025,000. The lives lost through fires in 1939 was 728. The cost in London (1930) was estimated at £695,778, and the lives lost in London fires (1930) numbered 69.

# PROPERTY AND INCOME TAX. . NET RECEIPTS FROM INCOME TAX.

Year	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	Total.	(Budget Estimate )	Standard Rate.	Produce of ad.
1913-14	£38,974,376	£3,765,769	£1,161,618 N. Ireland.	£43,901,763	£42,700,000	a. d 1 2	£3,108,810
1924~25 1925~26	251,766,736 237,204,982	21,315,836 19,001,817	2,373,692 1,858,156	275,456,264 258,064,955	265,000,000 262,000,000	4 6	5,055,157 4,917,497
1926-27 1927-28 1928-29	210,954,229 233,790,790 220,086,381	17,184,844 17,744,595 15,610,432	1,996,795 1,959,983 1,577,553	230,135,868 253,495,368 237,274,366	254,800,000 247,000.000 232,900,000	4 4 4	4,868,504 4,789,627 4,908,874
1939-30 1931-32	218,851,564 235,553,636 267,513,057	17,282,382 18,041,937 18,658,683	1,739,106 1,743,731 2,213,553	237,873,052 255,339,304 288,385,293	259,750,000 259,750,000 272,000,000	4 6 5 0	4,875,297 4,728,690 4,806,421

INCOME TAX.—In 1931-38 there were 8,400,000 individuals with total incomes above the exemption limit, but of this number 4,700,000 were entirely relieved by abatements and allowances, leaving only 3,700,000 chargeable with tax. The number of persons assessed for sur-tax in 1930-30 was 105,517, with total incomes assessed at £577,314,06s. The number of persons assessed for income-tax and sur-tax in the year 1930-30 with annual incomes exceeding £5,000 was as follows:—Exceeding £5,000 but not exceeding £7,000 per annum, 1,45; exceeding £70,000 per annum, 1,901.

ACTUAL INCOME OF	ses), 1930-31.	EXCESS	PROFITS			
Schedule.	England and Wales	Scotland.	Northern Ireland.	Gt B & N. Ireland	YEAR.	YIELD.
A (From Ownership) B (From Occupation) C (From Securities) D (From Businesses,&c.) E (From Salaries)		£ 18,821,376 3,389,602 93,304,057 81,275,602	£ 2,543,679 283,057 10,341,949 12,536,397	£ 263,762,030 27,082,544 260,826,444 1,032,480,938 1,012,894,198	1981-88 1987-88 1988-89 1989-30 1930-31 1931-32	\$ 30,477,813 850,000 1,694,129 2,347,072 2,128,377

INCOME TAX	ASSESSMENTS	(SCHEDULE	D), 1	1930-31.

Profits from Businesses, Professions, Certain Employments, and Certain Interest	England.	Scotland.	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom.
Gross Income from:  Manufacturing, &c., Industries  Distribution, &c.:	£ 429,952,076	£ 42,119,602	£,4,347,815	£ 476,419,493
Raliways (U.K.) Other Finance, Professions, &c. Interest on War Securities (not	46,988,761 441,866,514 171,352,210	43,091,135 18,473,179	39,480 6,396,568 1,909,370	47,028,241 491,354,217 191,734,759
taxed at source) Do. Dominion and Foreign do.	02,237,215	15,036,307 4,842,955	1,443,596 551,265	108,707,118 94,698,167
Total Gross Income Exemptions and Reductions	£1,271,690,723 342,855,791	£123,563,178 30,259,121	£14,688,094 4,346,145	£1,409,941,595 377,461,057
Total Actual Income	£928,834,932	£93,304,057	£10,341,949	£1,032,480,238

## INCOME TAX ASSESSMENTS (SCHEDULE E), 1930-31.

Salaries of Government, Corporation and Public Company Officials.	England.	Scotland.	Northern Ireland.	United Kingdom.
Gross Income:— Government Officials:———— Other Public Officials————— Other Employments Assessed	£ 93,450,735 8,849,630	£ 879,391 	£ 1,494,655 	£ 95,824,781 8,849,630
Annually	633.525,066	57,791,202	9,166,976	700,483,244
Half-Yearly	258,261,212	27,389,916	2,825,288	<b>288</b> ,476,416
Total Gross Income	£994,086,643 75,004,944	£86,060,509 4,784,907	£13,486,919 950,022	£1,093,634,071 80,739,873
Actual Income:— Wages of Manual Earners Other Assessments	240,832,147 678,249,552	25,678,050 55,597,552	2,637,511 9,899,386	269,147,708 743,746,490
Total Actual Income	£.010.081.600	£81,275,602	£12,416,807	£1.012.804.108

## STATE EXPENDITURE, 1932-33, 1933-34

The expanditure of the various departments of the State is met from two main sources, (1) supply grants, (a) receipts appropriated in aid. Together these form the gross expenditure for this year, the net expenditure being the amount raised by taxation for the particular purpose. The Estimated Expenditure; after taking credit for receipts appropriated in aid of expenditure.  THE CIVIL ESTIMATES.  Civil Estimates and Estimates for the Revenue Departments for 1933-24 show a reduction of \$21,936,394 on those for 1932-32 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-34 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-34 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-35 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-36 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-36 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-36 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-37 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-38 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-38 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-39 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-39 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932-39 (including Supplementary Estimates).  S
Together these form the gross expenditure for the year, the net expenditure being the amount raised by taxation for the particular purpose. The Estimated Expenditure given below accounts only for the net expenditure, after taking credit for receipts appropriated in aid of expenditure.  THE CIVIL ESTIMATES.  Civil Estimates and Estimates for the Revenue Departments for 1932-4 show a reduction of \$31,938,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-39 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-39 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-39 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 1932-39 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. \$231,393,394 on those for 193
ths year, the net expenditure being the amount raised by taxation for the particular purpose. The Estimated Expenditure given below accounts only for the net expenditure, after taking credit for receipts appropriated in aid of expenditure.  THE CIVIL ESTIMATES.  Civil Estimates and Estimates for the Revenue Departments for 1932–4 show a reduction of £31,938,394 on those for 1932–33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1932–31 1933–4. Civil Services. 2351,300,092 £319,371,099 Revenue Depts. 71,527,785 72,907,885  L443,117,376 £391,778,984  The Civil Estimates are divided into 9 Classes," as shown below:—  CLASS I: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE.  Principal Hens. 1932 31 1933 194 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 45 1933 194 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 194 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 194 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1933 1933 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1933 1934 House of Lordy Offices. 1932 1934 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935
raised by taxation for the particular purpose. Imperial War Museum 11,415 The Estimated Expenditure, after taking credit for receipts appropriated in aid of expenditure.  THE CIVIL ESTIMATES.  Civil Estimates and Estimates for the Revenue Departments for 1933-4 show a reduction of \$31,933,930,930 on those for 1933-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service. 1938-33 1933 34.  Civil Services. 2331,300,093 £319,371,099 Revenue Depts. 71,817,785 71,907,835  L423,117,378 £391,276,984  The Civil Estimates are divided into 9 (Classes," as shown below:—  CLASS I: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE.  Principal Hens — 1938 33 1933 34 (Including Supplementary Estimates).  Registrar-General 200ffice 144,725 144,893 1933 34 (Including Supplementary Estimates).  Mational Gallery 23,624 25,445 National Gallery 21,724 7,679 Wallace Collection 19,714 7,679 Wallace Collection 19,714 7,679 Wallace Collection 29,714 196,527 Universities & Colleges 1,745,000 1,890,000 National Clare (Classes) 45,500 (Insurance Audit 19,335,320 £19,330,445 14,715 21,335 14,135 23,441 National Gallery 21,445 14,757 National Gallery 21,447 14,757 15,504 19,715 19,715 16,717 16,727 17,724 7,679 Wallace Collection 19,714 196,527 18,90,000 19,714 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19,715 19
only for the net expenditure, after taking credit Nor receipts appropriated in aid of expenditure.  THE CIVIL ESTIMATES.  Civil Estimates and Estimates for the Revenue Departments for 1932-43 (including Supplementary Estimates).  1923 34.  Civil Estimates are divided into 9 Revenue Depts. 71,87,785 71,907,855  The Civil Estimates are divided into 9 CLASS 1: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE.  Principal Hens 1932 31 1933 41 1933 41 1933 42 1934 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1935 41 1
THE CIVIL ESTIMATES.  Civil Estimates and Estimates for 1932-4 show a reduction of £31,938,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service.  Service.  1933 34.  Civil Services.  2351,300,093  Revenue Depts.  7,827,785  243,127,376  £43,127,376  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396  £439,127,396
THE CIVIL ESTIMATES.  Civil Estimates and Estimates for the Revenue Departments for 1932-34 show a reduction of \$11,938,394 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  Service.  1933 34.  Civil Services
Civil Estimates and Estimates for the Revenue Departments for 1933-4 show a reduction of 33,1932 304 on those for 1932-33 (including Supplementary Estimates).  1923 34.  1923 35.  1923 36.  1923 36.  1923 37.  1923 38.  1923 38.  1923 38.  1923 38.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 39.  1923 3
Departments for 1932-4 show a reduction of \$\\ \frac{1}{3}\), 1938-394 (0) those for 1932-23 (including Supplementary Estimates).   1932-33   1932-33   1932-33   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   1932-34   19
1939-31   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939
1939-31   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939-34   1939
Revenue Depts 71,817,785 71,907,885 National Library
### Classes," as shown below:—  CLASS I: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE, Principal Hens — 1923 31 1933 54 House of Lordy Offices. ####################################
The Civil Estimates are divided into 9 Ministry of Health
"Classes," as shown below:—  CLASS I: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE. Principal Items — 1933 33 1933 41 Insurance Audit
CLASS I: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE. Begistrar-General office 144,060 105,429 Principal Hens 1933 1933 1933 House Audit 165,610 103,390 House Clumb Offices 254,565,000 Ministry of Labour 24,468,000 23,593,000
Principal Items - 1938 33 1933 34 Insurance Audit 162,610 163,390  House of Lurby Offices
House of Larry Offices Lazage Lazage Ministry of Labour 82,468,000 53,593,000
Lighter of Commission (Charlet )
payment of Members) 336,384 338,502 Utd Age rensions 39,770,000 40,375,000 Widows', Orphans' and Old Age Contributory
Treasury Depts., &c 310,727 319,726 Pensions
Royal Commissions 72,000 78,000 Dant of Health
Government Hospitality 20,000 6,000 Roard of Control
Mint, incl. Coinage 150,000 150,000 Registrar-General's Office 19,838 18,301
Scotland, Ct and VI . The AVE AVE INDIGERRY
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Empire Marketing 220 000 Ministry of Agriculture
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Colonial Office
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Irish Free State Services 3,410,955 8,308,447 Invalorment Fund
Imperial War Graves Road Fund
Or age III. Howe Department Law And Scientific and Industrial
JUSTICE.
Home Office
Broadmoor
Prisons (E. & W.) 944,110 995,063
Reformatories, &c. (E. CLASS VII: COMMON SERVICES. & W.)
Law Charges 128,064 132,557 CLASS VIII: PENSIONS.
Scotland. Ministry of Pensions £47,842,800 £45,800,000
Police
Reformatories, &c 48.642 47.476   R.I.C. Pensions 664.804 7.697.042
Land Court
of Law 50,685 42,649 CLASS IX: MISCELLAWBOUR
Northern Ireland.
Sarvices
Land Purchase Commis-
sion s,686,459 5,756,253

#### REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

A. CUSTOMS, EXCISE & INLAND REVENUE. (1932-33, £12,689,785; 1533-34, £12,468,885.)

Decrease £160,900.

#### B. POST OFFICE.

(1932-33, £59,187,500; 1933-34, £59.439,000.)
Increase £251,500.

THE NAVY ESTIMATES.

Increase of £3.093,700 for the year. The number of officers and men is 90,300, a reduction

of 1.110 for the year.		
Services.	1928 33	1937-34
Pay and Wages	£12,627,000	£,13,503,000
Victualling and clothing	3,074,000	3,000,800
Medical establishments	380,700	369,800
Fleet Air Arm	1,085,000	1,089,000
Educational	218,400	198,500
Scientific	473,800	474,500
Reserves	350,000	355,000
Shipbuilding, &c. :-	230,000	JJJ/
Personnel	6,384,700	6, 176,400
Material	4,464,750	4,579,200
Contract work	5,103,200	7,635,700
Naval armaments		
	3,488,200	4,084,100
Works, buildings, &c	2,245,700	2,184,300
Miscellaneous	641,250	560,000
Admiralty	1,104,300	1,090,200
Pensions, &c. : Officers	3,003,500	3,178,200
Men	4.727,800	4,889,100
Do., Civil, &c	1.043,700	1,073,200
	C== ==================================	C

#### £50,476,300 £53,570,000

THE ARMY ESTIMATES.
The net total of the Army Estimates is \$37,95,000, an increase for the year of, £1,455,000.
The number of men on the establishment of the Army, exclusive of those serving in India, is 48 men as in contract.

18 148,700, 88 1N 1932~33	ļ.	
	1938-33.	E933 34-
Pay, &c., of the Army	€9,039,000	£9,284,000
Territorial Army and		
Reserve Forces	4.001,000	4,740,000
Medical services	895,000	888,000
Educational establish-	20.	
ments	769,000	778,000
Quartering and move-	• •	• • •
ments	1,387,000	1,232,000
Supplies, road trans-		. •
port, and remounts	3,896,000	3,958,000
Clothing	1,019,000	918,000
General stores	1,166,000	1,137,000
Warlike stores	2,000,000	2,437,000
Works, buildings and		
lands	2,421,000	2,640,000
Miscellaneous effec-		
tive services	879,000	911,000
War Office	810,000	803,000
Half-pay, retired pay,	•	-
and other non-effec-		
tive charges for		
officers	3,528,000	3,524,000
Pensions and other		5.5 .,
non-effective charges		
for warrant officers,		
non - commissioned		
officers, men, and		
others	4,518,000	4,473,000
Civil superannuation,	.,_	
compensation, and		
gratuities	260,000	227,000
•		
	€ 36,488,000	€37,550,000

### THE AIR ESTIMATES.

The net total of Air Estimates is £17,486,000, an increase of £26,000 for the year, but they include £363,000 formerly provided in the Civil Estimates for Colonial and Middle Eastern Services. The numbers to be borne are reduced

Services. The numbers	to be porne	are reduced
from 32,000 to 32,000.		
Pay, &c., of the Royal	1932-33. £3,930,000	1933-34. £4,110,000
Air Force	£3,930,000	£4,110,000
Quartering, Stores (ex-		
cept Technical), Sup-		
plies and Transport-		
ation	1,500,000	1,487,000
Technical and Warlike		.,,.,,
Stores (including Ex-		
perimental and Re-		
search Services)	7,350,000	7,203,000
Works, Buildings and	7,55	.,
Lands	1,650,000	1,610,000
Medical Services	195,000	285,000
Technical Training and		-
Educational Services	423,000	384,000
Auxiliary and Reserve		-
Forces	516,000	464,000
Civil Aviation	473,000	400,000
Meteorological and		
Miscellaneous Effec-		
tive Services	242,000	358,000
Air Ministry	645,000	645,000
Half-pay, Pensions, and		
other Non-effective		
Services	<b>a26</b> acc	* 200 000

Total ..... £17,409,000 £17,426,000

#### BETTING DUTY.

Duties imposed as from Nov. 2, 1936. Duty on Bets repealed as from April 16, 1929; on Certificates as from Nov. 1, 1930.

Year	On Bets	On Certificates	Total. ·
1926-27 1927-28 1928-29 1929-30 1930-31 1931-32	£6a8,36a 2,446,342 2,028,037 88,803 351 Nil	£306,860 232,900 317,080 197,145 15,950	£835,222 2,669,242 2,245,117 285,948 16,301

#### GOLD IN CENTRAL BANKS.

Dunk.	1760. 1931.	Dec. 1938.
U.S. Federal Reser		
Bank of France	\$ 2,987,560,000	3,148,530,000
Fran	CK 68,863,040,000	83,016,506,000
Bank of Italy I.a. Reichsbank Man	re, 5,6s6,300,000 ks: 082,055,000	5,839,500,000
BankorBeiginn		; 1
Swiss National Ba	nk <b>2,549,755,00</b> 0	2,595,988,000
Netherland Bank	108, 2,346,892,705	2,471,189,843
Flori	ius 913,993,000	<b>3,05</b> 5,122,000

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

In addition to the State Revenue and Expenditure large amounts are received and expended by Local Authorities in Great Britain.

#### England and Wales.

Total amounts received by Local Authorities . from the rates (and from Exchequer grants to compensate for the loss of rates) in the years ended March 31, 1914, and 1925-1923:—

Year	From Rates.	From Grants	Total
1913-14	£,91,276,000	£1,210,000	£72,486,000
1914-85	141,977,000	3,244,000	145,221,000
1925-25	148,598,000	3,341,000	151,939,000
1986-27	159,000,000	3,541,000	162,541,000
1927-28	266,679,000	3,603,000	170,882,000
1928-29	166,466,000	3,524,000	169,990,000
1929-30	156,312,000	13,000,000	169,312,000
1930-31	149,000,000	29,000,000	178,000,000
1931-38	148,000,000	39,760,000	187,760,000
1938-23	149,000.000	39,360,000	188,360,000

England and Wales in 1937-28 was £376,384,347 the rateable value being £376,384,385. The sassessable value in 293-30 was £323,373,015, being the Rateable Value, less three-quarters of the rateable value of agricultural land.

#### Scotland.

	zoně so	2020-30.
Ordinary Receipts		£56,794,007
Ordinary Expenditure	54,682,008	56,811,147
Capital Receipts	za, a56, 794	10,974,746
Capital Expenditure	13,145,595	11,081,146

In 1929-30 the average rate of Assessment per £ of gross rental was 8x. 9d., and per head of estimated population £4 5x. 8d. The grante from Imperial sources amounted to £16.97.786, exclusive of sundry payments in respect of Universities and other purposes.

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEBTS.

In addition to the National Debt there are considerable amounts outstanding as Loans of Local Authorities. These amounts were raised for the provision of baths, cemeteries, electricity 13,000,000 159,318,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000,000 178,000 total amount of outstanding loans and capitaltotal amount of outstanding joins and capitalized annuities in Scotland (on March 31, 1928) was £129,975,721, and in Northern Ireland (on March 31, 1931) £18,719,757.

#### LOCAL RECEIPTS.

LOCAL	RECEIL 1.	
Sources of Receipts.	England and Wales (1989 30).	Scotland (1987 s8)
Public Rates	£156,311,767	£21,714,800
Govt. Contributions.	197,888,339	13,425,076
Market Tolls, &c Harbour & Docks do.	2,253,783, 13,903,882	2,217,782
Water Undertakings	17,376,813	2,225,813
(łas do	16,988,248	5,371,160
Electric Light do	28,718,972	3,012,261
Tramways	26,671.905	4,019,872
Repayments for Improvements		39,658
Housing		1,6g6,838
Small Holdings, &c Cemeteries Other Services Miscellaneous		2,295,882
Sales of Property	•••	718,148
From Loans	101,591, <b>67</b> 5	14,324,697
Total Receipts	£530,233,518	£72,028,982

Latest return available; the receipts from Rates in 1909-30 were £31,973,223.

#### LOCAL EXPENDITURE

DOCAL MA	T WINDLE CITE	••
Services	England and Wales (2009-30)	Scotland (zgay-s8)
Baths	£1,998,436	•••
Cemeteries	T ROO FOR	
Elementary Education	64,34a,8xo	£11,931,601
Higher Education	19,348,496	£,11,931,001
Electricity Supply	. 28.K06.072	2,846,705
Fire Brigades	2,700,844	
Gasworks	. 16.016.822	4,558,946
Harbours, Docks, &c		2,043,450
Highways	13,902,521	6,072,072
I HOSDICS IK (NOT POOT LEW	') 7.425.80 <b>5</b>	1,210,612
+Housing	35,108,782	3.535,774
Justice	1.446.604	3.535.77
Public Libraries	2,034,794	208,100
Public Lighting	4,320,319	769,927
Lunatics and Asylums	10,548,460	825,255
Markets	1.020.626	109,537
Maternity and Welfare	2,402,801	
Parks, &c	. t.216.802	690,378
Police and Stations	21.661.724	2,351,039
Poor Relief	33,864,829	4,887,750
Private Improvements.	3,408,950	43,686
Sewerage	10.138.207	757,800
Cleansing	7,141,005	2,176,216
Small Holdings	2,124,077	-,-,-,
Tramways	26,584,017	4,035,463
Waterworks	19,044,129	3,240.042
Overhead Charges, &c.	13,789,730	-,
From Loans	108,873,627	23,530,330
		-3133-1339
Total Expenditure	£528,520,045	£62.824.618

[†] inaddition to the above-mentioned sum there was an expenditure from loans on Housing of the Working (figures of £48,50,385 in England and Wales in 1999-30 and of £8,623,326 in Scutland (in 1997-38).

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#### TAXATION PER HEAD. HIGH AND LOW RATES. The figures given below are extracted from the 48th Annual Statement issued by the Borough Treasurer of Presten, Lancashira. It includes Country. zgzz or 1925 Or 1985-1986. charges for gas, water, and certain electricity supplies, together with figures showing profits and losses on municipal upderteskings by which rates have been reduced or ingreased. 1913-1914. 3 8 3 13 19 9 Australia..... Canada ..... France..... 6 19 108. IN THE POUND AND OVER. 8 5 10 3 7 9 Germany ..... Total Rates. . . . Italy ...... New Zealand ...... 3 8 9 New Zealand 6 3 0 South Africa 5 4 United Kingdom 3 11 4 U.S.A. 7 11 Local Area. 18 7 11 11 17 8 15 8 8 6 1 11 1937-38. 1989-13 s. d. Merthyr Tydfil, C.B. Nerwich, City Aberdare, U.D. Cserphilly, U.D. Rhendds, U.D. Jarrow, C.B. Abercarn, U.D. The figures for the Union of South Africa are 25 4 10 8 27 8 calculated on the hasis of the population of European origin only. Mational Taxation Compared. 19 20 0 9 ě 23 **23** The taxation per head in Great Britain and Northern Ireland for 1932-33 was £15 18s. ed. This compares (approximately) with the follow-23 0 ıã ing figures :--98. IN THE POUND AND BELOW. County. Per head. Great Britain (1938-33). 5 18 c France (1931-32). France 1196 Germany (1931-33). Reichmarks 143'45 U.S.A. (1938-33). Dollars 24'50 Italy (1931-33). Lire 414 Taxation per head, U.K. City of London 7 7 Westminster, City of Bournemouth, C.B. Blackpool, C.B. Brighten, C.B. Eastbourne, C.B. 8 8 6 7 0 7 6 6 Direct Taxes .... £434,166,000 .... 1939-31. Direct Taxes .... £434,166,000 .... £462,781,000 Per head ........ £14 192 . 262. Wage Levels Compared. The level of year warms 8 10 £462,781,000 Oxford, City Southport, C.B. Bexhill, M.B. Bromley, M.B. 6 6 . o, . 8 9 10 9 11 9 ٥ Germany...... 74 8 8 Belgium ..... 59 6 0 0 Italy Social Services Compared. Social Services Compared. The cest per head of the population for the five social services of unemployment, health, workmens compensation, old-age pensions, and Ř 11 10 7 ė . 4 4 Lengbenton, U.D. ..... Newburn-on-Tyne, U.D. ... 10 4 Newpurn-on-Tyns, U.B. Sale, U.D. Surbiton, U.D. Sutten, U.D. Sutten, U.D. Weston-super-Mare, U.D. Woking, U.D.

#### POOR RELIEF.

17

Germany.....

France.....

Belgium .....

Italy.....

		ENGLAND AND WA	ll <b>s</b>	li	SCOTLAND .	
Year.	Persons	Expenditu	re on Relief	Persons	Expendite	re on Relief
	Relieved	Total	From Rates	Relieved	Total	From Rates
1913 1946 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931	794, 227 1,439, 819 1,548,911 1,364,691 1,240,666 1,265,417 1,123,850	£14,935,665 40,083,378 49,774,916 40,918,588 39,670,695 40,630,903 38,561,332	£11,890,719 34,538,790 43,903,195 34,7#7,#89 33,370,377 33,971,901 35,57#,385	168,292 847,139 250,829 240,580 222,443 215,985 208,328	£1,576,116 4,374,034 5,681,424 4,888,750 4,703,187 4,678,791 5,160,851	£x,88s,4x8 3,9f7,88e 4,945,4x7 4,508,849 4,2x7,894 4,30x,739 4,938,889

Sostian Agures from 1824 onwards include destitute able-bodies unemployed; 1924—128,219; 1925—80.691, 1926-193, 1927—128,257.
 1927—128,257.
 1928—193,257.
 1928—193,257.
 1929—64,267.
 1929—73,955; 1932—193,257.
 1929—194,257.
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#### THE NATIONAL DEBT.

AGGREGATE	GROSS LI	ABILIT	IES, 1932 AND 1933.	
Description	March 32.	1932.	March 31, 1933.	Increase + Decrease -
Funded Debt	1,467,075 11,719 6,078,611	,020	3,376,343,002 11,895,766 4,379,572,403	+£1,909,267,461 + 176,746 - 1,699,038,867
Deduct	7,557,405	-	7,767,811,171	+ £210,405,340
Bonds for Death Duties	123,461		184,017,637	+ 554,686
Add Other Liabilities	7,433,94		7,643,793,534 a15,938,186	+ £209,850,654 + 1,925,040
*Total Gross Liabilities	248,61	5,390	£7,859.725,720 413,407,544 5,675,825	+ £211,775,694 + 164,792,154 - 129,315
* Exclusive of Sundry Contingent Iaa extent, to discharge \$ Exclusive of Debts due from British (1931), £2,330,994.88 (1932), and £2,383 486 2	Dominions a			
Gross Total of the National I	ebt.		eximate totals of the	National Debt are
(1932 and 1933.) On March 31, 1932 and 1933, th	e aggregate	given a	Internal D	ebt
National Debt consisted of the totals:—  Rxternal Debt £1,000,836,656  Internal Debt 6,466,569,175  214,007,146  Deduct 27,771,412,977  123,462,951	1,000 mg 1933. 1,000,435,479 5,707,375,692 215,932,186 7,983,743,357 124,017,637	Terming 3½% Con 3½% W 4% Fur 4% Vice 4½% Con 3% Con	, &c. able Annuties noversion Loan solidated Loan 'ar Loan ding Loan (1960-90) tory Bonds noversion Loan (1944-64 version Loan 1948-53) noversion Loan 1948-64	11,989,000 748,235,000 400,930,000 1,980,159,000 367,684,000 383,645,000 44) 375,441.000 333,048,000
Cost of the Debt. (Financial Year 1932-33.)		4½% Tre	reasury Bonds (1934) asury Bonds (1934-36) asury Bonds (1933-42) asury Bonds (1935-38)	50,757,000 105,000,000
Interest— On Funded Debt On Terminable Annuities On Unfunded Debt  Total Interest	430,364 889,781,737 G880,097,930	*Nation Nation Treasus Ways a	nal Savings Certificat al Savings Bonds ry Bills nd Means Advances its Settlements Loan	68 384,781,000 4,586,000 775,905,000 34,580,000
New Sinking Fund	2,071,620 26,330,450	Tot	tal Internal Debt	£6,708,535,000
Total Cost	308,500,000		† External	
National Debt Interest.			Twenty-year Bonds	£,28,014,000
1984-25 to 1933-34. Year. 1984-1985		Loans	Government i8,000,000)‡ from certain Allied	897,534,000 Govern-
1985-1986	308,800,000 318,500,000 313,700,000		al External Debt	
1988-1989	311,400,000	Natio	onal Savings Certificate	es are shown at issue

#### OTHER CAPITAL LIABILITIES.

These sums are not included in the capital on which interest is arranged for in the permanent charge. They consist of various loans contracted for Telegraph and Telephone extension, for the purchase of land for Government offices, &c. purchase of land for Government omces, eco.

On March 31, 1933, these liabilities stood at
\$25,933,185, an increase of £1,925,040 upon
the total for the previous year.

There are also sundry Contingent or Nomiual
Liabilities which the State is not likely to be
called upon to any material extent to discharge.

""" and "Liabilities consists of Uniquined Dividends

These liabilities consist of Unclaimed Dividends and unclaimed amounts due to suitors or to

creditors of bankrupt estates.

Loans Guaranteed by British Government.— The Nominal Net Liability of the State in respect of loans guaranteed by the British Government or loans guaranteed by the Britian Government was stated on March 3r, 1933, to be as follows:—
Turkish Loan, £1,485,185; Egyptian Loan, £3,57,988; Groek Loan, £4,99,100; Mauritius Loan, £600,000; Transvaal Loan, £25,687,347; Sudan Loan, £1,196,533; Local Loans, £429,196,633; Irish Land Purchase Stock, £151,289,294; Ulster Savings Certificates, £1,290,485; 124/5 per cent. of the Austrian Guaranteed Loan, secured on the cross receipts of Austrian Customs and Tobacco gross receipts of Austrian Customs and Tobacco monopoly; Palestine Loan, £4,340,371; Tanganyika Loan, £5,520,704; and Nyasaland,

£2,000,000.
Unrepaid Advances.—Against these Guaranteed Loans may be set the amounts remaining unpaid on March 31, 1933, on account of Advances made by Great Britain to various Governments, made by Great Britain to various Governments, viz:—Ctree, £40,000; Kenya and Uganda, £5,505,592; Nyasaland, £1,114,41; Persia, £45,000; Nauru and Cecau Islanda, £1,698,450; Tanganyika, £4,976,696; Somaliland, £25,000; Transjordan, £13,147; Swaziland, £125,000; St. Lucia, £4,147; Dominica, £97,095; Nigeria, £865,568; British Gulana, £618,400; Antiqua, £21,500; St. Kitts-Nevis, £10,000; British Honduras, £20,000.

#### The Sinking Fund,

Reductions in the Debt by means of a sinking fund were tirst made in 1875 by Sir Stafford Northcote, who set up the New Sinking Fund, consisting of the balance of the Annual Charge after providing for interest and cost of manage-That term was afterwards spplied to ment. That term was arterwards applied to the fund set up by Mr. Baldwin in 1923; but has again been transferred to the 1928 Fund. The Old Sinking Fund, was the application of the surplus revenue of any year for the redemption of debt when so determined by Parliament. Debt reduction is also made by means of Terminable Annuties, the capital value of which is deducted from the Debt when the arrivation of the term for which the upon the expiration of the term for which the annuities are payable, and by means of the following Funds:—

z. Victory Bonds Sinking Fund, by means of 1. victory Bonas Synking Fund, by means of which Victory Bonds drawn for repayment on Sept. 1 of each year are discharged, £4,389,188.
2. Funding Loan Sinking Fund, £3,325,68 applied in cancellation of Debt in 1923-23.
3. 31/2 per cent. Conversion Loan Sinking Fund, \$1,500,000 applied in supplies and conversion Loan Sinking Fund, \$1,500,000 applied in supplies and conversion Loan Sinking Fund, \$1,500,000 applied in supplies and conversion Loan Sinking Fund, \$1,500,000 applied in supplies and conversion supplies and conversion supplies the supplies and conversion supplies the supplies and conversion supplies the supplies and conversion supplies the supplies and conversion supplies the supplies and conversion supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies and conversion supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies the suppl

\$7.35.289 applied in purchase and cancellation of \$3.63.360 applied in purchase and cancellation of \$3.63.360 in 1932-33.

4. 4 per cent. Consols Sinking Fund, under which £3.365.363 was applied in cancellation of £3.453.465 in 1932-33.

g. Other Sinking Funds. Issues from the Consolidated Fund, £15,710 applied in Debt reduction in 1953-13.
6. Depreciation Fund, under the Finance Act of 1927, by which sums were issued by the Exchequer and were applicable to the purchase for cancellation of 5 per cent. War Loan 2929-47 at a price below 95, and of 4 per cent. War Loan 2929-42 at a price below par. (£158,208,741 of 5% Stock and £21,936,500 of 4% Stock was so nurchased. purchased.

7. Payments for Death Duties, under Section 3 of the War Loan Act, 1929, amounting at March 31, 1933, to £3,006,447 cash and £125,124,561 securities.

#### National Debt Redemption Fund.

This National Fund (of which Mesers. Baring Brothers and Company, Ltd., 8, Bishopsgate, E.C.s, are the Trustees) has no connexion with the Government—it is a purely voluntary movement to lighten the debt burden of posterity, but not that of the present generation unless there is an undreamed-of accession of funds. It was the undreamed of accession of funds. It was the expressed hope of the original donor that his contribution should serve as the nucleus of a very large fund. The Fund was constituted on November 10, 1297, with a gift of £499,878 42. 11d., and forty-seven persons added £12,703 85. 11d. In the following year. There is also a further sum of £3,000 that will pass to the Fund at the conclusion of certain life interests. Fund at the conclusion of certain life interests. Time audited balance sheet, as at March 32, 1933, shows the following net additions during the year:—Donations £124 100. 1d., profit on investments realised £379 60. 4d., and income £38,708 55. 10d. The amount of the Fund on the 31st March, 1933, was £63,613 120. 1d. Under the provisions of Clause 30 of the Finance Act, 1968, the Fund is exempt from Income Tax.

#### Estimated Assets.

Against the External Debt of £1,060,435,000 owing on March 31, 1933, may be set the amounts owing to Great British by certain of the British Dominions, and by various Countries in Europe The amount owed to Great Britain far exceeds the amount owed by Great Britain.

The amounts remaining unpaid, and the esti-mated value of Investments made by the British Government in various Loans and Undertakings.

are shown below (as on March 31, 1933):-

§ Dominions and Colonies. Australia ...... £79,724,000 New Zealand ..... 26, 1Q1,000 South Africa ..... 7,500,000 (a) Trinidad ..... 419,000 Newfoundland..... 400,000

£114,834,000

In addition, there is a liability, not yet determined, on the part of the East African Colonies and Protectorates, in connexion with the cost of military operations in East Africa.

(a) This sum was repaid in full on April 2, 2933
§ Payments in respect of these inter-flovernmental
leans due from July 2, 1932, to June 30, 1932 (the
"Hoover" year) were suppended. The amounts suppended in respect of War Bebts. tagether with interest,
are payable by means of annuties in the period July 2,
1933, to June 30, 1932. From July 2, 1932, hyments in
respect of War Bebts have been suspended in accordance
with the arrangements made at the Lauceane Conference.

020	Gree	Ίt	Britain-
Other (	Countries.		. [
	INDED. 6		- 1
Aggregate of agreed	Annuity Pa	vn	ents due
under Funding Agreem	ents and out	iste	unding on
March 21, 1033 :			- 1
Allied War Debts.			1
France	755,875,000		1
Italy	252,935,000		1
Yugoslavia Rumania	31,750,000		
Portugal	30,375,000		l
Greece	28,375.000		i
210000		1.1	15,738,000
Capital Sums outstan			
navable by instalments	of principal a	nď	interest :-
payable by instalments. Relief, &c., Loans.	o. p		
Austria	£8,825,000		j
Belgium	0,000,000		1
Belgian Congo	3,600,000		
Poland	4,007,000		
Rumania	2,101,000		
Yugoslavia	1,945,000		
Estonia	218,000	,	4-6
Other Debts.		ž,	29,696,000
Latvia	£		
Estonía	917,000		
Poland (Upper	9-7,000		
Silesia Plebis-			
cite)	614,000		1
Poland (Other Deht)	-		1
Deht)	71,000		1
Czechoslovakia	403,000		i
Lithuania	20,000		
Greece Rumania	43,000 18,000		
Aumania	10,000		€3,340,000
- Non	FUNDED.	2	53,340,000
Capital Sums owing	on March as		
Capital Sums owing of Russia	1	٠,	18 077 080
Armenia		, -, -	£1,446,000
222.00.000			C:,440,000
Total from Do	minions and		i
other countr	ies <i></i>	2,	83,487,000
Other	· Assets.		
Miscellaneous	413,407,544		
Exchequer Balance	5,675,825	_	
		<i>\$</i> .4	129,083,359
Grand Total	1 4		00 000 000
	-	-,0	08,510,369
The Miscellaneous Asse			
Description	1932.	·'^	1933
Suez Canal Shares Advances Unrepaid:	2,58,947,040	Z,	05,500,792
Bullion	300,000		300,000
Unemployment	3~,500		3-0,0
Fund	115,000,000	,	15,000,000
Road Fund	6,000,000		7,210,000
West India Cable .	23,291		82,678
Anglo - Persian Oil			1
Shares	5,200,000		5,800,000
Rumanian (Corn)			

i From July 1, 1932, payments in respect of War Debts have been suspended in accordance with the arrangements made at the Leasuranc Conference,

Excluding the non-interest bearing debt or 5g, see, oee which may be regarded as a set-off against the equivalent liability of His Majesty's Government to the French Government in respect of gold deposited during the War.

940,000

500,007

16.721,003

10,000,000

Rumanian (Corn) Bonds..... India (for War Loan)

Isle of Man (do.) ...

Depreciation Fund..

Description. Victory Bonds Sink-	1932.	z923.
ing Fund Funding Loan do. do. 4 per cent do. do Land Settlement	£1,440,352 263,172 76,363	£1,498,242 311,194
Loans	14,203,475	14,061,536
count Exchange Account	87 25,000,000	1,079,260 175,000,000
Total	£248,615,390	413,407,544

#### Sucz Canal Shares.

In Nov. 1875, the British Government authorized Messrs. Rothschild to buy the Khedive Ismail's shares in the Canal Maritime de Suez (176,60a shares out of a total of 400,000) for £4,080,000, the Khedive to receive the dividends thereon until July 1, 1894. Since that date the dividends have accrued to the Treasury.

## REPARATIONS AND WAR DEBTS.

#### Annual Payments Suspended.

Reparation and War Debt, &c., payments due to Great Britain, suspended July x, 1932, to March 31, 1933, are given as follows:—

Reparations	£15,181,000
Annuities due under the Hague Agreement by Belgium, France	
and Italy	£1,987,000
	£12 168 000

Allied War Debts-	
France	£0.375,000
Italy (net)	3,050,000
Roumania	125,000
Portugal	175,000
Yugoslavia	
Greece	175,000
	£13,080,000

Dominions and Colonies -	20-3,009,000
Australia	€3,080,000
New Zealand	873,000
Newfoundland	81,000
India, War Contribution	418,000

·	
Relief and Reconstruction—	£5,232,000
BelgiumBelgian Congo	£415,000 168,000
	£,583,000

Other Relief and Miscellaneous Debts £1,406,000

Annual Total...... £37,478,000

At the Lausanne Conference representatives of Great Britain, France, Italy, Belgium and Germany reached agreement on July 8, 1932. Under the agreement (a) Reparations are can-celled, (b) Germany makes an eventual payment of £150,000,000 by means of bonds as from the year 1935. The bonds are deposited with the Bank for International Settlements, and may be Bails for Interliational Settlements, and may be marketed from 1932-1949, under certain safeguards for German credit, at a price not below 90. They bear interest at 5 per cent. with 1 per cent amortisation, which will extinguish them in 37 years. This agreement became known as The Gentlemens' Agreement.

940,000

474,839

16,721,003

10,000,000

£50,953,000

#### DERTS OWING TO AND BY GREAT BRITAIN.

Reparations, War Debts, &c., which in the Relief and Reconstruction—absence of the Lausanne Agreement would fall Belgium..... Belgium ...... £680,000 due to Great Britain. Belgian Congo ...... 273,000 £953,000 Reparations, dc. (at 14.71 gold reichsmarks = Other Relief and Miscellaneous Debts which £1)would fall due in the Reparations .....£30,473,000 Annuities due under the absence of a further suspension of payments ..... ... ... £2,310,000 Hague Agreement from Belgium, France £64,434,000 and Italy ..... 2,128,000 ---£32,601,000 Payments which in the absence of other arrangements with the United States Govern-War Debts. Allies-ment would fall due by Great Britain. Rumania..... . . . . 265,000 Under the Agreement of Portugal ....... 372,000 June 18, 1923-Yugoslavia..... 318,000 Greece ..... 371,000 -£19,447,000 \$183,900,000 Under the Agreement of June 4, 1932-December, 1933 ..... 9,721,000 South Africa .... . ...... 338,000 Newfoundland ... .. **23,000** \$193,621,000 India, War Contribu-887,000 At \$3.80, the opening rate on April 22, 1933 =

### EXTERNAL DEBTORS OF THE UNITED STATES.

**—** £9,123,000

INDESTRDNESS OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS TO THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT ON October 4, 1022

		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
Country.	Total Indebtedness.	Principal not due.	Amounts postponed and payable under Moratorium Agreements (Principal and Interest) 9	Principal past due	Interest past due.
Funded debts :-		\$	\$	s	<b>s</b>
Austria	23,752,217.00	23,464,661.00	287,556.00	i	
Belgium	408,680,000.00	308,880,000.00	7,950,000.00	4,200,000.00	4,250,000.00
Czechoslovakia	165,391,108 90	161,071,083.07	3,000,000.00	1,320,085 83	*,-3-,
Estonia	17,490,008.06	16,337,000.00	600,373.06	21,000.00	531,635.00
Finland	8,803,295.00	8,491,000.00	318,805.00		
France	3,940,809,365.00	3,830,809,365.00	50,000,000 00	81,477,135 00	38,522,865 00
Great Britain	4,565,470,000.00	4,340,000,000.00	159,520,000.00		65,950,000 00
Greece	32,339,291.50	30,398,000.00		458,000.00	374,211.50
Hungary	2,082,521.45	1,884,005.00	69,342.75	12,285.00	56,888 70
Italy	2,007,651,541.74	1,980,400,000.00	24,706,225 00	12,300,000.00	245,416 74
latvia	7,199,063.16	6,834,800.00	250,654.16	•••	113,609.00
Lithuania	6,466,008 11	6,119,362.00		39,705.00	8z,395 6
Poland	218,872,625.00	204,500,000.00	7,486,835.00	232,000.00	6,653,790.0
Rumania	63,860,560.43	62,060,560.43	800,000.00	1,000,000.00	•••
ł ugoslavia†	61,635,000.00	61,100,000.00	!	525,000 00	10,000.00
	11,530,442,605.35	11,125,749,776.50	<b>246,316,806.43</b>	41,585,210 83	116,790,811.59
Unfunded debir					
Armenia	20,014,389.49			11,959,917 49	8,054,478.0
Nicaragua	407,743.78	•••		289,898.78	117,845 O
Russia	332,519,891.37	•••	•••	192,601,297.37	139,918,594.0
i	352,942,084.64			204,851,113.64	148,090,911.0

Does not include interest payable during ten year period on amounts so postponed. † This Government has not accepted the provisions of the moratorium, and has not paid the sum of \$450,000 due during the fiscal vear 1232 Norr—Indebtedness of Germany to the United States not shown in above statement.

### 622 Great Britain-Widows' and Orphans' and Old Age Pensions.

#### WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' AND OLD AGE (Contributory) PENSIONS.

Insurance on a contributory basis of Old Age
Pensions at 65 to the insured and wife, and of
Widows' Pensions, was incorporated with the
system of National Health Insurance in 1925.
Pensions were fixed at 102. a week, and the
Widows' Pension was supplemented by allowances of 52. weekly for the first child and 32. for
ances of 52. weekly for the first child and 32. for
26. 6d. each a week. The contribution was
incorporated with the contribution for National

GREAT BRI	TAIN.*		
Number of Beneficiaries at end of Year-		1930	2932 †
Widows (Contributory		265,047	385,586
	ryj	269,579	343,585
Children (including Orphans) (Contributory Non-Contributor		192,770	228,603
(Mon-Contribute	гу	115,716	97,954
Old Age (65-70) Pensions{Wen	***************************************	390,681 239,024	414,882 249,070
(women	••••••••	239,024	
. Totals		1,472,817	2,659,6 <del>2</del> 0
Income and Expenditure during Financial Year-		£	£
		<b>23,438,000</b>	22,871,000
Interest, &c		2,208,000	2,164,000
Pathamentary Vote		9,000,000	10,000,00
M.4-1 1			
Total Incon	ae	£.34.646,000	£35.035,000
Widows' and Orphans' Pensions (Contributory Old Age (65-70) Pensions. Administration, &c		9,031,000	10,636,00
widows and Orphans Pensions Non-Contribute	ry .	7,859,000	10,451,00
Old Age (65-70) Pensions		16,362,000	17,348,00
Administration, &c	••••••	1,355,000	∳2,430,00
		£34,607,000	£40,865,00
	٠.		
Funds at end of Year 1931		••••	£40,539,00
n some instances subject to adjustment § Includes £7,185,000 paid to N H I Central Fund under OLD AGE (Non-Contributory) PENSIO Rates of pensions under the Old Age Pensions A	NS PAYABLE F	ROM AGE 7	
persons who have attained the age of 70 years:			
a) In the case of a claimant or pensioner who is   (b	) In other cases—		Weekly
one of a married couple living together in	Where the yearly	means (with	Pension.
Where the combined means of Weekly	a deduction n		
Where the combined means of Weekly usband and wife (with a deduction Pension	£30 from mean		
of exceeding £78 from the com-			
ined means other than earnings)	from earnings)	no nor exceca	
o not exceed—	£,26 58		zof.
£52 108. a year 108.	£26 58. to £31 10		88.
£53 10°. to £63 88.	£31 108. to £36		68.
£63 to £73 208 68.			
£73 zow. to £84 48.	£36 25% to £42		48.
£84 to £94 108 28.	£42 to £47 58		26.
Exceed £99 15s	£47 5% to £49 17		18.
If each is pensionable, each would receive	Where the year		
bove weekly pension.	ceed £49 178. 6	d	No pension
Year anded Mar	ah 31, 1932.		
Sumber of Pensioners at end of year-	G	reat Britain.	N. Ireland
Men Women		605,661	88,55 21.15

871,798

£37.850 000

31,157

£1, 54,000

Amount paid ......

#### GREAT WAR PENSIONS.

FRESH applications for compensation in respect of disablement claimed to be due to service in the Great War can no longer be entertained, since the period of seven years from the date on which the claimant's active service terminated, or the date fixed (August 31, 1921) as the end of the Great War, whichever is the earlier, has now expired in all cases.

While this is the statutory position, it has been made known by announcement in the House of Commons and elsewhere that except. ional cases, in which clear evidence is produced that an ex-service officer or man is suffering substantial incapacity caused by his war service in respect of which for good reason no claim was made within time, will be investigated with a view to the grant of appropriate compensation.

#### DISABLEMENT PENSION.

The disablement pension is at the outset generally a temporary award based on a Medical Board's assessment of disablement arising out of injury or disease attributable to or aggravated by war service. Such temporary award usually runs for a period of zs months, and is from time to time reviewed until the case is ripe for consideration for a final award under the War Pensions Act, year and the Regulations made thereunder. Under that authority a system of final awards was brought into operation, the effect of which was to stabilise pensions, gradually to eliminate recurring medical examinations, and to bring about finality as to the amount of pension to be awarded. A man, on receiving notification that a final award has been made to him, has a right of appeal, subject to certain conditions, to an independent Assessment Appeal Tribunal, whose decision is final and binding on both the Ministry of Pensions and the appellant.

At March 31, 1933, out of some 471,500 pensions in payment to disabled officers and men, about 418,000 were final awards.

Disablement, for the purpose of pension, is assessed on a percentage scale. Total disablement is reckoned at xoo per cent., and the lowest degree entitling to pension is so per cent Where the disablement is assessed at less than zoo per cent. the disablement pension and any allowances attached thereto are proportionately reduced. For instance, a private so per cent, disabled would receive so per cent, of the full rate of pension and so per cent, of the full rate of allowances for wife and children (if eligible).

Disablement assessed at less than so per cent, is compensated by a gratuity or a final weekly allowance paid over a definite number of weeks.

allowance paid over a definite number of weeks. The Great War Pensions expenditure during the year ended March 31, 1932, amounted to about 4,47,265,300, and for the current year ending March 31, 1934, is estimated to amount to about £45,218,500. This will bring the aggregate expenditure of the Ministry of Pensious since 1927, and of the Service Departments from 1914 to 1917, together, to £1,108,000,000.

#### RATES OF PENSION.

The following are some of the principal rates of weekly pension for a private soldier roo percent disabled, and of pensions or allowances for dependants of a private soldier:—

Private—40s.; wife's allowance ros.: children's allowances—7s. 6d. for first child and 6s.

for each other child; (if there is no wife, ros. for the first, 7s. 6d. for the second, and 6s. for each other child).

Widor-over 40 or with children 26s. 8d.; under 40 and without children 20s.; allowances for children 20s., 7s. 6d., 6s.

Parents—need-pensions not exceeding 20s.

Provision is also made for other dependants. A totally disabled man who is certified to require constant attendance may receive an additional allowance not exceeding sor. a week.

#### Treatment.

Where a special course of treatment is necessary for a condition of disablement certified to be due to war service the Ministry of Pensions have power to provide it, and if in consequence of and during a course of treatment a man is unable to provide for his own support and that of his family, treatment allowances may be granted in lieu of pension and allowances.

By March 32, 1934, the Ministry of Pensions will have spent on medical treatment and its accessories about £68,520,000, and another £36,580,000 in special allowances to the patients and their families, during the treatment, in addition to their ordinary pensions.

### NUMBER OF FIRST AWARDS.

Officers and Nurses.—From the beginning of the War to March 31, 1933, the following awards of retired pay or pension were made to officers (Navy, Arny and Air Force) and their relatives, and to Nurses:—

W	idows	*******************	00,791
Ch	ildren		12,470
Ot	her Dependants		8,505
	ses		
Mens'	AwardsThe	following	awards

pensions were made to N.C.O.'s and men (Navy, Army and Air Force) and their dependants from the beginning of the War to March 31, 1933:— Nami-Seamen and Marines ..... 34,453

20,900 Childrens' Allowances 994,908
Widows (Navy, Army and R. A. F.) 263,125
Children of Widows 413,27 Motherless Children ..... 16,483 Other Dependants ...... 418,855

#### PENSIONS AND ALLOWANCES IN PAYMENT (on March 31, 1933).

The following were the approximate numbers

benning in bedmene as so much ??	, 1933 ·-
Officers	83,330
Nurses	080
Officers' Widows	
" Children	4.800
and Nurses' Dependants	4.825
Men	47.175
Mens' Widows	26.250
Motherless Children	,330

The following allowances were also in payment

**28,030** 

as at March 31, 1933 :— Mens' Final Weekly Allowances Allowances for Mens' Wives and Children ..... 196,200 Allowances for Children of Mens' Widows, &c....

## 624 Great Britain and Ireland—Health and Unemployment Insurance,

#### NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE.

All persons between the ages of a6 and 65 An persons netween the ages of as and og who are employed within the meaning of the National Health Insurance Acts and do not held certificates of exemption from health insurance are required to be insured for both health insurance and contributory pensions. Certain classes of persons are entitled to be

insured as voluntary contributors.

The third valuation of approved societies the turn valuation of approved societies showed that changes were necessary to preserve the financial stability of the scheme, which had been seriously affected by heavy expenditure on sickness and disablement benefits of women, particularly married women, and by loss of contributions due to unemployment. To remedy the position an amending Act was passed in 1932, reducing substantially the henefits of married women, and to a less extent the benefits of other position and provided the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second o women, and providing for partial (in place of the hitherto complete) excusal of arrears of contributions due to unemployment.

The present rates of contributions and benefits

under the Acts of 1924-1932 are as follows :--

Contributions.—Men zs. 6d., women zs. zd. a week (Northern Ireland, zs. 4d. and zzd.) payable by employer, who may recover by deduction from wayes—nen 9d., women 6d. (Northern Ireland, 8d. and gd.).

(Northern Ireland, 8d, and gd.).

Benefit.—Medical benefit (except to voluntary contributors, whose weekly contribution is reduced by gd.). Sickness benefit, men gs., women—unmarried and widows ss., married ss., weekly. Disablement benefit, men gs. 6d., women—unmarried and widows 6s., married gr., weekly. Maternity benefit 4s. Ordinarily insurance is effected through an approved society, which may use a valuation surplus to provide additional benefits such as dental or ophthalmic treatment. A useful summary of the provisions of the Mational Benth Insurance Acts. teat to 1929 in 1981.

National Health Insurance Acts, 1934 to 1932, is obtainable from H.M. Stationery Office for id.

National Health Insurance Funds (England, Wales and Scotland) at the end of 1932. Invested with the National Debt

proved Societies ..... 55,783,700 Cash at Bank..... 232,500 Cash in hands of Approved Societies and Insurance Committees ..... 1,785,500

Total......£127,574,800

#### UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE.

With certain exceptions all persons between the ages of 16 and 65 who are employed under contract of service must contribute to the Un-employment Insurance Fund. Among the chief exceptions are persons earning more than £250 a year, who are not manual workers, agricultural labourers, domestic servants, established civil servants, teachers in contributory employment, members of the police, and permanent employees of local authorities, railways, and public utility companies.

As a result of the National Economy Act, 1931, various modifications of the Unemployment In-surance Acts have been made. From November, regr, limitations have been imposed on the right to insurance benefit proper, transitional "bene-fit" has been abolished, and transitional "pay-ments" substituted (subject to a test of need) for persons thus deprived of insurance or transitional benefit.

Contributions.-Increased since October, 1931, to 18. 3d. and 18. 3d. respectively weekly for men and women between the ages of at and 65—lower rates for youths and girls. The contribution is payable by the employer in the form of a stamp which he must affix to the contributor's unemployment book, but one half the contribution represents the employee's share and may be deducted from wages, while an additional half is added by the State, making the total weekly contribution as. 5d. in respect of men and zs. 3d

Benefits.-The present maximum weekly rates of benefit (as reduced in October, 1931) are 15t. 2d. for men and 15t. 6d. for women, with an additional 8t. for an adult dependent and st. for a dependent child—lower rates for youths and

A useful summary of the provisions of the Unemployment Insurance Acts, 2020-32, is issued (price 3d.).

The maximum borrowing permitted by the No. 2 Act of 1992 was fixed at £125,000,000, and at March 21, 1992, the Adverse Balance of the Unemployment Fund stood at this figure.

The receipts and payments of the Fund (including the Insurance Account proper and the Transitional Payments Account) for the two years ended March 31, 1931 and 1928, were as follows :-

#### Great Britain.

	Year ended March 32, 1931	Year ended March 31, 1932
Receipts	£	£
Contributions from :		
Employers and Em- ployed Persons	29, 236, 569	33,049,843
Service Depts. (Admir-	-9:330,509	33,049,043
alty, War Office, Air		
Ministry)	394,640	417,317
Exchequer— Ordinary Contribu-		
tion	14,831,851	16,793,385
Grant for "Transi-	5 /- 5	17 55 13 -5
tional" Benefit and Payments,including		
relative cost of ad-		
ministration	20,316,485	3=,374,570
Grant for Deficiency		5 101 1101
on Income Account		
for year "Advances" by Treasury	•••	444.577
(Sect. s, Act of reat, as		
amended)		39,620,000
Other Receipts	sz,480	24,612
	x01,342,025	182,914,704
Payments,		
Benefits :— Direct (z) Insurance	,	(74,648,002
(s) Transitional	87,490,987	39,735,800
Assocn (r) Insurance	4,824,097	5,440,810
(a) Transitional	2 dionalinal	1,004,850
Cost of Administration: (1) Insurance		
(s) Transitional	5,249,747 1,069,546	5,364,061 1,634,881
Grants instructional	119,689	133,306
Interest on Advances	2,520,703	4,703,736
Other Payments	128,812	258,647
Total	101,221,569	x25,832,6x2

### LOSS OF TIME PER ANNUM BY INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES

(Strikes or Lockouts) of 6 persons or over, in U.K. of zo persons.

	No of Disputes.	No of Workers Involved	No of Working Days Lost
United Kingdom (1932)	389	379,000	6,490,000
Irish Free State (1021)		5,400	310,000
Canada (1022)	116	23,400	255,000
Australia (1931)	134	37,700	246,000
New Zealand (1932)	. 23	9,300	108,500
Australia (1931)	. 19	6,300	54,600
India (1932)	218	128,100	1,922,400
U.S.A. (1932)	. 704	232,100	6,098,800
France (1929)	. 1,817	841,000	2,764,600
Germany (1931)	504	178,300	2,008,000
Sweden (1932)	175	50,000	3,000,000
Netherlands (1042)	214	30,400	1,787,000
Poland (1931)	363	109,700	636,900
Belgium (1932)	63	162,700	580,700

In 1926 the United Kingdom lost 162,230,000 working days through strikes and lockouts.

### UNEMPLOYMENT STATISTICS.

(Great Britain.)

The live registers of the employment exchanges in Great Britain contained the highest figures for unemployment in 1931, 1932, and 1933 as follows:—

	Sept 28, 2932	Ang 22, 1932	.lan 23, 2933.
Men	2,070,639	2,229,045	2,336,065
Boys	75,909	83,737	77,912
Women	617,600	430,271	427,166
Girls	60,624	56,775	61,922
Total	2,824,772	2,859,823	2,903.065

#### WORKMENS' COMPENSATION.

GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN 1RELAND.

Return of Accidents where Compensation
was paid, 1913 and 1916-31.

Cases.		Compensation.			
Year.	Futal	Non-Fatal	Fatal	Non Fatal.	
1913 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930	3,721 2,332 2,581 2,705 2,709 2,607 2,314	468,687 356,240 441,503 447,270 463,189 442,273 379,965	590,865 672,351 770,210 767,967 804,488 748,187 668,296	£, 2,636,387 4,778,297 5,044,554 5,163,458 5,240,827 5,127,161 4,826,485	

#### Analysis by Industry, 1931.

Analysus by	i Inaustry	', 1931. 	
Employment	Number Employed		Cases Non-Fatal
Factories :-		T- atot	MONTERIAL
Cotton	437,880		
Wool, &c	225,558	38	6,500
Other Textiles	261,034	25 13	3,079
Wood	124,317		8,510
Metals	304,061	101	5,335 21,018
Engineering, &c	300,032	02	17,000
Other Metal	752,631	187	33,430
Paper and Printing	341,930	21	5,885
China and Earthen-	34-193-		3,-03
ware	69,814	6	1,387
Miscellaneous	2,201,472	272	58,512
Total	5,108,719		
			153,996
Docks	109,285	86	10,821
Mines	,		170,896
Constructional	1 13134-		6,643
Railways:—	240,937	05	11,912
Clerical	-0	1	
Other	78,304	•••	173
Total Railways	390,786	194	18,031
Shipping :-	1 7.0		18,204
Steam		175	7,108
Sailing	2.661	. 8	301
Total Shipping	147,273		
Grand Total	7,012,246	2,314	379,965

### SAVINGS BANKS.

Post Office Savings Banks.—On Dec. 31, 1932, there were approximately 10,000,000 active deposit accounts in the Post Office Savings Banks, with the sum of £305,712,118 due to depositors. On Dec. 31, 1932, Government Stock to the amount of £194,531,512 stood to the credit of holders in the books of the Post Office Savings Banks. Any sum from one shilling to £300 may be deposited, and interest is allowed at 2½ per centum per annum. A depositor may have more than one account. There is no limit to the amount which may stand to his credit, but he may not deposit more than £500 in the aggregate in any one calendar year.

Trustee Savings Banks.—On Nov. 20, 1932, there were 2,472,511 active accounts in the Trustee Savings Banks. The total assets of the Banks amounted to £202,326,073, which included £124,364,221 due to depositors in the Oridinary and Special Investment Departments, £40,847,327 Stocks and Bonds held for depositors and £6,047,327 representing the accumulated surplus of the individual Trustee Savings Banks throughout the country. Information about these Banks and their offices, numbering 522, can be obtained from the Trustee Savings Banks Association, 5 Verulam Buildings, Gray's Iun, W.C.z. (Chairman, Sir Spencer J. Portal. Secretary, Oliver H. Horne, M.A.)

#### Industrial and Provident Societies.

 It is not generally known that associations for carrying on any industry, husiness or trade may be registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts, and when so registered enjoy, among other advantages, the privileges of limited liability. In his report the Registrar of Friendly Societies who administers these Acts says:—

"A society, established to carry on any indus-try, business or trade may be registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts, and obtain the privileges of incorporation with limited liability, provided that it restricts the holding which any member may have or claim in its shares to £500, and if it carries on the business of banking, that its share capital is not withdrawable.

At the end of 1931, 5,793 societies were registered; they had a total membership of 7,703,000; and their balance sheets showed total assets (omitting inter-society investments) valued at £244,841,000. The societies registered at the end of roar were classified by the Registrar as follows :-

Class of Society	Number of Societies	Share Capital,	Balance of Undis- tributed Surplus and Reserves
		£	£
ing (Retail)	x,266	117,575,669	18,279,004
Distributive Trad-) ing (Wholesale)	24	11,192,822	9,218,162
Productive Trading	×37	1,776,275	g15,093
Clubs	8,394	223,980	1,399,456
Other businesses	310		†13,772,461
Land and Housing	328	2,357,224	998,090
Agriculture and Fishing	x,335	1,768,339	661,573
Totals	5,793	*139,635,062	45,243,839

#### Co-operation.

Following are some additional particulars relating to 1,371 societies on a co-operative basis engaged in distributive and productive trading on gaged in distributive and productive trading for 1931:—Membership 6,610,000; retail sales £507,437,0008 urplus; for distribution £50,432,000, of which £5,057,000 was disbursed as share interest and £10,000,000 as dividends on sales; sales of wholesale societies were £90,80,000; productive societies £7,132,000 (sales in these instances almost wholly to retail societies). The net value of goods produced by co-operative societies, deducting materials, was £24,926,000.

#### Income Tax Exemption.

The exemption from Income Tax under Schedules C and D hitherto enjoyed by most I. & P. societies was withdrawn by the Finance Act 1933, and they are now assessed on the same basis as other concerns. Dividends on sales are to be deducted in computing profits for tax purposes.

A considerable part of the capital of Co-operative ocieties is in the form of Deposits and Loans.
 † Mainly Insurance Societies' reserve funds.

#### Industrial Assurance, 1931. Great Britain.

Number of Assurances :-

Training or amplitudion .	
At end of YearIssued during Year	*82,729,000 20,806,000
Premium Income	£ 56,077,000 28,330,000
Commission Other Expenses of Management	10,878,000
Funds at end of Year	276,693,000
* Includes 7.268.000 Free Policie	22

Clubs. 1931.

Great Britain.

Numbers Members Sales

4,575 1,312,416 _9,962,000

Friendly Societies Acts s, 181 684,780 Industrial and Provident Societies Acts 8,394 627,627 4,897,000

#### SAVINGS CERTIFICATES.

The Certificates were originally put on sale in 1976. In January, 1931, the National Savings Movement celebrated the issue of 1,000,000,000 (Certificates and His Majesty the King was graciously pleased to accept the special Thousand Millionth Certificate produced in honour of the erent.

First Issue (cost price rgs. 6d. and ten-year maturity value 36s.), Feb., 1916, to March 31, 1928. Second Issue (cost price 16s. and ten-year maturity value 36s.), April 1, 1928, to Sept. 30. 1923. Third Issue (cost price 16s. and ten-year maturity value 36s.)

Thru Issue (cost price 168, and ten-year man trity value 424.), Oct. 1, 1933, to June 30, 1932. Conversion Issue (cost price 168, and ten-year maturity value 424.), in exchange for First Issue, January 18 to April 30, 1932.

Fourth Issue (cost price 168, and eleven-year maturity value sas.), on sale from August 2, 1932.

Fifth Issue (cost price 16s. and twelve-year maturity value 33.) on sale from June 1, 1933
First Issue Certificates not converted may be retained until March 31, 1940, with interest after the tenth year at 1d. per month per Certificate. Second Issue Certificates may be held until

March 31, 1941, on similar terms.

Third Issue Certineates may be held until June 30, 1942, with interest after the tenth year at ad. per period of three months per Certificate

	Sta	unsuicr.	
Year.	Subscribed.	Repaid (excluding Interest)	Remaining (excluding Interest).
1916-7	£75,607,708	£1,120,731	£74,487,067
1917-8	66,514,526	3,251,766	137,749,827
1018-0	97,921,218	8,700,00x	226,071,044
1919-80	71,519,471	34,040,700	873,540,815
1030-31	41,105,048	20,741,245	384,005,518
1921-22	03,338,708	36,103,731	348,140,585
1088-83	39,675,050	87,966,804	353,848,831
1023-24	45,208,520	38,915,500	366, 141,851
1084-85	32,225,544	29,529,201	368,838,xo4
	35,115,630	28,378,074	375,575,660
1985-86		35,676,845	
1926-27	31,924,514		371,823,329
1927-28	37,408,766	46,784,315	362,447,780
1928-29	41,873,775	43,083,243	36x,#38,3x#
1020-30	42,099,160	45,296,665	358,040,807
1930-31	50,473,418	36,911,967	371,602,85 <b>8</b>
1931-32	85,500,418	78, <del>22</del> 7,796	378,874 880
1939-33	52,978,383 (including (	48,197,812 Conversion iss	3 <b>83,655,450</b> ne).

# Occupations of the People.

According to the Census Returns of 2922, the occupations of the people of Great Britain (aged 12 and upwards) were as shown in the following tables :-

Engl	and	and	Wales.

F.7	ugiana ana	n aces.	
Classes	Men	Women	Total
	1		
Agriculture and			
Fishing	1,200,106	83,218	1,283,324
Clerks & Typists Commerce and	568,034	429,695	997,789
Transport	2,483,713	559,636	3,043,349
Domestic Service	330,004		2,016,369
Government and			
Defence Mines & Quarries	442,385	71,881 3,364	514,206 1,065,113
Professional	1,061,749 306,830	359.982	666,812
Others	5,710,017	1,881,131	7,591,148
Total of			
Unoccupied	12,112,718	5,005,332 20,634,473	17,178,050
Total (over	1,700,390	10,034,473	12,422,003
	13,901,108	15,600,805	29,600,913
	Scotla ne	đ.	
	·	•••	
Clarses.	Men	Women	Total
Agriculture and			
Fishing	192,501	24,364	216,865
Clerks & Typists Commerce and	59, <b>48</b> 7	67,966	127,453
Transport	286,372	94,158	380,530
Domestic Service	31,738	168,149	199,887
Government and			
Defence Mines & Quarries	40,085 151,884	6,067 3,368	46,152 155,252
Professional	42,378	44,970	87,348
Others	738,732	227,050	965,782
Total of			
Classes Unoccupied	1,543,177 228,051	636,092	2,179,269
Total (over	220,051	1,331,041	1,559,092
12)	1,771,228	1,967.133	3,738,36r
	Great Brit	ain.	
Classes.	Men	Women	Total.
Agriculture and			
Fishing	1,392,607	107,582	1,500,189
Clerks & Typists Commerce and	627,521	497,661	1,125,182
Transport	2,770,085	653,794	3,423,879
Domestic Service	371,682	1,844,574	2,216,256
Government and			
Defence Mines & Quarries	482,410	77,948	560,358
Professional	1,213,633 349,208	6,732 404,952	1,220,365 754,160
Others	6,448,749	2,108,181	8,556,930
Total of			

Unoccupied ...... Total (over 2,016,441 11,965,514 13,977,955 12) ...... 15,672,436 17,666,938 33,339,274

#### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND. Agriculture.

The total land surface of Great Britain and Ireland in 193a is stated at 76,448,988 acres; the total area under cultivation, pasture and rough grazings, in 1938, was 68,287,000 acres. Of the remainder over 3,000,000 acres were woods and plentation. and plantations.

#### Productive Acreage, 1922.

Division	Arable.	Pasture	Rough Grazings,
England (b) Wales (c) Scotland Ireland Isle of Man Channel Islds.	8,758,000	13,707,000	3,638,000
	615,000	2,133,000	1,785,000
	3,046,000	1,576,000	10,368,000
	(a)	(a)	(a)
	59,000	22,000	37,000
	(a)	(a)	(a)

(a) Figures not available (b) Excluding Monmouth (c) Including Monmouth.

Acreage under Crops.

('rop,	1930 °	1931 °	293a *
Wheat, barley, oats, &c Potatoes, tur- nips, swedes,	6,765,989	6,359,205	6,295,277
&c	3,798,885 19,997 91,251 299,610	3,598,380 19,588 86,180 363,686	3,569,737 16,531 8#,87# 440,363
grasses	3,922,7340	4,115,6440	3,921,9710

- Excluding lele of Man and Channel Islands, † Figures for Ireland include orchards, a Great Britain only

Numbers of Live Stock
The Live Stock of Great Britain and Ireland was valued at £300,000,000 in 1982.

Live Stock.	1930 *	1931 *	1936 *
Horses	1,618,558‡	29,949,235	1,569,597
Cattle	11,796,895		12,330,950
Sheep	28,184,641		30,664,637
Pigs	3,722,042		4,677,965

Excluding Isle of Man and Channel Islands: Figures for Great Britain are the total numbers of horses on agricultural holdings; for Ireland, those used for agriculture and unbroken horses only

#### Produce.

Totals of the principal crops of Great Britain and Ireland for three years:—

i	1930	1931	1932
Wheat Barley Oats Potatoes Turnips Mangolds	Tons 1,161,000 952,000 2,597,000 6,797,000 17,682,000 7,061,000 14,436,000	Tons 1,034,000 954,000 2,608,000 5,784,000 16,862,000 6,101,000 14,935,000	Tons 1,190,000 941,000 3,913,000 ,591,000 17,347,000 6,010,000 13,3334000

#### GOOD AND BAD SEASONS AND HARVESTS.

With the average price of British Wheat per Quarter of 48c lb. in England and Wgles, together with the number of cwts. of Wheat and of Wheat-Flour imported into Great Britain and Ireland* to supply Deficiencies. The value of the Wheat Crop of Great Britain and Ireland in 1920 was about £31,000,000, and in 1924 (Great Britain only) £18,000,000.

	ENGLAND AND WALES.		GREAT BRI	TAIN AND IRELA	ND.
čear.	Wheat Harvest compared with the Average of 30 years, 1892-1921	Average Price of Wheat per Qr.	• Imports of Wheat.	• Imports of Wheat-Flour.	Marr age Rate
	Dotteland	s. d.	cwt.	ewt.	
1903	Deficient	æ6 g	<b>86</b> , 131,030	20,60x,448	.×5
1904	Extremely bad	a8 4	97,782,500	14,722,893	14
1905	Good	29 B	97,622,752	11,954,763	14
1906	Very good	28 3	92,967,200	14,190,300	15
1907	Very good	30 7	97, x68,000	13,297,366	12.
1908	Decidedly above average		91,131,205	12,969.855	14
1909	Very good		97,854,425	11,052,540	14
oze	Deficient		105,222,638	9,960,491	14
911	Good	3x 8	98,067,787	10,065,138	14.
912	Bad	34 9	109,572,539	10,189,476	14.
913	Slightly above average	32 8	105,878, 102	11,978,153	125.
9×4	Good	34 II	103,926,743	10,060,223	12.
915	Slightly above average	52 10	88,667,900	10,482,170	x8.
9x6	Bad	58 5	100,070,320	9,960,325	24.
9×7	Deficient	75 9	91,435,006	14,339,782	24
9x8	Good	78 10	57,947,610	26,359,600	14
919	Bad	72 11	71,443,000	17,711,070	16
980	Bad	Šo 10	109,328,326	11,969,740	19
98I	Extremely good	71 6	80,478,794	15,841,055	16
988	Slightly above average	47 10	96,379,634	13,474,721	122.
983	Slightly above average	48 2	100,466,923	11,718,465	1 IS.
984	Decidedly above average	49 3	117,480,588	11,045,853	125
085	Good	52 2	96,854,178	9,112,614	14
006	Deficient	53 3	96,256,030	10,661,076	14
987	Decidedly above average	49 3	110,435,815	10,960,907	15
988	Good	48 10	103,577,471	8,926,841	15
909	Very Good	43 2	111,767,398	9,703,446	125
930	Bad		104,774,738	21,728,234	15
031	Deficient		119,418 582	10,747,088	15
932 932	Slightly above average	85 4	105,627,577	8,516,714	-

Note. When the yield of wheat per acre differed from the average for the 30 years also=non by less than one-tenth of a bushel, the year has been noted as "Average." When the difference was between o's and o's bushel, the year has been noted as "Slightly above or below) Average" when between o's and r's bushels, as "Becidelly above Average" or "Deficient"; when between r's and s's bushels, as "Good" or "Bad"; when between s's and 3's bushels, as "Very good" or "Very bad"; and when above 3's bushels, as "Extremely good" of "Extremely bad." * From April x, ros3, the figures of Imports include imports (if any) into Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the Irish Free State, but exclude the direct foreign trade of the Irish Free State.

### Production per Acre.

The production per acre of cereal crops, roots and hay in the year of the outbreak of the War, and in 1931, is shown in the following table:—

Crop.	Eng	land Vales.	Scot	land.	Ire	and.
Wheat Cwts. Barley , Oats , Beaus , Peas , Potatoes Tours Turnips and Swedes , Mangolds , Hay ,	18'1 15'7 13'9 17'6 12'8 6'4	17'2 16'0 15'8 17'1 13'6 6'6	23.6 18.9 15.1 20.6 13.0 7.1 14.7 21.8	19'3 17'2 19'3 18'8 7'7 16'6	20'5 20'1 17'6 24'1 16'8 5'9	8·5

[·] Figures not available.

#### Number of Farms.

Size of Farm or Holding (a).	England and Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland
Not above x acre x to 5 acres 5 to 50 acres 5 to 50 acres 50 to xoo acres 50 to 300 acres 100 to 300 acres 200 to 500 acres Above 300 acres Above 500 acres Above 500 acres	1938 (b) 70,674 178,668 62,248 (b) 66,827 (b) 12,053	1931 (b) 16,778 33,717 10,244 (b) 	1917 118,787 47,619 321,335 57,476 23,159 — 8,231 —
Total	390,469	75,850	572,574

⁽a) Exclusive of Allotments under the Small Holding & Allotments Acts, spot to sees, or provided privately, a which there were estimated to be 300,000 (1924) an 58,000 (1939) in England and Wales, (b) Classification for Ireland only.

Fisheries.

The quantities and values of sea fish of British taking landed in Great Britain and Ireland in 193s (exclusive of salmon) are shown in the following table. The total catch was 18,000 tons less than in 1931, and 220,000 tons less than previous year

the record catch of 1913. Representing the 1913 catch by 100, the catches during 1907-32 were respectively 86, 85, 89, 92, 83 and 82. The total value in 1932 was £870,000 less than in the

629

### Tonnage and Value of Fish Landed, 1932.

Zind of Fish.	ENGLAND	AND WALES.	Sco	TLAND.	IRF	LAND.	To	TAL.
Atha by Pana	Tons	Value (£).	Tons.	Value (₤).	Tons.	Value(≰).	Tons.	Value (£).
Cod Haddock Hake Hake Plaice Skates and Rays Whiting Herring Mackerel Other	32,053 26,468 20,346 17,782 116,710	1,677,460 1,306,647 1,259,647 544,309 232,704 886,578	33,826 53,035 1,797 2,595 5,822 16,749 143,738 2,498 27,475	486,797 8a8,269 60,814 133,618 70,976 202,133 1,272,629 11,355 4644,514	198	26,808 4,564 12,234 20,386 8,872 14,909 33,727 10,192 28,288	278,095 143,261 34,263 29,625 26,725 35,393 263,919 10,607 163,025	3, 283,077 2,510,293 1,379,695 1,413,651 624,157 449,746 2,192,934 115,281 3,220,064
Total Shell Fish		11,317,813 351,876	287,535 	3,717,105 89,487 3,800,592	9,56x 	159,980 45,646 205,626	984,913 	15, 188,898 487,000 15,675,907

[·] Figures for Ireland are provisional.

#### Mineral Production (Great Britain).

Minerals won, 1931.	Tons.	Value (£).
Coal	219,459,000	147,746,000
Metalliferous Ores :-		
Iron	7,026,000	z,838,000
Tin	1,000	59,000
Lead	30,000	191,000
Zinc	500	1,000
For Chemical Indus- tries, &c. :		
Salt	1,889,000	
Barytes and	1,009,000	1,005,000
Witherite	46,000	81,000
Gupsum	755.000	405,000
China Clay, &c	763,000	884,000
Oil Shale	z,733,000	482,000
For Smelting :-		1
Fluorapar	20,000	18,000
Ganister and Silica	388,000	140,000
Fireclay	1,718,000	617,000
For Building and Road- making :—		
Limestone	13,761,000	3,134,000
Sandstone	3,589,000	1,654,000
Slate	243,000	1,528,000
Clay and Shale		1,460,000
Gravel and Sand	9,764,000	1,634,000
Igneous Rocks	11,112,000	3,743,000

The selling value (at the mines and quarries) and the sening value (at the innes and quartes) of all minerals won in 1931 was £.167,316,000.

The total number of persons employed in 1931 at the 2,500 mines in work was 886,914, and 695,799 (males) were employed underground, and 184,316 males and 3,799 females allove ground.

In the 5,085 quarries, 73,xxx persons were permanently employed; of these, 45,936 worked inside the quarries and 27,276 outside the anarries.

### Coal Production of Great Britain,

Vous Persons		Output.		
Year.	employed	Tons.	Value.	
1913 1924 1925 1927 1928 1939 1930	1,104,406 1,213,884 1,102,590 1,115,803 1,023,933 938,988 956,673 931,376 867,864	287,411,869 267,118,000 243,176,000 162,279,000 252,252,000 237,472,000 257,907,000 243,888,000 219,459,000	£ 145,535,669 251,665,000 198,978,000 123,384,000 183,544,000 152,516,000 173,233,000 165,733,000 147,746,000	

Strikes.—In 1921 there was a stoppage of production for 88 days, ending in a settlement on June 28, 1921. In 1926 there was a stoppage of production for 213 days, from May 1 until Nov. 32.

#### Home Consumption of Coal,

In a normal year about soc, occ. coo tons of coal are available for home consumption. Railway locomotives require about 13,000,000 tons; gas works x7,000,000 tons; coke production x7,000,000 tons, of which about half (with x,500,000 tons of coal) is consumed by blast furnaces; colliery engines require about 13,000,000 tons, and coal miners receive about 6,000,000 tons; electrical generating stations require about 10,000,000 tons, and coasting ships require over 1,300,000 tons in addition, about 40,000,000 tons are used for domestic heating and cooking, and over 70,000,000 tons for manufactures. In the six months (Jan.-June), 1931, steamers and motor vessels used 7,055,000 tons of coal and roc,752,000 gallons of oil fuel.

#### Coal Production of World.

Country.	Tons of	<b>2,240</b> lb.
Belgium Canada Czechoslovakia France Germany† Great Britain Indian Empire Japan Netherlauda Poland Saar South Africa United States. U.S.S.R Other Countries	1931. 16,601,000 17,72,000 13,856,000 19,139,000 10,125,000 20,136,000 13,000,000 13,000,000 11,000,000 200,751,000 48,873,000	1932. 21,067,000 45,523,000 103,050,000 209,245,000  28,270,000 10,270,000  316,979,000
, Total	1,035,318,000	

#### † Excluding lignite.

#### Iron Ore.

The production and importation of iron ore are as shown below. Values are not shown, as that of iron ore produced in Great Britain is taken at the place of production, while the value of imported ore is enhanced by transport and handling to the port of entry. The value of the iron ore produced in Great Britain in 1931 is stated at £2,000,000; that of the imported ore at £3,600,000.

Year.	Tons Produced.	Tons Imported
1923 1928 1930 1931	15,997,000 11,861,873 13,214,976 11,686,831 7,625,482	7,441,000 4,439,885 5,688,934 4,136,928 a,118,792

#### Production of Pig Iron and Crude Steel.

The quantity of pig iron and steel ingots and castings made is shown below. In 1905 there were 345 blast furnaces at work in Great Britain, and in 1931 they numbered 73.

Country.	Plg Iron Thousands of Tons (s,240 lb )		Crude Steel Thousands of To (2,240 lb.).	
Belgium Czechoslovakia. France Germany Gt. Britain Italy Japan Luxemburg Saar United States Uther Countries	1931. 3,179 1,184 8,085 5,966 3,758 543 1,439 8,030 1,491 18,275 5,009 5,000	1938. 2,784 450 5,549 3,933 3,630 461 1,112 1,959 1,349 8,826 6,221 3,000	1931. 3,073 1,567 7,684 8,158 5,179 1,539 1,800 8,008 1,514 24,900 5,400 8,000	1938. 2,809 684 5,759 5,341 1,391 1,793 1,956 1,463 13,306 5,660
Total	55-949	39.874	70,816	50,756

Figures for Crude Steel include ingots only; and exclude steel custings

#### Joint Stock Companies.

On Dec. 31, 1931, there were registered in Great Britain and Northern Ireland 115,782 Joint Stock Companies, with a total paid-up capital of £5,564,005,806; the number for 1930 was 113,307 Companies, paid-up capital £5,534,197,040.

Trade Uni	ons.	·
Great Britain.	1930.	<b>193</b> 1.
No. of registered Unions Membership :—	560 3,818,166	55's 3,631,820
Income:— From Members UnemploymentInsurance Other Sources	£ 7,212,036 3,598,083 710,280	£ 6,989,273 6,404,965 636,992
Total	11,580,399	13,971,830
Expenditure:— Benefits— Unemployment, &c Dispute Sickness and Accident. Funeral Other Political Fund To Federations, &c Management, &c Total	5,350,36a 318,7a9 706,806 338,48s 1,244,250 95,084 270,178 2,968,006	8,339,981 169,115 697,771 349,754 1,321,579 168,623 275,233 3,023,559
Funds:— Beginning of Year End of Year	11,674,694	

N.B.—The above particulars relate to registered trade unnors in Great Britain only, and include unions of employers of which there were 3; in 292 with Funds of £259 356. The total number of 1 rade Unions, registered and un eighteet of, in Great Britain and Northern Ireland (employees only) at end of 1932 was 1,081, and their membership was 4,681,000.

#### Trade Unions and Politics.

Amounts subscribed to Political Funds of Trade Unions (registered and unregistered), and amount of such funds at end of year-

ear.	Subscribed.	Funds.
g <b>a8</b>	£170,000	£,413,000
989	159,000	369,000
030	168.000	418,000

# Bankruptoy Statistics. England and Wales (1931).

The number of debtors adjudicated bankrupts was 4,403, with habilities £ 10,787,306, and assets £8.154.314; of compositions 27, with liabilities £90.535, and assets £28,480; of administration orders for deceased debtors' estates 59, with liabilities £337,550, and assets £73,588. In addition, there were 3,425 assignments, compositions, &c., under deeds of arrangement, with liabilities £5,411,931, and assets £2,685,091.

Scotland (1931).
The number of sequestrations in Scotland was 203, with liabilities £1,212,637, and assets £128,268.

#### Northern Ireland (1021).

The bankruptices numbered 39, with liabilities £50,923, and assets £18,480; deeds of arrangement 58, with liabilities £50,836, and assets £111,789; arrangements under the control of the Court 33, with liabilities £53,527, and assets £18,586.

#### EXTERNAL TRADE (GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND).

IN statistics of Trade, the term GENERAL and the charges for Insurance and Freight, TRADE refers to the whole volume of Imports (including such as are temporarily detained and afterwards exported), and to the whole volume of Exports. The term SPECIAL TRADE includes conly Imports for consumption in the country reach their destination, having become loaded receiving them, and Exports of home produce or manufacture. Imports are taken at their F.O.B. (free on the merchandise delivered to the exporting ship. Exports have an added value by the time they are notice with Insurance and Freight.

	General Trade (Merchandise).				Special Trade (Merchandise).			
Year.	General Imports	General Exports,	Total General Trade	Year.	Special Imports	Special Exports.	Total Special Trade.	
1913 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931	768,734,739 1,818,341,150 1,195,598,413 1,280,765,300 1,043,975,861 861,858,638 703,132,725	634,8ao,3a6 83x,034,10a 843,86x,333 839,051,150 657,590,8a5 454,439,147 416,051,378	£ 1,403,555,065 2,050,375,252 2,039,460,746 2,059,816,450 1,701,566,086 1,315,741,785 1,119,114,103	1913 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931	£ 659,168,008 1,095,388,311 1,075,315,169 1,111,063,478 957,139,858 797,365,069 658,219,132	525,253,595 709,081,263 723,579,089 729,349,322 529,755,416 390,621,598 365,137,785	1,184,421,603 1,804,469,574 1,798,894,858 1,840,412,794 1,527,895,868 1,188,006,687 1,027,346,917	

British Overseas Trade by Months, 1932 and 1933.

	Total Imp	orts, C I F.	Total Exports, F O.B.		
Month,	1932	1933	1938	1933.	
	£	£	£	£	
enuary	62,149,399	54,123,867	36,368,416	33,394,540	
farch	70,176,097 61,180,534	49,077,444 56,346,447	35,463,602 36,620,376	32,410,396 36,533.741	
pril	53,555,469	51,151,308	39,423,098	29,932,755	
ſay.,	56,049,823	57,294,838	34,595,524	34,585,451	
une	57,944,568	53,774.089	33,898,473	33.732,609	
uly	51,912,265	53,706,227	32,595,445	34,171,060	
ugust	53,312,814	56,754,458	32,043,245	35,297,184	
eptemher	54,266,652 60,828,064	57,803,984	29,130,417	35,630,062	
lovember	61,566,734	_	34,132,715 35,153,593		
December	60,633,550		35,578,348	=	
Year	703,132,725	_	416,051,378	_	

#### Britain's Best Customers, 1931 and 1932.

Country.	Sent to	Britain	Taken fre	om Britain.
Country.	1931. 1932.		1931.	1938.
Argentina	£52,744,000	£,50,870,000	£, 15,000,000	£11,000,000
Australia	45,680,000	46,200,000	15,000,000	27,000,000
Belgium	33,000,000	16,000,000	15,000,000	13,000,000
Canada	33,000,000	43,000,000	82,000,000	18,000,000
China	8,000,000	6,200,000	8,000,000	8,000,000
Denmark	47,000,000	41,000,000	9,000,000	10,400,000
France	41,000,000	19,000,000	32,500,000	27,000,000
Jermany	64,000,000	30,500,000	38,000,000	25,000,000
India	37,000,000	32,300,000	33,000,000	35,000,000
Irish Free State	37,000,000	27,000,000	39,000,000	38,000,000
Italy	15,000,000	11,000,000	11,000,000	9,500,000
Netherlands	35,000,000	22,000,000	16,000,000	14,500,000
New Zealand	38,000,000	38,000,000	12,000,000	11,000,000
Sweden	17,400,000	13,400,000	8,500,000	7,500,000
Union of S. Africa	13,000,000	15,500,000	23,000,000	19,000,000
U.S.A	104,000,000	84,000,000	<b>26,000,000</b>	21,000,000
U.S.S.R	32,000,000	20,000,000	9,000,000	10,400,000

### DETAILED TRADE OF 1931 AND 1982,

Class and Group.	Imports	(C.I.F).	Special Exports (F.O.B.).		
Class and Group.	1931.	1938.	1931.	1932.	
Food, Drink, and Tobacco— Grain and Flour	£, 55,818,037, 5,379,631, 93,905,486, 014,663, 234,227,664, 11,376,456	£ 58,045,656 6,540,249 81,385,377 10,657,396 207,896,186 10,154,920	£ 3,316,315 2,087,174 1,230,511 171,989 23,499,986 5,216,377	£ 3,315,609 1,578,221 1,060,028 93,704 22,080,872 4,199,877	
Total	416,721,659	374,679,624	35,522,352	32,328,311	
Raw Materials and Articles mainly Unmanufactured					
Coal Other Non-Metallic Mining and Quarry Pro-	34,38z	<b>26</b> ,609	34,653.774	31,634,043	
ducts and the like	3,919,570	3,450,203	1,082,616	870,967	
Non-Ferrous Metalliferous Ores and Scrap	2,336,590 7,229,515	1,891,701 6,093,257	420,904 457,843	259,906 741,098	
Wood and Timber	29,140,529	25,601,990	230,024	117,056	
		31,111,187	331,547	495,430	
Raw Cotton and Cotton Waste Wool, Raw and Waste, and Woollen Rags Silk, Raw, Knuls, and Noils Other Textile Naterials Oil Seeds and Nuts, Oils, Fats, Resins and Gums Hides and Skins, Undressed Paper-making Materials Rubber Macallanaous Raw Materials and Attacks	34,544,409	33,577,548	3,270,996	3,453,964	
Other Tertile Muteriels	1,238,714	x,374,033	11,963	9,885	
Oil Seeds and Nuts. Oils, Vats. Resus and Gums	7,035,974 a4,964,275	6,745,727 22,569,853	201,335 2,438,216	356,365 1,852,199	
Hides and Skins, Undressed	11,696,213	12,100,649	742,176	514,530	
Paper-making Materials	9,976.964	9,8ox,535	684,006	755,567	
Rubber	4,496,458	2,466,692		113,464	
Miscellaneous Raw Materials and Articles Mainly Unmanifactured			- 400 005		
	9,242,089	7,650,782	2,409,076	2,451,193	
Total	173,038,210	164,461,766	47,039,396	43,625,667	
Articles Wholly or Mainly Manufactured-					
Coke and Manufactured Fuel	18,181	<b>24,458</b>	2,960,349	2,641,635	
Pottery, Glass, Abrasives, &c	9,603,200	5,130,942			
Non-Ferrous Metals and Manufactures thereof	19,621,620 21,408,132	8,665,241 14,702,240		28,044,950 6,891,584	
Cutlery, Hardware, Implements, and Instru-	21,400,132	14,702,240	0,941,301	0,091,304	
mante	7,275,917	4,508,825	5,333,526	5,554,953	
Electrical Goods and Apparatus	6,239,770	2,736,492	7,437,944	5,848,370	
Manufactures of Wood and Timber	15,339,031	10,329,691		29,528,768	
Cotton Yarns and Manufactures	7,533,148	5,445,7*3	1,426,965	1,193,032	
Woollen and Worsted Yarns and Manufactures	8,942,242 13,445,767	1,891,777 2,363,180	56,598,134 25,150,313	62,845,351 24,004,111	
Silk and Silk Manufactures	8,392,892	3,807,832	1,037,560	1,023,867	
Manufactures of Other Textile Materials		8,747,486	12,884,985	13,151,058	
Apparel	14,942,794	7,027,404	14,014,095	11,829,755	
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes, and Colours	12.841.670	9,578,482	17,017,839	27,377,584	
Oils, Fats and Resins, Manufactured Leathers and Manufactures thereof	29,415,121 13,239,940			5,158,844	
Paper and Cardboard	15,431,232	7,674,170 13,088,790	3.313,955 6,324,269	a,965,186 6,509,193	
Paper and Cardboard	,-3-,-3-	23,,/90		-,,,-,,-,53	
Airct aft)	4,240,095	3,119,176		20,743,746	
Rubber Manufactures	3,429,850	1,786,257	2,137,182	1,942,966	
factured	a8,518,03a	15,997,363	22,636,715	20,925,992	
Total	a61,718,435		292,028,579		
Animals, not for Food	3,329,000	2,188,686	1,094,274	618,387	
Parcei Post (non-dutiable articles)		4,186,991		za,963,73a	
Total			390,621,598		
WHITAUPP'C AVW			-		

## PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED.

	Quan	tity.	Value.		
Articles.	193i.	1938	1931.	1932.	
	•		£ . —	€	
unimals for food		_	16,014,000	10,657,000	
Theatcwt	119,419,000	105,628,000	30,376,000	32,475,000	
aizecut	53,261,000	52,821,000	9,919,000	11,475,000	
utter	8,060,000	8,449,000	46,298,000	41,481,000	
[eatcirt.]	34,163,000	33,225,000	90,509,000	78,844,000	
ggs in shellgt. hd	85,985,000	19,976,000	13,773,000	9,062,000	
anned Fish cut.	1,336,000	1,305,000	6,451,000	5,576,000	
ealb.	535,446,000	567,300,000	29,620,000	25,419,000	
ugar cart	36,645,000	47,654,000	14,813,000	z8,277,000	
obacco, unmanufactured!b	194,046,000	175,204,000	10,397,000	9,534,000	
7ood	-		29,141,000	25,602,000	
aw Cottoncentals	10,906,000	15,522,000	26,271,000	30,854,000	
Toolcentals	8,482,000	9,809,000	32,715,000	32,564,000	
lax, Hemp and Jutetons	276,000	240,000	6,230,000	5,934,000	
lides cwt	1,274,000	1,258,000	3,325,000	8,737,000	
rude Rubber . centals	2,839,000	2,124,000	4,187,000	2,268,000	
ron and Steeltons	2,845,000	1,502,000	19,682,000	8,665,000	
ther Metals			81,408,000	14,798,000	
llectrical Goods		_	6,240,000	2,736,000	
fachinery tons	93,000	53,000	15,339,000	10,330,000	
fanufactures : Cotton	<u></u> -		8,942,000	1,773,000	
,, Silk	_	-	7,790,000	3,505,000	
" Woollen and Worsted		-	20,262,000	8,071,000	
pparél	•	_	19,839,000	7,027,000	
hemicals and Drugs		_	13.842,000	9,578,000	
tefined Petroleum gallons	1,862,857,000	1,890,933,000	26,022,000	27,997,000	
aper and Cardboard curt.	20,087,000	17,934,000	16,431,000	13,089,000	
Motor Cars and parts			3,185,000	2,781,000	

## PRINCIPAL BRITISH ARTICLES EXPORTED.

	Quar	ntity.	\ alue.		
oke, &c	1931.	1932.	1931.	1932.	
Toal	42,750,000 3,150,000 357,000 1,979,000 329,000 	38,899,000 8,995,000 421,000 1,836,000 ——————————————————————————————————	\$4,654,000 1,616,000 1,616,000 1,616,000 6,941,000 33,012,000 6,536,000 10,458,000 10,896,000 37,388,000	\$\frac{2}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{4}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}\frac{6}{3}	
, Other Manufactures Voollen Tissues	56,321,000 29,746,000 2,768,000   66,999,000 3,848,000	53,537,000 28,397,000 3,508,000 —————————————————————————————————	8,375,000 10,192,000 5,1021,000 7,75,000 5,432,000 1,600,000 14,014,000 1,429,000 6,324,000	8,811,000 8,484,000 4,408,000 1,151,000 683,000 5,272,000 11,530,000 11,686,000 6,500,000	

#### WORLD TRADE IN 1931 AND 1932. Statement showing Decline in Values from 1931 to 1932.

	8	pecial Import	).	Special Exports.			
Country.	Declare	d Value.	Decrease.	Declare	Decrease.		
	1931.	1932.	Decient.	1931.	1932.	Decrease.	
	Million £	Million &.	Per Cent	Million £	Million £.	Per Cent	
United Kingdom		65x x	18.8	<b>39</b> 0.6	365. z	6.5	
Australia (b) (c)		53°1	488.I	20.8	76.3	17.6	
Canada (a)		02.0	<b>28.0</b>	184'4	101.2	18.4	
India (b)		108.1	3.6	123.0	101.4	18.1	
Malaya		44.0	19.8	47.8	37.9	19.7	
Austria		40'I	35.8	37'3	38.0	41.0	
Belgium-Luxemburg		92 9	31.2	138.8	84.7	35.0	
Czechoslovakia		45.4	36.4	79.8	44.7	44.0	
Denmark (b)	80.7	6a.8	28'1	60 4	59 6	14'1	
France	339.8	340' I	20.3	245'I	158.6	35'3	
Jermany		228.4	30.6	469.8	280.0	40.8	
Italy (a)	125.0	80.8	20.2	110.4	73.5	33'4	
Japan (b) (d)	126.8	146.8	†15°0	114.0	139.9	431.8	
Netherlands	156.3	107'3	31.3	108.3	60.0	35.5	
Norway		38.0	20.0	85'3	30.8	81.7	
Sweden	78.6	63.8	10.6	61.8	52.0	15.8	
Switzerland	87.8	67.8	22.8	52.0	30.4	49 5	
United States (b)		871.8	36.2	488 6	324.0	33.2	
Other Countries	439°1	306.0	30.1	419.8	33a.3	30.8	
Total for countries for which particulars are available for 1932		2,744·8	24.6	3,172.6	a,385°5	24.8	

† Increase (a Including silver hullion (b) Total imports (c) Total exports (including re-exports), (d) Trade of Japan with foreign countries only.

# THE WORLD'S BALANCE OF TRADE. (Million $\pounds$ )

Country	2929	1930	1931.	2938,
United Kingdom		- 386.4	-406.8	-287 I
Australia		- 8.6	+ 27'5	+ 23.1
Canada		- 21.2	- 2'8	+ 10.8
India	+ 54'8	+ 48.5	+ 81.7	+ 1.0
Malaya	+ 4.3	- 6.2	- 6·z	- 6.5
Austria		- 24'5	- 25'8	- 18.1
Belgium-Luxemburg	21'4	- a8·o	- 3'5	- 8.3
Czechoslovakia	+ 3.3	+ 10.8	+ 8.4	- 0.8
Denmark		- 6.8	- 2.5	- 0.5
France		- 77.9	- 94.8	- 8x · 6
Germany		+ 80.4	+140.6	+ 58'5
Italy	60 4	- 56.5	- 15.5	- 15.7
Japan		- 7.8	- 0.1	- 2'8
Netherlands	63·o	- 57.8	- 48.0	- 37.4
Norway		- 21'0	- 21.7	- 6.7
Sweden	. + 1.6	- 6·z	- 16.8	- 11.2
Switzerland	s3 6	- 30.0	- 34'9	- 37'4
U.S. A	+172.9	+160.7	+ 68.6	+ 59.5

### The Balance of British Trade, 1930, 1931 and 1932.

Particulars.	1930.	1931.	1932.
Excess of Imports (see above)* Excess of Government payments Overseas	£ 386,000,000 	£ 408,000,000	£ 289,000,000 25,000,000
Total  *Excess of Government receipts from Overseas  *Net National Shipping Income  *Net Income from Overseas investments  *Net receipts from short interest and commis-	386,000,000 19,000,000 105,000,000 820,000,000	405,000,000 14,000,000 80,000,000 170,000,000	314,000,000  70,000,000 140,000,000
*Net receipts from other sources	55,000,000 15,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000
*Total	414,000,000	304,000,000	255,000,000
Estimated Credit balance or deficit	+ 25,000,000	-104,000,000	-59,000,000
• Estir	nated.		

#### British Trade Distribution by Continents.

	-					
	Europe	Asia	Africa.	N. and Cent. America.	8 America	Oceania.
Imports from —  1924  1932  1932  British Exports	36 oz 47 32 38 o6	11.38 10.30 13.33	7.46 5.05 6.77	26 58 18 37 21 63	% 9 89 9'31	8-41 10-08 18-28
to — 1924 1931 1932 Re-exports to —	37'40 43'89 41 72	19 · 92 17 · 91 22 · 83	9°77 12°85 12°50	11.88 14.18 13.31	7.2 7.06 6.18	10°19 6°71 8°46
1924 1931	69·95 74·42 77·10	1.8 2.76 2.48	2 · 7 3 72 3 26	19'94 15'86 14'05	1°18 1°37 1°25	4°43 1°87 1°77

#### Distribution of British Trade, 1924 and 1932,

#### (In Thousands of £ sterling.)

1924.	%	1938.	<i>γ</i>
£1,000		£1,000	
385,96a 891,477	30.31	249,015 454,118	35'42 64'58
333,769 467,198	41.67 58 33	165,532 199,606	45'33 54'67
26,445 113,525	81.11 18 80		
	£1.000 385,962 891,477 333,769 467,198	£1.000 385,962 30'21 891,477 69'79 333,769 41'67 467,198 58 33	£1.000 £2.000 385,962 30'21 249,015 891,477 59'79 454,118'  333,769 41'67 165,532 467,198 58 33 199,606

The British self-governing Dominions have in the past been, with few exceptions, better customers in proportion to the number of their inhabitants than any foreign country, and while this remains generally true for 1932, it will be seen that Denmark and Norway now compare very favourably with South Africa and Canada in this respect Denmark has now regained the in this respect position she held in reas of being, in this sense, our best customer in Europe, followed by Norway, the Netherlands, Sweden and Belginn Our best customers out of Europe, apart from the Dominious, were British Malaya and Argentina, this applying not only to 1932, but to 1924 and 1931.

## Postal Traffic.

## Average Daily Receipts, 1929-1933.

The following table (Board of Trade Journal) gives the average receipts of the Post Office in Great Britain from postal traffic, per working day, for each month in 1929 and 1931-1933. Telegraph and Telephone receipts, Savings Bank, and Money and Postal Order business are exchilded. The value of postage stamps used for receipt stamp and other revenue duties is in-cluded. The figures are an approximately correct index of the movement from month to month of the amount of postal traffic haudled, expressed in terms of postage, and may be regarded as a reflection of the state of the country's trade.

#### British Exports per Head.

635

Value of Exports of British produce and manufacture to certain countries per head of the population of those countries -

Country	ļ	1924	١	1	<b>1</b> 931		'	1932.	
- -	£	-*.	ď	£		d.	£		đ.
British Empire	1						1 .	_	
	10	9	3	2	4	8	3		. 8
Canada	3	I		I	19	7	1	11	3
Ceylon	1	18	•	1			1	9	3
India	į.	5	8	1	x	10	1 -	*	11
Irish Free State	15	14	9	10	7	2	8	15	•
Malaya	2	16	9	*	9	1		15	5
New Zealand .	115	0	7	7	8	۰	6	15	Ħ
Union of S. Africa	14	3	0	2	13	9		3	11
West Africa	1	9	3	1	4	11	1	Ğ	1
Foreign Countries	1	_	-	1			1		
Argentina	1 =	16	3	1	5	7	1	18	8
Belgium		18	ő	1	4	8	1	1	4
Brazil	1	7	10	1	i		1	*	2
('hile	1	ź	8	1	8	11	1	3	0
China	1	•	11	1		4	ì	•	4
Cuba	1	19	7	1	3	ż	1	3	ġ
Denmark	4	-7	ś	1 =	8				ıï
Egypt	1 7	1	11	1 -	9		1	Š	8
France	1 -	ō	8	:	10	-	1	8	10
Germany	1	13	-	i	5			. 4	5
Italy	1	-3	ıí.	1	4	_	1	Z	
Japan	:	8	4	1	ï	_	1	- 7	6
Netherlands	3	_		' x	_	-	1 2	_	10
Do. East Indies	; 3	3	3	. •	-7		1 -	7	ī
Norway	3		٥		13	_			10
Spain	1 3	9	=	1	4		1	7	4
Sweden				1 1				:	
Switzerland				! :			1 .	:	
U.S.A.	-		-	1 *			1		5
U.S.S. R	1	9	-	1	-	II	1	•	
1'44711's Be			. 7				1	*	

#### AVERAGE AMOUNT OF MONEY RECEIVED DAILY.

-				
Period.	1929. I	1931.	193B.	1933
	£	£	£	£
Jan	124,808	128,857	188,696	129,300
Feb	120,052	127,125	124,986	120,618
Mar	127,934	133,150	127,050	131,401
April	189,558	129,947	189,719	130,348
May	128,075	118,796	127,506	130,125
June	128,140	130,018	125,964	130,010
July	131,866	130,543	120,302	129,632
Aug	188,058	121,883	121,065	283,579
Sept	129,187	128,554	131,589	131,884
Oct	136,601	131,745	134,364	
Nov	135,581	136,995	135,314	•••
Dec	175,700	173,076	173,998	
Year	131,498	133,469	138,488	

### FINANCES AND TRADE OF THE BRITISH DOMINIONS.

handadaaa ba gaada	Dananus	I-manus Dubi		orte.	Exp	orts.
Seminions by Continents	Revenue	Debt.	Total.	from U K.	Total.	to U.K.
Europe.	£	£	£	£	£	£
rish Free State	28,000,000	30,000,000	43,000,000	20,000,000	37,000,000	23,000,00
sle of Man	401,000	_			_	
ersey	326,000 413,000	1,000,000	_	5,000,000	_	4,000,00
Malta and Gozo	971,000	1,100,000)	3,700,000	1,000,000	500,000	24,00
ibraltar	840,000	-	3,,50,000	600,000		22,00
Asia.						
ndian Empire		870,000,000	150,000,000	35,000,000	173,000,000	33,000,00
eylon	5,500,000	16,000,000	15,000,000	3,000,000	15,000,000	12,000,0
traits Settlements oderated Malay States	3,000,000	11,000,000	53,000,000	7,000,000	47,000,000	6,000.0
ther Malay States	7,000,000	1,000,000	12,000,000 8,000,000	1,800.000	25,000,000 10,000,000	1,335,0 30,0
long Kong	3,000,000	2,000,000	41,000,000	4,000,000	40,000,000	280,0
North Borneo	350,000		800,000	27,000	2,000,000	175,0
Brunei	42,000	45,000	300,000		200,000	
arawak	600,000	าน	1,800,000	42,000	2,700,000	220,0
yprus		170,000	1,350,000	390,000	1,000,000	280,0
alestine	3,000,000	4,500,000	8,100,000	1,340,000	4,328,000	1,500,0
Africa.						
nion of South Africa		250,000,000	50,000,000	19,000,000	72,000,000	16,000,0
sesutoland	330,000		500,000	6,000	320,000	_
outhern Rhodesia	2,100,000	6,250,000	6,000,000	2,300,000	6,000,000	2,100,0
forthern Rhodesia	860 000		5,000,000	250,000	1,000,000	600,0
ambia	220,000	nil	400,000	150,000	410,000	85,0
iold Coast	3,500,000	13,000,000	6,000,000	3,200,000	8,000,000	3,500,0
ierra Leone	880,000	2,150,000	1,250,000	822,000	1,000,000	370,0
omaliland		29,000,000	7,250,000 300,000	5,360,000 15,000	10,000,000	3,500,0 43,0
Kenya		17,000,000		£1,350,000	1	£1,800,0
Jganda	1,500,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	l 160,000	6,000,000	200,0
anganyika		_	2,500,000	440,000	2,000,000	700,0
anzibar and Pemba		190,000	1,000,000	135,000	1,000,000	65,0
yasalandudan		923,000	770,000	235,000	760,000 4,000,000	652,0 2,700,0
dauritius	1,300,000	2,797,000	3,100,000	700,000 433,000	2,500,000	2,000,0
eychelles	52,000	nil	125,000	22,000	155,000	40,0
t Heleng and		nil	45,000	35,000	80,000	10,0
Ascension	1		43,000	35,555	,	20,0
America.						
anada lewfoundland	1,600,000	10,000,000	100,000,000	17,500,000	80,000,000 6,000,000	35,000,0
amaica	2,200,000	5,120,000	6,000,000	1,891,000	4,000,000	1,1 <b>60</b> ,0
eeward Islands	260,000	296,000	920,000	247,000	620,000	296,0
Vindward Islands	300,000	440,000	400,000	271,000	420,000	163,0
arbados	454,000	654,000	2,100,000	750,000	1,300,000	325,0
rinidad and Tobago	1,900,000	3,089,000	5,345,000	1,584,000	5,841,000	1,156,0
Sehamus Sermuda	430,000	180,000	1,700,000 2,000,000	717,000	335,000	23,0
ritish Guiana	1,103,000	75,000 4,667,000	2,000,000	895,000	2,120,000	600,0
ritish Honduras	220,000	374,000	1,000,000	150,000	900,000	30,0
alkland Islands	83,000	374,000 Hil	117,000	80,000	214,000	101,0
British Antarctic	85,000	nil	500,000	400,000	2,730,000	2,000,0
Cocania.						
ustralia	74,000,000	397,000,000*	45,000,000	17,500,000	107,000,000	57,000,0
Tew Zealand	23,000,000 548,000	282,000,000	#3,000,000 860,000	12,000,000	33,000,000	33,000,0
apua	127,000	4 1,130,000	220,000	251,000 75,000	1,700,000	850,0 830 0
acific Islands	250,000	1	1,000,000	20,000		130,0

#### ROADS AND ROAD VEHICLES.

Britain is approximately 177,500 miles, of which 152,000 are in England and Wales and 25,500 in Scotland. The cost of maintenance, improve-Scottant. The cost of maintenance, improvement (widening, etc.), and new construction in 1914-15 was £18,800,000, and in 1939-30 £55,469,691. The roads of Great Britain have been classified by the Ministry of Transport, and out of the total mileage of 177,500, 25,600 (approximately) have been included in Class I, and 16,600 miles (approximately) in Class II.

The maintenance and improvement &c of public

The maintenance and improvement &c. of public roads is within the jurisdiction of the "highway authorities." Under the Local Government Act, rgas, county councils in England and Wales as from the appointed day (April z, 230), became the highway authorities for all roads in rural districts and all classified roads (i.e. Class I and Class II Roads) outside the county and metropolitan horoughs, together with the main roads, for which the county councils were already the highway authorities prior to the appointed day. These roads are known as "county roads" and are now a county charge, although district councils in many cases continue to carry out the actual work of maintenance and improvement. The borough and urban conneils are the highway authorities for roads other than county roads which lie within their areas. In Scotland under the Local Government (Scotland) Act, 1929, the county councils are the highway authorities in respect of all roads outside the burghs, and in respect of all classified roads in burghs with a population of less than ac, ooc except the burgh of Arbroath. All burghs remain highway authorities in respect of their unclassified roads. The Act provides that the functions of the County Council in regard to highways may be partially exercised by Committees or by the Town Councils of small burghs in accordance with an administrative scheme submitted by the County Council to and approved by the Secretary of State for Scotland. The motor licence duties (referred to below) are paid into a Road Fund which is administered by the Minister of Transport. Grants are made from the Road Fund to high-way authorities towards the coat of mainter. way authorities towards the cost of maintenance, improvement and construction of roads and bridges. During the year 1932-33 the grants from the Road Fund amounted to £13,694,82c. The bulk of this money was £13,694,810. The bulk of this money was directed to assisting highway authorities in the maintenance and improvement of classified roads and bridges, and the construction of new roads and bridges of classification value. Under the Local Government Act, 1929, the grants hitherto made out of the Road Fund towards the maintenance of classified roads in London and the county boroughs and of unclassified and the county poroughs and of unclassing roads in counties have been discontinued as from April 2, 1930, and a sum corresponding to these amounts, together with an additional contribution, is paid out of the Road Fund towards the block grants to local authorities for which the Act provides.

The total gross receipts from the taxation of road vehicles between December 1, 1931, and November 30, 1932, amounted to £27,667,142. The approximate number of motor vehicles The approximate number of motor vehicles licensed during this period was a, 213,300, while licences in respect of private and hackney horse-drawn carriages numbered, 33,412. The average from street accidents in Paris.

The total mileage of public roads in Great | receipt in respect of a whole year licence was £13 142. od. for cars taxed on horse-power; £2 132. od. for motor bicycles; £25 28. od. for internal combustion and steam-driven goods vehicles; £19 142. od. for electric goods vehicles; and £50 os. 6d. for motor hackneys.

RUAD TAX	Lio.	
	Approxi- mate No. of Vehicles.	Tax Receipts.
Cars taxed on horse-power  Motor-cycles	577.800	13,814,960 1,375,677 341
(z) Internal combustion and steam-driven— (a) Showmens' Special Vehicles	x.800	35,382
Lorries(c) Other Goods Ve-	8,300	44,193
hicles	355,000	9,066,088 25,98s
class)	14,800	3,689
(a) Agricultural		77,178
Motor hackneys Tramear Trade licences—	84,700 12,500	3,037,955 9,34 ²
(a) General(b) Limited		109,935 65,646
Exempt vehicles	27,300 27,908	nil 22,575
Miscellaneous receipts (fees	5.504	4,125
for driving licences, &c.)	•••	738,934

#### ROAD ACCIDENTS.

		931.	25	Non-
Division England & Wales Scotland	Fatal. 5,855 644	159,257	Fatal. 5,800	fatal.

Totals...... 6,499 174,578 6,487 177,519 The types of vehicle involved in regs are shown in the following list :-

Type.	Killed	Injured.
Private cars  Motor cycles  With "pillionaires"  Without "pillionaires"  With sidecar  Motor omnibuses and coaches  Motor vans and lorries  Pedal cycles  Trams  Cabs	194 591 1,346 793	68,523 14,355 30,645 7,597 9,672 26,208 40,255 4,368 2,162

#### London and Paris.

#### BRITISH RAILWAYS.

The length of road (first track) of the railways owned, leased or worked by the Companies formed under Part I. of the Railways Act, ross, at Dec. 21, 102s, was as under :-

Southernn	ile	2,194
Great Western	,,	3,80x
London, Midland & Scottish	"	6,947
London & North Eastern	,,	6,401
Total	•••	19,343

#### Railwans in 1922.

apital	authorised	£1,311,617,653
**	created	1,235,355,474
	issued	1,309,053,431

The amount appropriated for the payment of interest and dividend on capital in 1932 was £31,900,000, representing 2'7 per cent. upon the total capital. On Ordinary Stock issued the

average return was ran per cent.
The number of traffic locomotives were steam az,300; rail motor cars steam 250, electric 2,650. ar, 300; rain moor cars aream 150, recently 15, passenger brake vans, paicel and mail vans, horse and carriage trucks, &c., 18,600; freight wagons (railway owned) 651,000. The gross receipts from railway working amounted to £15,87,207, compared with £170,158,550 in 1931. a Gecrease of £13,871,399. On the other hand expenditure of £13,871,389. On the other hand expenditure on railway working declined from £196,898,604 on railway working declined in 1038. Ordinary on railway working declined from £136.85.654, in 1932 to £129,300,000 in 1932. Ordinary and workmens journeys in 1932 numbered 1,125,000,000, a decrease of over 4½ millions compared with 1932, while passenger receipts including season tickets, workmen, excursions, &c., amounted to £52,200,000. For the four group companies the gross receipts from all sources in 1932 were £164,965,187.—Expenditure £141,077,542; net receipts £23,583,645, every item showing a decrease except third-class season tickets on the Southern Railway. On all railways the toursess of groods and universis in railways the tonnage of goods and minerals in 253 was 24,000,000 tons, compared with 259,300,148 tons in 1931, the receipts being 479,000,000, a decrease of £,856,35. The value of passenger traffic conveyed by the group value of passings trains conveyed by the group fallways in 1932 was: _Kirst-class (Ordinary) £3,134,591, (Seasons) £1,746,331; second-class (Ordinary) £34,482, (Seasons) £444,727; third-class (Ordinary) £35,239,331,(Seasons)£5,467,996, (Workmen) £8,856,372—Total £49,183,489.

#### TRAMWAYS, Etc.

. The total mileage of tramways and light rail-ways open in Great Britain on March 31, 1938, was rays, The total receipts in 1921-32 were 5.35, xe, one, the working expenses, £19,321,752, and the net receipts £4,29,321,752, and the net receipts £4,29,325, the total paidup capital being £110,367,565. 4,107,673,072 passengers were carried.

The mileage of trackless trolley routes open

for traffic was as6, the number of passengers

for trains was ago, the number of passengers carried being 184,373,100.
Under the London Passenger Transport Act, 1633,various tramway and trackless trolley undertakings operating in a specified area in and around London were transferred to the London Passenger Transport Board.

#### LONDONERS' MODE OF TRAVEL.

Recorded figures show that in 1931 each Londoner, statistically speaking, made 496 journeys. These were apportioned as follows:—

	No. of ourneys.
Omnibuses	
Underground	78
Suburban trains	
Coaches	
Total	496

Londoners prefer 'buses to all other means of transport. There are ten 'buses in London to every one that New York possesses. The following figures for 1931 show that the New York Subway and the Paris Metro are patronised by a far larger proportion of the population than is London's Underground:—

Underground London ..... 4,066,xxa,000 641,917,808 New York... 3,553,934,000 8,105,000,000 Paris ....... 1,058,218,000 939,000,000 989,000,000

#### INLAND WATERWAYS.

No recent return has been published of the No recemb redurn has been pulmished of the total mileage of canals and canalized rivers in Great Britain. In 1905 there were 3.8sg miles (England and Wales, 3.6sr miles; Scotland, 18st miles), no additions to the mileage having been made for several years. In 1932 the inland waterways carried tonnage (so far as returns are available) as under:—

	Mileage of Canals.	Tonnage carried.
Railway owned	1,000	1,384,095
Other	I,425	1,384,095 10,058,827
Total	2.425	11.382.022

The longest canal in Great Britain is the Grand Union Canal (also miles), which links London and the Midlands and has outlets into the Thames through docks at Limehouse and at Brentford. The system embraces, by amalgama-Brentford. The system embraces, by amagamaton, the canals generally known as the Regent's Canal, the Grand Junction Canal, the Warwick and Birmingham Canal, the Warwick and Mapton Canal, the Birmingham and Warwick Junction Canal, the Leicester and Loughborough Navigations and the Erewash Canal. The three last-named waterways were acquired by the Grand Union Canal Company on January's, 1938. Goods can be conveyed direct from the Midlands to the Regent's Canal Dock and there loaded into sea-going vessels, or vice versa. Through tolls are available. A scheme of reconstruction and development, which will cost £1,000,000, is being carried out over the whole of the Grand Union waterways. The channels are being widened and deepened to permit the passage of motor barges capable of carrying eighty tons a pair. With the improvement of this form of transport has come a demand for factory and warehouse sites on the canal banks—an induswarenouse sites on the canal banks—an industrial development of the utmost significance. The Manchester Ship Canal, opened in 1894, has a total length of 36 miles, and connects Manchester with the Mersey port of Liverpool. In 1932 the tonnage of toll-paying traffic was 5,318,935 tons, and the toils, dues, &c., £1,203,687.

### LARGEST BRITISH RAILWAY STATIONS.

Station.	Area in Acres.	Longest Platform.	Station,	Area in Acres.	Longest Platform
Waterloo (S.R.) Waterloo and City (a) London Bridge (S.R.) Victoria (S.R.) (b). Victoria (S.R.) (c). Paddington (G.W.R.) (d) Ruston (L.M.S.) Liverpool St. (L.N.E.R.) King's Cross (L.N.E.R.) Birmingham (L.M.S.) Blackpool (L.M.S.) (d) Blackpool Central (L.M.S.) (d) Blournemouth (S.R.)	24 1/4 13 18 16	Feet. 860 8a8 1432 721 1210 1030 900 981 770 760 840 1748	Cambridge (L. N.E.R.)	23 10¾ 23 17 12¾ 14¾ 11½ 18	Feet. 1854 1509 704 8194 1268 1870 1138 1701 1596 1680 1100 1040

Norzs —(a) Situated directly below Main Station; (b) Nine of these will take two trains each; (c) Exclusive of rolf acres of sidings; (d) Including excursion platforms; (e) Connecting platform to Exchange Station

## CENSUS, SALARIES AND WAGES OF RAILWAY EMPLOYEES.

Railway	Male. 516,997	Female 15,641 5,657	Male. 546,061 29,803	5,574
Total	545,002	21,298	575,864	22, 107
Grand Total	-66	200	-	^==

#### AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES.

		ended 🕿	The second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of th		ended Mar. 12.
		Mar. 22.	Staffentered at Wages Rates Con-	1923.	193a.
	<b>2933</b> .	193a.	ciliation		61 8
Staff entered at Salaried Rates	. 8a 7	80 4	Shop and Artisan	64 1X	64 4

# MOTOR ROAD VEHICLES ON PRINCIPAL | WORLD'S LONGEST RAILWAY BRIDGES.

BRITISH AND IRISH	RAILWA	Y8.	Name.	Country.	Feet.
		Goods	Lower Zambesi	Africa	11,650
Name of Railway.	Passenger	Parcels.	Tay		10,597
			Upper Stone		10,052
Belfast and County Down		4		Scotland	9,096
Cheshire Lines Committee		9	Forth	India	8,300
County Donegal Jt. Committee			Rio Salado		6,9x2
Great Northern (Ireland)		100			_ ''.'.
Great Southern (Ireland)			The Shortest Railway in the We	orld is that bu	ult by the
Great Western		1,604	Fope in Vatican City. It is one-	unira of a mil	e and cost
L. M.S. (Northern Counties Sec.)		30	The British Empire's Highest R	aılıvan —On t	he Kenva-
London Midland and Scottish		1,958	Uganda Railway, at a point ne	ar Timboroa.	the line
London and North-Eastern		2,615	Uganda Railway, at a point ne goes over a summit level of 9,3 Station at 9,000 feet is the high	30 feet, and	Timboros
Londonderry & Lough Swilly		3	the Empire.	lest turnway	ration in
Metropolitan		31	The Sleepest Railway is in Swit	zerland in th	e Can ton
Somerset & Dorset Joint		7	Ticino. From Piotta to Lake	Ritorn leve	l has an
	_	1 . 7	average gradient of 78 per cen	t, and a max	rimum of
Southern	_	430	878 per cent.		

### PASSENGERS PER DAY AT LONDON TERMINI (1933).

1				-		
J	Station,	No.:	Station.	No.	Station.	No.
		<u>'</u>				
	Liverpool St	148,000 140,000 120,000		66,000 60,000 60,000	Holborn and St. Pauls Fenchurch St	50,000 30,000 87,000

### FASTEST AND LONGEST RAILWAY RUNS.

Railway.	Train.	From.	To.	Dis- tance	Time	Speed
Deutsche Reichsbahn (z)	J BRAM }	Barlin	Hamburg	Miles	Min.	nı p b.
	3 16 P.M.					1
Deutsche Reichsbahn (2)	7 18 A M.	Berlin	Hamburg	178.1	248	73 5
Great Western	2,40 P.M.	Bwindon	Paddington	77 3	63	72'2
Canadian Pacific			Montreal	224 C	105	70.2
French State (Nord)	_	Paris	Deauville	138,8	130	69 O
Canadian Pacific		Montreal	Smith's Falls.	134'0	109	(8.3
French State (Nord) (3)		Paris	Jeumout	147 7	134	(6 z
Northern of France	8 55 P.M.	Paris	St. Quentin .	\$5.1	88	64.8
Reading, U.S A (4)		Pleasantville	Egg Harbout .	11.0	II	64.5
London Midland & Scottish	6 ES P.M	Crewe	Willesden Jet	I58 7	248 I	64.5
London & North Eastern	9 40 A M.	Grantham	King's Cross	102.2	100	63 6
London Midland & Scottish	6.48 г. м.	Stafford	Euston	±33'5	127	63 6
French State		Paris (St. Lazare)		139'9	127	63.3
N.Y. Central, U.S A	-		Linndale	73.8	70	63.8
French State (Est)		Paris	Troyes	103.8	98	63 #
Canadian National			Cornwall	57.9	55	63.8
French State (Est)		Bar le Duc	Paris	¥57°5	150	63.0
Pennsylvania	-		Fort Wayne	64'I	δz	63.0
French State (Nord)	_		Arras	110 A	III	68'0
Great Western	I.IS P.M.	Paddington	Bath	100.0	208	6e∙o
Pennsylvania	_	Garry	Plymouth	18.0	165	68.0
French State (Est)	_	Nancy	Bar le Duc	61.2	59	62 Š
N.Y. Central, U.S A	_	Elkhart	Toledo	133 0	128	62.3
Canadian Pacific	_	Trepton	Oshawa	72 7	60	62.3
London & North-Eastern	9.31 A.M.	Huntingdon .	King's Cross	18 0	57	68 0
Rending, U.S.A (4)			Jenkintown .	21.7	21	68 0
French State (Nord) (4)	8 20 A.M.		Rouen	85 6	Ba	6x q
London Midland & Scottish.	10 8 A.M.	Wilmslow	Euston	176 g	172	61.7
Great Western	II IS A.M.	Paddington	Bath	206 0	204	6x 7
London & North-Eastern	Q 7 A M.	Darlington	York		43	61.2
London & North-Eastern (5)	4.30 A.M.	Leicester	Nottingham .	22 6	22	6z 5
Great Western	Q.I A.M.	Kemble	Paddington	01 0	Bo	6z 3
Great Western (6)	1.15 P M.	Puldington	Bristol	118 3	116	61.8
London Midland & Scottish	€ 23 P.M.	Coventry	Willesden June	88 6	87	61'1
Great Western	20, 30 P.M	Paddington	Westhury	95 6		6z o

Railway.	Train.	From.	To.	Dis- tance	Time	Speed
7 3 4 N 4 N 4 (-)				Miles	Mm	m.ph.
London & North-Eastern(z)	K A OI	King's Cross	Edinburgh Kingsmooi(Carl'le)	393'7	450	52 4
London Midland & Scottish	TO / M	Euston	Kingamooi (Carl'10)	301.1	332	54 4
London Midland & Scottish	X 1 X P X	Carlisle	Enston .		324	53 7
London Midland & Scottish	18 87 P M	Euston	Holyhead	<b>2</b> 63 6	303	52 2
London Midland & Scottish	10.30 P M	(Hasgow	Crewe	43'3	380	45 6
French State (Nord)		Paris	Liége	326.4	230	59° z
Great Western		Paddington	Plymouth	385 7	340	56.4
French State (Est)		Paris	Nancy	319 0	331	56 g
London Midland & Scottish .	10 38 F M	Crewe	Carstairs	814 6	364	48.8
London Midland & Scottish		Euston	Prestatyn	a05 5	229	53 8
Great Western	za noon	Paddington .	Torquay	100.4	STE	162
Italian State		Rome	Leghorn	100 3	244	48's
French State (Nord) .	-	Paris	Brussels	103 I	205	56.5
French State (Nord) London Midland & Scottish	6 g P.M.	Euston	Brussels Liverpool	180'7	203	55 0
rennsylvania, U D.A	_	Pittsourgn	I restime	188 8	338	47 6
ondon & North-Eastern	II,50 A.M.	King's Cross	York	188.8	207	54 B
London & North-Eastern	48 P M	King's Cross	Leeds	18K'7	103	57.7
French State (Nord)		Paris	(Inlaia	184 -	100	58 i
Pennsylvania, U.S.A		Newark	Harrisburgh	170 I	203	58.0
French State	_				170	59 7
Prench State		Paris	Saumur Wilmslow . Wakefield	277'4	311	50 4
London Midland & Scottish	EOSAM.	Euston	Wilmslow .	176.0	172	61 7
London & North-Eastern	22.57 A.M	King's Cross	Wakefield	175 8		57 6
eansylvania		Pittsburgh	Mansfield	175 3		47 6
N.Y Central, U.S.A	_	Buffalo	Collinwood			70 1
Great Western	20.30 A.M.	Paddington	Exeter	172 7	173	60 a
French State (Est)	_	Troves	Exeter	171 7	172	50 0
French State (Nord)		Paris	'Hazebrouck	1 TO4 T	171	57 6
Franch State (Est)	_	Paris	Chaumont.	162 6		59 8
French State (Nord) Franch State (Est) London Midland & Scottish	II 44 P.M.	Crewe	Chaumont Broad Street	168 5	216	45 z
ondon Midland & Scottish	ER SI P.M	Prestatyn	Bletchley	TER R	188	50 7
ondon Midland & Scottish ondon Midland & Scottish	10.35 A M	Fuston	Crawa	TER T	160	
erman State		Berlin	Hanover	142 B	168	59.3
rench State (Nord)		Paris	Hanover Boulogne	100	160	30 4
French State (Nord) French State (Rat) French State (Bat) Forman State		Paris	Bar le Duc	-07 5	- 100	63 0
Jerman Stute		Charlottenburg	Hanover	-0/ 5		
Vocas (a) The World's Lougest		The Wanter Bearing.				90 7

Norza.—(1) The World's Longest Non-Stop run. The World's Record Run was made in 1985 from Montical to Vancouver, a.gay miles; oil-electric journey completed in 67 hours.

#### LARGEST SIGNAL BOXES AND NUMBERS OF LEVERS.

Railwaj.	btation	Signal Box.	Number of Levers	Whether Manual or Power.
london Midland & Scottish London Midland & Scottish Seathern Landon & North-Eastern Lundon Midland & Scottish Southern London & North-Eastern London & North-Eastern London & North-Eastern London & North-Eastern London & North-Eastern London & North-Eastern Southern Great Western Sonthern	Glasgow, South Enoch Glasgow, Central London Bridge York York Enston Victoria Newcastle Grewe Waterloo Edmburgh (Waverley) Grewe Liverpool Street Brighton Birmingham (Snow Hill) Cannon Street	Station. Station. Station. Station. Station. Loco Yard. Number z. South. Number z. North Junction. A. East. South Junction. West. Station. South. Station.	542 374 311 295 288 266 266 266 266 247 244 225 224 220	Power.* Power. Manual. Manual. Power. Power. Manual. Power. Manual. Power. Manual. Power. Manual. Power. Power.

^{*} Points are worked by ordinary levers and the signals by power

#### LENGTH OF LINE OF VARIOUS GAUGES OPEN FOR TRAFFIC (GREAT BRITAIN).

		Ft.	in.	Ft.	111	Ft	111	Ft	111	Pt.	111.	Ft.	m	Ft.	in	Ft	,,,	Ft		Pt.	in
							TTIO	1		i .										1	
	Gauge	I	3	1	6	2	0	2	3	2	4	2	4/2	2	6	3 '	•	3	71,2	4	81/2
ĺ		<u></u>		¦		;							-	ĺ							
		M	Ch	М	Ch	M	Ch	М	Ch	M	Ch	M	Ch	М	Ch	M (	Ch ՝	M	Ch	M.	Ch
	Length	13	39	6	46	77	63	30	73	3	31	8	63	17	26	Nil	l.	N	il.	20,31	5 I

#### LONGEST RAILWAY STATION PLATFORMS ABROAD.

Bulawayo (Rhodesia)	Feet 3,475 Kotri, N.W.R., India Mandalay, Burma Rlys., Burma Trichinopoly, S.I.R., India Ranaghat, E.B.R., India Ranaghat, E.B.R., India Dakoi, B.B. & C.I.R., India	1,546 1,582
---------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------

### WORLD'S LONGEST RAILWAY TUNNELS (5 Miles and over).

Tunnel.	Length.	Railway	Country.
Simplon Apennine St. Gothard Lotschberg Mont Cenis Cascade Arlberg Silninzu Moffat Ricken Grenchenberg Tauern Otira Ronco Hauenstein (Lower) Cod di Tenda Connaught	9 551 9 132 8 832 7 8 8 6 648 6 70 5 567 5 557 5 383 5 117 5 59	Austrian Federal Japanese Government Denver and Salt Lake Swiss Federal Swiss Federal	Italy. Switzerland. Switzerland. Italy. United States. Austria. Japan. United States. Switzerland. Switzerland. Austria. New Zesland. Italy. Switzerland. Italy.

Britain's longest Railway Tunnel is the Severn (G W.), 4 miles 642 yards

### SHIPPING.

# NUMBER AND GROSS TONNAGE OF VESSELS OF 100 TONS AND UPWARDS COMPILED FROM LLOYD'S REGISTER BOOK (July, 1933).

Countries where	Bi	enmers	Мо	torships.	Sailin	g Vessels Barges.	7	Total.
owned	No	Gioss Tonnage.	No	Gross Tonnage	No.	Gross Tonnage.	No.	Gross Tonnage.
British Empire United States	8,581 2,929 1,570 1,546 1,555 1,377 839 878 1,024 524 675 489 2,865	18,723,741 11,923,167 3,649,213 2,233,957 3,27,885 3,236,555 2,485,449 2,041,065 1,099,780 1,411,254 698,984 4,611,559	932 358 449 419 516 134 213 514 315 13 125 216	2,852,218 728,111 608,946 1,754,176 670,102 232,983 607,323 717,747 558,368 5,817 221,445 461,249 781,907	558	244,728 697,521 1,407 13,287 42,623 5,635 6,645 26,836  14,488 7,838 190,205	10,233 3,845 2,019 1,970 2,084 1,627 1,278 1,413 1,395 537 865 726	21,81,687 23,35/,799 4,25,159 4,079,540 3,901,274 3,512,219 3,149,807 1,674,974 1,47,071 1,23,456 1,168,071 5,583,671
TOTAL	24,852	56,427,132	4,663	10,200,392	2,185	1,292,561	31,700	67,920,185

### SHIPBUILDING, 1932-38.

THE severe depression through which the shiphuilding industry has for some time been passing is emphasised by the following figures issued by Lloyd's Reguler of Shipping.

The total of new tonnage to which classes have been assumed by Lloyd's Register during the twelve months ended June 30, 1933, amounts to 111 vessels, of 449,751 tons gross, while the corresponding figures for the year ended June 30, 1932, were 263 vessels, of 223,600 tons, were passed by the Society in the course of the year. These figures show a slight increase over the very low total for the previous twelve months (133 vessels, of 258,110 tous). Of this projected tonnage, only 43 per cent. (138,390 tons) was intended to be built in Great Britain and Ireland, and 37 per cent (138,320 tons) in other countries.

The countries in which the greater part of the new tonnage classed by Lloyd's Requiter during the year has been constructed are shown in the following statement.—

Country.	No of Vessels.	Tons Gross.
Great Britain and Ireland	65	153,420
Italy		145,196
Germany	1	49,723
Japan	8	37,960
U.Š.A	2	18,847
Sweden	4	16,945
Spain	2	14,258
Netherlands	12	70,007

The countries for which the majority of the vessels were built are:—

Country	No of Vessels	Tons Gross.
Great Britain and Ireland	58	108,291
Italy	5 6	119,075 74,569
British Dominions	11	38,155 35,788
U.S. A Sweden	3	19,324
Spain	;	14,252

### Mercantile Shipping, 1914, 1923, and 1983.

Country.	Gross Tonnage (Steam and Motor Ships only).				
	1914	x983.	E933.		
Great Britain )	18,892,000	19,115,000	18,592,000		
Brit. Dominions	1,632,000	2,580,000	2,983,000		
Denmark	770,000	938,000			
France	1,922,000		3,470,000		
Germany	5,135,000		3,888,000		
Greece	821,000	747,000			
Netherlands	1,472,000	2,607,000	2,759,000		
Italy	1,430,000	2,881,000			
Japan	1,708,000	3,604,000			
Norway	1,957,000	2,376,000	4,078,000		
Spain	884,000	1,199,000			
Sweden	1,015,000		1.658,000		
U.S.A. (Sea)	2.027,000	13,426,000			
,, (Lakes)			2,474,000		
Other Countries	3,479,000	3,556,000	5,498,000		
Totals	45,404,000	62,335,000	66,628,000		

### THE FIFTY LARGEST SHIPS AFLOAT.

Name of Steamer.	Flag	Gross	1	dimension	<b>8.</b>	Speed	Built	Owners or Lines.
Name of Steamer.	riag	Tonnage	Longth.	B1 eadth	Depth.	(Knots)		Owners or Innes.
driatic ** leantara ** leantara ** quitania ** sturias ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus ** sugustus	Bı.	24,679	709'8	75°5 78 5	52.6	18	2906	White Star
lcantara **		22,181	630.2	78 5	40 5	171/2	1926	Royal Mail S.P.
quitania sessi	.,	45,647	868·7 630·5	97.0	49 7	23,	2924	Cunard.
ngnatia **	11.1	32,071	710.6	78°5	40 5 46 6	171/2	1985	Royal Mail S P.
elgenland **oT'	Bi.	27,132	670 4	78.4	44 7	171/2	1017	F. Leyland & Co.
erengaria ***T		53,356	883.6	98.3	57°±	23 °	1918	('unard.
remen *****	. Ger	52,656	898 7 663 6	101.0	48 2	26	1939	Norddeutscher Lloyd
mtannic **	H	26,943	643 6	8a 4 84 6	48.6	18	1930	White Star Hamburg Sud-Ameri
hamplain 99T	Fr.	28,913	607 0	82.8	41 9 67 8	18	1927	Cle Generale Transat
olumbus ooT	tier.	32,565	740'6	83.X	49°1	21	1932	Norddeutscher Lloyd
onte Biancamano **T	Itl.	24,416	650 9 814 6	76 I	27.2	20	1985	" Italia "
onte di Savola ****T		48,502	814.0	96.x	32 4	NR.	1932	"Italia."
onte Grande by T	**	95,66r 24,98r	652°2		27.8	31	794B	"Italia." "Italia "
mpress of Australia com	Ri	25.833	880.0	76°3	46'3 41'5	ar zB	1923	Canadian Pacific Rly
mpress of Britain occorr		42,348	733 3		86.0		X03X	Canadian Pacific Rly
mpress of Japan **T		26,032	644.0	£3.8	44 5 48 0	NR.	1930	Canadian Pacific Riv
urope ****T	Cer.	49.746	890.3	103 I	48 0	26	1988	Norddeutscher Lloyd
rance sower	Fi.	23.769	600,1	75.6	48 5	83	zoza	Cle Générale Transat
sorge waanington	B	27,750	683 6	82 4	50°z	18	1038	U.S. Shipping Board. White Star.
iulio Cesare dodo	iù	2x,782	608 4	76.2	46.3	10	1935	"Italia"
omeric **	Br.	34.35I	75x 0	83.3	48 6	80	1020	White Star.
onte Biancamano **T onte di Savola ***oor onte di Savola ***oor onte di Savola ***oor mote di Savola ***oor mpress of Australia oor mpress of Jajaan ***or mpress of Jajaan ***or mpress of Jajaan ***or mpress of Jajaan ***or mpress of Jajaan ***or mpress of Jajaan ***or mpress of Jajaan ***or mpress of Jajaan ***or mpress of Jajaan ***or tille Oceana ***or e de Franca ***or afayate ***or afayate ***or afayate ***or	Fr	43,253	763 7	<b>35.0</b>	55 9	23	1926	Cie Générale Transat Cie Générale Transat
afayette ***** atlantique *****T eviathan *****T			577.8	77.6	27 9	27	1939	Cle Générale Transat
aulanuque	11'8	48 512	713.6	200,3 0x.0	57 6 58 a	24 25	1030	Cle de Nav Bud-Atl. U.S. Lines Coy.
ajestic occop anhattan or auretania occop innetonia occop onarch of Bermuda occop onarch of Bermuda	Br	48,943 56,631			88.8	25 25	1014	White Star.
anliattan *oT	U.S	24,280	668'4	86 3	33 .	20	1038	U.S. Lines Cov.
auretania ***********************************	Bı.	30,696	700 0		57 E	161/2	2907	Cunard S.S.
innetonka oT		az,998	600 B	80 4	49'4	16/2	1924	Atlantic Transport.
on York 900	tier	23,424	608.K	76°7	39 0 43 1	281/2	1931	Furness Withy. Hamburg Amerika.
rmandie soso	Fi	68.000	968 0	117.4	9.16	N.R.	1033	Cie Générale Transat
ympic ***T	Bi.	46,439	852°5	03'4	59.5	22	1011	White Star.
Iria seceT	Fr	34.569	735 4	85.3	59 I	21	zgez	Ule Générale Transat
onarch of Bermuda ****  bew York ****  primandie ****  ympic ****  ris ****  ***  ***  ***  ***  ***  **  **	U S	21.936	615.0	8r.o	58 0	SI	1031	Dollar S.S. Lines
inen of Rerinidascoor	Bi.	81,936 88,575	612.0	76 7	52 e 39 0	31	1930	Pollar S.S. Lines. Furness Withy.
resident Hoover **T.	īti.	gr.063	853 a 879 9	97 0	30 7	95	1938	" Italia "
otterdam **	1		705 0	8z 8	38 9	3I	1986	"Italia."
otterdam	Hol.		6,0 5	77 4	43 5	27	2908	Nederland. Amerikas "Cosulich." Triestins
turnia e	ltl. Hol.	23,940	631 4	79 8 81 3	<b>39 5</b>	18	1987	Cosulich," Triestina
rathand oor	Br.	39,511 22,544	674 2	80 a	40 4 33 I	18	1033	Nederland. Amerikas P. & O.S.N. Coy.
ruthnaver oT		28,547	636 7	80 a	33.1	20	1931	P. & O.S.N. Cov.
HCRNIA	101	23,970	631 4	79 8	24.4	10	3048	"Cosulich," Triesting
ashington oo	US	24,289	668 4	86 3	33 3	N.R.	E933	U.S. Lines Cov.

^{•• =} Twin Screw.
••• = Triple Screw
•••• = Quadruple Screw.
T = Turbine.

Br. = British. Itl = Italian. Ger. = German. Fr. = French.

U.S. = American. Hol. = Netherlands. N.R. = No record.

### FASTEST ATLANTIC PASSAGES.

Year.	Days.	Ship.	Tons.
186aa	9	Scotia	3,872
<b>1869</b> a	) B	City of Brussels	3,081
188aa	7	Alaska	6,400
1889 <i>a</i>	8	City of Paris	10,669
18940	5 %	Lucania	12,950
18970	6	{Kaiser Wilhelm   der Grosse }	14,349
19030	532	Deutschland	16,508
19094	4d. 10h. 41m.	Mauretania	30,696
19246	5d sh. 49m.	Mauretania	30,696
. 1989C	4d. 18h. 17m.	Bremen	51,650
19300	4d. 17h. 6m.	Europa	51,656
. 193ac	4d. 15h. 56m.	Europa	51,656
1933c	4d. 17h. 43m.	Bremen	51,650

a From Queenstown; b from Southampton; c from Cherbourg; e to Cherbourg.

### LIGHTHOUSES.

In 1931-32 the receipts of the General Lighthouse Fund were £875,943, made up of £862,359 Light Dues collected; £4,959 Rents of diamed Lighthouses and Sundry Revenue; £3,565 Basses and Minicoy Light Dues; £5,090 Interest on Investments. The total expenditure of the three General Lighthouse Authorities—Trinity House, Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses and Commissioners of Irish Lights—was £765,962, and for Lighthouses Abroad £34,466, the total Ordinary Expenditure being £300,425, leaving a balance of £75,525 to be carried to the Net Revenue Account.

### Morcantile Shipping.

On June 30, 1933, the Mercantile Marine of Great Britain and Ireland (excluding vessels of less than roo tons) had a total tonnage of 18,700,739 gross tons, of which 18,592,204 tons were steamers and motor ships, and 108,535 tons sailing vessels and non-propelling craft.

Census of Seamen (June 15, 1932).—Total number of seamen employed, 150,730, as under;

Son trading Vessels.	British.	Foreign.	Lascurs.
Steam	86.181 12,257 704	7,081 1,099 5	39,049 4,354 nil
Total	99,142	8,185	43,403

The British Fishing Fleet.—On Dec. 31, 1931, the fishing boats belonging to the United Kingdom, Isle of Man and Channel Islands numhered 13.850 (278.031 net tons) of which 5.286 were sailing vessels (20.521 net tons) and 8.564 steam and motor vessels (257.520 net tons).

The estimated number of men and boys em-

ployed in sea fishing in 1931 was 58,298, of whom 52,222 were regular fishermen and 6,076 persons

occasionally employed in sea fishing.

Wrecks (World).-The total losses World's Mercantile Marine in 1930 are stated to world's Mercanule harine in 1930 are stated to be 30a vessels with a gross tonnage of 48,413 as against 499 vessels (604,703 gross tons) in 1939; these losses (1930) include 246 steamers (339,405 gross tons), 14 motor vessels (38,199 gross tons), 37 auxiliary vessels (7,886 gross tons) and 95 sailing vessels (39,923 gross tons).

(British).—In 1931, 31 sailing vessels (1,938 gross tons) and 94 steam and motor vessels (41,842 gross tons), a total of 125 vessels (41,842 gross tons), were totally lost at sea. In 1931 lives were lost through wrecks at sea—from sailing were lost through wrecks at sea—from saling vessels, crew 5, passenger mil-; from steam and motor vessels, crew 72, passenger mil—a total of 77. The years with the heaviest losses of life at sea were 1912 and 1914. In 1912 the total of 2,325 included 673 of the crew and 825 passengers on S.S. Titanic; in 1914 the total of 1,778 included 171 of the crew and 840 passengers on S.S. Empress of Ireland.

### Ocean Shipping in British Ports.

Total net tonnage of British and Foreign sailing and steam vessels entered and cleared in the Foreign Trade (with cargoes and in ballast) at all ports in Great Britain and Northern Ireland:-

Year.	Entered.	Cleared.	Total.
1913 1930 1931	8a,148,569 97,543,000 89,220,000 84,665,000	8s,661,01s 97,593,000 89,958,000 85,120,000	164,809,581 195,136,000 179,178,000 169,785,000

### British and Foreign Tonnage Entered.

Year.	British.	Foreign.
1913	46,602,920	35,545,649
1930	57,449,000	40,094,000
1931	52,018,000	37,202,000
1938	48,997,000	35,668,000

### Ocean Tonnage at British Ports (1931).

Port.	Arrived.	Departed.
England-	Tons.	Tons.
Barrow	166,586	111,381
Blyth	730,449	910,105
Bristol (1932)	3,246,000	1,737,000
Cowes	3,703,109	3,712.138
Dartmouth	516,896	522,741
Dover	2,222,362	2,231,383
Falmouth	883.632	1,184,193
Fleetwood	24,111	16,655
Folkestone	1,031,162	1,022,255
Goole	686,487	759,310
Grimsby (1932)	1,918,000	2,281,000
Hartlepool	710,769	809,206
Harwich	2,783,639	3,770,814
Hull (1932)	4,616,000	3,955,000
Liverpool (1932)	13,036,000	11,639,000
London (1932)	20,143,000	17,859,000
Manchester (1932)	3,178,000	2,752,000
Middlesbrough (1932)	1,382,000	1,740,000
Newcastle, &c Newhaven	5,791,962	6,984,277
	667,943 6,080,000	666,028
Plymouth (1932) Portsmouth		5,983,000 gz,z6g
Southampton (1932)	70,914 9,206,000	
Sunderland	1,239,478	9,102,000
Weymouth	729,244	718,781
Wales & Monmouth	/-y)-44	710,701
Beaumaris	1,471,750	1,400,500
Cardiff (1932)	3,912,000	5,862,000
Cardigan	632,202	634,281
Newport (1938)	1,213,000	1,695,000
Port Talbot	602,101	731,129
Swansea (1932)	2,866,000	3,447,000
Scotland-		0,,,,,
Aberdeen	374,119	271,877
Ardiossan	255, 167	¥7×,537
Burntisland	136,211	247,486
Dundee	513,470	441,448
Glasgow (1932)	3,618,000	4,087,000
Grangemouth	929,033	704,035
Greenock (193#)	2,048,000	1,962,000
Leith	1,267,165	1,267,503
Methil	384,911	645,860
Northern Ireland-		
Belfast (1932)	3,046,000	2,768,000
Londonderry	622,766	559,210

Ocean Tonna	je by Flags, :	1932.
Flag.	Entered.	Cleared.
British	48,997,000	49,295,000
Belgium	1,257,000	. 1,252,000
Denmark	2,712,000	2,740,000
France	4,205,000	4,192,000
Germany	6,446,000	6,439,000
Italy	1,148,000	1,195,000
Japan	1,000,000	1,129,000
Netherlands	4,578.000	4,541,000
Norway	4,151,000	4,137,000
Spain	1,154,000	1,124,000
Sweden	2,700,000	8,721,000
U.S.A	2,221,000	3,350,000
Other Flags	3,997,000	4,105,000
Total	84.664.000	84,120,000

### Coastwise Tonnage.

Year.	Arrived.	Departed.
1913 1931 1938	53,049,000	65,111,086 53,043,000 53,909,000

THE GREATES	T SEAPOR	TS.
Entered Tons.	Cleared Tons.	Ocean Trade
Alexandria 4,866,000	4,851,000	55,840,000
Amsterdam 4,230,000	3,558,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Antwerp 23,604,000	24, 152,000	
Bombay 3,888,272	3,826,177	79,733,000
Bristol 2,388,000	1,913,000	35,311,000
Buenos Aires 3,909,000	•••	90,956,000
Calcutta 2,941,846	2,650,040	96,262,000
Cardiff 5,889,000	7,505,000	23,848,000
Colombo 8,943,786	8,885,964	•••
Durban 6.788.434	6,827,742	•••
Genoa 9,167,000	9,011,057	101,707,000
G188gow 4,221,000	4,796,000	70,388,000
Hamburg 19,652,000	19,783,000	•••
Hong Kong 14,910,026	14,922,232	167,613,388
Hull 4,986,000	4,338,000	88,969,000
Kobé 5,335,000	5,182,000	100,668,000
Liverpool 13,944,000	12,773,000	351,246,000
London 21,417,036	11,723,156	603,743,000
Manchester 3,464,000	3,055,000	76,289,000
Marseilles 11,575,000	11,299,000	•••
Monte Video 6,489,000	6,473,000	19,527,000
Montreal x,898,000	1,961,000	125,000,000
Newcastle 6,543,000	7,919,000	41,749,000
New Orleans 5, 189,000	4,535,000	102,560,000
New York 20,558,000	21,327,000	754,798,000
Rangoon 4,489,776	4,478,137	51,000,000
Rio de Janeiro 3,067,000	3,031,000	32,657,800
Rotterdam17,783,000	14,689,000	
San Francisco 1,811,000	2,365,000	68,870,000
Shanghai 7,810,000	7,906,000	122,000,000
Singapore 15,321,541	15,291,312	73,930,384
Southampton 10,606,000	10,583,000	76,222,000
Sydney, N.S. W. 2,361,883	•••	78,910,000
Wellington, N.Z.3,493,476	3,344,264	20,000,000

### THE UNION JACK.

Days for hoisting the Union Jack on Government Buildings (from 8 A.M. to sunsel).

March 18.—Birthday of Princess Louise. Prince Henry. March 31.-Do. April 14.-Do. Princess Beatrice. April 25.— Do. Princess Royal. May 1.— Do. Duke of Connaught.

May 6.-Accession of H.M. the King. May 24.—Empire Day.

May 26.—The Queen's Birthday.

June 3.9-The King's Birthday. June 22 .- Coronation Day.

June 23 .- Birthday of the Prince of Wales.

July 6 .- Their Majesties' Wedding Day. Nov. 11. - Armistice Day.

Nov. 26.—Birthday of Queen of Norway. Do. Duke of York. Dec. 14 .-

Dec. 20.-Do. Prince George.

And on the occasion of the opening and closing of Parliament by the King.

The Royal Standard is only to be hoisted when the King or Queen is actually present in the building, and never when Their Majesties are passing in procession.

And on such day appointed for the official celebration

### PRIVATE FLYING.

156,000,000

### LIGHT AEROPLANE CLUBS.

§ Blackpool Aero Club.

Yokohama ... 3,456,000

Bristol and Wessex Aeroplane Club.

Cinque Ports Flying Club.

Derby and District Aero Club. Eastern Counties Aero Club. Flying Club of Ulster.

* Hampshire Aeroplane Club.

§ Hanworth Club, London Airpark, Hanworth.

* Horts and Freezy Aoro Club. Herts and Essex Aero Club.

3,359,000

Household Brigade Flying Club. Hull Aero Club.

Lancashire Aeroplane Club.

Leicestershire Aero Club.

Liverpool and District Aero Club.

London Aero Club.
 Midland Aero Club.

Newcastle-upon-Tyne Aero Club. Norfolk and Norwich Aero Club.

Nottingham Aero Club.

Reading Aero Club. Scottish Flying Club. Southern Aero Club. Southport Aero Club.

§ Stoke Aero Club. § Yorkshim

o Stoke Aero Cuin.
§ Yorkshire Aeroplane Club (Leeds).
Aerodromes.—On Dec. 31, 1932, there were 397
aerodromes licensed, of which 35 were "Publicuse" and 365 "Private-use," 329 of the latter
being privately owned for "joy-riding."
National Flying Services, Ltd. (Hanworth Park,
Widdlessey, overtain in the season of the latter

Middlesex), operated in 1931 a feet of 4a aircraft.
During 1931 the total amount of "paid" flying burning 1931 the total amount of paid hying was 8,528 hours (3,20°) instructional, 3,80°, private hire, 765 taxi work and 785 short duration passenger flights). The total membership of the clubs averaged 1,584 in 1931, and 539 members held an "A" pilot's licence. The largest clubs are Leicestershire, with 938 members, and Hanworth (921).

Other Companies.—During 1932 over 40 companies or individuals carried out commercial flying, 12 being engaged in air taxi work.

^{*} Financially Assisted Clubs with a total membership (Dec. 32, 2939) of 6,040, a decrease of 528 since Dec. 21, 2932. Of the total number, 2,728 held civil pilot' licences. § Now grouped as "National Flying Services, Ltd."

### IMPERIAL AIRWAYS.

Imperial Airways is the British national air transport Company, and operates regular daily services from London to Paris, Brussels and Cologne; in the summer to Basic and to Zurich; and a week-end service to Le Touquet.

The Company also maintains a service twice a week from England to Cairo, with weekly extensions right across India and Burma to Singapore and also through Africa to Cape Town.

Imperial Airways thus serves 3 continents and as countries; the length of its routes exceeds 13,000 miles, its fleet is flying 2,000,000 miles a year and carrying nearly 250,000 letters a week.

### SERVICES PROPOSED.

The Australian Government has decided to invite tenders for a weekly air mail service between Singapore and Australia to link with the existing mail between England and the Federated Vallay States and also for services within Australia.

It is hoped, during 1934, to establish in con-function with Pan-American Aircrays a service between Bermuda and the United States.

numbers in all 40 aeroplanes.

lantas are specially designed for service in the tropics, and are used on the Africa and India and Eastern routes; they have a maximum speed of 150 m.p.h. and a cruising speed of 120 m.p.h. The Heracles air liners used between London and Paris are the largest in the world used on regular service. Conversation is possible without raising the voice, and the liners carry stewards who serve table d'hôte or à la carte meals. There is ample luggage accommodation on board and there are two layatories. The Hannibal class has the same amenities as the Heracles class, except that it provides accommodation for 24 passengers The aeroplanes of this class operate between Carro and Karachi on the Indian and Eastern services, and between Cairo and Kenya Colony on the Africa service. The Scylla class, which consists of two aeroplanes, the Scylla and the Syrna, is under construction, and when commissioned will provide accommoda-tion for so passengers and a crew of four.

### LONDON AIR PORT.

The Air Port of London (Croydon Aerodrome, Waddon-Tel, Croydon, 2046), extended under FLEET OF IMPERIAL AIRWAYS
The fleet of Imperial Airways (Dec. 3z, 1933)
umbers in all 40 aeroplanes. The new Ata-

The figures below show the growth in mails, passenger traffic, and miles flown by Imperial Airways from the date of inauguration up to the year 1033 :-

1994-95	1945 26	1926-27	1927 28	1988- ag	2929 30	2930 32	2931-32	1932 33.
Letters . 212,38c Passengers 11,395 Miles 853,042	11,703	17,083	26,469		29,338	30,993	, 6,348,720 34,162 1,781,962	60,966

### Services Operated by Imperial Airways in 1022.

Sermoe,	Summer (May to Sept )	Winter, (Oct to April.)
London—Paris (sog niles in si/, hours) London—Paris—Basle—Zurich (sas miles in 6h. 45m.) London—Brussels—Cologue (32s miles in 3h. 55m.) London—Calcutta—Rangoon—Singapore (8,646 miles) London—Cairo—Cape Town (7,963 miles)	Daily (eyc. Sundays). Three times daily Weekly.	Twice daily. (No Service.) Daily (ex. Sundays) Weekly. Weekly.

### CIVIL AVIATION VOTES, 1932-1933.

The total sum provided for expenditure in connexion with civil aviation, viz. £308,364, was slightly higher than that for the previous year. The increase was due mainly to provision for expenditure in connexion with the diversion of the air route to India from the Persian to the Arabian coast of the Persian Guif. This increase was offset, however, by achieved provision for experimental ever, by reduced provision for experimental services and technical equipment. The amounts provided under the various sub-heads are tabulated below:—

Quamno and Maintenance of Govern-

ment Civil Aerodromes	€33,000 ′
Air routes, surveys and experimental Technical equipment	23,000 i
Works services	35,000

Miscellaueous	17.864
Civil Aviation subsidies and grants— Imperial Airways Ltd	8.400
•	£605.364

Less contributions from Dominions and Colonies for South African Service £166,000 Receipts from Croydon, Lympne, etc. 26,500 Miscellaneous ...... 500

£ 193,000

	Aviation. 647										
	AVIAT					IL AVI					28.)
	xpendite				Year	Mileage F	Moren	Do none	gers.*	Coreo	(Tone) 5
<b>4.4</b>	-	3-32.	1	1938-33-	IQIQ	104.0		-	370	CEIEO	30
Great Britain		3,400		529,364	1919	644,0			799	,	37
Canada	59	1,040		40,074	1921	225,0		5,	156		zij
Australia		0,610 6.000		129,750   129,649	1922	717.0		10,			814
India	17	2.018		71,515	1923	943,0 936,0		15, 13,			328 543
New Zealand		2,180		4,750	1925	862,0		II,	193		550
Africa and Sudan		7,003		87,545	1986	840,0		16,	775		679
Total	£1,61	3,153	£	992,647	1927			18,	659		593 772
77 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				1929	1,388,0	00	29,		- 1	B40
	ileage F r Air Se				1930	1,437,0	00	25,		3	73ª 654
(Леуша					1931	1,604,0 2,090,0			683		638
Great Britain	1930. 5,570	1931. 7.76		1932 11,263							
Canada	7,170 8,110	7,76 5,81	7	4,926	* The total the actual prior to 198	umbers c	findi	vidual	carrie	d; fc	r years
Union of S. Africa		6,88	5	7,099	carried on conclude exc	s they rep rach stage	. § S	tne n	s as to	cargo	carried
India	1,440 715	2,69 71		2,814							
Kenya		17		670	FLIGHTS						
Tanganyika	•••	200			(Intern	ational (				ence	d on
Nigeria	•••	454 34						, 1919			
			-		Year	British					reraft
Total	<b>83,005</b>	24,72	2	28,782		Flights.			Flights		seengers
TTT Take	4	M			1919	467 2,854		870 799	64 768	1	52 584
III.—Light	дегори	2766 CT	(76.		1021 ··	993		256	2,404		5,475
	Gott A	ssisted	T	otal.	1923	2,891	9	490	2,048	1	2,869
			ļ		1923	2,559 2,794		947 456	2,016		3,189 7,402
	<b>1931</b>	1932	1931	2932.	1925	2,891		502	2,399		10,110
Great Britain	23	15	30	50	1986	2,879		450	2,641	1	10,074
Canada		23	25	26	1927		10	533 810	3,325 4,490		12,231 18,369
Australia		22	24	25	1939	3,244		182	5.992	. 1	28,071
New Zealand Union of S. Africa	16	16	24	25	1930	3,000		,045	6,685		22,190
Irish F. S	i		1	I	1931			,609	7,324 6,221		23,817 29,122
India	8	7	10	9	1						
Kenya F. M. S		:::	1 1	1	AIR	TRANSI					
Hong Kong	1	1			Count	try		iles	Passer	ngers ded	Curried
Straits Settl		T	_ I	T T	-0 . 5	14 - 1 -					Tons
Total	. 85	75	122	1 144	*Great Br Australia			6,000 6,083	45,	150	633
	"	,,	i		('anada			7,171	12,	500 500	207
			-	_	S. Africa		22	1,146		925	5
Foreign C	ountries	(1932-	33).		India Belgrum		10	6,790	١ .	7 3×8	
	Civil A	Vote.		Bubsidy.	Czechoslo	vakia	98	4,369		139	273 291
Belgium	. £26	0,643	£	T123,857	Denmark		15	, go6	3.	443	51
Czechoslovakia Denmark		,515 3,506		74,863	Finland France		15 - 48	9,966 7,512	3, 36,	356 Ros	52
Finland		,302		13,774 79,302	Germany	•••••	5,71	2,117	98,	480	1,444 2,059
France	· 1,43	3,713	1	,239,835	Greece	••••••	24	3,786		Bg2	93
Greece (1931-2)	2,140			849,828 34,666	Italy Japan			9,458	43,	300 957	901
Italy	79	1,583 9, <b>264</b>		767,899	Netherlan	ids		9 422	21,		34 8a z
Japan	46	, IS9		242,336	do E.		53	1,518	10,	696	65
Netherlands do N.E. Ind		8,759 9,950		66,350 82,576	Poland Rumania		73	7,995 13,256	10,	057 231	308
		,,950 2,260		5,300	Spain		37	8,912		-31 374	24
Norway (1930) Poland (1931)	. 310	0,143		145.228	Sweden		205	1,412	6,	440	111
Rumania Spain	. 24	9,827 7,993		4,681	Switzerla U.S.A	uu		56,625 32,967	15, 540,	415 68-	186 715
Sweden	. 4	7,993 4,165		136,796 35,813	U.S.S.R.	(1030)		15,000 16,000		237	745
Switzerland		7.795 8,969		21,412	Yugoslav	ia		50,492		227	18
Yugoslavia	. 2,05	8,969 5,914	5	3,437,730 a7,866		Imperial	A 1		met.m.	unl-	<u></u>
	. 5	-,7-7		-/,	rest.	*mberggi	WILE	a y a vipe	TEPIONS .	only	

### TRANSIT TIMES BY AIR.

_	Details	Baghdad	Karachi	Delhi	Calcutta	Singapore	Sydney
	Miles from London Days by normal means Days by Air (day flying only) Days by Air (day and night flying)	3,028 9 3½ 2½	4,812 16 6 ¹ / ₂ 3 ¹ / ₄	5,492 17 7½ 3¾	6,332 17 81/4 41/4	8,432 23 10½ 6¾	13,166 35 151/4 91/4

AIRSHIPS.
Comparative Table of various Airships.
Ship. ('n Cap Length Lift Engines
en ft. ft. tons & h.p
(1) R 34 (Brit.)1,960,000 640 60 5×250
(a) Los Angeles(U.S.) 2,724,000 650 83 6×350
(3) R zeo (Brit.)5,000,000 700 152 6×700
(4) R zoz (Brit.)5,500,000 800 165 5×600
(5) Akron (U.S.)6,500,000 785 180 8×550
(6) Gr. Zep. (Germ.)3,708,000 776 110 5×530
(7) LZ 189 (Germ.)5,500,000 ? 167 8×5000
(8) Macon (U.S.)6,500,000 785 180 8×550
(9) S.S.S.R. (Russian)
(10) E c (French) 336,160 2×350
Norss -(x) First to cross Atlantic; (3) Launched
Jan. 2020, sold Nov. 2022 (8) Akron, the largest airship
ever built, was launched in June, 2022; (6) Crossed
ever built, was launched in June, 1931; (6) Crossed Atlantic, 1988, and toured round the world in 1989
and 1930; (7) Under construction at Friedrichshaven,
(8) First flight, April 21, 1933, (9) First flight, Aug 1932.
(20) First flight, Jan 20, 2933
1-0/

	SHIP WREC		
Year.			Killed
1919U S.	C 8	Baltimore	75
1919British	NS zz	North Sea	7
zgazBritish	R 38	Humber	43
zgazU S.	Rom <b>a</b>	Virginia	34
1923French	Dexmude	Sicily	54
1924Japanese	83		
1925U.S.	Shenandoah	Ohio	14
1928Italian	Italia —	Arctic	7
1930British	R to:	Beauvais	48
1923U.S.	Akron	New Jersey	74
1933U.S.	J 3	New Jersey	7 <b>2</b>
1933French	E o	Guérande	

# AIR ACCIDENTS. (Imperial Airways.)

Date		Killed	Injured
		1	
December, 1924 June, 1929 June, 1929 October, 1929 October, 1939 March, 1933	Air liner, ('roydon	8 7 3 7 4	   

# FLYING ACCIDENTS. British Commercial Aviation.

(Including all Imperial Airways Transport operations.)

Details.	I.—Air 2	Pransport	II.—Other Flying for Hire.		
	Aug 2929, to Dec. 31, 2924.	Jan z, 1928, to Dec. 31, 1938	May, 2929, to Dec 3x, 2924	Jan z, z928, to Dec 3z, 1932.	
Aircraft mileage flown Fatal accidents Non-fatal Miles per accident Flights per accident Passengers killed Passengers killed Do. Do. injured Crew killed Do. injured	3,559,000 6 4 357,000 1,785 13 5 3,959 10,294	7,655,000 6 1 1,094,000 5,700 20 5,300 33,000 9	1,407,000 7 22 49,000 4,78z 8 12 30,213 20,14z 7	2,863,000 3 4 409,000 47,300 2 5 170,900 427,800	

### AIR LICENCES AND CERTIFICATES (United Kingdom).

	New Lauences or Certificates.								
_	Issued.								
	1927.	29 <b>26</b>	1989.	1930	1931.	1932	('urrent on		
Pilots, Class "A"	223	414	613	954	892	859	3,397		
Pilots, Class "B"	21	69	107	110	104	103	369 86		
Vavigators	12	14	20	33	. 53	80	86		
irship Riggers			16	33		!			
irship Engineers	•••		13	33	1				
round Engineers	98	114	227	202 288	321	194	1,221		
Aerodromes	175	206	320	a88	463	597	397		
Heavier-than-air	204	294	46x	600	569	552	981		
Lighter-than-air	Ĭ	2	2				8		
Heavier-than-air	193	463	6og	527	460	401	1,015*		
Lighter-than-air		1	Í	2					

[•] This figure includes 284 Certificates of Airworthiness for aircraft known to have been sold abroad.

### AIRCRAFT IDENTIFICATION.

Identification Letters are used by the Countries named, as under:—

Gt. Britain (G—AAA to G—ZZZ M—AAA to M—ZZZ

Irish Free State EI—AAA to EI—ZZZ

١		
١	BelgiumON-&c.	NorwayLA-&c.
ŀ	FranceF-&c.	Spain EA-&c.
ł	Germany D-&c.	Sweden SA-&c.
ı	Italy I-&c.	Switzerland HB-&c
	GermanyD-&c. Italy I-&c. NetherlandsPH-&c.	U S.AK-&c

### AIRCRAFT ON BRITISH CIVIL REGISTER.

Classification	1920	1931	1932.
Regular Air Transport	56 166	35 166	42 158
Joy-riding, Taxi, &c Schools & R.A F. Reserve .		104	134
Clubs Demonstration, &c		63	70 118
Private	•••	99 385	402 87
For re-sale	325	73 924	981
Certified Air worthy	149	707	731

### MUNICIPAL AERODROMES.

On Dec. 31, 1931, Aerodromes had been established or were in course of election by the following municipalities:—

Basingstoke.	Hull.	P
Blackpool.	Ipswich.	S
Bristol.	Littlehampton.	S
Burton.	Liverpool.	S
Cardiff.	Manchester.	S
Carlisle.	Middlesbro'.	S
Dover.	Morecambe.	V
Hastings.	Nottingham.	Y
Hereford.	Plymouth.	_
	- 1J 1410 WOLL.	

Portsmouth. Sheffield. Skegness. Southampton. Southend. Stoke-on-Trent. Worcester. York.

### TRADE BY AIR.

VALUE OF GOODS INPORTED INTO AND EXPORTED FROM GREAT BRITAIN BY AIR.

Year.	Imports.	Exports	Total.
1919	£59.839	£31,097	£90,936
1930	676,919	345, 268	1,022,187
1921	375,374	195,817	571,191
1922	453,377	259,643	713,080
1923	567,303	211,948	786,851
1924	841,815	509,145	1,350,060
1925	1,183,175	403,761	1,586,936
rgs6	958,237	966,003	1,984,840
1987	1,251,931	1,439,346	2,691,267
1928	2,003,551	981,139	2,984,690
1929	1,990,350	1,003,210	2,993,569
1930	1,656,682	834,533	3,491,315
1931	3.023,523	773,958	2,796,480
1932	981,143	1,143,146	2,123,289

### BULLION BY AIR.

Value of Bullion and Specie Imported into and Exported from Great Britain by Air.

Year.	Imports.	Exports and Re-exports.	Total.
1925 1926 1927	£,205,842 307,525 697,726 353,211	7,043,236 5,054,093	8,283,498 7,740,962 5,407,304
1930	372,994 295,672		
1931	1,116,319	37,291,506	38,407,825

### AVIATION RECORDS AND PERFORMANCES.

### LONG DISTANCE FLIGHTS.

1890-54 yards, Clement Ader (France) Machine first leave the ground 1897-326 yards, Clement Ader (France) First Europe flight

1908-- 20 miles 922 yards, L Delagrange (France). First European distance flight

1908-77 miles 856 yards, Wilbur Wright (U.S.A.) Beat two hours

1909—L. Bleriot (France)—Cross the Channel 1910—186 miles, L. Paulhan (France)—London to Manchester (one stop)
zozz-G H. Curtiss (U.S.A.), Hydroplane First flight

2012—G. H. Chritis (U.S.A.), Hydropiane First night rising from the water. 2012—2020 miles, Lieut. ("onneau (France) First Great Britain circuit (22 hrs. 29 mins) array 2022—F. P. Raynham First Britain long distance record (7 hrs. 30 mins), Brooklands 2023—20 miles, Capt. C. A. H. Long roft Without stop with one passenger (Montrove to Farnborough)

2919-Sir John Alcock and Sir J W. Brown Newfoundland to Ireland, June 24
1929-6.566 miles. R 94 Airship (Communder Major G
H Scott) Britain to New York and back, July 2-6
1929-13, 395 miles, Nir Rose Nomith and Sir Ketch Smith
England to Abstantia, Nov 25 Fee 26
1925-Sir Alan Cobbam England to Cape Town and

resc. Sir Alan Cobham England to Australia and back 1936—Sir Alan Cobham England to Australia and back 1938—Hunefeld and Fitzmaurice First east to west flight. I reland to Labrador, 36 hours, April 1939—First Britisi. Air Malls, London to Karnchi,

2932—Squadron Leader Bert Hinkler, Port Natal, Brazil, to Bathurst, British Gambia (first west to east flight across South Atlantic)

flight across South Atlantic)
1938-J A Mollison, England to Cape Town (4 d. 27 h -C W A Scott, England to Australia and so h. TOTE-

-Miss Amelia Earhart, Hai bour Grace to London-1039-

derry (solo, 33 h 30 m)
2032—Capt Bennett Griffin and Lieut James Mattern,
Harbour Grace to Berlin (28 h 40 m., crossing Atlantic

Pennfield Ridge, New Brunswick (30 h 15 m )

2332—Mrs. Mollison (Miss Amy Johnson), solo flight from Lympne (Nov. 24) to Capetown (Nov. 28) 6.850 miles in 4 d. 6 h 54 m., and Capetown (Nov. 28) 6.850 miles in 4 d. 6 h 54 m., and Capetown (Dec. 21) to Croydon (Dec. 28) 6.850 miles, in 7 d. 7 h 5 m. 2333—Squadron-Leader O. R. Gayford and Flight Ideutenant G. E. Nicholetts, Cranvell to Walvis Bay, 5.342 miles, in 57 h. 85 m (Longest non-stop) 2333—MR Codes and Rossi, New York to Rayak, 8771a, 9.297 f Miemetres [5,6576 miles), new non-stop record (Aug 7, 1933)
2533 (Oct )—Air (Ommodore Sir Charles Kingsford Smith flew from England to Australis in 7 d. 4 h 47 m. (beating U. W. A Scott's record set up in 1939) 1933 (Oct )—Charles Ulm flew from England to Australia in 6 d 17 h 56 m, thus beating Kingsford-Smith's record

record KING'S CUP WINNERS.

KING'S CUP WINNERS.

1983—Capt. F L Barnard. Speed, 284 m p h.
1983—Capt. F T Courtney Speed, 250 m p h.
1984—A. J. Cobham. Npeed, 265 m p h.
1984—A. J. Cobham. Npeed, 265 m p h.
1985—H. R. Broad Speed, 364 m p h.
1985—H. R. Broad Speed, 364 m p h.
1985—W. L. Loope Speed, 364 m p h.
1985—W. L. Loope Speed, 364 m p h.
1985—W. L. Loope Speed, 364 m p h.
1986—Flying Officer D F. W Atcherley Speed, 263 m

Fastest time, D. F. W. Atcherley
2930—Miss Winifred Brown Speed, 222 7 m p h.
2931—Flying Officer E. U. T. Edwards Speed, 227
2931—Flying Officer E. U. T. Edwards Speed, 227

1931—Flying Omer E. ... mph mph mph Santest time, Lieut. G Rodd, a a . 127'g m.p h. 1932—W L Hope Speed 124 13 m.p.h. Flatest time. H A Brown, 275'g m p h. 1933—Capt. G de Havilland Speed, 129 52 m p h. Fastest time, Flight-Lieut G H Stainforth,

SCHNEIDER TROPHY WINNERS.

2913—45 75 ni.p h., Prevost Francel At Monaco.
2914—85 8 ni.p h. Howard Pixton (Britain) Monaco.
2926—75 np h. Lingi Bologna (Italy) Venice
2921—212 m.p.h., Giovanni Briganti (Italy). Venice.
2923—145, 7m.p.h. H. C. Blard (Britain). Naples.
2923—177 88 m.p.h., Lieut T. Rittenhouse (U.S.N.).

1923-232 gym p h Lieut Doolittle(U.S.A.). Baltimore 2935-246 495 m p.h., Major de Bernardi (Italy) Hampton Roads

-a6: 656 m p.h., Flight Lieut Webster (Britain).

WORLD'S SPEED RECORDS
2939-357, m p h. Squadron-Leader A. H. Orlebar
(Britain) Sept 25 293.
1932-407 5 m p h. Flight Lieut. G. H. Stamforth
(Britain) Sept. 29, 1932. Fastest circuit Sept. 29, 1931.

1933—423 76 mp h, Warrant Officer Agello, Italian Air Force. April 20, 2933.

ALTITUDE RECORD.

t z6, z933—Capt. Oyril F Uwins, at Filton Aerodrome, Bristol, set up new altitude record of 43,976 ft (previous best 43,900 ft ) Womens Aftitude Record held by Mile Maryse Hits (28,126 ft) Sept 16, 1932

### REGULAR AIR SERVICES.

### Route, Mileage and Miles Flown throughout the World.

Year	Route Miles Mileage Flown		Year Route Mileage		Miles Flown.	Year.	Route Mileage,	Miles Flown.	
1983 1988 1988 1919	3,200 9,700 12,400 16,000 16,100	1,083,000 2,959,000 5,831,000 5,656,000 6,570,000	1984 1985 1986 1987 1988	20,300 34,000 48,500 54,710 90,700	8,764,000 13,011,000 16,824,000 22,242,000 34,005,000	1939 1930 1931 1938	125,800 155,800 185,100 190,200	53,379,000 69,505,000 83,500,000 90,372,000	

### AIR MAILS.

Full information regarding all Air Mail services is given in the current Air Mail Leaflet, obtainable free of charge at any Post Office. Particulars may also be obtained by telephone from the G.P.O. Enquiry Office (NATional 7152 between 9.0 a.m. and 6.0 p.m.-1.30 p.m. on Saturday) and from the Foreign Section of the London Postal Service (NATional 3367) at all other times.

Information as to local times of posting may be obtained from the Head Office of the District concerned or from the Branch Post Office nearest the place of posting.

The principal Air Mail facilities are as follows:-

### LETTER AIR MAILS.

Air Mail correspondence may be posted in any letter box, but in the central part of London transit to G.P.O. is quickest if it be posted in the special blue boxes there provided.

Any kind of letter packet may be sent by Air Mail, but printed papers, commercial papers and samples must (in most cases) be prepaid at as for ordinary post. Air Mail letters can be accepted for registration, but marrine is limited to letters and boxes for The Netherlands and Switzerland. The ordinary arrangements for express delivery and the use of the green label system (for articles liable to Customs duty) apply

A special blue Aur Mail label (obtainable free) should be affixed to the top left-hand corner of every Air Mail packet. Letters with manuscript indication are accepted, but are liable to delay. Stamps to the full value of the postage must be

affixed.

EUROPEAN COUNTRIES .- Letter services are available on weekdays to most European countries. The inclusive rates of postage for European countries are: letters, first ounce 4d., each additional ounce 3d.; postcards, 21/d.

COUNTRIES OUTSIDE EUROPE.-Rates of postage to these are for half-nunce units. (A letter containing more than the ordinary double sheet of notepaper is likely to exceed the balf-ounce) The principal direct letter services from London

(a) On Wednesdays to Palestine, Egypt, Sudan, Kenya, Uganda, Tanganika, Zanzibar, Mauritius, Nyasaland, Rhodesia, Union of South Africa, Portuguese East Africa, Belgnan Congo, Sian, Straits Settlements, Malay States, Dutch East Indies, North Borneo, Brunei, French Indo-China and South China

(b) On Saturdans to Palestine, Persia, Syria, Egypt, Iraq, India and Ceylon, West Africa, Brazil, Argentine Republic, Uruguay, Bolivia Brazil, An

Collections for these mails are made the same day from the blue Air Mail boxes; posting in ordinary boxes must generally be made the previous evening.

served by the direct England-India and England

Sodell Allice services a		·=_				
		Let	١.			
Destination.	First % oz		Each Add ½ uz		Post Cards	
Africa-		d.		d.	8.	d.
Egypt	0	31/2	0	8 1/2	0	2
Sudan	0	5	0	4	0	3
Kenya, Uganda, Tan-		-	1	-	t	_
gabyika	٥	7	0	6	0	3
Nyasaland	0	9	0	8	0	
Rhodesia		ó	0	8	0	4 4 5
Union of South Africa	1	ó	1		۰	ė
Asia—	_		1		-	•
Palestine		31/2	0	31/2	٥	
Syria	0	41/2	0	31/2	0	416
Transiordan		41/2	0	31/2	0	21/2
Iraa	0	6	0	4	0	3
India and Ceylon-	_	•	-	•	-	3
(By air to Karachi)	_	6		5		3
(By air to Karachi and	٦		1	4	1	3
in India)		8			0	4
	١,	•	1	,	13	7

PARCEL AIR MAILS.

The general regulations as to weight, size, etc., apply, but only parcels for The Netherlands and

Switzerland can be insured.

A special blue Air Mail label must be affixed close to the address label (or to each, if more than one), and to the Despatch note and to the Trade (harge Card (C.O.D. parcels) The words "Air Mail" should also be on the cover, and postage must be prepaid.

EUROPEAN COUNTRIES .- Parcel services are available each weekday to Austria, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France (Paris and its suburbs only), Germany, Hungary, The Netherlands, Norway, Sweden and Switzerland.

COUNTRIES OUTSIDE EUROPE. -On Wednesdays to Sudan, Kenya, Uganda, Tanganyika, Rhodesia, Zanzibar and Union of South Africa. On Saturdays to India.

Parcels for these destinations must generally

be posted the previous day.

The rates of postage vary according to weight and country of destination. On the England—India and —S. Africa direct services they are revious evening. India and —S. Africa direct services. The inclusive rates to the principal countries from 28. 3d. to 38. 6d. per half-pound.

Institutes.—Navy, Army and Air Force Institutes, known to the Services as "Naafi," conducts the Canteen and Institute service for His Majesty's Forces Registered under the Companies Acts as an Association not trading for profit, the Corporation exists for the exclusive benefit of the serving element of H.M. Forces, with whom it is alone entitled to deal. Chairman of the Board of Management. Lt.-Col. Sir Murrough Wilson, K.B.E.; General Manager, F. Benson, C.B.E.; Secretary, S. Baker; Headquarter Offices, Imperial Court, Upper Kennington Lane, S.E. 11. Telephone: Reliance 1300. Telegraphic dddress: "Naafi," Lamb., London. In the year ended Oct. 29, 1932, there was a surplus of £434,482. Rebates and discounts amounting to £77,043 were paid to the Royal Navy and £333,697 to Army and Royal Air Force.

For full conditions, exceptions, &c., exc Post Office Guide, pp. 880, published Jan. and July, price 1s., with an amending supplement in April and October, price 3d.,

### POSTAL SERVICES AND CHARGES.

LETTERS.						
Inland (U K. and Irish Free State):-						
Not exceeding 2 oz 1½d.						
For every further 2 oz., or less						
Limit - 2 ft. $\times$ 1 ft. $\times$ 1 ft., or if in the form of a roll, 30 in. length $\times$ 4 in. Weight unlimited.						
Imperial (British Dominious, Colonies and Protectorates, H.M. Ships of War abroad, and British P.O. at Tangier).—						
Not exceeding 1 oz						
United States (with Hawaii, but not other dependencies), Egypt:—						
Not exceeding 1 oz						
Foreign (except the foregoing, but including Transjordan).—						
Not exceeding 1 oz						
POST CARDS.						
Inland —						
Single						
Imperial and Foreign —						
Single $1\frac{1}{2}d$ . Reply paid $3d$ .						
PRINTED PAPERS (D. 644).						
Inland, Imperial and Foreign						
For every 2 oz. or fraction thereof						
Limits: in size, as Letters; in weight: Inland,						
2 lb; Imperial and Egypt, 5 lb.; Foreign, 4 lb.; but a single printed volume up to 6½ lb. may be						

sent abroad. Printed papers posted late in the day are not forwarded the same night unless stamped id or more. MAGAZINE POST.

Canada and Newfoundland, and by direct steamship, only '-Not exceeding 6 oz. ... 1d. Size limit: 24×18×18 in.

### COMMERCIAL PAPERS.

Imperial and Foreign .—	
Not exceeding 10 oz	

### NEWSPAPERS.

Inland (Registered Newspapers):-Not exceeding 6 oz.....per copy, 1d. Every further 6 oz., or less .....per copy, 1/d. Packets not over 2 oz go for 1/2d as Printed Papers. Limits: 2 lb. in weight; in size as Letters.

Imperial and Foreign -Treated as Printed Papers.

The parcel should be marked "Parcel Post." and handed across the counter or given to a rural postman; and the postage must be prepaid by stamps, affixed by the sender (if underpaid, deficiency plus 1d, fine is collected from addressee). Parcels are neither accepted nor delivered on Sundays. The name and address of sender should be inside or (not too prominent) on the outside of every parcel.

A rural postman must accept any inland packets he can conveniently carry, but if on foot or cycle not more, without notice, than II ib. from one person. Parcels to or from Irish Free State, Channel Is. or I. of Man are liable to customs duty: except in last case, the sender must declare contents when posting, and addressee must pay clearunce fees if any duty be layadressee must pay clearunce fees if any duty be layadresseed in I.F.S. pay 6st anyhow on dutable parcels. or more, unless sender arranges (see 6d.) to may duty. pay duty.

## Inland:-

Not ex	ceedin			
91	,,	5 1Ь.		
,,	**		(New 14 and annual met 4)	
_ 33	**	11 ID.	(limit of weight)	18, <b>3</b> 4.

Limit of size: length, 3 ft. 6 in.; length and girth combined, 6 ft.

### H.M. Shivs Abroad :-

Not	exceeding	3 lb	ls.	3d.
22	,,	7 lb	<b>2</b> 8.	6d.
,,		11 lb		
	••	22 lb. (limit)	64.	Od.

Imperial and Foreign :-

Various (see pp. 660-661).

Note -The rates there shown are mainly those for direct sea and land services, and are, generally, the lowest in force

### GENERAL REGULATIONS.

DELIVERY NUMBERS. - The London Postal Area covers about 232 square miles, and is divided into 10 Head and 118 Sub Districts, each having its own sorting office and delivery number. It is important that the delivery number (E.C. r. N. s. S. W. 10, &c.) should be added in addresses. Nine other important towns also have numbered postal districts, and use of the number avoids delay.

Hours of Business .- On ordinary Week Days the Larger Post Offices are open for all classes of business from 8 a.m. to 7.30 or 8 p.m.; at many, including all Head Offices, telegram and Express Delivery Service 5 (p. 654) business is continued to 9 p.m. Smaller offices open usually 9 a.m. to 7 p.m., but often close for a period in middle of the day; some close early one day every week, usually the local half-holiday.

Special Sunday and holiday arrangements are shown on the local window notices. Their general character is indicated in the paragraphs on pp. 656, 657.

PROHIBITED ARTICLES (LETTER POST). Among prohibitions are offensive or dangerous things, certain kinds of advertisement, eggs, fish, game, meat, fruit, ivegetables, and (to I.F.S., I. of Man, Channel Is., and abroad) dutiable articles. The latter must be sent as Parcels, Insured Boxes, Small Packets, or, to some countries, as Letters (Green Label system).

CERTIFICATE OF POSTING unregistered parcels, free; other unregistered postal packets, 1/d.

UNPAID PACKETS, except business reply-cards or envelopes, or re-directed parcels, are charged double postage on delivery; UNDERPAID PACKETS, double the deficiency.

UNDELIVERED POSTAL PACKETS.—Inland packets chargeable with a postage of 11/2d. or more, undelivered, are returned to sender without charge, if his address is found either outside or inside. Packets without sender's address or or inside. Facets without senders address or any enclosure of importance are destroyed, except parcels which, if not applied for, are generally disposed of after 3 months, or if perishable are dealt with as requisite. Packets chargeable with postage not exceeding 1d. are redelivered to sender only on payment of a second postage, and if name, address and request for return appear on outside: those with. quest for return appear on outside; those without such request are disposed of. British packets undelivered abroad are returned to sender here on payment of charges due; printed papers only if return is requested. Magazine Post packets are charged with return postage. Parcels further incur other charges unless (i) abandonment or (ii) delivery to another person in the same country, is requested at the time of posting.

REPLY COUPONS, for the purpose of prepaying replies to letters, are exchangeable abroad for stamps representing a minimum Imperial or Foreign letter-postage. Price (valid within the Postal Union), 6d; (valid within British Empire only), 3d. Sold at chief offices. Price (valid within the

POSTE RESTANTE IN THE BRITISH ISLES (solely for the accommodation of strangers and travellers and for three months only).—Any postal packet may be addressed as a rule to any Post Office except Town Sub-Offices. It should have the words "Poste Restante" or "to be called for" in the address. If addressed to initials, fictitious names, or Christian name only, it is treated as undelivered. Applicants must furnish sufficient particulars to ensure delivery to the proper owner. Redirection from a Poste Restante is not undertaken for more than z4 days unless longer (up to 3 months) is applied for. Letters, parcels, &c., from abroad, or letters at a seaport for an expected ship, are travellers and for three months only) .- Any or letters at a seaport for an expected alip, are kept a months; others, a weeks; after which they are treated as undelivered (see above), unless bearing a request for return at end of the interval, or some specified shorter period.

REDIRECTION.—(1) By agent of addressee: Letters, post cards, printed papers, and newspapers may be reposted free not later than the day after delivery (not counting Sundays and public holidays), and must not have been opened or tampered with. Parcels may be redirected free of charge, within the same time limits, if the original and the corrected addresses are both within the same Town Delivery Area (or within the London Postal District); other-(or within the London Postal District); otherwise they are charged at the ordinary prepaid rate. Registered packets, which must be taken to a Post Office, are re-registered free only up to day after delivery. (a) By the Post Office (not undertaken during temporary absence, unless house be left empty, nor from clubs, hotels, &c.). Requests for re-direction of letters, &c., must be on printed forms, obtainable from the postmaster or postman, and signed by the persons to whom the letters are to be addressed. Re-direction is free for ra to be addressed. Re-direction is free for 12

months: thereafter costs 1s. for each surname for second, is. third, and ss. each subsequent year. Separate forms must be filled in for parcels, and for the forwarding of telegrams by post (free) or by telegraph.

REGISTRATION, INLAND.—All kinds of postal packets intended for registration must be marked 'Registered" in bottom left-hand corner, and must be handed to an officer of the Post Office, and a receipt taken. Parcels (or the string with which they are tied) and letters must be fastened with wax or other adhesive. Fee 3d. exclusive of postage. Advice of delivery, a further 3d. The latest time for registering is usually half an hour before the latest time for posting ordinary packets; at Head Offices, if open, this may be done later for 6d. late fee. Unregistered packets containing coin or jewel-lery, or found open (or undeliverable) and conlery, or found open (or underversion) and taining stamps, uncrossed bearer cheques, uncrossed postal orders without payer's name, &c., 10s. or more in value, or any marked "registered" and found in a letter-box, undergo compulsory registration (8d.), carrying no compensation.

COMPENSATION, INLAND, for loss or damage is COMPENSATION, INLAND, for loss or damage is granted, though not as a legal right even if fee is paid and packing adequate.—The fees for compensation inclusive of registration are:—Fee 3d., compensation up to £5; 4d., £90; and 1d. for each additional £30 up to the maximum 1s. 11d. for £400. Compensation up to £2 is given on (a) unregistered parcels (for loss, only of certificate of posting is obtained at the time of posting. (h) unregistered parcels to conveyed by certificate of posting is obtained at the time of posting). (b) unregistered packets conveyed by Express belivery Service No. (1). Compensation in respect of money of any kind (coin, notes, orders, cheques, stamps, dc.) is only given if particulars (for identification) are kept and the money is sent by Registered Letter Post in one of the special envelopes sold officially (see next page); the maximum compensation for coin is £5. Compensation for jewellery, watches, &c., is only given on registered packets: for eggs, fish, game and rabbits, meut, fruit, and vegetables only when sent as parcels. Compensation is not given for damage to (x) eggs, soft fruit, liquids and semi-liquids or exceptionally fragile articles, in any case; (a) fragile articles by registered letter post, unless conspicuously marked "Fragile, with

REGISTRATION, IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN (except for parcels and magazine post), is in force to almost all countries; valuable articles may not be sent in unregistered letters. Fee, 3d. Compensation on registered packets up to £3 is paid for entire avoidable loss while in the custody of a country in the Postal Union if claimed within a year.

INSURANCE, IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN (including, except for parcels, REGISTRATION), may be effected on packets to many countries at the following rates:—5d. for £12; and &d. for every additional £12 up to 5s. 11d. for £400. CompENSATION up to 20s (32s. if over xxlb.) may be given on uninsured parcels to or from Newfoundland, India and the smaller colonies, Egypt, with many larger foreign countries, except U.S.A., if certificate of posting is produced. Packets containing no articles but valuable papers (banknotes, &c.) or valuable documents (plans, &c.) can be insured as letters; other valuable articles should be sent as insured parcels, or as "insured boxes." INSURANCE, IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN (includ-

INSURED Box Post .- Jewellery and similar articles (not letters or valuable paper) may be sent in strong hoxes by letter mails to some British Dominions (e.g., India and New Zealand), Europe (except Norway, Spain and Near East), Argentine, Brazil, China, Egypt (not Sndan), many French colonies, and a few other countries Postage 2d. per 2 oz. (minimum 10d.); maximum weight 2lb., size 12×8×4 in. Customs declarations must be filled in.

Cash on Delivery Service, Inland (not to or from I.F.S ) - A sum (Trade Charge) up to £40 can, under certain conditions, be collected 140 can under certain conditions, be conserved from addressee and remitted to sender of a parcel or registered letter posted at a Money Order Office, or a parcel consigned by railway. Fees (extra to usual postal or rail charges): For Trade Charge up to 10s, 4d; up to £1, 6d; £2, 8d; £6, 10d; and for each further £5 or less, 2d; by rail, 3d, more.

Cash on Delivery, Imperial and Foreign.-A reciprocal service exists between Great Britam and various parts of the Empire and certain and various parts of the Empire and certain Foreign Countries. Fees for collection 4½d. for Trade Charge (amount to be collected) not exceeding £1, with 2½d, extra for each additional £1 of Trade Charge up to the maximum, which is usually £40 (fee 8s. 6d), but in some countries lesses (e.g., 1,000 francs). Addressee has generally also to pay on delivery, hesides Customs, if any, a further fee (4d. in U.K.) not prepayable. If Trade Charge cannot be collected the superfor undeliverable navels and lected, the rules for undeliverable parcels apply.

Express Delivery (Inland) by Special Mes-SENGER .- There are five services of which (4) and (s) alone are available on Sundays :-(s) All the way, from most offices which deliver telegrams. Inclusive charge, which must be prepaid, in stamps, 6d per mile, or part of a mile, with 1d. on each separate packet after the first. Packets must be handed over the counter with "Express" clearly marked in left-hand top corner. Live animals, liquids, and money may be delivered by this service, and persons may be conducted. The messenger may take back an inland telegram gratis. (s) After transmission by post, at sender's request: (a) from the ordinary deat sender's request: (a) from the ordinary de-livery office, if open for telegraph business (inaxi-mum charge in London 8d.); or if so marked, (b) "Express Delivery from Head Office" in large provincial towns, and (c) in London "from Head District Office" or "from G.P.O." Packets must be marked "Express," and letters hear a broad vertical line back and front. Charges us for (x) in addition to postage. (3) Before ordinary deliveries, on addressee's application (8d. per sulfa for one packet, and 1d for every ten press mile for one packet, and 1d. for every ten or less additional packets). (4) see p. 657. (5) Of a message telephoned to an express delivery office (8d. for 30 words besides express and telephone charges). — Waiting fees: 10 minutes free; each additional to minutes or part thereof, 2d. - For Sundays and Holidays, we pp. 656 7, and next paragraph.

LAILWAY LETTERS. -- An unregistered letter up to a or., taken to a Parcel or Booking Office or most railways while station is open weekdays or Sundays, is sent off by next train or steamer to a station or port on any of these railways. Fee (heaides postace) within 6t. Britain, or thence to Jersey, Ghernsey, Douglas (I.M.).

The cover, if any must be open at both ends and ensily removable, and copies should be folded so that the ir readily imperted to writing or additional printing is permitted, other than the words "with printing is permitted, other than the words "with printing is permitted, other than the words "with the ir readily imperted additions of sender, request for them of the printing is permitted, other than the words "with the irreduly imperted and a reference to a page. Newstorm of the printing is permitted, other than the words "with the irreduly imperted and a reference to a page. Newstorm of the printing is permitted, other than the words "with the irreduly imperted and a reference to a page. Newstorm of the printing is permitted, other than the words "with the irreduly imperted and a reference to a page. Newstorm of the printing is permitted, other than the words "with printing is permitted, other than the words "with printing is permitted, other than the words "with printing is permitted, other than the words "with printing is permitted.

posted in the nearest letter-box at station of address, but (except on Sundays and in I.F.S.) can be delivered Express (from usual office or first Express office it reaches) under Service sa, or (by wiring for messenger to meet it at Station) under Service 1.

INTERNATIONAL EXPRESS SERVICE - Delivery by special messenger of correspondence (locally including parcels up to 11 lb.) to or from certain countries or certain towns in the same 6d. is paid by the sender, the rest, if any, by addressee, according to the local regulations

POST ('ARDS.—The left-hand half of the address side may be used for correspondence, inland or abroad. Plain cards (minimum size  $4 \times 2 \frac{1}{4}$  in ), not thinner than official cards, may also be used both inland and abroad (maximum size 578×41%).

Reply Post Cards must have the heading Carte Postale arec reponse payée on first half, and on the second half (valid only to country of origin) Carte Postale - Réponse.

BUSINESS REPLY-CARDS AND ENVELOPES of special design, for licensed senders only. These pay a deposit, and also full normal postage, plus \$\( \delta \), on each packet returned by their clients: the latter pay no postage.

PRINTED PAPER POST .-- For printed or written matter not in the nature of a letter (p. 652).

By this post may be sent books and other works of a literary character, with or without written dedications, and any other written or printed matter not being in the nature of a letter or, e.g., personal news, drawings, painand any other vertices by personal news, drawings, paintings, photographic prints, engravings maps, &c., together with their binding provided that the materials are with their binding provided that the materials are brittle or very rangile, and with the printed forms, legal documents, printers cope and priofs, examination appers, answers and corrections, the withing on which refers solely to the subject matter of the document. Christmas and picture cards with date, names and addresses of sender and addresse, and with ennearing the first printed printed forms are also admitted. (For full conditions see the official (side) Printed papers being subject to examination in the post, the cover, if any, must be capable of easy removal and replacement for purposes of examination in the post, the cover, if any, must be capable of easy removal and replacement for purposes of examination; i.e., without breaking, tearing, unguainning, or cutting

Literature for the Bland (in other respects treated as Printed Papers) periodicals and books, it printed in special type and subject to certain conditions of posting marked outside "Blind Literature," with name and address of sender Rutes—Inland 21b, id. 18 lb, Id., 18 lb (maximum), 14d, Abroad: id. for every 21b up to 81b and 24d for 11b (maximum)

SAMPLE POST (not to Irish Free State).— Restricted inland to bona-fide Trade Samples, without saleable value; but one key, printers' blocks, fresh-cut flowers, and some scientific specimens, can be sent abroad. Rate—Inland: Up to 4 or, 1d; 6 oz., 1½d; 8 oz 2d; Abroad: ½d. per 2 oz., minimum 1d. Limits:— Inland: Size, 12 × 8 × 4 ins., weight 8 oz.; Abroad: Imperial and Egypt: size, 24×12× 13 ins., weight 5 lb.; Elsewhere: 18×8×4 in., 1 lb.

NEWSPAPER POST (INLAND).—For newspapers registered at the G P.O" (p. 652).

STAMPS, ENVELOPES, POST CARDS, &c.

FIRMER, ENVELOUES, FOSI CARDS, decreases, and certain Inland Revenue duties) are sold of the respective values of \( \frac{1}{2}d_1, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{2}d_4, \frac{1}{

REGISTERED LETTER ENVELOPES for foreign and inland letters, with a  $\frac{4}{3}$ /d. embossed stamp (for registration and postage), are of four sizes: F.  $5\frac{1}{3}$  in.  $\times 3\frac{1}{3}$  in., 5d. each; G.  $6\frac{1}{3}$  in.  $\times 3\frac{3}{3}$  in., E. 8 in.  $\times 3$  in., or HS. 9 in.  $\times 4$  in.,  $5\frac{1}{3}$   $\cdot t$ . each; K.  $11\frac{1}{3}$  in.  $\times 6$  in.,  $6\frac{1}{3}$   $\cdot d$ . each.

LETTER CARDS with 11/4d. stamp; one, 2d.;

2, 33/d. ; 5, 9d.

Post Carroll Find and, with impressed 1d. stamp: Single: thin—one,  $1\frac{1}{4}d$ .; a,  $2\frac{1}{4}d$ .; 5,  $5\frac{1}{2}d$ .; x, 1s.; stout—one,  $1\frac{1}{4}d$ .; 5, 8d.; 10, 1s.; reply—one,  $2\frac{1}{4}d$ .; 4,  $8\frac{1}{3}d$ .; 2s.; Foreign  $(1\frac{1}{2}d$ . stamp): Single—one,  $1\frac{1}{4}d$ ., 2,  $3\frac{1}{4}d$ .; 10, 2s. 8d.; 10, 2s. 8d.; 10, 2s. 8d.

EMBOSED ENVELOPES (a) with  $1 \frac{1}{2}d$ , stamp; "A" ( $4\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}$  ×  $3\frac{1}{4}$  in)—z,  $1\frac{1}{2}d$ .; 3, 5d.; 5,  $3\frac{1}{2}d$ .; 1, 8, 6d.; "Commercial" ( $6\frac{1}{2}$  in ×  $3\frac{1}{2}$  in)—z,  $1\frac{1}{2}d$ .; 2,  $3\frac{1}{2}d$ .; 5, 8d.; (b) with  $\frac{1}{2}d$ . stamp, ungummed "N" ( $6\times 3\frac{1}{2}$  in.): 1,  $\frac{1}{2}d$ .; 2,  $\frac{1}{2}d$ .; 5, 3d.

NEWSPAPER WRAPPERS with 1/d. stamp: 1, 1/d.; 2, 1//d.; 3, 1//d.; 7, 4d.; with 1d. stamp: 2, 1//d.; 2, 2//d.; 5, 5//d.; 8, 8//d.; 21, 1s.

Embossed or impressed postage stamps of the present reign, cut out of envelopes, post-rards, letter-cards, newspaper-wrappers, or telegram forms, may be used as adhesive stamps in payment of postage or telegrams provided they are not imperfect, mulliated, or defaced

### MONEY ORDERS.

ADVICE OF PAYMENT: 2d. inland (and to LF.S.), 3d. for foreign and colonial orders (to certain countries). Payment may be stopped (fee 4d.); or deferred up to 10 days in case of Ordinary Inland Money Orders.

Inland (and I.F.S.) Ordinary Money Orders.

The poundage charged is, for sums not exceeding £3, \$d.; £10, \$d.; £20, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.; £30, \$d.;

Inland Telegraph Money Orders.

Money may be transmitted by Telegraph Money Order from any Money Order office which also despatches telegrams, and may be made payable at any Money Order office which also delivers telegrams, and at some other offices. On Sundays, sums up to £5 are now thus payable

Sundays, sums up to £5 are now thus payable at about 33 offices in London and 336 outside. Poundage at the same rate as for Ordinary Inland Money Orders, plus supplementary fee of \$d., and cost of official Telegram of Advice. If the order is to be delivered at payee's address, porterage must be prepaid unless it be in LF.8.

Ordinary Money Orders Abroad.

655

These, which are payable in nearly all countries, should be taken out 1 or 2 days before despatch of mail. Poundage, £1, 6d; £3, 1s. 5d., and thereafter 3d. per £1 or part thereof. Limits of amount, £30, £30 or £40. Limits of validity, 6-12 months.

### Telegraph Money Orders Abroad.

Only to certain countries, e.g., to Australia, Canada, India and U.S.A., and to certain towns only in others, e.g., New Zealand, South Africa, Egypt and Palestine. Poundage as for Ordinary Money Orders abroad, plus cost of official Telegram of Advice (at deferred rate if desired, in most British Possessions), plus supplementary fee of Gl. for Newfoundland and foreign countries (Cuba &. 8d.), Is. for British Empire, Egypt and Mandates (Canada &d. if telegram is full-rate).

### POSTAL ORDERS.

British Postal Orders are issued and paid at nearly all post offices in the United Kingdom during the ordinary hours of business on weekdays. They are also issued and paid in most British Possessions, Mandates, and Postal Agencies (not Australia or Canada). They are issued, with a counterfoil, for every multiple of \$6d\$. up to \$20., and for \$1s\$. Poundage: \$6d\$. to \$2s\$. \$6d\$., \$1d\$.; \$2s\$. \$to \$15s\$., \$1½d\$.; \$15s\$. \$6d\$. upward, \$2d\$. The name of payee must be inserted. They must be presented for payment within 3 months from last day of the month of issue, or a fresh poundage will be charged. Adhesive, unperforated British Postage \$4a\$. nps (x or s) may be affixed to the face of an order in spaces provided, to increase its value by \$1\$, \$2\$, \$3\$, \$4\$ or \$5\$ pence.

### INLAND TELEGRAMS.

Telegrams may be handed in at a telegraph office, or, if prepaid and enclosed in envelope marked "Telegram," posted (without stamp) or handed to a rural postman. Rate, 12 words or less 1s. (c), from or in Irish Free State 1s. 6d.), ea (to, from or in Irish Free State 1s. 6d.), ea (to, from or in Irish Free State is charged for. Original or redirected telegrams, or replies, sent on Sundays and (exc. Scotland) Good Friday, or Christmas Day are charged 6d. extra (prepayable). Replies may be prepaid up to 48 words; the voucher issued to addressee may be used, or its value refunded to sender, within 12 months. Receipt for charges free. Certified copy 6d., sometimes more. The charge includes delivery within 2s miles (in Irish F.S.) of the nearest telegraph delivery office, or, if this be a head office, within the town postal limits—beyond that limit the charge is 6d. per mile, calculated from the free delivery limit, to be paid by sender (in I.F.S. by addressee). Usual hours 9 a.m. to 7 p.m.; larger offices 8 a.m. to 7, 7.30 or \$ p.m. (see below and p. 556).

ABBRYLATD ADDRESSES, registered for at least one year (£2 per annum), appear practs in Sell's Directory (8 & 9 Johnson's Court. Fleet Street, London, E.C. 4).
Dalitery is in Tairprious to a telephone subscriber, thus accelerating receipt and making late delivery possible, (of if address is telephonic (exchange, number and town or county if needed count as a words only); (b) if "Telephone" (not charged for) precedes full telegraphic address, where exchange and number are unknown to sender; (c) if convenient to the Post Office, unless (i) subscriber has otherwise directed, or (ii) "Private" (charged one word) precedes telegraphic address.

LATE FREN.—A telegram may often be got through from an office which is open to one closed for telegraphic business by payment of the following fees: Is for telegraphist, is for messenger, and &! an hour for telegraphist, is for messenger, and &! an hour for telegraphist, is for messenger, and &! an hour for telegraphist, is for a messenger if it he necessary to call the telegraphist, and is for a messenger if it he necessary to call the telegraphist, con any modern European language, is c. Latin. Experanto or any modern European language, is chosen to the common telegraphist, and is for a messenger if it he necessary to call the telegraphist. Con any modern European language, is chosen to the content of letters are charged one word per a letters in text, one word each in address The following count one word—(a) All names of towns and villages in UK into of branch or sub-offices or districts in towns, unless in addition to street name; (s) all names of railway and coastguard stations (not in towns) with public telegraph. (3) words ordinarily written as one or with hyphen, including "couldn't. etc.: (a) Admess with prefix "St." De. "De la." O" "Misc." "Fits, and surrannes ortinarily hyphened. (s) each five Agures (th, &c., in ordinals count as tw. figures (6) each —I was (in address of near delegraph. which are one word each group; (r) signs of punctuation, and the symbols (s). Di. "Se, c/o (7, counts as one word or as three figures). (8) names of telegraph offices abroad mentioned in the International last of Telegraph Offices
Riumt Telegraph Latters with full postal address.

the symbols a/c, b/l, s/s, c/o (2, counts as one word or as three figures). (9) names of telegraph offices abroad mentioned in the International Last of Telegraph Offices.

Night Telegoraph Latters with full postal address, in plain insquage, for delivery on week days) by first morning post, or by messenger as soon after as possible, may be sent to anywhere in the town postal delivery of any Head diffecent delate thatin (b) the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the county of the coun

### IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN TELEGRAMS.

In the list of countries on pp. 66e, 66z, the ordinary or FULL RATE per word is given (minimum charge, 1z. 3d.) from any part of the United Kingdom, whether transmitted by

(minimum charge, L. 3d.) from any part of the United Kingdom, whether transmitted by cable or by radio-telegraphy (wireless). Rules for constant of words are more or less as for inland feer above), an address, name of terminal office coming under class (8) counts as one word. In Plainlanguage telegrams, which must be in English characters) and in names and addresses outside the text, 18 letters in Code category A 10 or (category B) 5, in Cipher 8 characters, is the maximum number counting as one word Preput Replies (minimum La 3d) are allowed from most places. The indication for this "RP" counting as one word, must be paid for "RPD" if Urgent qv).

Unexy Telegrams or replies, at double Full Rates, are allowed to or from most places or regions in the lies, but not to North, Ceutral, or northern South America, in particular Minimum tharge, 2s. 62, the word "Rgyat" must be paid for.

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### SUNDAY AND HOLIDAY ARRANGEMENTS.

On SUNDAY THROUGHOUT THE U.K. no Parcel Post, non-telegraphic Money Order, Postal Order, or Savinys Bank business is transacted, order, or Statings Bath United States of letters, or states of letters, dc, except by Express Services (4) and (5) below. IN LUNDON Central Telegraph and Letcester Square Offices and 3s others (including those named in the next paragraph) are alone open (mostly o a.m. to 8 p.m.) for stamps, telephone, and telegrams. 59 stations, chiefy 8. of the Thames, besides those in col. 1, send telegrams, mostly at train times. The one general collection (10 p.m. to 12) is for Monday malls and first London delivery. UNRRGISTERED letters for Sunday Mails, if too late for Saturday collection, must be posted IN SPECIAL BOXES, at the places and by the times indicated: A.—Day Mail to Continent: G.P.O., 7 a.m., late fee 2d. B.—Night Mails: (A) No late fees (1) up to times between 4.15 and (District Offices) 6 p.m., in one of 149 places (in all the 128 Sub-districts, except E.C. 3), including the 24 offices mentioned above: (a) up to 6 p.m. at any of the termini referred to under (B) (1) below. (B) With extra stamps (late fee): (x) Inland (fee 12d.) at appropriate terminus (Euston, King's Cross, Liverpool Street, London Bridge Central, Paddington or Waterloo) up to times varying from 8.25 to 11 p.m. (a) Abroad (fee 2d.): (a) N. Europe vid Hook: Liverpool Street Station, 8.15 p.m.; (b) France, Italy, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Algeria, Tunis: Victoria Station (Brighton line), 8.20 p.m. Registered to be handed in): Day Mail abroad, Centr. Tel. Office, 6.30 a.m., 4d. fee; Night the places and by the times indicated :- A. - Da

Sun 5 8, noon-7, Trent w (d 3-8), Wigan (6 79), York.

Z Express Bunday belivery, Service 6, p 6g.,

Accepts only urgent or passengers telegrams on
Sundays for weekdas, outside hours shown, if any)

7 Intervery restricted, which at night.

Except 6 a.m. Sun - 6 a.m. Mon, or thereabouts

8 Except 10 p.m. Sun . 4 a.m. Mon, or thereabouts.

8 Except Sun . & Mon. to 6 a.m.

8 Railway, &c. Station offices are purely telegraphic,
and unless marked do not deliver outside the station,
ad = no delivery at all, despatch only

Mails (A) No late fee: at all (34) offices open in evening, up to 5 minutes before they close. (B) Fee L. 6d.: at sorting carriages at proper terminus up to same times as ordinary letters except mail abroad vid Hook). O'TSIDE LONDON all Head Offices and most country LONDON all Head Offices and most country telegraphic Sub-offices open from 9-10.30 a.m. (Sootland 9-10 a.m.) for stamps, telegrams, registration: but all town Sub-offices, and most non-telegraphic offices, are closed. Many stations send railway letters (p. 654), and telegrams at train times. There is a collection and night despatch in most towns.

EXPERSS DELIVERY (Service 4), a limited inter-city service, for London and the cities marked \$\alpha\$ on p. 655, is available only:—(1) Sundays: reciprocally between the cities (except to Cork and Dublin, from some of them); (a) Good Friday: to London only from the others. The handing-in offices in London are:—C.P.O., Leicester Square, W. and S.W. District Offices, and (Branch) Offices) Camberwell Green, Clapham Common Manuscrawith, Broadway. Hollowst and (Branch Omoes) Camberwell Green, Clapham Common, Hammersmith Broadway, Holloway, Stratford, and Swiss Cottage. Letters, &c. (not parcels) must be handed in in time to catch perceding night mails—those for Belfast earlier, in S. & E. England. Fee 1s., healdes postage and usual express fees (calculated from the Head Offices of the cities; in London from G P O., viz., &d. to 5s. &d.)

EXPRESS DELIVERY by messenger of a tele-EXPRESS DELIVERY by messenger of a telephoned message (Service 5, p 654) is on Sundays restricted to the London Postal Instrict; but a letter reaching "Central Telegraph Office, London, E.C.r." early on Sunday morning will be telephoned to a telephone subscriber in the London Telephone Area if the envelope be marked conspicuously "For Sunday telephone delivery," with a broad perpendicular line back and front, usual postage being prepaid on the envelope, and 3d. per 30 words or less by stamps affixed to the enclosed message.

CHRISTMAS DAY AND CHOOLERIVAY — 7.

CHRISTMAS DAY AND GOOD FRIDAY .- In CHRISTINAS DAT AND HODDER TO LETTER, DATE OF THE CHRISTINAS DAY; none on Good Friday (except Express Service 4, above). Offices usually open as on Sundays, in some cases for shorter hours. Outside London: In Scotland business is as on week-days. In England and N. Ireland there is one delivery of letters and parcels; no acceptance of parcels. Offices open

as Sundays.

BANK HOLIDAYS .- London: One morning Boxing Day. Some 34 offices open as on Smidays, and 12 others, for all classes of business, but parcels are not despatched till next day. Posting for night-mails, and general collection, as on Sundays. Outside London. In Scotland, as on Smidays. Outside London. In Scotland, business is generally as usual. Elsewhere, only one letter and parcel delivery, except, as a rule, on Boxing Day, and generally one despatch (early in rural districts). Smaller offices are closed; the more important open 9 a.m. to noon for noted tagses of Justiness. "Electroph offices. for most classes of lusiness. Telegraph offices, except sub-offices in towns, nearly all open 9 to 10.30 a.m., and head offices 5 to 7 p.m. for telegraph business (but not usually on Boxing Day).
PUBLIC HOLIDAYS in Scotland: Telegraph

mostly as usual, other business as English Bank Holldays. One delivery only on Local Holldays. On New Year's Day one delivery of letters and parcels, no parcel, M.O., P.O., &c, business; hours as on Bundays.

### WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Post Office as Licensing Authority.—By the Wireless Telegraphy Acts, 2904-25, it was made illegal to install or work wireless telegraphy in the United Kingdom or on board British ships the United Kingdom or on board British ships in territorial waters except with the Postmaster General's licence. By the Wireless Telegraphy Order 2008, the provisions of the Wireless Telegraphy Act 2504 apply to British Ships whilst on the high seas. The Merchant Shipping (Wireless Telegraphy) Act, 2519, made it compulsory for all British sea-going ships over 2,500 tous to carry wireless apparatus. The Post Office conducts the inspection of such apparatus under the Acta and also the examination of under the Acts, and also the examination of Wireless Operators for the Postmaster General's

Ship and Shore Service.—The ship and shore stations of the Marconi Company and Lloyds, so in number, were bought by the Postmaster General in 1909. The service has since been General in 1900. The service has since been reorganised and now comprises 13 stations, viz:
—Cullercoats, Fishgnard, Hunther, Land's End.
Malin Head, Niton, North Foreland, Portishead, Portpatrick. Rugby, Seaforth, Valentia and Wick. Portishead Radio affords (a) world-wide communication with ships equipped with short-wave sending and receiving apparatus, and (b) communication up to a range of about s.000 miles with ships equipped with long continuous wave-sending and receiving apparatus. Rugby Radio can transmit radiotelegrams to ships equipped with long-wave receiving apparatus. The range is world-wide, but ships are not in a position to reply to this station. A public tele-phone service between certain Transatlantic Laners and telephone subscribers in Great Britain and certain Continental countries is also afforded through Rugby Radio.

Anglo-Continental Wireless Services. — Post Office wireless services have been instituted side by side with the cable services to the following Continental countries:—Italy, Poland, Estonia, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, the Free State of Danzig, Rumania, Latvia, Finland and Russia. The services with Italy, Rumania, Estonia, and Danzig are carried of rid the Leafield Station (near Oxford). The latter station is also used for the transmission of news and commercial intelligence intended for simultaneous reception in several European countries. A medium-power transmitter at the Rugby Station is also used for the services to Czechoslovakia, Poland and Hungary.

Super-power Transmutter at the Rughy Station. -This transmitter uses power of 1,000 kilowatts and is capable of communication with any part of the globe. It is used for the broadcasting of British Official news messages, Meteorological Office reports and Greenwich Time Signals, and for transmitting radio telegrams and news measages to ships at sea

Beam and Omni-Directional Wireless Stations. The privately-owned wireless stations in this country at present carrying on commercial services with other countries are owned and operated by Imperial and International Communications Limited. They consist of the blarconi Short Wave Wireless Beam stations at Bodmin, Bridgwater, Grimsby, Skegness, Dorchester and Somerton, the high-powered omnidirectional station at Carnarvon, and the medium-power omni-directional stations at

Ongar and Brentwood in Essex; the last two stations also employ Marconi short-wave Beam apparatus. The Bodmin and Bridgwater and the Grimsby and Skegness Beam stations consist of two groups of two units each, one unit of each group being a transmitting station and the other unit a receiving station. The Bodmin transmitting station and Bridgwater receiving station carry out direct high-speed wireless communicacarry out direct ingrispeed wireless communica-tion with Canada and South Africa. The Grimshy transmitting station and Skegness receiving station carry out similar communication with Australia and India. The Dorchester Beam transmitting station consists of eight Marconi short-wave Beam transmitters, and is the largest beam wireless station in the world. The Somer-ton station is the receiving station of this shortwave Beam group, and has fourteen receivers employed on the same services.

All these wireless stations are operated and controlled directly from Electra House, London, the central radio office of Imperial and International Communications Limited.

### * RADIOTELEGRAMS.

*RADIOTELEGRAMS.

The Address of a rudiotelegram should contain name of addressee, of ship, and of coast-station to be used Private messages for II M Advy must have in the address "Warship followed by the name of the vessel, or "Sobmarine" (which with identifying letters and figures counts in address as one would Next must come (4) if ship he is home scaters, "Clethoppes Radiot" [2g] per word inclusive); (3) if ship he abroad, the name of the coast station if this is not known, sender should enquire of the Secretary, Admiralty, London by reply-paid telegram or letter, stating when it is proposed to send the message. Messages to ships on the following stations mass gotherough thousant stations manse — Americain Melchenditers (Hong Kong). E. Indies. Matanni (Ceylon) or Aden. Mediternamen. Rinclini (Malta), New Zealand Aackland; (16 South African coast - Jacobs (Durian), Slangkon (Cupetown) or Walvis Ray; (16 Rata coast of North America: (a) between 10° N and 20° N, Kingston (Jamaica) or S. Lucia (West Indies): (b) North of 30° N, Louisburg (Nova Rootia. In the case of the Mercentil Marine, if name of nearest coast station is uncertain the message may yet be got through by "open address" (see Note), while if the name of the ship is not known, sufficient particulars of the voyage manse of ports, &c) may be substituted, at senders risk, mider services A1, B1, and B2 only. Prepupment of Replies is admissible Counting of coast station.

The Cost of Transmission (per word) from any telegraph office is the sum of three rates: rate for cable or other other cable or other others.

standard form) mane of coast station.

The Cost of Tremmission (per word) from any telegraph office is the sum of three rates; rate for cable or other message to the coast or hand-station (denoted by t); coast-station charge (e); and ship "station" charge (e) The normal ship charge (s) are as follows:—(i) H. M. Navy, mt; (ii) ships of most nationalities, including British, &t. (iii) Spunish and Swedish ships, &t. (iv) Finnish ships and Latvian ships, 1½d. These are reduced in certain cases (see Chelow). The other charges and services may be classified as follows.

A Short-Rand (250-250 miles), to all ships with wire-less telegraph. — Through Post-Uffer cost stations; the =1d 3 Through constitutions broad (f)=rate for full-rate telegram to the coast station; (c) varies from 0 to 8d : see list in P.O (finds; (s) see above.

B. Long-hange Communication with ships suitably equipped (mostly listed in P.O. Guide), when beyond reach of short-range stations: 1 Vat "Portsheadradio" t+c=7d (a) Long-wave both-way service (range

* "Radiotelegram," as used in the official Postal Guide, denotes only a message to or from a ship at sea, and includes no other kind of midotelegraphic message, 1 Private (Admiralty) coast stations, not for use of merchant or troop-ships * c / 2.
* Spark or Interrupted (* W):—Cullercoat, Pringard, Humber, Lands End, Main Head, Niton, North Foreland, Fortpatick, Seaforth, Valentia, Wick.
* c, c, -See above, "Cost of Transmission."

a,000 miles), with about sye ships (including most large liners in N. Atlantic or Mediterranean), (b), short-wave both-way service (range world-wide) with about 480 ships 2 Vid "Rugbyrodio" (runge world-wide) (t)-(c)=18 d. to many ships (3,600 in P.G. Guide) carrying long wave receiving apparatus; ships cannot reply direct to this station. Measures are sent twice daily (once on Sundays) 2 Vid long distance stations Advood, which are numerous (see P.O. Guide), the exact station depending upon the position of the ship which can generally be asserbained from the shipowners.

O. Ryduide Sarvis row, cross-Charkell. And short of the ships which can generally be asserbained from the shipowners.

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on) rate calculated as for A2, but a is reduced to 1/d. Norr—"Open address" (not available for H M, ships). —1. P(t) stations. The word "Wireless" may be substituted for the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station of the station

### TELEPHONES.

### CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY.

Telephone instruments are supplied and connected with the appropriate exchange by the Connected with the appropriate exchange by the Postmaster General at various rentals, with an extra rental of 5s. per quarter per furlong for premises more than a inlies from the exchange. Extensions are also provided as required. The rate for calls varies with the distance, and can be ascertained from the introductory pages of the Telephone Directory.

### TELEPHONES ABROAD.

The caller should ask for "Trunks," and give the name of country and town required. Calls may be booked in advance. The minimum charge always covers a period of 3 minutes, each further minute or part thereof costing one-third of this minimum. In periods of one-third of this minimum. In periods of pressure calls may be limited to 18 minutes Most countries are divided into zones, and charges are based on the distance between fixed points in the zones connected. Zone boundaries are fixed in various ways and are often very irregular.

A. CONTINENTAL TELEPHONES — The British zones are: -First Zone: London and S.E. England, including the counties Somerset, Glos., Worcs., Warwick, Leics., Notts., Lincs. Second Zone (about 2s. more):—England N. or W. of those counties, and Wales. Third Zone (about those counties, and Wales. Third Zone (about Sx. 6d. more):—lsle of Man, Scotland, Northern Ireland. "Day" charges are reduced roughly 40% at "night" (i.* 7 p.m. to 8 a.m.). The tables on pp. 66o, 66z, give the minimum charge for Day calls from the First British Zone. Single booked "night" calls of at least one hour are charged at half the "day" rates. "Personal calls" are admitted; if the person asked for is available, a "personal charge" (one-third of the normal minimum) is added to the call cost; if he is not, only the personal charge is made. if he is not, only the personal charge is made.

Mileage of wire :

Overhead ......

Underground ...

RADIOTELEPHONE OVERSEAS. - Calls should be booked in advance, as the hours of service are usually very limited. A "personservice are usually very limited. A "person-to-person" call can be booked: if it falls (or if any call is cancelled) a "report charge" is made (usually 18,-), but not if call matures. Calls from Isle of Man or N. Ireland 6/- more (minimum) than rate shown on pp. 660-1, report charges 2/- more.

report charges 3/- more.

C. SHIPN in the NORTH ATLANTIC.—(ix liners):—(a) Direct: 38/- (73/- if ship is over 500 miles from Laud's End); (b) via New York at caller's option, if direct route is delayed, 144/-. Only week-days, and from noon to 8 p.m. (G.M.T.)

WORK OF THE POST OFFICE.

The carmiage and quartedy of the mails has

The carriage and custody of the mails has been maintained by the State "from time immemorial." The telegraphs were transferred to the State on Jan. 28, 1870; the telephone service became exclusively owned and operated by the Government (with one or two minor exceptions) on the transfer of the National Telephone Company's undertaking to the Post Office on Jan. 2, 1912. The submarine telegraph cables connecting the British Isles with the various Dominions and most Foreign Countries. except the Continent of Europe are maintained and operated by private companies. The sub-marine telephone cables from the British Isles to the Continent are either owned entirely by the State or jointly with the Foreign Administration in whose territory the other end of the cable terminates.

The following details of the work done by the Post Office have been supplied to the Editor:— 1931 38 1938 33

Letters &c. delivered 6,540,000,000 6,640,000,000 Parcels dealt with... 158, 100,000 151,700,000 Registered Letters and Parcels posted(a) 57,600,000 56,600,000 ExpressDeliverySer.(a) 1,887,000 1.808.000 Telegrams dealt with 48,000,000 45,500,000 Money Orders (including Trade Charge Money Or-

dera) ... ...... 14,420,000 14,416,000 Postal Orders ..... 200,400,000 212,300,000 Telephones : Trunk Calls ..... 225,690,000 129,780,000 Local Calls ..... 1,305,000,000 1,360,500,000 Savings Bank: Deposits (b) .... ..... £72,000,000 €,90,300,000 Withdrawals (b) ... €79,800,000 £81,100,000

Government Stock Accounts open .... 1,680,000 1,440,000 Wireless Licences issued..... 4.620,000 5,500,000 Other Licences issued 4,170,000 4,130,000 Pension Old · Age Orders paid: No. 113,800,000 118,600,000 Amount .......... Widows & Orphaus' £56,650,000 £59,010,000 Pension Örders

paid : No. ..... 38,600,000 36,700,000 £se,850,000 Amount ..... £21,820,000 Entertainment Duty Stamps sold ...... £364,000 £.401,000 Inland Revenue (excluding ('nified)

Stamps sold ...... £2,690,000 £3,120,000 Health and Pensions Insurance Stamps sold......£45,230,000 £44,620,000 tions

and Income Tax

1931 38 1048-33 Unemployment Insurance Stamps £31,710,000 £35,180,000 sold..... War Pensions paid No. 43,700,000 41,760,000 Amount ...... £38,000,000 £36,200,000 Naval, Military, &c. Allowances paid : No 9,350,000 9,190,000 £8,8**5**0,000 £9,170,000 £8,850,000 1. 4,820,000 £,18,520,000 £18,110,000 £,18,520,000 Amount ...... Postal Drafts paid: No. Amount ... ..... Dividends on P.O. Register Stock ... £8,c60,000 £8,820,000 Savings Certificates: Issued (pm. price)  $\mathcal{L}(d)$ 85,820,000  $\mathcal{L}(d)$ 53,300,000 Repaid (including interest)(c) ... £(d)125,780,000 £(d)72,380,000 Telephone Stations at 31st March ..... 2,068,591 2,137,100 Miles.

1,190,740 9,528,521 17,664 17,567 Submarine .... Telephones per head. The number of telephones per 100 of population at December 31, 1938, in all countries con-taining 200,000 telephones and upwards where

Miles

1,148,353

9,034,240

tr exceeded a is as follor U.S.A	Great Britain and
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### TELEPHONE NUMBERS OF GOVERNMENT OFFICES.

Admiralty	Whitehall	9000
Agriculture & Fisheries	**	3400
Air Ministry	,,	7371
Cabinet Offices	••	1511
Colonial Office		9191
Education, Board of	•	4300
Empire Marketing Board		4801
Foreign Office	17	8440
Health, Ministry of		4300
Home Office	,,	8100
House of Commons	,,	6840
India Office	,,	8140
Labour, Ministry of	,,	6200
London Transport Board	Victoria	68ac
Metropolitan Police	Whitehall	1813
Overseas Settlement	.,	0060
Overseas Trade	"	0040
Paymaster-General	,,	6448
Scientific and Industrial Re-		••
search Department	.,	1638
Scottish Office	",	7464
Stationery Office	"	4343
Trade, Board of	,,	5140
Transport, Ministry of	"	8400
Treasury	,,	1834
Treasury Solicitor		1124
War Department (Horse Guarda)	"	4466
War Office	"	9400
Works, Office of	"	9444
TOTAL, OHICO OF	''	7777
(a) Included in Letters he or Par-	-els	

(a) Included in Letters, &c., or Parcels
(b) Figures are for the calendar years 1931 and 1938
(c) Including amounts converted into other securities (d) Inflated by Savings Certificates conversion opera-

Country.	Cuble Ra («ec p 6		i Tele phone (per cal	,			1	Parc	el Pos	t.				Tran Lette	r M	Time. ails.)	,
			.,		3 1	b.	71	b.	121	b.	92	lb.		rmal		By Ai	
lurope, &c.	8. d	.	8.	d.	8.	đ.		d.	8.	d.	8.	d.		ays)		(Days	3)
Malta	0 4				1	6		9	3	3	6	•		to 5		•••	
Gibraltar	0 3		17	9	1	6	2	9	3	9	6	3	3	1/2	1	•••	
Cyprus	X 1	•	•••		2	6	3	9	5	•	•	3	۰,	to 7		•••	
Asia.				1			1		Ì				1		1		
Palestine	0 10		78		2	3	3	6	4	6	8	0		to 7	1	4 to	
India	1 3			•	2	0	3	9	5	3	‡8	3		to 16		6 to 1	8
Ceylon	1 2		•••		2	0	3	9	5	3	7	9		to x8 to a3		10	
Hong Kong	2 10				7		3	3	3	9	7	9	28	to ag	١,	za to :	17
N. Borneo	3 2				•	9	3	č	1 4	6	7	ő	26	to a		17 to	
Africa, &c.	•						-				1						
Union of S. Africa				_	٠,		or lb	t o	xx lb.	١.			}		١.	to to	
Rhodesia, S	1 3		*120	0	(72	u. I	ber	ib. 1	OII	<b>i</b> b.)		••		17 20	- [ '	9	• 1
Rhodesia, N	*2 7				(18	8/1	per	Ib. 1	to zz l	b.j				30	-	ş	
Ganibla					2	3	3	6	4	9	6	9	9 t	O 14	1	•••	
Gold Coast	*3 0				2		3	6	4	9	7	•		14	١.	•	
Sierra Leone Nigeria	-a 0				2	6	3	6	5	9	7 7	6		to 15 15	١.		
Somaliland	*3 0					9	3	6	4	9	7	6		12 12	-	• •••	
Nyasaland	17		:::		3	ć	5	9	7	6	zó	0	1	23		14	
Sudan	1 1					9	3	9	4	6		••		ţō za		. 43	/2
Kenya	, z 6				3	9	4	6	6	3	10	3		to ag		9 to 1	80
Uganda	*z 6				=	9	4	6	6	3	10	3		to ac		7	
Zanzibar	1 8				-	3	3	9	5	6	9	ć		to a		8 to :	zέ
Mauritius	x 8					ő	4	o	5	0	6	9	30	to 44	ı I	•••	
Seychelles	z 8				2	0	3	9	5	3	‡9	9	26	to 42	,	•••	
St. Helena	2 0				1	9	3	0	4	3	6	6		18	-	•••	
America, &c.									1		ţ		1		-		
Ontario	0 9		120	0		3	4	3	6	•	9	0	71	to so		6 to	
Quebec	0 9		120	0	2	3	4	3	6	0	9	0	7	to 9	1	6 to	
Nova Scotia New Brunswick	0 9		132	0	*	3	1 4	3	6	0	9	0	7 2 3	O 11		6 to 1	
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British Columbia			168	0		3	1	3	6	0	9	ō		to 15	: :	zo to	
Manitoba	1 2		144	0	2	3	4	3	6	0	9	0		W 12		8 to a	11
Alberta			156	0	2	3	4	3	6	0	9	0	9	0 12 0 12		•••	
Yukon,			156	0	2	3	4	3	6		9		9	A) 18	- 1	•••	
Newfoundland	0 9		1			ć	1 4	3	5	9	1 10	ō	61	0 17	1	• •	
Labrador	0 11	:			2	6	4	3	5	9	10	0		"	1	•••	
Jamaica	2 2				1	6	3	0	4	0	6	6		to 17		11/2	
Bahamas Leeward Islands	2 1		::		:	0	3	9	5	0	8	6		to ze to se		ro to	3
Windward Islands	2 2		:::		**		43	9	*5	ö	*8	ö		tor		o to	17
Barbados	x 8				1	9	3	0	4	3	6	9	13	to zi			•
Trinidad and Tobago	*2 2	1			1	9	3	0	4	9	7	0	13	to 18	1		
British Honduras British Guiana	**				3	6	3	•	1 1		2	6		to as		o to s	
Bernuda	** *		144		1 2	9	3	9	5	3	7	9		to 23 to 23		9 to 1	49
Falkland Islands			****	•	1	9	3	3	4	6	8	•	28	to 4c		•••	
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Victoria	z 8		120							- 1		••		30		28	
South Australia	1 1 8	1	IZG	0	11	(- 1	h	,a	, and	. 1				39 29		27	
Queensland			180	0	110	al.	er lh	to	zz lb.	5 ?	١.	••		3=		30	
Tasmania Western Australia	1 8 1 8		*xac		11 `					1		••		33		30	
Northern Territory	z 8		- XEC	U	1)					}		••	24	27 to st		•••	
Papua & New Guinea	2 1		:::		13d.	per	r Ib. t	0 II	lb.+	zzá.		••	48	to 62	١ ا	•••	
New Zealand	x 8		135	0	2	3	6	0	5	6	9	0	39	to 40	1	33 to	3
Fiji	*z 8				3	6	6	3	1 9	3	16	3	30	to so		•••	

Country	Cable Rates	f Telephone		t i	Parcel Po	ost.		Tran	sit Time.
	(see p 656).	(per call).	alb.	3 lb.	7lb	zz lb.	as lb.	Normal	By Air
Europe.	s. d.	8. d.	8. d.	8. d.	8. d.	8. d.	8. d.	(Days)	(Days)
Albania	0 41/2		3 0	4 0	4 0	4 6	7 0	7 to 10	(=====
Austria	0 31/2	14 0	2 6	3 3	3 3	3 9	5 9		1 to 11/4
Belgium	0 2 4	7 2	1 9	1 9	2 6	3 0	5 9	8 to 13 hrs	31/2 hrs.
Bulgaria	0 41/2	7 3 *a1 6	2 0	3 0	3 0	3 6	5 3	1 1/2 to 2	
Czechoslovakia	0 4½ 0 3½ 0 3½	72 0	z 6	2 6	2 6	3 0	4 9	1½ to 2	
Denmark	0 21/2	*13 3	1 6	2 3	<b>2</b> 3	3 0			8 hrs.
Estonia Finland	0 5	22 2	1 9	3 6	2 9	3 3	5 3	31/2	ı
France		*ax o *6 o	2 O		3 6	4 0	5 9	4 1/2 7 to 12 hrs.	3½ hrs.
Germany		*6 o	1 6 1 6	* 3 * 6	2 3 2 6	2 9 3 0		7 WIE III B.	9 to rohr
Greece	0 3	20 0	1 6	3 3	3 3	3 0	4 9 5 9	4	3 10 10 111
Hungary	0 4	15 6	z 6	3 9	3 9	4 3	6 9		1
Hungary Iceland	0 31/2	ī I	* 3	2 3	3 3	4 0	6 6	5 to 8	
Italy	0 3	*12 3	2 3	3 3	3 3	3 9	5 9	2	2 1/2
Latvia	0 4	*18 0	1 9	2 9	2 9	3 3	5 3	s to 3	11/2
Lithuania .	0 31/2	17 0	1 9	2 9	2 0	3 3	5 3	31/2	1
Netherlands .	0 8 1/2	8 0	1 9	1 9	2 6	3 0		zz hrs.	41/2 hrs.
Norway	0 3 1/2	*18 6	8 0	3 6	3 6	4 0	6 3	z to 3	1
Poland	0 31/2	<b>⁴</b> 5 9	x 6	<b>2</b> 6	2 6	3 3	5 0	2	1
Portugal	0 31/2	17 6	2 0	2 0	3 0	3 3	5 3	s to s 32	•••
Rumania	0 4	*20 0	<b>2</b> 3	3 9	3 9	4 0	6 9	3	2
Spain	0 3	14 3	2 9	3 9	3 9	4 3		a to 21/2	
Sweden	0 21/2	77 3	2 0	3 0	3 0	4 3	6 0	ani/ has	
Switzerland .	0 3	8 0	2 0	3 0	3 0	3 3	5 3 5 6	22 ½ hrs.	16 hrs.
Turkey U.S.S.R.	0 7 0 51/2	*23 0 *22 3	3 6	3 0	3 0	3 6	5 6	31/2 31/2	x 35
Vatican	0 3/2	*22 3	3 6				5 9	372	11/2
Yugoslavia	0 4	*19 6	2 6	3 3 3 6	3 3	3 9	6 3	21/2	172
sia.		.9 0		3 0	3 0	•	٠ 3	-/3	•
Afghanistan	i	i	*= 0	*2 0	*3 9	*5 3	*18 3	20	
China	2 9		*2 9	** 9	*3 9	*5 3 *4 9	*18 3	13 to 40	
Iraq	ı 8		3 3	3 3	4 9	6 6	tar 6	7 to 8	4
Japan	3 9		3 0	2 0	ž 9,	1	·	14 to 31	
Manchuria	2 9		2 0	2 0	2 9	- I I		11 to 14	
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Persia Saudi Arabia .	12 7	!	2 3	4 0	4 0	5 3		8 to 12	
Saudi Arabia .	*2 2		2 9	4 6	4 6		9 9	••	•••
Siam	1 11	*108 o	3 3	4 3	4 3	5 3	9 0	23	8
Syria			2 9	4 3	4 3	5 0	9 3	6	4
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frica.	]			2 0			5 0	21/2 to 4	-1/
Algeria Egypt	*0 9	72 0	2 0	2 9		3 3		5 to 8	11/2
Ethiopia	*0 9	72.0	3 0	5 3	3 6	5 9	7 3	20 to 24	3½
Liberia					4 0	4 9	9 0	18	•••
Morocco (Fi.)	3 5	27 0	3 3	3 3 6	3 6	4 3	6 6	31/2	11/2
Morocco (F1.) Congo	1 5	-/ · ]	2 9	4 6	4 6	5 0	8 3	18 to 23	•/2
merica.		1		, -		-			
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Alaska	* 5	;	3 3	3 3	7 0 1	11 3	20 o		
Mexico	1 0	180 o	2 3	2 3	3 6	5 0	7 9	11 to 13	9 to 12
Costa Rica	*	*156 o	2 3	2 3	4 0	5 6	8 6	15 to 20	14
Cuba	*	*168 o	2 6		4 0	5 0		9 to 13	8 to 11
Dominican R		. :- 1	3 0	4 6	4 6	5 0	8 3	14 to 20	10
Guatemala	*2 4	*156 0	2 6	2 6	3 6		6 9	15 to 20	10
Haiti	2 15		z 6	26	4 0		9 0	13 to 15	9 to 11
Honduras Rep	2 7	****	3 0	3 0	3 0	4 0	7 0	14 to 19	
Nicaragua	2 7	*156 o	2 6		4 0	5 0	8 6	30 13 to 19	14
Panama Rep	2 2	-0					8 0	13 to 19	10 to 15
Salvador	27.	*120 0	3 0	3 0		5 3	1	15 to 23	8½ 8½
Bolivia		-120 0	- 1		4 3	7 0	9 3	21 to 27	15 to 16
Brazil	10 0	120 0	3 9	3 9		5 3	8 3	14 to 20	7 1/2
Chile	* 1	138 0	3 3	3 3	4 3	5 3	8 9	20 to 25	11 to 12
Colombia	*2 3		3 3	3 3	6 9	9 9	16 3	22 to 30	13 to 14
Ecuadori	2 6		3 0	3 0	4 0	5 3	10 0	ac to 27	19
Paraguay	2 1		3 9	3 9	4 6	5 6			15
Peru	2 6		3 9	5 0	5 0	6 3	9 9	16 to 31	rs to 15
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Venezuela	2 7	138 0	4 0	4 0	5 3			17 to 20	14
To capital, not to Afghanistan and	o all parts.	j And Re	dio tele	phone . •	te pp. 658	659.	: See p	653 NOTE.	Limit to
Afghanistan and	rag, so lb.	7 Letter m	tile Sai	i Francis	co (by Ai	T) 7 4 to	ra duva :	by Mail zo to	ta dava.

### THE KINGDOM OF ENGLAND.

Position and Extent.—The Kingdom of England occupies the southern portion of the island of Great Britain and lies between \$5^{\circ}\$ 45' and \$40' 87' 30'' N. latitude (from the mouth of the Tweed to the Lizard), and between \$2' 45' E. and \$5' 43' W. (from Lowestoft to Land's End). England is bounded on the north by the summit of the Cheviot Hills, which form a natural boundary with the Kingdom of Scotland; on the south by the English Channel; on the east by the Straits of Dover (Pas de Calais) and the North Sea; and on the west by the Atlantic Ocean, Wales and the Irish Sea. Area, 50.85; square miles. Population (1931) 37,354,917.

Relief.—There is a natural orographic division into the hilly districts of the north, west and south-west, and the undulating downs and low-lying plains of the east and south-east. In the extreme north the Chesiot Hills run from east to west, culminating in the Cheviot, a.575 feet above mean sea level. Divided from the Cheviots by the Tyne Gap is the Pennine Chain, running N. by W to S. by E., with their highest point in (ross Fell, a.930 feet above mean sea level. West of the Pennines are the Cumbrian Mountains, which contain in Sacjal Pike (3, 230 feet) the highest laud in England, and east of the Pennines are the Porkelive Moors, their highest point being Urra Moor (1,480 feet). South of the Pennines are the Porkelive Moors, their highest point being Urra Moor (1,480 feet). South of the Pennines are the Porkelive Moors, their highest heolated Wrekin (1,335 feet), Long Mynd (1,574 feet), and Brown (16e (1,805 feet); in Hereford-shire the Black Mountain (2,335 feet), in Monmouthshire the Bigar Loaf (1,355 feet), in Monmouthshire the Bigar Loaf (1,355 feet), in Gloucestershire contain Cleave Cloud (1,334 feet). Moderath Moderate and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard and Chevard

Hydrography.—The Thames is the longest and most important river of England, with a total length of are miles from its source in the Cotswold Hills to its outflow into the North Sea, and is navigable by ocean-going steamers to London Bridge. The Thames is tidal to Teddington (60 miles from its mouth) and forms county bound aries almost throughout its course; on its banks are situated the capital of the British Empire; Windsor Castle, the home of the Sovereign; Eton College, the first of the public schools; and Oxford, the oldest university in the Ringdom The Sovern* is the longest river in Great Britain, rising in the north-eastern slopes of Plinlimmon (Wales) and entering England in Shrophire, with a total length of see miles from its source to its outflow into the Bristol Channel, where it receives on the left the Bristol Avon, and on the right the Wye, its other tributaries being the Vyrnwy, Farn, Stour, Tenne and Upper (or Warwickshire) Avon. The Severn is tidal below Gloucester, and a high bore or tidal wave some times reverses the flow as high as Tewkesbury (13½ miles above Gloucester). The scenery of the greater part of the river is very pictures que and beautiful, and the Severn is a noted salmon

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Islands.—The Scilly Islands (Cornwall), as miles from Land's End, consist of about 40 islands, with a total area of about 40 coors, only St. Mary's, Trosco, St. Martin's, St. Agnes and Bryher being inhabited, population (1931), 1,732. The capital is Hugh Town, in St. Mary's. The climate is unusually mild, and vegetation luxuriant, semi-tropical plants flourishing in the open. The Isla of Wight is separated from Hampshire by the Solent. The total area is 19 sq. smilles, population (1931), 88,400. The climate is mild and healthy, and many watering places have grown up during the last century. Capital, Kewport, at the head of the estuary of the Medina, Cowes (at the mouth) being the chief port: other centres are Ryde, Sandown, Shank lin, Ventnor, Freshwater, Yarmouth, Totland Bay, Seaview and Bembridge. Lundy Island; 12 miles N.W. of Hartland Point, Devon, is about 1/2 miles long, and 1 mile broad, with a total area of about 1,000 acres (mainly picturesque), and a population of about 50 is indeed ard two lighthouses.

Climate.—The south-westerly winds from the Atlantic Ocean penetrate to the heart of the country, affecting the temperature of the greater part of the kingdom, and only the coastal regions of the east have a modified continental climate. The mean annual temperature is about 30° Fahrenheit, varying from 30° in the Scilly Islands to 48° at the mouth of the Tweed, and generally the west of England is mild and wet in winter and cool and less wet in summer, while the east is cool and dry in winter and spring and hot and less dry in summer and autumn, the wettest region being the Lake district of Cumberland and the driest in the Thames estuary and the Lincolnshire Wash. The climate of England is influenced by the much-indented coastline of the west and by the flow of warm water in the Gulf Stream Drift, which strikes the 8. W. projection and proceeds N. and E. along the west and south coasts.

A Report of the Severa Barrage Committee of the Bonnomic Advisory Council, usued in March 1933, recommends a barrage of the river Severn at the point known as "The English Stones"; the estimated cost of the scheme as fifty million pounds spread over some years, and the estimated output is 3,207,202,000 units (about one-thirteenth of the requirements of the whole country for the year 1936.

### EARLY INHABITANTS.

Prehistoric Man.—A skeleton found at Galley Hill, near Northfleet, Kent (in 1893), has been ascribed to a man of Central Asian race of the Early Stone Age, and stone implements of the remote Eolithic, Paleolithic and Neolithic periods are abundantly found throughout England. The Neolithic period is held to have merged into the Bronze Age about soce to 1800 B.C., and a date between these years has been given to Stonehenge (presented by SiC. H. E. Chulib to the Nation in 1908, and now preserved as a national monument). Stonehenge (1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in 1908 in

The Celtic Invasion.—In the latter part of the Bronze Age the Goldets, a people of Celtic race, and in the Iron Age another Celtic race of Brythons, invaded the country and brought with them Celtic civilization and dialects, place names in England bearing witness to the spread of the invasion over the whole kingdom.

The Roman Conquest.—Julius Casar raided Britain in 55 B.C. and 55 B.C., and in 43 A.D. the conquest of the country was undertaken by the Roman Emperor Claudius, who sent Aulus Plantius with a well-equipped army of 40,000 men, and himself visited Colchester (Cannilodunum) and Londinium. The British leader from 48-5x A.D. was Caractacus (strictly Caratacus), who was finally captured and sent to Rome. By 70 A.D. the conquest of South Britain was completed, a great revolt under Boadicea (strictly Bondicea), Queen of the Iceni (Norfolk), being crushed in 6x A.D. In 222 A.D. the Empero Hadrian visited Britain and built a coutinnous rampart, known as Hadrian's Wall, from Wallsend to Bowness (Tyne to Solway), remains of which are still traceable. The Romans administered Britain as a Province under a Governor, with a well defined system of local government, each Roman municipality ruling itself and the surrounding territory. Colchester, Lincoln, York, Gloucester and St. Albans stand on the sites of five Roman municipalities, while London was the centre of the road system and the seat of the financial officials of the Province of Britain. A well preserved Roman town of about 100 acres was first uncovered in the 18th century at Silchester (Calleva Atrebatum), zo miles south of Reading, and since zees the whole site has been investigated. Four main groups of roads radiated from London, and a fifth (the Fosse) ran obliquely from Ermine Street (at Lincoln), through Leicester, Circu-cester and Bath to Exeter. Of the four groups radiating from London one ran S E, to Canterbury and the coast of Kent, a second to Silchester and thence to parts of Western Britain and South Wales, a third (now known as Watling South Wales, a third (now known as Watting Street) ran through Verulanium (St. Albans) to Chester, with various branches, and the fourth reached Colchester, Lincoln, York and the eastern counties. Christianity reached the Roman Province of Britain from Gaul in the 3rd century (or possibly earlier), Alban, "the protomartyr of Britain" being put to death as a Christian during the persecution of Diocletian (June 2s., 293), at his native town Verulamium (St. Albans). The Bishops of Londinium, Ebora-

cum (York), and Lindum (Lincoln) attended the Council of Arles in 314. The Roman garrison of Britain was much harassed in the 4th century by Saxon pirates, who invaded the eastern counties from the Wash to Spithead, while about 326 A.D. incursions in the north of Irish (Scoti) and Picts became most formidable, and towards the end of the century many troops were removed from Britain for service in other parts of the Roman Empire. Early in the 5th century Gaul was taken from the Romans by Teutonic invaders, and Britain was cut off from Rome; officials were no longer sent to the island, the garrison was left to defend itself, and appears to have been driven inland by the Northern and Saxon invaders, and to have been conquered and absorbed by the Celtic inhabitants, whose language and customs re-emerged. According to legend, the British King Vortigern called in the Saxons to defend him against the Picts, the Saxon chieftains being Henyiat and Horsa, who landed at Ebbsfleet, Kent, and established themselves in the Isle of Thanet. In 455 Horsa was alain in battle against Vortigern, and Hengist reigned with his son in Kent. Bode describes the Kentish settlers as Jutes, and there are traces of differences in Kentish customs from those of other Anglo-Saxon kingtoms.

Anglo - Saxons and Normans, -The English Angles, Saxons and Jutes) drove the Britons into the mountain fastnesses of the West (Strathone mominant naturesses of the West (Strath-clyde, Wales and Cornwall), the name of Welsh (old English Waelse = Foreign) being given to the is anders by the invaders. The area thus conquered was divided into several king-doms, of which the chief were Northumbris doins, of which the chief were Northimbria (Bernicia and Deira), Mercia (Middle Angles), and Wessox. The heathen Angli (whose gods Ti, Woden, Thinor and Frigg are commemorated in "Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday") were converted to Christianity by a mission under Augustine (dispatched by Pope Gregory in 597), which established Archbishoprics at Can-terbury and York, and the country appears to have been again converted by the end of the 7th century. In the 8th century Offa, King of Mercia, is stated to have built a wall and rampart, afterwards known as Offa's Dike, from the mouth of the Dee to that of the Wye, as a protection against the Welsh. The greatest of the English kingdoms was Wessex, with its capital at Winchester, and the greatest of the Wessex kings was Alfred the Great (871-91), who resisted the incursions of the Northmen who resisted the incursions of the Northmen (Danes) and fixed a limit to their advance by the Treaty of Wedmore (878). In the roth century the Kings of Wessex recovered the whole of England from the Danes, but subsequent rulers were unable to resist the invaders, and England paid tribute (Danegelt) for many years, and was underly which Kings from rather than the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the c and was ruled by Danish Kings from 1016 to 104s, when Edward the Confessor was recalled from exile. In ro66 Harold (brother-in-law of Edward and son of Earl Godwin of Wessex) was chosen King of England, but after defeating a Northumbrian revolt under his brother Tostig (aided by an invading army of Harold Hadraada of Nor-way) at Stamford Bridge in Yorkshire (Sept. 25), he was himself defeated at the Battle of Hastings (or Sautlache) on Oct. 14, 1666, and the Norman Conquest secured the throne of England for Duke William of Normandy. Since the Norman Conquest all attempts to invade England have heen defeated.

		TWALLEY COM	TTIES AND SHIRES.	}
664	LORDS		SHERIFFS, AND CHAIR	MEN OF O.S. *
County o	٠,	Lord Lieutenant.	High Sheriff, 2933.	Chairman of Q.S.
			B. W. Gandar-Dower Capt. L. N. Sutton Col. Sir C. Thomson, K.B.E., C.B.	Anthony H. Wingfield, D. L. C. Murray Pitman, K.C. Col. Lord Cottesloe, C.B., V.D., T.D.
(4) Cambri (5) Isle ( (6) Cheshi	re · · ·	Charles R.W. Adeane, c.B. BrigGen.Sir W. Bromley Davenport, K.C.B., C.M. G.	Henry Gage Spicer Lt -Col. R. N. H. Verdin	His Hon. Judge Farrant,
(7) Cornwa		c.B.E., b.s o. John C. Williams		Col. E. Treffry, C.M.G O.B E., T D , A.D.C.; Lt- Col.R.T.G. Tangye, O B.K
(8) Cumber		Earl of Lonsdale, K.G		Col. T. Fetherstonhaugh,
				H. St. J. Raikes, K.C., C.B.E. Lord Merrivale, P.C.; Sir F. G. Newbolt, K.O.; Sir A. H. Bodkin, K.C.B.
(11) Dorset (12) Durhat	n	Marquess of London- derry, K.G.	LtCol. E. P. Le Breton Sir A. N. L. Wood, Bt	J. S. G. Pemberton, D L.
(13) Essex .	 	BrigGen. R. B. Colvin.	Maj. H. L. M. Tritton	Collingwood Hope, C.B.E., K.C.; W. J. Courtauld, LtCol. Russell J. Kerr.
(14) Glouce (15) Hants	,	MaiGen. Lord Motti-	H. A. Franklyn	His Hou. Judge Larley.
(16) Isle (17) Herefo	of Wight	Lord Somers, Kun	:	K.C. Maj. T. P. P. Powell, O.B.E.
(18) Hertfo		Viscount Hampden, K.C.B., C.M.G., A.D.C.	Sir L. L. Faudel-Phillips, Bt.	Sin J. Priestley, K.C.; His Hon. Judge Sturges, K.C.
(30) Keut	••••••	Earl of Sandwich	A. C. Leney	(Vacant) Hon.Mr.JusticeLuxmoore; H. Vivian Phillips.
• • •			J. H. Corah	Rt. Hon. Sir L. Sauderson, K.C.; Sir James Openshaw.
(s3) Lind (s4) Kest	u: sey) even}	Earl of Yarborough	Maj. W. G. Cragg, D.S.O.	T. Hollis Walker, k.C. His Hon, Judge Langman.
(a6) London (a7) Middle	 sex k impton)	Marquess of Crewe, K.G. Lord Rochdale Russell J. Colman.	E T Regretman	Sir P. Clarke. Sir Montagu Shaipe, K C. Sir Bartle Frore, k C.  John Alfred Gotch   His Hon. Judge Wood-
(30) Peter Sol	ke of	Marquess of Exeter, C.M.G.	LtCol. Hon. H. Joicey,	ll cock, K.C.
-		1	D S.O.	His Hon, Judge Hildyard,
(94) Kutian	M	Earl of American	Maj. G. E. Gosling, M.C LtCol. D. P. Tollemache, D. S.O.	IWilliam Henry Naill
(36) Salop (36) Somer (37) Staffor (38) Suffolk	et	Earl of Powis	J. R. Allcroft	K.C. Sir W. F. K. Taylor, G.B.E., Capt. Hon. T. H. Watson. Lord Charnwood. [R. E. White; Sir R. F. Dunnell, Bt., K.C.B.
(40) Surrey		Lord Ashcombe, c.B., T.D.	W. J. Mallinson	Charles Martineau.
(41) Sussex (48) ,,		Lord Leconfield	LtCol. R. W. McKergow,	K M.P.: R. Burrowa, K.C.
Yorks	nire .—	v iscount Confiam	BIT C. Hyde, Bt., O.B.E H. O. Ingham, T D LtCol.W. L. Palmer, M.C. R. G. W. Berkeley	LL.B. Lord Ilkeston Earl of Lonsdale, K.G. His Hon. Judge Randolph. Hon.SirR. W.Coventry, K.C.
(48) Nort	Riding h Riding t Riding	Lord Deramore	Capt. H. A. Taylor	Lord Irwin. His Hon Judge McCarthy. W. F. Tempest.

## ENGLISH COUNTIES AND SHIRES.

## CHAIRMEN OF C.C., CLERKS OF THE PEACE, CHIEF CONSTABLES AND M.O.H.

- CHAIRMAN OF CIC	.,		
Chairman of U.C.	· Clerk of the Peace.	Chief Constable	Medical Officer
(z) LordAmpthill, G.G.S.I., G.C.I.R.	I 10. B. K.	I C.B.K.	1
(a) T. Skurray	H. J. C. Neobard, LtCol.G.R. Crouch,	Com.Hon.H.Legge,D.S.O. LtCol. T. R. P. Warren,	1
(4) W. C. Jackson	A. Tabrum, O.B.E	W. Varney Webb	Frank Robinson, M.D. Robert French, M.D.
(6) Sir William Hodgson	G. C. Scrimgeour	LtCol. P. Malcolm,	Ian C. Mackay, M.B.
(7) H. Toy [C.B.K.		C.B.E., D.R.O., M V.O. LtCol. Sir H. B. Prothe- roe Smith, O.B.E.	
(8) Rev. Canon A. Sutton, (9) E. C. Barnes, C.B.R	l III.B.	Philip T. B. Browne Maj. F. R. Anley, C.B.E.	
(10) Sir Henry Lopes, Bt (21) Earl of Shaftesbury	Brian S. Miller J. Leslie Torr Harold Jevous, D. L.	Maj L. H. Morris, M.C. Major L. W. Peel Yates George Morley, C.R.K.	L. M. Davies, M.D. (vacant). Charles Franks, M.D.
(13) A. Porter [D.9.0.	(vacant)	Capt F. R. J. Peel, M.C.	W. A. Bullough, M.B.
(10) Sir Henry Lopes, Bt (21) Earl of Shaftesbury (22) W. M. Smith, M.A (12) A. Porter [D. 9.0. (14) Maj, Siri-K. W. B. Cripps, (15) Earl of Malmesbury (16) Sir G. Baring, Bt	F. Viccars Barber John Dufton	Maj.E.R.Cockburn.o.B.R. Capt. H. C. Adams-Con-	H. L. Cronk, M D James Fairley, M D.
(17) F. Dallalu	Elton Longmore	G. Knight, M R.R.	H. Hyslop Thomson, M.D.
K.C (19) Earl of Sandwich (20) F. Walter Payne			
(21) Sir J. T. Travis-Clegg	SirGeorge Etherton,		J. J. Butterworth, M.D.
(22) LtCol. R. E. Martin, (23) Lord Heneage, O.B.E	L. E. Rumsey Eric W. Scorer	Capt. C E. Lynch Blosse	J. A. Fairer, M.D. W. S. H. Campbell, M.B.
(24) Sir C. Welby, Bt., C.B. (25) Richard Gleed	W. T. Phipps, M.A H C. Marris [B.S.c.	(vacant)	W. G. Booth, M.B. [M.D.
(21) Sir J. T. Travis-Clegg (22) LtCol. R. E. Martin, (23) Lord Heneage, O.B. E (24) Sir C. Welby, Bt., C. B. (25) Richard Gleed (26) E. M. Dence, Lt.D (27) H. S. Button	L. S. W. Hart, M.B E Hugh Christopher Davies	(Metrop. Police Area) (Metrop. Police Area) Capt. S. H. van Neck, M.C.	Sir Fredk. Menzies, K.B.E., John Tate, M.R.C.S. F. Ruddock West, M.D.
(29) Sir A. de Capell	H. Millington, o. B. E.	A. A. Ferguson	J. M. Mackintosh, M.D.
(30) Marquess of Exeter (31) Sir F. Blake, Bt., C.B. (32) Maj. T. P. Barber,	Walter J. Deacon C. Harold Carter K. Tweedale Mcaby	Capt. F. James, C.B.E Col. F. J. Lemon, C.B.E.,	C. Rolleston, M.D. W. F. J. Whitley, M.D. A. C. Tibbits, M.D.
D.S.O., T.D. (33) Brig. Gen. A.D. Miller, C.B.E., D.S.O	F. G. Scott, M.C	D.S.O. Capt. E. K. Arbuthnot, D.S.O., R.N.	H. C. Jennings, M.D.
(34) Earl of Ancaster (35) T. W. Green (36) Capt. Hon. T. H. Watson	R. C. Dalton W. L. Edge, Harold King	D.S.O., R.N. Fredk. Wm. Golder Maj. Jack Becke, O.B.E. LtCol. H. C. Metcalfe,	C. Rolleston, M D. William Taylor, M.D. W. G. Savage, M D.
(37) LtCol. W. E. Harri-	H. L Underwood	LtCol. H. P. Hunter, C.B.E.	W. D. Carruthers, M.D.
son, O.R.E.  (38) R. Eaton White  (39) Marquess of Bristol, M.V.O.	Cucil Oakes, LL.M L. G. Hensman	G. S. Staunton, M.B.E Col. J. d'E. F. Coke,	Bernard Wood-White, M.D. J. F. Davidson, M.B.
(40) J. Chuter Ede	Dudley Aukland,	C M.G., C.V.O., C.B.R. Maj. G. C. Nicholson, M.C.	
(41) C. H. S. Ellis	H. J. T. McIlveen J. Edward Seager	Col.G. M.Ormerod, D.S.O. A. S. Williams, M.V.O.	
(43) Lord Algernon Percy (44) G. H. Pattinson	Leon E. Stephens H. Greenwood, LL.B. W. I. Bown	Commander E. R. B. P. T. B. Browne LtCol. Höel Llewellyn	A. Hamilton Wood, M.D. W. E. Henderson, M.B. C. E. Tangve, M.D.
(46) LtCol. C. F. Milward, (47) Lord Deramore	C. H. Bird Sir G. Macdonald Bt., M.B.E.	Capt. J. E. Lloyd-Wil- Capt. A. F. Hordern	Wyndham Parker, M.B. R. L. Thornley, M.D.
(48) Maj. R. B. Turton	H.G. Thornley, o. B.E.	LtCol. J. C. Chaytor D.S.O., M.C.	Harry Mason, M.D.
(49) Sir J. P. Hinchlisse	Sir J. C. McGrath	LtCol. Frank Brook D.S.O., M.C.	,T. N. V. Potts, M.D.

## AREA AND POPULATION OF THE 49 ENGLISH COUNTIES.

County or Shire and Administrative Headquarters	Acreage.	Population of C	ounties, 1931.
		Administrative (a)	Geographical (a
Bedfordshire (Shire Hall, Bedford)	302,942	220,474	230,474
Berkshire (Shire Hall, Reading) Buckinghamshire (County Hall, Aylesbury)	454,725	214,181	311,334
Suckinghamshire (County Hall, Aylesbury)	479,360	271,565	271,565
Cambridgeshire (County Hall, Cambridge) Cheshire (Shire Hall, Chester Castle)	315,168	140,004	140,004
Cornwall (County Hall, Truro)	631 180	675,190	1,087,544
Sumberland (The Courts, Carlisle)	868, 167 968, 598	317,951	317,951
Derbyshire (County Offices, Derby)	640,701	205,790	262,897
Devonshire (The Castle, Exeter)	z,660,948	614,926 458,664	757,33a 73a,869
Oorsetshire (County Offices, Dorchester)	682,843	*39,347	
Durham (Shire Hali, Durham)	627,641	924,226	239,347 1,486,175
dly, Isle of (County Hall, March)	238,073	77,795	77,795
Lasex (Shire Hall, Chelmsford)	962,696	z,z98,60z	z,755,459
Houcestershire (Shire Hall, Gloucester)	782.646	335,8ox	785,656
Iampshire (The Castle, Winchester)	933,296	472,022	2,014,215
lerefordshire (Shire Hall, Hereford)	538,984	111,755	111,755
iertfordshire (County Offices, Hertford)	404,520	401,159	401,206
Iuntingdonshire (Walden House, Huntingdon)	233,985	56,204	56,204
Kent (Sessions House, Maidstone)	971,990	1,194,115	1.219,273
ancashire (County Offices, Preston)	z,050,889	1,794,857	5,039,455
elcestershire (10 New Street, Leicester)	524,197	302,683	541,794
incolnshire:— Holland (County Hall, Boston)	268,ggs	1	
Kesteven (County Offices, Sleaford)	463,505	92,313	92,313
Lindsey (County Offices, Lincoln)	061,200	263,472	110,059 422,181
ondon (County Hall, S.E. r)	74,850	4.396,8ex	4,397,003
ondon (County Hall, S.E. z)	148,691	1,638,521	1,638,728
Vorfolk (The Shire House, Norwich)	x,303,568	321,870	504,846
forthamptonshire (County Hall, Northampton)	58x,679	317,114	309,428
orthumberland (Moot Hall, Newcastle upon Tyne)	1,279,153	408,665	756,723
Nottinghamshire (Shire Hall, Nottingham)	589,079	443,880	712,681
Oxfordshire (County Hall, Oxford)	470,808	129,059	209,599
eterborough, Soke of (Bridge St., Peterborough)	53,464	51,845	51,845
tudanu (Ine Casue, Carnain)	97,273	17,397	17,397
hropshire (Shire Hall, Shrewsbury)	861,800	244,162	244,162
omerset (County Offices, Weston-super-Mare)	x,03x,666	406,319	475,120
taffordshire (County Buildings, Stafford) offolk :—	686,901	703, 144	1,431,175
East Suffolk (County Hall, Ipswich)	549,241	207,420	294,977
West Suffolk (Shire Hall, Bury St. Edmunds)	390,916	106,137	106,137
urrey (County Hall, Kingston-on-Thames)	449,816	947,695	1,180,878
ussex :	449,	9471493	1,100,0,0
East Sussex (County Hall, Lewes)	507,069	276,881	546,942
West Sussex (County Hall, Chichester)	401,916	223,136	223,136
Varwickshire (Warwick)	560,70 <b>s</b>	365,323	1,535,007
vestmoriand (Exchange Chambers, Kendal)	504,917	65,398	65,398
West Sussex (County Hall, Chiohester) Varwickshire (Warwick) Vestmorland (Exchange Chambers, Kendal) Vight, Isle of (County Hall, Newport, 1, of Wight)	94,146	88,400	88,400
villanire (County Omces, :rowbridge)	800,829	303,258	303,258
Vorcestershire (Shire Hall, Worcester)	439,953	310,080	430,155
Orkshire :			
North Riding (County Hall, Beverley)	737,065	169,698	483,058
North Riding (County Hall, Northallerton) West Riding (County Hall, Wakefield)	1,357,871	330,900	469,389
York City and County (Guildhall, York)	1,625,058	1,530,110	3,352,555
Total City and County (Orginalisti, Total,	3,730	84,813	84,813
(a) Administrative Counties, excluding County Bor sographical Counties, including County Boroughs	oughs, created	i under Local Gove	rnment Act, 18
AVERAGE HEIGHTS AND WEIGHTS.		Average	e Average
		Height	. Weight.
a Trulted Kingdom have been tehnleted as	cotsmen		
llows. The weights include cluthing which is	rishmen	5 ft. 8 it	1. 20 St. 23 l
enerally calculated at one-twenty-fourth of the	Englishmen	5 ft. 7%	in. zz st. z l
		5 ft. 6½	

LONDON, the capital of England and of the British Empire, and the greatest city in the world, is situated on both banks of the River Thames, se miles from its outflow into the North Sea.

The City of London represents London within its ancient boundaries. The City is the financial and business centre of London, and includes the head offices of the principal banks, insurance companies, and mercantile houses, in addition to buildings ranging from the historic interest of the Roman Wall, the Norman Tower and the 15th century Guildhall, to the measive splendour of St. Paul's, and the architectural beauty of Wren's spires (Bow Church. St. Bride's, St. Dunstan's in the East, &c.).

The City of Westminster, which is bounded by the City of London on the east, by Chelses and Kensington on the west, by Paddington, St. Marylebone and Holborn on the north, and by the Thames and Chelses on the south, was formed into a borough by the London Government Act of 1809, and was created a city by Royal Charter of Oct. 19, 1900, the Council consisting of a Mayor, 10 Aldermen and 60 Councillors. Extending from the eastern end of the Strand to Kensington Gardens, and from Oxfordstreet to the Thames, it includes within its boundaries a large number of the finest buildings in London. The Abbey and the Roman Catholic Cathedral, the Houses of Parliament and the Law Courts, Buckingham Palace and 8t, James's, and the principal Government offices, Clubs and Theatres are situated in Westminster, which also includes the fashionable residential districts

of Mayfair and Belgravia. Westminster is the richest of the London areas.

Metropolitan Borougha.—Under the London Government Act of 1899 the administrative functions of the various vestries in the Metropolitan districts surrounding the City of London were transferred to as Metropolitan Boroughs, of which one became afterwards the City of Westminster. The area covered by these boroughs extends northwards to include Stoke Newington, southwards to Wandsworth and Lewisham, eastwards to Woolwich, and westwards to Hammersmith.

London County Council.—For County purposes the affairs of London are administered by the London County Council, which was created by the Local Government Act of 1888.

Miscellaneous Authorities.—For Police purposes the administration is invested in the City Corporation as to the City Police and in the Home Office as to the Metropolitan Police. The authority for the supply of water is the Metropolitan Water Board; while the River Thames is administered as to its tidal portion by the Port of London Authority and above Teddington by the Thames Conservancy, the lighthouse and pilotage authority being Trinity House. The bridges are maintained in the City of London by the Bridge House Extas Committee of the Corporation of the City, and in the remaining area by the London County Council. The London and Home Counties Joint Electricity Authority (5 Millbank, Westminster, S.W. x) provides (or secures the provision of) electricity throughout an area of x,797 sq. miles.

### LONDON CITIES AND BOROUGHS.

CITY OF LONDON WESTMINSTER Battersea Bermondsey Bethnal Green Camberwell Chelsea Deptford Finsbury	111,526 108,178	9.1	14.0	60,405,158 8,809,254 11,071,650	8		Sir James Bell, C. v. o.	Can T. 550
Battersea Bermondsey Bethnal Green Camberwell Chelsea Deptford Finsbury	189,535 159,542 111,526 108,178	9°2	13.3			7	Sin James Bull C V O	Can T. SED
Battersea Bermondsey Bethnai Green Camberwell Chelsea Deptford Finsbury	159,548 111,526 108,178	14.8	_	11,071,650			our agines Dell, c. v.o.	Dec 1. 000.
Bermondsey Bethnal Green Camberwell Chelsea Deptford Finsbury	111,526 108,178		12'1			8	G. Parker Morris, LL.B	
Bethnal Green Camberwell Chelsea Deptford Finsbury	108,178	16 6		1,077,529		4	Edwin Austin	J. A. Campbell.
Camberwell Chelsea Deptford Finsbury			13.0	872,340	15		F. J. R. Mountain	
Chelsea Deptford Finsbury		15'4	12.0			0	David J. Keep	Miss L. D. Benoly.
Deptford Finsbury	251,373	14.6	12.0	1,619,185	10	8	C. E. Newton	S E. Hall.
Finsbury	59,026	11.0	12.0	1,229.223	OI			LtCol S. Boyle, M.C.
Finsbury	106,886	15'9	13.3	648,733	12	2	A. Purkis	
PL-11	60,888	16.0	13'4	1,232,377	10	5	D. E. Richards	
Fulham	150,940	14'3		1,148,881		7	Wilfred Townend	
Greenwich	100,870	14.7	11.0	939,428		5	Fredk. J. Simpson	R. J. Cummings.
Hackney	215,380		****	T 484 208	ito	2	H. R. H. Tee, LL.D.	C. F. Yates.
Hammersmith	135,521	15.9	11.7	1.133.433	111	10	Hugh Royle	A. Belsham.
Hampstead	88,914	10.0	11.6	1,485,044		10	Philip H. Harrold	W. P. Newman.
Holborn	38,816			1,721,350			Lionel Walford	A. A Mussett.
Islington	321,712	15.3		2,139,522		5	R. Jerman, M.C., M A.	B. Holden.
Kensington	180,681	12.0	13.6	3,329,544			F. Webster, B. ALL. B	H. V. Kenvon.
(Royal Borough)			-3	313-913-14	1	•		
Lambeth	206,162	14.8	12.2	2,302,683	10	10	Bruce Penny	H. Williman.
Lewisham	210,042	12.7	10.3				John W. Shuter	A. E. Webb.
Paddington			13.3	1,809,133	1.0	**	W. F. Abbiss, M. B. E.	LtCol. Sir G. Hand
Poplar	155,086	17.8	13.1	747,103		~	H. E. Dennis	A. Baker. fover
St. Marylebone	97,620		13.4				R. C. Graves, LL.D.	
St. Pancras			13.3	2.064.384		-6	A. Powell Coke	F Hewson
Shoreditch	198,113 97,038		13.3				R. Cyril Ray, B.A	
Southwark				1,208,806		5	D. T. Griffiths	F C Severe
Stannon	171,657			1,715,166		2		P I Woodbam
Stepney	225,203		18.3				C. Kent Wright, B. A.	Sir H T Ormond
Stoke Newington.	353,101		13.0			•	U. ALUM WILLIAM, B.A.	. Su II. v. Cimonu.
Wandsworth			11.0	3,001,307	10		D. A. Nicholl, M.A.	LtCol.G.F. Doland

#### THE CITY OF LONDON. THE CORPORATION OF

LONDON was famed for its vast conflux of traders and its abundant commerce even in the first century of the Christian era. From the Romans, it is said, it received municipal institutions which have endured in their main features In Saxon times it was, in to the present day to the present day in saxon times it was, in reality, a small independent State, and its burgesses maintained their independence even after the Battle of Hastings. William the Norman only gained possession of their city by means of a treaty with them, and about eight years after he granted a charter, which is still preserved. It is addressed to William the Bishop, Godfrey the Portreeve, and all the Burgesses, and promises that they shall be "law worthy" (i.e., possessed of privileges) as they were in the days of Edward the Confessor. The Potreeve, however, received the Norman title of Balliff, which, in 1191, was changed to Mayor; the first holder under the new name being Henry fitzalwyn, who filled the office for as years. On his death a new charter was granted by King John in zaza, which directed the Mayor to be chosen annually, which has ever since been done; though in early times the same individual often held the office more than once. A familiar instance is that of "Whittington, thruce Lord Mayor of London" (in reality four times A.D. 1397, 1398, 1406, 1419); and many modern cases have occurred. The title of Lord Mayor was not in general use in the outer world until about 1545. The Lord Mayor is elected at Michaelmas; he is sworn into office on November 8, and on the following day presented to the Lord Chief Justice at the Royal Courts of Justice, to take the final declaration of office—the pageant being popularly known as the Lord Mayor's Show.

Aldermen were first appointed by a charter of Henry III. in 1245, and were elected annually between 1377 and 1394, when a charter of Richard II. directed them to be chosen for life. The Common Council, elected annually on St. Thomas's Day (Dec. 21), was, at an early date, substituted for a popular assembly called the Folkmote. At first only two representatives were sent from each ward, but the number has since been greatly increased, some wards having as many as 16 members, and none less than four. Sherife (as well as aldermen) were Saxon officers who usually had charge of a large district. The time of their appointment for London is untime of their appointment for London is un-certain, but they appear in ancient records as early as A.D. 1130. At first they were only the officers of the Crown, and were named by the Barons of the Exchequer; but King John gave them, in the first year of his reign, permission to choose their own Sheriffs. The citizens, how. ever, lost this privilege, as far as the election of Sheriff of Middlesex is concerned, by the Local Government Act, 1888; but they continue, as heretofore, to choose the Sheriffs of the City of London. They are appointed on Midsummer Day, and enter on office at Michaelmas.

Officers.—The Recorder was first appointed in 1298. The Chamberlain is an ancient officer. There were at one time two Chamberlains—the King's Chamberlain and the Chamberlain of the Guildhall. The former appears to have fallen into abeyance circ. 1319. The first contemporary record of the office of City Chamberlain is 1276. The Town Clerk and Common Serjeant are mentioned as officers in the charter of Edward II., A.D. 1319; but the offices can be traced to a much earlier date than this.

## The Right Honourable the Lord Mayor 1933-1934.

### The Aldermen.

Aldermen.	Ward.	Born.	r r	413	She	Mana
Aldermen. Sir George Wyatt Truscott, Bt	Domaate	18en 1	88z	2895	1902	1008
Sir T. Vansittart Bowater, Bt., M.P.	Bridge Without (2022)	1860	800	1007	1905	1913
Rt. Hon. Lord Wakefield, C.B.E	Bread Street		994	1908	1907	1915
Rt. Hon. Lord Marshall, P.C., K.C.V.O., LI				1000	1901	1918
Sir Louis Arthur Newton, Bt	Cardinainer	1867	905	1916	1916	1023
Sir Alfred Louis Bower, Bt	Langhourn	786a v		1918	1912	1924
Rt. Hon. Lord Ebbisham, G.B.E	Rassisham	1868	OIS	1080	1917	1926
Sir Charles Albert Batho, Bt			913 9-3	1981	1925	1987
Sir.J. E. Kynaston Studd, Bt., O. B. E., M. A				1023	1922	1928
Sir William Phené Neal, Bt	Lime Street	1860 x	_	1988	1989	1930
Sir Maurice Jenks, Bt., LL.D , F C.A.			010	1983	1930	1931
Sir Percy Walter Greenaway, Bt			•	1984	1031	1932
	bove have passed the Civi		<b>y</b> -,	-3-4	-93-	-93-
Sir Stephen Killik, Kt	Broad Street	1861 x	800	1927	1022	
Sir Percy Vincent, Kt	Walbrook	1868 x		1929	1926	*****
Sir Harold George Downer, Kt., LL.B.	Coleman Street	1871 1	CEI	1930	1984	*****
Sir William James Miller Burton, Kt.	Tower	1862	,	1030		*****
Sir George Thomas Broadbridge. Kt	Candlewick	1860		1030	1933	
Harry Edward Augustus Twyford	Crippleaate	1870 I	930	1930	- 300	
Major Sir Frank Henry Bowater, Kt	Castle Baynard	x866 z	928	1031	1989	
Sir William George Coxen, Kt	Billingsgate	1867 x	980	1931	1986	
LtCol. John Dawson Laurie	Cornhill	1872 I		1031		
Sir D. George Collins, Kt	Farringdon Within			1931	1930	
Frank Joseph Coleman Pollitzer	Qurenhithe	z86g z		1938		*****
Sir George Henry Wilkinson, Kt	Aldersgate	1885 1	983	1933	1931	
Col. Samuel George Joseph	Portsoken		931	1933	1933	
	m. a. a.					
	The Sheriffs.					

Alderman Sir G. T. Broadbridge, Kt., and Alderman Col. S. G. Joseph (see above).

		E COMMON COUNCIL OF LON	DON. 669
MEMBER. Adolph, W. E. L. Agar, Dep. Sir F. Algar, C. R. Allcard, V. Alley, E. D. Andrews, W. R. Anning, E. H. Bacon, W. N. Bally, Dep. H. D. Barnard, A. C.	WARD.	MEMBER. WARD FOXton, WFarrin.Wn. Galloway, ATower. Gillett, FFarrin. Wt.	MEMBER. WARD.
Agar. Dev. Sir F	. Aldaate.	Galloway, ATower.	F. EBroad St.
Algar, C. R	Farrin. Wt.	Gillett, FFarrin. Wt.	Newton, Cot. E. H., Farrin, Wn. Nicholson, WCripple, Wn. Norris, O. TBread St. Pakeman, Sir J. R.
: Alley E. D	Broad St.	W.C. Raveighan	Nicholson, WCripple, Wn.
Andrews, W. R	Aldgate.	Goldman, H. L Portsoken.	Northcott, JBread St.
Anning, E. H	.Cheap.	Goldney, Dep. T Cornhill.	Pakeman, Sir J. R.,
Bacon, W. N	Walbrook.	Gorman A P Rillingagate	C.B.E
Barrett, H. Roper	Farrin. Wt.	Gover, E. MBridge.	Pitman, H. P. L Farrin. Wn.
Barrett, H. Roper	Line St.	Gillett, F	C.B.E
Barry, H. C	.Crippie, w n. .Rishoneaate.	Gower, H. JCordwainer Green, Dep. Sir F.H., BtVintry.	Polden, F. C. Vintry. Pragnell, A. Castle Bynd. Procter, J. Castle Bynd. Pryce, Capl. E. C., Ll.B. Aldgate. Raphael, J. H. Farrin, Wn. Reading, W. A. Bülingspate. Regge, R. W. Coleman St. Ridout A. Krarin W.
Beal, E. S	Bridge.	BtVintry.	Procter, J Castle Bynd.
Beatty, A. H., O.B.E.	Vintry	Green, F. H	Pryce, Capt. E. C.,
Beecroft, L. C.	Farrin, Wn.	Greenaway, S. H Rishorwaate.	Raphael J. H Farrin Wn
Bennet, Dep. J. F	Cordwainer.	Greenwood, J. F Candlewick.	Reading, W. A Billingsgate.
Berridge, Dep. G. J.	Dowgate.	Gunton, W. IIAldersgate.	Regge, R. WColeman St.
Biggs. W. W.	.Farrin. Wt.	Hart. J. TFarrin. Wt.	Robertson, AAldagte.
Bird, Dep. Sir H	.Billingegate.	Hatch, W. GQueenhithe.	Rowland, F., F.C. A. Cordwainer.
Barrett, H. Roper. Barry, H. C. Batten, H. R. Beal, E. S. Beatty, A. H., O.B.E. Bedford, A. Beecroft, L. C. Bennet, Dep. J. F. Berridge, Dep. G. J. Berry, F. W. Biggs, W. Bird, Dep. Sir H. Blackham, Col. R. J. C. B., C. M. G., C. L. E.	,	Hart, J. T. Farrin, Wt. Hatch, W. G. Queenhithe. Hay, A. M. Bread St. Hayword, E. H. Dougate. Heath, Capt. A. H. Tover.	Sennett Sir R Farris E.
D.S.O., M.D	Farrin. Wt.	Heath, Capt. A. H. Tower.	Sewell, W. CCripple. Wt.
D.S.O., M.D. Bonser, W. F., O.B.E Botterill. Col. G. P.	TWITTER W.	Heath, J. S Farrin. Wt.	Regge, K. W. Coleman St. Ridout, A. Farrin. Wn. Robertson. A. Aldgate. Rowland, F., F.O.A. Cordwainer. Selhy, G. Z
Botterill. Col. G. F. Boult, A. R	Aldersaate.	Heilbuth, G. H Walbrook. Heiser, C. R Aldersyate. Hill, H. E Bread St. Holmes, Sir A. W.,	Shepherd Sir H.P. Line St
Bowles, H. E	.Bruige.	Hill, H. EBread St.	Shipman, J. HAldersgate.
Bray, A. W	Aldyate.	Holmes, Sir A. W.,	Shipton, W. E Tower.
Brett, W. C	.Portsoken.	Horner, F. ATower.	Singer. Dep. H. 1)Lime St.
Brough, Dep. J. R.	Cantle Bynd.	Holmes, Sir A. W.,  K.B.E. Aldgate. Horner, F. A. Tower. Howe, H. M. Broad St., Hughes, Maj. H. F., D.S.O. Broad St.	Shephert, Sir H.F
Brown, H. W., B.A.	Bishopegate.	Hughes, Maj. H. F.,	Slazenger, A. E. LDowgate.
Brown, W. Hurst	.Broad St.	Jacobs, H Portsoke.L.	Snell, A. TDownate.
Brundle, F. W	.Crisple. Wt.	Jennings, Dep. C F.J. Walbrook.	Spyer, WBroad St.
Bull, O. Bullworth, W. W. Burgess, H. J. Caunter, F. J.	.Bridae	Johnson, Dep. BBishopsgate.	Slazenger, A. E. L. Dougate. Smyth, Dep. R. Aldersgate, Snell, A. T. Dougate. Spyer, W. Broad St. Stoneham, R. T. D. Candlewick Stopher, J. Cornhill. Syrett, H. S., C.B. E., LL.B. Coleman St. Taylor, Dep. H. T. Cripple. Wn. Taylor, Dep. B. T. Coleman St.
Burgess, H. J	.Aldgate.	Juniper, A. S Farrin. Wt.	Syrett, H. S., C.B.E.,
Caunter, F. J	.Cripple. Wt.	Kimber, Dep. Sir H.	LL.B
Caunter, F. J Champness, Dep. W. H Chapman, W. B Christie, A. M Chubb, Hon. C. A	. Farrin, Wt.		Taylor, Leo, o.B.EColeman St.
Chapman, W. B	.Bread St.	Knight, A.C., F.S.A. Cheap. Lamboll, F.S Langbourn. Lavington. Dep. G. Farrin. Wt.	Truten, Dep. A. H. Qu'nhithe. Thomas, Dep. Sir W., M.B. E
Chulb Hon C A	.CastleBynd.	Lamboll, F. S Langbourn.	Thomas, Dep. Sir W.,
Coates, F. B	.Bread St.	Laws, E. L Portsoken.	Thompson, G. H Langbourn,
Conoley, J	.Queenhithe.	Laws, E. L Portsoken. Layton, J. E Tower.	Tollit, C. CCheap.
Cooper, E. H	.Cornhul.	Leader, S	Tranter, Dep. G.T. S. Cripple, Wt.
Conoley, J	.Tower.	Lesder, S. Farrin, Wn. Leuw, W. Portsoken. Lord, F. A. B. Cordwainer.	Truscott, Lt. Col. R. F., O.B.E Dowgate Turner, C Farrin. Wn. Underwood, E. S Cheap.
Crosse, C. S	Cheap.	Lovell, J. S., M.A Farrin. Wt. Lowe, F. W. I Coleman St. McAuliffe, Dep. Sir	Turner, C Farrin. Wn.
Davenport.Sir H. E.	Bridge.	McAuliffe. Dep. Sir	Vick. R. WBridge.
Dennis, C. W	Candlewick.	H. TBishopsgate.	Vick, R. WBridge. Vine, Dp. Mj. G. H. M. Aldersgate.
Crosse, C. S Crossingham, C Davenport.Sir H. E. Dennis, C. W Dickson, C. G Donne, E. F	Aldersqale. Bread St.	H. T. Bishopsgate. McDonald, G. J. W. Billingsgate. McRea, C. J. H. Billingsgate. Maguire, H. Farrin. Wt. Marshall, S. Dowgate.	Wardlaw, D. C. W. Aldyate. Watts, A. E Walbrook. Welch, Capt. G. J. C., M.C
			Welch, Capt. G. J. C.,
Dray, F. G	Vintry.	Marshall, S Dowgate.	M.CCandlewick.
Dutton, Dev. E. H.	Portsoken	Marten, H. WBassinham	Whitaker, Dev. LtCl.
Easton, H. A	Coleman St.	Martin, Maj. J. G.,	C.W., M.A., F.S.A. Farrin. Wn.
Katon, Col. R. W	Coleman St.	D.S.O	Whithy, J Langbourn.
Elkan, Lt. Col. C. J.		May, R. WBillingsaate.	Whiteley, C. PCordwainer.
D.S.O., O.B.E	Biskopsgate.	Meldrum, IIBread St.	M.C Candlewick. Wells, L. S. M. Farrin, Wn. Whitaker, Dep. LlC. C. W., M.A., F.S. A. Farrin, Wn. Whitly, J. Langbourn. Whitley, C. P. Cordwainer. Whitley, C. P. Cordwainer. Whitneley, C. P. Cordwainer. Whitneley, G. G. Cripple. Wn. Williamson, D. E. Cornhill. Withers, G. E. Vintry. Wood, F. A. Billingspate. Wood, G. E. Cripple. Wn. Wood, J. R. Langbourn. Wright, W. N. Bishopegate. Youldon, F. Bassishave. Young, Dep. G. W. Bassishave.
Elliston, Capt. G. S	Farrin Wt	Metchim R. Langhourn	Wigley F. G. Crimals Wa
Farlow, Dep. C. D	),	Morris, H. W Walbrook.	Williamson, D. ECornhill.
King, M.A	Candlewick.	Morrison, C. RQueenhithe.	Withers, G. EVintry.
Farrow, L. W	Uneap. Rishovaaate	Mounsey, J. DCrimie Wt.	Wood G E Cripple Wn
Fitch, H. B.	Bishopegate.	Musgrave, G. H Billingsgate.	Woods, J. RLangbourn.
Fletcher, Dep. Sir B.	F.,	Myers, APortsoken.	Wright, W. N Bishopegate.
Fortescue, W., J.P.	Farrin.Wn.	Newell. C	Young, Den. G. W. Bassishaw.
		merchanne 10	0.4

	OUTY OF LONDON	
OFFICERS OF THE		Elect.
Recorder, Sir Ernest E. Wild, K.C£4,000 1923	Principal, Guildhall School of Music	. <u> </u>
Chamberlain, Sir Adrian Pollock £3,000 1912	Sir Landon Ronald	£1,500 1910
Team Clark Sir Lunus Rell CVO 42 top 2002	Sword Bearer, Maj. A. E. Wood, D.C. M	. £650 1921
Town Clerk, Sir James Bell, C.V.O £3.500 1902 Common Serjeant, H. Holman	Marshal, Capt. D. F. Massy	£550 1985
Gregory, K.C£3,000 1932	Common Cryer and Sergeant-at-Arr	N8,
Judges of Mayor's and City of London	William Thomas Boston	, 龙450 1987
Court (and other offices), Coult	J. L. Douthwaite	LT.SEA TASK
Whiteley, K C	Medical Officer, Port of London	1.
F. Shewell Cooper £2,000 zgsz	C. F. White, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H	. <u>√, 1,750 1925</u>
Communicationer of Police, LtCol. Sir	Clerk to the Lord Mayor, Walls	ce
H S. Turnbull, K.B.E., J.P. £1,600 to £2,000 1925 Comptroller, V. F. Crowther-Smith £2,000 1920		£1,250 1933
Remembrancer, L. C. Blackmore		)
Bowker, O.B.E., M.C £1,500 to £2,000 1933 Solicitor, A. F. I. Pickford, B.A£2,500 1934 Secondary & High Bailiff of Southwark,	and Clerk to Special Sessions S. E. Longbotton.	·
Solicitor, A. F. I. Pickford, B.A £2,500 1924	Registrar of Mayor's and City of	. <del>2</del> , 1,000 1933
Secondary & High Bailiff of Southwark,		i.
Walter Norwood Earle	Wilfred Lawson Dell	£1,650 1021
Medical Officer, City of London, W. M. Willoughby, B.A. M.D	Wilfred Lawson Dell	£700 1982
Willoughby, B A., M.D. £2,000 2928 Coroner for London, Francis Danford	Principal Clerks .—	C
Thomas, M.A £.700 1932		· 大1,850 1984
Steward of Southwark, The Recorder	Town Clerk's Office, F. J. Craker Public Health Dept., Francis J. C	Z,1,350 1931
£79 7 0 1922		
Clerk of the Peace, W. W. Nops, Li.B. Lago 1929	Valuation and Rating Dept., T. H	~ ',-o <i>y-1</i>
Surveyor, F. C. J. Read, V.S.I£1,500 1931	Valuation and Rating Dept., T. H Strong Markets Dept., R. J. Haworth	£1,250 1933
Engineer, E. E. Finch, M.I.C.E., F.S.I £2,000 1915 Head Master of City of London School,	Markets Dept., R. J. Haworth	. £850 1931
Head Master of City of London School,	Market Superintendents	C
F. R. Dale, D.S.O., M.O., M.A	Central, H. W. G. Millman	.£1,400 1904
W. W. Parkinson, M.A	Cattle, J. R. Hayhurst, M.R.C.V.s. Billingsgate, T. J. Dove Spitalfields, Maj. F. H. Millman	. <del>4.800</del> 1938
W. W. Parkinson, M.A	Spitalfields, Maj. F. H. Millman	,
tor Girls, Miss Julia Elizabeth Turner £600 1932	O.B. K	.£1,500 1920
*THE CITY'S E	STATE, 1932-1933.	
NET RECEIPTS. £ s. d.	NET EXPENDITURE	£. 8. d.
Estates revenue 184,733 15 2		~
Markets Revenue Accounts :-	To Magistracy	7,785 10 4
London Central Markets 55,953 3 10	Criminal Justice	15,934 17 1 37,195 5 6
Billingsgate Market 6,239 1 10	Open Spaces	14,978 13 0
Leadenhall Market 1,713 18 4	Guildhall School of Music	10,913 19 10
Desidential Merken 1,715 10 4	City of London School	9,683 19 3
	City of London School for Girls	4,239 14 I 4,088 19 10
349,641 19 B	Freemens' School	
Less Metropolitan Cattle Market 1,108 0 6	Expenses not allocated to Depts.	1,103 1 9
A STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STA	and Committee Allowances	3,842 13 3
a48,533 18 8	To Officers' Establishments	28,511 14 2
Gresham Estate Revenue	Expenses of Bonds and Debentures	3,090 8 9
(Molety) 10,472 14 3		11,117 0 2
Various Contributions 25,492 xx 2	Contribution to Victoria Dock Road Improvement Scheme	
	Grant to City and Guilds Institute	12,000 6 0
£a85,499 4 1°	Expenses of Honorary Votes	500 0 0 148 5 0
. The above is abstracted from the 300th "City's Cash	Freedon and Addresses	7,148 to 3
Account of the series extant - 1 D 1633 to 1938-23. (The	To Loudon Almshouses	1,832 13 3
been destroyed in the Fire of London, but two years'	Debenture Stock Redemption Fund	15,000 0 0
Accounts, temp Queen Elizabeth, have been discovered	Supplementary Sinking Fund	15,000 0 0
among the Corporation Archives, as exceptions to that belief; The Volumes are in full detail signed by the	Contingencies Reserve Fund	30,000 0 0
Auditors, and in perfect preservation. The above	Market Improvements Res Fund. Purchase of Pictures Reserve Fund	15,000 0 0
extract is from the 149th Annual Printed Account of	Staff Compassionate Fund	585 0 0
prepared and stated as directed by Resolutions of the	Alterations and Repairs Res. Fund	13,000 0 0
Court of Common Council of the 5th June, 2903, the	Fruit Brokers' Leasehold Premises.	J
• The above is abstracted from the gooth "Cit's Cash Account' of the series extant—v n 1031 to 1332-33. The Accounts earlier than Ap 2533 were believed to have been destroyed in the Pirc of London, but two years Accounts, temp Queen Elizabeth, have been discovered among the Conjuctation Archives, as exceptions to that belief! The Volumes are in full detail, signed by the Audicors, and in perfect prescription. The show extract is from the tegit Annual First Account or extract is from the tegit Annual First Account or extract is from the tegit Annual First Account or extract is from the tegit Annual First Account of the state of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the Coal and Con and Finance Committee, and they are printed in conformity with the 25th Standing Standing Tegits.		2,873 16 a
perts of the Coal and Con and Finance Committee, and bey are sinked in conformity with the syth Standing Ordered the Court of Common Council The Accounts are made up to the end March and are senset in the form prescribed by those Orders, and show the Income and Expenditure applicable to the year on the various Punds.	Balauce	6,057 a 5
are made up to the end of March and are issued in the		
form prescribed by those Orders, and show the Income		
and Expenditure applicable to the year on the various	-	-0
• MANUFE	<b>*</b>	185,499 4 z

### THE CITY GUILDS (LIVERY COMPANIES).

In the majority of cases the designation of the Company gives a clue to the trade which gave rise to the guild, the Broderers (Embroiderers), Cordwainers (cobblers), Fletchers (arrow makers), Loriners (bridle, bit, and spur makers), Poulters (poulterers), Scriveners (legal writers), Upholders (upholsterers), and Vintuers (wine sellers) retaining the ancient name of the trade. The order of precedence is given in parentheses after the name of each Company.

9,716 Liverymen of the Guilds are entitled to vote at elections in Common Hall (see p. 668). The actual net number is, however, smaller, as many belong to more than one Guild; and only those who have residential or other qualification in the City have the Parliamentary vote there.

There are 78 Guilds in existence. The Liveries of the Loriners' (412), Stationers (361), and Merchant Taylors (326), are the most numerous, the Up-holders (18), the smallest.

No of Livery Congress Trust Total Income Master or Prime Warden, 1933-1934. Hall 4 Clerk. COMPANY. 11,000 a fronmonger Lane, E.C.2 Col. F. D. Watney, G. A. Wathen, c. I E. 78,000 Princes Street, E.C.2 . L. Hickman Barnes Henry M. Boanfey 78,000 Princes Street, E.C.2 Sir Ernest Poolby, J. S. Gardner. £ -∡ Mercei 8 (z) . . . . . 223 53,000 Grocers (2) ..... 150 37,500 180 50,000 Drapers (3) . . . . 50,326 London Bridge, E.C. 4. C. N. Hooper, J. F. Sir R. M. Kindersley, 58,000 Fowter Lane, E.C. 2. W. T. Frideaux ... Lord Queenborough, a B. C. 3. C. N. Hooper, J. C. Lord Queenborough, a B. C. 3. C. S. Gardiner. Fishmongers (4)...
Goldsmiths (5) ... 273 47,798 2,428 250 43,000 16,000 66,700 Dowgate Hill, E.C. 4... J. J. Lambort ... Gerald Koith, o a.g. Gerald St. 6. C. Roche Finnis, M. A. Id. Sir K. Studd, Bt., o a.g. 3 Grocham St., E.C. 2. Guy Eagleton ... J. H. W. Pilcher, D. L. 36,000 Shuftesbury Place, Aldersgate, E.C. z. J. F. Adams Bock ... H. Birkett. Skinners (6) Merchant XOX 33,800 33,500 326 37,000 13,000 iors (7) Haberdashers (8) 351 8,000 49,000 146 20,000 2,000 31 13,000 13,000 Salters (9) Ironmongers (10) 26,000 Naturementy 1 Proc. Aldresacte, E.C. E.C. E.C. Paym. Com. H. B. C. Holden White Tuffill, c.R. F. B. D. Maj W. F. Pothecary, C. H. Hunter, M.A. Vintners (11) ... 12.200 4,600 Clothworkers (12) 163 57,169 27,398 The above are the Twelve "great" London Companies in order of Civic precedence. 6,250 Water Lane, E.C. 4 ... Henry Cooper, p.s.o., Dr. J. O. W. Barratt, A pothecurres (58) 155 5,000 1,250 Hewitt Pitt, M.C.... Bryan Pontifex. Armourers 60 8,000 8z Coleman St., E C.s ... 90 7,940 Brasiers (22)
Bakers (29) s,900 no Harp Lane, E.C. 3... Frank C. Lingard, M. A. S. Wood, S. M. Greisham College, E.C. 1. H. Bobart, M. R. E. G. F.R. Mortimer. H. Bobart, M. R. E. G. F. C. Laffman ... I. S. Boale 678 ig Gray's Inn Sq., W.C.; II. E. Griffith ... Maj D. Straight, c.t. R. Lt. Col. E. H. Evans, C. Armstong. Armstong. 320 z,580 Barbers (17) .... •• 184 95 none • Blacksniths (40) Brewers (14) 635 27 40 3,240 St. Swithin's Lane, Sir William Barber. ... [13] St. Swithin's Lane, Sir William Barber. F. N. Jennings.
F. C.]

St. Swithin's Lane, Sir William Barber. F. N. Jennings.
F. N. Jennings.
J. P. Ashridge
Same (Cripplegate Inst., Gouden J. Woodman Snuth.
Lane, E.C.]
Throgunorton Av., E.C. J. Hutton Freenan
Lago (roba Cannon St., E.C. 4)
J. Ponnefather S. T. Greening
Sir J. D. Siddeley,
Sir J. D. Siddeley, 28 · Broderers (48) . ٠. 18 135 1,180 Carpenters (26) ckmakers (6z) 118 250 Coachmakers (99) X, 300 none C B.E. R. G. 2.100 (24 & 36 Gresham St , E.C.) G. C. Sherrard, M.A. . . *Cooks (35) . . . . . 67 100 G. 2.000 7,400 7x Businghall St., E.C. 2
10,600 7 Cannon St., E.C. 4
11,754 7 Cannon St., E.C. 4
11,754 7 Cannon St., E.C. 4
11,754 7 Cannon St., E.C. 4
11,754 7 Cannon St., E.C. 4
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15,100 12 Co R. S. Johnson Coopers (36) ... Cordwainers (27) 165 5,000 2,400 9,000 1,088 *Curriers (29) . Cutlers (18) . . . . *Distillers (74) . 74 5.35 77 85 none 6,00 Duers (13) ..... *Fanmakers (84) 1.00 70 none 150 * Farriers (55) * Felimakers (64) 110 ume 385 87 **33**2 284 70[4 Broad St. Place, E C.a.] P. B Shepheard ... F. H. Moore 4.8a5[13] St. Swithin's Lane, E C. Sydney R. Pollard ... Robert Warner 1.0a4[15] East Court, Temple, E. A. Ebblewhite, A S. Whitchead E C 4] 550 [46 Chancery Ln. W.C.s. Ildah Raziston o Fletchers (39) . 45 70 none Founders (33) . . 1,710 180 279 754 Knitters (65)
• Fruiterers (45)
• Gardeners (66) 106 350 140 199 50 Girdlers (23) .... *Glass-sellers (77) none 63 02 66 · Glaziers (53) . . . zsi [as Sackville St., W. 1] J. J. Edwards, c.c. J. H. White, Dep., c.c., 13] 33 Walbrook, E.C.1 ... A. Charles Knight, A. Z. Watts, r.A., Glovers (6a) .... Gold & Surer Wyredrawers(109) Gunmakers (80) ... 58 3 100 110 1 6 a,800 [7-22 Moorgate, E.C. s] . Norman Cayley . . . E. G. Daw none 900

2/2		23010		- 400	voi g Conspersed,	I'm Di guw.	
Company.	No. of Livers.	Corporate Income.	Trust Income	Total Income	Hall.•	Clerk.	Master or Prime Warden, 2933-2934-
· Horners (74)	162	£ 105	£	£	[3 Lawrence Pountney Hill, E.C. 4]	E. B. Nichols	C. P. Percy
Ininholders (32)	90	3,000	ago	3,250	College Street, Dowgate Hill, E.C. 4.	John C. Druce	E. G. Jones.
*Joiners (41) Leathersellers (15)		2.300 26,000	7,500	2,300 33,850	[11AWormwoodSt., E.C.a] St. Helen's Place, E.C 3 [E.C.4]	Arthur Bedford, c.c. Geo. F. Sutton, w.a.	H. J. Butler. Maj R L Thornton
*Loriners (57) Master Murines s	413 94	5 <b>8</b> 0	 	760	123 St. Swithin's Lane, [84 Loadouhall Street, E C.3.]	C F J Jonnings ce	H.R.H. Prince of Wales, K.G. (Capt. Sir W. de M. Bayu ham, K.B.E., R.) R.S.R., Prime Wal
* Masons (30)	60	550	ноне	550	9 New Sq , Lincoln's lnn W.C s.	H M. Clowes, D * o	den ) E. P. Richardson
*Musiciann (50) *Needlemakers(69)	133 200		66a	1,282	Is New Court, W.C. al 3 Crooked Lane, E C 4	H A F. Crowsdon, N. A. C. D. King Farlow,	J H. Iles. T H Wilson
Painters (28) Pattenmors. (76) Paviors (26) Penterers (26) Plaisterers (46)	95 42	6,500 1,250	232 30		s Little Trinity Lane 3z Walbrook, E C.z.] 14 Coleman St., E C zl., 68 Aldermanbury, E.C z 14 Thoobalds Rd., W C.z.] 147 Cannon St., E C.4].		
*Playing Card Makers (83) *Plumbers (31)	115	880		800	75 Furnival St., K.C.41	Mai W H Chann	WALLOWNERDING
Poulters (34) Baddlers (25)	78 86	750 11,200	1,000		19 Great Winchester St. 141 Cheapside, E.C		Stuidy, O.B.E.
*Scriveners (44) *Shipwrights (59)	50 250	830	nime	830	[56Victoria Street, S.W. 2] [4 New London St , E.C. 3]	A. A. Pitcairn F C. Lingard, M A	A. H. King H.R.H. Duke of York, K.c. (F. Henderson, 2nd Master).
*Spectaclemakers (60)	<b>3</b> 03	ì ·		1	(36 Furnival St., E C.4].		Maj. W. H. Champ ness, c.c. [way, Bt
Stationers (47) Tailorchudirs (22)	361 80	2,600	3,200	220	Stationers' Hall, E.C. 3	M F Monier-Williams	Akl. Sir P. Greens
Tin PlateWrkrs (67)	256	70	87	257	E.C 4.	E. A Ebblewhite	D. L. Siminons, M.A
• Turners (52)	179		none	74	[Broad St. Ho, E C.s]	Frederick A. Stone.	Smith
*Tylers&Bkls (37) *Upholders (49) *Vaxchandlers(20) *Weavers (42)	18	376 1,370	20 230	396 396 1,600 3,000	[6 Bedford Row, W.C. 1] [27 Leadenhall St. E.C. 3] Gresham Street, E.C. 3. [7 Queen Anne's Gate	, L. E. Tanner, M.v.o.,	W. F. Newson H. Garstin Rev. H. F. Robins.
• Wheelerryphts(73) • Woolmen (43)	40	400	100 110HE	335 400	SW x ] Guildhall, E.C. s] Sa London Wall, E.C. s] Ing no Hall, the address of	G. M. Cannam	W. V. Sherwell.

Previous to the formation of the Metropolitan FRENOUS TO THE TOTAL MATTER THE Brigade in 1866 the churchwardens and overseers of every parish had been compelled, under an Act passed in 1774, to maintain an engine for putting out all fires occurring within their own boundaries; and from about 1830 the leading five the purpose comprants had dust to leading fire insurance companies had jointly organised and worked a fire-engine establishment organised and worked a me-engine exactant and of their own. On January 1, 1866, under the Metropolitan Fire Brigade Act, 1865, the Metropolitan Board of Works took over these responsibilities. On January 1, 1867, the Board also took over from the Royal Society for the Protection tion of Life from Fire (founded ray4) the service of the saving of Life from fre. By the passing of the Local Government Act, 1888, the London County Council assumed control of the Fire Brigade. In 1904 the title of the Brigade was altered from "Metropolitan Fire Brigade" to "London Fire Brigade."

On Dec. 3z, 1932, the complement of the Brigade consisted of:—z chief officer; z divisional officers; 3 assistant divisional officers; and 1,943 officers, firemen, and pilots; a tech-

* In case of a Company having no Hall, the address of the Clerk is given in brackets.

THE LONDON FIRE BRIGADE. Headquarters: 94 Southwark Bridge Road, S.E. r.

EVIOUS to the formation of the Metropolitan in leaf and clerical staff of 193. There were 64 land fire-stations, 3 river stations and r river repairing depot. The appliances included 3, not of the spilances included 3, not of the end of the petrol electric motor ladders, 6 petrol motor own boundaries; and from about 183 the deders (in addition to tenders, &c.), 3 hose og fire insurance companies had jointly nised and worked a fire-engine establishment eler own. On January 1, 1865, under the oppolitant fire Brigade act, 1865, the Metro-opolitan fire Brigade act, 1865, the Metro-opolitan fire Strigade act, 1865, the Metro-opolitan fire stations, 3 river stations and r river repairing depot. The appliances included 3, notor fire engines, 74 motor escape vans, 6 petrol motor is adders, 6 petrol motor in addition to tenders, &c.), 3 hose carts and 122 fire escapes, 1 long fire ladders, 25 miles of hose, x steam and 3 motor fire floats. There were 1,594 street fire-alarm posts belts. There were 1,694 street fire-alarm posts 97 telephone lines from station to station and 355 telephone lines to public and other build ings. The number of calls to which the Brigade responded during the year ended Dec. 31, 1938 totalled 7,68s. and the fires numbered 4,258, o which 28 were classed as "serious."

### PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.

Chief Oficer, Maj. C. C. B. Morris, M.C. M.I.Mech.E.

Divisional Officers, Com. A. N. G. Firebrace, R. N. (Retd.); Maj. F. W. Jackson, D.S.O. Assist. Divisional Officers, C. M. Kerr, A.M.I.C.E. F. W. Field; Lieut. J. H. Fordham, R. N.

Offices, The County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E. r, and Old County Hall, Spring Gardens, S.W. r. Hours 9.30 to 5 (Monday to Thursday), 9.30 to 5.30 (Friday), 9.30 to 12.30 (Saturday).

Meets on Tuesday at 2.30 p.m.

under the Local Government Act of 1888. London is an administrative county, covering an area of

217 square miles.

The City of London is an electoral division of the county. The County of the City of Loudon is a county for non-administrative purposes, such as quarter sessions, justices, &c.; and the Metropolis outside the City is a county for non-administrative. tice purposes, by name the County of London, in which the justices continue their judicial duties.

The Council comprises a chairman, so aldermen, and 124 councillors, together 145, or, if the chairman be also an elected member or alderman, 144. The term of office for aldermen is 6 years, and ten retire every 3 years. The councillors are elected for 3 years. The councillors are elected directly for 3 years. by the ratepayers, and the councillors elect the aldermen. The positions of aldermen and councillors are the same, except as to the term of office.

The method by which the Council discharges the multitudinous duties entrusted to it is a generous delegation of powers to committees under well defined rules, subject to the re-servation to the Council itself of all questions of principle, and to periodical reports of action In addition to members of the Council taken. co-opted members are included on the following committees: Central Public Health, Education, Housing, Mental Hospitals, Midwives Acts and Public Assistance.

Under the Local Government Act, 1939, the Council, as from April 1, 1930, became 10sponsible for the administration of all forms of poor relief in London, including the services pre-viously maintained by the late Metropolitan Asylums Board. As required by the Act the Council prepared an administrative scheme for discharging the functions transferred, and the transferred services were merged as far as possible in the Council's existing organisation and allocated to the committees of the Council to

which they were appropriate.

The Finance Committee have important statutory powers. No costs, debt or liability exceeding 550 may be incurred by the Council except upon a resolution passed on an estimate submitted by the Finance Committee. The Council is the principal money-raising body for all the local authorities in the county, and has a net debt, according to the latest returns of £82,738,000 (of which £45,543,000 represents debt incurred for revenue-producing undertakings), and an annual expenditure of about thirty-six millions.

The Central Public Health Committee, among other duties affecting public health, are re-sponsible for the treatment of tuberculosis, the diagnosis and treatment of veuereal disease, the maintenance of 74 hospitals, with accom-modation for over 4x.000 patients, and the Council's ambulance service.

The Education Committee comprise thirty-eight members of the Council and twelve co-opted members, of whom not less than five are required to be women. The Education service fig.co.,co. The Council maintains 1,148 elementary schools with over 600,000 pupils, and say secondary and technical schools, evening institutes and training colleges, with nearly soc, oce students. In addition it gives grants-in

THE London County Council was constituted aid to the University of London and to 82 secondary and technical schools and training

coileges

The Housing Committee perform the duties cast upon the Council by the various Housing Acts, including the clearance of insanitary areas and the building of working-class dwellings. The total capital expenditure incurred up to March 31, 1933, in respect of all schemes was £41,057,000. In addition to very large works which are still in progress the Council has approved a policy of sium clearance and improvement in London extending over a period of 10 years from April 1, 1934, involving the dis-placement of, and the provision of rehousing accommodation for, about \$20,000 persons, at a total capital cost of approximately £35,000,000. The Improvements Committee deal with questions relating to the carrying out of street

improvements and construction of bridges, tunnels and ferries. The Council has decided to undertake the reconditioning of Waterloo Bridge and the widening thereof by a process of corbelling-out to take four lines of vehicular traffic, and steps are being taken to commence

the work early in 1934.
The Mental Hospitals Committee administer the duties falling on the Council under the Lunacy Acts and the Mental Deficiency Act, 1913, and also the mental hospitals transferred from the Metropolitan Asylums Board. The Council has mental hospitals and other instituaccommodation for over 3,,000 patients.

The Metropolitan Main Drainage system covers

about age square miles, including extain districts outside the county, and comprises about see miles of main, storm-relief, intercepting and outfall sewers, twelve pumping stations, two sewage precipitation stations, and five sludge vessels. The total capital outlay on main drainage is over £16,000,000, and further expenditure is in progress for a scheme to relieve certain districts from flooding after heavy falls of rain, and for the installation of plant at the northern outfall for the treatment of sewage by the activated sludge process.

The Public Assistance Committee administer the duties in connection with poor relief, other than hospital treatment, including the maintenance of institutions, receiving homes and training centres, for over 10,000 inmates. Under the provisions of the London Passenger

Transport Act, 1933, the Council's Tramways Undertaking, in common with other passenger transport undertakings in and around London, passed to the London Passenger Transport Board on July 2, 1933. So far as the Council's system was concerned the transfer involved 167 miles of route (123 underground conduit and 4 overhead trolley), with through-running facili-ties over as miles of line of other authorities. a power station with a capacity of 87,000 kw., a central repair depot for the overhaul and renovation of rolling stock, numerous auxiliary services, including a modern printing shop, and a staff numbering over 13,000. The results of working for the year 1932-33 were: gross receipts £4,276,524, surplus ou working £659,514, deficiency for year, after payment of interest on capital outlay and providing for repayment of debt £38,326, which was charged on the special county rate.

Amongst the Other Powers and Duties of the Council may be mentioned the following:—Sanctioning of loans required by the councils of the metropolitan boroughs; maintenance of fire brigade; acquisition and maintenance of parks and open spaces; the sanctioning of local sewers; town planning; controlling the building line, and the naming of streets and numbering of houses; supervising buildings and district surveyors; dangerous atructures; cattle diseases; controlling storage of explosive substances and petroleum; infant life protection; gas, gas-meter and electricity-meter testing; testing weights and measures; licensing of slaughter-houses and of ow-houses; supervision of common lodging-houses; the granting of licences for music, dancing and boxing; historic buildings and monuments; inspection of factories and certain other buildings to secure means of escape from fire; administration of the Shops Acts, the Children Act, and the Midwives Acts; licensing and inspection of employment agencies; registration of massage establishments; licensing of premises under the Cinematograph Act; registration of motor cars; collection of duties on motor cars, dog and establishment and certain other local taxation liceness; registration of war charities; and welfare of blind persons.

The Expenditure of the Council, including loans to other local authorities, is met by two chief sources of supply—capital money raised by the issue of Stock, Bonds or bills, or by the use of the Sinking Fund of the Council's debt, and current income raised in a county rate or by the revenue of undertakings. Certain contributions, including education grants, are also received from the Imperial Exchequer. All borrowings by the Council are subject to the provision of a sinking fund, under Treasury approval, sufficient to repay all expenditure generally within a period of 60 years (in a few cases the limit is 80 years). The total Stock outstanding at September 30, 1933, was £08,135,599. These figures are exclusive of the issues of Bonds, the amount outstanding at September 30, 1933, being £6,667,760 Local Bonds for Housing.

The Rating for the year 1933-34, as shown by the statement below (which relates to rate accounts only), amounted to 6s. in the pound over the whole county, including the City, and a further rate over the county outside the City of 3½d. In the pound, together 6s. 3½d. The total rate for 1938-33 was 6s. 6½d. The Rateable Value of the County of London on April, 6, 1933, was £6.466,158-a 1d. rate over the whole county producing £551,688.

### ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE ON RATE ACCOUNTS IN 1933-34.

Service.	Expenditure, including Debt Charges.	Income (other than Exchequer (Grants)	Net Expanditure	Exchequer Grants.	Net Expenditure falling on Rate
Administrative expenses not allo- cated to specific services	£, 818, 161	£,870	£ 800,201	£	₹, 809,a91
Education		547,515	12,169,839	4,346,265	7,823,574
Fire Brigade	883, of z	107,390	776,571	10,000	766,571
provements	65a,768	13,480	639,288	•••	639, 288
Housing Accounts—net deficiency	320,472	•••	320,478	•••	320,472
Judicial Expenses	81,693	6,030	75,663	60	75,603
Main Drainage		59,340	733,728	•••	733,7=8
Mental Deficiency	549,687	29,845	519,842	2,500	517,342
Mental Hospital Buildings	327,012	22,335	304,677	•••	304,677
Parks	346,263	64,445	a81,818	•••	281,8E8
Public Assistance.,	5,968,173	565,635	5,402,538	•••	5,402,538
Public Control	241,673	149,450	92,223	•••	98,223
Public Health	4,882,382	341,575	4,540,807	•••	4,540,807
Welfare of the Blind	95,600		95,600	•••	95,600
Miscellaneous	108,127	55,535	52,592	15	52,577
ture of the year	800,000	•••	800,000	•••	800,000
Special Provision for Contingencies	600,000		600,000	•••	600,000
	30,086,394	1,971,445	28,114,949	4,358,840	23,756,109
General Exchequer Grant Proceeds of Local Tavation Licence		•••		2,452,534	-2,452,534
Duties				115,000	-115,000
1	30,086,394	1,971,445	28,114,949	6,926.374	az,188,575

## ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE AND AMOUNTS REQUIRED TO BE RAISED BY RATE IN 1933-34.

Rate Account.	Expenditure	Income.	Net	Relief from	County Contributions.		
Rate Account.	Expendicate	Intonie.	Expenditure	Balances.	Amount   Rate in &.		
General County Special County	£ 29,308,453 777,941	£ 8,799,304 98,515	£ 20,509,149 679,426	£, 2,389,149 -71,062	£ 18, 120,000 750,488	a. d. 6 o 0 3½	
Corresponding ngures for 1932-33.	30,086,394 29,769,009	8,897,819 9,297,226	20,577,783	<b>a,318,087</b> 1,173,325	18,870,488 19,401,458	6 31/2 6 6 6 /2	

# THE FOURTEENTH LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.

Licken March 5, 1931, for three	ycars.
Chairman (1933-34)	Ernest M. Dence, LL.D. Cyril H. M. Jacobs. Mrs. Charles J. Mathew.

### ALPHABETICAL LIST OF ALDERMEN AND COUNCILLORS.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF ALL	ERMEN AND COUNCILIORS.
Name. Electoral Division.	Name. Electoral Division.
Adams, D M., M.P. (Lab.). South Poplar.	Harris, Sir Percy, Bt., M. A.,
Allpass, Casrles J. (MR) South Battersea. Arlott, David (Lab.) Central Southwark.	D.L., N.P. (Lib.) S.W. Bethnal Green
	Hastings, Dr. Somerville,
Baker, Sir Alfred (Lab.) South Hackney.	M S., F.R.C.S. (Lab) Mile End.
Bateman, Arthur L., M.P. (MR) Peckham.	cHayward, I. J. (Lab.) Rotherhithe. Head, Geoffrey (MR) City of London.
Benskin, LieutCol. J.,	Henwood, F. Stanley (MR) North Paddington.
D S.O. O. B. K. (MR) E. Lewisham.	Hill, Percy (MR) Holborn.
Berry, H., A.M.I.Mech.E.	Howard, Frank G. (MR) Hampstoad.
(Lab.) East Woolivich.	Howard, T. F., D.C.M., M.P.
Blacketer, T. J. (Lab.) Bow and Bromley.	(JIR) South Islington.
Boggis-Rolfe, D. H Alderman till 1934 Bosson, Alfred C, F.R.I.B.A.,	Hume, Sir George, M.P Alderman fill 1934.
M.P. Alderman till 1934.	(MR) Greenwich
Briant, Frank, M.P. (Lib.) North Lambeth.	eJackman, Marshall (Lab) South Hackney.
Brook, C. W., M.A., Ph.D.,	Jacobs, Cyril H. M. (MR) Clapham. Jeger, Dr. S. W. (Lab.) Shoreditch.
M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Lab.) N. Southwark.	Jeger, Dr. S. W. (Lab.) Shoreditch.
('adman, Lady (MR) North St. Paneras.	Jennings, W. J. (MR) Peckham.
Campbell - Johnston, M.,	cJones, Ronald P., M.A., F.R I.B.A. (Lib.) S. W Bethnal Green.
M.P. (MR) Balham & Tooting.	cKeeling, Miss C., M. R. E. (MR) South Kengangton
Clarke, A. Vincent, M. I. Mecli. E., A. M. I.C. E., A. M. I.E. E. (MR) North Battersea.	cKeeling, Miss C., M.B.E.(MR) South Kensington. Kemp, E. H. (MR) West Woodwich.
Clavering, Albert (MR) S E. St. Pancras.	Kenyon, H. V., M.B.E. (MR) South Paddington.
Cohb. Sir Cvril S . K.B.E	ekingston, Charles (M. M) Brixton.
eCobb, Sir Cyril S, K.B.E., M.V.O., M.P. (MR) West Fulham.	Lambert, Dr. Barrie, C.B.E., D.P.H. (MR) St. George's.
s('obb, ('apt. Edward, D.s.o.	D.P.H. (JIK) St. George's.
(MR) East Istington.	Latham, Charles, F.L A.A Alderman till 1934. eLatham, Sir Paul, Bt., M P.
Cooksey, W. Inoleso, (M.K.) South Intington.	(MR) E Laurichean
Coumbe, Maj. E. H. (MR) Stoke Newington eCruse, Edward (Lab.) Bow and Bromley	Lazarus, H. (Lab.) Limehouse.
Culpin, Ewart G., F.R. I.B.A.,	Levits, Lt. Col. Sir Cecil,
M T.P.I Alderman till 1937.	K.C.V.O., C.B.E., D.L. (MR) North Kensington
Dalton, J. C., D.L. (MR) Abben.	clove, Mrs. EvelineM.(Lab.) W. Bermondsey.
Dalton, J. C., D.L. (MR) Abbey. Davies, A Emil Alderman till 1934	Lyall, Dame Beatrix, D.B.E. (MR) East Fulham.
Davies, Sir Alired, C. B. E. (MK) NOTE St. Paucius	MacDonald, Miss Ishbel
Davies, D Alderman till 1934.	(Lab) South Poplar
Davis, M. H. (Lab.) Whitechapel and	Macdonell, J. H., F.R.S.A.
St. George's.  «Dawson, Miss Agues (Lab.) N. Camberwell.	(LGO.) N. Southingerk
Day, Col Harry (Lab.) Central Southwark.	Mahoney, The Very Rev.
Dence, Ernest M., LL.D. (MR) Greenwich.	Canon, Ph.D. (Lab.) Deptford.
Emmet, The Hon. Mis.	cMarchant, W. F., O.B.E. (MR)
Evelyn, M.A. (MR) North Hackney.	Mark, J. Elliot (MR) Streatham.
Evans, Evan (MR) S.E. St. Pancras.	Martin, Edward P. (MR) Cent. Wandsworth.
eFalmouth, Viscount Alderman till 1937.	Martin, W. H (Lab.) Finsbury.
Frankel, Dan. (Lab.) Mile End.	Mathew, Mrs. Charles J.
eFulford, Miss C Alderman till 1934	(Lab.) Lunchouse.
Galer, F. Bertram, M.A., F.I.A. (MR) Streatham.	TD (NR) SW St Physics
F.I.A. (MR) Streathain.	T.D. (HR) S.W. St Pancras.  Wills, Capt. Bertram W
eGilbert, Sir John, K.B.E., LL. D. Alderman till 1937	(MR)
Girling, Mrs. H. (Lab) Shoreditch. Gluckstein, Sir Samuel (MR) Abbey.	(MR) Fast Fulham. Moreing, Adrian C., M.A.
eGoff, Miss Moyra (MR) N. Hammersmith.	M.P. (MR) S.W. St. Pancras.
sGooch, Sir Henry (MR) Dulwich	M.P. (MR) S.W. St. Pancras, eMorrison, Rt. Hon. Herbert, Alderman till 1937. Morton, W. J., O.B.E. (MR) N.W. Camberwell.
Gordon, A. McD. (MR) Stoke Newington.	Noustaidier W F S A A
	eMoustaidier, M., F.S.A.A., F.C.I.S (MR)
V.D., K.C. (M K) City of London.	Munster, The Earl of (MR) N. Paddington.
Green, Walter H Atterman tat 1937.	Naish, G. B. (Lab.)
Haddo, The Earl of, O.B.E, D.L.(MR) West Fulham.	eNathan, Mrs H. L. (Lib.) . N. E. Bethnal Green.
D.L. (MR) West Fulham.	Newton, Sir Louis, Bt.
eHall, Eric, M.A Alderman till 1937. Halse, F. T. (MR) West Woolwich. Harper, Sidney C. (MR) North Islington.	(MR) City of London. sNorman, Mrs. Montagn Norwood.
Harper, Sidney C. (MR) North Islandon.	Norman, R. C Alderman till 1934.
i mental and the formal and the management of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second o	

Electoral Division. Name. Electoral Division. Name. eScriven, J. T. (MR)..... South Paddington. Northcott, W. C. (MR) ... S. Hammersmith. Pearson, R. E. (Lib.) ...... N.E. Bethnal Green. Perring, Colonel John, D.L. (MR) ..... Balham & Tooting. Pierrepont, Capt. G. E., M.C. Smedley, B. F. Marsden ePrichard, Rev. A G. (Lab.) W. Islington. Ray, Sir William, M P.(MR.) Central Hackney. Alderman till 1937. Reed, Percival H. .... Richards, N. Geoffrey (MR) W. Lewisham. Rickards, Miss E., M.S., F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. Alderman till 1934. Roberts, Dr. Adeline, O.B.E. (MR) ..... St. Marylebone. Tasker, Sir Robert, D.L. (MR) Holborn. Taylor, Robert G. (MR) ... Putney. cRobertson, Charles, M.A. eVenn, Commander L. R., R.N. (retired) (MR) ...... N. Hammersmith. eWallas, Miss K. T., C.B.E.... Alderman till 1934. Warburg, Sir Oscar, O.B.E. Alderman till 1937. Webbe, W. H., C.B.E. (MR) N.W. Camberwell. Wedderburn, A. H. Melvill eWebbe, (MR) ...... S. Kensington. Williams, T. E. (Lab.) ..... N. Camberwell. Wilmot, H.A., F.A.I. (M.R.) Dulwich. Wilson, Clyde T., B.A., LL. B.,
M.P. (MR) ...... Central Wandswith.
Wood, E. W. H. (M.R.) ... St. George's. NOTE.—The letters (MR), (Lab.), (Lib.), stand for the Party whose candidate the Member was at the election—viz., (MR) Municipal Reform; (Lab.) Labour; (Lib.) Liberal.

EDUCATION COMMITTER (Chairman, Captain Edward Cobb; Vice-Chairman, W. F. Marchant),-Members whose names are marked e form the Education Committee, together with the Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Deputy-Chairman of the Council, and the following co-opted members:—
J. P. Blake, Francis Bowie, Mrs. Barlara Drake, Rev. Rev. V. Galer, M.A., Herbert A. Game, M.A., Lady Doris Blacker, Dr. Sophie Jevons, M.A., the Hon. Lady Lawrence, Walter T. Prideaux, A. E. Samuels, LL.B., Miss Tomes.

### CHIEF OFFICERS OF THE COUNTY COUNCIL.

Clerk of the Council, G. H. Gater, C.M.G., Comptroller of the Council, F. G. Bowers, C.B., C.B.E....£3,000 Chief Engineer and County Surveyor,
T. Peirson Frank, M. Inst. C.E., F.S.I. £3,000 Architect to the Council and Superintending Architect of Metropolitan Buildings, G. Topham Forrest, F.R.I.B.A., F.R.S.E....£3,000 Solicitor, (vacant) ...... Chief Officer of Fire Brigade, Major C. C.B. Morris, M.C.

Medical Officer of Health and School Medical Officer, Sir Frederick Menzies, K.B.E., M.D., F.R.C.P.Lond., F.R.C.P.Ed., .....£8,500 D.P.H., F.R.S.E....£1,000 Blight .....

Chief Officer, Public Control Dept., H J. C. Davies£1,450
Chief Oficer, Parks Dept., BrigGen. P. Maud, C.M.G., C.B.E£1,400
Education Officer, E. M. Rich, F.C., G.I., B.SC. £2,500 Chief Officer of Supplies, F. W. Mackinney, C.B.E. £2,500
Parliamentary Officer, H. M. Hooke (Barrister-at-Law)
Chief Officer, Mental Hospitals Dept., R. H. Curtis£1,450 Chief Officer of Public Assistance E. C.

### CRIME IN THE METROPOLITAN POLICE DISTRICT.

Year	Total No. of Crimes.	Total No of Persons Apprehended.		Amount Recovered.	Total Loss.	Estimated Population.	Proportion of Crimes per 1,000 of pep.
1938 1930 1931 1938	15,484 17,118 20,063 25,582 83,000*	10,322 10,917 12,550 12,678 14,261	£517,758 787,081 915,495 949,607 1,894,988*	£137,950 191,545 230,889 192,876 254.848	£379,808 595,476 684,608 756,789 1,040,134*	7,967,700 8,039,300 8,110,900 8,182,500 8,292,000	1'943 2'129 2'474 3'126 10'011"

### THE PRINCIPAL ENGLISH CITIES.

BIRMINGHAM.

BIRMINGHAM (Warwickshire), the second City in England, situated in the heart of industrial England, is the chief centre of the hardware trade of the world. It is practically equidistant from the other important trade centres in the country, being xxx miles from London, 85 miles from Manchester and 9x miles from Bristol. The municipal area is 51,147 acres (about 71 square miles), with a population at the census of 1931 of z,oz7,500.

It is estimated that over x,200 distinct trades are carried on in the city, the chief industries being the manufacture of ammunition and small arms, bakelite goods, chocolate, chemicals, cycles and their component parts, magnetos, railway rolling-stock, glass, motor-cars and motor-cycles, motor tyres, tyre valves, tools, toys, electrical apparatus, wireless sets and components, jewellery and brass working.

Gas, water and electricity are supplied by the Corporation, who also own the transport undertaking, markets and Municipal Bank. An Information Bureau has been opened at the Council House to deal with all enquiries relating to the Municipal and Industrial facilities of

Birmingham.

The principal buildings are the Town Hall, built in 1832-1850 on the lines of the Temple of Jupiter Stator at Rome, with a large hall; the Council House and Corporation Art Gallery and Museum (1878); the University (Aston Webb, 1909); the Central Library; the 13th century Church of St. Martin (rebuilt 1873); the Cathedral (formerly St. Philip's Church, built by Archer, a pupil of Wren's), the Roman Catholic Cathedral St. Ched (Buth) and the Westewn Archer, a pupil of Wren's), the Roman (atholic Cathedral of St. Chad (Pugin), and the Wesleyan Central Hall. A memorial bust of Abraham Lincoln was unveiled in 1921. Birmingham was incorporated as a borough in 1838, and was created a city in 1839; it is governed by a Lord Mayor and City Council of 30 Aldermen and 92 Councillors. The generally accepted derivation of "Birmingham" is the ham or dwelling-place of the 1919 of the family of Bern, presumed to have been a Saxon. Between the 1811 and 18th have been a Saxon. Between the 11th and 16th centuries, the de Berminghams were Lords of the Manor.

The Lord Mayor (1933-1934), H. E. Goodby.
Recorder, E. W. Cave, K.C. (1932).
Stipendiary Magistrate, The Rt. Hon. Lord

Histon (1910).
Town Clerk, F. H. C. Wiltshire (1918).
Clerk of the Peace, Joseph James (1905).

LIVERPOOL.

LIVERPOOL (Lancashire), on the right bank of the river Mersey, 3 miles from the Irish Sea and 124 miles N.W. of London, is one of the greatest trading centres of the world and the principal port in the United Kingdom for the Atlantic trade. The municipal area is 30, 304 acres (which includes a,833 acres in the bed of the river Mersey) (about 43 square miles, excluding the bed of the river), with a population at the census of 1932 of 365,072. The net tonnage of British and Foreign ships engaged in ocean trade arriving in the port during 1931 was 13,073,652, and of those departing 11,901,558; these figures exclude 3,450,861 tons for arrivals and 3,735,659, for departures in the coasting trade, while the value of the sea-borne trade of the portwas stated at £444,030,665 for 1931. The docks, on both port in the United Kingdom for the Atlantic

sides of the river, have a linear quayage of about 37 miles, and the Gladstone docks can accommodate the largest vessels affoat. The dock authority is the Mersey Docks and Harbour Board. The chief import is grain, those next in importance being sugar, fruit, oil, timber,

cotton and provisions.

The principal buildings are the Cathedral, erected from the designs of Sir Gilbert Scott and consecrated in 1924; when completed this will be the largest ecclesiastical building in England; St. George's Hall, erected 1838-1854, from the designs of Harvey Lonsdale Elmes, at from the designs of Harvey Lonsdale Elmes, at a cost of \$300,000, and regarded as the finest modern example of classical architecture; the Town Hall, erected 1734 from the designs of Wood; the Walker Fine Art Gallery; the University; the Royal Infirmary; the Municipal Offices; and the Custom House. A Roman Catholic Cathedral, designed to be the largest in the world, will be built on Brownlow Hill.

Liverpool was incorporated as a borough early in the 3sth century and was created a city in 1880. The Corporation consists of a Lord Mayor and a City Council which comprises 39 Aldermen and 118 Councillors. The name is believed to be derived from Norse words meaning the "Pool of the bluere"

of the Slopes."

Principal City Officers. The Lord Mayor (1933-1934), G. A. Strong. Recorder, Edward G. Hemmerde, K.C. (1909). Stypendiary Magistrate, Stuart Deacon (1910). President, Court of Passage, Sir Wm. F. Kyffin

Taylor, K B.R., K.C.

Town Clerk, Walter Moon, £3,300 (1922).

Clerk of the Peace, R. D. Cripps.

### MANCHESTER.

MANCHESTER (Lancashire), the centre of the world's cotton trade, is 189 miles N.W. of London. The municipal area is 27,257 acres (about 34 square miles), the population at the census of 1931 being 756,333.

Manchester is the distributing centre of the

cotton spinning and weaving of Laucashire for the whole world, and of butter and foodstuffs for the most densely populated part of England. It also contains large engineering and machinery works and factories of hats, clothing, india-rubber goods, chemicals, &c. The city is con-nected with the sea by the Mancheter Ship Canal (opened in 1894), which has a total length of 33½ miles, a depth of 35 to 30 feet, and a bottom width (with certain exceptions) of 120 feet. The net tonnage of ships engaged in the Koweion Trade was 2 121.04. for arrivals and feet. The net tonnage of snips engaged in the Foreign Trade was 3,32,945 for arrivals and 3,70,877 for departures in 1931, the value of the sea-borne trade of the port being £55,000,274 in 1931. The net tonnage of arrivals in the Coarting Trade was 458,014, and of departures 780,508 net tons in 1931. In 1931 the weight of sea-borne merchandise which passed over the Waterway arrounted to 5688 sea tons.

Library (1899), which includes the Althorp col-lection; the University (Owens College); and the 18th century Cathedral (formerly the parish the right century cathedras (tornerly the parks) church). A new Central Library is nearing completion. Manchester is one of the principal centres of political, literary and scientific advancement, and the Halle Concerts have placed the city in the forefront of musical development. The Manchester Guardian newspaper exercises a widespread influence throughout the English-speaking world.

The town received a charter of incorporation in 1838 and was created a city in 1853. The City Council consists of 36 Aldermen and 108 Councillors. The Latin name of the city was

Maneunium,

Principal City Officers The Lord Mayor (1923-1924), Joseph Binns.
Recorder, Sir Walter Greaves-Lord, K.C., M.P. (1925).
Stipendiary Magiatrate, J. Wellealey Orr (1927).
Toon Clerk, F. E. Warbreck Howell (1929).
Clerk of the Peace, E. M. Redhead.

SHEFFIELD.
SHEFFIELD (Yorkshire, West Riding), the chief SHEFFIELD (Yorkshire, West Riding), the chief centre of the heavy steel and cuttery trade, is situated in the extreme south of Yorkshire, 129 miles N.N.W. of London, at the junction of the Sheaf, Porter, Rivelin and Loxley with the river Don. The city has an area of 24,163 acres (about 33 square miles), with a population at the census of 1921 of 511,757. The principal industries are the manufacture of heavy steel (armour plates raths twees axless enquire castings, &c.). plates, rails, tyres, axles, engine castings, &c.), cutlery, and instruments, in addition to engines and general machinery, tauning, confectionery, bicycles, iron and brass founding, silver refining, brush making, and many other industries. Sheffield plate (silver rolled on other metals) made during the years 1742-1840, when electro-plating superseded the process, is greatly prized by collectors.

by collectors.

The principal buildings are the 14th century Parish Church (8t. Peter's), the Town Hall (1893), the Cutlers' Hall (1893), Corn Exchange, Market Hall, Museum, Mappin Art Gallery, Ruskin Museum, the University and City Hall (1932). The Saxon town of Excepted was created a county borough in 1893 and a city in 1893, the Chief Magistrate becoming a Lord Mayor in 1897. The Corporation includes 24 Aldermen and accorned to convenience.

1897. The Corpor

and 3a Councillors.

Principal City Officers.

The Lord Mayor (1933-1934), F. Marshall.

Recorder, Walter Hedley, E.C. (1931).

Master Cutter (1932-1933), Lt.-Coll. A. N. Lee,
D.S.O., U.B.E., T.D.

Town Clerk, E. B. Gibson (1931).

Clerk of the Peace, G. E. Smith.

LEEDS.

LEEDS. (Yorkshire, West Riding) is favourably situated in the coal and iron districts of England, ras miles N.N.W. of London, and is the centre of the woollen industry and the wholesale clothing trade. The city has also the largest share of the leather trade of the United Kingdom, in addition to large rope works, printing works, and factories of thread, glass and carthenware, with metal casting, machinery and earthenware tools steam engines railway worms. machine tools, steam engines, railway wagons, and other engineering works. Leeds is connected with the Mersey in the west by the Leeds and Liverpool Canal, with the Humber in the east by the Aire and Calder Navigation, and is an important railway centre.

The municipal area is 38,106 acres (nearly 60 square miles), the population at the census of

60 square miles), the population at the census or sear being 48s,789.

The principal buildings are the Civic Hall (opened by King George V. in 1933), the Royal Exchange (1872), the Philosophical Hall, the Municipal Buildings and Art Gallery (1884), the University and the Leeds Institute of Science, Art and Literature (1865). The Parish Church (St. Peter's) was rebuilt in 1840; the 17th century St. John's Church has a fine interior with famous Remaissance screen: the 17th century a famous Renaissance screen; the 17th century Mill Hill Chapel was rebuilt in 1840. Kirkstall Abbey (about 3 miles from the centre of the city), founded by Henry de Laci in 115, is one of the most complete examples of Cistercian houses now remaining. Temple Newsam, birthplace of Lord Darnley, was acquired by the Constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the consti poration in 1922. The present mansion, a stately edifice in red brick, was built by Sir Arthu Ingram in 1620. Adel Church, about 3½ miles from the centre of the city, is a fine Norman

Leeds was first incorporated by Charles I, in 1536, made a county horough in 1839, and was created a city in 1893. The Lord Mayor presides over a corporation of a6 Aldermen and 78 Councillors. The earliest forms of the name are

Conditions. The environment forms of the hands are Condition Ledge, the origin of which is obscure Principal City Officers.

The Lord Mayor (1923-1924), A. E. Wilkinson. Recorder, J. W. Jardine, K.C. (1922). Stipendiary Magistrate, Horace Marshall (1926). Clerk of the Peace, Sir Arthur Copson Peake (1896). Town Clerk, Thomas Thornton (1984).

BRISTOL.

BRISTOL is situated partly in Gloucestershire Bristol is sinuated parity in thousestershine and parity in Somerset, is a City and Gounty in itself, and is rig miles W. of London. The present municipal area is sagged acres with a population, at the census of sogn, of 395,928 Bristol is noted for its maritime history. Within one mile of the centre of Bristol is the beautiful Clifton and Durdham Down (44s acres), a popular place of resort and recreation. Clifton is a favourite place of residence, standing on the steep bank of the Avon, soo to 300 feet above mean sea level

The principal industries are shipbuilding, rope making, chocolate, sugar and tobacco factories, motor and general engineering, clothing, printing, paper bag and cardboard making, glass and earthenware, soap, leather and chemical works, broweries, and copper, lead and iron works. The docks comprised within the Port are the City Docks, 6 miles from the entrance to the river Avon; the Royal Edward and Avonmouth Docks, at the mouth of the river; and the Portlshead Docks, to the westward of the river entrance. The net tonnage of ships (en-gaged in the Foreign Trade) entered in 1932 was s,881,332 tons, and of those cleared 748,673 tons, the value of the seaborne trade being stated at £24,567,507 for 1931; the net tonnage of arrivals in the Coasting Trade was 789,136, and of the departures 2,225,566 net tons in 1932. The principal imports are grain, flour and meal, fruit, provisious, frozen meat, sugar, metals, ores, oilseeds, paper, petroleum and petroleum spirit timber, tobacco and general merchandise, and the ohlef exports are galvanised fron, tin-plates, machinery, manufactured oils, chemicals, stroutis, hardware, and unmanufactured clay.

The chief buildings, in addition to the 14th

century Cathedral (rebuilt by Street 2568-2588), the 14th century Church of St. Mary, Redcliffe (described by Queen Elizabeth as "the fairest, goodliest and most famous parish church in England"), and the 15th century Temple Church, are Canynges' House, the Merchant Venturers' Almshouses, St. Peter's Hospital, the Council House, Guildhall, Exchange (erected from the designs of John Wood in 2743), Colston Hall, Museum and Art Gallery, Central Library, the University and Clifton College. The Clifton Suspension Bridge, with a span of 702 feet over the Avon, was projected by I. K. Brunel (the designer of the Great Eastern) in 1836, but was not completed until 1860. It is a remarkable engineering triumph, affords by far the best view engineering triumph, affords by far the best view of the wonderful Avon Gorge and new low level road from Bristol to the Royal Edward and Avonmouth Docks, known as Portucu, and it is seldom that such a panoramic view is to be found in such close proximity to a great city. The Leigh Woods and Nightingale Valley on the opposite side of the river to Clifton Down add enormously to the heauty of the surroundings. Bristol offers to the visitor a wealth of beauty and charm of historic and romantic associations which can in no other part of the country be

Bristol was a Royal Borough before the Norman Conquest, and in 1899 its Chief Magistrate (Sir Herbert Ashman) became a Lord Mayor. The Corporation includes 23 Aldermen and 69 Councillors. The earliest forms of the name

are Brigstowe and Bristow.

Principal City Officers. The Lord Mayor (1933-1934), Francis Crispin Luke.

High Steward and Lord Lieutenant, His Grace

the Duke of Beaufort, G.C.V.O. Recorder, Stuart James Bevan, K.C., M.P. (1932). Town Clerk, Josiah Green.

### KINGSTON UPON HULL.

HULL (officially "Kingston upon Hull") is situated in the East Riding of Yorkshire, at the junction of the Hull with the Humber, as miles from the North Sea and 181 miles N. of London. The municipal area is 13,39s acres, with a popu-

lation of 318,200 (1932.)

Hull is the third port in the United Kingdom and the chief port of North-Eastern England. Ten docks cover a water area of sic acres and Ten docks cover a water area of mo acres and are equipped with every modern appliance for the rapid handling of cargoes. Hull has the reputation of being the cheapest port in the U.K. Net registered tonnage of ships using the docks in 1932, 6.133.444. Value of imports (grain, oilseed, provisions, wood, fruit, wool, &c.) £50.785.860 in 1932; exports (cotton, woolen goods, coal, machinery, cattle food, &c.) £50.468.796. Hull is the largest centre of the seed-crushing and oil-extracting industry in the world, the premier fishing port of the U.K. and an important centre of the flour-milling industry other manufactures are acetates, canis

of Commerce, Corn Exchange, Market Hall, City Hall, Custom House, Dock Offices, Royal Institution (1854), Wilberforce House, Trinity House (1753), and the Ferens Art Gallery. A Municipal Art Gallery has been established under the gift of the Land Market Market Hall of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of the Corner of of the late Mr. T. R. Ferens. A municipal aerodrome was opened in 1939; connexion is made with Imperial Airways Service from London, and there are hourly air services across the Humber Estuary to Grimsby.

The name of Wyke-upon-Hull was changed to

Kingston upon Hull by Edward I. in the 13th century. The town was incorporated in 1440 and made a county borough in 1888. The Corporation consists of a Lord Mayor, az Aldermen

and 63 Councillors.

Principal City Officers. The Lord Mayor (1933-1934), Arthur Shepherd. Recorder, Charles Paley Scott, K.C. (1933). Town Clerk, J. R. Howard Roberts (1989)

### BRADFORD.

BRADFORD (Yorkshire, West Riding), 198 miles N.N.W. of London and 8 miles W. of Leeds, in the coal and iron district, is the centre of the woollen and worsted trade. The city is connected with the Mersey in the west and with the Humber in the east by canals, and is an inportant railway centre. The municipal area important railway centre. The minerpal area is 24,342 acres (about 28 square miles), with a population at the 1932 census of 298,042.

The principal textile industries are worsteds, woollens, silks and cottons, and there are also important engineering and iron works, and

quarries of freestone.

The chief public buildings, in addition to the 15th century Cathedral (formerly the Paris Church), are the Town Hall (1873), Exchange (1867), ('artwright Memorial Hall (1904), commemorating the liventor of the power loom, the Windsor (Batha and Public Halls, 1905), Grammar Selnol, Technical ('ollege (1882), and the Methanics' Institute (1832).

The Saxon township was created a parliamentary borough in 183s, a county borough in 1888, and a city in 1907. The Corporation consists of a Lord Mayor, 22 Aldermen and 66 Councillors.

Principal City Officers.
The Lord Mayor (1933-1934), A. W. Brown.
Recorder, Frank Beverley (1936).
Stipendary Magistrate, Beaumont Morice (1914).
Town Clerk, N. L. Fleming (1930).

# NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE.

NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE (Northumberland), on the north bank of the Tyne estuary, 8 miles from the North Sea and sys miles N. of London,

has an area of 8,458 acres (13 square miles) and a population of \$3,145 at the Census of 1931. The city is conveniently placed on the estuary, in the neighbourhood of the Northumberland and Durham coalfields. The exports of the Port of Newcastle upon Tyne (River Tyne) include coal, chemicals, oil fuel (as cargo and bunkers), pig iron, iron and steel manufactures and an important centre of the flour-nilling industry; other manufactures are acetates, canisters, cement, colours and chemicals, electric lamps, mill machinery, oll cakes and meals, paint, paper, polishes, power alcohol, radiators, rope, shipbuilding, soap, starch, surgical dressings, tanning, tar products, varnish, vegetable in the Foreign Trade was 5,971,96s for arrivals and 6,984,277 for departures in 1921, the value of ocean-borne trade being £-8,835,166 in 1931; the Guildhall (1915), Exchange (1866), Chamber shipbuilding, metal works and machinery, chemicals, glass, brick, tile and earthenware,

chemicals, glass, brick, tile and earthenware, and rope making.

The principal buildings include the (12th century) "Kew" Castle, of which the walls, keep and chapel are well preserved, the Cathedral (St. Nicholas), St. Andrew's Church (12th century), St. John's (12th century), St. John's (12th century), St. John's (12th century), St. John's (12th century), St. George Jesmond, the Roman Catholic Cathedral of Hexham and Newcastle, Holy Trinity War Memorial, Guildhall (1658), Moot Hall (1280), Exchange (1260), Central Public Library and Laing Art Gallery and Museum, Wood Memorial Hall (1270) and the Custom House. The beauty of Jesmond and Museum, Wood Memorial Hall (1970) and the Custom House. The beauty of Jesmond Dene (gift of 1st Lord Armstrong) is much appreciated by visitors as well as the Town Moor, a tract of over 900 acres of open grassland. The city is connected with the south bank of the Tyne hy six bridges, viz.—High Level (Stephenson) for road and rail, Nwing bridge (road) Redheupth (road). Sectaword suspension

cever(stepnesson) for road and rail, swing bridge (road), Redheugh (road), Scotswood suspension (road), King Edward VII. (rail), Tyne (road), The pre-Norman borough of Monkelester was re-named Newcastle in the 11th century when the castle was erected as a defence against the Roots In two it was made a country because Scots. In 1400 it was made a county borough, and in 1830 was incorporated. The City Corpora-tion now includes a Lord Mayor (1906), 19 Alder-

men and 57 Councillors.

Principal City Officers.

The Lord Mayor (1933-1934), J. Leadbitter.

Recorder, R. Storry Denns, IL B. (1932).

Town Clerk and Clerk of the Peace, Arthur Maule Oliver, O.B.E., M.A. (1907).

NOTTINGHAM.

NOTTINGHAM (Nottinghamshire), the principal manufacturing centre of hosiery and lace, stands on the left bank of the Trent, where the

tributary stream Leen enters the river, rag miles N.N.W. of London. The municipal area is r6,166 acres (as) square miles), and includes the historic old market-place of 5½ acres in the centre of the city, recently laid out as an ornamental square and garden. Population,

Census of 1931, 268,801.
The city is connected with the North Sea and the Atlantic by the river Trent and canals and i an important railway centre. The principal industries are cotton, silk and merino hosiery, lace, bleaching, dyeing and spinning, tanning, engineering and cycle works, brewing, the manufacture of tobacco, chemicals, furniture, type-

writers, and colour printing.

The chief buildings are the rith century Nottingham Castle (restored in 1878, and now the City Museum and Gallery of Art), Wollaton Hall (1580-88) recently purchased by the Corporation and now a Natural History Museum, St. Mary's, St. Peter's. and St. Nicholas's Churches, Mary's, St. Peter's. and St. Nicholas's Churches, the Roman Catholic Cathedral (Pugin, 1842-4), the Council House, opened by the Prince of Wales in 1929, the Guildhall and Court House (1889), Shire Hall, Albert Hall. Exchange, University College, The General and other Hospitals, Eynfirmary, and New University College.

Snotengaham or Notingsham, "the home of the sons of Snod" (the Wise), is the Anglo-Saxon name for the Celtic Tugonoham, "Caye Homes."

name for the Celtic Tuigogobauc, " Cave Homes." The city possesses a Charter of Henry II., and was created a city in 1807. The Corporation comprises a Lord Mayor. 16 Aldermen and 48 Councillors.

Principal City Officers.
The Lord Mayor (1933-1934), J. Fair.
Recorder, Henry Holmes Joy, R.C. (1938).
Town Clerk (1932) and Clerk of the Peace (1921),
William John Board, O.B.R.

# STRATFORD-UPON-AVON.

STRATFORD-UPON-AVON (a municipal borough in Warwickshire, on the west bank of the River Avon), had a population (Census 1931) of 21,616.
As the hirthplace of Shukespeare the borough is visited annually by travellers from all parts of the globe. Principal buildings, &c.:—

Shakespeare's Birthplace (April 23, 1264), bought for £3,000 in 1847 and restored in 1857. Managed by 32 Trustees (as ex-office, 4 representative). Holds Ilbrary of rare editions, pictures, and In the garden are many trees and plants named by the poet.

Clopton Bridge, built of stone, on 19 arches, about 1490 by Sir Hugh Clopton, Stratford native, and Lord Mayor of London.

Guild Chapel and Guildhall.—Founded A.D. 1260. In the old hall young Shakespeare could witness strolling companies performing (mentioned in Records). In chapel were discovered beneath whitewash, 1804 and 1909, mural allegorical paintings, done by mediaval priests.

Hall's Croft.—Unaltered old-timbered residence of Susanna, poet's daughter, wife of Dr. John Hall, churchwarden and poet's executor.

Harvard House. — Built 1866 by Alderman Thomas Rogers, whose descendant (John Har-vard) founded Harvard University, U.S.A.

Anne Hathaway's Cottage.—At Shottery, one mile from Stratford, is the little thatched farmstead, the undisturbed birthplace of Anne Shakespeare, poet's wife, who bore him three children, Susanne, Hamnet, and Judith. Contains curious

Tudor and Jacobean furniture. National property, controlled by Birthpiace Trustees.

King Edward VI. School.—Here Shakespeare acquired his "small Latin and less Greek," and

matchless English.

The Shakespeare Memorial.—Mainly due to munificence of C. E. Flower (1830-32) and his wife. Group comprises Library, with 120,000 volumes of Shakespeare editions and dramatic literature, including Irving and other collections. Gallery of pictures (including unique "Droeshout" portrait). Tover, affording extensive views of river and district. Gardens, and Statuary (Lord river and district. Gardens, and Statuary (Lord Ronald Gower's gift). Theatre, burnt down in 1925, has been rebuilt. Probable dates of Festival

1934, April 16, Sept. 18.
Aen Place.—Site of the poet's retirement.
Shakespeare bought this estate in 1897; retired
to it about 1610; died there April 28, 1616.
House was rebuilt about 1905, and demolished

by Rev. Francis Gastrell, 1739.

The Cage.—For 36 years the home of Judith, poet's younger daughter, who married Thomas Quiney, vintner.

Town Hall.—Erected 1633; rebuilt 1968. Contains details of the unbroken sequence of Bailiffs and Mayors since A.D. 1553 (including the poet's father, John Shakespeare). Exhibits: Gainsborough portrait of Garrick; four Corporation Maces, gilt silver of 15-16th Century.

Trinity Church.—Dates from 13th Century.
Shelters remains of poet and family.
Wilmcote.—House of Shakespeare's mother, Mary Arden, purchased 1930; open to the public.

# THE LARGEST TOWNS IN GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND.

	('ensus Pe	opulation.	Name.	Census Population		
Name.	1921.	1931.	Naute,	1961.	1931.	
England :-			England :			
London	7,480,201	8,202,818				
London	922,167	1,002,413	Heston and Isleworth Darlington	46,664	75,440	
Liverpool	805,046	855,539	Barnsley	66,847	72,093	
Manchester	735,774	766,333	Acton	67,906 61, <b>200</b>	72,500	
Sheffield	511,696	511,748	Rotherham	68,022	70,583 69,689	
Leeds	463,182	482,789	Rotherham Bath	68,660	68,8oz	
Bristol	377,018	396,918	Luton	60,266	68,506	
Kingston-upon-Hull	a90,681	313,366	West Hartlepool	68,641	68,134	
Bradford	391,004 300,860	398,041 294,086	Enfield U.D	60,650	68,134 67,869	
Newcastle-upon-Tyne	305,000 375,000	283,145	Stockton-on-lees	64,126	67,784	
Stoke-on-Trent	267,647	276,6tg	Cambridge	59,264	66,803	
Nottingham	262,624	268.8oz	Barrow-in-Furness	78,244	66,366	
Portsmouth	247,284	249,288	Lincoln	66,042	66,246	
Leicester	#34,143	239,111	Exeter	59,58a	66,039	
' ovdon	191,375	833,115	Hastings Tynemouth	66,495	65,199	
Salford	234,045	883,448	Chesterfield	63,770 61,838	64,913	
Plymouth	210,036	308,166	Doncaster	54,064	64,246 63,308	
Sunderland	182,179	185,870	Brentford and Chis-	34,004	03,300	
Willesden	165,674	184,410	wick	57.970	68,617	
Bolton	178,683	177,253	Swipdon	56,841	62,407	
Southampton	160,994	176,025	Gillingham	58,361	60,983	
Coventry Tottenham U.D	146,108	167,046	Dudley	56,098	59,579	
Tottenham U.D	146,711	157,748	Wimbledon	61,418	59,520	
Birkenhead	147,819	147,946	Wakefield	53,052	50.115	
Brighton	147.373	147,487	Finchley	46,716	59,115 58,961	
East Ham Derby	143,246	148,460	Eastbourne	62,028	57,436	
Oldham	131,351 144,983	142,406	Poole	43,649	57,258	
Middlesbrough	131,070	140,309	Carlisle	52,710	57,107	
Wolverhampton	121,316	133,190	Mitcham U.D	35,119	<b>5</b> 6,856	
Walthamstow	129,395	132,965	Watford	46,284	56,799	
Ilford	85,194	131,046	Stretford U.D	46,535	56,795	
Leyton	128,430	128,317	Great Yarmouth	60,70c	56,769	
Norwich	120,661	126,207	Bury	56,403	56, z 86	
Stockport	183,309	185,505	Southgate	39,133	55,570	
Blackburn	126,988	133,695	Dewabury	47,507	54,994	
Gateshead	125,142	182,379	Wood Green	54,160 50,707	54,303	
Southend-on-Sea	100,010	120,093	Gloucester	51,320	54,190 52,937	
Preston	117,406	118,839	Ashton-under-Lyne	51,400	51,573	
Ealing	90,433	117,688	Barking		51,277	
Bournemouth	95,75 ¹	116,780	Worcester	35,5#3 48,833	50,497	
Hendou	57,5=9	115,682		4-1-33	3-,497	
Huddersfield	110,102	113,467	Wales:-			
South Shields	118,599	113,452			1	
Walsall	102,640	106,793	Cardiff	\$19,580	223,648	
Blackpool	97,567 99,639	103,108	Swansea	157.554	164,885	
Burnley	103,186	98,859	Rhondda U.D	162,737	241,344	
Halifax	99,183	98,188	Newport, Mon	92,358	89,1g8	
Wallasey	94,848	97,465	Merthyr Tydfii	80,116	71,099	
Reading	92,278	97,153	1			
Hornsey	87,650	95,524	Scotland :			
Grimsby	85,887	92,463				
Rochdale	90.816	90,278	Glasgow	1,034,174	1,088,417	
Dagenham U.D Ipswich	9,127	89,365	Edinburgh	420,281	438,998	
Ipswich	79,371	87,557	Dundee	168,335	175,583	
Wigan	80,427	85,357	Aberdeen	158,969 84,837	167,259	
York	84,039	84,6:0	Paisley	84,837	86,441	
Smethwick West Broinwich	82,123	84,034	Greenock	81,123	78,948	
West Bromwich	75,097	81,281	Motherwell & Wishaw	68,866	64,708	
Oxford	67,200	80,540			1	
Warrington	76,811	79,388	Northern Ireland :-	IGEI.	1986.	
Southport	76,622	78,927	Belfast			
Edmonton U.D		77,658		386,947	415,151	
Bootle	76,487	76,799	Londonderry	40,780	45,159	

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1934.

# MUNICIPAL DIRECTORY OF ENGLAND.

A list of CITIES (in SMALL CAPITALS), Boroughs (in ordinary type), and Urban Districts with a population exceeding 20,000 (in italics); the County Boroughs named in the Third Schedule of the Local Government Act, 1888, are distinguished by having § prefixed.

Ciries, Boroughs, and Urban Districts	Popu- lation, 1931.	Rate per		Rateable Value.	Town Clerk ** (or Clerk U.D.C.).	Mayor 1933-04.  * Lord Mayor.  † Chairman U.D.C.
		'		<u>.</u>	·	
England :			ı			0.4
Abingdon, Berks	7,240	18.7	14.6	38,429	W.Carlyle Croasdell	A. E. Tombs.
Accrington, Lancs	42,991	9.7	13.3	237,983	W. H. Warhurst, LL. B J. Morgan C. R. Marshall	A. Wilkinson.
Acton, Middlesex	70,510	9.7 13.8	11.1	718,486	J. Morgan	R. G. Crust.
Adwick le Street, Ykx. (W.R).	20,257	30.3	8.7			
Aldeburgh, E. Suffolk Aldershot, Hants	2,480	12.40	18.45	17,752	H. C. Casley	R. Parris.
Aldershot, Hants	34,281	81.7	8.0	217,338	D.Ll. Griffiths, o. B.E.	W. M. R. Davis.
Alfreton, Derby Altrincham, Cheshire	21,234	17.86	11.11	73,388	H. R. Cleaver	THenry Chandler.
Andover, Hants	21,356 9,692	15.1	11.0	153,102	C. J. Phillips	E. Thorogood.
Appleby, Westmorland	1,618	8.60	13.04			
Appleby, Westmorland Arundel, W. Sussex	2,490	10.8	15 6	16.350	Herbert A. E. Hev .	E. J. Herington.
Ashington, Northumb	29,418	Ig 86	10 9	80.000	ij. w. Chundertson	TJ. W. Desiora.
Ashton in Makerfield,	20,541	19.3	13.3	64,831	A. Sykes	tJ. Chamberlain.
Ashton und Lyne, Lancs	51,753	14.8	18'4	220,403	D.W. Bromley, LL.B.	C. M. Bowden.
Aylesbury, Bucks	13,387	l 13'7 i	14.8	98,265	Harold Crookes G. Hetherington	G. Gargini.
Bacup, Lancs	20,590	14.10	13.6	81,239	G. Hetherington	W. Marshall.
Banbury, Oxon	13,953 51,277	18 3	11.0	78,075	E. Owen Reid	B. Alisopp.
Barking, Essex Barnes, Surrey	42,439	9.8	10.2	482.048	W. T. Goodele	S. E. Jackson.
Barnsley, Yorks (W.R.) Barnstaple, Devon	71,522	17.18	8.80	316,230	A. D. Mason	J. Guest.
Barnstaple, Devon	14,693	13.49	14.10	81,632	J. H. L. Brewer	C. F. Dart.
Barrow-in-Furness, Lncs	66,366 13,865	14.0	12'4	336,428	W. T. Goodale A. D. Mason J. H. L. Brewer W. A. Chislett	T. Morton.
Basingstoke, Hauts	68,8oz	14.06		111,475 565,7 <del>6</del> 7	Meirion O. Jones J. B. Ogden, M.A.,	LOI H S Davey
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	1	3	303,707	LL.B.	Con II. S. Davey.
Batley, Yorks (W.R.)	34,573	13.4	14'3	143,488	Thos. E. Craik, M.C.	Miss G. E. Taylor.
Bebington, Cheshire Beccles, E. Suffolk	26,742	12.0	8.9	247,440	J. Wilson, M.C., LL B.	John Marshall.
Beckenham, Kent	6,544 43,832	13'4	13 58	32,416	W. Bryan Forward	W. G. Roberts.
Beddington, and Wall-	26,319	13.7	9.42 10.8	550,000 318,500	C. E. Staddon T. Booth	tW. M. Mellows.
ington, Surrey.	- 10-5	-3 /	1	3.0,300		
Bedford (Town)	40,573	13.3	18.8	307,086		
Bedlingtonshire, North- umberland.	27,315	18.3	11.0	81,503	H. G. Lester	†R. H. Rame.
Berwick-upon-Tweed	12,299	14 78	77.1	60,575	Fred G. Normanton	I. A. Herriot.
Beverley, Yorks (E.R.) Bewdley, Worcestershire	14,012	15 3	18.6	54.578		W. E. Brumfield.
Bewdley, Worcestershire	4,267	16.6	99			TY MY Manage
Bexhill, E. Sussex Bexley, Kent	21,229		10.1	299,189	G. H. Seldon J. L. Arlidge H. O. Hilary Ernest W. Tame (See p	Lord De La Warr.
Bideford, Devon	44,000 8,782	16.0	10.0	391,000 54.655	G H Seldon	W Herris
Bilston, Staffs	31,360	21.4	11.3	109,483	J. I. Arlidge	+Herbert Beach.
Bingley, Yks. (W.R)	20,553	33.7	14.5	119,847	H. O. Hilary	+R. W. Addison.
Birkenhead, Cheshire		17.7	11.6	\$55,000	Ernest W. Tame	J. Coulthard.
BIRMINGHAN, Warwick. Bishop's Castle, Salop	1,002,413	18 1	11 3	6,374,960	See p	(677)*
&Blackburn, Lauca	1,352 122,697		13.7	5,403	Briggs H. Marsden	C. A. Critchlev
Blackpool, Lancs	101.543	10'53	14'4	1,327,316	(See p F. Lavender Briggs H. Marsden . D.L. Harbottle, Li. R	C. E. Tatham.
Blandford Forum, Dorset	3,371	14'54	13 35	31,594	W. M. WHSOH	Miss E. G. C. Smith
Blaydon, Durham Blyth, Northumberland	32,259	19.84	11.36	104,837	J. H. Mulcahy	P. Gormley.
Bodinin, Cornwall	32,670 5,526		10.6	131,300	J. Leigh Turner Ernest W. Gill	K. Airkiand.
6Bolton, Lanca	177.350	13.8	18.5	988.213	Samuel Parker	Dr. E. Monks.
Boston, Lines. (Holland) Bournemouth, Hants	76,799	28 9	13.3	489,989	H. Partington	M. Webster.
Bonramouth Hants	22,249		18.0	108,307	Robert Walsh	J. H. Tooley.
Brackley, Northants	2,181		14.05	1,012,077	Herbert Ashling Charles Eric Barnes	J. E. Engecombe.
\$BRADFORD, Yorks (W.R.)	208,04I		13.89	2,159,009	(See n	570)*
Brentford and Chiswick,	62,950		10.45	586,365	J. Skinner	C. H. Curtis
Middlesex Bridgnorth, Salop						1
Bridgwater, Somerset	5,151 17,139	18.43	13.2	32,000	Harold A.E.Gardner H. Bedale	J. J. Higgs.
Bridlington, Yorks (E.R.)	, -,,-39	43		. 27.033	AUMBIE	C. DIJCI.

		7				
	}	·				1
Cirius, Boroughs, and	Popu-	Rate pe	7 1,000			Mayor, 1933-34.
Urban Districts.	lation.			Latenbie	Town Clerk (or Clerk U.D C).	Lord Mayor
O TOLK DIET LILE.	1931.	Births	Deaths	Value	(OF CIEFE U.D.C.).	t Chairman U.D.C
		2			1	1
Bridport, Dorset						1
Bridport, Dorset	5.077	14.0		3- 46-	S Edger Howard	S. J. Gale
Brighouse, Yorks (W.R.)	10 256	14.0	*3.3	37.502	Ernest H Clear	A. Reeve
SBrighton, E. Sussex	747 497			- dag 48a	I H Rothwell C P F	Miss W Wardy
BRISTOL (City & County)	407.043		3.2	1,395,403	S.H. Rothwell C.S.E. (See p. S. Critchley Auty Philip Wood (Colin Campbell H. B. Chapman Richard Moore Thomas Wilson	628-0 Y
Bromley Kent	400,048	12 01	11 0	2,010,107	& Cuitables Auts	W Ti ainh
Ruckingham	45,374 3,08a 58,259	12.0	10.7	495.551	Della Ward	Land Addington
Buckingham	3,002	13 0	13 0	17.135	Calla Carratall	T Dinner
Dunton upon Thank Staff-	50,259	18.03	13. OI	555,424	Conn Campnen	L Rippon.
Burton upon Trent, Staffs	49,405	14.2	18.3	<b>274.934</b>	H. B. Chapman	w. nutson.
Bury St. Edmunds, W.	56, 182 16,708	18.24	13 47	34×,739	Richard Moore	I. Evans.
Bury St. Lamunds, W.	10,708	12 78	10.90	82,393	Thomas Wilson	E. L. D Lake.
Sunoik.					l	
Buxton, Derbyshire	15,363	16.16	11 72	144,435	H. C. Hoggett	J. H. Smythe.
Caine, Wilts	. 3,463	10.0	10.8	17,045	C. O. Gough	G. H. Wiltshire.
Cambridge	66,789	, 10.0 j	10.2	485,000	Cecil H. Kemp	A. A. Spalding.
Cannock, Staffs	34,588	193	9.2	120,601	W. C. Speedy	+J. Phillips.
OCANTERBURY, Kent	24,450	13'4	11.6	100,045	G. W. Marks	F. Wood.
CARLISLE, Cumberland	57 304	17.8	13.1	344.052	Fred. G. Webster	E. Gray.
Carlton, Notts	23.336	15'5	9.8	76,026	E. W. Turpin	†J. E. Walton.
Carshalton, Surrey	28,762	15 05	7.0	288,527	H. C. Hoggett	+Mrs. K. M. Baker.
Castleford, Yks. (W.R.)	21.784	17 QI	18 KA	90.788	W. E. S. Barnes	†A. Berrey.
Chadderton, Lancs	27.450	18.6	13.4	124.81=	J. Scholfield. M.B.R.	tJ. Denham.
Chard, Somerset	4.475	10.82	15.00	27.50R	John Adams Forward	B. Lee.
Bury St. Edmunds, W. Suffolk. Button, Derbyshire Caine, Wilts	43.220	17.4	18'4	222.077	J. Scholfield, N.B.E. John Adams Forward Edward B. Lee	M. Packer.
Chelmsford, Essex	30 537	14.34	0.06	22,071	G. E. Barford	S. C. Taylor.
Cheltenham, Gloucester	40.418	11.3	70.8	20,300	Robt. Owen seacome	E. L. Ward
Chenning Wycombe Beks	49,420	76.0	10.0	390,093	P R Rescrift II B	W S Toms
ACH PRINTED	47,428	16.5	10.08	192,171	I Hughand Dickeon	C. Suntage
Chestarfield Derhyshire	64 460	70.3		301,743	I I Westber	R A Moditor
CHICUPEMED W Sugar	04,100	*/ 3	11 0	313,547	1 W Tonder Convon	C C Allen
Character I Fores	14,100	-6.3	12.031	97,512	A 9 Coldban	+Mus P V Giutala
Chinnenham Wilte	8 400	10 7	0.7	182,000	G. E. Barford Rolt, Owen Seacome P. B. Beecroft, LL. B. J. Bushand Dickson J. L. Feather J. W. Loader Cooper. A. S. Coldham. A. Strand Frank W. Morris George Jackson W. D. Platt, LL. B.	W F Vives
Chimping Kouton Oran	0,493	43.5	12 4	40,114	Charle W Mounts	D Madou
Chipping Norton, Oxon Chorley, Lancs Christohurch, Hants Cinque Ports (see Dover,)	3,409	14.3	17.0	13,305	Cooper Technon	D H Hodeldan
Christohumah Hants	30,790	14.3	13 2	×37.597	W To Diete	N Parmes
Circus Bonts (121 Donne)	13,109	17 0	11.3	04,505	W. D. Einbu, blab	N. Dariles.
Hautines With Don		i			(Registrar:-R. E.)	Lord Warden.
Hastings, Hythe, Roni-	•••		'	•••	Knocker, M.B.E.	Earl Beauchamp.
Hastings, Hythe, Rom- ney, and Sandwich, also Rye and Winchelsea)					Registrar:—R. E. Knocker, M.B.E., Dover	K.G. (1012)
kye and winchessen)					4 C Destan	AT Course Date
Cleerhorpes, Lines	39,294	10 78	10.93	135,427	A. b. Barter	To. Croit Baker.
Clitheroe, Lancs	12,008	11.0	13.1	59,345	W. Bell Weeks, F.S A.	R. blanley
Coalville, Lescester	31,886	19.6	10.0	78,528	F. W. Newbold	TAI P. DOWNES.
Colchester, Essex	45,701	15 0	10 9	294,713·	R. L. H. Hiscott	W. G. Benham.
Kye and winchesea; Clethorpes, Lines	23,790	14.8	136'	125,857	A. S. Barter W. Self Weeks, F. S. A. F. W. Newbold R. L. H. Hiscott L. A. Venables Edward A. Plant J. C. Roper E. C. King	. w. Greenwood.
Congleton, Cheshire	12,885	12 9	13 1	50,807	Edward A. Plant	W. E. Gee.
Coucley, Staffs	<b>25</b> , 137	18 1	18.0	64.314	J. C. Roper	T. A. Grange.
Coulsdon and Purley,	37,708	11.8	8.2	5=6,873	E. C. King	tJ. H. Edwards.
					l	
QCOVENTRY, Warwick	158.000	13.2	9 4	1,033,293	Fredk. Smith, B.A.	I. J. Harris.
Crewe, Cheshire	46,061	14 1	18 9	307,105	A. E. Illingworth.	A. G. Bott.
SCOVENTRY, Warwick' Crewe, Cheshire SCroydon, Surrey	233,115	14.0	10.8	2,070,610	J. M. Newnham,	J. Trumble.
Dagenham, Essez Darlington, Durham Dartford, Kent. Dartmouth, Devou. Darwen, Lancs. Daventry, Northants. Deal, Kent. Derby Devizes, Wiltshire Dewsbury, Yorks (W.R.) Doncaster, Yorks (W.R.) Dorchester, Dorset. Dovar, Kent					O.B.K., LL.D	
Dagenham, Essex	89.365	80'4	6 5	425,734	F. W. Allen	tW. C. Markham.
Darlington, Durham	78,093	16 i	11.2	465,004	H. Hopkius	W. G. Chandler.
Dartford, Kent	28,928	15.65	g. 6	204,264	J. J. Hurtley	A. J. Penney.
Dartmouth, Devou	7,000	13 1	16.0	48,000	Gilbert Jones	E. A. Travers.
Darwen, Lancs	30,010	11.18	14.80	180.554 S	Charles C. Byers	T. Clark.
Daventry, Northants	3,608	18:56	11 61	16,648	Geo E. Foster	L. G. Wooldridge.
Deal, Kent	13,680	1B.42	14.85	01.020	Douglas A. Daniels	E. Cavell.
Derby	143,406	14	11.4	810.270	Charles Ashton, M. A.	A. H. Slanev.
Devizes, Wiltshire	6.0¢B	14.07	15.1	33.707	A. Hodge	G. Shepherd.
Dewsbury Yorks (WR)	E4.207	14.7	12.8	30,707	Holland Booth	H. F. Shaw.
Doncaster Vorks (W R	62.276	75.2	TO:4	464 160	W. Barshaw, O.R.	G. H. Ranvard
Dorchester Dorset	23,310	-3 3	***	66 405	I A Handa 8 a C	R N Dawes
Dover Kent	41 000	-4 7		00,407	R R Knocker W * W	F H Moregroft
Droitwich Wares	44,597	-3 55	-4.20	*30,581 /	Arthur V Holyaska '	E Evens
ADmiller Workstown	4.353	9 05	70.02	Z4,904	George C V Come	W C Williams
Designed Charles	<b>391379</b>	-9 70	6-	219,050	Proper Baylow	W Dielelmann
Dunatable Peda	+9.309	-5 -7	-3 07	07,500	T Manage Coombe	A Cook
Dovar, Kent Dovar, Kent Droitwich, Worcs.  4Dudley, Worcestershire Dukinfield, Cheshire Dunstable, Beds. DURHAM	10,310	4 7	*****	45,230	Fredk. Smith, B.A. A. E. Illingworth. J. M. Newnham, O.B.K., LL.D. F. W. Allen H. Hopkins H. Hopkins J. J. Hurtley Gilbert Jones Charles C. Byers Geo E. Foster Douglas A. Daniels Charles Ashton M.A. A. Hodge. Holland Booth W. Bagshaw, O.B.E. J. A. Hands, S.S. C. R. E. Knocker, M.R. E. Arthur V. Holyoake. George C. V. Cant. Ernest Barlow J. Murray Coombs G. A. Carpenter	I C Towler
DURALE	10,384 ,	15.13	11.00	9,533	G. A. OEFPERIOR	. C. FOWIEL.

684	Mun	<b>ici</b> pal	Dir	ectory o	f England.	
	Popu-	Rate pe	r 1,000.			Mayor, 1933-34.
Citizs, Boroughs, and Urban Districts	lation,			Rateable Value.	Town Clerk (or Clerk U.D.C.).	* Lord Mayor. † Chairman U D.C
Orban Duir an	1931.	Births	Deaths		(or Clerk U.D.C.).	+ Chairman U D.C
Ealing, Middlesex	117.707	14'4	10.8		R. H. Wanklyn	E. H. Atkinson.
East Ham, Essex	57,435	13.4	18.31	834,081	Hy. West Fovargue.	G. Thornton.
East Ham, Essex	143,394	14.2	10.3	696,566	C. Eustace Wilson	W. W. Bagot.
East Retford, Notts	13,412	17.15		73,254	Wm. Percival Jones.	H. Hunt.
Eccles, Lancs	44.415	13·5	22.2	231,895	A. V. Ridgway	G. G. Senior.
East Retford, Notts Eccles, Lancs Edmonton, Middlesex ELY, I. of Ely	77,052 8,382	\$15.4	9'4 13'9	437,074 36,558	R. H. Wanklyn Hy. West Fovargue. C. Eustace Wilson Wm. Percival Jones. A. V. Ridgway F. W. Claxton A. E. Woodrow	†LieutCol. G. I Archer.
Enfield, Middlesez	62.824	14.60	10.04	548,673	K E Tansley	FH. B. Collier.
Epsom, Surrey	35,500	11 4	7.00	370,170	K. E. Tansley P. E. Whiteoak	†H. Skelton.
			-		P. E. Whiteoak- Cooper. D. S. Twigg Thomas Allard Cox. C. J. Newman John A. Armstrong. Ernest P. Skinner F. Entwistle	10 0 0
Erith, Kent Eston, Yorks (N.R.)	32,789	13.8	10.21	221,517	D. S. Twigg	tG. C. Humphreys
Eston, Yorks (N. K.)	31,142	22.4	10.8	111,993	Thomas Alland Car	TMISS A. Laies.
Evesham, Worcestershire	10,600	16.3	9.8	56,039 581,635	C J Newman	T. J. W. Templeman
Exeter. Eye, E. Suffolk	1,732			7.735	John A. Armstrong.	E. A. Onvon.
Falmouth. Cornwall	12.222	72.00	13.48	7,735 84,758	Ernest P. Skinner	J. Harris.
Farnworth, Lancs	28,717	15 76 14 2	11.3	116,822	F. Entwistle	†G. Tomlinson, C.C
Farnworth, Lancs Favorsham, Kent Felling, Durham	10,091	13.3	13.0	56,515	Jonn A. Armstrong. Ernest P. Skinner. F. Entwistle Guy Tassell. W. P. Parkin H. Wood Barter A. Cottam C. F. Nicholson. W. C. P. Gatley. G. T. Nietcher John W. Porter F. J. R. Mountain. R. T. Gould, M.A. Roger Rose L. O. Need A. Mangnall J. W. Pullon H. R. Mangnall Aubrey Cyril Malim Hy. H. Brown, B.A. J. W. Jackson, O.B.E. Charles H. Wood A. Basterfield Percy Saunders.	F. J. Terry.
Felling, Durham	27,041	13.0	5.9	78,250	W. P. Parkin	†G. Harvey.
Finchley, Middlesex Fleetwood, Lancs Folkestone, Kent	58,961	11.6	10.3	710,000	H. Wood Barter	V. Wells.
Fleetwood, Lancs	ss,983	80, I	11.8	134,738	A. Cottam	G. M. Robertson.
Folkestone, Kent	35,753 2,382	11.8	13.9	389,422	C. F. Nicholson	A. Castle.
Fowey, Cornwall Friern Barnet, Middx	2,352	11.0	15.16	14,905	G T Wetchen	A (' Hanss
Cateshard Durham	23,101	15.0	8.2	214,811	John W Poster	T Armstrong
Friern Barnet, Middx Gateshead, Durham Hillingham, Kent	60.082	19.3	13.3	541,220	F J R Mountain	S O Summers
lastonbury, Somerset	4,515	74.8	13.0	3**,573	R. T. Gould, M.A	R. Clark.
			13.2	85,658	Roger Rose	W. Dennis.
GLOUCESTER	54,937	15.0	13.3	348,434	L. O. Need	T. Hannam-Clark,
Gloucester Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloucester Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudenster Gloudens	10,660	18.84	12.75	83,482	Alfred P. V. Moon	E. D. Brown,
Rodmanchester, Hunts	1,991	15.3	11.4	6,858	Kenneth Hunnybun.	Mrs. D. M. Carr.
doole, Yorks (W. R.)	20,238	19.0	13.0	87,819	J. W. Pullon	R. H. Huntington.
Josport, Hants	37,925	10,1	11.2	297,279	H. R. Mangnall	S. Barnard Smith.
Frantham, Lincs. (Keste n Fravesend, Kent	19,709	16.8	10.2	109,017	Audrey Cyrii Manin	G F Mourie
Chimshy I from (Tindoor)	331490	100	15.2	453,005	I W Jackson ORR	C. Canning
Inildford Surrey	30,754	13.0	11.4	340,034	Charles H Wood	W. G. L. Shenpard
Fuildford, Surrey Halesowen, Worcs Halifax, Yorks (W.R.) Hairogate, Yorks (W.R.). Harrow Middlesex Hartlepool, Durham	31,058	15.8	10.1	349,934	Charles H. Wood A. Basterfield Percy Saunders Jos. Turner Taylor . J. Strachan W. Woodward A. J. Hanslip Ward. George R. Bull D. W. Jackson	HH. J. Cox.
Halifax, Yorks (W.R.)	98,115	18.1	14'8	551,831	Percy Saunders	F. A. Leach.
Harrogate, Yorks (W.R.)	39.785		11.0	493,075	Jos. Turner Taylor .	J. H. Newsome.
Harrow, Middlesex	26,990	14.46	8.01	360,064	J. Strachan	†T. Charles.
Hartlepool, Durham	20,545	32'5	13.04	60,295	W. Woodward	Maj. J. B. Graham
CHELATCH' TAGGOT	12,040		12.0 0.0	67,019	A. J. Hanslip Ward.	Mrs. R. Hill.
Haslingden, Lancs	16,639 65,207	10.0	12.0	81,913	George R. Bull	F. Brandwood.
Hastings, E. Sussex Hayes and Harlington,	23,649		11.30	0,0,500	D. T. DUCKBOH	Tate the Arat Golle
Middlesex.	=3,049	-1.3	7.3	100,204	G. Mervyn Heap	I Is. G. Hartiey.
Heanor, Derlyshire	22.781	17.3	10.3	70.815	F. Cattle	Charles Mettam.
Hebburn, Durham Hedon, Yorks (E.R.)	24,123	18.3	12.2	78,000	F. Cattle(vacant)	James McCourt.
Hedon, Yorks (E.R.)	1,508	17.6	17.0	5,304	J. Watson Jos. Walker Tyacke. Alfred E. Usher L. Worden, LL.M. Alfred Caldecott T. B. Feltham	J. E. Tinkler.
Helston, Cornwall	2,545	13'4	13'4	9,497	Jos. Walker Tyacke.	Henry Toy.
HemelHempstead, Heits.	15, 122	33.60	18.3	85,789	Alfred E. Usher	A. H. Jarman.
Hendon, Middlesex		33.60	18.10	1,371,687	L. Worden, LL.M	C. C. Cartwright.
Henley-on-Thames, Oxon		18 4	13.8	42,696	Alfred Caldecott	W. Lee.
HEREFORD		14.4	13.9	175,047	T. B. Feltnam	E. W. Langford.
dermord	11,376	13.8	10.3	77,03x	Maj. J. A. Long- more, M.B.E.	r. W. neale.
Heston and Isleworth, Middlesex.	75,446	17.36	9.72		Harold Swann	
Heywood, Lanes	85.067	13.3	14.3	112.066	George G. Bouchier See "Chepping F. J. Simpson T. Robey E. H. Byrde W. C. Allen E. B. Croasdell W. J. Harrison, B.A. Samuel Procter	A. E. Goldstone
High Wycombe, Bucks		•		,300	See "Chepning	Wycombe."
Higham Ferrers N'thants	200	8.5	13.8	10,754	F. J. Simpson	G. W. Battersby.
Hindley, Lancs	21,620	19.3	12.1	63,505	T. Robey	†James Willcox.
Honiton, Devon	3,008	14.0	13.0	20,914	E. H. Byrde	W. A. E. Stamp.
Hornchurch, Essex	28,417	18.1	7'9	244,027	W. C. Allen	†C. L. Parker.
Hornsey, Middlesex Hove, E. Sussex Huddersfi'ld, Yks.(W.R.)	95,524	11.32	11.42	1,003,750	E. B. Crossdell	W. J. Grimsnaw.

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	1	Rate pe				
Ciries, Boroughs, and	Popu- lation,	rence he	1 1,000.	Rateable	Town Clerk	Mayor, 1933-34.
Urban Districts.	IRTIOD,			Value.	(or Clerk U D C.).	* Lord Mayor † Chanman U D C
ì		Births	Deuths	£		1 Chairman Circ
6HULL, Yorks (E.R.)	313,366	10.3	11.8	1,631,637	J. W. Winter	679.)*
Huntingdon	4,206	12.0		23,646	J. W. Winter	E. H. Fisher.
Hyde, Cheshire	28.075	11.2	14.3 13.1	144,425	Thos Brownson, B. A.	G. Spencer.
Hythe, KentIlford, Essex	8,397	11.0	x3.4	62,664	Herbert Stainer	T. A. Taylor.
Illord, Essex	131,040	11.8	4:2	1,010,470	F T F Williams	D. J. S. Pitt.
Ilkeston, Derby	38,009	10.33	10.4	110,903	A F Howeste	+George Brown
Alpawich E Suffolk	87.557	12.4	13.13	514.10I	A. Moffat	P. W. Cobbold.
				108,405	(vacant)	R. I. Dodds.
Keighley, Yorks (W.R.). Kendal, Westmorland	40,44I	13.0	34.1	245,938	Samson Walker	E. Whalley.
Kendal, Westmorland	15,575	13.93	Z5.09	102,694	Harold Rhodes J. Chaston	E. Jones.
Kettering, Northanits	31,820	13.2	10.3	180,732	J. Chaston	H. Hodge.
Kidderminster, Worcs	28,917	15.26	12.27	135,311	Col. J. H. Inursneld,	G. K. Woodward.
Tituela Tamas Namiolis				6-	M.C., T.D. J. W. Woolstencroft	T A Prost
King's Lynn, Norfolk Kingston-upon-Thames	20,583	17.00	13.78	93,167 404,947	Alfred W. Forsdike	Gir A Woodente
(Royal), Surrey.	39,722	1 0	3		)	
Lancaster	43,383	13.0	18.3	226.08c	R. M. Middleton	H. Warbrick.
Launceston, Cornwall	4,071	14.07	14.07	22,973	Stuart L. Peter	W H. Gilbert
Launceston, Cornwall Learnington, Spa (Royal),	29,662	11.0	15.6	273,990	R. M. Middleton Stuart L. Peter Leonard Rawlinson	W. E. Jones.
Warwick.				i	\$	
(LEEDS, Yorks (W.R.)	482,789	14'4	13.3	3,200,061	(See p. H. A. Pritchard T. B. Bamber	078.)*
CLEICESTER	239,XII	14.08	13.0	1,049,980	T R Rombon	W R Roydall
Leigh, Lancs Leominster, Hereford	45,3±7 5,797	14.8	15'34	201,143	A. H. Gibson	H. Foster
Lewes, E. Sussex	51707 TO 785	13.12	18.42	84.042	C. W. Stephenson	J. C. Kenward
				680,704	John Atkinson	A. J Allanson
LICHFIELD, Staffs	8,649	15 8	11'4	46,372	W. Brocksom	A. H. Perrins.
\$LINCOLN	66,243	IS.I	14.0	413,270	G. H. Banwell	G. Deer.
Liskeard, Cornwall	4,268	11.97	12.38	21,018	R. A. Peter	W. F. Young.
CLIVERPOOL, Lancs	855,539	31.0	13.8	6,522,612	(See p.	077).* DD 469 6> #
Leyton, Essex LIGHFIELD, Staffs.  (LINCOLN LISKEARD, CORTWALL CHYPERFOOL, LANCS. LONDON Long Faton, Derbyshire Lostwithlel, Cornwall Loughborough, Leics. Louth, Lincoln (Lindsey) Lowestoft E. Suffolk	8,202,818	17.9	11.0	55,925,428	W E Stanley	t Iames Frauna
Lostwithiel Cornwall	1.225	16.0	16.0	5.373	J. Percival Heath	F. J. Chirgwin.
Loughborough, Leics	26.045	14.5	11.6	158,035	W. S. A. Robinson	J. S. Marr.
Louth, Lincoln (Lindsey)	9,544	13.86	16.89	45,487	Hugh E. Roberts	E. Thompson.
Ludlow, Salop Luton, Beds Lydd, Kent Lyme Regis, Dorset	41,769	15.8	11.0	316,131	C. Ashton Stray	W. Mobbs.
Ludlow, Salop	5,642	14'5	14.6	28,500	W. Charles Tyrrell	W. Parsonage.
Luton, Beds	68,520	13.9	9'9 9'49	510,495	Walter Tapagraft	G T Poins
Lydd, Rellt	2,776 2,630	3.08	16.2	27.407	H. J. Ramshotham	G. H. Worth
Lymington Hants	15,430	11.0	11.0	181.557	F. J. Beeching	W. E. Kirkman.
Lymington, Hants Lytham St. Anne's, Lancs.	25,764		13'4	303,867	Walter Heap	C. D. Sharman.
Macclesfield, Cheshire	34,902	12'4		153,696	Richard Clegg	T. M. Abraham.
Maidenhead, Berks	17,520	¥4°75	11 97	137,818	H. E. Davies	E. B. Norris.
Maidstone, Keut	42,259	14.8	18.8	360,018	Graham Wilson	W. Day.
The Maldens & Coombe,	23,405	12.00	9.2	200,112	H. A. Fritchard T. B. Banber A. H. Gibson C. W. Stephenson John Atkinson W. Brocksom G. H. Banwell R. A. Peter (See p. 667 and W. E. Stanley J. Percival Heath W. S. A. Robinson Hugh E. Roberts C. Ashton Stray W. Charles Tyrrell Whifrid H. Robinson Walter Lamacraft H. J. Ramsbotham F. J. Beeching Walter Heap Richard Clegg H. E. Davies Graham Wilson J. W. Johnson, M. B. E.	Tr. S. Wagner.
Surrey.	6 45-	72.2	12.2	1	C. H. Cloughton	
Maldon, Essex	6.559 =-334	12.0	15.2	34,709 9,994	Montagu Hv. Chubb	G. Tanner.
6MANCHESTER, Lades	766, 378	15'37	13.03	6,517,697	(See D.	677-8.)*
Mansfield, Notts	46,077	14.9	10,1	#35,897	(See p. A. C. Shepherd P. T. Grove, LL.B	A. J. Beck.
MANCHESTER, Lancs Mansfield, Notts Margate, Kent	31,312	10.4	11.2	395,858	P. T. Grove, LL.B	F. L. Pettman.
Marlborough, Wilts Merton & Morden, Surrey	3,498	8.4 15.8	9.7	29,199	W. H. VOWIES	H. W. Cooper.
Merton & Morden, Surrey	41,228	15.8	7.2	337,423	Preston Kitchen	A Cooper
Middlesbrough, Yorks (N.R.).	138,489	20.46	12.06	1	O. R. R.	1
Middleton, Lancs	29, 189	14.0	12.0	127.200	J. P. Walmsley	J. Cockshott.
Mitcham, Surrey	56,872	18.3	8.6	345,610	8. Chart, D.S.O	+J. Fitch.
Morecambe and Hey-	24,542		15.6	199,836	J. P. Walmsley S. Chart, D.S.o J. Entwistle, M.B.E.	J. C. Wilson.
sham, Lancs.		ì	_	•	1	
Morley, Yorks (W.R.) Morpeth, Northumb	23,396	13.0	13.7	95,125	F. Thackray	E. Barrowclough.
	7,391	1 25.9	11.4	30,159	Luward C. Jackson	R. S. Dowle.
Moreles Towns		13.4	15.8	44,000	TIOCUEL	F. Oguen.
Mossley, Lancs	12,041		14.8		II H KEINWICK	
Nelson, Lancs.	38,304 18.055	10.0	11.40	234,770 02.047	LtCol. H. Tallents	J. A. Helliwell. C. Stephenson.
Mossley, Lancs. Nelson, Lancs. Newark-on-Trent, Notts.	12,041 38,304 18,055	10.0		934,770 92,057	F. Thackray Edward C. Jackson V. C. Procter J. H. Baldwick LtCol. H. Tallents D.S.O., T.D., M.A.	C. Stephenson,
Nelson, Lancs.	18,055	17.32	11.79		LtCol. H. Tallents D.S.O., T.D., M.A. B.C.L. S. Widdicombe	1

		<u></u> _				
Ciries, Boroughs, and Urban Districts	Popu-	Rate p	er 1.000.	Rateable	Town Clark	Mayor, 2933 34
Urban Disfricts	7931	Births	Deaths	Value	Town Clerk. (or Clerk U.D C).	• Lord Mayor † Chairman U D C
	·			. <u>_</u> £		1
Newcastle-under-Lyme, Staffs.	54·549	19.8	11.3		J Griffiths, M.A.	J. Bentley.
NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE Newport, I. of Wight	283.145	17.1	12'4		LU.B.	600 600 V
Newport I of Wight	12,323	1		2,340,043	T. Ross Pratt	679-680.)*
New Romney, Kent .	1,786	14.7	×3 z	98,301	1. Ross Platt	J L. Mitchell
Tion requirely, money.	2,700	10.07	7.3z	11,103	waiter Lamacrait .	Maj M. Teichman
Newton in Makerfield,	20,150	1 1	10.2		C. Cole	1
Northampton	92,341	13.3	11.8	648 421	W. R. Kew	E Allist
Norwich, Norfolk	126,236	33.3		648 201	Noel R Rudd W A	*W C Joy
Norwich, Norfolk	268,801	10.36	12'47	1,812,889	(See 1)	680 V*
Nuneaton, Warwick	46,305	18.08	10.03	2,012,009	Thomas Oldword	W T Smith
Okehampton, Devon	3.352	11.8	16.0	201,113	1 T Nowwends	W D Chemine
Oldbury, Worcestershire	35,918	10.4	10.1	10,974	A. Colonial	Liver Waller
coldham, Lancs	140.214	18.8		137,120	T I WILL	Champan
Ossett, Yorks	14,834	14.8	13.0	700,118	J. J. Williams, LL.D. T. W. Wilson H. Bird Jones	o. Mannon.
Oswestry, Salop	0.054	12.3	10.9	90,573	I. W. Wilson	G. Moornouse
MOVEDED	9,754	15.3	13.9	05,488	H. Bird Jones	J. H. Pront.
OXFORD	80,540	13.21	10 96			
Penryn, Cornwall	27,762	12.8	10.8	203,327	A. J. Elson	†J. B. Geale.
Pennsus Communal	3,414	18.6 13.71	13.6	11,135	Matthew H. Truscott	A. T. Greenwood.
Penzauce, Cornwall	11,342	14'3	15.0	73,649	A. J. Elson	J. W. Meek.
Danasa	_	!	(			
PETERBOROUGH	43,558	13 9	11.7	273,005	Arthur J. Reeves	A. E. Fletcher.
OPLYMOUTH	43.558 208,182	15.6	12 6	x.630.630	R. J. Fittall, O.B.E.	E S. Leatherby.
Pontefract, Yorks (W.R.)		19.1	10.0	94,407	Gilbert Wilkinson	J. J. Frain.
Poole, Dorset	57,258	15'8	11.7	513,800	Wilson Kenyon	W. C. J. Shortt.
PORTSMOUTH, Hants	252,421	16 2	12.3	1.767.600	F. J. Sparks	*Sir Harold Pink.
Preston, Lancs	119,001	14.8		636,371	Arthur J. Reeves R. J. Fittall, O.B.E. Gilbert Wilkinson Wilson Kenyon F. J. Sparks H. E. Nutter F. H. Ashton	Mrs A. M. Pimblett.
Prestroich, Lance	23,88z	11.0	9 0	171.000	K. H. Ashton	+R Clear
Pudsey, Yorks (W.R.)	14,761	14'0	12.6	68 610	Hanson A Demoine	I Toyloff
Poole, Dorset  Poole, Dorset  Proston, Lancs.  Prestoich, Lancs.  Pudsey, Yorks (W.R.)  Queenborough, Kent  Raddiffe Lancs.	2,941	18.2	6.8	12 618	Hanson A. Demaine E. C. Harris	G R Stevens .
Radcliffe, Lancs	24,675	13'5	13.2	-4- 8-6	Samuel Mills, M. B.R.,	AF I Wooleway
. ,	1,-10	-3 3	-3 -	141,010	DOA A	TE . HOOKWAJ.
Ramsgate, Kent	33,603	14'2	10.4		F.S.A.A.	7 7 Due
Rawtenstall, Lancs.	33,603 28,575	11.0	13.8	210,547	H. G. Curtis	L. L. Dye.
(Reading Rerks	97,153		12.8	x 30, 590	Harry Isherwood	J. namer.
(Reading, Berks Redcar, Yorks (N. Riding)	20,159	14.3	9.8	731,120	C. S. Johnson, M.C R. McClean Heber Davies	Wiss E. M. Sutton.
Reigate, Surrey	30,825	14.4	11.6	119,500	R. McClean	W. Morris.
		41.3	11 0	330,893	Hener Davies	Lt . Col. F. J. Spran-
Richmond Surrey						ger, O.B.E.
Richmond Vorks (N D )	39,276	11.6	11.6	519,205	Edwin M. Neave	J. T. Edwards.
RIDON Vonke (W P)	4,769 8,418	17.00	11.2	20,287	W. W. Foster	Mrs. M. Hodgson.
APochdole Tonor	0,410	12.6	13.3	51,330	J. Henry Gough	R. Thorpe.
Richmond, Surrey Richmond, Yorks (N.R.) RIPON, Yorks (W.R.) ROCHMENT, Kont	95,590	14.8	14.9	5 <b>84</b> ,616	W. H. Hickson, O. B. E.	T. E. Kershaw.
ROCHESTER, Kent	31,193	15'4	33'4	182,314	John L. Percival,	J. W. Leech.
Paul Caud Elucius		_ i	İ		M.C., LL.B.	
Romford, Essex Romsey, Hants	35,918	80.8	9.z	292,447	John Twinn	†R. A. Forge.
Post subset I all and a subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset in the subset	5.779 69,689	14'9	8.8	ag 336	B. W. Attlee, M.A	W. H. Summers.
Rotherham, Yorks (W. R.)	99,089	18 4	8.8	322,884	Edwin M. Neave W. W. Foster J. Henry Gough W. H. Hickson, O. B. E. John L. Percival, M.C. LL. B. John Twinn B. W. Attlee, M.A Chas. L. des Forges, W. R. E.	R. Kirk.
Manufacture Manufacture CA CC	_					
Rowley Regis, Staffs Rugby, Warwickshire Ryde, I. of Wight Rye, E. Sussex	41,238	16.85	11.32	121,924	Clifford Buckley	Benjamin Hobbs.
Lugoy, warwickshire	23,824	10.2	11.4	245,590	D. E. Biart Thomas J. Fawdry	J. J. McKinnell.
Ryde, I. of Wight	x8,537	11.0	17.0	131,480	Thomas J. Fawdry.	E. Havden.
Rye, E. Sussex	3,947	9.6	12.1	36.644	Edwin P. Dawes, T.D.	J. M. Jenkins
Sanron Walden, Essey	5.030		14'4	38,734	William Adams, b L	J. Custerson
ST. ALBANS, Herts St. Helens, Laucs	28,625	13.0	11.0	266,720	William Adams, D.L. W. G. Marshall	F G Warwick
ost. Helens, Laucs		~ 1	11.4	407.114	W. H. Pollitt. LL B	J Thackray
St. Ives, Cornwall	6,687	13.46	13'14	32.034	W. H. Pollitt, LL.B. T. J. Chellew, O.B.R.	C G Warren
St. Ives, Hunts	2,664	73.R	17'0	17.030	G. Dennis Day, LL.B. J. W. L. Foulkes H. H. Tomson Parthur Smart	H S Turner
Sale, Cheshire	25.071	11.3	11.2	810.14	J. W. L. Foulker	t.I. Paley Parish
OSALFORD, Lancs	883,438	IE'A .	73.8	1.105.730	H. H. Tomson	R A Hardy
SALISBURY, Wilts	26,455	16.1	18.0	100.17*	Arthur Smart	R I Cose
Saltash, Cornwall	3,540	14.4	24.6	*YY,*/1	Reginald McDonald	U I Dawn
Sandwich, Kent	3,287	33.4	15.8			
Scarborough, Yorks(N.R.)	41.701	13'4 18'8	13.2	19,009	E. CUGUL BYTHE, B. A.	J. J. Caspell.
Scunthorps and Frading.	33,761		9.9	509,177	E.Cotton Byrne, B.A. Sydney Jones J. F. Auld	G. A. G. Pindar.
		17.3		171,249		
Shaftesbury, Dorset'  \$BHEFFIELD, Y'rks (W.R.)  Shipley, Yarks (W.R.)	2.005				W. Farley Rutter	
SHEPFIELD, Y'rka(W R)	ETT 250		6	10,368	w. Farley Kutter	Mrs. E. M. Norton.
Shipley, Yorks (W. R.	120.842	7.4		2,795,629	H. Barnes	578.)"
	· 241-42 .	-5 5	-= = ;	100,000	n. Darnes	TGOrdon Waddilove.

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Ciries, Boroughs, and	Popu- lation,			Rateable	Town Clerk	Mayor, 1933-34.
Urban Districts.	2932	Total bal	Deaths	Value	(or Clerk U.D C).	* Lord Mayor † Chairman U.D C.
		Birtin	1 MELLIS	_£		
Sniewsbury, Salop	32,370	15.3	12.8	229,464	R. F. Prideaux G. H Potter	R. Mansell.
Sittingbourne and Milton, Kent.	20,175	17'4	10.0			
Slough, Bucks	22 520	18-4		-80 670	F R Darbare WA	+F R Whiteman
Smethwick, Staffs	33,530 84,406	15.5	3.0 9.0	209,012	Frank Chanman	E. Hewitson.
Southall-Norwood, Middx.	38,932	17.2	8.1	304,225	H. E. Burwell (B.A.	+C. F. Collins.
Southampton, Hants	176,025	17.8	18.1	1,356,657	R. R. H. Meggeson,	W. D. Buck.
Southend-on-Sea, Essex	120,093	13.0	10 6	1,198,307	H. J. Worwood	H. E.Frith.
Southgate, Middlesex South Molton, Devon	55,570	11.3	9 06	073,080	A. E. Lander	F Cookman
Southport, Lancs	2,831 78,927	11.37	13.11	876 BR	F. R. Duxbury, M.A. Frank (hapman H. E. Burwell (B.A. R. R. H. Meggeson, H. J. Worwood A. E. Lauder R. E. Perrins, Ll. M. Harold Avesy.	Dr. E. W. Lewis
South Shields, Durham Southwold, E. Suffolk Spenborough, Y ks. (W. R.)	113,455	19.3	14.8	482,252	Harold Ayrey	S. Lawlan.
Southwold, E. Suffolk	2,753	13.2	9.65	21,084	Ernest G. Nauntou	E. Pipe.
Spenborough, Y'ks. (W.R.)	30,963	13.1	12.7	127,055	J. H. Liufield	†P. N. Hartley.
Stafford	29,485 24,823	XX.8	11.4	168,968	(vacant)	S. Robinson.
Stalybridge, Cheshire Stamford, Lincs. (Keste-	9,946	13.0	14'5	104,070	Harold Ayrey Ernest G. Naunton. J. H. Liufield (vacant) Frank H. Worsley Charles Atter	E. Ireson
ven).	NI DATO	13 3				
Stanley, Durham	24,458	20'1	8.3	79,481	J. Hamilton	†F. Blackwell.
Stockport, Cheshire	125,490	18.7	78'7	740,960	F. Knowles	J. Coupe.
Stockton-on-Tees, Durh	67,697	19.8	13.1	295,084	Thomas Downey	C. W. Allison.
Stourbridge, Worcester	33,225	13.0	8.0	1,023,444	Geoffrey Luce	I Wright
Stratford - upon - Avon,	11,616	13.3	12.7	85.780	Robert Lunn	J. H. Rowe.
Warwickshire.	- *			1		[O.B.E
Stretford, Lancs Sudbury, W. Suffolk	56,795	13.0	11.0	480,329		Sir T. Robinson,
Suddury, W. Sunoik	7,007	10.3	17.4	28,789	T. M. Braithwaite,	Capt. R. G. Rees.
Sunderland, Durham	185,824	21'4	13 7	825 526	M.A., LL.B G S. McIntire, B A ,	E W Ditchburn
,	,	7	-3 /			
Surbiton, Surrey	30,188	16.6	10 1	373,308	R. H. Wright.	tH. S. Durbin.
Sutton and Cheam, Surrey Sutton Coldfield, Warw Sutton in Ashfield, Notts.	46,500	19.0	8.9	554,235	Harry Bolton	†S. H. Marshall.
Sutton to Aubield Notte	29.924 25,153	13.0	10.4	270,000	K. A. Keay-Nadin	A. E. Terry.
Swadlincote, Derbysh	20,305	17.5	98	66,000	E. R. Allen	+R. Brealey
Swadlincote, Derbysh Swindon, Wilts	62,407	14.7	10 2	322,380	W. H. Bentley	W. H. Bickham.
Swinton and Pendlebury,	33,557	10.0	13 5	182,954	R. H. Wright. Harry Bolton R. A. Reay-Nadin Luther Pepper E. R. Allen W. H. Bentley W. Carter, M. B E	†E. Alston.
Lancs.			12.8			
Tamworth, Staffs Taunton, Somerset	25,177	20.0	10.3	50,515	W H Railey	W Broke
Teddington, Middx	92 200	1 44.6	TA-Ř	184.277	F. E. Read	+R. G. Ive.
Tenterden Kent	2.472	11.6	, 10.0	20,357	Henry Wood W. H. Bailey F. E. Read H. B. Mace	Dr. T. Martin.
Tewkesbury, Glouces	4,352	12'5	. 14'4			
Inetiord, Noriolk	4,097	19.1	15.6	15,530	G. R. Blaydon J. R. Carr	NIT W. B. Gentle.
Thornaby-on-Tees, Yorks (N.R.).		21.7	13.2	05,478	. R. UBIT	I. M. NEWFICK.
Tipton, Staffs	35,814	22'1	13.0	117,716	K. W. Madin	tW. J. W. George.
1 iverton, Devon	9,010	12.7	13.6	55,783	J. Follett Pugsley	T. H. Ford.
Todmorden, Yorks (W.R.)	22,222	111.2	14'X	109,709	H. Garratt, M.B.R	J. Jackson.
Torquay, Devon Torrington, Great, Devon	49,165	13.3	14.2	483,014	H. A. Hield, M.A	H. Geen.
Totnes, Devon	2,913 4,525	14 72	. 10.0I	10,435	George E Windont	W Charlin Bennett
Totnes, Devon	157,772	14.3	10.1	801.107	Eric Townson, LL B	+M. R. James.
TRURO, Cornwall Tunbridge Wells (Royal),	11,047 35,365		13 0	60,079	L. Jago Carlyon	F. R. Pascoe.
Tunbridge Wells (Royal),	35,365	11.2	11.8	422,415	John Whitehead	T. H. Ford. J. Jackson. H. Geen. Capt. W. B. Starky. W. Chaplin Benuett. †M. R. James. F. R. Pascoe. R. H. Burslem.
Kent. Twickenham, Middlesex	39,906	14.7	10.4			
Tynemouth, Northumb.	64.013	19.41		344,424	Edwin G. Stray C. C. Henderson	S. Holmes.
Uxbridge, Middx	31,880	18.3	9.4	248,358	J. Poole	† Maj. E. W. C.
ł .	!	ļ.		l .	1	Wavell wa
WAKEFIELD, Yorks(W.R.)	59,x22		×3'4	343,519	T N. Grimshaw E. Evans, N.A., LL. B	T. Brewer.
Wallasey, Cheshire Wallingford, Berks	97,465 2,840	13.2	14.2			
				201.411	Charles E. Bradbury	P. McCardle.
Walsall, Staffs.	103,059	10.2	22.4	441,824	Herbert Lee	S. F. Edge.
Waithamstow, Essex	132,965	15.4	3.3	651,491	F. G. Garner	G. R .Lowton.
Warrington Tange	2,057	19.7	13.0	11,611	J. W. Miller	Rev. F. Coram.
Walthamstow, Essex	79,388	17.3	18.8	349,002	H. C. F. M. Fillmore	P. McCardle. S. F. Edge. G. R. Lowton. Rev. F. Coram. A. Crowe. Major H. N. Forbes.
	-31739			~5,31z	and the same and the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of t	Mangot M. M. Follos.

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Ciries, Boroughs, and	Popu- lation	Rate p	er 1,000	Rateable	Town Clerk	Mayor, 1933-34
Urban Districts	1971	Births	Denthy	Value	(or Clerk U.D.C.)	* Lord Mayor † Chairman U D C
Waterloo with Seaforth,	31,180	15 6	12.4	215,979	G. Wilkinson	†James McIver.
Watford, Herts	56,805	14'3	20 4		William Hudson	
Wealdstone, Middx	27,001	18.0	7.8	238,160	R. J. Bryant	+H. C. Stutfield.
Wednesbury, Staffs		19.6	12.2	115,319	N. P. Lester	P. Griffiths.
Wellingborough, N'thants		18.2	11.3	113,398	F. E. Gadd	Hedger Edwards.
WRLLS, Somerset	4,833	16.3	11.3		Ed. Pyndar Foster	
Wembley, Middx Wenlock, Salop	48,546	19.1	7.3	590,198	K. R. Royle, O.B.E. Frederick W. Derry	Thi. R. Dariey.
West Bromwich, Staffs.	14,159 81,281	18.1	15.6		Alfred Wickham	
West Ham, Essex		18.2		314,019	Charles E. Cranfield	H 1 Ruman
West Hartlepool, Durham		17.81	12.1	330 380	Harold W. Stanton	F R Mages
west har erepoor, During	50,134	3		350,507	0. B. R., B.A	17. 17. Magec.
Weston-super-Mare, Som.	28.555	10 3	11.2	350,000	G. Knowles, LL.B	+Frank Young.
Weymouth & Melcombe	<b>89,534</b>	11.6			Percy Smallman,	T. J. Guppy.
Regis, Dorset	-91334		-3 -	-4-7-13-	T.J., M.	
Whickham, Durham	20,363	16.3	12.1	03.022	Joseph Buggle	+Edward Taylor.
Whitley, Northumb	24,210	10.3		#36,378	A. Barker	+J. Hamilton Gran
Whitehaven, Cumberland		21.0	10.8	83,710	Tom Cuppage Bone	W. Stephenson
Widnes, Lancs	40,619	90 1			E. W. McNorton	
Wigan, Lancs	85,357		11.23	369,304	W. H. Tyrer, O.B R	J. Horne.
Willenhall, Staff	21,150	so 8	13.8	77,652	F. G. T. Webb	. J. A. Harper.
Willesden, Middlesev	184,434	14.6	9.8	1,358,468	Edwin A. Pratt	G H. Hiscocks.
Wilton, Wilts	2,024	1	17 4		Percy D. Aylward	broke, M V O
Wimbledon, Surrey	59,580	11 2	12 0	700,618	Herbert Smith, LL B.	Lady Rober
Winchelsea, Sussex	693		•••	4,500	Edwin P Dawes	G M. Truman, K C.
Winchester, Hants	23,969	12 8	12 5	230,140	J. A Crompton.	r. M Newton
Windsor, Berks (Royal)	20,287	15 5		***	M.A., LLB. J. W. Hambidge	(4 TF Short
Wisbech, I. of Ely	12,005	10.3	13.6 13.5	*****	F. W. Coulam	J Smith
Woking, Surrey	36,661	18.1	9.5		F H. Smith, LL.B	
nowing, Surregions.	30,001		93	3/0,410	r 22. ( line to 1, 111. D	1 B 8.C.
Wokingham, Berks	7,294	16 o	12 3	48.012	J. H. E. Clifton	
Wolverhampton, Staffs.	138,6sz	16.4	11.6		J. Brock Allon, B.A.	
Woodford, Essex	23,046	13.3	0.3		J. A. Simpson, LL.B.	
Wood Green Middlesex		13.2	10.3	465,770	H. Chubb, LL.B	S B. Cole.
Woodstock, Oxon	1,484	18.1	14.8	5.573	Stanley Henniau	F. T. Whitlock
Wordester	50,497	14.2	13 7	318,517	C. H. Digby Sey-	A. E. Looker
Workington, Cumb	24,601	10.1	13 3		Thomas Jackson	E J. Holden
Worksop, Notts	a6, a86	35'9	10.3	118,992	A. N. Schoffeld, LL.M.	C. A. Longbottom.
Worthing, W. Sussex	46,230	10.2	11 6	515,066	J.Kennedy Allerton.	
Yarmouth, Great, Nor- folk and Suffolk		13 7	11 I	340,557	W. E. Stephens,	P. C Ellis.
Yeovil, Somerset	19,078	14.0	10 0	128,043	Maj. H. C. C. Batten,	A. H. J. Strond.
AVORE	8. 8	-6:-	'	ros Ros	D.S.O. P. J. Spalding, LL.D.	tu E Harrowall
York	04,013	10 %	_18 I,	501,003	P. J. Spaining, LL.D.	

# FREEDOMS AND ADDRESSES (CITY OF LONDON).

THE Honorary Freedom of the City of London is conferred as a mark of high distinction upon eminent subjects of the Crown for exceptional services to the Country and the Empire. The Freedom of the City of London is acquired after strict compliance with regulations from time to time issued pursuant to resolutions of the Court of Common Council. The names of applicants who have complied with the regulations are submitted for election to the Court of Common Council at its fortnightly meetings, those applying through the medium of a Livery Company being submitted in a similar manner to the Court of Aldermen. Orphans of Freemen are eligible for election as foundation scholars at the Freemens' School, Ashstead, Surrey, and Freemen of the City of London are themselves eligible for admission to Almshouses at Brixton, in accordance with regulations from time to time issued.

Addresses of Welcome are occasionally offered to Foreign Sovereigns and Presidents pursuant to resolutions of the Court of Common Council. These high distinctions are sometimes confused with the ceremony of admission to the Honorary Freedom of the City, but the Honorary Freedom is conferred only on persons in allegiance to H.M. the King.

# THE PRINCIPALITY OF WALES.

# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

Position and Extent.—The Principality of Wales occupies the extreme west of the central southern portion of the island of Great Britain, with a total area of 7,467 sq. miles. It is bounded on the N. by the Irish Sea, on the S. by the Bristol Channel, on the E. by the English counties of Cheshire, Salop, Hereford and Monmouth, and on the W. by St. George's Channel. The greatest length from N. to S. (Point of Air to Barry Island) length from N. to S. (Foint of Air to Barry Island) is 36 miles, and the greatest breadth from W. to R. (3t. David's Head to the English border) is 92 miles. Separated from the mainiand by the Menai Straits is the Weish island-county of Anglesey or Môn (276 80, miles), communication with which is facilitated by the Menai Suspension Bridge (1,000 ft. long), built by Telford in 1826, and by the tubular railway bridge (1,000 ft. long) of the L.M. & S. Railway, built by Stephenson in 1850. Holyhead harbour, on Holy Isle (N.W. of Anglesey), provides accommodation for a fast steam packet service to Kingstown and Dublin (70 miles).

Population.—The population at the Census of 1931 was 2,593,014 (inclusive of Monmouthshire).

Relief.—Wales is generally mountainous, the chief systems being those of North Wales (Snowdon 3.571 ft., Carnedd Llywelyn 3.484 ft., Carnedd Dafydd 3.426 ft.); Berwyn (Aran-fawddy 3.570 ft.); Powys (Plinlimmon 3.462 ft., Drygan Fawr 3.123 ft., Radnor 3.163 ft.); and the Black Mountain, Brecknock Beacons and Black Forest ranges (Carmarthen Van 2,632 ft., Brecon Beacon 2,862 ft., Pen-y-gaver fawr 2,660 ft.).

Hydrography.—The principal river of those rising in Wales is the Secure (see England), which flows from the alopes of Plininmon to the English border, dividing Montgomeryshire on its English border, dividing Montgomeryshire on its way. The Wye (130 miles) also rises in the slopes of Plinlimmon, and flows between Radnor and Brecon on its course to England. The Usk (25 miles) flows into the Bristol Channel, through Monnonthshire. The Dec (70 miles) isses in Bala lake and flows through the Vale of Llangollen, where an aqueduct (built by Telford in 1805) carries the Pontcysyllte branch of the Shropshire carries the Pontcysyllte branch of the Shropshire Union Canal across the valley. The estuary of the Dee is the navigable portion, 14 miles in length and about 5 miles in breadth, and the tide rushes in with dangerous speed over the "Sands of Dee." The Town (68 miles), Tetf (50 miles), Taf (40 miles), Dovey (30 miles), Taf (45 miles), and Conway (44 miles), the last named broad and navigable, are wholly Welsh rivers.

The largest natural lake in Wales is Bale (Liyn Towid) in Mericoutchabire 4 miles long and about

Treid) in Merionethshire, 4 miles is Batte (Llyn Tegid) in Merionethshire, 4 miles long and about 1 mile wide; Lake Vyrnwy is an artificial reservoir, about the size of Bala, and forms the water supply of Liverpool, while Birmingham is supplied from a chain of reservoirs in the Elan and Claerwen valleys.

# EARLY HISTORY.

Celts and Romans.—The carliest inhabitants of whom there is any record appear to have been subdued or exterminated by the Goidels (a people of Celtic race) in the Bronze Age, and a further invasion of Celtic Brythous followed in the ensuring Iron Age. The Roman conquest of South Britain and Wales was for some time successfully opposed by Caradag (Caratacus), King of the

Silures, a tribe inhabiting the present counties of Glamorgan, Brecon, Radnor and Monmouth. In A.D. 78 the conquest of Wales was completed under Julius Frontinus, and communications were opened up by the construction of military roads from Chester to Carleon-on-Usk and Caerwent, and from Chester to Conway (and thence to Carmarthen and Neath). Christianity was introduced (during the Roman occupation) in the 4th century, and the faith thus established was preserved (after the withdrawal of the Roman garrison) by native effort, and was carried to the northernmost corners of the British Isles by missionaries to the Hebrides and to the Orkneys and Shetlands.

The Anglo-Sazon Attacks.—The Anglo-Sazon invaders of South Britain drove the Celtic Goidels and Brythons into the mountain fastnesses of Wales, and into Strathelyde (Cumberland and S. W. Scotland) and Cornwall, giving them the name of Waeling, or Welsh (=Foreign). The West Saxons' victory of Deorham (577) isolated the Waelisc of Wales from those of Cornwall, while the battle of Chester (652) similarly cutoff communication with the Waelisc of Strathclyde. In the 8th century the boundaries of the Welsh were further restricted by the annexations of Offa, King of Mercia, and counter-attacks were largely prevented by the construction of an artificial boundary from the Dee to the Wyc (Offa's Dike). In the oth century Rhodri Mawr united the country against further incursions of the Saxons by land and against the raids of Norse and Danish pirates by sea, but at his death his three provinces of Guynedd (N.), Powys (Mid.) and Dehenbarth (S.) were divided among his three sons—Anarawd, Mervyn and (adell—the son of the last-named being Howel Dda, who codified the laws of the country, while Lewelyn ap Seissyllt (husband of the heiress of Gwynedd) again united the provinces and reigned as Prince from 1015-1022.

The Norman Conquest.—After the Norman conquest of England William I, created Palatine counties along the Welsh frontier, and Robert FitzHamon, the Norman Earl of Gloucester, raided South Wales and erected fortresses from the Wye to Milford Haven. Henry I. intro-duced Flemish settlers into South Walcs, but after his death the Welsh rose under the leadership of Grighth ap Rhys and routed the Norman-Flemish forces at the fords of the Toifi (Cardigan) in 1236. From the early years of the 13th century the house Gwynedd, in the north, gained an ascendency over the whole of Wales, and Llewelyn ap Iorwerth was in constant strife with England for recognition as an independent soveregu; but Llewelyu, the son of Iorworth, was killed in x88 during hostilities between the Welsh and English, and his brother David was captured and executed by the English in 1283, On Feb. 7, 1301, Edward of Carnaryon, son of Edward I., was created Prince of Wales, a title thenceforward borne by the heir apparent to the throne of England.

MUNICIPAL DIRECTORY OF WALES AND MONMOUTH.

A list of CITIES (in SMALL CAPITALS), Boroughs (in ordinary type), and Urban Districts, with a population exceeding 4.000 (in tables).

	popu	llation	exceed	ling 40,000	(in italics).	
Cities, Boroughs, and Urban Districts.	Population,		Deaths	Rateable Value, £	Town Clerk (or Clerk U D C ).	Mayor, 1933 34.  • Lord Mayor  † Chairman, U.D C.
Aberdare, Glamorg	48,751	12.8	12.8		W. R. Morgan, M. B. E.	+Glen George R Sc.
Abergavenny, Mon	8.608	11.3	14'8	48,496		M. L. Beveridge.
Aberystwyth, Card	9,474	0.1	13.8	60,490	T. J. Samuel, M.B.K.	J. L. Evans.
BANGOR, Caru	11,460	10.4	12.4	E8 040	J. P. Williams, B. A.	J. Williams.
Beaumaris, Anglesey	1,708	11.4	17.6	8 200	J. Hugh Thomas	W. Owen.
Brecon	5,332	14 1	13.4	26,178	G. Hyatt Williams .	W. H. Jones Parry.
Caernaryon	8,469	14 T	13.4	44.820	John Williams	W. G. Williams.
CARDIFF, Glamorg	223,589	15.7	12.2	1,807,868	(see below)	*(see below).
Cardigan	3,350	-5 /		12.250	David Morgan Jones	D. B. Jones.
('armarthen	10,310	12.6	12'5	46.182	H. Brunel White	T. Lloyd.
Conway, Carn	8,769	12.4	13.6	ER.ETE	Hugh Parry	C. Whitmill.
Cowbridge, Glamorg	z,068	9.4	8.1	5.027	A. W. Gwyn	W. A. L. Phillips.
Denbigh	7,249	18.7	15'3	30,208	Robert Davies	J. M. Jones.
Fint	7,635	17.0	0.6	33,602	J. Bibby Denny	R. W. Barber.
Gelligaer, Glamorg,	41,043		11.4	128.835	J. Evans	†Thomas Evans.
Haverfordwest, Pemb	6,113	14'0	15.4	24.031	II. W. D. Williams .	S. B. Morgan.
Kidwelly, Carm		16.0	13.3	13.004	Mervyn D. J. Paton	T. W. Thomas.
Lampeter, Card	1,748	12.62	16.02	8,566	J. Ernest Lloyd	W. R. Lloyd.
Llandovery, Carm	1,980	13.7	17.5	6.240	J. Phillips	J. C. Jones.
Llanelly, Carm	38,393	14.6	11.7	157.613	Henry W. Spowart .	M. R Richards.
Llanfyllin, Montgom	I,449	20.3	11.5	4.427	N. B. Edwards	G. Jones-Elliss.
Llanidloes, Montgom.	2,356	11.0	15 9	7,125	Arthur Davies	D. T. Morgan, sen.
Merthyr Tydfil	71,108	14.7	13.6	227,241	J. Ernest Biddle	B. J. Williams.
Monmouth, Mon	4,732	14.7	12.0	22,782	A. C. Tweedy	W. G. Bruten.
Montgomery	903	13.1	25 3	3,405	N.P. Vaughan-Pryce	J. D. K. Lloyd.
Youth Clamore	22 222	14'0	10 5	140.221	A. E. I. Curtis	E. J. Hopes.
Newport, Mon	80,203	16.8	11.0	603,464	O. Freharne Morgan	F. J. Humphries.
Pembioke	12,008	14.1	14'0	51.055	Ronald D. Lowless	R. G. Ferrier.
Pontypridd, Glam	42,737	16.4	12.8	147,522	H. L. Porcher	tA. Seymour.
Port Talbot, Glamorg	40,672	14'3	11'4	152,142	Moses Thomas	J. A. Brown.
l'wllheli, Carnarvon	3,599	13 08		19,241	W. Cradoc Davies	E. R. Davies.
Rhondda, Glamorg	141,346		12.2	400,848	D. J. Jones, M.B.K.	thlewellyn Jones.
Ruthin, Denbigh	2,912	11.6	12 7	16,420	Baldwin Griffith	J. Roberts.
Swansea, Glamorg	164,797	15.2	12 0	1,000,645	(see below)	'(see below).
Tenby, Pemb		14 25	10'5	24,000	G. Meyrick Price	A. Francis.
Welshpool, Montgom	5,637	11.7	13.2	34,172	J. Ben Davies	W. H. Watson.
Wrexham, Denbigh	18,567	13.7	12.2	112,536	Lawson Taylor	H. Hampson.
			e note	at head of i	698	

CARDIFF.

CARDIFF (Clamorgan), at the mouth of the rivers Taff (Caer Taft), Runmey and Ely, the port of the South Wales coal fields, has a municipal area of 13,638 acres, and a population (1331) as 3,648. The principal industries include ship repairing, rope making, steel, copper, lead and zinc works, iron and steel foundries, putent fuel works, engine wagon works, flour mills, chemical factories, paper mills, breweries, pan vinegar and ice factories, tin plate and paint works. The chief imports are grain, timber, pitwood, ore, fruit, butter, cheese, frozen and chilled meat, live cattle, canned goods, sugar, potatoes. The exports include coal, coke, patent fuel, iron and steel manufactures, tin plates, &c.

The principal buildings are Cardiff Castle, built in the 11th century, the National Museum of Wales, Public Library, the University College of South Wales and Monmouthshire, the Registry of the University of Wales, Technical College, City Hall and Law Courts, and Glamorgan County Hall. The city returns 3 members to Parliament.

The Lord Mayor (1933-34), A. E. Gough.
Stipendiary Magnetrate, W. Hugh Jones, K.C.
Recorder, Roland E. L. Vaughan-Williams, K.C.
Town Clerk & Cik. of Peace, David Kenvyn Rees,

SWANSEA.

SWANSEA (Glamorgan), at the mouth of the River Tawe, is the chief centre of the copper, timplate and spelter industry of the United Kingdom, and contains the largest tube works in the country. The trade of the port also includes coal (the largest authractic port), patent fuel, ores, and the import and export of oil (National oil letineries). There is also a large ship-repairing industry. The trade is principally with France, Italy and Belgium. The municipal area is 24,193 acres, with a population at the census of 1931 of 164,825, Included in the borough is the health resort of Mumbles.

The principal buildings are the Norman castle (re-built in 1320), the Royal Institution of South Wales, founded in 1835 (containing Misseum and Library), the University College at Singleton, and the 17th century Grammar School, founded by Hugh Gore. Swansea was chartered by King John, and incorporated as a borough by Henry III. The borough returns 2 members to Parliament.

Mayor (1933-34), E. Harris. Recorder, E. W. Milner-Jones. Town Clerk, H. L. Lang-Coath.

# THE KINGDOM OF SCOTLAND.

Position and Extent.-The Kingdom of Scotland occupies the northern portion of the main island of Great Britain and includes the Inner and island of Great Britain and includes the Inner and Outer Hebrides, and the Oikney, Shetland, and many other islands. The Kingdom Hes between 6° 3r' 30" and \$4° 38' N. latitude and between 1° 45' 32" and 6° 24' W. longitude, its southern neighbour being the Kingdom of England, with the Atlantic Ocean on the N. and W., and the North Sea on the E. The greatest length of the mainland (Cape Wrath to the Mull of Galloway) is 374 miles, and the greatest breadth (Buchan Ness to Applecross) is 154 miles. The total area of the Kingdom is 31,510 square miles (land and water). The population (at the census of 1931) was 4.842.554, a decrease of 39,943 since the census of 1932.

Relief .- There are three natural orographic divisions of Scotland. The Southern Uplands have their highest points in Merrick (2,764 feet), have their highest points in Merrick (a,764 feet), kinns of Kells (a,668 feet), and Cairnsmuir of Carsphairn (a,672 feet), in Kinkcudbright; Hartfell (a,653 feet) in Dounfries; and Whitecombine (a,695 feet), in Peebles. The Central Lowlands include the valleys of the Tay, Forth and Clyde, and the cittes of Edinburgh, the capital of the Kingdom, and Glasgow, its principal seaport. The heather-clad Northern Highlands extend almost from the extreme north of the mainland to the central lowlands, and are divided into a northern and southern system by the Great Glen; they contain, in the central Grampian Hills, Ben Nenu (4,406 feet), the highest point in the British Isles, and Ben Muich Dhui (4,206 feet). The Cheviot Hills form a natural boundary between Scotland and England, their highest point being Cheviot Hill (2,676 feet).

highest point being Cheviot Hill (a,676 feet).

Hydrography.—The principal river of Scotland is the Clyde (a6 miles), one of the most important rivers in the world, with the greatest commercial estuary in Scotland. The Clyde is formed by the junction of Daer and Portrail water, and flows through the city and port of clasgow to the Firth of Clyde. During its course it passes over the picturesque Falls of Clyde, the largest falls in the British Isles, Bounington Linn (30 feet), Corra Linn (84 feet), Dindaff Linn (a2 feet), and Stonebyres Linn (86 feet), above and below Lanark. The Tweed (96 miles) has important woollen industries ("Tweeds") in its valley. The Tay, noted for its salmon, and the longest river in Scotland (127 miles), flows into the North Sea, with Dundec (the centre of the jute industry) on the estuary, which is spanned by industry) on the estuary, which is spanned by the Tay Brudge (a miles 73 yards), opened in 2887 to replace that destroyed by a gale (Doc. 28, 1879). The Des (90 miles), a noted salmon river, flows through scenary of unequalled beauty to the North Sea at Aberdeen. The

**Lond's End to John o' Greats.—The curtomary measurement of the Island of Great Britain is from the comparison of the Island of Great Britain is from the Carlot Great Investment Duncansby Head (Asithness 1st the N.E. extremity of the Island to Laud's End, Cornwall fat the S.W. extremity), a total distance of Seg miles in a straight line and (approximately) see by road. But the site of the house of John de Groot (with its 3 doors and octagonal table, to solve the question of precedence between John and his 7 brothers is about 4 miles S.W. of Duncansby Head, wills Dunnessby. John de Groot is believed to have obtained permission to estite in Gaithness (from the Netherlands) in the reign of James IV, (1408-1573).

Spey (110 miles), the swiftest flowing river in Spey (120 miles), the switest nowing river in the British Isles, and also noted for its salmon and its scenery, flows into the Moray Firth. The Forth (66 miles), navigable to Stirling, its spanned by the Forth Bridge, constructed 1882-9 at a cost of £3,000,000, with a length of 5,330 feet (with approaches 8,295 feet). The lochs are the principal hydrographic feature of the Kingdom, both on the mainland and in peacy of the Islands. The largest in the

and in many of the Islands. The largest in the Kingdom and in Great Britain is Loch Lomond (24 miles long), with Lochs Awe, Tay, Rannoch and Ericht in the Grampian valleys; Loch Ness

and Ericht in the Grampian valleys; Loch Ness (24 miles long and 800 feet deep), with Lochs Orch and Lochy, in the Great Gleu; and Lochs Shin (20 miles) and Maree in the northern Highlands.

Orkney.—About 6 miles N. of the Caithness coast, separated from the mainland by the Prentland Firth, is the island county of Orkney, a group of 90 islands and islets ("holms" and "akerries"), of which one-third are inhabited. The total area of the group is 2724 Square miles. The total area of the group is 375% square miles, with a population (rozz) of 25,896. Kirkwall, in Pomona (or mainland), the largest island of the group, is the capital of the county. Many of the Orkney (and Shetland) Islands contain brochs (Pictish towers) and other Pictish and Pomona and Hoy, was the war station of the Grand Fleet from 1914-9 and the scene of the scuttling of the surrendered German High Seas

Scattling of the surrendered derman right Seas.
Fleet (June ar, 1939).
Shettand.—About so miles N. of Orkney (with
the detached Fair Isle at a miles N.) is the
island county of Shetland, a group of about
too islands and islets, of which as are inhabited. xoo Islands and islets, of which so are inhabited. The total area of the group is 55x square miles, with a population (xgr.) of 27,0xx. Lerwick, in Mainland (the largest and principal island), is the capital of the county. Fair Isle, the southernmost of the group, is famous for hand-knitted hosiery, and Unst for the finest of the Shetland woollen work, for which the county is famous. Muckle Flugya, about x mile N. of Unst, is the most northerly of the group and of the British Isles (60° 5x' 30" N. lat.).

Western Islands—Off the W. const. st. vary.

Western Islands. *-Off the W. coast, at varying distances, and extending from Sutherland to Argyll, are over so islands and islets, of which roz are inhabited. The total area of these Western Islands is 2,822 square miles, with a population of close on So,000, but owing to the mountainous surface of the land only about 300 square miles are under cultivation. The Inner square miles are under cultivation. The Inner-Hebrides include the island of Skye (643 square miles—capital, Portree, famous as the refuge of Prunce Charlie after his defeat at Culloden, Invernessshire, in 1746), which contains the Cuilisis (Sgurr-na-Banachdich, 3,343 feet), Red Hills (Box Callich, 3,403 feet), and many other picturesque mountains; Mull (357 square miles), containing Ben More (3,285 feet), Ben Buy (3,354 feet), and Ben Creuch (3,289 feet); Jura

^{*} The Hebrides.—Until the closing years of the right century "The Hebrides" included other Scottish islands in the Firth of Uyes, the peninsula of Kintyre (Arryllelitre), the leis of Man, and the (Irish) Isle of Kathlin. The origin of the name is stated to be the Greek Bouedar, latinised so the bedse by Pliny, and control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the co

(160 square miles), with a chain of hills culminating in the Paps of Jura, Beinn-an-Oir (a.57x feet), and Beinn Chaolais (a,407 feet); Islay (a35 square miles), and many smaller islands. The Outer Hebrudes, separated from the mainland by the Minch, include Levis-with-Harris (770 square miles), celebrated for its homespun "Tweeds," North Uist, South Uist, Rara and other islands. Thirteen miles W. of Stornovay the larvest town of Lewis and of the Hebrides) are (the largest town of Lewis and of the Hohrldes) are the "Druidical" remains of Callerniah, a well-preserved sories of monolithic circles, cruciform in general arrangement, but generally regarded as a heathen monument of the remote Stone Age. Climate. - The climate of Scotland is influenced by the much indented coast line and (like that of South Britain) by the Gulf Stream Drift, which emerges from the Gulf of Mexico as a which emerges from the Gull of nextee as strong current about 30 miles in width, with a speed of about 4 miles per hour; the stream gradually loses its velocity and becomes shallower and cooler, until at about 35° N. lat. (off Cape Hatteras) it ceases to be a distinct stream and its surface waters are carried across the Atlantic by the prevailing westerly winds. The climate is more bracing and less treacherous than that of England, the average duration of sunshine on the east coast being greater than on the east coast of England, while the south-western section is no wetter or more relaxing than the corresponding section of England. The mean winter temperature is in the neighbourhood of 35°, and that of summer about 58° Fahrenheit.

The offices of the Scottish Travel Association

are at 37, George Street, Edinburgh.

### EARLY HISTORY.

Prehistoric Man.—North Britain appears to have been invaded in Palaeolithic times by a succession of races, who died out or were exterminated by other immigrants. The earliest race of which there is any record is that since known as the Picts, believed to be of non-Aryan origin, and stated to have been named Picts by the Romans on account of the tribal habit of painting the body. The Picts seem to have inhabited the whole of North Bittain and to have spread over the north of Ireland. Picts' Houses are most frequent in the northern counties of Cathness and Sutherland and in the Orkney Islands, and it is generally believed that the Picts were driven northwards by later Celtic minigrants. Celtic Goidels and Brythons arrived from Belgic Gaul during the latter part of the Bronze Age and in the early Iron Age, and except in the extreme north of the mainland and in the islands the civilization and areach and in the islands the civilization and speech of the people were definitely Celtic at the time of the Roman Invasion of Britain.

The Roman Invasion of Britain.

The Roman Invasion.—In A.D. So Julius Agricola extended the Roman conquests in Britain by advancing into Culedonia as far as the "Grampian" Hills, but after a victory at Mons Graupius (since corrupted to "Grampius") he was recalled, and no further advance was made for about 60 years, when the Roman frontier was carried to the isthmus between the Forth and Clyde and marked by the Wall of Pius, towards which ran military roads from the Cheviots. The Roman occupation of Southern Caledonia was not so effective as that of South Britain, and before the close of the second century the northern limit of Roman Britain had receded to Hadrian's Wall, from the Tyne to Solway Firth, where it was maintained until about A.D. 450.

The Scots.—During the later years of the Roman occupation the garrison was continually harassed by Pictish tribes north of the Wall, aided by Scots (the Gaelic tribe then dominant in Ireland), and when the garrison was withdrawn these Picts and Scots were the principal enemies of the Celtic Brythons, who are believed to have the Coltic Brythons, who are believed to have called in the Saxons to protect them from the invasions of their neighbours. A relic of the struggle between Pict and Brython is still to be seen in the Catrati, or Picts' Work Dyke, of Roxburgh (from Torwoodle, near Galashiels, to Peel Fell in the Cheviots). Christianity was introduced into Southern Caledonia about 360 pm inssionaries from Romanized Britain, who penetrated to the northern districts and islands. After the withdrawal (or absorption) of the Roman garrison of Britain there were many years of tribal warfare between the Picts and years of tribal warfare between the Picts and Scots, the lirythonic Waelisc (Welch) of Strath-clyde (South-west Scotland and Cumberland), and the Auglo-Saxons of the Lothians. The Waelisc were isolated from their kinsmen in Wales by the victory of the West Saxons at Chester (673), and towards the close of the 9th century the Scots under Kenneth Macalpine became the dominant power in Caledonia. In the reign of Malcolm I. (943-954) the Brythons or Waelisc (Welch) of Strathclyde were brought into subjection, the lowland kingdom of the English (Lothiau) being conquered by Malcolm II. (7005-7034). From the close of the 11th century until the middle of the 16th there were constant wars between Scotland and Kugland, the outstanding figures in the stringgle being William wars between Scotland and England, the outstanding figures in the struggle being William Wallace, who defeated the English at Stirling Bridge (1297), and Robert Bruce, who won the victory of Bannockhurn (1234). James IV. and many of his nobles fell at the disastrous battle of Flodden (1513), and in 1603 James VI., the Stuart King of Scotland and the heir to the Tudor line of England (his mother, Mary "Queen of Scotland and the read-arrandalmother of Henry VII.). on England (in mother, Mary "Queen of Scots," was the great-granddaughter of Henry VII.), succeeded Queen Elizabeth on the throne, his successors reigning as Sovereigns of Great Britain. After the abdication (by flight) of James VII. and II., the crown devolved upon William II. (grandson of Charles I.), and Mary (daughter of James VII. and II.) and, their issue failing upon Anne Second daughter of James VII. (daughter of James vil. and il.) and, their issue failing, upon Anne (second daughter of James vil. and Il.). Anne's children dued young, and the throne devolved upon George I. (great-grand-son of James VI. and I.). In 1689 Graham of Claverhouse "roused the Highlands" on behalf of James VII and II but dued after willtary Claverhouse "roused the Highlands" on behalf of James VII. and II., but died after a military success at Killiecrankle. In 1715, armed risings led to the indecisive battle of Sherriffmuir, but the movement died down until 1745, when the "Young Pretender" defeated the Royalist troops under Sir John Cope at Preston Pans and advanced to Derby in England 1746. From Derby, the adherents of "James VIII. and III." (the title claimed for his father by the Young Pretender), fell back on the defensive, and the Jacobite movement was finally crushed by the Royalist troops under the Duke of Cumberland at Culloden (April 18, 1746).

The Hebrides did not become part of the Kingdom of Scotland until 1266, when they were ceded to Alexander III. by Magnus of Norway.

ceded to Alexander III. by Magnus of Norway. Orkney and Shetland fell to the Scottish Crown as a pledge for the unpaid dowry of Margaret of Denmark, wife of James III., in 1468, the Danish suzerainty being formally relinquished

# AREA AND POPULATION OF SCOTTISH COUNTIES. WITH CAPITALS, LORDS LIEUTENANT AND CONVENERS.

WILL OAT		OLLDIS III	BUISNANT AND CON	VIII DIO.
Counties and Headquarters.	Popula- tion, 1931	Acres.	Lord Lieutenaut.	Convener of County.
Aberdeen (Aberdeen)	300,430 270,190	1,261,521 560,186	Marq. of Aberdeen, K.T. Earl of Strathmore and	F. M. Batchelor.
			Kinghorne, K.T., G.C.V.O.	
Argyll (Lochgilphead)		1,990,472	Duke of Argyll	LtCol.T. O. Lloyd, C.M.G.
Ayr (Ayr)	285,182	793,600	James Archibald	Cin Coome Abor crambia
Banff (Banff)	54,835			Earl of Home, K.T.
Bute (Rothesay)	26,601 18,822		Duka of Montage Ca	J. M. Lamont, M. B. R., LL.D.
Caithness (Wick)		139,432	De Hon Sing H M Cin	Col. E. W. Horne, C.M.G.
Caltilless (WICK)	25,050	448,068	clair, Bt., C.M.G., LL.D.,	
ł	1		M.P.	A.F.
Clackmannan(Clackmannan)	31,947	30,477		Earl of Mar & Kellie, K.T.
Dumbarton (Dumbarton)	147.751	157.280	Sir I Colquhoun, Bt., D.S.O.	William M. Moore.
Dumfries (Dumfries)	81,060	680,217	Duke of Buccleuch, K.T.	Hingh S. Gladstone.
East Lothian (Haddington)	47,369	179,142	Earl of Wemyss	Lord Polwarth.
Elgin or Moray (Elgin)	40,805	304,606	Duke of Richmond	LtCol. M.G.G. Peterkin.
Fife (Cnpar)	376,861	314,952	Sir Ralph Anstruther, Bt.	Earl of Elgin.
Inverness (Inverness)	82,082	2,616,545	Mackintoshof Mackintosh	Col. Cameron of Lochiel.
Kincardine (Stonehaven)	39,864		Viscount Arbuthnott	
Kinross (Kinross)	7,454	46,487	Capt. Alex. Price Haig	Sir H. P. R. Montgomery,
Kirkendbright (Kirkendbt.)	30,341	574,588	Col. R. F. Dudgeon, C.B.	Capt. F. W. Weekes. [Bt.
Janark (Lanark)			Sir James Knox	
Midlothian (Edmburgh)		231,724	Earlof Roschery D.S.O., M.C.	Sir J. Don Wauchope, Bt.
Nairn (Nairn)	8,294	124,968	Brodie of Brodie, D.S.O	Earl of Leven.
Orkney (Kirkwall)	22,075	240,470	Alfred Baikie	Joseph Storer Clouston.
Peebles (Poebles)	15,050	226,899	Sir M. G. Thorburn	Capt. R. J. Thomson.
Renfrew (Paisley)	288,575	1,017,000	Duke of Atholl, K.T.	Col. Sir lingh Shaw-
Rentrew (Palsicy)	200,575	150,705	Stawart Rt. op	Stowert Pt CP
Ross & Cromarty (Dingwall)	62.802	T 070.004	Stewart, Bt., C.B. Sir Hector Munro, Bt	Gir R W Rrycko Rt
Roxburgh (Jedburgh)	45,787	435.656	Earl of Dalkeith	Rortran Tallest
Selkirk (Selkirk)	32,608	173,540	Mai. C. H. Scott Plummer	Maj.C.H. Scott-Plummer.
Shetland (Leiwick)	21,410	352,880	Alfred Baikie	Magnus Shearer
Stirling (Stirling)	166,447	286,338		Cant. T. Harvey.
Sutherland (Dornoch)	16,100		Duke of Sutherland, K.T.	Alfred N. MacAnlay.
West Lothian (Linhthgow)	81,426		Marq. of Linlitligow, K.T.	Daniel Robertson.
1		1	G.C.I.K.	
Wigtown (Wigtown)	29,299	310,747	Rt. Hon. Sir H. Maxwell	Earl of Stair, D.S.O.
1	1	1	Bt., K.T.	1
			= :	

EDINBURGH.

EDINBURGH, the Capital of the Kingdom, has a municipal area of 33,402 acres, and a popula-tion ('cusus of x93') of 438,998 (over the cu-larged area). The boundaries were extended in x920 so as to include the Burgh of Leith and part of the suburban district of the County of Midlothian. The city is built on a group of hills and contains in Princes Street the most beautiful thoroughfare in the world. The prinbeautiful thoroughfare in the world. The principal buildings are St. Giles's Church (restored 1879 83), and St. Mary's (Scottish Episcopal) Cathedral (Sir Gilbert Scott), the Castle (which contains, in St. Margaret's Chapel, the oldest building in Scotland', Parliament House (the present scat of the judicature, containing the Advocates' and Signet Libraries), the University, the General Register House (Robert Adam), Royal Scottish Academy, National Portrait Gallery and Holyrood Palese (containing parts Gallery, and Holyrood Palace (containing parts of the royal palace of James IV, and V.). The city is governed by a town council of 71 members, and sends 6 members to Pathament (including the member for Leith).

Rt. Hon. Lord Propost (1932 35), William J. Thomson, LL.D.

Town Clerk, Sir Andrew Grierson, LL.D., S.S.C.,

City Chamberlain, John D. Imrie, M.A., B.COM.

# GLASGOW.

GLASGOW, a Royal Burgh, City and County of a City, and the principal commercial centre in Scotland, has a municipal area of 30,046 acres, and a population (1931 Census) of 1,088,461 (increased to 1,130,675 by subsequent extension of area). The city occupies the north and south banks of the Clyde, one of the chief commercial estuaries of the world, and its trade was valued at £69,500,000 in 1930, the total net tonnage of the ships entering (1933-33) being 6.067,444 tons; of those cleared 5.993,781 tons. The principal industries are iron and steel works. shipbuilding, chemicals, leather, woollens, muslin-weaving, distilling, tobacco, cotton-mills and furni-ture. The chief buildings are the Early English Cathedral, built early in the 13th century, and incorporating part of an earlier structure, the University (Sir Gilbert Scott), the City Chambers, the Royal Infirmary and the Western and Victoria Infirmaries, the Art Galleties and the Mitchell Library. The City is governed by a town council of xx6 members, and sends 15 members to Parliament.

Rt Hon. Lord Provost (1932-35), Alexander Brown Swan.

Town Clerk, David Stenhouse, J.P. City Chamberlain, A. C. McMillan, C.A., J.P.

# SCOTTISH COUNTY OFFICIALS.

Counties.	County Clerk.	Clerk of the Peace.	Chief Constable
*Aberdeen	H. L. F. Fraser M.A., LL B.	A C. Morrison, O. B. K., LL. B.	John Gauld.
*Angus (Forfar)	R. H. Anderson	Thomas C. Louzon.	D. C. Christie.
Argyll	R. H. Anderson	Malcolm Sinclair	D. A. Ross.
	James E. Shaw	John Howie	Capt. H. F. M. Munro.
Banff	G. A. Cumming	J. L. M'Naughton, M.B E., v.D., Buckie.	William Hope.
Berwick	R. G. Johnston, O.B.R	C. J. L. Romanes, W.S	(Vacant).
Bute	David Arnot	James Matheson	John Robertson, O.B.E.
			Paisley.
Caithness	James Robertson	James Robertson, Wick	wm. K. Cormack, wick.
Clackmannan	T. Cunningham Shanks . John Robson	James Cuthbert	David Kobertson,
Dumfries	John Robson	B. M GOWAN	William Black.
Dumbarton	A. A. Templeton	John W. L. Craig	Neil McLennan. [D.S.O.
East Lothian	George Cruikshank	A. C. Stevenson	Maj S. W. Douglas, C.B.E, William Stewart.
Elgin or Moray	E. D. Jameson	D. A. Sniach	William Stewart.
Fife	J. M. Mitchell	it. Osnorne Pagan, w.s	J. Tennant Gordon, O.B.E.
Inverness	J. W. Mackillop John Falconer	D. Noble	Maj. A. C. Maclean.
Kincardine	John Falconer	J. B. Chinningham	Modert Mitchell,
Kinross	D. A. R. Cuthbert, M.C Adam Brown	Dataick Cifford	M. J. MERUIL, O.B.R.
Kirkcudoright	Ausin Drown	Tames America Wil	Alexander Norbit Zeith
*Lanark	John McGhie and R. Bryce	James Annan, Upper wu.	Alexander Nesdit Keith.
i	Walker.	(Vacant) Middle Ward.	
ADD 11 43 1	G T M-G	James Austin, Lower Wd.	Marie C W Donales C D T
	)	•	Maj. S. W. Donglas, C.B.E., D S.O.
Nairn	John McDonald	G. S. Storm	William Stewart.
Orkney	Duncan J. Robertson, o. B. k.	D. J. Robertson, O.B.E	John Muir Tulloch
	T Blackwood Wg	i	Maj. S W. Douglas, C.B.R.,
Perth	T. B. Marshall	Alexander Stewart	M. J. Martin, O.B E.
Renfrew	T. B. Marshall	T. MacRobert, Junr	John Robertson, O.B.K.
Dogg & Comments	T Q H Rurna Dingwall	W & Dawar	Cant D Kindayson ORP
Roxburgh	George J. Sherriff	T. Colledge Halliburton	David W. S. Brown (acta.).
Selkirk	W. C. Dundas, LL.B	J. Mowbray Kinnaird .	David W. S. Brown (actg.). Henry J. Wallace.
Shetland	John N. Sinclair	R. A. Johnson	Gifford Gray.
	James Learmonth		O. B. K.
Sutherland	Archibald Argo	A. J. Macrae	Douglas G. Ross.
West Lothian	I G R Henderson W.S.	A. P. Simpson, O.R.E., W.S.	Mai. S. W. Douglas, D.S.O.
Wigtown	A. Aitken, Stranraer	Percy J. Adair, Strangaer	Alexander Donald, O.B.E.
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The Cities of Edinburgh, Glasgow, Dundee, and Aberdeen are each a County of a City, and the Lord Provest
of each is entitled, by virtue of his office, to be appointed Lord Lieutenant

## DUNDEE.

DUNDEE, a City, Parliamentary, Municipal and Royal Burgh, on the left bank of the River Tay, 42 miles N. of Edinburgh, has a municipal area of 7,317 acres, and a population (Census 1931) of 175,583 (an increase of 7,268 since 1921). The principal buildings are University College (St. Andrews University), the Technical Institute, High School, Albert Institute and the Caird Hall Buildings. One of the finest Public Baths is in Dundee. The harbour affords dock accommodation of nearly 38 acres. The principal industries are jute manufacture in all its branches, and various forms of linen weaving, the making of preserves, shipbuilding, engineering, dyeing, and brewing. The City is governed by a town council of 34 members and sends a members to Parliament.

The Lord Provost (1932-25), William Huntley Buist.

Town Clerk, W. H. Blyth Martin.

# ABERDEEN.

ABERDEEN, a City and a Royal, Municipal and Parliamentary Burgh, 130 miles N.E. of Edinburgh, received its charter as a Royal Burgh from William the Lion in 1179. The municipal area is 6,748 acres, with a population (Census 1931) of 167,256 (an increase of 8,859 since 1931). The toinage of the ships entered in 1931 was 931,965 tous (and fishing vessels 1,349,845 tons). The chief industries are grantequarrying and working, white fish, salmon and horring fisheries, engineering, chemicals, browing, distilling, shipbuilding, paper-making, and woollen, jute and line manufacture. The principal buildings are the East and West Churches of St. Nicholas, Municipal Offices, Marischal College, King's College, Roman Catholic pro-Cathedral, Public Library, H.M. Theatre, Alt Gallery and Museum, and the Cathedral of St. Machar (14th century). The City is governed by a Town Council of 37 Members, and sends a Members to Parliament.

The Lord Provost (1932-35), Henry Alexander. Town Clerk, George S. Fraser, M.A., B.L.

# BURGHS OF SCOTLAND IN ORDER OF POPULATION. NOTE.—R signifies a Royal Burgh; P, a Parliamentary Burgh. Remainder are Police Burghs.

								gns.
	Burge. Po	pulation.		Вияси. Рори	lation.	1	Burgh. Popu	lation.
	Glascow R.P	088.417	68.	Denny and Dunipace	5,512	130.	Turriff	2,298
2	Glasgow, R.P Ediuburgh, R.P Dundee, R.P	438,088	69.	Burntisland, R. P	5,389		Auchterarder	2,254
3.	Dundee, R.P	175.583	70.		5,324		Eyemouth	8,831
4.	Aberdeen, R. P Paisley, P Greenock, P Motherwell and	167,259	71.	Girvan	5,292		Newburg, R	8,152
Ŧ.	Paislev. P	86,441	73.	Milngavie	5,056	134.	Millport	2,083
6.	Greenock, P	78,948	73.	Armadale	4,854	¥35.	Melrose	2,052
7.	Motherwell and		74.	Carnoustie	4,806	136.	Moffat	8,006
	Wishaw	64,708	75.	Blairgowrie and Rat-		z37.	Kinghorn, R.P	2,001
8.	Clydehank	46,963		tray	4,676	138.	Markinch	x,988
9.	Kirkcaldy, R.P Coatbridge * Kilmarnock, P	43,874	76.	Galston	4,601	139.	Newton-Stewart	1,914
10.	Coatbridge *	43,056	77.	Cupar, R.P	4,596	z40.	Coupar-Angus	z,883
II.	Kilmarnock, P	38,000	~0	Tranquit	4,526		Queensferry, R.P	z,798
12.	Hamilton, P	37,863	79.	Inverurie, R.P Bounyrigg and Lass-	4,524	142.		1,788
13.	Ayr, R.P Falkirk, P	36,784	80.	Bounyrigg and Lass-		143.	Sanquhar, R.P Banchory Cullen, R.P	z,753
14.	Falkirk, P	36,565			4,483	244.	Banchory	1,690
TE.	Dunfermline, R. P.	34,954	81.	Keith	4,424	145.	Cullen, R.P	x,088
IO.	rerun, K.F.	34,807	82.	Haddington, R	4,405	146.	Findochty	1,675
17.	Airdrie, P	25,954	82.	Lerwick	4,231	×47-	Alyth	x,66a
¥8.	Airdrie, P Ruthergien, R.P	25, 157	84.	Maybole Nairn, R.P.	4,310	<b>248.</b>	Portsoy Pittenweem, R P	1,651
IQ.	Dumfries, R.P	22,795	85.	Nairn, R.P.	4,201	149.	Fittenweem, R P	z,619
20.	Stirling, R. P	22,593	86.	Stonehaven Forres, R.P	4,185	150.	Portknockie	1,619
31.	Inverness, R.P	22,582	87.	FORTES, R.P	4,169	151.	Stromness	1,592
22.	Dumbarton, R.P	31,546	88.	Newmilns and Green-			Grantown-on-Spey	×,577
	Port-Glasgow. P	19,580	_	holm	3.979		Callander	1,572
24.	Buckhaven and	_	89.	Annan, R.P	3,959		Aberfeldy	1,505
	Methil	17,643	90.	Loanhead	3,940	155.	Aberfeldy Dollar	x,485
25.	Arbroauli, K. P	17,637	9z.	Lossiemouth Kelso Alva Huntly	3,914	I 50.		I,454
<b>≈</b> 6.		17,059	92.	Kelso	3,855	<b>₹5</b> 7∙	Invergordon	1,417
	Musselburgh, P.	16,996	93-	Alva	3,820	158.	Tain, R.P	1,383
28.	Renfrew, R.P	14,986	94.	Huntiy	3,776	159.	Biggar	1,313
<b>2</b> 0.	Alloa Galashiels, P	13,322	95.	Stornoway Dunbar, R Linlithgow, R.P	3,771	100.	Tain, R.P	1,310
30.	Galashiels, P	13,102	90.	Dunour, IL	3,751	101.	Pother	1,300
	Johnstone	12,837	97.	Cumpack and Holm	3,000	102.	Mothes	1,292
32.	Cowdenbeath	12,731	9B.	Cumnock and Holm-	- 6	103.	Ellon	1,201
33	Peterhead, P	12,545		head	ょっつょ	304.	Dargmond	2,255
34	Barrhead	12,308	99.	Kirkwall, R.P	3,517	105.	Auchternmehty, R	I,253
35	Irvine, R.P Kirkintilloch	12,032	100.	Banti, R.P North Berwick, R	3,409	100.	Coldstream	1,233
	Kirkintilloch	11,817		Kirriemuir	3,473	107.	Charlestown of Aber-	1,198
37.	Grangemouth	11 798		Kilrenny, Anstruther	3,320	100.	love love	
38.	Montrose, R.P		103.	Easter and Anstru-		-6-	lour Ladybank and	1,175
39.	Saltcoats	10,173	l	ther Wester, R.P		109.	Monkston	0
40.	Borrowstounness .	10,097		Manduff	3,325		Elie and Earlsferry,	1,128
41.	Fraserburgh	10,095	104.	Macduff Newport		170.	R	800,x
42.	Fortar, R.P	9,720	105.	Darvel	3,275		Posshanty	
43.	Rothesay, R	9,000	100.	Inverkeithing, R P.	3,-3-	171.	Rosehearty Kingussie	1,079
44.	Lochgelly				3,105	472.	Crail, R.P	1,067
45.	Helensburgh	9,297 8,893			3,104	1/3	Inverbervie R P	1,058
46	Gourock	8 844	770	Daibeattie	3,027	174.	Inverbervie, R.P Lochmahen, R.P	1,032
47.	Elgin, R.P	8 870	***	Castle-Douglas	3,00R	176	Old Meldrum	2,014 980
	Dunoon	8.780	112	Monifieth	8.084	177	Lochgilphead	
49. 50.	Buckle	8,688		Tillicoultry	2,953	278	Cove and Kilcreg-	974
5z.	Troon	8,544			s,946	-70.	gan	954
52.	Prestwick	8,538		Bridge of Allan	2,897	179.	Whithorn, R	
53-	St. Andrews, R.P	8 =60	176	Penicuik	2,750			951 888
54.	Kilavth	7,551		Stewarton	B,749	181.		882
35	Wick, R.P	7,548	118.		- 60-	-8-	Kortrose R P	875
56.	Dalkeith	7,502	110-	Lockerbie	2,574	182	Aberchirder	868
57.	Leven	7.411	120.	Dingwall, R. P	*,554	184	Cromarty, P	837
5Å.	Androssan	7,411 6,888	ISI.	Fort-William	2,527	18c.	Doune	822
SO.	Brechin, R.P	6,838	122.	Cockenzie and Port		-RA	Kalkland R	791
60.	Strangaer, R	6,420	1	Seton	2,526	187.	Tobermory	773
61.	Campbeltown, R.P.	6,309	133.	Kinross	2,525	z88.	Kintore, R.P	756
62.	Lanark, R.P	6,178			3,477	z80.	Tobermory Kintore, R.P Dornoch, R.P	725
62	Largs	6,115		Langholm	2,448	190.	Lauder, R	608
4.	Largs Peebles, R	E.843	126.	Whitburn	8,440	IQI.	Abernethy	595
95.	Ohen D	E.750	127.	Prestonpans	2,426	192.	Culross, R.P	495
64.	UUMII, F					-		
64.	Oban, P	5.667	128.	Innerieltnen	2,350	193.	Inveraray, R.P	454
65. 66.	Selkirk, R.P	5.667	128.	Innerieltnen	2,359 2,311	193. 194.	Inveraray, R.P New Galloway, R	455 307
65.	Selkirk, R.P.	5,667 5,544	129.	Innerleithen Kirkcudbright, R.P. n with privileges of a Roys	2,311	194.	Inveraray, R.P	455 307

Position and Extent.—Ireland lies in the Atlantic Ocean, to the West of Grant Britain, and is separated from Scotland by the North Channel and from Wales by the Irish Sea and St. George's Channel. The land area of the island is 23.532 sq. miles and its geographical position between 52° 56′ and 82° 22′ N. latitude and from 5° 25′ to 20° 20′ W. longitude. The greatest length of the island, from N.E. to S.W. (Torr Head to Mizen Head), is 23 miles, and the greatest breath, from R. to W. (Dundrum Bay to Armagh Head), is 23 miles. On the N. const of Achill Island (Co. Mayo) are the highest cliffs in the British Islands, 2,000 feet sheer above the sea. Ireland is occupied for the greater part of its area by the Central Plain, with an elevation of 50 to 350 ft. shows mean sea level, with isolated mountain scanses near the coast line. The principal mountains, with their highest points, are the Sperim Mountains (Sawel 2,240 ft.) of County Tyrone in the North; the Mountains of Mourne (Sileve Donard 2,766 ft.) of County Down, and the Wickine Mountains (Lugnaquilla 3,035 ft.) in the North-East; the Derrymagh Mountains (Errigal 2,466 ft.) of County Donegal in the North-West; the Comenara Mountains (Twelve Pins 2,695 ft.) of County Galway in the West; Macgillicouddy's Reeks (Carrantochill 3,245 ft., the highest point in Ireland in the South-West; and the Galtee Mountains (3,026 ft.) of County Tipperary, and the Knockmealdorm (2,609 ft.) and Comeragh Mountains (2,470 ft.) of County Waterford, in the South. The principal river of Iudand (and the longest in the British Isles) is the Shannon (2000 miles), rising in County Cavan and drahing the central plain. The Shannon flows through a chain of loughs to the city of Limerick, and thence to an extuary on the western Atlantic seaboard. The Slaney flows in the British Isles) all plays, and the Swir, Nore, and Barrow to Waterford Harbour. As in Scotland, the principal hydrographic feature is the Loughs, of which Lough Neaph (250 sq. miles) in the north-east is the largest in Ireland

Primitics Man.—Although little is known concorning the earliest inhabitants of Ireland, there are many traces of neolithic man throughout the island, while the use of bronze implements appears to have become known about the middle of the ryth century B.O. In the later Bronze Age a Celtic race of Goodels appear to have invaded the island, and in the early Iron Age Brythons from South Britain are believed to have effected settlements in the south-east, while Prefs from North Britain established similar settlements in the north. Towards the close of the Roman occupation of Britain, the dominant tribe in the island was that of the Scoti, who afterwards established themselves in Scotland.

Legendary History. — According to Irish legends, the island was settled by a Milesana race, who came from Scythia by way of Spain, and established the Kingdom of Tara, about 500 R.O. The supremacy of the Ardri (high king) of Tara was acknowledged by sight lesser kingdoms (Munster, Connaught, Arlech, Oriel, Ulidia, Meath, Leinster and Ossory) ruled by descendants of the eight sons of Miled. The basalt columns on the coast of Antrin, eight miles from Portrush, known as the Giant's Lauseway, are connected with the legendary history of Ireland as the remnants of a bridge built in the time of Finn M'Coul (Fingal) to connect Antrin with Scotland (Staffa).

Christianily.—Christianity did not become general nutil the advent of St. Patrick. St. Patrick was born in Britain about 289, and was taken to Ireland as a slave about sixteen in 422 he was consecrated Bishop at Auxerre and landed in Wicklow to establish and organise the Christian religion throughout the island.

Later History.—The Roman conquest of Biltain was not extended to Ireland, and little is known of the history of the country until the invasions of Northmen (Norwegians and Danes) towards the close of the 8th century A.D. The Norwegians were distinguished as Findgaill (White Strangers) and the Danes as Dubgaill (Black Strangers), names which survive in "Fingall,"

'MacDougall" and "MacDowell," while the name of the island itself is held to be derived from the Scandinavian Ira-land (land of the Irish), the names of the Provinces being survivals of Norse dialect forms (Unide-tir, Laights-tir, Mu mans-tir and Kunnak-tir). The out-standing events in the encounters with the Northmen are the Battle of Turu (980), at which the Hy Noill king Maelsechlainn II. de'eated the Scandinavians of Dublin and the Hebrides under their king Amlaib ('uarán; and the Battle of Clondard (1024) by which the Scandinavian power was completely broken. After Clontard the supreme power was disputed by the O'Brians of Minister, the O'Neills of Ulster, and the O'Counors of Counaught, with varying fortunes. In x152 Dermod MacMurrough (Diarmait Mac-Murchada), the deposed king of Leinster, sought assistance in his struggle with Ruaidhri O'Convor (the high king of Ireland), and visited Henry II., the Norman king of England. Henry authorized him to obtain armed support in England for the recovery of his kingdom, and Dermod culisted the services of Richard de Clare, the Norman Earl of Pembroke, afterwards known as Strong-bow, who landed at Waterford (Aug. 23, 1770) with 200 knights and 1,000 other troops for the reconquest of Leinster, where he eventually settled, after marriage with Dermod's daughter. In 1172 (Oct. 18) Henry II. himself landed in Ireland, with a force larger than Strongbow's, and obtained homage from the Irish kings, but Anglo-Norman rule underwent many fluctuations in the succeeding centuries, being confined in the early 15th century within the English "Pale" of 600 square miles. In the reign of Henry VII. English rule was greatly extended, and the administration of Irish affairs was auglicised by Chart. Enging Lord harder Vision by Robert Psyning, Lord Beputy of Ireland, who summoned the Parliament of Drogheda (Dec. 1494), at which were enacted the Statutes of Drogheda, afterwards known as Poyning's Law, making the legislature of Ireland subordinate to and dependent on that of England. A later parliament conferred on Henry VIII. the title of King of Ireland.

Provinces, Counties (with Assize Towns), and County Boroughs.	Acreage.	Population,	Density of Popu.	
*Northern Ireland : ULSTER.		· ·	·	
Antrim (Belfast)	702,851	191,643	175	
Belfast County Borough	14,797	415,151	17,956	
Armagh (Armagh)	312,767	110,070	225	
Down (Downpatrick)	608,86x	200,228	220	
Fermanagh (Enniskillen)	417,912	57,984	80	
Londonderry (Londonderry)	512,494	94,534	118	
Londonderry County Borough	2,199	45,159	13,143	
Tyrone (Omagh)	7 <b>7</b> 9,563	132,792	109	
Total, Northern Ireland	3.35×.444	\$1, <b>a5</b> 6,561	240	
§ Viales, 608,088; Females, 648,473.	Increase, 1911	r- 1926, o 5 per ce	ut.	

Provinces Counties and County Boroughs	:Acreage.	Population, zg=6.	Density of Popr parsu. mile.
The Irish Free State:			
Carlow (Carlow)	221.485	34,476	100
Dublin (Dublin)	210,344	188,061	
Dublin County Borough	8,357		55x
Kildare (Nasa)	418,644	, 316,693 , 58,028	24,253
Kilkanny (Kilkanny)	500,470		89
Kilkenny (Kilkenny)	424,892	70,990	89
Leix (Maryborough)		51,540	78
Louth (Dundalk)	257,935 202,814	39,847	99
Meath (Trim)		62,739	198
Offaly (Tullamore)	577 8x6	62,969	70
Westmosth (Mullinger)	493,637	52,592	68
Westmeath (Mullingar)	435,604	56,818	83
Wicklow (Wicklow)	580,894	95,848	106
Wickion (Wickion)	500,244	57,591	74
Munster	4,851,136	1,149,098	152
Clare (Ennis)	787,768	95,064	77
Cork (Cork)	x,840,905	287,257	100
Cark County Borottale	a,685	78,490	18,700
Kerry (Tralee)	1.161,708	149,171	82
Limerick (Lunerick)	661,573	100,895	80
Limerick County Borough	2,386	39,448	10,581
Tipperary, North Riding (Nenagh)	493,255	59,645	77
South Riding (Clonnel)	558,034	81,370	93
Waterford (Waterford)	453,051	51,915	73
Waterford County Borough	1,438	26,647	zz,860
CONNAUGHT.	5,962,803	969,902	104
(iaiway (Galway)	1,467,630	z6g,366	74
Leitrim (Carrick-on-Shannon)	376,774	55,907	95
Mayo (Castlebar)	1,333,941	172,690	83
Roscommon (Roscommon)	7.6	83,556	88
Sligo (Sligo)	443,928	71,388	103
ULSTER.	4,230,822	552,907	84
Cavan (Cavan)	467.162	82,452	113
Donegal (Lifford)	1,193,573	152,508	82
Monaghan (Monaghan)	318,985	65.131	131
	1,979.780	300,001	97

^{*} NORTHERN IRELAND.—Under the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, as amended by the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1922, the Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Act, 1922, and the Ireland (Comprises the cities of Belfast and Londonderry, and the counties of Antrim, Armagh, Down, Fernanagh, Londonderry and Tyrone, with its capital at Belfast.

† IRISH FREE STATE.—The Provinces of Leinster, Munster and Commanght, with the Ulster Counties of Cavan, Donegal and Monaghan, form the Irish Free State, with its capital at Dublin.

‡ Excluding the larger lakes, rivers and tideways. The estimated population of the Irish Free State at June, 1922, 1923, 1923, 1923, 1923.

Free State at June. 1973. was 7,193,000.

# Morthern Ireland. THE GOVERNOR.

His Grace the DUKE OF ABERCORN, K.G., K.P., born 1869: appointed Gorernor 1922; reappointed for further term Dec. 8, 1928 (Government House, Hillsborough, Northern Ireland. Telegrams: Govnorire, Belfast; Telephones: Official, Hillsborough 19; 

Private Secretary and Comptroller, Com. Oscar Henderson, C.B.E., D.S.O., R.N. (retd.).

Aide-de-Camp, Capt. H. de C. Martelli, M.C.

Surgeon in Ordinary, Professor Thomas Sinclair, C.B., F.R C.S., M.P. Physician in Ordinary, Sir Thomas Houston, M.D.

# CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT.

Under the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, as amended by the Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Act, 1922, a separate Parliament and Executive Government were established for Northern Ireland, which comprises the six parliamentary counties of Antrina, Armagh, Ilown, Fermanagh, Londonderry and Tyrone, and the Boroughs of Belfast and Londonderry. Under the Constitution of Northern Ireland certain legislative and fiscal powers are reserved to the Parliament of the United Kingdom.

The Northern Irish Parliament consists of a House of Commons of 52 elected members (who receive an allowance of £200 per annum) and a Scuato of 2 ex-oficio Senators and 24 Senators elected by the members of the House of Commons on the proportional representation system. Northern Ireland continues under the Act of 1920 to return 13 members to the House

of Commons at Westminster.

The Executive power is vested in the Governor on behalf of His Majesty the King; he holds on behalf of His Majesty the King; he holds office for 6 years, and is advised by 7 Ministers responsible to Parliament. [The Cabinet Salaries and the allowances of the Members of [The Cabinet | Parliament have been voluntarily abated by 15 per cent.]

# THE CABINET (June 8, 1921). (Stormont Castle, Belfast).

Prime Minister, The Rt. Hon. Viscount Craig-Andrews, D.L., M.P. £2,000
Munister of Education, The Rt. Hon.the Viscount Barbour, D.L., M.P......£2,000

The above form the Cabinet.

Secretary to the Cabinet, Sir C. H. Blackmore, C.B.R.

# PARLIAMENTARY SECRETARIES.

Prime Minister's Dept., Senator J. A. Long. Finance (Financial Secretary), The Rt. Hon. John Mille Barbour, P.L., M.P. Parhamentary, Secretary, Rt. Hon. Herbert Dixou, D L., M.P.

Asst. Parliamentary Secretary, Capt. Sir Basil

S. Brooke, Bt, C.B.R, M.A., M.P. Home Affairs, George B. Hanna, k.C, M.P. Labour, J. F. Gordon, M.P.

Education, J. H. Robb, K.C., M.P.

Secretary, Sir Charles Blackmore, C.B.R. *Principal Officer*, R. Gransden. MINISTRY OF FINANCE.

(Stormont, Belfast.)

Permanent Secretary, Lt.-Col. Sir W. B. Spender,

CABINET SECRETARIAT.

K.C.B., C.B.K., D.S.O., M.C. Parliamentary Counsel, Sir A. Quekett, K.C., LL.D. Principal Assistant Secretary, G. C. Duggan, C.B., O.B E.

Assistant Secretary, R. E. Thornley, C.B.R.

Solution, J. H. B. Gunning, O.B.E. Director of Works, Major P. E. Shepherd, O.B.E. Commissioner of Valuation, W. Robson. Registrar-General and Statistician, L. A. Bull-

winkle, O.B.R. Deputy Keeper of Public Records, D. A. Chart, Litt. D

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS.

(Stormont, Belfast)
Permanent Secretary, Maj Geo. A. Harris, C.B.L., D.S O.

Assistant Secretaries, W. A. Magill, I.S.O.; D L. Clarke, ORE. Attorney-General, Rt. Hon A. B. Babington,

K.C., M.P. Chief Crown Solicitor, R. Haldane Carson.

Chief Medical Officer, Norman Colum Patrick, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

# MINISTRY OF LABOUR.

(Stormont, Belfast.)

Permanent Secretary, H. Conacher, C.B E.

Assistant Secretaries, R. R. Bowman; J. S. Godden, O.B.K.

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION. (Stormont, Belfast.)

Permanent Secretary, A. N. Bonaparte Wyse,

C.B R., M.A. Assistant Secretaries, W. A. Houston, M.A.; H Garrett, B.Sc., Ph.D.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE.

(Stormout, Belfast.)
Permanent Secretary, G. Scott Robertson, D.Sc.,

Assistant Secretaries, Geo T. Fidler, O.B.E.: J. Taylor.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE.

(Chichester Street, Belfast ) Permanent Secretary, Registrar of Friendly Societies, and Industrial Insurance Com-

missioner, W. D. Scott, C.B.E. Assistant Secretary, G. H. E. Parr, M.B.E. Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Business Names, Moneylenders, W. Abbott, O.B.E.

EXCHEQUER AND AUDIT DEPARTMENT. Comptroller and Auditor-General, W. R. Maconkey, C.B.E.

Principal Auditor, F. H. Kerr.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION. Secretary, S. Sloan, o B.E.

ROYAL ULSTER CONSTABULARY. Inspector-General, Lt.-Col. Sir Charles G. Wickham, D.S.O.

Deputy Inspector-General, Frederick A. Britten,

Ó. B. B., B. A.

THE LEGISLATURE. (Parliament Buildings, Belfast.)
Speaker of the Senate, Lt.-Col. The Viscount

Speaker of the Senate, In. Col. The Viscount Bangor, O.B.E.

Speaker of the House of Commons, Rt. Hon. H. G. H. Mulholland, D.L., M.P.
Black Rod, Maj. T. Dalby Hackett, D.S.O.
Chairman of Ways and Means and DeputySpeaker, Rt. Hon. Thomas Moles, M.P.
Serjeant-at-Arms, Brig.-Gen. H. G. Young, C.I.E.,
Lubrarian, W. S. Gibson.

Clerk of the Parliaments, A. O'Neill Chichester. Clerk Assestants, Maj. George Thomson, D.S.O., M.A.; G. O. Young.

THE JUDICATURE.

SUPREME COURT OF JUDICATURE, THE ROYAL COURTS OF JUSTICE (ULSTER), BELFAST. Judge

Secretariat. Permanent Secretary to Supreme Court and Clerk of the Crown for Northern Ireland, A, Newton Anderson.

Registrar's Department.
Registrar, J. M. Davics, B. A.
Asst. Registrars, J. G. Breakey; R. McQuitty;
William Horner.

First Class Clerks, John O'H. Devine; W. M. Knight, J. F. Caldwell.

Chief Clerk's Department.

Chief Clerk, T. B. Wallace.

Asst. Chief Clerk, A. J. Weir; F. Redmond.

First Class Clerks, H. E. Montleth; John Henderson; James Blackburne.

Taxing Master's Department. Taxing Master, Barry Meglaughlin. First Class Clerk, Ralph H. Torney.

Principal Probate Registry. Chief Registrar, Howard A. Nelson.

Assistant Registrar, Alfred E. McConnell

First Class Clerk, Nicholas G. Bell,

Accountant-General's Department,

Accountant-General's Department, Accountant-General, J. H. Elliott, A.O.A. Chief Clerk. W. T. Barry, A.O.A.

Land Registry. Central Office, Registrar of Titles, Martin J. Burke.

Examiner of Titles, E. R. Wade.
Deputy Registrar, Paul Burrowes.
Chief Clerk, J. McHenry.
Legal Assistant, W. R. Dunlop.

Court of Criminal Appeal. Registrar, J. M. Davies.
Assistant Registrar, J. F. Caldwell.
Recorders.

Armagh and Fermanagh, G. C. Green .... £1,400 Down, A. H. Bates ...... 1,400
Tyrone, J. Linehan ...... 1,400

On Dec. 3r, 1932, there were 1,837 Public Elementary Schools with 25,632 pupils. In 1933-33 there were 72 Preparatory, Intermediate and Secondary Schools recognised by the Ministry of Education, with 12,339 pupils, and 120 centres of Technical Instruction, with 23,277 students. The Quoen's University at Belfast had 30 Professors, 47 Lecturors, and 63 Demonstrators, and 1,485 students in 1932-33.

EDUCATION.

The greater part of the taxation in Northern Ireland is imposed and collected by the Imperial Authorities; the balance after deducting the cost of collection and of certain services reserved to the control of the Imperial Parliament is paid over to Northern Ireland's Exchequer. Northern Ireland makes a contribution to the cost of the Imperial Services, i.e., Navy, Army and Air Force, National Debt, &c.

1038-32 £11,989,000 £12,114,000 Total revenue ..... Total expenditure (including Impe-

rial contribution) £11,977,000 £12,109,000

# PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture and Live Stock.—In x93s there were 291,369 acres under corn crops (oats, 285,763 acres), 183,967 under green crops (potatoes, x41.789), 6,093 under flax, 8,666 under fruit, and 453,x46 under hay, a total acreage of 943,341. The production (x932) in tons was: oats, 283,581; potatoes, x.x25,824; turnips, 640,670; flax, x,145; hay, 784,628. The Live Stock included 774,757 cattle; 793,932 sheep; x19,767 pigs; 44,445 goats; x03,555 horses; 200 nucles, and 7,767 asses.

Principal Industries.—Agriculture, shipbuilding and ship repairing, flax spinning and weaving, linen bleaching and finishing, distilling linen em-Agriculture and Live Stock .- In 1938 there

inca hierarching and finishing, distilling linen em-broidering, fruit preserving, food caming, mil-ing, and the manufacture of textile machinery, ropes and twine, furniture, tobacco, tweeds and woollens, shirts and collars, chemical manures, soaps and candles, clothing, hosiery, pottery, roofing felts, biscuits, matches, &c., the production of bauxite, salt, distomite or kieselguhr. Herring fishing and pickling is an important industry during the summer months.

Minerals.—About 1,877 persons were engaged in the various mines and quarries in 1932, the principal output being igneous rocks (other than granite) about 387,000 tons, sandstone, chalk, clay, granite, limestone.

Manufactures.—Beliast is the principal indus-

trial centre. Linen manufactures provided employment for over 75,000 persons in 1932, the number of spindles being 875,000. The output of the shipyards in 1932 exceeding 78,000 tons.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Scaports.—The principal scaports are Belfast, Londonderry, Newry, Larne and Coleraine. There are regular week-day shipping services from Belfast to Liverpool, Heysham, Ardrossan

and Glasgow, and from Larne to Stranser.

Railways.— The principal railways are the Great Northern, L.M. & B. (Northern Counties Committee), Belfast and County Down, London-derry and Lough Swilly, and the Clogher Valley.

The total railway mileage in 1932 was 769 miles.

TOURIST ASSOCIATION.—The Ulster Tourist Development Association, 6, Royal Avenue, Belfast.

# Saorstat Eireann—The Irish free State.

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Domnhall un Buschalla (Donald Buckley) ...... f.10,000 CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT.

The Constitution .- The Constitution of the Irish Free State (Saorstat Eireann) was enacted by Dail Eireann, sitting as a Constituent Assembly, on October 25, 1922, and came into operation on December 6, 1922, by Royal Proclamation of that date. Article 50 of the Constitution provided that amendments thereto might be made by ordinary legislation within a period of eight years from the date of the coming into operation of that instrument, but that any amendment after the expiration of such period could be effected only by a Referen-dum of the people as therein provided. The period of eight years was extended to 75 years by a Constitutional Amendment, and the period wherein amendments to the Constitution may be effected by ordinary legislation accordingly expires on December 5, 1938.
The Constitution declares the Irish Free State

(Saorstat Eireann) to be a co-equal member of the Community of Nations forming the British Commonwealth of Nations and that "all powers of Government and all authority, legislative, executive and judicial in Ireland are derived from the people of Ireland." Irish domicile for seven years or Irish parentage on either side, confers Irish nationality, and men and women have equal rights as citizeus. Irish is the national language, but English is recognised equally as an official language. No titles or honours may be conferred on any citizen except with the approval or upon the advice of the Executive Council. Liberty of the person and the dwelling of the citizen are inviolable. Freedom of conscience and profession and practice of religion are guaranteed, and no law establishing or prohibiting any religion may be passed. Free speech and the right of lawful

assembly are guaranteed. Elementary education is free, and the natural resources of the State are inalienable. The Legislature.—The Legislature, known as the Oireachtas, consists of the King and two Rouses, the Chamber of Deputies (Dad Eireann) and the Senate (Seanad Eirann). The members of Dail Errann are elected by secret ballot, by direct vote of all citizens above the age of an years who comply with the existing electoral laws. The Dail consists of not less than one member for each 30,000 of the population and not more than one member for each 20,000 of the population, together with three members from each of the two Universities. The number of deputies is at present 153. Every citizen of at years and over, not otherwise disqualified, is eligible for election to Dail Eireann. A number of amendments were made in 1928 in the Articles of the Constitution relating to election to and membership of the Senate. The Senate consists of 60 members, one-third retire every three years and their places are filled by an election at which the electors are the members of the Dail and the Scuate voting together on principles of proportional representation. Senators are chosen from a Panel nominated by the Dail and Senate. To be eligible a citizen must be at least 30 years of age, and should have

done honour to the Nation by reason of useful public service, or have special qualifications or attainments representing important aspects of the Nation's life. The Oi eachtas shall hold at least one Session each year. The Initiative and, save in regard to amendments to the Constitu-tion, the Referendum which were originally embodied in the Constitution, have been abolished by Constitutional amendments. Oireachtas has the exclusive right to regulate the raising and maintaining of such armed forces as are mentioned in the scheduled Treaty in the territory of the Irish Free State (Saorstat Eireann) and every such force shall be subject to the control of the Oireachtas. Save in the case of actual invasion, the Irish Free State shall not be committed to active participation in any war without the assent of the Olieachtas.

The Executive.—The Executive Authority is

vested in the King and is exercisable in accordand with the law, practice and constitutional usage in the Dominion of Canada, by the representative of the Crown who is styled the Governor-General of the Irish Free State (Saorstat Eireann) The Executive Council consists of not more than as and not less than five Ministers. They are responsible to the Dail and must include the President and Vice-President of the Council and the Minister for Finance, who must be members of the Dail. All other members of the Executive Council must also be members of the Dail save one, who may be a member of the Scuate. The President shall be he nominates a Vice-President and the other members of the Executive Council, who must be approved by the Dail. Every Minister may speak in the Dail and Senate.

The Judiciary.—The Judiciary consists of Courts of First Instance, and a Court of Final Appeal called the Supreme Court (Cuirt Uach-Appear cannot the supreme Court Cuntr Usance include a High Court (Ard Chuirt), invested with full original jurisdiction in and power to determine all matters and questions whether of law or fact, civil or criminal, and also Courts of local and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal as determined by law. The decision of the Supreme Court is in all cases final and conclusive, and cannot be reviewed by any other Court, Tribunal or Authority whatsoever. Provided that nothing in the Constitution shall impair the right of any person to petition His Majesty for special leave to appeal from the Supreme Court to His Majesty in Council or the right of His Majesty to grant such leave.

THE EXECUTIVE.

ARD-CHOMHAIRLE-EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

(February 8, 1933).

President of the Executive Council and

Minister for External Afairs, Eamou de Valera, Li.D. £1,500 Vice-President, Minister for Local Government and Public Health, Sean T. o Ceallaigh (Sean T. O'Kelly) ...... 2,000

· Free of Income Tax.

702	Ireland—The
Minuster for Fina	mce, Seán Mac an tSasi 🙎
(Sean McEntee)	tice, Padraig Ruithleis tledge)
MIRIACET JOT JUS	tledge) *x.000
Minister for India	try and Commerce. Sean
Minister for Agri	culture, Seamus o Riain
(Iames Dyan)	** ***
	s and Fusheries, Senator
Joseph Connoll	nce, Proinusias O hAod-
minister jur Dejet	Aiken)*x,000
Minister for Edu	cation, Thomas O Derig
(Thomas Derrig	) *x.000
Minister for I	osts and Telegraphs,
Gearórd O Beola	ain (Gerald Boland) *z,000
210	wii ney-Genei w.
Attorney-Generat A. Maguire, K. C	of the Irish Free State, Conor
	ree of Income Tax.
	nentary Secretaries.
Parliamentary 1	Secretary to the President,
and to Minister	for External Affairs, Patrick
J. Little.	•
Parliamentary Se	cretary to Minister for Finance,
Aodh O Floinn	(Hugo V. Fliun).
Do, to Minister for	r Local Government and Public oinnsias Mac an Bhaird (Dr.
Francis C. War	Allena mac an Dhaird (Dr.
	r Lands and Fisheries and to
	fence, Scan O'Grady.

Sec. to the Executive Council, Sean O Muirnh-

nenchain (John Moynihan).

1. santant - Secretary to the Executive Council,
Micheal MacDonnchadha (Michael McDunphy,

# High Commissioner in London,

High Commissioner, J. W. Dulanty, C.B., C.B.E., Office, 33, 35 & 37, Regent St., London, S.W. x. Secretary of the Office of the High Commissioner, T. J. Kiernan, M.A., Ph. D.

# Envoys Extraordinary.

To U.S.A.:—Michael MacWhite (1926), 1,800, Connecticut Avenue, Washington, N. W.r., D.C. To Holy Sec.—Charles H. Bewley, S. C. To Germany—Leo T. McCauley (Ch. d'Af.). To France—Count Gerald O'Kelly de Gallagh et Tycooly.

THE JUDICATURE-CUIRT OACHTARACH.

The Supreme Court of the Irish Free State has appellate jurisdiction from all decisions of the High Court.

Chief Justice, Hon. Hugh Kennedy ......£4,000 Pres. of the High Court, Hon. Timothy Sullivan .....

Judges, Supreme Court, Hon. Gerald Fitz-Gibbon; Hon. J. A. Murnaghan ...each Judges, High Court, Hon. J. Creed Mere-dicht, Hon. W. E. Wylie; Hon. W. J. Johnston; Hon. H. Hanna; Hon. J. O'Byrne; Hon. J. K. O'Connor .... each 2,500

# DEFENCE-ROINN COSANTA.

Article 46 of the Constitution of the Irish Free State lays it down that the Oireachtas has the exclusive right to regulate the raising and maintaining of the armed forces in the Irish Free State. The strength provided for (1933-34) is \$46 Commissioned Officers and \$,320 Non-Commissioned Officers and men. The estimated total expenditure on the Army for the financial year ending March, 1934, is £1,253,314.

RELIGION. (Census of 1926.	)
Catholics Episcopalians	164.215
Presbyterians	32,429 20,663
Total	
1000	z,971,992

# EDUCATION.

Primary Education is directed by the State. Secondary Education is in private hands and is largely conducted by Religious Orders. There are two Universities in Dublin, of which the National University has 3 constituent colleges (Cork, Galway and Dublin). The estimated State expenditure on education in 1933-34, excluding administration and inspection, was Primary £3,654,946; Secondary £350,927; Technical £189,760; Science and Art £42,050.

## FINANCE.

Estimated. Receipts ..... £29,990,935 Expenditure . ... . 28,849,739 £26,637,000 26,621,000

The estimated Revenue for 1933-34 includes The estimated increme for 1933-34 inclines Clustoms, £8,036,000; Extese, £5,020,000; Estate, &c., Duties, £1,050,000; Income Tax and Super Tax, £5,221,000; Excess Profits Duty, £140,000; Motor Vehicles Duties, £900,000; Post Office Services, £1,874,000.

The principal items of estimated Expenditure

The principal items of estimated Experimental for 1933-34 are Debt Service, £2.250,000 (Interest £1.596,895, Sinking Fund £653,705); Agriculture, land division, &c., £6,111,409, Army Services. £1,227,084; Police, £1.674,207; Education, £4.599,521; Old Age Pensions, £3,256,450; Postal Service, £1,915,037; &c.

Receipts are on a net basis; the Expenditure figures also include a number of items of a capital and productive character, together with certain abnormal and non-recurrent charges.

# PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture and Live Stock.—In 1932 there were 760,306 acres under corn crops, 656,474 under frot and green crops, 458 under flax, 6.751 under fruit, and 2,281,747 under hay, a total of 3,705,736 acres. The principal produce in 1932 or 3,705,730 acres. The principal produce in 1932 was: oats, 627,200 tons, potatoes, 3,015,448 tons; thurnips, 3,283,952 tons; mangolds, 1,627,500 tons; flax, 85 tons; and hay, 4,792,147 tons. The Lave Stock included 4,025,080 cattle, 3,460,856 sheep, 1,108,315 pigs, 149,048 goats, 446,064 horses, 14,271 mules, and 174,816 asses.

Minerals .- 517 persons were employed in the coal mines in 1929. 85,187 tons of coal won.

Sea Fisherics.—12,000 persons were employed in the fisheries in 1932, the total value of all fish landed being £223,074.

# TRADE

The total trade of the Irish Free State for 1932, exclusive of Ballion and Specie, was valued at Excensive of barrons and species, was varied at £69,574,450, being £42,574,222 for Imports and £26,940,228 for Exports; the Imports from Great Britain were valued at £28,869,260, and the Exports to Great Britain at £22,846,814; the Imports from Northern Ireland at £3,759,270, and the Exports to Northern Ireland at £3,104,479.

# THE LEGISLATURE-OIREACHTAS EIREANN.

The Legislature (Oireachtas) consists of Senate (Seaud Eireann) of 60 members; and of a Chamber of Deputies (Dáil Eireann) on a nopulation basis (23 at present) elected on the principles of Proportional Representation. The Oireachtas, unless sooner dissolved, continues for "six years or such shorter period as may be fixed by legislation." The period fixed by legislation is at present five years.

Speaker of Dáil Eireann, Promnslas O Fathaigh (Frank Fahy, B A., B L.).....£1,000 Deputy Speaker of Dail Eireann, Padraig

Ó h-Ógain (Patrick Hogan) ....... .. Clerk of the House, Colm O Murchadha (Colm Murphy)..... Party Strength (Dáil Eireann).

Government, Fianna Fail ..... ....... Cumann na nGaedhael ...... Independent ..... Centre Party ..... 11 The Speaker ......

Total 153

*.* Members of Dail Eireann, other than Ministers, are allowed £30 a month towards expenses, together with free travelling facilities between Dublin and their constituencies.

### The Senate - Seanad Eireann. MEMBERS OF SEANAD EIRKANN.

750

John Bagwell, D.L. Michael Fanning. Henry L. Barniville, M.D., M.Ch. Thomas Farren. Sir Edward Bellingham, Bt. Thomas Foran Hugh Garahan. Thomas Westropp Bennett. Sir Edward Coey-Bigger. Oliver St. J. Gogarty, M.D. Rt. Hon. Earl of Granard, K.P., Kathleen Browne Samuel Lombard Brown, K C. Caithin Bean Ur Chleirigh. G.C.V.O. Sir John Purser Henry Seymour Guinness, Michael Comyn. K.C. Joseph Connolly. Maj.-Gon. Sir William Hickie, Mrs. Eileen Costello. K.C.B. John C. Counihan. Rt. Hon. Andrew Jameson, D.L. George Crosbie. Thomas Johnson Sir John Keane, Bt. William Cummins. James Dillon. Cornelius Kennedy. James Green Douglas. · l'homas Linchan. J. C. Dowdall. Seán E. McEllin. Michael Duffy

The McGillycuddy of the Reeks. Francis Mctininness Sir Thomas Henry Grattan Es-James McKean

"John McLoughlin.

D H. McParland. Semi Milioy. Colonel Maurice Moore, c B James Moran. Joseph O'Connor. must, K.P., Joseph O'Doherty.
[M. Hist, C.K. John Thomas O'Farrell,
Gufflitb, Michael F. O'Hanlon,
mess, Laurence O'Neill Bernard O'Rourke, William O'Sullivan, M.D. James J. Parkim on. Mrs. Wyse Power. William Quirkc. David Lubbock Robinson Sémuas Robinson. Seumas Ryan. Michael Staines. Thomas Tonl. Arthur R. Vincent.

# The Chamber of Deputies -- Dail Eleann. MEMBERS OF DAIL EIREANN

Aiken, Frank. Alton, Prof. Ernest Henry. Authony, Richard. Bartley, Gerald Beckett, J. Walter. Beggan, Patrick Belton, P. Rennett, George C. Blaney, Neal. Boland, Gerald Boland, Patrick. Bourke, Daniel Bourke, Seamus A. Brady, Bryan. Brady, Sean. Breathnach, Cormac. Breen, Dan. Brennan, M. Briscoe, Robert Broke, Kopert Broderick, Scán Broderick, William J Brown, William F. Burke, J. M. Burke, P. Byrne, Alfred. Carty, Francis J. Clery, Michael. Concannon, Mrs. H.

Cooney, Eamon. Corish, Richard.

Eamon Duggau.

monde, Bt.

Corkery, D. Corry, Martin J. Cosgrave, Liam T. LL.b. Cosgrave, Liam T. LL.b. Crowley, Fied H. Crowley, Tadhg. Curan, R. Daly, D. Daly, P. Davis, William. Davis, Michael. Davitt, Dr. R Derrig, Thomas. Desmond, William. De Valera, Eamonn Dillon, James Dockrell, Morgan. Doherty, H. Doller ty, J.
Dollan, S. M.
Donnelly, E
Howdall, Thos. P. Doyle, Pendar Sean. Esmonde, Osmond Grattan. Everett, James. [†] Fagan, C. Fahy, Frank. Imlay, J. Fitzgerald. Desmond. Fitzgerald-Kenny, James, S.C.

Flynn, Stephen. Fogarty, Andrew. Geoghegan, James, & c. Gibbons, Seán. Good, John. Goulding, John. Hales, T Harris, Thomas. Haslett, A. Hayes, Sean. Hogan, Patrick, B.A. Hogan, Patrick. Holshan, R. Houlihan, P. Jordan, Stophen, Keating, John. Keely, 8 Kehri, P. Kelly, James P. Kelly, T. Kennedy, Michael J Kent, W. R Keyes, M. J. Kilroy, Michael. Kissane, Eamonn. Lemass, Seán Little, Patrick J. Lynch, Finian, B A. Lynch, Dr. J. McDermott, F.

· Flynn, John.

| Flinn, Hugo.

### Irish Free State—The Dail—National Rifle Association. 704

# MEMBERS OF DAIL EIRBANN-continued.

McDonagh, M. McEllistrim, Thomas. McEntee, Seán. MacEoin, Lieut.-Gen. Sean. MacFalden, N.
McGilligan, Patrick, MA, BL
McGovern, P. G. McMenamin, Daniel. Maguire, Ben J Maguire, Conor A. Maguire, J Minch, Sydney B. Moane, Edward. Moore, Scamus. Morrissoe, J. J. Morrissoy, Damel. Moylan, Scan. Mulcahy, General Richard J. Murphy, J. Murphy, Patrick S.

Murphy, Timothy J. Myles, Major James Sproule. Nally, Martin Michael. Norton, William. O'Brien, D. O'Connor, Batt. O'Donovan, Timothy J. O'Dowd, Dr. O'Grady, Seán. O'Higgius, Dr. Thomas. O'Kelly, Seán T. O'Leary, Daniel. O'Mahony, The. O'Neill, Eamonn. O'Reilly, Dr. John J.
O'Reilly, Matthew
O'Sullivan, Gearoid, B.L.
O'Sullivan, Prof. J. Marcus.
Pattison, J. P.

Powell, Thomas P. Reidy, James. Redmond, Mrs. Rice, Edward.
Rice, V.
Roddy, Martin.
Rogers, P. J.
Rowlette, Dr. R. J. Rowlette, Dr. R. S. Ruttledge, Patrick J. Ryan, Dr. James. Ryan, M. Ryan, Robert. Sheridan, Michael. Smith, Patrick. Thrift, Prof. William Edward. Yiraynor, Oscar. Victory, J. Wall, N. Walsh, Richard. Ward, Dr. Francis C.

# NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Pearse, Miss M.

Bisley Camp, Brookwood, Surrey. Secretary and Executive Officer, Major C. E. Etches, O.B.E.

# THE KING'S PRIZE.

Open only to British Subjects who are past or present members of H.M. Forces, or the Forces of any British Protected State.

First Stage, N.R.A. Bronze Medal and N.R.A. Bronze Badge. (Qualifying.) (7 shots at 200, 500 and 600 yards.)

Second Stage, N.R.A. Silver Medal and N.R.A. Silver Badge. (Open only to the Three Hundred competitors who have taken the highest places in the First Stage.)

Third Stage, The King's Prize of £250, N.R.A. Gold Medal and N.R.A. Gold Badge. (Open only to the One Hundred competitors who have taken the highest places in the Second Stage.)

# Winners of the King's Prize.

The present conditions are 10 shots at 300, 500 and 600 yards, and 15 shots at 900 and 1,000 yards. Highest possible score (since 1925) 300.

# Third Stage from 1885.

The Indian Empire extends over a territory larger than the Continent of Europe without Russia. Legally, "British India" means all territories governed by the King-Emperor through the Governor-General of India, or through any governor or other officer subordinate to the Governor-General of India; while "India" means British India, together with any territories of any prince or chief under the succrainty of His Majesty, exercised through the Governor-General of India or through any governor or other officer subordinate to the Governor-General of India (Act 52-3 Vict., c. 63, s. 18). There are tracts of tribal territory on the N.W. and N.E. frontiers under the political influence, though not yet under the administrative rule, of the Indian Government.

Boundaries.—The political boundary of India marelles with Persia and Afghanistan from the Gulf of Oman to Povalo Schveikovski on the Taghdumbash Pamir. From this point the frontier—in many parts not yet clearly defined—touches the Chinese Empire and Nepal, till the limits of French Indo-China are reached on the Upper Mekong. The Indian frontier, on leaving the Mekong, marches with Siam till it reaches the sea at Victoria Point, half-way down the Malay peninsula. Beyond the sea the Indian Empire includes the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, the Laccadive and Minneov Islands, Aden and Perim, besides protectorates over Socutra, Bahrein, and various chiefships along the coast from Aden to the Persian Gulf. Continental India, including Baluchistan, reaches from 8° to 37° N. Intitude, and from 61° to 101° E. longitude. Delhi, the new capital, lies in 77° E. long.

Area and Population.—The total area of India proper is about 1,800,000 square miles, with a population of nearly 353 millions (about three-fourths of the population of the British Empire). The British Provinces, as distinguished from the Indian States, comprise 61 per cent. of the area, and nearly 77 per cent. of the population. The details of the 1931 Census are as follows:—

	Area in	Pensons				1
PROVINCE, STATE, OR AGENCY	square nulce	1931			1921	luffer- ence per cent 1931
	(1031)	Males	Penules	Total	Total	& 1Ç21.
Amer Merwara	2,711	236,081	261,211	560,292	495,271	+ 23 2
Andamans and Nicobars	3, 143	13,702	9,761	29,463	27,085	+ 88
Assum	55,014	4 537,206	4,085,045	8,622,251	7,450,128	+ 15 6
*Baluchistan	54,228	270,001	193 504	463,508	420,648	1 10 2
Bengal	77.522	-6.041,698	24,072,304	50, II 1,003	46,702,307	+ 73
Bihar and Orasa	83.051	18,794 138	18 893,438	37.677.576	33 995.418	+ 10 8
Hombay (Presidency)	1 13,6,9	11.533.903	10,394,698	21,030 60X	19,348,219	+ 13 3
Bombay	10,378	2,180,051	1,700,110	17.002.053	10,012,342	1 127
Aden	10,370	32,345		3,557,070	3.270.377	+ 185
Aden	233,492	7,490,60x	7,176,545	24,667,146	50,500	- 10
Central Provinces and Bersu	90,920	7.76z.8z8	7.745.905	25,507,283	13,212,192	+ 11 0
	1,593	99,575	72,752	163,327	13,913,760	+ 11 5
Delhi	573	369,497	266,749	635,246	267,838 488,458	+ 30 3
Madras	142,277	23 082,990	23,657,108	46,740,107	42,3x8,985	
North-West Frontier Province	13,518	1,315 818	1,100,258	2,425,076	2 251,30	
Punjah	00.265	12,810,510	10 700, 342	27 5 0.852	20,685,478	
United Provinces of Agra and Ondic	106,248	25 445 005	22 963,757	48,403,763	45,375,069	+ 14 0
Agra	K2,024	10,005,132	10,00,052	35,013,754	31 208.127	T 73
Quelh	24,154	0.030,074	0,155,105	12 791,979	12,160,012	7 52
Total Provinces	1,096,236	139 931,556	131,595,377	271,526,933	246 856 13X	+ 10.0
Assam States (Manipur and Khası States		306 927	319 679	625,636	531,128	+ 17 8
Raluchistan States	80,410	218 410	186,630	405,100	373.977	7 7 6 6
Baroda State	8,161	1,257,817	1,185,100	2,443 007	8,126,582	
Bengal States	5.434	516,262	457.174	973 336	806,026	+ 14 9 + 8 5
Ribar and Orissa States	a8.648	2 283,422	2,061,585	4,652,007	3,950,060	+ 17 5
Bombay States	27,994	2,283,623	2 179,773	4,408,396	3.867.810	T 17 3
Western India States Agency	35, 42	2,025,754	1,973,496	3 900,250	3 541,710	+ 13 0
Central India Agency	51 517	3,405,438	3,227,352	6,6 2,700	0,007 55t	+ 10.5
Central Provinces States	1,175	1,2,5 385	1.247,723	3,483,214	2,066 000	+ 20 1
Gwaltor State	36.:67	1,867,031	z 656,033	3,523,070	3,193,176	+ 10 3
Hyderabad State	82,608	7,370,010	7,065,1 8	14,435,148	12,471,770	+ 15 8
Jammu and Kashmir State	84.516	x 938,3-8	1,707,005	3,646,843	3,320,518	+ 98
Madras States Agency	zo,608	3 373,032	3,381 452	6,754,481	5,400,318	+ 23.7
Mysore State	29,316	3,353,963	3,203, 130	6,557,302	5.973.802	+ 07
Mysore State					4.22	. , ,
and Tribal Areas)	28,838	1,212,347	1,006,941	2,259,288	2,825,136	
Punjah States and Punjab States Agency	37.6 29	a,68o,68s	2,227,721	4,910,005	4,416 036	+ 22.8
Raiputana Agency		5,855,038	5,340,/84	11,225,712	9,831,755	+ 24'3
Sikkim State	2,818	55 825	53.483	10),808	Br,782	+ 34 4.
United Provinces States	5.943	618,171	587,839	1,206,070	1,174,881	+ 6.3
Total, States and Agencies	713,146	41.897,367	39.413.478	81,310,845	72,086,289	+ 12 8
TOTAL, INDIA	1,809,38.1	181 828,923	171 008 8 5	352,837,778	318 942,480	+ zo 6

In this table the population shown in the Census Tables of 1921 have been adjusted with subsequent changes of area.

• Districts and Administered Territories,

Physical Features.—Excluding Burma, which forms no part of the Indian peninsula, we may broadly divide the country into three sections, viz., the Himalayan region, the northern river-plains, and the southern table-land.

The Himalayas.—The Himalayas (which lie partly beyond the frontier), with their southern offshoots, form the intural northern boundary of India. The Himalayan range runs for 1,500 miles from N.W. to S.E., with a varying breadth of 150 to 200 miles, and attains a general height of 20,000 feet above the plain, culminating in the loftiest peaks yet measured on the globe—Mount Everest, 29,141 feet, Kunchinjunga, 28,146 feet, and Dhaulagri, 26,826 feet, near the centre of the range; and Mount Godwin Austen, 28,250 feet, near its junction with the Hindu Kush. The line of perpetual snow is at about 16,000 feet. The Himalayas collect and store up water for the plains below. The slopes afford a representation of the tropical zone (especially on the southern slopes to the E.), the temperate zone (particularly to the S.W. of the range), and the arctic zone as the npward journey is taken from the plains. In the Himalayas are several sanatoria, including Murree, Simla, Mussoorie, Naini Tal, and Darjiling. Himalayan vegetation includes such varied species as the tree-fern, ilex, pine, oak, fir, deodar (cedar), rhododendron, barley, oats, millet, and many domestic vegetables. The famma are as varied as the flora, and include the bison, musk-deer, vak, wild sheep and goat, bear, elephant, monkey, and tiger, with ergels, partridges, and pheasants. Between the Himalayas and the plains to the S.E. is the great fever-haunted Tarai or Duar jungle, densely forest-covered and full of big game.

The Great Plain .- The northern river-plains, lying at the foot of the Himalayas, comprise the rich alluvial plains watered by the Indus, the Ganges, the Lower Brahmaputra, and their tributaries. At no great distance from one another, four rivers take their rise in the Himalayas. The sources of two are on the north side - the Indus, which flows westward for 1,800 miles, and the Tsau-po or Brahmaputra, which flows eastward for nearly 1,500 miles. The other two, on the southern slope, are the Sutlej, which, after flowing W. and S.W. for 900 miles and collecting various other streams, joins the Indus, and the Ganges, which, during a journey S.E. and E of about 1,550 miles, drains almost all the Bengal plain. The Brahmaputra, after flowing along the northern side as far as the eastern extremity of the Himalavas, turns sharply to the S., then to the W., and finally joins the Ganges, 75 miles from where their combined streams enter the Bay of Bengal. Thus the Himalayas supply India with the water gathered on both slopes. The Indus and Ganges, with their tributuries, are the source of an extensive system of irrigation by canals, richest, most populous, and most historically famous part of India lies in the basins of these great rivers. Formerly the Ganges was the only great highway of Bengal; it is still the fertiliser and the water-carrier. But a close network of railways is increasingly used for transport. The richness of the Indo-Gangetic plain, with its ample rainfall, enables it to support a dense population, almost wholly agricultural. The density of the population rises in some districts to 900 per square mile. On the other hand, in Baluchistan there are only 6 persons to the square unite. The population has increased most in the densest areas, and pressure on the soil is severe in parts of Bihar and the United Provinces. In Northern India there are two harvests, rabi (spring) crops being reaped in March and April, khai f (autumn) crops in October to December. In the north we find wheat, pulse, maize, millet, barley, and tea; while in the south, indigo, cotton, sugar-cane, jute, oilseeds, tobacco, opium, and spices are produced. Among the finum are monkeys, panthers, leopards, hyenas, jackals, squirrels, elephants, deer, crocodiles, and snukes. Salt, mica, and coal are the chief minerals. The Ganges delta yields rice, bamboos, and a large variety of palms. The Arnyalli range, the primeral chain of India, divides Rejputana from the Central India States. To the N W. of the peninsula lies the mountainous, barren, and thinly populated region of Baluchistan.

The Deccan.—Just as the Himalavas on the N. and the Hindu Kush and Suleiman Mountains on the N.W. form natural barriers of defence for Hindustan, so do the Vindhya Mountains, running almost due E. from the head of the Gulf of Cambay, north of the Nerbudda River, form a firm southern boundary to the river-plains of Northern India. Southern India, or the Deccan, is a plateau of triangular shape and very old geological formation, bounded on two sides by the Malabar and Coromandel coasts, which converge at Cape Comorin, and on the third by the Vindhyas. The Eastern and Western Ghauts all but complete this environing triangle of mountain ranges. In the extreme N.W., south of the Vindhyas, and parallel to them, but north of the Western Ghauts, we find the Neubudda and the Tapti flowing westwards, their basins being sharply defined by the Satpura Mountains, which lie midway between them. As the Western Ghauts lie close to the coast, and afford no exit for rivers, there are no streams on the Malabar coast south of the Tapti; all the rivers flow eastwards, through defiles in the Eastern Ghauts, into the Bay of Bengal. The four chief rivers are the Malanuddy, in the extreme N.E. (520 m.), the Godavery (900 m.), the

Kistna (800 m.), and the Cauvery (472 m.), at intervals further to the south. The physical geography of Southern India has shaped its history: the S.W. coast, shut in by mountains, is very primitive and moves slowly; the S.E., open and easy of access by sea and towards the interior, has made great progress. The mountain slopes of this region, especially those of the Western Ghauts, which rise to 8,000 feet in the Nilgiris, are still covered with the splendid vegetation of primeval forests. Teak, ebony, satiuwood, sandalwood, palun, and bamboo abound. The jungles in the E. are very deadly. The tiger, bison, leopard, deer, and various smaller game afford sport. Snukes are found everywhere. In the valleys and on the higher plains many valuable crops are raised, chiefly rice, millet, cotton, oilseeds, coffee, tea, indigo, tobacco, and chinchona. The black cotton soil is very fertile. There is irrigation by dams, wells, tanks, and canals. The southern tableland has furnished considerable supplies of minerals. At present the minerals principally worked are coal, manganese ore, mica, monazite, and gold.

Burma.—Beyond the Bay of Bengal is the large province of Burma, watered by the Irrawaddy and its tributaries and by the Salween. The delta region is flat; further inland are hills and rolling downs, while the north is mountainous. Rice is the chief staple. Millet, cotton, sesamum, and tobacco are also grown. The forests, particularly of teak, make a considerable contribution to the exports. Petroleum is produced on a considerable scale, and jade, wolfram, and rubies are mined. The fauna include monkeys, jackals, tigers, elephants, bison, and deer.

Climate.—About half of India is within the tropics, but the greatest extremes of heat and cold are in the N.W. In the Himalayas the climate is moist and cold. In Northern India it is dry, and the winters are rather cold. In tropical Southern India the climate is more equable. Calcutta, Bombay, and Madras all have an equable climate, owing to proximity to the sea. India depends for its fertility upon the monsoon rains. The S.W. monsoon brings mosture from the ocean south of the Equator, and reaches the west coast early in June and the northern provinces late in June. The mountains arrest these currents and precipitate rainfall, which averages 60 mehes in the sub-Himalayan region, 39 inches in the Indo-Gangetic plain, and 30 inches in the Decean, but is small in Sind and Rapputana. Madras benefits by the N.E. monsoon in the autumn.

Population.—The sixth general census of India was taken on the 26th February, 1931. The returns gave a population of 352,837,778, as compared with 318,942,480 in 1921 (for details see p. 705), an increase in the ten vears of 10.6 per cent. The census total of 1931 is divisible into 271,526,933, (or nearly 77 per cent.) for British India, and 81,310,845 (or over 23 per cent.) for Indian States. India is not over-populated, for two-thirds of the people live on one-quarter of the area. In Burma, Assum, and elsewhere a much larger population might subsist. There were in 1931 37 towns with a population of over 100,000. Urban areas of over 5,000 people comprise only about 11 per cent. of the total population.

Caste, Tribe, Race or Nationality.—Owing to the operation of the caste system India is broken up into a large number of mutually exclusive aggregates, the members of which are forbidden by an inexorable social law to marry outside the group to which they themselves belong. A caste may be defined as a collection of families, or groups of families, bearing a common name, which usually denotes or is associated with a specific occupation. The boundary of a caste may be said to be fixed by the rule restricting intermarriage, but its social status depends on the occupation of its members and their habits in respect of diet. The chief castes and races are (tensus 1931)—Brahman (15,207,277), Channar (12,195,156), Ahar, &c. (14,170,032), Rajput (10,743,091), Burmese (8,596,031). Jat (8,377,819), Maratha (6,113,061).

Religions (Census 1931).—The population by religions in 1931 includes 239,195,140 Hindus (68 per cent. of the total), 77,677,545 Muhammadans (22 per cent.), 12,786,806 Buddhists (3.6 per cent.), nearly all in Burma, leaving nearly 6 per cent. for all other religions, including 6,296,763 Christians (2,773,087 of whom are in Madrus, Travancore, and Cochin), 4,335,771 Sikhs. 1,252,105 Jains, 109,752 Parsis, Jews 24,141, and 8,280,347 described as Tribal, who believe in magic and strive to propriate impersonal forces. Minor Religions, and Religions not returned, 571,187. The Muhammadans, who are increasing faster than the Hindus, are influenced by the caste system and other Hindu characteristics. No particulars of religion are available of 2,308,221 persons (Bombay 75,735, Burma 19,649, and North-West Frontier Province, 2,212,837). The number of Indian Christiaus has increased 238 per cent. since 1881.

Occupations.—Over 66 per cent. of the population was in 1931 dependent on agricultural and pastoral pursuits. Industry occupies 10 per cent. of India's workers. The most important industrial occupations are those connected with textiles, mainly handweaving.

Sex.-Marriage is almost universal owing to religious obligations. The movement against infaut marriage and enforced widowhood is gaining ground. There were in 1931 over 26,248,000 widows in India. The males outnumbered the females in 1921 in the proportion of 1,000 to 945, and 1,000 to 940 in 1931.

Languages.—India has 225 languages, exclusive of dialects, spoken in the Indian Empire, about 150 of which are confined to Assam and Burma. The languages spoken by 349,883,022 persons in 1931 (excluding 2,308,221 persons for whom details by language are not available) are grouped in eight families. The principal languages are Western Hindi (spoken by 71,547,000 persons), Bengali (53,469,000), Bihari (27,927,000), Telugu (26,374,000), Marathi (20,890,000), Tamil (20,412,000), Punjabi (16,839,000), Rajastham (13,808,000), after which come Kanarese, Gujarati, Oriva, Burmese, and Malayalam. Hindustani, a dialect of Hindi, contaming a large number of Persian and Arabic words, is the lingua franca of India. Hindustani and Hindi have become the chief hterary languages of Hindustan. English is understood by many.

LARGE CITIES WITH POPULATIONS EXCEEDING 100,000 (including Cantonments)

1	In 1931	In 1921		In 1931	In 1921,
Calcutta, including Suburbs			Madma	182,018	138,894
and Howrah	1,485,582	1,327,547	Srinagai	±73,573	141,735
Bombay City and Island	1,161,383	1,175,914	Patna	159,690	119.976
Madras City .	647,230	526,911	Mandalay	147,932	148,917
Dellu	477,442	304,410	Sholapin .	144,654	119,581
Hyderabad	466,894	404,187	Jaipur	144,179	120,207
Lahore .	429,747	281,871	Bareilly	144,031	129,459
Rangoon .	407,415	345,621	Trichmopoly . ,	142,843	120,442
Ahmedabad	313,789	274,007	Dacca .	138,518	119,450
Bangalore	306,470	237,496	Meernt'	136,709	122,600
Lucknow		240,566	Tandam.	127,327	
Amritsar	274,659	160,218	Lubbritisan		93,091
	264,840		Danlana	124,382	108,793
' Karachi	a63,565	a16,88 ₃		121,866	104,452
Poona	250,187	214,796	Aimer	119,524	113,072
Cawnpore	243,775	216,436	Multan	119,457	84,806
Agra	229,764	185.532	Rawalpindi	119,284	101,142
Nagpar	215.165	145,913	Barola	112,862	94,712
Benares .	205,315	198,447	Moradabad	110,562	82,671
Allahabad .	183,914	157,220	Salem	102,179	52,244

# A Brief Sketch of Endian Wistorv.

accounts by later Greek and Chinese writers, and found in India, and conquered, a population of from coins and macriptions. The oldest Indian yellow-skinned type in the Himalayan districts, books are supposed to date from about 1500 B C.; and a short, dark-skinned race, of low civilisa-

ALEXANDER'S invasion of India (326 B.C.) is the first landmark of Indian history. A dim outline Persian and to the principal European lanof earlier events can be traced from the evidences of race and language, from the traditions contact, came tained in ancient Indian literature, from the India Front with the India Kush. They

The principal latest official publications relating to India, are - Parliamentary Papers (Session 1932-33).—Moral and Material Progress Report, 1931-32 ("India in 1931-32") (H.C.); East India Budget, 1933-34 (H.C. 143), Statistical Abstract, 1921-22 to 1930-31 (Und. 4428); Accounts and Estimates, 1933-34, Explanatory Memorandum (Cmd. 4416); Chemis of India, 1931, Abstract giving the main statistics (Cmd. 4194). Round Table Conference, 3rd Session, Reports, ctc. (Cmd. 4238); H.M.'s Government's proposals regarding Constitutional Reform ("White Paper") (Cmd. 4268); Joint Committee on Indian Constitutional Reform—Minutes of Evidence (H.L. 79 and H.C. 122). Non-Parliamentary Publications.—Half-Yearly Returns of Loans raised in (H.L. 79 and H.C. xx2). Non-Parliamentary Publications.—Half-Yearly Returns of Loans taised in England: Home Accounts, 1932-32. Estimate of Revenue and Expenditure, 1932-32. Government of India Publications.—Burna, Memorandum on the financial questions arising out of the separation of Burna from India; Census of India, 2932, Series of 28 vols. Published by the High Commissioner for India.—Report of the Indian Trade Commissioner, 1932-33. Parliamentary and Non-Parliamentary Papers can be purchased through any Bookseller, or direct from H.M. Stationery Office, Imperial House, Kingsway, W. z. Government of India publications can be obtained from the High Commissioner for India, India House, Aldwych, W.C. z.

One-inch Ordinance Survey Maps are published by the Survey of India, and can be obtained from the High Commissioner for India (address above) (is. to is. od. each).

tion, in the rest of India. Of both these types there are still survivals. The religion and meta-physics of the Aryans are to be found in the Valas and Upanishads; their epics, the Mahabharata and Ramayana, extol their mythical heroes; while in the Code of Manu we find a picture of Indian society, rather as the priestly caste of the day wished it to exist, than as it actually existed. The ascendancy of the Brahman priesthood over the soldier class of Kshetriyas is represented as fully established. The system of caste, originating in the attitude of the Aryas (kinsmen) to the dark and servile aborigmes, generally prevails, and the people are organised in village communities. In the sixth century B.C. a new religion arose, called Buddhism. Its founder was Gautama, a prince of the Kshetilya caste, who took the name of Buddha, the "awakened, and died about 487 B.C. His supposed remains were discovered near Peshawar in 1909. He tenets are contained in the Triphaka, the Buddhist gospel. Buddhism was, in India itself, mainly a social reform, a revolt against the pride of caste and the exclusiveness of the Brahman priesthood. It prevailed widely from 250 B.C. to 350 A.D., but was never quite general, and existed side by side with Brahmanism, which it never succeeded in ousting. At length it lost ground, less through persecution than through a change in popular feeling; and before the twelfth centuny it had become practically extinct in India itself, though it still flourishes not only in Sunn, China, and Japan, but also in Nepal, Burma, and Ceylon. Its decline in India was accompanied ! by a revival of Brahmamsm, much modified.

According to Herodotus the twentieth satrapy of Persia at one time included part of the north-west of India. Alexander (346 BC) did not penetrate beyond the tributaries of the India, though he sailed down the river. At his death his Indian possessions fell to Scientis, whose amhassador, Megasthenes (306 B.C.), has left an account of the country under the rule of Chandragupta, the Greek Sandracottus. gasthenes describes the democratic village communities of the Punjab, speaks of the people as brave and truthful and adverse to litigation, and notes the absence of slavery. Asoka (272-231 B.C), the grandson of Chandragupta, whose edicts on stone pillars throw light upon this period, was a convert to Buddhein, which became the State religion. Our last contributors to a knowledge of India before the period of continuous authentic history are the Buddhist pilgrims from China who visited the country

between 399 and 695 A D.
The influence of the Greek conquest was swept away by the Scythians, who poured in many waves, between about 165 B C and 320 A.D., over Northern India. Their inroads left a lasting influence on the character of the population, and profoundly modified the religious behefs and domestic institutions of the Hindus. The sixth century was a period of confusion. The emperor Harsha (606-648), after many years of fighting, made himself master of Northern India, and ended his reign in picty and peace. From about 650 to 950 anarchy prevailed.

The Arab conquest of Persia, towards the middle of the seventh century, brought the successors of Muhammad to the Indus, and in

of Ghazni (in Afghanistan) began a long series of incursions into India, no fewer than fifteen expeditions taking place between 999 and 2027, One of which carried him beyond the Jumna, while another ended in the capture of Somnath, in Kathiawar. The succeeding dynasties of Afghan kings held power in India for 500 years; but their advance was gradual, for it was not till 1206 that Delhi was taken and the greater part of Hudustan annexed by Kuthud-dm, whose memory is perpetuated by the Kutb Mmar, near Delbi. The first Muham-

madan invasion of the Deccan took place in rags. THE MOGLL EMPIRE.—The Muhammadan Mongols, or Mognis, after overrunning Central and Western Asia, arrived in 1219, under Genghis Khan, on the frontiers of India, but did not cross the Indus. During the reign of the last monarch of the Taghlak line, the famous Tamerlane (or Timur) burst into India at the head of a mighty host, captured and sacked Dellu in 1308, and laid waste a great part of Hundustan. A period of waste a great of midnistan. A period of weak dynastics followed; frequent invasions from without, and general misrule and anarchy within, paved the way for larger conquests by the Megul Emperors. In 1526 Rabar, a direct descendant of 1 mm, overthrew the last of the Afghan kings at Panipat, and founded the MOGUL EMPIRE, which at his death extended from the Oxus river in Central Asia to the borders of the Gangetic delta. His son, Humanum (1530-55), lost the whole of the territory conquered by Babun, but recovered a portion of it (including Delhi) shortly before his death. His victor was Sher Shah Sur, who reigned from 1540-1545 Akbar the Great, Humayun's son (1556-1605), spent a long reign in firmly establishing the empire; at his death his dominions extended over Kabul, Kandahar, and all India north of the Nerbudda Moreover, of the Muhammadan kingdoms of the Decean, Ahmednagar, Berar and Bidar were absorbed, and Bijapur and Golconda forced to pay tribute Akbar followed up his con-quests by unportant financial reforms He was tolerant in religion, and just to all classes of his subjects. Among the great men of his time were the Hindu, Todar Mall, his able finance minister; Abul Fazl, the historian of his reign; and Faz, the poet Jahanger (1605 27) received in 1616 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James In 1616 SIF Thomas Roe, the anneassator of James L. Under Shah Jahan (1627-1658) the Mogul Empire reached the zenith of its glory. Many stately buildings, including the Taj Maha at Agra, testify to his magnificence and taste. The close of Shah Jahan's reign was embittened by the rivalues of his four sons. Aurangzeb (1658-1707) defeated and killed his brothers and kept his father a prisoner till death (1666) Amangzeb had great ability and comage, but religious intolerance, distrinst and dissimula-tion characterised his chequered career. His reign, in some respects splendid, ended in failure. He brought the Mogul Empire to its greatest extent by conquering and incorporating all India as far south as Tanjore. But from this time the decline of the empire began. Four sons disputed the right of succession, and Bahadu Shah (1707-12) secured the crown. After four short-lived emperors Muhammad Shuh (1719 48), grandson of Bahadur, came to the throne. His viceroys became rebellious, and so contributed to the success of the Mahrattas, who subdued the Decean About 1724 part of the Decean became practically N.W. India they made some temporary acquisitions; but three centuries were to pass before the fundations of a durable Muhammadan 1724 part of the Deccan became practically empire were laid. It was in 999 that Mahmud

the present Nizam). In 1738, to avenge an alleged insult, Nadir Shah of Persia invaded india, captured Belhi, gave orders for a general slaughter of the inhabitants, and carried off enormous plunder. All the country west of the indus was lost to the empire. On the death of Muhammad, the phantom rulers, Ahmad Shah (1748-1754) and Alamgir II. (1754-1759), occupied the throne, and were succeeded by Shah Alam (1750-1866), who came to terms with the British.

Indus was lost to the empire. On the death of Muhammad, the phantom rulers, Ahmad Shah (1748-1754) and Atampir 11. (1754-1755), occupied the throne, and were succeeded by Shah Alam (1750-1866), who came to terms with the British. THE MAHRATTAS.—As the Moguls declined, the power of the Mahrattas increased. They were Hindus, and their country was in the Western Gliste, to the cast of Bombay. The founder of their power was Sinaji (1627-1636), a chieftain of the family of Bhousla, who became famous by his radis in the Deccan, and sined at famous by his raids in the Deccan, and aimed at founding a Hindu kingdom. Balaji Vishranath (1712-1720) Peishwa, or Prime Minister, succeeded in making that office of paramount importance and hereditary in his family, Sivaji's descendants thenceforth holding a merely nominal position. Under the Pelshwas, aided by Scindia, Holkar, and the Gaekwar, who formed independent States about this time, the Mahrattas rapidly extended their territory and influence, conquering Gujarat, Malwa, Becar, and Orissa. Although they were severely defeated at Panipat in 1761 by Ahmad Shah, the Afghan invader, they remained for some time the first power in India, and were the most dangerous opponents of the English. Too often their rule degenerated into a system of organised plunder. With the Pindaris, a horde of freebooters who followed in their train, they became a scourge to the constry. It was not until both Pindaris and Mahruttas were finally overthrown in 1818 that India enjoyed the blessings of internal peace. The Mahratta empire, containing within itself the seeds of disintegration, was fated to bend before the superior sway of Europeans, who had gradually extended their power in India.

THE SKRIS.—The Punjab lay beyond the reach of the Mahrattas. There the decay of the Mogul empire gave the opportunity, not to a nation, but to a religious sect, united by unitary discipline, to establish territorial dominion. The founder of the Sikh religion was Nanak Shah, a Hindu reformer, born near lahore in 1469. He preached the one God, purity of life, and abolition of caste. He had ten successors, named gurns or apostles, ending with Gownd Singh (1508). The sect, though eruelly persecuted, survived, and gradually adopted a political organisation. It became a power under Hanji Singh (1788-1839), who, revolting against the Afghan Amily whom he had been appointed Governor of Lahore, founded the kingdom of the Punjab. The powerful army he had organised brought on the collision with the British, and after two wars the Sikh kingdom was annexed, and became the province of the Punjab (1840).

EUROPEAN ADVENTURE.—From time immemorial the lucrative trade of Europe with India and the further East has enormously enriched in turn each nation that has held it. In the 15th century it was mainly possessed by the Venetians on the European side, and by the Arabs on the Eastern side. The chief trading centres of the Arabs were Calient, Ormuz, Aden, and Malacca. Seeing the large profits to be derived from this trade, the rising nations of Europe in the 15th century sought to obtain a share. Hence the ardour of the navigators who set out to discover an ocean route to India. The sea route

round the Cape of Good Hope was discovered by Vasco da Gama, who anchored before Calicut in May, 1498. From that time until they lost their naval supremacy, a century later, the Portuguese enjoyed practically a monopoly of Indian trade. The first Portuguese viceroy, Francis of Almeida (1505, 1500), established numerons factories and fortresses; while his successor, Alfonso de Albuquerque, captured Goa (1510), and extended the Portuguese dominion, notably on the Malabar coast. This dominion for 60 years from 1542 was tantamount to an entire regulation of the Asiatic coast trade with Europe from the Persian Gulf to Japan. It was stained by great cruelty. Up to the union of the crowns of Spain and Portugal in 1580 under Philip II., the Portuguese brought Indian products to Lisbon, whence the Dutch carried them to other parts of Europe But when Philip II., on account of the Dutch revolt, shut Lisbon against them, the Dutch were driven to trade directly with the East. In 1602, by annalgamating existing trading companies, they formed "The Dutch East India Company," and the principal Pottuguese settlements in the East were gradually captured. By 1667 the Portuguese held only those remnants of their Indian possessions which they still hold. The Dutch, who had some small trading factories, were in turn forced by the British to relax their hold on India. Prench and Danish East India Companies were established in 1602 and 1676 respectively. The latter achieved little, but, as will be seen directly, the French had a brief but brilliant period of influence in the middle of the 18th century.

ENGLISH DOMINION -At the close of the 16th century the English became eager to share in the profits of Indian commerce. After some smaller ventures, the London East India Company was incorporated by Queen Elizabeth by royal charter on 31st December, 1600. There were 217 subscribers of the capital of £68,373, and the official title was "The Governor and Company of Merchants of London trading to the East Indies." A second charter in 1609 made the Company's privileges perpetual. The Portuguese resisted the new competitors, who nevertheless obtained a permanent footing at Surat after several stubborn engagements off Swally in r612. In 1615 the British ambassador, Sir Thomas Roe, supported by the Emperor Jahangir, greatly improved the position of the Company. In 1639 the English acquired a strip of land on the east coast, built a factory there, fortified it, and named it Fort St George: in 1652 this settlement of Madras became a Presidency. In Charles I.'s reign rival enterprises led to confusion and piratical excesses, but in 1657 co-operation and discipline were secured by the charter granted by Cromwell to a single company comprising the whole body of merchants. The charter was renewed by Charles II., in whose reign the Company enjoyed great prosperity. When, in 166s, Charles II. married Katharine When, in 166s, Charles II. married Katharine of Braganza, a part of her dowry from Portugal was the Island of Bombay; in 1668 he transferred all his rights over it to the Company for an annual payment of £10. In 1689 Bombay replaced Sunat as the seat of the western Presidency. Although in 1633 the Company had obtained certain treaty rights in Bengal from the Wogul, and in 1653 a factory had been established at Hooghly, yet in that part of India they held no territory as in Bombay

and Madras. In 1688 the Muhammadan rulers forced them to abandon their settlement, but forced them to abandon their settlement, but being invited to return, they laid, in 1690, amid swamp and jungle, the foundations of the Presidency of Fort William, which was destined to develop into the city of Calcutta. In 1693 a new charter was granted to the company. In 1693 a charter was granted to a rival company called "The English East India Company," to distinguish at from the old "London Company." After a brief period of conflict and trade losses, the rival companies came to terms in 2002; and in 2008 they were came to terms in 2002; and in 2008 they were came to terms in 1702; and in 1708 they were amalgamated under the title of "The United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies."

When Great Britain engaged in war with France in 1744, the rival Companies of England and France came into collision, with the result that Madras was captured in 1746. Had Dupleix been well supported from home, he might have founded a French empire in India. The first reverses of the English were retrieved by (live, whose gallant defence of Arcot (1751) was followed up by a series of brilliant move-ments, culminating in the utter defeat of the French army by Coote at Wandiwash in 1760, and in the capture of Pondicherry in 1761, which completed the ruin of the French Company. Since then the territory retained by the French in India has been insignificant; and in it they are forbidden by treaty to hold any considerable military force. The tragedy of the Black Hole of Calcutta (1756) summoned Clive from Madras, and his victory at Plassey over the Nawab of Bengal in 2757 made British influence predominant.
Clive was appointed first Governor of Bengal

in 1758. In 1760 he returned home, and in 1763 the English were again embroiled in Bengal, but completely defeated their opponents at Buxar (1764). In 1765 Clive (now Loid Chve) re-turned to Bengal as Governor, and before he left finally in 1767 he succeeded in reforming the services, in which great abuses existed. Owing to Clive's efforts, the Company in 1765 received from the Emperor at Delhi the diwans or fiscal administration of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, with the Northern Circars (Madras), and a5,000,000 people came under their government. Thus were laid the foundations of England's territorial dominion in India.

After an interval of misrule Warren Hastings (2772-85) was appointed Governor of Bengal, and in 1774 Governor-General, on the creation of that office under the Regulating Act He vigorously reformed the revenue system and judicial procedure. Hastings was the first great administrative organiser of the British possessions. He greatly increased the power and territory of the Company, not-withstanding the opposition of his Council Mysore in 1760 had been seized by Hyder All, a Mussulman adventurer, and a powerful and inveterate enemy of the English. By repelling Hyder All's memorable invasion of the Carnatic So), and defeating the triple alliance of the (1780.), and deteating the triple arisance.

Nizam, the Mahrattas, and Hyder All, Hastings probably saved British India. On his return to England he was impeached on a number of

charges, but acquitted.

The first administration of Lord Cornwallis (1786-93) was marked by a thorough reform of the Company's Civil Service, by the introduction of a permanent settlement of the land revenue, by

Mysore War, in which he defeated Tippoo, the son and successor of Hyder Ali. The rule of

son and successor of Hyder Ali. The rule of Sir John Shore (1792-98) was uneventful.

The administration of the Marquess Wellesley (1798-1805) was distinguished by many important events. Tippo, as hostile to the English as Hyder, was in 1798 in secret correspondence with the French, who were then dominant in the military councils of the Nizam and of Scindia, were established in Manritius, and under Narpleon then convered in the Environment. Napoleon, then engaged in his Egyptian campaign, were aiming at a great Eastern Empire. Lord Wellesley saw the necessity of crushing this dangerous Power, and the Fourth Mysore War ended in the capture of Seringapatam (1799), the death of Trippoo, and the conquest and restoration of Mysore to a representative of the family of Hindu Rajas whom Hyder Ali had dethroped. The Treaty of Bassen (180a) broke up the Mahratta confederacy, but led to the Second and Third Mahratta Wais, which curtailed the power of Scindia and Holkar, and increased the strength and extent of the Company's dominions. Lastly, Lord Wellesley developed, if he did not initiate, a system of subsidiary alhances with Native States, which aimed at making the British the one paramount Power, winte giving greater security than the balance of power attempted by his predecessors. Wellesley doubled the territories of the Company, and transformed a mercantile body into a political power with a preponderating influence

political power with a preponderating influence throughout India. During the brief second administration of Lord Cornicallia (1805), and that of Sir G. Barlon (1805-7). Wellesley's policy of subsidiary alliances was reversed.

Lord Minto (1807-13) established peaceful relations with the Pinjab, Afghanistan, and Persia, through the mediation of Mctcaife, Elphinstone, and Malcolm respectively. On the renewal of the Company's charter in 1813 the monotoly of Indian trade was abolished. the monopoly of Indian trade was abolished.

Under the Marquess of Hastings (1814-23) a severe strugg'e with Nepaul ended with the Treaty of Sagonii (1846), which still regulates India's relations with that State. The ameration in 1818 of the territory of the Mahratta Peishwa enlarged Rombay Presidency to its present duncusions. Lord Hastings in the same year crushed the maranding Pindaris of Central India, who had devastated the country in all directions. Reviving Lord Wellesley's policy of alliances, he settled on their existing basis the relations of the Supreme Power with the fendatory States of Rajputana and Central India He encouraged education. Lord Amherst (1823-8) succeeded Lord Hastings. Encreachments on British districts by the King of Ava and his insolent refusal of all redress led to the first Burmese War, which cost zo,000 lives and nearly £14,000,000, but gave to India the provinces of

Aracan and Tenasserim, and, practically, Assam While Lord William Bentinck was Governor. General (1828-35), steam communication with India was introduced, suitee (or widow-burning) was abolished, educated natives were admitted more freely into the service of the Company, and various reforms were passed affecting education, the liberty of the Press, finance, and justice. The new charter of the East Ind.a Company in 1833 abolished the remaining monopolish of the Press, finance, and poly of Chinese trade, introduced reforms in the constitution of the Indian Government, made a permanent settlement of the land revenue, by the North-West Provinces a separate administ a reform of the judicial system, and by the third tration, and abolished the restrictions on the

residence of British subjects in India. The resolution of Lard Auckland (x835-42) to support Shah Shuja against Dost Muhammad brought on the first Afghan War (1839-42), and the serious disaster attendant on the fatal retreat from Cabul. The administration of Lord Ellenbarough (1842-44) saw the conquest of Sind by Sir Churles Namer and its annexation (1843). Lord Hardinge (1844-48) conducted in person the first Sikh War, and fought a series of severely

contested battles, ending with Sobraon (1846).

Lord Dathoune's administration (1848-56) was fruitful in events. The Second Sikh War resulted, after sever fighting, in the submission of the Sikhs and the annexation of the Punjab (1849). The second Brunese War (1852), deprived the King of Burma of Pegu. Lord Dalhousie promoted the introduction of railways and the telegraph. He established cheap postage, promoted steam navigation with England via the Red Sea, and opened the Ganges Canal. His amexation policy was much criticised at home. It proceeded on the principle that British being preferable to Indum rule, gross misrule or a break in the natural succession justified, in the interest of the subject populations, the transfer of a native State to the British Government. In 1849 this "doctrine of lapse" was applied of the Mahrata Process of Nagour, his territory was amexed, and became the Central Provinces in 1853. In 1856, after repeated warnings to the trannical ruler of Oudh, that kingdom was also annexed, without bloodshed or fighting.

Earl Canning (1857-62), who succeeded Lord Dalhouse, left England pludged to pursue a

policy of peace, but he was destined to face the greatest crisis that has threatened British rule in India A mutiny of sepoys broke out on the toth May, 1857, at Meerut, and spread through the whole Bengal Army Delhi was for some months in the possession of the rebels, and many chiefs joined the revolt. The slege of Delhi, the massacre at Cawnpore, the relief of Lucknow, and the Central India campaign stand out among the stirring events of that momentous time. Although the control of Indian affairs was vested in the Cabinet through the Board of Control, the great mutiny was laid to the charge of the East India Company, whose eventful annals were brought to a close by the transfer of

INDIA UNDER THE CROWN.—The "Act for the Better Government of Iudia" established the authority of the Crown; and a Proclamation to the Princes, Chiefs, and People of India, dated the 1st Nov., 1858, announced the resolution of Her Majesty to assume the government of the territories in India "heretofore administered in trust by the Honourable East India Company." Legislative Councils were established.

Lord Canning was succeeded in 1862 by Lord

Elgin, who, however, died in Nov., 1863.

Sir John (Lord) Lawrence (1861-69) reformed the finances, which had been seriously burdened by the leavy military expenditure necessitated by the Mutiny. His administration was marked by the Bhutan War (1864) and by the terrible Orissa Famine of 1866. He encouraged irrigation.

Lord Mayo (1869-72) effected many administrative reforms, instituted State railways, promoted the construction of roads and canals, and inaugurated the system of provincial finance, which has since been extended.

During the tenure of office of Lord Northbrook (1872-76) the late King Edward VII., then Prince of Wales, visited India. The Viceroy devoted attention to finance and to famine relief. In 1875 the reigning Gaekwar of Baroda was deposed for misrule and disloyalty.

Lord Lytton's administration (1876-80) was made eventful by a terrible famine in Southern India and by the Second Afghan War. In 1877 the Queen assumed the title of EMPRESS OF INDIA. In 1877 the

The peaceful term of the Marquess of Ripon (1880-84) was marked by the extension of local self-government, and by fiscal, judicial, educational, and other reforms

His successor was the Marquess of Dufferin (1884-88). In 1885-6 occurred the Third Burmese War, by which Upper Burma with the Shau States was annexed. The N.W. frontier of Afghanistan was delimited, the frontier of India strengthened, and the army increased. National Congress met in 1885. The first Indian

The Marquess of Lansdowne (1888-94) continued his predecessor's policy of strengthening the army and consolidating British influence on the frontier. The Indo-Afghan boundary was defined, and a serious outbreak in Manipur was suppressed. He took the first step in currency reform by closing the Indian mints to the free coinage of silver. He reconstituted the Legislative Councils in 1892 by introducing a more popular element, and conferring a limited right of interpellation and criticism in financial matters.

The viceroyalty of Lord Elpin (1894-99) was full of events. In 1895 an ontbreak in Chitral made necessary a large military expedition to relieve the garrison. Plagne broke out in 1896, and has raged more or less severely ever since. In 1896-7 an area of 307,000 sq. ms., with a population of 70 millions, was visited by a grievous famine. In 1897 the border tribes from Chitral to Baluchistan rose against the British garrisons. In the Tirah campaign that followed over 40,000 troops were employed. Several boundaries were settled under Lord Elgin, notably those with Russia on the Pamirs and with France on the Mekong. The frontiers of Afghanistan, Persia, and China were also defined. The general Customs tariff, abolished in 1882, was reimposed in 1804.

Lord Curzon (1899-1904 and 1904-5) succeeded Lord Elgin. In 1899 the pound sterling was made legal tender in India concurrently with the rupec, at the exchange of Rs. 15 to £1. In 1899-1900 occurred one of the worst famines on record, the tracts affected covering 475,000 sq. ms with a population of 60 millions. Lord Curzon's term of office was a period of reform and reconstruction. He appointed Commissions of Inquiry on irrigation, railways, universities, agricultural banks, excise, and police, all of which suggested important reforms. He instituted agricultural banks and departments, and initiated legislation to free the cultivators from the money-lenders. The famine codes were amended. A new province, under the direct control of the Governor-General in Council, was created, called the North-West Frontier Province (1901). The Aden and the Perso-Afghan loundaires were delimited. An Imperial Cadet Corps of native princes and nobles was inaugurated. Educational policy was reviewed and reforms introduced. A muchneeded reform of the police was undertaken. Lord Curzon also secured a perpetual lease of Berar from the Nizam. In 1904 a mission with a military escort proceeded to Tibet, and secured a favourable treaty. During Lord Curzon's ence in England for a few months in 1904 Lord Ampthill occupied the post of Viceroy. Lord Curzon was reappointed in Dec., 1904. In 1905 the treaty with Afghanatan was renewed. The Viceroy reduced the dimensions of Bengal, and constituted a new province, called Eastern Bengal and Assam, by combining parts of Bengal with Assam. He carried out great reforms in the Army in conjunction with Lord Kitchener (appointed Commander-in-Chief in 1904), but, differing from certain proposals made by the latter, and finding that he lacked the support of the Home Government. In resigned (Aug., 1904).

ment, he resigned (Aug., 1905).

Lord Minto succeeded in Nov., 1905. The Prince of Wales (now H.M. King George) made a tour in India during the winter of 1905-6. For some years after 1905 there was agitation among Bengalis owing to the partition of Bengal, and a Seditions Meetings Act was passed in Nov., 1907. In his Budget speech in 1907 the Secretary of State, Viscount Morley, foreshadowed important reforms in Indian administration, designed to associate the people more closely with the Government. He nominated two Indian members to his own Council, and an Indian member to the Governor-General's Council. He appointed Commissions to inquire into railways, into the possibilities of financial and administrative decentralisation, and into the conditions of factory labour, and action was taken on their reports. In 1908 the unrest in Bengal assumed an anarchical character. To mark the fiftieth anniversary of the transfer of India to the Crown a royal proclamation was issued in Nov., 1908, promising extended self-government. Owing to the continued unrest in 1909 and 1920, 2018. Press Act, to control printing

presses, was passed.

Lord Hardinge succeeded in Nov., 1910. The Indian Legislative Council in June, 1911, prohibited indentured enigration from India to Natal after 1 July, 1912, and a new Seditious Meetings Act was passed. A great Durbar was held at Delhi on 12 December, 1911, by H.M. King George, to announce his Coronation. On this occasion the King Emperor also made announcements of new and far-reaching steps in Indian policy, viz., the transfer of the seat of Government from Calcutta to Delhi, and the creation of a Governorship for the presidency of Bengal, of a Lieut. Governorship for Bihar, Chota-Nagpur, and Orissa, and of a Chief Commissionership for Assam. Delhi was chosen as the capital on recognaphical, historical, and political grounds. The provincial changes involved a partial rescission of the partition of Bengal and the abolition of the province of Eastern Bengal and Assam, created in 1905. Bengal as reconstituted is a compact Bengali-speaking province, placed under a Governor in Council. A new province, Bihar and Orissa, was formed, including Chota-Nagpur and the Sambalpur district. Assam again became a separate province, under a Chief Commissioner. The reconstituted provinces came into existence on 1 April, 1912. In pursuance of recommendations by the Decentralisation Commission, enhanced powers in respect of appointments and expenditure were granted to local governments having a quasi-permanent provincial settlement. Moreover, greater permanency was artange for in financial settlements with the provinces, the control of the Governments of India being relaxed. In Dec., 1913, 1914.

possession of the new headquarters at Delhi. The State entry was marred by an attempt on the life of the Viceroy. The outbreak of *The Great War* in August, 1914, was the signal for an outburst of loyalty and devotion to the King-Emperor on the part of the princes and peoples of India. Practically all the ruling chiefs placed their military forces and the resources of thour states at the disposal of the Government.

Following on the ontbreak of war serious disturbances were started in the Pinijab and elsewhere by emigrants returning from Canada and the United States imbued with revolutionary ideas. Order was restored as a result of neasures taken under the Defence of India Act, which was passed in Maich, 1915. Lord Hardinge's term office as Viceroy was extended from November, 1915, to March, 1916. The Viceroy announced in March, 1916, that the ladeen decided eventually to abolish the system of indentured emigration from India. Lord Hardinge put forward proposals for post-war constitutional reforms.

Lord Chelmsford succeeded in April, 1916. The year 1917 was marked by certain symptoms of unrest and the development of an agitation for constitutional changes towards self-government, or, in its extreme form, "Home Eule for India."

The Public Services Commission, appointed during Lord Hardinge's administration, reported. Towards the end of 1917 the Secretary of State visited India in connexion with a de-State visited India in connexion with a development of constitutional progress. The Bombay Government took the first steps towards obligatory primary education; a policy of more complete local self-government was decided on by the Government of India. The influenza epidemic spread to India, and it was estimated that over 12 million deaths in British India and Indian States resulted. The Industrial Commission appointed in 2006 issued. trial Commission, appointed in 1916, Issued a report. In 1919 a bill was introduced into Parliament embodying the proposals of the "Montagu-Chelmsford Joint Report," and eventually passed During the year considerable distress occurred in consequence of the partial distress occurred in consequence of the partial failure of the rors autumn crops throughout Northern India and the Peninsula, and relief measures were undertaken. Serious disturbances in the Punjab and Delhi, resulting in many deaths, followed on a "passive resistance" movement, inangurated by Mr. Gaudhi against the "Rowlatt" Bills, introduced by the Government of India, on the recommendation of the "Rowlatt" Committee, for renewing some of the powers with which the Government had armed themselves during the War to deal with seddion. themselves during the War to deal with sedition. The murder of the Amir and the subsequent events in Afghanistan were followed by an inroad of Afghans and some frontier tribes into India, necessitating prompt military action by the Government of India, The "Sadler" Commission on the Calcutta University reported during the year, and made drastic proposals for recasting the Indian secondary and university educational system. The Home Parliament, by rules, laid down the details of the constitution of the new Central and Provincial Governments (see pp. 733, 731). The Amir's representatives visited India and discussed with officers of the Indian Government the possibility of a resumption of more friendly relations. Fighting with the Mahsuds on the North-West frontier continued throughout the year, in consequence of which the Viceroy announced Government's intention to occupy Central Waziristan, and to continue the railway from Jamrud towards the Khyber. Further steps towards employing more largely indians in the various Government services and for the improvement of conditions of service and pay of both European and Indian members of the same were taken. The recommendation of the Exchange and Currency Committee for the linking of the rupee to gold and the adoption of an exchange rate equivalent to one-tenth of the gold contents of the sovereign, i.e., an exchange rate of Rs. 10 to the £, was adopted. A High Commissioner for India in London, with a separate establishment, responsible to the Government of India for certain agency work, previously per-formed by the India Office, was appointed. The Army in India and the Medical Services Committees respectively reported. The Army in India Committee attempted to determine the part to be played by the Army in India in a scheme of Imperial Defence and to analyse the steps which must be taken to make the Army, both in its and to take to make the Army, noon in the administration and its personnel, more efficient and more attractive to the right type of soldiers. In January, 1921, the new Indian Legislature, Provincial Councils, and the Chamber of Princes, were inaugunated by the Duke of Connaught. Lord Reading succeeded in April, 1921. The

Lord Reading succeeded in April, 1921. battle between constitutionalism and revolution A conflict between Sikhs at Nancontinued. kana resulted in many deaths. Mr Gandhi, the All brothers, and their associates, continued to advocate non-co-operation with the Government and boycott of the reforms. The utterances of the Ali brothers forced Government to order their arrest. The Moplahs (Muhammadan fanatics of Malabar) resisted the ordinary processes of law, and a widespread onthreak of violence ensued which forced the authorities to take strong military measures for its suppres-sion. Frontier disturbances and fighting con-tinued. Failure of the crops in some parts sion. From the manufacture and in a manufacture of the crops in some parts necessitated the opening of relief works. Special missions were sent to Afghanistan and Tibet. The Railway Committee reported and recommended drastic changes, including the termina-tion of the system of management of railways by Government companies domiciled in England.

In November the Prince of Wales visited India. In rose the Government arrested Mr. Gandhi, who was sentenced to six years' imprisonment.
The Government found it necessary to give to
Ruling Princes some measure of protection
against attacks in the Press.

The Fiscal Commission (appointed in 1921) reported and advised the adoption of a policy

of protection.

The Hon. V. Srinivasa Sastri visited the Dominious, as a representative of the Government of ions, as a representative of the dovernment of india, to discuss with the leaders of political thought the disabilities of Industs in the self-governing Ionninions. Twenty-three Acts and Regulations supplementing the criminal law were repealed. A Central Advisory Board for Rallways was established.

In 1923 Burma was constituted a Governor's Province. The "Incheape" Retrenchment Committee, appointed in 1922, reported and recommended a total reduction in the Budget of Rs. 194 crores. The Government accepted the principle of Protection, but declared that it should be applied with discrimination; hitherto the Indian tariff had been a revenue tariff. A trade Convention was concluded with Afghan-

istan. A Bill was passed providing for the removal of existing racial distinctions in the criminal procedure applicable to Indians and non-Indians. The new frontier policy was further developed by the completion of various roads for mechanical transport within Waziriroads for mechanical transport within Waziristan and along the Derajat border. At the Imperial Conference, a Resolution was passed recommending each Dominion of the Empire concerned to set up a Commission to consider, in conjunction with a Commission of equal number from India, how far the principle laid down by the Imperial Conference of rost, that Indians lawfully resident overseas should that Indians lawfully resident overseas should that with your design of rights of citizenship, had been given effect to and to what extent it could be further applied. The Bengal Government was given special powers to deal with violent crime. The Punjab was greatly disturbed by the Sikh invasion of the Nabha State. The Royal Commission on the Superior Civil Services, appointed in 1933, reported and recommended financial improvements for the Indian Civil and other Services. Further Indianisation of the Services was recommended. During the year a Legislative Council was set up in Coorg

Early in roas, the Swarajist leader, Mr. Das, repudiated the policy of violence, but asked in return for the cessation of "repressive" measures. A committee was appointed to enquire into the difficulties arising from or inherent in the working of the Constitution, and recommended many alterations, particularly that the control of the Secretary of State should be relaxed in purely Indian matters. The terms of reference did not, however, extend to the larger question of a complete revision of the Constitution, contemplated in the Montagu-Chelmsford scheme of 1918. The Viceroy came home to confer with the Home Government, and on his return to India announced the decision that the moment for such an enquiry had not arrived. The Government extended the policy of protection by granting a bounty on steel manufactured in India. The Khyler Pass Railway, ay miles in length, from Jamrud—some three miles from the entrance of the Pass-to Landi Kotal, on

In 1936 the Cotton Excise duty was abolished.

It was decided to reconstruct the Royal Indian Marine as a combatant force so that India may ultimately undertake her own naval The Government of India decided to defence. prohibit the export of opium for medical purposes, thus taking the lead in initiating the measures for which the Geneva Protocol provides.

Lord Irwin succeeded Lord Reading as Viceroy in April, 256. In the United Provinces a Bill was passed to improve the lot of tenants in Agra Province by facilitating occupancy tenure and for the prevention of unauthorised invents by landlest.

imposts by landlords.

The Royal Commission on Indian Currency and Finance recommended that the gold value of the rupee should be fixed at zs. 6d., that the currency authority should be put under a statutory obligation to buy and sell gold or gold exchange at appropriate prices to maintain the ratio, that a central bank should be created apart from the Imperial Bank and that measures should be taken to establish a gold standard for India. Government announced their intention to adopt the ratio of rs. 6d. and to pass the necessary legislation to put the matter on a statutory basis.

Following the success of the Government mission for the suppression of slave trading in the Hukawing valley an expedition was sent to the Kachin tribal chiefs in Burma with the object of endeavouring to persuade the chiefs to agree to the abolition of the system of tribal slavery in the area lying between the head waters of the Irrawaddy. In Nepal the slave liberation scheme, formulated by the Prime Minister of that State, was completed at a cost of £275,000.

Important changes in the administration of the State of Hyderabad were made by H.H. the Nizam following representations by the Supreme

Government.

During the year there was a recrudescence of communal and religious strife between Moslems and Hindus, and serious nots, with great loss of lives, occurred in most parts of India, particularly in Kohat, Calcutta and Delhi The Government of Bengal we e obliged to proclaim a state of emergency.

The elections for the Indian Assembly and Provincial Councils were held towards the close

of the year.

In 1927 a continuance of the measures for the protection of the Indian steel industry, in a modified form, was recommended by the Indian Tariff Board, whose main proposals were accepted by the Government of India. It was also decided to protect the cotton textile industry against competition in cotton yain produced under conditions which enable such yarn to be produced at a cost below that at which it can be produced in India, by an alteration in the import duty on cotton yarn, and to abolish the duty on imported mill stores, etc. An Act for the registration of trade unions came into force. The rupee was stabilised by legislation, at 18. 6d., and a bill for the establishment of an Indian Reserve Bank was introduced. The Bombay Back Bay Reclamation Committee recommended the carrying on of a certain portion of the work, but that it should in future, as far as possible, be undertaken by contract agency.

A substantial and progressive Indianisation of the Indian Army was recommended by the Sandhurst (Skeen) Committee in order that, by 1952, 50 per cent. of the cadre of officers should be Indians.

A settlement was reached with the Government of Sonth Africa on the question of the position of Indians in the Union. A Public Services Commission was formally constituted. The new Council House at New Delhi was opened. The Indian Princes met in conference to consider their future status. His Highness the Maharajah of Patiala sanctioned a scheme of compulsory education in his State. Slavery was abolished in the State of Kalat (Baluchistan).

In the Home Parliament the Indian Navy Bill and the Indian Church Bill were passed. The latter provides that the Church in India shall

be an autonomous body.

In November the Home Government announced its intention to set up a Statutory Commission, with the Rt. Hon. Sir John Simon as Chairman, to report to what extent it is desirable to establish the principles of responsible government in India, or to extend, modify or restrict the degree of responsible government.

In ross the Commission visited India, but was

the end of the year the Commission succeeded in securing the offer of the co-operation of most of the political parties and groups previously hostile. A Committee was appointed, with Sir Harcourt Butler as Chairman, to consider the relations between the Paramount Power and the Indian States, with special reference to the financial and economic relations between British India and the States

The Royal Commission on Agriculture in India (appointed in 1926) issued its Report and the first step to carry out its recommendations was taken by the opening of a Conference in India to draw up schemes for co-ordinated action.

In 1927 it was announced that in future the number of direct vacancies open to Indian candidates at Sandhurst would be doubled, that a certain number of vacancies would be reserved for Indian officers holding the Viceroy's commission, and that Woolwich and Cranwell would be open to Indian aspirants for King's Commissions.

In 1939, power was given by the Appellate
Jurisdiction Act to appoint Indian judges, etc.,
as additional members of the Judicial Committee of the Pray Conneil for the hearing of
appeals from India. The Statutory Commission continued its labours, but met with a considerable amount of opposition organised by some of the political groups in India. Indian leaders attempted (but with little success) to draw up proposals acceptable to the main re-cognised political parties for submission to the Commission. A bill was introduced in the Assembly providing for the removal from India of non-Indian communist agents and a few day, later an attempt was made by communists to destroy members of the Assembly by throwing bombs at the Government benches. The Bill was passed later as an Ordinance owing to the refusal of the President of the Assembly to allow its discussion on the ground that some of its provisions were sub judice in view of a trial of some conspirators then proceeding. There was considerable unrest in parts of India during the year, particularly in Bombay. An Act was passed providing for the investigation and settlement of trade disputes; under it strikes and lock-outs in utility services are penalised; strikes and lock-outs having any object than the furtherance of a trade dispute within the trade or industry in which the strikers or employers are engaged, or are designed to inflict severe general and prolonged hardship upon the community and government, are illegal.

A Royal Commission was appointed to report on the existing conditions of labour in industrial undertakings in British India, on the health, efficiency and standard of living of the workers, and on the relations between employers and employed. A Committee was also appointed to consider the general problem development.

An Act was passed providing that the age of marriage shall not be less than 14 and the age of

consent not less than 16.

The Indian States Committee presented its Report. It recommended that the Vicercy, not the Governor-General in Council, should in future be the Agent of the Crown and that important matters of dispute between the states themselves, between the states and the Paramount Power and between the states and unfavourably received by many who were dissatisfied with the terms of reference. Boycotts and sympathetic strikes were organised. Towards with the relationship between the Paramount Power and the financial relations between British India and the states, particularly the claim of the states for a share in the maritime customs, the proceeds of which are enjoyed at

present exclusively by British India.

In 130 the outstanding event was the issue of the Report of the Statutory Commission (the Sumon Commission). The report was manimous A survey of the facts, containing an ambyer of the trend of political thought in India was first published (Cnd. 3568), then, after a short interval, the Com-3500), then, after a safety interval, the Com-nussion's Recommendations (Cind. 3569). These, though in no sense revolutionary, foleshadowed many changes: First, the separation of Burma, whose political association with India is not based on any natural or racial affinity, but is a mere accident of history, and, secondly, a number of radical reforms in the constitution of India proper. Broadly these may be summarised as the grant of the greatest possible measure of independence to Local Governments within then own sphere, and the substitution of a Federal system in place of the existing arrangements Measures were also proposed whereby representatives of the Indian States will join with representatives of British India for the discussion of matters of common concern in a "Conneil of Greater India," to be appointed not by Statute but by Royal Proclamation

It was proposed that the Provinces should be provided with enlarged financial resources Their Governments would no longer be "dynchic," as under the Montagn-Chehnsford Constitution, but unitary, every Member being required to accept joint responsibility for all acts of the Administration. Ministers, whether chosen from the local Legisliture or not, were to be nonmusted by the Governor, and would have charge of those branches of the would have charge or those "reserved" administration which are now "reserved" to the Official Side of the Government, e.g., and maintenance of control of the Police and maintenance law and Order The Commission 1000 The Commission recomnumbered that reserve powers should be vested in the Governor for such essential purposes as the protection of minorities and of the rights of the Services, and the carrying on of the Government in any emergency such as the breakdown for any reason of the normal arrangements; that Legislatures should be enlarged, the franchise-basis widened and constituencies reduced to more manageable size Moreover, a certamelasticity was recognised as indispensable, and measures were indicated whereby each Province may advance towards self-government on the lines found best suited to its individual needs, provided always that the rights of minorities were not invaded by any constitutional changes thus effected.

The Commission's Report, published in June, was received with a storm of disapprobation in Indian political circles, and was the signal for a recrudescence of the non-co-operation movement in an acute form. There were serious riots and bomb outrages in various parts of India. In the course of the measures taken to restore order Ur. Gandhi and numerous other political leaders were brought to trial, convicted, and sentenced to terms of imprisonment.

In September the Round Table Conference was convened in London as the next stage in the process of settling the future constitution. General elections to the Indian and Provincial Legislatures took place in the autumn.

In 1931 the various Committees of the Round Table Conference presented their Reports, one of the most important being that of the Federal Relations Sub-Committee outlining the constitution of a Federal Government of India. The representatives of the Indian States had expressed their willingness to consider their entry into a federal system. The Conference adjourned in January. Later, there was considerable disorder in India, but eventually negotiations resulted in an agreement for the cessation of civil disobedience and of the boycott of English goods.

New Delhi was mangurated in February. The Earl of Willingdon succeeded Lord Itwm as

Vicency in April.

The Royal Commission ("Whitley") on Labour, appointed in 1929, submitted their Report and recommendation

The Round Table Conference re-assembled in London in October, and discussed the com-Legislature, the Kederal Court, the representa-tion of minorities, the States' places in the

Legislature, &c.

At the conclusion of the Session of the Conference in December the Prime Muister stated, that in view of the differences of opinion revealed during the discussions, the Government proposed to appoint three Committees to work in ludin to investigate more fully the questions of franchise, federal finance, and relations with certam Indian States.

In 1932 measures were taken to counteract the civil disabedience movement and Mr. Gandi, who attended the Conference, was arrested on his return to India. The various communities having failed to agree in regard to their representation in the Provincial Legislatures, Home Government decided on certain provisions to give effect to a scheme for the representation of the communities, to be laid before Parliament in due course. Later, it was amounced that another (small) Round Table Conference would be convened in November, with a view to reach an agreement consistent with the declared policy of His Majesty's Government on the important constitutional questions still re-maining to be decided. The North-West Frontier Province was constituted as Governor's Province; an annual subvention of Rs.z crore (£750,000) being granted by the Central Government, to be operative for three years or until the new constitution of India is inaugurated, winchever is earlier. An initial balance of Rs. 10lakhs (£75,000) was placed at the disposition of the Province Aden was constituted a Province, under a Chief Commissioner under the direct control of the Government of India.

In March, 1933, after further inquives and discussions, including a third session of the Round Table Conference, His Majesty's Government announced their proposals for constitutional reforms (Cind. 4268- White Paper). A Joint Select Committee of both Houses of Parliament was set up to consider and report on them in consultation with Indian representatives, the intention of His Majesty's Government being to introduce a Bill embodying their final plans, after consideration of the Com-mittee's report. The proposals provide for a federal system of government with self-government at the centre and in the Provinces; the Federation to consist of the autonomous Provinces of British India and the Indian States, the latter to surrender certain of their Sovereign

rights to the Federation but retaining autonomy in respect of rights not surrendered; a Federal Legislature consisting of elected representatives of British India and of representatives of Indian States to be appointed by their Rulers, and a Kederal Executive consisting of the Governor-General representing the Crown, aided and advised by a Council of Ministers, responsible, subject to certain qualifications, to the Legisla-ture so composed, and to endow these authorities with powers and functions in relation to British India, and with such powers and functions in relation to the States as the Statesmembers of the Federation will formally accept ns being of full force and effect within their territories, full liberty to be reserved to the Crown to refuse to accept the accession of any State to the Federation if it is sought on terms incompatible with the scheme of Federation embodied in the Constitution Act; the Governor-General to have a special responsibility in relation to the peace of transpullity of India, financial stability, pinenties, Public Service, protection of rights of Indian States, prevention of commercial discrimination, and any matter affecting the administration of the Reserved Departments, the cleven provinces (Madias, Bombay, Bengal, The United Provinces, The Panjab, Bihar, The Central Provinces, Assam, The North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Orissa) to become autonomous units, the government of each heing administered by a Governor ispresenting the King, aided and advised by a Council of Munisters responsible to the Legislature of the Province, the Governor to have the same special powers and responsibilities as the Governor-General, with certain modifications

IMPERIAL LEGISLATION. - Legislation for India in England is chiefly of a constitutional of fluar-cial character. The Regulating Act (1773), which created the first Governor-General, a Connect of five members, and a supreme court with a chief judge, was the first statute that recognised the East India Company as a riling body. Pitt's India Act (1784) left the business and most of the patronage to the Court of Directors. but gave the supreme civil and military authority to a Board of Control, whose president represented India in the House of Commons. In 1993 the Company's charter was renewed; in 1813, on a further renewal of the charter, the trade of India was thrown open, while on the next renewal in 1833 the Company's monopoly of the China trade was abolished, and they became a non commercial governing body. x853 the Company's charter was renewed for the last time, and the Indian Civil Service was thrown open to competition. By "An Act for the Better Government of India" (x858), all the territories governed by the Park Lock Comterritories governed by the East India Com-pany were transferred to the Crown, and all the powers exercised by the Company and the Board of Control were vested in the Secretary of State for India, assisted by a Conneil Inder this Act as amended by Acts of 1889, 1907, 1915 and 1919, at least one-half of the members of Conneil must have served in India for 10 years, and must not have left India more than 5 years prior to their appointment. The number of members may be x2 and must not be less than 8, and is at present 9. Their term of

office is now 5 years, with power of extension. There are now 3 Indian members. In 1877 (under the Royal Titles Act) Queen Victoria assumed the title of Empiress of India. By the Indian Conneils Act (1909) the imperial and provincial Logislative Conneils were en-larged, their powers of interpellation and criticism culmneed, and the elective element extended, special provision being made for the representation of landholders, the professional classes, Muhammadans, and European and Indian traders and planters The executive councils of Madras and Bombay were increased in size, and power was given to constitute executive conneils in provinces under Lieut.-Governors Government of India Act (1912) created a Governor of Bengal, established an Executive Comed for Biliar and Orissa, and authorised the creation of legislative councils in provinces under Chief Commissioners The Indian High Comts Act (1911) empowered the Government of India to increase the number of High Court judges from 15 to 20, to establish new High Courts, and to appoint temporary judges. An Act to consolidate the Imperial Legislation relating to the Government of India was passed in rors. The Government of India Act, 1919, confers on provinces a larger measure of independence of the Government of India; it distinguisher the functions of local governments and local legis-latures from the functions of the Governor-General in Conneil and the Indian Legislature ; it provides for the devolution of anthority in respect of provincial subjects to local govern-ments, for the allocation of revenues to those governments and for the use under the anthority of the Governor-General in Council of the agency of local governments in relation the agency of town governments in relation to central subjects; it provides for the transfer of some provincial subjects to the adminis-tration of the Governor acting with Ministers, It gives borrowing powers to local governments. It lays down that the major provinces shall he governed, in relation to reserved subjects, by a Governor in Council, and in relation to trans-Members, appointed from among the elected Members of the local legislative Connect. It confers extended powers on local legislatures. For the Supreme or Central Government, it provides that the Legislature shall consist of the Governor-General and two Chambers, viz., the Council of State and the Legislative Assembly. It provides for the appointment of an Auditor-General and a Public Services Commission on India.

. By the Government of India Act, 1989, His Majesty may by Order in Council transfer the control of the unitary government of Aden to such person or authority as may be specified in the Order.

INDIAN LAW.—The law administered in the Indian conts consists madnly of: (z) The enactments of the Indian Legislative Conneils (imperial and provincial) and of the bothes that preceded then; (a) statutes of the British Parliament applicable to India; (3) the Hindia and Milhammadan laws of inheritance and domestic law; (a) the customary law affecting particular castes and races

# The Gobernment of Endia. EMPEROR OF INDIA-H.I.M. GEORGE V.

Secretary of State-- The Right Hon, Sir Samuel Hoare, Bt., G.B.K., C.M.G., M.P.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA is the ! head of the Indian Administration in England, and as a member of the Cabinet he is solely responsible to, and represents the supreme authority of, Parliament. Subject to the provisions of the Government of India Act and rules made thereunder, the Secretary of State can impose his orders on the Government of India. In matters requiring secrecy (e.g., foreign policy and the affairs of Indian States) the Secretary of State can act on his own anthority without consulting his Council, and in most other matters can overrule the majority of his Council. Indian Government business in England is transacted at the India Office and at the office of the High Commissioner for India (see

p. 299)
The King-Emperor appoints the Governor-General, the Governors of the 10 major Provinces (Bengal, Madras, Bombay, the United Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, the Punjab, the Central Provinces, Assam, Burma, and the North-West Frontier Province), the Commander-in-Cluef, the Members of the Executive Councils of the Governor-General and of Governors, and the Judges of the High Courts. The term of these appointments, except judgeships, is usually 5

Subject to the Secretary of State's direction, the supreme executive authority in India, in both civil and military affairs, is the Governor-General in Council. The Governor-General's Executive Council now contains 7 members including the Commander-in-Chief (three of whom must have served in India 10 years), as well as him-soff. Ordinardy, the opinion of the majority prevails, but the Governor-General is empowered in special circumstances to overrule the majority. In accordance with the Government of India Act, 1919, and rules thereunder, the Indian Legislature consists of the Governor General and two Chambers, viz., the Conneil of State and the Legislative Assembly (see pp. 719, 721 as to their constitution). Except as otherwise provided by or under the Act, a Bill is not deemed to have been passed unless agreed to by both Chambers. The Act confers powers on the Governor-General of securing essential legislation in emergencies, subject to disallowance by His Majesty in Council; of returning Bills for reconsideration, and of vetoing proposed legislation affecting the safety or tranquillus of lartish India. The Indian Budget is submitted to both Chambers, and is voted on by the Legislative Assembly except in regard to certain specified heads, but the Governor-General in Council can act, notwithstanding a refusal or reduction of grants, where essential to the discharge of his responsibilities, and he may authorise expenditure necessary for the safety, and tranquillity of British India or any part thereof. Differences of opinion between the two Chambers may be referred for decision by the Governor-General to a joint meeting of members of both Chambers appointed for the purpose. Although the Government does not command a majority in the Indian Legislature, it is necessally given the power to reject adverse votes, since its responsibility is not to the Indian Legislature, but to Parliament.

The seat of the Supreme Government is at Delhi. the summer headquarters being still at Simla.

Business is conducted by 9 Departments— Finance; Foreign and Political; Home; Legisla-tive; Commerce; Industries and Labour; Educa-tion, Health and Lands; Army; and Railway. Each Department is in the charve of a Secre-tary to Government (the Foreign and Political Department has both a Foreign and a Political Department has both a Foreign and a Foilical Secretary), and is under the care of a member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, who has anthority to deal with affairs of minor importance, and to select what is worthy of the consideration of the Governor-General and his Council. The Governor-General himself superintends the Foreign and Political Department. The France Department deals with public accounts, loans, taxation, opinm, currency, banking, mints, &c. The Foreign and Political Department conducts relations with external politics, relations with Foreign States, frontier tribes, relations with Indian States and Feudatories within the limits of Indla, and, through its Political Residents and Agents in the various Indian States, supervises their administration and regulates their relations with the paramount Power. The Political Residents in the Persian Gulf and Muscat look after the commercial and political interests of India in those quarters. The Home Department deals with the internal politics, civil service, judicial affairs, prisons, police, &c. The Legal Member of Council takes charge of Government Bills in connexion with the Legislative Department, The department of Commerce deals with trade and shipping, ports, &c. The department of Indus-tries and Labour deals with industries, stores, labour, public works, post-office, telegraphs, civil aviation, communications, inigation, factories, &c. The Army is under the Army Department, of which the Commander-in-Chief has charge in Council. The Education, Health and Lands Department has the control of education, local government, sanitation, land revenue and surveys, agriculture, famine, meteorology, forests, foodstuffs, &c. Railway administration forests, foodstuffs, &c. Railway administration is entrusted to a Railway Department, which is in the charge of the Commerce Member of Council.

B Itish India is divided into 16 Local Govern. ments and Administrations, viz.:—Under Governors, Madras, Bombay, and Bengal, still termed Presidencies, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Bihar and Orissa, the Central Provinces, Assam, Burma, and the North-West Frontier Province: under Chief Commissioners, who are under the immediate authority of the Governor-General in Council, British Baluchistan, Delhi, Amer-Merwara, Coorg, the Andaman and Nicobar Islands and Aden.

The Governors of Madras, Bombay and Bengal are permitted to communicate direct with the

Secretary of State.

The unit of administration throughout British India is the District, the executive head of which is the District Officer, called Collector-Magistrate or Deputy-Commissioner, as the case may be. In subordination to a Commissioner, who corresponds direct with the Provincial Government. he has control in every department of adminis-

Rs. 2, 100

tration, and is the responsible head of his | and Oudh, the Punjab and Eurma, and a Chief jurisdiction. There are soy Districts in British India.

There are separate High Courts for both civil and criminal cases in Madras, Bongal, Bombay, Biliar Province and British Bainchis and Orissa, and in the United Provinces of Agra Judicial Commissioner's Court.

Court in Oudh. Appeals may be carried to the Eng-lish Privy Council. The Central Provinces and Berar, Coorg, Sind, the North-West Frontier Province and British Balnchistan have each a

CONSTITUTION OF THE TWO CHAMBERS OF THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE. COUNCIL OF STATE.

President, Sir Maneckji Byramji Dadabhoy, K.C.I.E.

I.E. ISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

President, Sir R. K. Shanmukhani Chetty, K.C.I.R.

Deputy President, Abdul Matin Chaudhury.

The Conneil of State consists of 60 members, 34 elected and 26 nominated. Of the latter not more than 20 may be officials. The total electorate in the 1930 election was 40,513.

The Legislative Assembly consists of 145 members, 704 elected and 41 nominated, 26 of the latter being officials. The total electorate in the x930 election was 1,212,272.

### THE SUPREME GOVERNMENT, DELIII.

[Indian salaries are the substantive salaries (excluding allowances) stated in rupees per mensem. l'icerou and Gorernor-General, His Excellency the Right Hon. Earl of Willingdon,

General's Body Guard. Surgeon, Major W. R. Stewart, I.M S.

Commandant, Governor-General's Bodgguard, Capt. (local Major) W. R. B. Peel, roth Lancers.

Adjutant, Governor-General's Bodyguard. Capt. T G. Atherton, Royal Deccan Horse.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Members. Field-Marshal Sir Philip Chetwode. Bt., G.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O., A.D.C., Com-mander-in-Chief in India (1930). ... Rs 8,333 Sir Harry G. Hang, K.C.S.L., C.I.E. (Home): Khan Bahadur Mian Sir Fazl-i Husain, K.C.S.L., K.C.I.E. (Education, Health, and Lands); Sir Joseph Bhole, K.C.S.I, K.C.I.E., C.B.E. (Railways and Commerce); Sir George E. Schuster, K.C.S.I., K.C.M.G., C.B.E., M.C. (Finance); Sir Frank Noyce, C.S.I., C.B.E. (Industries and Labour); Sir Brojendra L. Mitter, K.C.S.1 (Law) .....ench R 4.6,667

#### HOME DEPARTMENT.

Secretary, M. G. Hallett, C I.E. . ......Rs.4,000 Joint Secretary, T. Sloan, C.I.E. ......Rs. 3,500 Reforms Commissioner, Str James M. Dunnett, ......Rs.4,000 Deputy Secretary, C. M. Trividi, O.B.E. ... Rs. 2, 250 Director, Intelligence Bureau, P. C. Bamford, ..lls 3,000 Director of Public Information, 1. M. Stephens,

Public Service Commission (see p. 720).

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT. Political Secs., B. J. Glancy, C.S I., C.I.E.; R. E. L. Wingate, C.I.E...... Rs.4,000 Foreign Secretary, H. A. F. Mctcalfe, C S.I., C.I.E., ... .Rs.4,000 

Military Adviser-in-Chief, Indian State Forces, Brig. H. Campbell, C.B., D.S.O., M.V.O.

AGENTS TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL Central India, It. Col. R. J. Macuabb (6fg.); Raj-putana, It. Col. G. D. Oglivie, C.S.I., C.I.E., M. C.; Baluchistan, see p. 727; North-West Frontier Province, see p. 727; Males of Western India, C. Latimer, C S.I., C.I E. (each Rs.4,000); Punjab States, Sir James A. O. Fitzpatrick, K.C.I.E., C.B.K.; Madras States, Lieut. Col. D. M. Field .....each Rs. 3,000

each Rs. 3,000 BRITISH ENVOY TO NEPAL, Lt.-Col. C. T Daukes, H.B. W.'S CONSUL-GENERAL AND AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, KHORASAN, Major C. K. 

#### FINANCE DEPARTMENT. ORDINARY BRANCH.

Secretary, Sir Alan Parsons, C.I.E ; J. B. Taylor, C.I.k. (offg.)..... Currency, Controller of, J. W. Kelly (offg.) Rs. 3, 125

....Rs. 1,900 Deputy Secretary, W. Christie, M.C. Find. Advr. Posts and Telegraphs, S. P. Varma, Auditor - General, Sir Emest Burdon, 

Ŕ8.2,000

The Indian Empire-Government. 720 Revenue, Central Board of: Members, G. S. Hardy, C.I.E. (Rs. 3 500); A. H. Lloyd, C.I.E. (Rs. 3,750). Secretary, R. B. Pandit Ram Nath MILITARY FINANCE BRANCH. Financial Adviser, A. Macleod, C.I.E; W. R. ... ..Ks.3,250 Master, Security Printing, Col. Sir George H MINTS. Munt Masters, Lt -Col. M Stagg, O.B. R. (Calentta), Major A J. Ransford (Bombay) Rs. 2,000 200-3,000 Assay Master, Major W 1. Kennedy Minards Rs. 1,400- 1,800 ARMY DEPARTMENT. Secretary, G. R. F. Tottenham, e 1. E ... Rs.4,000 Deputy Secretary, Major A. F. R. Lumby, CIE, O.B.E ... KH.2,250 ROYAL INDIAN MARINE. Director, Vice-Admiral Sir H. T. Walwyn, K C S I., C.B., D S.O., R N . ... 14 2,800 ..... DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE. Secretary, J. C. B. Drake, C.S L, C.I.E., C.B E. Rs.4,000 Rs.4,000 Fazl Ibrahim Rahimtoola, C.I.K., H. R. K. Batheja . . . . ........ .... Rs. 3,000 LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Secretary, Sir Lancelot Graham, K.C.I.K. Rs.4,000 Joint Secretary, D. G. Mitchell, C.S.I., C.I.E. Deputy Secretary, G. H. Spence, C.I K. ... Rs 2,000 Solicitor to the Government of India, A. Krike

#### RAILWAY DEPARTMENT (RAILWAY BOARD)

Chief Commissioner, M. W. Brayshay ... Rs 5,000 V. S. Sundaram; N. D. Calder; R. B. Mathur Das Rs.2,500-3,000

Secretary, L. H. Kirkness, D.S.O., O.B.E. Rs.2,500-2,800 Director of Railway Audit, J. C. Nixon, C.I.K.

Rs. z. 750- 3,000 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, REALTH, AND LANDS.

Secretary, G. S. Bajpar C.I.R., C.B.F ......Rs.4,000 Joint Secretary, Ram Chandra, C.I.E., M B E. Rs. 3,000

Deputy Secretary, M. S. A. Hydari ...... Rs 2,500

Educational Commissioner, Sir George Anderson, Rs. 3,250

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE. Deputy Director-General, Lt.-Col. A. J. H. Russell, C B.E. Rs. 2,250
Public Health Commissioner, Major Genl. J. D. DS 0. Rs.1,750
Archivology: Director-General, R B Daya Rum Surreyor-General of India, Col. H. J. Conchman, Prashad ... Rs. 1,70-2,000
Botanical Survey Director, C. C. Calder.
Keeper of the Records of the Government of India,
A. F. M. Abdul Ali, K.B. ... Rs. 1,30-40-1,500
Librarian, Imperiol Library, K. M. Asadullah

Rs. 1,300-40-1,050 DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

PUBLIC WORKS BRANCH. Charl Engineer, A. Brebner, C I K (nfly ) Rs. 2,050 Asst. Secretary, Nihal Chand, R.S.

Rs.1,000 to 1,250 CIVIL AVIATION.

Director, F. Tymnis, M c. .....Rs 2,500 POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS (HEADQUARTERS). Director-Generals, Sir Hubert A. Sams, C.I.E ;

Sir Thomas Ryan, C.I.E. (offg.) Ŕ8.3,500-100-4,000 Chief Engineer, F. T. De Monte Rs.2,750-125-3,000 Deputy Directors, J. R. T Booth (Rs.3,000); R. B. L. P Kulkarni; R. S. Pursell, c. I E., O.B. E.

Rs. 1,750-2,250
Director, Wireless Branch, P. J. Edmunds Rs. 1,750-2,150

Printing and Statumery, Controller of, C. T. troller of, Sir James S. Pitkeath!, C.M.G., C.I.E., и.в E.; R. B. J. P. Ganguli; A. G. Khan

Rs. 1,500-1,800
Patents and Designs, Controller of, K. Rama Pai Rs. 1,000-1,500 Observatories, Director-General of, Dr. C. W. B. 

.....Rs.3,000 Mines, Chief Inspector of, D. Penman Rs.2,000-2,500

Explosives, Chief Inspector of, Dr. L. Nickels Rs.1,450-50-2,000 Metallurgical Inspector, E. A. Wraight

Rs.2,250 to 2,750
Indian Public Service Commission: Chairman, Sir David Petile, C.I.E., C.V.O., C.B.E.; Members, Dr. J. C. Weir, K.C.; R. B. B. P. Varma; Dr. L. K. Hyder, C.I.E.; Secretary, D. Reynell.

# PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.*

Under the Government of India Act, 1919, and rules made thereunder, the local governments are given a large measure of independence of the Supreme Government. The Act distinguishes the functions of local governments and local legislatures of the Provinces from the functions of the Governor-General in Council and the Indian Legislature. The Supreme Government is given authority over certain subjects, classified as "Central," such as defence, political relations, railways, tanifis, &c. Other administrative heads, classified as "Provincial" -viz., local self-government, public health, education, public works, water supply, land revenue administration, familie relief, agriculture, excise, administration of justice, &c., are wholly or partly handed over to Provincial Governments with responsibility, subject to covariaments with responsibility, subject to certain limitations, within their own areas, for administering them. In the ten major or "Governors" Provinces—i.e., Madras, Bengal, Bombay, the United Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, the Contral Provinces the Provinces. the Central Provinces, the Punjab, Assam, Burma and the North-West Frontier Province-provincial subjects are further divided into "reserved" and "transferred subjects," the administration of, and responsibility for, which rests with the Governor and his Executive Conneil and with the Governor and Ministers respectively. Ministers are chosen from among the elected members of * The areas and populations of the separate provinces are for British territory only, according to the Censu-Of IQ3I.

the Legislative Council by, and hold office dining the pleasure of, the Governor. They are directly responsible to the Legislative Council for the administration of the "transferred" subjects, but can be overruled by the Governor of the considers their policy inconsistent with the discharge of his responsibilities.

The Act legislates for a transition from a bureaucratic to a self-government system and for the gradual transfer of more subjects to the Ministers. Matters of departmental or minor importance are dealt with, as a rule, by the Governor, his Council, and the Ministers sitting in conclave, but the decision or reserved subjects

importance are dealt with, as a rule, by the Governor, his Conneil, and the Minaters sitting in conclave, but the decision on reserved subjects ests with the Governor in Council, and that on transferred subjects with the Ministers, subject to the Governor's intervention and control. Legislative Conneils have an elected majority, and normally a life of three years, but may be some dissolved by the Governor The

and normally a life of three years, but may be somer dissolved by the Governor. The previous sanction of the Governor General in Council is required to the introduction of certain classes of Provincial Bills. The Governor has powers of veto in regard to proposed legislation affecting the safety or tranquility of his Province or any part of it, or of another Province, and can seeme legislation essential to the discharge of his responsibilities for reserved subjects. Such Eills must be sent to the Governor-General for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure, but in emergencies the Governor-General may assent to them, subject to distallowance by His Majesty in Council. The

# CONSTITUTION OF THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS.

_ <del>_</del>	1			- 1	ersal etas	e t'ound	als of				
Members <i>elected</i> by constituencies to represent	Vadme	Remlay	Bengal	United	Punjab	Bhar and Ories	Central Provinces and Berit	Assum	Burna	( norg	North-West Frontier Province.
Non-Muhammadans Muhammadans Indian ('hitstians Europeans Anglo-Indians Landholders Universities Planting Interests Commerce and Industry Sikhs	65* 13 5 1 6 1 1 5	46† 27 2  3 1	46 39 5 2 5 2	60 29  1  6 1	20 32  4 I	48 18 1 5 1	29 4 	20 12   5		   	5 20 2 x
Mining Interests General Urban Population Indian Urban Population Karen Rural General Rural Jama Non-Jama				::	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 		 	 8 5 44 		
Total elected	98 } 34 132	86 28 114	114 26 140	23 123	71 23	76 27 103	38 35‡ 73	39 14 53	80 #3 103	25 5 80	28 12 40
[Of the nonmated members not more than the following numbers may be officials]	19	16	18	16	14	18	8	7	14	4	6

o 27 Seats reserved for Non-Brahmans. † 7 seats reserved for Mahruttas.
2 Including 27 nominated as the result of elections in Berar.

Governor has powers of assenting to, of withholding assent to, or of returning for reconsideration, other Bills, but must in certain circumstances send them for consideration to the Governor-General, who may reserve them for His Majesty's pleasure.

Provincial Budgets are voted on by the Legislative Councils, but the Governor has power to act, in respect of a demand for reserved subjects, notwithstanding a refusal or a reduction of grants, if the demand is essential to the discharge of his responsibilities for the subject, and in cases of emergency he can authorise such expenditure as may be necessary for the safety or tranquility of his Province. Certain heads of expenditure do not require an anunal vote: a deallock is thus avoided in case of irresponsible action by the Legislative Council

in the matter of supply.

Of the members nominated to the Indian Legislature and Provincial Legislative Councils some represent certain communities and interests. Males over ax (x8 in the case of Burma) years of age possessing certain qualifications (residence within the constituency and the possession of certain property qualifications, the payment of land revenue, rent, local taxes, income-tax or municipal rates) are eligible for the franchise. Women are not qualified for registration, but the disqualification may be removed in contain elecumstances in any Province, or in all. The franchise is low, and gives the vote to small cultivators and some wage earners. The electorate of the fourth general election comprised over 8,744,802 persons, of which nearly 398,000 were women.

(1) MADRAS (area, 142,277 sq. miles; pop. 46,740,107) was not only the oldest, but the most important of the three original Presidencies hefore Clive's conquest of Bengal, though it was small in extent until the annexation of the Car-natic in 1801. With a const-line of 1,730 miles the province has no good natural harbour, but an artificial harbour has been constructed at Madras at great expense. The province is not naturally fertile, though irrigation systems in the river deltas have enormously increased the profite of the soil, and have yielded a large profit to the State. Rice, millet, and other food-grains, oilseeds, cotton, indigo, spices, tobacco, tea, &c , are cultivated. Manganese ore is mined and exported. Madras is served by the South Indian and by the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railways, the latter connecting it with Bengal on the north and Bombay on the west. Bengal on the north and Bombay on the west. About 88 per cent. of the people are Hindus. There are 1,774,226 native Christians, mainly Roman Catholics. Many natives of the Presidency emigrate to Burma and Ceylon, some only temporarily. The languages principally spoken are Tamil, Telugn and Malayalam. Madura (183,018) and Trichinopoly (142,843) famous for their Hindu temples, are the chief of the spirit the cautial cities after the capital.

CHIEF CITY, Madras. Population, 647,230.

Gorernor, H. E. Lt.-Col. the Rt Hon. Sir George F. Stauley, G.C.I.E., C.M.G. (Nov. 1939) Rs. 10,000 R. S. Wright; Lient. A. L. Ma Risaldar Major Sher Bahadur Khan. Matthews;

Surgeon, Major D. P. Johnstone, C.I.E., O.B.E.,

Commdt., Governor's Bodyguard, Capt. H. L. M.

Adjutant, Governor's Bodyguard, Capt. A. G.N. Curtis.

### EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR.

Khan Bahadur Sir Muhammad Usman Sahib Bahadur, K.C.I.E.; Diwan Bahadur Sir M. Krishnan Nayar Avargal; Sir Archibald Y. G. Campbell, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., C.B.E.; H. G. Stokes. C.S.I., C.I.E. .....each Rs. 5,333

#### MINISTERS.

P. T Rajan; Diwan Bahadur S. Kumaraswami Reddi; The Raja of Bobbili.....each Rs. 5,333

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Presilt., B. Ramachandra Reddi ........Rs. 2.000 Dep. Presdt., R.B. G. Jagannadha Raju Sec., Rao Bahadur R. V. Krishna Ayyar Rs. 1,000

#### SECRETARIAT.

Chief Sec , G.T. H Bracken, C.I.E. ; C. F. Bracken-Rerenue Sec., J. A. Thorne, C I E. .... ... Rs. 2.450 Local Se'J-Gort., Sec., E. Conran Smith, C.I.E.

lis. 2.250 Finance Sec., H. M. Hood ..... Rs. 2,750 Addt. Sec. Public Dept., C. E. Jones .. Rs 2,250 Development Sec., (' A Henderson ..... Rs. 2,750 Public Works & Labour Sec., D.B. N. Gopalswami Commr. of Excise, E. F. Thomas, C.I.E.

# HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

Chief Justice, Sir Horace O. C. Reasley... Rs. 5,000 Judges, Sir Vepa Ramesam; M. Venhatasubba Rao; C. Madhavan Nayar; G. H. B Jackson; H. D'A. C. Reilly; R.B. C. V. Anantakrishna Ayyar; R.B. Dr. Krishna Pandalai; A. J. Curgenven; H. D. Cornish; Diwan Bahadur K. Sundaram Chetti; G. Stone; E. P. Walsh; 

(.) BOMBAY...-The Island of BOMBAY was part of the downy of the Infanta of Portugal (166a), and was made over by Charles II. to the East India Company m 1668. The greater part of the present territory was obtained by annexations from the Mahrattas, and by the lapse of the Satara State. Sind was conquered in 1843. Satara State. Sind was conquered at 1083. The province (including Sind), contains 123,579 square miles (about equal in size to the British Isles), with a population of 21,879,123. Eastern Sind is desert. The administration of Sind (which occupies about two-fifths of the Presidency) is in some respects separate. About 76 per cent. of the people of the Presidency are Hindus, and so per cent. Muhammadans. The Parsis (89,544), who are very prominent in trade, are mainly found in Bombay. Marathi, Gujarati, Sindhi, Kanarese and Western Hindi are the principal languages. Millet and other food-grains and oil seeds are cultivated. Cotton is largely produced for export and for manufacture in the constantly extending cotton mills of Bombay and Ahmedabad. The chief railway systems are the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Midland) eastwards; south-eastwards in the Great Indian Penhania (with the Indian Midland) eastwards; south-eastwards is the Madras and Southern Mahratta system, while Karachi (Sind) is the port for the extensive North-Western Railway system. Almedabad (313,789), Poona (350,187), Sholapur (144,654), Surab and Karachi (653,565), the "apntal and chief port of Sind, are the most important cities.

Aude-de-Camp, Lieut J. H. Ahus. Surgeon, Major D. C. Scott, O.B. R. ...Rs. 1,760 Commdt., H.E.'s Body Guard, Capt. T. C. Crichton, M.C.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR.

Sir Ghulam Husain Hidayatallah, K.C.S.I.;

B. D. Bell, C.S.I., C.I.E. ...... each Rs. 5.333

#### MINISTER.

 $D\ B$  Sidappa Totappa Kambli ................Rs 4,000

# LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

#### SECRETARIAT.

#### HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

#### SIND

(3) BENGAL (area of newly-constituted province, 77.52x sq. miles, with population of 50.124,002) was placed under a Lieutenant-Governor in 1854. The old Bengal Presidency included practically all Northern and Central India, but subsequently the province consisted of part of Bengal proper with Bihar, Orissa, and Chota-Nagpur. Fifteen districts of Eastern Bengal were detached in 1905 and combined with

Assam, while one district from the Central Provinces was added to Bengal. This partition was revoked in 1911, and Bengal now includes five Bengal-speaking divisions. About 55 per cent of the population are Milianumadans and 43 per cent. Hindus The principal languages are Bengali and Hindustam. For the most part the province is a great alinvial plain, very populous and productive. The chief products are rice, jute, oilseeds, singar, tobacco, silk, tea, and coal. The East Indian Railway is the great artery of the Ganges Valley. The Eastern Bengal Railway, running north, and the Bengal-Railway, running north, and the Bengal-Railway, running north, and the second capital, and Howiah (234,873), a great jute-manufacturing centre adjoining Calcutta

CHIEF CITY, Calcutta. Pop., including suburbs and Howrah, 1,485,58z.

Ailes-de-Camp, Capt L. H. Methnen, O B E., M C.; Lt. T. A Shepherd-Cross, Lt. R. C. W. Mantin; Lt. A P. Sykes; Lt. E. W. H. Worrall

Sandes, I.M S.

# EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR.

MINISTERS.

#### LIGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

### SECRETARIAT.

Chief Sec., Political and Apple., R. N. Reid, C.I.E.; G. P. Hogg (offg.) ................. Rs. 3,750 Addtl. Sec., Political Dept., S. N. Roy, C.I.R.

Commerce and Marine, Joint Sec., R. N. Gilchrist (t.s.)

Rs. 2,750 Educ. Sec., H. R. Wilkinson, C.I.F. ......Rs. 2,750 Board of Revenue, Member, F. A. Sachse, C.I.K. Rs. 3,750

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE. Chief Justice, Sir George C. Rankin, K.C.

Rs 6,000 Judges, Sir Charn C Ghose; Sir Philip L. Buck-land; Manmatha Nath Mikharji; L. W J. Costello; J. Loit-Wilhams, K.C., Satyendra Chandra Malhi; R. E. Jack; Dwarka Nath Mitter, Sarat Kumar Ghose; H. R. Panekru'ge;

D. C. Patterson, Torack Ameer Ah; Malim Chandra Ghosh, Surendia Nath Guha R B (addtt., Khugenden Chandin Nag, M.B.E (addtt.); A. G. R. Henderson (addtt.)

each Rs. 4,000

(4) The UNITED PROVINCES of AGRA and OUDH, called "North-Western Provinces and Outh" until 1902 (area, 106,248 sq. unles; pop-48,408,763), forms the upper part of the great Ganges plan to the W of Bengal, lying between the Himalayas and the hilly border of the central platean Originally (excluding Oudh) it formed part of the Bengal Presidency, but in 1835 a separate administration was formed under a Lientenant-Governor. OUDH was annexed in After 1877 the two administrations were com-bined. The chief products are wheat, rice, barley, pulse, tobacco, millet, cotton, sugar, and oilseeds. About 85 per cent of the population are Hindus and nearly 15 per cent Muhammadans. Western Hindi is the chief language. The province is served by the East Indian, Oudh and Rohilkhand, and Rohilkhund and Kumaon Railways. Among the important cities may be named the ancient city of Agra (229,764), contaming the Taj Mahal and other great works of architecture, the sacred Hunducity of Benunes (205,315), the great manufacturing centre, Cawindore (243,775), Lucknew (274,659), Bareilly (144,031), and Allahabad (183,914)

CHIEF CITY (Agra), Allahalad Pop. 183,914.

(Oudh), Lucknow. Pop. 274,659.

Governor, H. R. Sur Malcohn Harley, G c S 1, G c 1 R., (Apull, 1931) .... Rs. 20,000 Prir Sec , Capt L A. M Bates.

Andes-de-Camp, Capt. the Hon, A. B. J. Grenfell; Capt. D. de G. Lambert.

Hon, Indian Adesde-Comp, Risaldai-Major (Hon, Capt.) Har Gayan Singh, Bahadur, 10 M, 10 SM, W O; Subedar Nayamat Ulah; Subedai Anjor (Hon, Capt.) Ram Rup Snigh, Sardai Bahadui, Io. V., OBI; Subediu-Major Thakui Bhagwan Snigh, Bahadur, O.B I.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR,

E. A. H Blunt, CIE, OBE; Kunwar Jugdish 

#### MINISTERS.

Naw th Sir Muhammad Yusuf (Local Self-Gort.); J. P. Srivastava (Education) ..... ench Rs 5.333

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Presitt., R B Sir Sita Ram ... ......Rs 2,000 Sec , Surendramath Ghosh .... . Rs. 700-40-900

#### SPCRETARIAT.

Chief Sec. to Goet., J M Clay, C.I.E., O.B.E. Rs 3,150 Financial Sec., J. N. L. Sathe .........Rs. Industries and Educ. Sec., P. M. Kharegat Rs. 2,250

Local Self-Gort, and Public Health Sec., P. Mason Res. 5,500

Judicial Sec., P.P. M. C. Plowden (offy.) Rs. 2,350

Revenue and P. W. D. (B. & R.) Sec., H. A. Lane,
C.I. E. Public Works Sees. (Irrign.), W. L. Stampe, C.I.E. (R. 3,125); F. Anderson, C.I.E. (opp.)... Rs. 3,000 Board of Revenue, E. F. Oppenhenn, C.I.E.; H. G. Walton, C.S.I., C.I.E.........each Rs. 3,500

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

Chief Justice, Sir Shah Muhammad Sulaiman, Julyes, Sir Lal Gopal Mukharji, R. E.; C.
H. B. Kendall, J. D. Yomg, C. Moss King,
C. R.; J. G. Thom, D. S.O., M.C.; Chaudhri
Niamatullah, E. Bennet; Iqbal Almad; B. S. Kisch, C 1 E (addtl.) ......ench Rs.4,000

CHIEF COURT OF OUDH AT LUCKNOW.

Chief Judge, Sir Smyid Warzır Hasan. . Rs. 4,000 Judges, Khan Bahadur Saryid Muhammad Raza; 

(5) The PUNJAB (area, 99,265 sq. miles; pop. 23,580,85x) occupies the N.W. angle of the great northern plann of India, and derives its name from the "Five Rivers" which, descending from the Humalayas traverse the plain and unite in the Humalayas traverse the plain and unite in the Indus. It was anneved in 1849 Up to 1853 it was under a Board of Administration, who were then superseded by a Cinef Commissioner, who was made Lieutenant-Governor in 2850, when also the Delhi Division was transferred to the Punjab from the North-West Provinces. The Punjab is mainly agricultural, and, owing to the scanty ramfall, depends largely for its harvests on vast irrigation canals, which are still being greatly extended, and are highly remunerative. The principal crops are wheat, millet, burley, maize, pulse, oilseeds, sugar, and cotton The Punjab possesses rich deposits of rock-salt, which, with wheat and other grains and cotton, form the principal exports. Timber is scarce, 57% of the population are Minaminadaus, and 27% are Huddis. The Sikhy number about 4,072,000 in the Punjab and Punjab States, to which they are mainly confined. Panjah, Western Punjabi and Western Huidi are the chief languages. The various branches of the North-Western and Southern Punjab Railways serve the province. Amritsar, the sacred city of the Sikhs, has 264,840 people.

CHIEF CITY, Lahore Population, 429,747. Gorernor, H E. Su Herbert W. Emeison, K.C S I.,

Hon Indian Aides-de-Camp, Hon Capt. Narain

Singh, Bahadin, M.C., L.D.S.M., Hon. Capt Todar Singh., Hon. Capt. Sardar Bahadin Mohammad Feroze Khan, M.B.E.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR. Capt. Khan Bahadur Sirdar Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, K B E.; Sir Hemy Crark, Bt, K.C.S I. Rs. 5,000

#### MINISTERS.

Sardar Sir Jogendra Singh; Malik Sir Firoz! Khan Noon ; D. Gokal Chand Narang Rs. 5 000

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL. Presett., Sir Chaudhri Shabab-ud-din, K B Rs. 3,000 Sec., Abnasha Singh.

#### SECRETARIAT

Chief Sec. to Govt., C. C. Garbett, C.M.G., C.I.E.
Rs. 3,000 Financial Sec., F. H Puckle, C.I E. .... Its 2,350 Financial Adviser, P. W.D., B M. Staig Rs 2,500 Transferred Depts Sec., P Marsden .... Rs 2,400 Director, Information Bureau, K. S. Sheikh Fazl-1-llalıı ...... lks 1,170 Home Ser., J. W. Hearn ...... .. Rs 2,250 Police Dept , Inspn.-General, J. M. Ewart, C.I E. lis 2,625 Edn Dept , Director of Public Instruction, R 

Rs 2,600 Public Works Dept Sees., B. M. Stang (Electricity) (Rs. 2,500); R. B. Lala Sant Ram (Electricity) (Rs. 3,500); J. D. H. Bedford (Northern Canals) (Rs. 3,250); A. Murphy, O. B. E. (Construction) (Rs. 3,250); T. B. Tale (Sauthern Canals) Financial Commrs., H Calvert, C.S.I, Cl.k; D J. Boyd, C.I.E. (actg ); M. Irving, C I E., O B E.

Rs. 3,500

#### HIGH COURT, PUNJAB AND DELHI.

Chief Judge, Hon. Sir Shadi Lal..... ....Rs 5,000 Judges, J. Addison; Bakhshi Tek Chund; J. Coldstream; R. B. Jai Lal; K. Dalip Singh, Seel Agha Haider; F. W. Skemp, Sn Abdul Qadu; J. H. Montoe, K.C., M. V. Bhide (a.tg.); M. L. Currie (actg.); Mian Abdul Rasbul (actg.) Rashid (actg ) ...... each Rs 4,000

(6) BURMA is bounded by Tibet on the north, by China, French Indo-China, and Siam on the east, and by Assam, Bengal and the sea on the It is the largest province, having a total area of 233.492 sq miles, about equal to Spain and Portugal, with a population of 14,667,146
These figures include the Shan States and Chin Hills. Many minimerants come from Bengal, Madnas, and China. Tenasserim and Arakan were annexed after the first Bulmese war in 1826, Pegn after the second war in 1852, and Upper Burma and the Scond was in 1955, and Upper Burma and the Shan States after the third war in 1885. The Shan States form a minor administration distinct from that of Birma though under the same Executive. Government and not subject to the jurisdiction of the Burma Legislature. The province is thinly peopled; but, owing to remarkable prosperity, the population has mercased xx per cent in to years. The inhabitants belong to numerous tribes, who are distinguished by a variety of manners, languages, and religious Burmese and Shangale are the chief languages. Buddhism, now almost confined to Bunna, so far as the Indian Empire is concerned, is the religion of 85 per cent of the people. The Burmese are much better educated than the natives of India proper, education being conducted by Buddhist monks. The delta country of Lower Burma is flat, but above Prome there is upland, hilly country. Rice, the main product

of the delta region, is largely milled at Rangoon and exported. The principal export after rice is teak, which comes from the extensive forests of Burma and the Shui States, and overland from Siam. Burma is fairly rich in minerals, especially petroleum, rubies, jadestone, and wolfram. The Irrawaddy and its chief tributawolfram. The Irrawaddy and its curer transactics, the Chindwin, the Shweli, and the Mytenge, form important waterways. The main stream its manner of the main stream its from its is mayigable beyond Bhamo, 900 miles from its mouth, and curries much traffle. There are considerable exports by land to Western China. The Burma Railways have reached Myttkyina, on the Upper Irrawaddy, while a branch has been built to the Shan States, which lie in the Salwin basin.

CHIEF CITY, LOWER BURMA, Rangoon.

Pop 400,415. UP. BURMA, Mandalay. Pop. 147,932. Goternor, H.E. Sir Hugh L. Stephenson, K.C.S I., Major Lasang Gam.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR. T. Couper, C.S.I.; U Ba, K S V . Rs. 5,000

MINISTERS.

Sir J A Manng Gyi; U Kyaw Dm .....Rs. 5,000

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Preschent, Sir Oscar de Gianville, C.I.E., O.B.R. Deputy President, Saw Pc Tha. Sec., UBa Dun

#### SECRETARIAT.

Penancial Commer., H. Tonkinson, C.I.E., C.B.E. Rs. 3,500 Chief Engrs., C. Innes, O.B.E.; J. M. B. Stuart Rs 2,750-3,000

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, RANGOON. Chart Justice, Sir Arthur Page, K.C . . Rs. 5,000 Judges, Sit Johr R. E. Cuillite; Jyotas Ranjan Das, Mya Bu, J. M. Baguley; S. N. Sen; A. G. Mosely, U.Ba U; J. Shaw, H. E. Dunkley;

A. H. L. Leach . ... .....each Rs 4,000

(7) BIHAR AND ORISSA (area of new province. 83.054 sq nuics, with pop of 37,677,576). This province, which came into existence on April s, 1912, comprises Bihar, Orissa and Chota-Nagpur. hitherto forming part of Bengal, as well as the Sambalpur district transferred to Bengal from the Central Provinces in 1905. Bihar is liable to extreme temperatures. The population is exceedingly dense. Orissa and Chota-Nagpur are ill-watered and liable to drought. Orissa has a variety of races and a considerable sea-board. The highlands of Chota-Nagpur are thinly peopled and contain a large aboriginal population. The Patna High Court came The Patna High Court came

into existence on March x, 1916. Bihar and Orissa yields the greater part of Indus's output of coal and mica. Rice, wheat, oil-seeds, sugar and tobacco are cultivated. Sa % of the people are Hindus, and the great Hindu temple of Juggermant is at Purt, in Orissa. There is a variety of languages, Hindustan (mainly Bihan, and including other forms of Huda, as well as Urdu) and Oniya being the chief. The language spoken by the majority of the population is Bihari. The railway systems are the East Indian, Beingal and North-Westen, and Bengal-Nagpur.

#### MINISTERS.

Sir Ganesh Datta Singh (Local Solf Govt.); K. B. Saryid Muhammad Hussam (Edwen.) each Rs. 5,000

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

 Chief Sec., P. C. Tallents, C.I.E.
 Rs. 3,000

 Fin. Sec., W. B. Brett, C.I.E.
 Rs. 2,350

 Revenue Sec., H. C. Prior
 Rs. 2,250

 Judl. Sec., A. C. Davies
 Rs. 2,250

 Educ. Sec., B. K. Gokhale
 Rs. 2,250

Public Works Sees, (Irvian) F. A. Bettorton (Rs. 2,750); (Rds. and Bldys.) J. G. Powell. Rs. 3,250

# HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

Chief Justice, Sir Courtney Terrell ..... Rs. 5,000 Judges, A. W. E. Wort; Kulwant Salay; Sir Thomas S. Macpherson, C.L.E; Saiyid Fazl Ali; Khan Rahadur Khwaja Muhammad Nur, C.B.E.; J. F. W. James; S. B. Dhavie; J. A. Saunders (addit); F. G. Rowland (actg.) each ks. 4,000

(8) The CENTRAL PROVINCES and BERAR (area, Central Provinces alone, 82, 149 ac. miles; pop. 12,05,285). The Central Provinces were formed in 1865 out of territory taken from the North-West Provinces and Madras, but originally belonging to the Mahratta Kingdom of Nagpur. The country, lilly and forest-clad, contains a large population of aboriginal tribes. The people are mostly Hindus, and they speak mainly Western Hindi and Marathi. The province, which is served by the Indian Midland, Great Indian Pendusula, and the Bengal-Nagpur Railways, possesses coal and manganese ore, and produces rice, wheat, millet, pulse, oliseeds and cotton. There are cotton mills at Nagpur

Since October x, x50s, BERAR has been amalgamated with the Central Provinces. Berar (area, x7,789 sq. miles; pop. 3,44x,838), which

lies to the north of Hyderabad, was placed in Biltish hands by the Nizam in 1853, in payment of arrears, and its revenues were charged with the future cost of the Hyderabad Contingent (which was in 1903 incorporated in the Indian Army). In 1903 Berar was leased in perpetuity to the Government of India on payment of £167,000 a year to the Nizam. Berar is purely agricultural. It is very fertile, and yields cotton, millet, oilseeds, &c. The chief language is Marathi, and most of the people are Hindus.

CHIEF CITY, Nagpur. Population, arg, r65.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR.

E. Raghavendra Rao; E. Gordon, C.I.K

each Rs. 4,000

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

President, S. W. A. Rizvi . ......Rs. 2,000 Sec., C. R. Hemeon.

#### SECRETARIAT.

# JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER.

Sir Robert H. Macnair ..... Rs. 3,500

Additional Judicial Commissioners, R. J. Jackson; Ganpat Laxman Subhedar; M.

Honorary Aides-de-Camp, Lt.-Col. J. P. Moran; Sardar Bahadur Subadar-Major Nainsing Mall, L.D.S.M.; Subadar Krishna Lal Chettri.

#### MINISTERS.

Maulavi Abdul Hamid, R. B. Kanak Lal Barua Rs. 3,500

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

President, Maulavi Faiznur Ali ...... Rs. 1,000 Dep. Presdt., Hirendra Chandra Chakrabarti Re. ra year.

Sec., B. N. Rau.

# SECRETARIAT.

(10) The NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE was constituted in 1901 by the transfer from the Punjab of portions of the districts of Hazara, Peshawar, Kohat, Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan Peshawar, Kohat, Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan (area, 13,518 sq. miles; pop. a,435,076 partly estimated). It was constituted a Governor's Province on April 18, 1932. Attached to the Province are the five trans-torder political agencies of Malakand, Khylser, Kurram, Tochi and Wano, together with tribal areas under the control of the Deputy Commissioners of the five settled districts first above mentioned. The officer in charge is directly responsible to the Government of India. The people are chiefly Muhamimadana, and the chief languages are Pashtu and Western Punjabi. The province produces wheat, barley and other granus, oilseeds, cotton, &c. It has a considerable trade with cotton, &c. It has a considerable trade with Afghanistan

CHIRF CITY, Peshawar. Population, 121,866. Governor, H.E. Lt. Col. Sir Ralph E H. Griffith,

Pricate Sec., Capt. L. M. Barlow, M.C. Rs. 750 EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR.

R+ 3,500 G. Cunningham, C.S.I., C.I.E., O.B.K.

K.B. Nawab Sir S. Abdul Quayum Khan, K.C f.E. R-. 3,500

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

President, Khan Babadur Abdul Ghafur Khan ......Rs. 833 MBE

#### SECRETARIAT.

Chief Secretary, O. K. Caroe, CIE ......Rs. 2,400 Judicial Commr., L. Middleton ... Rs. 3,250 Rev. & Direst. Commer., J. S. Thomson

t.s. + Rs. 400 Ley. Sec., K.S. Karl Mir Ahmad Khan Rs. 3,000 Trainfd. Dept., Sec., A. D. F. Dundas Rs. 1,550 Frin. Sec., R B. Lals Chuni Lal ........Rs. 1,200 Frontier Corps, Sec., Col. G. H. Russell C.LE.,

Public Works Secs., Col. H. S. Gaskell, D.S.O., D.R. (Rds. & Bldys.), (Mil. Pay); F. H. Burkitt, C.I.K., O.B E. (Irrujn )...... Rs. 2,875

(11) AJMER-MERWARA (area, s.711 sq. miles; pop.560,392), ceded in 1818, lies within Rajputana. The Governor-General's Agent in Rajputana is ex officio Chief Commissioner of Ajmer Merwara and the chief executive and judicial authority. B % of the people are Hindus. Rajasthani aud Western Hindi are the chief languages.

CHIEF CITY, Ajmer. Population, 119,524. Chief Commissioner, Lt. Col. G. D. Ogilvie, C.S.I.,

(12) COORG (area, 1,593 sq. miles; pop. 163,327), annexed in 1834. The Resident at Mysore is ex officio Chief Commissioner and the chief executive and judicial authority.

Chief Com., Lt.-Col. C. T. C. Plowden, C.I.E.

(x3) BRITISH PALUCHISTAN (arcs, 54,228 84, miles; 100p. 465,508) was constituted a separate administration in x888, under the Governor-Granully Administration. General's Agent in Balnchistan, who also con-General's Agent in Balnchistan, who also controls the affairs of the native States of Baluchistan up to the Persian frontier. The districts it comprises (Sibi, Quotta, Pishin, Thal-Chottall, Nushki, Zhob, Chagai, Nasirabad and the Bolan) were acquired partly from Afghanistan by the treaty of Gundamuk (1879), partly from the Khan of Kalat by arrangement. Balnchistan consists largely of mountains and sandy deserts, and is aversely completed. A large part of the people largely of mountains and sandy deserts, and is sparsely populated. A large part of the people lead a pastoral, nomad life. In religion they are Sunni Minhammadans, and Pashto is the chief language. The Afghan-Baluch frontier was demarcated in 1896-7. To Chaman, on this frontier, a railway 1uns rid Quetta and is continued to Mi jawa. The Khan of Kalat, the head of a loose confederacy, receives about £19,000 per ammun for quit-rents, subsidy, &c. British troops occupy Quetta, commanding the Bolan Pass, and have the treaty right to the Bolan Pass, and have the treaty right to occupy any other position.

Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Hon. A. N. L. Cater, C.I.K. ......Rs. 4,000 Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Capt. R. L. Rev. and Judl. Commer., Lt. Col. J. A. Brett, 

(14) DELHI.—This province (area, 573 sq. miles; pop. 636,246) was constituted on October 1, 1928, out of the Punjah division of Dellin, in pursuance of the policy announced by H.M. the King-Emperor at the Delhi Durbai in December, rgrr, to move the capital of India and its seat of Government from Calcutta to Delhi. (Pop. 447,442.)

Chief Commussioner, J. N. G. Johnson, C.I.M. (March, 1932)......lts. 3,000

(x5) The Andamans and Nicobans (area, 3,x43 sq. miles; pop. 29,463) form a chain of islands in the eastern part of the Bay of Bengal. Since 1858 Port Blair, in South Andaman, has been used as an Indian penal settlement. Much valuable tunber, worked by convict labour, is obtained. The Nicobar Islands, almost due south of the Andamans, were first occupied by the British in 1869. They comprise at (area 635 84, milles) islands. The principal products are coco-nuts.

Chief Commissioner, J. W. Smyth, C.I.E. Rs. 3.000

The Laccadive Islands comprise 14 islands (nine inhabited), distant 200 miles from the Malnar coast of the Madras Presidency, in which they are included. (Pop. 16,046 in 1931.)

ADEN AND PERIM .- From old time the peninsula of Aden, situated on the southern coast of Arabia and lying on the Red Sea trade-route between Europe and the East, has been an important centre. Its trade decayed after  was occupied by the British in 1839. It is now a great oil bunkering and coaling station and port of call, and an emporium for the trade of the adjacent African and Arabian coasts. It is the only fortified point between Egypt and Bombay, and may be regarded as an outpost of the Indian Empire. It has an area of 75 square miles and a population (according to the census of 1931) of 51.478. It is a free port. The chief industries are sait and eigarette manufacture. The traffic marms and ammunition is subject to special regulations. The total sea-borne trade in 1931-32 was £6,894,600. In 1931-32, 1,483 vessels called at Aden and 198 at Perim. The British Government has treaty engagements with, and subsidises, the neighbouring Arab tribes, both inland and along the coast (Hadhramant), from the Straits of Bab-el-Mandeb to Muscat territory at Ras Sair.

Aden was separated from the Bombay Presidency and formed into a Province under a Chief ;

serving as a bunkering station at the southern | ment of India at entrance to the Red Sea, was occupied in x857 | Dutch East Indies. and is administratively attached to Aden.

It is | Aden: Chief Commissioner and Resident and tation | Commander-in-Chief, Lt.-Col. B. R. Reilly,

Sokotra (area, x,400 sq. miles), z50 miles from Cape Guardafui, which has a pastoral Muhammadan population roughly estimated at 12,000, mainly Arabs. A formal protectorate was established in 1886. The Sheikh receives a small subsidy, and is pledged not to cede the island to any foreign power. The Kuria Minia Islands, to the south of Oman, which have been a British possession since 1854 and which were formerly attached to the Aden Residency, were transferred to the control of the British Resident in the Persian Gulf in 2032.

The island of Kamaran in the Red Sea about aoo mile north of Perim was taken by the British from the Turks in 1915, and is administered by the Government of India through a Civil Administrator under the control of the Chief Commissioner of Aden. It has an area of Commissioner under the direct control of the Commissioner under the direct control of the Government of India from Apul z, 1932.

A quarantine station for pilgrims travelling Perim—a small unfortified island with an area, to Mecca from the East is maintained on the of 5 square miles and a population of 1,700, island under the joint control of the Government of India and the Government of the

Civil Administrator, Captain G. V. Wickham.

#### INDIAN APPOINTMENTS.

India is recruited from four sources—r. Open compotitive examination in England and India 2. The Indian Army. 3 The patronage of the Secretary of State. 4. The patronage of the

Local Governments. The Civil Service of India.—The annual examination ordinarily commences in London July-August. Candidates must be over 21 and under 24 on Aug. z in the year of examination. Application for permission to compete must be made on or before May 8, on forms that can be obtained from the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W. z. Evanina-Service Commission, London, W.r. Examina-tion fee, £8. Selected candidates are on pro-bation in England for one or two years, and receive an allowance of £250 if of European domictle, or £335 if of Indian domeile, if they pass their probation at one of the Universities or Colleges approved by the Secretary of State, fulfil the requirements of the authorities, and show satisfactory progress. A flual examination is held in Indian law, language, &c. A first-class passage to India will be engaged for selected candidates. In case of failure to pass the final examination. or to execute the usual covenant and to prooeed to India, all allowances received must be refunded. The salary of a covenanted civil servant commences at Rs. 7,200* a year. The Regulations for competitive examinations to be held in India can be obtained from the India Office, London.

The Indian Army.—Copies of a pamphlet giving full information regarding conditions of service may be obtained, on application, from the Military Department of the India Office. the following is a simulary of the principal points. Candidates for commissions in the indian Army are required to pass the Army Entrance Examination held by the Civil Service Commissioners. Candidates must be between 28 and 29 years of age (in the case of in India.

THE higher civil administration of British and is recruited from four sources—z. Open and zo years). Of the cadetships for the halian Army. 3 The patronage of the corretary of State.

4. The patronage of the secretary of State for India; the remainder being offered to candidates in the order of their passing the entrance examination. A few direct appointments to the Unattached List for the Indian Army are made by the War Office from candidates nominated by the principal Universities in the United Kingdom. A few direct appointments are also offered to officers of the Territorial Army and Supplementary Reserve between the ages of az and as who undertake the final examination of the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, under arrangements made by the War Office. At the end of the period of training at Sandhurst, cadets recommended for commissions are gazetted to the Unattached List for the Indian Army. On appointment to an Indian regiment, an officer s initial pay is at the present moment roughly Rs. 480 (£36) per month. Regulations and examination papers can be obtained from His Majesty's Stationery Office, Imperial House, Kingsway, W.C.

Indian Police Force (Higher Grady).—A com-

petitive examination is usually held in London and other centres in June of each year in conjunction with the Army and Air Force Examination. The standard of the competitive examination for admission to the Indian Police Service is such that competitors whose school education ended before they reached the age of ry can have little prospect of qualifying for appointment. A fee of £4 is required from candidates examined in London, and a fee of £5 from those examined in other centres.

The rates of pay quoted are subject to such reduction, not exceeding so per cent., as the Secretary of State in Council may decide to make in consequence of the state of financial emergency at present prevailing

save as provided in the regulations a candidate must be a European British subject. Indian and Burmese candidates are eligible if they have been resident in the United Kingdom for not less than five years. Candidates must be above 19 and under 12 years of age, and Church of Scotland candidates must be must be above 29 and under 12 years of age. On appointment chapmage on Aug. 1; must be unmarried, and if they marry before reaching India must be inder 14 years of age. On appointment chapmage on Aug. 1; must be unmarried, and if they marry before reaching India must be mide on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England and the General Assembly's Committee on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England and the General Assembly's Committee on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England and the General Assembly's Committee on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England and the General Assembly's Committee on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England and Churches respectively. Church of England and the General Assembly's Committee on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England and the General Assembly's Committee on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England and the General Assembly's Committee on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England and the General Assembly's Committee on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England and the General Assembly's Committee on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England and the General Assembly is a complete on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England and Churches respectively. forms to be obtained from the India Office, Whitehall, London. Successful caudidates are required to undergo a strict medical examination; are examined as to their ability to ride. tion; are examined as to their ability to ride. Free passage to India is granted to probationers. Their initial pay is Rs. 350 per month, plus an over-seas pay of Rs. 350 per month in the case of probationers with non-Indian domicile. The pay proceeds by annual increments to Rs. 750, plus overseas pay of £30 a month, and thence to Rs. 350 per month, with overseas pay of the same amount, subject to efficiency bars, with prospects of promotion to higher posts *

The patronage of the Secretary of State for India is not extensive. Appointments of Chaplains of the Church of England and the Church of Scotland to the Indian Ecclesiastical establishments are normally made, on the occurrence of vacancies, by the Secretary of State for India from amongst candidates nominated by the Indian Chaplaincies Board of the Church of

Indian Railway Service of Engineers. — Recruitment for this Service is at present suspended, and it is not known whether, or under what conditions, it is likely to be resumed.

Indian Forest Service .- Recrintment for this Service is at present suspended, and it is not known whether, or under what conditions, it is hkely to be resumed. In Bombay and Burma, the Forest Service is under the control of the Local Government, by whom appointments are made. Any recruitment of candidates from Europe is undertaken by the High Commissioner for India, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2, to whose offices enquiries should be addressed.

Further information regarding these and other Indian appointments can be obtained on application, from the Services and General Depart-ment, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W. z. Pay. Leave, and Pension Regulations of the Indian Services are contained in the Civil Service Regulations and other Statutory Rules, which can be consulted at the India Office.

See note , page 728

# THE FINANCES OF INDIA (CENTRAL GOVERNMEPT AND PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1932.

(In lakhs of rupees,) *

SEPARATION OF CENTRAL AND PROVINCIAL FINANCES

The Government of India Act, 1919, was designed inter alia to secure a greater measure of independence for Provincial Governments, and to this end provision was made, in the Act and in Rules subsequently published under authority of the Act, for the delimitation of the functions of Government as between the Government of India and the chief Provincial Governments, and for the definite assignments to each of these Provincial Governments of specific revenues of their own. Effect has been given to these measures of devolution in the ten "Governor's Provinces," viz.: Bengal, Madras, Bombay, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Bihar and Orasa, the Central Provinces, Asam, Burna, the Province of Coorg and the North-West Frontier Province † As regards these provinces the functions of Government have been classified as either "central A general subjects" or "provincial subjects." authority to control all matters coming under the latter head, subject to certain expressed provisos, is devolved upon the Local Governments concerned.

The sources of revenue available to Local Governments for the purpose of defraying their administrative charges consist, in the main, of the receipts from those provincial subjects which are revenue-producing, the principal heads being Land Revenne, Irrigation, Stamp Duties and Excise. In addition, a local Government is given a small share in any expansion of Income Tax (otherwise a "central" source of revenue) that may be due to an increase of the

total assessed incomes within the Province over that of 1920-21.

When the division of the sources of revenue was made between the Central and Provincial Governments, it was realized that the 'entral Government would be left insufficiently provided. It was therefore arranged that an annual contribution should be made by eight of the local Governments to the Central Government. The annual contributions fixed at the outset aggregated 983 lakhs of rupees. They were not, except in case of emergency and with the sanction of the Secretary of State, to be subject to increase, and should reduction of the aggregate be found possible, reductions were to be made in fixed proportions from the quotas of the several Provinces. The general policy pursued has involved a progressive reduction of the provincial contributions with a view to their ultimate cessation. The Budget for xps8-sp provided for the remission of those portions of the contributions which had not been permanently remitted at the close of the previous year.

remitted at the close of the previous year.

The revised financial arrangements outlined above came into force from April x, xgax, as from that date all "provincial" revenue and expenditure ceased to be included in the estimates and accounts of the Central Government. In the case of Coorg the separation was made on April 1, 1924.

• A lakh = Rs. 200,000. (See p. 73x for the Indian system of notation)

1 See p. 746 as to the financial arrangements sanctioned on the constitution of the North-West Frontier Province as a "Governor's Province."

730 The	Indian	Empi	re—R	evenue and Expend	iture.		
GROSS REVENUE AND	RECEIPT	'S (1931-	32 ).	EXPENDITURE CHARGED	AGAINS	r REVI	EN UB-
(In lakhs				continued. (In lakha c			
	Central 1	Provincia	1	Railways :	f rupees ) Central F Govt.	rovincia	I matel
Principal Heads of Reve	Gort.	Govts.	Total.	Interest, Annuities, &c.		0.6	3176'1
Customs			4643'7	Interest on capital con-	3175'5	0.0	3170 1
Taxes on Income .	1748.7	8.3	1757.0	tributed by com->	131.1	•••	131.1
Salt	857 0	14'0	871'9	panies	_		_
Oplum	207'4	•••	207 4	Other expenditure	54'9	•••	54'9
Land Revenue	33 9	3265.I	3299°0 1485°8	Total	3361.2	0.6	3362.1
Excise Stamps	31's	1434.6	1197.0		3301 3	•	3302 -
Forest	4 84 I	375.7	399.8	Irrigation .			
Registration	1'5	1 801	100.0	Interest on debt	12.8	466 2	479'0
Scheduled Taxes	•••	43'2	43'2	Other expenditure	8.8	100.8	109.6
Payments from Indian States	84.0	•••	84.0	Total	az ·6	567.0	588.6
Total	. 7676'9	6422'4	14099'3	Posts & Telegraphs :			•
Railways (net receipts) 1	3361 6	1.0	3363.8				
Irrigation (net receipts)	12.8	775 8	788.6	Interest on debt	<b>77.5</b> - 52.1	•••	77.5
Posts and Telegraphs	-161	•••	-16.1	caponatonic			
(net receipts) !		222'0	-	Total	25.4	•••	25'4
Civil Administration	-410	-42 0	463.0	Interest:	- 1		- 7
Justice		93.5	96'2	On Ordinary Debt (ex-	`		
Jails and Police	7'9	95'4	103 3	cluding Railways, Irri-	1		
Ports and Pilotage	30,3	89°5	33.2	gation, Posts and	4379	220.0	65o ·8
Education Medical and Public			92.0	Telegraphs, &c)	)		
Heaith		92'4	99.2	On other obligations	1233.2	110,1	1648'6
Agriculture	18.3	33,3	50.2	Total	1972'4	331.0	*****
Misc. Departments	25'4	ðr,3	116.7	10001	19/14	334 0	<b>2303.4</b>
Total	94'4	497 '3	591.7	Civil Administration:			
Currency and Ment	1786	•••	178 6	General Administration	198.1	1167'8	1365.0
Civil Works Miscellaneous:	24.5	174 6	199'1	Audit	101,8		101,3
Superannuation	. 14'1	<b>26</b> 7	40.8	Justice Jails and Police	126°8	552°0	568 z 1593 z
Stationery and Printing	30.8	85°0	55.8	Ports and Pilotage		3'4	40'2
Miscellaneous		130.3	*38.3	Ecclesiastical	30,3		30.3
Total	156.0	178'0	334 9	Political	164'4	•••	164.4
Receipts by Military Dept			339 9 412'7	Frontier Watch Ward Education and Scientific	238'9		#38.0
Extraordinary Receipts	1			Medical & Public Health	147 9 47 1	1225'8 534'7	1373 7 581 8
and Transfers from Revenue Reserve Fund	21.6	45.7	68:3	Agriculture	347	*34°5	200.5
Revenue Reserve Fund				Miscellaneous Depts	75.2	137'2	212 4
Total Revenue	18164'6	8318'4	20483'0	Total			
Equals(at Rs. 131/3to£1) (coc omitted)	£01.324	C6a. 288 4	Cre2.6e2	Total	1317.0	2321.8	6539.4
(ooo omitted)	A 7-1-33.7	, os, 300 x		Currency and Mint	76.z	•••	76°1
				Civil Works	8'05	8597	1080'5
EXPENDITURE CHARG	ED AGAI	ST RRV	ENUE	V. V. V. V. V. V. V. V. V. V. V. V. V. V		43 <b>9</b> 7	5
(1931	·1932).			Miscellaneous:			
,	Central	Provinci.	d	Famine Relief		29'4	<b>29.</b> 6
Direct Demands on the I	(iort.	Govts.	Total.	Territri. & Pol. Pensions	31,1		31.1
				Superannuation Allow-	•		_
Taxes on Income			90°5	Stationery and Printing		492°2	760.6 165.9
Salt	. 115'7		1157	Miscellaneous	76.0	114.4	102.3
Opium	79.8		79.8				
Land Revenue		301.5	400'4	Total	434'=	744'3	1178 5
Excise and Stamps Forest	· 15'9	194.8	231.1 210,4	Mil. & Marine Serrices	5588'7		
Registration	. 31.8	20.3	71.1			•••	5588 7
Scheduled Taxes	. 0.3	0.3	0.2	Extraordinary Items	-	0,1	3.0
Total	417.6	836°o	Ten 5	Total expenditure			
	• •	030 0	1273 6	charged against	13339'4	8070.0	22010.0
Forest and other capi-				Revenue			
tal outlay charged to Revenue	} 06	- 6.6	- 0.3	Equals (at Rs 13½ to)	Czno.n46.	6e.000 4	Cros or-
24070414C				£1) (000 omitted) 52	,, o <del>q</del> u X	,, <del>y</del> x	, 203,075
† Gross receipts le	m working	ev nemece		Deficit	£8.8xx	Ca.64*	£12.45-
	MAKERITIE				~	~	~
			mm'~	1004			

The Indian Empire—Re	venue and Expenditure. 731
REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF THE PRO-   VINCIAL GOVERNMENTS, 1931-32.   Surplus (+)     (In lakhs of rupees )   Expenditure     Revenue.   ture   Dehett (-)     Madras 1689'9   1624 5   +5'4     Bombay 1482'0   1529 4   -47 4     Bengal 901'1   1100'5   -199 4     U. Provinces 1121'7   1183'7   -6a'0	mercial undertakings without any deduction on account of interest charges, the total receipts from the sale of opum, and the receipts of certain spending departments; while the figures of Gross Expenditure include the interest charges of commercial undertakings, and the cost of cultivation and manufacture of opium. This method of compilation may cause the
Punjab 996'5 1038'0 -41'5 Burma and Shan States 994'3 932 6 +61'7	revenue available for administrative purposes and the expenditure on such purposes to appear greater than they really are. A statement of
States 994'3 932 6 +61'7 Bihar and Orissa 519'5 542'5 -23'0 Central Pro- vinces & Bei ar 420'0 457'7 -37'7	the net revenue and expenditure of the Central Government for 1931-32 is therefore given in the table below, which shows the net revenue derived
Assam	from commercial undertakings, after deducting all expenditure including interest charges, and
Total 8218'4 8670'6 -352'2	net figures under other heads of revenue and expenditure obtained by deducting (x) the
Equals (at Rs. x3½ to £1) £62,388 £65,029 £-2,641 (000 omitted)	from sale recents, and (2) the recents of the
REVISED ESTIMATES, 1932-33.	spending departments from the gross expendi- ture incurred by them. The cost of the establish- ments maintained for the collection of revenue
The revised estimates for 1932 33 show (in lakhs of rupees):—Surplus, Central Govern-	ments maintained for the collection of revenue
and Orissa, 1'3; North-West Frontier Province,	a separate head of expenditure
o 98. Deficits, Bombay, 27 x; Bengal, 139'5; United Provinces, 19'1; Central Provinces and	NET REVENUE (in lakks of tupees) * Principal Heads of Revenue. 1931-32.
Belar, 10, Burma, 705; Assam, 210, Coolg, 105	Customs
BUDGET ESTIMATES OF THE CENTRAL AND PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS, 1933-34	Salt
(In lakins of rupees) Expendi- Revenue ture Surplus Detect	Other Heads 219'3
Madias 1726 7 1722 6 4 1	7597'3
Bombay 1490'1 1518 4 28 3 Bengal 911 5 1130'6 219 1	Comme cial Undertakings: Railways
Punjab 1084'8 1033'4 51'4	Irrigation
Biliai and Orissa 508'5 521 2 127	-50.4
States 955 2 931 3 23 9 Central Provinces	Currency and Mint
	Mint
Coorg 129 138 09 North-West Fron-	Miscellaneous Civil Receivits
tiei Province 165'3 169 I 38	Miscellaneous Civil Receipts 1120 Extraordinary Items 18'5
Total 8676'8 8894 6 83 5 301 3 Central Govern-	Total Net Revenue (lakhs of inpecs) 7779'8
ment ordinary	Equals (at Rs. 131/ to £1) (000 omitted)£58,349
Total 21112'0 21305'2 108 1 301'3	NET EXPENDITURE. 1931 32
Equals (at 13)/1  Rs. to £1) £158,340 £159,789 £811 £2,260 (oco omitted)	Debt Services 1731'4     Defence Services
INDIAN SYSTEM OF NOTATION.—THE INDIAN	Effective
numerical notation system differs from the European. Large numbers are punctuated as	Transfer from Military Reserve Fund 103'2
and seed and laking and not in hundreds thousands	Cullesty at Penersus
and millions. A lakh is one hundred thousand (written out as x,00,000), and a crore is one hundred lakhs or ten millions (x,00,00,000). Thus,	Collection of Revenue 337'8 Civil Administration 1123'1
- 68 co coo is read as a crore of lakits. A lakit	Ciril Works 1c6'2
of rupees (Rs. 1,00,000), may be read as equal to £7,500 at 13/3 upees—the statutory rate adopted for conversion in this article. The rupee is	
for conversion in this article. The rupee is divided into 16 annas and at 13½ rupees to £1 the anna is equivalent to 1½d. The anna is sub-	Total Net Expenditure charged against Revenue (lakhs of Rs.) 8954 6
the anna is equivalent to $1\frac{1}{6}d$ . The anna is subdivided into 12 pies $(\frac{1}{6}d$ , approximate value).	Equals (at lis. 131/3 to £x) (coo omitted) £67,160
NET REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT.	Deficit (000 omitted)
The figures of Gross Revenue given above in- clude the net receipts of railways and other com-	
	ALMANACK, 1934
17,221.71011 13 7	

Rudent

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE.—The following statement shows capital ontlay, not charged to Revenue.

Central Government

	Accounts,	Estimate,	Estimate
	1931 32	1932 - 73.	1933-34
	(In b	akha of rup	ecs )*
State Railways	675 6	164 3	330 0
Posts & Telegraphs	87.9	19.7	158
Irrigation Works .	OI		
New Capital at Dellii	14.6		
Other Capital Outlay	76.4	132 2	107 3
Total	85;6	336 2	453 1

Equals (at Rs. 13¹, to £) ...£6,409 £2,522 £3,308 (coo omitted)

(oco omitted) )			
Prorincial	Governi	nents.	
	2931-32	1932 33	1033 34
Madras	157 8	82 I	42 3
Bombay	378 7	28x '6	108 6
Bengal	28 2	16 4	28 2
United Provinces .	a 8g	20 Ó	24 5
Punjab .	1 <b>82</b> '0	171 4	1048
Burma & Shan States	163 1	84 I	366
Bihar and Octasa	őτ	3.2	38
Central Provs & Berar	20'2	178	67
Assam	30.0	5.6	1.3
Coorg	_		
N.W. Frontier Prov		3'3	29
Total	1066 9	626 4	449 7
Equals (at )	€8.002	£4.608	£3,272

BURDEN OF TAXATION If taxation proper be divided among the population of British India, without allowing for certain portions of Salt, Excise, and Customs duties which fall on persons in the Indian States, the birden is estimated at Rs. 28 per head, or, if land revenue (which is about a rort) by added Rs. s. per head

(ooc omitted)

akin to tent) be added, Rs. 50 per head
DEBT AND ANSETS—On March 31, 1933, the
public debt of the Central Government
amounted to Rs 510 crores (£383 million) in
India and £380 million in England The
figures include debt mentred on behalf of
Provincial Governments, the debenture stock of
various utilways taken over on the transfer of
the lines, and the capital value of habilities
undergoing redemption by way of terminable
animities. The interest-bearing obligations and
certain interest-bearing assets of the Government
of India announted to Rs 505 crotes £525 million)
in India and £380 million in England. The
exects of interest-bearing obligations over
interest-yielding insets amounts to Rs. 207
crores (£155 million) Apart from Rs 5692
crores in cash, bullion and securities held on
Trensity Account, the Central Government held
on March 31, 1923, £40 million in the Gold
Standard Reserve

LAND REVENUE.—This is the oldest and the most important source of revenue. The State is the paramount landlord in India, and the land revenue is the State's share in the rent of the soil. In most of Bengal and Bihau and Onissa, alout one-fourth of Madinas, and part of Assam the land revenue has been permanently fixed; elsewhere generally the assessments, or settlements, are revised periodically (usually once in so or 30 years). The nature of the settlements varies in different provinces. In parts of Bengal and Bombay, the greater part of the United Provinces, the Punjah, the N.W. Frontier Province,

and the Central Provinces the settlement is with large proprietors or proprietary village communities (zamindari), and the estate is assessed as a whole. Elsewhere (especially in Birma, Berar, Bombay and Sind, Assam, and most of Madrias) the ranjativari temine prevails, and each impat, or peasant proprietor, holds due it from the State. In temporarily settled zamindari districts the land revenue isnally amounts to about 50 per cent of the rental paid to the landlord by the cultivating temant, while in temporarily settled raryatwari districts the revenue varies from 20 per cent. Of the gross produce down to much smaller proportions, averaging about 8 per cent. Private improvements are exempt from assessment. The gross land revenue paid to the State (Central and Provincial Governments) in x32-32 amounted to Ris 3.29 lakis (£44,743,000).

to its \$3,299 lakhs(£24,743,000).

THE OPIUM REVENUE - Poppy may now be grown only in parts of the United Provinces and in the Central Indian (Malva) states. Except in these States the mannfactance is a Government monopoly. Beingal opinin is either sold direct to the Governments of Borneo, Netherlands Indies, Hong Kong. Straits Settlements, &c. or issued to the Excise Department for local consumption. In addition a substantial quantity is supplied to the Medical Department for medical purposes, and by export to the United Kingdom for substantial quantity is supplied to the Medical Department for consumption in Bangal opinin, meliding the value of opinin sold by the Excise Department for consumption in India, was £1,556,000 in 1931-32. The expenses of production, &c., were £508,000. Formerly, most of the opinin exported from India was consumed in Clinia; but the Government of India, in furtherance of the efforts of the Climese Government to simpliess the growth and consumption of opinin exported in Clinia, and as from Match 37, 1937, export of Indian opinin to Clinia is prohibited. In 1926 the Government of India announced its intention to restrict the export of opinin except for medicinal purposes

EXCISE — Licence fees and duties are levied on the manufacture and sale of intovicating liquors, opinin, and other drings. The revenue amounted to Rs 1,486 lakhs (£11,143,000) gross in 1931-32 (Central and Provincial Governments).

CUSTOMS.— The net receipts amounted to

CUSTOMS.—The net receipts amounted to Rs. 4,644 lakis (£34,827,000) in 1931-32. (For tanff see p. 735.) The export duty on rice yield d 93 lakis (£695,700). The export duty on inte produced 309 lakis (£2,316,500). The duty on motor spirit and kerosene amounted to 590 lakis (£4,425,000). The protective special duties on non, steel, &c., yielded 494 lakis

(£3,707,coo).

INCOME TAX is levied on non-agricultural incomes at the following rates.—

Rate of Tax

	at the i Anunal		g rates .—	Rate of Tax per Rupee *
Rs.			er	
,,	1,500			4 ,,
"	2,C00	,,		
"	5,000	,,		II ¹ 4 ,,
"	10,000	17		15 ,,
**	15,000	٠,		. 20 ,,
**	20,000	٠,	••• ••••	
	30,000	**		≇8∵, ,,
	40,000	. 22		
,,,	1,000,0	oo or u	pwards	325. ,,

o 12 pies = 1 anna 16 annas = 1 rupee ; 13! rupees = £1 (statutory rate). A lakh is 100,000 rupees.

In the case of compames and registered firms,

meome tax on incomes of Hindu undivided families at rates ranging from 1 auna 64 pies to 7 annas 94 pies in the rupee on meomes over Rs. 75,000, and on the taxable incomes of companies above Rs. 50,000 at a flat rate of r anna 3 pies in the rapee In the case of individuals, innegistered firms, and other associations. tions of individuals not being a registered firm or a company, the rate ranges from xx 1/2 pies to of a company, the face ranges from 11/2, pies to 7 annas, 902, pies on incomes in excess of Rs. 30,000. Rs. 1,757 lakhs (£13,177,000) were received from taxes on income in 1931–32.

STAMPS.—Stamps yielded 1,197 lakhs gross (£8,978,000) in 1931-32. About two-thirds of the revenue is from court fees and one-third

from commercial stamps

SALT.—The salt duty was reduced from Rs 21/2 FART.—The satt duty was reduced from its 2x of Rs, 2a maund (8a7 lb) in 1903, to Rs, 1½ in 1905, and to R. 1 in 1907. It was increased to Rs, 1½ on Manch x, 1906, to Rs 2½ from Manch x, 1923, reduced to Rs 1½ from Manch x, 1924, and laived to R. 1 As, m 1931. Rs 872 lakhs (£6,539,000) were received from salt in 1931 32.

FORESTS.—About 107,000 square miles of forests are reserved and scientifically worked by the State, while about 145,000 square miles besides are under State control. The revenue from forests amounted to Rs 400 lakis (£3,000,000) m 1031-32. A third of the revenue comes from

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.—The Post Office in 1931-32 handled 1,17512 infilion of letters, postcards, newspapers, &c, and issued 38 million of money orders. Inland letter rates are the lowest in the world. The length of telegraph wise, including cable, in India on March 31, 1932 was 532,283 innes, and the number of paid messages sent in 1931-32 was over 17 inflion messages sent in 1933-32 was over 17 inition. The capital outlay amounted to its. 1,563 lakhs (£11,721,000) at the end of 1931-32. The Indian Postal and Telegraph services we re analganated on April 1, 1914. The combined services showed for the year a loss of 93.8 lakhs (£703,900), a reduction of nearly 40 lakhs as compared with

1930 31
RAILWAYS - Nearly all the railways in India are owned by the State and administered by a are owned by the State and administered by a Raulway Board, though many are leased to and worked by companies. The nuleage open to traffic on March 37, 1932, was 42,812 off the nuleage open about 50 per cent was on the standard gauge (5½ ft), and about 42 per cent on the metre gauge. On March 31, 1932, the total capital at charge was Rs. 8,6 crotes (£657,255,000). The net calibrate of the ruleway 81, 1932, 22 arounded to 2,872 ings of the rullways in 1931-32 amounted to 2,812 lakhs (£21,086,000), showing a percentage of 32 on total capital at charge. The number of passengers "originating" was 506 nullion, and the goods traffic amounted to 246 nullion tons. Rates are very low, third-class passengers travelling on the average about four miles for a penny. The net gain to the Central Government from "Budget Lines" administered from funds under its direct control was 5.4 crores in 1931-32. The payment of the contribution has been held in abeyance until the 1cturn of prosperous years. The total capital expenditure on State and other railways in 1931-32 was 837 laklis (£6,278,000).

IRRIGATION. - The total capital outlay on In the case of companies and registered firms, whatever the total income, the rate is 32/2 pies in the tupee.

State trigation works up to March 31, 1931, was the tupee.

Super-tax is leviable in addition to ordinary to cultivators and protection against famine, meome tax on incomes of Hindu undivided profit to the State, after payment of families at rates ranging from 1 anna 6% pies interest charges, of about £1,276,000. The urea interest charges, of about £1,276,000. The area irrigated by Government irrigation works, excluding the Indian States, in 1993-31 mounted to 31 million acres, while the annual value of the crops raised amounted to over 11/5 times the total capital expended on the works. Two-fifths total capital expended on the works. of the irrigation revenue comes from the Punjab.

HOME CHARGES.—The net expenditure in England, chargeable to Revenue, amounted in 1931-32 to £25,997.000. The main terms were:—Interest on Railway Debt and Annuities, £9,573.000; Interest on Ordinary Debt and other obligations, £5.377,000: management of debt, £468,000: Interest assumed in respect of British 5 per cent War Loan £418,000: Stores, £1.321,000, of which £1,221,000 was for Marine and Military Stores , payments for British forces, troop service, &c., £2,73,000; Army non-effective charges, £3,408,000; Civil annutices, cvil and military, £2,642,000; home administration (£435,000 less £105,500 contributed by H.M. Trensmy); Aden (outribution, £737,000. The expenditure of the Indian Government in England is met by bills or telegraphic transfers drawn on India by the Secretary of State, and

drawn on India by the Secretary of State, and sold by him in London for sterling.

CURRENCY.—The principal coin in use is the silver rupec, containing 165 grains of fine silver and 15 grains of alloy, and weighing in all 18 grains to your tola. Up to 1893 the Indian Mints were open by law for the unrestricted comage of silver into rupecs. Owing, however to the almost containing fall in the suricus comage of silver into ripees. Owing, however, to the almost continuous fall in the value of the ripee from 1871 to 1893, legislation in the latter year closed the minus to the public, with a view to eventually fixing the exchange. For a time the rupee continued to fall, but subsequently it rose, and between 1898 and 1916, was practically stable at 12, 4d. The Act of 1899 made the British sovereign legal tender in hida at the ratio of 15 inpose to the sovereign, the rupee however imminion else. sovereign, the rupee, however, remaining also legal tender to any amount, but the ratio was altered to 10 rupces in 1220, and to 13/1, rupces in 1327. The Gold Standard Reserve has been built up out of the profit from the coinage of inpees. The principal objects for which it is maintained are (x) to provide finds from which the Secretary of State can finance his requirements when remittance of funds from Industhough the usual market channels cannot conveniently be arranged, and (2) to furnish resources against which sterling drafts may, if recognitive ansatz, be sold by the Government of India to remitters in India. In recent years the Reserve has been maintained at £40.000,000. The total recupts from profit on coinage, interest and discount, and profit by connage, interest and discount, and profit by exchange up to March 31, 1933, anonuted to £66,356,000. Of this sum £1,123,655 has been used for capital expenditure on railways; £2,886,217 has been transferred to the Paper Currency Reserve in reduction of created rupee securities, £14,626,619 has been transferred to Revnine, and the remainder credited to the Gold Standard Reserve. On March 21, 1933, the investments of this fund in sterling securities amounted to £26,220,769 (estimated value), while £897 was held in cash in England,

£2,152,324 was deposited in gold at the Bank of England and £11,626,000 held in gold in India. India has a paper currency. The 1,25,5, 10,50, and 100 rupee notes are legal tender everywhere in India, but other notes only within their circles of issue. In 1232 a branch of the Royal Mint was established at Bombay for the minting of gold coins.

ARMY .- The sanctioned strength of the Army in India is: British troops and officers, 68,900; Indian troops and officers, 155,300; Army in India Reserve of Officers, 1,500, Indian Army Reserve, 40,000; Auxilary Force, 36,000; Indian State Forces, 44,700; and Indian Territorial Force, 19,000. For police duties and frontier service the regular military is supplemented by frontier militia and local levies. During the period (1902-9) when Lord Kitchener was Commander-in-Chief, considerable changes were effected in the organisation and training of the Army. On June z, 1907, there was a redistribution of the Army of India. The net military expenditure (including marine) has minitary expenditive (mentioning marrier) and risen from about £20,000,000 in 1912-13 to 5,276 lakhs (£38,820,000) in 1931-32. The estimated net expenditure for 1933-34 is 4,650 lakhs (£34,650,000). Intring the Great War of 1914-18 the Government of India required on a voluntary basis over 877,000 combatants and 563,000 non-combatants, giving a grand total of about 1'4 million men. 1,381,000 officers and men were sent on service overseas from India; the total Indian casualties were about 122 000 (as compiled up to Dec. 31, 1919) In 1917 the har inthecto precluding the admission of Indians to King's Commissions was removed; the pay and pensions of the Indian soldiery were improved. India has an Auxiliary Force on a volunteer basis.

The ROYAL INDIAN MARINE was reorganised on a combatant basis in 2928 and now flee the white energy. An admiral of the Royal Navy was appointed as the first Flag Officer com-

manding The fleet consists of four sloops, two patrol boats, one survey ship and various auxiliary craft

Flag Officer Commanding and Director, Rear-Admiral H. T. Walwyn, C.B., D.S.O., R N.

Rs. 2,800 EDUCATION .- Elementary education is based, so far as possible, on an adaptation of indigenous institutions and traditions. Higher education is an imported product. It is popular, and has undoubtedly been attended with beneficial results. As is natural with an imported product, its development is marked by some crudities, and its influence has to some extent been un-setting. There are 16 Universities in British India and 2 in Indian States, viz., Agra, Audhra, Annamalia, Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Allahabad, Benaies (Hindu), Patna, Dacca, Algarh (Muhammadan), Lahore, Hyderabad, Mysore, Lucknow, Rangoon, Nagpur and Delhi. In State institutions education is secular. The institutions in 1930-31 numbered 262,052, and the scholars 12,689,086, including 1,544,268 females. Of the institutions, about 50 per cent are maintained by the State or aided by grants, the rest being private and maided. Of the total expenditure on education in 1930-31, (£21,237,000), £4.609,000 came from fees, and £13,045,000 from Government revenues or local and municipal funds The census of 1931 showed that only 156 males and 20 females per thousand are literate, in the sense of being able to read and write any language.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT, numicipal and rural, in its present form, is a product of British rule. The ununerpalities at the end of 1930-32 numbered 781, with a total population of over at million, and receiving an income of £9,512,400 from rates and taxes (or troi, taxes on houses and lands, water, lighting, and conservancy rates, &c) and £17,035,000 from other somecs. Out of 12,776 members of municipal bodies 797 were officials and 11,979 non-official.

SEA-BORNE TRADE.	1928-29.	1929-30.	1930-31.*	1931-32.*	1932-33.
	(one omitted )	(900 omitted)	(900 omitted)	(000 omitted)	£ ,
Imports of Private Merchandise	189,979	180,598	123,595	94,779	(000 omitted ) \$9,437
Government Stores	7,569	6,683	6,202	3,203	1,825
Total Merchandise	197,548	187,281	129,797	97,982	101,262
Treasure—Private	27,970	20,826	20,141	5,444	2,242
Government	I	48	6	7	-, <u>-</u>
Total Treasure	27.971	27.B74	20,147_	5.45×	2,243
Total Imports	225,519	208,155	149,944	103,433	103,505
Exports of Private Merchandise:				==	
Indian Produce, &c	247,596	#33,T04	165,369	116,916	99,327
Foreign Goods (1e-exports) Government Stores	3,0/3	5,345	3,858	3,494	2,414
Total Merchandise	802	793_	649_	491	338
	254.363	239,242	169,876	120,901	102,073
Treasure Private	2,198	1,177	1,821	47,180	50,939
Government	-,30/	2,681	1,180	2,267	2,657
Total Treasure	4,765	3,858	3,001	49,447	52,956
Total Exports	259 128	243,100	172,877	170,348	155,069
Total Sca-borne Trade	484 647	451,255	322,821	273,78x	258,574
Net Imports (or Exports) of treasure	23,206	17,016	17,146	43,000+	50,753†
Net Exports of Merchandise					811
Excess of Exports				66,915	
Net Imports (or Exports) of treasure Net Exports of Merchandise		451,255 17,016 51,961 34,945	323,821 17,146 40,079 22,933	43,99¢†	50,753

(Norg.—The figures of trade have been converted into sterling at the rate of Rs. 23 to £)

• Revised figures.

† Not Exports.

In almost all districts in British India there are local district boards, partly repre-sentative. Of their total expenditure of about £xz.663,000 in 1930-31 a8 per cent. was devoted to civil works, 36 per cent. to education, and the remainder largely to sanitation and hospitals.

TRADE OF INDIA .- India's visible balance of trade in 1932-33 was Rs 68:3 lakhs (£51,225,000). The ordinary course of Indian trade shows yearly a large net export of merchandise and a net import of treasure, but in 1933-33 exports of treasure exceeded imports by £55,753,000 The table (p. 734) exhibits the leading figures for the last five years in thousands of pounds

the last ne years in thousands or hounds sterling (Rupees being converted at the rate of 13); to the £).

During the year 1932-33 as compared with 1931-32 the value of the imports (excluding Government stoles and treasure) increased by Rs. 6ar lakhs (£4,659,000), or 5 per cent., while the total exports (inclinding re-exports but excluding treasure and Government stores) fell by Rs. z,489 lakhs (£18,869,000), or 16 per cent.

The bulk of the imports consists of manu-

factured articles, while two-thirds of the exports consist of food tobacco, and raw materials

The following statement shows the chief articles of the foreign trade of India in 1932 33 (converted at Rs. 131/3 = £1):-

### IMPORTS (oco omitted).

	_		
Cotton Goods £	17,280	Liquors	£2,693
Cotton Yarn	2,841	Rubber Manuf's	1,488
Cotton, raw	5,443	Drngs	1,394
Machinery		Spaces	1,204
Iron and/or Steel	3,363	Glass	1,069
	3,303	Fruits& Vegeta s.	
Brass			874
Other metals	z,589		
Mineral Oils	5,023		727
Silk, artificial	3,119	Paints	έgι
Silk Goods	3,370	Apparel	632
Silk, raw	878	Precious Stones	627
Sugar	3.178	Soap	620
Instruments	- 886	Salt	598
Motor Cais, Cy-	_,	Building, &c.,	39-
cles, &c		Materials	580
		Stationery	
Cycles			543
Hardware	2,244	Grain & Pulse .	532
Wool & Woollen		Haberdashery	508
Goods		Boots	388
Provisions		Wood & timber	386
Paper	2,148	Earthenware .	372
Chemicals	2.034	Leather	37 x
By Post		Arms, &c	331
Dyes, &c		Governm't Stores	1,825
2,00, 00	-,-/9	001012111010101	-,3
EXPO	KTS (oc	o omitted).	
Jute Mannf.'s£	6.282	Woollens	£508
water branching	,	He Don't	~,500

١	Jute Mannf.'s 4	C16,282	Woollens	£508
ı	Jute, raw	7,298	By Post	1,180
1	Cotton, Raw		Lac	931
	Cotton Yaın,&c.		Coffee	824
	Tea	12,865	Tobacco	578
	Rice	10,876	Dyes	560
	OtherGrams,&c.		Spices	541
	Seeds	8,480	Fodder	527
	Leather	3,573	Fruits& Vegeta's	531
	Metals and Ores	3,504	Coir	45
	Hides and Skins	2,076	Wood	481
	Paraffin Wax	1,514	Oils	40
	Oilcake	1,474	Raw Hemp	34
	Wool, raw		Re-exports	3,41

magistrates exercising civil and criminal jurisdiction. Many of the superior and the great majority of the inferior officers are Indians. majority of the interior officers are Indians. In 1930, 1859,879 civil suits were instituted; 2,523,029 persons were tried, and 1,350,890 convicted, in criminal cases of whom 811 were sentenced to death and 783 executed, 1,702 to transportation, and 240,120 to imprisonment. The strength of the police in 1930 was 14,704 officers and 186,834 men. There were 1,210 prisons, with a daily average of 153,442 prisoners. At the convict settlement of Port Biair (Audamans) there were 152 propers on March 2. there were 7,613 prisoners on March 31, 1931.

VITAL STATISTICS.—The reporting of vital occurrences is still defective. The recorded death rate for British India in the decennium ended 1913 ranged between 38's1 per 1,000 iii 1908 and 387 s in 1913; it was 35 9 per 1,000 in 1919 and 26 85 in 1930. There were over 12 million deaths from influenza during 1918-19. Fevers of various kinds are by far the commonest cause of death, cholera, disentery and diarrhosa, smallpox, and (since 1896) plague being other chief causes. The reported deaths from plague up to the end of 1930 were about 12,280,000 in India as a whole, The ratio of births per 1,000 of the population was 35.99 in 1930. In 4,771 hospitals and dispensaries, maintained mostly from public funds, 57,443,000 patients were treated in 1930. The number of persons vaccinated in 1930-31 was 15,265,000. According to the census of 1931 there were 147,911 lepers.

CUSTOMS DUTIES .- The general import tariff is now 25 per cent ad valorem. The principal exceptions are: Cotton twist, yarn and thread 61/4 per cent. or As. 17/4 per lb. whichever is higher; on piece goods 25 per cent. if of British manufacture, 50 per cent. if of British manufacture, 50 per cent. if not; plain grey, ie., not bleached or dyed in the piece, 25 per cent or As. 4% per lb., whichever is higher, if of British manufacture 50 per cent. or As. 5% per lb., if not; raw cotton Fs. 6 per lb.; raw hemp, artificial silk yarn and thread 18% per cent. or silk of an titled a lik mixtures 25 per cent. or artificial silk yarn and thread 18½ per cent, or As. 2 Ps. 3 per sq. yard, whichever is higher; notor cars and motor cycles 37½ per cent, sugar Rs. 9 As. 2 per cwt; arms and certain "luxury" articles, including gold and silver manufactures, silk or attificial silk piece goods, gold and silver plate, &c., 50 per cent.; cigais x12; per cent. cogarctics, from 18, 10 AS. 20 to Rs. 15 per 1000; spirits generally Rs. 37 As. 8 per gallon; salt R. 1 As. 9 per mannd (82; lb.), plus As. 2½ per manud if manufactured outside India; motor spirit As. 10 per gallon; mineral oil 12½ per cent. (an excise duty of As 10 is leviable of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the contr 12/2 per cent. (an excise duty of As ro is leviable on motor spirit and As a Ps. 94/ per gallon on kerosene produced in India); coal As. ro per cent; splices 37/2 per cent; manufactured tobacco Rs. 3 As ra per lb., matches R. r As. r4 per gross of boxes of roo; match splints As. 5 Ps. 7/2 per lb.; veneer (for match boxes) As. 7 Ps. 6 per lb.; ale, beer As. 18 per gallon: portor, &c. As. 18 per gallon. match boxes) As. 7 Ps. 6 per 1D.; sic, peer As. 126 per gallon; portor, &c., As. 15 per gallon; perfumed spirits Rs. 60 per gallon; certain machinery 10 per cent.; certain metals, from and steel and tallway plant and rolling stock 155% per cent.; gold coin, metallic ores, certain certainty leaf unemats quinting etc. are free agricultural instruments, quinine, etc., are free.  a manud on rice; Rs. 4½ per bale of 400 lb. on raw jute other than cuttings, for which the ate 18 Rs. 11/4 per bale; Rs. 20 per ton on jute sacking; Rs. 32 per ton on hessians, and 5 per cent. ad valorem on raw hides and skins.

SHIPPING.—In 1932-33 the number of vessels engaged in the foreign trade which entered and cleared with cargoes at ports in British India was 5,707, with a tonnage of 14 230,000. Of this tonnage, over 67 per cent. was under the British flag

The following table shows the distribution of the Indian private sea-borne trade in 1932-33:

Dan . Tr

Corvinies.		VATE OPT OVLY
-	Imports	Exports
Total Value (ooo omitted)	£99.437	£99.32
	Percent	Per cent
British Empire :	1	_
United Kingdom		28.4
Cevlon		50
Hong Kong		10
Manritus		0.6
Straits Settlements		2.7
S. Africa		1.0
Kenya	1'4	0.3
Canada Australia and New Zealanc	08	32
Aden		
Other Possessions		0 5 1 8
	, -	
Total, British Empire	. 44 8	45 7
Foreign Countries: -	1	
Belgium	. 2.6	30
China (exclg. Hong Kong)	2 2	27
Egypt		2 2
France		5.6
Germany		6 о
Netherlands		2 4
Italy	30	3 5
Japan	15'5	10 5
Java and Borneo	, 3.1	0.2
Switzerland	1 1.0	00
United States		7 2
Iraq	0.3	0'4
Persia		0 4
Spain	02	z 3
Arabia		0.4
Siam	0.5	0.3
All other countries	5.7	76
Total, Foreign Countries	55 *	54'3

(Norr -- Rupee figures converted at rate of Rs 13}= £1.) PORTS.—The chief ports are Bombay, Calcutta,

Rangoon, Karacht, and Madras

AGRICULTURE is by far the most important occupation of the people of India. In British occupation of the people of India. In British territory in 1931-23, 262,00,000 acres were sown, or 289,000,000 acres excluding area sown more than once. Of the total area sown approximately to per cent. was under wheat, 35 per cent. under other food-grains and pulses, 7 per cent. under other folded, and 8 per cent. under cotton, jute, and other fibres Sugar, tea, and tobacco are other important crops. The total area under content in the second of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second content of the second

other important crops. The total area under irrigation was 52 million acres, including area irrigated at both harvests.

BANKS .- In addition to the Imperial Bank of India, which is closely associated with the Government, there are joint-stock banks, European and Indian, and many small native banks. In 1930 there were 30 Indian joint-stock banks, whose

head offices are located in India, in addition to 18 exchange banks with head offices outside India, and 26 Indian co-operative banks, with capital and reserve of Rs. 5 lakhs and over. The capital of the Imperial Bank of India was Rs. 56s lakhs; reserve, Rs. 55s lakhs; deposits, Rs. 8, 397 lakhs; and cash balance, Rs. 1,304 lakhs. The corresponding figures for the Indian joint-death balance are constal. Between the Indian John Control Lakes were constal. The corresponding figures for the Indian joint-stock banks were: capital, Rs. 244 lakhs; leserve, Rs. 442 lakhs; deposits, Rs. 6,322 lakhs; cash balance, Rs. 767 lakhs. The 18 exchange banks with head offices not located in India had:—capital, £93 million; reserve, £100 million; deposits, £1,266 million outside India, and Rs. 6,822 lakhs in India; cash balances £200 million outside, and Rs. 772 lakhs in India. The 26 Indian co-operative banks had a capital of Rs. 126 lakhs; a reserve of Rs. 89 lakhs; deposits, Rs. 1,236 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; deposits, Rs. 1,236 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; deposits, Rs. 1,236 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; loans outstanding, Rs. 1,000 lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; lakhs; l Rs 85 lakhs The proportion per cent. of cash to habilities on deposit was:—16% in the case of the Imperial Bank; 13% for exchange banks doing a considerable portion of their business in India; 8% for other exchange banks; and 12% m the case of Indian joint-stock banks.

CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES -In 1930-31 there were in British India and Indian States 1,863 central, 93,773 agricultural and ro,530 non agricultural societies, with a total membership of 4,545,840 and a capital of 268,934,000. The Provincial and Central Banks showed a profit of £442,000, and agricultural and non-agricultural SUPPLIES £1,472,600.

MINERALS -The output of coal in India in 1930 was 23.803,000 tons. Nine-tenths of the total comes organized that total comes from Bengal and Bilhar and Orissa. The production of crude petrolemn in India (chiefty Burma) has increased from 19 million gallons in 1897 to 312 million in 1930. The production of salt is about 1,711,000 tons. The production of manganese ore was about \$30,000 tons, and of saltpetre 3,827 tons (export figures). The yield of gold (nearly all from Mysorc) was about 230,000 to. Monazite and tungsten ore have taken an important place in the list of nunerals of economic value produced in India. The output of the former in 1930 was 14 tons, and of the latter 2,452 tons.

MANUFACTURES.—In India the ancient village handerafts still survive. Cotton-weaving is by far the most important hand industry. There vere 8,148 factories in 1930 subject to the Indian Factories Act, employing 1,528,000 persons, including 255,000 women and nearly 38,000 children (zz to 15 years of age); the percentage of factories maintaining a week of 48 hours or less for men is 27, the corresponding percentage for women was 3x. The maximum weekly hours for children was 32. The maximum weekly nonits for children are 36. There were 3re cotton mills at work in British India and Indian States in 1930-31, mostly in Bombay and Ahmedabad. In 1930-31, the production was 867 million lb, of yarn (mostly of low counts) and 590 million lb, of woven goods. The 100 live mills, mostly situated in a rear Calastia contained, and 82 smidles. woven goods. The roo jute mins, mostly stuated in or near Calentta, contained 1,224,628 spindles and 61,834 looms. There were, in 1930, 17 woollen and 11 paper mills, 12 brewerles, and various other factories.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—In 1930-31 there were 7,328 joint stock companies registered in British India and in the Indian States, with a paid-up capital of Rs. 21,189 lakhs (£211,890,000). TABLE OF THE PRINCIPAL INDIAN RULING PRINCES AND CHIEFS, SHOWING THE SALUTES TO WHICH THEY ARE ENTITLED, AND THE AREA, POPULATION, PREVAILING RELIGION, AND REVENUE OF THEIR STATES.

STATE, SALUTE, AND TITLE OF CHIEF.	Date of				Revenuefo
	w.,,	Area in sq miles	Population 111 1931	Prevailing Religion	last year recorded c approxi- nute.
Falutes of zr Guns		j			£
Baroda, The Maharaja (Gackwar) of Gwalior, The Maharaja (Sindhia) of	1875 1931	8,164 26,367	2,443,007 3,523.070	Hindus	1,868,000
Hyderabad, The Nizam of	1911	82,698	14,436,148	Hindus and Muhammadans	6,283,000
Jammu and Kashmir, The Maharaja of	1925	84 516		Munammadans	1,875,000
Mysore, The Maharaja of	1895	29,326	6,557,302	Hindus	2,687,000
Salutes of 19 Guns	6	6		Hmdns	
Bhopal, The Nawab of	1926 1926	6,902 9,518	729,955 1,318,237	TI HIVINS	466,000 1,020,000
Kalat, The Khan (Wah) of	1933	73.278	342,101	Muhammadans	128,000
Kolhapur, The Maharaja of *Mewar (Udaipur), The Maharana of	1922	3,217	957,137 1,566,910	Hindus	953,000 495,000
Travancore, The Maharaja of	1924	7,625	5,095,973	Mindus and	1,703,000
Salutes of 17 Guns	-9-4	7,023	31~931973	Christians	2,703,000
Dehawalnur The Nawah of	1907	15,003	084.612	Muhammadans	374,000
Bharatpur, The Manaraja of	1929	1,978	486.954	Hindus	221,000
Bikaner, The Maharaja of	1887	23,317	936,218	,,	912,000
· ·	1927		216,772	( Hindus and	121,000
Cochin, The Maharaja of	1932		1.205,010	( Christians )	637,000
Cutch, The Maharao of	1876 1922	8,250 15,579	514,307 2,631,775	Ti ilicina	240,00
Karanli, The Maharaja of	1922	1,742	140,525	",	975,000 53,000
Kotah, The Maharao of	x88a	5,684	685,804	,,	387,00
Marwar (Jodhpur), The Maharaja of .	-	35,016	2,125,982	( Hindus and )	1,045,00
Patiala, The Maharaja of	1900	5,942	1,625,520	Sikhs }	1,124,00
Rewa, The Maharaja of	1918	13,000	1,587,445	Umdus	450,00
	1930	2,553	317,360	,,	169,00
Salutes of 25 Guns.			1	Hindus	
Alwar, The Maharaja of	1892 1914	3,158 1,606			413,000 52,000
Datia, The Maharaja of	1907	912		Hudus	120,00
Dewas (Senior Branch), The Maharaja of . Dewas (Junior Branch), The Maharaja of	1899	449	83,32x	,,	48,00
Dhai, The Maharaja of	1897 1 <b>92</b> 5	1,784	70,513	,,	71,00
Dholpur, The Maharaj-Rana of	1911	1,221	254,986	,,	131,00
Dungarpur, The Maharawal of	1918	1,447	227.544	,,	52,00
Idar, The Maharaja of	1931 1914	1,669	262,260 76,255	,,	28,00
Jaisalmer, The Maharawal of Khairpur, The Mii of	1921	6,050	227,183	Muhammadans	132,00
Kishangarh, The Maharaja of	1926	858	85,744	Amdus	56,00
Orchha, The Mahataja of	1020	2,080 886	314,661 76,539	"	79,00 44,00
Rampur, The Nawab of		893		Hindus and	1
Sikkim, The Maharaja of		2,818	109,808	Buddhists and	) -
_	1914	1	216,528	Hindus Tindus	38,00
Sirohi, The Maharao of	1920	1,958	210,520	Tindus	75,00
Salutes of 23 Guns. Benares, The Maharaja of	1931	870	391,272	Hindus	165,00
Bhavnagar, The Maharaja of	1919	2,061		Himbur and	
	1922	1,318	590,886	Muhammadans	
	1911		88,760	Hindus	187,00
Cooch Behar, The Maharaja of					
Dhrangadhra, The Maharaja of	1895	602	100,166	15.1 " 1	
Dhrangadhra, The Maharaja of	1929	810	107,890	Muhammadans	59,00
Dhrangadhra, The Maharaja of	1929	810		Muhammadans	

7,30	1				Revenue f
STATE, SALUTE, AND TITLE OF CHIEF.	Date of Suc- cession	Area in sq. miles.	Population in 1931	Prevailing Religion.	last year secorded of approxi- mate
	į				€
Junagadh, The Nawab of	1911	3,384	545,152 {	Hindus and Muhammadans	627,000
Kapurthala, The Mahama of	1877	598	316,757 {	Muhammadans and Hindus	378,00
Nabha, The Maharaja of	29 <b>28</b>	928	287,574 {	Hindus and Sikhs	324,00
Nawanagar, The Maharaja of	1933	3,791	409,192 {	Hindus and Muhammadaus	844,00
Palanpur, The Nawab of	291B	1,769	263,711	Hindus and Muhammadans	
Porbandar, The Maharaja of	1908	643	115,741	Hindus	167,00
Rajpipla, The Maharaja of	1915	1,517	206,114	,,	181,00
Ratlam, The Maharaja of	1893		107,321	,,	75,00
Tripura, The Raja of	1923	4,116	382,450	,,	25x,00
Salutes of xx Guns.	1		1		1
Ajaigarh The Mahamja of	1919	802	85,895	.,	35,00
Alirajpur, The Raja of	1891	836	101,963	Animists	46,00
Baoni, The Nawab of	1911	121	19,132	Muhammadans	9,00
Barwaul, The Rana of	1930	1,178	146,110	Hindus	84,00
Bijawar, The Maharaja of	1900	973	115,852	,,	27,00
Bilaspur, The Raja of	1931	448	100,994	,,	23,0
Cambay, The Nawab of	1915	350	87,761	,,,	72,0
hamba, The Raja of	1919	3,216	146,870	,,	63.00
Markhari, The Maharaja of	1920	880	120,351	**	50,0
	1932	1,130	161,267	Sikhs and	42,0
Faridkot, The Raja of	1918	638	164,364	llindus	142,0
Gondal, The Thakur Sahib of	1869	1,024	205,846	Hindus and Muhammadaus	
Janjira, The Nawah of	1922	377	110,366	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	62,0
habua, The Raja of	1895	1,336	145,522	Animists Hindus and	33,0
Maler Kotla, The Nawab of	1908	167	83 072	Muhammadana	110,0
Iandi, The Raja of	1913		207,465	Hindus	115,0
danipur, The Maharaja of	1891		445,666	,,	60,0
Morvi, The Thakur Salub of	1982	822	112,987	,,	300,0
Varsinghghar, The Raja of	1924	734	113,873	,,,	71,0
Panna, The Maharaja of	103	2,596	212,130	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	82,0
Pudukottai, The Raja of	x ( 28		400,694	, ,,	195,0
Radnanpur, The Nawao or	1910		70,521	,,	58,0
Sailana, The Raja of			134,891	"	86,0
Santhar, The Raja of	1919		35,223	, ,,	20,0
Sirnmr (Nahan), The Maharaja of			33,307	,,	10,0
Sitamau, The Ra a of	1933		248,568	, ,,	45,0
Suket, The Raja of	1900		58 408	,,	17,0
Tehri (Garhwal), The Raja of	1913		349,573	,,	137,0
zonii (ominimi), ziro zada oz minimi	-9-3	4,100	37913/3	,,	-3/,0

† The present chief has a personal salute of two additional guns,

# STATES OF THE RULING PRINCES AND CHIEFS OF INDIA.

THE States in India whose chiefs are in subordinate alliance with, or under the suzerainty of, the King-Emperor, comprise about two-fifths of the area, but only two-ninths of the population of India. Their administration, with a few unimportant exceptions, is not under the direct control of British officials, but it is subject, in varying degrees, to the Supreme Government. The chiefs are entitled to British protection, but have no power of making war and peace, or of sending ambassadors to one another or to foreign States; the military force they maintain is strictly limited; no European is allowed to reside at any of their courts with-out special sanction; and in case of misrule the

temporarily suspend him from the exercise of temporarily suspend nim from the exercise of his powers. In matters of Imperial interest, trade, main lines of railway, &c., the Supreme Government has jurisdiction. Some States pay tribute, most do not. Payments aggregating £614,000 £375,000 from Mysore) were made to the Government of India in 1931-32. Generally speaking, the States are governed by their Princes, Ministers, and Councils, with the advice of a political officer of the Supreme Government. This officer may have charge, as British Resident, of one large State, or may be the Agent for a group of States. A common characteristic of all Indian States, important or insignificant, is that in their territory British Indian law does not run. Supreme Government can dethrone the chief or | For them the Indian Legislature or the Provincial Legislative Councils cannot legislate; and over The ruling dynasty is of Tu koman origin, them the High Courts or Chief Courts of the and is descended from Asaf Jah, who became

Provinces have no jurisdiction.

The Assigned Districts of Mysore (Bangalore), Kalat (Quetta), and Berar are still technically Indian States territory. The Shan States, on the other hand, are technically part of British India, though administered by local Sawbwas or petty chiefs. Excluding these territories, the Indian States have a combined area of 713,746 square miles, and a population of 81,376,845. They maintain in the aggregate a considerable body of twops of inferior military organisation. in addition to their Indian State forces Many treaties provide that States shall furnish troops on the requisition of the Supreme Government, and troops of Indian States served in almost every Indian campaign of the 19th century. Lord Curzon inaugurated an Imperial Cadet Corps of Indian princes and nobles. States vary greatly in size and importance. Hyderabad is nearly as large as Great Britain, and the Nizam enjoys a very large revenue. On the other hand, in Kathawar and elsewhere, where family custom has led to minute sub-division, there are many chiefs of single villages. In these petty estates the nominal chief may have some very limited magisterial powers, but the administration is regulated and carried on by the Supreme Government in its executive capacity. amount of control thus exercised over an Indian State in its internal affairs depends on a number of considerations, and varies from State to State. The rulers have not necessarily any religions or tribal connexion with the majority of their subjects Thus the Nizam of Hyderabad is a Muhammadan, but most of his people are Hindus. Although the Indian States, large and small, number 662, only about 200 are of any real importance—The majority represent the scattered military chiefships which sprang from the ruins of the Mogbul Empire in the 18th century The rulers of Gwallor, Indore, and Baroda are all descendants of successful generals who then rose to power. Most of these States are of more recent origin than the British power in India A maque step was taken in 1910, when a new Indian State was created out of the family

domains of the Maharaja of Benaires.

The salutes enjoyed by the Indian princes indicate their relative importance. Those with cleven gains or more are addressed as His Highness. On pages 237, 728 are the names of 85 miling chiefs who have salutes of cleven gains or more with some particulars of their States. Some well-known Indians of title, such as R.R. the Aga Khan, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., and the Maharajah of Burdwan, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., are

not ruling chiefs

The States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda, Kashmir, Sikkim, and Kalat, and those belongfus to the Rajputana and Central India Agencies, 175 in all, are under the direct supervision of the Governor-General in Conneil. The remander, chiefly minor States, are under the supervision or control of various Provincial Governments. The States of first magnitude, which have a superior Resident, are Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda, Kashmir, Jaipur, Udaipur, and Gwalior. The Indian States may be thus classified:—

The Indian States may be thus classified:

z. Hyderabad, the premier State in India (capital, Hyderabad, pop. 456,894—the fifth city in India). This State is in the centre of the Deccan or central plateau of Southern India.

Vicercy of the Deccan in 1712, and then inde-pendent of the Mogul Emperor. Telugu and Manathi are the chief lauguages. Wheat, rice, and cotton are produced. The Nizam's Quaranteed Railway is the principal line. s. Mysore This State, situated on a plateau in Southern India, was administered by the Indian Government from 1831 to 1881, when it was restored to native rule, under a somewhat strictly framed instrument of transfer. In Dec., 1913, the instrument was replaced by a new Treaty putting the relations between the British Government and the State on a footing more in consonance with the actual position of the Maharaja among the Fendatory Chiefs of India. Kanalese and Teluguare the chief languages There is a Mysore State Railway. Millets, pulses, and rice are the principal crops. Mysore has important goldfields. 3. Baroda, situated in Western India in Gniarat and Kathawar and much interlaced with British districts. The reigning Gackwar was the adopted heir of the ruler deposed in 1895 for misgovernment and misconduct. 4. The Himidayan Hill States, west of Nepal, including Kachimer. The miportant frontier State of Kashmer (capital, miportant frontier State of Kashmer (capital, Shingar, popt 173,573) was granted to Gholab Sing by Lord Hardinge, after the First Punjab War (1846). It comprises Jammy, Kashmin, Ludakh, Gligit, and Baltistan. A force stationed at Gligit watches the northern preses and controls the feudatory chiefships of Himza and Nagar, while on the west the subordinate chiefship of Chitral is commic. by Reitigh trans dependence or that occupied by British troops, depending for their support on the Peshawar border 5. Sikkim, a frontier State situated on the borders of Tibet, between Nepal and Binitan, acknowledged the British protectorate in 1890, when also the boundaries of Tibet were defined by the Sikkimboundaries of their were defined by the Sirkhin-Thet Convention. 6. The Sikh Sintes, in the Sirhind plain, south of the Sitley. The most important of these is Patinta. 7. Rajintana, comprising the ancient sovereignties lying be-tween Sind and the United Provinces. Rajintana (pop. 11 225,712) extends some 460 nules from north to south, and is 550 nules in breadth, and is larger than the Butish Isles. About half of the area is desert. It comprises 20 States of varying size and importance. Of these 17 are ruled by hereditary Raiput chiefs, two by Jat chiefs, and one by a Muhammadan. The Governor-General's Agent's headquarters are at Ajmer; he has under him Residents for Eastern and Western Rapputana, and about twenty other officers, distributed among the States to supervise the administration, and give advice when it is required. The most important States are Jodhjar (Marwar), Udaipur (Mewar), and Jaipur. The Rajout dynastics, the most ancient in India, go back before the Mogul Empire and resemble feudul monarchies. 8. The States of Central India, lying to the north of the Nerbudda and to the south and east of Rapputana, although in the aggregate one-third less in extent than those of Rajputana, are nearly four times as numerous. All but 17 are petty chiefships. The most important are Gwaltor and Indore, which include between them one-half of the whole area. The 31 minor States of Bundelkhand (largest, Reva) are in political relation with the Central India Agency Bhopal, one of the principal Muhammadan States in India, 3. The Malayalim States of Travancose and

Cochin, lying together in S.W. India. These important States, attached to Madras Presidency, new Treaty was concluded in December, 1913 represent ancient Hindu dynasties. xo The three northern Muhammadan States of Khairpur (Sind), Bahawaljan, and Rampin. xx. Kulat (including Makran and Khuran) and Las Bela, with tribal areas in the possession of the Mairi and Engli tribes. 12. Gujarat, including Kutch and the numerous petty chiefships of Kathiawar 13 The Southern Wahnatta States 14 The numerous Afghan and Baluch tribes of the N.W. frontier, inhabiting the mountains from the north of Peshawar to the base of the sulcanan range, a distance of 800 nules. The names of some of these tribes, Wazins, Orakzais, Afridis, &c , have become familiar owing to the many expeditions against them z5 The aboriginal Gond and Kol tribes, nuder petty princes of aboriginal or Rajput blood, in Chota-Nagpur, Orissa, the Central Provinces, and the Japun (Vizagapatam) Agency. 16 The Indo-Chinese group of States, and the numerous hill tribes of the N.E. frontier.

# Countries Contiguous to India.

#### NEPAL.

Sorereign, His Majesty Maharaja Dhuaja Tribhuhana Bir Bikram Jung Bahadur Shah Bahadur Shamsher Jang , suc. 1911.

Prime Minister, His Highness Mahaiaja Sir Joodha Shumshere Jung, Bahadur Rana, G. C. -s Manrizio e Lazzato, G.C.L.E., Prime Minister, and Supreme Commander in Chief. (Personal salute in British India, 19 guns.)

Nepal (area, about 54,000 sq nules, pop. 5,600,000) has between British India and Tibet on the S slopes of the Humilayas, and includes Mt Everest (29,141 ft ). Amid the sterile mountains he many fertile valleys The lower hills are covered with mugle, in which wildammals abound Rice, wheat, &c., are grown Nepal is divided into four provinces Its exports to British India are estimated to amount to about £4.000,000, and its imports to £2,000,000 a year. The chief trade route is that between Kathmandu and the Bihar and Ocusa frontier (77 miles). Nepal exports rice and other grams, hides, oilseeds, glii, cattle, inte, large quantities of timber, Ac, and imports cotton goods and yarn, sugar, salt, spices, metals, &c. The revenue, realised thiefly from land rent, forests, customs, &c., is over £1,000,000. The aborigmes are Mongohan in type, and their religious are Buddhosm and Hinduism. aboriginal stock is Mongolian with a considerable admixture of Hindu blood from India. They were originally divided into numerous hill claus and petty principalities, one of which, Gorkha or Gurkha, became predominant in about 1769 and has since given its name to all. The ruling family are Hindu Rapputs. Their frequent aggressions led to a war with the British in 1814 6. Relations have now long been friendly. The policy of sechision is, however, consistently followed by the Nepal rulers. The real political power rests with the Prime Minister. This office is always held by a member of his family, the succession being determined by special rules. The army numbers about 45,000 By arrangement with Nepal, India obtains many fine recruits for its Gurkha regiments. During the Great War, and in the subsequent Afghan war, the Nepal Government rendered unstitted and unconditional assistance to the British | Lingah and Bahrain.

new Treaty was concluded in December, 1933 Letween the British and Nepalese Governments, by which inter aha the internal and external independence of the State was recognised.

#### BHUTAN.

Bhutan (area, about 20,000sq miles; pop. about 250,000, mainly Buddhists) also hes on the S. E. of the Himalayas, and its products resemble those of Nepal In 1863, owing to outrages on British subjects, portions of it were gameved to India, an annual allowance being paid by the Indian Government as compensation. By a treaty in 1910 tl is allowance was fixed at £6,667, and Bhutan agreed to be guided in its external relations by the advice of the British, who, however, will not interfere in its internal affairs. The former dual government of a spiritual chief and a temporal chief came to an end when the Tongsa Penlop, the chief councillor and virtual ruler, the late Sn I gyen Wangclink, K.C S 1 , G.C.I.E., was chosen hereditary Maharaja in 1907. He has a salute of 15 gms m British territory. The estimated annual revenue is \$73,000. Bintan's total tande with India is estimated at over £65,000 a year. There is no British Resident.

CAPITAL, Punakha.

#### THE PERSIAN GULF.

For three centuries England has taken the lead in the Gulf trade. She has suppressed pracy, slavery, and inter-tribal warfare on land and see, made surveys, and land down buoys and cables Vigorous measures have been taken against gunrnmmg. England and India still have the lion's share of the trade, the bulk of which is conducted by Indians, who make Bombay their entrepot. The Arabian shores are low-lying entrepôt. The Arabian shores are low-lying deserts, the Persian coasts mountainous; at the head of the Gulf are great alluvial plants. The heat is intense in summer. Natural harbours are few.

The ruler of Bahrain (capital, Manama) has been in treaty relations since 1820 with the Government of India, who have a Political Agent at Bahram. In 1880 be engaged not to make treaties with any other State

The Sultan of Oman (Muscat) is in treaty relations with the Government of India, who have a Political Agent and Consul at his Comt.

The independent tribes on the Priate (Arab) Coast from Ras-al-Khaima to Odaid are bound under treaties with the Indian Government (dating from 1820, and confirmed in 1853 by a Treaty of Perpetual Peace) to maintain a maritime truce for the prevention of piracy and slavery, and for the cessation of hostilities at sea. Hence their chiefs are sometimes called the "Trucial" chiefs The British Political Resident in the Persian Gulf is the recognised arbiter and adviser of these tribes, and peace is maintained by the British flag. In 1892 these tribes agreed not to enter into relations with, or cede territory to, any other Power than the British. The trade of the Arab coast ports largely consists in exports of pearls to India vid

Important caravan rontes converge at Kuwait, | which has an excellent harbour. The Shaikh is under treaty obligations with the Indian Government.

Political Resident, Persian Gulf, Lt.-Col. T. C. W. Pointical Agent, Knwart, Lt. Col. H. R. P. Dick-

Rs 2,750

Persia (q,v) borders on Bahachistan and Afghamistan. The demarcation of the Perso-Bahach frontier, partially carried out in 1872 and 1895, was completed in 1905

ASIATIC RUSSIA.—A portion of what was once the Russian Empire is conterminous with Persia and Afghanistan. The Trans-Caspian Railway runs, col Merv, to Samarkand and Andijan, with a branch to Tashkent. The Murghab Valley branch from Mery to Kuskh on the Afghan frontier, opened in 1898, brings the Russian railways within 70 miles of Herat, and within 450 miles of the Chaman terminus of the Indian railways Another important strategic line connects Tash-kent directly with Orenburg The Anni-Darya, or Oxus, which separates Bokhara from Afghanistan for 330 miles, is navigated by Russian steamers

CHINA - India is in contact with two dependencies of China, Chinese Turkestan and Tibet, and one province, Yuman.

Chinese Turkestan is smrounded by the monntams of Transhan, the Pannis, and Kuenlin There are three difficult passes into Russian Turkestan and two still more difficult ones into The boundary between Kashaur and Chinese Turkestan has not been officially defined There is a British consul-general at Kashgar. Trade with India is chiefly carried over the Karakoram Pass (18,500 feet) viá Ladakh, m

Tibet, a plateau seldom lower than 10,000 feet, forms the northern frontier of India (boundary imperfectly defined), from Kashimi to Birma, but imperfectly demedy from kishinic to birma, on is separated there from by the Himalayas—India imports from Tibet wool, borax, salt, and misk, in exchange for cotton and woollen goods and grain—Trade passes from Bengal (through Sikkini) and from the Pinijah and the United Provinces Under the Anglo-Chinese Sik-kim Convention of 1890, a trade mart was opened at Yatung; but as the Tibetans persistently disregarded the Convention, a political mission was despatched from India, with a military escort Itreached the capital, thasa, after sharp lighting, on August 3, 1904. A new Convention was signed (Sept. 7), providing for the erection of boundary pillars between Sikkim and Thet; for three trade marts, with British and Tibetan agents; for unrestricted traffic by existing routes; and for payment of an indemnity. The Tibetans pledged payment of an indensities. The Troctains inedged themselves not to alienate any territory or grant concessions to, or permit the intervention of, any foreign Power. By the Convention of Peking (April, 1906) China accepted the Conventions of

1890 and 1904, and declared that no foreign State should interfere in Tibet, while England also undertook not to interfere in the adminis-Anglo-Russian Convention of Aug., 1909, both Powers recognised the suzerain rights of China in Tibet, agreed to maintain its territorial integrity, to refrain from intervention in its internal administration, to treat with Tibet only through the Chinese Government, not to send representatives to Lhasa, not to assign any territory to either Power, and not to obtain railway, mining, or other concessions; but direct relations between British commercial agents and Tibetan authorities under the Conventions of 1904 and 1905 are permitted. In Dec. 1905, the rulei of Theet, the Tashi Lama, visited India. The Dalai Lama, who fied before the British advance on Lhast, returned to Thiet in Jam., 1910. The Chinese had meanwhile strengthened then bold over the administration, despite the opposition of the Lamas or monks, who resented the loss of their authority. In Feb., 1910, the Dalar Lama again fied to India, pursued by Chinese troops He was then deposed by the Chinese Emperor The British Government refused the Dalai Luma's appeal for their intervention, but allowed him to remain at Darpling. He left India in June, 1912, for Linsa, where sharp fighting occurred between the Chinese and Tibetans, the former being worsted. In August, 1912, the British Minister at Peking presented a Note to the Chinese Government, urging that China should not actively intervene in internal administration in Tibe t To this the Chinese Government agreed, and representatives of the British, Chinese and Tibetan Governments met in conference at Simla in Oct., 1913, to discuss the relations between the three countries. A convention, the terms of which have not been made public, was initialled by the three representatives, but initialled by the three representatives, but to ratify it.

Yunnan is a Chinese province to the N.E. of Burma. By Anglo-Chinese agreements of 1804 and 1897 a boundary was fixed between Burma and Yunnan, and arrangements were made regarding trade, extradition, &c. Part of the boundary is still undefined. By an agreement of 1896 Great Britain and France agreed to share equally all privileges or advantages that might equant at princess of accumages that might be conceded by China in Yunnan. Trade with Yunnan is chiefly by a difficult route from Rhamo, in Upper Burna. Burnas imports from Yunnan Indes, taw sulk, &c, and exports cotton goods, &c Teng-yuch and Samnao, near the Burna frontier, are treaty "ports." There are British consuls at Teng-yuch and Yumnan-fu

SIAM (q v.) marches with Burma for many hundreds of miles through nountamous country, and considerable trade is carried on over this frontier, mainly with Chengmai. Burma imports from Siam teak, cattle, silk goods, &c., and exports cotton goods, &c. The boundary of Burma and N.W. Siam was demarcated in 1892-3 France in 1904 recognised the portion of Sam west of the Menan basin, including the Malay peninsula and adjacent islands, as within the British sphere of influence. AREA AND POPULATION.

Provinces and Capitals.	Area (English Eq. Miles).	Popula	ation.
	Land and Water.	Census, 1921.	Census, 1931
Alberta (Edmonton )	255, 285	588,454	731,605
British Columbia (Victoria)	355.855	524, 582	694, 263
Manitoba (Winnipeg)		610,118	700, 139
New Brunswick (Fredericton)	27,985	387,876	408,219
Nova Scotia (Halifax)	21,068	523,837	512,846
Ontario (Toronto)	412,582	2,933,662	3,431,683
Prince Edward Island (Charlottetown)	2.184	88,615	88,038
Quebec (Quebec)	594,534	2,360,665*	2,874,255
Saskatchewan (Regina)	251,700	757,510	921,785
Yukon (Dawson)	207,076	4,157	4,230
North-West Territories (Ot'awa)	1,309,682	7,988	9,723
Royal Canadian Navy†		485	
Total	3,684,463	8,787,949	10, 376, 786

Land Area, 3.457,484 square miles; Water Area, 226,979 square miles (exclusive of the salt-water areas of Canada). The rural population, m 1931, was 4,854,728, and the urban population 5,572,058. Of the total numerration of 19,782 in 1932-33, 3.997 were from Britain and 13,196 from U.S.A.

# Increase of the People.

Census Year	M cles	Population Females	T stal	Decembl Incresse	Tonngants during the Year
1861 1871 1881 1901 1911 1921	1,869,264 2,188,854 2,460,471 2,751,708 3,821,095 (4,529,643 5,374,541	1,819,993 2,135,956 2,372,768 2,619,607 3,384,648 (4,258,305 5,003,245	3,090,561 3,689,257 4,324,810 4.833,239 5.371,315 7,206,643 §3,787,949 10,375,786	598,696 635,553 508,429 538,076 1,835,328 \$1,581,336 1,588,837	27,773 47,991 8a,165 49,149 311,084 148,477 88,323

• Reused in seco	i ance with	the Labrador	award of the Privy Council, Ma	relex, x027.	
Racial Origins.	1921	143.	Religions.	1921	1931.
British Races	4.868,903	5,381,071	Roman Catho'ics	3,389,625	4,285,388*
English	2,545,496	2,741,419	United Church		2,017,375
Scottish	1,173,637	I 346,350	Anglicans	1,407,780	1,635,615
Irish · · ·	1,107,817	1,230,808	Presbyterian	1,403,406	870,728
Other	41,953	62,494	Baptist‡	421,730	443,341
European Race:	3,656,902	4.753,242	Lutheran	286,458	324,194
French		2,927 930	Jewish	125,197	155,614
Scandmavian	167,359	228,049	Greek Orthodox	•••	102,389
Hebrew	126,196	156,726	Mennonites	58,797	88,736
Italian	66 769	98,173	Salvation Army	24,733	30.716
Polish	53,403	145,503	Confucian	27,114	24.087
Finnish	21,494	43,685	Evangelical Association	13,905	22,213
Belgian	20,234	27,585	Mormon	19,622	22,005
Other	738,696	1,125,331	Christian Science	13,826	18,436
Aslatic Races	65.731	84,548	Buddhists	11,281	15.784
Chinese	39,587	46 519		12,648	15,913
Japanese	15,868	23,342		11,580	13,472
Other	10,276	14,687			
Indian	110,814	122,911	Indian Population (1921)	110,814 ; (10	31) 122,911.
Negro	18,291	19,456	Eskimo population (1921)	3,269 (ex	clusive of
Unspecified	27,843	15,558	Eskimos of Baffin land); (	1931) 5,979.	

[•] Including 185 554 Greek Catholics. In earlier censuses only small numbers were involved, and Greek Catholics and Greek Orthodox were included under the general term "Greek Church." A rapid increase in membership of both Greek Cath lies and Greek Orthodox has been shown for recent censuses, and, since the former owe obedience to the Pope in matters of faith, they have been included with the Roman Catholics for 1931. Practically all Methodists and Congregationalists, and a large number of Presbyterians, united to form the United Church of Canada in 1935. Including Tunkers finely including Hutterites.

[•] Revised in accordance with the Labindor award of the Privy Connect, March z. 2927 † Members of the Royal Conadian Navy were counted in their houses in the Census of 1932

Canada was originally discovered by Cabot in 1497, but its history dates only from 1534, when the French took possession of the country. The first permanent settlement at Port Royal (now Annapolis), Nova Scotia, was founded in 1605, and Quebec was founded in 1608. In 1759 Quebec succumbed to the British forces under General Wolfe, and in 1763 the whole territory of Canada became a possession of Great Britain by the Treaty of Paris of that year. Nova Scotia was ceded in 1713 by the Treaty of Utrecht, the Provinces of New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island being subsequently formed out of it. British Columbia was formed into a Crown colony in 1858, having previously been a part of the Hudson Bay Territory, and was united to Vancouver Island in 1866. By the British North America Act, passed in 1867, the Provinces of Canada (Ontario and Quebec), Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick were united under the title of The Dominion of Canada, and provision was made in the Act for the admission at any subsequent period of the other provinces and territories of British North America.

The Dominion of Canada occupies the whole of the northern part of the North American Continent (with the exception of Alaska and part of the const of Labrador), from 49° North latitude to the North Pole, and from the Pacific to the Atlantic Occan. In Eastern Canada, the southernmost point is Middle Island in Lake Erie, at 41° (approximately the

latitude of Rome, Italy).

Relief.—From a physical point of view Canada may be divided into an eastern division, a western division, the Red River Valley, in long, 97°, forming the separating line, and a northern division. The eastern division comprises two areas, presenting radically distinct aspects:—(1) The south-eastern area, bounded by the line of the Gulff and River St. Lawrence, from Belle Isle to Montreal, thence by a line running directly south to Lake Champlain, which is generally hilly, and sometimes mountainous, with many fine stretches of agricultural and pastoral lands. (2) The southern and western area, prosenting, in the main, a broad, level, and slightly undulating expanse of generally fertile country, with occasional step-like ridges or rocky escarpments. The main hydrographical feature is the chain of lakes, with an area of 95,000 square miles, contributing to the great river system of the St. Lawrence. The northern division, embracing nearly two-thirds of the Dominion, with an average elevation of 1,000 feet above the level of the sea, is pre-eminently a region of waterways, and incli ding the great Laurentian platean. In this area are found the other great river systems, the Nelson and the Mackenzie. The western division referred to may also be said to possess two areas equally distinct in character. The first stretches from the Red River Valley to the Rocky Mountains. Here, between lat. 49° and 54°, is the great Prairie Region, rising to the west in three terrace-like elevations, the lowest of which is 700 feet, and the third about 3,000 feet above the level of the sea. North of the 54th parallel the country passes again into forest. The second area, from the western edge of the Prairie to the Pacific coast, is a distance of 400 miles, and contains the Rocky Mountains (Mount Robson, 12,972 feet) and the Selkirk and Cascade Rauges, whose summits are from 4,000 to 16,000 feet high, the country being on the whole densely wooded. The highest mountain peaks in Canada are Mount Logan, 19,850 feet, and Mount St. Elias,

Climate.—The climate in the eastern and central portions of the Dominion presents greater extremes of cold and heat than in corresponding latitudes in Europe, but in the south-western portion of the Prairie Region and the southern portions of the Prairie Region and the southern portions of the Prairie Rope the climate is milder. Spring, summer, and autumn are of about seven to eight months' duration, and the winter four to five months. The soil is generally fertile and all the products of the

temperate zone are cultivated.

Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name   Name	GOVERNOIS GENERAL OF CANADA SI	NON 1007.	
Lord Lisgar, G.C.M.G	Name.	of	Assumption of
Earl Grey, 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M.G., 6.0.M	Lord Lisgar, G.C.M.G  Earl of Dufferin (Marquess of Dufferin and Ava), K.P., K.C.B  Marquess of Lorne (Duke of Argyll), K.T., G.C.M.G  Marquess of Londowne, G.M.G  Marquess of Londowne, G.M.G  Earl of Alberdeen, K.T., G.C.M.G  Earl of Minto, G.C.M.G  Earl of Minto, G.C.M.G  Earl Grey, G.C.M.G  Earl Grey, G.C.M.G  Earl Of Winto, G.C.M.G  General Viscount Byng of Vimy, G.C.B., G.C.V.O  General Viscount Byng of Vimy, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., M.V.O  Viscount Willingdon, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.C	Dec. 29, 1858 May 22, 1878 Oct. 5, 1878 Aug. 18, 1883 May 1, 1888 May 2, 1893 July 30, 1898 Sept. 26, 1904 Mar. 21, 1911 Aug. 19, 1916 Aug. 2, 1921 Aug. 2, 1921 Aug. 5, 1926	Feb. s, 1869 June 25, 1878 Nov. 25, 1878 Oct. 23, 1883 June 11, 1888 Rept. 18, 1893 Nov. 12, 1898 Dec. 10, 1904 Oct. 13, 1911 Nov. 11, 1916 Aug. 11, 1921 Oct. 2, 1925

#### GOVERNMENT.

Canada is a self-governing Dominion within the British Empire, its constitution resting on the British North America Act of 1867, under which the Dominion of Canada came into being on July 1, 1867 (Dominion Day). The Executive power is vested in a Governor-General appointed by the Sovereign on the advice of the Canadian Ministry, and aided by a Privy Council.

#### Governor-General and Staff,

Governor-General and Commander-m-Chief, His Excellency The Right Honourable The Earl of Bessborough, G.C.M.G., LL.D.....* 10,000 Comptroller of the Household, Lt.-Col. Eric D. Mackenzie, D.S.O., late Scots Gds. Assistant Secretary to the Governor-General, James F. Crowdy, M.V.O., B.A...... Deputy-Assistant Secretary to the Governor-General, F. L. C. Pereira. Aides-de-Camp, Lieut.-Col. Henry Willis O'Connor, D.S.O., P.P.C.L.I.: Capt. E. H. Colville, Gord. Highrs; Capt. C. G. V. Tryon, Gren. Gds.; Lient. Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, Bt., R.N.

#### THE EXECUTIVE.

The executive government and authority are vested in the King, and exercised in his name by the Governor-General, aided by a Privy Council

THE DOMINION CABINET. (Sworn in Aug. 7. 1930; revised as at Oct 1, 1933) Prime Manuster, President of the Priva Council, Secretary of State for External Afairs, Rt. Hon R. B Bennett, PC †\$15,000 Minister without Portfolio, Rt. Hon George H. Perley, G C M.G.... .... Minister of Finance, Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Justice and Attorney-General, Hon Hugh Guthrie ...... . 10.000 Minuster of Trade and Commerce, Hon. H. H. Stevens ..... Vinister of Railways and Canals, Hon. R. J. Manton...... Minuter of National Revenue, Hon E B. 10.000 

Stewart 10,000
Secretary of State, Hon. C. H. Cahan 10,000
Minister of National Defence, Lt.-Col.
Hon. D. M. Sutherland 10,000 Unister of Marine and (Acting) Minister of Fisheries, Hon Alfred Duranleau ..... 10,000

..... 10,000

Winister of Interior and Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Hon. Thomas G. Murphy ...... 10,000 Solicitor General, Hon. Maurice Dupré ... 10,000 Minister of Immigration and Colomzation, Minister of Mines and Minister of Labour, Hon W. A. Gordon ..... 10,000

Regular rates of sal ries are given Practically all salaries were subjected to a 10 per cent reduction for the fiscal years 1938–33 and 1933–34.

I Norre—In every case—heliuding the Prime Minuster's—four thousand dollars in addition is paid to a Minuster of the Crown as his sessional indemnity as a member of either the Senate or the House of Commons of Canada. All salaries and sessional indemnites are subject to a eduction of 20 per cent, for the fiscal years 1932–33 and 1932–34. E 133-34.

Minister of Agriculture, Hon. Robert Weir ..... Leader of the Opposition, Right Hon .... \$10.000 William Lyon Mackenzie King, C.M G., 

EXTERNAL AFFAIRS. High Commissioner's Office, London, England, Canada House, Trafalgar Square,

London, S.W. 1. High Commissioner, Hon. G. Howard Ferguson. K C., LL, D.

Private Secretary, George Giant. Secretary, Lt.-Col. G. P. Vanner, D.S.O., M.C. Assistant Secretary, E. P. Linke. Accountant, Thos. Allm.

Canadian Legation to the United States. 1746, Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D.C. Minister, Hon. W. D. Herridge, K.C.

1st Secretary, Hume Wrong. and Secretary, D'Arcy Greer 3rd Secretarn, H. F. Fenver. Cummercial Secretary, Merchant Mahoney.

Canadian Legation to France, 1. Rue Francois 1er, Paris.

Minister, Hon. Philippe Roy. Counsellor, Jean Désy. Secretary, Pierre Dupuy. and Secretary Thomas A. Stone.

Canadian Legation to Japan, Imperial Bldg., Tokyo, Japan. Minister, Hon. H. M. Marler. xst Secretary, H. L. Keenleyside, M.A., Ph.D. Commercial Secretary, J. A. Langley. and Secretary, K. P. Kirkwood.

BRITISH HIGH COMMISSIONER IN CANADA. British High Commissioner, Sir William Henry Clark, K.C.S.I., K.C.M.G. (Earnschiffe, Ottawa). THE LEGISLATURE.

Parliament consists of a Senate and a House of Parliament consists of a Senate and a House of Commons. The Senate consists of 96 members, nommated for life by the Governor-General, distributed between the various provinces thus: 24 for Ontario. 24 for Quebec, 10 for Nova Seotia, 10 for New Brunswick, 4 for Prince Edward Island, 6 for British Columbia, 6 for Manitaba, 6 for Alberta, and 6 for Saskatchevan; each Senator was the thirty ware all development. must be thirty years old, a resident in the province for which he is appointed, a natural-born or naturalised subject of the King, and the

owner of a property qualification amounting to \$4,000. The Speaker of the Senate is chosen by the Government of the day. The House of Commons is elected every five years at longest, and the Parliament consists of 245 members, elected as follows: 82 for Onlaro, 65 for Quebec, 24 for Nova Scotia, 11 for Acon Brunswick, 27 for Manitoba, 14 for British Columbia, 4 for Prince Edward Island, 26 for Alberta, 21 for Saskatchewan, and 2 for Yukon. The House of Commons is also composed of natural-born of naturalised subjects of the King; no property qualification is necessary, its members are elected upon a very wide suffrage, and at the General Election in Dec. 1921 women exercised the franchise on the same terms as men for the first time in a Federal Election. For electoral purposes each province is divided into districts. returning a member on a majority of votes taken by ballot. The members of the House taken by ballot taken by ballot. The members of the House themselves clock their Speaker, and twenty, including the Speaker, form a quorum. Members of the Upper and Lower Houses receive* \$4,000 per Session, with travelling expenses and deductions for non-attendance.

The Houses of Parliament were destroyed by fire on Feb. 6, 2956, the new buildings being started the same year; the foundation stone was laid by H.R.H. the Duke of Connanght (Gov. Gen.), Sept. 1, 1917, and the corner stone of the main tower by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, Sept. 1, 2919. The Speaker's Chair in the new House of Commons (a replica of that at Westminster) was presented in 1921 by Speaker of the House of Commons of the United Kingdom) on behalf of the Emphe Parliamentary Association of the Houses of Londs and Commons.

# The Senate. Speaker of the Senate, Hon Pierre Blondin*\$6,000

Clerk of the Senate & Clerk of the Parlia-	
ments, Austin Blount, c M G	6,000
st Clerk Assistant, L. P. Ganthier	4,740
Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, Andrew	
R. Thompson	4,140
Law Clerk, (vacant)	5,120
The House of Commons	
Speaker of the House of Commons, Capt.	
Hon. George Black, M P. (and allowance	
\$3,000)	\$6,000
Deputy Speaker, Armand Lavergue	4,000
Clerk, A. Beauchesne, M.A., K.C., F.R S C.	
(and allowance \$1,500)	6,000

# (and allowance \$600). .... THE JUDICATURE.

(Terk Assistant, Thos. M. Fraser, LL B ... 4,740

Sergeant-at-Arms, Lt.-Col. H. J. Coghill.

The Judicature—Justice is administered, as in England, by judges, police magistrates, and justices of the peace, of whom the first-named are appointed by the Governor-General, for life, from among the foremost men at the Bar in the several provinces. The highest court is the Supreme Court of Canada, composed of a Chief Justice and six pui-ne judges, and holding three sessions in the year at Ottawa. The only other Dominion Court, viz., the Exchequer Court of Canada, is presided over by separate judges, and its stitings may be held anywhere in Canada.

 All salaries and ressional indemnities are subject to a reduction of to per cent for the fiscal years 1932-34.

The Provincial Courts include the Court of Chancery, Court of King's Bench, Court of Error and Appeal, Superior Courts, County Courts, General Sessions, and Division Courts. The duties of coroners are generally analogous to those in force in England, as are also methods of civil and criminal procedure, while trial by jury prevails.

# 

#### DEFENCE.

The Cauadian Militia is composed of the Active Militia consisting of the Canadian Permanent Force (a small body of all arms) and the units of the Active Whitia of the several branches of the Service Whitia of the several branches of the service Whitia of the several branches of reserve units and of all able-bodied citizens between the ages of 18 and 50, with certain well-defined exceptions. The total establishment of the Non-Permanent Active Militia (1932) is 9,029 officers and 125,722 other ranks.

Expeditionary Force in the Great War.—The number cull-ted up to the cossation of hostilities was 505,447, of whom 448,052 were sent overseas. Over 80% of all culistinent was voluntary. The total outlay for the War is estimated at \$2,000,000,000

#### Royal Canadian Navy.

The Royal Canadian Navy consists (1932) of 4 bestroyers and 3 Mino-sweepers. The authorized complements are xot officers and 792 men of the Permanent Force. There is also a Naval Reserve of 70 officers and 430 men and a Naval Volunteer Reserve of 70 officers and 930 men.

#### Royal Canadian Air Force.

The strength of the Royal Canadian Air Force, permanent service, was on Jan. 1, 1933, o8 officers and 592 airmen.

# Royal Canadian Mounted Police. Headquarters Ottawa.

Hou Commandant, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, K.G.

Commissioner, Maj.-Gen. James Howden MacBrien, C.B., C.M.G., D.S O.

Deputy Commissioner, Col. T. S. Belcher.

Liaison and Intelligence Officer, Col. C. F. Hamilton.

Secretary, G. T. Hann.

Judge's salaries were subjected to a special income tax of 10 per cent. for the fiscal years xç33-34.

#### EDUCATION.

Education is under the control of the Provincal Governments, the cost being met by local taxation, aided by grants from the several Provincial Governments. There are (1932) 32-44 public elementary and secondary school districts (attendance at the former being compulsory except in the Province of Quebec), with 2,200,858 pupils. In addition there were 34,071 pupils in private elementary and secondary schools. Higher education is conducted in 153 universities and colleges with an enrolment, in 1932, of 85,927.

#### FINANCE.

Year ended	Consolidated Fund only.		
March 31	Revenue	Expenditure.	
	\$	\$	
1987	398,695, <i>77</i> 6	319.548,173	
1928	422,717,983	336, 167, 961	
1939	455,463,874	350,952,924	
1930	441,411,806	357 - 779 - 794	
1931	349,587,299	289,558,289	
1932	329,709,056	375-403-344	
1933	306,636,990	258,528,270	

CONSOLIDATED FUND RECEIPTS	Year ended March 31, 1932	Year ended March 32, 2933.
From Taxes-	\$	\$
Excise	104,132,677 48,654,862	70,072,932 37,833,858
War Tax Post Office	122,266,063 32,234,946	146,412,012 30,028,317
Canuls & Public Works From various sources	1,257,436	1,043,849 20,346,023
Total Receipts	329,709,056	306,636,991

Consolidated Fund Expenditure	Veur ended March 31, 1932	Vear ended March 31, 1933.
	\$	\$
Debt, Interest on	121,151,406	134,999,069
Provincial Subsidies	13,694,970	13,677,384
Civil Government	12,135,790	10,726,125
Pensions	48.686,389	45.078,919
Public Works	16,099,739 34.448,985	30,142,827
Soldiers' Civil Re-estab-		
lishment	11,154,426	10,066,490
	118,031,638	102,058,772
Total Expenditure	375,403,344	358,528,270

# DEBT.

V..... andad

\$ \$	
1926 2,768,779.184 2,389,731,09	
1927 2,774.046,323 2,347,834,37	
298 2,728,610,374 2,296,850,23	3
2989 2,702,024,333 2,225,504,70	
1930 2,603,437,648 2,177,763,95	9
1931 2,672,778,954 2,261,611,93	
1938 2,831,743,563 2,375.846,17	2
2933 2,996,366,665 2,596,480,8a	6

PRODUCT	ION AND	INDUST	RY.
FIELD CHOPS.	1932.	1932.	1932.
	acres.	bush per acre.	bush.
All Wheat	27,182,100	15'8	428,514,000
Oats	13,149,400	ag 18	391,561,000
Barley	3.757.600	21.2	80,773,000
куе	773,800	11.0	8,938,000
Peas	84,800	17'9	1,518,500
Beans	66,600	17'1	1,140,900
Buckwheat	368,400	22'9	8,424,000
Flax	453,700	5 4	2,446,000
Mixed Grains	1,184,000	33.o	39,036,000
Corn for husking	130,000	38.9	5,057,000
D. 4.4		cut	ewt.
Potatoes	521,500	76.0	39,416,000
Turnips, &c	174,830	310.0	37,766,000
Short ton, 2,000 lb		tons	tons.
Hay and Clover		1'54	13.559,000
Grain Hay		1.76	3,342,000
Alfalfa	666,1:0	2.65	1,763,500
Fodder Corn	365,500	782	2,857,600

In 1932 the live stock included 3,c83,630 horses,

45,000

Sugar Beets .....,

10,00

450,000

18 1932 the five stock included 3,025,030 horses, 8,511,200 cattle, 3,644,500 sheep, 4,639,100 swine, and 64,080,200 poultry.

In dairy produce the Dominion output of creamery butter in 1932 was 213,738,654 lb. valued at \$40,413,578. There was also produced 107,000,000 lb, of dairy butter. The cheese produced and fauteur for the care. duction, home-made and factory, for the same period in 1931 totalled 119,402,458 lb., valued at

\$18, 169, 395.

Fur Farming.—A comparatively new industry, Fur Furning.—A comparatively new industry, but one which is assuming appreciable proportions, is that of fur farming. There were 6,54x fur farms in the Dominion in 1933, 5,200 of which were foo farms, the remainder being divided between mink, raccoon, marten, skunk, fisher, Karaku sheep, beaver, muskrat, chinchilla rabbit, coyote, badger and Siberian hare. The total number of animals on the farms at the end of 1931 including estimates of the numbers of nuskrats and beaver was 250,446, valued at \$8,497.237; born neaptivity,165,378°; sold from farms.9,623,784, value \$492,000; pelts sold, 133,248, value \$3,074,460; the total sale for live animals and pelts being

\$3,55,466 as compared with \$5,924,825 in 1930.
Fisheries.—The fisheries are an important source of wealth, and include salmon, cod, h.libut, whitefish, herrings, mackerel, and lobsters. The total value of the catch marketed in the calendar year 1932 was \$25,957,109, as against \$30,517,306 in 1931 and \$50,259,744 in 1938, the banner year of the fishery harvest. The capital invested in vessels, &c., engaged in caphes introduced as and in fish-canning and curing establishments in 1932 was \$41,363,009, and the number of nen employed 78,005. The number of cauning and curing establishments

in operation in 1932 was 6a9.

Lumbering.—The value of production, including (a) primary forest production and (b) the value added by manufacture in sawmills and pulpmills, was \$200,808,795 in 1931, as compared with \$303,145,169 in 1930. The principal items of production in 1931 were sawn lumber \$46,136,340, shingles \$3,331,189, lath \$576,080 and wood pulp \$84,780,809.

Exclusive of Muskrat and Beaver, for which no exact figures are available.

Industrial Statistics. — Industrial establishments of all kinds in 1931 had a total cap:tal of \$4,961,312,403, the gross value of the products being \$2,693,461,862. These industries employed 557,426 hands, the total pay roll for whom was \$684,545,561.

\$6a,545,56x.

**Minerals.**—Some minerals produced in 1932**
were as follows: Gold, 3,c44,387 oz. fine (\$6a,933,663); copper 247,697,970 in (\$15,540,98), lead, 255,947,378 lb. (\$5,409,704); mckcl, 30,327,968 lb. (\$7,179,862), silver, 18,247,907 oz. fine (\$5,811,081); rine, 172,283 558 lb. (\$4,144 454), cobalt, 490,631 lb. (\$5,87,957); cual, 11,738,913 short tons (\$37,117,695); natural gas, 23,420,174 M. cu. ft. (\$8,899,462); crude petroleum, 12,444,120 lbis (\$5,023,252); absects a 12,971 tons (\$3,039,721); gyp-um, 438,629 tons (\$1,080,379); salt, 263,543 tons (\$1,947,551. The total value of the mineral output tu 1932 was \$722,681,715. the mineral output in 1932 was \$182,681,915.

EXTERNAL TRADE.

(Twelve	months	ended	March	31, 107

Countries	Imports for Consumption	Exports of Canadian Produce
British Empire.	\$	\$
United Kingdom	86,353 69x	184,361,010
Irish Free State	36,300	2,247,162
Australia	5,902,587	7,312,574
New Zealand	959,704	3,608,500
British East Africa	724 978	409,276
British South Africa .	4,907,064	4,001 538
British West Africa	169,075	303,296
British India	4,04,201	2,414,586
British West Indies -		
Barbados	2,856,835	1,049,944
Jamaica	3,194,364	2,430,410
Truidad and Tabago	2,428,252	1,773,239
Other B W.I	1,235,476	1,714,122
British Gmana	2,299,814	8:6,550
Newfoundland	545,527	5,644,225
Hong Kong	515,614	1,062,243
Other British Empire .	4,038,418	2,950,243
Total British Empire	120,271,979	222,118,927
Foreign Countries.	\$	\$
Argentine Republic	894 982	2,509 585
Austria	1;9,707	6,623
Belgium	3,642,518	14,490,939
Brazil	591,141	1,394,230
Chile	21,443	138,581
China	1,605,452	7,659,228
Colombia	3,365,508	389,296
Cuba	705,824	830,177
	1,769,044	111,891
Denmark	126 605	2,094 212
Ecuado:	5,024	24,753
Egypt	407,581	186,008
Finland		262,728
France	7,712,558	12,730,226
French Africa	52,091	91,199
St. Pierre & Miquelon	86,652	7,593,203
Germany	9,088,905	8.057,105
Greece	45,041	341,521
Haiti	336	77,637
Honduras	1,256	108,906
Iraq	156,024	4,236
Italy	2,806,361	4,126,362
Japan		10,327,492
Korea	106	3,248
Mexico		1,311,236

Countries	Imports for Consumption	Exports of Canadian Produce.	
Foreign Countries.	\$	\$	
Netherlands	3,715.998	16,457,910	
Neth. East Indies	224,997	292,991	
Neth. West Indies .	1,557,788	71,208	
Norway	452,903	3,695,335	
Panama	3,207	113 047	
Perm	2,573,521	721,262	
Portugal	175,368	141,112	
Portuguese Africa	591	842 446	
Rumama	4,730	57,866	
Russia (US.S.R.)	529,419	1,776,946	
can Domingo	101,310	180.065	
Span	1,160,753	2,481,717	
Sweden	704,193	2,636,400	
Switzerland	2,399,635	212,267	
United States	232,548,055	143,160,400	
Uruguay	7,104	71,721	
Veneznela	861,835	35×,727	
Other For. Countries	908,036	2 936, 122	
Total For Countries	285,909,420	251,681,028	
Grand Total	400,371,329	473,799,935	
Shipping The regist	tered shippin	g on Dec. 31,	
1931, including inland vessels, was 3,168 sailing			
vessels and 5,737 steamers (total net tonnage,			
1,427,648). The sea-going vessels entered and			
cleared at Canadian ports in 1932 were : Canadian			
15,919 (11,808,667 tons), British 5,754 (19,025,391			
tons), Foreign 16,604 (21,506,183 tons); total ton- nage 52,340,241. The number of coasting vessels			
entered and cleared was 139 937, with a registered			
entered and elen, of Mas	139 997, WILLI	a registereu	

tonnage of 90,224,871. Banking .- There were to chartered hanks on Doc. 31, 1932, with 3,772 branches, with liabilities to the public of \$a,546,149,780; assets of \$a,269,429,790; deposits \$a,26,639,530. The balance of undrawn deposits in the Post Office and Dominion Government savings banks on March 31. 1932, was \$23.919,677. These two classes of Dominion avings bank were amalga-

mated in 1929.

Home Produce Exported, 1932-33.

Vegetable Products (except Cheun-	- 55
cals, Fibres and Wood)	\$203,370,418
Animals and their Products (except	
Chemicals and Fibres)	54,233,047
Fibres, Textiles and Textile Products	4,731,091
Wood, Wood Products and Paper	120,886,795
Iron and its Products	17,277,000
Non-ferrous Metals and Products	42,642,318
Non-metallic Mmerals and their	
Products (except Chemicals)	9,215,837
Chemicals and ailed Products	11,000,814
All other Commodities	10,243,532
Total	

Total \$4	173,799,955
Imports for Consumption, 1932-	33-
Vegetable Products (except Chemi- cals, Fibres and Wood)	88,220,858
Chemicals and Fibres)	15,438,577
Fibres, Textiles and Textile Products	61,814,824
Wood, Wood Products and Paper	30,420,242
Iron and its Products	59,336,75
' Non-ferrous Metals and their Prod'cts	17,684,053
Non-metallic Minerals and their	- , , 1,, ,
Products (except Chemicals)	87,658,003
Chemicals and allied Products	35,455,4*8
All other Commodities	30,772,668

· Preliminary figures.

Totals..... \$406,271,329

#### COMMUNICATIONS.

Railways -- The total single track mileage of steam railways in operation on Dec. 31, 1932, was 42,437 miles, the capital hability of the steam 42.437 miles, the capital liability of the steam railways being \$4.377.905/92 (1933), carnings (1933) \$393.390.415, the working expenses (1932) \$85.668.375. There were also (1932) kBy3 (single track, 1.314) miles of track of electric railways with a capital of \$203.332.554, carnings \$43.339.387, and working expenses \$5.75.56.42 in 1932 the passengers carried numbered \$21.995.82 (tetam), 642.837.002 (electric), and freight \$67.722.705 tons (steam), 1.509.561 tons (electric) (electric)

Total Miles operated Capital 1932 1932 Canadian National Railway

System (m Canada) single

track ..... 21,790 3,024,554,392 Canadian Pacific single track 16,670 938,942,170 Other Lines single track . . . 3,977 403,210,200 

Investment in road and equipment of steam railways, 1932. Canadam National .... ... .

\$2,140,427,416 Camdian Pacific . . . 1,061,158,253 Other Railways..... 267,056,869

Total... . \$3,468,642,538

Canals.—In 1932 the vessels passing through the canals of the Dominion immbered 21,915

of 17,937,048 tons. There are seven systems under control of the Dominion Government with a total waterway of 1,846 miles (of which

500 to miles are constructed canals).
The new Welland Ship Canal between Lake Erie and Lake Ontaino, with a 25 foot channel, was opened for traffic on April 20, 1931, although the official opening was postponed until August,

1932
Posts and Telegraphs.—There were 12,133
Posts and Telegraphs.—There were 12,133
post-offices on Mai, 31, 1932. The postal revenue
was \$32,476,664 in 1931 32. On March 31, 1932,
there were 4,375 inval mail delivery routes on
which were creeted 325,755 boxes. The length
of telegraph lines directly operated by the
Teammon Government in 1032 was 4,078 inites, Dominion Government in 1932 was 9,078 indes, and that by the Canadian National System 24,018 Other lines reached 19,265 imles. March 31, 1932, there were 1,226 coast and land whicless stations, 291 ship whicless stations, 84 whicless and radio broadcasting stations, and 598,358 private receiving stations for the reception of broadcast programmes. The ship to shore wireless traffic for the twelve months ended March 37, 1932, amounted to 307,869 messages and 6,936,062 words. Wireless "beam" stations are operated at Drammondville, Quebec, for direct communication with Great Britain and Australia, and a station at Louisburg, N.S., provides a long-distance service to ships.

On December 31, 1931, there were 1,364.200 telephones and 4,985,076 niles of telephone with in use; earnings, \$66,806,580; expenses,

\$60,067,016.

# Probinces of the Dominion.

#### ONTARIO.

Area and Population .- The Province Ontario contains a total area of 4x2,582 sq. miles. with a population (1931) of 3,431,683 Of the population (Census 1931) 1,335,691 live in rural parts and 2,095,992 in urban centres.

Government.- The Government is vested in a Lieutemunt-Governor and a Legislative Assembly of go members elected for five years which meets every year at Toronto Executive Council act as the Ministry of the Province.

Lieutenant - Governor, Hon. Herbert A.

Official Sec , G. P. Dymond .... 1,400

#### Executive.

Prenner and Minister of Education, Hon George Stewart Henry, LL D. ............\$14 000

Highways, Hon. Leopold Macaulay, K.C. 10,000 Attorney-General, Hon. William H. Price,

Agriculture, Hon Thomas Laird Kennedy 10,000 Health, Hon John Morrow Robb. . Provincial Secretary and Registrar, Hon.

George H. Challies ...... 10,000 Mines, Hon. Charles McCrea, K.C ..... 10,000 Lands & Forests, Hon, William Finlayson,

Provincial Treasurer, Hon. Edward 

Public Works and Labour, Hon. Joseph Dunsmore Monteith ...... 10.000 and the Ordinary Expenditine \$52,173,086.

Ministers without Portfolio, Hon. H. C. Schofield, Hon. Paul Poisson

Speaker, Legislative Assembly, Hon Thos. Kidd ... \$2,500

#### SUPREME COURT OF ONTARIO.

Chief Justice in Appeal, Hon. Francis R. Latchford .. ....

9,000 :

Justices of Appeal, Hon. C. A. Masten; Hon H. W. E. Middleton; Hon. W. R. Riddell; Hon. R. G. Fisher; Hon. H. H Davis; Hon Norman S. Macdonnell

each
High Court Judges, Hon. H. T. Kelly; Hon W. H. Wright, Hon. John Millar McEvoy; Hon. P. Kerwin; Hon. Nicol Jeffrey, Hon. Charles Garrow; Hon. A. C. Kingstone; Hon. Eric Armour;

Hou. J. A. Hope ...... each Agent-General for Ontario in the British Isles, William C. Noxon, 163, Strand,

London, W.C. 2. Finance.—The Ordinary Receipts of the Provincial Government for 1932 were \$54,175,233,

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1984.

Agriculture and Lice Stock .- The total area is \$34,163.200 acres, and m 1932 the area of cleared land was about 15,000,000 acres, of which 9,225,700 acres were under field crops. The estimated total value of all field crops in 1932 was \$113 904,000. Cheese factories pro-1932 was \$113 904,000. Cheese factories produced 79,816,828 lb. of cheese in 1929 valued at fa.513,547, and cicameries made 59,485 194 lb. of butter valued at \$23,623,174. In 1932 there were 578.675 horses, 2,528,675 cattle, 1,039,692 sheep, 1,375,115 pags, and 22,020,143 poultry. Free grants of land are obtainable in the great clay belt of Ontario, opened up by the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario rail-way. Improved farms, orchards and small holdings can be bought on reasonable terms in the older settled parts of the Province. There is a scheme of land settlement, with free land and financial assistance for retuined soldiers, both Imperial and Canadian. There is always a demand for farm workers.

Lumbering - The value of production including primary forest production and the value added by manufacture in pulp-mills and saw-

mills in 1929 was \$111,000,000

Manufactures.—Ontario is the chief manufac-turing province of Canada. The total value of its manufactures in 1931 was \$1,312,400,828 There were, in 1931, 269,739 employees, an invested capital of \$2,285,361,451, and an annual wage bill of \$313 676,300. The chief manufacthring centres in 1930 were Toronto (\$521 540,080), Hamilton (\$166,970,535), Ottawa (\$33,044 464), Oshawa (\$4x,382,402), London (\$45,497,024), and East Windson (\$44,123,658)

Minerals — Ontario is the leading mineral

Province in the Dominion, the output in 1932

being \$79,509,239. The principal inclass are gold, \$47,133,952; silver, \$2,006,648, incless, \$7,179,862; and copper, \$4,407,928.

Highto-Electric Power — The chief power trees are the Nangara, the 8t Lawrence and the Ottawa. One of the world's largest and most successful electrical undertakings the largest publicly-owned—is operated by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario, which generates and transmits power to more than 600 co-operating municipalities and serves about 75 per cent of the population of the Province The aggregate peak load exceeds 1,200 000 h p The undertaking represents a capital investment

of about £70,000,000 (\$350,000,000).

Principal Cities.— CAPITAL, TORONTO, population (1931) 631,027, with great shipping interests on the Lakes, and the chief centre of industrial and commercial activity, Hamilton, the Bar-mingham of Canada (155.547); Ottawa, the Federal cupital (126.872), with a large himber trade and woodenware manifactories; London (71,148), Brantford (30,107), Knigston (23,439); Peterborough (22,327), Windsor, connected by tunnel b neath Detroit River with Detroit, Mich, U.S.A. (63,108); Fort William (26,277), Kitchener (20,793). Ghelph (21,075), St. Catharine's (24,753); Sankt Ste. Marie (23,082).

### QUEBEC.

Area and Population .- The Province of Quebec contains an area estimated at 594.434 square miles, with a population (1031) of 2,874,255, an increase since the last (ensus of 513,590 In 1927 the Province was diminished by 112,400 square miles by the award of the Imperial Privy Council in the controversy between the Dominion

of Canada and Newfoundland with regard to their boundary in the Labrador Peninsula. Government. - The Government of the Province is vested in a Lientenant-Governor, the Council of Munsters, a Legislative Council consisting of

24 members appointed for life, and a Legislative Assembly of go members elected for five years to represent the go electoral districts of the Province

Lieut.-Gor., Hon Henry George Carroll...\$20,000 Arde-de-Camp, Lt. Col. J D. Papineau .. hon.

Executive. Prime Manister and President of the Council and Attorney-General, Hou 8.000 Lands and Forests, Hon. Honoré Mercier, 8,000 8.000 8,000 8.000 8,000 8,000 8,000

Laferté
Reads and Mines, Hon. J. E. Perranit, K.C.
W thout Portfolio, Hon. E. Morean., Hon.
J. H. Dillon, Hon. L. Lapierie, Hon.
N. Perodean, Hon. George Bryson

### The Legislature.

Speaker, Legislature Council, Ron Jacob Bouchard

#### The Judicature.

King's Bench Charf Justice Hon, J. M. Tellier ..... ...\$10,000 Prione Judges, Hons Ed Guern; C. E. Donon; A. R. Hall; S. Letourneau; E. E. Howard; Alphonse Bernier; A. Rivaid, A. Galipeault; W. L. Bond; Paul Sanit-Germain; Joseph

Walsh, J. L. St.-Jacques ...... each Superior Court

Chaef Justice, Hon. R. A E Greenshields xo,000 G. Martinean, W. Mercier; C. Pouliot; L. A. Panneton, J. Archambault; C. Lane; Paisar Pherre d'Anteul; L. J. Loranger; A. E. Deloumier; L. Collerre; C. A. Durlos; G. F. Gibsone; A. Marchand; A. Sevigny; E. F. Surveyer; P. Consuean; J. Demers; C. A. Wilson; Gonsalve Desaulniers; Arthur Techny, A. Stom. Trahan; A. Stein, C. D. White, H. A. Fortier; L. J. C. E. Boyer, J. J. Denis; W. Patterson, Louis Consincan; Frank Curran; 

Judges, Hons W Ethier; J B. Archambault; R. T Stackhouse; H. Rivet.

Court of Sessions of the Peace

Montreal-Hon. Gustave Perrault (Chief Justace), F. T. Emight; Amédée Monet; Victor (usson; J. O Lacrolv; Gustave Marm; Mannee Tetreau

Quebec-Hons Hugnes Fortier (Chief Justice);
P A. Choquette; Art Fitzpatrick; J. H. Fortier.

Agent-General for Quebec in England, Hon, L. J. Lemieux, 2 Cockspur St., Trafalgar Square, S.W.z.

Finance.- The actual revenue for the year 1931-32 was \$36,941,020 and the actual expendi-ture \$37,525,720. The bonded debt (June 30, 1932) was \$91,987,691 and the net funded debt

\$66,860,821.

Production and Industry.-The gross value of manufactured products in 1930 was \$1,022,280,687 the principal manufacturing centres being (1930): Wontreal (\$533,04,756), Quebec (\$38,314,657).
Three Rivers (\$37,972,630), Shawungan Falls
(\$44,520,936), Sherbooke (\$15,946,69), Granby
(\$4,520,3686), and Hull (\$8,960,340). The lumber industry is still by far the most important trade, but the settled portion of the country has been too much demided of wood, and the provincial Government has found it necessary to organise an effective service of rangers to prevent the destinction of trees by forest fires. The forest lands cover an area of over 120,000,000 acres, of which 51,000,000 are under licence to cut tumber. The wood pulp industry is assuming greater importance every year Several large mills have recently been built, and during 1930 the production reached 1,833,000 tous, valued at \$112,355,872. The Province produces more than half of the total output of the Dominion. In 1930, 1,536,240 tons of paper were manufactured, valued at \$90,668,181 (mainly newsprint). Unimproved lands may be bought from the Government at 60 cents per acre, and the purchase-money paid in five instalments. The area of land subdivided for the purpose of The area of fand subdivided for the purpose of settlement misold on June 30, 1930, was about 8,453,816 acres. In 1930 the production of dary industry products was cheese 24,059,680 lb. (valued at \$5,106,866), and butter 60,746,665 lb. (valued at \$57,851,545). In 1931 there were in the Province 304,537 horses, 1,720,000 eattle, 732,000 sheep, 725,368 swine, and 7,932,000 poultry Education.—The Superintendent of Education, assisted by a Council composed of a Roman Cettedia and Partendent of Chica-

Catholic and a Protestant Committee, each under a deputy head, is invested with the central control of Education. The schools, both Roman Catholic and Protestant, are maintained partly by local taxation and partly by Government grants. There were, in 1930, 8,279 schools with 634,757 scholars, including the high and superior schools and so normal schools supported by the State. There are also Schools of Agriculture, Dairying, Polytechine, Fine Arts, Rangers', Historic Guides', Blind and Deaf, Nursery, Commercial and Classical Schools, and four Uniwersities—two Protestant (McGill University, Montreal, and Bishop's College, Lennoxville); and two Roman Catholic (Laval University,

Quebec, and Montreal University).

Principal Cities .- CAPITAL, QUEBRO (population, 130,594), historic city visited annually by thousands of tourists, and one of the great seaport towns of Canada; and Montreal (population, 818,577), the commercial metropolis, and the principal centre of the Canadian grain export trade, situate at the confluence of the Ottawa and St Lawrence Rivers. Ocean-going steamers ascend the St. Lawrence as far as Montreal. Other important cities are Hull (29,433), Sherbrooke (28,933), Trois Rivieres (35,450), Verdun (60,745). Population figures from the "Seventh

Cousus of Canada, 1931.

#### NOVA SCOTIA.

Area and Population .- NOVA SCOTIA is a peniusula between 43° 25'-47" N. lat. and 59" 40'-65" 25' W long, and is connected with New

Brunswick by a low fertile isthmus about thirteen miles wide. It comprises an area (with Cape Breton Island) of 21,428 square miles (360 miles of which consists of lakes, rivers and inlets of the sea) with a total population, at the Census of 1931, of 512,846, a decrease since the last census of 10,991 persons.

Government —The Government is administered by a Lieutenant-Governor, aided by an Execu-tive Council and a Legislative Assembly of 30 members.

Lieut.-Governor, His Honour Hon. Walter H. Covert, K.C.... \$9,000

#### Executive.

Premier and Provincial Secretary, Hon. 6,000

McDonald ...... 6,000 6,oco Minister of Public Works and Mines, Hon.

Michael Duyer 6,000 Minister of Public Health, Hon. Frank R. 6.000

#### The Legislature.

## (Single Chamber.)

Speaker, House of Assembly (vacant) .... . \$1,500

#### The Judicature.

Chief Justice, Hon. J. A. Chisholm ........\$20,000 Judge in Equity, Hon. R. H. Graham ..... 9,000 Puisne Judges, Hons. H. Mellish, W. F. Carroll, H. Ross ..... each

Judge, Vice-Admiratty Court, Hon, II. Mellish .....

Agriculture and Line Stock -About 8,000,000 acres are fit for tillage, and the soil is of good average fertility. The chinate is delightful, the winter being less severe than in most of the other parts of the Dominion. In 1933 there were about 4,300,000 acres of land occupied, of which about 575,000 acres were under crop, 3,800,000 acres in pastine and partially wooded lands, and about 90,000 acres in gardens and orchards. Fruit is extensively enlivated, and the apple crop for 1933 was 2,000,000 (estimated) barrels, the principal fruit belt being the Annapolis Valley. The products of the fields and orchards in 1932 were valued at \$13,000,000. Improved farms of 100 to 250 acres, with house and buildings, may be obtained at from £ 100 to £1,000, whilst the Government offer uncleared i Crown lauds at \$100 per 100 acres, or \$z\$; per acre for any additional, not to exceed 120 acres in all. There is a Government agrigultum college and experimental farm at Truro for men and women, and a well-equipped technical college at Halifax. In 1932 the live stock included 42,720 horses, 238,700 cattle, 155,000 sheep, 53,400 swine, and 1,230,500 poultry.

Manufactures. - In 1931 the gross value of the manufactures was \$70,579,503. The capital invested was \$129,824,727, and 16,175 hands were employed; the principal industrial centres being Sydney (\$14,507,166), Halifax (\$16,067,662) and Dartmouth (\$15,797 621). Fisheries.—The total value of the fisheries in 1931 was \$7,986,711, and the number of persons employed was about 20,000.

Minerals.—Mine products in 1931 were valued at \$31,080,746; the coal deposits are extensive and are estimated to last for 200 years. 4,955,563 gross tons were produced in 1931. Iron ones are plentiful, and extensive manufactures of iron and steel are carried en at Sydney and Sydney Mines, Cape Breton.

Principal Cities.—CAPITAL, HALIFAX (population 59,275), one of the terminals of the Canadian National Railway, with a magnifleent harbour, is one of the principal winter ports of Canada, and the entrept of a large trade with the West Indies and South America. A shipyard for the building of large ocean-going steamors, with a dry dock, is one of the leading industries. Syduey in Cape Broton has a population of 22,545, and Glace Bay 17,002.

#### CAPE BRETON ISLAND.

Cape Breton Island, formerly a distinct Colony, now incorporated with Nova Scotia, contains an area of 3,975 square nules, with a population of about 132,581, inhabitants. The chief city, hydney (pop. 23,66), on the eastern coast, has valuable collieroes in the neighbourhood and is the site of the largest steel works in Canadia. Glace Bay has a population of 20,706. The Canadian National Railway connects the island with the mainland by rail ferry.

#### NEW BRUNSWICK.

Area and Population.—NEW BRUNSWICK is situated between 45°—48° N. lat. and 63° 47′—66° W. long., and comprises an area of 27,985 square miles, with a population in 1931 of 4 8,219, an increase since the last census of 20,343 persons. It was first colonised by British subjects in 1761, and in 1783 by the inhabitants of New England, who were dispossessed of their property in consequence of their loyalty to the British Crown.

Government—The Government is administered by a Lieutenant-Governor, assisted by an Executive Council, and a Legislative Assembly of 48 members elected by the people.

Lieutenant - Governor, Maj. - Gen. Hon. Hugh H. Macleau, K C., V.D. ..... \$9,000

#### Executive.

Premier and Minister of Lands and Mines, Hon. L. D. P. Tilley, K.C	55,900
Stewart	3 500
Antoine J. Leger	3,500
K.C	3,500
Agriculture, Hon. Lewis Smith	3,500
Health, Hon. H. I. Taylor, M.D	3,500

Speaker, Legislative Assembly, Fred C. Squires.

The Judicature.

Court of Appeal and Chancery Division.

Chief Justice of New Brunswick, Hon. Sir J. Douglas Hazen, K.C.M.G. ..............\$10,000 Judges, W. C. H. Grinnner; J. B. M. Baxter each 9,000

King's Bench Division.

Chief Justice, K.B.D., Hon. J. H. Barry \$20,000 Judges, Hons. A. T. Le Blanc; J. P. Byrne; C. D. Richards.....each 9,000 Court of Vice-Admiralty.

Judge, Hon. Sir J. Douglas Hazen ........ \$2,000 Court of Divorce and Matrimonial Causes.

Apriculture and Live Stock.—The total land area is 18,65,000 acres, of which 905,000 acres were under field crops in 1932. The total value of the field crops in 1932 was \$12,629,000. The live stock (1932) included 221,000 cattle, 131,000 sheep, 96,300 pigs, 52,390 horses, and 1470,100 pointly. Free grants of land are offered, and settlement encouraged. Improved farms are obtainable at reasonable rates. The fisheries include salmon, cod, mackerel, herring, and shad; value of the fisheries (1932) \$4,795,594. In 1932 the cheese factories in operation produced 802,000 lb., and the creameries 1,835,252 lb. of bitter.

Manufactures.—The gross value of the output of manufactured goods in 1932 was \$55,20,528. the principal manu actur agreentre being \$t. John (\$26,552,152). The ch of industrial pursuits arise from the produce of the forests and the fisheries. Natural gas has been found in humense quantities in Albert County, and the south-eastern section of the Province is remarkably rich in oil shales. Coal is found; also silver, lead, antimony, copper, iron, manganese, and other valuable minerals in considerable quantities.

Proceptal Cities.—Capital, Fighericon, population (1931), 8,830. St. John (pop. 47 514) is one of the principal winter ports of Canada, and is connected by C.P. R. and Canadan National Rankways with Montreal; Moncton (20,689).

#### MANITOBA.

Area and Population.—Manitoha, originally the Red Ever Settlement, is situated in about the centre of the continent, between 49-66° N. lat. and 95°—rov° W. long., with a total area of 25,832 square miles and a population (1932 Census) of 200,139, an increase since the last census of 67,079.

Government.—The Government is administered

Government.—The Government is administered by a Lieutenant-Governor, assisted by an Excontive Conneil of 8 Ministers, who are members of the Legislative Assembly of 53 members, each in receipt of an annual sessional allowance of \$1.654.

# Executive. Premier and President of the Council, Hon, John Brucken \$6,000 Mues and Natural Resources, Hon, J. 8. McDiarmid Public Wertz, Hon. W. R. Clubb 4,500 Provincial Secretary, Minister of Municipal Afairs and Radivay Commissioner, Hon. D. I. McLoyd 4,500 Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, Hon, D. G. UcKenzle 4,500 Attorney-General and Munister of Telephones and Telegraphs, Hon. W. J. Major, K.O. Minister of Public Welfare, Hon. R. A. 4,500 Minister of Public Welfare, Hon. R. A.

Hoey William William 4,500
Provincial Treasurer, Hon. W. K. McPherson 4,500

752	Canada—.
The	Judicature.
Court of Appeal :-	
Prendergast Puisne Judges, Hor C.B.E., W. H. Tru	danitoba, Hon. J. E. \$10,000 ns R. M. Dennistoun, neman, H. A. Robson,
	each 9,000
King's Bench.— Chief Justice, K.B. donald	D., Hon. D. A. Mac-
Puisne Judges Ho Dysart J. E. Adı	ons. A. C. Galt, A. K. amson, J. T. Kilgour, P. J. Montagne each 9,000
	evenues of the provincial
\$14,631,341, and the bonded debt \$106,601	ear ended April 30 1932 were expenditures \$14.631,341; 1,139.15.
area in Manitoba is 5.866,800 acres were The soil is fertile a	tive Stock.—The total land 143,857,280 acres, of which under field crops in 1932. and productive. The value
	was \$28,981,000. The live

land duch **1932.** 7alue live stock included 341,500 horses. 734,500 cattle, 199,100 sheep, 337,900 swine, 5,6x6,700 poultry. The dairy output was 677,233 lb. of cheese r9,299,900 lb. of creamery lutter (\$3,377,478); the honey production was 5,886,000 lb.

Manufactures. - The gross value of the manufactured products in 1931 was \$118,540,865. capital invested in the 955 manufacturing enterprises amounted to \$15 manuacetring chief-prises amounted to \$15 manuacetring chief-employed \$4,703; the chief industrial centres (1931) being Winnipeg, St. Bomface, Brandon and Portage La Pianie. In 1932 there were 4,420 miles of steam Indiway in the Province.

Principal Cities .- CAPITAL, WINNIPEG; population 1931, 218,785, the third largest city in Canada Other cities (1931), Brandon (17,082), St. Boniface (16,305), Portage La Prarie (6,597).

#### BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Area and Population .- British Columbia has a total area estimated at 372,630 square miles, with a population (Census of 1931) of 694,263; the Census of 1921 gave 524,582, showing an increase in the decennial period of 169,681 (32 35 per cent,), the highest percentage for the Dominion.

Government.-The Government consists of a Lieutenant-Governor and an Executive Conneil, together with a Legislative Assembly of 47 members.

LieutGovernor,					
Johnson (1931)					
Private Sec., A	. M. D	. F	irba	ırn	 2,400

#### Executive.

Premier and Minister of Agriculture and	
of Railways, Hon. S. F. Tolmie, P.C 9	\$9,00
Provincial Secretary and Minister of Mines,	
Hon. S. L. Howe	7,50
Attorney-General and Commissioner of	
Fisheries, Hon. R. H. Pooley, K.C	7,50
Minister of Finance and of Industries,	• • •
Hon. J. W. Jones	7,50
Minister of Public Works, Hon. W. Savage	7,50
Minister of Lands and of Education. Hon.	•
Minister of Lands and of Education. Hon.	-

J. Hinchliffe...... Minister of Labour, Hon. W. M. Dennics 7,500
President of the Council, Hon. W. C. Shelly.
Without Portfolio, Hon. R. L. Maitland, K.C.
Speaker, Legislative Assembly, Hon. C. F. Davie.

Speaker, Legislative Assembly of 30 members elected by

The Judicature.	
Court of Appeal—Chief Justice, Hon. J. A. Macdonald	10,000
Pusne Judges, Hons. A. Martin, W. G. McQuarrie, Albert E. McPhillips, M. A. Macdonald each	9,000
Supreme Court—Chief Justice, Hon. Aulay Morrison	10,000
Pussne Judges, Hons. D. Murphy, H. B. Robertson, D. A. McDonald, W. A. Macdonald, and A. I. Fishereach	9,000
Local Judge in Admiralty, Hon. Archer	1.000

Agent-General in London, F. P. Burden, British Columbia House, z Regent Street, S.W.z.

Finances.-The receipts of the provincial government in 1931-32 were \$22,162,657, and the expenditure \$29,214,217.

Agriculture and Live Stock .- The agricultural Agricultura and Live Stock.—The agricultural production of British Columbia in 1932 was valued at \$34,373,926. Live stock in 1932 included 57,700 horses, 257,000 cattle, 151,000 sheep, 51,700 swine, and 3,437,200 poultry. The butter output totalled 5,183,495 lb of creamery and 2,585,400 lb. of dairy butter, and the choese 43x,265 lb.

Production and Industry.-The gross value of the output of manufactures in 1932 was \$241,221.932, the principal manufacturing centres being Vancouver, Victoria, New Westcentres being vancouver, victoria, New Yersemmister, and Prince Rupert. The yield of the principal industries was, in 1932: forests, \$35,187,000: agriculture, \$34,187,196; mining, \$5,914,072. There are extensive coal measures, and a vast and compact area of merchantable timber; the mines have produced over \$1,300,972 646, and are still in the early stages of development. Only one-tenth of the available agricultural and fruit lands is at present settled, and there are miles of pulpwood as yet unexploited. There are undeveloped deposits of magnetite and hematite iron. The climate is healthful and temperate. The principal exports are fish, coal, gold, silver, minerals, timber, fruit, pulp and paper.

Principal Cities .- CAPITAL, VICTORIA. Population 1931, 39,082. Other centres are Vancouver (446,593 in 1931), New Westminster (17,524), Prince Rupert (6,350).

#### PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Area and Population.-Prince Edward Island Area and Population.—Prince Edward Island lies in the sonthern part of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, between 46'-47° N. lat. and 6s'-64° 3o' W. long. It is about 130 miles in length, and from 4 to 34 miles in breadth; its area is 2,84 square miles (1ather larger than that of the English county of Norfolk), and its population (Census, 1931) 83,938, a decrease from the last census of 577 persons. The island was first settled by the French who held it for many vers as sus of 577 persons. The island was first settled by the Fronch, who held it for many years as a fishing station. The British took it from them in 1745, but afterwards restored it; they seized it again, however, during the Seven Years' War (1756-1763) and compelled the greater part of the French inhabitants to leave, and from that time it has remained British.

the people, 15 as Councillors (with a property qualification) and 15 as Assembly-men (on general suffrage).

Lt.-Governor, Hon. Charles Dalton (1930) \$7,000

Premier and Minister of Education and of Public Health, Hon. William J. P. Macmillan, M D Minister of Public Works, Hon G. Shelton Minister of Agriculture, Hon. Thomas McNutt ...... Without Portfolio, Hous. H. F. MacPhee; A. F. Arsemanlt; H. D. MacLean; W. G. Mackenzie; M. W. Wood. Speaker, Lagislative Assembly, Hon. A. A. MacDonald, M.D.

of Executive Council (and Supt. of In-The Judicature.

Deputy Provincial Sec.-Treas, and Clerk

Chief Justice, Hon, John A. Matheson ... \$10,000 Assistant Judges, Hon Aubin & Arse-nault; Hon Albert C. Saunders ... each 9,000 Judge of Vice-Admiralty Court, William S. Stewart ..... ... ....

Agriculture and Live Stock .- The value of the field crops in 1929 was estimated at \$25,976,000 The soil consists for the most part of a rich red loain, uniform in character and pecuharly suited to the growth of grasses. Nearly the whole of the land is now cleared, and improved farms can be bought at from \$20 to \$60 an acre (including buildings), according to condition and locality The breeding of silver black foxes in captivity is an established and profitable industry. There are about 600 fox tanches, conducted by meorporated companies and private partnerships or individuals. The live stock (1930) included 35,570 horses, 99,500 cattle, 87,000 sheep, 54,000 pigs. and 979,700 poultry.

Manufactures.-The gross value of the manufactures in 1930 was \$4,638,725, against \$2,326,708

Principal Cities — CAPITAL, CHARLOTTETOWN (Pop. 12,347), on the shore of Hillsborough Bay, which forms a good harbon. Other towns are Summerside (3,228), Souris (1,094), and Georgetown (884).

#### ALBERTA.

Area and Population - The Province of Alberta has an estimated area of 255,285 square miles, including about x,360 square miles of water, with a population of 731,605, according to the Domm.on Ceusus of 1931.

Government -The Government is vested in a Licutenant-Governor and Legislative Assembly composed of 63 members, elected for five years, representing 53 electoral districts into which the Province is divided. The Executive Council consists of eight members.

Lieut.-Gov., Hon. W. L. Walsh (1931) ..... \$9,000

#### Executive.

Premier and Provincial Secretary, Hon. Attorney-General, Hon. J. F. Lymburn ... 6,000

Public Works, Hon. O. L. McPherson ... 6,000

Provincial Treasurer and Minister of Municipal Aftairs and of Lands and of Mines, Hon. R. G. Reid ... 6,000

Education, Hon. P. E. Bake: ...... \$6,000 Agriculture and Health, Hon. George Hoadley ....

Railways and Telephone, Hon. Geo Hoadley (acting) ......

Without Portfolio, Hon. Mrs. Irene Parlby Clerk of the Executive Council, J. D. Hunt Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, Hon. G. W. Johnston.....

The Judicature.

The Supreme Court of Alberta.

Appellate Devision, Hon. Horace Harvey, 

McGillveny — dudges, Hons. W. C. Simmons (C.J.); W. C. Ives; T. M. Tweedhe, J. R. Boyle; Frank Ford;

A. F. Ewnig ...... each 9,000 Agriculture and Live Stock.—The total area in field crops, 1932, was 14,021,529 acres. The Department of Agriculture in the Provincial Government conducts free schools of agra ulture at four points in the Province Free homesteads are still available in many desirable scends are still available in many desirable localities. The value of the field crops in 1933 was estimated at \$82,520,332; wheat, \$44,280,000. out at all lay, \$19,428,000; have and clover, \$2,314,000; at all lay, \$2,364,000. The live stock included \$2,524,000. 726,010 horses, 424,000 milch cows and 709,600 other cattle, 833,700 theep, and 1,118,000 swine. The cream ry butter made totalled 21,016,048 lb., valued at \$3,512,635, and cheese 1,439,715 lb.,

valued at \$146,177. Finance — Gross bonded Debt, March 31, 1538, \$136,725,000: Net General Debenture Debt, Sp1,450,000: Revenue (1931-32) \$13,492,427. Expenditure (1932-32), \$18,635,421. Ascessed valuation of property within the Province, \$595,745,117.

Manufactures .- The gross value of the output m 1931 was \$68,367,411, against \$1,313,375 in 1900, the principal manufacturing centres being Calgary (\$78,000, 169) and Edmonton (\$20, 128,405)

CAPITAL. EDMONTON. Population (1931) 79,157; Calgary (83,761) Lethbridge, Medicine Hat, Rod Deer, and Westaskiwin me the other principal cities of the Province.

#### SASKATCHEWAN.

Area and Population —The Province of Sas-katchewan lies between Manitoba on the cast and Alberta on the west, and has an area of 251,700 square miles, the population at the Census of 1931 being 921,785, an increase of 163,006 persons since the Census of 1921.

Government .- The Government is vested in the Lieutenant-Governor, with a Legislative Assembly of 63 members. By amendment of the Legislative Act, coming into effect at the next general election, the membership of the Assembly is reduced from 63 to 52 on a 1edistribution of seats effected. There is an Executive Council of ten members.

Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. H. E. Munroe, 

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1934.

6.000

6.000 5,000

2,500

7,200

in Charge of Bureau of Publications, and King's Printer, Hon. Howard McConnell, K.C. 7,200 Public Works, Telegraphs and Telephones, Hon. James F. Bryant. K.C..... 7,200

Public Health and Child Welfare, Hon.

7,200 Merkley ...... 7,200

Without Portfolios, Hons. R. Stipe, M.D., W. W. Smith.

Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, Hon. Robert Sterritt Leslie.

#### The Judicature.

Chief Justice, Court of Appeal, Hon. Sir Frederick Haultain, born 1857 .......\$10,000 Pussne Judges, Hons. W. F. A. Turgeon, W. M. Martin and P. E. Mackenze

each 9,000 Ch. Justice, King's Bench, Hon. J. T. Brown 10,000 Pussin Judges, Hons. H. Y. MacDonald, H. V. Bigelow, J. F. L. Embury, C.M.G., G. E. Taylor, D. MacLean and W. E.

Knowles.....each 9,000

Agriculture and Lire Stock .- Saskatchewan is Agriculture and Live Stock.—Saskatchewan is the largest wheat-producing province of the Dominnon, and one of the most productive grain areas in the world. In 1932 the grain yield totalled 20,256,000 bushels. The approximate value of grain crops was \$66,xoz,000, of field crops \$3,046,000, livestock \$12,434,000, positry products \$6,934,000, and garden produce \$2,036,000. The live stock included 1,077,234 mules and horses, 1,214,785 cattle, 20,888 sheep, and 497,927 SWIIIe.

Industries.—The capital invested in manu-The captain invested in manufacturing enterprises in 1931 was \$50,00,000, and the value of the manufactured products \$84,000,000, the principal industrial centres being Regina, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon and Prince Albert.

In 1932 there were 4,777 elementary schools with 221,555 pupils; 459 continuation schools, and 2,327 schools giving some high school instruction. Enrolment in High Schools 8,96x, total taking high school instruction, 28, 292.
The encolment in the Government Correspondence High School courses was 9,205 from rural schools receiving partial instruction, and 1,162 full instruction.

CAPITAL, REGINA. Population (193x), 53,209. Other large centres are Saskatoon (43,291), Moose Jawa (21,299), Prince Albert (9,905), Swift Current (5,296), North Battleford (5,986), and Yorkton (5,027).

#### TERRITORIES.

THE YUKON TERRITORY was constituted a separate political unit in 1808. It is governed by a Comptroller and a Territorial Conncil of three elected members. The area of the

Territory is 207,076 square miles. The population in 1931 was 4,230 (2,825 males and 1,405 females). Mining is the chief industry. The gold output for the year ending Dec. 31, 1938, was \$839,421; the silver output during the same period was \$967,303.

Comptroller, George A. Jeckell. Judge, Hon. C. D. Macaulay.

THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES (1,309,682 square miles, population (1931) 9,723), comprise the territories formerly known as Ripert's Land and the North-western Territory (except such portions thereof as form the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta and the Ynkon Territory) together with all British territories and possessions in North America and all islands adjacent thereto not included within any province, except the Dominion of Newfoundland and its dependencies. For administrative purposes the Territories were subdivided into the provisional districts of Mackenzie, Keewatin and Franklin. The Commissioner in Conneil has power to make ordinances for the Territories under instructions from the Governor-General in Council, or the Minister of the Interior, respecting direct taxation within the Territories in order to raise revenue, &c., establishment and tenure of territorial offices, and the appointment and payment of officers, maintenance of prisons, municipal institutions, licenses, solemnization of marinages, property and civil rights, administration of justice and generally all matters of a local nature.

#### TERRITORIAL COUNCIL

(Appointed by the Governor-General in Council.) Commissioner, Hugh Howard Rowatt.

Deputy Commissioner, Roy Alexander Gibson.
Councillors, Charles Camsell; Austin Louis
Cumming; Kenneth Robinson Daly; Gen. J. H. MacBrien, C.B., C.M.G., D S.O.; H. W. McGill.

Secretary, David Livingstone McKeand.

#### DOMINION OFFICIALS.

Chairman, Dominion Lands Board, H. E. Hume. Ottawa.

Asst. Chairman, J. Lorne Turner, Ottawa. Stipendiary Magistrate, J. M. Douglas, Edmonton, Alta.

Sheriff, Maj.-Gen. J. H. Machrien, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O , Oltawa.

Regustrar, Land Titles, K. R. Daly, Ottawa

Legal Adviser, W. M. Cory, Ottawa.

Public Administrator, (Mackenzie District)
Egbert Owen, Edmonton, Alta; (Franklin
District) W. M. Cory, Ottawa; (Keewatin
District) (Vacant).

## RACIAL STOCKS IN CANADA.

	1921.	26.42
Scots Other British	13'35 '48	12.97
Irish	13.Q1	zz.86
French	27.9x	<b>28.53</b>

# Hewfoundland.

	Area		Population.		
	(English Sq. Miles).	Census of	Census of	Estimated 1932.	
Newfoundland	42,750 120,000	238,670 3,949	259,259 3,774	282,021 4,324	
Total	162,750	242,619	263,033	286, 345	

#### Increase of the People.

Year.		Increase			Decrease		Marriages.
I car.	Births.	Immigrants	Total	Deaths.	Emigrant-	Total.	starringes.
1913	7,405	13,788	20,194	4,417	14,255	18,672	1,871
1929	6,791	14,925	21,716	4,033	15,294	19,327	1,650
1930	6,700	15,383	22,083	3,839	12,020	16,759	1,631
1931	6,707	12,699	19,406	3,913	0,832	13,745	1,588
1932	6,902	8,193	15,000	3,709	6,495	10,204	1,551

#### PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The Island of Newfoundland is satuated between 46° 37′-51° 37′ N. latitude and 52° 44′-59° 30′ W. longitude, on the north-east side of the Galf of St. Lawrence, and is separated from the North American Continent by the Straits of Belle Isle. The island is about 31′ miles long and 316 miles broad, and is triangular in shape, with Cape Bauld (N.), Cape Race (S.E.), and Cape Ray (S.W.) at the angles. The coast is extremely rigged, and the coastal regions are mountainous, the Lorth and east being cold during winter and early spring owing to the quantities of ice brought down from the Greenland seas. The interior is undulating and is covered with tolts (round hills) interspersed with lakes, rivers, and swamps, but containing many fertile valleys, where the climate is favourable to agriculture, and a great wealth of forests, mainly of sprince, fir, pine, and birch. The climate is salibrious, and the people are a strong, brave, healthy, hardy, industrious race. The thermometer seldom falls below zero in winter, and ranges in the shade in summer from 70° to 80°.

#### GOVERNMENT.

Newfoundland, the oldest English colony, was discovered by John Cabot on June 24, 1497, the first land seen was hailed as Prima Visite—the present Cape Bonavista. The island was afterwards visited (1500) by the Portuguese navigator Gaspar de (orterval, and soon became the centre of an extensive fishing industry; with settlements of Portuguese, Biscayars, Trench. In August, 153, the island was formally occupied by Sir Humphirey Gilbert, in the name of Queen Elizabeth, and by the Treaty of Utrecht (1713) the whole island was acknowledged to be British. A Governor was first appointed in 1738, and in 185; "Responsible Government" was accorded to the island.

The executive is entrusted to a Governor, appointed by the Crown, aided by an Executive Council, with a Legislature of two houses.

#### GOVERNOR.

THE MINISTRY (October, 1932).

Prime Minister and Minister of Finance and Customs, Hon. F. C. Alderdice .....\$2,700 Secretary of State, Hon. J. C. Puddester... 2,700 Minister of Justice, Hon. L. E. Emeison, W. C. Winsor 2,700

Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Hon.

J C. Stone 2,700

Not in the Cabinet.

Minister of Public Works, H. W. Quinton. 2,700

#### LEGISLATURE.

The Legislative Council consists of not more than as members, appointed for life; the House of Assembly of 27 members, elected by the people for 4 years, every male Buttish subject aged 27, and every female aged 25, being entitled to the franchise.

President of the Legislative Council, Hon. M. P. Gibbs, P.C.

Spraker of the House of Assembly, J. A. Winter, K.C.

#### JUDICATURE.

750

#### DEFENCE.

Newfoundland contributed 11,922 men to the ighting forces of the Empire during the War, in addition to 3,000 enlisted in Canadian and other forces.

#### EDUCATION.

The schools, while denominational, are public schools. They are mainly supported by the foreground, assisted by the relations denominations. Primary and Secondary schools were attended in 1931-32 by 59,201 pupils. The tovernment grants in 1931-32 amounted to \$751,335 86.

#### RELIGION.

Census figures for 1921; estimated for 1931 .-

IQ2I	1932
86,576	95,953
84,665	92,722
74 205	78,356
1,876	1,896
13,023	14,108
2,688	3,310
	1921 86,576 84,665 74 205 1,876 13,023

#### FINANCE.

The revenue, expenditure and debt of Newtoundland are stated as under (\$x at par = 4s. 2d. or \$4 86 = £x sterling) :-

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure	Public Debt
1927-28 1930-31 1931-32 1932-33	\$ 9,465,003 9,655,641 7,931,000 8,085,666	\$ 10,740,000 12,898,933 11,960,000 11,330,442	\$  87,592,105 95,406,949

#### EXTERNAL TRADE.

Year	Imports	Exports	Total
	\$	\$	\$
1213 14	15,193,726	15,134,543	30,328,269
1929 30	31,871,151	40,051,959	71,923,110
1930 31	25,261,701	33,537,569	58,739,270
931 32	18,135,651	26,689,476	44,825,127

('hiefly distributed in 1931-32 as under:-

Country In	morts from	Exports to
Comdix In United Kingdom		\$7,898,759
Inited States		10,106,116
'anada	8,182,625	1,317,036
ortugal	11,987	723,1 <u>9</u> 9
Spain	61,924	730, <b>08</b> 0

The principal unports are flour, textiles, coal. hardware, and provisions; the principal exports are codfish, col and seal oil, pulp and paper, herrings, seal-skins, timed lobsters, iron pyrites, and other numerals, the total value of the fishery products in 1931-32 was upwards of \$6,393,548.

#### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

The inhabitants are chiefly located on the coast-line of the shore and bays, nearly ro,000 being engaged in fishing-for cod in summer and seal fishing in winter and spring. culture, mining, and lumbering are also engaging attention and affording means of employment, while large pulp and paper mills have been creeted. The larger portion of the interior is practically in a state of nature, but the railways have opened up large tracts A valuable discovery of copper has been made at Little Bay, about soo miles from St. John's.

#### COMMUNICATIONS.

Railways.—There were 905 miles of railway open in 1926 and 47 miles of private line. The trans-insular line runs to Port-any-Basques, vid tians-insular line runs to rott-interposagues, via Exploits River and Bay of Islands, with branch connexious to Placentia, Bonavista, Bay de Verde, Hearts Content, Trepassey, the principal settlements in Conception Bay, and to Lewis-porte (in Notre Dame Bay) Communication between various points on the coast and Sydney. C.B., is maintained by a fleet of to first-class steamers.

Posts and Telegraphs.-There were 621 post offices in 1932 (156 of which were also telegraph offices) and 74 telegraph offices additional, dealmg with 8,700,000 letters and post-cards, 4,000,000 newspapers and books, and 500,000 parcels. 63x telephone stations are open, mostly in post offices. There are 4,443 miles of telegraph line and 1,200 miles of postal telephone wire. Postal revenue, \$403,zz5; Customs duty collected, \$zz3,z8z; telegraph revenue, \$z79,6zo.

Shipping.—On Dec. 31, 1930, the Mercantile Marine of Newfoundland consisted of 2,501 sailing vessels of roz 718 tons, and ze5 steam and motor vessels of 4x,670 tons. In roz2-30 the tonnage of vessels entered and cleared at Newfoundland ports was 3,375.499 tons, of which 1,820,223 tons were British.

The CAPITAL, ST. JOHN'S (population 1933, 43,176; with suburbs, 59,420), contains two cathedrals, several banks, and municious public buildings. Other towns are Harbour Grace (3,825), Bonavista (4,052), Carbonear (3,320), and Twillingate (3,227).

#### HIGH COMMISSIONER.

High Commissioner in Landon, Hon. Sir Edgar Bowning Office, 58, Victoria Street, S.W. 1.

#### LABRADOR

Labrador, a dependency of Newfoundland, forms the most easterly part of the North American continent, and extends from Blane Sablon, in the Straits of Belle Isle, on the south, to Cape Cludley, at the entrance to Hudson's Straits on the north. The boundary between Quebec and Labrador came up for between theore and Labracov came up for settlement before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in Oct., 1926. By the judement given in March, 1927, the boundary was defined as a line drawn due N. from the eastern boundary of Blanc Sablon as far as 52 N. Lat, and from thence W. along that parallel to the Romaine River, and thence N. along the east bank of that river and its headwaters to their source, and thence due N. to the crest of the watershed or height of land there, and thence W. and N. along the crest of the watershed of the rivers flowing into the Atlantic Ocean until it reaches Cape Childey. The territory thus confirmed as under the jurisdiction of Newfoundland has an area estimated at 120,000 square miles. Labrador possesses valuable cod, herring. trout, and salmon fisheries. One of the grandest spectacles in the world is provided by the Grand Falls on the Hamilton River. The inhabitants are mainly Eskimos, engaged in fishing and hunting. There are no towns: the Moravian Mussion stations at Makkovik, Hopedale, Nain, Okak, Hebron, and Killinek have been pur-chased by Hudson's Bay Company.

# The Commonwealth of Australia.

AREA AND POPULATION.

		<u> </u>	Popula	tion.*	
States and Capitals.	Area (Euglish Sq. Miles).	Census of	Census of	****	Preliminary Count Census June 30, 1933.
New South Wales (Sydney)		1,646,734	2,100,371	453,037	2,600,423
Victoria (Melhourne)	87,884	1,315,551	1,531,280	215,729	1,818,080
Queensland (Brisbanc)	670,500	605,813	755.972	150, 159	915, 565
South Australia (Adelaide) .		408,558	495, 160	80,002	580,849
Western Australia (Perth)	975,920	282,114	332,732	50,618	438,113
Tasmama (Hobart)	26,215	191,211	213,780	22,569	227,473
North Australia (Darwin)	287,227	<b>`</b> }			
Central Australia (Alice		3,310	3,867	557	4,300†
Springs)	236, 393	<b>,</b>		1	
(Canberra)	940	1,714	2,572	858	8,945
Total	2,974,581	4,455,005	5,435,734	980,720	6,623,754

^{*} Exclusive of full blood Australian Aboriginals, who are estimated at 60,000 † Partially estimated

#### Increase of the People.

	1	Increase		ı	Decrease		ĺ
Year	<u> </u>	. – –					Marriages.
	Buths	Oversea Arrivals	Total	Deaths	Oversen Departures	Total	
1927	x33,698	117,423	251,121	58,282	68,499	126,781	49,033
1928	134,078	99,792	223,870	59.378	72,560	131,938	48,592
1929	129,480	82,248	211,728	60,857	73,285	134,142	47,50x
1930	128,399	63,093	191,492	55,331	74,501	129,832	43,255
1931	118,509	40,414	158,923	56,560	52,475	109 035	38,882
1932	110,933	41,997	112,930	56,755	46,840	103,595	43,634

#### Inter-censal Increases, 1871-1933.

Year		Result of Census	L.	Intercensal	Net Immigration	
of Census	Males	Females	Total	Inclease	during Period	•
1881 1801	1,214,913	1,035,281	2,250,194	552,155		,80
1901	1,704,039 1,977,928 2,313,035	1,470,353 1,795,873 2,141,670	3,174,392 3,773,801 4,455,005	924,198 599,409 681,204	1891 1901 24	, 74 , 87
1933*	2,762.870 3,363.546	2,672,864 3,260,208	5,435,734 6,623,754	980.729 1.188,020	1911 1921 207	, 48 , 57

# Preliminary count of Census of the 30th June, 2933

#### Races and Religions.

Ruces	2912.	1921	Religions	1911	rgar.
European	4.402,662 25,772 3.576 4.052 60,000 10.113 8,830	20,826 2,928 3,956 60,000 11,536	Church of England Presbyterians Methodists Other Protestants Roman Catholics Jews	1,710,443 558,336 547,866 458,379 921,425 17,287	2,372,995 636,974 632,629 637,692 1,134,002 21,615

Australia was separated from the other great land surfaces at a remote period, and exhibits therefore some very archaic types of fauna and flora. It may be regarded as the largest island or the smallest continent, being surrounded by the following waters:—North, the Timor and Arafura Sens and Torres Strait; East, Pacific Ocean; South, Bass Strait (which separates Tasmania from the Continent) and Southern Ocean; and West, Indian Ocean. The total area of the Continent is 2,948,366 English square miles, the island of Tasmania having an area of 26,215 square miles, and making a total area for the States and Territories of 2,974,581 square miles. The coast-line of Australia is approximately 12,210 miles, and the geographical position of the Continent is between 10° 41′-30° 8′ South latitude and 113° 9′-153° 39′ East longitude; the greatest length East to West is 2,400 miles, and from North to South 1,071 miles. Its nearest distance to England is about 11,000 miles.

From a physical standpoint the continent of Australia is divisible into an eastern and a western area, the former containing a regular coast-line with a good harbourage, roadsteads, rivers, and inland waterways, and a greater development of fauna and flora; the latter a broken coast-line with estuaries rather than rivers, and but little inland water communication. The whole continent is, roughly speaking, a vast, irregular, and undulating plateau, part of which is below the level of the sea, surrounded by a mountainous coast-line, with frequent intervals of low and sandy shore on the north, west and south. The Great Barrier Reef extends parallel with the East coast of Queensland for 1,200 miles, at a distance of about 60 miles from the mainland. A large part of the interior, particularly in the west, consists of sandy and stony desert, covered with spinifex, and containing numerous salt-marshes, though reaches of grass-land occur here and there. The geological formation of Australia is remarkable for its simplicity and regularity; the strike of the rocks is, with a single exception, coincident with the direction of the mountain-chains, from N. to S.; and the tertiary formation to be found in the N., S., and W. develops in the S.E. into a gigantic tertiary plain, watered by the Darling and the Murray Rivers. Nearly all round the coast, however, and in eastern and southeastern Austrain, stretching far inland from the coastal range, is a fertile area devoted partly to agriculture, partly to dairving, while the inland districts particularly are admirably adapted to the rearing of sleep. The most extensive mountain system takes its rise near the S.E. point, and includes a number of ranges known by different names in different places, none of them being of any great height. The highest peak, Mount Koscinsko, in New South Wales, reaches an elevation of 7,328 feet. The principal rivers are the Murray, which debouches on the south coast, after receiving the waters of its tributaries the Murrumbidgee, Lachlan, and Darling, in the S.E. part of the island : on the east coast, the Hawkesbury, Hunter, Clarence, Richmond, Brisbane, Mary, Burnett, Fitzroy, and Burdekin; on the west, the Drysdale, Ord, Victoria, and Daly; and the Roper, the Flinders, and Mitchell, which debouch into the Gulf of Carpentaria. Lakes are numerous, but nearly all are salt; the scarcity of the natural water supply has been, however, mitigated by successful borings and by the construction of large dams. The work of conserving the vast quantities of water which run to waste in the wet season is being vigorously prosecuted by a system of locks and weirs on some of the rivers. Minerals comprise gold, silver, copper, zinc, iron, and coal in large quantities, antimony, tm, gypsum, magnesite, osmiridium, opal, sapplines, &c., and there are abundant supplies of building stones, clays, &c. The potentialities of the country in regard to its supplies of metals and minerals have not yet been fully tested.

Climate.—The sensons commence about March 21 (Autumn), June 21 (Winter), Sept. 22 (Spring), and Dec. 22 (Springer). The climate is extremely dry, but, except in the tropical const-land of the north, the continent is everywhere highly beneficial to Europeans, the range of temperature being smaller than that of other countries similarly situated.

GOVERNMENT.

The Government is that of a Federal Commonwealth within the British Empire, the executive power being vested in the Sovereign (through the Governor-General), assisted by a Federal Ministry of ten Ministers of State and such honorary Ministers who may be appointed thereto. The Commonwealth was constituted by an Act of the Imperial Parliament dated July 9, 1900, and was mangurated Jun. 1, 1901. Under the Constitution the Federal Government has acquired and may acquire certain defined powers as surrendered by the States, residuary legislative power remaining with the States. Trade and customs passed under Federal control immediately on the establishment of the Commonwealth; posts, telegraphs and telephones, naval and military defence, lighthouses and quarmatine on proclaimed dates. The Commonwealth also now controls such matters as old age pensions, patents and copyrights, naturalization, navigation, &c. The right of a State to legislate is not abrogated except in connexion with matters exclusively under Commonwealth control, but where a State law is inconsistent with a law of the Commonwealth the latter prevails to the extent of the inconsistent with a law of the

#### GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Governor-General, His Excellency the Rt. Hou. Sir Isaac Alfred Isaacs, P.C., G.C.M.G. (1933)

Military Secretary, Capt. L. F. Bracegirdle, D.S.O., R.A.N.

A.D.C., Lieut. C. H. Flulay.

#### Executive Council.

(Oct. 13, 1932.) Prime Minister and Treasurer, Rt. Hon. C.M.G., K.C.

Minister without Portfolio, Rt. Hon.

Stanley Melbourne Bruce, C.H., P.C., M.C. Minister for Defence, Rt. Hon. Sir George Foster Penrce, P.C., K.O.V.O.

Postinaster-General, Hon. Robert Archdale Parkhill .... Vice-President of the Executive Council, Hon. Alexander John McLachlan..... Minister for Health, and Minister for Repatriction, Hon. Charles William Clanan Marr, D.SO, M.C., V.D. Minister for the Interior, Hon. John Arthur Porkins Minister for Commerce, Hon. Frederick Harold Stewart Minister for Trade and Castoms, Hou. Thomas Walter White, D.P.C., V.D. Assistant Ministers, Hous. Sir Walter Massy Greene, E.C.M.G., Josiah Francis, James Allan Guy..... COMMONWEALTH OFFICES IN LONDON, Australia House, Strand, W.C. 2.

69z Commissioner-General for Australia in Official Secretary, D. McK. Dow,
"Cunard Building," 25, Broadway, New York ..... Commercial Representative for Australia in Canada, L. R. McGregor, 36 Yonge Street, Toronto.

High Commissioner, Rt. Hon. S. M. Bruce, C.H., P.C., M.C., M.P. .....£3.750
Official Secretary and Financial Adviser,

#### THE LEGISLATURE.

The Federal Parliament consists of a Senate and a House of Representatives. The Senate contains 36 members, six from each of the Original States, elected for six years by universal suffrage. The House of Hepresentatives, similarly elected for a maximum of three years, contains members proportionate to the population, with a minimum of g Representatives for each State. The House of Representatives, 1933, is made up of a8 for New South Wales, so for Victoria, ro from Queensland, 7 from South Australia, 5 each from Tasmania and Western Australia, and x entitled to debate but not to vote) from the Northern Territory. Members of the Upper and Lower Houses receive £750 per annum, with free railway passes.

President of the Senate, Hon. Sir Walter Kings-Speaker, House of Representatives, Hon. George

Hugh Mackay.

#### THE JUDICATURE.

There is a Federal High Court with a Chief Justice and 5 Judges, having original and appellate jurisdiction, subordinate to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Conneil.

Chef Justice, Rt. Hon. Sir Frank Gavan

Hon. Owen Dixon; Hon. Herbert Vere Evatt, Hon. Edward Aloysius McTiernan each

3,000 Court of Conciliation and Arbitration, Chief Judge, His Hon. George James Dethridge

3,000 Judges, Their Hons. George Stephenson Beeby; Edmund Alfred Drake-Brockman, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D. .....each Federal Court of Bankruptcy, Judge, Hon. 2,500 Lionel Oscar Lukin .....

#### DEFENCE.

Navy.

The Australian flect consists of the Cruisers Australia, Canberra, Brubane, Adelaide, z sloop, z destroyers, scaplane carrier, and several auxiliaries. The personnel of the fleet is mainly Australian in character, although still supplemented to some extent by Imperial officers and men. The sea-going forces of the Royal Australian Navy on February 15, 1932, consisted of 339 officers and 2,783 men. There is also a RAN. Brigade composed of members of the Citizen Naval forces.

#### Army,

From 1911 to 1929 the defence policy was based on the universal compulsory training of a Citizen Army, but from November 1st, 1920, the constitution of the forces on a voluntary basis was adopted. Under this system men from 18 to 40 years of age may be enlisted in the Militia Forces, and youths from 14 to 17 years in the Semor Cadet Corps. On March 31st, 1933, 27,963 were undergoing training.

The permanent strength of the Australian Air Force in April, 1933, was 102 officers and 788 airmen; and of the Citizen Air Force, 48 officers and s61 airmen. The Air Force and the Civil Aviation expenditure (excluding war services) for the year 1931-32 was £489,230.

#### FEDERAL FINANCE. The Premiers' Plan.

The Governments of Australia met in Conference (May-June and August-Sept., 1931) to consider what measures were possible to restore solvency and to avoid default. The National Income of Australia was £650,000,000 in 1027-28, falling to £554,000,000 in 1929-30, and a further fall to £450,000,000 was estimated for 1931-32. The Frenier's Conference adopted a plan which combined all possible remedies in such a war that the hundred.

way that the burden fell as equally as possible on every one, and no considerable section of the people was left in a privileged position. This sharing of the burden was necessary to make the load more tolerable, and because only on this condition was it possible to get the combined effort required.

The plan was adopted by the Conference as a whole, each part being accepted on the understanding that all the other parts were

equally and simultaneously put into operation It embraced the following measures:

(a) A reduction of so per cent. in all adjustable Government expenditure, as compared with the year ending 30th June, 1930, including all emoluments, wages salaries, and pensions paid by the Governments, whether fixed by statute or otherwise, such reduction to be equitably effected;

(b) Conversion of the internal debts of the Governments on the basis of a 221/2 per

cent. reduction of interest;
(c) The scening of additional revenue by taxation, both Commonwealth and State; (d) A reduction of bank and Savings Bank rates of interest on deposits and advances;

(e) Relief in respect of private mortgages. These proposals required the greatest effort in economy and taxation which the Conference considered it safe to attempt.

REDUCTION OF EXPENDITI RE.

The plan provides for Government economy on the basis of an immediate cut, averaging so per cent, for all Government wages and salaries below the level of 1929-30. To this will be added all saving that can be made from a strict scribing into the necessity of every item of Government expenditure

Commonwealth Finance. Payments | Expenditure Years. Revenue States £ £ 9,036,638 74,894,799 77,253,774 78,614,392 80,324,539 1928 23 9,489,344 1929-30 77,143,387 69,566,920 1930 31 71,532,298 1931-32 73.512,800 1932-33

The above particulars do not include the Interest payable on loans to the States, which amount is recoverable from the States concerned. Commonwealth and State Finance.

	-	1932 3	
State, &c	Rev		Surplus (4) or Deficit (-)
1	€ 000.	£ 000.	£'000.
N.S.W. (a)	50,721	54,598	- 4.271
Victoria	24,283	#5,139	- 856
Queensland	x3,397	14.951	- 1,554
S. Australia	10,161	11,170	- I,CO9
W. Australia	8,332	9, 195	- 864
Tasmama	2,522	<b>2,577</b>	- <b>5</b> 5
Total, Six States	103,416	118,025	- 8.6og
Commonwealth'	73.512	69,967	+ 3,545
Grand Total (b)	172,430	177,494	- 5.04

trom revenue to define the year. The balance of receipts over this expenditure has been appropriated for the payment of Invalid and Uld-Age Pensions Excludes grants for relief to primary producers, £a,249,652.

wealth Purposes on June 30. 1933, was £396,806.503, including a War Loan from the British Government of £79,724,220, which is subject to a funding arrangement whereby the debt is to be extinguished about 1956 by annual repayments of 6%, of which £x xx. 8d. per cent. is for eduction of principal The British Government agreed to the suspension for the years 1931-32 and 1932 33 of the repayment of principal moneys due under this arrangement, and of the interest moneys for 1937-32. The interest payments suspended are to be liquidated by to equal anunties from July 1, 1933, with interest at a rate to be determined. Adding the interest at a rate to be determined. Adding the indebtedness of the States, viz., £807,851,650, the "face" or "book" value of the public debts of Australia amounted (Jume 30, 1933) to £1,204,658,133 (£182 per head of population), of which £(Aust b607,388,238 was redeemable in Australia, £865,550,799,115 in Loudon, and £(field 46,470,770 in New York.

In July and August, 1932, the internal debt of £558,000,000 was the subject of a voluntary conversion plan in connection with the "Premiers' Plan "for financial rehabilitation. Of the total internal bondholders, conversion applica-

DEBT.

The total of the Public Debt for Common-

total internal bondholders, conversion applicatotal interim nonunders, conversion applica-tions totalled £510,000,000, while in the absence of notification of dissent, £31,000,000 was auto-matically converted. Dissents amounted to only £16,000,000, or less than 3 per cent. The conversion plan involved an interest reduction

of az'z per cent.

Conversion operations in London in 1933 have resulted in an annual saving to the States of £835,000 in interest and £210,000 on Exchange.

Banking .- For the quarter ended June 30, 1933, the Australian habilities of the Banks of Issue throughout the Commonwealth amounted issue throughout the commonweath amounted to £348,793,399, and the Australian assets to £43,659,995. On June 30. 1933, the amount of deposits in the Savings Banks totalled £501,722,000, approximately £30 ros. pet head of population. The Trading and Savings Banks have reduced their interest rates for deposits. and advances in accordance with the "Premiers'

#### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY. The estimated values of products :--

Agricul ural ... £70,500,000
Pastoral ..... 69,499,000 1931-32. £74,489,000 Pastoral ..... Dairying, &c .... 43,067,000 8,313,000 41,478,000 Forests and Fisheries 7,703,000 13,352,000 Mining... . ...... 15,400,000 Manufacturing ...... 112,066,000 100,450,000

Agriculture on I Live Stock -The total land area is estimated at x,903,732,240 acres, of which 2x,166,900 were under crop in x932-32.

£319,745,000 £305,018,000

Crop. Produce. Wheat (b) ..... 14,741,313 Oats ..... r,085,489 190,612,188 15,194 68o Barley... ...... 342,395 6,290,672 Maize ..... 7,062,383 Hay ..... 2,634,680 Tons 3,167,459 Sugar Cane ..... 325,737 (b) 2932 33, 15,746,853 acres, 222,598,250 bushels,

Live Stock.	Imports	1	1
1930. 1931.	(£ sterling, ooo omitted)	1930 J1.	1031-(2.
Sheep (a)110,508,270 110,618,893			
Sijerij (it)110,500,270 110,010,003	Fish Preserved in Tims	501	443
Cattle 11,720,916 12,260,955	Tea	2,246	443 1,366
Horses 1,792,734 1,775,550	Tobacco, ('igai's and ('igai ettes'	1,566	614
Pigs 1,071,679 1,167,84	Whisky	446	166
(a) Estimated number of sheep as at Dec 31, 1 32	Fibres		363
112,000,000	Soules and Stool or or	4×4	
In 1931-32 Australia produced 1,006,630,847 lb.	Socks and Stockings	67	34
of wool (as in the grease), against 912,141,253 lb	Trimmings and Ornaments	455	328
of with (as in the greater), against 912,141,253 in	Prece Goods :		_
in 1930-31; 390,654,070 lb. of butter: 31,422,97;	Canvas and Duck	<b>286</b>	252
lb. of cheese, and 71,121,740 lb. of bacon and hams	Cotton and Linear		
Mines and Minerals In 1931 the value of gold	Cotton and Idnen	3.983	4.068
produced was Coarforers allver and lead	Silk, or containing Silk	3,014	2,466
£1,443,897, copper, £567,558; tin, £216,205; coal, £6,103,735; value of all minerals produced in 1931. £23,352,356. The production of gold in 1932 was valued at £5,221,802 (Australian	Woollen, or containing Wool i	176	49
上1,443,897, copper, 大507,550, bill, 大210,205,	Carpets and Carpeting!	468	308
coal, £6.103,735; value of all influerals pro-	Floorcloths and Linoleums	218	
duced in 1931, £13,352,316. The production of	Dem and Co. lea		134
gold in ross was valued at frary 80s (Australian	Bags and Sacks	2,754	1,931
general 1932 went terriber to 235,222,000 (11 terriber	Yarns-Wool, Silk, &c	993	1,086
currency)	Petroleum Spirit, Benzine, &c.	4,054	2,622
Manutactures.—In 1931-32 there were in Aus-	Kerosene	708	
tralia 21,657 industrial establishments, employ-	I mba and toom (M)		435
ing 336,558 hands; wages paid amounted to £55,931,818; value of plant and machinery, £121,529,377; of lands and buildings, £06,590,324, of malerials used. £161,199,245; value added by	Lubricating Oil	738	535
Cer on 2.8. value of plant and machiners	Electrical Machinery and		
7,55,951,010, varie or plant and martillely,	Appliances	2,842	1,201
大121,529,377; or lands and building 4, £100,590,324,	Motive Power Machinery (esc	-,	,
of materials used. £161,199,245; value added by	Elastra)		
manufacture, £110,981,830; and total value of	Electric)	1,011	<b>2</b> 99
final output, £281,645,785.	Tools of Tiade Motor Car Bodies	413	304
Talan Charles In see those was a ward	Motor Car Bodies	14	7
Labour Statistic In 1932 there were 361 Trade	Classis for Motor Cars	846	429
Unions, with 740 443 members, of whom 110,14;	Iron and Steel :-	-40	7-7
Unions, with 740 443 members, of whom zzo, z43 were women. The estimated total number of	Distanced allows		
employed persons 20 years of age and over in 1932	Plate and Sheet	x,339	1,034
chipity en petanta and con one familiar. The	Pipes and l'ubes	462	272
was 1,330,000 males and 317,250 females. The	Rubber and its Manufactures	683	бii
unmber of unemployed members of trade umons	Timber, Undressed Logs, &c	811	720
averaged 29 o per cent. Employers' Associations	Glass and Classware	280	749
(1931) number 547, with membership of 132,428			177
Retail Price Index No for food, gioceries and	Paper, Printing	1,651	1,662
weet ( and a soome) (6 (united (titue) sees (hove	Stationery, Books, &c	1,806	1,199
rent (4 and 5 100ms) (6 Capital Cities) 1932 (base	Drugs, Chemicals, &c	2,339	2,220
1923-1927=1.000) 803; including food, groceries	Fertilizers	730	
and rent (4 and 5 100ms), clothing, fuel, light	Arms and Explosives	730	45×
and other imscellaneous household expenditure		408	350
La Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Ville Vil	Musical Instruments	67	26
(base 1923-1927 = 1,000) 830 Melbonine Whole	Gold, Specie, Bar, &c		
sale Pince Index 1932 (base 1911=1,000) 1,411.	Gold, Specie, Bar, de	374	654
sale Price Index 1932 (base 1911=1,000) 1,411.     Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australia.	All other articles	374	
sale Price Index 1932 (base 1911=1,000) 1,411. Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australia. 1022. hales (base 1911 = 1,000 = 518. 3d.) 1,639 =	All other articles	374	654 15,883
sale Price Index 1932 (1938) 1911=1,000) 1,411.   Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australia.   1932, males (1938) 1911 = 1,000 = 518. 3d.) 1,639 = 1848. Number of industrial disputes in 1922 was		374	654
sale Price Index 1932 (1938) 1911=1,000) 1,411.   Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australia.   1932, males (1938) 1911 = 1,000 = 518. 3d.) 1,639 = 1848. Number of industrial disputes in 1922 was	All other articles	374	654 15,883
sale Price Index 1932 (1938) 1911=1,000) 1,411.   Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australia.   1932, males (1938) 1911 = 1,000 = 518. 3d.) 1,639 = 1848. Number of industrial disputes in 1922 was	All other articles	374	654 15,883
ale Pirce Index 1932 (base 1931=1,000) 1,411. Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australia. 1932, males (base 1931=1,000=518. 3d.) 1,639=848. Number of industrial disputes in 1932 was 127 involving 32,917 persons in a loss of 212,318 working days and £165,582 in wages	All other articles	374	654 15,883
ale Pirce Index 1932 (base 19x1=1,000) 1,411. Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australta. 1932, males (base 1911=1,000=518. 3d.) 1,639=848. Number of industrial disputes in 1932 was 127 involving 23,917 persons in a loss of 222,318 working days and £165,582 in wages	Total Imports	374 21,067 60,230	654 15,883 44,713
ale Pirce Index 1932 (base 19x1=1,000) 1,411. Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australta. 1932, males (base 1911=1,000=518. 3d.) 1,639=848. Number of industrial disputes in 1932 was 127 involving 23,917 persons in a loss of 222,318 working days and £165,582 in wages	Total Imports	374 21,067 60,230	654 15,883 44,713
ale Pirce Index 1932 (base 19x1=1,000) 1,411. Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australta. 1932, males (base 1911=1,000=518. 3d.) 1,639=848. Number of industrial disputes in 1932 was 127 involving 23,917 persons in a loss of 222,318 working days and £165,582 in wages	All other articles	374 21,067 60,230	654 15,883 44,713
ale Pirce Index 1932 (base 19x1=1,000) 1,411. Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australta. 1932, males (base 1911=1,000=518. 3d.) 1,639=848. Number of industrial disputes in 1932 was 127 involving 23,917 persons in a loss of 222,318 working days and £165,582 in wages	Total Imports  Exports  (£ Sterling 900 omitted)	374 21,067 60,230	654 15,883 44,713 12931 32(a)
ale Pirce Index 1932 (base 19x1=1,000) 1,411. Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australta. 1932, males (base 1911=1,000=518. 3d.) 1,639=848. Number of industrial disputes in 1932 was 127 involving 23,917 persons in a loss of 222,318 working days and £165,582 in wages	Total Imports  Farming 5000 omitted 1 1929-30  Butter	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31 (4)	654 15,883 44,723 1931 32(n) 9,813
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (Dase 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Total Imports	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31 (a) 8,120 5,753	654 15,883 44,713 12931 32(a)
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938) 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Import	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31 (a) 8,120 5,753	654 15,883 44,723 1931 32(n) 9,813 6,370
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938) 1931=1,0001 1,411.	Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Import	374 21,067 60,230 1630 31 (a) 8,120 5,753 611	654 15,883 44,723 1931 32(n) 9,813 6,370 642
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938) 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Total luports   Faports   Experts   Experts   Extering   2929-30	374 21,067 60,230 50,230 8,120 5,753 611 2,249	654 15,883 44,713 1931 32(a) 9,813 6,370 6,42 1,066
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (Dase 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Import	374 21,067 60,230 1930 31 (4) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588	554 15,883 44,713 44,713 1931 32(a) 19,813 6,370 642 1,966 2,086
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (Dase 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Import	374 21,067 60,230 1930 31(4) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744	9,813 6,370 642 1,966 1,986 1,986
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Import	374 21,067 60,230 1930 31(4) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744	9,813 6,370 642 1,966 1,986 1,986
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938 1931=7,000) 1,411.	Expents   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 60,230 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,514	9,813 6,370 642 1,966 2,086 19,823
Anle Pirce Index 1932 (1938) 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Exports   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,514 3,643	554 15,883 44,713 44,713 9,813 6,370 642 1,986 2,086 19,220 3,833 2,316
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Imports   Total Import	374 21,067 60,230 60,230 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 14,744 3,514 3,514 3,643 32,003	9,813 6,370 6,370 6,370 6,370 6,370 6,370 6,370 6,370 3,833 3,316 33,103
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938 1931=7,000) 1,411.	Total Imports   Total Imports	374 21,067 60,230 1930 3144 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,643 32,003 643	654 15,883 4417 ¹³ 9,813 6,370 6,26 1,966 2,086 19,280 3,833 3,316 33,103 831
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938) 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Expents   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31 (4) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,514 3,643 32,003 643 223	654 15,883 44,713 1931 32(ii) 9,813 6,372 6,472 1,966 29,280 3,633 8,316 32,103 831 34
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938 1931=7,000) 1,411.	Total Imports   Total Imports	374 21,067 60,230 60,230 8,120 5,753 6,120 1,588 14,744 3,514 3,643 32,003 643 223 2,419	654 15,883 44,723 44,723 1931 3a(n) 9,823 6,370 6,42 1,966 2,980 3,633 3,133 831 831 4,268
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938 1931=7,000) 1,411.	Experts   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31(4) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 14,744 3,514 3,514 3,643 32,003 643 223 24,749	654 15,883 44,713 1931 32(ii) 9,813 6,372 6,472 1,966 29,280 3,633 8,316 32,103 831 34
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Experts   1939-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31(4) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 14,744 3,514 3,514 3,643 32,003 643 223 24,749	654 15,883 44,713 1931 34(a) 9,813 6,372 6,472 1,966 19,220 3,8316 32,131 34 2,268 13,268
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (Dase 1911=1,000) 1,411.	Experts   1939-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31(4) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 14,744 3,514 3,514 3,643 32,003 643 223 24,749	554 15,883 44,723 44,723 9,813 6,370 6,42 1,086 29,280 3,833 3,316 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,103 32,10
Alle   Pirce   Index   1932 (  1938   1931 = 1,000)   1,411.	Experts   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,543 32,003 643 32,003 643 32,003 643 32,003 643 32,003 643 85 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81	654 15,883 44,713 1931 3a(a) 9,813 6,370 6,42 1,966 19,280 3,831 831 34 2,268 19,280 3,831 831 1,268 19,280 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938)   1931=1,000   1,411.	Expents   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31 (0) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,514 3,643 32,003 22,33 24,19 7,49 14,39 14,39 28,5 14,749 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 14,39 1	654 15,883 44,713 44,713 9,813 6,372 6,472 6,280 3,831 3,336 3,336 3,336 3,336 3,336 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536 3,536
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938)   1931=1,000   1,411.	Total Imports   Total Imports	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31(4) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 3,514 3,643 32,003 643 22,03 24,199 746 14,391 885 1,806	654 15,883 44,713 44,713 1931 34(4) 9,813 6,370 6,42 1,966 19,220 3,833 831 34 2,258 11,893 752 2,516 000
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938)   1931   27,000   1,411.	Experts   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31 (4) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,514 3,643 32,003 643 22,3 24,10 746 14,391 885 1,885	654 15,883 44,713 44,713 1931 34(4) 9,813 6,370 6,42 1,966 19,220 3,833 831 34 2,258 11,893 752 2,516 000
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938)   1931=1,000   1,411.	Experts   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31(4) 8,120 5,753 611 2,349 1,588 14,744 3,514 3,643 3,643 3,643 3,643 3,643 3,643 2,23 2,419 746 14,391 885 1,806 5,120 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806 1,806	654 15,883 44,713 44,713 9,813 6,372 1,966 19,220 3,831 34 2,286 19,220 3,831 34 2,515 21,893 752 2,516 909
Anle Pirce Index 1932 (1938)   1931=1,000   1,411.	Expents   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31 (0) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,514 3,643 32,003 643 223 24,19 746 14,391 885 1,204 1,391 885 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,2	654 15,883 44,713 44,713 1931 34(4) 9,813 6,370 6,42 1,966 19,220 3,833 831 34 2,258 11,893 752 2,516 000
Alle   Pirce   Index   1932   (1938   1931 = 1,000)   1,411.	Expents   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31 (0) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,514 3,643 32,003 643 223 24,19 746 14,391 885 1,204 1,391 885 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,2	654 15,883 44,713 44,713 9,813 6,370 6,370 6,42 1,986 2,086 10,280 3,833 831 34 2,266 23,270 38,216 38,216 38,216 38,216 38,216 38,216 9,813 9,813 813 813 813 813 813 813 813 813 813
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (1938 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Experts   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31 (0) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,514 3,643 32,003 643 223 24,19 746 14,391 885 1,204 1,391 885 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,2	654 15,883 44,713 44,713 9,813 6,372 1,966 19,220 3,831 34 2,286 19,220 3,831 34 2,515 21,893 752 2,516 909
Anie Price Index 1932 (1938 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Exports   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,543 3,543 3,543 3,643 3,643 3,643 3,643 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,	654 15,883 44,713 44,713 9,813 6,370 6,370 1,966 1,966 19,220 3,833 831 34 2,266 23,270 3,833 831 1,852 1,852 1,952 9,997 107,967
Anie Price Index 1932 (1938 1931=1,000) 1,411.	Exports   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31 (0) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,514 3,643 32,003 2,419 746 14,391 885 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,2	654 15,883 44,723 44,723 9,813 6,370 642 1,966 1,966 2,086 19,280 3,833 8,316 32,103 8,316 32,103 8,316 32,103 8,316 9,909 9,909 8,909 9,909
Anie Price Index 1932 (1938)   1931=1,000   1,411.	Exports   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,543 3,543 3,543 3,643 3,643 3,643 3,643 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,	654 15,883 44,723 44,723 9,813 6,370 642 1,966 1,966 2,086 19,280 3,833 8,316 32,103 8,316 32,103 8,316 32,103 8,316 9,909 9,909 8,909 9,909
Alle Pirce Index 1932 (Dase 1911=1,000) 1,411.	Exports   1929-30	374 21,067 60,230 1030 31 (0) 8,120 5,753 611 2,249 1,588 14,744 3,514 3,643 32,003 2,419 746 14,391 885 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,244 1,2	654 15,883 44,723 44,723 9,813 6,370 642 1,966 1,966 2,086 19,280 3,833 8,316 32,103 8,316 32,103 8,316 32,103 8,316 9,909 9,909 8,909 9,909

#### COMMUNICATIONS.

Railways .- Total length of Government (and private) railways open for general traffic at June 30, 1932, private lines being included in the totals and shown in parentheses:—

	Miles open.	
New South Wales	6,200	(83)
Victoria	. 4,746	(25)
Queensland	6,821	(a63)
South Australia	3,949	(5x)
Western Australia	4,966	(277)
Tasmania	786	(277) (141)
Federal Capital Territory		
Northern Territory	· 317	_
Total	27.799	(240)

The gross earnings of all Government lines in 1931-32 were £37,579,965, working expenses £28,147,984, and not earnings £9,437,981, being at the rate of 2s. xxd. per train nule, and representing a return on the total cost (£323,365,450) of a'92 per cent., as against a'12 per cent. in or a 92 per cent, as against a 22 per cent. In 293-32 passenger fourneys numbered 322,713,771 and 26,071.472 tons of goods and live stock were carried, the train miles run heing 63,81,701. The electrification of the Sydney suburban system is almost completed.

Trammays.—There are 602 miles of tramways in Australia, 554 miles of which are of electric, 22 of steam, 24 of cable, and 2 of horse traction. Extensive conversions to electrical traction have been made and more are in progress. The several Governments control 380 miles; municipal authorities, 186 miles; and the remaining 36 miles are operated by private companies and individuals. The total capital cost of trainways at June 30, 1932, was £5,58,580. The revenue of electric trainways for the year 1931-32 was £5,75,578, working expenses £5,254,588, and net revenue £1,521,990, or 4'934 per car mile. 74,039,682 car miles were run and 588,633,938 passenger journeys recorded. in Australia, 554 miles of which are of electric,

Shipping .- The entrances and clearances of vessels engaged in oversea trade at the various Australian ports in 1931-32 were: entered, 1,519 (5,686,898 tons); cleared, 1,538 (5,708,886 tons) of the vessels entered, 9,40 f 3,731,89x tons were under the Buttish flag and 545 of 1,955,007 tons under foreign flags.

The total including local shipping entering The total including local shipping entering the ports of the capital cities during 1931-32 was: Sydney 5,840 vessels of 8,227,956 tons, Melbourne 2,817 (6.03,072), Brisbane 1,121 (3,453,860), Adelalde 2,859 (3,957,915), Fremantie 859 (3,310,750), and Hobart 549 (817,171). At December 31, 1932, there were 2,243 vessels of a total net tonings of 332,838 on the shipping registers of the several States.

Posts and Telegraphs.—In year ended June 30, Posts and Tetegraphs.—In year energy states year, 1923, there were 8,000 post offices; there were 9,200 post offices; there were 9,200 post offices; there were 9,200 post offices; there were 19,200 post offices; there were 19,200 post offices; there were 19,200 post offices; there were 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 post offices; the 19,200 po grams. A ream writess scatton, giving a service to and from Great Britain, was opened for traffic in April, 1929. At the end of year 1931-32, 484,626 Telephones were connected with 6,059 telephone exchanges; approximately 368,828,656 "local" and 22,928.08; "trunk line" calls were reconded for the year. 369,072 wireless broadcasting listeners' heences were issued in 1931-32

Motor Vehicles.—At June 30, 1932, there were 587,920 motor vehicles registered in the several States. These comprised 420,970 cars, 72,596 motor cycles, and 96,234 commercial vehicles revenue derived from motor registration fees and motor tax, &c., in 1931-32 was £4,022,882. Motor omnibus services are extensively operating in urban areas.

Civil Aviation.—189 aeroplanes of various types were registered with the Department of Civil Aviation at June 30, 1932. During the year 96,192 flights of a total duration of 31,959 hours were passengers carried. 29,494 lbs. of mail were carried by aerial mail contractors. Three subsaidized companies are now operating machines over approved routes (5,324 air miles), while several unsubsidized companies also are operating commercial services over additional

CAPITAL .- CANBERRA, in the Federal Capital Territory, transferred to the Commonwealth by N.S.W. on Jan. z. zgzz, has been laid out as the capital of the Commonwealth. At June 30, 1933, the population of the Federal Capital Territory amounted to 8,946, of which 7,325 were living in Canberra.

#### THE NORTHERN TERRITORY.

The Northern Territory has a total area of 523,620 square miles, and lies between x29°-138° 523,620 square miles, and lies between rz9°-138° East longitude as far as 26° South latitude. The administration was taken over by the Commonwealth on January 1, 1911, from the government of the State of South Australia, and the divisions into territories, known respectively as North Australia and Central Australia, were abolished in 1931—a reversion to the position as it existed prior to such divisions on February 1, 1927. The headquarters of the Administrator are at Darwin in the far north, a Deputy Administrator are at Darwin in the far north, a Deputy Administrator being stationed at Alice Springs in the south, to exercise all the powers and functions of the Administrator in that portion of the Territory situated south of so S. lat., except the power to fix the commencement of Ordinances, and to make regulations under Ordinances in force in the Northern Territory. As the administrative system obtaining from February x, 1927, to June 12, 1931, has thus been continued, the residents of that part of the Territory south of 20° S. lat are no less favourably placed than hitherto. The population of the Northern Territory as at June 30, 1931, was 4,193 (exclusive of full-blooded abovetime). aboriginals).

Agricultural development is increasing both in the number of individual landholders and the acreage under crop. The success of peanut growing during the last two years is mainly responsible for the improvement, and it is responsible for the improvement, and a labelleved to presage a definite era of agricultural progress in the Territory. This applies to the land situated north of so S. lat. Agriculture is ising studied north of so. N. int. Agriculture is practically negligible in that part south of so. S. lat. Agricultural leases are granted in perpetuity at nominal rentals, which are subject to re-appraisement every zz years. They may be converted to freehold at any time after company to the state of least of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the south of the so mencement of lease, subject to easy and liberal conditions. Most tropical products can be grown, and the potentialities for pig raising and bacon curing are excellent. The staple industry is pastoral : cattle raising north of aco S lat. and

cattle, horse, and sheep raising south of 20° S. lat. Until railways are constructed, however, little, if any, improvement is expected in the pastoral industry in that part north of 20°S. lat.. owing to the distance between the eastern and southern Australian markets. The position southern Australian markets. The position south of 20°S, lat. is mo e hopeful, as a result of the extension of the railway from the Adelaide (South Australia) market to Alice Springs. whole of the Territory is capable, under proper conditions, of carrying successfully and profitably a great expansion of the beef cattle industry. There are vast areas of magnificent country which could be so utilised. From the Queensland border to the Western Australian border, a distance of over 600 miles, there are many thousands of square miles of country splendidly grassed and growin redible shrubs. The chief rivers are Victoria, Adelaide, Daly, Roper, Liverpool, Goyder, McArthur, and the Robinson. The first five are navigable, from 40 to 100 miles from their entrance, for boats drawing 4 feet. Pearl fishing is carried on round the coast, the shell being of good quality. There are considerable mineral resources, gold, silver, lead, tin and mica being indicated, and when communications are opened up the industry will become important. railway extends from Darwin to Birdinn in the N. (315 miles), and Alice Springs is now connected by rail with Adelaide.

Darwin occupies an elevated site 86 feet above high-water mark, overlooking Port Darwin, Alice Springs is situated in the MacDonnell Ranges, and boasts a splendid climate.

Administrator of Northern Territory (Darwin) Col. R. H. Weddell ... ... £1,200
Deputy Administrator (Alice Springs),
V. G. Carrington ... ... 600
Chief Clerk and Accountant, L. H. A. Gils 770
Judge Surrene Court (vacant) ... ... 1,000

#### PAPUA.

The Territory of Papina, which was placed under the anthority of the Commonwealth of Australia in 1905, comprises a part of the New Guinea mainland situated between the meridians of 124° and 150° 50°. E longitude, and between the 5th and 124th parallels of South latitude, also the Trobrand Group of 1-lands, Woodlark, the d'Entrecasteaux Group the Lonisiandes, the Conflict Group and the Langhlan Group. The total area of Papina is 90,550 sq. nules, of which 87,786 are on the mainland. There is an Executive Connect of nine members who, with five non-official members, form the Legislative Council. The white population in 1932 was 1,128. The official estimate of the native population is 275,000. On Dec. 31, 1928, 59,752 actes were under crops (49, 205 coco-nuts, 8,796 rubber, 150 sisal hemp and 375 coffee). Owing to heavy rainfall Papina is well watered in most parts and possesses a large number of streams. The best known rivers are the Fly (550 miles long and navigable system lannch for 500 miles) and the Purari. The climate is favourable to the cultivation of trouteal products.

£130,115	£127,043
128,682	128,421
226,843	218,301
179,634	248,712
	128,682 226,843

LieutGovernor and Judge, Sir Hubert	
Mnrray, K.C.M.G	£. z.800
Official Secretary, H. I., Murray	804
Government Secretary and Commissioner	
for Lands, H. W. Champion	900
Judge, R. T. Gore	I,200
Treasurer, E. C. Harris	828
Chief Med. Officer, W. M. Strong, M D	I,000
Commr. for Nature Affairs, J. T. O'Malley	804
Director of Public Works, Mines and Agra-	•
culture, A. P. Lyons	804
CAPITAL, Port Moreshy.	
Port Moresby is distant from Sydney, N.	S. W.,
. Soo miles . transit from Sydney . to 6 da	170

## miles; transit from Sydney 5 to 6 days.

#### TERRITORY OF NEW GUINEA.

The part of "German New Guinea" over which Australia was given a mandate is stantach in latitude between the Equator and \$28., and in longitude between tax? E and 156° E. It consists of the N E. porton of New Guinea to rat? E. (70,000 84, miles), Bismarck Archipelago including New Britam, New Irchind, and islands adjacent to both (19,200 84 miles), and the two northernmost Solomon Islands (4,100 84, miles) (Bonganwille and Buka). The principal river in N E. New Ginnea is the Sopik, which is navigable for 250 miles.

The climate is hot and moist along the coast, with a steady drop as the higher allitudes are teached. It is similable to the growth of all tropical products. In 1932 there were 212,000 acres under crops (2000-1018, 204,100). The white population in 1932 was 2,005, and the Asiatic 18 judation 1,457 (estimated); the native population in 1932 was 330,000 (enimerated) inclinding 25,000 working under indentures, (Natives living in areas not under complete dovernment influence are not included in the above total, as no reliable estimate can be made.)

Seat of Administration, Rabaul.

	32-32.
	6,078
	32,405
There is a second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second	79,397
	8,619
Administrator, Brig Gen. Thomas Grif-	.0,029
filths, CMG, CBF, DSO (acting) £	x,500
Chief Justice, D. S. Wanhas, C.M.G., V.D	X,200
Judge, F. B. Phillips	1,100
Government Sec , H. H. Page, D S O, M C.	QCO
Treasurer, H O. Townsend, o B K	500
Commiss. of Nature Affairs, H. C Cardew	876
Du. of Public Health, Dr.E T. Brennan,	670
D.S O., M C , M B., B S	1,200
Director of Agriculture, G. H. Murray	3,148
Chief Collector of Customa, E. F. Phibbs	804
Crown Law Officer, G. G. Hogan	
	900
Anthropologist, E.W. P. Chinnery, F.R.G.S.	852

#### NORFOLK ISLAND.

This island is about 930 miles from Sydney and 400 miles from New Zealand. It is about five miles in length by three in breadth, and was discovered by Capt. Cook in 1774. Its area is 8,528 acres and circumference 20 miles. The climate is mild, with a mean temperature of 650 and an annual rainfall of 55 inches. The descendants of the mutineers of the Bounty were brought here from Pitcairn Island in 1856. The population in July, 1933, was 1,231.

Administrator, Captain Charles Robert Pinney, M.C.

President Executive Council, C. C. R. Nobbs.

#### AN PARCTICA.

An Order in Council dated February 7, 1933, assigns certain territories in the Authorite to the Commonwealth of Australia

The order begins by stating that "that part of the territory in the Antarctic Sens which comprises all the islands and territories other than Adelic Land, situated south of the coth degree of South Latitude and lying between the 160th degree of East Longitude, and the 45th degree of East Longitude is territory over which

territory should be placed under the authority | to New Zealand.

of the Commonwealth of Australia," and it is ordered accordingly. The Order came into force by the passing of Act No. 8 of 1933 (Commonwealth of Australia) the Territory being accepted by the name of the Australian Antarctic Territory.

The exception of Adélie Land from the Order in Council is due to French claims based on rights of discovery.

Other parts of Antarctica are also British One area is administered by the Falkland Islands and another by New Z. aland. The territory His Majesty has sove eigh rights." and another by Now Z aland. The territory "It is expedient," it is added, "that the said administered by Anstralia adjoins that belonging

#### States of the Commonwealth.

#### I, -NEW SOUTH WALES.

The State of New South Wales is situated almost enducty between the 29th and 37th parallels of S lat and 241st and 154th meridians of E. long, and comprises an area of 310,372 square unles (inclusive of 940 square unles of Federal Territory)-re, more than five times that of England and Whies, and over three times the size of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Population, according to the preliminary count of the census taken June 30, 1933, was. Males, 1,318,678, Females 1,281,750 Total, 2,600,428.

## Births, Deaths, and Marriages.

Year	Buths	Deaths	Marriages
1925	53 126	22,183	19,219
1927	53,859	22,770	20,052
1928	54,800	22,654	20,076
1929	52,672	24,615	19,535
1930	52,136	21,273	17,383
1931	47,724	21,234	15.377
1932	44.905	21,357	17,362

Vital Statistics Vinnial rate per x 000 of population in x032 - Briths, x7 74. Deaths, 8 44; Marriages 6'86 Deaths under a year per x,000 buths, 41 1.

#### Religions.

All religious are free. There is no State Church. About three-tourths of the people are Protestants, the members of the Church of England in New South Wales, according to the Census of 1921, number 1,027,410; Roman Catholic 502,825. Presbyterum 229,932, Methodist 281,977, Congregational (Independent) 22,235. Baptist 24,722, Salvation Army 9 490, and Hebrew 10,150

#### Physiography.

The Eastern or coastal district is traversed by the Great Dividing Range, the various portions of the Range in N.S.W. being (from N. to S.) Macpherson, New England, Liverpool, Main or Bline Mountain, Cullarin, Goirock, Monato and Minnong Ranges- the highest points being Mount Koschisko, 7,328 feet, and Townse id, 7,365 feet. The eastern or coastal district is watered by the Tweed, Richmond, Clarence, Bellacor, Namhures, Markey, Hestinger Constitution linger, Nambucca, Macleay, Hastings, Camden Haven, Manning, Wollomba, Hunter, Hawkesbury, George, Shoalhaven, Clyde, Mornya, Tuross, Bega, Townpiba, and Snowy Rivers. The western por-

tion of the country is not so well watered, but immense reservoirs have been constructed for irrigation purposes, and there are many artesian bores The Darling, 1,609 miles, and the Min-rumbidgee, 981 miles, are both tributaries of the Muray, which has a total length of 1,600 miles, x,203 miles forming part of the boundary between the States of New South Wales and Victoria. Other inland rivers are Luchlan, Bogan, Macquaire, Castlereugh, Namor and Gwydn.

Climate -- New South Wales is situated entirely in the Temperate Zone. The climate is equable and very healthy. At the capital (Sydney) the average mean shade temperature is 63.2 the average mean shade temperature is 63° as' The mean temperature in the shade for the north coast is 66° to 69°, south coast 60° to 63°, northern tableland 50° to 60°, southern tableland 44° to 57°, north-western slopes, the mean animal temperature ranges from 62° to 68°; in the Central-western slopes 58° to 64°, south-western slopes 58° to 64°, south-western slopes 59° to 63°, and in the Western Planis and Rivering Division from 62° to 69°. The Sensons are as follows. Sterned diving Southenber Oxfolia are as follows Spring during September, October and November, Summer during December, January, and February, Antoniu during March, April, and May, Winter during Jime, July, and August.

#### GOVERNMENT.

GOVERNMENT.

New South Wales was first colonised as a British possession in 1788, and after progressive settlement a partly elective legislithine was established in 1783. In 1855 "Responsible Government" was granted, the present Constitution being founded on the Consolidating Act of 1792 New South Wales federated with the other States of Austinia in 1791. The eventive authority of the State is vested in a Consensor cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined by the European Cannotined Business Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotined Cannotine Governor (appointed by the King), assisted by a Conneil of Ministers.

GOVERNOR.

Governor of New South Wales, His Ex-cellency Air Vice-Marshal Sir Philip Woolcott Game, G B E., K.C.B., P.S.O., horn 1876 (1930) ...... £5,000

Official Secretary, H. S. C. Budge, C.M.G. Private Secretary, Brig.-Genl. A. T. Anderson, c.M G

Lieutenant-Gorervor, His Excellency the Hon. Sir Philip Whistler Street, K.C.M.G., born 1863.

> EXECUTIVE COUNCIL H.E. the Governor presides: The Ministry

On May 13, 1932, the Commission of the

Premier and Colonial Treasurer, the Hon. J. T. | President of the Legislative Council, Pro-Lang, was withdrawn by the Governor, and the Hon. B. S. B. Stevens was commissioned to form a Munsty. The Legislative Assembly was dissolved on May 18. A general election was held on June 11, 1932, and a Calmet was formed on June 18, 1932. The Cabmet in office in September, 1933 was :

Premier and Colonial Treasurer, B. S. B.

Stevens, M.L A.

Deputy Premier and Minister for Transport, Col. M. F. Bruxner, D.S.O., M.L.A. Secretary for Public Works and Minister for Health, R. W. D. Weaver, M. L.A. Attorney-General and Vice-President of the

Executive Connet, H. E. Manning, K. C., M. C. Secretary for Lands, E. A. Buttenshaw, M. L. Secretary for Lands, E. A. Chattey, M. L. Minister for Education, D. H. Drummond, M. L. A. Minister for Education, D. H. Drummond, M. L. A. Minister for Labour and Industry, J. M. Dunningham, M.L.A.

Minister for A priculture, H. Main, N L A Asst. Minister in the Legislative Council, J

Ryan, M L C.

Secretary for Mines and Minister for Forests.

R S. Vincent, V.L A.

Minister of Justice, L O. Martin, M L A

Assistant Treasurer and Minister for Local Gorernment, E. S. Spooner, M.L.A Assistant Colonial Secretary, H. M. Hawkins,

Honorary Memster, H. P. Fitzsmons, M.L A. Allowances, amounting in the aggregate to £16,724 per annum, are payable to members of the Munstry.

N.S.W. GOVERNMENT OFFICES IN LONDON, Wellington House, Wellington St. and Aldwych,

123 Stiand, W.C. z. Representative in London of the N.S.W Government, J. W. Ferguson, I.S.O., J.P.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Parliament consists of two Houses, the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly Members of the Legislative Council (118 in September, 1933) were appointed by the Crown for life. As a result of a referendum carried in May, 1933, the Legislative Council is to be re-constituted. The new House will consist of 60 members, elected jointly by both houses of Parhament Membership will be for 12 years, 15 members retiring in rotation trienmally. The initial Council will comprise form groups of 15 members elected for three, six nine and twelve years respectively. Members are not cutitled to temm nenation, but travel free on the State railways and tramways. The Legislative Assembly consists of 90 members. Each member of the Legislative Assembly receives £670 per annum, and members travel free over the Government iallways and tramways in the State, and are provided with official stamped envelopes for the free transmission of correspondence through the post. The Women's Legal Status Act, 1918, removed disqualification regarding the election of women to be members of the Legislative Assembly. Natural-born or naturalised persons zr years of age, who have resided 6 months in the Commonwealth, 3 months in the State and one month in the electoral district, are entitled to the franchise. At the State General Elections 725,969 female electors, making a total of 1,465,008 enrolled and qualified to vote; of these 1,367,087, or 96'39 per cent. of electors in contested districts, voted.

fessor Hon, Sir J. B. Peden, k.C M G., ы. в., к с. .... .. ...... £898 Chairman of Committees, Legislative Conned, Hon. B B. O'Conor, LL.B. 544 Clerk of the Parluments, C. H. H. Calvert ..... 692 Speaker, Legislative Assembly, Hon. Sir Damel Levy, LLB
Charman of Committees, Legis'ative
Assembly, W. W. Hedges.....
Clerk of Assembly, W. R. McComt... 1.217 83¢ 950 Librarian, J. J. Quinn ....... Prencipal Shorthand Writer, E. W. Hine 693 73ª See, Standing Committee on Public Works, Arthur Hurley ..... Leader of Opposition, Hon J. T. lang **60**c (in addition to allowance as M.P.) ... . ... 176 THE JUDICATURE.

The judicial system includes a Supreme Court (with a Chief Justice and eight Phisne Judges), Land and Valuation Court, Industrial Commis sion, District Courts, Workers Compensation Commission, Courts of Quarter Sessions, Petty Sessions and Children's Courts and Fair Rents Courts. Tird by jury has been in force since 1824.

Supreme Court.

Chuf Justice, Hon. Sir J. M. Harvey £2,512 108. Pulsne Judges, Hon. A. G. F. James; Hon. R. H. Long Times, Hon. C. G. W. Davidson; Hon P. Halse Rogers, Hon

E. Milner Stephen; Hon K. W Street; Hon F S, Boyce . .. each £1,905 Hon F S, Boyce ..... ... each President Industrial Commission of New

South Wales, His Honour Mr Justice 1,905

Browne Members, His Honour Mr. Justice Webb, £1,905. His Honour Mr. Justice Cautor Land and Valuation Court Judge, His 1,905

Honom Mr Justice Herbert Pike ...... 1,905 Judge in Dirover and Matrimonial Causes, Hon F S, Boyce ... . . 1,905

Judge in Bankruptcy, Hon. R. H. Long Innes ...... I.CO5

District Courts,

His Honour Judge White, His Honour Judge Barton, His Honour Judge Clancy, His Honour Judge Edwards, His Honour Judge Coyle, His Honour Judge Thomson, His Honour Judge Curlewis, and His Honour Judge .....each £1,163

Che several District Coint Judges are also Charmen of the Coints of the Quarter Sessions and Judges of the Court of Review within their respective districts, and Judges of the Court of Marine Inquiry )

Crown Solicitor, John Ernest Clark ....... Workers' Compensation Commission Chair. man, His Honom Judge Perdriau ..... 1,163

EDUCATION

Education.—Education is compulsory between the ages of 7 and 14 years. It is non-secturan and free at all State schools. The total enrolment in 1932 in 3,344 State schools was 384,775, and the average daily attendance 322,859 In addition to the State schools there were in 1932, 746 private colleges and schools, with 94,033 scholars, exclusive of many business and shorthand schools. The University of Sydney, with which 6 colleges are affiliated, including two Women's Colleges, was incorporated in 1850, and had 3.cgr students (2.276 male and 825 female) in 1932. The State expenditure on Education was £4.268,990 in the year ended June 1932. The individual students at State Technical classes numbered 15,549 in 1932, and many attended at the State Agricultural College and Farms.

The receipts and expenditure of the principal revenue accounts of the State are shown below. Particulars of the business undertakings are shown under "Other," their accounts having heen separated from the Consolidated Revenue Account as from July z, zga8.

A sum of £800,000 contributed from Consolidated Revenue towards losses on developmental railways is duplicated in the figures for roas-ao, and later years being included as receipts and expenditure in both groups "Governmental" and "Other."

In terms of a financial agreement between the Commonwealth and the States, the Commonwealth took over the debts of New South Wales and the other States on July 1, 1929, and assumed the liabilities of the States to bondholders. A national debt suking fund was established and the Australian Loan Council of representatives of the Commonwealth and the States was constitated to manage the debts and supervise public borrowing. The Commonwealth contributes a certain sam each year towards interest and sinking fund charges. In the latter part of the year 1931 the debts held in Australia were converted under the National Debt Conversion Loan into securities bearing interest at a reduction of 22/2 per cent.
Of the loan liability of New South Wales to

Commonwealth at June 30, 1932, an amount of £164,977 5c9 was repayable in London, the annual interest being £7,837,568 at part, and £13,658,137 was repayable in New York, interest £650,943 at par. The interest payable in London has been reduced by loans converted in 1931-33. The balance, £127,945,951, was held in Australia, with an annual interest bill of £5,074,955.

Bankini, &c —There were (June 30, 1933) 13 banks, with total assets within New South Wales £157.730,862, including advances, &c., and Government securities £130,356,077; coin. Government securities £139,356,977; com, bullion, Australian Government Notes and cash bullon, Australian Government Notes and eash with Commonwealth Bank, £13,033,255, and liabilities, £12,2394,795, including deposits, £124,175,036. The savings bank deposits on June 30, 1933, uncontred to £72,307,685. The amount assured in New South Wales in Life Assurance Societies in 1932 was £126,471,539 Ordinary, and £26,58,678 Industrial. The membership of Friendly Societies

was \$25,331, and the funds at June 30, 1932, were £4,135,635. Members of Trade Unions numbered spa,649, the funds of 199 Unions at Dec. 31, 1931, being £359,250.

Co-operative Societies. - There registered societies in existence at June 30, 1932. During the year ending on that date the sales of roz rural societies amounted to £x2,636,524, and the sales of 46 trading societies amounted to £2,055,464. Building Societies advanced to £2,055,464. Bui £358,200 to members

Shipping.—Excluding coastal trade, 2,420 vessels entered ports of N.S.W. during the year ended June 30, 1932. For the year ended June 30, 1932, the shipping entries at Sydney, including State coastal, were 6,315 vessels of 9,360,326 net tomage. The dock accommodation at Sydney includes four large graving docks, free floating docks, against a sydney includes four large graving docks, free floating docks, against a sydney includes four large graving docks, free floating docks against a sydney and several states. floating docks, and seven patent slips. Newcastle there are a floating dock and five

patent slips.

Motor Vehicles —At June 30, 2933, there were 147,647 registrations of motor-cars in force, and

66,213 of other motor vehicles

Railways -The railways and tramways of New South Wales, with the exception of a few short lines, representing about 123 niles are controlled by the State. At June 30, 1938, the nileage of the State railways open for traffic was 6,125, the capital cost amounted to £139,657,319, and the net earnings for the year 1932-33 to £3,392 920.7 There were also 193 miles of State trainways, the capital cost being £8,336,200, and the net earnings during the year 1932-33 £485,679.7

Roads and Bridges,-A Main Roads Board, of two engineers with special knowledge of road construction and a president, was constituted in 1924. The Board was abolished on March 22, 1932, and its functions were transferred to a Board of Commissioners appointed to control the land transport services of the State, Municipal councils are assisted in the construction and maintenance of the main high-ways with the object of developing vacant lands, feeding the railways, and giving minary producers access to markets and providing better facilities for motor traffic. There are 118,775 miles of roads in New South Wales. The total expenditure by the Government on roads, bridges, etc., other than on Sydney Harbour Bridge, in 1931-32 was £1,696,272 (including loan moneys expended by Main Roads Board). The construction of an arch bridge over Sydney Harbour was completed and the bridge opened for traffic in March, 1932. This bridge carries a roadway 57 ft. wide, two footways each 10 ft.

2 Preliminary for year 1932-33.

Year	Govern	nental. Other t		Governmental.		Funded Public
June 30	Revenue	Expenditure	Revenue,	Expenditure.	Debt.	
1939 1931 1932 1933	£, 20,703.040 19,750.801 17,444,514 14,866,993 18,195,000	£ 20,110,771 21,130,054 20,318,773 22,920,392 21,618,000	£, 26,336,6x3 25,746,442 25,156,75x 27,183,590 30,242,000	£ 28,854,842 28,426,199 30,971,643 33.358,037 30,947,000	£ 256,791,944 259,589 967 275,697,529 275,504,521	

O Not vet available.
† Government railways and transways, Sofney Harbour Trust, Hunter District Water and Sewerage Works, Unemployed Relief Fund and Family Endowment Fund.
† Αρμνονιμαίε, subject to revision

wide, and four lines of railway, of which two are being used as tramways. At mean high water there is a headway of xys½ feet. At June 30, xo23, the Government expenditure in connection with the bridge amounted to £10,c57,x70. Of this sum £1,39,027 had been expended on resumptions and £2,055,420 on approaches. The cost of the bridge is being defrayed partly by a levy of ½d. in the £ on the unimproved capital value of properties in adjacent local areas, and partly by charges and tolls in respect of traffic across the b. Idge. tolls in respect of traffic across the b. idge.

Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones.—The postal, telegraphic, and telephonic services are administered by the Commonwealth Government. At June 30, 1923, there were s.488 post offices in New South Wales. The postal matter carried during 1931 as included 294,125,373 letters, postcards, books, packets and parcels, 64,875,300 newspapers. During the year ended June 30, 1933, 5.190.053 telegrams and cablegrams were transmitted, exclusive of telegrams from other States of the Commonwealth of Australia. The telephone line connections unmbered 135,179.

#### TRADE.

The oversea imports into New Wales during 1932-33 were valued at Sits, 13,803,876 (estimated Australian currency value £Asp,814,355). Oversease exports were £As6,723,906 (estimated British currency value £Stg. 37,325,825). Chief exports (in Australian currency) were gold £13,344,888, wool currency) were gold £13,344,888, wood
£16,071,953, wheat and flour £6,329,640, butter
£1,813,383, meats £2,743,702 and hides and
skins £852,514

#### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture is one of the principal industries of New South Wales; 5,107,409 acres, excluding 1,505 acres double-cropped, were under cultivation during the year ended Mar. 31, 1932, preducing 54.966.000 bushels of wheat, 3,669.580 bushels of maize, 2,236.450 bushels of oats, 1,349.653 bushels of rice, besides other kinds of x,349,653 nusness of rice, besides other kinds of grain, with 33,709 tons of potatoes, 8xx,243 tons of hay and x3,336 cwt. of dried leaf tobacco. Sugar-cane to the extent of x79,x53 tons was crushed; and x,589,707 gallons of wine, 343,427 cases of baranas, and xx,659 cases of pineapples obtained; almost every kind of fruit and vegetable is grown. The total area under wheat in the vege x22-22 was x 20x x80 under wheat in the year 1932-33 was 3,995,187 acres, of which 3,682,945 acres were harvested acres, of which 3,002,045 acres were harvested for grain, and 202,324 acres for hay, and 30,008 acres were fed off. The production of wheat was 54,56,000 hushels of grain and 375,502 tons of hay. It is estimated that 77,000,000 bushels of wheat for grain were produced in 1932-33.

Land Alienation .- The total extent of land alienated and in process of ahenation from the Crown on June 30, 1932, was 67,901,875 acres, while the area of land held under lease, &c., from the Crown was 109,459,354 acres, and the balance, 20,675,271 acres, consisted of reserve and other lands neither alienated nor leased; the total area of the State, exclusive of Federal Capital area (Canberra), being 198,036,500 acres.

Live Stock.—The country is admirably adapted for sheep-farming, and several breeds of sheep are depastured, including the celebrated merino, which was introduced in 1797. On Mar. 31, 1932, there were 524,751 horses, 2,150,877 dairy cows, 1,842,709 other cattle, total cattle 2,993,586;

52,986,000 sheep, 385,846 swine, 24,176 goats, and 356 camela. In 1931-38, 593, 210, 000 lb. (atated as in the grease) of wool were produced, 183,847,196 lb. butter, 6,590,357 lb. cheese, and so.,468,250 lb. bacon and ham. The production of wool in 1932-33 was about 534,000,000 lb., and butter about 189,000,000 lb. During 1931-38 there were 125,451 persons permanently engaged in rural industries. dustries, 116,929 being males, and 8,522 females.

Values of Rural Industries.—The agricultural production was valued in 1931-32 at £14,547,000, dairying and farm-yard produce at £11,525,000,

and pastoral production at £19,48s,000, a total of £45,554,000.

£45,554,000.

£45,554,000.

£45,554,000.

£45,558,000.

£45,578,000.

£45,578,000.

£45,000.

£45,000.

£45,000.

£45,000.

£45,000.

£45,000.

Mining Industry.—The goldfields were opened in 1851. The principal minerals are coal, copper, silver. lead, zinc, tin, iron, opal and platinum. silver. lead, zinc, tin, iron, opal and platinum. The total value of numerals won during 1938 was £7,163,089, exclusive of Portland cement £320,715, lime £30,745, and coke £403,177, coal accounting for £4,376,453, silver, silver lead and ore £1,566,918, and gold £118,685. The value of the mining plant and machinery was £7,608,492. The mining industry gave employment to 17,721 persons during the year.

Factories.—In 1931-32 there were 7, 397 Inctories.
The average number of persons employed during the year was 196,325, of whom 90,667 were males and 35,688 females, the amount of £22,751.023 being paid in salaries and wages. Male workers, reciping pate in salaries and wages. Anie workers, exclusive of working proprietors, received on an average an amount of £226 zz. od. during the year and females £58 zz. od. The capital value of land, buildings and fixtures amounted to £46,452,838, and of plant and machinery £50,377,992. The full capacity of the machinery 25.50,377,993.
was 7,499,460 h.p., including steam, 994,728 h.p.; gas, 14,363 h.p.; electricity, 395,983 h.p.; water, 36,299 h.p.; oli, 58,777 h.p. The power actually used was, on the average, 764,688 h.p. The used was, on the average, 764,688 h.p. The value of output was £114,435,567; Imaterials used, £63,556,707, and fuel consumed (including motive power reuted), £4,229,525; the production, i.e., value added to raw materials, was £46,653,481. There are large iron and steel works at Newcastle, Lithgow and Port Kembla.

The total value of the production of the primary industries in 1931-32 was £53,796,000, making, with factory production, a total for all industries (as far as it is recorded) of £100,449,000, which is equal to £39 178. od. per head of population.

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

For purposes of Local Government, with the exception of an area of 125,400 sq. miles in the sparsely-populated western division, the State is divided into 126 municipalities and 138 shires, governed by councils which are elected triennially. The councils are empowered to levy rates on the value of land, to float loans, to acquire land and works, to construct and maintain streets, jettles, wharfs, &c., to make regulations regarding cattle slaughtering, main-tenance of public places, traffic, street and road lightling, public health and safety, manage-ment of pasks &c.

ment of parks, &c.

The basis of rating is mainly on the unimproved capital value of land, which in regr was £225,997,245 in municipalities, including the city of Sydney, and £262,739,570 in shires.

The total income of the nunicipal bodies was £12,840,296, and the expenditure on works and нет vices, &с., £12,449,770.

SYDNEY, the chief city and capital, stands on the shore of Port Jackson, with a water frontage of 188 miles; the depth of water at the Heads is not less than 80 feet, and at the wharves from 30 to 50 feet. There are extensive plants for loading ships, and for storing and loading grain m bulk; also for replenishing coal and oil bunkers. For 13 miles Sydney Harbour extends, ialand, the finest harbour in the world, and is surrounded by scenery of surpassing beauty. proximity to the business centre of the city. The total area of water in the port is 14,284 acres, or about 22 square miles, of which 3,000 acres have a depth of from 35 feet to 260 feet; the rise and fall of the tide is from three to 81x feet. The city extends four miles north and south by three miles east and west, and contains a population of 109,400 (Dec., 1931); or, including submrbs, a population of 1,256,230. In addition to the Government 1,250.230. In audition to the covernment buildings, there are the University and Colleges, National Art Gallery, miseums, botaine gardens, 2001, colleges and some large public horaries, observa-tory, conservatorium of missic, two cathedrals, numerous cliniches and some large public hospitals. The parks within the metropolitan area are 92,537 acres in extent, and include the National Park which measures 33,807 acres, Kuring gai Chase 35,300 acres, Kurinell 248 acres, Kuring-gai Chase 35,300 mercs, and Parramatta Centennial Park 474 acres, and Parramatta Park 352 acres. Other towns are Newenstle (with suburbs), 103,700; Broken Hill, 22,050; Lithgow, 15,050; Maitland, E.& W., 11,940; Goulburn, 12,570; Katoomha, 9,580; Bathurst, 10,050; Lis-12,570; Rationina, 9,500; Distribut, 10,650; Distribut, 25,501; Albury, 9,779; Cessnuck, 13,866; Warga Wagga, 9,500; Liverpool, 6,560; Fairfield, 7,020; Grafton and South Grafton, 6,560; Wollongong, 70,800; Orange, 8,640; Tamworth, 7,790; Armidale, 6,960; Dubbo, 6,350; Glen Innes, 4,520; Fotbes, 5,120.

Approximate time in transmission of mails from London to Sydney, 28, days

from London to Sydney, 28 days.

DEPENDENCY OF NEW SOUTH WALES. LORD HOWE ISLAND (436 miles north-east of Sydney). Lat 31° 33′ 4″ S., Long. 159° 4′ 5″ E. Area, 3,250 acces. Pop., Dec., 1931, 713. The island is of volcanic origin and Mount Gower

reaches an altitude of 2,840 feet. The affairs of the Island and the control of the Kentia palm seed industry are vested in a Board of Control. Office, Chief Secretary's Department, Sydney.

#### II .- VICTORIA.

The State of Victoria comprises the southeast corner of Anstralia, at that part where its territory projects farthest into the southern intitudes; it lies between the 34th and 39th parallels of South latitude, and the 141st and zgoth meridians of East longitude. Its extreme region meridians or mass longitude. Its extreme length from east to west is about 420 miles, its greatest breadth is about 250 miles, and its extent of coast-line is about 980 geographical miles, including the length around Port Philips Hay, Western Port and Corner Inlet, the entire mass being 25 282 coasts with.

area being 87,884 square miles.
POPULATION.—A census was taken on June 30, 1933. A preliminary count shows that the population was 1,818,080 (902,335 males and 915,745

temales)

	Increase	of the Peopl	e,
Year	Buths	Deaths	Marriages
1928	34,498	17,708	13,186
1929	33,604	16,717	12,935
1930	33,127	15,959	11 641
1931	30,332	17,033	10,182
2932 ·	27,464	16,805	11.744
17.007 (	destantant A		

Vital Statistics.—Annual tate per 1,000 of population in 1932:—Buths, 15'21: Deaths, 9 30; Marriages, 6'50. Deaths under 1 year per 1,000 births, 43'00.

Religion.

There has been no State aid to religion since 1875. Members of the Church of England at the date of the census in 1221 numbered 601,809, Protestants" 18,636, Presbyternans 257,072, Methodists 183,829, Enptists 23,235, Church of Christ 22,250, Independents 15,893, and Roman Christ 22,55. Catholics 322,565. Physiography.

The Australian Alps and the Great Dividing Range pass through the centre of the State, and divide it into a northern and southern watershed, the latter sloping down to the ocean and containing, especially in the south-east, well-wooded valleys. The Murray River forms the northern boundary of the State, and has many Victorian tributaries. The capital stands upon the Yarra-Yarra, which rises in the southern slopes of the Dividing Range.

Climate.—The mean temperature over a period of 77 years, ended in 1932, was 58 4° Fahrenheit, the thermometer rising (on the average four days during the year) above 100° in the shade, and falling (on the average for about two nights in the year) below 32'F. The average number of days on which rum fell was 139, and the average yearly rainfall was 25.61 inches.

GOVERNMENT. Victoria was originally known as the Port Phillip District of New South Wales, and was

crected into a separate colony in 1851, with a partially elective legislature In 1855 Responsible Government was conferred. The executive anthority is vested in a Governor, appointed by the Crown, aided by an Executive Council of zz members.

Governor of the State of Victoria (Vacan Lieut Gorernor Hon. Sii William Hill

Irvine, K.C.M.G., K.C., LL.D (1918).....£5,000 Private Sec., Capt R. T. A. Macdonald, O.B.E., J.P.

Hon Aides-de-Camp, Major D. L. K. Richardson, v.D., and Major J. Pain,

1) S 0 , M.C.

Official Sec. C. W. Kinsman.

THE MINISTRY (May 19, 1932).

(The sum of £10,000 is allocated for Salaries of

the Ministry).

Premier. Treasurer, and Minister of Public Health, Hon. Sir S. S. Argyle, K.B.E., M.R.C.S., M. L. A.

Chief Secretary and Minister in charge of Electrical Undertakinas, Hon. I. Macfarlan, M.L.A.
Attorney-General, Solicetor-General, and Monster
of Railways, Hon. R. G. Menzies, K.C., M.L.A.
Minister of Agriculture, Hon. J. Allan, M.L.A.
President of the Board of Land and Works,

Commissioner of Crown Lands and Survey, and Minister of Forests, Hon. A. A. Duustan, M.L.A. Minister of Public Instruction, Hon. J. W.

Pennington, C.B.E., M L.A. Commissioner of Public Works, Minister in charge of Immigration, and Minister of Mines, Hon. J. P. Jones, M.L.C.

Minister of Water Supply and Minister of Labour, Ministers without Portfolio, Hon. A. E. Chen, M.L.C.; Hon. Col. H. E. Cohen, C.M.C., M.L.C.; Hon. W. S. Kent Hughes, M.L.A.; Hon. T. C. Waufold, M.L.A.

AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON.

Agent-General in London, The Hon. Richard Linton, Victoria House, Molbourne Place, Strand, W.C.2.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Parliament consists of two Houses-the Legistative Council of 24 members, elected for the 27 Provinces for 6 years, one-half tetrring every 3 years, and the Legislative Assembly of 65 members, elected for a maximum duration of a years, for the 65 electional districts, by universal adult suffrage The elections (June 30, 1933) for the Council number 469,432, and those for the Assembly, 1,064,754.
President of the Legislative Council, Hon.

Sir Francis Grenville Clarke, K.B E ..... £750 Speaker of the Legislature Assembly, Hon.

sessions and county counts; and a Supreme Court with a Chief Justice and six Puisne Judges. Chief Justice, Hon Sir William Hill Irvine,

Cheg Justice, 1001 Sir Villand Bill Ville, K.G.M.G., Ll. D (Actingus Lieut.-Garcino) Puisae Judges, Theh Honours Sir F. W. Mann (Acting Chef Justice), W. G. S. McArthur, J. R. Macfarlan, C. J. Lowe, J. S. Wasley, and C. G. Dutty euch £2,500

County Court Judges, W. H. Moule, H. C. Winneke, C. J. Z. Womarski, W. H. Williams, H. C. G. Macindoe, A. W. . . each 1,500

630 including Judges' salanes, are subject to per-centage reductions under the Financial Emer-gency Act, at graduated rates, varying from

zo1/2 per cent. on £630 to 25 per cent. on £2,500. EDUCATION.

Primary Education is compulsory, secular and free between the ages of 6 and 14, there being 261.673 children on the registers in 1931, the average attendance being about 70 per cent. Secondary Education is principally under private control, 73.342 pupils being in attendance at the 505 schools in 1931. There is a S.atc-anded University at Melbourne, with four affliated colleges (Trimty, Ormond, Queen's, and Newman). FINANCE.

The revenue and expenditure and State Debt for five years are given as follows :-

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Debt.
1928-29 1929-30 1930-31 1931-32 1932-33	£ 28,156,034 27,323,842 27,575,504 24,555,272 24,077,526*	£, 28, 104,947 28,496,712 28,029,702 26,163,594 24,919,027*	£ 159,552,653 162,288,994 167 016,596 169,833,964 171,399,031

. Subject to revision.

Banking, a.c.—There were (June 30, 1933) 13 banks (including Commonwealth Bank) with total assets £155,826,385, within the State, and liabilities £128,807,731. The savings bank deposits (including amounts deposited in the Commonwealth Savings Bank) at June 30, 1933, amounted to £,67,813,544.

PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agricultus.—Of the 7,552,928 acres under cultivation in 1931 32, 3,565,872 were wheat crops and 439,626 oats, and 955,839 acres were cut for lay. In 1931-32, 1,530,661 gallons of wine were produced. The estimated value of production in 1931-32 was (including manufacturing values)

Minerals.—The gold production in victoria, which had been declining for many years, increased in 1931 and 1932; the amount produced in 1932 was 47,745 o.s. (£284.833). Other minerals taised consisted principally of coal (black and brown), knolin, thi and gypsum, and the coal transfer Weel, when there there

Trade and Industry .- Wool, wheat, butter, hve stock, fruits, condensed milk and poultry are the staple productions of the State; and the manufactures (8,204 factories, &c., employing 128,265 hands in 1931-22) are manuly for home consumption. The cinet exports oversea are: wool, butter, wheat, flour, skins and hides, tallow, milk and cream, preserved and frozen meats and fruit (dried and fresh). The principal oversea imports of the State me non and steel, machines and machinery, metals and metal manufactures, apparel, attice, cottons and lineus, silk, bags and sacks, yarns, ten, timber, petroleum spurt and paper.

CITIES AND TOWNS.

MELBOURNE, the capital city, which is an episcopal see, was originally laid out in the year 1837 with wisdom and for eaght ; its wide streets, park lands, public gardens, university, public hbrary, museum and large churches are the principal features of the city. Melbourne and suburbs cover an area of 125,741 acres and contained (December 31, 1932) a population of 1,028,300. Other cities are Ballarat, 41,750; Geelong, 42,750; Bendigo, 33,730, Warrnambool, 8,200. The chief towns are Castlemaine, 6,670; Wonthaggi, 7,330; Mildura, 6,000; Hanilton, 5,300; Alarat, 5,350, and Shepparton, 5,660.
Transmission of mals, approximate, 30 days.
Melbourne, distant from London 11,267 miles;

transit, 30 to 35 days.

#### III.—SOUTH AUSTRALIA

The State of South Australia is situated between 26° and 37' S. lat. and 129° and 141° E. long., the total area being 380,070 sq. miles.

POPULATION .- In 1933 the population numbered 580,849 (290,937 males and 280,412 females).

Increase of the People.

Year	Buths.	Deaths.	Marriages.
1928	11,408	5,147	4,146
1929	10,665	5,039	3,719
1930	9,984	4,85x	3,312
1931	9,079	4,888	3,069
1932	8,521	4,957	3,636

Birth rate 14'54, death rate 8'46, marriage rate 6'so per 1,000 of population. Infantile mor-

tality, 35 %s per x,coe births, being one of the lowest rates in the world.

Religions.

Religion is free and receives no State aid. At the Census, 1921, the persons belonging to the principal religious denominations were as folxaa,54; Congregationalists, x5,259; Methodists, xaa,54; Congregationalists, x5,259; Inputsts, 32,033; Lutherans, a4,666; Roman Catholics, 64,054; Presbyterians, 22,659; and Churches of Christ, x5,039. lows :- Church of England, 165,968; Methodists,

PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The eastern portion of the State is divided longitudinally by the Flinders Range, which extends from the eastern side of the Gulf of St. Vulcent to the Lakes Torrens and Eyre. The north-western portion is partly desert which can never be brought into cultivation. The northern norther of the State, between Lake Eyre and ac's South latitude, is also unpromising in comparison with the fertile land that surrounds the hill country of the east. Except for the Murray, which flows for some ago miles through the south-eastern corner into the Southern Ocean, there are no rivers of importance in South Anstralia.

Climate.—The mean annual temperature at Adelaide is 63°, the winter temperature (July-August) averaging 53°, and the summer (November-March) 71°. During the summer months the maximum temperature at times exceeds 2000 but owing to the purity and dryness of the atmosphere the inconvenience is comparatively alight. The average annual ruinfall at Adelaide, derived from 94 years' record, is ar 14 inches. This total is rather higher than the approxumate average annual rainfall over the whole of the agricultural areas extending from Melrose to Cape Northmuberland. In the Mount Lofty Ranges the mean yearly rainfall in places exceeds to inches, while on the Adelaide plains the pre-cipitation has fallen as low as 16 inches.

#### GOVERNMENT.

South Australia was proclaimed a British South Australia was proteined a British elective legislature was established. The present Constitution rests upon a Law of Oct. 44, 1856, the executive authority being vested in a Governor appointed by the Crown, aided by a Council of 6 biggins and the Lichter and the Lichter Communication. Ministers, and the Lieutenant-Governor.

#### GOVERNOR.

Governor of South Australia, His Excellency Brig.-Gen. Hon. Sir Alexander Gore Arkwright Hore - Ruthven, 1.C, 

Robert Murray, K.C.M.G., LL.M., born 1863 (1916)

THE MINISTRY (April 18, 1933). (£7.750 is allotted as salaries to Ministers, less so per cent.)

Premier and Treasurer, and Minister of Immigration, Hon. Richard Layton Butler.
Attorney-General and Minister of Education, Industry and Employment, Hon. Shirley Williams Jeffries.

Commissioner of Crown Lands and Minister of Mines and Afforestation, Hon. George Ritchie. Repatriation and Irrigation, Hon. Malcolm

McIntosh.

Commissioner of Public Works and Minister of Railways and Marine, Hon. Herbert Sydney Hudd, M.C. Minister of Agriculture and Local Government.

Hon. Albert Percy Blesing.

#### AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON.

#### THE LEGISLATURE.

Parliament consists of a Legislative Council of so members elected for 6 years, one-half retiring every 3 years; and a House of Assembly of 46 members, elected for a maximum duration of 3 years. Election is by ballot, with universal adult suffrage for the House of Assembly for all British subjects, male and female; there is a small property qualification for electors to the Legislative Council, who numbered 133,258 in 1932, those for the Assembly numbering 334,915.

President of the Legislative Council, Hon.

Sir D. J. Gordon

Speaker of the House of Assembly, Hon.
R. D. Nicholis

#### THE JUDICATURE

Law and Justice.—The Supreme Court is pre-sided over by the Chief Justice and four Puisne Judges; there are Courts of Vice-Admiralty and Insolvency, as well as Local Civil Courts, stipendiary magistrates and the usual Police Courts. The Supreme Court convictions for 1931 totalled to 274, which is at the rate of x in every 2,200 of the population.
Chief Justice and Judge of Vice Admiralty.

Hon. Sir G. J. R. Murray, K.C.M.G., B.A.,

LL.M. .....£2,000 Judges, Hon. J. M. Napier, LL.B.; Hon. H. A. Parsons, LL.B.; Hon. F. W. Richards, LL.D.; Hon. A. W. Piper..... 1,700

#### EDUCATION.

Public Education (Primary, Secondary and Technical) is provided by the State, and controlled by a responsible Minister; it is secular, compulsory, and free; there are x,69 State schools, with 3,408 teachers and 93,863 scholars; the expenditure in x93z was £875,465, including grants to University, Libraries, &c. The Government grants Exhibitions and Scholarships, carrying the holders to higher schools and the carrying the holders to higher schools and the University. Private schools number 183, with 890 teachers and 13,887 scholars. There is an 890 teachers and 13,887 scholars. There is an endowed University at Adelaide, founded in 1874. with 1.05s undergraduates, and 1.36r other students; all classes are open to women. A State School of Mines and Industries has also been established, and there are technical schools at 9 country centres and also special trade schools for apprentices and domestic art centres. The public library, nuseum, art gallery and local institutes are supported or assisted by the State.

#### STATE FINANCE.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Debt.
1939 1931 1932	£ 10,840,914 9,847,201 10,725,811 10,481,977 10,160,712	£ 11,771,772 11,473,023 12,539,668 11,545,336 11,169,610	£ 92,653,531 93,419,118 99,527,447 101,599,838 103,707,332

Banking.—There are 8 banking institutions in Adelaide, in addition to the Commonwealth Government Bank and the State Bank of South Australia, with about 38s branches and agencies, and £41,000,000 paid-up capital, having a total average liability of £27,288,528 and assets £33,528,803 in June quarter, 2933. The savings banks on June 30, 3033, had 559,032 accounts open with £32,515,388 to their credit. Over 90 per cent. of the population have Savings Bank accounts.

#### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture.—Of the total area about one-half is farmed or grazed, and 7,870,000 acres cultivated onder wheat 4,200,000 acres, hay 528,000, oats 206,000, barley 445,000, orchards and vineyards 85,000, with 2,500,000 acres lying fallow. Wheat produced 4,430,000, bushels. Oranges, lemons, apples, apricots, peaches, and all stone fruits and olives are successfully grown, and fruit drying is profitable. There were 52,000 acres of vines, with a production of 12,170,000 gallons of wine ; 137,000 cwt. of currants, and 185,000 cwt of Considerable quantities of fruits (fresh and dried) and also wine are annually sent to oversea countries, principally the United Kingdom and the other Australian States. Brandy and other spirits are also produced. The land is also very suitable for the growing of all kinds of root crops and vegetables.

Live Stock (Dec. 31, 1932).—There were 7,713,236 sheep, cattle 312,932, horses 190,222, pigs 113,831. Woo! production, 75,500,000 lb.

Hierats.—Silver, lead, manganese, hismuth, iron, gypsum, salt, phosphate rock, coal, &c., are found, the total mineral output being valued at £851,868 (593). Over £33,06,000 of copper have been produced since the foundation of the State, but production has not been profitable for some time.

Manufactures .-- In 1932 there were 1,662 factories, employing 33,830 hands, the gross value of the output being £19,302,370, and the wages paid £4,071.112. Plant, machinery, land, and buildings were valued at £17,656,901.

buildings were valued as £,7,050,901.

Value of Production, 1031-32.—(Crops, total value, £13,907,488, average per head. £2; manufactures, £6,570,939; pastoral, £2,755,752; poultry, fisheries and game, forestry, &c., £1,639,905. Total value of production, £46,973,307, average £46 per head. Mean previous five years. Total £34,665,639. Per head, £60.

head, £60.

Trade and Commerce Oversea, 1931-32.—The total value of the Imports was £2.821,538 (U.K. £1,038,835, or 38 per cent.; other British countries £606,807, or 29 per cent.; foreign countries £296,740, or 33 per cent.). The total value of the Exports was £12,247,406 (U.K. £7,188,005, or 59 per cent.; other British countries £55,603, or 4 per cent.; foreign countries £4,508,796, or 37 per cent.) In 1932-33 the imports were £3,766,895 and exports £12,842,934, consisting of breadstuffs £5,577,804; pastoral and darying products £3,259,036; fruits and wine £1,446,553; minerals £1,889,335; gold specie £485,532; and miscellaneous £122,654.

Transport, £0.—There are 3,756 miles of

Transport, &c.—There are 3,756 miles of railway in South Australia, 156 miles of electric tramways, 45,000 miles of roads and several good harbours. On June 30, 1933, there were 59,629 motor vel:icles in use, classified as 39,036 cars,

taxi-cabs, &c., x2,073 lorries, trucks, &c., 8,580 motor cycles and 95 road tractors. There are 872 post offices in the State, and 795 telegraph stations and 48,696 telephones connected.

Shipping (1931:32).—Ships entered numbered 999, tonnage 4,123,445; Bittish B19 (3 451,697 tons), foreign 180 (687,728 tons).

ADELAIDE, the chief city and capital, popula-ADKLAIDR, the chief city and capital, population (1933) 320,000, inclusive of suburbs within zo miles radius. Other towns are Moonta (4, 250), Kadiua (5,000), Wallaroo (3,250), Port Pirle (10,000) on the east, and Port Augusta (3,350) at the head of 5,000, and Peterborough (3,300) on the line from Adelaide to the north, Victor Harbor (3,000), the sample of the port of the sample of the port of the sample of the port of the sample of the sample of the port of the sample of the port of the sample of the port of the sample of the port of the sample of the port of the sample of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of the port of t (3,450) in the south, Alt. Gambler (6,000) in the south-east, and Port Lincoln (2,850) on Kyre Pennsula. Murray Bridge (3,600) and Renmark (3,750) on the River Murray. Transmission of mails from London to Adelaide,

approximate, so days.

#### IV.—QUEENSLAND.

This State, situated in lat. 10° 40'—20° S. and long. 138'—153° 30' E., comprises the whole north-eastern portion of the Australian continent.

Queensiand possesses an area of 670,500 square miles (i.e., equal to more than 5½ times the area of the United Kingdom).

POPULATION.—At the Census of rosz the population numbered 755,972 (398,969 males and 359,003 females). On March 3x, 1933, the estimated population was 978,899.

## Increase of the People.

Year	Births	Deaths	Marriages.
1928	19,783	7,976	6,322
1929	18,487	8,308	6, 169
1930	18,939	7,455	6,199
1931	17,833	7,5=5	5,95x
1932	17,367	7,813_	6,415

#### Religion.

Since 1861 no State aid has been afforded to Since root in State and has been another to religion. At the Census of rost there were 309,786 Church of England, 172,662 Roman Catholics, 97,650 Resbyterians, 77,566 Methodists, 17,892 Lutheraus, 14,735 Baptists, and 44,132 other Christians, with 4,257 Muhammadans and Pagans, besides "Indefinite," "No religion," &c.

#### PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The Great Dividing Range on the eastern coast of the continent produces a similar formation to that of New South Wales, the eastern side having a narrow slope to the coast and the western a long and gradual slope to the central plains, where the Kirby's Range divides the land into a northern and southern waterahed. The Brisbane, Burnett, Filtzroy, and Burdekin rise in the eastern ranges and flow into the Pacific, the Flinders, Mitchell, and Leichhards in the Gulf of Carpentaria, and the Barcoo and Warrego rise in the ceutral ranges and flow southwards.

Climate. - At Brisbane the mean temperature for 1932 was 69°°, the maximum and minimum shade temperatures being 99'3" and 41°°; mean barometer, 30°048. The coastal regions are warm and moist, the plateaus dry and temperate, whilst in the very far west the rainfall is scanty. The rainfall during 1932 was 24'80 inches, and there were or wet days.

#### GOVERNMENT.

Queensland was constituted a separate colony with Responsible Government in 1859, having previously formed part of New South Wales. The exceptive authority is vested in a Governor (appointed by the Crown), aided by an Executive Council of 10 members.

#### GOVERNOR

Governor of Queensland, His Excellency Col. The Rt.-Hon. Sir Leslie Orme 

#### EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

(II.E. the Governor presides.)	
Premier, Chief Secretary and Treasurer, Hon. Wm. Forgan Smith	,300
	,000
Attorney-General, Hon. John Mullan x Home Secretary, Hon. Edward Michael	,000
Minister for Labour and Industry, Hon.	,000
	,000
	.000
Secretary for Mines, Hom. James Stopford a Secretary for Public Instruction, Hom	1,000
Frank Arthur Cooper Secretary for Agriculture and Stock, Hon.	,000
	,000
	t, <b>00</b> 0
AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON.	

Acting Agent-Gen. d Official Secretary, L. H. Pike, A.C.I.S., J.P., 409-410 Stiand, W.C.z.

#### THE LEGISLATURE.

Parliament consists of a Legislature Assembly of Chairman of Committees, Edward Joseph

Clerk, T. Dickson (acting) ......

## THE JUDICATURE.

There is a Supreme Court, with a Chief Justice and six Puisne Judges; an Industrial Court, with a President and another Judge; and Inferior Courts at all the principal towns, presided over by Police Magistrates.

Chief Justice, Supreme Court, Hon. Sir J. W. Blair .....£2,250 Senior Puisne Judge, H. D. Macrossau ... Puisne Judges, W. F. Webb; H. H. Henchman; E. A. Douglas; F. T.

Brennan; R. J. Douglas .....each 2,000

#### EDUCATION.

Primary Education is compulsory, secular and free. In 1932 there were 1,723 State schools, including 93 Provisional and 13 High schools in operation, with 4,064 teachers and an average daily attendance of 12,7990 children; and in 1931, 193 private, and 10 grammar schools, with 1,286 teachers and an average attendance of 2,706. A State-aided University was actabilished. 27, 196. A State-aided University was established during rore.

#### FINANCE.

Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt of Queensland for five years ended June 30 :-

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Debt (Gross).
1939 1930 1931 1932	£ 16,736,188 15,997,870 15,072,652 12,994,113 13,396,644	£ 16,902,145 16,721,055 15,914,696 15,069,293 14,951,088	£ 112,862,049 112,148,979 112,231,189 111,911,785 114,530,855

Banking,-Assets of Joint Stock Banks at June 30, 1933, £40.077,885, habilities £35,188,919. The deposits at the same date amounted to £35,595,858. The Commonwealth Bank of Austialia also has a branch in Queensland with assets June 30, 1933. £8,433,643, and liabilities £20,727,825. Depositors balances in Queensland branch of the Commonweath Savings Bank at March 31, 1933. £22,924,751, averaged £23 8s. 7d. to each inhabitant. There were 394,150 operative accounts.

#### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture and Live Stock .- Of the total area of 429,120,000 acres the Government have parted with the fee simple of 19,031,135, and 89,003 acres have been granted without payment, sunder a system of deferred payment, 8,812,440 acres more are in process of alienation, and an acres more are in process of alienation, and an additional area including preterential pastoral leases of 23,906,040 acres leased out for sheep and cattle runs, 75,879,750 acres for grazing selections, 9,321,080 acres are held under occupation hoence, 355,355 acres under goldmining and niheral lease, 99,506 for special purposes, 4,036,329 acres perpetual leases and per petual lease prickly pear selections, 22,288 acres held as auction perpetual leases, prickly pear leases as 488,640, acres leaves and leases. leases 8,489,640 acres, leserves and loads 20,666,794 acres, leaving 57,508,538 unoccupied. Oats and barley flourish on the Darling Downs, while large areas are devoted to maize and wheat, the average yield per acre over a period of ten years being, marze 23'42 bushels and wheat 14'33 bushels. Both English and sweet potatoes are cultivated, as also are coffee, cotton, oranges, peaches, pineapples, grapes, bananas, coconuts, mangoes, plums, and various English fults, while tobacco growing is rapidly expanding. In the year 1932, 514,027 tons of sugar were produced. The live stock in January sagar were produced. The tree stock in Sandary, 1932 included 5,535,065 cattle, 21,312,865 sheep, 452,486 horses, and 213,249 pigs. Wool, meat, sagar and butter are the principal products.

Climate.—The Bureau of Seasonal Forecasting of the Council of Agriculture, Turbot Street, Brisbane, makes researches into the climatic sequences of Queensland and issues forecasts, the beneficial nature of the work being much appreciated by farmers and graziers in Queensland and the adjoining States.

Forestry.—There are about 24,000,000 acres of commercial timberland in Queensland, of which there have been reserved for forestry purposes 5,53,270 acres. In 2031-32 the wealth produced by the timber industry of Queensland was about £1,350,000, and there were 2,782, lands employed in the sawmills and ply-wood mills. At June 30, 1932, the total area of reforestation plantations was 8,193 acres, and in addition 82,518 acres had been treated for natural regeneration by the State Forest Service, which employs 359 persons, and is engaged actively in tumber farming and wood-trading operations. An area of 236,711 acres has been reserved for National Parks.

Minerals -The total mineral output in 1932 was £1,784,499. There are rich deposits of gold, copper, tin, lead, silver, limestone, fronstone, and wolfiam, while coal is found in several districts. The gold output in 1932 was several districts. The gold output in 1932 was valued at £98,812; silver, £182,733; copper, £108,885; tun, £66,174; coal, £684,555; wolf-tam, £137; molybdenite, £265; lead, £573,815; opals and gems, £2,482; alsounc, nil; cobalt, nil; zinc, nil; fluorspar, £2,220; lusmuth, £12; limestone, £5,281; scheelite, £34; troustone (fux), £3,783; mercury sulphide, £754.

Commerce.—The chief articles of export oversections of the State in vacant way. Weal

the produce of the State, in 1922-33 were: Wool, £6,415,183; meat, including extract, and bacon, hams, and pork, £1,933,913; hides, £135,588; skins, sheep, £67,4°9; skins, other, £5,024; tallow, £149,252; butter, cheese, £3,035,279; sugar, £1,471,776.

#### TOWNS.

CAPITAL, Brisbane, with an area of 385 square miles. Population Census, April 4, 1921, 210,032. Estimated Dec. 31, 1932, 334,000. The status of the chief magistrate of Brisbane was raised

to that of Loid Mayor in 1930.

The contour of the Queensland coast-line and the relative position of its inland parts operate against any centralisation similar to that at Melbourne, Sydney, or Adelaide, and numerous ports of considerable size extend along the ports of considerable size extend along the coast:—Brisbane, Ruckhampton (30,000), Maryborough (12,000), Townsville (31,000), Port Douglas, Mackay (9,400), Thursday Island (1,400), Cooktown, Cairns (12,000), Rowen (3,000), and Bundaberg (11,250), Gladstone (2,552). Other places of importance are Inswich (26,239), Townoomba (25,887), Charters Towers (9,200), Gympie (9,800), Mt. Morgan (3,500), Warwick (250), Roma (4,000) and Chuerry (280). (7,500), Roma, (4,000) and Cloncurry (1800).
Transmission of mails from London to Bris-

bane, approximate, 32 days. Air mail takes about a week less.

#### V.—TABMANIA.

Tasmania is an island in the South Pacific Ocean, off the southern extremity of Australia, from which it is separated by Bass Straits, about 140 miles wide, in which are situated the Furneaux Group and King Island, included within the State. It lies between 40° 33′—44° 39′S. lat. and 114° 39′—148° 23′ E. long., and contains an area of 26.215 square miles.

POPULATION.—At the Census of 1921 the

population numbered 213,780 (107,743 males and

106,037 females).

Year.	Birth	Denth	Infant	Marriage
	Rate	Rate.	Mortality.	Rate
1928 1929 1930 1931	22'13 22'44 22'11 21'65 20'25	10'06 10'17 9'00 9'35 9'35	64°0 53°2 50°6 46°0 41°2	7.09 8.01 6.40 6.82 6.79

#### Religion.

All religions are free. In 1921 there were 112,122 members of the Church of England, 35,456 Roman Catholics, 27,171 Methodists, 14,796 Pres. | petty, general and quarter sessions, and a

byterians, 4,543 Congregationalists and Independents, and 5,332 Baptists.

#### PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The surface of the country is generally hilly and timbered, with mountains from 1,500 to 5,000 feet in height, and expanses of level, open plains. There are numerons streams, the Derwent and the Tamar being the largest. The Derwent and the Tamar being the largest. climate is fine and salubrious, and well suited to European constitutions; the hot winds of Australia do not reach the island. At Hobart the mean annual temperature averages 54.4°, the mean temperature for Dec., Jan., and feb. being 61.2°, and that of June, July, and Aug. 46.9°. The western side of the island is very wet, the eastern side having a rainfall similar to that of eastern England; the average rainfall varies from so inches to roo inches in different parts.

#### GOVERNMENT.

The island was first settled by the British in 1863 as an appendage to New South Wales, from which it was separated in 1825. In 1851 a partly elective legislature was inaugurated, and in 1856 Responsible Government was added. In roor Tamanian became a State of the Australian Commonwealth, q.v. The State executive authority is vested in a Governor (appointed by the Crown), aided by an Executive Comeil of responsible Ministers.

#### GOVERNOR.

Gorernor of Tasmama, His Excellency Sir Einest Clark, K.C.B., C.B.K., born 1864 (1933)

Lieut. Governor. Hon. Sir N. Elliott Lewis, K.C.M.C. (1933).

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL (June 25, 1928). Premier, Treasurer, and Minuster for Forestry and Agriculture, Hon. J. C.

McPhec ..... and Menes, Hon. C. E. W. James ....... Lands and Works, Hon. Sir Walter H.

Lee. K.C M.G. ..... Attorney-General and Minister for Educa-Hon. A. Wardlaw.

#### AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON.

Acting Agent-General in London & Official Secretary, H. W. Ely, I.S.O., J.P. Address, Australia House, Strand, W.C.s.

#### THE LEGISLATURE

Parhament consists of two Houses, a Legislative Council of 18 members, elected for six years : and a *House of Assembly* of 30 members, elected by proportional representation for three years, the electors for the latter being all adult Tasmaniais who have resided continuously in the State for 6 months; the electorate for the Conneil is smaller, having a property or educa-tional qualification for both sexes.

President of the Legislative Council, Hon.

W. B. Propsting, C M.G. .... Speaker of House of Assembly, Sir John 📫 

#### THE JUDICATURE.

There are justices of the peace and courts of

Supreme Court with a Chief Justice and Pulsne Judges.	i two
Chief Justice, Hon. Sir H. Nicholls, K.C.M.G. (b. 1868)	C- 0
l'uiene Judges, Hons. H. Crisp; A. J.	-
Clarkeach Solicitor-General, P. L. Griffiths	2,500
Registrar Supreme Court, A. G. Brammall Recorder of Titles, A. A. Richardson	739

EDUCATION. Primary education is compulsory, secular, and free, there being 499 State schools in 1931, with 37,695 children on the registers. Secondary education is also provided by the State (5 high schools with 1,647 scholars), and by private endowment. There is a University at Hobart, and technical schools at Hobart, Launceston, Queenstown and Zeehan.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure	Debt.
1928-29 1929-30 1931-32 1931-32	2,956,272 2,609,290 2,434,090	£2,855,977 2,981,992 2,854,394 2,657,109 2,577,407	£33,324,630 22,921,211 23,389,079 23,659,588 23,708,532

Banking.—June 30, 2032, the banks of issue had total deposits £7,989,000; the savings bank deposits were £5,705,000.

PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture and Live Stock .- Of the total area of 16,778,000 acres there were, in 1931-32, 247,353 acres under crops. The principal crops are apples, potatoes, hay, and other fruit, followed hypics, polatoes, may, and other first, billowers, by hops, peas, oats, green forage and wheat. The live stock included 221,570 cattle, 2.073,556 sheep, 41,494 pigs, and 30,689 horses. The wool production was 13,875,000 lb. The butter produced amounted to 9,462,866 lb. Electrical Energy.—The Hydro-Electric Department of Tasunania has completed an

important waterpower development at the Great lake, in the centre of the State, the capacity of the installation being 8x,000 h.p. The advantage of cheap power is steadily attracting new

manufacturing industries.

Forestry.—Timber reserves total 950,538 acres. Area held under lease or forest permits for saw-milling, logging, &c., 243,000 acres. The amount of timber milled for 1931-32 was 36,146,250 super feet, exclusive of piles, poles, feucing, and for practically all sleepers. The utilisation of forest restriction than mediation of forest. waste for the production of wood-pulp has, after long investigation, been brought within the scope of business operations. A company has been formed with options over large areas, and there is every prospect of an early commence-

ment of manufacturing operations.

Minerals.—The chief minerals produced are copper, tin, silver, lead, coal, the value of all minerals produced in 1923 being £739,336.

Manufactures.—The chief factories for export

are metallurgical, fruit preserving, woollen mills, emment, and confectioner; the value of production in 1931-3awas £3.863,383,the capital invested in the 891 establishments being £9.39,444 in 1931-38.

Towns.

CAPITAL, Hobart. Population (1933), 58,750.
Other towns are Launceston (pop. 31,700),
Devonport, Ulverstone, Burnie, and Queenstown. Transmission of mails, approximate, 31 days.

#### VI.- WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Includes all that portion of the continent west of xa9 K. long., the most westerly point being in xx2 gs E. long., and from x2 go to 3g g S S. lat. Its extreme length is x,500 miles, and x,000 miles from east to west, and its total area 975,930 square miles.

POPULATION .- At the Census of June 30, 1933, the population was 437,515 (232,895 males, 204,620 females).

#### Natural Increase of the People.

Year.	Births.	Deaths.	Marriages.
1928	8,704	3,640	3.309
1989	9,051	3,930	3,367
z930	9,200	3.774	3,205
1931	8,549	3,68r	2,74I
1932	7,965	3,715	2,904

#### Religions.

There is no State aid to religions. At the Census of 1921 there were 153, 185 persons belonging to the Church of England, 64,488 Roman Catholics, 39,116 Methodists, and 28,377 Presbyterians

Physical Features.—Large areas of the State, for some hundreds of miles inland, are hilly and even mountainous, although the altitude, so far as ascertained, rises nowhere above that of Alount Bruce (4,024 ft.) in the north-west division or that of Bluff Knoll (3.640 ft.) in the Stirling Range in the south-west. The coastal regions of the west and of the north are undulating, with an interior slope to the unsettled central portion of Australia. The Darling and Hamersley ranges of the west have a western slope to the Indian Ocean, into which flow manystreams, notably the Swan, Murchison, Gascoyne, Ashburton, Fortescue, and De Grey. In the north the Fitzroy flows from the Leopold range into the Indian Ocean, and the Drysdale and Ord into the Timor Sea. The greater portion of the far interior may be described as a great tableland, with an altitude of from x,ooo to x,ooo ft. above sea-level, the surface of which consists in parts of sand-dunes, varied by wide stretches of clavey soils. The climate is one of the most temperate in the world. The total rainfall at Perth during 1932 was 39 40 inches, the average for the past 57 years being 34 79. Of the area of Western Australia, which is equal to more than half that of European Russia, probably about two-thirds is suitable for pastoral purposes, immense tracts having already been proved eminently so.

#### GOVERNMENT.

Western Australia was first settled by the British in 1830, and in 1870 it was granted a partially elective legislature. In 1800 responsible government was granted, and the Administration of the Conserver. vested in a Governor, a Legislative Council, and a Legislative Assembly. The present constitution rests upon an Amending Act of 1899, further amended by the Constitution Acts Amendment Act, 1911; the Executive is vested in a Governor appointed by the Crown and aided by a Council of responsible Ministers.

#### GOVERNOR.

Governor of Western Australia, (vacant). Lieutenant-Gowernor, His Excellency Hon. Sir James Mitchell, K.O.M.G. (July, 1933). Private Sea, Maj. B. Kerr-Pearse, C.M.G., M.V.O.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.	- 1
Premier, Treasurer and Minister for	
Forests, Hon. Philip Collier, M. L. A £:	1,700
Public Works, Labour and Water Supplies,	" 1
	1,500
Justice, Railways and Education, Hon.	~
	1,500
Chief Secretary, Hon. John Michael Drew,	
M.L.C	1,500
Mines and Health, Hon. Selby Walter	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Munsie, M.L.A	1,500
Lands and Immigration, Hon. Michael	-
77	1,500
Agriculture, Police and the North-West,	-
Hon. Harold Millington, M.L.A	1,500
Employment. Child Welfare and Industrial	1
Derelopment, Hon, James Joseph	- 1
Kenneally, M.L.A	1,500
Honorary Minister, Hon. William Henry	
Kitson, M.L.C.	
AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON.	
Agent-General in London, Sir Hal Pates-	
hall Colebatch, C.M.G. Offices, Savoy	
House, 115-116, Strand, W.C. a	1.550
Secretary, C. B. Rushton, LS O	720
	,
THE LEGISLATURE.	

Parliament consists of a Legislative Council of 30 members elected for 6 years, and a Legislative Assembly of 50 members elected for 3 years by universal adult suffrage; the electorate of the Council is restricted by a property qualification, that of the Assembly being subject to residence and registration.

President of the Legislative Council, Hon.
Sir John Waters Kirwan £800
Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, Hon.
Alexander Hugh Panton 800

THE JUDICATURE.

There is a Supreme Court presided over by a Chief Justice and three Puisne Judges, which has complete jurisdiction in all criminal and common law matters. There are courts know as local courts which have limited civil jurisdiction. There are Courts of Session, dealing with criminal matters outside Perth, and there are Magistrates' courts and Children's courts.

EDUCATION.

Education.—Education is compulsory and free, and numerous elementary schools are under the control of the Minister of Education. There are a training college, technical schools, a school of mines and a Goldfields High School at Kalgoorlie (State Secondary Schools in various centres and the capital), and a University. The total amount expended on education during the year ended June 30, 1933, was £558,846; in addition, a grant of £24,836 was made to the University.

FINANCE.

Revenue and Expenditure and gross public Debt for 5 years ended June 30:—

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure	Debt
•	£	£	£
1929	9,947,950	10,223,919	69,355,449
1930	9,750,515	10,268,518	71,194,325
1931	8,686.756	10,107.294	76,564,885
1932	8,035,316	9,593,212	79,707,953
1033	8,332,153	0.105,234	83,514,698

Banking.—There were, including the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, 8 cheque-paying banks, formerly banks of issue, in the State on June 30, 1933, with total assets £26,685,630 and liabilities £17,122,369. The amount due to depositors in Savings Banks in Western Australia on June 30, 1933, was £9,871,039.

#### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Crops and Live Stock.—Of the total area (624,528,800 acres) 4,250,000 acres were under crops in 1922-33, wheat for grain accounting for 3,387,940 acres. In 1932 the live stock included 857,473 cattle, 10,427,031 sheep, 127,529 pigs, 18,123 goats, and 157,443 horses. There were 5,139 acres of vineyards.

Manufacturing Industries.—There were on June 30, 1932, a total of 1,490 industrial establishments in the State employing either machinery or at least four hands. The total number of persons employed in them was 13,392. The combined output of these establishments for 12 months ended June, 1932, was computed at £11,287,571.

Forestry.—The forests contain some of the very finest hardwoods in the world. Two of these, jarrah (Eucalyptus marginata) and karri (Eucalyptus diversicolor), are largely exported. The quantity of timber cut during the xs months ended June, 1932, is computed to have been 57,690,364 super feet.

Minerals.—The groups of the Coolgardie gold-fields (covering a vast portion of the interior and extending to the rasth meridian), as well as other fields, are being constantly worked, the production of gold being 605,501 co. in 1932. The total amount produced in the State from 1886 to June 30, 1933, is 39,720,905 fine ozs. Magnetic iron, lead, copper and tin ores and coal exist in large quantities.

Trade.—The principal ports are Fremantie, Albany, Bunbury and Geraldton. The opening of the Trans-Australian Railway in Oct. 1927 afforded another means of ingress and excess, both for travellers and merchandise. The imports chiefly consist of machinery, vehicles, manufactured hardware, clothing and textiles, tobacco, cigars and cigarettes, also (mainly from the sister states of the Commonweilth) provisions. Principal exports for the year ended June 30, 1933:—Gold. £4,740,369; Wool, £2,553,592; thuber, £28,50; sandalwood, pearls and shell, hides and skins, £479,026; wheat, £4,662,276; flour, £554,529; and fresh fruit, £33,273.

#### Towns

CAPITAL, Perth. Population (1932) of Metropolitan area, including Fremantle, 213,400. Perth, the capital, stinds on the right bank of

Perth, the capital, stinds on the right bank of the Swan River estuary, zz miles from Fremantle. The King's Park (approximately z,oco acres), on a hill overlooking the city and the wide estuarine reaches of the river, possesse unique natural beauty. Other towns are Fremantle (including submriss, 34,537), Albany (3,588), Kalgorile and Boulder (13,076), Bunbury (4,943), Cottesloe (5,336), Clarenion (6,286), Geraldton (4,485) Midland Junction (5,415), Northam (4,760), and Collie (3,366).

Transmission of mails from London to Perth, approximate, 27 days.

# The Dominion of New Zealand.

AREA AND POPULATION.

	Area	Population.		
Islands.	(English Sq. Miles).	Census of	Census of	‡ Census of 1926.
North Island and Islet	44,281	563,733	741,255	831,813
South Island and Islets	58,092	444,120	477,051	511,942
Stewart Island and Islet	670	357	397	446
Chatham Islands	372	258	210	268
Auckland Islands	2341	,		
Campbell Island	44		i	
Antipodes Islands	24}			
Bounty Islands	ili	•		
Spares Islands	1		1	
Three Kings Islands	3			
Kermadec Islands	13.	4		
Cook Islands	1501			
Other Islands annexed in 1901	130}	12,598	13,209	13,877
Tokelau Islands	4			1,033
Western Samoa (Mandatory)	1,133		35,042	40,229
Maori Population		49,844	52,751	63,670
Total	105,155		1,320,275	1,463,278
10001		2,0,0,914	1,3-7,2/3	1,403,270

† Census due to be taken on April 2x, 193x, postponed as an act of national economy.

Estimated Population. June 30, 1933 — N.Z. (ezcl. Maoris) 1,465,836; Maoris, 7x,527; Cook and other Pacific Islands, 15,493; Tokelau Islands, 1,147; Western Samoa, 48,4xx—Total, 1,602,414.

Increase of the People.

				- :-			
		Increase.		!	Decrease.		!
Year	Births.	Immigrants	Total	Deaths.	Emigrants	Total.	Marriages.
1929 1930 1931	26,747 26,797 26,622 24,884	34,439 32,559 20,225 17,879	61,186 59,356 46,847 42,763	12,314 12,199 12,047 11,683	31,643 28,321 21,634 21,810	43,957 40,520 33,681 32,893	10,967 11,075 9,817 9,856

Inter-censal Increases. (Exclusive of Aborigmes.)

	1	Results of Censu		0-1	Immigration	
Year. Males.		Females.	Total.	Quinquennial Increase	during five corresponding calendar years.	
1891 1896	33×,877 371.415	293,78x 33x,945	626.658 703,360	48,176 76,702	73,816 105,787	
1901 1906	405,092 47x,008	366,727 417,570	772,719 888,578	69,359 115,859	91,263 151,579	
1911	531,910	476,558	x,008,468	119,890	194,730	
<b>1916</b>	551,775	547,674	1,099.449	90,98x	193,834	
1981	623,243	595,670	1,218,913	1119,464	114,347	
1926	686, 384	658,085	1,344,469	129,877*	195,864	

* Based on population excluding half-castes living as Europeans, who are included in totals rear but not 1926.

Races and Religions.

Races	1916.	zga6	Religions.	z9z6,	1926
Europeans Maoris	46,247 6,750 2,147	1,338,167 52,061 11,609 3,374 2,938	Church of England Presbyterians Methodists Roman Catholics		41 '21 24 '60 9 '02 12 '89

#### THE DOMINION OF NEW ZEALAND.

(By the Rt. Hon. G. W. Forbes, r.c., Prime Minister.)

THE Dominion of New Zealand is situated in the South Pacific Ocean, and in point of actual distance is consequently far from the Homeland and from the older established countries of the world. This fact does not, however, in any way diminish the importance of New Zealand. Rather, on the other hand, does it serve to increase its significance as a power in the Pacific Ocean.

Actually the Dominion possesses an importance far in excess of that which the uninformed might expect to be attached to such a young country. Directly connected with the older world by fast modern steamship services—indeed, only a few short weeks away from the Homeland—her isolation is much more apparent than real.

New Zealand extends for a length of over one thousand miles north and south, and possesses a population of slightly more than one and a half million people. In addition the Dominion has control over numerous islands in the South Pacific with a large aggregate Polynesian population. More specifically her jurisdiction extends from Penrhyn Island, about eight degrees south of the Equator, to the coasts of the Ross Sea on the borders of the Antarctic Continent.

New Zealand is primarily a grazing country, and the quality of its pastures has gained a world-wide reputation. For that and other reasons its future will for many years to come doubtless be inseparably associated with stock raising, principally of dairy cattle and sheep. Wool, frozen meat, butter, cheese, hides and skins, and fruit in the main comprise her staple exports, and are the products upon which the Dominion principally relies to exchange for many manufactured goods from overseas.

It is equally true, however, that with increasing population there is a growing tendency for greater diversity in industry and for the manufacture of many commodities within the Dominion which formerly were obtained solely from abroad. Nevertheless the population is as yet insufficient to maintain a very wide range of industries, and consequently the Dominion's industrial field of manufacture is to a great extent limited to the treatment of the principal primary products.

The main market for the products of New Zealand is the United Kingdom, as much as 88 per cent. of the total value of her exports being sent there during the calendar year, 1931. A further 5 per cent, was sent to other British countries, making a total of 93 per cent, marketed within the British Empire.

The importance of the United Kingdom and of the British Empire as a market for the raw materials and foodstuffs which the Dominion produces is fully realised by the Government and the people of New Zealand, and it is also realised that the pro-perity of the United Kingdom is dependent in large degree upon the extent to which New Zealand and the other Dominions and Colonies co-operate by pure basing the products of the Homeland.

That this is fully recognised in New Zealand is obvious from the fact that this country purchases a greater proportion of its unports from the United Kingdom than any other British Dominion. The desire to further inter-Empire trade moreover finds practical expression in the extension of a substantial measure of preference by means of differential rates of customs duties to the products of the British Empire.

Generous provision is made in New Zealand for primary, secondary and technical education, and, in addition, every encouragement is given to the student who is desirous of continuing his course at the University. So far as humanitarian legislation generally is concerned New Zealand is recognised as being one of the foremost countries in the world.

Finally, a few words must be written of the Dominion's wonderful scenic attractions and sporting facilities. This article would, indeed, be incomplete without reference to them, however brief.

Within the compass of a comparatively small country there are to be found all the varieties of scenery that is possible to see in any other part of the world, and those offer unlimited scope to the tourist. From the sportsman's point of view the attractions, too, cannot be surpassed anywhere, for here in New Zealand is to be obtained much that appeals—deep sea fishing, incomparable angling in the numerous lakes, rivers and coastal waters, and excellent deer-stalking.

All these features combine to make the Dominion's scenic resorts, tourist attractions and sporting facilities one of its most important natural resources.

#### PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The Dominion of New Zealand is distant about 1,200 miles south-cast of the mainland of Australia, and consists of three main islands in the South Pacific Ocean, known as the North, South, and Stewart Islands, having a length of 1,100 miles, between 34° 22' and 47° 18' South Intitude and 162° East longitude -173° West longitude, with several groups

of smaller islands lying at some distance from the principal group.

Geographical.—The two principal islands of New Zealand have a total length of 1,040 miles, the total coast-line reaching 4,330 miles. A large portion of the surface is mountainous in character. The principal range is that of the Southern Alps, having its culminating point in Mount Cook (12,349 ft). The North Island mountains include several active and dormant volcances. Mt. Ruapehu (9,175 ft.) and Mt. Ngauruhoe (7,515 ft.) are the most important. Of the numerous glaciers in the South Island, the Tasman (18 miles by 14) is the largest. The North Island in particular is noted for its hot springs and geysers. For the most part the rivers are too short and rapid for considerable use in navigation. The more important include the Waikato (220 miles in length), Wanganui (140) The North Island mountains include and Clutha (210). Lakes (Taupo, 238 sq. miles in area; Wakatipu, 112; and Te Anau 132) are abundant; many of them of great beauty.

Meteorological .- () wing chiefly to its great length, New Zealand's climate varies very considerably in its different divisions. In general it is mild with an abundant rainfall. Snow is rarely seen except upon the higher levels. Annual averages:—North Island, mean temperature 57° F., rainfall 47 in. (days with rain 163), sunshine, 2,134 hours; South Island, mean temperature 52° F., rainfall 56 in. (days with rain 145), sunshine, 1,956 hours.

#### GOVERNMENT.

The west coast of the South Island of New Zealand was discovered by Abel Jansen Tasman, the navigator (voyaging under the direction of the Netherlands' East India Company), on December 13, 1642. The islands were visited in 1769 by Captain Cook, who returned to them in 1773, 1774, and 1777. In 1793 the Government of New South Wales despatched H.M.S. Duedalus to the islands on a diplomatic mission. The first settlement of Europeans was made in 1814, but no colonisation took place until 1825. In 1840 British sovereignty was proclaimed, and on May 3, 1841, New Zealand was, by letters patent, erected into a separate colony distinct from New South Wales. On Sept. 26, 1907, the designation was changed to The Dominion of New Zealand. The Constitution rests upon the Act of 1852, under which the executive authority is entrusted to a Governor (now Governor-General) appointed by the Crown and aided by an Executive Council, with a Legislature of two houses.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Official Secretary, Sir Cecil Day, C.M.G., C.B.R. A.D.C.'s, Lt. R. C. V. Thomson, R.N.; Capt. J. W. Tweedle; Lt. Visct. Long of Wranall.

* EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

His Excellency the COVERNOR-GENERAL. COALITION CABINET (Sept. 1931).
Prime Minister, Minister of Railways, of
Raternal Afairs, Attorney-General,
and in Charge of Scientific and Industrial Research, Public Trust, Electoral and High Commissioner's Departments, Rt. Hon. G. W. Forbes, P.C. .....£1,377

Minister of Finance, Minister of Customs, of Stamp Duties, of Transport, and in Charge of State Advances and Laud and Income Tax Departments, Rt. Hou. J. G. Coates, P.C., M.C. .....

• Members of the Executive Council travelling within the Dominion on public service are entitled to an allow-ance not exceeding £1 zes per deem when so engaged, but not during attendance at a session of the General Assembly. A house allowance of £25 is also said where a Government residence is not provided. (so per cent. cut in salary sugar-3s and further z per cent. in 253-33, the figures subsequent to salary cuts being given.)

Minister of Lands, Commissioner of State Forests, and Minister in Charge of Land for Settlements, Scenery Preservation, Discharged Soldiers' Settlement, and Valuation Departments, Hon. E. A.

Minister of Native Affairs, of Cook Islands, and in Charge of Native Trust, Govern-ment Life Insurance, State Fire and Accident Insurance, Legislative, Public Service Superannuation, Friendly So-cieties and National Provident Fund Departments, and Member of the Executive Council representing the Native Race, Hon. Sir Apirana Ngata .....

Minister of Health, of Immigration, of In-ternal Afairs, and in Charge of Mental Hospitals, Printing and Stationery, Audit, Aussum, and Advertising Depar-ments, Hon. J. A. Young

Minister of Education and of Industries and Commerce, Hon. R. Masters, M.L.C. Minister of Defence, of Justice, of Marine, and in Charge of Pensions, Police, Prisons, Registrar General's, and Insection of Machinery Departments, Hon.

J. G. Cobbe ..... If Tele-Postmaster - General, Nimister of Tele-graphs, of Labour, of Employment, and in Charge of Tourist and Health Resorts, Publicity, and Census and Statistics Departments, Hon. A. Hamilton.....

895

895

Bos

	Minister of Agriculture and of Mines, Hon. C. E. Macmillan	£804
	Minister of Public Works and in Charge of Roads and Public Buildings, Hon. John	~-,5
l	Bitchener	895

HIGH COMMISSIONER IN LONDON. High Commussioner in London, Sir T. M. 

#### THE LEGISLATURE.

Parliament consists of a General Legislative Council appointed by the Governor (prior to 1891 the appointments were for life; since that date for 7 years only), at present consisting of 21 members; and a House of Representatives consisting of 30 members elected for 3 years. (Life of mesent parliament extended to 4 years.) Four of the members are Maoris elected by the natives. Women have been entitled to vote since 1893, and to be elected Members of the House of Representatives, since the passing of the Womens' Parliamentary Rights Act, 1979. Members of the Upper House receive £255 32. per annum, and of the Lower House £364 108. per annum, in each case with travelling expenses and deductions for non-attendance

THE JUDICATURE.

The judicial system comprises a Supreme Court and Court of Appeal; also Magistrates Courts, having both civil and criminal jurisdiction. Chief Justice, Rt. Hon. Sir Michael Myers,

P.C., K.C.M.G. .....£2,250 Pruine Judges, Hons. Sir A. L. Herdman, J. R. Reed, C.B.E., W. C. MacGregor, H. H. Ostler, A. W. Blair, D. S. Smith,

R. Kennedy each 2,000

Judge, Court of Arbitration, Hon. F. V.

Frazer 2,000

In 1932, 52,886 civil cases were tried in Magistrates Courts, while summary convictions in criminal cases were 42,366. In 1932 convictions (of sentences) in Supreme Courts were 1,710. Civil cases to number of 492 were tried, and 552 judgments were recorded for a total amount of £215,697.

#### POLICE.

On March 31, 1933, the strength of the Police Force was 1,195 of all ranks, equivalent to 1 for every 1,286 of the population. Average cost of police protection per inhabitant was, in 1932-33, 58. 61/2d.

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

For purposes of local government the Dominion is divided into counties and ridings, with incorporated boroughs, under elected county and municipal councils, town, road, electric power, and harbour boards.

For cities or boroughs, any adult of either sex

resident in the town may register as an elector. Non-resident ratepayers may also exercise the

For counties, adult ratepayers of either sex may register as electors, and may have one, two,

or three votes according to the value property.	e of their
Revenue of local bodies, rozz-za	
Receipts not revenue, 1931-32 Expenditure, 1931-32 Net indebtedness, March 31, 1932	4,374,251 20,087,381
Net indebtedness, March 31, 1932	6x,554,906

#### PASSPORTS.

With certain exceptions, no person over 15 years is permitted to land unless in possession of a passport issued by a competent British authority.

#### DEFENCE.

#### Army.

The New Zealand Defence Forces consist of the Permanent Force, the Territorial Force, the New Zealand Air Force, and the Scnior Cadets. Units of the N.Z. Permanent Forces are the Staff Corps, the Permanent Staff, the Artillery, the Permanent Air Force, the Army Ordnance Corps, the Permanent Army Service Corps, the Army Medical Corps, The Army Ordnance Corps, and the General Duty Section. The compulsory and the General Duty Section. The compulsory territorial system (including Senior Cadets) is at present in abeyance, for reasons of economy. It has been replaced by a volunteer system on a reduced scale. Establishment of N.Z. Permauent Forces, 8c professional officers; establishment of N.Z. Permanent Staff, res (chiefly drill-instructors). Strength of (volunteer) Territorial Force on June 30, 1933, 955 officers, 8,138 other ranks. other ranks.

#### Navy.

In 1900 New Zealand presented the battle-cruiser New Zealand to the Imperial Government. The Naval Defence Act, 1913, provides for the establishment of a New Zealand Naval Force by voluntary enlistment for a prescribed period (fixed at 12 years or until age 30), members on discharge to be diafted into the New Zealand Royal Naval Reserve for such period as may be prescribed for service only in time of war: the ships and personnel forming the Force to pass under the control and to be at the disposition of the Imperial Government in time of war. A Naval Board controls all matters relating to the Naval Forces, and is vested with the executive com-mand of the Naval Forces. By Order-in-Council mand of the Navai Forces. By Other-in-common of the seth June, 1921, it was provided that the ships and personnel shall be described respec-tively as forming and belonging to "The New Zealand Division of the Royai Navy." Expenditure on naval defence 1933-33, £521.60s. The New Zealand Division comprises the cruisers Diomede and Dunedin, the depot ship Philomel, the trawler Wakakura, and oil-tanker Nucula. Two sloops, Veronica and Laburnum, are maintained by the British Government for duties in the South Pacific within the limits of the New Zealand station.

#### *FINANCE.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure,	Gross Debt.
1939 1930 1931 1932 1933	£3,599,676 25,349,861 23,068,931 22,719,733 22,568,521	£24, 176, 928 25, 200, 882 24, 708, 042 24, 860, 552 22, 528, 379	£264, 291,983 267,383,343 276,033,358 2£1,942,800

^a Financial year ends March 31; railway revenue and expenditure are excluded throughout, and post and talegraph revenue and expenditure in 2909 and sub-sequent years.

Banking .- At the end of 1932 there were six hanks of issue doing business, two of which were New Zealand banks. Total assets (average of four quarters of year), £6,015,200; liabilities, £61,463, 21; value of notes in circulation, £5,052 se8.

the close of the year 1932-33, 1,009,773 depositors, having £52,499,159 to their credit.

#### EDUCATION.

The State system of education is free, secular, and compulsory. There were (December, 1932 and compulsory. There were (December, 1932) 2,517 pm He primary schools, with 6,222 adult teachers and 227,126 scholars; there are also 309 registered private primary schools, with 26,410 scholars, and, in addition, 135 village schools for the Maoris with 7,504 scholars. The higher education of boys and gills in the cities and large towns is carried on in 46 endowed colleges and grammar schools, in zz technical high and and grandian schools. In addition there are so secondary depts, of district high schools, and s junior high schools, sa private secondary schools, and ir secondary schools for Maoris. The University of New Zealand consists of Anckland University College, Victoria University College, Canterbury University College, and the University of Otago, the four colleges having 4,912 students in 1032, and has power to confer degrees.

#### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture and Forestry.-The total area of the Dominion (excluding annexed islands) is 56,390,261 acres, and, apart from boroughs and holdings under x acre, 42,728,749 acres of this were in occupation in 1922, this acreage representing 82,958 holdings. New Zealand is a pustoral lather than an agricultural country, but the quantity of wheat and outs grown is sufficient for the Pointion's requirements. The area under wheat in 1932-33 was 32,528 acres, grung a jield of 17,057,180 hishels. An area of 116,23 acres of oats was the ched, the yield totalling 5,132 234 bishels, while 259,627 acres were converted to chaff, hay, or ensilage. Other acreages in 1932-33 were; barley, 16,349; peas, 22,363, 1)e-grass, 86,183; and potatoes, 24.62x An area of 483,880 acres was sown in timips and mangolds. Amongst the forest productions are the Kairr pine (found only at the northern extremity of the islands), much valued for shipbuilding and for its resin New Zealand flax is used for the (Kami gnm). mannfacture of ropes and twine.

Live Stock. - The cattle in 1933 numbered 4.122.138; sheep, 27,755,565; pigs, 586.305; and houses, 276.793. The pastures of the South Island produce the celebrated sheep of the Canterbury Plain.

Manufactures.-Statistics of factory production show (1931-32) 4,969 factories in operation, employing 68,697 hands. Value of output for year, £67,813,394.

Minerals.-Coal-mining is one of the largest industries, the output in 1931 being 2,157,756 tons, the approximate total output to the end of 1931 being 75 999,000 tons. Gold-mining, both alluvial and quartz, is an important industry in many districts, and rich iron ore, in the form of ironsand, occurs in great abundance in Taranaki, and in the form of brown hematite at Onakaka and Parapara, near Nelson.

# EXTERNAL TRADE (£ Sterling). (Excluding specie.)

Year	Imports	Exports	Total
1928 1929 1930 1931 1932	48,481,000 24,157,000	£55,570,000 54,930,000 43,158,000 31,852,000 32,373,000	£100,414,000 103,665,000 85,639,000 56,009,000 54,778,000

Note All imports are given in terms of stelling values except these from Australian currency.

All experts are in terms of New Zealand currency.]

Principal Imports, 1931 :	
Finit (Fresh and Dried)	£611,703
Tea	378,683
Sugar	580, 130
Tobacco	578,339
Iron and Steel	1,755,731
Electrical Machinery and Apparatus.	959,264
Other Machinery	796,862
Motor-cars and parts thereof	1,294,152
Other Metals and Metal Manufactures	311,327
Cotton Piece Goods	1,372,010
Woollen Piece Goods	425,175
Other Piece Goods	813,045
Other Textiles	2,421,249
Wood, Timber, and Manufactures	
thereof	x68,695
Oil, Petroleum (cande and actined)	1,845,837

Leather and Manufactures thereof ... 398,435 Principal Exports, 1932:-

Wool	 £5,742,821
Butter Frozen Meat	10,639,053
Cheese	 8,436,306 4,951,268
Hides, Skins and Pelts	 1,074,030

The external trade of 1932 was shared by the

principal connence as a	muer .—	
Country.	Imports from.	Exports to
	£11,788,419	£32,449 231
Australia	2,921,681	1,444,860
United States	3,073,544	940,015
Canada	998,373	244,160
Japan	425,883	236,799
France	206,678	508,960
India	346,787	53,378
Ceylon	348,754	3,498
Germany	381.732	289 917
Belgium	168,794	167.629
Dutch East Indies	790,749	5.255

#### COMMUNICATIONS.

Railways.—In March, 1933, there were 3.315 miles of Government railway lines in working order, and more under construction; and 168 miles of private lines, together with an excellent system of road service cars. The number of passengers carried on Government lines in 1832-33, The number of including season-ticket holders, was 18, 366,654, and in addition 2,740,263 on railway road motor services, while goods carried amounted to 5,490,686 tons. Operating revenue and expenditure were £5,339,075 and £4,833,754 respectively.

Shipping .- During 1932 the vessels entered inwards unmbered 574 (tonnage, 2.347,656), and those entered outwards 583 (tonnage, 2,352,913) exclusive of coasting vessels.

Posts and Telegraphs .- The annual postal circulation was (1931), 271,243,916 letters and post-cards, 39,454,971 newspapers, 151,369,568 books and packets, and 3,415,554 parcels, and the work is effected by 1,738 post-offices. At 31st March, 1935, there were 12,415 miles of telegraph line, with 64,221 miles of wire. The telephone service is highly efficient and universal in all centres Telegrams transmitted during year, 13,137,765.

#### TOWNS.

CAPITAL, WELLINGTON, in the North Island. The estimated population of the principal The estimated population of the principal towns at April 1, 1933, was as follows:—Wellington, 145,900; Auckland, 279,800; Christchurch, 130,100; Dunedin, 87,900; Wanganm, 27,650; Inverteargil, 24,500; Palmerston North, 23 500; Napier, 19,450; Timarn, 18,750; New Plymonth, 18,750; Hamilton, 18 300; Hastings, 17,000; Gisborne, 16,500; Nelson, 12,850; Masterton, 8,750; Oamaru, 7,650; Whangarei, 7,750; Greymonth, 6,370; Ashburton, 5,500; Blenheim, 5,260; Bottuble, 2200. 5,350 ; Rotana, 5,220.

#### THE ISLANDS OF NEW ZEALAND.

The following islands form part of the Dominion proper:—North Island and adjacent islets , South Island and adjacent islets ; Stewart Island and adjacent islets, and Chatham Islands, between 43° 30' 8. lat and 175° 40' 177' 15' W. long. Chatham Islands have a population of 620, two thirds of whom are Maoris and halfcastes. They support large flocks of sheep and some cattle.

The following are included in the geographical boundaries of New Zealand as proclaimed in 1847:—The Three Kints (theovered by Tasman on the Fenst of the Epiphany), in 34° 9'8 hat and 179° 8'8" E. long. (inminabited). Auckland Islands, about 290 miles south of Bluff Harbour, Indicate, about 296 lines south of billi Halbour, in 50° 32′ 8. lat and 165° 13′ E long. The islands contain several good harbours, but are unulabited. (*amphelt Island (minibalited), Antipoles Group (49° 42° 12° 8. lat and 178° 43′ E. long ) minibalited, Bounty Islands (47° 43′ 8 lat., 179° 0° 30° E. long ) uninhabited, and Snares Islands (minibalited.)

The following islands have been annexed to New Zealand :-

The Kermadec Group, between 20° 10' to 31° 30' S lat., and 177' 48' to 170' W. long, includes Sunday, Macaulay, Curtis Islands, and L'Esperance, and some islets. The group 19 miinhabited.

Cook Islands, included in the boundaries of New Zealand since June, zoor, consist of the Islands of Rarotonga, Atintaki, Mangana, Atin, Manke, Mitaaro, Mannae and Te An-o-tu, Takutea. Palmerston. Penrhyn (or Tongareva), Takutea. Phimerston. Penrhyn (or Tongareva), Mannihik, Rakalinanga, Phikapuka (or Danger), Nine (or Savage), Suwarrow, and Nassan. The population at the Centsus of 1925 numbered 13,877, all except 313 being Natives. The chief products are bananas, oranges, and other tropical fruits. copra, and pearl-shell. The trade is chiefly with New Zealand and the linted States of America. The exports (1932) were valued at £39,395, and the imports at £78,341. Rarotonga is the chief island, with a mative nomination of 2-221, and a pomilation. a native population of 3,73x, and a population other than pative of 205. The government is adother than native of 205. The government is administered locally under the direction of New Zealand. The Island Conneil of the Cook Islands is under the direction of the Resident Administrator, Commander R. C. Garsia, N.Z.N. Commissioner at Rarotonga. The five Arikis of (address, Nauru Island, Central Pacific).

Raiotonga are of equal rank and are all members of the Conneil. Rarotonga is a place of call for the mail steamers between Sydney, N.S.W., and Wellington, N.Z., and San Francisco, U.S.A.

Resident Commissioner, Rarotonga, H. F. Арвов, с.м с .. Resident Comm., Nine, W. M. Bell, C.B.E.

Ross Dependency—By Imperial Order in Council of July 30, 1923, the coasts of the Ross Sea, with adjacent island and territories, were proclaimed a British Settlement under the control of the Governor-General of New Zealand.

Tokelau or Union Islamls —A group of atolls (population 1.147 in 1933), transferred from Gilbert and Ellis Islands Colony in 1926, and now administered on behalf of New Zealand by Administrator of Western Samoa.

The Mandated Territories are:-

Western Samoa, consisting of the islands of Savar'i, Manono, Apolinia, Upolii, Fannatapii, Namaa, Nautele and Nuulua (the remaining islands of the Samoan group belonging to the U.S.), have a total area of 1,133 square miles and a population at the Census of 1926 of 40,229. 30 880 were Samoans, 1,079 Chinese and Melanesans, and 2,270 hall-custes and Emopeans. The largest islands are Sacuti (703 square miles) and Upolu (430 square miles) Upolu contains the harbours of Apia and Saluafata, of which the former is the capital. In 1889 a very heavy sea set up by a cyclone wiceked three U.S. A. warset in by a cycline whether three U.S. A. War-sinps and the Elerand Adder of the German Navy, Il Als. Calliope of the British Navy, effecting its escape. The disaster is recorded in "A Footnote to History, ' by R. L. Stevenson, whose home was at Valuma (near Apia). The natives of the Islands are Christians of different denomina-tions, including a few adherents of the Latter Day Samts (Mormons). Coco-nuts (copra), cocoa, bananas and inbber are the chief products of the islands. The exports were valued in 1932 at £183,028 (copia £x08,698), and the imports at £150 co2.

Administrator, Brigadier-General H. E. Hart, CB, CMG, DSO, V.D.

## NAURU ISLAND.

Nauru Island, situated in longitude x66 degrees east, and z6 miles south of the Equator, was produmed German territory on Oct. z, 1888, and was administered as part of the (German) Marshall Islands group until its surrender to the Australian Forces in 1914. The island was included in the cession of colonies nade by Germany in 1919, and is now adminis-tered by the United Kingdom, the Common-wealth of Australia, and the Dominion of New Zealand under a mandate from the Allied and Associated Powers, 1919, the first and second Administrators having been appointed by agree-Administrators naving need appeared. The ment by the Australian Government The island has a population (July 1, 1933) of 2,641, of whom 165 are Europeans. There are valuable whom 165 are Europeans. There are valuable deposits of phosphates on the island, and in 1932 the exports of phosphates were 418,180 tons (valued at £466,423). The value of the imports 111 1932 Was £95,739.

# The Union of South Africa.

Provinces.	Area (English Sq.	Census	European		
	Miles).	European.	Total.	Population,1931.	
Cape of Good Hope	276,966* 35,284 110,450 49,647 472,347* 322,393	650,609 136,838 543,485 188,556 1,519,488	2,782,719 1,429,398 2,087,636 628,827 6,928,580 227,739	749,231 177,449 696,120 205,375 1,828,175 24,115†	

Of the European population of the Union, 1931, 930,541 were males, and 897,634 females. The increase in the European population of the Union (1926-31) was 9'0 per cent. For the Provinces it was as follows:—Cape, 6'0 per cent.; Natal, 11'7 per cent.; Transvaal, 14'4 per cent.; Orange Free State, 1'2 per cent.

Includes Walvis Ray (430 sq miles), which is administered by the Territory of S. W. Africa, but is an integral part of the Cape of Good Hope Province.

Births, Deaths, and Marriages of European Population,

Number.				Rate per Thousand.			
Year.	Births.	Deaths.	Marriages	Year.	Births.	Deaths.	Marriages.
1926	43,876	16,080	14,908	1926	26.16	9.59	8.89
1927	44,347	16,627	15,622	1927	25.95	9.73	9'14
1928	44,813	17,642	16,348	1928	25.77	10.12	9'40
1929	46,219	16,803	17,192	1929	25.12	9.21	9.73
1930	47,534	17,415	16,604	1930	26*44	9.69	9'24
1931	46,423	17,145	15,688	1931	25.38	9.37	8.48

A law (No. 17 of 1923) amending and consolidating the pre-Union Acts in force in the four Provinces was passed and came into force as from the 1st January, 1924. Under this law registration of all European, Asiatic and Coloured (as distinct from Native) births and deaths was compulsory throughout the Union. Registration of Native births and deaths is compulsory only in urban areas. Only marriages solemnized under the prescribed civil laws are subject to registration.

#### PHYSIOGRAPHY.

Boundaries.—The provinces of the Union extend from the southernmost point of the African Continent to the course of the Limpopo River, i.e., from 34° 50′ – 22° South latitude, and include all the British territories within those limits, with the exception of Rasutoland and the Swariland and Bechuanaland Protectorates, while provision is made for the future inclusion within the Union of those territories and of the territories of the British South Africa Company.

Relief .- The southernmost province contains many parallel ranges, which rise in steps towards the interior. The south-western peninsula contains the famous Table Mountain (3,582 feet), while the Great Zwarte Berg and Lange Berg run in parallel lines from west to cast of the Cape province. Between these two ranges and the Roggeveld and Nieuweveld to the north is the Great Karroo Platear, which is bounded on the east by the Successivery, containing the highest summit in the province (Compassivery, 7,800 feet). In the east are ranges which join the Drakensbery (11,000 feet) between Natal and the Orange Free State.

The Orange Free State presents a succession of undulating grassy plains with good pasture-land, at a general elevation of some 3,800 feet, with occasional hills or kopies. The Transvaal is also mainly an elevated plateau with parallel ridges in the Magalies and Waterbery ranges of no great height. The veld or plains of this northernmost province is divisible into the Hooge Veld of the south, the Banker Veld of the centre, and the Bush Veld of the north and east, the first and second forming the grazing and agricultural region of the Transvaal and the last a mimosa-covered waste. The eastern province of Natal has nastoral lowlands and rich agricultural land between the slopes of the Drakensberg and the coast, the interior rising in terraces as in the southern provinces.

Rivers.—The Orange, with its tributary the Vaal, is the principal river of the south, rising in the Drakensberg and flowing into the Atlantic between the Protectorate of South West Africa and the Cape of Good Hope. The Limpopo, or Crocodile River, in the north, rises in the Transvaal and flows into the Indian Ocean through Portuguese East Africa. Most of the remaining rivers are furious torrents after rain, with partially dry

beds at other seasons.

#### HISTORICAL SKETCH.

The Cape of Good Hope was discovered in 1486 by Bartholomew Diaz, the commander of one of the many expeditions sent out by successive Kings of Portugal to discover an ocean route to India. Diaz merely doubled the Cape and returned home. Eleven years later, in 1497, Vasco da Gama not only doubled the Cape and landed in what is now Natal, but successfully accomplished the voyage to India. The Portuguese, however, did not make any permanent settlement at the Cape, although it was used by their vessels, and subsequently also by those of England and Holland, as a place of call in going to and from the East Indies. In 1652 the Netherlands' East India Company took possession of the shores of Table Bay, established a fort, and occupied the adjacent lands, in order to be always ready with supplies for their passing ships. In 1814 the Cape was formally ceded to the British Crown.

Natal derives its name from the fact of its discovery on Christmas Day, 1497, by the celebrated Portuguese navigator, Vasco da Ganna. The first European settlement was formed (1824) by a small party of Englishmen, who came by sea and established themselves on the coast where Durban now stands. Natal was then a part of the great Zulu kingdom under T'Chaka. Between 1835 and 1837 another settlement was formed by a large body of Dutch Boers, who came with their waggons overland from the Cape Colony and settled in the northern districts, where to this day the Boers preponderate. In the year 1843 Natal was proclaimed as British and annexed to the Cape Colony. In 1856 it was erected into a separate colony, with representative institutions, and in 1893 acquired responsible government.

The Transcal was formed as the South African Republic by parties of Dutch Boers from the English colonies who "trekked" into the interior of the continent and wrested the land across the Vaal river from the native chiefs. The discovery of the goldfields within its borders led to the settlement of large numbers of foreigners, and eventually to hostilities with the British Government. A war of nearly three years' duration was fought with great tenacity, and its close was marked by the inclusion of the South African Republic within the British Empire, "responsible government" being granted almost immediately.

The Orange Free State was founded, in much the same way as the Transvaal, by Boer emigrants from Cape Colony, and its independence was granted in 1854. Its subsequent history is identical with that of the Transvaal.

Delville Wood.—The title deeds of Delville Wood, containing the graves of South African troops who fell there during the lattles on the Western Front in France in the Great War, are held by the Government of the Union of South Africa, and Delville Wood is part of South Africa.

#### GOVERNMENT.

The Union of South Africa is constituted under the South Africa Act, 1909 (9 Edw. VII., cap. 9), passed by the Parliament of the United Kingdom on September 20, 1909. In terms of that Act the self-governing Colonies of the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, the Transvaal and the Orange River Colony became united on May 31, 1910, in a legislative Union under one Government under the name of the Union of South Africa, those Colonies becoming original Provinces of the Union under the names of the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, the Transvaal and the Orange Free State respectively.

The Union Government is seised of all State property, and the Railways, Ports and Harboure are administered by Commissioners. The former debts of the Colonies now constituting the Provinces are administered by and form a first charge upon the funds of the Union. Provision is made in the Act of 1909 for the admission to the Union of Rhodesia, and for the transfer to the Union Government of the administration of protected and other native territories. The Union was inaugurated by H.R.H the Duke of Connaught, K.G., in 1910.

The Government publishes annually an "Official Year Book of the Union of South Africa," giving full statistics and descriptive information on all matters of public concern.

The seat of the Government is Pretoria; the seat of the Legislature is Cape Town.

The Executive is vested in a Governor-General appointed by the Sovereign, and aided by an Executive Council, with a Legislature of two Houses.

Governor-General (Cape Town and Pretoria), The Right Honourable the Earl of Clarendon, G.C.M.G. ......(1931) £10,000

Clarendon, G.C.M.G.

Secretary, Capt. H. T. Birch Reynardson, C.M.G.

Private Secretary and Comptroller, Lt.-Col. E. H Davidson, C.B.E., M.C.

2,500 2,500

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL. (March 30, 1933.)

H.R.H. the Governor-General presides. Prime Minister and Minister of External 

2,500 Grobler ..

Minister of Labour, Hon. A. P. J. Fourie Minister of Mines, Hon. Patrick Duncan.

2.500 2,500 2,500

J. C. Smits, P.C., C.H., K.C., D.T.D. .... Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, and of Public Works, Senator the Hon. C. F 2,500

J. C. G. Kemp .. ...... 2,500

Minister of Radways and Harbours and of Defence, Hon. O. Pirow ...... 2,500 Minister of Lands, Col. the Hon. Deneys

2,500 Minister Without Portfolio, Hon. R. Stuttaford.

HIGH COMMISSIONER IN LONDON.

High Commissioner for the Union, C. T. te Water, South Africa House, Trafalgar Square, W.C. 2.

Secretary, G. W. Klerck.

#### EXTERNAL REPRESENTATION AND TRADE COMMISSIONERS.

Trade Commissioner, J. H. Dimond.

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pienipoten-tary, The Hague, Dr. H. D. van Broekhuizen. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Rome (vacant).

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipoten-Trade Commissioner for the Union in East Africa, Nairobi, Col. Beresford Turner, c.m.g.,

Hon. Trade Commissioners are also established at Rotterdam, Oslo, Genoa, Paris, Gothenburg, San Francisco and Vancouver, and a Consul-General at Lourenco Marques (D. Steyn).

#### THE LEGISLATURE.

The Senate consists of 40 members. nominated by the Governor-General-in-Council and 22 are elected, eight for each Province. Election for members is carried out according to the system of proportional representation with the single transferable vote, by the Members of the House of Assembly and of the Provincial Council for each Province sitting together and presided over by the Administrator of such Province. Vacancies amongst elected Senators are filled in vacancies annear, but only for the period which the same manner, but only for the period which the Senator in whose place the new Senator is elected would have held his seat. Originally, under Section 24 of the South Africa Act, nomi nated Senators held their seats for a period of by Act No. 54 of 1926, and nominated Senators are now required to vacate their seats on the are now required to vacate or upon a change dissolution of the Senate or upon a change of Government. Of the eight nominated Senators, four are selected on the ground of their thorough acquaintance, by reason of their official experience or otherwise, with the reasonable wants and wishes of the coloured races.

The House of Assembly consists of 150 elected members, 52 of whom represent the Cape of Good Hope, to Natal, 57 Transval, and 16 the Orange Free State. Members of both Houses must be

British subjects of European descent. The Sixth Delimination Commission functioned in 1932, and according to the results of the Census of 1932—Europeans only—delimited the country according to the following constitu-encies, Cape of Good Hope 61, Natal 16, Transvaal 57, Orange Free State 66, a total of 150, and the present Government was elected on that basis. The total number of seats contemplated by the South Africa Act, % 32-33 is now reached, and the members assigned to each varieties with however, the basis of the seath varieties with however, the seath varieties are the seath varieties. province will henceforth be based on a Union quota of European on all adults. The female franchise which was introduced under the provisions of Act No. 18 of 1930 is not utilised in the determination of the quota.

President of the Senate, Sen. the Hon. ... £, 1,200

E. G. Jansen ...... 2,000

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

A Provincial Council in each Province has power to legislate by ordinance on certain subjects specified in the Act, and on such other subjects as may be delegated to it. All ordin-ances passed by a Provincial Council are subjected to the veto of the Governor-General in Council. Members of the Provincial Council are elected on the same system as Members of Parliament, but the restriction as to European descent does not apply. Provincial administration is in the case of each Province vested in an Administrator, with an Executive Committee of four members The Provincial Council in each case consists of the same number of elected members as there are electoral divisions of such Province for the House of Assembly, unless that number is less than 25 (as in the cases of Natal and the Orange Free State), when the number is \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Each Council exists for a period of three years. Direct taxation is permitted for Provincial pur-poses, and legislation is authorised on certain specified subjects.

## Administrators of the Provinces.

Cape .......The Hon. J. II. Conradie £2,500
Natal.....The Hon. H. G. Watson, I.S.O. 2,000
Transraal .......The Hon. J. S. Smit
Orange Free State...The Hon. C. T. M. Wilcocks..... 2,000

#### Provincial Secretaries.

Cape ......F. C. M. Voigt 1,300 1,870 1,390

#### THE JUDICATURE,

SUPREME COURT OF SOUTH AFRICA. APPELLATE DIVISION

(Bloemfontein). Chief Justice of South Africa, Sir J. W.

	Union of
	Cape of Good Hope Provincial Division.
	Judge President. Hon F. G. Gardiner£2,5 Puisne Judges, Hon. E. F. Watermeyer; Hon. H. M. Louwrens; G. G. Satton; Hon. H. S. Van Zyl; Hon. P. S. T. Joneseach 2,2
İ	Eastern Districts Local Division.
	Judge President, Hon. Sir T. L. Graham
	Griqualand West Local Division.
	Puisne Judge, Hon. W. E. Bok 2,2
	Transvaal Provincial Division.
	Judge President, Hon. D. de Waal, D.S.O. 2,5 Puisne Judges, Hon. B. A. Tindall; Hon. I. Grindley-Ferris, Hon. G. J. Maritz; Hon. L. Greenberg; Hon. C. E. Barry; Hon. S. Solomon; Hon. N. J.
	de Weteach 2,2
	Natal Provincial Division.
	Judge President, Hon. R. Freetham, C.M.G. 2,5 Puisne Judges, Hon. A. A. R. Hathorn, Hon. C. W. II Lansdown; Hon. E. L.

Orange Free State Provincial Division.	
Judge President, Hon. F. E. T. Klause Puisne Judges, Hon. P. U. Fischel; Hon.	2,50
C. L. Botha	2,25

Matthews, C.M.G. .....each

## Native High Court, Natal. Judge President, Lennox Ward ....... Judges, A. W. Leslie; S. A. McCormick; E. H. Britter ......each

#### DEFENCE.

The South Africa Defence Act, 1912, became law on June 14, 1912. This Act, as amended by the South Africa Defence Act Amendment Act of 1922, provides for the establishment of Defence Forces compuising :-

(1) The South African Permanent Force ; (2) The Active Citizen Force : (3) The Citizen Force Reserve; (4) The Coast Garrison Force Reserve; (5) The Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve; (6) The National Reserve; (7) Rufle Associations; and (8) Cadets.

Every citizen between the ages of 17 and 60 is liable to render personal service in time of war, and those between 17 and 25 are liable to undergo a prescribed peace training with the Active go a presented peace training with the Review (threen Force spread over a period of four consecutive years. The Act states, however, that only so per cent. of the total number liable to peace training shall actually undergo that training unless Parliament makes financial provision for the training of a greater number.

The establishment of Rifle Associations under the Citizen Force Reserve, is a marked feature of the Act; citizens between the ages of ar and as who are not entered for peace training with the Active Citizen Force are to be compelled to undergo training during these four years in a Rifle Association, thus ensuring that, in course of time, all citizens will at least

know how to handle and use a rifle.

Provision is made in the Act for the cadet

other populous areas, where facilities can conveniently be arranged.

The Union is divided into 6 military districts. To each mulitary district has been allotted various units of different arms, to which the citizens entered for peace training in their soth 250 and 21st years are posted.

#### EDUCATION.

In the South Africa Act, Section 85 (iii.), it is provided that "Education, other than higher provided that "Education, other than higher clucation, for a period of five years and thereafter, until Parliament otherwise provides, shall be and remain under the jurisdiction of the respective Provincial Councils."

Under Act No. 5 of 1922, a definition is given of the term "higher education." Section 14 of Act No. 5 of 1922, reade as follows:—The expression

46 of 1925, reads as follows:—The expression "higher education" as used in Section 85 of the South Africa Act, 1909, shall include inter atia; 150 (a) Education provided by universities and innversity colleges incorporated by law; (b) education provided by the South African Native College; (c) education provided by such technical institutions (including schools of art. music, commerce, technology, agriculture, mining and domestic science) as the Minister of Education may declare to be places of higher education; (d) such part of the education provided by other technical institutions as the Minister of Education may, after consultation with the provincial administration concerned, declare to be higher education; (c) any other education which, with the consent of the provincial administration concerned, the Minister of Education may declare to be higher education.

In terms of clauses (c), (d) and (e) above, the Provinces have been relieved of all vocational education (technical, industrial and agricultural), and the Department of Education under the Minister is therefore now concerned with-

I. Universities and university colleges comprising the following .-

z. University of South Africa, with the following constituent colleges-

University College, Potchefstroom, Grey University College, Bloemfontein. Rhodes University College, Grahamstown, Huguenot University College, Wellington,

Natal University College, Pietermaritzburg.

University of Capetown.
 University of Stellenbosch

4. University of the Witwaterwand.

5. University of Pretoria.

II. Technical colleges which have been established under Act No. 30 of 1923 at Capetown, Durban, Johannesburg, Port Elizabeth, East London, Pretoria, Pietermaritzburg, and Bloemfontein.

III. Industrial, trade and agricultural schools (State and State-aided) at various centres throughout the Union.

The number of students at universities and university colleges for the calendar year 1938 was 6,939. The State expenditure on higher education as above defined during the financial year 193s-33 was £717,057.

Primary Education and Education other than training of boys between 13 and 17 in urban and Higher Education.—The central direction of public education (other than higher education) is exercised by the Provincial Education Department in each of the four Provinces of the Union. Each Department is controlled by a Director or Superintendent of Education. In the Cape Province practically all the schools are Stateaided. In Natal they are partly State schools and partly State-aided. In the Transvaal and Orange Free State they are in the main State schools. In all Provinces primary education

Number of State and State aided Schools in the Union in 1932.—For European scholars, 4,872; for Non-European scholars, 4,032; total, 8,904

Number of Scholars and Teachers on Nov. 1, 1932.—European scholars, 360,126; Non-European scholars, 403,302; total, 763,428. Teachers—In European Schools, 15,743; in Non-European

Schools, 10,133.

State Expenditure on Education in 1932.

Cape, £3,220,641; Natal, £731,052; Transvaal, £8,595,219; Orange Free State, £879,169; total, £7,526,091.

Private Schools in 1932.—European, 289; Non-

European, 420; total, 769.

Number of Scholars.—European, 20,455; Non-

Buropean, ao, 549; total, 41,004.
Number of Teachers.—European, 1,2x6; NonBuropean, 6xo; total, 1,8x6.
In all Provinces Normal Colleges and other

institutions for the training of teachers are maintained by the Education Departments. Superintendent-General of Education, Cape.

Prof. M C. Botha, N.A.
Supt. of Education, Natal, F. D. Hugo, B A.
Director of Education, Transvaal, S. P. E. Boshoft,

Director of S. II. Pellissier, B. A.

## UNION FINANCE

The ordinary Revenue and Expenditure of the Union (exclusive of subsidies to Provincial Administrations and interest on Railway capital) for the five years ended March 31, 1932, are stated as under:—

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.
1927-1928	£ 30,094,094 30,501,650 30,486,458 a8,563 005 27,040,805*	£ 2.840,768 23,180,076 24,414,770 24,249,960 22,208,021†

Excluding an amount of £699.8 z collected in respect.
 Primage Juty specially imposed for the payment of Exports Subsidies.
 Excluding an amount of £692.733 [aid out as Exports Subsidies.

The Funded Debt of the Union at March 31 1932, was £249,519,373 and the Floating Debt £14,487,457.

## PROVINCIAL FINANCE

Since their establishment in 1910 the powers and functions of the Provinces have undergone various alterations, and their powers of taxation have been limited from time to time. An Act (No. 46, 1925) to amend the laws regulating the financial relations between the Union and the several Provinces thereof was passed in the 1925 Session of Parliament, and as from April 2, 2925, the sources of revenue available to the Provinces are :

- (x) A subsidy from the Union Government based upon the average attendance of pupils receiving education within the Province, and the extent of other educational functions carried on by the Province.
- (2) Certain scheduled and limited taxes.
- (3) Certain taxes collected by the Union and assigned to the Provinces without power to legislate in regard thereto.
- (4) Special grants of £75,000 each to the two smaller Provinces of Natal and the Orange Free State.

The requirements of the Provinces in regard to capital expenditure are supplied by the Union Government by way of loans. Special loans repayable in to years have been made by the Central Government to finance the deficits on the Provincial Revenue Funds at March 31, 1984.

The ordinary Revenue and Expenditure for six years ended March 31, 1938, were as follows :--

Finan cual Year,	Revenue transferred or ussigned	Subsidies.	Total Ordinary Revenue	Total Ordinary Expendi- ture
1927-28 1928-29 1929-30	4,460,171 4,850,546 5,186,622 5,234,805 4,919,680	5,171,178 5,122,840 5,149,119 5,243,032 5,358.871	10,335,741	10,549,670 10,286,812 11,344,025
1931-32	5,016,726	5,425,911	10,442,637	11,564,700

## Joint Stock Banks-Assets and Liabilities, 31st March, 1933.

Capital and Reserve £	. 13.354.443
Notes in Circulation	1,108.010
Deposits	XX4.40X.448
Balances due to other Banks, Head	174144-
Office and Branches	2,928,86z
Bills and other Liabilities	13,111,156
Coin, Gold Certificates and Bullion	. , .
in hand	2,387,608
Balances due by other Banks, Head	
Office and Branches	7,485,925
Securities	39,178,078
Bills under Discount	17,299,205
Advances	43,031,483
Other liquid Assets	\$8,748,6a7
Other Assets	6,869,702

### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture.—The exports in 1932 of the principal articles of agricultural production were :-

Artiele.	Quantity.	Value.
Wool	x8,570,204 lb. 4x,693,439 lb.	£6,560,576 95,451 a52,701 \$12,828 21,712 690,612 †1,603,348 498,860
+ Including nuts	t Wattle bark	

Production of Crops, 1929-3	Production	of	Crove.	1020-3
-----------------------------	------------	----	--------	--------

rrouncion of crops, 1929-30.						
Crop. (s,coc lb.)	Cape.	Natal.	Trans.	0.F.S.	Native Reserves and Lo- cations.	
Wheat Oats † Barley Maize Kaffir Corn Rye Potatoes Tolmaco Tolmaco Tea., Green Green	7,070 59 973 81,037 5,178	547 1,833 80 376,384 80,298 424 43,512 645	59,235 15,165 4.943 1,759 681 93,449 2,019 130,464 6,173	114,871 61,3,6 8 077 1,448,839 43,923 18,034 91,298 871	9 9 918,351 189,142	
Leaf Cotton (Seed)	4.703	3,802	7.798			
Monkey Nuts	90	1,526	18 316	<b>243</b>	•	

Not enumerated.
1 Natives on European Farms not enumerated;
1985-55 production = 1,262,850 lb.
2 Reason, September, 1989, to June, 1990.
2 Agricultural Statistics.

Province.	Culti- vated, 2929-30.	Irri- gated, 1989-30	Total Area of Farms, 1939-30.	No. of Occupied Farms, 1929- 30
Cape Natal Transvaal O.F.S		29,879 244,424	1,000 Acres. 124,879 11,046 38,607 30,083	36,650 10,414 29,270 20,606

Live Stock, 1930 (excluding Live Stock in Towns).

Stock.		Natal.	Trans.	U.F.S.	Native Locations Reserves,
Cattle Sheep Goats Pigs Mules Amore Ostriches	2,474,015 22,843,342 3,772,818 227,283 84,821 840,018 30,374	2,590,925 473,150 70,485 12,776	402,864 220,701 19,210 193,668	22,762,429 87,192 E11,428 10,480	3.905.777 4.674.036 3.218.899 311.073 2.558 170.417

#### · Not enumerated.

Manufactures.—The development of local industries has been most marked during the last three years, the scarcity of oversea supplies, with the consequent increase in prices, having served as a very effective measure of protection, under which enterprise has flourished to a degree previously unknown. New industries have spring up in the principal centres of trade, and existing industries have largely extended their operations. From the recently published returns of manufactures in the Union, the total output during the year 197-18 was £60,123,111 sterling; 1918-10, £70,934.09; 1919-20, £3,133,134; 1920-21, £3,135,29,29; 1921-23, £3,136,29; 1923-24, £79,789,348; 1924-25, £46,159,664; 1925-26, £91,55,563, £74,446,787; and 1923-24, £79,789,348; 1924-25, £79,789,348; 1925-29, £13,440,787; and 1923-24, £79,789,348; 1924-25, £79,789,348; 1925-29, £13,440,787; and 1923-24, £79,789,348; 1924-25, £79,789,348; 1925-29, £13,440,787; and 1923-29, £113,478,513, Amongst the new industries which have been established during the period of the War may be mentioned the following:—Wattle extract; industrial alcohol (motor fuel) from molasses; calcium carbide; sulphate of ammonia; bottlemaking; starch from maize; iros smelting (still in the initial stage); a senic production; detining of scrap thir, copper ma ufacture, &c.

ning of scrap tin; copper ma ufacture, &c.

Mines and Minerals.—Gold mining still continues the chief source of the country's mineral
wealth. At the outbreak of war the diamond
mines closed down. The value of the output of
the mineral minerals of the Union in 1032 was:—

Coal 2,733,382 Copper 254,324	Silver
† Includes £668 768 receiv	red as premium on a portion
of the gold produced in Dec	red as premium on a portion ember.

The mineral production for the Union of South Africa was as follows:—

		Gota.			
1921	8,	128,710	fine oz	- £4	3,082,162
192 ×	7,	009,858	,,		2,343,485
1923*	9,:		**		±,574,945
1924"	9,		**		4,739,377
1915	9,		**		0,7 <del>6</del> 7,981
	9,		,,		2,285,139
1927	xo,:		••		2,997,608
	10,		,,	4	3,982,119
	10,		,		4,228,748
	10,7				,520,166
			,,		5,305,858
	bour employ		the gol		, <i>766</i> ,321 ustry in
Decembe	r, 1932, Tr	insvan!	WAS	24,64	5 Euro-
peans an	d 232,483 col	oured.			-
_	D. D.	iamond	R.		

669,559 metric carats £2,266,631 rozz ... ...... 1923 ... 2,053,095 6,038,207 8,033,406 1925 ..... 2,430,128 8, 198, 128 ** 1926 ...... 3,217,967 1927 .... 4,708 1928 ..... 4,372,857 ., 1929 . ..... 3,661,212 " 1930 . .. ...... 3,163,591 . 1931 ..... 2,119,156

The average labour employed in diamond nuning, including individual diamond digging, was in 1932: Transvaal, 2,608 Europeans, 12,321 coloured; Cape, 2,177 Europeans, 322 coloured; O.K.S., 207 Europeans, 322 coloured; a total of 4,932 Europeans and 22,146 coloured. The value of diamonds owned throughout the world was stated to be £600,000,000 in 1978, one-half being owned by residents in U.S.A.

#### Coal. (Tons of a.ooo lb.)

		)38.		
Transvaa	i	6,642,162	tons	£1,612,622
			,,	3,333
			,,	338,859
Natal		2,811,241	,,	778,568
	M1 A 3			

Totals..... 10,649,651 , £2,733.382 The average labour employed in coal mining in 1932 was: Natal. 437 Europeans, 25,050 coloured; Transvaal. 785 Europeans, 11,052 coloured; Cape, 7 Europeans, 97 coloured; O.F.S. 125 Europeans, 1,971 coloured; a total of 1,354 Europeans and 22,200 coloured.

Silver.

There are no silver mines in the Union. The output, valued at £65,830 in 1932, represents silver contained in gold bullion and base metal ores.

Copper.
(Tons of a,ooo lb.)

In 1932, 10,348 tons of concentrates were produced in the Transvaal, and 52 tons in the Cape Province. The total shipments of copper during the year amounted to 11,068 tons, valued at £254,324.

1928

Tin. (Tons of 2,000 lb.)

> Imports. £ 79,106,083

The Union figures for 1932 are 953 tons, valued at £63,228.

Other Minerals.

The value of the total mineral production of the Union for 1932 was £55,030,425. The value of miscellaneous products: quarry products, £76,89: lead, £908; magnesite, £2,707; graphite, £1,566.

EXTERNAL TRADE.

The total value of the Imports and Exports in the five years 1928-1932 (exclusive of silver and copper specie) was as follows. Note amended figures (exports) include Gold Specie:-

Exports.

Total Trade.

龙 175,566,253

577,940 986,278

1929	83,450,597	97,75	7,484	181	,208.081	i
1930	64,568,447	83,40	9,477	147	,977,924	١
1931	52,975,263	71,82	9,564	124	,804,827	'
1932	32,790,305	68,93	8,cox	101	,728,306	- '
!	INPORTS		1931.	- 1	1932	
			£	-   -	£	٦,
Appare			2,043,0	ar i a	,202,336	5
Arms a	nd Ammunitio	11	461,70		303,500	
			783,50	58	564,901	
Cotton	Manufactures	and	1-313	-	3-4,3	
	Goods		4,332,59		,382,236	;   '
	nd Chemicals.		1,193,55		980,250	١.
Electric	al Machinery	(In-	-,-95,55	,"	900,-30	٠ ) :
cludin	g Wireand Fit	tines)	2,205,44	بأكا	,521,648	. 1
	d Druk		4,571,49		,413,076	
	re		827,41		408,828	
Glycein			211,8		119,685	
Haberd	ashery		1,136,29	-	730,181	: I'
Hardwa	re		2,550,29	31.	,533,828	i I.
Hotagu	d Caps		498,6	3 '	277,631	. 1
Implem	ents: Agricul	tural	515,50	50	207.47	: 1
Iron an	d Stanl	ouras	1,463,3	27	397,476 875,694	: I.
Loothou	Manufacture		1,403,3	50		
	ery		820,1	25 .	322,900	'
Oils	ы у		3,186,8	9   2	,473,489	
Tobacco	(Unmanufact	/France	2,324,34		,752 440	1
TODRECC		urea	3,17		15,360	1
Wax (CI	nd Tiniber		222,0		175.74	
Wooda			1,132,3	55	577,949	?

Exports (S A. Produce).	1931.	x63s
Asbestos	£	£
	251,803	148,292
Bark, Wattle and Extract	399,887	277,378
Buchu Leaves	5,489	3,489
Coal (Excluding Bunker)	496,266	290,727
Copper (Bar, Plate & Bistre)	451,024	378,775
Diamonds	3,573,500	1,955,523
Blasting Compounds	7,060	984
Feathers, Ostrich	43,969	21,712
Fish	289,662	306,559
Fodder	154,674	186,419
Fruit	1,586,200	1,970,223
Gold (1920, £46,776,046)	37,980,055	47,585,828
Hides and Skins	1,153,773	779,085
Mohair	230,061	95,45×
Oil: Whale	32,240	13,350
Sugar	1,441,435	1,310,360
Tin Ore	71,714	80,882
Tobacco		8,580
Wines	21,479	
	110,015	104,679
Wool	5,700,673	6.560.676

Woollen Manufactures ..... 1,768,723

59.30 per cent. of the total exports from the Union were shipped to the United Kingdom during 1924, 53'84 per cent. in 1928, 61'75 per cent. in 1928, 64'05 per cent. in 1929, 69'45 per cent. in 1929, 69'45 per cent. in 1930, 74.81 per cent. in 1931.

Trade with U.K. 1932 :— Imports from U.K. (1932) .....£15,118,641 Exports to U.K. (1932) ...... 55.481,561

	x93x		1932.	
Imports from	Value	Per	Value.	Pe1 cent
	£		£	
United Kingdom	23,630,081	44'6	15,118,641	46'3
Australia	464,971	0.0	177,975	06
India	1,567,843	3.0	1,020,685	3.
Canada	2,868,763	3.2	1,120,138	3.4
Other British		i		i
Possessions	2,904,317	5.5	1,328,518	4 7
			i	1 —
Total British Pos-				l
sessions	6,805,894	13.0	3,647,316	II.
Total - British		1		
Empire	30,435,975		x8,765,957	57
131111111111111111111111111111111111111	30,433,973	57 5	20,703,937	37 :
ForeignCountries				1
Germany	3,636,494	6.0	2,491,232	7.0
Umited States	7,047,233	13.3		13.0
Belgium	1,147,599	3'2		11
Sweden	850,705	1.6	518,549	
Holland	820,429	1.2	555-732	1.
Brazil	399,900	0.8	338,864	
France	1,014,036	1.0	592,054	1 1
Other Foreign		ł	_	1
Countries	7,592,804	14.3	4,540,476	13.6
Total Foreign		i		
Countries	22,509,200	42.2	13,906,582	42'5
Watel Turnoute				
Total Imports	52,945,175	100.0	32,072,539	100

## COMMUNICATIONS.

Railways .- The first railway in South Africa was commenced in April, 1859, the first sod being turned by the then Governor of the Cape of Good Hope, Sir George Grey. This was very shortly Hope, Sir George Grey. This was very shortly followed by Natal, which started the construction of a line running from Durban. Another two lines finally lucked up at Heddelberg in 189. The Cape line was opened for public traffic to Stellenbosch in 1862 and to Wellington in 1862, while a transit to Winney was appeared to 1862. while a track to Wynberg was opened to traffic in 1864. Little progress was, however, made in succeeding years, and it became evident that the development of the country could not be left to private enterprise. The existing Cape lines were therefore purchased by the Government on Jan. 1, 1873, and in 1875 Natal followed by acquiring the railways in that colony. Increased working at once took place, and the construction of four lines was pushed inland from Cape Town, Durlan, Port Elizabeth, and East London. Bloemfonten was reached in 1890, and two years later a line to Germiston linked up with the

system already established in the Trausvaal.

The total open mileage of Governmentowned lines at the end of March, 1933, was
13, 100 miles (comprising Cape 5,217, Orange Free
State 1,633, Transvaal 3,268, Natal 1,520, and
South-West Africa 1,462, of which 12,216 miles
are 3 ft. 6 in. gauge and 884 miles a ft. gauge.

The capital expenditure on Government railways up to March 31, 1933, amounted to £148,865,885. The gross earnings for the year ending March 31, 123, were £20,619,878, and the net deficit, after payment of interest, £627,120. Working expenditure (excluding £627,120. Working expenditure (excluding depreciation) amounted to £14,044,563, or 68 12 per cent. of the gross revenue, as compared with £15,627,753. Or 70°CO per cent. of the gross revenue for the previous year. The Cape to Carro Railway, projected by Cecil Rhodes, had advanced to Buliwayo by 1902, 1,362 miles from Cape Town and 3,600 miles from Cano. Through communication by rail is now available from Cape Town to Port Francquint the lower Congo, 3,300 miles, all 3' 6" gauge. The Trans-Zauben Radway, from Dondo (on the Bena-Mashonaland line) to the Zambesi, was opened July 1, 2022, thus placing the Umon in direct communication with Nyasaland.

Posts and Telegraphs.—On March 3x, x933, there were 3,x4x post and 2,935 telegraph offices open in the Union. During the year 1932-33. 300,755,900 articles of mail matter, including 2,663.300 registered articles, addressed to places within and without the Union, were handled. An Air Mail service in communition with meoning and outgoing European mails operates between Capetown and Port Elizabeth, with branches to Dinban and Johannesburg (Rand Airport). A direct Air Mail service—once weekly—operates between South Africa (Capetown) and England (Croydon) vià Rhodesia-Tanganyika, Kenya, Sudan, Egypt, Greece and France. The number of money orders issued was 652,821, valued at £2,729,402, while 499,654 orders value £2,079,678, were paid. 3,647,665 postal orders were issued, and 3,521,036 postal orders paid. The number of depositors in the Savings Bank was 491,112, with £7,361,919 standing to their credit. 4,465,290 inland telegrams (including piess messages) were received and despatched during the year. 36.445 miles of telegraph wire were in no. There are 5 wireless telegraph stations in the Union which during the year received from and transmitted to ships 19,007 messages, in respect
of which £6,988 accrued to the revenue of the
Department The telephone system consists of 452,450 miles of wic. with roy,360 telephone in-strainents in the service of 80,757 subscribers, by whom approximately 169;2 million (inclusive of rolg million trunk) calls were made through departmental telephone evelanges. The combined cash revenue from Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones was £4, 124,056, comprising Postal £2,208,684, Telegraphs £416,148, and Telephones £1,500,124. The combined cash expenditure £1,500,124. The cotalled £2,818,201.

Shipping.—In 1932, 4,450 vessels (14,317,954 tons) entered, and 4,452 vessels (14,338.911 tons) cleared at the ports of the Umon of South Africa.

## RAILWAYS AND HARBOURS BOARD.

Chairman, Hon O. Pirow, K.C., M.P., Minister of Railways and Harbours. Members, A. Kuit, R. B. Waterston, and b

Hugo. Secretary, W. Heckroodt.

The railways, ports, and harbours of the Umon are administered and worked under the control and anthority of the Governor-General in Council, exercised through a Minister of State, who is advised by a Board consisting of three Commissioners.

The management and working of the railways

and harbours are subject to the control of the Minister of Railways and Haibours, carried on by the General Manager, who is governed by such regulations as the Minister may from thine to time frame, after consultation with the Board.

#### South-West Africa. (Suidives-Afrika.)

Administered under Mandate as an integral

part of the Union of South Africa.

Administrator, Dr. D. G. Conradie, B.A., LL.D.

Secretary, H. P. Smit.

SOUTH-WEST AFRICA lies between S, lat. 270 23' and the O.ange River, with a narrow strip between 18'-18' 36' 8. lat. extending from 25' to 25' E. long., known as the Caprivi Zipfel, and gives access to the Zambesi. The estimated area gives access to the Zambesi. The estimated area of the country is 317,255 square inlies, and the population (1932) is approximately 275,900, of whom approximately 32,000 are Europeans. The estimated native population (1932) is distributed as follows: Territory proper, 80,046; Oceanboland, 137,000: Knokifeld, 4,665; Okarango, 20,566; Caprici Ziptel, eastern portion 8,529, western portion 2,480. Running more or less panallel to the coast, and roughly at a distance of 60 to 100 miles from it, is a broken lange of monnitains, from which there is a gradual slope to the tams, from which there is a gradual slope to the sea. The country between these mountains and the coast is barren desert except towards the north, and is known as the Nannb. Towards the east from these mountains the land slopes eastward and forms the western edge of the great Kalahari Plateau. The boundaries are the Okavango and Kunene Rivers, in the north and the Orange River, in the south, all perennial streams of considerable volume. On the Change are the Aughrabies Falls, twice the height of Niagara; these are situate about as miles east

The native mees are to the south, Hotten-tots. In the centre, Hereros and Bergdamaras, with the exception of the Rehoboth district, which is occupied by a mixed race known as the Bastards; and in the north, Ovambos. To the north and east there are many small bushnien tribes, some pure bushmen, but the remainder a mixture of aboriginal native tribes and bushmen. The Kaokofeld (the north-western area) is very scantily mhabited by Hottentos and Ovatjumbas; the only Europeans are those allowed in under permit for the purpose of prospecting for minerals. It is very mountainous, and in many places well supplied with water.

The Administration of the country is exercised by the Governor-General, who has, however, delegated most of his powers to an Adminisderigated most by the Union Government. The territory is divided into 17 Districts ruled over by Magistrates as the representatives of the Government. The territory of Walvis Bay, which is actually part of the Cype Province of the Union, is administered so far as possible as a portion of South West Africa, and its magnificent harbour will undoubtedly in the future prove of great benefit. The constitution granted under (mon Act No 42 of 1925 provides for a Legislative Assembly consisting of 12 elected and 6 nominated members, an Executive Committee of 4 members elected by the Assembly with the Administrator as Chairman. The powers of legislation granted exclude the following matters which are permanently reserved to the Union Government :-

(a) Native affairs or any matters specially

affecting natives, including the imposition of taxation upon the persons, land, habitations or earnings of natives.

- (b) Mines, minerals, mineral oils and precious stones; or the moneys derivable therefrom or payable to the administration in respect of licences for prospecting or winning the same or as share of the produce thereof or any taxation in connection therewith;
- (c) The acquisition, construction, management, regulation, control and working of rail-ways and harbours in the territory; and the organization, discipline and conditions of employment of and the payment of pensions, retiring allowances and financial benefits to persons in the employment of the railways and harbours administration;
- (d) The organization of and discipline and conditions of employment of persons in the public service who are serving in the territory, and the payment of pensions, retiring allowances and fluancial benefits to such persons;
- (e) The constitution and jurisdiction of courts of justice, whether superior or inferior, and the practice or procedure to be observed therein;
- (f) The administration, management and working of the postal, telegraph and telephone services;
- (g) The establishment or control of any military organization in the territory;
- (h) The movements or operations of any unit of the South African Defence Forces within the territory;
- (t) The entry of immigrants into the territory or of other persons;
- (j) Tariffs of customs and excise duties and the control and management of customs and excise;

(k) Currency and banking and the control of banking institutions.

Police, Civil Aviation, Public Education, Land or Agricultural Banks and Alienation of Government Land were reserved for a period of three years,* after which period the Assembly may by resolution ask to assume control thereof.

In regard to Finance, the Assembly may not initiate any ordinance imposing taxation unless recommended to it by the Administrator.

The railway system in South-West Africa, now controlled and worked by the South African Railways and Haribours Administration, and connected with Union Lines (De Aar to Nakop Protectorate border 434 miles), comprises Union Lines 398 miles, of which 55 are of a o" gauge, the balance being 3' 6" gauge; S. W. Territory Lines 1,490 miles, of which 36t are a o" gauge, the balance being 3' 6" gauge; and privately owned Lines 74 miles; a total of 1,565 miles, of which 36t are a o" gauge, the Lines 74 miles; a total of 1,565 miles, a miles and privately owned Lines 74 miles; a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles, a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles, a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles, a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles, a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 74 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 miles 1, a total of 1,565 mil

The Capital of the Protectorate is Windhoek, which lies practically in the centre of the country at \$,500 ft. above sca-level. (Urban white population, 1926, 3,800) Other inland towns are Keetmanshoop (Urban white population, 1926, 1,129). Aroah, Bethanie, Gibeon, Gobabis, Grootfontein, Karlbib, Okahandja, Omaruru, Otjiwarongo, Outjo, Rehoboth, Warmbad and Maltahoehe; also Aus, Mariental, Tsumeb and Usakos. The ports are Walvis Bay (Urban white population, 1926, 662) and Lidderitz Bay (Urban white population, 1926, 1,234).

O The period of three years has expired, and a resolution was passed unantimously by the Assembly on April 27, 292, asking the Governor-dimeral in terms of the Constitution Act to declare the full competency of the Assembly to make Ordinances in respect of these subject-matters. This has, however, not yet (August, 2932) been done.

## Probinces of the Union of South Africa.

## CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

The Province of the Cape of Good Hope reaches in N. lat. from 50° to 36° 50°, and in R. long, from 50° 50° 30°. The extent of the country is, N.E. to S.W. 750 miles, and from N.W. to S.E. 800 miles, with a coast-line of nearly 1,200 miles.

## Area and Population.

	Sq miles	Pop., zga6 (Europeau only)	Eur. Pop. 1931.
The Colony	260,615	690,74x	731,633
East Griqualand.	6,602	7,065	7,635
Tembuland	3,339	4,693	5,353
Transkei	2,504	2,477	2,526
Pondoland	3,906	1,823	2,084
Cane Province	#26.066	206.200	740.221

In 1931 the European population numbered 749.231 (males 378,046, females 371,185). Of the non-European population in 1921, 7,696

Of the non-European population in 1921, 7,696 were Asiatics, 1,640,162 were Rantu, and 484,252 were of mixed and other races. Of the European population in 1921, 81,682 were primary producers, 28,390 industrial, 14,366 transport and communication, 45,142 commercial, 26,490 professional, 12,308 personal service, 7,991 independent, 412,144 dependent, 32,145 others. Of the coloured population, the great majority are

Including population of Wa'vis Bay.

engaged in agricultural or domestic employments.

1 cai		TO L CHP	i)entius.	marriage
		Europe	an.	
1926		18,675	7,053	5,972
1927		x8,537	7,212	5,978
rgaS		18,032	7,519	6,351
1920		19,008	7,315	6,569
1930		19,468	7,416	6,529
197 L		19,180	7,262	6,035
	1	Von-Euro	vean.*	
1925		38,793	26,114	9,154
1917		37,514	<b>28,679</b>	9,037
1928		37,719	<b>28</b> , 167	9,377
1929		39,426	a5,637	9,620
1930		40 609	26,142	9,752
1931		42,076	a8,a66	9,264
	• 1	Partial Reg	istration.	

Religion. - European only (1926 census).

| Dutch Churches 420,827 | Roman Catholics 28,033 | Auglican ... 132,403 | Baptists ... 10,149 | Prosbyterian | 25,239 | Cher Christian 14,330 | Congressational | 44,94 | Jews ... 23,084 | Methodists ... 20,781 | No religion ... 1,514

Education.—Local School Administration is conducted by school boards and school committees, the unit of administration being the school district. The Province is divided into 121 school districts, each under the control of a School Board, a portion of the members being

elected by the ratepayers and a portion partly nominated by the Provincial Administration and partly by the Local authorities. Education is compulsory for children of European parent-age. The necessary grants are provided from Provincial Council revenues, education up to the age of 15 being free.

State and Aided Schools, Nov. 1, 1932, 2,406 European and 2,386 non-European. There are 150,222 European pupils and 222,422 non-European. Total number of teachers 22,192 (6.536 in European schools and 5,656 in non-

European schools).

Hospitals.—The daily average number in all hospitals (1931) was 1,876; ordinary revenue £267,206, ordinary expenditure £342,880 £157,306, ordinary expenditure £348,880 Provincial subsidies, donations, &c, £175,674.

Harbours and Works .- There are magnificent harbours at Table Bay (Cape Town), Port Eliza-beth, East London, and Mossel Bay. There are electric tramways in Cape Town, Port Elizabeth,

East London, and Kimberley.

Administration. - The Province is administered by an Administrator, appointed for five years by the Governor-General, aided by a Provincial Council of 6r members (elected for three years). There is an Executive Committee of four members in addition to the Administrator, who is Chairman of the Committee.

Local Government.—There are 128 municipalities, each governed by a Mayor or Chairman and Councillors, a certain number of whom are elected annually by the ratepayers. There are 93 Divisional Councils and 89 Village Management Boards and a3 Local Boards.

Administrator, Hon. J. H. Conradie .... £2,500 Prov. Sec., F. C. M. Voigt. Superintendent General of Education, M. C.

Botha, M.A

Professional Assistant, W. de V. Malan, Ph.D. Secretary, P. A. Millard.

Capital, CAPE TOWN. Total population (1931), European (with suburis), 250,914.

Cape Town, a seaport, the seat of the legisla-ture and the mother city of South Africa, is pleasantly situated in the Table Mountain Valley. Its suburbs, which are included in the municipality, cluster along the base of Table Mountain, which rises almost sheer to a height of 3,58s feet and overshadows the whole with or 3,562 reet and oversitations the whole with its immense bulk. The population in 1931 numbered 151,000 Europeans and approximately 135,000 other races. The city is the seat of a university and of a cathedral, and amongst its educational institutions numbers a museum, an art gallery, a notable library and municipal botanical gardens. Some fine old buildings of the Dutch period still remain.

Cape Town is 5,979 miles from Southampton; transit, 16 days.

## NATAL.

The Province of Natal comprises an area of 35.84 square miles (including Zulnland, 10.4sy square miles), with a seaboard of 360 miles. In sear the European population was 177,449 (males 90,83, females 87,196).

In 1931 the European births registered numbered 3,538, deaths 1.76g, and marriages 1,448. The race question in Natal is complicated by the presence of large numbers of Indian subjects of the Crown, brought over during the latter half of the nineteenth century to supply the deficiency of local labour.

Education.-There is a University College at Pietermaritzburg which is affiliated to the University of South Africa. It has a constituent University of South Africa. It has a constituent college at Durban with faculties of engineering fine arts, and commerce. In addition there were on Nov. s. 1932—European: schools 475, schools 28,604, teachers 1,651; non-European: schools 780, schoolar 71,053, teachers 2,222. These are maintained or aided by Government. There is also a large number of private schools.

Administration.—The Provincial government is administered by an Administrator aided by a Provincial Council of 25 members (elected for 3 years). There is an Executive Committee of

4 members.

Administrator, Hon. H. Gordon Watson, I.S.o. Executive Committee, K. C. Hollander; W. M. Power; J. Macanlay; W. V. Dyer.
Provincial Secretary, A. E. Charter, O.B.E.

PIETERVARITZBURG, the capital and seat of the Provincial Government, is situated about 54 miles inland from Port Natal. Total popula-tion (European and coloured), 36,023 in 1931. The 1931 Census figures for the European population of Pietermaritzburg are 21,581.

In Durban (population, 1921, 153,855; 1926, 72,928; for 1931 European population of Durban was 86,228), or Port Natal, is the only harbour of any importance on the south-east coast. The entrance is now safe and navigable for any vessel at any time; the average low-water depth at the entrance, L.W.O.S.T., the bar being no longer existent, for 1927 being 37 feet.

Natal, 6,800 miles; transit, 20 days.

## ZULULAND.

Zululand, annexed in 1897, comprises about twothirds of the country formerly under Zulu kings, and is bounded on the south and south-west by the Tugela River; on the south-east by the Indian Ocean; on the north by the Portuguese possessions; and on the west by the new territory (formerly Utrecht and Vrijheid districts of the Transvaal) and Swaziland. The Amaputaland Protectorate, created by proclamation of Nov. 28, 2897, was annuxed to Zulnland on Dec. 27, 2897, and now forms part of the Province. The Northern Districts territory (consisting of the Magisterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vrijheld, Utrecht, Paulingsterial Divisions of Vr pietersburg, and Babanango) was annexed to Natal on January 27, 1903.

### THE TRANSVAAL

In 1931 the European population numbered

696,x20 (males 357,504, females 338,6x6).
The Province of the Transvaal has a total area of modes of the frankskai has a local area of modes square miles lying within the tropics. The Census of mass showed a population of modes, a. 15,430 were males and oss. 36 females. In 1931 there were 18,730 European births, 6,489 European deaths, and 6,647 European marriages.

Religion .- The religious statistics for vo

Total Store Tree Let Bron	D OCIOCIDATOS I	or rast orc.
Churches.	Europeans.	Others.
Dutch Churches	<b>287,630</b>	49,578
Anglican	98,849	94,543
Presbyterian		12,407
Methodists		143,44X
Roman Catholics		14,490
Lutherans	713-3	x36,335
Other Christians	-2134-	64,437
Jews		4
Hindus, &c	x,804	15,499
	4 508	

# 792 Union of South Africa-Provinces-Gold Production.

(In Nov. z. z932, there were z,209 European and 638 non-European State and State-aided Schools in the Transvaal. The enrolment was 135,734 and 83,686; and the number of teachers 5,399 and z,771 respectively.

Administration.—The government is administrated by an Administrator, aided by a Provincial Council of 57 members (elected for 3 years). There is an Executive Committee of 4 members.

Administrator, Hon. J. S. Smit.

Executive Committee, J. M. van H. Brink; E. Goodman; F. W. R. Robertson; H. L. M. Leibbraudt.

Provincial Secretary, C. E. Viljoen, R.A. Asst. do., C. H. Sheard, B.A.

Director of Education, S. P E. Boshoff, M.A., D.Litt.

Sec. to the Education Dept., F. S. Malan, B &

The ('apital is Pretoria, pop. 1931, European 62,138. Pretoria, which is also the seat of the Union Government, is pleasantly situated on the Aaples River, and has wide, shady streets and magnifecent buildings. The principal town is JOHANNESBURG, 5,500 feet above sea-level, about 35 miles S, W. of the capital. Johannesburg is the centre of the Witwatersrand goldfields, and possesses magnificent buildings. Among its other industries are printing, brickmaking, browing, tobacco manufactures and iron foundries. The population in 1931 was (European) 203,298.

Pretoria is distant from London 7,200 miles; transit, via Capetown, 19 days.

### ORANGE FREE STATE.

The Province of the Orange Free State has a total area of 49,647 square miles, and is divided

	stricts. s was :	population	at	the last
Yenr.	White	Coloured		Total.
1904	 142,679	<b>244,636</b>		387,3×5
1911	 175,189	352,985		528,174
1918	 181,678	•••		•••
1921	 188,556	440,271		628,827
1926	 202,985	•••		
1931	 205,375	•••		•••

In 1931, of the Europeans, 104,738 are males and 100.637 females.

The number of European births registered in

Dutch Churches	163,504	Lutherans	893
Anglican	13,235	Roman Cathones	2,516
Presbyteriau	3,945	Jews	5,753
Congregational.	116	Other	5,545
Methodists	7,478		

Education.—On November 1, 1932, there were 782 European and 228 non-Europ an State and State-anded Schools in the Orange Free State Province. The enrolment was 45,366 and 27,141 respectively, and the number of teachers 2,157 and 1956.

and 596
Administration.—The government is administrated by an Administrator aided by a Provincial Council of 25 members (elected for 3 years). There is an Executive Committee of 4 members. Administrator, Hon C. T. M. Willcocks.

Executive Committee, J. O. D. du Toit; J. D. T.

Prinsloo; C T van Schalkwyk, jr.; J. C. Buys.

Promocial Secretary, R. A. Gregorowski,
BLOEMFONTEIN, the Capital and seat of
the Provincial Government, had a population of
28,503 Europeans in 1931. The city is an
important fallway centre, is developing rapidly,
and continues to hold its place as one of the
foremost cities in the linon. Many fine
buildings have been elected, and a new
Town Hall (costing £220,000) will be erected
very shortly.

Bloemfontein is distant from London 6,700 miles; transit, rua Capetown, 19 days.

## GOLD PRODUCTION.

The Annual Production of Gold, for the 26 years 1906-1931, is stated below from figures issued by the Burcau of the Mint, Washington, D.C., U.S.A. In 1931 the chief producing countries were Unum of South Africa, \$224,863,507; Dominion of Canada, \$55,725,121; United States, \$45,762,088; Russia, \$35,161,963; Mexico, \$12,878,6125; Australia and New Zealand, \$12,205,127; Southern Rhodesia, \$10,979,700: Japan, \$8,785,530: British India, \$6,831,701. In 1931 the production of Silver was 192,709,971 fine on (\$55,570,042).

Year.	Fine Oz	Value	Year	Fine Oz.	Value.
1006	19,471,080	\$402,503,000	1919	17,698,184	\$365,853,933
1907	19,077,260	412,966,600	1920	16,130,110	332,823,934
1908	21,422 244	442,837,000	1921	15,974,962	330,231,792
1909	21,965 111	454,059.100	1922	15,451,945	319,480,063
1910	22.022, 180	455,239,100	1923	17,790,597	367,764,979
1911	22,397,136	462,989,761	1924	19,031,001	393,405,653
1912	22,605,068	467,288,203	1925	19,025.942	393,301,128
1913	22,854,983	460,051,389	z986	19.349,118	399,981,749
1914	21,301,836	440,348,027	1937	19,431,194	401.678,427
1915	22,737,520	470,036,351	1928	19,700,049	407,236,156
1916	22,031,094	455,423,136	1929	19,496,721	403,033,049
1917	20.345,528	420,579,351	1930	20, 160, 355	416,751,523
roz8	18,614,039	384,786,306	1931	22,818,701	459,104,453

# Emperial Crown Colonies and Protectorates.

Note.—The Indian Empire, The Dominion of Canada, Newfoundland, The Commonwealth of Australia, The Dominion of New Zealand, and The Union of South Africa are shown separately in the preceding pages.

# ASCENSION.

(See St. HELENA.)

#### BAHAMAS.

(See BRITISH WEST INDIES.)

## BARBADOS

(See BRITISH WEST INDIES.)

## BERMUDA

The Bermudas, or Somers Islands, are a cluster of about 100 small islands (15 or 16 only of which are inhabited, the rest being mere rocks) situated in the west of the Atlantic Ocean, in 32° 15' N. lat, and 64° 52' N. long., comprising an area of about 19 square miles, with a population (1931) of 27,789 (11,353 white and 16,436 coloured). These islands derive their name from Bermude4, a Spaniard, who sighted them in 1527; but they were first colouised by Admiral Sir George Somers, who was shipwrecked here in 1609, on his way to Virginia. The nearest point of the mainland is Cape Hatteras, in North Carolina, 580 miles distant.

The Government is administered by a Governor, who is also Commander in Chief of the military forces. He is advised by an Executive Council of 7 members, appointed by the Crown. There is also a Legislative Council, composed of 9 members appointed by the Crown; and a representative House of Assembly consisting of 36 members. The climate is mild and healthy. There are no

The climate is mild and healthy. There are no streams or ordinary wells, and the inhabitants are normally dependent on the rainfall stored and preserved in tanks, but a new system of horizontal wells has recently been successfully installed. Vegetation is prolific, the principal trees being the Bernuda cedar (juniper), formerly of great importance for shipbuilding. The islands produce large quantities of onlons, potatoes, and green vegetables, which are largely exported, together with cut flowers and lipbulbs, to Canada. Arrowroot and bananas are also grown, but neat, flour and other atheles of consumption are imported from the U.S. and Canada. Fish are plentiful round the coasts. The islands are much frequented as a health resort by Americans and Canadians.

Capital, HAMILTON. Population (1931), 3,259.

Public revenue	£464,351	£406,924
Public expenditure	458,700	443,50I
Public debt, Dec. 3x	131,636	131,636
Total Imports		1,8g1,5a6
Total Exports	119,005	
Toom who from I. I.		717,813
Imports from U.K	991,219	717,213
Exports to U.K	•••	ICO
Governor & Commande	r-in-Chief.	His
Excellency Lieut. Ge		
Astley Cubitt, K.C.R.		
(1931)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	····· 太4,200
A.D.C. Lt. Lord Carew.		
Colonial Secretary, Hon. E.	J. Wadding	ton,
O. B. E		· I.000
Attorney-General, Lt('o	l. T. M. I	hil.
0.B.E.		
Colonial Treasurer, Hon.	Laba Trans	600
	John Trum	ing-

Chief Justice, His Hon. Sir S. O. Rowan-	_
Hamilton	tecs.
Director of works, W. Livingston	£,800

Naval Commander - in - Chief, Rear-Adm. Hon. Regulald A. R. Plunkett-Einle-Erle-Drax, C.R. D.S.O.

C.B., D.S O.

King's Harbour Master, Lieut.-Com. D. C. G.

Neish, R.N. C.R.E., Lt.-Col. H. H. Bateman, S.M.O., Maj. G. G. Collet, R.A.M.C.

Hamilton, 2,970 miles; transit, zo days.

# BORNEO.

Borneo is a large island in the Eastern Archipelago, extending from lat. 7' 4'N. to 4° 20' N. and from long. 108' 50' to 119' 20' E. It is about 850 miles in length and 650 in breadth, and contains an area of 284,000 square miles, divided by the equatorial line into two nearly equal portions. The population is probably about 1,846,000, consisting chiefly of Ivaks, Malays, Kyans, Papus or Negritos, Chinese, Bajans, Dusains, Muruts and Bingas (the aboriganal Celébes). The island was discovered by the Portuguese in 1521, and at the present time rather more than two-thirds of the island is inclinded within "Netherlands India." The remainder of the island is under British protection.

## STATE OF NORTH BORNEO.

The territory of the State of North Borneo occupies the northern part of the Island, with a total area of about 31,000 square inles, and a coast-line of about 900 miles. The population (1931) is 200.223, consisting mainly of Muhammadan settlers on the coast, aboriginal tribes inland, and a large number of Chinese traders, artisans, and agricultural labourers. The interior is mountainous (Mount Kinabalu, 13,455 feet) and is densely timbered.

The two chief towns are Sandakan, on the cast coast, and Jesselton, on the west coast, All legislation is passed by the Legislative Conneil, which consists of 9 official and 5 unofficial members, who have the local title of Honourable. The appointment of the Governor is subject to the approval of the Secretary of State. For administrative purposes the whole State is divided into 4 Residences. The laws no based on the Indian codes of criminal and civil procedure, amended and adapted by local ordinances. There is an Innan's Court for Muhammadan law.

The chief products are timber, tobacco, rubber, copra, cutch. birds'nests, salt fish, damar, sago, coco-mits, rattans, and all varieties of jungle and sea produce. The country is suitable to the cultivation of sugar, tapicca, coco-mits, kapok, ground mits, rubber, pepper, and gambier on a large scale. Gold has been found.

A railway runs from Jesselton, the chief port on the west coast, and down the coast to Beaufort, the centre of the rubber industry, where it tuns inland to Melalap, in the interior; there is a branch from Beaufort to Weston (zo miles). There are five wireless stations. There is a state bank at Sandakan with an agency at Jesselton.

There is an Armed Constabulary numbering 500 all ranks, composed of Indians and Natives under European officers, armed with S.M.L.E. rities and Lewis guns. There is a Church of Eng-land and a Roman Catholic mission, and churches at Sandakan, Kudat, and Jesselton.

2932. 29	34
*Revenue \$2,606.048 \$2,32	8,450
	0,613
	9,408 7,604
	8,768
Rubber 2,370,846 70	2,780
	3,407
CAPITAL, Sandakan. Population (1931), 13	3,826.
The British North Borneo (Chartered) Comp	
Court of Directors.  President, MajGen. Sir Neill Malcolm, K	d D
D.S.O.	····.,
Vice-President, D. O. Malcolm.	
Other Directors, The Hon. Mounts Elphinstone; G. E. B. Bromley-Martin	tuart
Elphinstone; G. E. B. Bromley-Martin	ı; C.
Mallet; Capt. A. G. Cowie.	
London Office Staff—	
Staple Hall, Stone House Court, Bishops	gate,
Loudon, E.C. 2.  Secretary and Chief Accountant, W. O. Pid.	raar.
A.C.A.	RCOH,
Legal Assistant, W. J. Worth.	
List of Officers (North Borneo)	
Gorernor and Commander-in-Chief, His	
Excellency Arthur Frederick Richards,	
Consequent Sec. D. P. Maywall	9,714
Government Sec., D. R. Maxwell	.U,200
M.B.E.	8,571
M.B.E. Commandant, Maj. W. C. Adams, M.C	7,800
Financial Controller, H. J. R. Beckett,	2
A.C.A	8,400
Sandakan, E. W. Morrell	8,400
West Coast, J. Maxwell Hall	8,400
Tawau, E. G. Grant (acting)	7,200
Interior, B. R. C. Adams (acting) Auditor, W. A. C. Smelt, A.C.A.	5,760
Principal Med. Officer, P. A. Dingle, M.R.C.S.	6,600 8,571
Commissioner of Lands, A. N. M. Garry	-,3/-
(acting)	7,200
Com. of Customs and Excise, M. M. Clark	7,800
Postmaster-General and Supt. of Tele-	
graphs, H. A. Dabell	7,200
B.A., B.R.	8,000
Officer in Charge, Railways, J. Bentty	7,200
Protector of Labour. A. N. M. Garry (acting)	7,300
Conservator of Forests, H. G. Keith	7,200
Mycologist, E. Bateson	7,7×4
BRUNEI.	
Sultan, H.H. Ahmed Tajudin Akhazul E	Chairi
Waddin, suc. Sept., 1914; Assumed full	porcer
(after minority) Sept. 19, 1931.	
A native State on the north-west coast of	I the

A native State on the north-west coast of the island of Borneo. The total area is about 2,500 square miles, the population being 30,735 (April, 2931), of whom 25,972 are Malays and Bornean races. The territory was placed under British protection in 2888, and on Jan. 2, 1906, the Sultan accepted by treaty a British Resident to assist and advise him in the administration.

· Exclusive of land sales.

The chief town, Brunel, has a population of ro.453. Native industries include fishing, cloth-weaving, brass foundries, and silversmiths work. The chief imports are rice, cloth, tobacco, sugar, petrolenn, and sundries; the exports are chiefly cutch (mangrove extract), rubber, jelutong, and sago.

Revenue	£39,901	£42,280
Expenditure	37,659	39,005
Debt (Dec. 31)	46,083	45,383
Imports		283,529
Exports	58,508	175,669
High Commusioner, The Straits Settlements.	Governor	of the
British Resulent, Brunei, T.		

Brunei is 5 hours by steamer from Labuan, and is distant 758 miles from Singapore (transit 4 days). There are wireless stations at Brunel, Labuan, Temburong, and Belait.

## BRITISH GUIANA,

which includes the Counties of Demerara, Essequibo, and Berbice, is situated on the northeast coast of South America and has a total area of 89,480 square miles, with a seaboard of more than 300 miles. The population, Dec. 31, 1938, was estimated at 317,813, of whom 124,059 were East Iudian immigrants. The birth-rate was East Indian immigrants. The birth-rate was 34.13, and the death-rate six per 1,000 of the population. The colony is bounded on the south by Brazil, on the east by Dutch Guiana, on the west by Venezuela, and on the north and N.E. by the Atlantic Ocean. The climate, although hot, is pleasant and healthy. The cultivated portion of the country, amounting to about 184.36 acres (of which 62.00 acres ing to about 185,368 acres (of which 62,905 acres are in sugar-cane and 73,433 in rice), is confined to the sea-coast and to a short distance from the rivers. The coastland is very like the Netherlands, being below the level of the sea, and intersected with canals constructed by its former Dutch owners. At the inneby its former Dutch owners. At the junction of the boundaries of British Guiana and Venezuela is Mt. Roraima, a flat-topped mountain 9,304 feet above sea level, and on the Potaro River (a tributary of the Essequibo) are the Kaieteur Fall. with a clear drop of 741 feet and a total fall of 822 feet The seasons are divided into dry and wet, the two dry seasons lasting from the middle of February to the end of April, and from the middle of August to the end of November. The meteorological records taken on the coast-lands during a period of 86 years show, as regards temperature, that the climate is a very equable one. The mean temperature is 80 4°, its recorded extremes during this long period ranging between 68° and 96°, but these extreme temperatures are very rarely recorded, the usual extremes during a year being 70° and 90°. In the interior the mean temperature is higher—8a 6°, its extremes ranging from 65° to 10°. The yearly rainfall is, on the contrary, subject to marked variation, its mean on the coast lands being 97 86 inches distributed over ras days of the year, and its range from 65 s₂ to 138 88 inches per year. In the interior the average recorded rainfall is 58 s₂ inches per year, ranging from 45 s to 80 s₄ inches per year. The chief product is sugar, which forms 6s per cent. of the export trade. The leading exports are sugar (£1,342,790 in 1932), rum, diamonds, gold, timber, balata, bauxite, rice and copra. There are about 7,400 aboriginal Indians living in their primitive state in the remote part of

the Colony; they are occupied largely in fishing, hunting, and raising crops of cassava. The British Guiana Order in Council, 1928, providing for the Government of the Colony and for the Constitution of a Legislative Council in place of the Court of Policy and Combined Court which have been determined, came into operation on July 18, 1928. The Legislative Council consists of the Governor as President, of 10 Official Members and of 19 Unofficial Members. Executive and administrative functions are exercised by the Governor and an Executive Council. There the Governor and an executive council.

are 4.58 miles of post-office telephone wire,

1,430 of which are contained in 13 miles of aerial

cable; in addition, there are 23 miles of submarine cable and 313 of telegraph lines, with 73

post-offices and postal agencies, and 7 wireless

catalon. There are miles of miles of miles of s'ations. There are 95 miles of railway. CAPITAL, Georgetown. Population, 1932, 63,400. 1031 Public revenue ...... £1,319.862 £1,024,581 Public expenditure..... 1,851,732 4,632,160 1,041,123 Public debt ...... 4,599,581 1,690,891 Total imports ...... 1,595,205 Total exports Total exports ........... Imports from U.K. ..... 2,010,462 2,208,goz 934,864 1,078,278 Exports to U.K. ..... 633,377 x,007,649 Governor, His Evcelleney Sir Edward Brandis Denham, K.C.M.G., K.B.K. (1930)...£3,500 (With duty allowance, £500.)
Private Secretary, Com. J. Rushbrooke, £1,485 to 2,635 Asst. Col. Sec., G. C. Green, M.B.M. Attorney-General, H. Josephs ......£3,000 to 3,600 Puisne Judge, J. L. H. W Savary ....... 2,200 Surgeon-General & Registrar-General, J. A. Henderson, M. B., Oh. B. ....£1,000 to 1,200 Newstora & Education Med W. Heinbert Director of Education, Maj. W. Bain Gray, Maj. J. C. Graig, D.S.O.

Insp.-Gen. of Police and Commandant of
the Local Forces, Col. W. E. H. Bradburn
Colonial Treasurer, T. Millard, C.M.G. Ex,000 to x,200 Commr. of Lands & Mines, J. Mullin, M.I.M.N., F.S.I. General Manager, Transport and Harbours Department, A. MacDougall, Registrar, B. F. King £800 Govt. Analyst, K. Wallis, B.Sc. Conservator of Forests, B. R. Wood, M.A. .....£800 to 900 £1,200 to 1,500 Govt. M.O.H., B. N. V. Wase-Bailey, M.B. £750 to 900 Georgetown, 3,963 miles from London. BRITISH HONDURAS.

British Honduras, in Central America, lies within x8° ag' 5" to xg° 53' 55" N. latitude and 8g' g' zz" to 88° zc' W. longitude. Its extreme length and breadth are approximately z74 m.

and 68 m. respectively; it is bounded on the north and north-west by Yucatan (Mexico), on the west and south by Guatemals, and on the east by the Caribbean Soa. The total area is about 8.598 sq. miles, with a population (Census 1931) of 51,347—25,524 males and 25,283 females. The climate generally is damp and hot, but not unhealthy. The temperature ranges from 50° to 98°. The average lies between 75° and 80°, but this is considerably tempered by the prevailing sea-breezes. In September 1931 and 80°, but this is considerably tempered by the prevailing sea-breezes. In September 1931 a disastrous hurricane devastated the capital of the colony, with a loss of nearly 1,000 lives, a Mansion House fund being raised for the sufferers. The country consists chiefly of primeval forest, with savannahs and so-called "pine-ridges," which are open sandy plains covered with a wiry grass and dotted with pine-trees, affording fair runs for cattle. The ground is level and swampy along the coast-line, and generally flat for about teu or twenty miles inland; after which hills from 500 ft. to 4,000 ft. high succeed each other to the western boundary.

The staple products are the natural woods of the colony, principally malogany and logwood. Sugar, rubber and cacao grow readily. Fruit, including bananas, plantains, coco-nuts, pineapples, oranges, and mangoes also grow well, while inland there are extensive regions of good pasturage. About 60,000 acres are under cultivation. The best description of cacao trees grow wild in the bush. There are 8x primary schools in the colony, and 4 schools with secondary departments in Belize. The shipping outered and cleared at the port of Belize in 1832x was 573,276 tons. There is a radio-telegraph station at Belize.

British Honduras is governed as a Crown colony. There is an Executive Council of 3 official and 4 appointed members and a Legislative Council of 6 official and 7 appointed members. The Governor is President of both Councils.

bers. The Governor 13.1 1001411. CAPITAL, Belize. Population (1931), 16,687.

	4934-34.	4934-33.
Public revenue	\$ 875,045	\$893,716
Public expenditure	1,035,600	940,885
Public debt	1,869,407	2,598,407
Public advances	131,150	189,361
Labite da (dizees illinois	1931.	1932.
Total imports	\$4.435.358	\$2,301,838
Total exports	2,911,066	1,447,484
Imports from U.K	745,024	424,339
Exports to U.K	145,883	477,339
Governor and Comin-Ch	aat Ula Vra	63,314
Sir H. B. Kittermast	wy, man mad	onency
All H. D. Kitterinast	cr, A.B.A., U.	м.и.
Colonial Sec., H. G. Pill		\$9,720
Cotomat Sec., H. G. Pill	ng, c.M.G.	ana
house)		···· 4,374
Treasurer, Collector of Cu		
bour Master, V. Grey	-Wilson	3,500
Surveyor-General, F. W.	Brunton	3.888
Director of Public Works,	H.C. Carter,	M.O. 3.402
Prin. Medical Officer, W.	E. Burton .	4,008
Supt. of Police, Maj. P	E. Matthe	wa.
		3 000
Colonial Postmaster. H.	A Regumon	t 2,400
Chief Justice, Charles		
Greenidge	W HOOH W	
Attorney-General, S. A. 1	foT in atom	4,860
Attorney General, S. A. I	TCE INSURY	3,402
District Comm. ssioners :-		
Belize, F. C. P. Bowen.		2,916
Corosal, T. V. Maccall	·····	2,000
Orange Walk, E. A. Gra	ant	2.000
Stann Creek, R. Wyatt	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,000
Toledo, A. Alcoser		2.000

The Cayo, T. C. Manders .....

2,000

Registrar-General, F. C. P. Bowen ...... \$2,400 2,430

Belize is distant from Lendon about 5,70x miles; transit, 17 days

## BRITISH WEST INDIES.

The West Indies, so named in 1492 by Columbia who believed the islands to form the western limits of India, are a number of islands and islets, some of them mere rocks, situated between 10° to 27° North and 59° 30° to 85° West. The whole archipelago extends in a curve from the Florida Channel (North America) to within 7 miles of the coast of Venezuela (South America), and is divided into three main groups: I. GREATER ANTILLES, which contain the largest (a8,000 sq. miles) and Hepaniola (a8,000 sq. miles) land grant and its dependencies, British; and Puerto Rico, a dependency of the United States III. BAHAMAS, which are entirely British. III. LESSER ANTILLES, which are divided among the United Kingdom, France, Netherlands, the United States and Venezuela. .The total area of the archipelago is nearly 100,000 square nnies, of which 72,000 square nnies are Inde-pendent, 12,300 livitish, 3,890 United States, 1,350 French, 430 Netherlands, and 90 Venezuelan Trade Engury Ofice in London, The West

India Committee, 14, Trinity Square, E.C. 3. B. W. I. COMMISSION

In z932 a Commission was appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies to examine the possibilities of closer muon between Trimdad and the Windward Islands and the Leeward Islands.

Chairman, Gen. Sir Charles Fergusson, Bt., G.C M.G., K.C.B., D S O, M V O. Other Members, Maj. Sir Charles On, K C. N.G.;

Sir Sidney Armitage Smith, K.B L., C B.

Secretary, S. MacNeill Campbell.

## THE BAHAMAS.

The Bahamas (or Lucayos) are an archipelago of the British West Indies, lying between at 42' -27' 24' N. lat. and 72' 40'-79' 5' W long., and extending from the coast of Florida on the north-west to Hatti on the south-east. The group consists of about twenty inhabited islands. and an immense number of islets and rocks, comprising an area of about 4 404 square nules, and a population in 1932 of 61,812, the most part being descendants of liberated Africans The principal islands are: New Providence (containing the capital, Nassan), Cat Island, Abaco, Grand Bahama, Long Island, Eleuthera, Exuma, Har-Banania, Long ruand, Enrithera, Eximia, Inso bour Island, Inagua, Andros Islands, San Salvador or Watling Island, Rum Cay, Long Cay, Ragged Island and Biminis. Originally Settled by Englishmen, the Bahamas were, in 1781, sur-prised by the Spanish. but at the peace of Ver-sailles were restored to the English. The climate is salubrious, and in the winter Nassan, which is ontside the tropics, is frequented by many Americans. The chief industry is sponge-gathering; the exports of sponge in 1932 being valued at Committee, a Legislative Cour £78,200. Tomatoes are cultivated in large appointed by the Sovereign, quantities for shipment to Canada and the basembly of at members elect United States. Mahogany, lignum-vitæ, mastic, basis of a moderate franchise.

ironwood, elony, logwood, and satinwood are found throughout the islands. A fibre industry is largely established. The imports are chiefly foodstuffs, wines, spirits, cotton, silk and worsted

fabrics, and hardware.
The Government is vested in a Governor, aided hy an Executive Council of 9 members, a nomi-nated Legislative Council of 9 members and an elective Representative Assembly of 29 members.

CAPITAL NASSAU

***************************************		
Public revenue	422,700	£ 352,160 £ 352,160 326,238 180,000
Total imports	293,700 264,880 30,669	23,370
Consessor His Evaclloner	Han Gin	Dada

Governor, His Excellency Hon. Sir Bede Edmund Hugh Clifford, K.C.M.G., C.B., M.V.O. (1931) .......£2,600 Chief Justice, Richard Clifford Tute ...... 1,100 Cotonial Sec., Hon. Charles C. F. Dundas,

1,100 800 650 Legislative Council, Di. (1 H. Johnson ..... 150 Speaker, House of Assembly, H.G. Malcolm,

K.C., O.B.E. ..... 500 Surveyor-Gen., William Miller, I.S.O. . . . . . 400 Commandt. of Police, C. J. Whebell ..... боо

Stipendiary & Circuit Magistrate, G. W. McL. Henderson ..... 600 Director of Public Works, F. C. Van Zeylen 650 of Imperial Lighthouses. Com. R. Langton-Jones, D.S.O., R.N. ....

Nassau is distant from Liverpool 4,000 miles; transit, 14 to 21 days, vid New York.

## BARBADOS,

the most windward of the West India Islands, is stituted in 13° 4' N., and longitude 50° 37' W. It is nearly at English miles long by 14 broad at the widest part, and comprises an area of 150,470 acres (about 166 square miles), about 100,000 acres being cultivated. The populaat 176,874 on Dec. 31, 1932. The proposed at 176,874 on Dec. 31, 1932. The principal exports are sugar, molasses, rum, and cotton, and the unports nee, salted meat, corn, salted fish, butter, flour, and Indian corn meal. Liberal provision is made for elementary education, and the Lodge School and Harrison's College provide for higher cducation for boys, and Queen's College and Cod-rington High School for girls. Barbados alone of the W.I. Islands makes local provision for University training, Codington College having been founded under the will of Christopher Codrington, who died in 1710. Unlike most of the neighbouring Islands, Barbados has always remained in the possession of Great Britain, by which it was settled in 162. In 1885 it was constituted a distinct government, with a Governor, aided by an Executive Council and an Executive Committee, a Legislative Council of 9 members appointed by the Sovereign, and a Honse of Assembly of 24 members elected yearly on the

250

750 250 700

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700

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600

The CAPITAL	and	port	iь	Bridgetown (pop.,
1921, 13,486), Oli	the	shores	of	an open roadstead
(Carlisle Bay).				

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
D	1031 3a	1932-33
Revenue	£415,644	£446,842
Expenditure	424,087	425,875
Public debt	663,000	649,000
Total imports	1,488,969	1,656,876
Total exports .	1,062,787	1,379.006
Imports from UK	516,603	763,58x
Exports to U.K	46,613	324,807

Net tonnage of shipping entered and cleared in 1932, 2,074,167, of which 1,412,132 tons were British.

Gorcmor, His Excellency Wark Aitchison

Young, c M G (1933) (and Duty Allowance £500)....... Priv. See, and A.D C., A. L. Bailey...... Colonial Secretary, U. D. Owen ..... . £2,500 250 I 000 ნიი 1,200

Str J R Phillips, O.B E., M.B., C.M. ... Speaker, House of Assembly, Hon. Su F. J. Clarke, K.C.M G. .......

Attorney-Gen., Hon. E A. Collymore (and allocance £250) ..... Saluctor-Gen., E. K. Walcott (and tees)
Treasurer, H. W. Lofty .......
Auditor-General, P. W. Browne .....
Controller of Customs, C. A. Reed, O. B. E. Walcott, P. W. Browne and England P. W. Browne and England P. W. Browne and England P. W. Browne and England P. W. Browne and England P. W. Browne and England P. W. Browne and England P. W. Browne and England P. W. Browne and England P. W. Browne and England P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and P. W. Browne and

tien. Manager Government Rudway, P. P. Higgins .....

Colonial Postmuster, G. F. Sharp . . . . ... Registrar, C. W. Reece .... Port Health Officer, J. D. Alleyne, M.D. (and fees)

Harbour Muster, Com. W. R. M. Wynne, 500 Barbados, distant 3,635 miles ; transit, 13 days

JAMAICA,

aboriginally Xaymaca, or Land of Wood and Water- an island situate in the Cambbean Sea, about 90 inites to the south of Cuba, within 17 42'-18' 32' North lat and 76' 11' - 78' 23' W. long it is the largest and most valuable of the British West Indian Islands, being 144 miles in length and 49 in extreme breadth, containing an area of 4,450 square miles, and a population, in April, xgar, of 858,xx8 (males, 40x,973; females, 456 145), whites, 14,476; coloured, 157,223; blacks, 660,420; East Indians, 18,610; Chinese, 3,696; not specified,

Jamaica was discovered on May 3, 1494, by Columbus, who called it St. Jago. It was taken possession of by the Spamards in 1509; but in 1655 a British expedition, sent out by Oliver Cromwell, under Penn and Venables, attacked the island, which capitulated after a fuffing resistance. In x670 it was formally ceded to

England by the Treaty of Madral.

From the sea-level on all sides of Jamaica a series of ridges gradually ascend towards the central ranges, dividing the large rivers, and attaining, in the culminating Peak of the Blue Mountains, in the eastern part of the island, an elevation of 7,388 feet. From these mountains at least 70 streams descend to the north and south shores, but none are navigable except the Black River, and that only for small craft. There are River, and that only for small craft several excellent harbours, and the island is intersected by good roads. There are 220 miles of railway open Telegraph stations and post offices

are established in every town and in very many villages; the number of accounts open in the Govt. savings banks was 120,880 (1932). Most of the staple products of tropical clunates are raised. Sugar and rum are manufactured and exported; the latter is still counted the best in the world; and the coffee raised in certain districts of the There is Blue Mountains fetches a high price. an extensive trade in fruits and nuts, chiefly bananas, oranges and coconuts, with the U.S.A. and U.K. Maize and Indian corn grow luxuriantly. The Gumea grass, from four to six feet in height, grows wild, and is superior to any other for pasturage, while the woods furnish an abundance of rich dye-stuffs, drugs, and spices, and there are some rare cabinet woods. The Governor is assisted by a Privy Council not to exceed 8 members; the Legislative Council consists of the Governor, the Semor Military Officer, the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney-General, the Director of Public Works, and the Collector-General (all er offeno), of 10 Nominated Members, and of 14 elected by the people, being one for each parish of the island. The island is divided into three counties, Surrey in the east, Middlesev in the centre, and Cornwall in the west. The principal city is Kingston, the seat of government and the largest port and town, pop. (Census. 1921) 62,707; the next in importance are Spanish Town, pop. 8,694 . Montego Bay, 6,580: and Port Antonio, 6.272. Chief exports (1932). Danamas, £1,869,111; sugai, £342,909; collee, £224,057, pimento, £61,687; cocon, £48,102.

1931-32 Public general revenue .. £2,085.793 £2,169,302 Expenditure from income 2,081,635 2,135,736 Public debt 5 305,770 5,725,099 1037. 1072

Total imports £4,945,539 £4,754,152 Total exports . 3,420,750

Captain-General and Gorernor-in-Chief,

His Excellency Sii Alexander Ransford Slater, e.c M.G., CBE (1932)

(duty allowance £500) £5,000 Condg. Troops, Lt.-Col. J. A. D. Langbourne, D.S.o. . ... .. ... Colomal Secretary, Hon. Sir Arthin S. Jelf,

C.M.G. Assist. Colonial Secretary, W. D. Batters 

Simms, M V.O ........ ..... £x,200 to x,400 Superintending Medical Officer, Maj. T. J.

Hallinan, C.B.E., M.B......... £1,000 to 1,200 Collector-General, W. Johnston ......... 1,000 Collector of Customs and Shipping Master, Kingston, G. S Shaw ... .. £600 to 700 Director of Agriculture, A C. Barnes

Inspector-General of Police, O. F. Whight

pool Director of Prisons, W. Shillingford £650 to 750

Director of Railway, H. C. Powell £1,200 to 1,350

Director of Education, B. H. Easter, B.A.

£800 to 1,000 

O.B E.

Judge of Kingston Court (vacant) ....... £‱ Attorney-General, Hon. M. V. Camacho, 1,500 1,900 (and fees)
Registrar-General and Deputy Keeper of 500 Government Printer, A. G. B. Matthews £500 to 600 Protector of Immigrants, F. N. Isaacs 225 Kingston is distant from London 4.000 miles: transit, 14 days.

## THE CAYMAN ISLANDS.

The Cayman Islands, forming a dependency of Jamaica, between 79 '44' and 81° 26' W. and 19° 15' A., consist of three islands, Grand Gayman, Cayman Brac, and Little Cayman, with a total area of 100 square miles. They are said to have been discovered by Christopher Columbus on his return voyage from Porto Bello to Hatti, and called "Las Tortugas." Population (1931) 6,18a. Shipbuilding and turtle-fishing are the principal industries.

The principal town is Georgetown, in Grand

Cayman, population (1931) 1,500

Revenue, 1931, £6,210; expenditure, £7,290. Imports, 1931, £35,140; exports, £9,963. Communicationer & Judica of the Grand Court, Lt.-Col. E. A. Weston, C.M.G. (with house and feex) ..... £520

#### TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.

These West India islands geographically form a sort of annexe of the Rahama group, from which Government they were separated in 1848. In 1873 they were annexed to Jamaica, from the north-east of which they are distant about 450 miles. They have an area of about 170 square miles. They have an access of 5,6xz, of which the principal island, Grand Turk, contains x,568. Grand Turk is an important cable station. islands are celebrated for producing the finest salt in the world.

A Commissioner administers the government of the Dependency, assisted by a Legislative Board. This Board has control of local finance, and passes local ordinances, subject to the assent of the Governor of Jamaica, who is also the medium of communication between the Commissioner and the Colonial Office. The Legislature of Jamaica has the power to pass laws applying to the Turks and Calcos Islands, and the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of Jamaica extends to the Islands in matters of divorce and matrimonial causes, and is also a Court of Appeal.

1938. £9,087 9,141 Total imports ..... 24,291 21,942 Total exports ..... 16,473 14,018 Commissioner and Judge, H. H. Hutchings, I.S.O. (acling) ..... £700 Grand Turk, vid U.S., 13 days. Vid Avoumouth, za days.

#### THE LEEWARD ISLANDS.

The Leeward Islands of the West Indies under British authority consist of the 5 presidencies of (z) Antigus, with Barbuda and Redonda; (a) St.

Christopher and Nevis, with Auguilla; (3) Dominica; (4) Montserrat; and (5) the Virgin Islands, with Sombrero; all. except the last, having their own local Legislature. These 5 presidencies are administered by a Governor, to whom the Administrators and Commissioners are subordinate. There is a General Legislative Conneil of zo official and zo elective members, with the Governor as President, possessing con-current legislative powers with the local Legis-lature on certain subjects. The population of the federal colony at the Census of room was 122,242 (estimated Dec. 31, 1932, at 131,066).

Governor, His Excellency Sir Reginald Colonial Secretary, Hon. Edward W. Baynes, C. B. K. ...... Berlyn ..... Attorney-Gen., Hon. C. G. Langley........ Crown Attorney, St. Kitts-Nevis (and Dis-trict Magistrate), Hon. W. M. Wigley, 700

Crown Attorney, Dominica (and District Magistrate), Hon. G. E. F. Richards ... Govt. Analytical Chemist, Hon. A. E. 550

656

478,508

Telephones, Hon. R. B. Skinner, M.B.E. 475

1931-3 £258,663 £228,320 Revenue ..... Expenditure ...... 296,024 265,410 296,350 Public debt .... 296,250 £616,204 1932. £551,488 Imports .....

*Exports ...... 328, 261 Transit, 13 to 16 days

## (z) ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA.

Antigua is the seat of government and residence of the Governor-in-Chief of the Leeward Islands. it lies in 17°6 N. lat. and 5° 45′ W. long., and is nearly 10°8 square miles in area with a coast line of about 70 miles. Antigus was first settled by the English in 1632, and was granted to Lord Willoughby by Charles II. It is much less hilly and wooded than the other Leeward Islands, and is largely given up to the cultivation of sugar, for which two central sugar factories have been erected. Cotton is planted on a small scale and the island also exports molasses, tamarinds, pine-apples, and arrowroot. In March, 1898, the Crown Colony system of government was instituted. The population, with Barbuda (Census of 1921) was 29,767, estimated at 32,144 on Dec. 31, 1932.

Revenue ..... £73,730 £73,223 82,512 Expenditure ..... 91,351 Public debt..... 145,000 145,000 1931. £146,679 197,527

£500

£400 to 450 Chief Medical Officer, W. M. McDonald, O.B.E. 650 Barbuda, formerly a possession of the Codring-ton family, is situated 30 miles N. of Autigua, of which it is a dependency, in lat. 17° 32' N., long. 6° 42' W. Area, 6s square miles. Population, 900. The island is flat and is fertile in parts. producing cotton, corn, pepper, tobacco, and vegetables. Wild deer are plentiful and afford excellent sport, and there is good tarpon and other fishing.

Warden, H. D. C. Moore.....(and quarters) £250
Redonda is uninhabited.

## (2) ST. KITTS-NEVIS WITH ANGUILLA.

The islands of St. Kitts, Nevis, and Anguilla were united in 1882 to form one Presidency, and taken together they have a population (Dec. 31, 1932) of 36,730 and a total area of about 150 square miles. The climate is decidedly healthy for the tropics, the temperature being from 66° to 88°.

St. Kitts (population Dec. 31, 1933, 18,730), the principal island, is the oldest colony in the West Indies; it is situated in lat. 170 8' N. and long. 63° 48' W., and comprises an area of 68 square miles, its greatest length being 38 miles, and long the state of the square miles, its greatest length being 38 miles. and greatest breadth about 5 miles. It is one of the most effectively cultivated sugar islands in the West Indies, a continuous line of green estates sweeping up all round the coast from the sea towards the central range, which rises to a height of 3,711 feet (Mount Misery). Cotton is also grown to a considerable extent. The capital,

also grown to a considerable extent. The capital, Basseterre, is a port of registry.

Nevis (pop. 12,899) is separated from St. Kitts by a strait 3 miles wide and has an area of 50 sq. miles. Cotton and coco-nuts are exported, and cattle and vegetables are raised. Its greatest elevation is 3,596 feet. The chief town, Charlostown, is a port of entry.

Anguilla (population 5,101) is about 60 miles N.W. of St. Kitts, 16 miles in length, and varies in hereafth from 10 2 miles. containing an area

in breadth from 1 to 3 miles, containing an area of 35 square miles. There are no hills. Salt is the principal product, and small stock are raised.

2031.

Public revenue £114,242 £1	00,294
Expenditure 216,893	90,001
Public debt 39,199	39,647
	4x,487
Exports x69,733 =	38,027
Administrator, His Honour D. R. Stewart,	_
C.M.G. (with allowances)	. x.240
Clerk, and Clerk of Council, H. Boon	435
Treasurer, Collector of Customs and Regis-	
trar of Shipping, G. C. Johnson, 1.S.o.	
(including personal allowance £ 160)	66o
Magistrates: St. Kitts, W. M. Wigley,	
O.B.R. (and Crown Attorney), £656; D.H.	
Semper, 18.0. (actg.) £350; Nevis,	
A. C. K. Tibbits, £400; Anguilla, J. Y.	
McFadyen, M.B.E., M.D.	438
Chief Med. Officer, E. P. Minett, M.R.O.S.	
(actg.)	Bas
Surveyor of Pub. Works, C. Garry Thibou	400
Agricultural Superintendent, R. E. Kolsick	400
(3) DOMINICA,	

the largest island of the colony, and the loftiest of the Lesser Antilles, is situate between 15° 20′—15° 45′ N. lat. and 6 at 12′—6.7° 30′W. long., 95 miles 8. of Antigua, and is about 29 miles long and 15 broad, comprising an area of 305 sq. miles,

or 195,200 acres, of which about 70,000 acres are under cultivation. The island is of volcanic origin and very mountainous and picturesque, abounding in streams fairly well stocked with fish, and the soil is very fertile. The temperature varies, according to the attitude, from 55° to 85°. The cultivation of sugar has been practically replaced by coce limes, occo-unity vanille. cally replaced by cocoa, limes, coco-nuts, vanilla, and fruit. The population was estimated at 44,x03 on Dec. 3x, 1932; included in this total are 400 Caribs, of whom about 100 are of pure blood. The climate is healthy, and during the winter months very pleasant. Yellow fever is unknown, and from November to June the island is suitable as a health resort for pulmonary and rheumatic invalids. There is an Executive Council composed of official and unofficial members, and a Legislative Council consisting of the Adminis-trator, who sits as President, and 6 official and 6 non-official monhers, 4 of whom are elected, and a nominated by the Governor. The principal towns are Roseau, on the south-west coast, population 7,042, and Portsmouth, population 3,060.

Revenue (incl. Grants)  Expenditure do  Public debt	1930-31. £94,391 104,504 60,000	1931-a. £95,56s 81,883 57,417
Imports Exports	63,938	±1932. £119,700 50,736

Bowring, C.B.R. (with £ 200 allowance) £1,000 Clerk, and Clerk of Councils, W. Archer

£700 to 750

## (4) MONTSERRAT

is situated in 16' 41' N. lat and 62° W. long., 26 miles S.W. of Antigua. It is about 11 miles in length and 7 in breadth, comprising an area of 32½ square miles, with a population (1932) of 12,880. Discovered by Columbus in 1493, it was settled by Irishmen, conquered and held by the French for some time, and finally assigned to Great Britain in 1784. It is justly considered one of the most healthy and beautiful of the Antilles; it contains three active soufrières of the Antilles; it contains three active sourrières and several hot springs, while the scenery is charmingly diversified. About two-thirds of the island is mountainous, the rest well cultivated. A great part of the island was devastated by hurricanes in 1924 and 1928. The chief exports are cotton-seed meal, cotton, cotton-seed oil, onions, lines and its products, tomatoes, and animals of all kinds. The chief town is Plymouth with a population (1921) of 1, 202. There mouth, with a population (xoxx) of 1,709. There is a wireless station in the island.

ExpenditurePublic debt	£38,376 31,196 13,000	£31,146 84,887 13,000
Total imports Total exports	^{1931.} £4 ^{2,544} 33,841	1930. £34,220 26,165
Commissioner and Treasur	rer. His Ho	nour

2022-20

T. E. P. Baynes, O.B.E. ......£800 Medical Officers, N. J. L. Margetson, £449; D. C. O'Gilvie, M.C. ....

400

(5) THE VIRGIN ISLANDS, a group of islands belonging chiefly to Great Britain and the U.S.A., form a connecting link between the Greater and Lesser Antilles. Such of the islands as are British became so in 1866; the principal are—Tortola (the largest), situate in 18° sy' N. lat. and 66° 46′ N. long., Virgin Gorda, and Anegada. The area of the British possessions is 58 square miles, and the population in rear was 5.68a. There is good pas-turage for cows, sheep, and goats. Sugar came and coco-ints are grown; fishing and poultry-rearing are also carried on. The capital of the group is Road Town, on the south-east of Tortola; population (1921), 463.

_		1930-31	1931-32
Revenue		£8,707	£5,723
Expenditure	•••	7,027	6,420
Imports		16,360	9,402
Exports		14,224	7,501
Commissioner and Tr			•

F. C. Clarkson, o B E. (an I allowance, £5∞ Medical Officer, Hon. D. P. Wailing .....

# TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

Trinsdad, the most southerly of the West India Islands, hes close to the north coast of the continent of S. America, the nearest point of Venezinela being 7 miles distant. The island is strated between xo 3'—xo 50' N. lat, and 60 55' -63' 56' W. long, and is about 50 miles in length by 37 in hreadth, with an area of x,86x square miles and a nounlation at the Census of xext by 37 in hreadth, with an area of x,802 square nifles, and a population at the Census of 2932 (including Tobago) of 422,783, estimated at 429,559, on Dec. 31, x932. The island was discovered by Columbus in 2498, was colonised in 2588 by the Spaniards, and captulated to the Restand under Ahercromby in 2797. The chief British under Ahereromby in 1799. The chief town and port of entry, Port of Spain (hop, 71,492), is one of the fluest town in the West Indies, with sewerage, electric lighting, train and telephone services. Other towns of importance are San Fernando (pop. 14,590), about 30 miles south of the capital; Princestown (pop. 5,150), and Arima (pop. 5,133). A remarkable phenomenon is the asphalt lake, 120 acres in extent, near the is the asphala that, the action which (1933) 52.679 tons of asphala (£131.651) were exported. The soil of Trimdad is rich and productive, the most important products being sugar, cocoa, molasses, miportant products being sugar, cocca, molasses, rum, copra, limes, and coco-nuts, and various kinds of timber and fruits. The chief exports (1932) were petroleum £2,328,365; cocon £707,389; and sugar £64,544. On Dec. 31, 1932, there were 16 companies actively engaged the production of all the available manner. 1932, there were 16 companies actively engaged in the production of oil, the royalties payable on oil won from Crown Lands being £90.053. Coal, fron, graphite and gypsum exist in small quantities; and traces of gold have been found in the Northern Range. On Dec. 31, 2922, there were 290 Elementary and Intermediate Schools, 43 being Government and 247, Assisted, Trinidad having 254 and Tobago 36 in addition to 7 colleges for higher education, which also receive a grant-in-aid. There are 128 miles of railway open, and the island are 118 miles of railway open, and the island is in communication with Tobago and the mainland by telegraph and wireless. Government is vested in a Governor, The Executive Council, and a Legislative Council of 12 official and 13 modicial members, 6 of the latter being nominated by the Crown and 7 elected.

D	1931.	x932.
Revenue	£1,041,144	£1,694,137
Revenue  Expenditure	£1,641,144 2,665,233	1,098,114
Tensoreta		
Imports	3,917,439	4,695,137
Tulgge lies bet ween ***	9' and	N lot ond
hotwoon 60 and and 60	o anu ii zi	about an
miles couth-cost of Grens	de vanile	north-out
of Trinidad and ree mil	es S.S.W. of	Rechados
The island is as miles lo	no and fro	m 6 to al
broad, and has an area of	TIA BUILBIR	miles, with
Imports Exports Tobago lies between rrobetween 60° 30' and 60' miles south-east of Grens of Trinidad, and rso mil The island is 26 miles lo troad, and has an area of a population estimated (r of the healthiest of the perature vanes from 82° towns in the island, v 843) and Plymouth (pop. Governor of Trinidad a	932) at 25,77	4. It is one
of the healthiest of the	West Indies	; the tem-
perature values from 8x0	to <b>88°.     T</b> he	ere are two
towns in the island, v	iz., Scarbor	ough (pop.
843) and Plymouth (pop.	391). 	
Governor of Trinidad a	na Tovago,	His
Excellency Sir Alfred	i Ciana 11	DII18,
843) and Plymonth (1901.; Governor of Trindiad a Excellency Sir Alfred K.M. G., C.B.E. (1930) Chief Justice, Sir Che Belcher, O.B.E., M.A., L Colomat Secretary, S. M. Deputy Do., H. Nankiv Attorney, General, Frederi Treasurer, (vacant)	mlan Waad.	
Dalahan o n. n. N. A. A.	ries Frenc	rick - 0
Coloneal Secretary & M.	Orior CMA	1,600
Denuty Do II Nankiy	aller, c.m.c.	1,000
Attorney Ceneral Brederi	ck Gordon Si	1,000
Treasurer (vacant)	£ 7.	000 to 1,200
Treasurer, (vacant) First Pusne Judge,	William Ja	unes
Gilchrist	••• •••••	1,400
Second Puime Judge, .	Anbrey Ch	arles
Robinson		1,200
THUTU THURING STUDIES I	MCHBIU JOS	enn.
Manning		1,200
Solicitor-General, J. L. Do	vaux	1,100
Commut Local Forces &	In sp. $G$ , of	Con-
Manning	. Mavrogoro	iato,
U B. N.	35.43	,···· 1,100
Director of Priotic Works,	Matthew A	riex-
Same Canada V S W	ing M.D.	1,400
Drotantor of Innaignante	and Disease	1,300
Labour Erchanges an	d Warden o	. 3i
George, St. Yves B. de V	Vertenil M.	BR. goo
ander Murphy, O B E., 1 Surgeon-General, K. S. W Protector of Immigrants Labour Exchanges, an George, St. Yves B. de V Collector of Customs and Barton O B B.	Excise, A. 1	š. V.
Barton, O.B.R		1,200
Director of Agriculture,	E. J. Wor	tley,
O. B. E F. C.S		1.200
General Manager of Rails		
	£1,	000 to 1,200
Director of Education,		
O.B.F	41	1,000
Postmaster-Gen., B. B. Li	triepage	£,800 to 900
Auditor, A. Pollard	na Count	£800 to 900
Registrar-General A. V	N McCra	cken coo
Insuector of Muses. A. P.	Catherall B	5C 7 700
Harbour Master, A. B. Su	aith	8so
Principal Queen's Royal	College, R. (	am-
bridge, M.A		£.700 to 800
Crown Solicitor and Adi	ninistrator-	Gen-
eral, Official Receive	r and P	ublic
Trustee, E. F. Maingot		1,200
Govt. Anawist. H. S. Surey	NBDNPV. F.I.(	· 780
Surreyor - General and	.ouv-Intend	ant,
Supposintendent of Prisons	P TWen	I,100
Conversator of Eureste D	Marchell	±700 €0 800
Come out of the tests, R.	ு. அன்னன்னி!, உ	n.a.
J. W. Macgillivray, F.S.: Superintendent of Prisons Conservator of Forests, R.  CAPITAL, Port of Spain to to 12 days to U K.: 5 d	(DOD), 21 40	a): transit
ro to ra days to U K. : « d	ays to U.S.	A.
THE WINDWA	KU INLAN	US.

The Government of the Windward Islands is

made up of the three colonies of Grenada (the seat of government), St. Vincent, and St. Lucia, with their dependencies, the Grenadines being divided

between Grenada and St. Vincent. The total area is 508 square miles, with a population (1921) of 162,254. There is one Governor for the three of 162,254. There is one Governor for the three islands; but there is no General Legislative Council as in the Leeward Islands, and no common tariff or treasury. Each island retains its own institutions, and in the Governor's absence is governed by an Administrator sub-ordinate to him.

Governur and Commander-in-Chief, Sir Thomas Alexander Vans Best, K.C.M.G.,

K.B.R. (1930) ......£3,000 Transit to Grenada from London about 14 days.

## GRENADA AND THE GRENADINES.

Grenada is situated between the parallels of zz" 30'-xx" 58' N lat. and 6x" 20' 6x" 35' W. long, and is about zz miles in length and zz miles in and is about 27 mines in length and 12 mines in breadth; it is about 56 miles north of Trinidad, 68 miles S.S.W. of St. Vincent, and 100 miles S.W. of Barhados. Area, about \$5,120 acres; population (including some of the Gremadines), 66,302 (Census of 1922). The country is mountainents and very picturesque, and the climate is healthy. Grenada was discovered by Columbus in 100 and usuad Concention. It Columbus in 1498, and named Conception. It was originally colonised by the French, and was definitely ceded to Great Britain by the Treaty

of Versailles in 1783.
The soil is very fertile, and cocoa, spices, rubber, cotton, coftee and fruit are grown. The forests are rich in timbers. The imports chiefly comprise dry goods, bread-stuffs, hardware &c. The Legislative Council consists of 16 members, 8 of whom are officials, 3 nominated and 5 elected.

St George's, on the south-west coast, is the chief town, and possesses a good harbour.

Public revenue	·	-	£141,946	£141,730
Expenditure			168,088	195,183
Public debt			252,809	256,633
Total imports	•••••		348.551	269,6x8
Total exports			356,760	28x,260
Colonial Secretar	y, N. K.	ĸ. J	Biood, M.A	۱.,

(and quarters) £1,000 Chief Medical and Health Officer, Maj. H.

E. Sutherland Richards ... ..... 

(and quarters) £450 to 500 The Grenadines are a chain of small islands lying between Grenada and St. Vincent (within which Governments they are included), com-prising an area of 8,462 acres. The largest island is Carriacou, attached to the Government of Grenada, pop. (1921) 7,104.

### ST. LUCIA,

the largest and most picturesque of the Windward group, situated in 13° 54' N. lat. and 60° 50' W. long., at a distance of about 90 miles W.N.W. of Barbados, at miles N. of St. Vincent, and 24 miles S. of Martinique, is 27 miles in length, with an extreme breadth of 14 miles. It comprises an area of 233 square miles with a population (Dec. 31. 1931) of 59,676. It possibly possesses the most interesting history of all the smaller islands. Fights raced hotly around it, and it constantly

changed hands as between the English and the French. It is mountainous, its highest point being 3,145 feet above the sea, and for the most part it is covered with forest and tropical vegetation. The principal exports (1931) are angar, cocoa, coco-nuts, copra, limes, lime-juice, lime-oil, charcoal, bay rum, molasses, syrup, and fruit. The chief places are Castries, the capital (pop. 1921, 5,899), and Soufrière (pop. 1921, 2,480).

Port Custries, one of the finest in the W.I., is a coaling depot. In 1931, 268 steamers (tonnage 707,964) entered Port Castries.

1030 £82,588 £98,902 103,893 Public revenue . . . . . Expenditure ..... 91,453 183,510 191,218 193,252 143,349 Total exports ..... 172,648 131,924

Administrator and Colonial Secretary, Charles W. Doorly, C.B.R.

(and allowrnee £200) £1,200

Chief Justice and Magistrate, First District, T. W. S. Garraway ....... Attorney-General and Registrar, (). N. W.

#### ST. VINCENT.

an island about 95 miles west of Barbados, situate in 13° 10' N. lat. and 60° 57' W. long , is 18 miles in length and 11 in breadth, comprising an area, with its dependencies, of 150 sq. miles, and a population (Census of 1931) of 47,961. In 1846 a large numbe, of Portuguese labourers, amounting to a,400, entered the island, and proved a valuable acquisition. St. Vincent is more thoroughly Euglish than the two other islands of the group, though it has been the scene of

warfare. In 1783 it was secured to Great Britain.
The chief products are arrowroot, cotton,
molasses, rum, cassava, occoa, coffee, and spices.
Its chief imports are linen, cotton and woodlen mannfactures, Canadian flour, fish, lumber, &c. Steps have been taken to settle the labouring classes on lands acquired for the purpose.

CAPITAL, Kingstown. Population (1931), 4,269. 1938. Public revenue ... ..... £ 102,803 £93,504 Expenditure .. 117,211 90,316 Total imports .......... 177,492 149,289 97,299 Anthum and and County Secretary,
Arthur Francis Grimble, C.M.G. ........£1,100
Chief Justice and Police Magistrate of
1st District, R. S. Thacker ..........£650 to 700 Attorney-General, (vacant) .....

## CAMEROONS.

## (Cameroons under British Mandate)

The German Protectorate of Kamerun on the west coast of Africa between (Butish) Nigeria and French Congo was obtained by conquest by Franco-British forces during the War of 1914-18.

The approximate geographical limits of the German territory were a -12 30' N. lat. and 8 30'-16' E. long. and the area was about 187,596 square miles. By the Milner-Simon Agreement of July 10, 1919, the whole area was divided into a British sphere and a French sphere, and in 1922 the territories were placed by the League of Nations under British and French Mandates. The Cameroons under British Mandate marches the whole distance of the Nigerian Eastern boundary, save for one short break 'He total

area is 34,559 square miles, and the population is

The two narrow strips of territory reach from the Atlantic Ocean to Lake Chad, a distance of yoo niles, and lie diagonally between 4-12 30 N. lat. and 6 30 -14 45 E. loug. The nature of the country varies to a remarkable extent, from the coastal mangrove swamps and thick from the constant mangrove swamps and their forest regions to the grasslands at heights of 4,000 ft. to 2,000 ft. and more, and again to sandy and swampy areas in the region of Dikwa and Lake Chad. The highest point is the peak of the Cameroon Mountain, which rises to a height of 13,350 ft. It is volcanic, but has not been active since 1922.

Cameroons under British mandate is administered as part of Nigeria. The Northern areas are administered by the Residents of the adjuning Provinces of Adamawa, Bornu and Benne; the Southern section forms a separate Province, known as the Cameroons Province, with headquarters at Buea on the slopes of the Cameroon Mountain. Cattle breeding and the production of guinea corn are the chief occupations of the population of Dikwa, which consists mainly of Arabs and Kanuri. The inhabitants of the areas which for administrative purposes form part of the Adamawa Province, are mostly primitive hillmen whose chief occupation is agriculture.

Cameroons Province is rich in timber, and the volcani soil of the lower slopes of the Cameroon Mountain is particularly fertile. The chief exports of the Province are cocoa, palm oil and kernels, rubber and bananas (fresh and dried), the banana industry being recently established with marked success; the chief imports are textiles, salt, mon-ware dried fish and other

provisions, motor spirit and tobacco.
The ports are Victoria and Tiko, and are connected with Ruea by motor road. 106 ships (193,604 tons) arrived in Victoria in 1932 and 58 ships (51,762 tons) entered Tiko.

Imports	£107,769	£103,462
Exports	155,432 82,047 6,341	158,294 31,559 10,974

#### CEYLON.

an island in the Indian Ocean, to the south-east of the peninsula of Hindustan, is situated between 5° 55'-9' 50' N. lat. and 79' 42'-85° 53' E. long. Its area is (with ontlying islands) 25,332 square miles, or more than three-fourths of that of Ireland. Its greatest length is from north to south. 270 miles; and its greatest width 140 miles. The climate varies with the altitude of the district; but on the whole, though tropical, it is healthy, except in the low-lying jungle. The coolest months are December and January; the hottest are April and May.

The population (Census of 1931) was 5,312,548 (including military and hipping), the most important element being the Sinhalese, descendants of colonists from the valley of the Ganges, who first settled in the island about B.C. 543. In 1505 the Portuguese landed in Ceylon and formed settlements along the coast; but about 150 years later they were dispossessed by the Dutch. In 796 the British took possession of the Dutch settlements on the island, and annexed them to the Presidency of Madras; but six years after, in 1802, Ceylon was formed into a separate Crown colony. In 1815 the King of Kandy was deposed and banished; and his

dominious, which had up to that time maintained their independence of European rule, were annexed to the British Crown.

The staple products of the island are agri-ultural. The most important for home concultural. sumption is rice in its two forms of paddy and husked grain. The principal exports are tea, rubber, products of the cocount pain, plumbago, cacao, cinnamon, citronella oil, cardamoms, areca nuts, and unmanufactured tobacco.

About one-fifth of the island is under cultivation, and the approximate areas in 1932, in acres, were :- Rice, 850,000; other grain, x05,000; tea, 457,000: coconitis, x,roo,000; ribber, 534,000; cilinamon, s6,000; cacao, 24,000; citronella, 33,000; and tobacco, x4,000. The live stock in x332 inclinded x,580,000 horned cattle, 57,000 sheep, a0,000 goats, 33,000 pigs, and x,soo horses. Among the more important native industries are gold, silver, brass, ivory and tortoiseshell work, pottery, mats, fans, and wood-carving. Ceylon is famous for precious wood-earwing. Ceylon is famous for precious stones, especially catseyes, rubles, &c.; and for the pearl fishery in the Gulf of Mannar, off the N.W. of the island. The manufacture of saltis

There are 95x nules of railway open, 834 being 5 ft. 6 in. gange and 127 miles 2 ft. 6 in.; and 839 post offices, 397 money order offices, and 26x telegraph offices, with 13,047 miles of telegraph

grapli wire.

The government of Ceylon is administered by a Governor, aided by a State Council consisting, a Governor, aided by a State Connect consisting, at its full strength, of *50 members (elected on a territorial basis) with 8 nominated unofficial members, and 3 Officers of State (Chief Secretary, The elected and nominated members are divided into 7 Evecntive Committees:

(1) Home Affairs, (2) Agriculture and Lands, (3) Local Administration, (4) Health, (5) Labour, Industry and Commerce, (6) Education and (3) Local administration, (4) Health, (5) Labour, Industry and Commerce, (6) Education and (7) Communications and Works, each with an elected Chairman who is the Minister for the subject dealt with. The Chief Secretary is in charge of External Affairs, Defence and the Public Services; the Legal Secretary and the Funancial Secretary in charge of Legal and Funancial Affairs. The Officers of State and the Munisters form a Board of Ministers which represents the Estimate of Resemble and Expendit. prepares the Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure in consultation with the Financial Secretary.

For administrative purposes the island is divided into provinces, at the head of each of which is a Government agent. The larger towns have numicipalities, Trban District Conneils, or local boards; and in the country districts the Ceylonese retain their village councils and tribunals for

matters of minor importance.

Public revenue ... ¶ Rs. 201,767,556 ‡ Rs. 84,843,207 Public expenditure ¶ 200,576,528 ‡ 97,056,079 Public debt (30 Sept.) 3,000.000 3,000,000 £15,733,468 R8,196,367,565 £15,639,693 Total imports ..... Rs. 88,196,177 Total exports ...... 226,707,241 170,309,678

• 4 seats, representing constituencies in the Northern Province, remain unfilled, no nomination papers having been submitted during the General Election in June 1931.
† Or the Attorney-General until a Legal Secretary is

appointed to the composition of Rs. 20, 297, 246 Cepton (Carriente of Rs. 20, 295, 241 R. 20, 297, 246 Cepton (Carriente Railway revenu and expenditure, Revenue Rs. 25, 244, 379) and Expenditure (Rs. 25, 254, 379) and Expenditure (Rs. 25, 254, 379).

Imports from U.K. Rs. 41,089,300 Rs. 37,355,076 Exports to U.K. 120,000 83,914,005 CAPITAL, Colombo (population, 25,75,05) Governor, His Excellency Sir Reginald Edward Stubbs, c.C.M.G. (1933) £8,000 Private Sec. A. R. Macdonald Commanding Forces, Brigadier E. F. Shewell, C.M.G., D.S.O. 1,023 Chief Secretary, F. G. Tyrrell, C.M.G. 3,000 Deputy Chief Sec., W. E. Walt, C.M.G. 1,750 Friancial Secretary, Sir Wilfrid Wentworth Woods, C.M.G. 2,000 Commissioner of Income Tax, H. J. Huxham 1,1950 Auditor-General, O. E. Goonetilleke 1,250 Government Agents 1,250 Government Agents 2,150 West. Prov., R. M. M. Worsley 1,500 Central, T. A. Hodson 1,700 Northern, E. Rodigo (acting) 1,300 North Central, C. Harlison-Jones 1,500 Sauthern, J. D. Brown 1,500 Sauthern, J. D. Brown 1,500 Sauthern, J. D. Brown 1,500 Sauthern, J. D. Brown 1,500 Central, G. L. Wickramasinghe 1,750 Sabaragamusca N. J. Luddington (acting) 1,300 North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe 1,750 Sabaragamusca N. J. Luddington (acting) 1,300 Surveyor-General, G. K. Thornhill 1,650 Chief Engineer and Manager, Electrical Undertakings (vacant) 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, and Chairman, Colombo Port Cammission, G. S. Wodeman 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, and Chairman, Colombo Port Cammission, G. S. Wodeman 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, and Chairman, Colombo Port Cammission, G. S. Wodeman 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, and Chairman, Colombo Port Cammission, G. S. Wodeman 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, 1,550 Pr	Imports from II If Do as offices Do as a	
Edward Studds, G.M. G. (1933) 5,000 Private Sec., A. R. Maddonald 540 Commanding Forces, Brigadier E. F. Shewell, C.M.G., D.S.O	Exports to I) K vos ass osc	05,070
Edward Studds, G.M. G. (1933) 5,000 Private Sec., A. R. Maddonald 540 Commanding Forces, Brigadier E. F. Shewell, C.M.G., D.S.O	CAPITAL. Colombo (population, e87, each)	++,005
Edward Studds, G.M. G. (1933) 5,000 Private Sec., A. R. Maddonald 540 Commanding Forces, Brigadier E. F. Shewell, C.M.G., D.S.O	Governor, His Excellency Sir Reginald	
Snewell, C.M.G., B.S.O. Chief Secretary, F.G. Tyrrell, C.M.G. Deputy Chief Sec., W. E. Wait, C.M.G. Frunancial Secretary, Sir Wilfrid Wentworth Woods, C.M.G. Commissioner of Income Tax, H. J. Huxham Auditor-General, O. E. Goonetilleke 1,350 Government Agents:— West. Prov., R. M. M. Worsley 1,500 Central, T. A. Hodson 1,700 North-Western, C. Harlison-Jones 1,550 Southern, J. D. Brown 1,500 Eastern, V. Soomaraswamy (acting) 1,300 North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, C. L. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, C. L. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, G. K. Thornhill 1,450 Director Public Works, W. J. Thornhill 1,500 Chef Engineer and Manager, Electrical Undertakings (vacunt) 1,550 Chef Justice, Sir Philip James Macdoull 2,500 Postmaster-General, H. A. Burrlen 1,550 Chef Justice, Sir Philip James Macdoull 2,500 Senior Puisne Judge, T. F. Garvin, K N.C.; M. T. Akbar, K.C. 2,500 Do. do. Kandy, W. E. Barler 1,550 Director Puisne Judge, T. F. Garvin, K N.C.; M. T. Akbar, K.C. 2,600 Do. do. Galle, N. M. Bharucha (acting) 1,300 Attorney-Gen., Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O. B. R., K.O. 2,400 Do. do. Galle, N. M. Ballour (acting) 1,300 Attorney-Gen., Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O. B. R., K.O. 2,400 Do. do. Jafna, D. H. Ballour (acting) 1,300 Attorney-Gen., Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O. B. R., K.O. 2,400 Do. do. Jafna, D. H. Ballour (acting) 1,300 Public Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1,750 Puisne Judges, Sir H. L. Dowbiggin, C.M.G. 2,600 Do., Prisons, C. C. Schokman 2,500 Conservator of Forests, J. D. Sargen! 1,550 Director of Irrigation, B. G. Meaden 1,450 Excise Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting) 1,300 Dir. of Agriculture, W. Youngman 1,500 Controller of Labour W. E. Hobbay, acting 1,150 Controller of Labour W. E. Hobbay, acting 1,150 Controller of Labour W. E. Hobbay, acting 1,150 Controller of Labour W. E. Hobbay, acting 1,150 Controller of Labour W. E.	Edward Stubbs, G.C.M.G. (1933)	38,000
Snewell, C.M.G., B.S.O. Chief Secretary, F.G. Tyrrell, C.M.G. Deputy Chief Sec., W. E. Wait, C.M.G. Frunancial Secretary, Sir Wilfrid Wentworth Woods, C.M.G. Commissioner of Income Tax, H. J. Huxham Auditor-General, O. E. Goonetilleke 1,350 Government Agents:— West. Prov., R. M. M. Worsley 1,500 Central, T. A. Hodson 1,700 North-Western, C. Harlison-Jones 1,550 Southern, J. D. Brown 1,500 Eastern, V. Soomaraswamy (acting) 1,300 North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, C. L. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, C. L. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 North Central, G. K. Thornhill 1,450 Director Public Works, W. J. Thornhill 1,500 Chef Engineer and Manager, Electrical Undertakings (vacunt) 1,550 Chef Justice, Sir Philip James Macdoull 2,500 Postmaster-General, H. A. Burrlen 1,550 Chef Justice, Sir Philip James Macdoull 2,500 Senior Puisne Judge, T. F. Garvin, K N.C.; M. T. Akbar, K.C. 2,500 Do. do. Kandy, W. E. Barler 1,550 Director Puisne Judge, T. F. Garvin, K N.C.; M. T. Akbar, K.C. 2,600 Do. do. Galle, N. M. Bharucha (acting) 1,300 Attorney-Gen., Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O. B. R., K.O. 2,400 Do. do. Galle, N. M. Ballour (acting) 1,300 Attorney-Gen., Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O. B. R., K.O. 2,400 Do. do. Jafna, D. H. Ballour (acting) 1,300 Attorney-Gen., Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O. B. R., K.O. 2,400 Do. do. Jafna, D. H. Ballour (acting) 1,300 Public Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1,750 Puisne Judges, Sir H. L. Dowbiggin, C.M.G. 2,600 Do., Prisons, C. C. Schokman 2,500 Conservator of Forests, J. D. Sargen! 1,550 Director of Irrigation, B. G. Meaden 1,450 Excise Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting) 1,300 Dir. of Agriculture, W. Youngman 1,500 Controller of Labour W. E. Hobbay, acting 1,150 Controller of Labour W. E. Hobbay, acting 1,150 Controller of Labour W. E. Hobbay, acting 1,150 Controller of Labour W. E. Hobbay, acting 1,150 Controller of Labour W. E.	Private Sec., A. R. Macdonald	540
worth Woods, C.M.G	Commanding Forces, Brigadier E. F.	
worth Woods, C.M.G	Chief Secretary F G Tyrrell C M G	
worth Woods, C.M.G	Devuty Chief Sec., W. E. Wait, C.M.G	
Huxham  Auditor-General, O. E. Goonetilleke  I,350  Government Agents:—  West. Prov., R. M. M. Worsley	Financial Secretary, Sir Wilfrid Went-	.,,,
Huxham  Auditor-General, O. E. Goonetilleke  I,350  Government Agents:—  West. Prov., R. M. M. Worsley	worth Woods, C.M.G.	2,400
Auditor-General, O. E. Goonetilleke 1,350 Government Agents:— West. Prov., R. M. M. Worsley 1,500 Central, T. A. Hodson 1,700 Northern, E. Rodigo (acting) 1,300 North-Western, C. Harrison-Jones 1,550 Southern, J. D. Brown 1,500 Eastern, V. Soomaraswamy (acting) 1,300 North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe 1,300 Vox, E. T. Milligan 1,750 Sabaragamucca N. J. Luddington (acting) 1,300 Surveyor-General, G. K. Thornhill 1,450 Director Public Works, W. J. Thornhill 1,500 Chief Engineer and Manager, Electrical Undertakings (vacant) 1,500 Postmaster-General, H. A. Burden 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, and Chairman, Colombo Port Commission, G. S. Wodeman 1,550 Chief Justice, Sir Philip James Macdouell Senior Pulsae Judge, T. F. Gavdi, K. C. 1,750 Pulsae Judges, L. U. Dalton; A. Drieberg, K.C.; M. T. Akbar, K.C. 2,800 Do. do. Kandy, W. E. Barler 1,300 Do. do. Kandy, W. E. Barler 1,300 Do. do. Galle, N. M. Bharucha (acting) 1,300 Attorney-Gen, Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O. B. R. K.C. 2,400 Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva 1,550 Public Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C.M. G. 1,750 Renistrar-General, J. C. W. Rock 1,750 Public Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C.M. G. 1,750 Public Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C.M. G. 1,750 Renistrar-General, J. C. W. Rock 1,750 Public Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C.M. G. 1,750 Renistrar-General, J. C. W. Rock 1,750 Public Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C.M. G. 1,750 Renistrar-General, J. C. W. Rock 1,750 Director of Irrigation, B. G. Mactae 1,750 Director of Irrigation, B. G. Meaden 1,450 Excise Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting) 1,300 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. I. E. 50 Director Colombo Museum & Marine Eliologist, J. Pearson 1,500 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,500 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 2,500 Government Mineralogist & Salt Adviser, 1,500	Commissioner of Income Tax, H. J.	
Government Agents:— West. Prov., R. M. M. Worsley	Auditor General O E Goonetilleke	
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North-N. CREPTA, C. HAFTISON-JORES  Southern, J. D. Brown  Eastern, V. Soomaraswamy (acting)  North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe  1,300  North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe  1,300  Sabaragammaca. N. J. Luddington  (acting)  Surveyor-Geheral, G. K. Thornhill  Director Public Works, W. J. Thornhill  Chief Engineer and Manager, Electrical  Undertakings (vacant)  Postmaster-General, H. A. Burlen  Principal Collector of Customs, and Chairman, Colombo Port Commission,  G. S. Wodeman  Chief Justice, Sir Philli James Macdonell  Senior Puisne Judge, T. F. Garvin, K. C.  Puisne Judges, L. U. Palton; A. Drieberg,  K.C.; M. T. Akbar, K.C  District Judge, Colombo, L. W. Maartenoz  1,300  Natorney-Gen, Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O. B. K. K.C  Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva  2,400  Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva  2,500  New General, J. C. W. Rock  2,400  Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva  2,500  New General, J. C. W. Rock  2,400  Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva  2,500  New General, J. C. W. Rock  2,500  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G.  1,750  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, Police, Sir H. L. Dowbiggin,  C. M. G.  C. M. G. Schokman  General Arabason  770  General Manager Railways, E. W. Head  1,450  Sective Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting)  1,300  New General Analyst, C. T. Symons  1,300  Archæological Commissioner, S. Parausvitana (acting)  R. S. 5750  Government Analyst, C. T. Symons  1,300  Archæological Commissioner, S. Parausvitana (acting)  R. S. 5750  Government Analyst, C. T. Symons  1, 200  Archæological Commissioner, S. Salt Adviser,  1, 15 1	West. Prov., R. M. M. Worsley	1,500
North-N. CREPTA, C. HAFTISON-JORES  Southern, J. D. Brown  Eastern, V. Soomaraswamy (acting)  North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe  1,300  North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe  1,300  Sabaragammaca. N. J. Luddington  (acting)  Surveyor-Geheral, G. K. Thornhill  Director Public Works, W. J. Thornhill  Chief Engineer and Manager, Electrical  Undertakings (vacant)  Postmaster-General, H. A. Burlen  Principal Collector of Customs, and Chairman, Colombo Port Commission,  G. S. Wodeman  Chief Justice, Sir Philli James Macdonell  Senior Puisne Judge, T. F. Garvin, K. C.  Puisne Judges, L. U. Palton; A. Drieberg,  K.C.; M. T. Akbar, K.C  District Judge, Colombo, L. W. Maartenoz  1,300  Natorney-Gen, Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O. B. K. K.C  Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva  2,400  Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva  2,500  New General, J. C. W. Rock  2,400  Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva  2,500  New General, J. C. W. Rock  2,400  Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva  2,500  New General, J. C. W. Rock  2,500  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G.  1,750  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, J. C. W. Rock  1,750  New General, Police, Sir H. L. Dowbiggin,  C. M. G.  C. M. G. Schokman  General Arabason  770  General Manager Railways, E. W. Head  1,450  Sective Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting)  1,300  New General Analyst, C. T. Symons  1,300  Archæological Commissioner, S. Parausvitana (acting)  R. S. 5750  Government Analyst, C. T. Symons  1,300  Archæological Commissioner, S. Parausvitana (acting)  R. S. 5750  Government Analyst, C. T. Symons  1, 200  Archæological Commissioner, S. Salt Adviser,  1, 15 1	Central, T. A. Hodson	
North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe	Northern, E. Rodigo (acting)	
North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe	Southern J. D. Brown	1,550
North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe	Eastern, V. Soomaraswamy (acting)	
Sabaragamuca. N. J. Luddington (acting)	North Central, C. L. Wickramasinghe	
Sabaragamuca. N. J. Luddington (acting)	Uva, E. T. Milligan	
Surveyor-Geheral, G. K. Thornhill 1,450 Director Public Works, W. J. Thornhill 1,650 Chief Engineer and Manager, Electrical Junderlakings (vacunt) 1,500 Postmaster-General, H. A. Burrlen 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, and Chairman, Colombo Port Commission, G. S. Wodeman 1,550 Chref Justice, Sir Phillip James Macdouell 2,500 Senior Pulsae Judge, T. F. Garvin, K. C 1,750 Pulsae Judges, L. U. Balton; A. Drieberg, K.C.; M. T. Akbar, K.C each District Judge, Colombo, L. W. Maartenoz 1,750 Do. do. Kandy, W. E. Barler 1,750 Do. do. Galle, N. M. Bharucha (acting) 1,300 Attorney-Gen., Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O.B. R., K.C 2,400 Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva 1,750 Public Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C.M. G 1,750 Public Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C.M. G 1,750 Director of Education, L. Macrae 1,750 Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, R. Briercliffe, O.B. K 1,750 Inep. Genl., Police, Sir H. L. Dowliggin, C.M. G 1,750 Do., Prisons, C. C. Schokman (cottna) Genl. Manager Railways, E. W. Head. 1,450 Excise Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting) 1,550 Director of Irrigation, B. G. Meaden 1,550 Director of Irrigation, B. G. Meaden 1,550 Excise Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting) 1,550 Director Colombo Museum & Marine Eiologist, J. Peanson 1,500 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 2,000 Archæological Commissioner, S. Parausvitana (acting) R. 5,570 Government Mineralogist & Salt Adviser, 1	Sabaragamuwa. N. J. Luddington	
Ondertakings (Vacanto) Postmaster-General, H. A. Burrien 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, and Chairman, Colombo Port Cammission, G. S. Wodeman 1,550 Chief Justice, Sir Philip James Macdonell scool Senior Prisine Judge, T. F. Garvin, K. C., 1,750 Puisne Judges, L. U. Balton; A. Drieberg, K.C.; M. T. Akbar, K.C each pistrict Judge, Colombo, L. W. Maartenoz 1,750 Do. do. Kandy, W. E. Barber 1,750 Do. do. Galle, N. M. Bharucha (acting) 1,300 Attorney-Gen, Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O.B. K., K.C 1,750 Puisite Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G 1,750 Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva 1,750 Puilic Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G 1,750 Puilic Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G 1,750 Pirector of Education, L. Macrae 1,750 Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, R. Briercliffe, O.B. K 1,750 Insp. Genl., Police, Sir H. L. Dowbiggin, C.M.G 1,750 Insp. Genl., Police, Sir H. L. Dowbiggin, C.M.G 1,750 Police of Irrigation, B. G. Meaden 1,550 Director of Irrigation, B. G. Meaden 1,550 Excise Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting) 1,550 Excise Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting) 1,550 Director Colombo Museum & Marine Ebiologist, J. Peanson 1,550 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C.I. K. Director Colombo Museum & Marine Ebiologist, J. Peanson 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550	Suppose Cananal (1 K Thornhill	
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Ondertakings (Vacanto) Postmaster-General, H. A. Burrien 1,550 Principal Collector of Customs, and Chairman, Colombo Port Cammission, G. S. Wodeman 1,550 Chief Justice, Sir Philip James Macdonell scool Senior Prisine Judge, T. F. Garvin, K. C., 1,750 Puisne Judges, L. U. Balton; A. Drieberg, K.C.; M. T. Akbar, K.C each pistrict Judge, Colombo, L. W. Maartenoz 1,750 Do. do. Kandy, W. E. Barber 1,750 Do. do. Galle, N. M. Bharucha (acting) 1,300 Attorney-Gen, Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O.B. K., K.C 1,750 Puisite Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G 1,750 Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva 1,750 Puilic Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G 1,750 Puilic Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G 1,750 Pirector of Education, L. Macrae 1,750 Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, R. Briercliffe, O.B. K 1,750 Insp. Genl., Police, Sir H. L. Dowbiggin, C.M.G 1,750 Insp. Genl., Police, Sir H. L. Dowbiggin, C.M.G 1,750 Police of Irrigation, B. G. Meaden 1,550 Director of Irrigation, B. G. Meaden 1,550 Excise Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting) 1,550 Excise Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting) 1,550 Director Colombo Museum & Marine Ebiologist, J. Peanson 1,550 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C.I. K. Director Colombo Museum & Marine Ebiologist, J. Peanson 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550 Government Analyst, C. T. Symons 1,550	Chief Engineer and Manager, Electrical	-,-,-
Chairman, Colombo Port Commission, G. S. Wodeman G. S. Wodeman Chief Justice, Sir Phillip James Macdonell Scenior Puisne Judge, T. F. Garvin, K. C. 7.750 Puisne Judges, L. U. Dalton; A. Drieberg, K. C.; M. T. Akbar, K. C. 1.750 District Judge, Colombo, L. W. Maartenoz, 1.750 Do. do. Kandy, W. E. Barber 1.750 Do. do. Galle, N. M. Bharucha (acting) 1.7300 Attorney-Gen., Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O.B.E., K. C. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilter Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilter Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilter Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Priector of Medical and Sanitary Services, R. Briercliffe, O.B. K. 1.750 Pirector of Medical and Sanitary Services, Genl. Manager Railways, E. W. Head. 1.750 Pointer of Triugation, B. G. Meatlen 1.750 Priscolly of Porests, J. D. Sargen! 1.750 Priscolly of Porests, J. D. Sargen! 1.750 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. L. Settlement Officer, H. E. Jan. 2 (acting) 1.750 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. L. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. L. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. L. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College,	Undertakings (vacant)	1,200
Chairman, Colombo Port Commission, G. S. Wodeman G. S. Wodeman Chief Justice, Sir Phillip James Macdonell Scenior Puisne Judge, T. F. Garvin, K. C. 7.750 Puisne Judges, L. U. Dalton; A. Drieberg, K. C.; M. T. Akbar, K. C. 1.750 District Judge, Colombo, L. W. Maartenoz, 1.750 Do. do. Kandy, W. E. Barber 1.750 Do. do. Galle, N. M. Bharucha (acting) 1.7300 Attorney-Gen., Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O.B.E., K. C. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilte Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilter Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilter Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Puilter Trustee, P. E. Pierls, C. M. G. 1.750 Priector of Medical and Sanitary Services, R. Briercliffe, O.B. K. 1.750 Pirector of Medical and Sanitary Services, Genl. Manager Railways, E. W. Head. 1.750 Pointer of Triugation, B. G. Meatlen 1.750 Priscolly of Porests, J. D. Sargen! 1.750 Priscolly of Porests, J. D. Sargen! 1.750 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. L. Settlement Officer, H. E. Jan. 2 (acting) 1.750 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. L. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. L. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. L. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College, R. Marrs, C. S. 2000 Princ. University College,	Postmaster-General, H. A. Burden	1,550
G. S. Wodeman Chef Justice, Sir Philli, James Macdonell Senior Putiene Judge, T. F. Garvin, K. C Puisne Judges, L. C. Dalton; A. Drieberg, K. C.; M. T. Akbar, K. C Puisne Judges, L. C. Dalton; A. Drieberg, K. C.; M. T. Akbar, K. C District Judge, Colombo, L. W. Maartenoz 1,550 Do. do. Kandy, W. E. Barber Do. do. Jafna, D. H. Ralfour (acting) Do. do. Jafna, D. H. Ralfour (acting) Attorney-Gen., Sir Edward St. John Jackson, O. B. K. K. C. Solicitor-Gen, L. M. D. de Silva Solicitor-Gen., L. M. D. de Silva Solicitor-Gen., L. M. D. de Silva Solicitor-General, J. C. W. Rock Director of Medical and Santary Services, R. Briercliffe, O. B. K. Director of Medical and Santary Services, R. Briercliffe, O. B. K. Do., Prisons, C. C. Schokman (actina) Genl. Manager Railways, E. W. Head. Solicitor of Irrigation, B. G. Wadlen Lisso Director of Irrigation, B. G. Wadlen Lisso Excise Commissioner, A. N. Strong (acting) Director of Irrigation, B. G. Wadlen Lisso Settlement Officer, H. E. Jan-z (acting) Trinc. University College, R. Marrs, C. L. Director Colombo Museum & Marine Biologist, J. Peanson  Canseroner Veterinary Surgeon, M. Crawford Government Analyst, C. T. Symons  L. Solicitor, M. Crawford Government Mineralogist & Salt Adviser, L. S. L. S. L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. S. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser, L. Salt Adviser,	Chairman Colombo Post Commission	
Chief Justice, Sir Phillip James Macdouell a.5co Senior Puisne Judges, L. U Dalton; A. Drieberg, K.C.; M. T. Akbar, K.C		* #50
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tana (acting)	Archaeological ('onnuissioner, S. Parauavi-	2,200
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Government Mineralogist & Salt Adviser,	Government Veterinary Surgeon, M.	
		£730
The Maldire Archipelago lies to £ 1,200 of Ceylon, a few degrees north of the equator. Male, the seat of government is about 400 miles	Government Mineralogist & Salt Adviser,	C
of Ceylon, a few degrees north of the equator.  Male, the seat of government, is about 400 miles	The MADRYE ARCHIPELAGO Has to the	s w
Male, the seat of government, is about 400 miles	of Ceylon, a few degrees north of the co	nator.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Malé, the seat of government, is about 400	miles

distant from Ceylon, to which the islands have always been nominally tributary. The Sultan acknowledges his allegiance by sending an annual embassy to Colombo. The natives are Muslims. The islands are unhealthy, and the main ex-ports are dried fish, cowrie shells, coco-nut coir, and tortoiseshell.

Colombo, distant from London (overland) 5,868

miles; transit. 17 days.

THE CHANNEL ISLANDS

Stuated off the north-west coast of France (at distances of from ten to thirty miles), are the only portions of the Intector of Normandy now belonging to England, to which they have been attached ever since the Conquest. They consist of Jersey (28,717 acres), Guernsey (15,654 acres), and the following dependencies of Guernsey—Alderney (7,65a acres), Brechou (7a). Great Sark and the following dependencies of Guernsey—Alderney (1,95a acres), Brechou (74), Great Sark (2,95), Little Sark (230), Herm (220), Jethou (24), and Lithou (28), a total of 48,083 acres, or 75 aquare miles. The 1931 Census population of Jersey was 50,455, and of Guernsey, &c., 42,743 (Guernsey 40,585, Alderney 1,251, Sark 578, Herm 53, Jethou 2).
The chunate is mild, and the soil exceptionally productive. The land under cultivation in 1932 NAS 8, 84, NEWEWS (12) varies—2 acres the print

was 81,847 vergees (21/4 vergees = 1 acre), the principal product of the soil of Jersey being potatoes, tomatoes and wheat, and of Guernsey green crops tomatoes and wheat, and of Guernsey green crops and oats fuilts tomatoes and flowers. The famous Jersey and Guernsey breeds of cows have carned a well-deserved celebrity. The principal officer in each Island is the Lieut.-Governor, who represents the King-Emperor (the Duke of Normandy) French is the official language of the local legislatures, called the States, and of the Royal Court, and is still spoken by the people, but English is now permissible in the Legislative Assembly. The Balliff, appointed by the Crown, mesides over the Natas and over the Royal Court presides over the States and over the Royal Court or judicial body. The islands possess a very large trade, the principal imports being coal and coke. and the chief exports being potatoes, tomatoes, flowers, and stone and grante. The chief flown of Jersey is St. Helier, on the south side; the principal town of Guernsey is St. Peter Port, on the east coast.

The trade of the Channel Islands is principally with the United Kingdom.

JERSKY.

D 9 0. Bailiff, C. E. Malet de Carteret. Dean, Very Rev. Samuel Falle, M.A. Attorney-General, A. M. Coutanche. Viscount, C. S. Le Gros.

Robertor-General, C. W. Duret Aubin. Receiver-General, Maj. J. F. Giffard. States Treasurer, Heibert F. Ereaut. Postmaster, H. Monks.

GUERNSKY AND DEPENDENCIES. Revenue, 1932, £413,208; Expenditure, £343,995 

2 D 2

Receiver-General, Victor G. Carey. States Supervisor, H. E Marquand. President, Education Council, Jurat Col. R. F. McCrea.

Postmaster, H. G. Coleman.

Judge, Maj. R. W. Melhah, O.B. K. Clerk (Greffer), Charles Balisto. Receiver, Lt. Col. L. Langlois. Procureur du Ros, Nicolas Gaudion.

Sark. Dame de Serk, Mrs. R. W. Hathaway Seneschal, Frederick de Carteret CYPRUS

is an island in the Mediterranean Sea, between N. lat. 34° 33' and 35'41', and E long. 32' 20' and 34° 35'. It is about 40 miles distant from the 34 35. It is addit to miles this act from the act of the interest point of Asia Minor; and 60 miles from Latakia, on the Syrian coast. The distance to Port Said, at the entrance of the Snez Canal, is a38 miles. The larger part of the island is an irregular parallelogram, 100 miles long and so to 30 broad; from which a narrow penn-sula, 5 or 6 miles wide, runs out for 40 miles towards the north-cast. The area is 3.584 square miles. The population at the census of 1931 was 347,959, of whom about 18 per cent. were Muhammadans, and the remainder mostly members of the antocephalous Church of Cypris, which is a branch of the Orthodox Eastern Church. The principal productions are Eastern Church. grain of various kinds, sesane, linseed, flax, wine and spirits, silk, olives, locust-beans (carobs), cotton, wool bides, grapes, oranges, pomegranates, asbestos, amseed, sponges, sumac leaves, terra umbra, gypsum, salt, pyrites, and chrome. In 1932 the wine export was 1,471,822 gals., and that of spirits 5,719 gals., the wine going to Egypt, the U.K., Malta, Syra, and the lodecanese, and spirits to Egypt, Syria and Castellorizo. The climate varies in different localities In the plants the summer heat is very great, and the British troops suffered when first sta-tioned in the island. Excellent summer quarters were, however, found in the hills; and, owing to the enforcement of various sanitary measures, the death-rate of the whole island is nearly as low as that of any Emopean country.

Cyprus was formally annexed to the British

Cyprus was formany surfaced to the falloss Empire in 1914. From March 10, 1925, until Nov. 12, 1931, the Government was administered by a Governor, aided by an Evecutive and Legislative Conneil, the latter containing o official and 12 elected members, but after the disturbances which occurred in the Island during the autumn of 1931, the clauses (in the Letters Patent of March, 1025) dealing with the constitution of the Legislative Council were revoked, power to legislate being vested in the Governor pending a review of the constitutional

future of the Island.

For administrative purposes the island is divided into six districts, in each of which the executive government is represented by a commissioner. For indicial purposes it is divided into three judicial districts. The law courts were reconstituted in 1027, and there are now a supreme court, 3 divisional courts, 3 assize courts, 3 district courts, and also magnaterial and assistant district judges' courts. In all the courts Cypriot judges (Christian and Moslem) take part. There are also 3 Mussulman religious tribunals, styled Sheri Courts, and a Sheri Tribunal of Appeal.

The capital is Nicosia (Lefkosia), near the centre of the island, with a population of 23,507 in 1931; the other principal towns are Larnaca (population 11,725), Liniassol (15,066), Famagusta (8,771), Kyrenia (2,049), Paphos (4,467), and Mor-

phon (4,335). Important works at Famagusta have rendered the inner harbour accessible to steamers, and there are 37 miles of railway, and 71 miles of motor road services. There is a regular service of steamers between Cyprus and Egypt, Syria, Cilicia, Palestme, Smyrna, Istanbul, Greece,

France and Italy.	1931.	1032.
Revenue	£728,396	*£755,699
Expenditure	<b>†743,076</b>	<b>†742,605</b>
l'otal imports	1,414,101	1.347,288
Total exports Imports from U.K	1,101,706	922,426
Exports to U.K	412,993 224,692	386,675
()		276,959

forernor and Commander-in-Chief, His Excellency Sir Herbert Richmond

Falmer, K.C.M.G., C.B.E. (1933) (and £600) Dutu Allowance) ......£3,000 Colonial Secretary, H. Henniker-Heaton,

Commissioners, C. H. Hart-Davis, C.M.G., £950; Capt. A. M. Fleury, £900; B. J. Surudge; R. P. L. Browne; C. G. Denms

(and one vacancy) ......£600 to 750 Treasurer, H. J. Pink
Comptroller of Customs and Eacise, G. F.

Chief Committ. Police, W. C. C. King

Director of Health, Dr. G. C. Strathairn,

Director of Education, J. R. Cullen ...... £1,000 to 1,200
Postnaster-General, L. J. E. Dench £600 to 750
Director of Agriculture, D. L. Blunt 1,000
Conservator of Foresta A. H. Illing 1,000 Conservator of Forests, A. H. Unwin, D.O.C.

Genl. Manager, Railway, C. E. Rooke £750 to 850 Director Public Works, A. A. P. D. Stone, 0.B E.

Trade Commissioner for Cyprus in London, Maj. W. H. Flinn, O.B.E., r Queen Anne's Chambers, Tothuli St., S. W. z. Distance, 3,030 miles; mail transit, 5 to 7 days.

DOMINICA. See BRITISH WEST INDIES. EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE. See KENYA.

## FALKLAND ISLANDS.

These, the only considerable cluster in the South Atlantic, lie about 300 miles east of the Straits of Magellan, between 51° 15′—53° S. lat. and 57° 40′—52° W. long. They consist of East Falkland (area 2,580 sq. miles), West Falkland (2,038 sq. miles), and upwards of 100 small islands

Exclusive of Grants-in-aid; † exclusive of share of Cyprus of the Turkish Debt charge (£92,800), and of Exp from Grants

(islets, rocks, and sandbanks), comprising in the aggregate 4,628 sq. miles, and a population in 1932 of 2,428. Mount Adam, the loftiest peak in the colony, rises 2,315 feet above the level of the sea The Falklands were discovered by Davis in sea The Falklands were discovered by Davis in 159a, and visited by Hawkins in 159a. A settlement was made by France in 176a; this was subsequently handed over to Spain, but the latter country recognised Great Britain's title to a part at least of the group in 1771. In 1820 the Argentine Republic established a settlement, which was destroyed by the Americans in 1821. In 1831 the islands were senin taken possession of by the the islands were again taken possession of by the British for the protection of the seal-fishenes. and colonised, being the most sontherly organised colony of the British Empire. On Dec. 8, 1914, 2 British squadron mider Adm. Sir Dovcton Sturdee defeated a German squadron (von Spec off the Falkland Islands. A memorial elected in the halbour of Port Stanley in commemoration of this victory was unveiled on Feb. 26, 1927. The chinate is cold, the thermometer ranging in winter from 20° to 50°, and in summer from 40° to 56° Falirenheit. The islands are chiefly bog-land, and have proved sintable for sheep, 675, 967 being carried in 1932; the output of wool is about four million in annually the population is mainly British, and is princi-The population is manny antion, and a principally engaged in sheep-farming. The chief exports are wool, tailow, hides and sheepskins, seal oil is also produced and exported. The only seal oil is also produced and exported important settlement is Port Stanley, at the head of Port William, on the coast of East Falkland.

The government of the Falkland Islands is vested in a Governor, aided by an Executive Council of 3 official and x unofficial members and a Legislative Council, of 4 official and 2 unofficial members.

*£78,398 *£98,463 54 798 82,050 Expenditure .. ... .. 72,677 Total imports . ..... 110,775 Total exports ... ... ... Imports from U.K. . . 146,953 89,126 121,947 65,443 Exports to U.K.... 146,098 131,106 Governor and Commander-in-Chief, H18 Excellency Sir James O'Grady, K.C.M.G.

(1931) (and duty allowance, £350) . .. £1,500 rirate Sec., G. R. L. Brown. Colonial Secretary, &c., Hon J. M. Ellis,

CHIEF TOWN, Port Stanley. Population (1932), x,300.

DEPENDENCIES .- South Georgia, an island 800 miles east-south-east of the Falkland Group, with an area of 1,094 square miles, is the only part of the dependencies which is permanently habitable, there being a Resident Magistrate and other officials, and a permanent population (engaged in the whaling industry) at Giytviken Harbour. In the South Shetlands, Deception for about five months in the year, with a land station which arrives and departs with the whaling fleet. The South Orkneys also have a seasonal land station, and the Argentine Government have, with the permission of H.M. Govern-

the Weddell Sea is a precursor of drought in the maize and cereal area of Argentina 3½ years later. The other dependencies, of which the principal units are the South Sandwich Islands, principal units are the south strategic relations, and a part of the Antarctic, or South Polar, continent known as Graham's Land, are even more inhospitable than those already named, being nearly covered with snow and ice and almost completely destitute of plant life. In spite, however, of the climatic and other disadvantages, the revenue derived from all the dependencies in 1932 amounted to £77,283. The local expenditure was £20,144, the surplus (after meeting administrative expenses at Port Stanley) being devoted to local research and development. The trade is considerable, The whaling industry carried out from these dependencies is greater than that of the rest of the world combined.* Seven companies (z British, 5 Norwegian, z Argentine) caught 7,301 whiles in the 1931 season, the landed value of the oil being £2,354,904. In 1932 only one company operated at South Georgia, and no company operated at south teorgia, and no operations were carried out in the other dependencies; the whiles caught numbered 996, and the oil was valued at £2,54,114.

In 1928 a claim was made by Norway to thousan and Bouret Islands in the Antarctic and

by Argentina to the South Orkneys, these claims were not admitted by the British Government, but Bonvet Island was ceded to Norway in November, 1928, as an act of grace.

Port Stynley is distant about 8,130 miles; transit, 26 days from Liverpool Telegrams by cable and wireless telegraphy rid Monte Video and vid Bergen.

### FEDERATED MALAY STATES (See MALAYA).

FIJI.

This is a group of 200 to 250 islands (of which some are, however, mere ununhabited islets and rocks) in the South Pacific Ocean, about 1,100 miles notth of New Zealand, which extend 300 miles from east to west, and 300 north to south, between 15 45 27 10' S. lat and 176' E -178 W. long The gross area of the group is about 7,083 square miles. The islands are of volcame origin, with lofty mountains, and well wooded. The principal are Viti Levu (theat Eur) and Vanua Leyn (Great Land). The (Great Fig) and Vanna Levu (Great Land) chmate is equable and remarkably healthy for Europeans, the average temperature in the shade in the cool season is 72°, rising to 84° in the hot season, extremes lying between 60° Vegetation is remarkably luxuriant, and 94°. Vegetation is remarkably luxuriant, the chief products being bread-fruit, bananas, plantams, pea-nuts, yams, and dalo (taro), coco-nuts, sugar-cane, rice, maize, and cotton, coco-ints, sugar-came, rice, mars., and coossa. The principal exports are sugar, copra, bananas, treeas shell, molasses, maize, fresh fruit and vecetables, and beche-de-mer. The Governor is vegetables, and beche-de-mer. The Governor is appointed by the Crown, and is assisted by an Executive Council consisting of 7 members. Laws Harbour. In the South Sucrement, excepted are passed by a togginate the land contains a harbour at Port Foster, ice-free Governor is president) containing 13 nominated for about five months in the year, with a land members, 6 European elected members, a rative passed of the passed president members. are passed by a Legislative Council (of which the members, and 3 Indian elected members. Native administration is carried on through the chiefs under the Governor's supervision.

nienth nave, with the permission of all and the metal in the world in connexion with a discovery that a cold winter in connexion with a discovery that a cold winter in sea, 320 barrels); in 1227-8 the catch was 37.674 (oil production 2,793,044 barrels); in 1227-8 the catch was 37.674 (oil production 2,793,044 barrels);

estimated population (Dec. 31, 1932) was 189,398 (94,976 native Fijians, 78,975 Indians, 4,863 Europeans, and some Polynesians and others).

Europeans, and some Polynesians and others).
1931. 1931.
Public income £565,393 £547,460
Public expenditure 605,973 528,603
Public debt 936,608 1,091,605
Total imports 929,514 857,346
Total exports 1,000, 187 1,698,964
Imports from U.K 258,x7x 250,748
Exports to U.K 121,103 847,053
CAPITAL, Suva, in the island of Viti Levu.
Population (ross), rs.o8s.
Governor of Fig. His Excellency Sir
Governor of Fiji, His Excellency Sir A. G. M. Fletcher, R.C.M.G., C.B.E.,
(and £1,200 as High Comm. of W.
Pacific and Lyso as Consul-General) Lyson
A. D. C. Capt. M. Godley 300
A. D. C. Capt. M. Godley
K C., R. N. (and f. 400 as Chief Jul.
K.C., R.N. (and £400 as Chief Jud. Commr., W. P.) 1,200
Colonial Sec., Hon A. W. Seymour, V.D. 1,200
get Asst. Do., A. L. Armstrong 800
Secretary for Native Affairs, Hon. A. A.
Wright 1,000
Secretary for Indian Affairs, Hon Dr.
V. W. T. MoGusty (and £360 travelling
(dlorganes) 7.000
Attorney-Gen. (vacant) 1,000
Colonial Treasurer, Hon J. Craig 1,100
Commissioner for Lands, Hon. C. A.
Holmes 800
Communioner of Works, Hon. W Wise 1.000
Inspector-General of Constaladary and
Shervif, Lt. Col. Hon, J. S Gamble 800
Director of Agriculture, Hon A. C. Barnes z,000
Chief Medical Officer, Hon. Dr. A. H. B.
Pearce 1,100
Comptroller of Customs, Hon. J. M. Wilson 775
Director of Education, Hon. J. Russell 750
Postmaster-General, P. F. Boyd 800
Ambitor, P. J. A. Hamilton (and £120 as
Auditor, Western Pacific) 800
Chief Police Magistrate, A. H. Roberts 200
Registrar-General, Registrar of Supreme

### GAMBIA.

The West African river Cambia, which is navigable for some 300 miles from its month, was discovered by the Portinguese in 1447; and in 1588, the year of the Spanish Armada, Queen Elizabeth, being then at war with Spain and Portugal, gave a charter to a British Company to trade with the Gambia, and as early as 1628 an effort to do so was made, but it was not successful. In 1686 a fort was built upon a rocky island, and, in honour of the new King, was named Fort James; but the Raglish merchants had formidable rivals in the Portuguese and French, and it was not until 1783 that the river was recognised, by the Treaty of Versailles, as British. The Colony had no regular political institutions until 1807, when it was put under the Government of Sierra Leone. The Colony of the Gambia was created in 1843, and was constituted a separate government in 1808. It now consists of the Island of Mary, British Komlo, Albreda, the Ceded Mile, MacCarthy Island, and various other islands and territories on the banks of the river. The total area is estimated at 4,1328 94, miles. The

population of the Island of St. Mary, at the Census of April 12, 1932, was 14,370, and that of the Protectorate 18,150. The climate is unhealthy during the rainy season, viz., from June to October; but during the rast of the year it is less unleathy. The chief export is ground nuts, which form ninety-five per cent. of the total exports; over half of this crop is sent to France, where the oil is extracted and used for the same purpose as olive oil. Paint kernels, hides, and beeswax are also exported; and rice, cotton, maize, and a kind of millet called kons are produced in the countries bordering the Gambia, but not in sufficient quantities to meet local requirements. The chief imports are asparel, cotton goods, flour, kola nuts, oil, rice, soap, spirits, hardware, sugar, tea, wine, and tobacco. A Company of the R. W.A.F.F. (4 officers and agnon-commissioned officers and men) is stationed in the Colony, and there is an armed police force (numbering 150 officers and men), which performs both civil and military duties. There are 4 Government wireless stations. The Government, which is that of a Crown Colony, is vested in a Governor, assisted by an Executive Council consisting of 4 official members (besides the Governor) and by a Legislative Council of 6 official members and 4 unofficial members, nominated by the Crown.

£184,825

227,487

5,700

£,205,132

196,014

292,700

nil.

Public revenue ... ..

Public expenditure ..... Public debt ....

Total imports ... ....

į	Total exports 527, III 406,894
	Imports from U K 94,449 x49,323
	Exports to U.K 20,185 84,043
	Total tonnage of vessels entered and cleared,
	1932, 926,023.
	CHIEF TOWN, Bathurst Population (1931),
	14,370.
	Governor (vacant)
	Governor (vacant)
	Colonial Secretary, G C. B Parish 1,000
	Jud ie of Supreme Court, W K. Horne 1,000
	Receiver-General, H. Densham Smith 960
	Legal Adriser, A. G. B. Manson £600 to 800
	Police Magistrate, M. D. Lyon£600 to 800
	Semor Med. Officer, D. T. But £x,000 to x,x50
	Commissioner of Police, dr., H. L. Webley
	£720 to 920
	Commissioners, Maj. R. W. Macklin, M C.;
٠	Capt. H. R Oke. M C.; Maj. L. A. W.
	Brooks; Capt. P. Jeffs, M C.; A. R.
	Clark; W. T. Hamlyn; G. N. N. Nunn,
	R. H. Gretton; N. M. Assheton £450 to 960
	Director, Public Works, Maj. J. R.
	Gwyther, M C 960
	Senior Agricultural Superintendent, F.W.
	Hall £480 to 720
	Harbour Master and Marine Superin-
	tendent, LientCom. A. D. Steele, R.N.R.
	£600 to 720
	Auditor, A. G. Still£600 to 920
	Bathurst is distant from London a,600 miles;
	transit about 10 days.
	GIBRALTAR.

#### GIBRALTAR,

a rocky promontory, 2¾ miles in length and ¾ of a mile in breadth, and 1.396 feet high at its greatest elevation, near the southern extremity of Spain, with which it is connected by a low isthmus. It is about 14 miles distant from the opposite coast of Africa. Gibraitar was captured

in 2704, during the war of the Spanish Succession, by a combined Dutch and English force, under Sir George Rooke, and ceded by the Treaty of Utrecht, 1712. Since that time it has remained continuously in possession of the British. Of the many attempts to retake it, the most celebrated was the creat size in the continuously in the continuous of the British. many attempts to retake it, the most celebrater was the great siege in 1779-83, when General Elliot, afterwards Lord Heathfield, held it for 3 years and 7 months against a combined French and Spanish force. The town stands at the foot of the promontory on the N.W. side. Gibratar is a free port, and enjoys the advantages of an extensive shipping trade, and is becoming a popular tourist centre. During the year 1932 4,091 vessels (including 112 tourist steamers) entered, with a total tonnage of 8,674,558. The chief sources of revenue are the port dues, the rent of the Crown estate in the town, and duties on wine, spirits, tobacco, beer, motor spirit and perfumery. There is an enclosed Admiralty harbour with an area of about 440 acres, containing three graving docks. The estimated civilian population (1932) was 16,609.
The Governor is in command of the garrison,

and is aided in the administration by an Executive Council of 7 members; there is no Legisla-

£151.415

£239 209

tive Council. Reveune ..

R.A.P.C.

Expenditure ... ....... 178,955 151,038 Governor and Commdr.-in-Chief, His Excellency General Sir C. H. Harington, G.C.B., G.B.E., D.S.O., A.D.C. (with £500 entertainment allowance and £500 entertrinnent atowaire und £500 A.M.S., Capt. J. M. Ripley, N.C. Private Sec., H. J. S. Norton. A.D.C., Capt. V. H. Jones. G.S.O., Maj. J. B. Barry, D.S.O., R.A. others of Advisortrition. Broader D. M. In charge of Administration, Brigadier D. M. King, D.S.O, M.C. Commanding Royal Artillery, Col. W. B G. Barne, C B.K., D.S.O Commanding Royal Engineer, Lt.-Col. II. G. Pyne, M.C. Officer Commanding R.A.S. Corps, Lt. Col. C. F. Cooke, O B.E. Deputy Director Medical Services, Col. H. R. Bateman, DS 0.

Dep. Aust. Dir. of Hygiene, Maj. G. D. Jameson, R.A.M.C. A.D.O.S., Lt.-Col. II. A. Sansom, R.A o c Command Paymer., Lt.-Col. H. P. Fennell,

Rear-Admiral in Charge, Gibraltar, and Admiral Supt., Giraltar Dockyard, Rear-Adm. F. M. Austin, C.B.

Colonial Secretary, Lt.-Col. Hon. A. E. Beattie, C M G., C.B.E., M.C. .... £1,465 Treasurer and Collector, Hon. D. I. Bethell......£900 to 950 Captain of the Port, Comm. H. Biron, O. B. E., R. D., R. N. R. Crown Surv., Capt. H. St. C. Garrood, M.C.

£650 to 700 

Auditor, H. E. C. Merrick ......£650 to 700 Distance, 1,209 mules; transit, 3½ days.

## GOLD COAST.

The Gold Coast Colony, with Ashanti, the Northern Territories and Togoland under British Mandate, is situated on the Gulf of Guinea, between 3° 7' W. long. and 7° 14' E. long, and is bounded on W. by the Freuch Ivory Coast, on E. by Togoland under French Mandate, on N. by the French Sudan, on S. by the sea. It extends about 334 miles along the Coast line and inland to an average distance of the miles on the 18° 18°. to an average distance of 440 miles or to 11° N. lat. The area of the Colony is 23,237 sq. miles, of Ashant 24,379 sq. miles, of the Northeru Territories 20,486 sq. miles, and of Togoiand under British Mandate 13,042—a total of 92,843 sq. miles

The chinate of the Gold Coast is on the whole hot and damp, although rather cooler than that of most tropical countries within similar latitudes. By the aid of medical science and samtation it is becoming less unhealthy. The suntation it is becoming less unhealthy. The population (April 1923) was: Gold Coast Colony, 1,621,217; Ashanti, 599,563; Northern Territories, 740,640; Togoland, 306,887; total, 3,248,307, excluding 3,246 Non-Africans. The natives are almost all Pagans, but there are many Muhammadans, and the number of Christians is steadily increasing. The Government assists the missionaries in educational justices and has established many Government assists the missionaries in enter-tional matters and has established many schools of its own, and a college and school at Achimota, 6 miles from Accra, have been built and opened. Great efforts are being made to improve the samtary condition of the coast towns. Acera, Kumasi, sekondi (including Takoradi), Koforidua, Winneba and Tamale are lighted by electricity, and there are pipe-borne water supplies at Acea, Sekondi (including Takoradi). Cape Coast, Winneba and Tamale; a similar supply is being installed for Kimasi 4.713 miles of telegraph land wire and 7.840 miles of telephone trunks have been established Exchanges have been opened in the principal towns and are served by 3,633 miles of underground and overhead line wire. There is a wireless station at Tokoradi. A Government railway runs from Sekondi through Tarkwa, the centre of the gold-mming industry, to Kumasi and thence to Accra (362 miles), with branches (590 miles in all). In 1928 a harbour was opened

(550 innes in an an art alternation at Takorach. The trade in 1932 was principally with the United Kingdom (50 per cent.), U.S. (18), Germany (12), Netherlands (8) and France (x percent). The principal exports in 1932 were: cocon. £5,511,360; gold and gold dust, £1,236,591.
manganese £123,627; and diamonds, £526,925.
The chief imports are apparel, building materials cotton goods, hardware, keroscue, motor spirit motor cars and motor lorries, beer, ale, stout and porter, provisions, sugar, tobacco and

cigarettes.

The seat of government is Accra (population The seat of government is Accra (population 60 7 6). The other principal towns are: Cape Const (27,685). Ada (4,450). Elmina (4,797). Sekondi (26,953). Tarkwa (3,321), Keta (6,465). Axim (4,533), Kumasi (3,582), Saltpond (6,569). Koforidua (20,579) and Winnebah (20,990). The government of the Colony is administered by a Greenror, alided by a nominate d Executive Council. There is a Legislative Council of a cofficial could There is a Legislative Council of 15 official and 14 unofficial members, for the Colony, excluding

-			
		1931-32	1932-33
Total revenue			7.441.450
	••••••		3,444,147
Public Debt (Mar	ob\	12,961,000	3,444,-47
FILDITE IVENU (SIAI	OIL 31)	1931	1932.
Total imports		£4 802 804	Cr 605 270
Total opposite		204,003,0743	55,005,219
LOURI EXPORUS	 7	9,300,020	7,091,905
imports from U.1	·	2,512,200	3,273,593
Exports to U K		4,477,289	3,431,199
Total exports Imports from U.I Exports to U.K Total tonnage of	ւ արթեւ	ig entered at	ia cicarea
TARR 2 E47 OOE ( 1)	'11.1811. T.M	47.0771.	
Governor and Co	mnande	r-in-Chief, 1	lis
ExcellencySir	Thomas	Shouton Whi	1t.e-
leage Thoma.	8. K C.M.	G . O B.R. (xe	228)
(and allowant	2. £ 1.500	)	£4.500
legge Thoma (and allowand A.D.C., Capt. J Colonial Sec., G.	Lalut	110721	450
Colonial Sec. G	A S Nor	theate CM	1 1800
Deputy do., G. Chief Justire, Sir Puisne Judges, \ Howes; J.	C do Do	ulay aux	J. 1,000
Chief Landing Ch.	C C Do	uiay, C.D.E	x,350
Chief Justice, 511	U. C. DE	ane, k.c	2,000
rusne Juages, v	V. P. M	icheim; A.	15.
Howes; J.	M. St. 1	onn rates;	. J.
Chief Registrar,	l. F. St. A	A. Fawcett	960
Attorney-General	J. C. Ho	oward	1,500
Attorney-General, Solicitor-General,	L. E. V.	M'Cailky	1,100
Treasurer, R. A. Deputy Treasur Auditor, A. S. Cre	Kellv		. I,350
Demutu Treasur	er. H. Vi	ne-Percy .	. 1,050
Auditor A S Cre	mer		1,100
Descritu do R	A. Stood	ev	960
Conneda Gold Co	net Reni	ment and	j 900
Deputy do., E. Coundg. Gold Co spector of Le	wal blove	es Col H	ii .
Ronttin	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, con. 11.	I,200
Beattie Dir. of Med. and	Ca wita au	Canadan IX I	1,200
Director of Works.	Tt (b)	D L'annt 3	11ff 1,600
Director up works.	an Hall	o. D Mense, a	f.C. 1,500
Deputy do., Per Genl. Manager, I Harbour Aut	cy man		1,200
Gent. Manager, 1	ca iciva yr	ana rakor	aar
Harbour Aut	norwy, L	M. Smart	1,700
Comptroller of Cu kenzie Asst. do., Capt. Commissioners of	stoms, Ci	ърt. А. D. м	ac-
kenzie			1,200
Asst. do., Capt.	G. Pater	son, M.M	1,050
Commissioners of	Province.	s, A. C. Dunc	:tl)-
Johnstone :	U. E. 5	kene tana (	one
vacancy)		C	ach 1,200
Secretary for Min	es. A. T.	Roberts	I,200
vacancy) Secretary for Min Secretary for J	lative A	lfairs, IL	W.
Thomas			I,350
Thomas Director of Prison	s. Lt. Co	l. H. J. L. Ca	ve-
uangh			·· ·· 960
Postmaster-Gener	al ECC	Transa	. I,200
Hankoun Vantan	Tukarad	le Cont C	1. 1,200
Harbour-Master, Hemans, R.N. Superintending T	I HAUT GO	, Capo. C.	I.000
December of the T	al Bustons	ent I I Who	1,000
Superimenting 1	E. Engine	diministra	rer <b>960</b>
Surveyor-General	, J. Clen	ammy, s.	NC.,
M. I.C.E Inspector-Gen. of			I,200
Immector-Gen. of	Pouce, L	L-Col. H. W.	М.
Bamford, C.B	R., M.C.		1,200
Director of Educa Conservator of For	tion, G. I	ower	I,200
Conservator of Fu	rests. H. V	N . Moor (acti	111) I.200
Dir, of Agricultui	e, G.G. A	nchinleck, M.	Sc. 1,200
Director of Geolog	jical Sur	vcy, Maj. N.	R.
	•••••		
	ASHAN	TI.	
Ashanti was ul		lor British	restantion

Ashanti was placed under British protection on Aug. 27, 1896, and an Order in Council (Sept. 26, 1901), defined the boundaries of Ashanti, anneved it to H.M. Dominions and provided for its administration under the Governor of the Gold Coast Colony, though only some of the laws and ordinances of the Gold Coast Colony apply to the annexed territory. Ashanti is administered by a Chief Commissioner, with an Assistant Chief Commissioner as relieving Officer, and a staff of 14 District and Assistant District Commissioners. The area is 24,379 Chinese residents square miles, with a population (census of 1931) of numbered 19,984.

578,702 (including non-Africans, 624). Kumasi, the chief town, has about 36,884 inhabitants. In 1932 there were 1,049 children in the Government schools, and 6,618 in the mission schools; agricultural and Forestry Training centre. Police force, 4 officers and 28 other ranks; prosecutions (1932-33) 5,585, but there is little serious crime. There are 1,600 niles of motor roads. Agriculture is the staple industry, and 61,587 tons of cocoa were exported in 1938-33. The gold output was 176,072 fine oz. £747,955 at par). In the western parts of the Dependency are rich forests of manogany, cedar, &c., and trees yielding fruits, oil, rubber and gum copai. On the eastern side the forests are sparser, though timber and oil trees are common and game fairly plentiful; the products there are chiefly maize, yams, cocoyams, bananas, plantains, and ground-nuts. Chief Commissioner, Maj. F. W.F. Jackson,

C.M.G , D.S.O. .. .. .. ..... Asst. Chief Commissioner, F. W. Apple 

NORTHERN TERRITORIES.

In 1901 the Northern Territories lying to the north of the parallel of 8° N. lat., bounded on the west and notth by the French possessions and on the cast by Togoland, were placed under British protection They are administered, under the Governor, by a Chief Commissioner with his headquarters at Tamale. By the census taken in 1931 the population was 717,275. The Muhammadans have substantial mosques; there is a White Father' mission in the north of the Protectorate and an American Protestant mission and a Roman Catholic mission in the Mandated Territory. Government schools have been established at Tamale, Gambaga, Salaga, and Wa. There are 2,258 nules of permanent motorable roads. The Northern Territories are capable of producing various agricultural crops (cereals, shea-butter, ground-nuts, indigo, to-bacco), also cattle, sheep and goats, and are said to contain wide auriferous areas.

Chief Commissioner (vacant) ...... £1,600 Assistant Chief Commissioner, E. O. Rake 1,200 Accra is distant from Liverpool, 3,020 miles; transit, 14 to 30 days

## HONG KONG.

The Crown Colony of Hong Kong consists of a number of islands and of a portion of the mainland, situated off the south-eastern coast of China, at the mouth of the Canton River, in az' 9' N. Int. and rr3' 5z'-rr4' 3o' E. long., and bounded on the N by the Shum China River.

Hong Kong is an island about zz miles long and from z to 5 miles broad, with a total area of 3z square miles; it lies close to the mainland, being separated at one point by a narrow strait (Lyeo-moon) not more than a quarter-mile wide, and was first occupied by Great Britain in January, 1841, and was formally ceded by the Treaty of Nankin in 1842: British Kovloon was subsequently acquired by the Peking Convention of 1850; and the New Territories, being a peninsula in the southern part of the Kwangtung province, by a lease signed June 9, 1898. The whole colony comprises an area of about 391 square miles with a population for 1932 of 900,795. The non-Chinese residents, excluding naval and military,

The capital of the colony is Victoria, which has along the northern shore of the island, facing the mainland; and between the mainland and the city is the harbour, which is one of the finest in the world, with a water area of some ro square miles. With the exception of hignor, tobacco and motor spirit the port is free, and s fortified. It possesses excellent docks, capable of holding the largest vessels for the purposes of repair. There is a considerable ship repairing and construction industry. Shipping entered, (1931) 22,051,367 tons; (1932) 22,051,369 tons. A railway, of which 22/4 niles belong to the Government, runs from Kowloon to Canton; the length north of the Shum Chun River (which is the boundary of the British territory) is con-trolled by the Chinese Government. Good roads connect the principal districts with the railway.

The island is broken in shape and mountainous, the highest point being Victoria Peak, which is about 1,800 feet high. The Peak District is a anomit 1,800 free high. The reak Mistrice is a favourite place of residence, and is reserved for Europeans. The New Territories contain peaks from 1,800 to 3,000 feet. The lot senson lasts from May to October. During the winter months, from November to March, the climate is cooler, drier, and more invigorating. The is cooler, drier, and more invigorating. The average daily maximum temperature ranges from 87° in July to 63° in February, and the average daily minimum temperature from 78° in July to 55° in February. The average annual rainfall is 86 in., of which no less than 75 per cent, falls between May and September, when the S.W. monsoon prevails.

Hong Kong is the centre of a vast trade in many kinds of produce, chiefly camphor, coal, cottons, flour, gunnes, hides, iron and steel goods, leather,

matches, oils, rice, silks, sugar, tea and tm.

Much encouragement is given by the Government to education in the colony. In 1932 there were x,063 schools subject to Government supervision, attended by 70,750 pupils The University (opened in 1912) includes faculties of medicine, engineering, and arts.

Hong Kong is a Crown colony, and its govern-ment is administered by a Governor, aided by an Executive Council of a members, together with a Legislative Council of 18 members, including himself, a representative from the Chamber of Commerce, and a representative of the Justices of the Peace. There is also a Samtary Board, partly elected, which controls certain sanitary

CAPITAL, Victoria; population (1932), 364,279.

Public revenue .. ..... \$33,146,724 \$33,549,716 32,050,284 £1,485,732 \$4,927,000 31,1'0,774 £1 485,732 Public expenditure .. . Public debt, Jan. z ... Do., do. ..... \$4,927,000 Imports from U.K..... £4,157,094 £5,046,915 2 8,769 227,210 Exports to U.K. ..... Governor and Commander in Chief, His Excellency Sir William Peel, K.C M.G, K.B.K.(1930) (including Entertainment .....£7,000 Chief MacGregor, K.C. Hon. Sir W. T. Sonthorn, K.B.K., C.M.G. Attorney-General, Hon. C. G. Alabaster, 2,225 2,300

Secretary for Chinese Affairs, Hon. A. E.

Wood .....

K.C., O.B.E.

Treasurer, &c., Hon. E Taylor	£1,600
Director of Public Works, Hou. R. M.	
Henderson	I,500
Puisne Judge, His Hon. R. E. Lindsell	
(acting)	1,755
(acting)	
D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G.	z.800
D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G	-,
G K Hole R N (ret)	т.боо
G. F. Hole, R.N. (ret.)	-,000
Hon. A. R. Wellington, M.D.	1,800
Principal Assistant Colonial Secretary	1,000
and Clerk of Councils, D. W. Tratman,	
and Cierk of Councus, D. W. Mathan,	
C M.G	1,800
C M.G	_
J. D. Lloyd	x,650
Postmaster-General, M. J. Breen	1.400
Head of Sanitary Department, T. Megarry	I,000
Police Magistrate, Hong Kong, W.Schoffeld	1,400
Manager, Railway, R. Baker	1,600
Crown Solicitor, H. K. Holmes, C.B.R	1,400
Registrar, Supreme Court, T. M. Hazlerigg	1,400
Auditor, P. L. Collisson, O.B. R.	I,400
Police Magistrate, Kowloon, H. R. Butters	1,050
	I,400
Land Officer, P. Jacks	1,300
Director, Royal Observatory, C.W. Jeffines,	-,300
F.R.A.S	1,050
Official Receiver, E. L. Agassiz	
Commission of Determined and Posterior	1,200
Superintendent, Botanical and Forestry	
Department, H. Green	950
District Officer, North, E. H. Williams	900
District Officer, North, E. H. Williams District Officer, South, D. M. MacDougall	6#5
Military Forces in China.	
G.O.C. the Forces, Maj. Gen. O. C. Bornett	, с.в.,
C.M.G., C.B.E , D.S C	
A.D.C., Capt. F. R. L. Mears, The	King's
Own R	_

Own R.

6 S.O. I., Col. F. P. Nosworthy, D.S.O., M.C.

6 S.O. I., Major K. P. Atkinson, M.C.

6 S.O. III., Major K. F. Maclean, M.C.

6 S.O. III., Capt. G. F. Maclean, M.C.

A.A. & Q.M. G., Brigadier R. B. Conscus, D.S.O.

D.A.A. & Q.M. G., Capt. G. E. Mirehouse.

Staff Capt., Capt. C. Fowkes, M.C.

Commonding R.A., Lt.-Col. J. H. Thom,

3 S.O. E. M.

D S O., R.A.

Chief Engineer, Col. S. Boyd, D.S.O., R.E. Command Signal Officer, Major R.A. Bagnold.

Asst. Dir. of S & T., Col. A. H. K. Watson.

Asst. Dir. of Medical Services, It.-Col. R. A. Bryden, b.s.o.

Asst. Dir. of Ord. Services, Lient.-Col. L. C. Lewis, o B E. Command Paymaster, Col. W. J. H. Bilderbeck, O.B K. R A.P.C.

Financial Adviser and Local Auditor, A. S. King. Hong Kong, 9,834 miles, vid Suez Canal; transit, 29 days, or vid Siberia, 28 to 23 days.

## THE ISLE OF MAN (MONA).

an island in the Irish Sea, in lat. 54° 3′ - 54° 25′ N. and long. 4° 18′ - 4° 47′ W., nearly equidistant from England, Scotland, and Iroland. The total Indi area is x45,132 acres (asp 80, miles), with a population (x531) of 49,308 (2x,459 males, 26,849 females). In x932 the births numbered 633 and the deaths 754. The cultivated area (x933) was 79,749% acres, and the live stock included 3,553 horses, so,656 cattle, ros,587 sheep, and 3,733 pigs. The Island's main industry is catering for holiday makers (numbering about 500,000 in the year) from all parts of the British Isles.

The land is rich in minerals, lead, iron, blende and slate, and exports large quantities of agricul-

2. IOO

2.235

tural produce. Forty-seven miles of railway have been constructed, and about as miles of electric

Government, etc.-In the 9th century a body of malcontents from Norway emigrated to the western isles of Scotland, and their prosperity drew upon them the auger of the Norwegian monarch Harold, who in the year 870 sent forth a great expedition and conquered the Orkneys and the Shetlands, the Western isles, and Man. For three centuries the Norwegian rule remained intact, but when, in rada, Alexander III. defeated the famous Haco, at the battle of Largs, all these slands fell under Scottish rule. On his accession to the English throne, Henry IV. seized on the Isle of Mau, and in 1406 bestowed it on the Stanley family. In 1827 the Crown purchased it for the

sum of £417,144.

Man is now governed by a separate Legislature, called the Tynwald, consisting of two branches—the Governor and Council and the House of Keys. The Council consists of the Governor, the Bishop of Sodor and Man, the two Deemsters, the Attorney-General, a members appointed by the Governor, and 4 members appointed by the House of Keys. The House of Keys (possibly from the Scandinavian keise = chosen) is one of the most anolent legislative assemblies in the world. It consists of a members, elected by the adult male and female population, r6 from the six sheadings, 5 from Douglas, and r each from Castletown, Peel and Ramsey. Bills after having passed both House are stored by the passed both Houses are signed by the members, and then sent for the Royal Assent. After receiving the Royal Assent, a Bill does not become law unless promulgated within the ensuing twelve months, and on the first "Tynwald Day" (July 5) following it is an-nounced in the English and Maux languages on the Tynwald Hill. On the promulgation taking place a certificate thereof is signed by the Governor and the Speaker of the House of Keys. An annual contribution of £10,000 is made to the Imperial Government. In 1921 Tynwald accepted liability for the redemption of £550,000 War Stock, and in 1927 liability for a further sum of £500,000 of War Stock was accepted in final settlement of all responsibility to the Imperial Government in respect of the cost of the Great War. In the financial year, 1932-34, the Government of the Isle of Man discharged this war liability to H.M. Government from the proceeds of a loan (£530,000) (Isle of Man Government 3½ per cent. 2933-293 Stock) raised for that purpose as well as for the purpose of financing in part the cost of extending the Red Pler, Douglas. The chief source of revenue is found in the customs ditties, the only direct taxation being income tax, which ranges from xed. for incomes under tax, which ranges from soc. for incomes under £5,000 to se. sid. for incomes over £5,000. There are 38 elementary and 4 secondary schools in addition to King William's College; the gross expenditure on elementary education in 1932-33 was £71,733 and on higher education £27 475.

CAPITAL, Douglas. Pop. (1932), 19,329 (Cattletown is the ancient capital); the other towns are Pagle and Romeser.

are Peel and Ramsey.

Public revenue ......£405,035 £401,331 £493,310 Public expenditure 397,006 390,503 444,638 Lieutenant-Governor, Sir Montagu Butler, K.C.S.I., C.B., C.I.E., C.V.O., C.B.B. (with house) .....

Government Secretary & Treasurer, B. E. Sargeaunt, M.V.O., O.B.E. .....

First Deemster, Fredk. Malcolm La Mothe £1,200 Second Deemster, Reginald D. Farrant ... 1,200 Attorney-General, Ramsey Bignall Moore Receiver-General, Joseph Qualtrough ..... Speaker, House of Keys, G. F. Clucas, C.B.E. Judge of Appeal, Harold Derbyshire, K.C. unp.

### JAMAIOA. (See BRITISH WEST INDIES.)

KENYA.

Kenya Colony and the Kenya Protectorate are attuated in Eastern Equatorial Africa. The eastern boundary has been settled by agreement with Italy, to whom the Province of Jubaland (35,812 sq. miles) was ceded by treaty in 1925; and on the north by an agreement with Ethiopia in 1908. On the west the Colony adjoins Uganda, the boundary being determined by an Order in Council in 1926 to include in Kenya an area on the west of Lake Rudolph and north of the River Turkwel, stretching from Mt. Eigon to Mt. Zulia (on the boundary of the Sudan), which was formerly part of the Uganda Pro-tectorate. On the south Kenya adjoins the mandated Tanganyika Territory. Kenya Protectorate also includes the Witu Protectorate, as small tract of country at the mouth of the river Tana. The total area is 224,960 sq. miles and the population is estimated at 3,076,343

and the population is estimated at 3,076,343 (Europeans 17.249, Indians 34,966, Goans 3,369, Arabs 11.752, Africans 3,007,645, and others 1,362, A great portion of this vast region consists of pasture lands or barren wastes, but there are not lacking extensive districts of great natural fertility in the interior, as well as on the coast. The Colony is divided for administrative pur-Ine Colony is divided for administrative purposes into 9 provinces, which are subdivided into districts, those most suitable for settlement by Europeans being Kyambu. North Nyeri, Laikipa, Nakuru, Naivasha, Kericho, Uasin Gishu, and Trans-Nzola. There is also a considerable region still undeveloped.

The telegraph and telephone systems of Kenya have 15,300 miles of wire Telegraph lines con-nect Mombasa with Lamu and Witu, Mombasa with Gazl and Tanganyika Border along the coast and inland between Mombasa and Entebbe, the capital of the Uganda Protectorate. There are also extensions to Kahe, Lake Magadi, Machakos, Nyeri, Nanyuki, Meru, Isiolo, Narok, Rumuruti, Kericho, Chemagel. Songhor, Eldama Ravine, Lake Solai, Eldoret, Kitale, Endebess, Kimini, Moiben and Kakamega Communication between Mombasa and ships at sea and Italian Somaliland is maintained by radio-telegraphy. A short-wave wireless station (owned and maintained under licence from Government) is established at Nairobi and provides communication between the Colony and Protectorate and Great Britain. Telephone communication exists in the majority of the settled areas of the Colony. The Kenya and Uganda railways and harbours are State-owned; the railway, which is metre gauge, has a total route mileage of open lines of x,6sy miles, made up as follows:— Main Line (Mombass up as follows: — Main Line (Mombasa-kampala) 866 miles; Principal Lines — Nakuru Junction – Kisumu (132 miles), Tororo – Soroti 93,310 44,638 dinor and Branch Lines, Rongai — Jake Solai (27), Kisumu—Butere (43), Leseru—Kitale (42), Mulamuti – Namasagai (27), Kampala—Port Bell (6), Gilgil—Thomsou's Falls (48), Nairobi— Nanyuki (143). The Konza—Lake Magadi Line (92 miles) is worked but not owned by Goverament. In addition, the Administration operates a marine service on Lakes Victoria, Kioga and Albert, and on the River Nile, with a route mileage of 2.984 miles.

Kenya and Uganda are one administrative

unit for purposes of customs, and the principal imports are cotton piece goods and manufactures, textiles and textile manufactures. motor cars, parts and accessories, motor spirit, cigarettes, cigars and tolacco, cutlery, hard-ware, instruments and implements; china and glass ware; motor lorries, parts and accessories, industrial machinery, and wearing apparel. The principal exports are coffee, raw cotton, maize, sisal fibre and sisal tow, hides and skins, carbonate of soda, oil seeds, wheat, ivory, wattle bark and extract, gold, tin one and butter.

1932. £3,010,214 Revenue ...... .. ....£3,066,930 Expenditure ....... 3,216,089 Imports(Kenya&Uganda) 5,092,026 3,119.723 4,662,850 Exports (Kenya) ........ 2,343 874 Imports from U.K. (K.&U.) 1,961,652 2,280.082 1,915,347 (do.) 1,581,059 Exports to U.K. 1,771,559

NAIROBI, the capital of the Colony, and central station of the Kenya and Uganda rankways and harbours, has a non-native population of 23.506, of whom 6,789 are Europeans, and 16,807 Asiateis and other non-natives. The native population of the Narroli district (including parts of Klambu and Fort Hall) is 67,131. There are also some 600 European farmers in the innucliate neighbourhood of Nanobi. Mombasa, which is connected with Europe by telegraph, possesses perhaps the finest harbour on the east coast of Africa (population 54,894, of whom z,023 are Europeans).

M.C. .....

Colonial Secretary, H. M.-M. Moore, C.M.G. 2,200 1,200 1,450 1,200 2,400 1,450 1,200

Commissioner for Local Govt., Lands and Commissioner for Local Gove, Lanus and Settlement, (vacant)

Treasurer, H. H. Rushton

Attorney-Gen., (vacant)

Register-Gen., Public Trustee, and Official Receiver, W. H. Keatings

Commissioner of Customs (Kenya and Uganda), G. Walsh, C.B.E.

Port Manager, (vacant) 1,450 1,450 1.050

1,500

2,500 x,500

Postmaster-General, T. Fitzgerald, O.B.E., Solicitor-General, T. D. H. Bruce Conservator of Forests, H. M. Gardner	1,200 1,200
Auditor, W. H. Smith	1,150
Commissioner of Prisons, (vacant)	x,000
Game Warden, A T. A. Ritchie	840
Director of Education, H. S. Scott	x,500
Edwards	1,100
Surveyor-General, C. O. Gilbert	1,000

Trade Enquivy Office in London, The Commissioner, H.M. Eastern African Dependencies, Grand Buildings, Tra-falgar Square, W.C. 2.

CAPITAL, Nairobi; transit, about so days by sea , by air, 6 days.

## LEEWARD ISLANDS. (See BRITISH WEST INDIES.) MALAYA.

British Malaya comprises the Colony of the British Butting Comprises the County of the Straits Settlements, the Federated Malay States of Perak, Selangor, Negri Sembilan, Pahang and the Unfederated Malay States of Johore, Kedah, Kelantan, Trengganu and Perlis. The total the United Many States of Prils. The lotal area is 51,cor square miles (Straits Settlements 1,531, Federated Many States 27,450, Unifederated Many States 27,450, Unifederated Many States 27,450, and the total population was estimated (June 1932) to be 4,260,300 of which there were 1,076,564 persons in the Straits Settlements, 1,622,903 in the Federated Malay States and 1,507,513 in the recreated sinual states and 1,507,513 in the Unfederated Malay States, as compared with populations of 1,114,015 in the Staits Settlements, 1,12,096 in the Federated Malay States as recorded in the 1931 Census. The decrease was due to the emigration of Chinese, Indian and Japanese labourers owing to depression in the rubber and tin industries. The total Ruropean population was estimated at 16,688 persons.

Trade of British Malaya.

(Merchandi	se ouly)
Imports from:— U. K	243,849 £6,425,762 203,028 7,820,373
Total£52,	897,274 £43, 57,457
Exports to:	1931 I; 32
Ú.K£5,1	
Butish Dominions 6,	
Foreign Countries 35,	94,750 86,527,820

#### Total.....£46,835,325 £37,730,367 (x) THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

There are 4 Settlements—Singapore (including the Cocos or Keeling Island and Christmas Island); Penang (including Pr wince Wellesley and the Dindings); Malacca; and Labuan (off the coast of Borneo). These Settlements have an entire area of about 1,531 square miles,

with an estimated population (1932) of 1,076,564.

The Government consists of a Governor, assisted by an Executive Council of zz members, and a Legislative Conneil of 13 official and 13 un-official members, appointed by the Crown. Of the unofficial members 12 are nominated by the Crown and s are selected by the Chambers of Commerce at Singapore and Penang. The law of the colony is the common and statute law of England as it was in 1826, qualified by local ordinances. The Supreme Court consists of the Chief

1.400

1,300

1,350

1,350

450

Justice and 3 pursue judges, and constitutes also a court of appeal (from which there is appeal in certain cases, to the Privy Council) The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court includes that of a Colonial Court of Admiralty. There are also in each Settlement district courts with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction, and the usual police magistrates and coroners courts. An ordinance passed in 1931 provided for the establishment of a Court of Criminal Appeal.

Straits Settlements he well within the tropics very little north of the Equator and there is little variation in the temperature. There are no well marked dry and wet seasons, rain falling throughout the year. The climate of the colony

is healthy.

The colony is provided with an excellent road system, the total length of metalled roads being 939 inites, in addition to which 130 miles of gravel road, natural road and hill path are maintained. Most of the roads are capable of carrying heavy traffic. Singapore, Malacca and Province Wellesley have railway communication (Federated Malay States Railways) with the Federated Malay States, the Unfederated Malay States of Johore Kedah, Perlis and Kelantan, and with Bangkok. Communication by sea between the various Settlements is frequent and regular, and Singapore and Penang have regular sea services with every part of the world. There is a weekly air mail service by the Royal Dutch Airways between Batavia and Amsterdam, ra Singapore and Alor Star.

The trade of Singapore and Penang is principally in the collection and distribution of commodities for the countries of the Malnyan Archipelago. The principal imports in 1932 were arca mits, cigarettes, coal, copra, cotton piecegoods, fish (dried and salted), machinery, milk
(condensed and sterilized), rubber, pepper,
petroleum, lubricating oil, rattaus, rice, sago,
sarongs, sugar and tin ore. The principal
exports (including re-exports) in 1923 were areas nuts, petroleum, Inbricating oil, copra, cotton piece-goods, cigarettes, fish (dred and saited), milk (condensed and sterilized), pepper, preserved pineapples, rice, rattans, rubber, sago, sarongs, sugar and tin.

Public revenue		*\$44,562,295
Public expenditure		34,196,483
Public Debt (Dec. 31,	1932):—	
31% S.S. Inser. Stock	۲	£6,913,352
5% War Loan 5% Victory Loan		nul
5% Victory Loan		\$15,074,300
6% S.S. Inscr. Stock		£5,155,000
41% ,, ,, .		£4,200,000
Governor and Comme		
Excellency Sir Cecil		
(1030)		
G.O.C. Troops, Maj.		
C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O		,
	Cla 1.3 4.4	
Colonial Secretary, A.		
C.B.K		
Resident Councillor, I	'enang, A. M.	Good-
Do. Malacca, W. M		16,800
Do. Malacca, W. M	. Millington	14,400
Attorney-General, P. A		
Treasurer, A. S. Small	l (acting)	15,600
Director of Public Wor	rks, G. Sturro	ck 16,200
Chief Justice, Sir Walt	er Clarence H	uggard 21,600

Senior Puisne Judge, H. W. Prichard Jakepier, C. Wilson 14,400

Luder Secretary, W. M. Millington 14,400

Secretary for Postal Affairs (S.S. & F.M.S.), J. S. W. Arthur 14,400 District Judges (Singapore), H. R. Bull : Secretary for Chinese Affairs, A. B. Jordan (acting) ..... Supt. Gort. Monopolies, W. E. Pepys (acting) 11,400
Deputy Treasurer, R. Ingham (acting) 12,600
Inspector-Gen of Police, H. Fail burn 14,400 Director of Medical and Health Sermes, C. J. Wilson ...... 14,400 Master Attendant, Capt. G. H. Freyberg, 0 B E., R. N. ... .... 12,600 SINGAPORE is an island situated off the southern extremity of the Malay Peninsula, to which it is joined by a causeway across the Straits of Johore, about three-quarters of a mile in width; its length is about 17 miles, and its breadth 14 miles; it comprises, with the adjoining islets, an area of see square miles, and a population (1932) of 544,118. Singapore was in the 13th and 14th centuries a Malay city of importance till it was destroyed by the Javanese about 1377. It then remained waste till the present Settlement was founded on January 30, 1819, by Su Stamford Raffles, then Lieut. Governor of Bencoolen, Sumatra Singapore remained a dependency of Fort Malborough, Bencoolen, till 1823, when it was placed directly under the Government of Indla. The original lease by the Sultan of Johore and the Dato Temenggong, Chief of Singupore, of the site of a factory, in 1819, was followed in 1824 by the cession of the Island in the perpetuity, this being accepted by the Dutch in the Treaty of Holland of the same year. The town of Singapore, situated on the south side of the island in lat. 1° 17′ N. and long. 103° 50′ E., with 433.432 inhabitants in 1932, is the seat of government for all the settlements.

The number of merchant vessels entered and cleared in 1932, exclusive of native craft, was 13.454, with a tonnage of 28,758,538. The total for the whole colony was 20,011, with a tonnage of 43,353.043. The total native craft entered and cleared at all five ports, Singapore, Penang, Malacca, Labuan and Dindings, during the same year was 52,933 (tonname, 2,016,391). The har-bour, in the extent of its shipping, is one of the greatest ports in the world, being a port of call for vessels trading between Europe or India and the Far East, Australia, and Netherlands Indies, and is strongly defended. The Tanjong Pagar • Including \$20,000,000 from Currency Guarantee Fund. docks and wharves were taken over by Government in 1905 at a cost (fixed by arbitration) of \$39,000,000 (£3,300,000). The King's Dock (opened in 1913) is the largest cast of Sucz, being \$99 feet long, 100 feet wide, and 34 feet port; its cost was \$3,500,000. Singapore is a free port; in duties are levied, but excise is collected upon the release for consumption of opium, tobacco, spirits, wines, malt liquors, and petroleum.

Labuan is an island of the Malayan Archipelago, situated about 6 miles off the north-west coast of Borneo (and 725 miles from Singapore) in \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 16' N. lat. and \$155' 15' E. long. Its area is about 40 square miles and its population is 7,00 (1932). It was ceded to Great Britain by the Sultan of Brinnei in \$26,6 heng at that time uninhabited and was incorporated in the Straits Settlements in 1907, becoming a separate Settlement in 1912. The island has a good harbour. The principal export is sago. Labuan is a market for much of the produce of the neighbouring coasts of Borneo and the Sulu Archipelago (sago, tice, sugar, cigarettes, para imbler, jeintong, copra, fresh fruit and vegetables, cattle and pugs). Cattle and goats are reared, and about 10,500 acres are under cultivation. Victoria Harbour, in the south-east, is the rincipal inlet, and affords good anchorage. There is a cable station of the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company on the island.

tension relegiant company on one issand.

Resident, G. S. Rawhings, M.C.S. (acting).

The Cocos-Keeling Islands were declared a

British possession in 1857, and in 1878 were
placed under the control of the Governor of
Ceylon. On Feb. 1, 1886, they were placed
under the Governor of the Straits Settlements, and in roos they were annexed to the Straits Settlements and incorporated with the Settlement of Singapore. The zo islands he between lat. xr° 50' to xz' 45' S, long 96° 50' E, 700 nnies S.W. of Batavia. The largest is 5 miles by Y mile. There are large eccount plantations, and copyra, oil and nuts are exported. In 1902 a status on the Cance Australia cable route was station on the Cape-Australia cubic route was established on Direction Island, in the north-castern part of the group. The population castern part of the group.

numbers (1931), 1,142.

Christmas Island, in the Indian Ocean, 222 miles S. of Java, and 529 miles E. of the Cocos-Keeling Islands, has an area of about 60 square miles and a population of 1,043 (1932) A District Officer is stationed on the island, which contains enormous phosphate deposits worked by the Christmas Island Phosphate Company.

The amount exported in 1932 was 84,197 tons.

Penang is the northermnost of the Settlements. It includes Penang or Prince of Walca's Island (pop. 1932, 196,601) on the eastern side of which is George Town, the port and capital, and the strip of mainland opposite, known as and the strip of mainland opposite, known as Province Wellesley (pop. 1932, 140.333), and the territory of Dindings, west of Perak. Penang Island, about 15 miles long and 9 brond, with aa area of 120 square miles, is situated off the west coast of the Walay Peninsula, in lat. 5'24' N., long. 100' 21' E., and was ceded to the Government of India in 1786 by the Raja of the neighbouring territory, Kedah. At the time it was founded, Penang was the only British settlement in further India; now it is the emportume for all the trade of the northern and more prosfor all the trade of the northern and more prosperous parts of Sumatra and the Malay Peninsula.

land 8. of the Krian River acquired more recently. The province is in a high state of cultivation as compared with the neighbouring territory, containing rice, spices, tapioca, rubber, and

coconut plantations.

The Dindings Territory, coded by the State The Dualings Territory, coded by the State of Perak in 1874 (area 188 square miles, pop. 1932, 19,246) is at present little developed; but it contains what is considered the best natural port on the western side of the peninsula. The headquarters are at Lumnt, where a District Otheer is stationed, and steamers call regularly at Pangkor and Lumnt. The territory comprises a group of islands (of which Pangkor is the largest), and a strip of the neunland on the west coast of the of the manifand on the west coast of the pennisula, cut out of the State of Pérak, and measuring about 22 miles long by about 10 miles m width.

Malacca, the largest of the Settlements, situated on the western coast of the peninsula, between Singapore and Penang, and about 110 nules to the N W of Singapore, comprises an area of about 640 square miles. It is one of the oldest European settlements in the East, having been captured by the Portuguese in 1511, and held by them till 1641, when the Dutch drove them out. In 1795 it was captured by the British, and retained till 1818, when it was restored to the butch; it finally became a British possession, in pursuance of the treaty with the Netherlands, March 17, 1824, being exchanged for the British settlement of Benocolen in Superior The proposition of the British settlement of Benocolen in Sumatra The population in 1932 was 185,650.

## (2) THE FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

These States are situated on the mainland of the Malay Peninsula, and are closely connected with the Straits Settlements; they consist of the States of Pérak, Sclángor, Negri Sembilan, and Palang, which have by treaty (1895) renewed their engagements with the British Government, and accompany of the settlements of the settlements with the British Government, and accompany of the settlements of the settlements. and are administered under the advice of a Chief Secretary to Government, with Residents in each State, subject to the instructions of the High Commissioner, who is also Governor of the Straits Settlements. The total area of the Fede-Strats Settlements. The total area of the rene-nation is 27,648 square miles, with a popula-tion in 1931 of 1,713,006. The principal towns are Kuala Lumpur (Sel.), pop 211,738; Ipoh (Pk.), 53,863; Taiping (Pk.), 31,881; Kainpar (Pk.), 15,302; Sevemban (N.S.), 21,650; Klang (Sel.), 20,033; and Teluk Anson (Pk.), 14,651. The first three States are on the west coast, and

extend from the border of Province Wellesley to that of the independent State of Johore. Pahang is on the east coast. All are governed by their native rulers under the above-mentioned control.

The States are policed by a muxed force of Indians and Malays, officered by Europeans.

There are x,067 route miles of rallway, practically all of which have been constructed from revenue. This mileage includes the Johore State Railway
(zzz miles), which is leased from the Johore
Government. The line is of metre gauge throughout, and extends from Singapore (in the South) to Padang Besar (on the Siamese frontier), where it is connected with the Royal State Railways of Siam, affording direct communication with Bangkok. The journey between Singapore and Penang occupies az hours, and that between Prai (Penang) and Bangkok 26 hours (compared with Province Welleslev is a strip of coast about a sea journey of 4 days). The railway runs 45 miles in length with an area of 280 square miles, direct between Singapore Island and the main-ceded by the Raja of Kêdah in 1800, with some land, crossing the Straits of Johore by a causeway. At comes there is a branch from the main Singapore-Pennig line running northwards through Negri Semblian, Pahang and Kelantan as far as Tumpat. At Singel Golok this line is connected with the Royal State Railways of Siam. There are \$,846 miles of metalled roads, and 1,6x miles of bridle-paths, while the principal rivers are

navigable for small boats.

The Federated Malay States contribute largely to the supply of raw materials of the British Empire, and although production of plantation rubber and tin predominates, igures given below show that other products are produced and exported in large quantities. Gold has always been found in small quantities, chiefly in Pahaug, and about half a million tons of coal are annually mined in Selangor and used locally. While with the growth of the rubber industry there has been a tendercy to neglect some of the older agricultural products, such as indigo, coffee, sugar, pepper, nutnegs and other spices, it has

sugar, pepper, nutniegs and other spices, it has been proved that large areas in the Federated Malay States are suitable for the cultivation of the oil palm, and 19,000 acres have already been planted and nearly 30,000 acres allenated for this cultivation.

Principal exports from the Federated Malay States:—

243,886 Para Rubber......Tons 234,769 168,508 722,276 51,250 Tin and Tin Ore .. ..... Tons 27,081 74,085 Copra ..... Firewood, Timber and 43,888 6,944 52,831 Planks ......, Rice and Padi ..... ,, 5,379 4,843 Pincapples, Canned .... 8,151 3,810 Tapioca ..... Areca-nuts . ..... 581 641 601 Rattans ....., 533 6.850 Palm Oil...... ,, Palm Kernels ..... 1,072 Gambier ..... 222

Ctimate.—Temperature shows little variation throughout the year. The days are sometimes oppressive, owing to the high humidity, the nights are generally cool. The mean maximum shade temperature is about 90° F. mland, and rather lower on the coasts, while the mean minimum is about 72° F., inland and a little higher on the coasts. The average yearly rainfall varies in places from 65 inches to 65 inches. There are no clearly defined wet and dry seasons, but there are well-marked seasonal variations in the rainfall. On the West Coast and inland the months of January, February, June, July and August have considerably less rainfall than the remaining months. The full force of the S.W. monsoon is not felt, owing to the barrier provided by Sumatra, but violent squalls of short duration (known as "Sumatras"), are not infrequent between April and September. On the East coast, during the N.E. monsoon which prevalls from November to March, heavy rains and strong winds are experienced, the remainder of the year being comparatively dry.

ome your sound company	1031.	2022.
Public revenue		\$43,817,151
Public expenditure	62,163,328	53,740,140
Public debt	96,185,714	96,185,714
Total imports	£12,300,142	£8,298,886
Total exports	14,604,001	10,249,316
Imports from U.K	· 1,780,468	1,000 588
Exports to U.K	1,334,659	

High Commissioner, The Governor of the Straits Settlements (Singapore).
Chief Secretary to Government, M. B.
Shelley (acting)*\$33,400
British Residents:
Perak, G. E. Cator (acting) 16,800 Selangor, T. S. Adams (acting) 16,800
Negri Sembilan, J. W. W. Hughes 16,800
Pahang, H. G. R. Leonard x6.800
Chief Justice, S. J. Thomas
B. Terrell; N. D. Mudieeach 15,000
Legal Adviser and Public Prosecutor. C.
G. Howell 16,200 Under Secretary to Govt., H. Weisberg
(acting)
Financial Adviser and Treasurer, M. Rex 14,400 Commissioner of Trade and Customs,
Commissioner of Trade and Customs,
W. E. Pepys (acting)
Auditor, G. P. Bradney
Controller of Labour, Malaya, C. D.
Ahearne
Jordan (acting)
Secretary for Postal Affairs, J. S. W.
Director of Agriculture, H. A. Tempany,
C.B.E 14,400
Director of Co-operation, R. Boyd (acting) 14,400
Director, Electrical Department, W. J.
Williams
Director, Geological Survey, E. S. Will-
Principal Medical Officer, C. J. Wilson 14,400
Irrincipal Medical Officer, C. J. Wilson 14,400   Senior Warden of Mines, G. E. Greig 14,400
Commr. of Police, C. H. Sansom 14.400
Supt. Printing Dept., J. E. Wallace\$6,000 to 9,600
Inspector of Prisons, Capt. O. L. Hancock,
Adviser, Public Works, G. Sturrock 14,400
General Manager, Railways, D. H. Elias,
M.O. (acting)
Surveyor-General, J. Dewar 14,400
Malay States Information Agency, Malaya
House en Charing Cross S.W.

Hotay States Information Agency, Malaya House, 57 Charing Cross, S.W. z. Kuala Lumpur is distant 8,500 miles from London; transit, 22 days (vol Penang).

## (3) OTHER STATES.

The Malay States not included in the Federation consist of Johore, Kedah, Perlis, Kelantan, and Trengganu. The relations of Johore with Great Britain are defined in the Treaty of Dec. 12, 1885, as amended by an agreement dated May 12, 1914, whereby the Sultan accepts, and acts upon, the advice of a British officer called the General Adviser. In respect of the other four States, the rights of Suzerainty, protection, administration and control were transferred by Siam to Great Britain by the Anglo-Siamese Treaty of March 10, 1909. In all these States the trade is almost entirely carried on with the Straits Settlements. Currency, weights and measures are the same. The religion is Muhammadanism.

JOHORE, with an area of 7,678 square miles and a population (census of 1931) of 505,309, occuples the southern extremity of the Malay Peninsula. In 1895 the Sultan undertook to receive a British Agent having the functions of

All salaries are exclusive of allowances

a Consular Officer. In 1914, following an agreement of that date, a General Adviser was accepted. The Legislature consists of a Council of State to which European and Asiatle unofficial members are appouted. The judicial system resembles that of the Federated Malay States. Judges of Supreme Court of the Straits Settle-ments and of the Federated Malay States are nerves and to the retraction many states are ex officio Judges of the State of Johore and vice versa. Johore is primarily an agricultural contrary producing, as major crops, rubber, coco-nuts, tapicoa and pineapples. The cultiva-tion of African oil palm is also making progress. Tin ore and iron ore are exported in considerable quantity. The Johore State Railway runs for rao miles through the middle of the State. There are 835 miles of metalled road.

Imports...... 29,449,254 21,809,020 

of rod, 300.
Sultan, H.H. Sir Ibrahim, G.C.M.G., K.B.E.;
born, 1873; succeeded his father, 1895.
General Adviser, R. O. Winstedt, C.M.G., D.Litt.
Chief Minister, Dato A. Hamid bin Yusof.
State Secretary, Dato Mohd. Salleh bin Ali.

Judge, W. Burton.
Legal Adviser, S. W. Jones.
Francial Commissioner, F. T. Tree. Commissioner, Lands and Mines, E. A. F.

Inches (acting).

Helps (acting).

Trade and Customs, R.

Helps (acting).
Commissioner, Trade and Customs, E. T.
Williams (acting).
Assistant Adover, Muar, G. M. Kidd (acting).
State Engineer, Maj. H. F. Waters.
Principal Medical Officer, G. H. Garlick (acting).
Postmaster-General, G. Savage.
Superintendent of Education, H. R. Cheeseman.
Controller of Labour, F. V. Duckworth (acting).
Protector of Chinese, F. J. Williams.
Warden of Mines, F. C. Marshall.
Commissioner of Police. E. Bagot.
Superintendent of Surveys, T. Kitching.

Superintendent of Surveys, T. Kitching. Conservator of Forests, T. A. Strong (acting).

Commercator of Forests, T. A. Strong (acting).

KEDAH, between 5° 5′ – 6° 35′ N. lies on the west coast of the peninsula, and includes the Langkawi group of islands. The population in 1933 was 443,031, and the approximate area 3,250 sq. miles. Rice is the principal crop in North Kedah, while coco- and betel-nnt and rubber are cultivated in South Kedah. The capital is Alor Star, 8 miles inland on the Kedah River, with a population of about 19,150. The powers of the Sultan have, owing to illness, heen vested in a Regent, who is assisted by a Council. There are 49 British officials, employed in the Public Works, Survey, Police, and Medical departments. departments.

Revenne ...... \$5,180,244 \$4,983,345 5,069,401 nil. Expenditure ..... 5,722,757 nil. Public Debt ..... Sultan, H.H. Sir Abdul Hamid Halimshah,

H.H. the Raja lives at Aran, which is on the main trunk line from Singapore to Bangkok. Rice is the principal crop, and tin ore and rice are the principal exports. The State came under British protection in 1909.

| 1931-92 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938-93 | 1938 Raja, H.H. Tuan Syed Alwi, C.B.E., C.M.G. British Adviser, O. E. Venables, M.C S.

British Adviser, O. E. Venables, M.C.S.

KNLANTAN lies between 4° 35' - 6° 15' N. and

101' 22' - 102' 37' E. on the east coast of the
peninsula, with a total length of about 125
miles and a breadth of 60 miles. The total

area is 5,723 square mules; population (1932

Census) 365,527. The northern portion is
flat and fertile, producing rice, coco-nut and

betel-unt and affording pasturage for large
quantities of live-stock. Agriculture, fishing,
and the production and weaving of slik are the
principal industries. The southern and larger
portion is in parts mountainous, but a railway portion is in parts mountainous, but a railway (through to Singapore) has been constructed through the flatter part and good land is thus made accessible for planting. There are many rubber estates and the African oil palm is also cultivated. Thu and gold are found. The capital, Kota Bharu, 6 unles from the mouth of the Kelnyan River, here recombations. the Kelantan River, has a population of 14,843, Kuala Krai is the headquarters of the Southern Administrative District, and Pasir Putch of the Eastern.

Revenue \$1,524,139
Expenditure \$1,961,124
Public Debt \$5,430,684 \$1,677,983 5,454,255

(acting).

(acting).

TRENGGANU, between 4° and 5° 55' N. and 203' 25' - 203' 30' E., lies south of Kelantan on the east coast of the peninsula. Area, about 5,000 square miles. Population (1932), 279,664. Industries of agriculture (mainly rice), fishing and fish-curing, silk weaving, shipbuilding, and tin mining. The principal exports are Pararubber, tin ore, drued fish, cotton and silk, sarongs, gambier, areca nuts, copra, iron ore and wolfram. The capital, Trenggann, on the river of that name, contains 13,971 inhabitants.

1931-32. (4 H 1350.) 1938-33. (A H. 1351.) \$986,901 ..... \$983,675 1,115,584 K.C.M.G.

British Adviser, G. L. Ham.

## MALTA.

an island in the Mediterranean Sea, 58 miles from Sicily and about 180 from the African coast, about ry miles in length and in breath, and having an area of 91% square miles. The colony includes also the adjoining island of Gozo, with an area of 24% square miles; Comno—the site of the Sultan, H.H. Sur A. C.M.G., C.V.O.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

R.Q.M.G.

Sultan's disaster in 1000 and 8everal 18700.

1032, was 24,632. In religion the Maltese are Mainly west coast of the Malay Peninsula. The area is about 316 sq. miles, and the population is about 316 sq. miles, and the population is about 316 sq. miles, and the population is about 316 sq. miles, and the population is about origin, and is held by some to be dorived from the Kangar, a few miles up the Perlis River, but the Carthaginian and the Phenician tongues. There is a Maltese order of nobility, recognised

by the Crown, consisting of 29 families.

The island of Malta is said to have been converted to Christianity on the occasion of the shipwreck of St Paul in 58 Ab. In the Dark Ages it was taken by the Woors, its commerce was destroyed, and it was used mainly as a base for piratical expeditions. In rogo it was again brought under Christian rule, being conquered by the Norman Count Roger of Sicily. for 440 years it followed the fortunes of that kingdom, but was in 1530 handed over to the Knights of St. John, who made of it a stronghold of Christianity. In 1565 it sustained the famous siege, when the last great effort of the Turks was successfully withstood by Grand Master La The Knights expended large sums in \allette fortifying the island and carrying out many magnificent works, until they were expelled by Napoleon in 1798. The Maltese rose against the French garrison soon afterwards, and with the assistance of some British and Neapolitan troops, compelled the French to capitulate in 1800. The islands were then ceded to Great Britain, the cession being confirmed by the Treaty of Paris of 1814.

The chinate, although not tropical, is very hot summer. The mean temperature for the in summer. summer months in 1930 June, July, August and Soptember) was \$175. In winter the mean temperature was \$173. The islands are highly cultivated. The chief products are corn, oranges, melons, grapes, forage, cummin seed, ontons, and potatoes; figs and honey are plentiful. The principal occupation of the people is in con-

nexion with shipping.

Citta Veccina, the former capital of the island, contains the ancient palace of the courts of justice, the Cathedral, and the Seminary; its population has now dwindled to 982, but its suburb, Rabut, has 9,050 inhabitants. Citta Vocchia has been entirely eclipsed in importance by the modern capital of Valletta, which was founded in 1566. The principal harbour is one founded in 1566. The principal harbour is one of the finest in the world; it is very deep, and large vessels can anchor alongside the shore. It is an important port of call for vessels passing to and from the East and the Suez Canal, being about half-way between Gibraltar and Port Said. There is an extensive arsenal and important dockyard, Malta being the headquarters of the Mediterranean Fleet.

Malta possesses a University and Lycenn; 89 elementary and infant schools, 6 central schools, a secondary schools, and 60 night schools; in addition there are garrison schools, a Dockyard school, and 49 private schools of which 15 receive grants-m-nid from the Government.

Under the Constitution of 1921 the Legislature consists of a Senate and a Legislative Assembly. The Senate is composed of 17 members, 10 of whom are special members representing the Clergy, the Nobility, the Graduates, the Chamber of Commerce and the Trade Union Council, the other 7 being elected by a special electorate.
The Legislative Assembly consists of 2a, returned
by 8 electoral districts, each represented by
4 members. The method of voting is that of
Proportional Representation under the system of the single transferable vote. The Governor is assisted by two Councils—an Executive Council The Governor 18 assisted by two Contents and Executive Contents of State on State on State of State on State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State of State

Air Force. The Governor may summon these two Councils to sit together as the Privy Council of Malta. When any legislative or administrative act is done which, in the Governor's opinion, affects a reserved matter, he may submit the consideration of it to a Joint Committee consisting of three members of the Nominated Council appointed by himself and three members of the Executive Council appointed by the Head of the Ministry. The Constitution, which was temporarily suspended by an Order in Council (June 26, 1930) empowering the Governor to make laws for the peace, order and good government of Malta, was restored to the Island in 1932.

In roar the Port of Valletta was entered by

2.322 vessels (tonnage, 3,639,918).

CAPITAL, Valletta.	Population (1931), 22,779.	
Public revenue Expenditure	997,272	£971,313 £971,313 967,189
Imports Exports Imports from U.K. (1931- Exports to U.K. (1931-	£3,836,125 482,067 g1-2) 1,123,000 2) 43,000	£3,712,530 499,055 1,131,000 38,000

MALTA COMMAND. Governor and Commander-in-Chief, His Excellency General Sir David G. M 1,004 657 Commg. R.A., Col. O. C. Niven, DSO ... Chnef Eng., Col. C. W. Bushell, O.B.K. ... Asst. Dir. S. and T., Col. G. N. Hum-1,095 1,004 1,004 R. C. Wilmot ..... 1,00A Aust. Dir. Ordn. Services, Lt.-Col. A. C.V. Gibson, O.B.R. Command Paymaster, Col. G. A. C. 1,095 Ormsby-Johnson, o.B.E., M.C...... 1,004

MALTESE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT Lieutenant-Governor. Sir Harry Charles Luke, C.M.G., M.A., B.Litt...... Legal Adviser, R. Strother Stewart, M A., B.C.L. ..... Clerk of Councils and Secretary to the Maltese Imperial Government, E. R.

Mifsud, C.M.G., O.B.E..... THE MINISTRY (1933).

1.200

600

300

540

850

[On Nov. 2, 1933, the Colonial Office issued the following statement:—"The Governor of Malta has found it necessary to dismiss Ministers, and ins found it necessary to dismiss Ministers, and the Scoretary of State for the Colonics heing satisfied that a grave emergency has arisen within the meaning of Section 41 of the Malta Constitution Letters Putent, the Governor has assumed the powers which in that event are vested in him by the Constitution." President of the Senate, £200

Speaker of House of Assembly,

Oficial Secretary to Head of Ministry, Arthur Galea, O.B.E.
Public Prosecutor and Treasury Counsel. P. Pullicino, LL.D. £550

500

520

15,000

12,000

20,250

15,000

24,000

Supt. of Public Works, F. C. Bonavia,
A. & C.E
Rector of the University, Prof. T. Agius,
M. D., M.A
Collector of Customs and Supt. of Ports,
James Turner
Comptroller of Charitable Institutions.
Felice Mercieca
Treasurer and Director of Contracts, Hon.
J. A. Galizia, C.B. K
Chief Govt. Med. Officer, Hon. A. Critien,
O.B.E., M.D
Auditor-General, Col. A. Trapani
Postmaster-General, J. Bonett
Commissioner of Police, S Galea
Chief Justice and Pres. of Court of Appeal,
His Honour Sir A. Meicieca, LL.D
Judges, Dr. F. Kuliagiai, £800; Dr. R. F.
Ganado; Dr G. Depasquale; Dr. E. II.
Ganado; Dr. L. A. Camilleri; Dr. A.
Montanaro Gauci each
AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON
Agent General, Dr. C. J. Colombas (acty.),
Malta House, to Regent Street, S.W 1
Malta de miles ber est and and h

# Malta is 2,280 miles by sea, and rai Naples MAURITIUS,

about x,995; transit overland, 312 days.

Manritms is an island lying in the Indian Ocean, 550 miles cast of Madarascar, between 57' 17'-57' 46' E long, and S. lat 19' 58'-20' 33', and comprising an mea of 720 square miles. The permanent population at the Census of 123x Nas 393,418, made up of Indians, Europeans (mainly French), and natives of mixed descent.

Mamitins was discovered between the years 1507 and 1528 by the Portuguese, but they never formed any settlement on it. The Dutch visited it in 1508, and named it Mauritius, in homon of the Stadtholder, Prince Maurice of Nassau. In 1644 they established a small colony on the shore, but in 1720 they abandoned the island, and in 1715 the French took possession of it and changed the name to lie de France. Under the French it became a great centre of trade, but in 1785 the seat of French Government in the East was removed to it from Pondicherry, and it was taken by a British force in 1810. The French taken by a British force in 1810. language and French law have been preserved under British rule when the ancient name, Manutius, was restored.

Of the total cultivated area of 170,165 acres, 134,915 are under sugar, 20,000 under fibre, and 15,250 under other crops; the necessaries of life have all to be imported from abroad. Rice and grain are obtained from India, flour from Anstralia and India, oxen from Madagascar, and minor imports from South Africa and elsewhere. 82 per cent. trade of the island is with Great Britain and British Dominions. Being pust within the tropics it has a hot climate; but, except in Port Louis and some of the low-lying districts, it is not unhealthy. The island is subject to cyclonic disturbances, and a hurricane in 1852 was particularly severe; a cyclone lasted from March 5 to 7, 1930, and did considerable damage to sugar plantations and buildings.

There is an excellent harbour on the N.W.

coast, on which the capital, Port Louis, stands, and the annual trade of the island passes entirely through Port Louis. The shipping entered and cleared, in 1932, amounted to 1,115,817 tons. In 1932 there were 144 miles of railway (120 of 4 ft. 814 in. gauge and 24 of 2 ft. 6 in.), 52 post-offices, 49 telegraph offices and 10 telephone offices

in the island, with 438 miles of telegraph, including block telegraph for the railway, and 230 miles telephone wires (Covernment)

The Government is administered by a Governor, aided by an Executive Conneil of four official members, and of such other persons as the Governor, through instructions of the Secretary of State, may from time to time appoint, and a Legislative Conneil of 27 members, eight being exoficio, nme nominated by the Governor, and to elected by a moderate franchise. Port Louis has two members, and each of the country districts

The inhabitants of European descent are mostly Ronan Catholic Education has two branches:—(1) Superior or Secondary Instruction, to which is attached the Government Royal College and the Associated Schools; (a) Primary Instruction, consisting of the Government schools and the grant-in-aid schools. The estimated in the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control mated expenditure on education for 1933-34 is

Rs x,353,497.
CAPITAL, Port Louis Population (1932), 54,143. 1930 31, 1931-32, Public revenue ... .. Rs. xx, 582, 2xo Rs. xx 160, 270 Public expenditure 16,092,074 17,704,375 Public debt ... ... £2,796,994
Paper circulation ... Rs.10,234,980
Total miports... ... 32,064,074
Total or years £3,396,994 Rs.7,287,300 27,014,125 Total exports ....... Imports from U.K. 23,829,884 27,662,851 7.504,119 6,510,374 86,860,628 Exports to U.K. .. . 20,786,432 Governor and Communder - nn - Chief

His Excellency Sir Wilfrid Edward Francis Jackson, K.C.W.G. (1930) ......Rs.60,000 Commanding Forces, Lt Col. D. A.

21,000 12,000 20,000 15,000

Director of Agriculture, G. E. Bodkin Collector of Customs and Harbour Master, B. A. Francis, O.B.F. ........ 16,665 15,000 Protector of Immigrants, L. Collet...... Director of Public Works and Surreys, 12,000 15,000

Director, Medical and Health Dept., J. B. Kirk

Rector, Royal College, T. B. Barnes, M.A. Chief Judge, Hon P. B. Petrides L'uisne Judges, Hon. L. Leconte; Hon. G. T. Watts ......each 15,000

### DEPENDENCIES OF MAURITIUS.

(1) RODRIGUES, 350 miles north-east of Mauntuus. Population (Census 1931), 8, 202. Area, 40 square miles. Cattle, bean, salt fish, and goats are the principal exports. The island is under the administration of a magistrate from Mauritius, who takes his orders from the Governor of Mauritius. Governor of Bladitode.

Magistrate, R. Bronard (acting) Rs. 12,000.

OTHER DEPENDENCIES. Most of the scat-

tered groups of coral islands belonging to Great Britain in the Indian Ocean are administered by the Mauritius Government, being visited periodically by two magistrates, whose duty it is to inquire into the condition of the labourers, and settle any disputes which may be referred to them. The chief product is coco-nut oil. The most important is Diego Garcia (pop. 1921, 445). one of the Chagos Archipelago, which lies on the direct route from the Red Sea to Australia, and possesses a good harkour. The total population of the "Other Dependencies" (1931) is 1,457.

Transit from London to Mauritius, 30 to 35 days.

## NIGERIA.

The Colony and Protectorate of Nigeria includes the territories situated on the Bight of cauces are cerritories stated on the hight of Benin, between Dahomey on the west and the Cameroons on the east. The Protectorate (Head-quarters, Lagos) is in two main divisions, the Northern and Southern Provinces, coinciding with the former Protectorates of Northern and Southern Nigeria. The area of the whole territory (including the portion of the Cameroous under British Maudate) is about 372,674 sq.

miles, and the population is 29,928,773.

By Order in Council of Nov. 1922 (amended 1921)
there is a Legislative Council for the Colony and
the Southern Provinces of the Protectorate. The Legislative Council consists of the Governor as Legislative comen consists of the dovernor apprehence, 3 nominated official members, 3 elected members representing the municipal area of Lagos (Dr. C. C. Adeniyi Jones, Eric O. Moore, and T. A. Doherty), 2 elected member representing Calabar (C. W. Clinton) and 14 nominated unofficial members. The Governor continues to legislate for the Northern Provinces.

Northern Provinces.

The chief industry is agriculture, and crops consist of cotton, cocoa, ground-inits, kola-inits, inaize, guinea-corn, nillet, rice, coffee, yanns, cassaya, and tobacco. The export trade relies mainly upon certain staple articles of great value, principally palm oil and kernels, ground nuts, cocoa, cotton lint, and tin. The Udi coalfields of great extent and the coal is of excellent quality. A railway is in operation comprising (2) a Western line from Lagos to comprising (2) a Western line from Lagos to Kano (704½ miles), and extension to N'Guru (847½ miles), crossing the Niger by bridge at Jebia, with branches from Minna to Baro (111 miles), from Zaria to the Bauchi tin fields (Jos) (133 miles, light railway); from Zaria to Kaura Namoda (137 miles), and from Ito to Idogo (27 miles). (2) an Eastern line [55 miles) from Pott Harcourt to Kaduna on the Western Ellipsa, capsing the Barnes at Makurdi Western Railway, crossing the Benue at Vakurdi we seem Jeanway, crossing the Benne at Vakurdi with a branch line connecting from Kafanchan junction (mile 458) with the tinfields (Jos), 62½ miles. Centres of trade are Lagos, Abeokuta, Ibadan, Oshogbo, Illorin, Zaria, Kauo, Onitsha, Lokoja, Warri, Bonny, Sapele, Calabar, Opobo, Forcados, and Port Harcourt.

The unitabal impact.

The principal imports (2932) were cotton goods (£3.59,788), provisions, spirits, hardware, cutlery, cycles, kerosene, tobacco, building material, soap, motor-cars and lordes, motor material, soap, motor-cars and ordes, motor spirit, cenent and bugs and sacks; the principal exports were palm kernels (£3,593,564), palm oil (£1,543,363), cocoa (£1,461,432), ground nuts (£1,573,531), hides and skins (£62,623) and cotton lint. The total imports from the British Empire were £5,603,487 in 1932, and from U.S. A. £548, ros.

Danisha.	1931-32.	T938-33.
Revenue	£4,857,612	£4,984.505
Expenditure	6,188,301	4,983,739
Do, on Loan Works	597.147	719,283
M. 4 - 1 form and a	293x.	1938.
Total imports		£7,243,143
Total exports	10,644,519	9,628,944
Imports from U.K		5,358,89z
Exports to U.K	5,723,154	3,504,895

Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Nigeria, His Excellency Sir Donald	
Nigeria, His Excellency Sir Donald	
Charles Cameron, G.C.M.G., K.B.E. (1930)≠	6,500
Chief Secretary to the Government, G.	
Hemmant, C.M.C Lieut. Governor, Southern Provinces, W.	2,400
i Buchanan-Amith AMA MA	9 400
Chief Commissioner. Northern Pro-	2,400
Chief Commissioner, Northern Pro- vinces, G. S. Browne, C.M.Q	2,400
Commandant Nigeria Regt., Lt. Col. W.	,,,,,,
R. Meredich, D.S.O	1,400
Chief Justice, Sir Donald Kingdon, K.C	2,000
Pursne Judges, H. S. Berkeley; W. Butler Lloyd; C. W. V. Careyeach	
Attorney-General, A. C. V. Prior	1,400
Director of the Medical and Sanitary	1,000
Director of the Medical and Sanitary Service, W. B. Johnson, C.M.G.	1,800
Treasurer, C. W. Leese, C.M.G	1,500
Treasurer, C. W. Leese, C.M.G	
O.B.E., R.D., R.N.R. Comptroller of Customs, E. C. F. Bird Administrative Service (Staff Grade),	1,400
Adoutivistanting Saming (Staff Cando)	1,400
A C. M. Ruens C.M.C. E. M. Volle.	
A. C. M. Burns, C.M. G. E. M. Falk; H. H. Middleton; W. E. Hunt, C.B.E.;	
Hon, H. B. Hermon-Hodge: H. O.	
Lindell; W. Morgan; O. W. Firth; G.	
Hon. H. B. Hermon-Hodge; H. O. Lindell; W. Morgan; O. W. Firth; G. H. Findlay each of the care Gen. Man. Nigerian Railway, G. V. O.	1,400
Gen. Man. Nigerian Railway, G. V. O.	
	2,000
Director of Public Works, C. L. Cox	1,700
M.C	1,300
Director of Forests, J. R. Ainslie	1,400
Director of Forests, J. R. Ainslie Director of Agriculture, O. T. Faulkner,	-,4-0
C M.G	1,400
Auditor, H. W. Drake	1,200
Postmaster-General, G. B. Hebden Director of Education, E. R. J. Hussey,	x,300
Director of Education, E. R. J. Hussey,	
Inspector General of Police, C. W.	x,600
Duncan, C.B.E.	1,400
Duncan, C.B.E.  Director, Geological Survey, Capt. R. C.	-,400
W 1180n	1,200
Chief Inspector of Mines (vacant)	1,200
Port Engineer, Lagos Harbour Works,	
Major J. E. Bostock, O.B.E., M.I.C.E Chief Vetermary Officer, Capt. W. W.	1,400
Henderson	
Prausit to Lagos from Liverpool, 14 to 15	dave
Cable communication to Lagos. Inland	tele-
graphs to all important places.	
NYASALAND PROTECTORATE.	

### LAND PROTECTORATE

This country was proclaimed a British Protectorate on May 14, 1891. The Protectorate comprises the western shore of Lake Nyasa and the country southwards nearly to the Zambesi. The population of the Protectorate (Dec. 31, 1932) was 1,600,915, including 1,901 Europeaus and 1,583 Asiatics, and it has a total

land area of 37,596 square miles.

The principal exports are tobacco, cotton, The principal exports are tolacco, cotton, chillies, coffee, ground-nuts, fibre, and tea. The cultivation and export of tobacco is considerable; tea, cotton and fibre are also exported in fair quantities. The principal imports are soft goods, provisions, and hardware. On Lake Nyasa there are three steamers. A railway from Port Herald (the "inland port" of the Protectorate) to Blantyre (xzz miles) is come for traffic. An extension from Port Herald open for traffic. An extension from Port Herald to Chindio (the terminus of the Central Africa Railway) on the Zambesi (6: miles) was opened in 1915. The Trans-Zambesia Railway, from Beira to Muraça (on the southern bank of the Zambesi River) was opened in April, 1922; the terminus is opposite to Chindio, and the line (174 miles) thus establishes direct railway communication between Beira and Blantyre; a bridge across the Zambesi is under construction. A further ex-tension to Lake Nyasa is under construction. Main roads and "carrier" roads are open all over the Protectorate, the total mileage being 3,142. A road from Salisbury to Blantyre rid Tete (Portinguese E. Africa) is open and is freely used during the dry season.

Mails to and from England are despatched every week via Cape Town and Beira and also via Imperial Airways Line from Salabury. Between Beira and Europe the means of com-munication are the Union-Castle Mail S.S. Co., Messrs, Rennic's Line val Natal, the British India Steam Navigation Co., and other lines The Protectorate is connected by telegraph overland with the Cape rot Salishuy. The telegraph lines extend northwards as far as Thkuyn, in Tanganyika. There are full-sized aerodromes at Chileka (xx miles from Blautyre), Zomba and Litongwe, and landing-grounds have been prepared at most district headquarters.

The chief towns are Blantyre (population about 666 Europeans and 73,000 natives), Limbe (near Blantyre), and Zomba, the headquarters of the Revenue . ..... £370.515 £382,640

	,,
Expenditure 448,843	01,775
Imports (excl. transit) 748 471	40,385
	88,998
	10,153
Exports to U.K 506,350	51,099
Governor and Commander-in-Class. His	
Excellency Major Sir Hubert Win-	
throp Young, C.M.G., D.S.O (1932)	_
(with allowance £500)	£2,500
Chief Secretary, K. L. Hull	1,450
Commandant of and Rn. King's African	
Commandant of and Bn. King's African Refles, Maj. H. R. Hicks	900
Judge of High Court, Haythorne Reed	1,450
Attorney-Gen., W. Harragin	
Treasurer, K. R. Tucker, C.B.R	1,200
	1,250
Director of Medical Services (vacant)	1,300
Director of Education, A. T. Lacey, M.A	1,000
Director of Agriculture, W. Small, M.B E.,	
M. A., B.Sc., D Ph	1,100
M.A., B.Sc., D Ph	•
(a vacanev) each	1,200
(a vacancy) each Director of Public Works, B. R. Peters,	-,
Director of I toute works, D. 10. 1 Ctors,	
M.B.E. Comptroller of Customs, E. H. Warren,	1,100
Compared of Customs, E. H. Warren,	
M.B.R	1,000
Auditor, M. J. Flanagan	920
Gort Printer, T. T. Davies £480	to 720
Marine Supt., Com. R. George, R.D., R.N R.	840
Lands Officer, J. E. Alexander	920
Chief Commr. of Police, Maj. F. T.	<b>y</b> =0
Stephens, O.B.E., M.C.	
Of the Comment Officer Man Co. Co.	I,000
Chief Transport Officer, Maj. C. C. Met-	
calfe, M.B.R., M.C.	92C
Postmaster-General, S. Pope	920

Trade Enquiry Office in London, The Commissioner, H.M. Eastern African Dependencies, Grand Buildings, Trafalgar Square, W.C. 2.

bull, p 8.0.....

Director of Geological Survey, F. Dixey, 

#### PACIFIC ISLANDS.

High Commissioner, His Excellency Sir

High Commissioner, The Excellency Sit A. G. M. Flechier, K.O.M.G., C.B.E. ... £2, soo (In addition to £3,000 as Governor of Fift, and allowance of £150 as Consul-General for Western Pacific.)

Secretary to High Commission, H. II. Vakess (House Allowance £75). £700 to 800 Chief Judicial Commissioner, Capt. M. II. Maxwell-Anderson, C.B.E., K.C , R N. (rel.)....

(In addition to £1,200 ar C J. of Fiji)

(1) The British Solomon Islands, protected since 1893, consist of Guadaleanal, Malaita, Sau Urlstoval, New Georgia, Choiseul, Yashel, and other islands situated east of New Guinea, with a constant of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the c isining situated east or New Quinea, with a total area of about 15,000 square miles, and a population (1931) of 478 Europeans, 173 Asiatics, and 93,415 natives. The Santa Cruz Group and several other islands were incorporated in the Protectorate in 1808 and 1899; and in 1900 Chosseni and Yashel, with the islands in Bougamville Straits and Lord Howe's Group, were transferred by treaty from Germany. The revenue in 1930-31 was £6a,7a8, and the expenditure £67,816; exports 1930-31 £304,310; imports, £315,269. The seat of government is ports, £,215,269. Tulagi.

Resident Commussioner, Francis Noel Ashley
(and £150 allowances) £1,200 to £1,400
Secretary to Goet., N. S. B. Kidson...£500 to £600

(a) The Gilbert and Ellice Islands, formerly a Protectorate, were formally annexed to the Emphre in November, ross. The Gilbert Group, situated between 4° N. and 3° S. latitude and rya' and ry7° W. longtinde, consists of 16 islands, with several small islands or islets depending upon them; and the Ellice Group, between 5° S. and roy6° S. latitude and rof6° E. and roy5° S. latitude of Pennonal in lat. 6° of S. and long 5° of F. for Pannopa), in lat. o° 5a' S. and long. 169° 3g' E., which is the seat of government, was proclaimed British in 1900. Total area, 180 square miles; population (1931) a66 Europeans, 730 Asiatics (698 on Ocean Island), and 3a,813 Pacific

Aslatics (698 on Ocean Island), and 22,813 Facinc Islanders. Revenue (1929-3e), £67,105; exponditure, £59,324; imports (1929-3e), £148,779; exports, £213,328. Funnay Island, in lat. 3° 30′ N., long. 150° 13′ W., and Washington Island, 56 nules N.W. by W. of Fanning Island. Pop., 37 Europeans, chiefly in connexion with Pacific cable station, and 390 Gilbert Islanders in copra industry. The and 399 dilbert Islanders in copra industry. The islands were included in the Gilbert and Ellice Colony by an Order in Council of Jan. 27, 1916, and Christmas Island was included in rorg. Rendent Commissioner (vacant).

(and £ 100 allowances) £800 to £1,000 (3) The Tonga or Friendly Islands.—A protectorate over the Tonga Islands Kingdom was proclaimed May 18, 1900. These islands are situated in the Southern Pacific to the E.S.E. of ated in the Southern Pacific to the E.S.E. of Fiji, and 390 miles therefrom, with an area of 388 square nules, and population (1932) of 412 Europeans 397 half-castes, 28,381 Tongans, and 264 others—total 29,454. The limits of the group are between 15° and 23° 30′ S. and 273° and 277° W. Nukualofa, on the Island of Tongatabu, is the seat of government. The present Queen Salote succeeded the late King George Tuhou II. in 1928. Soil generally is fertile; the principal export is copra. Two of the smaller islands disappeared, owing to a tidal wave, in June. 2002. Revenue 12032-28. 457,2824. wave, in June, 1919. Revenue 1931-32, £57,824;

1,000

expenditure, £63,986: imports (1932), £86,006; exports, £96,163. The total shipping entered and cleared in 1932 was 124,008 tons.

Agent and Consul, J. S. Neill, B.A., B.L.

(and duty allorance £200) £800 to £1,000

(4) The Phorn. Islands (McKean, Garder

Birnie, Hull, Enderbury, Phenix, Canton, and Sidney), between a 30 and 4 30 S. and 171 and 174 W. (5) Pitenira Island, situate in lat. 25 3 30 S.

long. 130' 8' 30" W. Pop (1931), 200, descendants of the untineers of H M.S. Bounty.

Chief Mugustrate, Richard Edgas Christian (6) The New Hebrules Group, situated between the 13th and 21st degrees of South latitude and the 166th and 170th degrees of East longitude, of an area of roughly 5,700 square nules, are administered by a British-French Condominum Government in accordance with the provisions of the Anglo-French Convention of 1906, later modified by the Anglo-French Protocol of 1914. The executive consists of a British and a French Resident Commissioner assisted by a staff of officers. The population is estimated at 43,000 (British Nationals 270, French Nationals 868, French Protected Subjects (Toukinese, &c.) 1855, Natives, estimated at 40,000. Principal products, copra, coffee, cottou, cocoa, maize, wood, sandalwood and shell. Joint levenue, 1932. £10,021; expenditure, £19,802. Total imports, 1932. £82,587; total exports, £78,602. A biritish steamer runs regularly between Sydney and the group, and French steamers from Sydney and New Caledonna; there is a two-monthly service with France, rea Panama.

British High Commissioner, Sir A. G. M. Wielcher, K.C.M.G., C.B.E.

French Hyth Commissioner, M. Siadous.

British Resident Commissioner, G. A. Joy.

French Resulent Communes Lico) L800 to £1,000 French Resident Com., M. Santot President of Joint Court, Count de Buena Esperanza, K.C.M.G.

Prittish Judge, A. de J. Carcy.
Prench Judge, M. Sachon.
(c) There are also a large unmber of scattered groups and isolated islands.

## PALESTINE.

Palestine, extending from the Mediterranean on W. to an eastern boundary formed by the Wady Arabah, Dead Sea, River Jordan and Sea of Tiberias, and from the Egyptian frontier on S. to the French Mandatory Sphere of the Great Lebanon on N., includes, in addition, a large area E. of the Jordan and S. of the Yarmuk.

Palestine has been under British administration since the conquest of the country by the forces of General Allemby in 1917. The Administration is conducted under a Mandate from the League of Nations which entered officially into force on Sept. 29, 1923. The country consists of a W. maritime lowland, the mountain region of Judea (which forms the backbone of the district) and, on the E, the depression through which the Jordan wends its way from the Sea of Galliee (Therias) to the Dend Sea. The Dead Sea, 3,393 feet below the level of the Mediterranean, is 46 miles long and has an average width of 18 46 lilles ong and has an average which of \$\frac{4}{2}\$ miles; it receives the waters of the Jordan and of six other rivers, and has no outlet, the surplus being carried off by evaporation. Its water is intensely salt and has a specific gravity one-sixth greater than water, with \$\frac{4}{2}\$ per cent. of salt. (The Great Salt Lake of Utah, U.S.A., is 80 miles long and 30 miles wide, at 4,218 feet | Tulkarem.

above mean sea-level, and contains 25 per cent. of salt.) The area of l'alestine W. of the Jordan is about 10,000 square miles, with a population (census Nov. 18, 1931), of 1,035,821, of whom 759,712 are Moslems, 174,610 Jews, 91,398 Christians, and 20,202 members of other faiths. The population of Bedum in the Beersheba subdistrict enumerated at the same date was 50,907; they are included in the total population assigned to Moslems. Since Sept. 1, 1920, about 118,500 immigrants (mostly Jews) have been recorded as having entered Palestine. In 1931, 5,533 immigrants were registered (4,075 Jews, 1,245 Christians, 212 Moslems and 2 Druzes). The Jewish immigrants came principally from Poland (42 per feent.), Russia (5 per cent.), Roumanna (6 per cent.), the United States of America (8 per cent.), and the Yemen (5 per cent.); 34 per cent. of the Christian immigrants came from Great Britani. During the same year 1,346 persons are recorded to have emigrated from Polastine 1656 Laws are Christiania. year 1,340 persons are recoved to have emigrated from Palestine (666 Jews, 573 Christians and 107 Moslems); 35 per cent, of the emigrants left for America, North and South.

Palestine is divided into 3 administrative districts, under District Commissioners. English,

Arabic and Hebrew are the official languages of The chief town, Jerusalem, had the country. been in Moslem hands since 1244, and under Turkish rule since 1517, until it surendered to General Allenby on Dec. 9, 1917, to be entered the next day by British troops. The city, which occupies so prominent a place in the affections of the Jewish, Christian and Moslem peoples, had a population in Nov., 1931, of 90,503 (51,222 Jews, 19,804 Moslems, 19,335 Christians and 52 other religious). The Church of the Holy Sepulche at Jeruslam is wated annually by Sepulchre at Jerusalem is visited annually by large bands of Christian pilgrims, principally of the Orthodox and Coptic churches. The site of Solomon's Temple is occupied by the Dome of the Rock, sometimes erroneously called the Mosque of Omar, which contains a relic of Mahomet and the "Holy Rock," the sacrificial alter of Abraham. A conflict of claims, Jewish and Arab, as to rights at the Wailing Wall of the Haram al-Sharif at Jerusalem has provided opportunities for disorder, and the Government submitted proposals to the Council of the League of Nations for a Commission to define and determine the rights and claims. In Jan., 1930, the Council appointed a Commission, as requested by the British Government. Bethlehem, the scene of Christ's Nativity, 5 miles 8, of Jerusalem, had a population of 6,827 in Nov., 1931. The Church of the Nativity, at the E. and of the present village, is reputed to be the oldest Christian church in existence. King David was also born in Bethlehem. Nazareth, about 25 miles S.W. of the Sea of Galilee, had a population of 8,756 in 1931. Other large towns are Jaffa (51,866), Tel-Aviv (46,101), Gaza (17,046), Aere (7,897), and Haifa (50,403). An archaeological museum, constructed, equipped and endowed at the cost of Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is in course of erection at Jerusalem.

The railway system of Palestine consists of five sections: Rafa-Haifa, continuing southward to Kautara to join up with the railways of Egypt, passengers and freight being transported across the Suez Canal at Kautara; Haifa-Acres Samakh, continuing beyond Samakh to Damascus in the French mandated territory of Syria; Jaffa-Lydda-Jerusalem; and Nablus-Afule-Jaffa-Lydda-Jerusalem; and Nahlus-Afule-Tulkarem. The main junction of the Government Railways is at Lydda, the general offices being at Harfa. In 1933 the kilometrage operated (excluding 113 kilometres Ma'an-Mudawara section) was 977 kilometres, the freight handled amounting to 989,565 tons, and the passengers carried numbering 1.325,494. The gross railway revenue was £P554,711 and the working expenses £P428.064.

£P425,064.
The chief ports are Haifn, Jaffa and Acre.
Harbour construction at Haifa was begun in 1929 and completed in Oct., 1933, the main part of the harbour being dredged to a depth of 37 ft. on the namour being dredged to a depth of 37 ft. and a depth of 30 ft. provided alongside the main quay. In 1932, 2,943 vessels (2,058,305 tons) engaged in foreign trade entered the ports, and 2,914 (2,033,814 tons) cleared. There are branches of Barclay's Bank, Anglo-Palestine, Banco di Roma, and Ottoman Bank in the main

towns.

The country is generally fertile, and cereals, vegetables, tonacco, olives, grapes, oranges and various fruits are produced. factories producing wine, soap, oil, cigarettes, fruit juice, &c., are being established on a large scale to meet local requirements and for export. Economic con-ditions depend chiefly on agricultural produce and immigration, but progress is being made in the manufacture of cement honery, wearing apparel, furniture, mineral salts, fancy leather goods, shoes, motor-'bus bodies, bedsteads,

artificial teeth, &c.

In 1931-32 there were 305 Government (Arah) schools with 24,837 Moslem and Christian pupils, 257 private Moslem schools with 9,196 pupils, 155 private Christian schools with 17,183 pupils (besides a number of Latin and Greek Catholic schools concerning which no figures are availahle), and 367 pupils and private Jewish schools with 34,456 pupils. Public examinations up to B.A. standard are conducted by the Palestine Board of Higher Studies. There are also training colleges for teachers, technical, trade, law and agricultural schools, and a Hebrew University (with faculties of Humanities and Science). 1931-32 1932 33

2.516,394 4,500,000 Public Debt 4,500,000 1932. 1031. £*P6,119,187 *£P8,120,797 Imports .... ... 2,227,028 4,327,426 Exports .. Imports from b K .... . 1,342,031 1,522,073 CAPITAL, Jerusalem.

High Commissioner, I.t -Gen Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope, 6 C.M C., R.C.B., C 1 E., D S.O. (1931)

£4,000 Chief Justice, Sir Michael McDonnell.

Chief Justie, Sur Michael McDonnell.
Chief Secretary, J. H. Hall, D.S.O., O. B.E., M.C.
Asst. Chief Secretary, E. Mills, O.B.E.
Attorney-General, H. H. Trusted, K.C.
Treasurer, W. J. Johnson, O.B.E.
Senur Punne Judge, O. C. K. Corrie, W.C.
Presidents of District Courts, F. H. Baker
(Jerusalem); C. R. W. Seton, M.C. (Hanfa);
J. M. de Frettes (Jerusalem); (vacant)
(Nablus); R. Copland (Juffa).
Connection of the Force (French Lands)

Commanding Air Force, Group-Capt. R E. C.

Peirse, D.S.O., A.F.O.
Inspector-General, Police and Prisons, R. G. B. Spicer, M.C.

Officer Commanding Transfordan Frontier Force, Lt.-Col. C. H. Miller. Commissioner of Lands, A. Abramson, C.B.E.

Director of Agriculture and Forests, M. T. Dawe, O. B. E.

Director of Public Works, F. Pudsey. Director of Education, H. E. Bowman, C.R.E. Director of Health, Col. G. W. Heron, C.B.R., 1.8,0. Director of Customs and Trade, K. W. Stead, C.B E.

Director of Development, L. Andrews. O.B.E. (acting).

Postmaster-General, W. Hudson, C.B.E., M.C. General Manager, Palestine Radicays, C. R. Webb, o D.E., M.C. Director of Lands, J. N. Stubbs, M.C. Director of Surveys, Lt. Col. F. J. Salmon, M.C. Dir., Dept. of Immigration, A. M. Hyamson, O.B.E.

Registrar, Co-operative Societies, F. G. Lowick. District Commissioners.

Jerusalem, J. E. F. Campbell, O.B.R. Aorthern District (Harfa), E. Keith-Roach, O.B.E. Southern District (Jaffa), R. E. H. Crosbie, O.B.E. TRANSJORDAN.

Emir, H. H. Abdullah, G.B.E., K.C.M.G., born 1882, second son of King Hussein of Hejaz, appointed April, 1921. Transjordan consists of the 4 Districts of Maan, Kerak, Balga, and Aglan, and is under the same

mandate as Palestme. It is bounded on the west by Palestme, on the north by Syria, on the east by Iraq, and on the south by Hejaz and Nejd, and has access to the Red Sca at Akaba. No census has yet been taken, but it is estimated that the total population is 300,000, of whom 130,000 are rettled, 120,000 semi-nomads, and The area is unknown, as the boundaries are not defluitely determined. The externe west of the country is fertile, and agricultural and pastoral industries are carried on, but the rest of the country is fertile, and agricultural and pastoral industries are carried on, but the rest of the country is always and the control of the country is always and the control of the country is always and the control of the country is always and the control of the country is always and the control of the country is always and the control of the country is always and the control of the country is always and the control of the country is always and the control of the country is always and the control of the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and the country is always and of the country is almost entirely The Hejaz Railway runs (with the exception of the first few miles) through Transfordan territory from Deraa to Kalaat el Mudowwara, where it enters Hejaz territory and continues to Medma. There is a Legislative Conneil of 6 official and 16 elected members, constituted in . £ P250,660 °1933-34. £P282,800 Kevenne. ...... Grants in aid..... 102,567 98,795

Total £1'353,227 £1'361,505 Expenditure :-Ordinary £P335,306 £P346,072 .... Extraordinary 20,394 19,004 Total . · £1°355,700 £1°352,976 ·· £1°2,473 £1°1,381 Debt.....

CAPITAL, Amman. High Commissioner, see Palestine. British Resident, Lt. -Col. C. H. F. Cox, C. M. G., D. S. O Officer Commanding Arab Legum, Lt. Col. F. G. Peake, C.B.E.

RHODESIA, SOUTHFRN.

Southern Rhodesia is that part of the territory named after Cecil Rhodes lying south of the Zambesi River, its political neighbours being Northern Rhodesia and Portuguese East Africa on the N.; the Transvanl and Bechman-land on the S. and W.; and Portuguese East Africa on the E. The total area is 150,344 square Aftica on the E. Inc total area is 150,344 square miles, and the population (1932) 1,200.00, of whom 52,000 are Europeans. The native population is 1,444,000, with 4,300 Asiatics and other coloured persons, including those of mixed lace. The total number of European births in 1932 was 1,166 (a rate of an per 1,000) and of deaths 485 (9 5 per 1,000), the marriages numbering as (20 33 per 1,000). Responsible Government was instituted in Southern Rhodessa on Oct. 1, 1923. The Government is administered by a Governor appointed by the Crown, with an Executive responsible to the Legislature, which consists of a Legislative Assembly, but that body may pass a law constituting a Legislative Council, in addition.

The laws in force in the Cape Colony up to June 10, 1891, were adopted for Southern Rhodesia so far as they were adopted for Southern Rhodesia so far as they were applicable. Subsequent legislation has been by proclamation of the High Commissioner and by ordinance passed by the Legislative Council up to the grant of responsible government in Sept 1993; since then much con-olidating and codifying legislation has been incorporated in the Acts of the Legislature. Municipal self-government has been established in Salisbury, Rulawayo, Gwelo,

Umtali, and Gatooma.

The main atteries of communication are the Rhodesia and the Mashonaland Railways, the total unleage of which at Sept. 30, 1933, was 2,682 miles (including 1,360 miles operated within the boundaises of Sonthern Rhodesia). The former is a continuation of the line from Cape Town to Vryburg, v.a Kimberley, and was opened to Bulawayo in November, 1897, the distance from Cape Town being 1,362 miles. A line connecting Bulawayo with Salisbury (301 miles) was completed in Oct. 1902. From Salisbury the Mashonaland Railway rune eastwards to Umtali and is continued by the Berra Railway Companies to the port of Betra (Portuguese), a total distance of 374 miles. The main northern extension of the railway was constituted from Bulawayo. It taps the Wankie coalfields and crosses the Zambesi at the Victoria Malis (282 miles). Branch lines primarily constructed in the interests of established mines are:—Salishury-Sinoia (83 miles), Mt. Hampden Junction-Shamwa (73 miles). Gwelo-Seitukwe (24 miles), Bulawayo-West Nicholson (204 miles), Gwelo-Umvuma-Victoria (123 miles), and Somalua-Shabani (63 miles). There is also a short branch line, Bulawayo-Matopus To provide facilities for the transport of passengers and goods in areas in process of development not directly served by existing railways, a system of road motor services has been organised, and is operated by the Rhodesia Railways. In September, 1933, routes covering 1,505 miles were in operation.

Southern Rhodesia is rich in mineral deposits, and it abounds in traces of the ancient goldworkers. The first regular crushing returns began in September, 1898, and the gold produced to December 31, 1932, was of the value of £80,738.a4s. The output for the year ended December 31, 1932, was valued at £3,366,s:s Silver, copper, coal, diamonds, lead, chrome from asbestos, mica, platinum, corundum, and other minerals have also been produced in considerable quantities. Though the climate is sub-tropical, the average altitude makes it well suited for European occupation, and it possesses all the essential characteristics and

**Sessets art offer baselium characteristics am of the Menn Kenponsible diverenment was granted to the Colony in 1923 the trown recognised the British South Africa Company as the owner of the minoral rights throughout both Southern and Northern Rhodeeds After a long controversy the mineral rights in Southern Rhodeeds were purchased by the Government in 1933 for the sum of \$4.000 cm.

facilities necessary for successful agriculture and cattle raising, and for the cultivation of European fruit trees, cereals, and vegetables, in addition to tobacco, cotton, and the indigenous products of the country. The staple crop is maize, and tobacco, cotton and citrus fruits are largely exported. The total area under cultivation in 1923 was 423,023 acres (maize 423,047, tobacco 25,254, cotton 3,486). The export of citrus fruit in 1923 was 25,167 boxes. Cattle (2,747,485 on Dec. 31, 1932) thrive well. Dairy products sold include butter 1,023,2372 b. mid 12,273,557 gallons, cheese 25,483 lb, and cggs 809,88 dozen. In addition to the main undustries of mining and farming there are creameries, cotton ginneries, bacon factories, oil, soap and candle factories, cement and lime works, and many other undertakings.

The British South Africa Company has relinquished all rights and interests in the land in Southern Rhodesia except in the estates which it was already developing and working on July 10, 1923. Considerable efforts have been made by the Government during recent years to increase the number of new settlers on the land which is cheep, and may be had on very favourable terms. These efforts were particularly effective during the years 1925-27, and with the passing of the present depression it is anticipated that a further extension of successful lan settlement will materialise in the near future.

Complete courses of primary and secondary education up to the standard of matriculation of the South African Universities are provided in the Government schools. For European children there are & Government and Government-aided schools (** vocational, ** secondary and 69 primary). For children in rural areas, where the population is too scanty for a school, very successful correspondence classes have been imaginated to supplement the aided governess schools. The total number of European children in all types of schools at the end of 1932 was 9,502. There are seven schools for children of nixed face, with & provided in x,333 schools, with 193.867 pupils. Grants in and of native education conducted by mission agencies with Government aid is provided in x,333 schools, with 193.867 pupils. Grants in and of native education in 1932-32 amounted to £50,093 the total educational (other than native) expenditure being £25,285 in the calendar year 1942.

Revenue	C	C40
TOVEILLE	£, 2,110,200	£2,268,910
*Expenditure	2,228,522	2,176,565
Public Debt	6,382,427	6,547,600
	1031	1932.
Imports	C = 68= ===	
D	2,5,005,529	£4,272,127
Exports	5,894,099	5,387,251
Imports from U.K	2,207,884	1,873,112
Domestic Exports to U.K.	8.100.037	3,388,384
Governor and Command	eran-Chief	Sir 3-0,3-4
Cecil H. Rodwell, K.C.	.M.G. (1938) (	ana _
allowances £2,000) .		£.4.000
A.D.C., Capt. B. V. Ch	erry, M.C.	20 VI
Ministry (Sep		
Prime Minister and Mu	uster of Aa	urve_
Affairs, G. M. Huggins		£3.500
Minister of Internal	Hairs and	of
Justice and Detenor, 8.		
Minister of Finance, J. H		
Minister of Agriculture, (	C. S. Jobling	2,000
- T 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	4.4.2	

Excluding expenditure out of Loan funds, \$407.821
 in 1931-19 and \$474.221
 in 1932-32, and extraordinary expenditure from accumulated revenue surpluses, \$144.925
 in 1932-32.

Medical Director, R. A. Askins, M.A., M.D., D.P.H. Director of Education, L. M. Foggin, O.R.E. Chief Native Commissioner, Col. C. L. Carbutt. Chief Justice, Sir Alexander Fraser Russell.

High Commissioner for Southern Rhodesia in London, J. W. Downie, c.M.G., Crown House, Aldwych, W.C.2. (allowance £700)

SALISBURY, the capital, is situated on the Mashonaland plateau, altitude 4,880 ft. (total population, census 1931, 28,800, including 6,500 whites). Bullawayo, the largest town in Matabeleland, altitude 4,450 ft. (total population of 31,000, including 21,818 whites). Other centres are Unitali, Gwelo, Gatooma, Que Que, Wankie. Fort Victoria, Selukwe, and Hartley.

#### RHODESIA, NORTHERN.

Northern Rhodesia lies to the North of the Zambezi, its neighbours being Tanganyika Territory and the Belgian Congo on the north, Nyasaland and Portuguese East Africa on the east, Southern Rhodesia and South-West Africa on the south, and Portuguese West Africa on the west. The country comprises an area of 288,400 square miles, and with the exception of the Luangwa, Zambezi and Kafue Valleys, consists of a table land varying from 3,000 to 4,500 feet, with greater attitudes in N.E., and especially in the vicinity of Lake Tanganyika. The estimated European population in December, 1932, was 10,553; the native population was estimated (Dec. 31, 1032) at 1,382,705. Much of the country is suitable for farming, and contains large areas of good arable and grazing land. Over 2,500,000 acres of land are under settlement by white farmers. The chief crop grown is maize. Other crops are tobacco, coffee, wheat, oil seeds, and citrus. Stock raising is carried on by many farmers. The native-owned cattle in the territory is estimated at 378,366 and European owned 99,144. Copper, zinc, vanadium, lead, gold, mica and coal have been discovered, and scientific prospecting is being carried on over large areas. The copper deposits have attracted much capital, the Roan Antelope and the Nkana mines having commenced output, while others are expected to follow. The copper mines of Northern Rhodesia appear likely to produce a large pro-portion of the world's supply, while zinc and vanadium production are on a considerable scale. Many species of game are to be found, and good sport at a moderate cost is available for the big-game hunter, but the areas now open for hunting are somewhat restricted. The trunk line of the Rhodesia Railway system traverses Northern Rhodesia from Livingstone to the Belgian Congo border. The Zambezi, Kafue, Chambesi and other rivers are navigable for a considerable portion of their courses.
There are 43 post offices, 27 of which are money order offices. The main telegraph and telephone route hes alongside the railway from Victoria Falls Bridge to the Congo border, with branches from Ndola to Luanshya, Ndola to branches from Ndoia to Anansnya, Ndoia wo Nkana, and from Nkana to Munlira; Fort Jameson is connected with the Nyasaland system, and Kasama and Abercom with the Nyasaland and Tanganyika systems. Aeronautical wireless stations at Mpika and Broken Hill are equipped for communication with air-

as for point-to-point communication on short wave. Short wave equipment has been installed at Fort Jameson, Livingstone and Mongu-Lealui. All wireless stations maintain a public service.

The administration of the territory is in the hands of a Governor appointed by the Crown, assisted by an Executive Council of five official members. There is a Legislative Council of 16 members, with a majority of official members. The seat of Government is at Livingstone, near the Victoria Falls, on the Cambaria The country is divided into a Present of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Cou Zambezi. The country is divided into 5 Provinces for fiscal and administrative purposes. The most important centres are Livingstone, Broken Hill, Fort Jameson, Lusaka, Mazibuka, Abercorn, Kasama, Fort Rosebery, Ndola, Luanshya, Nkana and Mongu-Lealui.

!	Kevenue	50,370
l	Expenditure 704,986 8:	10,056
ı	Expenditure	
!	Storrs, K.C.M.G., C B.K., (1932) (and	
١	£1,000 duty allowance)£	3,000
1	£1,000 duty allowance)	
ı	Cust	450
1	Chief Secretary, Hon. H. C. D. C. Mac-	
1	kenzie-Kennedy, C.M.G	1,450
i	Principal Assistant Chief Secretary,	
i	Maj. E. A. T. Dutton, O.B.K	1,000
١	Attorney-General, (vacant)	1,300
1	Treasurer, Hon. C. R. Lockhart	1,200
ı	Commissioner of Taxes, G. E. Thornton,	
١	м в.к	<b>88</b> o
1	Secretary for Native Affairs, Hon. J. M	
ı	Thomson, C.B.E.	1,200
1	Director of Medical Services, Hon. A.	
١	Kinghorn	1,300
1	Judge of the High Court, R. E. Hall	1,750
1	Director of Animal Health, (vacant)	1,000
1	Commandant, Northern Khodenia Kegt.,	
1	(vacant)	1,000
1	Commissioner of Police and Prisons, Capt.	
١	P. R. Wardroper, M.B.E.	1,000
1	Director of Surveys, W. G. Fairweather,	
1	O B.R	1,050
1	Commissioner for Mines, Lands and	
١	Local Govt., J. W. G. Eeles, M.C	1,000
İ	Director of Public Works, F. A. Buckley	1,100
1	Controller of Customs, E. S. Marillier	1,000
1	Postmaster-General, W. T. Storm	1,000
1	Director of European Education, J. B.	
1	Clark	1,000
ł	Director of Native Education, R. Caldwell Auditor, J. B Hewlett	1,000
1	Provincial Commissioners and Magis-	1,000
١	trates, E. B. H. Goodall, M.B.R.; R. H.	
1	Palmer; J. W. Hinds; A. W. M. S.	
. 1	Laimer, v. W. Hillds, A. W. M. O.	

M.B.R. .....(2) £1,100, (4) 1,000
Trade Enquiry Office in London, The Commissioner, Grand Buildings. Trafalgar Sq., W.C. a. ST. HELENA

Griffin, M.C. ; S. Hillier ; T. F. Sandford,

probably the best known of all the solitary islands in the world, is situated in the South Atlantic Ocean, 955 miles S. of the Equator, 760 S.E. of Ascension, 1,140 from the nearest point of the Ascension, 1, 140 from the nearest point of the African Continent, 1,800 from the coast of 8. America and 4,477 from Southampton, in 15,55 st. lat. and 5° 42° W. long. It is 10½ miles long, 5½ broad, and encloses an area of 47 square miles, with a population (Census 1931) of 3,995. St. Helena is of volcanic origin, and consists of numerous rugged mountains, the highest rising to 2,700 feet, interspersed with picturesque ravines.

Although within the tropics, the south-east "trades" keep the temperature mild and equable. St. Helena was discovered by the Por-tuguese navigator Juan de Nova Castella, on May 21, 1502 (St. Helena's Day), and remained unknown to other European nations until 1588. It remained uninhabited until the Dutch colonised remained unimainted until the burder colonised it circ. rés. The English East India Company seized it in 1651; but it was retaken by the Dutch in 1672. In 1673 it was ugain taken from the Dutch and was hold by the Company, who had obtained a charter for its possession from charles II., until 1824 (with the exception of the period 1815 to 1821, during which the British Government held it as a residence for the Emperor Napoleon, who died there May 5, 1821, when it was ceded by them to the Grown. It was formerly an important station on the route was normerly an important station on the route to India, but its prosperity decreased after the cutting of the Sucz Canal. A phormium that fibre) and lace-making industy has been catabilished. St. Junea's Bay, on the north-west of the Island, possesses a good anchonage.

Ascension (Resident Magistrate, E. A. Willmott), an isolated island in the South Atlantic (A am miles from Pl. neath.

mott), an isolated island in the South Atlantic (3,47) miles from Plymouth, yob from St. Helena, and 900 from Cape Palmas on the African coast), is of volcanic origin, the peak rising to the height of z,820 feet, situated 7° 55° 55" S. La and z4° 25',5" W. long It is said to have been discovered by a Portuguese named Joho de Nova Gallego, on Ascension Day, z50x, and two years later was visited by Alphonse d'Albuquerque, who gave the island its meant to want Its votene hearth, but of the longer of the land of the contract of the land of the contract of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of the land of present name Its extreme length is 71/2 miles, and extreme breadth 6 miles, with an area of about 38 square miles, and, being situated in the heart of the S.E. trade winds, its climate is dry and salubrious up to 1.800 feet, but above that height to its limit it is damp and foggy. It remained uninhabited till 1815, when the English took possession of it; in 1932 the population was about 150. The island was administered by the Board of Admiralty until Oct. 27, 1922, when by Royal Letters Patent it became a Dependency of St. Helena and was transferred to the Colonial Office. Georgetown, the capital, is situated in a small hay on the N W. coast. Ascension is visited by the sea-turtle from January to May, which lay their eggs in the sand; the sooty tern, or "wide-awake," use the island as a nesting-place about every eighth month.

The government of St Helena is administered by a Governor, with the aid of an Executive Conneil of 6 members, the Governor alone

making all ordinances.

CAPITAL, Jamestown. Population (1931), 1,381. £13,817 Public revenue ...... £12,480 Expenditure..... 18,906 nil. Total imports ...... 43,883 36,220 6,880 28,732 Exports to U.K. ..... 12.205 5,774 Colonial Treasurer and Collector of Cus-450 ST. KITTS, see BRITISH WEST INDIES.

ST. LUCIA. see BRITISH WEST INDIES.

#### SARAWAK.

Raja, H.H. Sir Charles Vyner Brooke, G.C.M.G., born Sept. 26, 1874; suc. his father, the Raja Sir Charles Johnson Brooke, May 17, 1917; m. 1911, Hon. Sylvia Leonova, daughter of and Viscount Esher, b. 1885, (II.H. the Rance). Heir Presumptive, Bertram Willes Brooke (H. H.

the Tuan Muda and Special Commissioner for Sarawak in England), b. Aug. 8, 1876.
Private Secretary to H.H. the Rajah,

15,000

8,400

8,400 0.000

9,000

9,000 12,000

6,480

6,960

6,720

8.400 9,600

9,600

9,000

7,200

5,520

7,200

8,400

.. \$4,800 Resident, and Division, J. B Archer ...... Resident, 3rd Division, P.M. Adams (acting) Resident, 4th Division, H. D. Aplin ...... Resident, 5th Division, F. H. Kortright Assistant Government Secretary, R. D.

St. John Horton ..... Secretary for Chinese Affairs and Pro-tector of Labour, C. D. le Gros Clark ... tector of Labour, C. D. le Gros Clark...
Secretary for Native-Afairs, B. E. E. Sueur
Commissioner of Trade and Customs,
and Shipping Master, H. M. Calvett...
Director of Public Works, C. P. Lowc.....
P.M.O. and Chief Health Officer, E. M.

Marjoribanks ..... Supt. of Lands and Surveys, N. A. Middlemas.....

Sarawak Gorernment Agent in England, F. R. Boult. Offices, Millbank House, Westminster, S. W. z.

Sarawak is a state on the north-west coast of the island of Borneo, with a seaboard of about 500 miles, an area of about 50,000 square miles, and a population of about 475,000, composed of various races. The territory of the Raja of Sarawak extends from Cape Data in the south to the Lawas District, where it touches the boundary of British North Borneo. The southern beauthern is formed by three-ways. southern boundary is formed by three ranges, the Serang, Kelingkang, and Batang-Lupar mounthe Serang, and Balang-Lupar mountains; the eastern boundary is a broken range of mountains with peaks rising to 10,000 feet. The principal rivers are the Rejang (navigable for about 160 miles), the Baram (navigable for about 100 miles), the Batang-Lupar, and the Lubaram Kuphing the cantilla standard one about too miles), the Batang-Lipar, and the Limbang. Kuchiug, the capital, stands on a small river (the Sarawak) which is navigable from its mouth to Kuching (az miles). The government consists of a hereditary sovereign and a Supreme Council of 9 (4 Europeans and 5 Malay magistrates), and a General Council of 50, composed of European and Malay officials and native chiefs, meeting every 3 years. The civil service is composed of English officials to the number of 110, appointed by the sovereign. The government of Sarawak was obtained in 1842 government of Sarawak was obtained in 1842 from the Sultan of Brunei by the late Sir James Brooke, who became well known as Rajah Brooke of Sarawak. Other concessions have been made in 1861, 1883, 1884, and 1890, when the Limbang River was obtained. The Lawas River was added in 1902. In 1864 Great Britain recognized Sarawak as an independent state, and under an agreement of 1888 the State has been placed under British protection. The country produces sago, gntta percha, india-rubber, bees-wax, illipe nuts, birds'-nests, oil, gold, silver, antimony, quicksilver, tobacco, rice, rattans, coal, gambier, and pepper. The large petroleum field at Mini and Bakong, in the Rarge personent near at arm and banons, in one Baram district, is now a valuable asset; oil exports (1928) 593,389 tons; (1920), 734,454 tons; (1931) \$510,879 tons; (1932) 520,004 tons.

•	7007	****
Revenue	\$4,342,909	1932. \$4,210,558
Expenditure	5,466,366	4,277,278
Imports	10,385,056	9,698,808
Exports	17.414.672	13,573,872

CHIEF TOWN, Kuching Population (1931), 25,000. Distance from London, 8,700 miles; transit, 25 to 30 days. There are 16 wireless stations, in communication with Singapore Steamer leaves Singapore for Kuching and Kuching for Singapore every Saturday There is also direct communication with Sibn and Mirt.

#### SEYCHELLES.

The Seychelles Islands, in the Indian Ocean, which mimber altogether 92, were occupied by the French about 1742, captured by a British ship in 1794, and were finally assigned to Great Britain in 1810. By letters patent of Sept 1903 they were elected into a separate colony. The principal islands of the group are Mahé, Prashii, Silhouette, random of the group are and, random, sincontext. Curiense, and La Digne, and the total area of the islands, with dependencies, is estimated at 156% square inles, of which Mahie occupies nearly 56 square inles; the most important of the dependencies are the Amerantes, Farquhar Isids., Coetivy, Astore and the Aldabra Group. The population was estimated (Dec 31, 1932) at 28, 235. At the census of 123 the population of Malie was 21 977, Prasim 2.476. La Digue, 1,226, other islands 1,736. Victom, the capital, on the N.E. side of Mahé, has an excellent harbour, and the lighthouses in the vicinity have been fitted np with modern automatic lights. Although only 4° S. of the Equator the islands are only 4° 8. of the Equator the islands are healthy, the death-rate in 1932 being 12°86 per 1,000. There are 27 Roman Catholic and Church of England primary schools; there are also 2 secondary schools.

The principal exports are copra, vanilla, coconits, eccount oil, tortoise-shell, chnamon, essential oils, soap, and guano. Aldabra, one of the dependencies of the Seychelles, and about 650 miles from Mahé, is famous for the gigantic land tortoises, whilst the minine double coro-nut. Coco de Mer, is found in Mahé, and, in larger quant tities, in Praslin, where there is a famous valley The Governor is assisted by an Executive Council of 4 members (2 ex-operio and 1 nominated official and 1 unofficial), and by a Legislative Council of 3 official and 3 mofficial members.

	_ 1931	<b>2932.</b>
Revenue		Rs 701, 164
Expenditure		685,631
Debt (Sterling)		nil.
Imports	Rs. 1,069,958	Rs. 1,008,111
Exports		1,347,338
Imports from U.K	326,107	273,166
Exports to U.K	520,934	
CADITAL Victoria		

Governor & Commander-in-Chief, His Excellency Gordon James Lethem

Cierk to Governor and Cierk to	
Councils, O. Ward Homer	Rs. 5,500
Chief Justice, His Hon. P. J. S. Walsh	9,675
Crown Prosecutor, dc., P. J Bourke	7,740
Treasurer and Collector, Hon. D. F.	• • • •
Watson, O.B.E	7,450
Auditor, C. W. Seed	8,582
Chief Med. Off., J. T. Bradley, O.B.E.,	
М.р	8,000
Superintendent of Public Works and	•
Surreys, H. Tonnet	5,500
Inspector of Schools, J. D E. Haiter	3,600
Director of Agriculture, P. R. Dupout	•
Inspector of Police & Supt. of Prisons,	
C. N. A. B. Mumby	3,600
Letters from London vid Marseilles, a	4 days;

#### SIERRA LEONE.

to London, 27 days.

The peninsula of Sierra Leone, situated on the West Coast of Africa, was ceded to Great Britain in 1787 by the native chiefs for the purpose of being used as an asylum for the many destitute negroes then in England. At a somewhat later date the Colony was used as a settlement for Africans from North America and the West Indies, and great numbers of Africans rescued from slave ships have from time to time been liberated and settled there. The Colony has a coast-line of 210 miles, with an estimated area of 4,000 square unles, and a population (1931) of 55,422. of whom 420 were resident Europeans. Of the rest, more than half are the descendants of liberated Africans, while the remainder belong to the neighbouring tribes; a babel of tongnes is thus to be heard in the streets of Freetown. The total area of the Colony and Protectorate is about a8,000 sq. miles, and the total population about 1,770,000. In 1896 a Pro-tectorate was declared over the territory adjoining the Colony to the northward and eastward. The extreme depth of the Protectorate from north to south is about 200 miles, lying between 7° and 10° N. lat., and the extreme breadth from ratio west is so miles, between ro' rs' and r3° rs' of W. long. Its estimated area is z4,000 sq. miles, and its population about r.67z,636. For administrative purposes the Protectorate is divided into a Provinces, under Provincial Commissioners, assisted by a Senior District Com-missioners, and 28 District and Assistant District Commissioners. The principal peoples are the Limbas and Korankos in the north, the Tennes in the centre, and the Mendis in the south.

The principal exports are palm kernels, kola nuts, palm oil, and ginger; piassava, hides, and nice are also exported. The value of the palm kernels exported in 1931 reached £449,742. The chief imports are cotton goods, coal, apparel, hardware, provisions, and tobacco. Freetown, the capital, possesses the finest and most important harbour in West Africa.

A hallway hins inland from Frectown to Pendembin, a distance of say/2 niles, and a branch line 32 miles in length extends in a north-easterly direction from Bauya to Makeni. Motor roads are now being opened up in the Colony and Protectorate, in the Colony connecting the various towns and villages with the port, and in the Protectorate as feeder roads to the railway. There are (1932) 1,925 miles of com-bined telegraph and telephone service.

nominated by the Crown, with full power to legislate for the Protectorate as well as for the Colony. The Governor is advised by an Executive Council.

		1934.
Public revenue	Ø£.884.152	€872,469
Public expenditure	884,008	831,921
Total imports	1,141,611	1,248,346
Total exports · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	023,613	932,773
Imports from U.K	722,792	822,155
Exports to U.K		
Gowrnor, His Excellent		
Hodson, K.C M.G. (1931).		£.3.000
Chief Justice A. F. C. We	bber	Tr.600
Colonial Secretary, C. E. C.		
Attorney-Gen., J. Ait en,		
Treasurer, F. A. Mathias		†1,100
Comptroller of Customs,	Capt. W.	И.
Eccles		+
Eccics		11,050
Puisne Judge, E. J. Mac	marine .	TI 200
Director of Medical and S	amtary Servi	008,
J. C. S. McDonall, O.B.	k	tr.400
Provincial Commissioner		
A fl Stools	0, 11, 0, 11,	0.11. 1
A. H. Stocks		acn T1,200
Bishop of Sterra Leone, Rt	. Rev. G. W. W	right, D.D.
Freetown is 3.078 miles	from Tiramo	ol . tranuit
	nom mverbo	or, cramere,
to days.		
COW ATT	T. A TATTA	

#### SOMALILAND.

(The Somaliland Protectorate.)

Somaliland occupies the "North-Eastern Horn" of the African continent, jutting out into the Indian Ocean along the south of the Gulf of Aden, and is divided between Great Britain, France and Italy, while the interior is subject to Ethiopia. The British Protectorate, subject to atmopia. In surface Protectorate, declared in #884, contains about 68,000 sq. miles, its boundaries being defined by treaties with Ethiopia, Franco and Italy; the northern coast as far as 40° h, and the 8th parallel of N. latitude are the limits on the north and south. The population, mainly consisting of Somalis, a Muhammadan people, is estimated at 344,700. The Protectorate garrison is now confined to a Camel Corps, 400 strong, and a Police force of 550, the Dorvish power having been finally broken in 1920. The chief products of British Somaliland are cattle, sheep, goats, hides, skins and gum. There is wireless communication with Adon. The Protectorate was transferred to the administration of the Colonial Office on April z, 1005.

i	495**	ayya.
Total imports	£.311,443	£306,634
Total exports	205,56x	160,854
Commissioner and Com		
His Excellency, Maj.	. A. S. Lawrai	100.
C.M.d., D.S.O. (and		
£.200)		£,1,600
Secretary to the Gover	nment, C. H.	F.
Plowman, C.B.E	£8	go to r.coc
Asst. do., G J. Wels'i	· £	.700 to 800
District Officers, Maj.	B. H. Hors	lev.
D.S.O., O.B.E., M.C. : (		
O.B.E., M.C.; R. H.		
E. Long; Capt. D. J	C Walsh	Too to Boo
Asst. District Officers, T.	Donovan, D.C.	M.;
A. McCallnm, N.C.	. £550 to 5	700 ;
E. Barry : F J. Cha		
Shirley, O.BE; A.	T 'Curle : Ca	ant.
J. R. G. Cowan; Caj		

† Exclusive of allowances, † Inclurive of £175,000 from Celonial Development Fund (Marampa Iron Oro Concessions),

Treasurer and Chief of Customs, H. W. aldson, O.B.E., N.B., B.Oh. (and Duty Allowance £ 100). Director of Posts and Telegraphs, C. V. Magill 920 Engineer in charge of Public Works, A. T. Burao, Erigavo and Buramo.

SOUTH AFRICAN HIGH COMMISSIO	N.
High Commissioner for South Africa, His Excellency Sir H. J. Stanley,	
Private Secretary & A.D.C., Capt. L. Holbech, D.S.J., M.C.	
Administrative Secretary, Shirley Eales, C. B. F.	1,200
Chief Clerk, H. L. Smith, O.B.K	750

The Office of High Commissioner in and for South Africa was created by Letters Patent in 1878 In 1879 a second High Commissioner was appointed, to whom was assigned South-Eastern Africa, including Zululand and Amatongaland; but this arrangement ceased in 1881, when a Special Commissioner for Zulu affairs was appointed, who was also Governor of Natal (which now includes Zulnland and Amatongaland). The High Commissioner for South Africa, who, under the Commission of 1889, was the officer for the time being administering the Government of the Cape, now represents the Crown in all matters occurring in South Africa beyond the limits of the Union and of Southern and Nothern Rhodesia. The High Commis-sioner is Governor of Basutoland, and super-vises the affairs of the Bechnanaland Protectorate and of Swaziland. Prior to October 1, 1933, Southern Rhodesia was administered by the British South Africa Company, and the High Commissioner exercised certain powers of control under the Southern Rhodesia Order in Council 1898. Upon the establishment of responsible government the Order in Council 1803 lapsed, but under the Southern Rhodesia Constitution Letters Patent certain of the High Commissioner's previous powers and functions in regard to native administration were reserved to hun and the Southern Rhodesia Order m Council, 1920, whereby the Native Reserves were vested in the High Commissioner, was continued in full force and effect. On April z, 2924, the functions which the High Commissioner had exercised in Northern Rhodesia during the British South Africa Company's administration of that Territory were, with the assumption of the administration by the Crown, transferred to the Governor of Northern Rhodesia.

The Office of High Commissioner, which was formerly held by the Governor of Cape Colony. was, by a Commission dated October 6, 1900, vested in Lord Milner, and by a similar Commission, dated March 15, 1905, in Lord Selborne

£450 to 550

During the years 1910-1930 the Office was vested, by separate Commission, in the successive Governors-General of the Union of South Africa. This arrangement ceased upon the termination of the period of office of Major-General the Earl of Athlone, K.G. Sir Herbert Stanley, G.C.M.G., was then appointed by His Majesty to be High Commissioner for South Africa, and he holds that office concurrently with the office of High Commissioner in the Union of South Africa for His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom.

#### BASUTOLAND.

#### (The Territory of Bamitoland.)

Basutoland is an inland Native Territory of South Africa, bounded North and West by Orange Free State, East by Natal, and South by Cape Colony, with an area of 11,716 square miles. The

Census of roar showed 495,937 natives and r,653 whites, r,659 coloured and 172 Asiatics.

The territory is well watered, and enjoys a good climate. It is one of the finest grain producing districts in South Africa, and the abundant grain analysis of the Bourte for the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of dant grass enables the Basnto to rear immense herds of cattle, sheep and goats, the mohair produced being of excellent quality. The Maluti Mountains, forming a part of the great Drakensberg chain, occupy most of the country, which is Basntoland has elevated, broken, and rugged. been called "The Switzerland of South Africa and contains amongst its natural wonders the

Maletsungane Falls (670 fect).

The Territory is governed by a Resident Com-missioner under the direction of the High Commissioner for South Africa, the latter possessing the legislative authority which is exercised by proclamation. The chiefs adjudicate on cases between natives, with a right of appeal to the magistrates' courts, where all cases between Europeans and natives are brought. The final The final court of appeal in the Territory is the Resident Commissioner's Court, appeal from which hes direct to the Privy Council. The revenue is derived from Customs, native tax, income tax on Europeans, post-office, and licences. Telegraph offices have been opened at Butha Buthe, Leribe, Peka, Teyateyaneng, Maseru, Morija, Mafeteng, Mohale's Hoek, Quthing and Qacha's Nek. Mohale's Hoek, Quthing and Qacha's Nek. There are 591 native schools, with an average attendance (1932) of 44.359, a large proportion being in the schools of the French Protestant Mission; there are also 9 white schools. The education vote for 1932-33 was £45.310. The chief articles of export are wool and mohair, cattle and hides, the imports being chiefly blankets, groceries and hardware.

, 0	
Ingi-gm,	¥938-33
Revenue£266,743	£275,410
Expenditure 280,407	A-731700
CAPITAL, Maseru. Pop., 2,319 (399 W	hites).
Resident Commissioner, John Chris	
Ramsay Sturrock, C. M.G., M A	£.x.650 i
Deputy Resident Commissioner and Go	
ment Secretary, F. L. Foord	
Judicial Commissioner (Bechuanal	
Swaziland & Basutoland), L. Black	
M.C., K.C. (acting)	1,000
Financial Secretary, L. G. Luscombe	900
Assistant Commissioners —	
Mohale's Hock, F. Jenner	850
Leribe, J. H. Sims	850
Mafeteng, E G. Dutton	
Maseru, H. Ashton	840

Qacha's Nek, T. B. Kennan	£640
Tenatenaneng, D. W. How	750
Quthing, L Clementi	(go
Deputy Do., Butha B. the, R. S. Balfe	600
Principal Medical Officer, H. R. F. Nattle Chief Veterinary Officer, F. A. Verney,	1,000
C.B.E., F R C V.S	900
Director of Public Works, H. W. Gibson	800
Director of Education, F. M. Reid (acting)	875
Supt. Leper Settlement, P. D. Strachan,	-,,
м.р.	850
Cont of Stores, Stephen Bernard Dutton	650
Agricultural Officer, L. Wacher	650
Chief Clerk and Registrar, and Master of	
Court, H J. Godden, M.B K	650
Masern is distant from London 7,668 transit, through the Cape, about 20 days.	

#### BECHUANALAND.

#### (The Bechnanaland Protectorate.)

The Bechmanaland Protectorate is a country of British South Africa, in the centre of the vast tableland stretching north to the Zambesi.

The Protectorate is bounded on the south and east by the Cape and Transvaul Provinces of the Union, on the north and north-east by Southern Rhodesia, the Zambesi and Chobe Southern Rhodesia, the Zambesi and Chobe (Linyant) Rivers, and on the weet by South-West Africa. It is about 500 miles long and 550 miles broad, with a total area of about 275,000 square miles; the Caprici Zipfel was attached to the Protectionte for administrative purposes by Protectionation (rogaz), but was retransferred to S. W. Africa, Sept. 1, 1929. The population at the Census of May, 1921, vas. 152, 503, of whom 1,743 were Whites, 52 Indians, 1922 Collowed and years R. Natives.

152,903, for whom 1,743 were whites, 52 indicates, 1,003 (Coloured and 1,50,185 Natives.

The climate is healthy during part of the year.
Malarial fever is prevalent during February,
March, and April, but with ordinary precuntions is not seriously detrimental to health. The country is essentially pastoral, atthough Kaffir corn, mealies, heans, pumpkins and melons are sown, and when the rainfall is adequate crops are respect. Cattle thrive, and numbered 426,344 at the Census of 1921. Much of the country is thick bush. The High Commissioner for South Africa has the power of making laws by proclamation for the Pro-tectorate, where he is represented by a Resident Commissioner. The population is almost entircly a native one, the principal tribes being those of Tshekedi, Regent during the minority of Seretse (Bamangwato), of Molefi Pilane (Bakgatla), of Kgari Sechele (Bakwana), of

Plante (bargatas), of Krari Scenice (Barwens), of Bathloen (Bangwaketsi), of Schoko Mokgcai (Bamalete), and of Monnamaburu (Batawana). The railway from Kimberley to Viyourg and Mafeking traverses the Protectorate on its way to Rhodesia. There is a telegraph line from Cupe Province through from Mafeking, md Gaberones and Francistown, to Bulawayo and Salisbury. The chief European centres are Lobatsi, Gaberones, Francistown, and Serowe, whither the late Chief (Khama) and all his people moved i rgor from Palapye The headquarters of the Protectorate Administration are at Mafeking, Cape Province.

Revenue Expenditure	1930 31. £148,511 154,923	1931-38. £106,635 168,498
Resident Commissioner Lt .	Col C. F R	AV

Government Secretary, Capt. H. B. Neale (acting)
Financial Secretary, Master of Resident
Commissioner's Court, R. E. Goodman
Resident Magistrates, Capt. H. B. Neale
(Senior Magistrates, Esto, C. M. Ledeboor £800; A. L. Cuzen £800; Capt.
G. E. Nettleton £800; Capt. J. W.
Potts
Potts
P.M.O., H. W. Dyke, M.B., Ch.B.
Chief Vetermary Officer, W. H. Clinse,
O.B.E., V.R.C.V.S (and allowances £150)

### SWAZILAND.

#### (The Swaziland Protectorate.)

Swaziland (called by the natives Kwa Nawane) hes between the Drakensberg and Lebombo Mountains on Butish South Africa. The Transvaal Province forms a boundary on the south, west and north, the eastern boundary being Zululand (Province of Natal) and Portuguese The total area is 6,705 square East Africa. miles, and the population (1921) 113,351, of whom 2,205 are whites, the remainder being Ama-Swazi Bantus (or Swazis). Estimated Enropean population (1932) 2,725. Swazland is divisible into three longitudinal regions: the monutamons regions of the west, with an approximate altitude exceeding 4,000 feet; the Middle Vold, about 2,000 feet lower; and the Low Veld, bounded on the east by the Lebombo Mountains, with an average altitude not exceeding x,ooo feet. The countly is well watered and healthy, the annual rainfall averaging 55 inches, the mean temperature being 62° Iahr. (30° 90°). The soil is generally fertile, particularly so in the Low and Middle Veld. The whole of the Territory forms excelect. lent grazing for cattle, and cattle-ranching on a large scale has been commenced by several companies. There were about 346,772 head of cattle in the Territory at the end of 1932. In the winter senson sheep are brought to Swaziland for grazing from the high table-lands of the Eastern Transvaal.

The agricultural products are, maize (the staple product), tobacco, millet, ground-mus beans, pumpkins, and sweet potatoes. Cotton growing from jassid resistant seed is becoming important. The country possesses considerable mineral wealth, including gold, fin, coal, copper and asbestos. During the year ended Dec. 31, 1932, 24 tons of cassiteritot in, valued at £11,497 were exported.

Mbabane, the headquarters of the Administration, is situated on the hills at an altitude of 4,000 feet. There are townships in the distincts at Bremersdorp, Hlatikulu, Stegi and Goodgegun. There are schools for Europeans at

various centres

There is a daily South African Railway motor omnibus service between Breyten and Mbabane (89 miles); Bremersdorp and Stegn (43 miles); Piet Rettet and Hlatikinh (57 miles); and Goedgegun to Hluti (33 miles). There are post offices, and telegraph and telephone offices at all the chef centres.

Resident Commissioner, T. Ainsworth Dickson, C.M.G., M.C.

Deputy Resident Commissioner, A. G. Marwick, O.B.E.

Government and Financial Secretary, J. R. Armstrong.

Assistant Goot Sec., L. J. Puttick.

Assistant Commussioners, H. B. A. McCarter; S. B. Williams.

# STRAITS SETTLEMENTS. (See MALAYA.) THE SUDAN.

The Sudan extends from the southern boundary of Egypt, 22° N. lat., to the northern boundary of Uganda, 3° 36° N. lat., and reaches from the French Sahara about 19° 20′ E (at 22° N.) to the north-west boundary of Entrea (tahan) in 38° 35′ E, (at 18° N.). The greatest length from north to south is approximately x,300 miles, and from east to west x,200 miles. The northern boundary is the 2nd parallel of North latitude; on the east lie the Red Sca, Eritrea and Abyssina; on the south lie Kenya Colony, the British Protectorate of Uganda and the Belgian (ongo; and on the west Freuch Equatoral Africa.

Equatorial Africa.

The estimated area is about x,008,100 sq. miles, with a population of about 5,600,000, partly Arabs, partly Negroes, and partly Nubran of mixed Alab-Negro blood, with a small foreign element, including some 3,000 Europeaus. The Arabs and Nubians are all Muhammadans, as are some of the Negroes, but the latter are generally pagais. The Gambeila enclare (within the boundaries of Abyssinia) is leased from the Abyssinian Government as a trading post. The Nile enters at Nimule, in Mongalla Province, as the Bahr et Jebel, and leaves the Sidan at Wall Halfa. From the Atbara confinence to the Mediterianoan the river has a course of close on 1,756 miles, and from its sources to the confinence its length may be reckoned at 1,810 miles, giving a total waterway of 3,526 miles. Between Khartoum and Wall Halfa occur five of the six Cutaracts, the remaining (first) cataract being in Egypt at Assuan.

Government.-The Sudan is administered by a Governor-General, aided, since 1910, by a Council nominated from amongst the Officials of the Government. All Ordinances and Laws are made by the Governor-General in Conneil. No duties may be levied on imports from Egypt, and duties on imports via the Red Sea ports may not exceed those levied in Egypt. The Sudan is divided into 14 provinces (Mudirias) under governors (Mudiris). Each province is subdivided into districts with one (or more) District Commissioners in charge of each. Native administrative officials are employed under the District Commissioners. Civil Justice is administered by a Chief Justice and four puisne judges, one of whom is also Registrar-General of Lands. There are also Province and District Judges who are usually the Governors and District Commissioners of Provinces, but there are also District Judges who are professional lawyers in some of the more important centres. Appeals lie from the District Judges to the Province Judges or the High Court, and from the Province Judges and the High Court to the Court of Appeal, which consists of three judges of the High Court. The system of the law administered is "justice, equity and good conscience" in all cases in which there is no special enactment.

There is no general code of civil and commercial law such as is in force in Egypt and many Continental countries. The religious law of Continental countries. The religious law of Islam is administered by the Mohanimedan Law Courts in matters of inheritance, marriage, divorce, and family relations generally amongst the Moslem population. There are District and Province Courts under District and Province Kadis, and a High (Mahkama) Court at Khartoum presided over by the Grand Kadi. Criminal Justice is administered chiefly by the Governors and District Commissioners and Margours of Provinces and Destricts all of whom Mamours of Provinces and Districts, all of whom are magistrates. The Judges of the High Court and District Judges also have criminal jurisdiction as magistrates. The more serious offences are tried by courts consisting of three magistrates, and many native notables have been made magistrates for the purpose of sitting as members of such courts. The decisions of such courts require confirmation by the Governor of the Province or the Governor-General, who exercise powers similar to those of confirming officers in Courts Martial, and to them also appeals lie. Courts of Sheiks or Chiefs in all parts of the country have varying powers of limited jurisdiction in accordance with native customs. The Sudan is garrisoned by native troops, forming the Sudan Defence Force. A small garrison of British troops is quartered at Khartoum. The Police are locally enlisted and are under Provincial administration.

Education.-In addition to khalwas there are 87 kuttabs (vernacular schools) attended by 87 kuttabs (vernaciiar schools) attenucii ny 8,943 pupils, and to primary schools, where instruction is given in English as well as Arabic, attended by about 970 pupils; a secondary school at Khartoum (Gordon College), a teuchers' training school and technical or trade schools, at Omdurman, and Atbara. There are also 22 elementary vernacular schools for girls, and a training college for girls' teachers.

Production.—The principal grain crop is dura (great millet), which is the staple food of the people in the Sudan, and is also used as cattle and poultry food elsewhere. Egyptian cotton has been successfully established, and increasing quantities are being produced annually. The Gezira Irrigation Scheme at present (1933) en ables an area of 681,000 acres to be cultivated between the Blue and White Niles and oneseason. The necessary water is stored by the Sennar Dam on the Blue Nile, about 170 miles south of Khartouin. Cotton cultivation in the irrigated area is managed by a syndicate, and is one of the largest cotton-growing schemes in the world (194,975 feddans 111 1932). The Sudan is the chief source of the world's supply of gum arable. Natural sait fields on the Red Sea coast near Port Sudan supply the whole needs of the country and maintain an export trade with Abyssinia. Work has been commenced on a new scheme for the further expansion of salt production on a large scale in this area. Other products include sesame, senna leaves and pods, ground-nuts, dates, chillies, lulu nuts, indes and skins, and gold.

Communications.—The railways and steamers

throughout the country are administered by a Government department. During the past few years nearly 500 miles of new railways have been Advocate-G neral and Asst. Legal Sec., J. P. built, while other transport has been revolutionised by the opening up of a net-work of motor roads spreading all over the country

during the dry season. In 1932 there were 1,989 miles of railways open for traffic. The gauge is 3 ft. 6 in. Since the opening of the eastern railway the Red Sea port of Port Sudan receives much of the trade which formerly passed northwards. A line from Sennar Town, crossing the Sennar Dam, was completed during 1929, and affords an alternative 100te (498 miles) for pro-duce of the Southern provinces to Haiya Junc-tion, 126 miles W. of Port Sudan. There are over 3,000 miles of the various reaches of the river Nile and its tributaries under navigation by a fleet of shallow draught steamers and barges. Three of these routes are only practicable in the flood season, June to September, but communication with the Kenya and Uganda Railways is maintained throughout the year by means of a motor service over the Juba-Nimule road, which connects with the regular fortnightly sailings of the Sudan Nile Service and the Uganda salings of the Sugar Successful and converge and lake Albert Service. Frequent services are also provided by private enterprise over the Juba-Aba Road, connecting with the road system of the Belgian Congo. During the dry season (December to March) private enterprises also operate motor car services between Juba and Kampala (600 miles) and Juba and Nairobi (800 miles). In the interior of the country there are other dry season motor roads. the principal towns are in direct telegraphic communication with Khartoum, the total mileage of telegraph lines being 5,737 miles in 1928. There are so stationary and 16 travelling Post and Telegraph offices, and so wireless telegraphy

Finance.-The revenue is derived mainly from land tax, animal tax, royalties on gim and ivory, customs and railways, posts, telegraphs and steamhoat services.

	1931	1938.
Revenue	*£E4,398,618	*£E3,853,798
Expenditure	*4.398,618	3,853,798
Total Exports		3,797,528
Total Imports	3,761,013	3,054,644
Imports from U.K.	1,164,485	692,623
Exports to UK	781,327	a,667,099

The principal export is cotton, the value of which, together with cotton-seed, amounted to which, together with cotton-seed, amounted to £665,449 or 37'z per cent. of the value of the total exports. Gum arabic, £660,753. Othor exports are: seame, cattle, lides and skins, dates, ground-nuts, dom-nuts, salt, senna, chillies, lulu nuts, ivoly and gold. Governor-Generat, His Excellency Sir George Stewart Symes, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., D.S.O. (202).

(1933) Private Sec., M. W. Parr, O.B.R. Comptroller, E. O. Springfield, M.C. A.D.C., Bimbashi B. D. T Tarleton. Governor-General's Council.

Ex-Officio Members, the Civil Secretary; the Legal Secretary; the Financial Secretary; the Kaid El'Anim, see Sudan Defence Force,

Additional Members, R. M. MacGregor, C.M.G.; R. K. Winter; G. N. Loggin, C.M.G. Sudan Agency.

Sudan Agent (Cairo), T. A. de U. Hamilton, M.O. Departments.

Gorn an.

Inclusive (since 1929) of not receipts and expenditure, Sudan Railways

Director of Agriculture and Forests, J. N. Cameron. Auditor-General, M. Hillary, D.S.O., O.B.E. Chief Justice, H. Owen, M.C. Civil Secretary, (vacant) Secretary for Economic Development, R. Davies. Director of Customs, D. M. Bennett, O. B.E. Warden, Gordon College, C. W. Williams, M.B.K. Sec. for Education and Health, R. K. Winter.

Financial Secretary, H. E. Fass, C.B., O.B.R. Game Warden, M. j. W. R. Barker, O.B.R. Grand Kadı, Sheikh Mohammed Noaman El Garim.

Controller, Public Security Intelligence Branch, J. C. Penney, N.O.
Irrigation Adviser, R. M. MacGregor, C.M.d.
Registrar General of Lands and Director of
Lands, H. A. Evans, M.C.
Legal Secretary, B. H. Boll, C.B.R
Mufti, Sheikh Sayed Ismail El Azhari, C.B.E.,

M. V O. Parector of Posts and Telegraphs, Lt. Col. J. L.

Tomlin, C.B.E., D S.O. Director of Public Works, G. N. Loggin, C.M.C., M.I.C.E.

Director of Stores, Capt. H. B. Emley.
Director of Stores, Capt. H. C. E. Jebb, O. B.E.
Do., Medical Service, E. D. Pridie, D.S. O., O.B.E.,

M.B., B.S. Do., Surveys, Lt. Col. S. L. Milligan, C M.G., D.S.O.

Do., Veterinary Service, W. Kennedy, D.S.O. GOVERNORS OF PROVINCES.

GOVERNORS OF PROVINGER

Bahr el Ghazal (Wau), Maj. R. G. C. Brock, O.B.E.
Berber (El Damer), P. Ingleson, M. B.E., M.C.
Blue Nile (Wail Medaul), W. P. D. Clarke, O.B.E.
Darfur (El Pasher), C. G. Dupuns,
Dongola (Merowe), E. G. Coryton,
Fung (Ninga), C. H. Thomson,
Halja (Wail Halfa), W. D. C. L. Purves,
Kassala (Kassala), F. T. C. Young
Khartenu, Kherbung, E. G. Sughkhladia of M. G.

Khartoum (Khartoum), E.G Sarsfield-Hall, c.m.g. Kordojan (El Oberd), D. Newbold, c.B.E. Mongalla (Juba), L. F. Nalder, C.M G., C.I.E.,

Port Sudan-Suakin Administration (Port Sudan), Commusuoner, A. S. Redfein. Upper Nile (Malaka), A. G. Pawson. White Nile (El Ducim), J. A. Reid.

SUDAN DEFENCE FORCE. O.C. British Trops in the Sudan and Com-mandant Sudan Defence Force (Rt Kaul El'Anni), Brig. S. S. Butler, C.M.G., D.S.O. C.S.O., Col. H. F. Franklyn, D.S.O. M.C. M.S. and A.A.-C., Capt. A. E. Cottam, M.C. A.Q.M.G., Capt. G. F. H. Stayner.

London Office.

(Wellington House, Buckingham Gate, S.W. z.) Controller, A. B. B. Howell, M.B.E.

CAPITAL, KHARTOUM, at the innetion of the White and Blue Niles. The town contains a large mos be for Mohammedans, a cathedral, large noe 'e for Mohammedans, a cathedral, and the the dowernment buildings. Population 55,318. Opposite Khartonin, on the Blue Nile, is Khartonin North (33,412), and on the White Nile is Omdurman (204,454), the former Mahdist capital.

#### TANGANYIKA TERRITORY.

TANGANYIKA TERRITORY has a coast-line of about 500 miles and an estimated area of 373,500 square miles. The coast-line extends from the mouth of the Umba to the mouth of the Rovums River.

The native population consists mostly of tribes of mixed Bantu race. In 1932, the native population of Tanganyika Territory was estimated at 4,933,179. The total white population is about 8,150. According to German law every native norn after 1903 is free, but a mild serfdon was continued under German rule. Legislation for the abolition of the status of slavery was expected on time of the status of slavery was

for the abolition of the status of shavery was enacted on June 9, 1922.

The amount allocated to education in 1932 was £100,393, further sums being contributed by native administrations. In 1932 there were 90 Government schools for Africans, with 7,001 children in average attendance, and 3,345 Mission schools with average attendance of 107,439 pupils. Two schools are maintained by the Government for the education of European abultion one a day school at Dar-es-Salaam. children, one a day school at Dar-es-Salaam, and the other a boarding school at Ngare Nairobi, in the Northern Province. Assistance Is given to 3 kindergarten schools at Tabora, Dodoma and Tanga; to 3 Dutch schools in the Arusha district; to 2 Roman Catholic schools in Dar-es-Salaam and Tabora; to 4 German schools in Northern Tanga and Iringa Provinces, and to z Greek school at Kibosho. There were 47 Indian schools (3, 193 pupils), of which 45 are in secept of financial assistance. The Government publishes a monthly journal printed in Swahili to disseminate news and useful informa-

tion among the vernacular speaking population.
The total area under forests is about 4,096 square miles, of which 3,998 square miles are included in the Government Forest Reserves, 55 square miles await reservation, and about 63 square miles are privately owned. Non-native plantations are mainly for the production of small fibre and coffee, with small areas under tea and tobacco, minor crops being cotton, maize and coconuts. Native production con-sists chiefly of coffee, bananas, cotton, ground-

sists chiefly of coffee, bananas, octton, ground-nuls, nice, nullet, maize, casava and pulses. In 1932 there were 5 336.412 cattle, 1,281,405 sheep and 3,374,989 goats in the Territory. The value of minerals produced in 1932 was— gold £149,864, salt £33,788, mica £3,868, and tin £6,893.

The chief exports are sisal, cotton, coffee, cound-nuts, hides, skins, coppa. 27 all, sinsim.

ground-nuts, hides, skins, copra, grain, sinsim, bees-wax, ghee, diamonds and gold; the chief imports being cotton piece goods, iron and steel manufactures, foodstuffs, machinery, building materials, kerosene and motor spirit, sugar, rice, spirits, and cigarettes.

1931-32 Revenue .....£1,74~,478 £1,522,368 Expenditure ...... s,xoz,50x 1,820,928

Imports ......£2,495,596 £1,871,998 Exports ...... 1,890,722 2,199,216

The following units of the King's African Rifles are stationed in the Territory:—The Headquarters of the Southern Brigade, the Brigade Signal Section, the Brigade Supply and Transport Corps, the set and 6th Bus and a company of the snd Bn, totalling about s,coo native soldiers and 3E European officers. There is a Police Force of 1,840 of all ranks.

is a Police Porce of 1,340 of all rails.

The chief seaports are Dar-es-Salaam, Tangs, Lindi, Mikindani, and Kiiwa, all of which are accessible to ocean-going vessels. In 1938, 437 steamers (exclusive of coastal boats) of 1,041,545 tons, and 2,329 dhows of 50,789 tons entered and cleared at the various

ports from places beyond the Territory. There are two railways of metro gauge in the Territory. The Tanga Railway from Tanga to Arusha via Moshi (272 miles). The Kenya and Uganda Railways councet with this railway at Kahe Junction. The Central Railway from Dark Gellemen Fitter of the Control Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway from Dark Central Railway fro es-Salaam to Kigoma (774 miles), with a branch line from Manyoni (365 miles) to Kinyangiri (94 miles) val Singuda, and a branch line from Tabora (524 miles) to Mwanza (236 miles) on Lake Victoria. Steamers run on Lakes Victoria, Nyasa and Tanganyika. Dar-es-Salaam is in telegraphic communication with many inland centres, and with the adjoining territories Nyasaland, Kenya, Uganda and Northen Rhodesia. Mbeya, Dodoma and Moshi are ports of call for Imperial Airways Mail Service. London to Capetown. There are 135 post offices and postal agencies (205 of which have tele-graphic facilities), and 140 telegraph offices. Telephone exchanges are established and trunk telephone communication is in operation between so inland centres, and also with Mombasa. CAPITAL, Dar-es-Salaam. and Comm. Commander-in-Chief, Governor H.E. Mac Michael £4,500 Jackson ..... 400 Chief Secretary, D. J. Jardine, C.M.G., O. B.E. ..... ..... 2.000 Deputy do., S. B. B. McElderry ....... Secretary for Native Affairs, P. E. Mitchell, C.M.G., M.C. 1,350 1,350 Chief Justice, Sir Joseph A. Sheridan . . Judges, J. H. G. McDougail, H. H. 2,000 Henrie Attorney-General, C. B. Francis Treasuser, H. L. Bayles Director of Menual and Santary Services, A. H. Owen Director of Education, A. A. M. Isherx,400 1,650 1,450 1,500 1,350 gade. K.A. Rifles (vacant) (and Command Allowance £ 150) 1,200 General Manager, Radicays, Col. G. A. P.
Maxwell, D.S.O., M.V.O., M.C., R.R.
Provincal Commissioners, F. W. Brett;
F. J. Bagshawe O.B.E.; E. C. Richards,
£1,350; H. Hignell; G. F. Webster;
C. H. A. Grierson 2,000 1,200 1,200 Comptroller of Customs, E. Adams, O.B.E. Director of Public Works (vacaut) ....... 1,350 1,150 1,350 1,600 I,200 1,150 1,150 1,150 Teale..... 1,150 Conservator of Forests, D. K. S. Grant ... Director of Veterinary Services, H. N. 1,450

Swynnerton .....

Government Printer, N. C. Drury ....... Director, East African Agricultural Research Station, W. Nowell, C.B.E....

£880 1,500

Trade Enquiry Office in London, The Commissioner, H M. Eastern African Dependencies, Grand Buildings, Trafalgar Square, W.C. s.
TOGOLAND.

#### (Joint Franco-British Administration.)

The total area is about 43,040 square miles, with an estimated population of cao.coo. The British sphere consists of an area of about 23,041 sq. miles with a population estimated (1931) at 293,744, including 43 Non-Africans. The mandated sphere adjoins the custern frontier of the Gold Coast and is administered as part of it.

#### TRISTAN DA CUNHA

is the chief of a group of islands of volcanic origin lying in lat. 30°6′8. and long. x2°2′W, discovered in x506 by a Portuginese admiral (Trisão da Cunha), after whom they are named. The main island is about 2,000 miles W. of the Cape of Good Heave to the NE of Cape. Cape of Good Hope, 4,000 miles N.E. of Cape Horn, and about 1,500 miles S.S.W. of St. Helena. It was the resort of British and American sealers from the middle of the 18th century, and in 1760 a British naval officer visited the group and gave his name to Nightingale Island, On August 14, 1816, the group was amnexed to the British Crown and a garrison was placed on Tristan da Cunha, but this force was withdrawn after a few months, Corporal William Glass (dud 1853) remaining at his own request, with his wife and two children. This party, with two masons imported for the purpose of housing the garuson, formed the present settlement. In 1827 five coloured women from St. Helena, and afterwards others from Cape Colony, joined the party. The inhabitants are of mixed blood, but the British strain is predominant. In 1885 many of the able-bodied men were drowned through the upsetting of a boat, and in 1886 a grant of stores and provisions was made by Parliament. In 9121 the inhabitants numbered 127 and in 1931 the number was 163; they are stated to be very long-lived. The principal settlement (Edinburgh) is in a fertile tract in the north-west of the island, its name being in honour of a visit from the Duke of Edinburgh The inhabitants raise crops and possess in 1867. cattle, sheep and pigs.

From the death of Corporal Glass until 1933
the oldest minabilitant netted as Governor; in
1933, a council of four was set up (with one of
its members as (hamman), the chairman, or
chief, acting as island spokesman and conducting marranges in the absence of a chaplain.
There is also a women's council for matters
affecting women and children. Communication
with the outside world is infrequent and
the occasional visits of steamers are the only
opportunities afforded to the inhabitants for
the replenishment of comforts. In spite of
periods of distress the inhabitants refuse to leave
the island for the Cape of Good Hope, to which
they are attracted by offers of land.

INACCESSIBLE ISLAND is a lofty mass of rock with sides a miles in length; the island is the resort of penguius and sea-fowl.

THE NIGHTINGALE ISLANDS are three in

THE NIGHTINGALE ISLANDS are three in number, of which the largest is x mile long and 3/m. wide, and rises in two peaks, 66 and x, 105 ft. above the sea-level respectively. The smaller islands, Stotienhoff and Middle Isle, are

1,100 1,050 960

900

little more than huge rocks. Numbers of seals

and sea-elephants visit these islands,

Gough ISLAND (or Diego Alvarez), in 40° 20'S, and 9° 44' W., her about 250 miles S S E. of Tristan da Cunha. The island is about 8 miles long and 4 miles broad, with a total area of 40 square miles, and has been a British possession since 856 The island is the resort of penguins and has valuable gnano deposits. There is no permanent population.

#### THE UGANDA PROTECTORATE.

The territories now comprised within this Protectorate came under British influence in 1890, and a portion of them was for a time administered by the Imperial British East Africa Company. In 1894 a British Protectorate was declared over the kingdom of Uganda and some of the adjoining territories. The present limits are approximately as follows:—On the north, are approximately as follows:—On the moth, the Uganda-Sudan boundary; on the east, a line drawn from Mt Zulia, on the Sadan boundary, along the Turkana escripment over the top of Mt. Elgon, and along the west boundary of the Colony of Kenya and the eastern shores of Lake Victoria; on the south, by Tanganyika Territory (late German East Africa); and on the west, by the eastern boundary of the Radian Course. boundary of the Belgian Congo Within these boundaries the part of the Victoria Nyanza, part of Lake Edward, the whole of Lake George, half of Lake Albert, the whole of Lake Koga, the whole of Lake Salsbury, and the course of the Nile from its exit from lake Victoria to Nimile, where the Sudan commences. Total area, 94,204 square indes, lighting 13,616 square indes of water.

For administrative purposes, the Protectorate

is divided into 4 Provinces:—
(1) Eastern Province, comprising the districts of Busoga, Bugwere, Bugishu, Budama, Teso, and Karamoja.

(z) Northern Province, compusing the districts of lunyoro, Guln, Chun, Lango, and West Nile.

(3) Western Province, comprising the districts of Toro, Ankole, and Kigezt.
(4) Buganda Province (with islands in Lake Victoria) comprising the districts of Mengo, Masaka, Mubende, and Entebbe. Owing to sleeping sickness, the islands of Lake Victoria were entirely depopulated, and the inhabitants (about 20,000) settled on the mamband in fly-free districts, but the work of repopulating these islands was undertaken and completed in 1921 and 1921, and natives and then cattle have been repatriated.
The whole Protectorate is under direct admin-

istration; but the native kings or chiefs, whose rights are in some cases regulated by treaties. are encouraged to conduct the government of their own subjects. The province of Buranda is recognised as a native kingdom under a Kabaka (H.H. Sir Dandi Chwa, K.C.N.G., grandson of the celebrated Mutesa). He is assisted in the government by three native ministers and a Lukiko, or native Connell, and each county and district chief also has his Lukiko to assist him in local government and in the administration of justice. In Buganda (and in Bunnoro, Ankole and Toro, also ruled over by paramount chiefs, as well as in most of the other parts of the Protectorate more directly administered), and non-natives justice is administered by His Majesty's Courts. The principal British representative is the Governor, who (with the assistance of the Executive and Legislative Councils) makes Ordinances for the administration of justice, the raising of revenue, and other pur-There are local British courts of justice, and a High Court with civil and criminal jurisdiction. The Appeal Court consists of the judges of the High Courts of Kenya, Uganda, Nyasaland, Zanzibar, and Tanganyika Territory. There is an armed constabulary force, under a British Commissioner of Police and British officers. There is also a battalion of the King's African Rifles stationed in the Protectorate.

The total population of Uganda (Census of May 1931) is given as 3.553,534, composed as follows: Natives, 3,536,267; Asiatics, x4.750; Europeans, 2,001, and others, x,x16. At first educational work was cuttively in the hands of the various Missionary Societies, who still receive grants towards scholarships, &c., for students and teachers; their efforts have for some years been supplemented by Government, which has also established a University College for natives at Makerere, Kampala. About 2.000,000 natives speak Bantu languages, the most important of which is Luganda, the language of the Baganda tribe, after whom the Protectorate is named. Swahili is also widely spoken. There are a few pignets living near the Semiliki river and the Multimbiromondonis; the rest of the natives belong to the Milotic, Hamitic and Sudanese

,	1030	1931
Revenue	\$1,412,242	£1,399,913
Poll-tax	522,972	516,808
Custoin	324,763	304.128
Expenditure (excl. loans)	2,040,204	1,451,564
Total Exports	2,060,453	1,978,262
Special Imports	1,614,164	1.308 726

The Customs Services are now merged in those of Kenya (q r). The export trade is ununly in cotton (£1,503,307 in 1931), coffee, chillies, oil-seeds, tubbet, ivory, tin ore and ludes and skins. The trade is chiefly with Great Britain, the Umted States, and India.

Nile steamers ply to Juba, which is connected by a motor road with Nimule, the Sudan port of the Kenya and Uganda Railway Marine Service ou the Albert Nile and Lake Albert. Passengers are transported between these two places by the Sudan Government Railways motor service. A regular steamer service is maintained by the Kenya and Uganda Radway Administration on Lake Kioga, between Masindi Port and Namasagali, the termina of the Basoga railway; and on Lake Victoria between Kismin and Entebbe and Port Bell and the other Uganda ports. The Lake Albert Marine, which has already been mentioned, provides a weekly service on the Nile between Butaba and Ninule during the season (Oct.-Feb.), and a fornightly service on lake Albert between Butaba and the Belgian port of Kaseuyi. The Railway Administration therefore provides a through service from Jinja and Kisumu to the Sudan and the Belgian Congo. The Busoga Railway, from Junia (on Lake Victoria) to Namasagah, a point on the Nile below the rapids, which was completed in zgrz, has recently been merged in the main line of the K. & U. Ry., which now runs from Kampala rid Eldoret to Nakuru, where it joins the old line to the coast. The continuation the rocectorate more unrectly administered, main one of the  $\kappa$ .  $\alpha$  c. ry., which now runs purely native matters are dealt with by from Kampala vid Eldoret to Nakuru, where it the various Lukikas, but in serious cases there joins the old line to the coast. The continuation is an appeal to British courts. For Europeans of this main line to Kampala has now been com-

pleted, and a further extension from Tororo function to Soroti vid Mhale was opened in 1929. There is a railway from Port Bell to Kampala, 7% miles in length. There is a fleet of Govern-nent motor vans, and there are aeroplane landing grounds at Eutebhe, Coloro and Jinja. Good all-weather motor-roads connect the principal administrative centres. Hotels exist at Kampala, Jinja, Tororo, Masindi, Fort Portal and Masaka.

The unit of currency is the shilling, and the

lower coinage is on a cental basis

In rese Executive and Legislative Councils were constituted, and these came into being in Jan., xgax. The former consists of 6 appointed members and the latter includes the tormer, with the addition of mofficial members, and is presided over by the Governor. The headquarters of the British administration is at ENTERBE; the chief commercial centres are Kampala (Buganda) and Jinja (Eastern Province).

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, His Excellency Sir Bernard Henry Bourdillon, K.B E., C.M.G. (1932) (and £1,500 duty) £3,500 Chief Secretary,* E. L. Scott, C.M.G.,

O.B.E., M.C... ...... Provincial Commrs., A. E. Weatherhead; W. G. Adams; A. H. Cox (acting)

£ 1,200 to 1,350 1,400

D.S.O.

Director of Medical and Sanitary Services,

W. H. Kauntze, M.B.E., M.D.

Deputy Chief Secretary, J. E. S. Menick, О.В.Й. 1.350

Assistant Chief Secretary, A. H. Cox ...... Treasurer, *S. Maiston...... Dir. of Public Works, A. McClurc..... Director of Surveys and Land Officer, 1,200 1,400 1,350

Commr. of Police, Maj F. T. G Tremlett,

Director of Geological Survey, E.J. Wayland 1,100 Director of Veterinary Services, W. F. Poulton .....

1,000 1,100 D.S.O., M C.... ..

Gott Printer and Comptroller of Stationers, J. ('oates, O.B.E. (and £50 allowance) £600 to 920

Trade Enquiry Office in London, The Commissioner, H.M. Eastern African Dependencies, Grand Buildings, Trafalgar Square, W.C. z. CAPITAL (Administrative Hdqrs.), Entebbe.

#### ZANZIBAR.

(The Zanzibar Protectorate.) Sultan, H. H. Seyyid Sir Khalifa bin Harub, K.C.M G., K.B.E., born Aug. 26, 1879; succeeded Dec. 9, 1911.

The Zanzibar dominions became independent in 1856 under the rule of Seyyid Majid, a son of Seyyid Said, Sultan of Muscat and Zauzibar. They formerly extended along the mainland as far south as Tinghi Bay and north as War-sheikh; but since the cession of the coast-line

· Member of Executive Council,

from Ruvuma to Vanga, including the island of Mafia, to Germany in 1890, and of the Benadh and Kismayu coasts to Italy in 1904 and 1894 tespectively, they are now confined to the islands of Zanzibar and Pemba, a coastal strip from Vanga to Ras Kiamboni (Dick's Head), the islands of Lamn, Manda, Patta, and Siu. The Zanzibar dominions on the mainland are under the administration of H.M. Government through the Governor and Commander-in-Chief in the Kenya Colony and Protectorate (q.r.). Zanzibar has been a British Protectorate since November, 1890. On July 1, 1913, the Protectorate was transferred from the Foreign to the Colonial Office.

The population of Zanzibar and Pemba (Census of 1931) was 235,428, the area of the former being

640 square miles, and of the latter 380 square miles. As the centre of the Arnb power, Zanzibar, from the beginning of the reth century until quite recently, dominated the trade of East Africa. The islands possess practically a monopoly in cloves (the export of which was valued at Its. 64,97,578 in 1932) and produce quantities of copia (exports in 1932, Rs 19,12,421). In addition, Zanzibar serves as a storehouse for the East African coast, where both imports and exports are received and distributed. Of late years its importance as a port of transhipment and distributing centre has decreased, owing to the development of the mainland, to the opening up of the coast ports to direct steamship service with Europe, and to the transfer to Aden of the seat of trade with the Benadir coast. Recent figures, however, tend to indicate that the island will continue, from the very fact of its geographical position, to retain control of the local traffic—of that portion of the trade which goes to small towns up and down the adjacent mainland coast. There are 24x miles of roads throughout the Protectorate suitable for motor traffic

The principal imports are rice, grains, grocenes, sugar, tobacco, copia, petioleim and piece-goods; the exports are cloves and copra, in addition to re-exports of previously imported

rice, gram, copra and prece-goods

The city of Zanzibar, on the island of the same name, is the largest in East Africa, and possesses a magnificent harbour, which presents great facilities for shipping and trade generally.

Tonnage of occan-going steamers which entered the port in 1922, 2.393.911. and 3,369 shows (64.107 tons). Zanzibai provides the best water supply on the East (oast of Africa, and it is much in demand for shipping supplies.

• •	1031	1932
Revenue	£536,389	£455,580
Expenditure	580 061	458,166
Imports	1.165.854	944,814
Exports		910,267

British Resident, Sir Richard Suns Donkm Rankine, K C M.G (1930) (and duty allow-

Chief Justice (vacant) ...... Treasurer and Compliabler of Customs, 1,600

G. D. Kirsopp .... . ...... 1.200 

rade Enquiry Office in Landon, The Commis-sioner, H.M. Eastern African Dependencies, Grand Buildings, Trafalgar Square, W.C. z Zanzibar is distant 6,850 miles; transit, so days.

1,350 1,350

1,350

1,200

дбо

## The United States of America.

1	Gross Area, 1930	Popu	Population.		
Divisions.	(sq. miles).	Сеняня 1920.	Census 1932		
Continental United States	*3,026,789	105,710,620	122,775,046		
Alaska	586,400	55,036	59, 278		
Guani	206	13,275	18,509		
Hawaii (and Midway Isld )	6,407	255,912	368, 336		
Panama Cmal Zoce	549	22,858	39,467		
Philippines	114,400	u10, 314, 310	512.082,366		
Puerto Rico	3,435	1,299,809	1,543,913		
Samoa (and Swain Isld.)	76	8,056	10,055		
Virgin Islands of the U.S.A	133	c26.051	22,012		
Military, &c., abroad		117.238	89,453		
Total	3,738,395	117,823,165	137,008,435		

* Land Area, Continental United States, 2,973,776. a Population in 1918; b 1929, c. 1917.

Increase of the People—(Continental U.S. only).

	1	Torat Po	AI POPULATION				
TEAR OF	White	Negro	Other Races	Total	PRECEDING CANSON	DECENNIAL IMMIGRANTS	
1860 1870 1880 1890 1900 1910 1920 1932	26,922,537 33,589,377 43,402,970 55,101,258 66,809,196 81,731,957 94,820,915	4.441,830 4,880,009 6,580,793 7,488,676 8,833,994 9,827,763 10,463,131 11,891,143	78,954 88,985 172,020 357,780 351,385 412,566 426,574 2,019,606	31,443,321 38,558,371 50,155,783 62,947,714 75,994,575 91,972,266 105,710,620 122,775,046	8,251,445 7,115,050 11,597,412 12,791,931 13,046,851 15,977,691 13,738,354 17,064,426	2,598,214 2,314,824 2,812,193 5,246,613 3,687,564 8,795,386 5,735,811 4,107,209	

*In 1930 a separate classification was provided for Mexicans who, up to that date, had been counted with the white population. The number of Mexicans reported in 1930 (1,422,533) is melided for that year in the figure for "Other races," and its inclusion accounts for most of the increase between 1930 and 1930. It is estimated that the 1930 figure for the white population included 200,543 persons who would have been counted as Mexicans in 1930. If these are deducted from the 1930 total, there is obtained what might be termed an adjusted figure, 94,120,374, which is more closely comparable with the 1930 figure for the white population.

#### BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

The annual computation of mortality statistics for that part of the Continental United States known as the "Registration Area" began with the calendar year 1900. This area at that time inclinded 40'5 per cent of the total population, and in 1930 96'2 per cent. The birth registration area was established in 1915, it inclinded at that time 32'2 per cent of the total population, and in 1930, 94'7 per cent. The following table shows that the state of limits and denths in the respective Registration Areas, with rates per 1,000 of the estimated population, for the calendar years 1924 to 1931'.

#### IMMIGRATION AND FUIGRATION.

From 1820 to 1933, 37 917 795 alien miningrants insided in the United States. In the fiscal year couled June 30, 1933, 23,058 immigrant and 127,650 non-immigrant aliens were admitted, a total of 150,728 During the same year, 80,081 emigrant and 163,721 hon-imigrant aliens, departed, a total of 243,852. The net decrease for the year was 93,074.

#### MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

The Law of Divorce differs in many of the States, while South Carolina has no Divorce Law. In general, adultery, cruelty, abandonment (description), habitual diunkenness, and imprisonment on conviction of felony, are legal causes of divorce.

	Buerus v	Di stus •	on conviction of t	elony, are l	egal causes o	f divorce.
CALANDAR 7 FAR	Number Ratepe	Number Rate per	YEAR MARRIAGES	Dr	ORCES GRANTE	D
1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	1,930.614 22.4 1,878.886 21.5 1,856.068 20.7 1,836.36 20.6 2,233.149 19.8 2,169.920 18.9 2,232.358 18.9	1 173,990   11 7 1 219 019   11 8 1 285,927   12 3 1 236,949   11 4 1 378,675   12 1 1 386,363   11 9 1 343,365   11 3 1 222,880   11 3	Total  1916 1.040,684 1929 1,223,559 1930 1,128,280 1931 1,060,914 1932 981,903	74,893 148,187 137,309 132,612 117,375	33,809 57,148 52,554 49,591 42,335	° Total. 112,036 201,468 191,591 183,664 160,338
. 1931	* 2,112,760 18'0 * Exclusive of still		The totals inclusional statistics were obt	ide divorce	s for which r	o detailed

#### FOREIGN-BORN WHITE POPULATION OF U.S. (CENSUS OF 1030.)

	Country.	Number.		Number	Country	Number	Country	Number.
	Armema		France	135,232	Netherlanda.		Switzerland	113,010
,	Austria		Germany		Norway	347,852		
	Belgium	64,194	Greece	174,526	Poland		Palestine	63,362
	Canada—		Hungary	274,450	Portugal	69,974	Turkey in Asia	46,65x
ı	French	370,852	Ireland -		Rumania		Wales	60,205
ı	Other	907,569	N. Ireland	178,832	Russia		West Indies)	
	Czechoslovakia	491,638	1. Free State	744,810	(USS.R.)	1.153.624	(not US. 1.))	31,426
	Denmark	179,474	Italy	1,790,424	Scotland .	354,323	Yngoslavia	211,416
	England		'Lithuama	193,606	Spann	58,302	Other Countrie	8 220,500
	Finland	142,478	Mexico	23,743	Sweden	595,250	' <u>-</u>	
	Clares a mar . 21.						0 // 4-1	

SUMMARY: Europe, 11,742,885; Asia, 157,580, America, 1,395,070; Other, 70,872. Total, 13,366,407.

#### PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The Republic occupies nearly all that portion of the North American Continent, between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, in Intitude 250-400 North and longitude 670-1210 30' West, its northern boundary being Canada and the southern boundary Mexico. Its coast-line has an estimated length of about 5,565 miles on the Atlantic, 2,730 miles on the Pacific, 3,641 miles on the Gulf of Mexico, and 1,050 miles on the Great Lakes. The principal river is the mighty Mississippi-Missoun, traversing the whole country from north to south, and having a course of 1,700 miles to its mouth in the Gulf of Mexico, with many large affluents, the chief of which are the Yellowstone Platte, Nebraska, Arkansas, Ohio, and Red Rivers. The rivers flowing into the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans are comparatively small; among the former may be noticed the Hudson, Delaware, Susquehama, Potomac, and Savanuah; of the latter, the Columbia, Saciamento, and Colorado. The Alabama and Colorado of Texas fall into the Gulf of Mexico, also the Rio Grande, a long river partly forming the boundary with Mexico. The areas of the water-basins have been estimated as follows :- Rivers flowing to the Pacific, 644,040 square inles; to the Atlantic, 488,877; and to the Gulf of Mexico, 1,683,325 square miles, of which 1,257,547 are drained by the Mississippi-Missouri. The chain of the Rocky Mountains separates the western portion of the country from the remainder, all communication being carried on over certain elevated passes, several of which are now traversed by ruilroads; west of these, bordering the Pacific coast, the Cascade Mountains and Sierra Nevada form the outer edge of a high table-land, consisting in part of stony and sandy desert and partly of grazing land and forested mountains, and including the Great Salt Lake, which extends to the Rocky Mountains. Eastward the country is a vast, gently undulating plain, with a general slope southwards towards the partly marshy flats of the Gulf of Mexico, extending to the Atlantic, interrupted only by the Alleghany Mountains, of inferior elevation, in the Eastern States. whole of this plain, from the Rocky Mountains to some distance beyond the Mississippi, consists of numeric treeless savanualis and prairies of Invariant grass. In the Eastern States (which form the more settled and most thickly inhabited portion of the country) large forests of valuable timber, as beech, birch, maple, oak, pine, spince, chu, ash, waluut; and in the south, live oak, water-oak, magnolia, palmetto, tulip-tree, cypress, &c., still exist, the remnants of the forests which formerly extended over all the Atlantic slope, but into which great inroads have been made by the advance of civilisation. The Mississippi valley is emineutly fertile. The mineral kingdom produces much ore of iron, copper, lead, zine, and aluminium; the non-metallic minerals include immense quantities of coal, antification, and antification, stone, cement, phosphate rock, and salt. Precious metals include gold and silver, raised manuly in Colorado, California, and Alaska (gold), and Colorado, Montana, Utah, and Idaho (silver). The highest point is Mount Whitney at 1,1,96 feet above sea level, and the lowest point of dry land is in Death Valley, 256 feet below sea level; these two points are in California, only 86 miles apart. The mean elevation of the 48 States is approximately 2 500 feet.

#### GOVERNMENT.

The United States of America is a Federal Republic consisting of 48 States and I Federal District (of which 13 are Original States, 7 were admitted without previous organisation as Territories, and 28 were admitted after such organisation), and of 2 organised Territories.

The Constitution.—By the Constitution of Sept. 17, 1787 (to which ten amendments were added on Dec. 15, 1791, and eleventh to twentieth Jan. 8, 1798, Sept. 25, 1804, Dec. 18, 1865, July 28, 1868, March 30, 1870, Feb. 25, 1913, May 31, 1913, Jan. 29, 1910, Aug. 26, 1920, and Oct. 15, 1933), the government of the United States is entrusted to three separate authorities—the Executive, the Legislative, and the Judicial.

#### THE EXECUTIVE.

THE Executive power is vested in a President, who is elected every four years, and is eligible for re-election. The mode of electing the President is as follows:—Each State appoints, in such manner as the Legislature thereof directs (they are now elected by popular vote on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the Presidential term expires), a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or anyone holding office under Government, shall be appointed an elector. The electors for each State meet at their respective State Capitals on the second Monday of the January following, and there vote for a President by ballot. The ballots are then sent to Washington, and opened on the second Wednesday of February by the President of Senate in presence of Congress, and the candidate who has received a majority of the whole number of electoral votes cast is declared President for the ensuing term. If no one has a majority, then from the three highest on the list the House of Representatives elects a President, the votes being taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote. There is also a Vice-President, who, on the death of the President, becomes & officio President for the remainder of the term. Under the XXth Article of the Constitution the terms of the President and Vice-President end at noon on the 20th day of January of the years in which such terms would have ended if the Article had not been ratified, and the terms of their successors then begin. In case of the removal or death of both President and Vice-President, a statute provides for the succession, so that the State can never be without a Head or Ruler.

The President must be 35 years of age and a native citizen of the United States. He receives a salary of \$75,000, with a travelling allowance of not exceeding \$25,000. Execu-

tive duties :-

(1) He is Commander-in-Chief of the Army and of the Navy (and of the Militias when they are in Federal service), and he commussions all officers therein.

(2) With the consent of the Senate, he appoints the Cabinet officers and all the chief

(and many minor) officials.

(3) He exercises a general supervision over the whole Federal Administration and sees that the Federal Laws are duly carried out. Should disorder arise in any State which the authorities thereof are unable to suppress, the aid of the President may be invoked.

(4) He conducts the Foreign Policy of the Republic, and has power, "by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make Trenties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur." The Declaration of War rests with Congress.

(5) He makes recommendations of a general nature to Congress, and when laws are passed by Congress he may return them to Congress with a veto. But if a measure so vetoed is again passed by both Houses of Congress by a two-thirds majority in each House, it becomes law, notwithstanding the objections of the President.

THE PRESIDENT.

President of the United States (1933-1937), Franklin D. Roosevelt, of New York, born at Hyde Park. New York, Jan. 30, 1882; A.B., Harvard University, 1904; Columbia University Law School, 1904-1907; member of New York Senate, 1910 to March 17, 1913 (regined); Assistant Secretary of the Navy, 1913-1920; elected Governor of New York in 1928; and re-elected in 1930; in charge of the inspection of United States may al forces in European waters, July-Sept., 1918, and of demobilization in Europe Jan.-Feb., 1919. Democrat.

1. Vice-President, John Nance Garner, of Texas (born Nov. 22, 1869), elected Vice-President Nov. 8, 1932. Democrat.

THE CABINET. (In order of succession to the Presidency, after the Vice-President.)

2. Secretary of State, Cordell Hull, of Tennessee (born 1871), appointed March 4, 1933.

3. Secretary of the Treasury, William Hartman Woodin, of New York (born 1868), appointed March, 1933.

4. Secretary of War, George Henny Dern, of Utah (born 1872), appointed March 4, 1933. 5. Attorney-General, Homer Stille Cummings, of Connecticut (born 1870), appointed March 4, 1933.

6. Postmaster-General, James A. Farley, of New York (born 1888), appointed March, 1933. 7. Secretary of the Nary, Claude Augustus Swanson, of Virginia (born March 31, 1862),

appointed March 4, 1933

8. Secretary of the Interior, Harold L. Ickes. of Illinois (born 1874), appointed March 4, 1933. 9. Secretary of Agriculture, Henry Agard Wallace, of Iowa (born 1888), appointed March March 4, 1933.

10. Secretary of Commerce, Daniel Calhoun Roper, of South Carolina (born 1867), appointed 11. Secretary of Labor, Frances Perkins, of New York, appointed March 4, 1933.

#### THE LEGISLATURE.

The Legislative power is vested in two Houses, the Senate and the House of Representative the President having a teto power, which may be overcome by a two-thirds vote of each House. The Senate is composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof for the term of six years, and each Senator has one vote; and Representatives are chosen in each State, and Representatives are chosen in each State, by popular vote, for two years. The number of Representatives for each State is allotted in proportion to its population—at present x for agr, occ. The Senate consists of 96 members. The salary of a Senator is \$50,000 per annun, with mileage at 20 cents per mile each session. The House of Representatives consists of 435 representatives besides a delegate from Alaska, a delegate from Maska, a delegate from English Communication. a delegate from Hawaii, a resident commissioners from the Philippines, and a resident commissioner from Porto Rico. The salary of a Representative is \$10,000 per annum, with mileage as for Senators. By the XIXth Amendment sex is no disqualification for the Franchise.

THE SEVENTY-THIRD CONGRESS. (*March 4, 1933-January 2, 1935.)
President of the Senate, John Nance ..... \$15,000 |

15,000

#### LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

(National Library), Capitol Hill, Washington, D.C.

The Library of Congress was established in 1800 and destroyed by fire in 1814. In 1815, purchase of Jefferson collection formed basis for a new collection. Partially destroyed by fire, 1851. and replenished in 1851-1. Since that 1851, and replenished in 1851-1. Since that date increased (1) by regular annual appropriations by Congress (now \$150,000); (a) by deposits under the copyright law; (3) by gifts and exchanges; (4) by the exchanges of the Snithsonian Institution, the library of which was in 1866 (then 40,000 volumes; now over \$50,000 to the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the source of the sourc volumes) deposited in the Library of Congress, with the stipulation that future accessions should follow it. The collection is the largest in the Western Hemisphere, but statistics of the four largest libraries in the world are not sufficiently uniform to tell their order in respect to numbers. The Library of Congress now contains 4,633,476 volumes (rain in 1932-33, 150,045). The building was first occupied in 1897. A considerable addition just completed has brought the total cost to just completed has brought the total cost to approximately \$9.344,000, and the floor space to 666,100 square feet '15 3 acrea). The book stacks, including the new constructions, contain a little over 165 miles of shelving. The library is maintained by Congress, the appropriation for 1933-34 being \$2.087,735. An auditorium for chamber music (the gift of Mrs. K. S. Coolidge) was opened in 1925, and in the same year the Library of Congress Trust Fund Board was created under an Act of Congress. This was created under an Act of Congress. Board is permitted to accept and administer gifts and bequests of personal property in the in-terests of the Library of Congress, its collections and its service

Librarian of Congress, Herbert Putnam, LL.D ..... \$10,000

• The change in the date of the termination of the 73rd Congress is due to the soth Amendment to the Constitution, which became effective Oct. 25, 2933.

Chief Assistant Librarian, Frederick W. 3,700

#### THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

The Mall, Washington, D.C. Secretary, C. G. Abbot.

Secretary, C. G. Addot.
Asst. Secretary, A. Wetmore.
Chief Clerk and Administrative Assistant to the
Secretary, H. W. Dorsey.
Treasurer, Nicholas W Dorsey
Editor, Webster P. True.

Board of Regents. Chancellor, The Chief Justice of the U.S. Chairman Executive Committee, F. A. Delano.

Government Bureaux under direction of Smitheonian Institution.

National Museum. Assistant Secretary in Charge, Alexander Wetmore,

Mediane, Associate Director, J. E. Graf.

Heid Curators, Walter Hongh, Leonhard Steineger, R. S. Bassler, C. W. Mitman.

National Gallery of Art.

Director, R. P Tolman (acting) Freer Gallery of Art

(A unit of the National Gallery.)
Curator, John E. Lodge.
Bureau of American Ethnology.

Chief, M. W. Stirling.

International Exchanges. Secretary (in Charge), C. G. Abbot Chief Clerk, C. W. Shoemakei. National Zoological Park. Director, William M. Mann.

Astrophysical Observatory.

Director, C. G. Ablot.

Director, C. G. Ablot.

Director, C. G. Ablot.

Director, C. G. Ablot.

Director, C. G. Ablot.

Asst. Director, Earl S. Johnston.

NATIONAL COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS. Interior Dept. Building, Washington, D.C.

The Commission of Fine Arts was created by Congress May 27, 2910, to advise generally upon the location, selection, and erection of statues, fountains, and monuments in the District of Columbia, and also to advise generally upon questions of art when required to do so by the President or by any committee of either House of Congress. Under this latter provision its functions have been enlarked by Executive Order to cover all works of Art with which the Federal Government is concerned, including designs of public buildings, public parks, within the D.C. An expenditure not exceeding \$x_0,000 in any one year is authorised by Congress for travelling and other expenses. The members serve without remuneration.

Out remainer and the Moore. Detroit, Mich. Members, John L. Maurau, Mo.; Egerton Swartwout, N.Y.; Gilmore D. Clarke, N.Y.; Lee Lawrie, A.Y.; John M. Howelle, N.Y.; Eugene F. Savage, N.Y.

Secretary and Executive Officer, H. P. Caemmerer.

#### THE JUDICATURE.

The Federal Judiciary consists of three sets of Federal Courts: (x) The Supreme Court at Washington, D.C., consisting of a Chief Justice and eight Puisne Judges, with original jurisdiction in cases affecting Ambassadors, &c., or where a State is a party to the suit, and with appellate jurisdiction from inferior Federal Courts and from decisions of the highest Courts of the States. (2) The Circuit Courts of Appeal dealing with appeals from District Courts, and consisting of the Justice of the Supreme Court for the Circuit and all the Circuit and District Judges within the circuit. (3) The Dutrict Courts, eighty-seven in number, each served by a District Court Judge.

### THE SUPREME COURT

(The Capitol, Washington, D.C.). Annociate Justices (each \$20,000).

Name	Born	Apptd.
Willis Van Devanter, Wyo	1850	1010
James C. McReynolds, Tenn	. тВба	AXOX
Louis D. Brandeis, Mass	x856	1016
George Sutherland, Utah	x862	X022
Pierce Butler, Minn		
Harlan Fiske Stone, N.Y.		
Owen J. Roberts Penna	1875	
Benjamin N. Caidozo, N. F.	1871	1932
Supreme Court O		,,,

#### DEFENCE.

The President is Commander-in-Chief of both Navy and Army, the former being controlled by a Secretary of the Navy, and the latter by a Secretary of War.

#### THE ARMY OF THE U.S.

The present authorised strength of the Regular Army is: Commissioned officers 12,402; warrant officers 926; culisted men (approximately) 118,750, exclusive of the Philippine Sconts actual strength of the cutue active Army of the United States on June 30, 1933, including retired personnel on active duty at the time, was 135,015, of whom 12,301 were commissioned officers, 926 warrant officers, and 121.788 were enlisted men. These figures melnde the 6,308 enlisted men of the Philippine Scouts. The Army is made up entirely of volunteers.

## PRINCIPAL WARS OF THE U.S.

1.10	INCIDENT WARD OF THE	
	Name of War.	Troops Engaged.
War of	Independence, 1775-1784	migaged.
11 61 01	(est 250,000 t	0 206 000
Month Wa	otom Indian	
MOPUL WC	stern Indian, 1790-1795	8,983
	i France, 1798-1800 (Naval	
		4,593
	Tripoli, 1801-1805 (Naval	
force		3,330
War with	Britaiu, 1812-1815	528,274
Creek Ind	iau, 1813-1814	13,781
Seminole :	Indian, 1817-1818	6,911
Black Hay	wk Indian, 1832	6,465
Cherokee	Indian, 1833-1839	9,494
Seminole '	Indiau, 1835 1842	41,122
('reek Ind	iau, 1836-1837	13,418
Warwith	Mexico, 1846-1848	116,597
Tores A N	New Mex. Indian, 1849-1856	
Onomer To	.l	6,465
	dian, 1851-1856	7,229
Civil War,	, 1861-1866	2,128,948
Confede	rate Troops(est. 600,000 to	
War with	Spain, 1898-1899	280,564
Philippine	Insurrection, 1899-1902	126,468
Chinese R	elief Expedition, roog-roor	5,000

World War, 1917-1918 . ..... 4,057,101

U.S. WAR PENSIONS. (Civil War, and War with Spain &c., but exclusive of World War Pensions.)

	Number o	f Pensioner	rs on Roll	Total
Year	Soldiers,	Widows,	Total.	Payments.
1900 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933	752,510 246,194 259,030 259,580 256 988 255,033 251,144 242,153	241,019 243,748 232,164 218,335 207,269 195,400 186,797 174,687	993,529 489,942 491,194 477,915 464,257 451 433 437,941 416,840	\$ 138,462,130 230,152,712 228,965,672 229,889,986 219,203,541 234,419,721 232,509,429 234,996,328

The total disbursement in pensions since the War of Independence to June 30, 1933, is \$8,891,483,951, of which \$5,694,102 has been paid on account of the Civil War

World War Pensions,

Disbursements in claims arising out of service in the World War between April 6, 1917, and July 2, 1921, are not included in the above totals. (See "Ordmary Expenditures" under "Finance," post.)

By Executive Order of July 21, 1930, the Veteraus' Burcau, the Burcau of Pensions, and the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, were consolidated in accordance with the Act of Congress, approved July 3, 1930, by the President. The combined organisation is known as the Veterans' Administration, under the direction of Brigadier-General Frank T. Hines, formerly Director of the Veterans' Bureau, now Administrator of Veterans' Affairs.

#### THE NAVY OF THE US.

On October 1, 1933, the Navy of the United States consisted of the following seagoing States consisted of the following seagong vessels; 14 battleships, not "over-age"; 1 heavy cruises, not over-age"; 1 heavy cruises, "over-age"; 1 heavy cruises, "over-age"; 10 over-age"; x heavy cruser, "over-age"; xohight cruisers; a aircraft carriers, not "overage", x aircraft carrier, "over-age"; 4 destroyers,
not "over-age"; zzz destroyers "over-age",
zz light mine layers, "over-age"; 4 mine
layers, 37 mine sweepers, 48 submarines, not
"over-age"; 34 submarines "over-age"; zz
eagles; 24 submarine clasers; 4 gunboats; 8
iver gimboats; z converted yachts; 8 destroyer
londers; z submarine lenders; a margif for tenders; 7 submarine tenders; 2 auteraft tenders; 3 repair ship, 4 store ships; 3 colliers; 19 olders; 2 ammumitton ships; 5 cargo ships; 2 transports; 2 hospital ships; 34 tugs; 6 submarine rescue vessels, 8 miscellaneous anxili-aries, and 26 unclassified vessels.

On the above-mentioned date there were under construction: 7 heavy cruisers, 4 light cruisers, 3 aircraft carriers, 6 submarines, 32 destroyers and 2 gnuboats. In addition to the foregoing new construction, there have been authorized: a cruisers and a transport, the construction of which has not been begun.

Information as to characteristics, costs, &c. available for publication concerning naval vessels mentioned above, may be found in the Ships' Data Book.

#### EDUCATION.

#### State School Systems, 1929-1930.

In 1929-30 the total number of children in the United States 5 to 17 years of age was 31,571,322,

of whom 25,678,025 (12,957,487 boys and 12,720,528 girls) were emolled in public elementary and secondary schools, and (1928 30) 2,776,344 were enrolled in private elementary and ary schools, and in private commercial and business schools. The average dally attendance in the public schools was zz, z64,886, the average length of school term was zz z days, and the average number of days attended by each pupil enrolled was 143'o days. In 1929-30, 854,263 enrolled was 143 o days. In 1933 30, 054, suc teachers (4x,77x men and 7x,49x women) were employed. The average unmal salary of all teachers was \$x,420. The total unmiler of buildings used as school houses was 247,289, and the estimated value of all public school property was \$6,211,327,040.

The total money received for school purposes,

excluding balances on hand, was \$2,088,556,837. Of this amount, \$27 516,517 was received from permanent school funds and from the rent of school lands, \$329,322,434 from State taxes or State appropriation, \$1,645,687,652 from local tax or appropriation, and \$86,60,235 from all other sources, State and local The total payments, excluding payments of bonds, were \$2,316,790,384 This amount includes expenditures for sites, buildings, furniture, libraries and apparatus, \$370.877,969; for salaries of superintendents, superivisors, principals and teachers, \$1,295,202,424; and for all other purposes, \$650,710,091

#### Compulsory Attendance Laws, 1930.

Every State in the Union has a compulsory school attendance law. In general, children are obliged to attend school from 7 to 14 years of age, and those from 14 to 16 must attend school or secure employment certificates. The required attendance each year varies from eighty days in two States to the full term in thirty-six States In all States there are, connected with the local administrative units, officers charged with enforcing the compulsory attendance law, known in the majority of States as the truent or attendance officers.

#### Universities, Colleges and Professional Schools, 1929 -30.

Of the 1,078 universities, colleges, and professional schools, 246 are public institutions and 832 under private control or management. The total number of instructors in both private and public institutions was 71,722 (55,861 men and 15,861 women) The public institutions enrolled 15,86x women) The public institutions curoiled 1399,397 undergraduate and graduate students (244,784 men and 145,613 women). The private institutions enrolled 581,187 undergraduate and graduate students (359,459 men and 221,728 women). In general engineering, 8,506 students were enrolled; in chemical engineering, 6,474, in civil engineering, 12,563; in electrical engineering, 25,47; in mechanical engineering, 12,597; and in mining engineering, 12,597; and in mining engineering, 12,698; The total number of baccalaureate degrees conferred in 1292-20 was 31,622 (21,166 men and

conferred in 1929-30 was 91,623 (51,160 men and 40,463 women), altogether 16,832 graduate degrees were conferred (10,693 men and 6,139 women);

students and 8.894 graduates; schools of medi-students and 8.894 graduates; schools of medi-cine, 21,964 students and 4,769 graduates; schools work for admission.

Of the nurse training schools reporting, about schools of pharmacy, 10,906 students and 2,899

To per cent. are affiliated with colleges or

graduates; and schools of veterinary medicine, 884 students and 135 graduates.

#### Teachers' Colleges and Normal Schools, 1929-30.

In 1929 30, 331 teachers' colleges and normal schools reported to the United States Office of Education. These schools are chiefly concerned with the training of elementary teachers. Of this number 273 are public institutions, and 58 are private institutions; 140 are teachers' colleges, 134 are public, and 6 are private institutions (schools granting a degree after four years' work beyond high school); 66 are State normal schools; 26 are city normal schools; 47 are county normal schools; and ga are private normal schools. The total number of instructors in all teachers' colleges and normal schools was 14,473 The total number of students enrolled was 279.195 (60 935 men and 218,260 women). Of this total enrolment, 264,257 students are in normal training courses. The number of graduates from the normal training courses was 7,038 men and 42,189 women, making a total of 49,227. 11,073 bachelor's degrees were also conferred, 3,600 on men and 7,464 on women. Practice or model schools are usually operated in connexion with these normal schools, or the public schools are used for this purpose. The total emolment in these model schools, so far as reported, was 90,60x The total receipts for normal schools (1929 30) were \$69,083,932. The total number of volumes in the himities was 4,055,076.

#### Nurse Training Schools, 1926-27.

The number of muse training schools has mcreased very rapidly since 1900. At that time 432 schools reported to the Office of Educa-433 sensors reported to the onice of Educa-tion. In 1950 3x the number of such schools reporting was x,844. The number of pupils emolled in these schools in 1930-37 was 100,419 and the number graduated 18,623. Of the schools reporting, 56 are in hospitals for the insane. The capacity of the hospitals in which all nurse training schools reporting are located, is 428,472 beds, and the average daily number of patients is 325,329. In 1930-31 a large majority of schools required a minimum age requirement for admission of only 18 or 19 years. In general hospitals two-thirds of the schools required 8 hours of duty daily in 1950 31. In hospitals for the Insane, about a fourth required 12 hours duty, a fourth 10 hours, and less than a third, 8 hours.

The remuneration granted the pupils in general hospitals is usually less than \$200. In the first year 45 per cent. of the schools pay less than \$10 per month, and more than 50 per cent. pay from \$10 to \$15 per month during the second and third years. About 15 per cent. pay no remuneration at all. In the schools in hospitals for the msane the remmeration usually exceeds \$400. In the first year of the course 48 per cent. of the schools pay between \$25 and \$50 a month.

More than 89 per cent. of all the nurse training schools in general hospitals offer a three-year course. In hospitals for the insane, about 80 were conferred (10,003 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and 1,203 men and

universities. By this co-operation an excellent opportunity is afforded to the training schools to secure for their pupils a high type of instruction in technical and academic subjects.

#### Public High Schools, 1929-30.

In 1993 30. 22,237 public high schools reported to the Office. The total number of teachers in these secondary schools was 23,266 (7,4532 men and 128,774 women). The total number of pupils enrolled in these schools was 4,145,666 (1,991,202 bys and 2,154,467 girls). The total number of coloured pupils included in the preceding figures is 18,869. In the first year of the course 1,460,459 pupils were enrolled, in the second year 1,123,061, in the third year 82,202 and in the fourth year 624,985 pupils, including post-graduate and special pupils. In the 7th and 8th elementary grades organised as a part of junior high schools, 1,066,520 pupils were enrolled. The number of graduates reported was 501 719 (267,208 boys and 324,421 gils).

There were 16,460 regular high schools that reported a four-year curriculum. In these four-

There were 16,46e regular high schools that reported a four-year curriculum. In these four-year high schools there are 2,652,471 pupils enrolled (1,270,299 boys and 1,382,017 ghls). In addition, there are 1,842 junior high schools, with 1,036,919 pupils (517,255 boys and 512,664 girls); 2,287 junior-sentor high schools, with 979,176 pupils (471,102 boys and 508,075 girls), and 648 sentor high schools, with 543,633 pupils

(264,261 boys and 279,552 girls).

#### Private High Schools and Academies, 1929-30.

The number of pupils in private high schools and academies, in general, has increased slowly but steadily. In 1900 the number of students enrolled in these schools was 110,797. In 1929 30 the number enrolled was 269,249. The number of schools reporting in 1930 was 2,765. The total number of instinctors in these private high schools in 1930–30 was 2,360. The total number of instinctors in these private high schools in 1930–30 was 2,360. The total number of instinctors in these private high schools in 1930–30 was 2,360, 277 men and 13 426 women). In this group of schools, more than any other, there is a tendency for the schools to be either for boys or girls exclusively, rather than co-educational. Of the schools reporting in 1930, 504 were for boys only, 373 were for girls only. Altogether, 116 of the schools had nulltary drill in 1938, enrolling 16,528 students.

#### FINANCE.

ORDINARY RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES CHARGEABLE AGAINST THEM.
(On the basis of daily Treasury statements.)

Year.	Year. Receipts.		
	\$	\$	
1913		784,511,963	
1914	734,673,167	735,081,431	
1915	697,910,827	760,586,802	
1916	782,534,548	734,056,202	
1917	. 1,124,324,755	1,977,681,751	
1918	3,664,582,865	12,697,836,706	
1919		18,522,804,705	
1920	6,694,565,389	6,482,090,191	
1921	. 5,624,932,96 <b>1</b>	5,538,209,180	
t922	4,109,104,151	3,795,302,500	
1923		3,697,478,020	
1924	4,012,044,702	3,506,677,715	
1925	3,780,148,684	3,589,643,446	
19 <b>2</b> 6	3,962,755,690	3,584.987,874	
1927	· 4,129,394 441	3,493,584,519	
1928	4,042,348,156	3,643,519,875	
1929	4,033,250,225	3,848,463,100	
1930	. 4,177,941,702	3,594,152,487	
1931	3,317,233,494	4,219,550,339	
1932	2,121,228,006	5,006,590,305	
1933		4,029,584,886	

## ORDINARY RECEIPTS, 1932 AND 1933. (On basis of daily Treasury statements.)

Receipts.	1938	1933.
General Fund -	\$	\$
Internal Revenue Custonis Miscellaneous	1,560,651,357 327,752,391 88,142,094	1,604,052,692 250,747,992 160,930,605
Total	1,976,545,842	2,015,731,289
Special Funds  Trust Funds	29,179,595 115,502 569	63,965,453 158,659,439
Total	z,121,228,co6	2,238.356,181

#### FIRE LOSSES IN THE UNITED STATES,

(Estimated by the Journal of Commerce.)

In the following table the losses for 1906 include the losses from fires following the disastrous earthquake in San Francisco. In 1923 the Loss of Life caused by fires was stated to amount to 15,000 persons. The Fire Losses in New York (1950) are stated at \$18,116,305; Chicago (1928) \$12,999,809; Montreal (1927) \$2,599,603; in London, Eng (1927) \$1,773,900.

Year	LossYear	Loss	Lear	Lass	Year	Lo-s
x888	\$110,885,665 1899	\$153,597,830	1910	\$214,003,300	1921	\$495,406 012
288g	123,046,833 1900	160,929,805	1911	217,004,575	1922	805,541,001
1890	108,993,792   1501	165,817,810	1912	206,438,900	1923	535,372,782
1891	143,764,967   1902	161,078,040	1913	203,763,550	1924	548,810,639
1892	151,516,098 11 1903	145,302,155	1914	221,439,350	1925	559,418,184
1893	167,544,370 1904	229,198,050	1015	172,003,200	1926	561,980,751
x894	140,006,484 1 1905	165,221,650	1916	258,377,952	1927	472,933,969
x856	118,737,420 1907	215 084,709	<b>1918</b>	353,878,876	1928	464 607, 102
1897	116,354,575 1908	217,885,859	1919	320,540,899	1929	473,574,019
x898	130,593,905   1909	188,705,150	1920	447,886,677	1930	499,739,172

^{*} Includes 9,277 men and 39,755 women teachers in junior high schools

EXPENDITURE (On basis of daily T			(On basis of	PUBLIC DEBT.  f daily Treasury a	tatements \
EXPENDITURES.	1930.	1933.			
General Fund.			June 30.	Interest-bearing debt.	Interest paid
	2,496,035,544	2,330,692,227	·	depr.	during fiscal yea
Public Debt—Interest.	599,276,630	689,365,105	0	A	0.0
Sinking fund	412,554,750	425,660,300	1918		\$189,743,277
Refunds of receipts:			1926	19,383,770,860	831,937,700
Customs	17,190,984	12,576,833	1927	18,250,943,965	787,019,578
Internal revenue	83,528,688	57,755,505	1020	17,317,695,097	731,764,476
Postal deficiency	202,876,340	117,380,192	1939	16,638,941,380 15,981,892,350	678,330,399
Panama Canal	10,661,804	12,672,728	1931	15,921,092,350	659,347,613
Reconstruction			1932		6xx,559,704
Finance Corpn	500,000,000	•••			599, 276,631
Subscription to stock			1933	22,157,643,120	689,365,xo6
of Federal land banks	185,000,000	*242,545			
Farm Credit Adminis-	_				
tration	•••	*1,461,683		f the U.S. on Jun	8 <b>30, 1933 :</b>
Agricultural marketing			Bonds :		
fund (net)	136,238,855	*3,254,996	a per cent. (10	30)	. \$599,724,05
Distribution of wheat			per cent. Ca	nal (1016-36)	48.054.18
and cotton for relief.		34,240,628	a per cent. d	o. (1918-38)	25,947,40
Adjusted Service Cer-			g per cent. d	o. (1961)	49,800,00
tificate Fund	200,000,000	100,000,000	a per cent. Co	nversion (1946-47)	28,894,50
Civil Service Retire-			21% per cent. 1	Postal (5th to 44th	52,697,44
ment Fund	20,850,000	20,850,000	rst Liberty Loan	1 (1033-47)	1,933,318,40
Foreign Service do	215,000	416,000	4th do.	(1933 38)	
District of Columbia	9,502,000	7,775,000	AW per cent.	Treasury Bond	8
Total		3,804,425,295			
Special Funds.	+,013,911,390	3100414-31-33		1944-54)	. 1,036,834,50
PublicDebtRetirements	75,000	35,944,500		. (1946 56)	
Other	71,912,087	25,545,663		. (1943-47)	
			33% per cent. do	. (1040 43)	358,003,05
Total	71,987,087	6x,490,163	33 per cent. do	. (1941-43)	544,916,05
Summary of General			1 31/4 per cent. do	. (1046-40)	810.407.50
and Special Funds.			3 per cent. do. (	1951-55)	759,494,70
rotal General Fund	_	_	Treasury Notes.		4,779,555,20
		3,804,425,295	Certificates		s, 200,327,50
Total Special Fund do.		61,490,163	Treasury Bills .	•••••	954,493,00
Total	4,835,909,686	3,865,915,458	1		
Trust Funds.			Total Intere	st-bearing Debt	. 83,157,643,12
District of Columbia	20 5-4	24 624 242		on which interes	
lovernment Life In-	39,5=4,773	34,604,340			
surance Fund :			Dobt bearing no	interest	315,118,27
			Done nearing no		5*2,110,87
Policy losses, &c	22,960,564	24,064,288	Total Gross	Debt	C 2 6
Investments	51,384,540	46,334,416	TOWN GLOSS	1,000	
Other	6,810,740	58,665,382			
	120,680,618	163,669,427	Note - U.S. Wat	Debt was at its pea	con Any at the

#### VESSELS ENTERED AND CLEARED AT UNITED STATES PORTS.

The following figures compiled by the U.S. Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce at Washington, show the total tomage of American and foreign vessels entered and cleared at U.S. ports in the foreign trade, by fiscal years

Year.	American	Per Cent	Foreign.	Per Cent	Year	American	Per Cent	Foreign.	Per Cent.
1908	16,908,434	32	59,922,457	78	1921	67,946,336	49	70,124,833	5x
1909	17,263,189	22	59,99x,430	78	1922	59,756,486	48	63,159,285	52
1910	17,697,062	22	62,244,602	78	1923	61,293,398	46	72,196,133	54
2911	19,446.233	23	65,665,çe3	77	1924	58,315,580	43	77,225,010	57 58 6a
1912	22,960,565	25	69,614,418	75	1925	57,733,000	38	81,135,000	58
1913	27,018,368	26	74,772,764	74	rga6	53,774,000		85,922,000	62
1914	27,470,703	<b>26</b>	79,101,283	74	1927	58,264,019	37	101,357,448	63
1915	a6,693,73 <b>6</b>	29	66,901,818	71 66	1928	59,210,640	39	93,310,098	6x
1916	35,829,742	34	68,143,163		1929	65,565,5 <del>6</del> 0	39	100,447,527	6x
1917	37,870,464	37	64,678,782	63	1930	64,233,114	39	100,679,137	6x
2928	38,489,763	43	52,980,156	58	1931	59,007,223	38	95,519,327	6s
1919	41,020,746	44	51,855,60x	56	1932	52,811,181	37	88,023,692	63
1930	55,239,879	51	53,853,160	49	1933	44,793,879	37	76,600,674	63

#### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture. - The total land surface, excluding Island possessions and Alaska, is x,903,215,640 acres, of which in x930 986,771,076 were farms (52s,395,804 acres improved). The total number of farms in x930 was 6,288,648, of which 2,314,858 are hetween zoo and zoo acres, 1,374,655 between zo and zoo acres, and 1,440,388 between zo and zo acres. The gross value of farm products of the so acres. The gross value of farm products of the United States in 1932 was \$5,143,226,000, as compared with \$6.917,256,000 in 1932. Crops in 1932 were valued at \$2,115,177,000, live-stock products (including animals sold or slaughtered) at \$3,026,302,000.

Farm value of principal crops in 1931 and

1932 :		
	Farm V	alne.
Crop	1931	1932.
Corn (Maize)	\$824,869,000	\$566,930,000
Wheat	352,151,000	254,525,000
Oats	238,279.000	175,207,000
Barley	64,498,000	59,255,000
Cotton Lint	483,582,,000	397,295,000
,, Seed	72,390,000	56,489,000
Tobacco	131,830,000	110,910,000
Potatoes	173,767,000	136,922,000
., Sweet	45.688,000	37,652,000
Truck Crops	289,449,000	220,767,000
Hay	637,876,000	513,697,000
Apples	131,915,000	82,110,000
Farm Gardens	222,346,000	220,142,000
Animal Products		
Cattle and Calves	727,879,000	563,382,000
Hogs	941,048,000	539,665,000
Sheep and Lambs	105,902,000	73,343,000
Chickens	320,903,000	244,775,000
Milk	1,661,273,000	1,294,629,000
Managa Thu		

Minerals.—The total value of all immeral products of the U.S. in 1931 was \$3,166,600,000; the value of metallic minerals produced was \$567,200,000 (pig iron, \$285,147,155, copper, \$94,887,000; gold, \$49,527,200, and alver \$8,970,294), and of non-metalic nunerals the total value was \$2,529,200,000 (bitnimnons coal, \$588,895,000; Pennsylvania anthracte, \$200.095,000; Pennsylvania anthracte, \$265,324,586; petroleum. 851,081,000 barrels of 42 gallons, value \$550.630,000); natural gas, \$392,816,000; centent, \$142,579,826.

#### MANUFACTURES.

The manufacturing establishments enumerated at the blennial Census of 1932 numbered 175,325, the value of then products being \$41,350,464,564, as compared with a value in 1929 of \$70,434,363,443. The leading mannfacturing States ranked according to value of products, are New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Ohio, Michigan, and New Jersey.

Areas ranked by the Value of their Manufactured

T. LIMI MČIN	I rintucia for 1989 with 1931.					
Industrial Area.	xgmg.	1931				
New York City	\$9,424,294 682	\$6,162,828,205				
Chicago	5,553,331,242	3,097,672,800				
Philadelphia	2,981,045,661	1,874,935,275				
Detroit	2,°41,610,198	1,557,654,181				
Boston	1,950,417,516	1,310,198,678				
Pittsburgh	2,015,399,034	933,223,468				
St. Louis	1,541,953,654	893,945,128				
San Francisco						
Oakland	1,165,683,465	767,865,179				
Cleveland	1,505,400,302	768,916,813				
Los Angeles	1,319,386,486	709,479,637				
		709,479,637				

[•] Industrial Area: one or more important industrial counties. Each such area takes its name from the principal city or cities located therein.

Industrial Area * Buffalo	19.:9. \$1,157,751,878	1931. \$680,217,306
Milwaukee	1,166,493,769	579,352,837
Baltimore Cincinnati	949,853,476	558,985,145
Cincinnati	933,290,890	543,305,903
Providence — Fall River Bridgeport — New	898,409,509	536,693,348
Haven — Water- bury		463,274,032

Leading Industries (Ranked by Value of Products) in Principal Industrial Areas for 1932.

New York City Area .- Women's clothing not elsewhere classified; Printing and publishing, newspaper and periodical; B.ead and other bakery products; Men's, youths' and boys' clothing (except work clothing) not elsewhere classified; Printing and publishing, book and job; Meat packing, who'esale; Petrolenm refining; Electrical machinery, apparatus and supplies; Fut goods.

Chicago, Irea.— Meat packing, wholesale, Steel-works and rolling-null products; Electrical machinery, apparatus and supplies; Petroleum refining; Printing and publishing, book and job; Printing and publishing, newspaper and observed the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control o periodical; Foundry and machine-shop products not elsewhere classified; Bread and other bakery products; Confectionery.

Philadelphia Area .. - Petroleum refining ; Printing and publishing, newspaper and periodical; Knit goods; Cane-sugar refining; Bread and other bakery products; Men's, youths' and boys' clothing (except work clothing) not elsewhere classified, Foundry and machine-shop products not elsewhere classified; Women's clothing not elsewhere classified. The "Radio apparatus and phonographs" industry is one of the leading industries in this area, but its rank cannot be given without the possibility of disclosing (by comparison with Census reports) approximations of the data for individual

Detroit Area. - Motor vehicles, not including motor-cycles; Motor vehicle bodies and motor vehicle parts.

establishments.

Boston Area .- Boots and shoes, other than rubber; Worsted goods; Printing and publishing. newspaper and periodical; Electrical machinery, apparatus and supplies; Bread and other bakery products. The following are among the leading industries in this area, but their rank cannot be given without the possibility of disclosing (by comparison with Census reports) approximations of the data for individual establishments: Leather, tanned, curried and finished; Printing and publishing, book and job; Soap.

Pittsburgh Area. - Steel-works and rollingmill products; Blast-furnace products; Elecrical machinery, apparatus and supplies; Foundly and machine shop products not elsewhere classified; St uctural and ornamental metal-work, not made in plants operated in connection with rolling-mills; Glass; Bread and other bakery products; Coke-oven products.

St. Louis Area. - Meat packing, wholesale ; Motor vehicles, not including motor-cycles; Petroleum refining; Electrical machinery, ap-paratus and supplies. The following are among the leading industries in this area, but their rank cannot be given without the possibility of disclosing (by comparison with Census reports) approximations of the data for individual establishments: Boots and shoes, other than rubber; Bread and other bakery products; Chemicals not elsewhere classified, Cheming and smoking tobacco and smift.

San Francisco-Oakland Area. — Petroleum refining; Cane-sngar refining; Motor vehicles, not including motor-cycles; Canned and dred finits and vegetables and preserves, pellies, fruit butters, pickles and sauces; Meat packing, wholesale; Coffee and spices, roasting and grinding. The following are among the leading industries in this area, but their rank cannot be given without the possibility of disclosing (by comparison with Census reports) approximations of the data for individual establishments. Bread and other hakery products; Cigars and cigarettes; Printing and piblishing, newspaper and periodical; Smelting and refuning lead.

Cleveland Area.—Steel-works and rolling-mill products; Motor vehicle bodies and motor vehicle parts; Foundry and machine-shop products not elsewhere classified; Electrical machinery, apparatus and supplies; Motor vehicles, not including motor-cycles; Meat packing, wholesale; Printing and publishing, newspaper and periodical; Blast-furnace products

Los Angeles Area.—Petroleum refining, Meat packing, wholesale; Printing and publishing, newspaper and periodical; Rubber tyres and inner tubes, Bread and other bakery products; Women's clothing not elsewhere classified, Foundry and machine shop products not elsewhere classified. The production of motion pictures is also one of the leading activities in this area.

Buffato Area.—Motor velucles, not including motor-cycles; Flom and other gram-mill products, Chemicals not clsewhere classified; steel-works and folling-mill products; Ment

packing, wholesale; Motor vehicle bodies and motor vehicle parts.

Milwaukee Årea.—Foundry and machine-shop products not elsewhere classified; Meat packing, wholesale; Motor vehicles, not inclinding motor-cycles; Motor vehicle bodies and motor vehicle parts. The following are among the leading industries in this area, but their rank cannot be given without the possibility of disclosing (by comparison with Census reports) approximations of the data for individual establishments: Boots and shoes, other than rubber; Electrical machinery, apparatus and supplies; Engines, turbines, tractors, waterwheels and windmills; Knit goods; Wrought pipe.

Baltimore Area.—Steel-works and rolling-mill products; Suiclting and refining copper; Meat packing, wholesale; Men's, youths and boys clothing (except work clothing) not elsewhere classified. The following are among the leading industries in this area, but their rank cannot be given without the possibility of disclosing (by comparison with Census reports) approximations of the data for individual establishments: Bread and other bakery products: Petroleum refining; Cane-sugai refining; Tin cans and other tinware not elsewhere classified.

Cincinnate Area — Motor vehicles, not including motor-cycles; Ment packing, wholesale; Paper; Soap; Koundry and machine-shop products not clsewhere classified; Men's, youths' and boys' clothing (except work clothing) not clsewhere classified; Steel-works and rollingmil produc's; Printing and publishing, book and Job.

Providence-Fall River Area.—Cotton goods; Worsted goods, Dyeing and finishing textiles; Silk and rayon goods. Jewellery.

Silk and rayon goods, Jewellery,

Bridgeport New Haven-Waterbury Area,—
Non-ferrous metal alloys and non-ferrous metal

TRADE BY COUNTRIES, 1932-33

Country	From U S	Into U S	Country.	From U S	Into U S.
Europe	\$	<b>\$</b>	· South America-	\$	\$
Austria	830,655	1,912,652	Argentina	30,960,566	13,042,017
Belgium	37,914,405	18.398,019	Brazil	27,815,356	70,660,85a
Czechoslovakia	· 1,433,028	11,949,424	Chile	3,733 483	7,925,176
Denmark	9,624,862	1,372,561	1 Colombia	12,146,385	52,595,811
Finland	2,770 333	6,872,710	Pern	3,356,247	3,751,660
France	105,775 511	39,691,424	tinguay	2,541,245	1,66g,481
Germany	127,984,506	67,542,973	Venezuela	10,673,429	14,442,009
Great Britain ]	257,240,742	73,787,666	Asia		
tirecce	3,452,604	5,436.449	Butish India	17,319,410	4-2 -40
Insh F. S	3,222,054	281,556	Butish Malaya	1,987,415	27,473,149
Italy	51,183.:85	37,574,122	Cevion	644,827	31,041,738 5,060,224
Netherlands	40,000,48	25 590,070	Hong Kong	8,702,314	
Norway	6,217,233	10,250,606	Chipa	43,869,934	3,477,187
Poland & Dauzig	10 205,864	1,246,984	Japan		25 990,434
Portugal	4,878 289	2,574,864	Neth. E. Indies	108,373,017	114,488,709 27,689,800
Russia (Europe)	7,977,488	9,250,280	Philippine Isls.	6,004,531	27,009,000
Sparu	26,070,637	9,608.918	Russia in Asia	41,488,531	86,694,003
Sweden	15.316,089	21,048,514	Turkey (Asia and	145,505	810, <b>0</b> 81
Switzerland	6 512,714	12,482,712	Europe)	1,464,350	7,374,263
North America-	1		Oceama-	1	
Canada	194,393,131	146,159,517	Australia	-4	0
Newfoundland		5,730,200	New Zealand	24,904,588	3,181,177
Mexico	33 255,513	28,822,328	New Zealand	8,018,395	2,010,822
Central America	30,066,512	24,677,799	Africa-	i	
Cuba	24,153,701	54,329,359	But. S. Africa	15,869,506	2,161,653
Dominican R	4,513,570	3,000,346	Brit. W. Africa	3,322,170	7,850,093
Neth. W Indies			Egypt	2,854,520	3,551,658

products, except aluminium, not elsewhere classified; Electrical machinery, apparatus and supplies; Hats, fur-felt; Foundry and machineshop products not elsewhere classified; Silverware and plated ware; Hardware not elsewhere classified; Phinting and multipling payers are ware and piaced ware; nardware not enswhere classified; Printing and publishing, newspaper and periodical; Corsets and allied garments; Ammunition and related products.

Motor Vehicle Industries.—The value of the complete passenger cars and business vehicles complete passenger cars and business vehicles manufactured in 1931 was \$1,316,355.79\$; of parts and accessories, \$837,224,59\$, and of tyres and tubes \$364,454,324. The number of complete passenger cars produced was 1,921,435 and of complete business vehicles 246,550, while 49,354,973 tyres and 49,166,765 inner tubes were also manufactured in 1931. The motor vehicle factories, the parts and accessories and tyre factories gave employment to 334,674 wage earners, who received \$413,614,930 in wages in 1931. The number of motor vehicles registered in 1932 in the U.S.A. was 24,814,930 in wages in 1932 in the U.S.A. was 24,814,102. The casoline 1931. The number of motor vehicles registered in 1931 in the U.S.A. was 19,514,103. The gasoline produced in 1931 amounted to 18,384,882,600 gallons, and that consumed to 16,719,233,000 gallons. The taxes levied on motor vehicles by the Federal, State, and Municipal Governments in 1931 amounted to \$1,025,735,112. The number of motor vehicles, exclusive of those shipped as "parts for assembly," exported in 1931 was 124.836. 135,836.

TRADE BY CONTINENTS, 1932-33.

Continent.	From U S	Into U S
North America South America Europe Asia Oceania Africa		\$ 276,493,448 167,050,281 360,968,527 336,864,327 5,949,798 20,854,249
Total	\$1,440,388,108	\$1,168,180,630

#### PRINCIPAL EXPORTS OF U.S. MERCHANDISE.

Com	modity	1931-32.	1932 33.	
·		· s	s	1
Meat prod	lucts	24,973,000	18,985,000	1
Animal Or	ls and Fats .	48,130,000	35,314,000	ł
	id manufs	22,886,000	14,122,000	١
Furs and 1		15,306,000	12,324,000	I
Grains & p	reparations.	101,387,000	39,045,000	ı
	nd Feeds	16,321,000	7,489,000	1
Fruits and		92,714,000	66,670,000	1
	d manufs	24,825,000	14,520,000	ı
Naval Stor	res, &c	13,416,000	11,950,000	ı
	id manufs	94, 102,000	69,172,000	ı
Cotton, un	manufactd	339,286,000	324,287,000	ı
Cotton ma	mufs. & Yarn	52,677,000	40,768,000	١
Wood,sawi	mill products	33,835,000	21,595,000	ı
	fs. advanced	13,627,000	8,586,000	l
raper and	manufs	18,829,000	13,340,000	l
Coal and C		53,126,000	39,732,000	ŀ
Petroleum	& products.	238,880,000	180,663,000	ł
Iron & stee	l-mill prdcts	41,440,000	27,150,000	l
Iron & Ste		26,908,000	16,895,000	ı
Copper and	manuis	31,480,000	17,745,000	ı
Machinery	& Vehicles	305,676,000	200,407,000	١
Automol	DIIAB, OCC	112,568,000	86,807,000	ı
	and Related	_		ı
Products		82,334,000	67,970,000	ľ
Photograpi	hic and pro-		_	1

1200			T	PORT	~
ГK	INCL	PAL	12	LUK 17	э.

	1	
Commodity.	2932-32.	1932 33.
	\$	\$
Meat products	10,174,000	7,591,000
Dairy produce	14,234,000	12,572,000
Fish	25,796,000	20,692,000
Hides and Skins, raw	37,413,000	22,984,000
Leather and manufs	24,648,000	15,805,000
Furs and manufactures.	38,868,000	31,107,000
Vegetables, &c	18,846,000	12,561,000
Fruits and Nuts	51,316,000	38,368,000
Cocoa or Cacao Beans	19,847,000	18,011,000
Coffee	149,120,000	128,548,000
Tea	15,767,000	10,670,000
Sugar	116,955,000	101,840,000
Oil Seeds	25,816,000	14,832,000
Vegetable Oils	30,931,000	×3,376,000
Tobacco and manufs	36,946,000	24,075,000
Cotton manufactures	35,833,000	26,184,000
Jute and manufactures	20,848,000	20,935,000
Flax, Hemp & manufs	27,320,000	18,124,000
Wool and Mohair	12,706,000	4,566,000
Wool manufactures	17,390,000	10,011,000
Silk unmanufactured	158,479,000	96,482,000
Sawmill products	16,987,000	7,566,000
Paper base stocks	68,056,000	47,616,000
Paper and manufs	110,296,000	77,707,000
Petroleum & products .	87,876,000	24,962,000
Precious Stones	17,920,000	11,867,000
Copper and manufs	43,894,000	9,150,000
Tin m bars, blocks, &c.	23,470,000	22,922,000
Chemicals and Related		
Products	62,046,000	49,150,000
Art Works	31,847,000	15,273,000
Books, &c	8,286,000	5,065,000

#### FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS

Activities of the U.S. Employment Service, Department of Labour, showing the work done during the fiscal years ending June 30 .-

#### ADULT SERVICE.

Year	Regis- trations	Help Wanted	Referred.	Placed.
1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930	2,755,593 2,663,846 2,727,763 2,440,640 2,250,095 2,332,505 2,346,316 2,421,936	2,301,157 1,876,626 2,091,539 1,991,598 1,607,344 1,771,957 1,518,081 1,216,698	2,104,620 1,873,926 2,058,638 1,944,097 1,632,456 1,778,311 1,558,367 1,283,726	1,806,990 1,609,977 1,791,381 1,688,476 1,412,645 1,534,092 1,345,936 1,104,136

#### JUNIOR SERVICE.

Year	Regis- trations.	Help Wanted.	Referred.	Placed.
1925	72.563	21,846	29,949	23,131
1926	53,021	28,097	36,257	24,734
1927	55,261	27,988	36,111	24,631
1928	56,116	29,117	36,741	26,037
1929	61,424	35,027	42,848	31,369

(The Junior offices are conducted in co-operajection goods............ 16,457,000 x2,308,000 tion with local agencies, usually public schools.

1924 425,548	1988 559,571
x925 392,750	1929 611,598
1926 423,112	1930 704,100
T097 422 REA	

Note—The Employment Service has been entitely reorganized under the provisions of the Wagner-Peyser Bill signed by the President June 6, 253, and activity data will be presented in another form from November,

#### COMMUNICATIONS.

#### RAILWAYS OF THE U.S.

Data pertaining to Class I, II. and III. Carriers and their non-operating subsidiaries:—

Capital Stock actually outstanding \$20,043,762,825 Funded Debt actually outstanding \$2,783,784,664
Total Railway capital actually
outstanding 22,831,546,479
Dividends declared 150,774,322
Interest accrued 618,052,260
Total dividends and interest 768,826,591
Railway operating revenues 3,168,537,310
Railway operating expenses 2,441,814,224
Number of passengers carried
earning revenue
Number of tons carried earning
revenue, , 1,229,078,365

50,546 in service. Number of freight-train cars iu service . ... ...... ,, 2,198,653 Number of units in company service ... ,,, 97,955 Total units in service ....., 2,347,154

Year.	Miles Operated	lear.	Miles Operated.
1911	254,732	1922	261,984
1012	258,033	1923	262,482
1913	261,036	1924	262,158
1914	263,547	1925	261,871
1915	264,378	1926	261,562
zgző	266,031	1927	262,091
1917	266,015	1928	262,713
1918	264,233	1929	262,546
1919	263,707	1930	262,215
1920	263,821	1931	261,816
1921	262,544	1932	260,438

#### NAVIGABLE STREAMS OF U.S.

Outflow of Streams.	Number of Streams	Miles Navigable.
Atlantic Ocean	214	5,572
Gulf of Mexico (not including the Mississippi River) Mississippi River and	. 67	4,6ax
branches	. 43	za, 798
Pacific Ocean		1,663
Great Lakes	. 10 ,	462
Others	хз	2.290
	387	27,406

Public Roads.—On Dec. 31, 1932, there were approximately 3,000,000 miles of rural roads. The inlieage of State highways was 358,210,000. Expenditures for fiscal year ended June 30, 1932, over \$25,000,000.

The Bureau of Reclamation was organised as a diture for State highway purposes were different for State highway purposes were \$816,765,000.

Most of them serve limited groups of boys and girls. Only a few attempt centralised placement. These facts should be borne in mind in interpreting the figures.)

FARM LABOUR (Seasonal)

1924 ...... 425,548

1928 ...... 559,571

1929 ...... 529,572

1929 ..... 021,598

1930 ..... 704,100

1937 ..... 433,854

Note—The Employment Service has been entitled.

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Note—The were American and 38,157,301 tons foreign. The tonnage cleared from the various sesports was 60,671,456, of which 22,228,083 tons were American and 38,443,373 tons foreign.

Posts and Theegraphs.—On June 30, 1938, there were 48,159 post offices in the U.S. handling 26,544,331,951 "pieces" of mail matter, of which amount 20,286,137,125 were domestic and 358,214,826 foreign. The telegraphs and telephones are not operated by the U.S. Government.

#### WEIGHTS, MEASURES AND CURRENCY.

The Weights and Measures in common use are shown on page 543. The Metric System of Weights and Measures is permissive, but is little used. The unit of currency is the dollar of roo cents. The rate of exchange with sterling will be found on p. 531.

#### INDIAN POPULATION.

In 1932 the enumerated and estimated Indian In 1932 the enumerated and estimated Indian population of the United States, exclusive of Alaska, was 317,234. The leading Indian States are as follows: Oklahoma, containing 94,552, Arizona 48,762, New Mevico 28,736, S. Dakota 26,966, California 19,215, Montana 14,741, North Dakota 9,613, Washington 12,063, Wisconsin 11,897, and Minnesota 14,743. The scenning decrease in the total population and the population of Oklahoma and Minnesota was caused by tion of Oklahoma and Minnesota was caused by the change in the estimated figure for the Five Civilised Tribes of Oklahoma and dropping from the rolls Indians in Minnesota, and not by an actual decrease in population. For further explanation see page 49 of the Annual Report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, June 30, 1931. The decrease in North Dakota was caused by shifting the population of the part of Standing Rock Agency in South Dakota to that State. The decrease in Minnesota, which also affected the total population, was caused by dropping a large number of Indians illegally enrolled from the Consolidated Chippes a Agency Census Rolls. Total disbursements authorised for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1934, for Indian Service are \$16,766,000. In addition to this the sinn of about \$5,546,400 is to be paid over to the Indians from receipts for oil and other leases, interest on trust funds, &c. The total wealth of U.S. Indians under the nominal control of the Indian Bureau on June 30, 1928 amounted to \$1,716,815,123, of which \$920,106,386 was tribal, and \$796,708,737 individual.

#### RECLAMATION.

Commissioner, Elwood Mead, Interior Dept. Building, 19th and F, N.W., Washington, D.C. Employees: Washington Office, so; Field, 1, 500 to 2,000. Expenditures for fiscal year ended June 30,

clamation Act of June 17, 1902. It is engaged

in the investigation, construction and operation of irrigation works in 13 and and semi-and States of the far West. Thirty projects, comprising an irrigated area of about 1,500,000 acres, are under construction or operation, and the major works aid in serving an additional 1,200,000 acres under private canals purchasing stored water from the government reservons, making a total irrigated area of nearly 3,000,000 acres. The funds for this work have come chiefly from repayments by the water users, from oil leasing and other mineral operations, and from the sale of public lands. The money expended is returned to the fund by

graduated payments of settlers.

The Bureau has built 17,807 miles of canals, ditches and drains (meluding 160,650 canal structures). There have been constructed 133 storage and diversion dams with an aggregate volume of 23,044,966 cubic yards, including the Owyhee Dain (405 feet high), Oregon, on the Owyhee River, the highest dam in the world; Arrowook Dam (349 feet high), Idaho, on the Boise River, and the Elephant Butte Dam (306 feet high), New Mexico, on the Rio Grande. The Bureau has under construction the Boulder Dam on the Colorado River, which, when completed, will have a maximum height of about 730 feet and a volume of 3.400,000 cm. yds of concrete The Burean has built 190 tunnels, 1,497 indes of road, zzo miles of railroad, 4,086 miles of telephone line, 22 power plants, and 3,587 miles of transmission lines. The construction cost to June 30, 1933, was \$216,784,745. This work has involved the evenvation of 319,004,119 cubic yards of materials, and the Bureau has used 6,502,636 barrels of cement.

Nearly 700,000 persons are living on the 43,377 farms irrigated by the Bireau, and in the project towns and cities Of the 3,000,000 acres above referred to, 2,702,720 acres were harvested in 1932, producing crops worth \$50,000,000, or an

average of \$20'70 per acre
Public land farm units on the several projects are opened for settlement from time to time as canals are extended to make irrigation water available. Under present law, soldiers and sailors of all wars have a preference right of 90 days to enter these farms.

Information in regard to farms available for settlement may be obtained by addressing, Commissioner, Bureau of Reclamation Dept. of the Interior, Washington, D.C.

The Burean issues settlement and other booklets An annual report is also issued, and other publications from time to time, relating

to various phases of the work.

An engineering library of about 6,000 maintscript and printed volumes on the subject of irrigation is maintained in the Washington office of the Bureau. This library contains descriptions of the construction and operation

of the projects, with numerous photographs and maps, plans, specifications, cost data and results of original experimental investigations, and is available for consultation by those interested. The bureau also maintains a photographic file of about 40,000 negatives of scenes on the projects from the beginning of construction through the period of settlement and development.

#### GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE. North Capitol and G Streets, Washington, D.C.

The Government Printing Office of the United States was established by Congress in 1860 and has been in continuous operation since that time. The buildings have a floor space of 22 acres, and, together with the machinery and equipment which they contain, represent an expenditure of approximately \$10,100,000. The annual cost of operation and maintenance is over \$12,000,000, including the Public Documents Division. There are over 4,300 persons annually employed in the various divisions of the office, which operates generally on the 5-day week plan, at a total yearly compensation of about \$9,000,000. In addition to doing all of the printing and binding ordered for Congress, the office executes all the printing and bindments, emergency rehef activities, and in-dependent establishments of the U.S. Government. The office has the largest battery of type-setting machines in the world, including 274 linotype machines, 2 Ludlows, 2 material casters, 100 monotype keyboards and 130 monotype casting machines, which produced about 2.750,000,000 ems of type in the fiscal year 1932. The 192 presses of the office are credited with 2.000,000 chargeable impressions, not including 212,000,000 on money order forms and 2,300,000,000 in postal cards. During the year the office handled approximately 80,000 separate In addition to the execution of all kinds of printing and binding, this office produced 10,000,000 square in hes of electrotypes and stereotypes, and 612,000 square inches of half-tones and line-cuts, supplied blank paper to other Government establishments at a cost of \$413,000. and manufactured its own printing and writing taks, rollers, glue, type and type metal, some of these supplies being furnished to various branches of the Government. It also has one of the largest industrial cafeterias and recreational rooms in the United States.

Public Printer, George H. Carter, Iova *\$10,000
Deputy Public Printer. John Greene, Mass. 7,500 Production Manager, Elwood S. Moorhead, Pa. ....

Ourning the Fiscal year 2024 all salaries and wages are subject to a reduction of 25 per cent under an Executive order based in complanace with Public Act; No 2, approved March 20, 2733.

The "Lame Duck" Amendment.—The XXth Amendment, which became effective on Oct 15, 1933, provides (Section 1) that the terms of the President and Vice-President shall end at noon on the zoth day of January, and the terms of Senators and Representatives at moon on the 3rd day of January, of the years in which such terms would have ended if this noon on the 3rd day of January, of the years in which such terms would have ended it this Article had not been ratified, and the terms of their successors shall then begin. Section 2 provides that Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall begin at noon on the 3rd day of January, unless they shall, by law, appoint a different day. Sections 3 and 4 provide for the succession to the Presidency in the event of a President elect dying before the beginning of his term. Section 5 provides that Sections 1 and 2 shall take effect on the 1stli day of October following the ratification of the Amendment. Section 6 prescribes that the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States must ratify the Amendment within seven years of its submission before the Amendment can be corrective. the Amendment within seven years of its submission before the Amendment can be operative.

### Dependencies of the M.S.A.

#### HAWAII.

The Hawaiian (or Sandwich) Islands form a ferritory of the U.S. and consist of a chain of so islands in the N. Pacific Ocean between 18° 55′—22° 26′ N lat. and 154° 4′—160° 30′ W. long. The nine inhabited islands are :-

Island Sa	miles.	Pop (1930).
Hawaii	4,016	73,325
Oahu	598	202,887
Maui	728	48,756
Kanai	547	35,836
Molokai	26x	5,032
Lauai	140	2,356
Nrihan		136
Kahoolawe		3
Molokini	2	

The total population (Census of 1930) was 368,336, an increase of 112,424 since 1930; of the total 121,072 were aliens.

The islands were discovered by Capt. Cook in 1778 (he was killed there in 1779) and formed a kingdom under native ruleis until Queen Liliuokalam was driven from the throne in 1893. a republic being proclaimed in 1894. In 1897 the group was annexed by the U.S., being organized as a Territory on June 14, 1990. The Governor is appointed by the President of the U.S. There is a Schate of 15 and House of Representatives of 30 members, the Territory sending a Delegate to Congress at Washington, D.C.

The group is of volcanic origin and contains many craters, Halcakala on Man being the largest in the world. Kilanea and Manna Loa, on Hawan, are active volcanoes, with Manna Kea (13,823 ft. above mean sea level) extinct. The islands are very fertile, and rice, cane sugar, pineapples, coffee, bananas and other tropical and sub-tropical products are abundantly grown.

Revenue (1930-31)	\$12,839,762
Expenditure (1930-31	
Debt (June 30, 1931)	32,000,000
Total Exports (1931-	32) 105,093,072
Total Imports ,,	76,008,496
Exports to U.S. ,	55,36a,867
Imports from U.S,	67,515,507
(Y	Inwronce W Ind.

Governor (1929-1933), Lawrence M. Judd, assumed office, July 5, 1929.
CAPITAL, Honolulu, on the island of Oahu,

population (1930) 137,582. Hilo, on the island of Hawari, has a population of 19,468.

#### THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

are situated between 4° 40'-xx° 10' N. lat. and 116° 40'-1x6° 34' E. long., and are distant about 500 miles from the south-east coast of the continent of Asia. Their total land area is 114,400 square miles, of which total 103,288 square miles are contained in the eight largest islands, the 7,075 other islands having a combined area of 11,112 square nules. At the Census of 1930 the population was ascertained to be 12,604,100,almost all of Malayan stock, of whom (in 1928) 8,724,965 are Roman Catholic, 4,000,000 are Agipayan, 200,000 are Protestant, (and 1918) 443,037 are Muhammadan, 508,506 are Pagan, 24,253 are Buddhists, and all others 5,454. Of the foreignboun residents about three-quarters are Chinese, and of the white population over one-half are from the United States (6,931 in 1921).

The Philippine Islands were discovered in 1521

Spain undertook the conquest of the islands, which were named "Filipinas," after the son of the King of Spain, and in 1571 the city of Manila was founded by the conquistator Legashi, who subdued the inhabitants of almost all the islands, their conversion from barbarism and paganism being undertaken by the Augustinian friars in Legaspi's train. In 1762 the capital of the Spanish colony was occupied by a British force, but in x764 the newly-acquired territory was restored to Spain. In the nineteenth century there were frequent disturbances in the islands, and at the outbreak of the Spamsh-American War of 1898 a rebethon under Agumaldo, a native leader, had just died down. Agninaldo was deported, but on his return his assistance was accepted by on his return his assistance was accepted by Admiral Dewey, the commander of the American Pacific fleet, after the annihilation of the Spanish vessels in Manila Bay on May x, x898. Manila was captured by the American troops under General Wesley Merritt on Ang. x3, x898, and the Islands were ceded to the United States by the Treaty of Paris of Dec. x0, x898. On Aug. xx, xx8x the Philippine Sconts, which form a part of the United States regular Army, consisted of 88 officers and 6 see substact was the

consisted of 88 officers and 6,239 enlisted men. On the same date the regular Army in the Philippines (other than the scouts) consisted of gra officers and 3.788 enlisted men, many of these officers being on duty with the scouts The Philippine constabulary, which is under the Philippine Government, in Oct., 1298, consisted of 397 officers and 6,119 enlisted men. All enlisted in an in the scouts and constability are natives of the Islands, while almost all the con-stabulary commissioned personnel are Filipinos.

The expenditure on education in 1931 amounted to \$17,027.378 for public schools only; the Unito \$17,522,370 for plants eshous only the timestry had an earothment of 7,533 students, and there were 1.099,306 pupils enrolled in the public schools. The principal exports are sugar, abaca (Manila henry), cocount oil, copra, tobacco, embroideries, desicated occount, lumber and timber, copia meal and magney; the imports being cotton and its manufactures, iron and steel and their manufactures, mineral oils, meat and dairy products, automobiles and accessories, wheat flour, silk and its manufactures, paper and its manufactures, and coal.

Receipts	.\$40,074,000
Expenditures	40,730,000
Debt (Dec. 31, 1931)	50,368,459
Total Imports	\$02 202 66e
Total Exports	120. 227 KRR
Imports from U.S. (1932)	47,171,814

Exports to U.S. (1932) 79,781,832
Tomons.—Capital, Manila, in the island of Luzon; population (1938), 324,522. The next largest towns are (200 (86,154), Legasid (32,670), Holio (67,147), and Lamboauga (47,305); there are several others with populations from 25,000 to

Governor-General, Frank Murphy, assumed ofice at Manila, 1933. Vice-Governor, John M. Halliday.

Guam, the largest of the Ladrone or Marianne Islands in the North Pacific Ocean, lies in 13° 26' N. lat. and 144° 39' E. long., at a distance of by the Portuguese navigator Magellan, who N. lat. and 144° 39' E. long., at a distance of was slain by the natives of Mactan. In 1565 about 1,506 miles east of Manila, the capital

of the Philippine Islands, and forms a naval or the ramppine islands, and forms a navar station between that dependency and the United States. The area of the island is estimated at sag square miles, with a popula-tion of so,857, of whom r9,671 are classed as native, 285 of the naval station, and 761 other than native. The natives are of Chamorro stock, mingled with Filipino and Spanish blood. The language is a Malay dialect containing many Spanish words, but English is fast becoming the language of the island.

CAPITAL, Agaña. Port of entry, Apra.

#### WAKE AND MIDWAY ISLANDS.

Wake Island, annexed in 1898, has an area of about 184, mile and lies in the N. Pacific about a,000 miles from Hawaii on the direct route to Hong Kong.

Midway Islands, with a total area of 28 84. miles and a population (1930) of 35, lie in the N. Pacific about 1,200 miles from Hawaii The group is a lministered by the U.S. Navy Dept.

#### PUERTO RICO.

Puerto Rico (Rich Harbour) is an island of the Greater Antilles group in the West Indies, and lies between 17° 50° 18° 30° N. lat. and 65° 30° 69° 15′ W. long., with a total area of 3.435 square miles and a population of 2.543,013 at the census of 130. Three fourths of the population are of Spanish descent and about one fourth coloured. The island is about 200 miles from west to east, and 40 miles from west to east, and 40 miles from one fourth coloured. The island is about zoo miles from west to east, and 40 miles from north to south at the western end, marrowing towards the eastern extremity. The capital is 1,400 miles distant from New York, and 68s miles from Key West. Puerto Rico was discovered in 1493 by Christopher Columbus. It was explored by Ponce de León in 1508, and he was made Governor of the island in the continued a Sannish pussession until 2509. It continued a Spanish possession until Oct. 18, 1898, when it was ceded to the United States as a result of the Spanish-American War. Sugar is grown in the low-lying districts, and tobacco and coffee on the slopes of the hills; fruits, cotton, maize, sweet potatoes, rice, and yams are also grown. The trade is principally with the U.S. About 344 miles of railroad were in operation in June, 1931, and there are good harbours at San Juan and Ponce. The legislative functions are vested in a legislature which consists of 2 elective houses; the Senate, composed of 19 members (a from each of the 7 senatorial districts and 5 senators at large), and the Honse of Representatives, composed of 30 members (x from nepresentatives, composed of 30 memors (1 round at large). The term of the Legislature is 4 years. The theorems is appointed by the President of the U.S. and holds office at the pleasure of the President. A Supreme Court of 3 members is also appointed by the President. There is a Cabinet composed of 7 heads of Departments, two appoints of the President and five by the appointed by the President and five by the Governor. The Governor also appoints all inferior indiges. Great improvement has been made in the progress and welf ire of the Island during the present century—the Island is selfsupporting, free public schools are established throughout, a system of good roads reaches every important city and town, public buildings are attractive and well built, health and sanitary measures are in force. The capital, San Juan, had iz4,715 inhabitants in 1930, other towns being Ponce (53,430). Mayaguez (37,600), Arecilo (12,863), Bayamon (12,936), and Caguas (19,791).

#### TUTUILA, AMERICAN SAMOA.

American Samoa consists of the island of Tutuila, Annuu, Ofu, Olosega, Tau, and Rose Islands, with a total area of about 56 square miles and a population of 10,055 in 1930, distri-buted (1930) as follows:—Tutuila and Aunn'u, 7,809; Ta'u, 1,243; Olosega, 4,38; Ofu, 466; Rose Island, uninhabited; and Swain's Island (annexed

May 13, 1925), 99.

Tutuila, the largest of the group, has an area of about 40 square miles and contains a magnificent harbour at Pago Pago, the capital and seat of government. The remaining islands have an area of about 16 square miles. Copra is the only

export of importance.

#### VIRGIN ISLANDS.

The three islands, St. Thomas, St. John, and St. Croix, in the Virgin Island group, West Indies, formerly the possessions of Denmark, were purchased by the United States from Denmark purchased by the United States from Denmark for the sum of \$3,500,000, and proclaimed, January 25, 1017. The total area of the islands is 122 sq. miles, with a population in 130 of 25,001. St. Thomas (28 sq. miles) has a population of 9,834; St. Croix (84 sq. miles) has a population of 12,437, the capital being Ciristianstial (or Bassin); St. John (20 sq. miles) has a population of 755, the capital being Ciriz Bay. St. Croix exports sugar; St. Thomas is famous for its law run. for its bay rum.

CAPITAL, St. Thomas, contains one of the fluest harbours in the West Indies, accommodating vessels of large draught, and has a large coaling and oil refueling station. The climate of the Virgin Islands is delightful at all times, and particularly so during the winter months. Governor. Paul M. Pearson.

Government Sec., Boyd J. Brown.

#### THE PANAMA CANAL.

The administrative organisation for the canal is known as "The Panama Canal." Its headquarters are at Balboa Heights, Canal Zone, with the Governor of the Panama Canal (Colonel Harry Burgess, U.S.A.) at its head.

The first suggestion for a canal across the Isthmus of Panama was made by a Spanish engineer in 1530, and surveys were actively engaged upon by various private companies between the years 1825 and 1890. In 1876 a concession for the construction of a canal was granted to a Freuch promotion corporation, which conducted surveys during a period of two ears, and reported to an international congress held at Paris in May, 1879, over which Ferdinand de Lesseps presided. This congress advised the construction of a capal at sea-level, and in 1881 the work was undertaken by the Universal Interoceanic Panama (anal Company, of which de Lesseps was nominal head. The amount of work to be accomplished proved to be greater than was estimated, and resulted in the failure of the company, a receiver being appointed in of the company, a receiver using appointed in 1889. A new company was formed to carry on the work, and excavation was resumed in 1894. This was continued until May 4, 1994, when the United States Government took possession of the effects of the French company in Panama.

Congress authorised the President in roos to purchase the effects of the French company for \$40,000,000. Meanwhile, a treaty was negotiated with the Government of Colombia for the cession, upon payment of \$10,000,000, of the territory through which the canal was to be water depth when the surface of Gatun Lake constructed. The failure of the Colombian is af 85 feet above sea-level varies from 85 feet Gove nment to ratify this treaty led to the in some parts of Gatun Lake to 47 feet in the secession of Panama on November 3, 2903. The Atlantic entrance. The depth through Culebra secession of Panama on November 3, 1903. The new Government was immediately recognised by the United States, and a treaty was signed on February 26, 1904, in which rights of sovereignty over a strip of land ten miles in width, extending across the Isthmus, were ceded to the United States. The canal is built through the centre of this territory. In 1922 a treaty between Colombia and the U.S. provided for the payment to Colombia of \$35,000,000 in satisfaction of all claims arising out of the Canal controversy. The independence of Panama was recognised by this treaty.

The total investment by the United States in the Panama (anal to June 30, 1933, was \$539,200,050.33, which includes the purchase of rights, payments to Panama, 1913 to 1921, inclusive, and interest at 3 per cent. per annum on construction funds. Beginning with the fiscal year, 1922, the annual payment of \$250,000 to Panama has been charged to operation. The total net revenue from the operation of the Canal and its adjuncts to the end of the fiscal year, 1933, was \$172,799,585.60, exclusive of interest on the capital investment.

The Canal was opened to commercial traffic

Aug. 15, 1914, and was closed from Sept. 18, 1915, to April 15, 1916.

Fiscal Year	No of Trunsits.	Oanal. Net Tona	Cargo Tons
1915	1,075	3,792,572	4,888,454
1916	758	2,396,162	3,054,114
1917	1,803	5,798,557	7,058,563
<b>3101</b>	2,069	6,574,073	7,532,031
1919	2,024	6,124,990	6,916,621
1320	2,478	8,546,044	9,374,499
1921	2,892	11,415,876	11,599,214
1922	2,736	11,417,459	10,884,910
1923	3,967	18,605,786	19,567,875
1924	5,230	26,148,878	26,994,710
1925	4,673	22,855,151	23,958,836
1926	5,197	24,774,591	26,037,448
1927	5,475	26,227,815	27,748,215
1928	6,456	29,752,637	29,630,709
1929	6,413	29,837,794	30,663,006
1330	6,185	29.930,614	30,030,232
1931	5,527	27,792,146	25,082,800
1932	4.506	23,625,419	19,807,998
1933	4,494	22,821,876	18,177,728

The canal is fifty statute nules long (44'08 nautical miles), and the channel is from 300 to 1,000 feet wide at bottom. It contains 12 locks, and transit from sea to sea occupies about 8 hours (passage through locks 4 hours). The least width is in Culebra Cut, and the greatest in Gatun Lake, where the channel can be made much broader at any time by the cutting down of trees and a small amount of dredging. The

Atlantic entrance. The depth through Culebra Cut is 45 feet.
From New York to Various Points:

	lia	rui	Vid
	Panama.	Suez.	Cape Town.
Yokohama	9,669	13,056	15,099
Manila	11,364	11,521	_
Hong Kong	ıı,coı	11,605	
Melbourne	9.945	12,933	13,162
Sydney	9,691	13,437	13,408
Wellington	8,528	14,355 (a)	14,129
Colon	1,974		••
Valparaiso	. 4,633 (b)		
San Francisco	5,262		
Scattle	. б,оз8		-

From Liverpool to Various Points: (Nautical Milen.)

•	Via	Via	Via
	Panama	Suez	Cape Town
Colon	4,548		
Valparaiso	7,207		
Sydney	12 385	12,201	
Wellington	11,096	12,462	<b>±3,353</b>
Mclbourne	12,519	11,084	12,157
Yokohama	. 12,273	ı z , <u>5</u> 36	
Manila	14,129	9,649	-
Hong Kong	. 13,764	9,743	-

Nationality of the vessels passing through the Canal, and the amount of Totts paid in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933 .-

Joan Chame wan	· 30, *	933	
1	No. of	Panama Cana	1
Flag \		Net Tons	Tolls Paid.
Belgian	12	66,60a	\$54,334.36
Brazilian	2	7 312	6,992.50
British	.030	5,660,301	4,814,485.52
Chilean	7	26,708	25,256.41
Colombian	7	1,900	1,968.60
Danish	113	530 515	423,316.66
Danzig	44	343,554	304,505.76
Finnish	77	3,379	3,693.75
French	66	381,870	305,257.65
German	325	1,010,756	822,609.33
Italian	52	394,889	316,525.27
Japanese	217	1,179,514	1,154,288.82
Netherlands	80	500,474	413,970.48
Norwegian		2,013,881	1,570,866.36
Panamaman	407	120,693	92,980.87
	324		92,900.07
Peruvian	4	336	2,479.10
Russian	4	3,587	3,517.50
Swedish	88	423,441	321,470.43
United Statesz		10,099,102	8,933,850.79
Venezuelan	6	5,852	5,526.72
Yugoslav	10	46,858	42,561.65
Total 19334	.404	22,821,876	\$19,620,458.53
Total 19324	.506	23,685,410	\$20,707,377.05
1935 1119	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	- 5, 514- 9	+ -,,-,,3,,,-3

(a) Via Strait of Magellan 21,244.

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### UNITED STATES ENVOYS TO GREAT BRITAIN, 1792 1933.

Year	President	Envov	Vear	President.	Envoy
				Johnson	Charles Francis Adams.
1796		Rufus Kmg.	1868	,,,	Reverdy Johnson.
1796	John Adams	,, ,,	1869	Grant	John Lothrop Motley.
1803		James Monroe,*	1870	٠,,	Robert C. Schenck.
1806	,,	Wilham Pinckney.	1876		Edwards Pie repont.
1811	Madison	Jonathan Russell, Ch. d'Aff.	1877	Hayes	John Welsh.
1815		John Quincy Adams	1879	' "	Wm. J. Hoppin, Ch. d'Aff. James Russell Lowell.
1817		J. Adams Smith, Ch. d Af.	188o	,,,	James Russell Lowell.
1817		Richard Rush.		Garfield	
	J. Q Adams	Rufus King.	188o	Aithu	11 22 11
1826		Albert Gallatin.	1885	Cleveland	Edward J. Phelps.
1827			r889	B Harrison	Robert T. Lincoln.
1828		James Barbour.	1893	Cleveland	Thos F Bayard, Amb.
		Louis McLauc.			John Hay, Amb.
1831	,,	Washingt'n Irving, Ch d'Af.			Henry White, Ch. d'All.
1831		Martin Van Buren.	1899	1 ,,	Joseph H. Choate, Amb.
1832	,,	Aaron Vad, Ch. d'All		Roosevelt	''!' - '' ·
1836	,,	Andrew Stevenson	1905	i ,,	Whitelaw Reid, Amb.
1841	Tyler	Edward Everett.	1909	Taft	Walter II. Page, ,,
1845	Polk	Louis McLane.	1913	Wilson	
z846	'	George Bancrott.	1918	"	John W. Davis, ,,
1849		J. C. B. Davis, Ch. d'Af			George B. M. Harvey, Amb.
1849		Abbott Lawrence.		Coolidge	Frank B. Kellogg, Amb."
1852	Fillmore	Joseph R. Ingersoll.	1923		Frank B. Kenogg, Amo.
	Pierce	James Buchanau.	1925	***	Alanson B. Houghton, Amb
z856		George M Dallas.		1100ver	Charles G. Dawes, Amb.
1856	Buchanan		1932		Andrew W. Mellon, Amb.
1861	Ilmcoln	Charles Francis Adams	11 1933	Roosevelt	Robert Worth Bingham, Amb

## Monroe appointed alone in 1803, and jointly with Prockney in 1806

### EXTERNAL TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.

°Year.	Imports of Merchandisc				Exports of Merchandise			
	Free	Dutiable	lotal	*lear	U.S Origin	Re-exports	Total,	
-	\$	\$	<b>\$</b>	_	\$	\$	\$	
1913	987,494,162	825,484,072	1,812,987,234	1913	2,428,506,358	37,377,791	2.465,884,149	
1914	1,127,502,699	766,422,958	1,893,925,657	1914	2,329,684,025	34,895,183	2,364,579,148	
1917	1,848,840,520	810,514,665	2,659,355,185	1917	6,227,164,050	62,884,344	6,290,048,394	
1918	2,118,599,372	827,056,031	2,945,655,403	1918	5,838,652,057	81,059,314	5,919,711,371	
1919	2,230,222,808	865.497,260	3,095,720,068	1919	7,081,461,938	150,820,748	7,232,282,686	
1920	3.405,233,003	1,833,119,111	5,238,352,114	1920	7,949,309,106	159,679,557	8, xo8, 988, 663	
1921	2,137,440,504	1,517,018,842	3,654,459,346		6,385,883,676	130,626,357	6,516,510,033	
1922	1,598,888,618	1,009,190,390	2,608,079,008	1922	3,699,909,375	71,247,114	3,771,156,489	
1923	2,168,373,000	1,612,586,000	3,780,959,000	1923	3,886,682,000	70,015,000	3,956,733,000	
1924	2,019,367,000	1,534,670,000	13,554,037,000	1924	4,223,973,000	87,683,000	4,311,656,000	
1935	2,295,500,000	1,528,628,000	3,824, 128,000	1925	4,778,155,000	86,426,000	4,864,581,000	
1926	2,910,416,000	1,554,456,000	4,464,872,000	1926	4,653,148,000	100,234,000	4,753,38x,000	
1927	2,680,190,000	1,571,835,000	4,252,024,000	1927	4,867,346,000	100,753,000	4,968,100,000	
1928	2,647,527,000	1,499,972,000	4,147,499,000	1928	4,773,332,000	103,738,000	4,877,071,000	
1929	2,737,500,000	1,554,388,000	4,291,888,000	1929	5,283,938,000	89,578,000	5,373,456,000	
1930	2,522,265,000	1,326,706,000	3,848,971,000	1930	4,618,105,000	75,741,000	4,603,846,000	
1931	1,644,709,000	787,365,000	2,438,074,000	1931	3,031,557,000	51,872,000	3,083,429,000	
1932	1,145,851,000	584,419,000	1,730,270,000	1932	1,908,087,000	40,248,000	1,948,335,000	
1933	744,414.000	423,767,000	1,168,181,000	1933	1,413,448,000	26,940,000	1,440,388,000	
• Fiscal Year ended June 30.								

The following Articles have been revised under the direction of the various Governments or of the British Representatives at Foreign Courts, to whom the Editor desires to express his warmest thanks. The Editor is also greatly indebted to the Embassics, Legations, and Consulates-General in London for various corrections and additions.

The Salaries and Allowances of Officers of II.M. Diplomatic, Commercial and Consular Services are fixed in accordance with the scale shown below:—

#### Salarics and Allowances,

Rank.	Salary	Representa- tion Allow- ances	House Rent Allow ances
Diplomatic Service	£	£	£
Counsellers	1,200-1,500	300-1,100	300-525
zat Secretaries	. 800-1,000		
and Secretaries	300-600	250 630	150-437
Commercial Diplomatic and Consular Services	di.		
Commercial Counsellors	1,700	300	250
Commercial Necs , Grade 1		( 300	250
Inspa Gen of Consulates	Z,200-Z,500	₹ 300	
Consuls-General .	!	(300	250
Commercial Sees , Gradell Inspectors and Consuls	800-1,000	250	200
Commercial Sees ,Grade III	600 800	100	100 200
Vice Consuls	360 600	50-150	100 200
1 10 00 1 1000100000			

### AFGHANISTAN.

#### (Pustunsha.)

King of Afghanistan, H.M. Mohamed Zahir Shah, born 1914, acceded Nov. 8, 1923 (on the assassination of his father, King Nadir Shah).

Minister in London, H. E. Sardar Ali Mohammad Khan, 32 Princes Gate, S.W. 7.

Afghanistan lies on the N.W. frontier of India. The estimated area is 245,000 sq miles, and the population is estimated (1933) at about 11.000.000.

Afghanistan is bounded on the W. by Persia (boundary fixed 1857 and 1904), on the S. by Baluchistan (boundary fixed 1866-7), on the S. by Baluchistan (boundary fixed 1866-7) and 1893-5), and on the E. by the N.W. Frontier Province (boundary fixed 1865). The northern boundary runs from Zullikar on the Persian frontier to Kushk, the Russian railway terminus on the branch line from Merv, and thence N.E. to the Ovus, which forms the boundary from Khannab to Lake Victoria, whence the line to the Chinese frontier was fixed by the Pamn agreement of 1865. The Indo-Afghan frontier was settled by the Durand agreement of 1803. On this frontier from the Pamirs to the Gomal Pass are many Pathan tribes, who are much influenced by mullahs.

Mountains, chief among which are the Hindu Kuah, cover three-fourths of the country, the elevation being generally over 4,000 feet. There are three great river hasins, the Ozus, Helmand, and Kabul. The climate is dry, with extreme temperatures. The population is very mixed. The Duranis have predominated since 1747, especially in Kandahar; next come the Ghilzais (military and commercial) and the Tajiks (aboriginals, who are cultivators or retail traders). All are Sunni Mulanamadans, except the Hazaras and Kizilbashes, who belong to the Shifte sect. The national tongue is Pushtu, but Persian is more universally spoken.

Afghanistan is divided into five major pro-Agnanistan is divided into five major provinces, Kabul, Mazar, Kandahar, Herat, and Badakshan (with Qataghan, Kafiristan (now Nuristan), and Wakhan), and four minor provinces, the Eastern, Southern, Farah, and Maimena. Each province is under a Governor (called in major provinces Naib-ul-Hakumah, and in minor provinces Hakim-i-Aala). Amir Abdurrahman (1880-1007) established a strong Abdurrahman (1880-1901) established a strong central government, with a regular civil and military organisation, including offices for public works, posts, police, finance, trade, &c. He first formed a national army, paid and controlled by himself. Considerable quantities of rifles and artillery have been purchased in Europe and the army now consists of about 35,000 to 45,000 regulars. A small Air Force is maintained. Factories for arms and ammunition, and for various commercial products, have been erected in Kabul The Afghan laws are based on the "Shariat," or Islamic law and tribul custom. Recently steps have been taken to develop education, hitherto controlled by the mullahs. Two schools under French and German superintendence respectively have been opened and a large number of middle and primary schools in the provinces. Most of the people are indus-trious cultivators, and the country has become fairly settled, peaceful, and prosperous. There are generally two crops a year, one of wheat (the stable food), barley, or lentils, the other of rice, millet, maize, and dal. Afghanistan is rich in fruits. Sheep and transport animals are bred. Silk, woollen, and hair cloths and carpets are manufactured. Salt, silver, copper, coal, iron, lead, rubies, lapiz lazuli, and gold are found.

The following roads are fit for motor truffic, except after snow or heavy rain, but are mostly unmetalled — Kabul – Khyber; Kabul – Gardez; Kabul-Kandahar-Channan; Kaudahar-Frash-lerat (sometimes impassable, owing to lack of bridges); Kabul-Bamian; Kabul-Mazer-i-Sharif (opened in 1933) and Mazar-i-Sharif-Mainiana-Herat.

Goods are still chiefly conveyed by pack animals. The chief trade routes to India are the Khyber Pass route, from Kabul to Peshawar (szo miles), and the road from Kandalar to Chaman (70 miles). The exports to India are mainly timber, carpets, fruits, raw wool, skins and ghi; while the imports therefrom are chiefly cotton yarn and piece goods, metals, leather goods, tea, and sugar. There is a large export of wool to Persia and Russia, cotton and silk goods, sugar, &c., being taken in exchange. The annual revenue is unknown, and consists largely of payments in kind. It may amount to £3,250,000. There are taxes on land, a grazing tax, customs duties, stamps, fines, receipts from State lands, monopolies, and factories, and mining royalites.

As the result of a British mission to Kalbul in 2004-5 the engagements which had existed with the Amir Abdurralman since 1850 were renewed by the treaty of March 21, 2005. By the Anglo-Russian Convention of August, 1207, Bussia declared Afghanistan outside the Russian sphere of influence. The Amir Habibullah Khan was assassinated on February 20, 2015, in brother,

Nasrulla Khan. seized the throne by a coup d'etat and temporarily held the reins of government at Kabul, but the Amir's third son, Amauulla Khan, soon after declared hunself, and was recognised as King. Alghan troops crossed the Indian frontier on May s, 1919, on which the Indian Government took immediate steps to expel them; fighting followed and Dakka was occupied by British troops, but overtures were made by King Amanulla and a treaty of peace was signed in August. By this treaty Afghanistan is left officially free and independent. By treaty of Nov zz, 1921, Great Biltain and Afghanistan agreed to respect one another's internal and external independence; to recognise boundaries then existent, subject to a slight re-adjustment near the Khyber; to receive Legations at London and Kabul and consular regarding at London and Rabin and consinar officers at Delhi, Calcutta, Karachi, Bombay and Kandahar and Jalalabad respectively. The Afghan Government import free of customs duty such material as is required for the strengthening of their country. A Tride Convention was concluded and Afghanistan adhered to the International Postal and Telegraphic Union In 1920 Amanulla Khan, whose modernist reforms had brought on him the charge of infidelity, was expelled. After a usurpation of some months by a local freebooter Kahnl was captured (Oct 1929) by Nadir Shah

CAPITAL, Kabul (about 80.000) The chief commercial centre is Kandahar (60,000). Other provincial capitals are Herat (30,000), Mazai-i-Sharif (20,000), and Khanabad (5,000)

FLAG: Black, with white device in centre.

British Europ Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Sn Richard Roy Maconachie, K B.E., C.I.E. (1929).

K.B.K., C.L.E. (1839).
Connsellor, 'Appl. G. L. Mallam.
Muhtary Attaché, Maj. A. E. Farwell.
Surgeon, Capt. E. S. S. Lucus
Secretary, Capt. E. W. Fletcher.
Oriental Secretary, Khan Salub Sikauder Khan.
Betkiek, Commed al. Mallahad. Mufti Abdul Aut.

British Consul at Jelalabad, Mufti Abdul Latif

British Consul at Kandahar, Khan Bahadin Saryyid Siddiq Hassau.

#### ALBANIA.

King of the Albanians, Zog I, born Oct 8, 1895;

Prime Minister (Mch. 4, 1930), Pandeli Evangjeli. | eagle in centre. Minister for Foreign Affairs, Djafer Villa.

Minister in London, (vacant) Chargé d'Affaires, M. Fuad Aslani.

Charge a Apacres, M. Fund Ashan. Legation, 36 Egerton Gardens, South Ken-sington, S.W.3. [Kensington 1755]. Sec. of Legation, Catin Saraci. Consul-General in London, Edwin Cripwell, 119, Finsbury Pavement, E.C. 2. [Met. 8615.]

Albania (the former Turkish Province of Scutari and parts of Kossovo and Yanina) lies on the west of the Balkan peninsula of south-eastern Europe, the western boundary being the Adriatic; total area about rx,000 to rx,500 sq. miles total population (Census of 1930) 1,003,104. The political neighbours are, on the north and east, Yugoslavia, and on the south-east and south. total population (Census of 1930) 1,003,1004.

The political neighbours are, on the north and cast, Yugoslavia, and on the south-east and south, is concessed france, maximum for 20 years, making a Greece. Albania was declared independent by total maximum of 100,000,000 fold Francs, from 1931.

a National Assembly at Valona, Nov. 28, 1918, and its independence was confirmed by the Treaty of London of Dec. so, 1912. The first King of Albania (Prince William of Wied) abandoned the throne in Sept. 1914, having been in power only six months, and during the Great War the country was invaded by troops of the Central Powers and of the Allies, and remained in a state of anarchy. After the Armistice a National Council at Dinazzo established a pro-visional government, supported by an Italian military occupation of the country. The independence of the country was reaffirmed and guaranteed by the Supreme Council of the Allies. The provisional government was in power until 1020, when a revolt overtuned it and set up a new government which remained in power until upset by a further revolution in December, 1924. A new Constitution was proclaimed on Jan. az, rags, under which Albama became a Republic under a President (elected for 7 years), with a Council of Ministers, a Senate, and a House of elected Representatives. On Sept. 1, 1988, the Constituent Assembly mochamed the country a democratic monarchy and offered the crown to Ahmed Bey Zogn, the President, who assumed the title of Zog I, King of the Albamans; the Senate then ceased to exist, and a High Council of State was formed of to members appointed by the King.

The country is very primitive, agriculture and sheep and goat rearing being the principal industries, and olives and olive-oil, grains and ndustries, and dives and dive-oil, grains and tobacco the principal products, but there is some immeral wealth which icinams largely undeveloped. A harbour, under construction at Dirazzo to accommodate vessels up to 7 metres draft alongside the quays and 4 metres claswhere, is expected to be completed in the summer of 1933

Gold France.

Estimated Revenue 28,500,005 Estimated Expenditure 31,588,395 Estimated D.bt ; -	1933-34. 24,527,000 27,527,000
*Italian Economic loan	3,088,303
Total Imports	22,814,500

(Shipenia.)
(TAPITAL, Tirana (pop. 30.806); other centres are Schtari (pop. 29,209); Elbasan (pop. 13,796); elected Fresident, Jan. 31, 1925; proclaimed King, Sept. 1, 1928.

(CAPITAL, Tirana (pop. 30.806); other centres are Schtari (pop. 29,209); Elbasan (pop. 13,796); or Kortcha (pop. 24,787), Dinazzo (pop. 9,739); and Valona (pop. 24,787), Dinazzo (pop. 9,739); and Valona (pop. 9,106).

FLAG: Red, with black double-headed spread

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

#### (Rruga Tomorica, Durazzo,)

R N.

Asst. do., Eng. Com. F. V. Stopford, R. N. Military Attaché, Col. H. R. G. Stevens, D.S.O.

Air Attache, Group Capt. T. G. Hetherington. C. B. E.

Archivist, F. W. Borman.

Albanian Secretary (local rank), Triphoni Toni.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICER.

Durazzo-Vice-Consul (local rank of and Secretary), Edward H. L. Hadwen.

#### ANDORRA.

A miniature Republic in the Pyrenees, with an area of 175 sq miles, and a population of 5,500; it is under the joint suzerainty of France and Spain. There is a Conneil of Twenty-four, elected by certain of the inhabitants, a judge, and two lay vicars appointed by France and the Spanish Bishop of Urgel. The franchise was enlarged after a bloodless revolution in April, 2933.

FLAG: Three horizontal bands, azure, yellow,

red; crown on yellow band.

#### ARABIA.

Arabia is a peninsula in the south-west of the Arabia is a peninsula in the rough-word link Asiatic continent, forming the connecting link between Asia and Africa, and hes between 30 '30' as' -2a' so' N. lat The -60° E. long and 12° 45′ -34° 50′ N. lat The north-western limit is generally taken from Akaba, at the head of the Gulf of Akaba, to a point in the Syrian Desert about 150 miles north-east, and thence northwards to a point about 50 miles due east of Damascus The remaining land boundaries are in the form of a horse-shoe, encompassing the Syrian Descrit, and descending in a south-easterly direction to the head of the Persian Gulf, and thus excluding the whole of Mesopotamia and the Enphrates Valley. The other boundaries of Arabia are the Red Sea and Gulf of Aden, the Arabian Sea, and the Persian Gulf and Gulf of Oman. Generally speaking, the pennsula consists of a plateau sloping from sonth-west to north-east towards the Euphrates Valley, except that the broad south-eastern promoutory, which encloses the Persian Gulf, contains a constal range in the Sultanate of Oman.

The total area is estimated at 1,200,000 sq. miles (of which nearly one-half is occupied by the Syrian, Nafnd, and Dahna deserts), and the total population is believed to be about 5,000.000. The various Arab States are shown below .--

#### THE KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA.

King of Saudi Arabia (Jan. 8, 1926), H. M. Abdul Aziz Ibn Abdul Ruhman al Faisal Al Saud, G.C. I. E , born 1880.

Heir Apparent, H.R.H. Prince Saud Ibn Abdul Aziz Ibn Sand, born 1905.

Minister in London, His Excellency Sheikh Hafiz Wahba,42 Eaton Place, S.W 1. (Sloane, 3898.) 18t Sec., M. Mahmood Riyad Zada. and Sec., M. Youssof Sal una.

In the 18th century Nejd was an independent State and the stronghold of the Wahhabite sect. It subsequently fell under the Turkish yoke, but in 1913 the present King threw off Turkish rule which he captured by force of arms, and in 1925 completed the conquest of the Hejaz, and accepted the surrender of the greater part of Asir, the whole of which is now de facto part of the Kingdom.

Neid ("Plateau") has no definite frontiers, but may be said to extend over about 800,000 square miles of Central Arabia, including the Nafud and Dahna Deserts, and reaches eastward to the

Persian Gulf (Hasa). The population is largely nomadic and is estimated at 1,275,000 Arals, nerroes and half-breeds, the majority being Muhammadans of the Wahhabite movement. Muhammadans of the Wahhabite movement. There is little agricultine, but wheat and barley are grown; the principal industry is camel and sheep raising. The exports are woven cloaks, dates, hive stock, hides and skins. The capital is Riyadh, and the principal trading centres are Hufuf, on the Persian Gulf littoral (20,000), Shaqra, Anaisah, Buranda, Hail and Hauta (Central), which have populations of 8,000 to 10,000. The only ports (Persian Gulf) are Qatifa and Omir, which are anniable only for sathing and Omir, which are suitable only for sailing craft. Riyadh is a station on the Pilgrims' trans-Arabian caravan route from Hasa to Mecca, and contains a large mosque, the "Westminster Abbey" of the Wahlabis.

The Hejaz extends from Asir in S. to Trans-jordan in N., and from the Red Sea, the Gnif of Akaba in the W. to the ill-defined boundaries of Central Arabia. The coastline on the Red Sea is about 800 miles, and the total area is about xxx,500 sq. miles, with a population of from 350,000 to 400,000, including many nomad roin 350,000 to 400,000, including many homastribes. On the coast are the small ports of El Wedj, Yambo, Rabigh and Jedda (the chief port of the country and the pilgrims' ports, which contains the reputed "tomb of Eve, the mother of mankind"; and inland are many settlements through which runs the course of the theory believes. the Hejaz Railway. The Oams of Khaibar, east of the railway, contains a considerable population, descendants of former negro slaves, with a centie at Kasr el Yahudi. The importance of the Hejaz depends upon the pigrinages to the holy cities of Medina and Mecca. Medina (Al Medina, The City "), 820 miles by rail from Daniascus, and the present terminus of the Hejaz Railway, has a permanent population of about 20,000. and is celebrated as the burnal place of Muhammad, who died in the city on sine 2, 52 (12 Rabia, A.H. 11). The Mosque of the Prophet (500 feet in length and over 300 in breadth) contains the sacred tomb of Muhammad. Mecca, the birthplace of the Prophet, is 55 miles cast of the scaport of Jedda, by road, and about so miles south of Medma, and has a fixed population estimated at 60,000. The city contains the great mosque sprrounding the Knaba, or sacred shrine of the Muhammadan religion, in which is the black stone "given by Gabriel to Abraham, placed in the south-east wall of the Kaaba at such a height that it may be kissed by the devont pilgrim. Jedda, the principal port, has a considerable trade in hides, mother-of-pearl, coffee and carpets. The course of the Hejaz Railway runs from Medina in S. through the Syrian Desert to Damasens and Beirnt, and is connected with the projected Baghdad Railway at Aleppo.

Asu extends, geographicany, nom drawn inland from lith on the southern limit In 1973 the present and sure of the state of the present and captured from the Turks the Province of of Hejaz to the northern boundary of Al Yenen Hasa. In 1921 he added to his dominions the (about lat. 17° 15' N.) and includes the seaboard territories of the Rashid family of Shammar, down to lat 16°. Its breadth extends about 180 miles eastwards to Bishah in the north and to the boundary of the Beni Yam in the south. According to Arabian geographers, Asir is part of Al Yemen. The territory includes the Farsan Islands. The maritime lowland is interspersed with fertile areas near the wadıs, which afford pasturage and bear grain. The capital is Sabia, a small inland town.

The total cost to the British Government of

the subsidies paid to King Ihn Saud during the years 1917 to 1923 is approximately £542,000. No subsidy was paid before 1917 or after 1923, and the subsidy was given in the first instance in consideration of assistance in the war against The later payments were made subject to the following conditions:

(z) That Ibn Saud reframed, and restrained his adherents from aggressive notion spainst the Hejaz.

adherents from aggressive action against the Hejaz, Kuweit, and Iraq.

[3] That he afforded co-operation in the matter of the Haj (obgrimage to Mecca) by maintaining the safety of pilgrim routes to his territory.

[3] That he consented to be guided generally by the wishes of His Majesty's Government in regard to his foreign poles, and to co-operate with them in pro-moting their own policy, which had for its object the maintenance of peaceful conditions in Arab countries and the promotion of the economic interests of both parties.

parties
No terms of repayment were suggested

By the Treaty of Jedda (May 20, 1927) Great Britain recognized Ibn Sand as an independent ruler, King of the Hejaz and of Nejd and its Dependences

FLAG: Green square with narrow white band at staff; white device on square.

CAPITAL, Riyadh.

British Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plempotentiary and Consul-General, Su Andrew Ryan, K.B.E., C.M.G. (1930).

Jedda-Vice-Consuls, A. S. Culvert (with local rank of 2nd Secretary), G. W. Fuilonge (with local ank of 3rd Secretary); A. C. Oppenheim (with local rank of 3rd Secretary; Munshi Ilisanullah.

Pro Consul, Basil W. Seager.

#### THE PRINCIPALITY OF KUWAIT.

Ruler, Sheikh Sir Ahmad al-Jabir as-Subah, K C.1 E , C.S.I., born 1885, acceded March, 1911. Knwart (or Kowert) has been semi-independent for many years, and is in treaty relation with British India. It extends along the shore of the Persian Gulf from Mesopotamia to Sandi Arabia (El Hasa). The important harbour and guif port of Kuwait, the capital (pop. 60,000), is an entrepor for goods for the interior, and for the export of horses, pearls, wool, &c. It was designated as the terminus of the Berlin-Constantinople-Baghdad railway as originally projected in 1903. The trade of Kuwait (1929-30) was valued at £71,825 for imports, and £182,900 for exports. British Political Agent, Lt. Col. H. R. P. Dickson, C L.K.

#### THE SULTANATE OF OMAN.

Sultan, H. H. Saiyid Said bin Taimur, born Aug. 13, 1910, suc. Feb 10, 1932.

Oman (area undiffined; estimated pop. 550,000) is a Muhammadan State in S.E. Arabia. Its seaboard is nearly goo inlies long, and extends from Tibbat (on the W. side of Cape Mussandam) round Ras Rajir (200 miles N. of Socotra) with the exception of a small strip of the E. coast of the Mussandam Peninsula from Dibbah to Khor Kalba, which is in the administration of the minor chiefs of Trucial Oman. The Sultanate extends inland to the borders of the Great Desert, but of late years the Omanis have become autonomous and are now subject to the Imam of Oman.

The interior is for the most part mountainous, the high country extending down to the sea coast in a series of and rocky heights, though

vegetation exists on the higher mountains. N.W. of Muscat the sea coast littoral tract is f.rtile and prosperous, and date groves extend along it for over 100 miles. This strip is known as the Batinah Coast. The remainder of the coast, with one notable exception, is barren and forbidding and rarely visited by Europeans.

Gradur, a port on the Makran Coast, and a small tract of country round it, also owns allegiance to Muscat. It is the last remnant of the Omani possessions on the Persia side of the Gulf. The population is chiefly Arab, but includes also a considerable foreign element—Indians, Persians, Baluchis and Swahili negroes. The Sultan is in treaty relations with, and subsidised by, the Government of India, who have a Political Agent at his capital. The Sultan is pledged not to cede territory to any Power but the British Government. Muscat has a considerable trade, Government. amounting in 1931-32 to Rs 5.444 445. Dates and dried fish are the chief export, and rice, wheat, coffee, cotton and silk goods the chief The capital, Muscat (with the sister imports town of Matiah), has an estimated population of 12,500

Inscat—British Cousul and Political Agent, Major C. E. V. Bremner, M.C., I.A., per mensem lts. 2,400.

#### THE IMAMATE OF YEMEN.

Imam, Yahya Muhammad Hamid-nd-din, born x86g.

Yenien occupies the S.W. corner of Arabia between Asir and the Aden Protectorate, with an estimated area of 74,000 square miles and a population of 3½ millions. Under Turkish rule, it was divided into the vilayet of Sana, Taiz, and Hoderda, and it extends inland to the borders of the Hadramut. The highlands and central plateau of Yemen, and the highest portions of the maritime range form the most fertile part of Arabia, where wheat, barley, millet, coffee and oats, are extensively grown. The chief port of Yemen is Hodeida which is noted for the export of coffee, shipped from Hodeida to Masawa and Aden, and thence to Europe The trade from Yemen perhaps exceeds that of the remainder of Arabia. The Imam is the head of the Zeidi sect of the Shiah Division of the Muhammadan religion; about half of his subjects are Zoidis, the remainder being Shafais, over whom he rules by force majeure alone. On the withdrawal of the Turks from Yemen, the Imam took over occupation of the territory bordering on the Aden Protectorate populated by the Shafar sect of Sunni Muhammadans, and also the Thanna, or coast lands, from S. of Hoderda to Sheikh Said. Since 1920 the Imam of Yemen has been gradually encroaching on the Aden Protectorate, which is populated by tribes of the Shafai sect, but has now been ejected by air action from Aden, in support of the Protectorate tribes. In 1925, the Imam occupied Hodeida, which had been evacuated by the Idris, and later took the ports of Midi and Lohenya, together with the intervening country between the highlands and the coast, all of which is populated by Shafai tribes. The rule of the Imam is very impopular with the Shafais owing to his exactions. 60 miles to the south of Sani 14 the town of Dhammar, an ancient seat of learning.

CAPITAL, Sana; population, about 40,000.

#### BAHRAIN.

Ruler, H.E. Sha'kh Hamid bin Isa Al Khalifah, C.S.I.; acceded Dec. 9, 1932; proclaimed Feb. 9,

1933. Financial Adviser, C. Dalrymple Belgrave.

Political Agent, Lt.-Col. Gordon Loch, I.A.

Asst. to do., Khan Bahadur Abdul Haiy Elhashmy.

Bahrain is the largest of a group of islands (Bahrain, Manamah, Muharraq, Sitra, Nabi Saleh and some uninhabited islets) half way up the Persian Gulf near the Arab Coast (El Hasa). Bahrain is the headquarters of extensive pear fisheries and a distributing centre for the adjacent mainiand. Pearls are the principal export, varying in value from a to a millions sterling per annum. The principal imports are rice, cottons, dates, sugar and spices. The Bahrain Petroleum Company have been prospecting and have met with some success since they commenced operations in 1930. The people (about 115,000) are Muhammadans. Bahrain has been in treaty relations with the Government of India since 1820. In 1880 the ruler engaged not to make treaties with any other state and in 1923 the active control of affairs was handed over to the present regent.

CAPITAL, Manama; population, about 25,000.

#### THE HADRAMUT TRIBES.

The coastal region of Southern Arabia, between Yemen and Aden on the west and Oman on the east, and extending inland (northwards) to the Dahua Desert, contains a coastal strip of some 530 miles. Parallel with the coast (at a distance of so miles from the Archiver of 50 miles from the Arabian Sea) is an extensive plateau inhabited by the Hadharm, an ancient people of Atabian stock (Hadoram was the son of Joktan, Genesis x, 27). There are many settlements on the coast and in the interior, but the latter are being steadily enveloped by the sand of the northern desert. There are sacred shrines near Kasm (Qabr Hud) and Shibani (Qabr Salih). The castern districts, known as Main's and Gars, are very sparsely populated. The estimated area of Hadramut is 8s,000 sq. miles, and its Muhammadan population, of independent Arab tilbes, is estimated at 150,000. The most important Coastal Chief is the Suttan of Shehr and Mokalla (H.H. Sultan Omar bin Awadh) who is in treaty relations with Great Britain. Inland, the most important tribe is the Kathiri, whose chief towns are Saiwun and Terim. The Kathiri are noted as travellers and traders, and many of them are settled and carry on commerce at Singapore and Java. A long-standing foud between the Kathiri and the Qa'iti (by whom the former were expelled from the coast) was settled by treaty in 1919 on the initiative of the Aden Government. Under this Treaty the Ka'iti Sultan of Mokalla permits access to the port of Mokalla on the part of Kathiri traders. Agriculture and cattle raising are the principal industries, together with the cultivation of dates, indigo and tobacco.

#### TRUCIAL COAST.

The independent tribes on the Pirate Coast, which partly encloses the Persian Gulf from Ras-al-Khaimah to Odaid, are bound under treaties with the Government of British India

to maintain a maritime truce for the prevention of piracy and slavery, and for the cessation of or piracy and sisvery, and for the cessation of hostilities at sea. Ilence their chiefs are some-times called the "Trucial" chiefs. The British Political Resident in the Persian Gulf is the recognised arbiter and adviser of these tribes, and peace is maintained by the British flag. In 1892 these tribes agreed not to enter into relations with, or cede territory to, any other Power than the British. The trade of the coast ports largely consists in exports of pearls to India vid Liugah and Bahrain.

#### ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

(República Argentina.)

President. General Augustin P. Justo, assumed ofice, Feb. 20, 1932. Vice-President, Dr. Julio Roca.

Min. for Foreign Affairs, Dr. Carlos Saavedra Lamas.

Interior, Dr. Leopoldo Melo. Finance, Dr. Federico Pinedo.

Justice and Public Instruc., Dr. Manuel de Iriondo,

Agriculture, Dr. Luis Duhau War, Col. Manuel A. Rodriguez. Marine, (vacant). Public Works, Dr. Manuel R. Alvarado.

Ambassador in London, His Excellency Seffor Dr. Don Manuel Malbran, G.B.R., zz Lowndes Square, S.W. z.

Counsellor, Senor Don Carlos Miguens, C.B.K. First Secretary, Senor Dr. Don Pablo Santos Muñoz.

and Secretary, Senor Dr. Don Mariano A. Barrenechea

Military Attaché (vacant).

Attaché (vacant).

Attaché and Legal Adviser, Señor Dr. Don
Ricardo Q. Blamey Lafone.

Agricultural & Commercial Counsellor, Señor Dr. Don Anibal Fernandez Beyro,

Consul-General, Senor Don Mario Molino Salas. 7 Gower Street, W.C z.

There is a Consulate-General at Dublin, and there are also Consulates at Liverpool, Southampton, Cardiff, Newcastle upon Tyne, Newport, and Glasgow; and Vice-Consulates at Aberdeca, Belfast, Bristol, Hull, Manchester, Middlesbrough, and Swansea.

Argentina is a wedge-shaped country, occupying the greater portion of the southern part of the South American Continent, and extending from Bolivia to Cape Horn, a total distance of nearly 2,300 miles; its greatest breadth is about gas miles. It is bounded on the north by Bolivia, on the north-cast by Paragnay, Brazil, and Urruguay, on the south-east and south by the Atlantic, and on the west by Chile, from which Republic it is separated by the Cordillera de los Andes. (For the sta uc of Christ the Redeemer see Chille.) On the west the mountainous Cordilleras, with their plateaus, exten 1 from the northern to the southern boundaries; on the east are the great plains, those in the north are thickly wooded and are known as El Gran Chaco, and further south lie the treeless pampas, which together constitute La Plata, extending from the Bolivian boundary in the north to the Rio Negro; and south of the Rio Negro are the vast plains of

Argentina thus contains a succession of level plains, broken only in Cordoba by sion of level plains, broken only in Cordoba by the San Luis and Cordoba ranges, in the north-western states by the eastern spurs of the Andes, and in the southern portion of the Pro-vince of Buenos Aires by the Tandil Hills (about 1,000 ft.) and the Sierra Ventana, near Bahia Blanca (about 3,000 ft.). The Parani with the Parangus River, flows through the norththe Paraguay River, flows through the northeastern states into the Atlantic, and is navigable throughout its course; the Pilcomayo, Bermejo, and Salado del Norte are also navigable for some distance from their confinence with the Parana. In the Province of Buenos Aires the Salado del Sud flows south-east for some 300 miles into Samborombon Bay (Atlantic). In the south the Colorado and Rio Negro rise in the extreme west and flow across the pampas into the Atlantic, many similar streams in Patagonia (notably the Chubut and Santa Cruz) traversing the country from the Andes to the Atlantic.

The Republic is composed of 14 provinces and 10 territories, comprising in all about 1,132,000 square miles, with a population of 11,846,655 m 1932. Immigration is encouraged, and comes principally from Spain and Italy, but legislation, introduced in 1919, requires intending immigrants to produce certificates of good character and ability to work. In 1932 the immigrants numbered 353,829, and the emigrants numbered 337,123. The climate is moderate. Spanish is the language of the country.

Government.—The estuary of La Plata was discovered in 1515 by Juna Diaz de Solis, but it was not until 1524 that Pedro de Mendoza founded Buenos Aires. In 1820 (May 25) Spanish rule was defled, and in 1816 (July 9) the Independence of Argentina was declared by the Congress of Theuman. In 1853, after more congress of Theuman. In 1853, after more than thirty years of disturbances and civil wars, the country settled down, and is now a well-governed and progressive Republic. The constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1971) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1971) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1971) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1971) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1971) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1971) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1971) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1971) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1971) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1971) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the constitution dates from 1822 (revised 1972) and the stitution dates from 1853 (revised 1859) and is modelled on that of the US of America, but each province enjoys practically complete autonomy. The executive is in the hands of the President. who selects his Cabinet. The National Congress consists of a Senate of 30 members and of a House of Deputies of 158 members. Members of Congress receive \$18.000 (paper) per annum.

Production.-Of the total area about one-third is suitable for agriculture and cattle raising. is suitable for agriculture and cattle raising. The pincipal productions are wheat, maize, oats, linseed, sugar, wine, wool, lindes, cattle, sheep, and horses. There were (1930) 38,811,855 cattle, 44,43,821 sheep, 9,858,111 horses, 1,039,420 miles (1930), 5,647,356 groats (1930), and 3,768,738 pigs (1930). The exports are made up entirely of pastoral and agricultural products, with the exportion of unchrotic conport, manufaces and ception of quebracho, copper, manganese, and wolfram. In 1932 the exports of wheat were 3,441,882 metric tons, oats 715,621, casein (1932) 17,680, cotton (1932) 28,272 tons. linseed 2,027,609, 27,080, could 1(3)32/28,272 tons. Hisseed 2,027,609, maize 7,055,387 metric tons, butter (1932) 25,363 tons, wool (1932) 22,205 tons, sheepskins (1932) 20 25; tons, chilled meat (1932) 370,634 tons, frozen meat (1932) 36 660 tons, frozen mutton and lamb (1932) 70,631 tons Oil has been found in various parts of the Republic and is worked to a general could extent by the meat the second of the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the second could be seen to the to a considerable extent in the neighbourhood of Comodoro Rivadavia, in the Department: NATIONAL COLOURS: blue and White (War of Escalante. The Argentine State Olifields Flag: 3 horizontal bands, blue, white, blue, with produced 902,255 cubic metres in 1932; the out-

put of private companies was approximately 1,186,576 cubic metres in 1932.

Communications.-There were (1932) 24,858 miles of railroad open. The railroads are almost miles of railroad open. The railroads are almost entirely in the lands of British companies, and absorb about £334,000,000 of British capital. Telegraphs about 55,320 miles, mostly Government lines. There are as wireless stations, of which one is reserved for communication between England and the Argentine. There are aeroplane services between Argentine centres, neighbouring Republics and Europe and North Americs. The principal ports are Rugues Aires America. The principal ports are Bucuos Aires, Rosario, La Plata, and Bahia Blanca. In 1932, 2,744 vessels (co.128,146 net tons) entered at all poits; of the total, 4-395,198 net tons (43'38 per cent.) were British.

Defence.—The Navy consists of a super-Dreadnought battleships (reconstructed in 1925), 5 destroyer leaders, 4 destroyers, 4 coast defence ships and auxiliary vessels, a light cruisers, and 3 submarines. Stiength about 800 officers and 14,000 men. The principal naval base is at Pherto Belgrano, near Bahia Blanca, and there are minor bases at La Plata and Buenos Aires, while a new submarine base is being built at Mar del Plata. The naval aviation base is at Puerto Belgrano, with a subsidiary base at Punta Indio. The Army is organised in 5 divisions and numbers about x,500 officers and 25,000 men on a peace footing. Each divisions would consist of about Ao,000 men on a war footing. The military aviation bases are at El Palomar (B.A.), Los Tamarindos (Mendoza), and Parana (Entro Rios). In 1933 the military air force consisted of 3 Reconnaissance Groups, a Fighter Groups and a Light Bomber Groups; there is an aircraft factory at Cordoba.

Education.—Primary Education is secular, free and compulsory from the ages of 7 to 14. The scattered population of the country districts constitute a problem in attendance which is being gradually solved Secondary Education is controlled by the National Government in National Colleges, numbering 5x in 1929, with 17,600 students, average annual fees \$45 (paper); 17,000 Statistics, artifuge animal lost 345 (Paper), in Normal Schools, numbering 86 in 1923, with 30,000 students who pay no fees; and in 60 Special Institutes for Commerce, Arts and Crafts, Mining, Agriculture, &c. There are National Universities at Cordoba, Buenos Aires, La Plate, and Proposition and Evention 18 Sept. La Plata, and Tuenman, and Faculties at Santa Fe. Rosaria and Paraná.

\$847,828,027 Revenue (Budget) \$641,310,000 Expenditure (Budget) 784,130,000 839,263,376 The Argentine Debt.

According to official figures the Public Debt at June 30, 1931, stood as follows :-1,154,710,766 Municipal (Paper Pesos) ...... 371,593,570 1938.

Total Imports (gold \$) \$516,484,457 \$367,556,396 Total Exports ,, 640,558,451 566,624,300

£50,870,371 10,662,101 CAPITAL, Bucnos Aires. Pop. (1932), 2,214,702 Other large towns are Rosario (480,000), Cordoba (260,000 and La Plata (182,401)

BRITISH EMBASSY. (Edificio Britanico, Calle Reconquista 314 Buenos Aires.)

British Ambassador, His Excellency Sir Henry (letty Chilton, K.C.M G. (1933) ..... .. £6,775 Counsellor, (vacant). and Sec., D. F. Howard, M C.

Hon. Attaché, Lt. Col. R. A. McClymout,

C.B.E., D.S.O.

Commercial Counsellor, S. G. Irving Commercial Secretary (Grade 11), E. R. Linge-

Naval Attache, Capt. R. H. C Hallifax, R.N. Arr Attaché, Group-Capt. R. B Maycock, o B E Archivist, Edward Lamb. Assistant Commercial Counsellor, J. Walker.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Aires - Consul-General, V. II Buenos

Huckin

Free-Consuls, R. C. Stevenson; L. G. Holliday (acting); R. J. Knox, M.B.E.; A. H. B. Perkins (acting).

Bahia Blanca-Vice-Consul, George H Walsh, Pro-Consul, Georgand Scottermans. Gallegon- Vice-Consul, Robert Littlejohn La Plata - Vier-Consul, W Puleston.
Mendoza - Vier-Consul, Richard Chilcott.
Port Madryn - Consul, Henry C. 11, James. Ria Grande - Vice-Consul, John Goodall San Julian-Vice-Consul, A. L. McQuibban Santa Cruz-Vice-Consul, L. A. Harris

Rosaria - Cansul, J. R. M. Fell. , Vice-Consul, Alexander S. Nolau, M.B. F. Santa-Fi--Vice-Consul, R. H. Smilles Villa Constitucion - Vice-Consul, E. A. Puleston. Tucuman - Vice-Consul, S. A. Shoolbridge

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE Calle Burtolome Mitre 44z, Buenos Aires Buenos Aires is 7,x60 miles from Southampton; transit, 19 days.

## ARMENIA. See Soviet Union. AUSTRIA

(Oesterreich.) President of the Federation (Dec 6, 1928), Herr Wilhelm Miklas, born Oct. 15, 1872 Federal Chancellor and Minister of Foreign Treacture Onamerica and Mannet of Foreigh Affairs (Sept. 21, 1933), Dr Engelbert Dolfuss, Vice-Chancellor, Major Enul Fey.

Education, Dr. Kint Schuschingg,
Social Welfare, Dr. Richard Schmitz

Finance, Dr. Karl Buresch

Fritz Stockinger. Ministers without Portfolio, Landeshauptmann

Dr. Ender; Sektionschef Dr. Robert Keibel. Police, Hofrat Karl Karwinsky Agriculture and Forestra, Dr Heinrich Gleissner, 1

Military Affairs, Generaloberst Alors Schonburg-Hartenstein. Justice, Ober-Landesgerichtsprasident Dr. Franz

Employment, Tourism, &c., Landesgerichtsrat Odo Nenstädter-Sturmer.

Minister in London, Baron George Francken-stein, z8 Belgrave Square, S. W. z. Counsellor, Barou Lothar Wimmer

ecretary, Count Max Attenia

Consul-General, Sir Charles D. Seligman.

Prior to the War the Austrian Empire, joined to the Kingdom of Hungary, was the largest Graz and Innsbruck.
Empire, next to Russia, on the continent of Europe, situated between 42°-52° N. lat. and bad to worse for four years after the Armistice, 9° 30′—80° E. long It embraced an area of owing to heavy deficits and messant inflation.

240,436 sq. miles, and a population (1914) of nearly 53,000,000. At the conclusion of the Great War, the territories of Austria comprised an area of 32,275 square miles with a population (1922) of 6,524,481 (estimated Dec. 31, 1927, at 6,678,527). Before the armistice of Nov. 11, 1928, the Hungarians, Czechoslovaks, Poles, Jugoslavs and Rumanians had seceded from the "Dual Monarchy." The Emperor Karl "withdiew from the exercise of government" by proclamation (Nov. 11, 1918) and a Republic of "German Austria" was declared Nov. 12, 1918.

Under the Treaty of St. Germann (Sept. 10, 1919) the political neighbours of Austria are Germany and Czechoslovakia on the N ; Italy an I Yugoslavia on the S.; Switzerland on the

W., and Hungary on the E Under the new Constitution (Nov., 1920), Austria became a Republican Federation of eight Provinces: -

Province	Aren '(%q miles).	Population 2937.
Lower Austria and Vienna  Upper Austria Carinthia Styria Salzburg Tyrol Vorarlbeig	4,627 3,679 6,320 2,765 4,881	3,359,082 918,006 403,722 1,025,475 237,384 338,491 150,231
Burgenland (West Hungary	1,533	300,234
Total	32,175	6,732,625

Under the Constitution the Bundesrat and Nationalrat were constituted; a government formed, and a President elected; Vienna was later formed into a separate Province. The elections resulted in a majority for the Christian Socialists over the Social Democrats, for the the Pan-Germans coming next in order. In June, 1921, the Ministry resigned in favour of a non-party Government, which gave way (May, 1922) to a Christian Socialist Pan-German Coalition Government under Doctor Seipel (a priest). Elections were held again in October, 1923, March, 1927, and November 1930 and a similar Government was returned on each occasion. Since March, 1933, Parliamentary Government has been in suspense Commerce and Communications, Kommerzialrat

Complete religions liberty is one of the fundamental laws of the new Republic. The prevailing religion is Roman Catholic.

D. tence.—During the War of 1914-18 about 5,000,000, all ranks, were passed into the common Army of Austra-Hungary. The total casualties exceeded 2,500,000 of whom over 700,000 were returned as killed. Under the Treaty of St. Germain the military, naval and an forces were demobilised and reduced to minimum requirements and all warships were surrendered to the Allies, those under construction being broken up. Service in the Republican Army is by voluntary enlistment for twelve years

Education.—Primary education is compulsory and free, the children in attendance at schools numbering about 720,000 in 2927. Secondary education is provided in gymnasia, and real-schools and there are universities at Vienna,

Finance.—The fluances of Austria went from

The deficit on the State Budget was estimated in July, 1922, at considerably more than one billion crowns, and hy Oct. 1922, the exchange value of the crown had sunk to about one-fifteen-thousaudth of its nonunal value, £x being equal to 325,000 crowns (in place of 24'22). The circulation on Sept. 30, 1922, was over two billion crowns. In September and October, 1922, the League of Nations worked out a scheme for the restoration of the Austrian finances within two years under the control of a High Cummissioner appointed by the League, the Governments of Great Britain, France, Italy, and Czechoslovakia agreeing to gnarantee fourfifths of a loan of 520,000,000 gold crowns (about £25,000,000) in order to fill the deficit in the Budget during the two years. The guarantees for the remainder were given by other powers and a short term loan of £3.500,000 was issued in March, roza. In the following June the big League of Nations loan was successfully floated, nearly one half in Loudon, about £5,000,000 in New York, and the rest in various continental capitals. The sum actually received amounted to over £26,500,000. About £11,000,000 was used to repay the previous short term loans made in 1922 and 1923. The High Commissioner, Dr. Zimmerman, appointed by the League of Nations to supervise the carrying out of their scheme for the reconstruction of Austria, entered on his office in Dec. 1922 Great progress has been made since in reducing Government expenditure and increasing the revenue. Thus about 79,000 superfluous officials were dismissed or pensioned off by the end of December, 1924, and on the completion of the work of reconstruction Dr. Zimmerman left Vienna in July, 1926. The issue of uncovered bank-notes was stopped on Nov. 18. 1922, and the Austrian crown was stabilised at about ('18 345,000 = £1. In 1925 a new currency was introduced, the unit being the Austrian schilling (=10,000 paper Crowns), the rate of exchange in Sept, 1931, henry 34 56 sch. = £r sterling. Since the Armis-tice (Nov. rr. 1918), the British Government has advanced about £10,000,000 to the Republic The favourable condition of the Austran State lasted until 1929, but in 1930 there was a small deficit on working account and in 1931 measures were passed to reduce expenditure and increase

revenue.	Million	Schillinge
	1931.	1932
Receipts	2,008 5	1,909.0
Current Expenditure	2,232.2	1,918.2
Working Deficit	223'7	9.3
Capital Expenditure	98 3	5.8

Since 1930 Austria is being continuously affected by the general trade depression which causes an increase in the number of unemployed a falling off in production and foreign trade, and a decline in the revenue In May 1931 the leading hank, the Ocsterreichische Credit Anstalt. got into difficulties and had to be supported by the Government. In order to reheve the strain on the Austrian National Bank, the Bank of England advanced £4,300,000 to the Austrian Government on June 16. In August 1931 the Austrian Government applied to the League of Nations to make an enquiry into its situation, and experts were sent; at the Conference of Lausanne (1932) the offer was made to facilitate the raising of a loan of not more than 300,000,000 sch. for Austria, under certain conditions, to which the Austrian Government

subsequently agreed, and this loan was issued in August 1933.

	Million	Schillinge
	rggr.	1932
Total Imports	2,20g°6	1,408.6
Total Exports	1,326 7	783.8
Imports from I. K	75.7	37.4
Exports to U. K	63.8	28.5

Communications.—In Sept , 1923, there were about 4,140 miles of railway (exclusive of narrow gauge lines). The mercantile marine was considerable in 1914, but the new Republic is

laud-locked. Industries -The principal industry is agriculture, the chief products being wheat, barley, oats, rye, maize, and potatoes. Forestry and ture, the chief produces considered and oats, rye, maize, and potatoes. Forestry and restaure, which the forests are stock raising are important. The forests are principally conferous trees. The live-stock includes horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, and goats. The vine is extensively cultivated. The most The most important mineral production is that of iron ore, magnesite, and salt; there are also lead, zinc, copper, common and brown coal, and graphite. The principal manufactures are woollens, cottons, steel, wood-work, brewing, and machinery.

CAPITAL, Vienna, ou the River Danube. Pop. (1931) 1,824,912; other large towns are Graz (152,706), Liuz (102,081), and Innshruck (56,401). FLAG: Three horizontal bands, red, white, 1ed.

#### BRITISH LEGATION. Metternichgasse 6, Vienna III. Enton Extraordinary and Minister

Plenspotentiary, Sir Walford Sethy, b C V G, C.R., C V O. (1933) ..... ₹4,050

k C W G (C.R., C V O (1933) ...... 2.4505 xt Secretary, R. H. Hadow, M C 2rd Secretary, W. G. Haytev, Commercial Secretary (Grade I), (with personal rank of Commercial Connection), E. C. D.

Rawlings, C M.G , C B E. Militara Attaché, Lt.-Col F. N. Mason-Mackarlane V C

Chaplain, Rev. R. F. Moody, M.A. Archivist and Pro-Cound, G. B. Taylor.

PRITISH CONSULAR OFFICIS. Vienna—Consul (toth personal rank of Consul-General), H C. Dick, c M G., M.B.E. Pra-Consul, Frank Walker

Vienna is distant oss miles from London.

#### BELGIUM.

(Royaume de Belgique) King of the Belgians, Albert, barn April 8, 1875; smeeded his uncle, Leopold II., Dec. 17, 1909; mar. Oct., 1900, the Duchess Elizabeth of Bavaria, and has issue two sous, (7) the Heri Apparent, (2) Charles Theodor's b. Oct. 10, 1903; and a daughter, Marie-José, b. Aug. 4, 1906; married (Jan. 8, 1930) the Crown Prince Hunbert of Italy.

Herr Apparent, H R.H. Prince Leopold, Duke of Brabant, born Nov. 3, 1901, married, Nov. 10, 1926, H R H. Princess Astrid of Sweden, and has issue a daughter, born Oct. 11, 1927, and a son (Prince Bandonm), born Sept. 7, 1930.

MINISTRY. (December, 1932.)

Prime Minister, Comte de Broqueville (Catholic). Foreign Affairs, M. Paul Hymans (Liberal). Justice, P. E. Janson (Liberal).

I ducation. M. Lippens (Liberal).
Interior, Posts, Telephones and Telegraphs, Vicomte Poullet (Cathalic).

Public Works, Agriculture and Middle Classes, M. G. Sap (Catholic). Industry and Labour, Ph. van Isacker (Catholic

Democrat).

National Defence, A. Devèze (Liberal).
Transport, P. Forthomme (Liberal).
Colonies, M. P. Tschoften (Catholic).
France, H. Jappar (Catholic).
Health, Comte Carton de Wiart (Catholic).

Ambassador in London, Baron E. de Cartier de Marchienne, Chancery, 103 Eaton St., S.W.r. Passport Office, 10 Belgrave Place, S.W.r. Counsellor, Robert Silvercruys. zst Secretary, Henry Borel de Bitche. Militury Attache. General A. Nyssens.

Assist. do., Capitaine-Commandant Hemelecrs-

Air Attaché, Major Chevaher Willy Coppens, D.S.O., M.C.

Commercial Attaché, M. C. Bastin. Assistant do. and Consul, M. A. de Clercq. Agricultural Attaché, L. Bouemans. Consul Chancellor, A. Bounhals. Chancellor, N. Dondervorst.

A Kingdom of Western Europe, with a total area of x1,750 square miles and a popula-tion, Dec 31, 1931 (including Eupen and Malmedy) of 8,213,440. Belginni is bounded on the N. by the Kingdom of the Nether-lands, on the S. by France, on the F. by Ger-nany and Lucemburg, and on the W. by the North Sea. The kingdom formed part of the "Low Countries" (Netherlands) from 1815 until Oct. 14, 1830, when a National Congress proclaimed its independence, and on June 4, 1831, Prince Leopold of Coburg was chosen hereditary king. The separation from the Netherlands and the neutrality and inviolability of Belgrum were gnaranteed by a Conference of the European Powers, and by the Treaty of London (April 12, 1839), the famous "Scrap of Paper," signed by Austria, France, Great Eritani, Prussia, The Metherlands, and Russia. On Aug 2, 1914, the Germans invaded Belgium, in violation of the terms of the treaty; the main object of this act was to turn the French frontier defences and reach Paris before Freuch resistance could be organized, but the Germans were foiled by the heroic defence of the forts at Liege, which gave the French and English armies time to establish contact and block the way to Paris. The invaders, however, ultimately over-ran nearly the whole of Belgium, and the Belgium army was entrenched during the remainder of the war period behind the river Yser. The Germans were ousted from the country shortly before the armistice of Nov. 11, 1918. About 10,000 persons were added in 1919 by the cession of Moresnet and part of Malmédy by Germany, and the district of Eupen, with the remainder of the district of Malmédy, were ceded by Germany and anneved by Belgrum (Sept. 20, 2920) after a plebiacite, thus adding a further 50,000 to the inhabitants. In addition, the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg joined Belgium in an economic union when it ceased after the war to form part of the German Zollrerein.

Belgnun is inhabited by two distinct races, the Flemish, of Germanic stock, and the Walloons, of Latin stock. Flemish is spoken in the provinces of West Flanders, East Flanders, Antwerp, Lunburg, and the northern half of Brabant, and French in the provinces of Hainalt, Namur, Luxemburg, Liège, and the southern half of Brabaut. The town of Brussels is bilingual, and the upper classes everywhere speak French. The official languages are both Flemish and French, and also German in the districts !

acquired after the war. Nearly all the inhabi-

tants are, at least nominally, Roman Catholica.

Relgium has a frontier of 83x miles, and a seaboard of 42 miles. The Meuse and its tributary the Sambre divide it into two distinct regions, that in the west being generally level and fertile, whilst the table-land of the Ardennes, in the east, has for the most part a poor soil. The "polders" near the coast, which are protected by dikes against floods, cover an area of 193 sq. miles. The highest hill, Baraque Michel, rises to a height of s, 230 feet, but the mean elevation of the whole country does not exceed 536 feet. The principal rivers are the Scheldt and the Meuse. Brussels has a mean temperature of 50° F. (summer 65°, winter 37°).

GOVERNMENT .- The constitution jointly vests the legislative power in the King, the Senate, and the Chamber of Representatives. The 154 senators (with the exception of 40 elected by the provincial councils and 20 elected by the senators themselves) and 189 representatives are elected by the people, the former for cight, the latter for four years. Universal male suffrage, with plural voting up to three votes by property and educational qualifications, was introduced by the Electoral Law of 1894, proportional representation being secured by an Act of 1500. In April, 1919, the Belgian Parliament decided In April, 1929, the Beigian Palliament decided as an emergency measure to hold 1929 elections on a "one man one vote" basis for Senate and Chamber. (Unnarried widows of soldiers killed before Jan. 1, 1929, or failing widows, the mothers ; widows or mothers of civilians shot by enemy; women imprisoned by enemy for patriotic acts, also voted.) This Parliament, anomalous, and unconstitutionally elected, anomalous, and unconstitutionally elected, make constitutional the was required to make constitutional the machinery by which it was elected; i.e., to revise article 47 of the Constitution. This was done (Feb. 7, 1921) and a new Chamber was elected in 1925. The present Chamber (elected in Nov. 1932), consists of 79 Catholics, 24 Liberals, 73 Socialists, 8 Fiontists (extreme Flomish Nationalists), and 3 Communists. Deputies receive 42,000 france a year and a free search of the wildren. Those was taked littles. pass over the railways. There are in addition representative Provincial and Communal Councils, elected on a somewhat more liberal franchise.

PRODUCTION .- Agriculture and forestry are important industries, the chief crops being oats, rye, wheat, potatoes, barley and sugar-beet. Belginni is essentially a manufacturing country, and it is largely dependent upon foreign supplies for its food. The mineral kingdom yields coal, fron, zinc, lead, and copper. The leading industries are collicios, quarries, and metallurgic (Mons, Charleroi, Liège, Namur, Hainaut, Brabant, and Imbourg), glass, textiles (Ghent and Verviers), lace (Brussels, Mechlin, Bruges, &c.), four and starch mills, sugar, distilleries, breweries, &c.

DEFENCE .- In 1928 a new Recruiting Law was passed, cutalling compulsory service for an average of 12 months, including rappels. The annual contingent is fixed at 44,000, and the Army consists of a Field Army of 3 Corps, each of 2 Divisions, and 1 Cavalry Corps of 2 Divisions.

EDUCATION. -Schools are maintained by communal taxation, with provincial and State grauts, while many are under ecclesiastical control, Roman Catholic largely predominating. There are 134 State high schools, including 44 for girls, and numerous private institutions. Special

schools abound. The Universities of Ghent and
Liège are maintained by the State; those of
Brussels and Louvain are free institutions.
After considerable opposition, Ghent University,
which had in the past given its teaching and
transacted its business in French, was in rozo
transacted its business in French, was in 1930 turned into a purely Flemish institution. It
had already been made bi-lingual in 1022.
Revenue (1932) France 9,086,853
Expenditure (1932) 11,584,842
Debt (Dec. 31, 1932):-

Total ......53,639,494,203 Internal floating...... 1,715,397,000 ,, ... 497,770,000

Total .....55,852,661,203 Imports (1932) ...... France 16,424,375,000 15,130,450,000 1,435,539,000 Exports to U K. (1932)... ..... 2,346,314,000

The imports in 1932 were: manufactured articles (4,794,661,000 francs), raw materials (7,203,147,000), foodstuffs and beverages (4,158,87x,000), and live animals (103,309,000); the exports were: raw materials (5,30,159,000 francs), manufactured articles (7,928,65x,000), and foodstuffs and beverages (1,429,414,000) and

and foodstiffs and beverages (1,429,414,000) and live animals (152,392,000)

COMMUNICATIONS.—In 1931 there were 5,147 kilometres of normal gauge railways, 4,823 of which were operated by the National Railway Company; the length of light railways (narrow gauge) at the end of 1931 was 5,188 kilometres, 4,623 kilometres (of which 1,000 are electrified) being in operation. In 1930 there were 9,600 kilometres of telegraph line, with 48,000 kilometres of telegraph wire. The navigable rivers and canals have a length of 1,992 kilometres (7,021) and there are 10,202 kilometres (5 state (1931), and there are 10,309 kilometres of State and provincial roads. Most of the maritime trade of Belgium is carried on in foreign bottoms, the mercantile – marine consisting (1931) of 162 vessels (520,747 tons), in addition to which there vessels (529,747 tons), in adultable to which there were (1903) 555 fishing hoats. In 1931, 17,555 vessels entered at Belgian ports (tonings 27,793,141). The principal port and commercial entrepot is Antworp, on the River Scheldt. Other ports are Ostend, Ghent, Bruges, Nieuport, Blankenburg and Zeebrurge. The veved question of the navigation of the Scheldt, the month of which is entirely in Netherlands territory, has lately been the subject of negotiations between the Belgian and the Netherlands Governments. which have not yet (Nov. 1932) reached a con-

The Capital, BRUSSELS, had a population (Dec. 3r. 1930) of 885,924 (with suburbs). Other towns with over 100,000 inhabitants are Antworp, the chief port (451,334); Ghent (208,539), which has large cotton and flax spinning mills, and is the second port of importance after Antwerp, while its flower shows are famous; and Liège (169,566) the centre of the iron industry. Brussels

(169,580) the centre of the front nature 7. Discovering the safe miles from London; transit, 8 hrs.

FLAG: 3 vertical bands, black, yellow, red.

BRITISH EMBASSY, 2, Rue de Spa, Brussels. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipo-

tentiary, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Sir George Russell Clerk, G.C.M.G., C.B. (1933) .....£5,050

. Including Debts to Foreign Governments.

Counsellor, G. N. M. Bland, C.M.G. set Secretary, D. Mackillop. John Scienciary, D. Bischings, 3rd Scientary, R. E. Barclay.
Commercial Secretary (Grads I.) (125, Rue Belliard, Brussels), N. S. Rcyntiena, O.B.K. Naval Attaché, Capt. J. U. P. Fitzgerald, R.N. Asst. do. Comdr. F. V. Stopford, R.N. Military Attaché, Maj. Hon. W. Fraser, D.S.O., 1800.

Air Attaché, Group-Capt. R. M. Field. Archivists, C. F. O. Gibson; A. S. Davidson. Asst. to Comm. Sec., W. Harpham.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Antwerp—Consul-Gen., H. Tom, C.M.G., M. B.R.,

"Vice-Cons., I. L. Henderson; J. Robinson;

L. A. I. Siffre (acting),

"Pro-Consul, A. Janssens.

Brussels-Vice-Consuls, E. G. Sebastian, D.S.O.; Capt. S. L. Robertson (acting).

", Pro-Consul, E. L. Philip.
Ghent-Vice-Consul, C. C. A. Lee.
", Pro-Consul, Edgar Ide. Ordend-Vice-Consul, E. R. Templer. Luge-Consul, D. J. Rodgers, C B.E.

Pace-Consul. J. Mullany. Charleron - Vice-Consul, S. P. Brooke-Booth. BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, 22, Place Bronckere, Brussels.— President, W. C de Bronckère, Brussels. — President, W. Clark-Hall; Secretary, B. G. de M. Tannton.

THE BELGIAN CONGO. Governor-General, His Excellency Lieutenant General Auguste Constant Tilkens.

The Independent State of the Congo, founded in The Independent State of the Congo, founded in 1885, became a Belgian Colony on Nov. 15, 1008. Stanated between long, 12"-31" If and lat. 5° N.—13' S, the colony comprises an area of 909,654 sq. miles, with a native population (1933) of 9,383,883. The European population (1911, 1933), was 18,727, of whom 12,045 were Belgians, 12,29 Portuguese, 1,28 Italians, 1,207 Buthsh, 48 Greeks, 507 Americans, 366 French, 453 Butch, 182 Swiss, and 766 others of various bationalities.

The Congo River is navigable for large vessels from its mouth at Banana to Matadi (95 miles), where the European steamers discharge and recharge their earge; but between that place and Leopoldville, on Stanley Pool, there occur rapids and falls which have been avoided by a railroad z49 nules in lought. A narrow-gauge line runs from Bonne to Telela in the Lamente of system. Mayumbe (86 miles). Above Leopoldville the river and its immerous affluents are navigable by steamer for about 7,000 miles, the falls on the Upper River being avoided by a metre-gauge hine from Stabley ville to Ponthierville (78 miles), and another from Kindu to Kongolo (355 kiloand another non Killott to Koligolo (355 kilo-metres). Another line from Kabalo to Albert-ville on Lake Tanganyika (270 miles) connects the West Coast of Africa with British East Africa and the East Coast. The Katanga-Bukama Railway (446 miles) links up the Rhodesian Railway system with the steamers plying on the Upper Congo River, connecting with both the East and the West Coast, The Bukama-Port-Frauqui Railway (702 miles) commenced in 1923 and opened in 1928 makes it possible to travel by than direct from Cape Town to the liver Kasai, a distance of 3,400 miles. This new route plays an important part in the export of copper from the Katanga mines, its possibilities being limited only by the capa-city of the Port of Matadi. Other railways are Kindu-Kongola (asa miles), Aketi-Bondo (95 miles), Charlesville-Makumbi (56 miles) and Manono-Mayumba (32 miles), making a total for the Colony of 2,772 miles. A new line has been completed from Katanga to join the recently completed Benguela Railway in Portuguese Angola, and work has been started on a line from Stanleyville to Lake Albert which will provide the last link to direct river and rail communication between the Cape and Cairo. Regular air services are established from Boma to Leopoldville, Leopoldville to Stanleyville and Leopoldville, Leopoldville to Stanleyville and Leopoldville to Port Francqni (fortnightly services in conjunction with Belgian European mail); and from Elisabethville to Broken Hill (to link up with Imperial Airways African Service). Motor roads total 26,xx7 miles. The most important motor road is the Route Royale Congo-Ni (553 miles) from Djamha, on the Ribi, to Redjaf, on the Nic. Another rins from Bukama (va Kanda-Kanda and Lucho) to Djoko-Punda, on the Kasai (553 miles) at complete system of telegraphic communication has been established throughout the Colony and is connected with the international system.

The West Coast District has rather scanty rain (40 inches), but on the Maynmhe Hills and in the whole interior the rainfall averages between 60 and 86 inches, and the country is very ferthe and productive. Steeping sickness, once very prevalent and destructive, is now decreasing. Extensive forests cover the central districts; oil palms are plentiful everywhere, and simply an ever-increasing trade in palm-oil and palm-kernels. Cotton, cooo, rubber and coffe care successfully planted. The Colony is rich in immerals. Extensive radium deposits exist in the Katanga, where there are enormous deposits of copper, but the smelters have been practically at a standsful since ragat. Bukana is the centre of an extensive tin-belt, and alluvial and reef gold are found in the North-eastern Congo, Diamond-hearing gravels are worked in the south. The chief exports are palm-kernels and palm-oil, cotton, occoa, gum-copal, rubber, ivory, copper, gold, tin, radium, and diamonds. Capital, Leopoldville (pop r 1955 whites). Principal towns, Matadi (433 whites); Elisabetiville (Katanga) (1,599 whites); Kanleyville, Eastern Province (586 whites); Coquilhatville (478 whites)

Revenue	
Expenditure 608,9 Debt 4,959,2	74.475
Deht 4,959,2	
	53,033
Imports 464.6	31,939
Exports 667,9	
Imports from U.K 39,6	
Exports to U K 5.5	46,000

Ruanda and Urundi (ceded July, 1919) formed the N.W. corner of German East Africa from 5° S. lat, to the S borders of (Britash) Uganda and have an area of about 15,000 square miles, with an estimated population of 3,000,000. They lie W. of the Victoria Nanza and N.E. of Luke Tanganyika, through which are their respective ondets. The soil is poor, and the only exports are live-stock and Indes. The administrative capitals are Nianza (Ruanda) and Kitega (Urundi), the commercial capitals being Kigali (Banada) and Usumbura (Urundi).

Leopoldville-Consul-General, Harold C. Swan., Vice-Con., C. W. von Hirshberg. Elisabethville-Consul, H. G. Willis.

Stanleyville — Vice-Consul, P. R. Morgan (acting).

Matadi — Vice-Consul, G. V. Richardson.

#### BHUTAN.

See "Countries within the Indian Sphere of Influence" (p. 740).

BOKHARA. See Soviet Union.

#### BOLIVIA.

#### (República Boliviana.)

President, Dr. Daniel Salamanca, born July 8, 1869; assumed office, March 4, 1931.
Vice - President, Senor José Luis Tejada Sorzano.

Enroy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipolentiary in London, Señor Don Callos Victor Aramayo. x6 Grosvenor Place, W. 1. Cornsellor, Señor Don Mamento Urriolagoitia. xst Secretary, Señor Don Mariano Dehera. Secretary (Specially Attached), Señor Don Ednardo Aramayo

Attaché, Pastor Llobet.

Consul-General, Senor Don Mamerto Urriolagorna, z6 Grosvenor Place, W. z

The Republic of Bolivia extends between lat. 8° and 23° S and long. 57° 30° and 73° W., and its area is officially estimated at 514,400 square nules (other estimates giving an area of 708,125 square inities), with an estimated population of 3068.81. The Republic derives its name from its liberator, Simon Bolivar (born 1783, died 1830).

The chief topographical feature is the great central platean (6,500 square miles) over 500 miles in length, at an average altitude of 12,000 feet above sea level, between the two great chains of the Anides, which traverse the country from south to north, and contain, in Illampin (Sonata), and Illimail, two of the highest peaks of the western hemisphere. The total length of the navigable streams is about 12,000 inites, the principal rivers being the Henes, Beni, Maniore, and Madre de Dios.

Minnig and agriculture are the principal industries, the imperal productions being very valuable. The ancient silver mines of Potosi are now worked only for tin, but gold, partly dig and partly washed, is obtained on the Eastern Cordillera of the Audes; the tin ontput is, after that of the Straits Settlements, the largest in the world, while copper, antimony, wolfram, bismuth, salt, and sulphur are also found. Its agricultural produce consists chiefly of rice, barley, oats, maize, cotton, coca, indigo, indiainbber, cacao, potatoes, cinchona bark, medicinal herbs, &c. Manufactures are in a very undeveloped state. The principal exports are tin and silver ores, crude rubber, copper ores, bismuth, lead ores, wolfram, wool, coca, lides, and antimony; the chief imports are iron and steel products, textiles, machinery, sugar, flour, and coal. There are (1929) 1,314 nules of railways in operation, and the construction of a line from Cochabamba to Santa Criz, in two sections of rig and rio miles respectively is in the preliminary stages. There are 4,000 miles of telegraph wire, and wireless services between Riberata, La Paz, Cobija, Capitandi (Chaco). There is direct railway communication to the sea at Antofagasta (2 days), Anca (x day), and Mollendo (2 days), and also to Buenos Aires (3½ days); branch lines run from Oruro to Cochabamba, and from Rio Mulato to Potosi. Construction on the railway between La Qmaca (on the Argentine frontier) and Atocha (in Bolivia) is now completed. There is through railway communication with Buenos Aires from La Paz. Commimication with Peru is effected by rail to Guaqui and thence by steamer across Lake Titicaca to the railroad at Puno. The principal line is the Antofaças: a and Bolivia railroad (719 miles), and a line from La Paz to the province of Yungas (the first section of which is open) may eventually connect with the steamers on the rivers Benn, Mannoré, and other tributaries hue from Potosi to Sucre, the legal capital, is nuder construction, and trains run to Betanzos.

Bolivia is without a sea-coast, having been

deprived of the ports of Tocopilla, Cobija, Medillones, and Antofagasta by the "Pacific Mejillones, and Antofagasta by the War" of 1879-1882 (see Chile). The Peace Army amounts to about 5,000, all ranks, the War Effective heing about 105 000.

Estimated revenue (1933) ... ..... Bs.19.964,481 Estimated expenditure (1933) ...... 21,0;9,572 461,288,566 Public debt (1933) ..... . . ...... . ... 48,903,564 22,351,535 Imports from U.K. (1932) . ....... 4,088,913

Exports to U.K (1932).... 40, Spanish is the language of the country. 40,452,276

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT, La Paz

Pop (1932) 146,000. Other large centres are Cochabamba (35,574), Potosi (35,000), Santa Cinz (30,000), Sucre (32,000), Tarija (11,500), and Oiuro (40,000).

FLAG: Three hotizontal bands; Red, yellow, green.

BRITISH LEGATION.

(Avenida Arce, La Paz )
Enemy Extraordinary and Min. Plen and Con-

sul-General, Richard Lysle Nosworthy .£2,350

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. La Paz-Vice-Consul (with local cank of 2nd Sec.), (1 E. Vanghan.

Cochabamba - Vice Consul, Thomas O'Comor Oruro-Consul, Frank Milton.

Potosi - Vice-Consul, John Davidson Sucre-Consul, Ernest F. Moore

Sucre, 8,386 nules from London: transit, via Buenos Aires, 28 (rid New York 35 to 40) days

### BRAZIL. (Estados Unidos do Brazil )

Chief of the Provisional Government, In. Getuing Dornelles Vargas, assumed office Nov. 3, 1930.

MINISTRY.

Foreign Affairs, Dr. Affaino de Mello Franco Justice de Interior, Dr. Antines Maciel. Cummunications de Public Works, Dr. José Americo de Almeida.

Agriculture, Major Juarez Tavora War, Gen E. S. Cardoso.

Marine, Rear-Ad. Protogenes Pereira Chimaraes. Frnance, Dr. Oswaldo Arauha Education and Public Health, Dr. Washington

E Pmes. Labour, Dr. Salgado Filho.

Ambassador en London, His Excellency Senhor Raul Régis de Oliveira, G B E

Offices of Embassy, 19 Upper Brook Street, Wr. Counsellor, Senhor Carlos Taylor.

Commercial Attaché, Senhor J. A. Barbosa Carneira.

and Secretary, Senhor Decio de Moura Asst. Naval Attache, Eng. Com. Natal Arnaud. Consul-General in London, Senhor Ayres de Maya Monteiro, Aldwych House, Aldwych,

W.C. 2

Consul-General in Liverpool, Senhor Luiz de Faro.

Brazil, the most extensive State of South America, discovered in 1500 by Pedro Alvares Cabral, Portuguese navigator, is bounded on the north by the Atlantic Ocean, the Grinnas, Colombia and Venezuela; on the west by Peru, Boliva, Puragnay, and Argentian; on the west by Fern, Boliva, Puragnay; and on the east by the Atlantic Ocean; and extends between lat. 5° zo' N. and 33° 45' 8 and long. 34° 45' and 73° 59° zz' W., being 2,327 miles from north to south, and 2,322 from west to east, with a const-line on the Atlantic of 2 zm miles. The Enamble communes, as accessed. of 3.577 miles The Republic comprises an area 3,268,870 square miles, with a population (Census 1920) of 30,635,605, estimated at 39 103,856 111 1928

The northern States of Amazonas and Para are mainly wide, low-lying, forest-clad plains. The central state of the Matto Grosso is principally platenn land and the eastern and southern States are traversed by successive mountain ranges interspersed with fertile valleys. In the extreme south, towards the interior, the land rises by gentle gradations to the height of a,ooo to 5,ooo teet above sea level. The principal ranges are Serra do Mar in Sao Panlo; the Serra Geral (Capanao 9,393 feet) between Minas Geraes and Espirito Santo, the Serca do Mantiquerra (Itatiava, 9,163 feet), and the Serra do Equinaço (Itacolum, 5,748 feet), in the sonth-east of Minas Geraes; the Serra do Paranau, between Goyay and Minas Geraes, the Seria dos Amnores, which divide Espirito Santo from Minas Gernes; and the Serra da Gurgueia,

Brazer and Araripe, which envelop Prainly Brazer is unequalled for its rivers. The The River Amazon has tubutaries which are themselves great rivers, and flows from the Peruvian Andes to the Atlantic, with a total length of some 4,000 niles. Its principal nothern tributaries are the Napo and Marianon, the Putunayo or Ica, Ria Reaco, Ria Nearo, and Japina, its southern t ibntailes are the Juria, Purus, Madeira and Tapapos, while the Xingu meets it within 200 miles of its outflow into the Atlantic. The Tocantons and Araguaya flow northwards from the Platean of Matto Grosso and the mountains of Goyaz to the Gulf of Para. The Parnahyba flows from the encircling mountains of Plauly into the Atlantic. The São Francisco rises in the South of Minas Geraes and traverses Bahia on its way to the Eastern coast, between Alagons and Sergipe. The Paraguay, rising in the southwest of Matto Grosso, forms a boundary with Bolivia on its way through Para, uny to its confinence with the Parana, which rises in the mountains of that name and divides Brazil from Paraguay. On the Ignassu, which unites with the Upper Parana at the Brazil-Argentine-Paraguay boundary, are the majestic Falls of the Iguassu, and on the São Francisco are the no less famons falls of Paulo Affonso.

GOVERNMENT.-Brazil was colonised by Por tural in the early part of the sixteenth century, and in 1822 became an independent empire under Dom Pedro, son of the refugee King João VI. of Portugal, the centenary of Brazilian

independence being celebrated by an Inter-Independence Deing cereorated by an amount mational Exhibition at the capital (Sept. 7, 1922, to July 2, 1923). On Nov. 15, 1889, Dom Pedro II., second of the line, was dethroned and republic was proclaimed. The constitution rests on the fundamental law of Feb. 24, 1891, which established a federal republic under the name of estands of rederal republic linear the name of Estados Unidos do Frazil. The President and Vice-Prosident are elected for 4 years by the direct votes of all male Brazilians over zz years who can read and write; they are ineligible for the succeeding term. They are aided, as an executive, by a Council of Ministers, who are re-sponsible to the President and not to the legislature. Congress consists of a Schate of 63 members and of a Chamber of Deputies of ara members; members of both houses are paid. Constitutional Government was suspended after the revolution of 1030. Elections for a Constituent Assembly were held in May, 1933, under a new law (which included a provision for female suffrage). The Assembly is expected to meet before the end of the year 1933, to consider a new Constitution and to elect a President.

The language of the country is Portuguese, foreign languages being read and spoken in the following order:—French, Italian, English, Ger-

man and Spanish.

PRODUCTION,-The minerals are very considerable and valuable, comprising gold, silver, iron, diamonds, topaxes, and other precious stones. The immense iron deposits have been scarcely touched. Manganese is exported, and there are important deposits of monoxite sand. Low-grade coal deposits are in the south. Its agricultural produce is abundant and its forests are immense. Cattle-raising is an important industry, the number heing 34,270,324 (Census of 2920). The chief products of the country are coffee, maize, sugar, raw cotton, hides and skins, cocoa, oleaginous fruits, herra-mats, rubber and tobacco: the rubber comes from the more northern provinces, especially the valley of the Amazon, and is shipped from Para and Manaos; coffee coming chiefly from São Paulo, Tobacco and cocoa are grown largely, especially in Bahia. Cotton is being largely cultivated. Sugar-cane is grown in large and increasing quantities in the northern provinces, Pernambuco being the centre of the sugarproducing zone. The exports include also meat, hides, maize, beans, and herva-mate (tea). The principal imports are machinery, wheat, from and steel products, cotton goods, and coal and coke.

Foreign trade of Brazil, 2022 :-

Portugal 469,442
------------------

DEFENCE.—The peace effective of the Army is about 54,920 all ranks. The Navy consists of a Dreadnoughts, x battleship, xx destroyers, x tender, 4 submarmes, and some small vessels and aircraft.

EDUCATION .- Primary education is carried out by private initiative and at the cost of municipalities and States, in some cases with a Federal subsidy; there were 1,783,571 pupils in 1008. Secondary and Technical education is

carried out by Federal, State and Municipal authorities, with s₄de pupils in Federal schools, 7,975 in State and Minnierpal institutions, 4s,65x in private schools, and 24,688 in technical institutes in r9a8. Higher education (xx,66x) stitutes in 1928. Higher education (11,661 students in 1928) is carried out by Federal and State governments at the State University of Rio de Janeiro, and at the University colleges at Manáos (Amazones) and Curityba (Paraná) and other private colleges.

COMMUNICATIONS.—In December, 1938, there were 20,300 miles of railway open. Length of telegraph lines, about 95,000 miles. In 1938 steam and sailing vessels of 44,254,937 tons (of which 8,790,384 were under the British flag) entered Brazilian ports, the principal harbours being Mandos, Pará Maranhão, Pernambuco, Maceio, Bahia, Victoria, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, and Rio Grande.

Gold.

Revenue (1931)...*Milreis* 144,272,793 1,880,532,973 Expenditure (1931) , 153,691,644 1,848,576,841

External Debt (Dec. 31, 1931) ....... £100,569,755 France 329,335,000 U.S. \$143,336,998

Approximate total . ... £138,898,430 Internal Debt (Dec. 31, 1931)... Milreis 2,589,709,000 Floating Debt 783,142,242

Total Imports ....... £28,756,000 £21,744,000
Total Exports ....... 49,544,000 36,630,000 Total Exports ...... Imports from U K. ... 4,169,340 4,827,069 Exports to U.K. ..... 5,703,797 4,120,337

CAPITAL, Rio de Janeiro. Population (1930), 1,468,621. Other large centres are São Paulo, 693,788; San Salvador (Bahia), 320,808; Reeffe (Pernambuco), 340,543; Beleu (Parà), 279,497; Porto Alegie, 273,376; Belle Horizynte, 108,849; Nuchberny, 288,822; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 2002,200,300 (Satisface), 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Magalo, 288,824; Ma Nictheroy, 108,233; Maceio, 103,930 and Curitylia, 100,135.

FLAG: Green, with yellow lozenge in centre; blue sphere with white band and stars in centre of lozenge.

### BRITISH EMBASSY.

(71 Rua Real Grandeza, R.o de Janeiro.) Ambassador Extraordinary and Plempotentiary, His Excellency Sir William Seeds, K.C.M.G.

(1930)

25.525

2st Secretary, J. M. Troutbeck.

3rd Secretary, A. N. Noble.

Commercial Sec. (Grade I.), E. Murray Haivey,

O.BE, MC.

Commercial Secretary (Grade 11.), J. G. Lomax, M.B. E., M.C.
Naral Attache, Capt. R. H. C. Hallfax, R.N.
Military Attache, Mai. L. H. G. Andrews.

Air Attaché, Group-Capt. R. B. Maycock, o.B.E. Archivist. T. J. F. Kenny M.B.E.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Rio de Janeiro-Consul-Gen , C. A Goodwin. M. B. R.

Vice-Consuls, C. E. Gedge; N. C. Robinson. Morro-Velho-V.-Consul, William Pollard, Bahia-Consul, A. H. Marlow.

", Vice-Consul, J. Rowsell.
", Pro-Consul, Charles R. Girdwood.
Ilheos—Vice-Consul, C. H. Howe. Pard-Consul, S. C. Lawrence.

Vice Consul.

Pro-Consul, J. M. de P. Leite.

Mandos-Vice-Consul, C. E. Turner. Maranham-Vice-Consul, R. J. Smith.

Martinam-Yvoe-vousul, n. J. Smith.
Parnahyba—Voe-Consul, (N. Rant)
Pernambuco—Consul, W. R. Mackness.

"Pro-Consul, L. A. Mello.
Ceard—Vice-Consul, Lt. Col. F. R. Hull, M. B.E.
John Passha—Vice-Consul, R. H. Vance. Maceio-Vice Consul, Kenneth C. Macray. Porto Alegre-Consul, J. E. M. Carvell.

Vice-Consul, A. H. Norris (acting). Pro-Consul, Mannice Potter.

Corumba—Vice-Consul, Simeon Quass. Curityba—Vice-Consul, W. S. Tate (acting). Santos-Consul, (vacant)

Vice-Consul, H. McCardell. São Francisco - Vice-Consul, R. O'N. Addison.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN BRAZIL, Avendo Rio Branco 51-53, Rio de Janeiro. (Branches at Bahia, Pernambuco and Para.)

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF SÃO

Rio de Janeiro, 5,750 miles distant; trausit, zy days.

#### BULGARIA. (Bulgarıya.)

married Oct. 25, 1930, Princess Giovanna of Italy (Queen Ioanna); their Majestics have issue a daughter, born Jan. 13, 1933

#### MINISTRY (Dec. 21, 1932).

Prime Minister & Minister for Foreign Affairs. M. N. Mouchanoft. Interior, Dr. Alexander Gunguinoff. War, Gen. Alexander Kissoft. Finance, S. Stefanoft. Commerce & Industry. D Gitcheff. Railweys, Posts and Telegraphs, M. S Koustourkoff Agriculture, C. Monravieff. Justice, M. Katchakoff. Public Works, V. Dimoff
Education, M. Boyadjieff.
President of the Sobranje, M. Al. Malinoff.

Minister in London, M. P. Hadji Mischel, 24 Queen's Gate Gardens, S.W. 7 Chancery, 3 Queensbury Place, S.W. 7. 2st Sec., M. His Boyadfell.

The Kingdom of Bulgara is bounded on the The Kingdom of Bulgai as bounded on the north by Rumania, on the west by Yuroslavia and Greece, on the east by the Black Sea, and on the south by Greece and Turkey. The total area is stated at 39,824 square miles, with a population (June 30, 1932) of 5,911,700. The prevailing religion of the Bulgarians is the Eastern Orthodox Church. For secular purposes, the Greensten Question Calculate is used.

Gregorian (Western) Calendar is m use.

A Principality of Bulgaria was created by the Treaty of Berlin (July 13, 1878) and in 1885 Eastern Roumelm was added to the newly-created principality. In 1908 the country was at that date being 37,202 square miles, with a | decreasing.

population of 4.337,500. In 1912-13 a successful war of the *Balkan League* against Turkey increased the size of the kingdom, but in August, | 1913, a short campaign against the remaining members of the League reduced the acquired area, and led to the surrender of about s,000 square miles to Rumania. On Oct. 28, 1915, Bulgaria entered the War on the side of the Central Powers by declaring war on Serbia. She Roto Alegre—Consul, S. E. M. Carvin, Pro-Consul, J. A. Macdonald, Rio Grande do Sul—Vue-Consul, Vivian Wigg. on Sept. 29, 2928, made an unconditional sur-São Paulo—Consul-General, Arthur Abbott, render to the Allied Powers. On Nov. 29, 2929, C.B.R. Vice-Consul, John C. Belfrage. handed over to Greece) and some territory on the western frontier to Yugoslavia.

GOVERNMENT .- The executive power is vested in the Tsar, and is exercised by a Council of Ministers, appointed by him. The legislature is a single chamber National Assembly or Subrange of representatives (x per 20,000 inhabitants), elected for a maximum term of four years by adult manhood suffrage. Members receive 12,000 leva a month and free railway travel.

PRODUCTION.—About 75 per cent of the population is engaged on farming small holdings, the BRITISH CHAMBER OF CONTROL OF A LAND SOUTHERN BRANIL, Run 15 do Novembro 20, 850 Paulo. (Branches at Santos maize, tobacco, cleagmos seeds, leans, sugar and Porto Alegre.) hve-stock meludes sliesp, goats, cattle, pigs, horses, asses and mules. Rich and extensive brown and black coal deposits, certain of which (mainly State-owned innes) produce about 1,500,000 tons yearly for home needs. There is Tsar, Boris III., born Jan. 30, 1894, succeeded (on a large variety of thermal and mineral springs, the abdication of line father) Oct. 3 1918; several of which have been modernised. Certain areas are well mineralised with copper, lead, zinc, iron, manganese, dc, but only copper and lead are mined and treated on a commercial scale. There are large deposits of intrininous shale and indications of petroleum. Alluvial gold is found in many places. Local industry is encouraged by tariff protection and other mancements, and includes foodstuffs and beverages, cotton and woollen textiles, electrical goods, ceramics, metal-working, chemicals, leathers, priper and woodwork. The principal imports are raw, semi manufactured and fluished textiles, metals and manufactures, industrial and agricultural machinery, implements and tools, chemicals, tanning materials, nimeral and vegetable oils, gienses, fats, ginns, wax, paper, hides, leather, glassware, china and porcelain, drugs and medicines, colonial goods, sawn tunber, tubber. The principal exports are creals and flour, bian, tobace o, eggs, beans, poultry and dairy produce, simflower seed and or roses, hve-stock, unts, fruits, silk cocoons, charcoal, hardwoods, copper matte and lead ore.

DEFENCE .- Before the War of 1914-1918 service in the Army was universal and compilsory, and on a peace footing it numbered about 58,000, all ranks. During the War (Oct. 1915-Sept. 1918) about 560,000 passed into the ranks of the Army. By the Treaty of Neully the Bulgarian Army is limited to 30,000 all ranks.

EDUCATION .- Elementary education is obligatory up to 4th Standard, and free up to 7th Standard. 1,721 elementary schools, 103 high schools (including American, French, German declared to be an independent kingdom, the area and Italian relicols). Hilteracy is rapidly at that date being 37,302 square inites, with a decreasing. There are many technical and commercial schools. Sofia has a State University, a Free University, and Art, Music and Military Academies.

COMMUNICATIONS.—On Dec. 31, 1931, there were 15,186 miles of roads of which 10,340 miles were open, 4,011 miles under construction, and 835 miles traced. Of roads in actual use 4,730 miles were State and 5,610 miles Com-minal. There were 1,605 miles of normal and minial. Inere were 1,005 mines of normal and a55 miles of narrow gauge railway open. 578 post and telegraph offices, 565 telephone exchanges with 18,556 subscribers (8,000 in Sofia The principal black Sea ports are Varna and Bourgas; and Rustchuk, Svistov, Vidin and Loni on the Danube. In 1932 the vessels cleared at Black Sea ports numbered 6,229 (2,046,442 tons), 12,575 vessels cleared at Danube ports (2,273,223 tons).

Budget revenue (estimated) ...leva 5,855,100,000 Budget expenditure (estimated) .....6,875,300,000

Debt (Dec. 31, 1932) — External (including obligations under Treaty of 802.557,000 lena 20,627,580,000 Internal ..... Gold france 254,057,000

lera 6,785,593,000 Total ... Gold frames 1,056,617,000 levas7,713,173,000

Trade .--

Total Imports ...... lera 3,471,000,000 Exports to U.K.... ,, 88,000,000

CAPITAL, Sofia, at the foot of the Vitosha Range, on the River Isker, the Vitosna Range, on the River Isker, the capital and commercial centre, is on the main railway line to Islandul, 338 miles from the Black Sea port of Varia, and rag miles from Lone-Palanka, on the Danube. Population (1932), 252,695. Other important trading and the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of th industrial centres are Ploydiv, Sliven and Gab-

FLAG: Three horizontal bands, white, green,

BRITISH LEGATION. (Boulevard Ferdmand 73, Sofia ) Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, C. H. Bentinck, C.M.G.

(1933) ...... Balfom ......£3,500

Mon. Attache, Maj. D McCallum, M.C. Naval Attache, Capt. R. B. Ramsay, M.V.O., R.N. Asst. Naval Attaché, Eng.-Com. F. V. Stopford, R N.

Military Attacké, Maj. F. A. Sampson. Archivest, R. P. Llewellyn.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Sofia-Cousul, C. H. Summerliayes, M.B E. ", Vice-Consul, S. Harrison, O.B.E. Bourgas—Vice-Consul, A. C. Kendall. Varna—Vice-Consul, F. P. Baker.

## CHILE.

(República de Chile.) President (1931-1938), Senor Don Arturo Alessandri ; installed Dec. 24, 1932.

Ambassador in London, Señor Don Juan Enrique Tocornal.

Chancery, 3 Hamilton Place, Park Lane, W.r. set Secretary of Embassi, Pon Luis Renard. and Secretary, Dr. Don C. Mannel Pereira.

Commercial Counsellor, Don Julio Bictancourt. Commercial Attaché, Don Santiago Monk. Consul, Don Humberto Videla, 76 Victoria Street, S.W. z.

A State of South America, of Spanish origin, lying between the Andes and the shores of the South Pacific, extending coastwise from the Rio Sama to Cape Horn south, between lat. 17' 12' and 55' 50' S., and long. 66' 30' and 75' 48' W. Extreme length of coast-line about 2,800 miles. Its extreme length is about 2,800 miles, with an average breadth, north of 4x3, of 100 miles. The great chain of the Andes rims along its eastern limit, with a general elevation of . 5,000 to 15,000 feet above the level of the sea; but unmerous summits attain a great height—the highest being, in Aconcagna Provincia, 7,019 metres (23,025 feet) with many others over 20,000 feet. The chain, however, lowers considerably towards its southern extremity. The Andes form a boundary with Argentina, and at the head of a trail leading from Chile to Argentina has been creeted a statue of Christ the Redeemer, 26 feet high, made of bronze from old cannon, to commemorate the peaceful settlement of a boundary dispute in zooz There are no rivers of great size, and none of them are of much service as navigable highways. In the north the country is arid Clule is divided into 16 provinces and 2 territories (Aysen and Magallanes) and the aggregate area this estimated at 289,798 square miles. In 1929 Chile sizued a treaty ceding the province of Thena to Pern but retained the province of Arica in 1eturn for a payment to Peru of

£1,200,000.

The population (Census of 1930) was 4,287,445.

The population are four distinct Included in the population are four distinct racial divisions; (a) the Spanish settlers and their descendants; (b) the indigenous Araucanian Indians, Friegrans, and Changos, (c) mixed Spanish-Indians; and (d) European managrants, who were represented in 1920 by 25,66 s Spannards, 12,360 Italians, 7 200 British and Irish, 8,550 Germans, 7,200 French and 5,000 Syriaus. In 1932, the british amounted to 34 2 per 1,000. mari mees 6 6 and deaths 22 8 per 1,000.

GOVERNMENT. — Chile was discovered by Spanish adventurers in the 16th century, and remained under Spanish rule until 1810, when a revolutionary war, culminating in the Battle of Maint (April 5, 1818), achieved the independence of the nation. The present Constitution was voted by an overwhelming impority at the lebisette held on Aug. 30, 1925, and superseded that of May 25, 1833. It was drafted by a Committee appointed at hee by President Alessandri. In accordance with the new Constitution of the Committee of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Consti stitution, the President is to be elected by direct vote of all Chilean citizens who have the right to vote. The National Congress consists of a Senate of 45 members, and of a Chamber of 142 Deputies. There is universal suffrage for persons who have attained the age of zz, can read and write, and are on the electoral roll.

PRODUCTION, &C.—Agriculture and mining are the principal occupations Wheat, maize, barley, oats, beans, peas, lentils, wines, tobacco, hemp, Chile pepper, potatoes, onlons and melons are grown extensively; the vine and all European fruit-trees flourish; the exportation of fruit to the United States is increasing yearly. Excellent wines are produced, and the Government is taking steps to develop then exportation The live stock includes (1930) 2.387.040 cattle

being extremely rich in copper-ore, iron-ore and manganese ore. The production of har copper groups are copper producing country in the world. The rainless north yields more especially nitrate of soda, lodine, horate of soda, copper, gold and silver, a large number of numes yielding both heng in actual work in Tarapaci, Guanaco, and Cachmal in Atacama, and Caracoles in Antofagasta; the centre, copper, iron, manganese and silver; and the south, non and coal (x,085,005 silve; and the south, non and coal (x,085,005 tons of coal were nuned in 1932). In 1932 the production of intrate was 693,778 tons, the exports of this fertilizer being in the same period 243,400 tons. Early in 1930 a law was passed constituting a national intrate company, to be called Compania de Salitre de Chile (Costch), with a capital of £75,000,000 with State participation, to take over the whole of the intrate industry, the export tax below of the initiate industry, the export tax being abolished, and its place in the budget taken by a fixed payment to the Government during the first three years, and after that by the Government's share in the company's profits. By decree of Jan 1, 1933, the dissolution of the Cosach was chacted. The liquidation of the Consider was charted the inquisition of the concern is now proceeding, while a bill for the reorganization of the whole intrate industry is being considered (Oct. 1933) by the Chilean Congress. There are smelting-works for copper and silver, tanneries, corn and saw-mills, starch, soap, biscuit, rope, glassware, paints, inineral waters, boot and shoe, hostery, but, cloth, cheese, furniture, candle, match, brush, cordage, paper and eigarette factories, breweries and distilleries; and the domestic industry furnishes cloth, embroideries, baskets, and pottery. The many ports favour commerce, and 13 lines of steamers connect the country with Panama and the Magellan Strait direct with Europe, a passage to Liverpool occupying from 30 days. The staple with the control of expect was supported to the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control articles of export are nitiate of sodi, iodine, oats, borax, frozen meat, wheat, copper hars and ores, silver ores, coin, flour, index, wool, barley, honey and beans. The imports include silks, woollens and other textiles, food, and agricultural and mining machinery, and motor vehicles.

(OMMUNICATIONS. — There were (1931) 5,542 index of railway, of which 1,755 index are British controlled. In 1931 there were 19,835 index of telegraph, 910 post-offices, and 5,250 miles of teleghone, with 13 public wireless stations. The mercantile marine (1932) numbers 127 vessels (151,777 tons) In 1922 416 vessels (1,165,265 tons) entered Chilcan ports from almoad, and 13,163 consting vessels (16,287,423 tons); legislation was passed in February, 1922, reserving the coasting tuffic to vessels of the Chilean morcantile marine.

DEFENCE, - All able-bodied male citizens from a training period. The peace effective of the a training period. In he heat energive to the active army is 19,474 (1932). The An Force has a peace strength of 113 machines with 150 pilots and 1,000 mechanics. The may consists of 1 hattleship (recently removated), 1 ironelad, 3 crineers, 12 destroyers and 10 submarines, with a complement of 632 officers and 7,217 other ranks.

FUCATION is free, and in July, 1920, elementary education was made compulsory; there

6,263.482 sheep, 788.831 goats, and 331,156 swine, are 4,301 schools, attended by 479,761 children ont of a total on the registers of 662,706. There the mineral wealth is considerable, the country are 3 Universities (2 in Santiago and 1 in Country) cepción). The National Library contains about 450,000 volumes. The lan, uage of the country is cepción). Spanish and the religion is Roman Catholic.

Revenue	*\$783,805,209	*\$514,119,058
Expenditure	1,027,115,597	703,609,112
Internal Debt (Dec. 31) External Debt	934,492,345	934,119,058
(Dec. 31),	3,685,289,980	2,430,829,002
Total imports	705,902,012	213,785,818
Total Exports	821,738,960	290,493,965
Importsfrom U.K.	112,500,000	27,534,839
Exports to U.K.	1118,500,000	91,431,305

CAPITAL, Santiago. Population (1932), 712,533. Cther large towns are: Valphausos (33,26), 748-535, Concepcion (79,599), Talca (45,020), Innaue (45,488), Chillan (39,521), Antohagasta (53,591), Tennico (35,748), and Viña del Mai (49,488). FLAG: a horizontal bands, white, red; in top another while ster on blue sunau new stell.

quarter a white star on blue square, next staff.

#### BRITISH EMBASSY.

(Avenida Vicuna MacKeima No. 152, Santiago.) Ambassador Extraordinary and Plempotentiary, His Excellency Sir Robert Carminowe Michell, K.C.M.G (1933) ......£4,375 zst Secretary, G. H. Thompson, C.M.G. zid Secretary (Local rank), C. G. Kemball, Commercial Secretary (Grade 11.), A. J. Pack,

OBE.

Naval Attaché, Capt. R. H. C. Hallifax, R.N. Military Attache, Maj. L. H. G. Andrews. Air Attache, Wing-Commander R. B. Maycock, O. B. E.

Archivist, F. Walker.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Santiago—Vice-Consul, C. G. Kembull.
Antotagasta—Consul, John Bowering.
Area - Vice-Consul, John Bowering.
Agree - Vice-Consul, N. T. M. Clarke.
Tocopilla—Vice-Consul, N. T. M. Nicholls.
Valparonso—Consol-Gen, D. F. S. Filliter.
Vice-Consuls, M. Y. Watson; Herbert

J. Mundy.

Concepcion-Consul, Edward Cooper, O.B.E. Concerbo Vice-Consul, W. M. Somerville. Coronel Pro-Consul, James Monks. Magallanes Consul, H. W. Reid-Brown, Osorno-Vice-Consul, Sydney Smith.

Ostron—1 re-consul, Synney Smith San Antonio—Vice-Consul, J. B. Duffield. Talcahuano, Tomé and Penco—Vice-Consul, Alfred E Cooper. Temneo—Vice-Consul, George H Caistor. Valdicua and Corval—Vice-Consul, Henry Allen. BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN THE REPUBLIC OF CHILE, Calle Blanco No. 869, Val-

paraiso. Valpanaiso is distant 9,000 miles ma Panana, and rr,000 ma the Strart; transit 34 to 39 days. Vid Buenos Aires and Andes, transit 19 to 25 days.

## (Chung-Hua Min-Kuo.)

President, Lin Sen, assumed office Dec. 27, 1931. NATIONAL GOVERNMENT-KUO-MIN CHENG-FU. The National Government Council consists of National Government Councillors, among whom are the Presidents and Vice-Presidents of the

** \$ = Pesos (z6 = U S \$).
† Not including nitrate of soda exported "to order."

five Yuan (Connects). The President is ipso facto Chairman of the National Government Council. President, Executive Yuan, Wang Ching-Wei.

President, Executive Yuan, Wang Ching-W Do, Legislative Yuan, Sun Fo (Sun K'E). Do., Judicial Yuan, Chu Cheng. Do., Examination Yuan, Tal Chi-Tao.

Do., Control Yuan, Yu Yu-Jen.

# Executive Yuan-Cabinet. (Hsing Cheng Yuan Hui.)

The Cabinet consists of the President and the Vice-President of the Executive Yuan and the following Ministers:—

Vice-President and Minister of Finance, H. H. Kung
Interior, Huang Shao-Hishing
Folerga A flarts, Wang Ching Wei.
War, General Ho Ving-Chin
Kang, Admiral Chen Shao-Kwan.
Industria, Chen Kung-Po.
Communication, Chu Chia-Hua.
Radicagis, Ku Meng Yu.
Radication, Wang Shih-Chie
Justice, Lo Wen-Kan.

Envoy Extraordinary & Minister Planipotentiary in London, Quo Tarchi, 49 Portland Place, W. z. Counsellor, Wei-Cheng Chen. zst Secretaries, Tennyson Tau; Ching-Lin Hsla;

ast Secretaries, Tennyson Tau; Ching-Lin Hsia; Liuh Chich.

Attaches, Loh Ming-Sin; Fang-chen Tien.
Consul-General, London, Dr. Wei-Cheng Chen,
49 Portland Place, W.z.

#### AREA AND POPULATION.

Territory China Proper Tibet Chinese Furkestan	Square miles, 1,532,800 463,320 550,580	Population 414,011,519 6,500,000 2,491,000
Mongolia	1,360,000	4,000,000

Total... 3,906,300 427,002,519

The estimated foreign population of Chuna was as follows in 1931. British, 13,344; Japanese, 266,621; Russian, 56,479; American, 8,637; Portuguese, 2,368; German, 3,444; French, 8,651; the total being 270,33; Out of a total of 7,922 foreign firms in China, 725 were British, 1,142 Russian, 3,940 Japanese, 184 German, 37, American, and 222 French (in 1923). The total number of Chinese abroad is estimated (1930) at

6,372,043. Chucse civilisation is the oldest in the world, and its government, based upon that of the family, remained unchanged in its root idea until the revolution of 1911-12, by which the autocracy of the Emperor and the power of the bureaucracy were merged into a Republican form of government. For more than 2,000 years the Emperor was the supreme head of the State legislating by edict in matters great and small. In the seventeenth century the Ming Dynasty was overcome by the Manchus from the north, who have now become almost cutirely absorbed by the conquered race. The conditions and practices of the autocracy were preserved by the Manchus, but for many years the civil service had become the power in the Empire and the central authority was but loosely exercised over the provincial and district adminis-

tration. Many reforms were initiated or promised in the last few years of the Imperial rule, and an executive body was actually created, while a legislature was promised. At the close of the year 1911 the party of the reform forced the Imperial dynasty to a "voluntary" abdication, and a Republic was proclaimed.

China became a Republic on Feb. zz, zgzz, with a President and Vice-President and an Executive Ministry, and a Legislature of a Senate (I'san Yi Yuan) of zzz members and a House of Representatives (Ching Yi Yuan) of zzz members and a House of Representatives (Ching Yi Yuan) of zzz members. The government of the zz provinces is entrusted to civil and military governors, the latter (Tuchus) ranking first and holding practically all the powers of government; under them each province is subdivided into circuits superintended by Taopius or intendants, and again into districts. All the territorial officials are appointed by the central Government, and the provincial governors, though free to act independently in many matters of local detail and finance, are responsible to the central Government at Peking in all important questions, and especially so in foreign affairs. The Treaty of Kiakhta, 1915, between Chima. Russia, and Outer Mongolia recognises the Hutukhta Khan as Ruler of Onter Mongolia, while China, as the Suzeram Power, appoints Residents at Urga and three other towns. Mongolia has since developed into an independent self-governing republic.

On Oct. 1, 1930, Weihainei, the island of Liu Kung and certain other Islands, leased to Great Britain in 1898, were restored to China. The area comprised in the lease was about 28 square miles, with a population of about 190,000. On Jan 15, 1931, the Belgiau concession at Trentsin was also formally restored to China

The revolution of xoxx brought out a victorious general in the person of Yuan Shih-kai, but from his death in xox6 until June xox8 his sub-ordinates and their successors fought for supreme power. Presidential elections were held and their results disputed, and the Parliament elected in xox3 held occasional meetings in xox4, but its measures were not carried into effect. The Emperor (who had lived in the Imperial Palace succe his enforced abdication) was stripped of his title and driven out of the Capital in xox4, and such government as existed in xox7 was centred in Peking (for Northern China), while the Kuomentung (People's National Party) was represented by a Nationalist Government at Canton (for Southern China). In June xox8 Peking was captured by the Nationalists, and the capital of the country was transferred to Nanking, and on October xo, xox8 (the anniversary of the outbreak of the Revolution at Wuchang in xox1), Chiang Kai-shek, the commander-in-chief of the victorious Nationalist armies, was installed as President of the Republic. The constitution promulgated in xox8 provides for government by five Councils (Fuan) Executive, Leguslative, Judicial, Examination and Control.

EDUCATION.—In 1924 there were 190,000 schools in operation, with 6,500,000 pupils. There is a University in Peking. In 1922 there were upwards of 1,250 Chinese newspapers and magazines, published at regular periods, in Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin, and the other large centres, in addition to English and other Foreign daily newspapers.

COMMERCE.—The foreign trade of China is ! stated as follows in Haikwan taels.

Year.	Net	Net	Excess
	Imports.	Exports	of Imports.
1939 1931 1931	1,265,779,000 1,309,756,000 1,433,489,000 1,100,000,000	1,015,687,000 894,844,000 909,476,000 525,000,000	250,092,000 414,912,000 524,013,000 575,000,000

· Estimate for 1932.

The import of Indian opium is now prohibited.

## External Trade, 1932. Haikwan Taels.

Imports from.	Exports to, 37,584,000
65,170,000	20.977,000
60,474,000	75,665,000
10,701,000	8,416,000 22,818,000
	20,833,000
148,432,000	107,485,000
269, 176,000	60,000,000
1,000,000	5,320,000
	19,192,000 65,170,000 60,474,000 10,701,000 71,914,000 71,914,000

COMMUNICATIONS .- Of the total area of China about half consists of table lands and mountainous districts where communication and travel are difficult and dangerous. In the remaining districts the principal means of comnumeration from E to W. is afforded by the livers, and from N. to S. by the Great Canal.

Railways.—The length of the railways is less

than 8,000 miles, inclusive of the Manchurian lines, or less than one-fifth (per roosq. miles) of

those available in Thikey.

Shipping.—The China Mcrehants Steam Navigation Co. have a fleet of 31 ships of an aggregate tuninage of 60,000

Besides this, there are a large number of small vessels engaged in the ! coasting trade and on the \angtee In 1931 the total tonnage of the 181,607 vessels and ninke entered and cleared at Chinese norts was 160,005, xox tons. Of these ships 50,534 (60,560,794 tons) were British; 31,559 (43,042.411 tons)
Japanese; and 6,730 (6,777,767 tons) U.S.A. In
June, 1938, a vessel of 14,750 tons, constructed
at the Kiangnan lock and Engineering Works at Shanghai, was launched and supplied to the order of the United States Shipping Board.

Telegraphs are being rapidly constructed by the Central Government, and Peking is in communication overland with Europe and Tibet, the line being extended to Lhasa. There are about 53,000 miles of land lines and several high-power wireless installations. Telephones, Municipal and long distance, are in general use in the settled and trade areas, and wireless telephony has been installed in the large centres.

Maritime Customs .- The Chinese Maritime Customs consists of about 1,000 Europeans, a large proportion of whom are British subjects, and some 8,000 Chinese, all under the control of the Inspector-General (Sir Frederick Maze). By an Imperial Decree of May, 1906, the Marttime Customs Dept. was transferred from the Foreign Board to the Board of Revenue, and two Chinese Administrators-General were appointed.

for the payment of the Indemnities and foreign Loans secured on the Customs; also manages the Lighthouse Administration; is closely associated with conservancy operations, and keeps a small fleet of cruisers to enforce its regulations.

Post Office. — The Chinese Post Office was established by Imperial Decree in 1896 and placed in the hands of Sir Robert Hart, the great I. G., who developed it on modern lines. It remained a branch of the Maritime Customs until the death of Sir Robert Hart in 1911, when it was transferred to the Ministry of Communications and a Foreign Co-Director. Letters can be sent all over China at the uniform rate of 5 cents per 20 grammes. The number of Post Offices and Agencies (1931) was 18,523. In 1931, 774.017 800 postal packets and 6,217,230 parcels were handled.

Expenditure ..... 682,990,864 External Debt (Jan. 1, 1931) .......£153,000,000

At Jan. 1, 1931, according to the official statement of the Unistry of Finance, the total internal debt was 741,640,659 taels (including arrears of capital and interest).

#### OUTLYING TERRITORIES.

Mongolialias an estimated area of about 1,360,000 square miles, and a population of 3,000,000 to 5,000,000, of whom the greater number are buddhists. In 1915 Mongolia threw off its allegiance to China, and by the Treaty of Republic. Negotiations with Russia, after the sqr; revolution, led to an alliance, and by Treaty (Maj 31, 1924) the U.S.R. acknowledge the suzcrainty of China over Outer Mongolia.

North-West (or Outer) Mongolia covers an area of about 360,000 square unles, and consists of an elevated platean bounded by the Russian Altai range (N.W.), the Sayans (N.E.), the Kentel (S.E.), and the Ektagh Altai (S.W.). The plateau contains many lakes and is watered by numerous rivers, among which are the head-waters of the Yenisei, the Irtish and the Selenga. Agriculture is almost miknown, but excellent pasture provides grazing grounds for numerous cattle and sheep, and particularly for transport animals (camels and oxen). The exports are wool, hides and skins, and gold. The chief centres are Urga (Kuren, or Ulan-Buotr-Khoto, "Town of the Red Knight"), Uliassutai, and Kobdo, all of importance as trading centres on the main caravan routes Part of Onter Mongolia has declared itself independent of its suzerain as the Republic of Tanna Tuva. The districts affected he between the Sayan and Tanna Ola

anges, the capital of the Republic being Chem Belder (or Krasny, "Red Town"). Inner Mongolae covers an area of about 1,000,000 square miles and inc'udes the Gobi ("Desert"), or Sha-ma ("Sand Desert"), which covers nearly one-third of the total area, and in the extreme south-east the Ordos Desert, bounded on the south by the Great Wall of China, and encircled on the north by part of the main stream of the Hwang-ho river. In the north-east of Inner Mongolia rises the Keru-lun, which flows into the Dalai Nor in Manchuria. Agriculture is carried on wherever Chinese But the change has not materially affected the powers intherto exercised by the Inspector to the south-eastern borders. The principal General. In addition to the collection of dues industry (as in North-West Mongolia) is after at the Treaty Ports, this service is responsible and cattle raising and the breeding of camels, oxen and horses for transport, in order to supply the caravan routes from China to Siberia. centres of population depend mainly upon the overland commerce of China and Eastern Russia across the Gob, the general direction of the caravan routes being from south-east to northwest. The principal centres are . Kalgan, Kuku-khoto, Kuku-erghi, Dolon-Nor and Biru-khoto In the north-cast, Kein-lin (on the river of that name) is a junction of the southern routes from the Chinese province of Pechih and the western route from Urga, in N.W. Mongoha.

Tibet (area, 750,000 square miles; pop. 3,000,000) borders on British India. (See p. 741.) Chinese Turkestan (or Sonkrang) has a total

area of 600,000 square miles and a population estimated at 2,000,000. It meludes Zungura and Chinese Tartary, and provides sheep, cattle, and transport animals for the caravan routes. The chief centres are Kashgar and Urumchi. (See p. 741 )

CAPITAL OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC, Nanking. Population (1928), 1,000,000.

Nauking, selected as the capital of Chma m ross in place of Peking, is the principal city in the province of Kiangsu, and the scat of the provincial government of Kiang-nan (embracing the three provinces of Kiang-su, Kiang-si and Ngan-hui) About 1000 A D. it was named Kiang nan, but in 1368 this was changed to Nanking ("Southern Capital.") The city is built on the south bank of the Yangtse Kiang river, about equidistant from Canton and Perping, and is connected by railway (rgs miles) with Shanghai.

Peppus, the former capital, had an estimated population of 1,300,000 in 1921.

Shanghai compuses (a) the International Settlement administered by the Shanghai United Settlement administered by the Shanghai United Settlement (for the defense of which Butch Butch).

cipal Council (for the defence of which British Forces were despatched), the estimated population being (1930) 1.011.052 (Foreigners, 36.471; Foreign Defence Forces, 4.083, Clinics., 971.397); (b) the French Concession, an independent (a) the New York and the Renament and Interpretation, population (1930) 456,015 (Foreigners, 15,149, Churese, 440,366); and (c) the Shanghat City, Chapen and Nuntua areas surrounding these settlements, population (1930) 1,689,100, (Foreigners, 9,790, Churese, 1,679,310) -a grand total for Shanghar of 3,156,166.

The population of the principal ports is estimated as follows: -Amoy, 400,000; Cunton, 1,370,000; Changsha, 1,273,000; Chingking, 1,012,600; Fouchow, 1,500,000; Ringchow, 720,950; Hankow, 200,000; Ichang, 450,000; Kinkang, 380,000; Kungchow, \$50,000; NANKING, 1;300,000; Ningpo, 2;200,000; Ningplat, 3,160,000; Nouchow, 1,100,000; Tentsin, 838,000; Tsungtau, 310 000; Wathsten, 752,000; Watchow, 2,750,000; Watchow, 350,000. FLAG: Red, with blue canton bearing a winte

BRITISH LEGATION, PRIPING (Peking). Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleus

potentiary, Hon. A. M. G. Cadogan, CB, CM.G. (1933)

Counsellor, E. M. B Ingram, O.B.K.

xel Secretary, A. Holman, M.C.

and Secretary, J. N. Belnens. 3rd Secretary, H. A. Caccin. Chinese Secretary (with local rank of Coun-

sellor), Sir E. Teichmann, K.C M.G., C.I E. Commercial Secretary (Grade II.), A. H. George.

Naval Atlache, Capt. J. G. P. Vivian, R.N.

Military do., Lt.-Col. V. R. Burkhardt, D.S.O., O B.R., R.A. Air Attache, Wing-Com. R. P Willock. Chaplain, Rt. Rev. F. L. Norris, D D. Consul, A. A. L. Thson (acting).

Assist. Chinese Sec., L. H. Lamb.

Archinest, A. T. Cox, M.B. &

Clerical Officers, E. G. Carter; A. Ventch; E. L. Watkins. Cypher Officers, C. N. Alport; K.O'B. Harding; H. Tubb. Commandant, British Legation Guard, Major L L Welman, M.C.

## BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Amoy-Consul, E. W. P. Mills.

Autop—Consut. E. W. F. Mills, C.M.G., O.B.F.
Canton—Consut-Gen., H. Phillips, C.M.G., O.B.F.
Consul, R. A. Hall (acting).
Fire-Consul J P. Coginil.
Clerical Officer, W. J. McLaughlin.
Changsha—Consul, H. A. F. B. Archer, O.B.E.
Chelon—Consul, K. W. Tribe (acting). Cheugtu (vacant). Pro-Consul. Rev. E. Hibbard.

Changking—Cound-General, F.A. Wallis (acting).
Vice-Consul, G. F. Tyrrel (acting).

Foochow-Consul, A. J. Martin. Hankow-Consul-Gen., Sir W. M. Hewlett. KCMG.

Consul, F. A. Wallis. l'ice-Consuls, H. A. F. B Archer, O B E., M. C. Gillett (acting) ,,

Pro-Consul and Clerical Officer-W. C. Tice

Larbin-Consul-General, C. F. Garstin, C M.G., CBE.

Commercial Secretary (Grade 11.), J. C.

Hutchinson, (i.B.E., ), i.e. Consul, E. W. Jeffery, I.e. Consul, E. W. Jeffery, Ichang—Consul, A. Cameron (acting) Kashqur—Consul-General, N. Fitzmaurice (acting).

Vice-Consul, Lt G. Sherriff, R.A. Mukden -- Consul-General, A. G. Majon.
Vice-Consul, D. H. Clarke, D.S. O., M.C. Nauking -- Consul, A. P. Blunt, C.M.G.

, Vice-Consul, A. Prico. , Clerical Officer, W. H. Williams, Newchicang-Consul, S. Wyatt-Smith.

Augpo-Consul (vacant). Perping (Peking)-Consul, A. A. L. Tusou

(acting). Vice-Consuls, R. H Scott R. Turral; G. W. Aldington.

Shanghai-Judge of Supreme Court, P. Grant Jones (acting).

Commercial Con sellor, L. Beale, C B F ; Assistants, G. C. Pelliam; W. G. C. Graham.

Consul-General, Sir J. F. Brenan, K.C.M.G.

A.C. J. Judge, P. G. Jones, C.B.E. Consul, J. W. O. Davidson, O.B.E. Vice-Consuls, C. E. Whitamore (Acting Consul), J. C. Hill; G. V. Kitson; A. G. N. Ogden,

Crown Advocate, A. G. Mossop Registrar and Coroner, C. H. Haines, ,,

Accountant, W.C. Scott. Chief Clerk, I. T. Morris. Assistant Clerk, E. G. Abbey Archivist, A. J. Evans. ,, ,,

Passport Office, R. S. Heaney.

Shanghai-Clerical Officer, S. E. Faithf 1, Marshal, J. J. McGeown.

", Usher, J. J. Dawe. Swatow—Consul, R. S. Pratt. Tengunch—Consul, H. I. Prideaux-Binne, O.B.E. Trentson - Consul-General, L. Giles, C.M.G.

Consul, S. G. Beare (acting).

Vice-Consul, G. E. Stockley.

Clerical Officer and Pro-Consul, H. C. Rabbetts.

Tsinan-fu—Consul-Gen., H. I. Harding. Tsinatao—Consul, J. F. Affleck, C.B.R. Yunnan-fu—Consul-General, H. F. Haudley-Derry, C.B. K.

BRITISH CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE IN CHINA AT Amon, Canton, Changsha, Chefoo, Chinkiana, Chingking, Fowline, Hankow, Harbin Mikden, Neurhwang, Ningpo, Peking, Shanghar, Swatow, Tientsin and Tsinanfu.

Peking, distant 11,770 miles; transit, 39 days (or by Siberian Railway 13 to 14 days)

## COLOMBIA

## (Républica de Colombia).

President (1930-1934), Dr. Emique Olaya Herrera, born Nov. 12, 1882, assumed office Ang 7, 1930.

Enry Extraordinary and Minister Plenipo-tentiary on England (vacant).

Charae d'Affaires (ad interim), Senor Don Satmnino Rostrego.

Secretary of Legation, Schor Don Manuel Aya. Attache, Sr. Dr. Don. Bernardo Samper Consul-General, Schor Dr. Don Alejandro Lopez,

7 Sicilian Avenue, Southampton Row, W.C. 1 Cansul-General in Lircipool, Senoi Don Carlos

Vernaza, 41 North John Street.

The Republic of Colombia lies in the extreme north-west of South America, having a coastline on both the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans It is situated between 2'40'S to 22 25' N. lat and 68 to 79° W. long, with an estimated area of 461,606 square unles, and a population (Census 1928) of 7,851,000, of whom more than one-half are whites and half-castes. The country is mitersected by three great ranges of the Andes, known as the Western, Central, and Eastern Cordilleras, the second contains the highest peaks, but the latter is the more important, as it consists of a series of vast table-lands, cool and healthy. This temperate region is the most and healthy. densely peopled portion of the Republic.

The principal rivers are the Patia, Cauca, Magdalena, Caqueta and Putumayo. The Patia flows through the ramons Minima Gorge of the Western Condilleras, and one of its tributaries (the Carchi, or Upper Guiatara) is spanned by the Rumichaca Arch, or Inca's Bridge, of natural stone On the Funza is the Great Fall of

Tequendama, 480 feet in height.
The Colombian coast was visited in 1502 by Christopher Columbus, and in 1536 a Spanish expedition under Quesada established a government of certain coastal communities under the name of New Granada, which continued under Spanish rule until the revolt of the Spanish Spanish rine until the revolt of the spanish american colonies of 1811-1824. In 1819 Suman Bollnar (born 1783, died 1839) established the Republic of Colombia, consisting of the territories now known as Colombia, Panama, Venezuela and Ecuador withdrew from the association of provinces, and in 1831 the remaining territories were formed into the Republic of New Granada.

In 1858 the name was changed to the Granadine Confederation and in 1861 to the United States of Colombia. In 1886 the present title was adopted. In 1903 Panama seceded from Colombia, and is now a separate Republic.

The Colombian forests are extensive; among the trees are mahogany, cedar, fastle, and other dye-woods and medicinal plants. The mineral productions are emeralds, gold, silver, platinum, copper, iron, lend, and coal; petrolemn is available in enormous quantities, and in the year 1931 the output was 18,236,000 barrels; it is possible that new oilfields will shortly be opened near the Venezuelan frontier. The principal agricultural products are coffee, cotton, plantams, and bananas, and m some parts tobacco, wheat and other cereals. Manufactures, for home consumption, consist of woollen and cotton stuits. The chief exports are coffee, petroleum, gold, bananas, and hides.

The standing army consists of about 10,000 men; the may has been nearly abolished. Railroads are in then infancy, about 1,500 miles being open in 1932, with 23,206 (1931) nules of telegraph; there are also (1932) 1,880 unles of national roads, and "dnt" rouds (passable by notors in dry weather only). There is a daily passenger and mail service (German) between Bogotá and Barranquilla and a bi-weekly service in concert with Pan-American Airways to the U.S. New York can be reached in 34 days and mail is delivered in England zz or zz days after leaving Bogotá. There are wireless stations at Barranguilla. Bogotá, Mecellin, Cali and Cúcuta.

Roman Catholicism is the established religion. but all religious are tolerated. Spanish is the

language of the country.

Revenue	1972 \$35,346,072
Kapenditine	37,338,598
Foreign Debt, June 30, x933*:-	
National	73,406,632
Municipal	60,183,500 22,216,000
Mortgage Banks (May 31, 1933)	40,805,420
Internal Debt, National (June 30,	40,005,420
1933)	64,573,866
Total imports	30,469,780
Total exports	70,396,670
Imports from U K	5.915 848
Exports to U.K	808,407
1 (1	

CAPITAL, Bogotá. Population, about 200,000; other large centres are Medellin (200,000), Barnanguilla (81,000), Cartagena (68,000), Manizales (45,000), and Cali (45,000)

FLAG. Three horizontal bands, yellow (twice the width of the others), blue, red.

#### BRITICH LEGATION.

(Apartado de Correo No 17 Bogota ) Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipaten-

o \$16.951,332 of the National Debt is in the form of a short term loan by a banking group (Nat City B of NY, First Nat B of Boston, and Lazard's of Parus ond London: Co'omba suspended payment of interest on the National Treepin debt in March, 1933, but resumed service in July, 1933, on the bases of current year's coupons to be publioned in third in each and twe-brids in scrip, which is to be amoutized in 4 years, and is non-interest bearing.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Bogota-

Consul, T. J. Anderson. Vice-Consul, T. W. Glover (acting). Barranquilla-Vice-Consul, H. N. Burley (actg.). Burnaentwa—Cons. Agent. C. F. Pattelson.
Cali—Vice-Consul, A. C. Thompson (acting).
Cartagena—Vice-Consul, L. L. Tyren
Manizales—Vice-Consul, A. R. Gordon.
Mariguita (Honda)—Consular Agent, A.

Kippen. Madellin—Vice-Consul, D. McKellar (acting) Pasto—Vice-Consul, Stanley V. Woodcock Santa Marta—Vice-Cons., G. H. White.

Distant 6, see miles; transit, to Bogota (via New York) 18 days.

COSTA RICA.

(República de Costa Rica.)

President (1932-36). Ricardo Jimenez Orcamuno, usmimed ofice May 8, 1932 Minister of Foreign Affairs, Leonidas Pacheco.

Minister in London (vacant).
Consul-General, London, José Vargas Porras,
33-36 King William Steet, E.C. 4.
Consul, John C. Eggers.
The Republic of Costa Rica, the most southern
State of Central America, extending across the
isthmus, between 8' 17' and 12' 20' N. Int., and
from 82' 30' to 85' 45' W. long., contains an area of
about 23,000 English square miles, and a population (431) 7 2021 of 55' 622' 41'

tion (Jan. r. 1931) of 516.031.

For nearly three centuries (1530-1821) Costa Rica formed part of the Spanish-American dominions, the seat of government being at Cartago. In 1821 the country joined in the War of Independence, and from 1824-1839 it was one of the United States of Central America.

The principal agricultural products are coffee, bananas, rice, marze, sugar-cane, potatoes, cocoa and beans, the soil being extremely fertile. The chief exports (1932) are coffee (£1,526,688), banamas, cacao, gold and silver builton, skins and hides, fresh fruit and tumber. The skins and hides, fresh fruit and timber. This imports are dry goods, hardware, provisions, railway materials, machinery, paints, and general merchandise (in 1932, 53 per cent. from United States, 12 from United Kingdom, 12 per cent. from Germany)

The chief ports are Limon, on the Atlantic coast, through which passes the bulk of the important human trade with the U.S. and U.K.

important banana trade with the U.S. and U.K., as well as by far the larger part of the other exports and unports; and l'untarenas on the Pacific coast ln 1932, 494 vossels (1,238,320 tons) entered at tosta flican ports. About 420 miles of railroad were open in 1239. In 1930 there were 205 post offices, and 205 telegraph offices (3 wireless), with 2,612 miles of telegraph and telephone line. A considerable amount of English capital is embarked in the Republic. Spanish is the language of the country.

Public income	£1,327,245	£1,484,745
Public expenditure	x,478,493	x,608,708
Foreign debt	1,586,187	1,419,620
,, ,, *F	08.5,561,000	*Fcs. 5,811,000
17.8	\$7,284,000 (	T.S. \$7, 198.000
Railway Electrifi-	****	
cation	\$1,746,000	\$1,589,000
Internal debt	£1,402,082	£2,000,981
Total imports	1,862,029	1,542,610
Total exports	3,062,806	2,413,103
Imports from U.K	207,847	2,413,103 168,546 1,136,000
Exports to U.K	z.846.278	1.136,000

CAPITAL, San José; pop. (1933), 57,047 (with suburbs, 67,327); Heredia 8,256 (with suburbs, 14,459); Limon, 16,123; Alajuela, 9,591; Cartago, 17,579; Puntarenas, 8,052.

FLAG: Five horizontal bands, blue, white, red, white, blue (the red band twice the width of the others).

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

British Enroy Extraordinary, Minister Pleni-potentiary, Sir Josiah Crosby, K.B.E., C.I.E. (1931) (1esident at Panama, q.v.).

## BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

San José-Consul, Frank N. Cox, M.B.E.

,, Vice-Consul, Alex. Murray.
Port Lumon-Vice-Consul, R. C. Johnston.

San Jose is 5,687 miles from London; transit

direct 18 days; vui New York, 20 days; Air Mails (vii New York) 21 or 12 days from London.

(República de Cuba.)

President of the Republic, Dr. Grau San Martin, sworn in Sept. 11, 1933. Foreign Affairs, Dr. Manuel Maiquez-Sterling.

Minister in London, Schor Dr. Don Guillermo Patterson. Legation, 30 York Terrace, Regent's Park, N.W. z.

Counsellor of Legation, Dr. Don Gabriel Suarez Solar.

and Sec., (vacaut).

Commercial Attache, Senor Don Luis Marino

Consul, Señor Raoul-Aculle (acting), 95 Linden Gardens, Notting Hill Gate, W. a

('nba (the largest of the "West India" Islands) lies between 74' and 58' W. long., and 29' and 23' N. lat, with a total area of 44,x78 sq. miles and a population of 3,66x,582 (June 30.

1930).
The island of Cuba was visited by Christopher Columbia, during his first toyage, on October 27, 2492, and was then believed to be part of the Western maniland of India. Early in the 26th century the Island was conquered by the Spaniards, to be used later as a base of opera-tions for the conquest of Mexico and Central America, and for almost four centuries Cuba remained under a Spanish Captain-General. The shale trade was abolished early in the 19th century, and the slaves were emancipated from 1880-1886. The government of Spain was marked by a generally corrupt administration, compli-cated by internal unrest fomented by external influences, and the various attempts at independence met with severe military repression. separatist and autonomous agitation culminated m the closing years of the 10th century in a ficrce and bloodthisty war, and although a conciliatory movement was evinced by the Madrid authorities in 1897, the struggle was continued by the party of separation in the island. In 1898 the govern-ment of the United States put info execution a threat of interference by the despatch of the battleship Maine to Havana harbour, and in February of that year the vessel was sunk by an explosion, the cause of which appears likely to remain an unsolved mystery. On April 20, 1808.

In process of redemption.

the U.S. Government demanded the evacuation of Cuba by the Spanish forces, and a short Spanish-American war led to the abandonment of the island, which was occupied by U.S. troops. of the Island, which was occupied by 0.5. troops. From Jan. 1, 1899, to May 20, 1925. Chiba was under U.S. military rule, and reforms of the widest and most far-reaching character were instituted. On May 20, 1922, an autonomous government was inaugurated with an elected President, and a legislature of two houses. The island was, however, again the prey of revolution from July to Sept., 1906, when the U.S. Government resumed control. On Jan. 28, 1909, a republican government was again inangurated.

Of the total area of 28,000,000 acres, there were (1932) 3,051,470 acres under sugar, about 500,000 acres under tobacco, sweet potatoes and bananas. Rice, coffee, cocoa and maize are also grown and tropical fruits (oranges, coco-nuts, pineapples, &c.) flourish. The chief agricultural products of the island are tobacco and sugar sugar crop (1932-33) 1,990,000 tons; the chief product of the forests is malogany, while cedar is also used for boxing the tobacco crop. live stock includes about 4,500.000 cattle and 600,000 horses, the vast savannahs of Central Cuba being particularly suitable for cattle ranges.

3,800 miles of railroad are open and about 6,000 miles of telegraph line; there are about 2.200 miles of roads.

Spanish is the language of the island.

	Revenue	1931 31 \$47,645,000	1932-33 \$44,117,000
	Expenditure		51,475,000
ļ	External Debt (Feb., 19	33)	56,046,000
	Internal Debt (do.)		90,138,000
		1931	1932
	Imports	\$84.850,000	\$51,024,000
	Exports	121,887,000	80,672,000
	Imports from U K	4,347,000	2,985,000
	Exports to U.K	15,375,000	12,444,000

CAPITAL, Havana (pop June, 30, 1930, 584,893); ther towns are Santiago (143,466). Camagney other towns are Santiago (143,466), (84,825), Cienfuegos (76,951), and Matanzas (65,413).

FLAG: Five horizontal bands, blue and white (blue at top and bottom) with red triangle, close to staff, charged with silver star.

## BRITISH LEGATION.

(San Pedro No. 4, Havana.) British Enway Extraordinary and Minister Plempotentiary, H. A. Grant Watson, C.M.G. .....£,4,050 

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Harana-Consul (with local rank of Consul-Constago of Cuba-Vice-Consul, L. Haydock-Willer Vice-Consul, W. H. Bunbury
Constagos-Vice-Consul, G. W. Bradley.
Santiago of Cuba-Vice-Consul, L. Haydock-Willer Vice-Consul, L. Haydock-Willer Vice-Consul, C. Consultation

#### CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

#### (Československá Republika.)

President, Professor Tomáš G. Masaryk, born March 7, 1850; assumed office Nov. 14, 1918; 1e-clected May 27, 1920; 16-elected May 27, 1927.

MINISTRY. Prime Minister, J. Malypetr. Foreign Affairs, Dr. Eduard Benes.

Education, Dr. Ivan Dérer. Finance, Dr. Karel Trapl. National Defence, B. Bradac, Interior, J. Cerny.

Justice, Dr. Alfred Meissner. Posts, Dr. Emil Franke. Agriculture, M. Hodža. National Welfare, Dr. Ludwig Czech. Public Works, M. Jan Dostálek. Commerce, Dr. Josef Matonšek. Radways. Rudolf Bechyně. Unification, Monsignor Dr. J. Sramek. Public Health, Dr. Franz Spina.

Enroy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Jan Place, S.W. z. Jan Masaryk, C.B.E., 9 Grosvenor

Legation, 8, Grosvenor Place, S.W. x. Counsellor, Dr. Vilem Gerné.
Press Secretary, Dr. J. V. Hyka.
and Secretary, Dr. Jan Gerke.

Consul, Josef Bujnak, 8 Grosvenor Place, S.W.z.

Part of the Anstro-Hungarian Monarchy declared its independence on Oct. 18, 1918, as the Czechoslovak Republic, and ten days later the Kirodni Vibor (National Council) of Czechoslovakia took over the administration of the independent territories. The political neigh-bours of the Republic are Austra and Hungary on the S., Germany and Poland on the N., Germany on the W., and Poland and Rumania on the E. Within these limits are the former Austrian Provinces of Bohemia and Moravia and part of the Province of Silesia; and Northern Hungary from the Danube (at Bratislava, on the Austrian frontier) to the Carpathians (at the headwaters of the Ung River in the eastern slope of Mt. Vereczka)—a total area of about 54,877 sq. nules, with a population (Census of 1930) as under:

Bohemia ... ... 7,106,766 Morama and Silesia .... ..... 3,563,157 Slovakia ... .... ..... 3,330,885 Subcarpathian-Russia ..... 785,350

## Total ..... 14,726,158

Of the total population it is estimated that 65'5 per cent. are Czechs and Slovaks, 23'3 per ogs per cent. are teems and shousts, 333 per cent. Germans, 55 per cent. Magyars, 34 per cent. Ruthemans, and o 5 per cent. Poles. The new State was recognised by Anstra in 1998 and by Himgary on March 12, 1992. The National Assembly, consisting of a Senate and a Chamber of Deputies, is elected by universal adult suffrage of both sexes. The executive power is exercised by a Council of Ministers, appointed by the President. The Constitution guarantees religious and political freedom. About 80 per cent. of the people are Roman Catholics.

By the Peace Treaty Czechoslovakia acquired about 80 per cent, of the whole industry of the former Austrian Empire. It has several rich coalfields, and possesses valuable mineral re-sources which, notably in Slovakia, have not yet been fully developed. Rachum, gold, silver, iron, graphite and lead are all mined, while the springs, graphite and tead are an infined, while the whole country is rich in mineral and thermal springs. Bohemia has rich deposits of clay, kaolin and saud. The whole country is well farmed, and agricultural production is on a very highlevel of excellence. In foodstuffs, however, the country is not self-supporting. Thirty-three

per cent. of the total area of the country is forest land, and both in the productiveness of the forests and the quality of the timber the forest wealth of the Republic is enormous. In its industrial development Bohemia may be compared to Belgium. In Bohenia, Moravia and Silesia, which have a total population of xo/2 nillions, more than four million people are engaged in industry. The various industries are well. industry. The various industries are well organised, and as regards both machinery and modern improvements the factories are as well equipped as any in Europe. Except in Slovakia and Ruthenia illiteracy is almost unknown, and both the German and Czech elements which compose the working-class population are hardworking and in many cases highly skilled. The new Republic possesses, therefore, many valuable economic advantages, and it is no exaggeration to state that Czechoslovakia is in a far more flom ishing state than most of its neighbours.

Czechoslovakia has no direct access to the sea, but has a right of access over the Elbe and Oder to Hamburg and Stettin, for which purpose the Government proposes to canalise the Upper Ellie morder to connect it with the Oder and the Danube. If this proposal is carried out, the country will be traversed by a waterway affording a communication from the North Sen and Baltic, vol the Daunbe, to the Black Sea.

	1932	ı
Revenue (Budget)*Kč.	9,323,376,000 9,318,708,600	
Expenditure (Budget)	9,318,708,600	i
Debt (Jan. 1, 1932):-		ı
Internal Debt	25,901,000,000	١
External Debt	8,350,000,000	i
Bank Note Debt	3,300,000,000	į
	EOSE.	!
Total ImportsKč.	11,800,535,000	:
Total Exports	13,149,393,000	١
I III I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	440,445,000	
Exports to U.K	1,355,879,000	1
CAPITAL, Prague (Praha), on	the Vltava	
(Moldan), the former capital of Bol	nemia, with a	

(Moldan), the former capital of Bohemia, with a population (Census of 1930) of 848.68; other large towns are Bruo (Brunn) in Moravia (1901. 163, 346); Moravska-Ostrava (1901. 175.05); Plzen (Pilsen), the brewing centre in Bohema (1901. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811. 1811 public (pop. 142,516); and Liberec (Reichenberg) pop. 72,352.

FLAG: Two horizontal bands, white and red: blue triangle based on staff with apex in centre of flag.

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

(Thunovská ulice 12, Prague III.) Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenspotentiary, and Cound-General, Sir Joseph Addison, K.C V.G. (1930) ... £3 750 xst Secretary, K. T. Gurney, Commercial Sec. (Grade 1), H. Kershaw, O.B.E.

Mil. Atlaché, Lt.-Col. T. D. Daly, M.C. Archivist, W. P. Dawkins, M. B. E.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES,

Prague-Vice-Consul, Capt. J. W. Taylor, M.B.E.

Proceeding Consul, L. C. Pettitt.
Bratislava—Vice-Consul, W. Dobson.
Brito (Brunn)—Vice-Consul, W. V. Neumark.
Karlovy Vavy (Carlabad)—Vice-Consul, R. Moser.
Pro-Consul, Dr. K. Moser.

Liberec (Reichenberg)-Vice-Consul, S. P. Elliott.

The National Currency is the Czechoslovak Crown or Kornaa (Kč.), replacing the former Austrian crown,

## DANUBE COMMISSIONS.

The International Danube Commission (Headquarters, Vicnua) was created by the Treaty of Versailles (1939), the States represented under the Treaty being Austria, Bavaria, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, France, Great Britani, Hungary, Italy, Rumania, Wurttenburg, and Yugoslavia. The Commission maintains the liberty of navigation and the equal treat-ment of all flags of the Danube from Ulm (Wirttemberg) to Braila (Rumania) and its international system, obtaining funds for administrative expenses from equal contributions of all the States represented. From Braila to Sulma (the month of the Danube), the naviga-tion is controlled by the European Commission of the Dunube (Headquarters, Galatz), created by the Treaty of Paris 1856, after the Crimean War; the representation on this Commission is confined to France, Great Britain, Italy and Rumana. The river is connected by canals with the Main, a tributary of the Rhine (Ludwig Canal); a new and deeper canal is ninder construction to permit the passage of larger craft than at present, thus linking up the whole Rince and Danube systems across Europe from the North Sea to the Black Sea The total length of the river is about 1,738 miles, and ocean-going vessels reach Braila, where transshipment into liver barges is necessary. pilotage and river-improvement service is maintamed by the International Commission at the Iron Gates (headquarters, Orsova), the expenses being met by shipping dues

The chief towns on the Danule are the Black Sea port of Sulma, with Galatz (confluence of the Sereth), Braila, Turun-Severin and Orsova (Iron Gates), in Rumania; Russchuk, Vidin and Lom Palanka, in Bulgaria; Belgrade, the capital of Yugoslavia; Buda-Pest, the capital of Huggary; Bratislava in Czechoslovakia, Vienna (the seat of the Commission), and Liuz, in Austria; Passan and Regensburg, in Bavaria; and Ulm, in Warttemberg.

The financial situation of the European Commission as shown below :-

Gold france Receipts during 1929 ...... 4,652,556 Expenditure, 1929 ...... 3,807,534

The receipts consist almost entirely of navigation dues (5,030,653 francs in 1927). The expenditure (1927) included 2,062,191 francs on the prolongation and strengthening of the embankments at Sulina, and 251,507 francs in repayment of the British portion of the loan raised by the Commission in 1924.

THE INTERNATIONAL DANUBE COMMISSION. British Delegation, D. W. Keane (Delegate); C. H. Dick (Asst. Delegate).

#### EUROPEAN DANUBE COMMISSION.

British Delegates, D. W. Kenne (Plenipotentiary Commissioner); T. B. Wildman (Deputy Commissioner).

#### DANZIG. (Freie Stadt Danzig.)

Under Articles roo-and roz of the Treaty of Versailles, the City of Danzig with the surrounding territory (constituting a total area of about 725 sq. miles, with a population estimated at 300,000) was set up as a free City, under the protection of the League of Nations, Poland undertaking to conduct her Foreign

Affairs. The Free City was constituted Nov. 15, 12320, with an executive Senate and an elected Legislature of 72 members The harbom is administered by a mixed board of Poles and Danzigers under a neutral President, and the League of Nations is represented by a resident High Commissioner. In Jan. 1928. the Free City entered the Polish Customs Umon. The principal exports are coal, timber, cereals, cement, bacon, eggs, mineral oils and sugar, and the imports herrings, from ore, machinery, scrap-non, artificial mannres, fats, foodstuffs and textdes. The tonnage of ships entered in 1932 Was 2,750,204 tons, and of those cleared 2,773,146 tons.

Danzig - High Commissioner of League of Nations, Scan Lester.

FLAG: Red, with gold crown over two white crosses near staff.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES,

Danzig-Consul, R. Mackenzie Buchan. Vice-Consul, Capt. M. A. Popham.

#### DENMARK.

### (Kongeriget Danmark)

King, Christian X., born Sept 26, 1870; suc. May 14, 1912; married, April 26, 1898, Princess Alexandrine of Mecklenburg-Schwerm, and has issue two sons

Heir Apparent, H R.H Prince Frederik (Crown Prince), b March 11, 1899.

## CABINET. (April, 1929.)

Premier and Minister of Defence, Th. A. M. Stauning

Forcijn Affairs, Dr. P. R. Munch Justice, C. T. Zahle Education, F. H. J. Borgbjerg.

Tadhatry and Commerce, Navigation Fisherics, C. N. Hange, Worship, N. P. L. Dalil, Public Works, J. F. N. Fins-Skotto, France, H. P. Hansen

Social Affairs, K. K. Steincke, Agriculture, K. M. Bording, Interior, B. Dahlgaard

Euron Extraordinary and Min Plen in London, Count Preben F. Ahlefeldt-Lauryg, C.C.V.O., 1, Cadogan Square, S.W. 1 Legation, 29 Pont Street, S.W. 1. Counsellor, Poul Scheel

Agricultural Adviser, Soren Sorensen.
Attache, Baron P. J. Bertonch-Lehn.
Naval Attache (vacant).

Press Attache, M. C. E. Anguard.

Consul-Gen. in London, M. Ch M Rottboll, 7

Norfolk Street, Strand, W C. .

Vice-Consul, Buger Dons Moller. Consulates at Falmouth, Hull, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle upon Tyne, Glasgow, Leith and Belfast

A Kingdom of Northern Europe, and the smallest of the Northern States, consisting of the islands of Zeeland, Funen, Lolland, &c , the pennsula of Jutland, and the outlying island of Born-John in the Baltic. Denmark is situated between 54° 34′—57° 44′ N. lat. and 8° 5′—x2° 40′ E. long., with an area of x5,042 square miles and a

population (Nov. 5, 1930) of 3,551,000. Nearly one-half of the population live exclusively by agriculture, and one-fourth by manufactures and

In 1864 Denmark was attacked by Prussia and Austra and deprived of Schleswig-Holstein (Prussia taking the whole territory after a further war with Austria in 1866). At the conclusion of peace between the Central Powers and the Allies in 1919, the question of Schleswig-Holstein was subjected to a plebiseite of the inhabitants, and North Schleswig is now part of

Denmark The common products are wheat, rye, oats barley, potatoes, cattle, horses, pigs, sheep, and butter. Its manufactures are, for the most part, for home consumption—Its principal imports are coals, manufactured goods (woollens, silks, cottons), non, hardware, wine, fruit, coffee, tea, maize and colonial produce In 1032, 1 286, 100 hectares were mider corn crops, 38,000 sigar bect, 4x0,000 forage roots, and 4x9,000 lay crop. In July, 1938, the live stock minibered 496,500 lorses, 3,237,400 cattle, 193,000 sheep, and 4,863,000 swine. The crops in 1932 included 10,553,000 hkg. (hkg = 100 kilogrammes) of oats, 10,091,100 of barley, zoo kilogrammes) of oats, 10,091,700 or many, 2,993,000 rye, 7,939,000 mixed corn, and 2,993,000 qrs of wheat His chief exports are agricultural produce, methoding wheat and barley, bacon, hams, flom, butter, eggs, hides, skins, corn-meal many declaration horses, and cattle. Sea-going mercantile manue (1932) 610 steamers, with a gross tomage of 721,458. There are (1932) 5,290 kilometres of railway and 17,031 km. of telegraph lin .

DEFFACE.—The Army consists of about 12,000 trained men, the vote for 1931-32 amounting to Kr. 35,000,000. The Navy consists of 4 considerence ironclads and 1 completing, 2 small criments, 23 to pecto-boats (built and building), and the considering that the building Vote 1950-500. A submut mes (built or building). Vote, 1931-32, and Ki. 22,000,000.

EDICATION is free and compulsory, the schools being maintained by local taxation. Special schools are numerous, technical and agricultural predominating. There are Universities at Copenhagen and Aarhus.

1930 31 1931 32 Revenue , ......Kr. 343.066,000 Kr. 332,650,000 332,562,000 Expenditure .... 317,427,000

Public debt ......Kr z,295,024,000 K1. z,255,488,000 Imports ... .... 1,464,813,000 1,142,171,000 1,136,799,000 Exports ...... 1.312 899,000 Imports from U.K. 218,578,000 Exports to UK. ... 815,387,000 828,726,000

Copenhagen. Population (1930), CAPITAL. 617,000 (with submiss, 77,000) Other centres are Authus 81,279; Aalborg 44,365; Odense 56,759; Hoisens 28,363; Randers 27,722; and Eshirig 27,405

FLAG: Red, with white cross.

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

(Bredgade, 26, Copenhagen.)

Euron Extraordinary and Munister Plenipotentiary, Hugh Ginney, C.M.G., M.V.O. (1933) £4,150

and Secretary, H. F. B. Maxse Hon. Attache, Lt.-Col. N. N. Crang, D.S.O., O B.E.

Commercial Secretary (Grade 11.), E. G. Cable.

Naval Attaché, Capt. G. C. Muirhead-Gould, D.S.C., R.N.

Asst. Navat Attaché, Eng.-Com. F. V. Stopford, R.N.

Military Attachs, Col. A. F. A. N. Thorne, C.M.G., D.S.O. Air Attachs, Group-Capt, J. H. Herring, D.S.O.,

M.C. Chaplain, Rev. B. C. S. Everett, M.V.O., M.A.

Archivist, J. M. Turner. Asst. to Comm. Sec., W. N. Storey.

### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Copenhagen—Consul for Denmark, E. G. ('able (with local rank of Commercial Seventary, Grade 11).

"Vice-Consul, John B. Dano.

, Vice-Consul, John B. Dano. Aalborg-Vice-Consul, H. V. Godbey (acting). Aarlus (Jutland)—Vice-Con., H. von der Hude. Esbyrg-Vice-Consul, L. Christensen. Frederikawn—Vice-Consul, Sophus Korup,

M.B.R.

**Horsens--Vice-Consul, Peter Nielsen.

**Kolding--Vice-Consul, Christian F. Eff, M.B.R.

**Odeuse (Funen)--Vice-Consul, Thorbjorn E. G.

Muns. Randers -- Vice-Consul, Victor H. Nisted.

Faroe (Thorshadd)—Consul, V. Lutzen.
Danish - British Association Committee for Trade Development, Vesterport, Copenhagon, V.

## Outlying Possessions.

The ontlying possessions and colonies of Pennark have an area of about 50,000 square unles with about 40,000 inhabitants. They melhde the Farok, or Sheep Ishauds (515 sq. in., pop. 1230, 24,200); (BREKILAND (fee-free portion about 50,000 sq. in., total area about 830,000 sq. in., population, 1230, 126,866), the trade of which is a Government monopoly.

Copenhagen, distant 728 miles; transit, 36 hours.

# DOMINICAN REPUBLIC. (República Dominicana.)

President (1930), General Don Rafael Trujillo, sworn in, Aug. 16, 1930.

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Ptenipotentiary in London, Señor Don Virgilio Trujillo, 67 Eaton Place, S.W. z. Consul, Señor Don Ruben Brache.

The Republic of Santo Domingo, formerly the Spanish portion of the island of that name, is the oldest settlement of European origin in America. The island was discovered by Christopher Columbus in December, 1493, who named it "La Española" or "Little Spani." In 1496 he ordered his brother, Bantholomew Columbus, to found the capital at the month of the Ozama River, on the south of the island, which city he called Santo Domingo. The island immediately became the objective for adventurous Spanish colonists, who exploited the native Indians almost to the point of extermination for the sake of the gold found in the streams. African negroes were imported for the sugar and other plantations both in Santo Domingo and Haiti, and this accounts for the present large proportion of negroid blood in both countries. A short time after its discovery Santo Domingo became the "jumping-off point" for other adventurers proceeding from Spain to the newlyfound mainlands of the western hemisphere.

thus greatly diminishing the importance of the island and causing an exodus to those places.

In 1821 Santo Domingo broke away from Spain and declared itself independent, but in 1822 it was invaded and subjugated by its negro neighbours from the west, the Haitians. The latter were driven out in 1824, when the Dominican Republic was definitely proclaimed by the natives, and has so remained except for an interregnum of two years (1861-1863) when the Spainlards again took possession, but were eventually forced to withdraw.

On November 29, 1916, American military forces landed in Santo Domingo and a Military Government was proclaimed. From October 21, 1922, a Provisional Dominican Government was in office until July 12, 1924, when a properly elected Constitutional Government was installed, with complete authority over all matters except the collection of the customs and the redemption of foreign obligations, which continue to be administered by an American official.

omera.

The Dominican Republic comprises an area of about 19,322 square miles, with a population estimated at 1,200,000. An extensive system of motor highways, totalling nearly 700 miles of first-class roads, has been binth, and as a result of recent repairs they are now in excellent condition for motoring. There are about 300 miles of second-class roads. The streets of the capital have been repaired and asphalted. There is a direct road from Santo Domingo City to Portau-Prince, the capital of Hatt, enabling the journey from capital to capital to be made in one day. There are about 150 miles of public railway, and a telephone system connects practically all the towns of the republic. There are six wireless stations, and the All America Cable Company maintains an efficient service with all parts of the world.

Sugar, cocoa, beans and coffee are the most important crops, and tobaceo is grown in fair quantity. Other products are malogany, furnitine woods, lignum-vitae, log-wood, dividivi, cotton, wax, honey, mazze, hides, turtleshell and starch.

Of the total import trade in 1932, 58'96 per cent. came from the United States, 6 68 per cent. (rice) from British India, and 48' per cent. from the United Kingdom. British trade is hampered by distance (as compared with the U.S.), by lack of resident British merchants and industrial undertakings, and by undifferent and slow sceniship services from Europe.

	1031.	1032
	(U.S. \$)	(U.S. \$)
Receipts	\$7,311,418	\$7,424,652
Payments	7,030,130	7,380,678
Debt (Dec. 31, 1932)		16,498,500
Imports	10,151,762	7,794,343
Exports	13,067,162	11,164,273
Imports from U.K	503,480	379,645
Exports to U.K.	4,045,556	4,840,791
maporte ou come	4,045,550	4,040,791

CAPITAL, Santo Domingo, on the Ozama, founded in 1496 by Bartolomeo (brother of Christopher). Columbus; population (1593) estimated at 40 000. Santo Domingo City was partially destroyed by hurricane September 3, 1290; rebuilding has proceeded rapidly, and the effects of the storm have almost disappeared, Other centres are Santiago de los Caballeros (17,000) and San Pedro de Macoris (14,000).

FLAG: Red and blue, with white cross.

BRITISH LEGATION.

(13 Calle Duarte, Santo Domingo.) Charge d'Affaires, H. E. Slaymaker (1932). Mültary Attacké, Lt.-Col. M. F. Day, M.C. Asst. do., Capt. F. St. D. B. Lejenne.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Santo Donnugo-Consul, H. E. Slay maker.

"Vico-Consul, H. H. Gosling.

"Vico-Consul, William A. Elders.
La Romana-Vice-Consul, D'A. A. Wetherall.

Puerto Plata-Vice-Consul, J. M. Doorly. Sanchez-Vice-Consul, Major S. H. Comt, O.B.E. San Pedro de Macoris-Vice-Consul, Rev. A. H. Beer, M.B.K.

Santo Domingo is distant 4,600 miles , transit, 18 to 21 days.

#### ECUADOR.

## (República del Ecuador.)

President of the Republic, Senor Dr. Don Abelardo Montalvo (acting).

Minister in London, (vacant)

Attache, Señor Don Hernan Pallares Zaldumbide

Charge d'Affaires and Consul-General in London, Sr. Eduardo Wright, 23 College Hill,

Camon St., E.C 4. Consuls at Liveryool, Burmingham, Hull, Glasgow, and Cardeff.

An equatorial State of South America, extending from lat x 38' N. to 6' 5' S, and between 60' 20' and 8x' W. long (according to the Ecuadorian geography, but there are boundary disputes with Peru), comprising an area of

276,000 English sq. miles.
The former Kingdom of Quito was conquered by the Incas of Peru in the latter part of the 15th century. Early in the 16th century Pizarro's conquests led to the inclusion of the present territory of Ecuador in the Spanish Vice-royalty of Peru. The independence of the country was achieved in a revolutionary war which culminated in the battle of Mount

Pichincha (May 24, 1822).

The Republic of Ecuador is divided into 17 provinces and one territory. It has a popullation of about 2,000,000, mostly descendants of the Spaniards, aboriginal Indians, and of the Spaniards, aboriginal Indians, and Mestizoes. The territory of the Republic extends across the Western Andes, the highest peaks of which are Chumbrazo (26,725 ft.), Liniza (27,405 ft.), Carnhuairazo (16,525 ft.), Cotocachi (16,307 ft.), and Pichnelia (16,005 ft.) in the Western Cordillera; and Cotopaxi (24,988 ft.), Antisana (28,864 ft.), Cayambe (19,160 ft.), Alfar (17,730 ft.), Sangay (17,454 ft.), Tangurahna (16,690 ft.), and Sincholagua (16,365 ft.) in the Rastern Cordillera. Eurodor is untareal by the Eastern Cordillera. Ecuador is watered by the Upper Amazon, and by the rivers Guayaquil, Mira, Santiago, Chones, and Esmeraldas on the Pacific coast. There are extensive forests, and the ciuchona bark tree is common. The Witchbroom disease, which appeared (1921) in the cocoa plantations, has had a disastrous effect on the agricultural wealth of the country. The average yearly output previous to 1921 was one million quintals (of zoo lb.) as compared with 335,052 quintals in 1929, 387,424 in 1930, 283,189

335,055 quintais in 1932, 307,424 in 1933, 365,109 in 2933, and 300,468 in 1932.

Its chief products are cocoa, petroleum, rice, vegetable ivory, bananas, cotton, coffee, indiarubber, sugar, orchella weed, straw hats and hammocks, bark, yams, tobacco, fruits, sarsaparilla, wheat, &c. Its minerals consist of gold, quick-

silver, lead, iron and copper; emeralds and rubles are occasionally met with, and sulphur is found in many parts. The chief exports are cocoa, petroleum, caontchone, vegetable ivory and gold, cinchona back, Parmina hats, coffee, and cattle; the chief imports are textile machinery foodstuffs, and manufactured goods. A railroad connecting Guayaquil and Quito was opened in 1908. The Galdpages (Fortoise) Is-

lands (2,870 square unles) belong to Ecuador.
In October, 1926, an American Financial Mission sarrived in the country and their recommendations have been enacted as laws. A new customs tariff, prepared by the Mission, came into force on July 1, 1927, and produced (in thousands of Sucres):—1928, 19,638; 1929, 19,869; 1930, 16,305; 1931, 13,387; 1932, 9,418. new monetary law reintroduced the standard, the currency being stabilized gold 5 succes = \$1 U.S. A Central Bank was estab-lished on March 4, 1927, and a new banking law enacted. Ecuador suspended the gold standard on Feb. 8, 1932, and in May, 1933, introduced control of foreign exchange transactions.

In November, 1927, the Swedish Match Company of Stockholm secured the exclusive right to import and manufacture matches in Ecuador for a period of 25 years in return for a loan of 8,800,000 sucres, which sum was applied towards the establishment of a Mortgage Bank Congress of 1931 rescunded this contract, and the monopoly is now administered direct by the Government.

The lang rage of the country is Spanish

Revenue	42,157,200
External Debt (July, 1933)	U.S \$24,309,897 Sucres.
Imports	

CAPITAL, Quito Population, 80,000; Guayaquil is the chief port (population, 1930, about 100,000); other centres are Cuenca, 30,000; and Riobamba, IZ.000.

FLAG: Three horizontal bands yellow, blue and red (the yellow band twice the width of the othersl BRITISH LEGATION

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipoten-

tiary, (see Lima, Peru). Naval Attache, Capt. R. H. C. Hallifax, R.N. Military Attache, Major L. H. G. Andrews.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES Quito—Consul-General (and Charge d'Affaires in the absence of the Minust. "), L. E. Keyser.

Guayaquil—Consul, Alfonso Toran.
Guayaquil—Consul, Hugh ( McClelland., Vice-Consul, John E. Peet.

Quito, 6,560 miles; transit, 30 days.

#### EGYPT. (Misr.)

King of Egypt, His Majesty FUAD I., G.C.B. (Ahmad Fuad); born March 26, 1268; succeeded his brother as Sultan, October 9, 1217 (22 Zil Hidga, 1325); proclaimed King of Egypt, March 26, 1928; married, May 24, 1219, to the daughter of Abdel Rahim Sabri Paske.

Ministry (Sept 24, 1933)

Prime Mounter and Mounter of Foreign Affairs, H.E. Abdel Fattah Yelna Pasha. Justice, H.E. Ahmed Aly Pasha.

Waqfs, H.E. Mohamed Nagmb El Gharably Pasha

Education, H.E. Mohamed Helmy Issa Pasta. Communications, H.E. Ibrahmi Fahmy Kerim

Interior, H.E. Mahmond Fahmy El Ketssi Pacha.

Financial Adviser, Sir Frank P. Watson, K. C. M. G. Finan Under Sec., Ahmed Abdul Wahab Pasha Foreign Under Secretary, Sherif Sabri Bey. Director-Gen., Foreign Affairs (vacant). Director-Gen. Ports and Lighthouses, Rear-Adm. G. Tombin, C.M.G., M.V o.

Egyptian Minister in London, (vacant).

Offices of Legation, Bute House, 75 South Andley Street, W. z.

Counsellor, and Charge at Affaires ad interim, Abdel Wahliab Dawood Bey.

ast Secretary, Georges Cartaui Effendi and Secretary, Radi Abou-Seif Radi Effendi. Attaché, Hassan Mohairam Effendi.

Archivet, Mohamed Mostafa Yassin Effendi. Asst. do , (vacant).

Consul, Mohammed Hussein Effendi

The territory of Egypt comprises (1) Egupt Proper, forming the N.E. corner of the African continent, divisible into (a) the valley and delta of the Nile, (b) the Libyan or Western Desert, and (c) the Atabian or Eastern Desert ; (a) The Peninsula of Sinar, forming part of the conti-Pennsula of Smar, forming part of the conti-nent of Asa; and (3) a number of Islands in the fulf of Suez and Red Sea, of which the principal are Jubul, Shadwan, Gaiatin and Zeberzed (or St. John's Island). This territory lies between as and 32° N. lat. and 24° and 37° E. long. The northern boundary is the Mediterranean, and in the south Egypt is conterminous with the Sudan. The western boundary runs from a point on the east, N. of Sollum (long. 25' E ), inland in a south-westerly direction for some distance and then turns S. along a meridian line approximately in long. 24° E. until it meets the parallel of 22° N. lat., which forms the N. boundary of the Sudan. The E. The E. boundary follows a line drawn from Rafa on the Mediterranean (34° zs. R. long ) to the head of the Gulf of Aquaba, from which point the remainder of the E. boundary is washed by the waters of the Gulf of Aquaba and the Red Sea The "settled land area" is stated officially at 7,667,000 fedding (12,431 square miles) and the 7,000,000 retains (12,43 square intes) and the area of lakes at 642,000 feddins (12,039 sq. miles); but within the boundaries above-mentioned is cn. closed an area of about 363,181 sq. miles. The

Crown Prince, H.R.H. Prince Faiuk, son of the King, baru Feb. 11, 1920(21 Gumada el Ula, 1338) | distributed as under:-

Division.	Population.	
171 (Istoric	х9х7 ('съяци	1927 Census
LOWER EGYPT:-		
Alexandrın	444,617	570,314
Cairo	790,939	1,059,824
Canal	91,090	133,677
Damietta	30,984	34,812
Desert, Southern	25,859	25,392
Desert, Western	11,863	50,252
Red Sea Coasts	4,684	æ,x33
Sinai	5,430	14,742
Suez	30,9 <b>9</b> 6	39,166
Beheira	892,246	973,917
Daqahliya	986,643	1,077,701
Gharbiya	1,659,313	1,786,896
Minufiya	1,072,636	1,102,240
Qalûbiya	528,58x	557,302
Sharqiya	955.497	1,012,382
Total	6,094,916	6,510,438
CPPER EGYPT		
Aswan	<b>253,340</b>	266,542
Asyút	981,197	1 077,109
Bem Suef	452,893	506,830
Faiyûm	507,617	552,581
Girga	864,746	965,660
Giza	524,352	589,902
Qena	763,922	837,404
усии	838,805	896,516
Total	5,186,872	5.692,544
Nomads	32,663	35,462
Тотац	12,750,918	14,168,756

Of the total population in 1917 males inmbered 6,369,517 and females 6,348,738. in 1927, males munibered 7,036,298 and females 7,096,996

(Nonnds being excluded in each case).

Physical Features—The Nile valley in width from less than half a unle in the southern grantic region to over 10 miles in the northern limestone region, and the cliffs in some places rise to heights of over a thousand feet above the river. The fertile lands, on which the prosperity of the country depends, occupy the floo. of the valley between the river and the bounding cliffs, while to the north of Cairo they spread out into the irregular fan-shaped formation of the Delta which comprises the six provinces of Lower Egypt, with the richest soil in the country. The Nuc has a total length of 3.470 miles from the Victoria Nyanza to Its mouths. In the 960 miles of its course through Egypt it receives not a single tributary stream. The river has a regular yearly rise and fall, attaining its maximum level about the middle of September and its minimum about the end of May. At Carro the average rise and fall is about 13 feet. Westward from the Nile Valley into Tripoli stretches the Libyan Desert. Though as a whole it constitutes one of the most arid and inhospitable regions of the world, the Libyan Descrit contains a number of depressions wherein wells and springs furnish water in sufficient quantity

^{*}A Wagi is an institution of Muhammadan Law similar to the "trust of English Law When property is made Waji it is deducted expressly or implicitly to some charitable or religious object, or for the benefit of private individuals. The nearest British equivalent is "The Public Truster."

^(!) Dahkla and Kharga Oases. (2) Including Siwa Baharn and Farafra.

to irrigate small areas and to support populations of several thousands. These depressions are the Oases, of which the principal from S.E. to N.W. are known as Kharga, Dahkla, Farafra, Baharla and Siwa. On the eastern edge of the Libyan Desert, a few miles south-west of Cniro, stand the Pyramids of Giza, of which the highest, the Great Pyramid, is 451 feet high. (A new pyramid, making 4 in all, was discovered by Prof. Selim Hassan in Feb. 1932). Close to the pyramids is the *Great Sphinx*, 189 feet long. In the Eastern Desert a great back-bone of high and rugged mountains extends north-westward from Abyssinia to near Snez, and reappears as a detached mass in the Peninsula of Sinai. Flanking this mountain chain on the west, between the axis of the range and the Nile, are plateaux of sandstones and innestones, dissected by wadis (dry water-courses), often of great length and depth, with some wild vegetation and occasional wells and springs. The roads follow the comse of the main wadis from well to well, and here and there are to be found small encampments of wandering Arabs The north (Mediterranean) coast of Smar is flat and sandy. Inland, the ground gradually rises into a highly dissected Innestone platcau, which extends southward for about 250 miles and terminates in the great scarp of El Tih South of El Tih the character of the country abruptly changes, the southern third of the pennsula being formed of ingged granitic mountains intersected by deep ravines. Springs and wells occur in fair abundance, mostly in the wades, and running water (mostly brackish) is found at a few points.

Native Population.—There are three distinct elements in the native population of Egypt. The largest, or "Egyptian" element, is a Hamito-Seinte race, known in the riral districts as Fellahin (fellah=ploughman, or tiller of the soil) The fellahin have been mainly Muhammadans since the conquest of the country in the 7th century, but 834,474 Coptic Christians are enumerated in the towns and villages. These Egyptian townsmen and peasantry numbered zz,404,94z in the total of the Census of 1917 (including 126,432 local subjects of foreign origin). A second element is the Bedoum, or nonadic Arabs of the Libyan and Araban deserts (2,663 Bedoums and 107,364 Sudanese and Berbarn), of whom about one-seventh are real noomds, and the remainder semi-sedentary tent-dwellers on the outskirts of the cultivated land of the Nile Valley and the Fayim. The third element is the Nubian of the Nile Valley between Aswan and Wadi-Halfa, of mixed Arab and negro blood. The Bedoums and

Nubraus are Muhammadans Foreign Population .- At the Census of 1917 the foreign residents were 205,998, of whom 30,797 were Tinks, 56,732 Greeks, 40,198 Italians, 24,354 Bittish, 22,270 French and Tunisians, 2,789Austro-Hungarians, 4,225 Russians, 157 Germans, 23,932 other Europeans and Americans, and 1,496 Persians.

-At the Census of 1917 there were Reliaions. 15,523,753 Mulamonadans, 1,026,207 Christians, 59,881 Jews and 8,824 other religions. The cluef Muhammadan religions authorities in Egypt are the Sheik el Game el Azhar and the Mufti el Di-y ir el Masriya.

was incorporated in the Ottoman Empire, and was governed by pashas sent from Constantinople until the beginning of the 18th century, when for about 100 years the ruler was chosen from among the Mamelukes, or bodyguard Mohammed Ali, who was proclaimed Pasha in 1805, exterminated the Mamelnkes in 1811, and was eventually made hereditary governor of Egypt and the Sudan by a firman from the Sultan of June z, 1841.

Rulers of Egypt 8	ince 18	II.	
Name	Born.		Reigned.
Mohammed Aly (Vali)	1769	•••	1805-1848
Ibrahım (Vale)	1780	•••	1848
Abbas I ,	1813		1848-1854
Sald	1822		1854-1863
Ismail (Khedire)	·1830	•••	x863-x870
Mohammed Tewflq (Kh'd're)	1858		1879-1892
Abbas II (Khedire)	1874		
Find 1 (King)	x868		1917-
Hussem Kamel (Sultan)	1853	:::	1892-1914 1914-1917 1917-

Legislature .- Legislative power is exercised by the King in concurrence with the Parliament within the limits laid down in the Constitution established by Royal rescript of April 19, 1923, and general elections took place for a Parliament consisting of two houses, which first assembled March 15, 1924. Parliament consists of a Senate of zoo members of whom three-fifths are nominated by the King, the remainder being elected (for 20 years) on the basis of z Senator for every 180,000 inhabitants; and of a Chamber of 150 Deputies elected (for 5 years) on the basis of z for every 60,000 inhabitants.

Executive - The executive power is exercised by the King through his Ministers within the limits of the Constitution, the Ministry being held jointly responsible to the Chamber of Deputies.

Local Government -- The chief towns constitute governorships (muhafzan), and the remainder of the occupied country is divided into provinces (mudirus), which are subdivided into districts (markaz), each under a mamür, who controls the head man (omda) of cach village in his district. By the law of 1883 provincial conneils were in-stituted, consisting of two representatives from each markaz, under the presidency of the mudir or governor) of the province. These councils were reorganised in 1910 and were made the elementary education authority for the province, with certain restricted powers of local government

beforce.—In 1882, a military revolt, headed by an officer of the Egyptan Army (Ahmed Aribi Pasha) assumed alarming proportions, and a British expedition was despatched to re-establish the authority of the Khedive. Meanwhile a revolt had broken out in the southern provinces, headed by Sheikh Mohammed Ahmed. of Dongola, who proclaimed immself a Mahdi of Islam, and the British expeditionary force, sent to quell the rebellion of 1882, remained in the country as an army of occupation The defence of Egypt is reserved by the Constitution and remains under British control, the British garrison (under the command of a British general officer) amounting to 3 cavalry regiments, 3 batteries of artillery, 2 companies of engineers, But ret Mariga.

[Some manual.—From B.C. 30 to A.D. 639 Egypt.]

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[Some manual.—From B.C. 30 to A.D. 639 Egypt.]

[Some manual.

by ballot; but certain classes (professors, students, Government employees, &c.) are exempt, dents, Government employees, e.c.) are exemply, and exemption may also be purchased for £sao, if paid before the ballot. Natives of the Sudan are enlisted voluntarily for service in the Egyptian Army, which had a strength of about 11, 120 all ranks in 122.

There is no Navy in the proper sense of the count three are averaged emisor belonging to the

term; there are 3 small cruisers belonging to the Coast Guard and Fisheries service, and 4 vessels under the Ministry of Communications, while the different Government Departments possess

steamers on the Nile for inspection purposes.

The Egyptian Police (under the Ministry of the Interior) consists of City and Provincial Police, the former comprising 306 officers (75 Europeans), 476 European constables, and 6,585 men, the latter 366 officers and 6,585 men. There are also 60,859 gladers, or native night-watchmen.

Education on native lines has long been given elementary vernacular schools. The native in elementary vernacular schools. The native system of education is completed by the more promising pupils at the Azhar University in Cairo, the principal University of the Moslem world. In 1931-32 there were 1,624 Maktabs (indigenous native schools) under Government inspection, with 158,895 pupils. The Government primary schools give a 4-years' course and prepare for admission to secondary, agricultural and other special schools. There are Colleges of Medicine, Law, Education, Engineering, Fine Art, Commerce, Veterinary Science and Agriculture at Cairo, and evening classes for workmen. Much assistance is given to education by private enterprise and benevolence and foreign schools abound. The State University, founded in 1908, had 2,322 (168 of them women) students in 1931-32.

Agriculture -The total area of Egypt is estimated at approximately 222,400,000 English acres, of which about 8,450,000 acres are formed of the alluvium brought down by the Nile from the Abyssuman hills, the remainder being chiefly limestone desert. Only the former are cultivable, and only the portion that can be irrigated from the waters of the Nile. In regarded from the waters of the frie. In 1932 the land was held as to 5,321,482 feddins by 2,236,942 native owners, and as to 503,829 feddins by 6,185 foreign owners. The principal crops grown during Sain (summer) are cotton, rice. sugar cane, and Sorgho (a variety of maize). Nil (flood) part of Saik, has the date of its commencement fixed by the Irrigation Department according to the quantities of water available before the flood, which reaches its highest level in September—it generally commences in July. m septemoer—of generally commences in July. The principal crops are maize and rice. Cuitui (winter) commences in November and ends in June. The principal crops are cereals, bersun (a variety of clover) and—mainly in Upper Egypt—beaus, lentils, onions and helba. The total cotton crop and the value of the quantities exported in recent years:—

Year	Kantars	Export value
1924-25	7,273.974	£E57,544,253
1925-26	7,964,645	43,825,564
1926-27	7,652,189	35,961,447
1927-28	6,041,499	45,138,000
1928-29	8,070,000	41,361.000
1030-31	8,015,400	•••
1031.32	6 401 000	

Live Stock—In 1931 the cattle numbered 792,123, buffaloes 821,833, houses 35,714, nules 20,327, donkeys 741,223, sheep 1,239,111, goats 636,028, and camels 162,470.

Minerals.-The riparian districts of the lower Valley of the Nile are ill-provided with workable mineral deposits, with the exception of abundant building materials. The mineral resources of building materials. The mineral resources or Egypt, therefore, are situated in its otherwise barren deserts. Known deposits are chiefly situated at great distances from one another and from the Nile. This fact has retarded exploration and development, but of late years considerable progress has been made. Owing to lack of knowledge of mining, consequent upon their pursuit being entirely agricultural, the local industrial classes have had very little hand in the existing enterprises, whose capital and organisation are chiefly foreign.

Manufactures and Industries.-The principal articles of Egyptian manufacture are cotton articles of Egyptian manufacture are cotton and woollen fabrics, silks, embroideries, brass, silver and copper ware, leather goods, rugs, pottery, alcoholic bevorages, sugar, perfumery and cigarettes. The principal Egyptian industries are dyelug, tanning and cement.

Railways.—The principal lines radiate from Cairo to Alexandria (and on to Rosetta), Damietta, and Ismailia (continuing northwards to Port Said and southward to Suez). From Cairo the line runs southwards for a distance of 554 miles to Shelial, the First Cataract. At this point a steamer connexion runs to Wadi Halfa, connecting the Egyptian State with the Sudan Government Railways. Westwards from Alexandria (and close to the coast) runs a line, which it is hoped to extend eventually to the frontier at Sollum, thus joining Tripoli to Egypt. The total length of the Egyptian State Railways excluding the Auxiliary Railways of Upper Egypt and the Western Oases Railway) on March 31, 1931, was 3,374 miles (including 155 miles of branch line and 734 miles of siding). 25,937,000 passengers and 5,495,000 metric tons of merchandise were carried during 1930-31, the gross receipts being £E₇,038,894 and the working expenses £E₄,076,325. The gauge is standard (4 ft. 8½ in.), with the exception of 138 miles between Luxor and Shellal, which are 3 ft. 6 in. gauge. There are two other State-owned lines in Egypt, namely, the Auxiliary Railways of Upper Egypt, consisting of a82 miles of standard gauge, and the Western Oases Railways, a length of 141 miles (75 centimetre gauge) connecting the oasis of Kharga with the Nile Valley In addition to the Government lines, there are 865 miles of light railways exploited by public companies,

Motor Vehicles — On Dec. 3x, 1928, there were 14, 122 private motor cars, 6,3x taxi-cabs, and 4,045 lorries and omnibuses.

Caravan Routes .- The principal caravan routes lead to the Oases of the Libyan Desert (though Kharga can now be reached by train), whence there is a route, known as the Darb el 'Arlain, leading to Dar Für and the south of the Sudan. There are many well-known toutes across the Arabian Desert to the Red Sea, that from Qena to Qoseir being probably the most frequently

Shipping.—For the SUEZ CANAL see pages 929-930—Apart from the three great scaports of Alexandria, Port Said, and Suez, Egypt has but few harbours and anchorages adapted for large craft; the principal are those of Sollum and Matruh on the Mediterranean, Tor, Abu Zenima, Zeitia, Jemsa and Hurghada in the Gulf of Suez. and Safaga, Qosseir and Halaib on the Red Sea. The Khedivial Mail Steamship Line

(which is under British management) has its headquarters at Alexandria and a depot at Suez. In 1931, 8,509 steamers (31,428,601 tons) entered and 8,499 steamers (31,426,862 tons)

cleared at Egyptian ports.

Posts and Telegraphs.—There were in 1931 4,305 posts and stations, dealing with 120,100,426 letters, post-cards and newspapers, &c., and a total foreign correspondence of \$5,800,000. There were on March 31, 1931, 223,000 miles of telegraph and 220,000 of telephone were. A system of savings banks has been introduced, under the control of the Post Office, the actual deposits being collected in rural districts by the sarraf (village tax-collector).

	1931-32	7932-33
Revenue£	E37,372,000	£E37,492,520
Expenditure	37,372,000	37,309,639
	1931.	1932.
Imports£	E31,528,800	£E27,425,741
Exports	27,937,120	26,987,417
Imports from U.K.	£6,838,000	£6,644,000
Exports to U.K	10,857,000	x0,406,000

Debt .- The Caisse de la Dette, a body representing the creditors of the Egyptian Treasury, has considerable powers and special privileges. The Caisse, appointed during an era of bank-ruptcy, succeeded in protecting the interests of the bondholders, but as Egypt became solvent and prosperous, its stringent regulations pre-vented the development of the country out of surplus revenue, a large part of which was held in suspense as contingent security for the service of the debt. Though the Caisse still exists, its duties are now limited to receiving the revenues necessary for the interest and for the payment of the coupons as they become due, while it also holds a considerable reserve fund (£E37,950,791 on April 30 1931), the interest on which reduces the amount of the Treasury contribution. The Egyptian debt was stated as follows (in £ sterling) on April 1, 1931 and 1932:-

Debt.	1631	1932
Guaranteed Debt, 31	£ 3,760,400	£ 3,517,200
Privileged Debt, 3151	30,633,980	30,633,980
Unified Debt, 4 per	55,250,460	55,250,460
Total	89,644,840	89,401,640

The Cost of the Debt (in the Budget for 1932-33) inclusive of £E664,826 assigned to the service of the Ottoman Loans of 1855, 1891 and 1899, which were guaranteed on the Egyptian Tribute, was stated at £E4,101,903.

CAIRO, the capital (population 1927, 1,064,567), stands on the E. bank of the Nile, about 14 miles from the head of the Delta. Its oldest part is the fortress of Babylon in old Cairo, with its Power bestions and Contic churches. The Roman bastions and Coptic churches. The earliest Arab building is the Mosque of 'Anny, dating from A.D. 643, and the most conspicuous is the Citadel, built by Saladin towards the end of the rath century. The bazaars are always the test of the control of the rath century. interesting, especially the Khān-el-Khālili, the Hamzawi, and the Brass Bazaar, though the Muski, which leads to them, is fast losing its oriental character.

1,000 years the capital of Egypt. Its great Pharos, or lighthouse, was one of the "Seven Wonders of the World" (see p. 170). It now contains two royal palaces, Ras-el-Tin and Montaza, while almost the entire cotton trade of the country is here controlled by the big dealers and brokers. At the census of rest the towns of Tanta (90,0x4), Port Said (x04,603), Mansura (63,666), Assiut (57,x32), Fuyûm (52,372), Zagazig (52,331), and Damanhur (51,709), also exceeded 50,000 inhabitants.

CAPITAL, Cairo.

FLAG: (Green, with x white crescent (convex side to flagstaff), and three 5-pointed white stars (arranged in an equilateral triangle) between the horns.

British Diplomatic and Consular Officers. (The Residency, Kasr-el-Doubara, Cairo.)

settory, N. A. Guatte, M. C.
Assistant Oriental Secretary (with local rank
of st Secretary), L. B. Grafftey-Smith, O.B.E.
2nd Secretary, F. R. Hoyer Millar.
Commercial Secretary (Grade I), G. H. Selous,

O.R.R.

and Assistant Oriental Secretary (with local rank of and Secretary), N. Mayers. Commercial Sec. (Grade II), L. B. S. Larkins. Commercial Sec. (Grade II). I. B. S. Larkins, yad Secritary, G. P. Labouchere Hon Attaches A. H. Graham; N. J. Allgood, Legal Counseller, Hon. C. Campbell, C.M.G. Laison Officer, G. W. Courtney, Archivist and Accountant, H. E. R. Watton, Temporary Secretary, F. Putnian, M.B.R. Assistant Archivist, II. L. B. Coc. Medical Admier, Dr. W. Fletcher-Barrett.

CONSULAR OFFICES. Alexandria-Consul-General, C. E. Heathcote-South, c B E

Vice-Consuls, C. G. Hope-Gill; P. Cassar, MBE.

M. B. E., Medical Adviser, Di. J. Mitchell.
Circo-Consul-General, H. L. Rabino, O.B.E.,
, Vice-Consuls, A. N. Williamson-Napier; G. Farwagi, M.B E.; D. O. Fynes-Clin.on (acting).

Pro-Consul, M. W. Dawson. Medical Adviser, Dr. H. G. C. Pochin.

Port Saud-Consul, R Parr, O.B.R., Vice-Consul, Joseph W. Caruana, M B.E. Pro-Consul, P. P Caruana.

Suez-Vice-Consul, H. M Eyres. Pro-Consul, Abbas Barry.

There are Consular Agents at Assiut, Aswan, Beni Suef, Damanhour, Ismailia, Mansura, Mehalla Kebir, Minia, Sohag, Tanta, and Zagazig.

H.B.M. SUPREME COURT (sitting at Cairo, Alexandria and Port Said). Judge, Sir Wasey Sterry, C.B.R., (also Judge of H.B.M. Prize Court, Alexandria). Crown Prosecutor, C. H. Perrott.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF EGYPT. 6 Rue de l'Ancienne Bourse, Alexandria, and Savoy Chambers, Cairo.

ALEXANDRIA (population 1927, 573,623), founded CAIRO is 2,520 miles from London; trausit B.C. 322 by Alexander the Great, was for over vid Trieste, 5 days; vid Marseilles, 6 days.

## ESTONIA. (Eesti Vabariik.)

Head of the State, M. Konstantin Pats. Foreign Affairs, M. Julius Seljamaa.

Minister in London, Dr. Oskar Kallas, 167 Queen's Gate, S.W. 7.

Counsellar of Legation and Consul-Gen., Hans Markus.

Secretary, V. Ojanson.

Agricultural Attaché, V. Raud.

The most northerly of the Baltic States is bounded on the N. by the Gulf of Finland, on the S. by Latvas, on the W. by the Baltic Sea, and on the E by Lake Perpus and the U.S.S.R. (along a line roughly parallel with the eastern shore of the lake). The islands of the eastern shore of the lake). The islands of longo, Osel and other smaller islands in the It has an Baltic form part of the Republic. area of about 18,632 sq. miles (within the boundary settled by agreement with the I.S.R.R.), with a population (Jan. x, 1933.) of x, 123,634 (87 8 per cent. Estonians, 8 s per cent. Russians, 17 per cent. Germans). Agriculture and dairy farming are the chief industries, engaging 59 per cent. of the population. The value of the agricultural production in 7226 was £15,000,000, rye, oats, barley, flax and potatoes heing the chief crops, and butter, bacon, and eggs the chief products of dairy farming. There are important manufactures, including cotton, woollen, paper, timber, matches and distilling, with annual production valued at £7,000,000. There were (1933) 762 miles of broad gauge and 672 miles of marrow gauge railway in operation.

The Legislature consists of a single-chamber Assembly (higheogn) of 100 members elected for 3 years by universal adult suffrage. The executive is entrusted to a council of Munisters, the Prime Minister being the Head of the State. The supreme organ of the Judicature is the State Court of Justice in Tartu (Dornat).

	193~:3
RevenueEst.	Kr. 61,954,892
Expenditure	6x,954,892
But as not Dobt (Assul)	
International Debt (mider Leagu	1e (\$3,771,500
of Nations). To Great Britain	£,664,300
To Great Britain	· £.1 180.233
To U.S.A	. \$17,203,743
To Sweden K	ronor 616,915
ıgʻı,	1032
Innerts Kr. 61,224,000	<i>li r</i> . 36.863.000

Imports from U.K.	7,134,000	6,588,000
Exports to U.K.	25,990,000	15,628,000
CAPITAL, Tallinn (I	teval), pop. (roort, connected	933) 135.129, by railway

with Lennigrad; other towns are Tarth or Dorpat (74,456), the seat of the University; Narva (24,636), the chief manufacturing centre; and Parnu (20, 226), on the Gulf of Riga.

FLAG: Blue, black, white, in horizontal stripes.

BRITISH LEGATION. (lai Tanav 17, Tallinu.)

British Minister to Estonia, Lateia and Lithuania, Hugh Montgomery Knatchbull-Hugessen, C.M.G. (1930).

Naral and Military Attachés, see LATVIA.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Tallinn-Consul and Charge d'Affaires (with local rank of Second Secretary), A. J. Hill. Vice-Consul, J. E. P. Leshe Pro-Consul, Arthur Halsey.

Parme-Vice-Cound, James P. Dicks.

(Yoithiopia Negisa Negist Mangist.)

Emperor, His Imperial Majesty Haili Sellassie I. G.C.B., G.C.M.G , G.C.V O., LL.D. (Son of the late Ras Makonnen, Governor of Harai); born

July 24, 1891; crowned as Negus Oct. 1928, powdamed Emperor April 2, 1930; crowned Nov. 2, 1930.

Crown Prime, H.I.H. Prince Asia Wosan, eldest son of the Emperor, born July 27, 1916; married May 9, 1932, Princess Wolata Israel, daughter of Ras Sayoun.

Minister in London, Bujirond Tekla Hawariat. (Charge d'Affaires, ad interim, Ato Ephrem Tewolde Medlien)

Legation, 83 Elm Park Gardens, S. W. 10.

The area of Ethiopia and its dependencies is estimated at 420,000 square miles, with an estimated population of 5 to 6 millions, of whom less than one-half are Ethiopians and the remainder Gallas, negro tribes on the west and south frontiers, and Danakils and Somalis on the cust. The political neighbours are the Sudan, the Italian colony of Eritrea, French Somalhand, British Somalhand, Italian Somali-land, Kenya Colony and the Uganda Protectorate.

Ethiopm is volcanic and mountainous, and contains some inmeral wealth; iron and coal are not uncommon, and gold is washed in various streams, while mica, platinum, salt, saltpetre, and sulphur are also procurable. The lower country and deep valley gorges are very hot; the lugher plateans are well watered, with a genual climate. In the hotter regions, sugar-cane, coffee, &c., fleurish; in the middle zone maize, wheat, barley, wild oranges and other fruit trees, tobacco, potatoes, &c., are cultivated; and above 6,000 feet are excellent pastures with some corn entraston. There are two seasons in the year, a dry winter and a rainy simmer from June to September. The chief river is the Blue Nile, issuing from the Tsana lake; the Atbara and many other tributaries of the Nile also have their rise in the Abyssiman highlands, Horses, mules, donkeys, oxen, goats, and sheep, and amels in the lowlands, form a large portion of the wealth of the people

The Ethiopians are Christian (a branch of the Coptic Church), and their inlers claim descent from Menelek, the ron of Solomon by the Queen of Shela. The government is nonnually an autocracy, but the Emperor's power does not yet extend throughout the country. There is very little popular literature, but education shows signs of progress. In addition to foreign mission schools, there are re-Ethiopian schools in the country, of which 4 are in Addis Ababa. The potential army numbers between 600,000 and 1,000,000. The principal pursuits are agriculture and cattle breeding, the chief exports being coffee, civet, wax, hides and gold. The import duty, except for non-spiritnons liquors and for a few articles on the free list, is so per cent. ad valorem; there are certain heavy consumption taxes collected additionally. A railway, which is

umler French control, links Addis Ababa, the capital, ria Dine Dawn, with Jibnti, 486 miles away. The Government post and telephone administration is under French management, and the Italian Government have a concession that gives them control of a telegraph line from Addis Ababa to Asmara. The principal towns besides Addis Ababa are Dire Dawa, Harar, Gore, Jimma, Debra Markos (the capital of Gopan), Adna (the capital of Tigre), Gondar, Sayo, Aksum, Antalo, Dembecha and Ijube. There are ancient architectural remains at Aksnin, Gondar, and Ankober.

CAPITAL, Addis Ababa (population fluctuates,

25,000. Total imports (1931) ..... .....£753,775 FLAG Three horizontal bands , green, yellow, red.

#### BRITISH LEGATION

Enroy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentiary and Consid-General, Su Sidney Barton, KCYO, K.B.E. C.W.B. (1939).....£2,800 2st Secretary, P. M. Brondmend, M.C. Archivol, A. R. Clarg, M.B.E.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES

Addis Ababa-Consul (with local rank of ret.

Secretary), William L. Bond.
Per-Consul, A. Lyei
Dangila—Consul, Major R. E. Cheesman, o. B. E. Gore-Consul, Capt E N. Ersking, M C. Hacar—Consul (vacant)

Mequ—Consul, Maj A T. Miles, O B R , D S O., M C Maµ—Consul, Capt R C. R. Whalley

Addis Ababa is 500 miles from Zeila, eac Harat, letters from London are from 20 to 24 days in transit to Ablis Ababa; train from Jibouti takes 3 days; in dry seasons through train makes the journey in 36 hours

## FINLAND.

(Suomi.)

President, Pehr Evind Symbufud, born ze6z, assumed office, March, 1931 Prime Minister, T. M. Kivimaki. Foreign Affairs, A. Hackzell.

Minister in London, G \ Gripenberg. Legation, 2 Moreton Gardens, S. Kensington, S. W. 5.

Secretary of Legation, P. O 1 Hight Naval Attacké, Commander V. L. Kopio Commercial Secretary, R Smedshind.

A country situated on the gults of Furland and Bothnia, which was compuered by Russia from Sweden, and united to the Russian Empire, as an antonomous but not sovereign Grand-Duchy, When the Russian Empire broke down in 1800 in 1995 when the this sing rapple more down in 1917 Finland declared herself an independent sovereign state (Dec. 6, 1917). The following year the country sustained severe disturbances on account of the aggression of Russian Bolshevison, but succeeded in restoring order, and the relations between Finland and Russia were finally settled by the Treaty of Dorpat (Oct., 1920) The area is 149,926 square unles, with a population (1932) of 3,697,895, of whom 89'4 per cent. were Finnish-speaking, 10 recent. Swedish-speaking, and of per cent. Swedish-speaking, and of per cent. others (mainly Laps, the gold standard Oct. 73, 297).

leading a nomadic life in the north). Nearly all Archipelago, a group of some 300 small islands at the entrance to the Gulf of Bothma (area 557 square miles, population about 27,000), forms part of the Republic. There are 3 universities, z at Helsinki (Helsingfors) and z at Turku (Åbo); the university of Helsinki (founded 1640 at Turku and removed to Helsinki in 1828) has nearly 5,000 students, of whom about 1,000 are women In ablition, there are 1 technical and 3 commercial high schools—The leading crops are iye, builey, oats, potatoes. Saw bulls, wood pulp, cellulose and paper manufacture provide the but is ordinarily about 40,000) Harar, in chief multisty, and the forests (62,400,000 acres)

Eastern Ethiopia, has a population of about are a great source of wealth; there is no

Emopean country so wealthy in forests except Russia, the exports of sawn timber in 1932 being 732,010 standards; wood pulp, cariboard and paper, and dany produce are also exported. There are (1921) 3,398 unles of railread and about 3,900 unles of telegraph, with a well developed telephone system (32 per 1,000 mhabitants). There is inilway connexion with Sweden and U.S.S.R., and telephone connexion with most countries of the world. The merchant fleet (1933) consists of 530 steamers (211,805 net tons), 164 motor vessels (19,039 net tons) and 257 sailing vessels (66 Bro net tons).

Service in the Army is universal and compulsory, the peace effective being about 25 000 all ranks, there is also a volunteer organisation of Civic Guards with an emplied strength of about 100,000.

The country was formerly governed by the Finnish Senate of 22 members, with a Dict of 4 estates elected by the people; but under the Constitution of Jan. x, 1907, blere is a single Chamber elected by muversal suffrage of both sexes, women being likewise eligible for election to the Chamber. Finland was thus the first country to conede woman suffrage and representation, and it is noteworthy that it was gained without agitation

Finland was for some years a Prohibitionist country, the only one in Europe, but after popular vote Prohibition was repealed by law as from April 5, 1932.
Finnish and Swedish are the official languages.

2,925,076,683 Revenue ..... .* Morks 3.975,100,000 Expenditure .... . 4,245,600,312 3,001,666,206 Debt ..... . .. .. 3,242,000,000 3,471,903,613 Imports ..... 3,464,755,145 3,502,297,456 4,456,692,713 4,631,482,725 434,598,767 641,096,099 1,991,250,648 2,166,055,019 Exports ... Imports from U.K. Exports to U.K. ..

CAPITAL. Helsinkl (Helsingfors). Population (1932) 260,838; other towns are Turku (Abo) 67,722. Tampere (Tammicfors) 57 349, Vilpuri (Viborg) 59,321, Viasai (viasa) 26,630, Oulu (Uleaborg) 24,924, and Knopio (23,760).

FLAG: white with blue cross.

## BRITISH LEGATION.

(Norra Kajen 4, Helsingfors.)

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentury, R. A. C. Sperling, C.B , C.M.G. 2nd Secretary, J. T. Henderson. .....£,2,950

Commercial Secretary (Grade II) (5 Esplanad gatau 2), R. K. Jopson, M.B.R. Naval Attaché, ('apt. G. C. Muirhead-Gould, D.S.C., R.N. Asst. Naval Atlaché, Engr. Com. F. V. Stopford, R.N. Military Attaché, Maj. R. C. W. G. Firebrace, Archivist, R. F. K. Dexter.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Helsinki (Helsingfors)-(Consul for Finland), Heater (Heaten) Waste. J. A. Waste. J. A. Waste. J. A. Waste. J. A. Waste. J. A. Waste. J. Hanko (Hango) - Vice-Cons., Uno Carrenus Kokkola (Gumlaka leby) - Vice-Cons., W. Sinedlund. Kotka—Vice-Cons., V. S. Syrén. Kristiinaukaupunki (Kristinestad)—Vice-Cons.,

Johan I. Ehrstrom.

Kuopio-Fice-Cons., L. Hallman. Lovisa-Vice-Cons., G. R. E. Nordstrom.

Oulu (Vledborg)— Vice-Cons., B. Weckman., Pro-Consul, V. O. Snellman.
Pictarsaari (Jakobstud) — Vice · Consul, Erwast.

Port (Burneborg)-Vice-Cons., F. W. Rosenlew. Tampere (Tammerfors)-Vice-Cons., W. Cooke. Turku (Abo) -- Vice-Cons., W. J. B. Wilson. Vaasa (Wasa) -- Vice-Cons., V. Brum. Vipun (Wiborg) - Vice-Cons., V. Laapas, Pro-Consul, A. R. Wilson.

#### FRANCE,

## (République Francaise.)

President of the Republic (1932 1939), Albert Lebrun, born Aug. 29, 1871, assumed office May 10, 1932.

## MINISTRY (October 26, 1933)

Prime Minister and Minister of Marine, M. Albert Sarraut Minister for Foreign Affairs, M. Paul-Boncour. Minister for War, M. Edouard Daladier. Minister for Interior, M. Camille Chautemps. Minister of Finance, M. Georges Bonnet. Minister of the Budget, M. Palmade Minister of Agriculture, M. Ilemi Queuille. Minister of Commerce. M. Lament Eynne. Minister of Commerce. M. Lattiett Eynne.
Minister of Public Works, M. Paganon.
Minister of Labour, M. Eugène Frot.
Minister of Education, M. Anatole de Monzie.
Minister of Colonies, M. Albert Dalimier.
Minister of Au, M. Picire Cot.
Minister of Mercantile Marine, M. Rio. Minister of Public Health, M. Bonnevay.

Ambassador in London, Mousieur Charles Cor-bin, Albert Gate House, Hyde Park, S.W. z. Counsellor, M. Roger Cambon. 1st Sec., M. J. de Margerie. and Sec., M. G. Leverdior. 3rd Secretaries, M. Saffroy; M. de Charbonnière. Attaché, Comte de Limur. Military Attaché, Col. Voruz.

Asst. do., Commandant Cuny. Naval Attaché, Commandant Donval. Asst. Naval Attaché and Air Attaché, Capt. Albertas.

Commercial Attaché, Vicomte du Halgouët. Financial Attaché, M. Rueff. Consul-General (attached to the Embassy), M. J.

Knecht.

Sceretary Archivist, Comte La Combe. Consulate General, 51 Bedford Square, W.C. 1. Consul-General, M. Goiran. Consul at Liverpool, M. de Ledoulx.

There are also Consuls at Manchester, Southampton, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Cardiff, Glasgow, Dublin, and in Jersey.

The most westerly State of Central Europe, extending from 42° so' to 52° 5' N. lat., and from 7° 45' R. to 4° 45' W. long., bounded on the north by the English Channel and Straits of Dover (Pas de Calais), which separate it from England. Its circumference is estimated at about 3,000 miles, and its area (in 1914) at 207,076 square miles, divided into 87 departments, including the island of Corsica, in the Mediterranean, off the west coast of Italy. The territory ceded by the Treaty of Frankfort (May 10, 1871) amounted to 5,602 square miles; that regained by the Treaty of Versailles (June 28, 1919) to 5,819 square miles, making the present area of France (exclusive of Algeria 212,895 square inles, with a population (census of March, 1931) of 41,834,923 (inclusive of Alsace and Lorraine).

## Buths and Draths.

Year Births	Dea	
1927 741,708	676,	666
1928 745,315	675,	110
1929 728,530	.741,	104
1930 748,911	649,	125
1931 730,249	68o,	710
	1930.	1931.
Birth Rate	·-18.1	17.4
Death Rate	.15'7	16.3
Marriages (per 1,000 pop.)		15.6
Do (Number) 34	2,698	326,358
Divorces (Aumber) 2	0,409	21,212

France has always been attractive to foreigners. of whom (1931) 2,890,893 were resident there, including (in 1921) 470,873 Italians, 415,546 Belgraus, 303,141 Spanish, 55,456 British, 34,027 Russians, and 30,948 Americans.

GOVERNMENT.—The monarchical system of government was overthrown by the French Revolution (1789-1793), and the First Republic endured until the Great Napoleon (born Aug. 15. ry59, died May 5, 1821) founded the First Empire in 1804. The monarchy was restored in 1814, and also after the "Hundred Days" of Napoleon (March 20-June 29, 1813), until the Second Republic of 1848, which became the Second Empire on Nov. 22, 1852. On Sept. 4, 1870, the Emperor Napoleon III. Incphew of the Great Napoleon) was deposed, and the Third Republic was set up. The head of the Republic is the President, elected for 7 years by the National Assembly of the two houses of the Legislature, the Senate of 314 members (elected by indirect vote for 9 years, one-third being renewable every 3 years) and the Chamber of Deputies of 61s members (elected by direct vote for 4 years). Members of the legislature receive 62,000 francs a year and travelling facilities over the railways.

PRODUCTION.—The chief agricultural products are wheat, barley, rye, maize, oats, potatoes,

beetroot (for the manufacture of sugar), hops, &c. Fruit trees abound, and are very productive, the principal being the olive, chestnut, walnut, almond, apple, pear, citron, fig, plum, &c. The agricultural production is shown in the following table :-

#### Production (Metric Tons).

Wheat	2931. 7,188,000	1932
Rye	750,000	893,000
Bailey	1,039,000 4,591,000	1,168,000 5,120,000
Potatoes	16,300,000	15,868,000

Forestry is an important industry, the principal forests being those of the Ardennes, Complegue, Funtainebleau, and Orleans, consisting chiefly of oak, birch, pine, beech, elm, chestant and the cork-tiee in the south. The vine is cultivated to a very great extent (1,305,281 gallous of wine were produced in 1931), as the names Bordeaux, Burgandy, Champagne, &c., muyers ally testify; cider-making is also an important industry, and the production in 1930 amounted to 465,500,000 gallons. The live stock (1931) to 45,500,000 gallons. The live stock (1931) included 15,433,840 cattle, 9,844,690 sheep, and 6,397,970 lings, 2,919,700 lionee, include coal metal reconreces include coal pig fron, copper, lead, silver, antimony and salt. Under Article 50 of the Treaty of Versailles, the coalfields of the Saar Basin are ceded to France for  $x_5$  years, at the end of which time  $(r, y_5)$ , the inhabitants are to decide by a pleboscite whether they will remain French, return to Germany, or become a self-governing community. The coalfields abut on Lorraine, and have an area of 217 square miles, with a population of 640,000, and they include the towns of Snarbruck (60 000), Snarbous (16,000), and Merzig (20,000), on the River Sam. In 1911 the coal mines of France produced 30,000 000 tons, and the production of the enlarged area reached 52,000,000 tons of coal in 1931. most important manufactures are of metals, watches, jewellery, calmet-work, curving, pottery, ghas, chemicals, dyong, paper making, woollens, carpets, linen, silk and lace. Glass manufacture and potters are also important, and the sardne fisheries and the culture of oysters are a somee of wealth.

DRFENCE -- The National Army of France consists of the Metropolitan Army, the Colonial Army, the Gendarmene and Republican Guard, and of the partly native armies of Algeria, Morocco, and Timis. The peacestrength of the Metropolitan Army (1930-31) was 316,992 all ranks, ; meluding the (Military) Air Force (36,800). The Naval Air Force (for Coast Defence) is included over so per cent. of the French people were mobilised, and 0.717,000 all ranks passed into the Armies of France (exclusive of troops from Algeria, Tunis and Morocco). The French Navy was manned in 1930 by 57,415 officers and other ranks. For strength see Tables pp 372 and 373.

ARMISTICE MONUMENT.—In the Forest of Compiegne is a Carretour de l'Armistice, from which the Clarrière de la Victoire leads to the Armistice Monument, unveiled Nov. 22, 2922. The monument marks the spot where the Germans signed the armistice terms presented by Maréchal Foch, and bears the juscription Ici le 12 Novembre 1918 succomba le criminel orqueil navigable for 1,200 ton vessels from the sea to

de l'Empire Allemand vaincu par les peuples libres qu'il prétendait asservir.

EDUCATION.—The educational system is highly developed. Central Administration comprises (a) Ministry of Public Instruction; (b) Superior Educational Council, charged with the actual administration; (c) Consultative Committee (advisory) (d) Educational Bureaux and Inspecting Staffs, whose heads report direct to the Minister. Local Administration comprises (a) Territornal Academies, with inspecting staffs for all grades; and (b) Departmental Councils, presided over by the prefet, charged especially with primary educa-tion. By the Law of July, 1904, all congregationist institutions are to be suppressed within to years, and many were at once closed, some re-opening under lay management. (i.) Primary: Secular, comp and free Age 6-13. Schools include (a) mfants; (b) lower primary; (c) higher do. Supplementary comess, and courses for adults. Lower and higher primary cortificates granted. Numerous private courses are aided from local funds. Schools are for boys, for gurls, or mixed. (ii.) Secondary · State lyce's, communal colleges, and many private establishments, 7-yrs, course, either (a) purely classical; (b) purely modern; (c) Latin and secuces, or (a) Latin and modern languages—Degree of Bachelor conferred on completion. For females, a similar organisation, course 5 6 yrs. Series school and the Sorbonne Association well-known (iii) Special Schools are very immerous, many public institutions being dependent on immerities other than that of Public Instruction. (v.) Universities (State universities alone grant degrees, but numerous private faculties and private institutions further higher education Aix, Algiers, Besaucon, Bordeaux Cacu, Clermont, Dijon, Grenoble, Lille, Lyon, Montpelier, Nancy, Paris, Poitiers, Rennes, Stassbourg, and Tonlouse

COMMUNICATIONS - The length of the Routes Nationales in 1930 was 41 350 miles. The principal rivers of France are the Seine, Loire, The prin-Garonne, and Rhône, the navigable waterways having a length of (1929) 6,200 miles. The system of railroads in France is very extensive; they are almost entirely concedes, and be-come State property after the expiration of the concession. The length of lines of general interest, inclusive of local lines, open for traffic on January 1, 1931, was 25,964 miles, of which over 1,040 miles are electrified. The length of telegraph wires (1930) was 223,000 miles, and of telephone lines 133 000 miles, with 1,113,000 subscribers. In 1928 there were 642,744 private motor-cars registered in France, of which (1926) 541,438 were toming ears. Goods transport veincles numbered 305,587, cycle-cass 27,450, motor-cycles 232,201, and motor-boats 3,313. In 1932 the passengers carried in civil aircraft mumbered 36,892.

Shipping.—The gross tom, ge of the French mercantile marine in 1930 was 3,530,879 gross toms, of which 146,911 toms were motor vessels and 60,288 tons were sailing ships During the year 1932 the tonnage of French and foreign vessels entering French ports amounted to 53,642,000 tons, of which 13,246,000 tons were French; while the total clearings amounted to 44,498,000 tons, of which 11,781,000 tons were French. The chief ports are Marseilles, Cherbourg, Le Havre, Rouen, Bordeaux, Calais, Boulogne, and Dunkirk. A bill was passed by the Chamber in 1921 for the canalisation of the Rhone, which will make the river

Switzerland, and will also provide electric power and irrigation to the surrounding departments.

FINANCE.	
Revenue :- French Budget (1931-	2). Francs.
Taxes	43,163,170,400
Monopolies &c	655,302,064
State Lands	476.245,300
Miscellaneous	6,152,804,631
Extraordinary .	165,000,000
Algeria	30,963,000
Total	50,643,485,395
Expenditure	Francs.
Debt Service and Fmance Min.	25,308,480,757
Army	6,401,014,240
Navy	2,799,830,314
Air	2,199,444,489
Education	3,014.795,873
Foreign Office	299,333,445
Labour and Health	2,104,002,638
Agriculture	642 602,800
Public Works	2,412,763,374
Colonies	701,985,056
Miscellaneous	4,756,256,718
Surplus	2,975,691
Total	50,643,485,395
French Debt (March 31,	1022)

U.S. .. \$3,863.650,000

External Debt :-

Sterling ...... . .. ...

. ... ., /1 a nex 284,305,240,766

..... £755 875 000 ..... \$4.006,400

French Foreign Trade (1932).

	-93-7-
Imports:—	Francs.
Food and Drink	10.959.919,000
Raw Materials	13,231,919,000
Manufactures	5,634 006,000
Total	29,825,844,000
Exports :-	
Food and Drink	2.023,435,000
Raw Materials	4,540,187,000
Mamfactures	
Total	19,693,236,000
Imports and Exports, 1	072.
(In millions of France	, y j
To France	From France
from	to
2,457 Great Britain	
1,067 Argentine	322
2,441 Belginn	2,241
535 Brazil	
3,619 Germany	т.боо
635 Italy	595
715 Sprin	386

600 ....... Switzerland ...... 1,511 3,918 ...... U.S.A..... 957

Trade with	Great	Britain
------------	-------	---------

Year.	Imports from Great Britain,	Exports to Great Britain.
1927	£23,633,000	£,63,436,000
1928	25,157,000	60,621,000
1929	31,663,000	56,549,000
1930	22,692,000	49,186,000
1931	32,115,000	40,883,000
1932	<b>26,787,000</b>	19,023,000

Alsace - Lorraine. — High Commissioner, M. Mihan (1930). Alsace-Lorraine, formerly a part of the Holy Roman Empire was ceded to France in 1648 at the Peace of Westphalia, and was ceded to Germany by the Trenty of Frankfort (May 18, 1871), after the Franco-Prussian War. At the close of the War, 1914, 1918, the Provinces were regained by France under the Treaty of Versadies (June 28, 1919). They embrace the fertile plain between the Rhine and the Vosges, and stretch beyond these mountains as far as Luxemburg. Wine, tobacco, hops, iron, and coal are among the leading productions, and the cotton industry is most flourishing. The area is 5,565 square infles; the population in March, 1921, was 1,799,749. Principal towns, Strasburg (pop. 181,465), Mulhouse (99,534), and Metz (78,767).

Algeria.—The three departments of Algeria-Algiers, Oran, and Constantine - form an integral part of France, under a Governor-General, assisted by a Consultative Conneil. These departments lie between 4'36' W. to 6' 16' E longitude, 37' 6' N. to an undetermined S. Hunt, about 30' N., covering an area estimated at 222,120 square miles, with a population (1931) of 6,553 451, of whom 200.788 were Europeans and 5.632.663 natives. The revenue in 1931 was estimated at //ancs 1.199.656.320, and the expenditure at francs 1.195.401.883 The bulk of the trade is france x, x95, 401,883 The bulk of the trade is with France, the exports to France announting in x929 to france x, 923, 723,000 (total exports fr. 4,036,589,000), and the imports from France to fr. 4.552,960,000 (total imports fr. 5,849.550,000). The exports consist mainly of wine, wheat and other cereals, sheep and oven, skins, fruits, zinc and iron ores, olive oil, phosphates, cork wood, esparto grass, manufactured tobacco, and vegeta-The principal imports from the U.K. were coal and patent fuel, machinery, cotton oil, cotton tissues, tin plates, clothing, and prepared skins. Iron, copper, quicksilver, zinc, and lead imnes are being worked. In 1926 their were 2,696 mre being worked. In 1926 there were 2,696 miles of railroad open for traffic; and in 1928 the number of ships engaged in foreign trade entering Algerian ports was 4,322 of a net tonnage of 6,985 250 tons. The principal town is Algiers, the capital (municipal population, 1931. 257,122), a most important coaling station and much frequented as a health resort; other large towns are Oran (163,743), Constantine (104,902), Bona (65,778), Sidi-bel-Abbas (45,902), Phillipville (47,750), Mascara (31,449), and Tounicen (46,660). Gorernor-General, M. Jules Carde (1930).

CAPITAL, Paris, on the Seine. Population (1931), 2,871.039; there are 82,127 houses and 1.149.366 lamilies according to the census of March 1921 Fourteen other cities exceed 100,000 — Marseilles 800,881, Lyons 579.763, Bordeaux 262,900, Nice 219,549, Lille 201,568, Toulouse 194,564, St. Etienne 101.088, Nantes 187,343, Strasbury 181,465, Le Havre 165,076, Toulou 123,262, Rouen 122,057, Nancy 120,578, Roubaix 117,120, Clermont-Feirand 103,143, Reims 112,820. Mulhouse, Limoges, Dijon,

Grenoble, and Amiens exceed 90,000, and 34 'Harre-Consul, F. O'Menta. others exceed 50,000.

FLAG: The "tricolour," three vertical bands, blue, white, red (blue next to flagstaff).

#### BRITISH EMBASSY.

Embassu, 39 Faubourg St. Honoré, Paris. VIII. Ambassador Extraordenary and Plenipotentiary, potentiary, R. H. Campbell, C.M.G. 1st Secretary, O C. Harvey. and Secretaries, C. B. P. Peake, M.C.; C. E.

Steel.

Jud Scoretary, F. K. Roberts.

Hon. Attaches, Capt. J. W. L. Ciawshay,
Hon. R. M. Watson. Press Attache, Sir C. Mendl Cammercial Counsellar, Sir J. R. Cahill, C M G Canmercad Counseilor, St. J. R. Cahill, C. M. G. Commercad Sec. (Grade 11.), A. H. S. Yeames Naved Attache, Capt. J. U. P. Fitzgerald R. F. Asst. Do., Engr.-Com. F. V. Stopford, R. S. Milling, Attache, Col. T. G. G. Heywood, C. B. F. Arr. Attaché, Group Captain R. M. Field Superintending Arrhevost, W. E. Fuller, O. B. E. (Assoitants), E. J. Molgnard; W. F. Redmond.

### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Paris—Cons. Gen., G. D. N. Haggard, o. B. E., Vice-Consuls, A. G. Ponsonly; D. G. Rydmigs, O. B. E., J. M. Walsh (acting), Pro-Consuls, Horace J. Dorcy; John W. M. Gray, R. H. Myers.

Rheims—Vice-Consul, G. H. Olliver.

Ajaccio-Consul, Maj. W. Follett Rontley.

Pro-Canad. Baymond & Konsu. Ajacco- Consul, Maj W. Follett Routley,
Pro-Consul, Raymond K. Kemp.
Bastia—Vice-Consul, A. Bezert.
Pro-Consul, S. H. Bezert.
Rice-Consul, G. P. Churchill, C. B. E.
Vice-Consul, Capt. F. K. Brennan.
Pro-Consul, B. Incts.
Res. Characteristics of Consults.

Bone-Vice-Consul, G. C Bowker.

Honne-) tre-Consul, the Consul, Crau-) ice-Consul, G. T. C. Smith (acting)

Pro-Consul,

Holm Smith Antanarroo-Consul, J. Helm Smith. , Vice-Consul, J. F Spence. Majunga - Vice-Consul, Albert Rowntree.

Tamatave—Vice-Consul, A. Rollo (acting). Birdeaux—Consul, C. K. Ledger.

"Needlet-Consul, Albert E. W. Murphy.
"Vice-Consul, Albert E. W. Murphy.
"Pro-Consul, J. Lambert.
Bayonne—Tree-Consul, Paul Schoedelm
La Pathee-Vice-Consul, F. Link.

Pro-Consul, William H. Jones

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Brest-Consul, Vice-Consul, A. Mignon.

, Vice-Consul, A. Mignon.
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Libreville-V.-Cons., A. Leonard Smith, M.C.
Dakar-Consul-General, V. V. Cusden.
Vice-Consul, I.t. Com. J. Martin, R.N.
Duala-Vice-Consul, W. Darwall.
Dibouti-Vice-Consul, T. C. Salmon.
Guadulung-Consul, J. Lonis Lawany

Guaduloupe-Consul, Louis Devaux.

., Pro-Cansul, A. T. Iredale. Cherbaurg—V.-Cons., Capt. J. C. Stark. Litte Consul, J. K. V. Dible.

., Vice-Consul, Capt. C. T. Morrow, M.B.R. Amiens- - Vice-Consul, Stuart Oswald, M.C.

... Pro-Consul, Oscar Sydney Gadsby. Bonlogne - Vice-Consul, H S. Bradbrook, M B.E. Pro-Consul, John Gilmour.

Culus - Vice-Consul, J. H. Hartshorn.
Pro-Consul, J. G. Hartshorn.

Dunkirk -- Vice-Consul, Harry W. F. Whiting, M.R.E.

, Pro-Consul, Gawin Wild. Lgons—Consul, H. H. Cassells, M.V.O. , Pro-Consul, E. G. King. Grenoble—Pre-Consul, Alfred J. Swaimell.

Marseilles-Consul-General, H. S. London. ,, Vice-Consuls, W. J. Sullivan; F. Besant

(netang). Pro-Consul. W. Miller.

Montpellier and Sete-Vice-Consul, Norman B. R. Brown.

Toulon - Vice-Consul, Charles H. Thomas. ... Pro-Consul, Percy Trun. Mactinique -- Consul, Henry J. Meagher.

Nantes -- Consul, W. C. Graham , Vice-Consul, F. Percy-Bush

Lovent-Cons Agent, Henry Joubert, M.B.E. St Malo-V.-Con., Capt. L. Richardson.
, Pro-Consuls, Col. E. L. Perry, D.S.O.;

W. H. Tinsley.
St. Nazare - Vice-Consul, A. Raffin.
, Peo-Consul, J. F. Raffin.
Tonis-Vic-Consul, Ian Macdonald.

Pro-Consul, New Caledonia -- Consul, W. Johnston (acting).

Auce-Consul, J. W. Keogh, O.B.E., Vice-Consul, Col. C. B. Stokes, C.I.E., D.S.O.,

O.B E.

Cannes-1'ce-Consul, J. G. Taylor.
,, Pro-Consuls, Walter Gray Taylor; A. P. Cummgham.
Mentane - Vice-Consul, A. S. Dean.

Pro-Coasul,

Manaco-Consul, (ser Nice).

, Vice-Consul, W. M. L. Amslie.

, Po-Consul, J. C. Hemy.

Pondicherry (India) — Consul, Maj. H. G.

Tranchell, I.A.

, Pro-Consul, M. Paponrayen Undaller.

Reauton—Cansul, J. A. Mancini.

Rouea - Consul, H. E. Bowle.

Net Consul, Capt G J, Neill.

Deeppe-Vice-Cons. P. U. Allen.

"Pra-Consul, Mnj R. W. Lamb. M.O.

togon Cansul-General, F. G. Gorton.

Land Capt. L. R. C. Gorton.

Saugon Consul-Generat, r. G. Gorgon.
... Vice-Consuls, H. F. Morford; Alexander Denho'm.

Harphong-Vice-Cons , T L. Chi stie, M.C. St. Pierre and Miquelon-Consul-General, G.

Campbell, C.M G
Steasburg—Consul-General, T J Morris, C.M.G.

Vice-Consul, A. H. Douglas.

Tabite-Consul, Jr. W. J. Williams.
Vice-Consul, Jr. E. Walker.
Tunes-Consul-General, E. G. Lomas, O.B.E.
, Pree-Consul, A. W. Robertson.

", Hon Physician, Dr. Joseph Valletta. Sfax-Vice-Consul, R. Farrigia. ", Pro-Cansul, Armand Farrigia Susa and Kairouan - Vice-Con., Harry Engerer.

" Pro-Consul, Lours Carnana.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, 6 Rue Halevy, Paris, IXème. President, H. C. Welman. There is also a British Chamber of Commerce

There is also a British Chamber of Commerce at a. Rue Beauvan, Marseilles.

Paris is distant from London 267 miles; transit,

7 to 8 hours.

#### FRENCH COLONIES.

Group,	sq kilometres	Population
North Africa	3,770,000	13,000,000
Eastern Group	200,000	2,100,007
West Africa	7,640,000	19,560,000
America	200,000	500,000
Indian Ocean	640,000	5,900,000
Indo-Chinese	740,000	27,000,000
Pacific	20,000	100,000
Total	13,110,000	62,160,000

In ASIA.—French India includes Poudicherry, on the Coromandel coast; Chandernagore, on the Hooghly; Karikal, in the Cauvery delta; Yanson, in the Godavery delta; and Mahé, on the Malabar coast—the total area being soo square miles with an estimated population of (1922) 268,000. The trade of Poudicherry and Karikel in 1927-8 was valued at £269,529 for imports, £524,638 for exports, and £1,349,135 for re-exports. French Indo-China comprises the possession of Cochin-China and the four protectorates of Cambodia, Annam, Tonkin, and Laos. In 1898-9 the port of Kwang-Chow-Wan was also acquired on lease from China. The capital is Hanoi, in Tonkin, and the total area is 309,979 square miles, with a population (1922) estimated at 19,683,203, including the civil European population of about 17,500.

In ASIA MINOR.—The French mandatory sphere of Syria has a total area of about 150.000 square miles, with an estimated population of 4,500,000 (see also pp. 932-933).

In AFRICA.—Algeria (see above) is an integral part of France. Morocco (see pp. grz-grz) is a Fronch (and partly Spanish) protectorate.

Tunis has been a french protectorate since 1831. It has between Algeria and Tripoli, and extends southwards to the Sahara, with a total area of about 45,000 sq. miles and a population (Consus of 1931) of 2,420,602 (Europeans 195,293, including 91,427 French civilian population 91,738 Italians). The valievs of the northern region support large flocks and herds, and contain tich agricultural areas, in which wheat, harley, and oats are grown. The vine and olive are extensively cultivated. The principal minerals are coal, copper, lead, zine and iron, and phosphates and marble are also worked. The chuf exports are phosphates, olive oil, wheat, esparto grass, halley, heans, blankets, sponges, and dates, the chief imports are textiles and other manufactures, iron, steel, machinery and provisions. Eighty per cent. of the trade is with France and Algeria. In 1930 the imports were valued at 1,127,425,000 france and the exports at 1,127,233,000 france. Tunis, the capital, has a municipal population of 202,405 at the Census of 1931; other towns are Sfax (39,970), Bizerta (23,200), Sins (25,324), and Kairwan (21,523). French West Africa extends from Mauritania to Balhomey, and has a total area of 1,509,733 square miles, and a population of 3,500,000. It consists of Senegal (94,000 sq. miles, pop. 1,250,000, capital, St. Louis; the trade of Senegal in 1930 was france 866,000,000 imports,

and francs 668,700,000 exports, the principal export being ground nuts. Upper Senegal Niger (304,000 sq. miles), and the Niger Mittary Territory (533,000 sq. miles), which have a total population of about 6,036,200; French Guinea (92,600 sq. miles, pop. 1,737,350); Ivory Coast (126,100 sq. miles, pop. 1,737,350); and Dahomey (38,000 sq. miles, pop. 578,500); adjoining Dahomey is the French Sphere of the former German colony of Topoland (23,400 sq. miles, pop. 800,000); while the hinterland of these colonies forms the French Sahara, which has an estimated area of 24,150 sq. miles and a population of about 450,000. French Equatorial Africa consists of the French Congo (53,000 sq. miles, pop. 9,000,000) and of the French Sphere in the former German territory of Camerom (257,000 sq. miles, pop. 2,750,000). French East Africa consists of the French Congo (54,000 sq. miles, pop. 2,750,000) and of the large island of Madagacar (225,000 sq. miles, pop. 3,750,000) with its dependencies (Nossi Bé, Sante Marie, Réunion, and the Mayotte-Comoro Islands, Agriculture and cattle raising are the principal industries; the minerals include gold, silver, iron, copper, lead, and zinc. The chief exports are gold, cattle, bark, manioc (for arrowroot), beans, hides, skins, fibe, rice, thuber and rubber; the chief imports are cottous, metal manufactures, wines and spirits, coal, clothing, lime and cement. The capital, Antananarivo, has a population of 75,000; other towns are Tamatave (the chief port), Majunga, Diego-Suarez, Mananjary, Tulear, Andevoranto and Volemar. Off the south-east coast are the minhabited sisands of St. Paul, Kerguelen and Amstordam. There is now direct communication across French and British territory in Africa, with posts on the Atlantic and Indian ocean.

In AMERICA.—Off the south-east coast of Newfoundland are two small groups of islands, of which the largest are 8t. Pierre and Mquelon. In the West Indies, Martinique and Guadaloupe, with Basse Terre, Mario Galante, He des Saives, Pettte Terre, 8t. Bartinloinnew, and 8t. Martin; and in South America, Cayenne or French Guiana. Included in Cayenne is a group of islands (St. Joseph, He Royal, and He du Diable) known as Hes du Salut. On Deri's Isle Major Dreyfus was imprasoned from 1894-1899. The total area of French possessions in North and South America is 35,300 square miles, with a population of 428,805.

SOUTH CHINA SKAS.—In April, 1933. Fiance occupied certain small islands (Spratly, Amboina Cay, Itu-Abu, Deux Hes group, Loaita and Tin-Tu) let ween 7° 52'—11° 29' N. lat. and 111° 55'—114° 25' E long.

In OCEANIA.—New Caledonia (7,200 sq. ms., pop. 50,500) is a large island with dependencies, the isle of Pines, the Walls Archipelago, the Loyatty Islands (Mahé, Lafou, Uvéa, &c.), the Hunon Islands, and Futuma and Alofi. The Society Islands (Tahiti, Moorea, &c.) have an area of about 650 square miles, and a population of about 14,000; the Marquesas (Nukahiva, Hivasa, &c.) 500 sq. miles, pop. 2,500. Leeward lsles (Huahiné, Ralatéa, Tahna, Rosa-Rora, Maupiti, &c.): the Gambier Islands (Nangareva, &c.); the Tubuai Islands (Rurutu, Raivasa, Rimatava, &c.); Rapa Island; Makatea; and Maino Island. The New Hebrides are under joint Franco-British administration.

GERMANY. (Deutsches Reich.)

President of the German Reich. General Field-Marshal Paul von Hindenburg, born Oct. 2, 1847, re-elected April 10, 1932.

MINISTRY (January 30, 1933). Chancellor, Adolf Hitler.

Vice-Chancellor, Herr von Papen Foreign Afairs, Freiherr von Neurath. Interior, Dr. Frick. Labour, Herr Seldte.

Finance, Count Schwerin von Krosigk. Agriculture and Food, Heir Daire.

Justice, Dr. Frank. Defence, General Freiherr von Blomberg. Posts and Communications, Freiherr von Eltz-

Rubenach. Economy, Herr Schmitt.

Ambassador in London, Herr von Hoesch.

9 Carlton House Terrace S.W. r. Counsellor, Otto Furst von Bismatck. 1st Secs., Herr Ernst H Ruter; Baron Leopold

von Plessen.

and Seas. Dr. Gunter Henle; Dr. Theodor M. Auer; Dr. Albert Hilger van Scherpenberg, Herr Werner von Fries

Miditary Attache, Col. Leo Freiherr Geyr von

Schweppenburg. Naval do., Capt. Erwin Wassner.

Consular Dept of the Embassy, 9 Carlton House Terrace, S.W. z.

ARRA AND POPULATION. - The area Germany is approximately 182,200 square miles, as against 208,800 square unless in 1914. By the Treaty of Versuttles the "Recheland" of Elsas-Lothringen and the Sau cool basin (temporarily) were ceded to France; parts of Posen and West Plussia to the newly-formed Republic of Poland; North Schleswig to Denmark; and Moresnet and Malmedy to Belgmin. Danzig and territory became a Free State. After a plebiscite, part of Upper Silesia passed to Potand. Memel and district went to The Colonies, which had extended Lithuania. over 1,035,086 sq. miles in Africa, 96,220 sq. miles in the Pacific, and 2,943 sq miles in Asia a total of 1,134,230 sq miles, with a population estimated in 1914 at 15,000,000—were renotinced i and the delegates to the International Conneil at Paris allocated Togoland and Kamerun to Great Britain and France; German East Africa to Great Britan; German S.W. Africa to the Umon of South Africa; the German Pacific possessions to Japan, Australia and New Lealand. The population on June 16, 1933, was (provisional return) 65,306,130 (without Saar was (provisional return) 95,300,130 (without Saar district), of whom 31,609,487 were males and 33,606,643 were females. The population on Dec. 1, 1910, was 64,925,993. Bit this in 1931 numbered 1,031,508, and deaths 725,983, bit this being 16'0 per 1,000 of population, deaths 11'2 per thousand. Religious confessions in the present area were in 1922:—Protestants 40.014,677, Roman Cutholics 20,193,334, Jews 564,379, others 1,638,229. On June 16, 1925, 41'4 per cent. of all persons with earning occupations were engaged in industry, 30'5 per cent. in agriculture, 16'5 per cent. in trade and communications, 4.7 per cent. in the public services and the professions, 1.8 per cent. in the health services, and 5.1 per cent. in domestic service. There are 52 large towns of July 31 the Nazis gained 230 seats, but in the

with over 100,000 inhabitants, with a population of 19,622,143, or 30'x per cent. of the total population.

NATURAL RESOURCES -Forests cover 12,769,092 NATURAL RESOURCES - Forests cover ra, 799, east hectares, consisting to about three-quarters of conferous trees, and are the basis of a flourishing wood and wood-products industry. Although a great part of North Germany is sandy and infertile, natural conditions in general favour Agriculture. Grown are rye, sandy and meterric, actual general favour Agriculture. Grown are rye, wheat, spelt, oats, harley, buckwheat, maize, potatoes, beans, leginimous and root plants, including sugar-beet, hops, vegetables, fruits, vines, flax, homp, rape, and tobacco. The livestock and dairying industries have attained livestock and dairying industries have attained a high degree of perfection. Mineral wealth includes coal, iron, manganese, copper, lead, zinc, tin, nickel, quicksilver, gold, silver, sulphur, antimony, colath, arseinc, bismuth, wolfram, uranium, graphite, alim, boracite, pyrites, petroleum, potash, amber, semi-precious stones, and chima clay, and salt, brine-aprings, and medicinal waters are abundant. The minette iron mines of Lorianie were lost by the Peace Treaty of 1919, and as the remaining iron ore is manificient and in particehnically unsatisfactory. Germany is largely dependent moon import of Germany is largely dependent upon import of iron ore.

CONSTITUTION AND POLITICS .- At the outbreak of war, Ang. 1914. Germany was a Confederate League, bearing the name "German Empire," under the hereditary presidency of the King of On Nov., 1918, the of "German Emperor."
On Nov., 1918, the German Emperor abdicated, and the Government of the country was taken over by the Council of the People's Commissioners in Berlin. In Jan. 2019, elections were held to a National Assembly on the basis of universal adult suffrage (male and female). Under the new Constitution of August 11, 1919, the federal legislature consists of a Reichstag representing the whole nation and elected by popular suffrage (male and female), with proportional represen-tation, and a Reichsi at representing the separate states. Ministries are dependent upon the support of parliamentary majorities. The people possess the right of initiative and the referendum. Bills dealing with economic questions or social issues arising theicout must first be submitted to an advisory Economic Council (Reichswirt-

Schuffmat).
Between the Revolution of 1918 and 1928, the government of Germany and of most of the maximum and of most of the states was almost continuously conducted by Cabinets supported by the middle and moderate-Left parliamentary parties, of which the Social-Democrats and the Catholic Centre were the largest. The extreme Conservative-Nationalist parties and the Communists were in opposition. Successive elections practically obliterated the moderate Conservative People's Party and the Democrats, while the Centre and Social-Democrats, while the Centre and Social-Democrats remained relatively stable, and the Communists gamed. Largely at the expense of the middle parties, the National-Socialistic (Hitlerite) party rapidly increased, gaining great successes at the Reichstag Election of Sept. 1930. In June, 1932, an ostensibly non-party (in reality ultra-Conservative) Cabinet was formed with Herr Franz von Papen as Chancellor. Under a form of martial law the Socialist Centre Cabinet of Prussia was expelled from office, and the Reichstag was twice dissolved. In an election later election of November 6 their number fell to 156. Papen was succeeded in November by General von Schleicher. On January 30, 1933, a joint Nazi-German-National Cabmet was found with Adolf Hitler as Chancellor, Papen as Vice-Chancellor, and the Genman-National leader Ingenberg as Minister of Economy. This Cabmet change rapidly took the dimensions of a "National Revolution" of exclusively National-Socialist colour. Hugenberg and his party associates were driven from office, and Herr Hitler's Cabmet, after a victorions Refehstag election in March, pursued a radical policy consisting of abrogation of the Constitutional gnarantees, expulsion from office of non-Nazis and monopolisation of all well-paid official posts by Cabmet partisms, expulsion of non-Nazis from profitable positions in private husiness and replacement with Nazis, persecution of and violence against Jews, Laberals and Socialists, centralisation of control over the states by the creation of "statthalterships," partial armament of the formerly "private" & A. and 8 S. armies, active official propaganda in favour of wars of conquest, and pautal repudiation of foreign debts. Party membership of the Reichstag of Mar'h 5, consisting of 647 members, was: National-Socialists a88, Genman-Nationalists on, but the Reichstag as a legislative body ceased to exist.

Education.—Education is in the competence of the states, and according to the Constitution is in principal compulsory until the eighteenth year, but this principal empirical the eighteenth year, but this principal en number (census of x956-27) 52,785, whereof 28,832 evangelical, x5,322 (7athohe, and 8,559 inved, with 6,662,794 pupils Intermediate schools (9 to x0 years course) number x,548, with 259,399 pupils; continuation and special occupational schools, x9,652, with x5,59,000 pupils, superior schools (between elementary-intermediate school class and minversities), x,858, with 822,600 pupils. For lingher education are 23 inniversities; also high schools x0 technical, 3 forestry, 4 agricultural, 2 veterinary, 2 numing, 5 commercial, 7 peclagogic, and xx philosophic-theological, with (x928) xxx300 students, whereof x3,x00 women. There are x4 high schools and academies for the graphic arts, and x3 high schools and academies to

DRENCE.—By Article 160 of the Treaty of Verwilles the German Military Forces, as from March 31, 1920, must not comprise more than seven divisions of infantry and three divisions of eavalry, a total force of 100,000 all ranks. By Article 181 of the Treaty, the German Naral Forces must not exceed 6 battleships of the Deutschland or Lothringen class, 6 light cruisers, 12 destroyers, and 12 torpedo boats. No submarine vessels are to be included in the military forces, and all war vessels in excess of the above numbers were to be broken up or devoted to commercial purposes. Under the Armistice of Nov. 11, 1918, the German High Sen Fleet surrendered to the Allies (Nov. 11, 1218), and was interned in Scapa Flow, where it was scittled by its crews by Article 193 of the Treaty the armed forces of Germany must not include any military or naval Air Forces, and no dirigilibe balloons, seroplanes, see-planes or flying hoats. In addition to the limited Army allowed by the Peace Treaty, Germany mantains unformed, equipped, and drilled land

later election of November 6 their number fell | forces, subject to military law, numbering over to 196. Papen was succeeded in November by | 1,000,000 men, who since the accession to power General von Schleicher. On January 30, 1933, a | of the National-Socialist government have in joint Nazi-German-National Cabinet was founed | part been armed. After prolonged negotiations with Adolf Hitler as Chancellor, Papen as Vice-Chancellor, and the German-National leader many, on Oct. 14, 1933, withdrew from the Dis-Hugenberg as Minister of Economy. This armaments Conference and from the League of Cabinet change ramidy took the dimensions of a | Nations.

COMMUNICATIONS.—The total length of the Railroads at end of 1930 was 58, 176 kilometres of which 53,677 kilometres, whereof all except 956 kilometres were full-gange, belonged to the German Railroads Corporation, which under the Dawes Reparation Scheme of 1924 acquired all the lines taken over by the Republic from the states in 1921 The number of registered automobiles (July x, 1933) was 322,209, motor cycles 852,776, and motor lornes 155,229. Length of Telegraph and Telephone Lines 392, 100 kilometres; telegrams transmitted (1931), 26,597,000; post, telegraph, and telephone offices, 60,950; telephone subscribers, 3,13,700; letters carried, 5,950 millions; value of cash-on-delivery orders, 2,889 mill. m.; money orders, 2,155 mill. m. The number of employes in the service of posts, telegraphs, and telephones was 358,978 In addition to some 6,000 miles of navigable rivers there are over 1,500 miles of canals and 1,600 miles of ship canals. On Jamary 1, 1913, the Mercantile Marine consisted of 2,008 sea-going steamers of 17.65 register tons and upwards (4,380,348 tons gross register), and of 2,420 sulling vessels (447,870 tons gross register), number of scanner, 77,746. As a result of the War and of the Peace Frenty shipping in 1919 sank to 419,000 tons, but there has since been a rapid recovery, due mainly to native building, but partly to purchases from ab oad. Finished new constructions of vessels exceeding 100 gross tons were in 1919, 134,535 tons; 1927, 261,105 tons; 1929, 357, 500 tons; 1937, 176, 755 tons. On Jan. 2, 1932, 8hipping had increased to 4,318,000 gross tons. Recovery was helped by the establishment of eleven new yards during the War. The chief ports of Germany are Hamburg, on the Elbe; Bremen, on the Weser; Stettin, on the Oder, Kongsberg, on the Pregel; Kiel, on the Baltic; Emden on the Ems, and Lubeck, on the Batic. Traffic in the chief ports has increased since the War at a great rate, and now exceeds that of 1933. Arrivals at all ports were: 1913, 34,396,692 net tons; 1931, 40,395,600 net tons. Traffic in the Kiel Canal in 1931 was. vessels 48,285, net tomage x7.757,x36.
SOCIAL INSURANCE.—The German scheme of

Social Insurance.—The German scheme of social legislation gives all subordinate breadwinners in Germany a legal right to pecuniary subvention when imitted for work through sickness, accident, premature infirmity, or old age. Insurance is compulsory. This National Insurance is based on mutual insurance and self-administration. The Infirmity Insurance Acteance into force Jan. 2, 1900. The insurance Acteance into force Jan. 2, 1900. The insurance acteance into force Jan. 2, 1900. The insurance acteance into force Jan. 2, 1900. The insurance acteance into force Jan. 2, 1900. The insurance acteance into force Jan. 2, 1900. The insurance acteance into force Jan. 2, 1900. The insurance acteance in the second service of the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second seco

of reform of the State insurance legislation became law in 1911. The new law codified previous legislation, established new Insurance Authorities, reduced working-class influence in the Accident Insurance organisations, provided pensions for widows and orphans, and made other changes of importance. Abother Bill extending Insurance benefits to private officials, clerical employes and others above the class of manual workers, became law in 1911. A law establishing Federal Unemployment Insurance for all persons subject to Sickness Insurance and also for seamen, which is financed by equal contributions from employers and employed, came into force on Oct. r. 1927. During the industrial depression 1930 32 Social Insurance finance suffered badly owing to the decline in receipts and the increase in cost of inemployment Premimes were correspondingly in-d and banefits reduced. The National creased and benefits reduced. Socialistic Cobmet's policy is unfriendly towards Social Insurance, and already the service has been restricted.

PUBLIC FINANCES -The state fluancial structure was tadically altered after the War Reich apprepriated the chief direct taxes, including meome tax, which had formerly been collected by the states and municipalities, and the states lost the profits from then railways, which were taken over by the Reich. The Reich was thereby compelled to confubite to the state and municipal revenues, mainly out of the yield of income and turnover taxes. became a matter of dispute, but the promised definitive regulation has not been effected. Between 1918 and 1924 all public budgets were in confusion in consequence of the currency de-preciation. The currency reform of Nov 1923 reacted favourably on Finance, and the Reich Budget of 1994-25 was balanced. The Roch was materially relieved by the automatic wiping-out of the internal Debt by currency deprecia. tion. Under a later valorisation law, holders of public loans were partially compensated, getting x21, per cent of the original gold value when they had acquired before July, 1920, and 2½ per cent. when they had acquired later, but no interest was to be paid to the latter class of holders intil the Reparations liability had been discharged. After 1926 27 Reich bildgets again showed defletts. In consequence of declining revenue due to the trade depression and to the accompanying beavy unemployment rehef burden, much larger Reich defleits, and serious difficulties in halancing other public budgets, were experienced after 1929. mugers, were experienced after 1922. The net Budget Estonates for 1933-34 (ii) which are not included the separately financed Railways and Posts, or the shares of taxes paid by the Reich as subventions to the states and municipalities) were :-

z,000,000 Reichs-marks. Revenue ...... 5 570 

The German Debt.

The long and short term Debt of the Republic , on June 30, 1933, totalled 11,761 million tenchsmarks. Of this sum 682 million marks repretons Foreign Loan of (nonnually) 800 million retunned at 1,438 million marks, 3,793 million marks represented the depreciated paper mark pre-war and war debts as valorised under the law of Iniv et al.

2.377 million marks the internat.oatl 51/2 per cent. (Young Plan) loan of 1930

The suspension of Repuration payments at the initiative of President Hoover from July 1, 1931 on, materially relieved the Reich Bidget. The amount of the reparations due by Germany under the Treaty was fixed in January, rost (by the Financial Council of the Allies at Brussels) at 132 milhards of gold marks (£,5,500,000,000) payable in bonds, to be redeemed by annual payments of a milhard gold marks, together with a sum equivalent to 26 per cent. of German exports. A new Reparations Scheme was agreed to by Germany and the Allies in August, 19:4, providing for annual payments tising to 2,500 pullon gold marks, hable to increase according to an index of prosperity, the money to be supplied from (x) taxation, (a) railway bonds, and (3) bonds imposed on private industry. In Reparations were again revised, agreed to pay during a term of 37 years annul-ties averaging 1,989 million marks, and there-after unti 1987-88 animities varying between 1,711 million and 898 million marks. Under a further agreement, concluded at Lansanue in July, 1932, Reparation amounties were abolished. Germany undertook to hand over to the creditors 3,000 pullion marks of 5 per cent, bonds, to be marketed as soon as an issue price of co became practicable, but no before three years or after fifteen years. The creditor Governments agreed between themselves to ratify the Lausanne Agreement only if a satisfactory settlement of other rate national War Debts was attained.

Foreign Debts.—A short-term foreign debts cusis began in July, 1931, owing to sudden withdrawals of credits to German banks, for which the Reichsbank was mable to deliver gold or exchange Under a "stand-till agree-ment" of behausy, 1932, Germany was pro-tected against any further substantial withdrawals of credits until March, 1933, but she pust pay and transfer the interest This agreement was later prolonged, with some modifications, until February, 1934 A Government census for February 29, 1932, shows public and private indebtedness to abroad at 20,623 pullion marks, whereof 10,153 millions short-term (mapping before March, 1933), and 10,470 millions long-term. In addition were foreign claims in the shape of holdings of German domestic securities and real property, which bring the total indebtedness to an estimated 251/2 261, nolliard matks. Of the 20,623 millions 25/2 207 initiated instance of the 26,023 initions debt proper, 3,125 initions were infinites of the Reich (mainly Dawes and Young loans), 1,25 state and numerical debts, 6,765 initions debts by Agrentium, Industry and Communications. The chief

creditor countries were Total Whereof Long Term Marks Marks USA. .. . . . 8,392,000,000 5,165,000,000 1,914,000,000 1,146,000,000 Great Britain ......2,415,000,000 1,129,000,000 France ... ... 955,000,000 482,000,000

liability to abroad in the 12 months was approximately 1,700 million marks. In consequence of repurchases at low prices and of the depreciation of creditor countries currencies, the are lower than the above figures. In June, 1932. Germany nevertheless defaulted on her whole foreign long-term debt by prohibiting transfer into foreign currencies for its service. In July an agreement was come to with the bondholders whereunder 50 per cent. of the interest but no amortisation instalments should be transferred until the end of 1933, the full service of the Dawes Loan, however, being maintained.

CURRENCY AND CREDIT.—In 1919-23 the mark currency rapidly depreciated In November, 1923, was put through a Currency Reform, consisting in the creation of a renten-mark, nominally worth r gold mark, and in the stabilisation of the depreciated paper-mark at billion paper-marks to r gold mark. The stabilised paper mark notes have since been withdrawn from cuculation, and the rentenmarks are being gradually replaced by reichs-marks of pre-war gold value, issued by the Reichsbank as reconstituted under the Reparatelement of 1924. Currency conditions were satisfactory until the debts-withdrawal crisis of July, 1931, which led to a suspension of internal gold payments, and to the subjection of payments to abond to official restriction. Foreign entrency in German hands was expopriated against compensation in reichsmarks. By these means the stability of the reichsmark at gold parity was maintained; but the Reichsat gord parry was maintained; but the Reichsbank's reserves (gold and foreign exchange) fell between May, 1931, and June, 1933, from 2,576 to 274 million marks, and legal cover for circulation to under zo per cent. (normal legal minimum, 40 per cent.) Owing to the foreign and huma run the heateners of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the and home im, the Daimstaedter-und-National and some other banks failed. By emergency decrees the Government drastically regulated credit, and attained in banking a dominant position. The effect of the credit crisis on industry and trade was less serious than anticipated, and in 1932 confidence began to return, but payments to abroad remained subject to official sanction. Bankrupteics, after reaching a maximum of 1,425 in October, 1931, declined in Soptember, 1933, to under 300, and the number of bill protests fell heavily. The internal value of the currency increased, the wholesale-prices index falling from 1416 in July, 1928, to 91 in January, 1933, the cost-of-living index from 1565 in March, 1929, to 1184 in August, 1933.

EMPLOYMENT. - Employment is subject to sharp seasonal fluctuations, being lowest in the summer and highest in the late winter. In 1922, under the influence of the inflation-activity of industry, the number of imemployed tell to 16,000. After the currency stabilisation, unemployment in general increased, but in the prosperous year 1927 fell to 250,000, after which a new meterse followed in February, 1930, were 3,366,000 unemployed; February, 1931, 1,931,000: February, 1932, 6,128,000° February, 1933, 6,047,000. September, 1933, 3,850,000; but the great improvement shown by the last figure is anestroned.

German occupation. The cultivated area in 1932 after the War, import duties on many articles

which 4,450,130 h. were rye, 2,250,351 h. wheat, 3,254,524 h. oats, 1,565,20 h. barley, 2,879,033 h. potatoes, and 2,565, h. sugar-beet. The needow area was 5,501,294 h. Owing to high wheat duties and other protective measures, the area under and yield of wheat has greatly increased, whereas cultivation of rye has declined. As against an average wheat crop of 3,700,000 metric tons in 1911-14 (on the present area), the estimated crop of 1938 was 5,200,000 tons; and in wheat Germany is now self-sufficing, and may have an exportable surplus. Area under have an exportable surplus. Area under orchards is (1932) 53,139 h., vineyards 82,781 h. The area under flax, hemp, and other industrial plants is smaller than in 1913. The livestock census of Dec. 1930 showed: horses 3,521,530. cattle 18,470,330 pkg 23,440,450, sheep 3,504,355. Agriculture has been financially weakened by the price-fall, and has debts totalling xa,500 mullion in.

INDUSTRY.-Industry is highly developed in all the larger German states. Prussia leads in coal-mining, iron and steel, metalwares, machinery, and electro-technical articles, but manufactures comprise practically all branches. The cotton works are extensive, and there are numerous manufactories of silk, mixed cotton and linen fabrics, including shawls, carpets, &c., and woollens. with leather, earthenware, glass, paper, and tobacco manufactures, as well as chemicals and brewing. Bavaria produces nachinery, jewellery, scientific instruments, pottery, wood-products, paper, leather, textiles, and beer. Special manufactures of Saxony are machinery, yarus and cloth, kuitted goods, hosiery, furs, pottery, glass, and musical instru-ments. Wurttemberg has manufactures of textiles, paper, leather, firearms, clocks, and tobacco; Baden of chemicals, jewellery, and cigars The toys industry of Thuringia is important.

Intense industrial activity prevailed during the inflation years 1919-23, and after a reaction a new high level was reached in 1927, after which production in the finishing branches somewhat declined, while the heavy branches, including non and steel, enjoyed prosperity throughout 1928 and 1929. In 1930, under the influence of the world-depression, a rapid decline in the output of all branches began. At the beginning of 1932, current industrial production was 40'9 per cent. below that of the last prosperity years, the decline for steel being 60.8 per cent., machine; 57's per cent, motor-cars 38's per cent, potter) 55's per cent, paper 22's per cent, finished textiles 31's per cent, footwear 18 per cent. The production decline in the heavy industries was very great:

	1932.	1997.
3	letric Tons.	Metric Tons.
Coal:	104,740,331	153,597,600
Pig-iron	3,932,541	13,102,500
Ingot steel	5,75x,127	16,305,300

The financial stability of industry was badly shaken by three years of trading losses, and numerous companies were obliged to reduce then capital in order to restore equilibrium to their balance sheets. A revival of industry set in in September, 1932, and has continued.

questioned.

AGRICULTURE -- Agriculture is the leading been increasingly Protectionist. Immediately (omitting forests) was 29,369,576 hectares, of were sharply raised; and in 1925 a new part

tariff increased the duties on numerous industrial articles, and restored the foodstuffs duties, which had been suspended in August, 1914. Bill reducing duties, drafted in accord with the recommendations of the Geneva Economic Congress of 1927, was dropped; the duties on foodstuffs were repeatedly 1 aised, and supplemented by compulsion to mill native grain; and in 1932 duties on numerous agricultural and industrial products (including English yarns) were heavily increased, and the intro-duction of import-quotas for certain agricultural products was announced. The Nazi Government has continued the same policy, repeatedly increasing duties on articles of necessity.

Germany's chief imports, in approximate order of value, are: oil-fruits, fruit, cotton, wool, dany products, yarns, nameral oils, coffee, fodder, hides, eggs, cloth, tobacco, copper, furs, iron-ore, and wood. (Thef exports: heavy iron and steel goods, textiles and clothing, machinery, chemicals and dyes, electrical apparatus, non-ferrous metal-wares, paper and wares thereout, leather and wares thereout.

The foreign-trade balance was increasingly passive until 1929, whereafter import surpluses declined. Equilibrium was reached in 1929 The years 1930 and 1931 witnessed large and mereasing active balances, causes being the cessation of credit-financed import, the reduced demand, owing to the depression, for foreign raw materials, the increasing independence of foreign foodstuffs, and the repayments of foreign debt. The years 1927-31 witnessed a shift of £300,000,000 from the passive to the active side of the trade balance. The movement of imports and exports (including Reparation deliveries in

KILIG	Imports	Exports
	Marks.	Marks
1927	14,228.000,000	10,801,000,000
1929	13,447,000,000	13,483,000,000
	6,632,000,000	9,600,000,000
1932	4,666,000,000	5,739,000,000

#### Trade with Great Britain -

	1931 Marks	1932 Mulks
Imports from		258,000,000
Exports to	1,134,000,000	466,000 000

In the first half of 1932 import was #,387 mill. m., export 2,989 mill m.

SECURITIES MARKETS -All stock exchanges were closed between July 11 and Sept. 3, 1931, and between sept. 18, 1931, and April 12, 1932. The official scennites index, based on 100 for average quotations of 1934-26, showed for Sept. 1933: for stocks, 62:48; for fived-interest securities, 78:17.

#### FEDERATED STATES.

## PRUSSIA.

The Republic of Prussia comprises the larger portion of Germany, with a total area in 1924

portion of Genmany, with a total area in 1924 of 113,750 sq. miles und a population on June 16, 1925, of 38,120,173 (Saar district excluded).

The number of births in 1931 was 634,593, against x,209,500 in 1913. The number of deaths in 1931 was 440,795, against 525,490 in 1913. Marriages were 325,680, against 323,709.

	Reid	,000,000 hs-marks,
Budget (net), 1933-34	•••••	1,800
		<b>999</b>

The whole of the old Funded Debt of Prussia was taken over by the Republic under the arrangement for transfer of the Prussian State Railways.

CAPITAL, Berlin, on the Spree. In 1920, by fusion of suburban municipalities and of some adjacent rural communes, was created Great Berlin with a population on June x6, x925, of 4,013,588.

Other largest cities are Cologne, on the Rhine (698,064), Breslan, on the Oder (554,801), Essen, on the Ruhr (483.696), Frankfort, on the Main (461,849), Drisseldort, on the Rhine (431,096), Hannover, on the Leine (432,435), and Dortmund, on the Emschet (320,256).

The Republic of Bavaria is divided into two nequal parts. The eastern portion, comnnequal parts. prising eleven-twelfths of the whole, is situated between 47 '16' - 50 '34' N lat and 9' o'-13' o'E long; the western part, forning the Palatunete, on the left bank of the Rhine. The total area is 29,486 sq. miles, and the population on June 16, 1025, 7,411,580. The population on June 16, 1925, 7,411,589. The Thurmgian Duchy of Coburg was incorporated in Bavana in 1921.

z,000,000 Reichs-marks. Budget (net), 1932 33 .....

CAPITAL, Munich, on the Isar. Population (1925), 680,764. Other large towns are Nurnberg, N.W. of Munich (392,494), and Augsburg, on the Wortach-Lech (165,522).

#### SAXONY.

The Republic of Saxony has an area of 5,856 English square unles, with a population on June 76, 1025, of 4,080,680, Its clief towns, after the capital, are helping (pop. 679,322), the great book-market, Planen (pop. 111,398), and Chemnitz (pop. 331,641), the Manchester of Saxony.

Reichs-marks.

Budget (net), 1932-33 .... CAPITAL, Dresden. Pop. (1925), 618,684.

### WURTTEMBERG.

The Republic of Winttemberg has an area of 7.534 English square inites, and a popula-tion (in 1925) of 2.595,114, of whom 30 per cent. are Roman Catholics.

Reichs-marks.

Budget (net), 1932-33 ..... 245 CAPITAL, Stuttgart. Population (1925), 341,461.

#### MINOR STATES.

Buden has an aren of 5,819 square miles, with a population (1925) of 2.336,498. More than half the population are Roman Catholics, Capital.

Karlstuhe, pop. (1925) 145,694.

Land Thuringen. The Thüringian States. Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach, Saxe-Mehringen, Saxe-Altenburg, Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt, Schwarzburg-Sondershausen, Renss-Greiz, Reuss-Gera, and Gotha, have been constituted into a single state under the title Land Thuringen, with an area of 4,541 square miles, and a population of 1,628,398. (Japital, Weimar (46,028).

Hesse has an area of 2,968 square miles and a population (1925) of 1,358,445, of whom more than haif are Protestants. Capital, Daimstadt, pop.

(1919) 89,095.

Mecklenburg-Schwerin, between the Elbe and the Baltic, has a total area of 5,068 square miles, with a population (1925) of 686,838. Capital,

Schwerin, pop. (1925) 48,157.

Oldeaburg, area 2,479 square miles, with a population (1935) of 553,670. Capital, Oldenburg,

| 100 | 1925 | 52, 187. | 100 | 1925 | 52, 187. | 101 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 1025 | 10 Capital, Detunold (16,171).

Meckleaburg-Strelitz, area 1,130 square miles, with a population (1925) of 112,052. Capital, Neustrelitz. pop. (1925) 12,338. Fusion with Neustrelitz. pop. (1925) 12,338. Fi Mecklenburg Schwerm is announced.

Schummburg-Lappe, 130 square unles, pop. 925) 48 660 Capital, Buckeburg (6,745). (1925) 48 660

Hard ck was incorporated in Prussia in 1928. The Free Hanse Cities are Lubeck, on the Trave (area x15 square miles, pop. 127,540), Bremen, on the Weser (area 99 square miles, pop. 322,547) and Humburg, on the Elbe (area 160 square miles, pop 1,128,753).

FLAGS: The flags of the Reich are black, white and red; and the N.S. Party's swastika (Hakenkreuz) fing

CAPITAL OF THE GRRMAN REALM, BERLIN.

#### BRITISH EMBASSY. (Wilhelmstrasse 70, Berlin W 8.)

Ambassadar Extraordenary and Plenipotentary,

His Excellency Sir E. C. E. Phipps, K C. W G .....£7 800

Press Officer (with local rank of First Secretary),

T. F. Breen, C B K , M C Commercial Counsellor, J. W. F. Thelwall, C M.G., M.C.

Commercial Secretary (Grade 11.), R. P. F. Edwards, D S.o.

Financial Adviser, G. H S Pinsent

Naval Attache, Capt G. C Munhead-Gould. D S.C., R N.

Asst do., Eng Com. F. V. Stopford, R N Mulitary Attache, Col. A. F. A. N. Thorne, C.M G , D 40.

Air Attache, Wing-Commander J. H. Herring, DSO, WC.

Chaplain, Rev. R H Cragg

Archivest and Accountant, J. K. O'Donoghue, M.BE.

Hardy.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Berlin-Consul, G. Lyall.

Recommendation (C. 1940).

Brestan — Vice-Consul, W. H. Mercer.

Konigsberg — Vice-Consul, F. Fulham

Stettin — Vice-Consul, A. T. H. Evans.

Bremeu-Consul, J. D. Scott

Wice-Consul, Harry Bullock.

Cologne-Consul-General, J. Lowdon, C M G.

Wee-Consuls, McI. E. Vibert; A G. Fallowfield.

Essen-Vice-Consul, Dr. C. A. Brittlebank, м в. г.

Frankfort on Main - Consul - General, R. T. Smallbones, M.B.R. Vice-Consuls, J. C. O'Dwyer: A. J. P. Butler.

Stuttgart-Vire-Consul, R. M. Bowden Smith.

Hamburg-Consul-General, Joseph Pyke. Vice-Consuls, R. J. Fowler; S. Bracher; Maj W. M. Powell, M.B.E; L. G.

Baylis. Hanorer-Vice-Consul, Capt. W. C. R. Ane. Kul-Vice-Consul, A. Sartori, M.V O Lubeck-1'ree-Consul, H. G. Stolterfoht.

Laurer-1 tre-Consul, H. B. Bancroft-Livingston. Lepzug-Consul, C. J. Glrling. Pro-Consul, C. J. Glrling. Chemritz- Vice-Consul, H. Monk. Dresden - Vice-Consul, F. C. Robinson. Munich-Consul-General, D. St. Clair Gainer.

, Vice-Consul, Alfred G. Tyler. , Pro-Consul, C. J. Phillips. BRITISH BOARD OF COMMERCE, Schopenstehl so & ax, Hamburg.

### GREECE.

(Heilas.)

President of the Hellenic Republic, Alexander Zannis, barn Oct 28, 1855, elected Dec 14, 1929.

THE MINISTRY (March 10, 1933) Prime Minister, M. P. Tsaldaris,

Justice, M. Taliadouros.

Foreign Affans, M. D. Maximos

Interior, M. J. Mountsouride

Communications, M. P. Rhallys Public Instruction, M. T. Tourkovas ths.

Fruance, M. S Loverdos.

War, General Condylis

Marine, Admiral Hadjikyriakos.

Agerculture, M. J. Theotokis.

Acuation, M. J. Rhallys.

National Economy, M. G. Pesmazogion. Health and Social Service, M. J. Macropoulos.

Euron Extraordinary and Minister Plempotentarn en London, Monsieur D Caclamanos. Legation, 51 Upper Brook St , W. 1.

Conardor (vacant).

Secretary, M. P. Almanachos.

Maral and An Attache (vacant).

Vic .- Consul (in charge of Consulate-General), George Scieriadis, 131 Gower Street, W.C x.

A maritime Republic in the south-east of Europe, bounded on the N. by Albama, Yugoshvia and Bulgaria, on the S. and W. by the Joman Sea, and on the E. by the Aegean and Tur'ey, with an estimated area of 50,271 84. Asst. Archivists, R. T Callender; C. H. F. miles and a population (census of May 15, 1928) of 6.204,684.

Garcrament.-Greeco became independent in 1830, after a successful manufection against the Turkish government, to which the country had been subjected since the 15th century, and after a succession of rulers of the Glucksburg dynasty a succession of ruicis of the Constituent was declared a Republic by the Constituent resembly on March 25, 1924. The legislature Assembly on March 25, 1924. The legislature consists of a Senate of 120 members, and of a Chamber of Deputies (or Bould) of 250 members.

elected for 4 years by universal manhood suffrage.

Thor to the Balkan Wars of 1912-13 the area
was less than 25,000 sq. miles, the addition of portions of Macedonia and Epirus, Crete (2,950 84. nules, pop. 336, 151), and certain Aereca blands increasing the area to 43,522 89, miles. During the War of 1914-1918 Greece eventually declared for the Allies against the Central Powers, and her territories were increased by the occupation of Thrace (including the monastic republic of Mount Athoe), and the islands of Imbros and Tenedos. Greece received under the Treaty of Serres a mandate for the occupation and administration of the town and district of Smyrna, but military operations by forces of the Angora Government, under Mustapha Kemal Pasha, recovered the mandated region in Sept. ross, the Greek forces being annihilated, and Sniyma was evacuated on Sept. 8 1922, and that part of the Greek population of Asia Minor which escaped massacre by the Turks took refinge in Greece. By the Treaty of Lausanne (1923) Greece lost Eastern Thrace (that part lying E. of the Maritza river) and the islands of Imbros and Tenedos, which were retroceded to Tinkey. The country is thus composed of a continental portion (the southern part of the Balkan Penmsula), and of islands in the Egean, Mediterrancan, and Ioman Seas The surface is nearly all mountamons; the coasts are elevated, irregular, and deeply indented

Production. — Agriculture is the principal industry and employs more than half the population. The most important of the fruit trees are the olive, the vine, orange, lemon, fig, almond, citron, pomegranate, and currant-vine. The principal minerals are silver, lead, zinc, emery, copper, magnesium, sulphur, salt, and mable. The chief manufactures are smelting, textiles, and shipbinding. The imports are cotton and other manufactures, com, innber, cattle, index, sugar, sait fish, and coal. The exports consist of wine, others, other oil, tobacco, currants, figs, cognac, hides, lead, from ore, magnesite, from pyrites, chrome ore, emery, marble, sponges and carpets.

Defence.-Service in the Army is universal and compulsory between the ages of a and 57 Both the land and sea forces were reorganised during the War of 1914 1918, and about 150,000 all runks fought with the Allied Armies. The Navy consists of x armoned crimser, x critiser nunclayer, 8 (4 modern) t-h.-d., 7 torpedo-bonts, and 6 submannes, with 5 patrol vessels (small torpedo Foats).

Education is free and compulsory, maintained by local taxation supplemented by State grants. Secondary education is somewhat backward, particularly in the country districts. The University at Athens is of some repute

Finance—The debt in 1912 was 1,040,900,000 drachine, and the Bulkan Wars of 1912-13 added 354.960,000 drachine, the Great War added 1,028,000,000 drachmæ, and subsequent military 1,75,140,000 deachine. On March 131, 1933, the total was stated at 43,148,184,550 drachine, (375 dr. to £1). The amount provided for fractional payment of the service in the budget of 1933-34 Was 1,238,000,000 dr.

Communications —There were (1928) 1,993 miles of railroad open for traffic. There is a slip canal cutting through the Isthmus of Counth for ships up to 1,500 tons. The post offices number x,746, telegraphs, 4,960 niles. The mercantile marine consists (733) of 547 steum-ships (x,407,808) tons and 729 sailing slaps (\$8,508 tons). The principal harbours are the Pireus (port of Athens), Syra, Patias, Salonica, Volo, (orfu, Calamata, Laurium, Cavalla, and Canen (Crefe).

Total e	estimated	Budyct, 1933-34. estimated receipts Drachma	
Total	estimated	outgoings	8,291,936,332
m		*1930	1931.

Total imports ......£29,034,955 £23,230,000 Total exports ...... 15,782,416 Imports from U.K. ..... 3,691,232 xa,620,000 3,301,051 Exports to U.K. ...... 1,970,176 2,022,128

CAPITAL, Athens. Population (1928), 452,920. Other large towns are Salomea (236,530), Piraeus (251,330), Patrus (61,280), Corfu (32,220), Caudia (25,000), Canea (27,600), Volo (30,000), Cavalla (50,000)

FLAG: 9 horizontal bands, alternately blue and white, with white cross, on blue ground, in

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

(8 Odos Diagnt-amon, Athens,) Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotrntiary, S. P. P. Waterlow, C.B.R. (1933)

xst Secretary, V. F. W. Cavendish-Bentinek. 2nd Secretary, A. V. Burbury, M.C. Navul Attaché Capl. R. B. Ramsay, M.V.O., R.N. Ast. Annal Attache. Pero Asst. Maral Attache, Engl. Com. F. V. Stop-

ford, R.N Mildary Attaché, Major F. A. Sampson, Air Attaché, Group Capt. T. G. Hetherington,

C.B.E Translator (with local rank of xst Secretary),

Shirley C. Atchley, c M G, O.B.R. British Delegate on International Financial Commission, L. G. Roussin, c M G.

Chaplain, Rev. R. R. Raymei, C M.G., D S.O. Archimst and Accountant, J. I. H. Barrance. Asst. in Commercial Secretariat, A. N. Cumberbatch, M.B.K.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Athens—Consul, R. C. Hole.

Vice-Consul, R. G. A. Meade
Candin—Vice-Consul, M. N. Elliadi. Canen-Vier-Consul, A Petychakis Canea—Vier-Consul, A Petychaus
Laurenme-Vier-Consul, John Johnmides, M.B.F.
Mitglene—Vier-Consul, H. O. Paterson

"Pregns—Vier-Consul, C N. Gonotas.
Pregns—Vier-Consul, G P. H. Buckell, M B.E.
Samox—Vier-Consul, Gregory D. L. Marc.
Syra Consul, N. R. Varian.
Potras—Consul, F. A. 6. Cook.

"Pro-Consul, T. W. A Wood.
Corfu Vier-Consul, P Papadachu.
Zante—Vier-Consul, G. H. Sargint.
Salonce—Consul-General H. G. Chick, C.I.E.

Salonica—Consul-General, H. G. Chick, C.I.E., Pro-Consul, C. N. Halkias.

Volo-Vice-Consul, P. N. Stathacopoulos. BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, 5A Odos Dragatsanion, Athens

Athens, transit. 4 days for letters; for parcels, a to 6 weeks.

#### GUATEMALA. República de Guatemala.

President (1931 - 1937), General Jorge Ubico, born Nov. 10, 1878, assumed office Feb. 14, 1931.

Monster of Foreign Affairs, Señor Don Alfredo Skinner Klée.

Hinister in London (vacant).

Charge d'Afaires and Countl-General in London, Señor Dr. Don Francisco A. Figueton, 444 Mansion House Chambers, xx Queen Victoria Street, E C. 4.

[•] Figures are for 9 months (Jan -Sept ) only

Guatemala, the most northerly of the Republislands. lican States of Central America, is situated in N. | proclaimed independent on Jan. z, z804, and is lican states of central merica, is anchated in w. Long. from 88' 12' 49' to 92' 13', 43', and comprises an area of 42,56' square miles, and an estimated population (Dec. 31, 1932) of 2,195,242. The Republic is divided into az departments, and is traversed from W. to E. by an elevated and is traversed from w. 60 E. by an obvacue mountain chain, containing several volvanic summits rising to 13,000 feet above the sea; carthquakes are frequent, and the capital (which is at an altitude of 4,800 ft.) was destroyed by an upheaval in Dec., 1937. The country is well watered by numerous rivers; the climate is hot and somewhat malarious near the coast, but very temperate and healthy in the thigher regions. 737 inites of railway were open for traffle in 1932. There were 4.049 miles of state telegraph and 3.782 of State telephone working on Dec. 31, 1932. The chief ports are San José de Guatemala and Champerico on the Pacific, and Livingston and Puerto Barrios on the Atlantic side. The principal export is coffee, other articles being banans, chiefe (chewing gum), ludes, honcy and timber. Spanish is the language of the country.

Estimated Revenue "Quetzaus	
Estimated Expenditure,	7,980,000
External Debt (Dec. 31, 1932) £	3,558,779
Internal Debt (do.)	€.782,507
Floating Debt (do.)	
Imports£	1,640,637
Exports	
Imports from U.K	160.768
Exports to U.K	

('APITAL Guatemala. Pop. (1933) 115,928; other towns are Quezaltenango (30,115), ('oban (26,774), and Zacapa (18,094).

FLAG: Three vertical bands, blue, white, blue.

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

(8A Calle Poniente, No. 35 Guatemala.) Guatemala—Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipolentiary and Consul-General, John Henry Stopford Birch (1933) ......£2,900

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Guatemala-Vice-Consul (with local rank of and Secretary), N. O. W. Steward.
Vice-Consul, J. H. Vinter,
Puerto Barrios—V - Consul, A. Papadopolo.

Quezaltenango-Consul, Hugo Fleischmann, San José-Lice-Consul, Leonard Summerhayes.

Transit to New York wi Puerto Barrios and New Orleans, 7 days, thence to London, 5 to 10 days.

#### HAITI.

### (République d'Haïti.)

President, Stenio Vincent, assumed office Nov. 18,

Foreign Affairs, M. Leon Laleau.

Minister in London, M. Réné Tancrède Auguste. Consul, W. Haines, 4, Denmark Street, W.C 2.

The Republic of Harti is the western or French portion of the island of San Domingo, which, next to Cuba, is the largest of the "West India

* At par x Quetzal = \$x U.S. Mean rate of exchange 1932  $\pounds x = Q/3$ 5°

Formerly a French colony it was proclaimed independent on Jan. 2, 2804, and is governed under a Constitution ratified in 1932. The legislature consists of a Senate and a Chamber of Deputies. The President is elected by the legislature for a period of six years. In 1935 a treaty was entered into with the U.S. A. whereby certain public services of the Republic were to be controlled by U.S. officials. The Treaty expires in 1936. On Oct. 2, 2932, the U.S. officials in charge of Public Health, Public Works, and the Agricultural Teclinical Service, were withdrawn, and the Garde d'Haits is to be completely Haytianised and turned over to Hatian officers on Oct. 2. and turned over to Haitian officers on Oct. z, 1934. The Financial service remains under U.S. control; there is a Fiscal Representative and a Deputy Fiscal Representative appointed by the President of Haiti upon the nomination of the President of U.S.A.; the Fiscal Representative has under his control the customs service, and may employ not more than x8 Americans. The internal revenue service will be turned over Oct 1, 1934.

The area of the Republic of Haiti is estimated at x0,204 square miles, with a population estimated (Jan. x, x927) at x,300,200 inclusive of white foreign residents and military forces of the United States. The mountains are nelly and heavily timbered, and susceptible of cultivation nearly to their summits; it is probably the most fertile spot in the West Indies, whilst its harbours, especially Port-an-Prince, offer considerable facilities to foreign trade. The principal productions are coffee, logwood, cocoa, cotton, hides, sisal, sugar, honey, gums, and oilsceds, these being the chief exports. It is said to contain mines of gold, silver, copper, tin, and iron. Its commercial prosperity has been almost annihilated by repeated revolutions. The principal foreign trade is carried on with the United States, Great and Greater Dutain, France, and Germany; the principal articles imported from Great Britain are piece-goods, jute bags, hardware, and agricultural tools. There are about varie, and agricultum to 1995. Interest and acceptances at Pot-au-Prince were 595 steam vessels (1,265,351 tons). French is the official language of the country, but most of the people speak a debased dialect known as Creole French.

Revenue.....*\$6,249,316 *\$5,604,748 6 577,622 Expenditure ..... 7,038,014 Total debt (Sept. 30, 1932) ... .... 14,525,174

Total imports .....*\$9,576,318 *\$7,461,110 7,221,279 £686,720 Exports to U.K.. ..... £929,929

CAPITAL, Port-au-Prince. Population, 125,000. FLAG: Two horizontal bands, blue, red.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

(Place Geffrard, Port-au-Prince.)

Port-au-Prince—Cound and Chargé d'Affaires, F. M. Shepherd, M.B.E. (1932).

Vice Consuls, Edmund D. Watt, M.B E.; G. A. Payne, M.B.E. Transit, 15 days.

. United States Dollars.

#### HEJAZ, see Arabia.

#### HONDURAS.

(República de Honduras.)

President (1933-1937), Dr. Tiburcio Carias, as-sumed office Feb. 1, 1933.

Consul-General in London, Señor Don Basilio de Telepnef, 15 Union Court, Old Broad St., E C.2.

The Middle State of Central America, stretchin N. lat. between 13 to and 16°, and W. long, between 13' to and 88° 40°; containing 44,275 English square niles, with a population estimated at 775,000 (1930).

Christopher Columbus landed at Cape Houduras the Spaniards. In 1523 Hernando Cortes founded the city of Puerto Cortes, and from 1539 to 1831 the country formed part of the Captanney-General of Gnatemala. From 1821 to 1839 Honduras was included in the Confederation of

Central America. The Republic of Honduras has a coast-line of nearly 400 miles on the Caribbean Sea, chief of hearly 400 miles on the Christian Sea, ciner ports, Truxillo, Pierto Castilla, Puerto Cortes, Omoa, Roatan, Tela, and La Cerba; but only about 40 miles on the Gulf of Fonseca, on the Pacific side, chiof port, Amapala, on Tiger Island; port on mainland is San Lorenzo, have a measure language from Amapala. ye hours in gasoline launch from Anapala.

From San Lorenzo by auto to capital, regucigalpa, 88 miles, fair road, 5-6 hours.

Road from Tegucigalpa to the Atlantac coast has now been completed as far as Potre-rillos, the terminal station of the unfinished Interoceanic but is in poor condition. The journey to the lake takes from 9 to 10 hours in automobile; the lake is crossed in 1 hour by auto-ferry and thence to the head of the tailway at Porterillos the road is completed, cars taking from a to 3 hours. Potrerillos is a hours by raif from San Pedro Sula, and 3 hours from Puerto Cortes. By taking express automobiles and express car on the railway, it is now possible (though difficult and uncertain) to make Puer to Cortes from Tegucigalpa in 24 hours, thus reaching New York in 5 or 6 days. There is an aeroplane service between the capital and most of the principal towns in conjunction with Pan-American Afrways, and aeroplanes are available to carry passengers to Tela and La Celba (on N. coast) to connect with steamer sailings. There are railway connections between San Pedro Sula, and Tela and La Ceiba; air travel is recommended for most journeys in Honduras, and as towns are provided with landing fields. The country is mountainous, being traversed by the Cordilleras. The soil in the valleys and tablelands is very fertile, the the valleys and tabletanes is very retrie, to products being bananas, coc nuts, mahogany, fruit, cattle, sugar, rice, tobacco, coffee, sarsa-parilla, hides and skins, cedar, fustic, rosa, and Lima wool (Kapok). There is an immense amount of uncultivated land. The number of and Lima wool (kapua), amount of uncultivated land. The number of The forests are extensive, but there is a lack of communications and transport. Its mineral wealth is great, the value of gold and silver exported in 1930-31 being £304,000. In 1939 there were 1,432 kilo-metres of railway open, all on the North Coast. The language of the country is Spanish.

1930-31. £1,181,867 1,387,514 852,388 1,550,122	1931-34. £1,094,378 1,006,063 938,171 1,618,971 3,516,868
8,058,884 94,860 840,416	x,673,603 66,746 403,255
	£1,181,867 1,387,514 852,388 1,550,122 4,005,517 2,058,284 94,860 240,416

75 per cent. of the foreign trade is with U.S.A. American money is legal tender at acc per cent. (a to z).

CAPITAL, Tegucigalpa. Pop. (1930), 40,000; La Esperanza and Santa Rosa have each about 10,000 inhabitants; other towns are San Pedro Sula, Comayagus, Choluteca and Juticalpa.

FLAG: Three horizontal bands, blue, blue (with five blue stars on white band). white.

BRITISH LEGATION.

Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentiary
and Consul-General, J. H. S. Birch (resident at Guatemala).

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Tequeigalpa — Consul and Chargé d'Affaires,
W. H. Gallienne, C.B.E.

, Vice-Consul, H. T. Darlington, Amapala—Vice-Consul, R. de Lavergne, La Centa—Vice-Consul, Melville Graham. Truxillo-Consul, Albury H. Tatum.

Instance 5,930 miles; transit, red New York, New Orleans, &c., 14 days; red Panama Canal, 19 days; red Avonmouth-Tela, 17 days.

### HUNGARY.

(Magyarorszag )
Regent, H.S.H. Adminal Nicolas Horthy de Nagybánya, born, June 18, 1868: elected Maich z, 1920.

MINISTRY. Prime Minister and Minister of National Defence, Julius Gombos. Foreign Affairs, Koloman de Kanya

Interior, M. Francis Keresztes-Fischer. Commerce, Dr. Tihaméi Fabinyi. Justice, Dr. Andor Lázár. Agriculture, Nicholas de Kallay. Public Worship and Education, Ballot Homan.

Finance, Béla de Imrédy.

Minister in London, Count Laszlo Szechenyi, 35 Eaton Place, S.W. 1. Offices of Legation and Passport Office, 75 Chester Square, S.W. z.

By unaulmous vote of the National Assembly, Hungary was re-constituted a Kingdom in 1920, after having been declared a Republic on Nov. 17, 1918. The area of present-day Hungary is about 36,179 sq. miles, its territorics being decreased from the area of the former Kingdom of Hungary which was united to the Austrian Empire by the identity of sovereigns) through the transfer of Transylvania to the Rumanians and of Croatia and Slavonia to the new Yugoslav Kingdom (q.v.) and of Slovakia and Ruthenia to Czecho-(J.V.) and of Bovaria and Additions to Ozerno-slovakia (q.v.). The population (almost en-turely Magyar) was 8,683,740 (Dec. 1939). The political neighbours are Czechoslovakia on the

o In 1925 the Government of Honduras ratified an agreement concluded with the Countil of Foreign Bond-holders providing for the liquidation of the Foreign Belt by annual payments of £40,000 over a period of 30 years, and these payments are regularly made.

† Bearing 3 per cent. interest.

Yugolsavia on the S., Rumania on the E.,

and Austria on the W.

On the declaration of Republican institutions in 1918 Count M. Karolyi assumed office as Provisional President, but on March 22, 1919, Count Karolyi resigned, and was succeeded by a "Bolshevik" administration with a "Soviet" (Workmen's Council), in which Bela Kun (or Cohen) was the dominant personality. This adminis-tration was driven out of power by the successes of the Rumanian military forces (which invaded Himgary and occupied Bindapest) and was followed by a Socialistic Government under Julius Peidel (Aug. z, zgzg). Six days later the Socialistic Government was superseded by an administration appointed by the Archduke Joseph, who accepted office as Provisional Pre-

sident, Aug. 7, 1939, but resigned in consequence of the protests of the Supreme Council in Paris.

On March 7, 1930, Admiral Nicholaus von Horthy of Nagybana was elected Governor of Hungary by vote of the National Assembly, which gave him sovereign rights, with certain

restrictions.

In 1921, the ex-king Karl made two efforts to regain the throne, remaining in the country from March 26 to April 5, and from Oct. 2x until removed under escort. On each occasion the Hungarian Government was informed that a Hansburg restoration would not be tolerated by

the European Powers.

All religious are tolerated; the greater numher of Magyars are Roman Catholics, but there is a large Protestant muonty. The parcelling out of the great estates, which was forcibly attempted during the Karolyi regime, has been continued to a small extent, but on an economic basis; a land-reform bill aiming at "a more equitable distribution of landed property," was carried out in 220-2325, reducing by about zo per cent. the total area of large estates.

A single chamber National Assembly (introduced Jan 4, 1920), was replaced in Dec., 1926. by a Parliament composed of a Chamber Deputies elected by universal suftrage, and an Upper Chamber, which corresponds in a modified form to the Chamber of Magnates as it existed before the revolution of 1018.

The greater part of the area of present Hungary consists of the Alfold or Great Plain, parts of which may be considered as among the most fertile for agricultural purposes in the world, producing gram of excellent quality and sup-porting a number of horses, cuttle and swine. The mountainous districts having been ceded to surrounding states by the Peace Treaty, Hungary has lost the greater part of the forests and mines, which formerly contributed so largely to the national wealth.

No part of Hungary touches the sea. The longth of navigable rivers is 687 miles; there are about 5,000 miles of railways and 5,800 miles of telegraph in the present Kingdom

• •	. reg con	
	1031-32.	1932 33.
	x,365,900,000	1,207,329,000
Expenditure :	1,364.000.000	1,207,329,000
Public Debt (Dec. 3x, 1	931)	1,992,600,000
	1931	1932
Imports	549,600,000	336,700,000
Exporès	567,100,000	331,500 000
Imports from U K	£595.643	£378,497
Exports to U.K	£1.554.775	£1,112,346

CAPITAL: Budapest, on the Danube, has a population of (1930) 1.004,693. The other large towns are: Szeged (135,141), and Bebreezen (xxy.4xo); there are to other towns with a population over 50,000.

Hungarian and German are the languages of the country, but English is increasing in commercial use.

FLAG: Red, white, green (horizontally), arms (without supporters) in centre,

### BRITISH LEGATION.

(z Verböczy Utcza., Budapest I.)

Envoy Extraord nary, Minuter Plenipolentiary and Consul-General, Hon. Sir P. W. M. 

Heywood, M.C. Military Attaché, Lt.-Col. F. N. Mason-Mac-

Farlane, M.C. Archanst, F. G. Redward. Interpreter, Capt. E. Szuts.

> BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. (Zoltán Utca 8, Bndapest).

Budapest-Vice-Consul, (vacant).
,, Pro-Consul, J. W. Thompson. Budapest is distant x,xa6 miles from London; transit, z days.

# TOET, AND.

(Island.)

King, Christian X. (see Denmark). President of Al-thing, T. Thorhallsson.

Iccland is a large volcanic island in the North Atlanta Ocean, extending from 63' 23' to 66-33' N lat, and from 23' 22' to 24' 35' W. long, with an estimated area of 40,497 square nules, or greater than that of Ireland. The population was estimated at 110,000 in 1931.

An Act for the creation of a Danish-Icelandic Federal Constitution, Denmark and Iceland to be free and independent States under the same Sovereign, came into force on Dec z, 1918, but since the constitution granted in 1904 the assembly (Al-thing) had been more or less independent of the Government at Copenhagen in internal questions. The puncipal products of the island are sheep, cattle, ponies, and fish, and the imports cousts of almost all the necessaries of life, the chief items being grain and meal, sugar, coffee, salt, cotton goods, tobacco, spirits, hardware, and timber. Total imports (1930): £3,249,120; exports,£2,713,116. Iceland is in direct telegraphic communication with Great Britain.

CAPITAL, Reykjavik. Population, about 30,000. Other towns are Isafjorgur, Akureyri, and Seydisfjord.

FLAG: Blue, with white-bordered red cross.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Reykjavik-Consul, S. B. Sigurdsson. ,, Pro-Consul, Jon. Thorvaldsson, M.B.E. Akurepri— Vice-Consul, Arthur Gook. Isatjord—Vice-Consul, Tryggvi Joakinsson. Nordford—V.-Consul, P. G. Thormar. Westmann Islands—V.-Con, Viggo Bjornsson Transit 5 days.

IRAQ.

(Mesopotamia.)

King of Iraq, Ghazi I., born Warch 21, 1912,
acceded (on the death of his father King Faisal I.)
Sept. 1, 1933.

Scpt. 1, 1933.

Prime Minister, Rashid Peg al Gilan.

Minister for Foreign Affairs, Nuri Pasha as

Said, G.C.V.O.

Minister in London, Jafar Pasha al Askan, G.c.v.o.

Secretary of Legation, Atta Beg Amin. Legation, 22, Queen's Gate, S.W. 7.

Iraq, or Mesopotamia, "the land between the rivers" (Emphraces and Tigris), extends from Kurdistan on N. and N.E. to the Persian Gulf on the S. and S.E., and from Persia on E. to Syria and the Arabian Desert on W. the approximate position boing between 37½ to 48½ E. long., and from 37½ to 30 N. lat. The territory was freed from Tin kish rule during the War of 1914 18 by Anglo-Indian and British Dominion troops under Generals Nixon, Mande, and Marshall (Gen. Mande succumbing to choice after the capture of Baglidad). Under the Treaty of Lansanne, ratified on Aug. 6, 1923, Turkey renounced the sovereignty over Mesopotamia. and its future administration was entrusted to Great Britain by the Superme Council of the A provisional Arab Government was Affies. A provisional Arm Government was et up by the High Commusioner in Nov 1920 and in Ang 1921 the Emir Faisal (3rd 80n of ex-King Hussem of the Hejar) was elected king of Iria, to be enthroned on Ang. 23, 1921. In March, 1924, a Constatuent Assembly met in Eaghdad, and passed an organic law and an electoral law for the election of a Chamber of Deputies. The constitution thus partituted as a Carattrational Managhay born. mustinated is a Constitutional Volunchy, here-ditary in the family of King Faisal, with a Senate of zo members nonmatted by the King, and a Chamber of Deputies of 88 members elected by manhood suffrage. The first Parliament under this Constitution was opened by King Faisal on July 16, 1925. An applica-tion for admission to the League of Nations came before the Assembly in 1932, and Iraq was freed from all Mandatory control through admission to the League on October 3, 1932. On June 30. 1930, a new Treaty was signed at Baghdad by the High Commissioner and the Prime Minister. This Treaty is of a5 years' duration from the entry of haq into the League, and regulates the relations between Great Britain and Iraq during that period on the basis of an alliance between two equal

and independent States.

The total area of linq is about 116,000 sq nilles, the distance from Basra in the south to Mosul in the north being approximately 500

miles. Population (Census 1920):— Baghdad vilavet ......... 1,360,304

Total ..... 2,849,282

Baghdad includes the Baghdad, Samarra, Diyala, Kut, Diwaniyah, Hilah and Dulami Divisions (Luwas); Basra uncludes the Luwas of Basra, Amara and Mintafik; and Mosul and Hosal melides Mosul, Arbil, Kirkuk and Sulemani. (Mosul covers a great part of the ancient kingdom of Assyria, the rums of Nineveh, the Assyrian capital, being visible on the banks of the Tigris, opposite Mosul.)

Of the total population there were in 1920 1,146,685 Sunn Muhammadans, 1,494,015 Shifte Muhammadans, 87,488 Jews, 78,792 Christians, and 43,302 other religions.

The country is capable of supporting a population many times in excess of its present inhabitants if irrigation is developed and extended. In 1908 certain works were undertaken, following on the report of Sir W. Willcocks, and during the Batish occupation notable improvements were effected, the Irrigation Department is at present confining itself to small and immediately remmerative schemes, but plans are in preparation for several large works of development on both rivers, the cost to be met from oil royalties receivable from the Iraq Petroleum Company. Apart from the valuable revenues to be derived from oil the wealth of the country depends upon agricultural development, and two harvests can be gathered in the rear, the chief crops being wheat, barley and beans, and rice, and Indian corn; wheat averages 464ll, per acre, barley 6xall, and rice over x,000ll. In 1918-19 there were 1,547,000 acres (deriving their water from the Tigus and Euphrates) under general cultivation, an increase 64 per cent on the previous year. Cot growing has proved a disappointment after a promising beginning, and the area now under cotton is negligible. Much headway has been made in popularising the local use of the indigenous tobacco plant. A concession for the exploitation of the oil in the Bagdad and Mosul vulayets was granted to the Turkish Petrolenni Company (now the Iraq Petrolenin Company), in March, 1925, and was extensively revised in 1931. By this concession the Company, which 15 International m construction, undertakes to complete before December 31, 1935, a pipe line to the Mediterianean and gnarantees an annual payment of £400,000 to the Government on account of royalties, etc. Another concession has been granted covering the West of the Tignis to the B. D. D. Company, with effect from April 20, 1932. The Khanaqin Oil Com-pany (a subsidiary of the Angle-Persian Oil Company) holds a concession which is confined to the Transferred Territories (an area on the N E. frontier transferred from Persia to Tinkey in 1913-14), which is an adaptation of the D' Vrey concession held by the A P O C. The Khaunqin Onl Company have opened a refinery near to Khanaqui town which produces sufficient petrol, kerosine and crude oil for the needs of Iraq.

The Eughrates (which has a total length of 2,800 miles from its source to its outflow in the Persian Gulf) is formed by two arms, of which the Mirrad Su (475 miles) rises in the slopes of the Ala Dagh, a mountain of Eastern Erzerum, and flows westwards to a junction with the Kara Su, or Prut Su (275 miles), the latter ilsing in the morth west of Erzeroum in the Dumin Dagh. The Tayros has a total length of 1,150 miles from its source to its junction with the Emphrates at Garmat Ah, 70 miles from the Persian Gulf, and rises in two ai mossouth of the Tayros mountains, in Kurdistan, mitting at Til, where the boundaries of the vilayets of Diarbekir, Van and Bitlisconjoin.

Communications and Trade.—The country is being rapidly opened up and communications improved and secured, particularly in the hitherto inseressible northern districts. The port of Basra is well equipped and able to

handle expeditiously all sea-borne trade. Continuous dredging of the Shatt-al-Arab has provided a navigable channel of as 1/2 feet at low water (as compared with 9 feet before dredging was begun) giving easy access to the Port at all The desert route between Bagdad and the Mediterranean was opened up in 1923 and is now a main traffic artery. Surveys are pro-ceeding for a projected railway line between Bagdad and Haifa. The chief imports are textiles, sugar and tea, and the chief exports are dates, wool and grain.

The Bagdad Railway.—In 1899 the Anatolian Railway Company obtained a concession from the Sultan of Turkey for the construction of a railway from Komeh (the castern terminus of the Anatolian Railway) to the Persian Gulf at Koweit, via Bagdad, a total length of 1.550 miles, with a single track of 4 to 2½ in. gauge. Its projected course was from Konieh to Adana, thence S.E. to Aleppo, Jerablus (where it would cross the Europarties and cuter Lag), and Mosul. cross the Euphrates and enter Iraq), and Mosul, and thence S. down the right bank of the Tigris to Bagdad and the Persian Gulf. The section Konich-Eregli-Bulgurlu (124 nules), was opened in Oct. 1904, and at the outbreak of the Great War about 1,200 miles (out of the total of 1,550 miles) were in operation, with gaps in important sections (notably in the hills N.W. of Aleppo, and in the desert W. & S. of Mosul). The line crosses the Euphrates at Jerablus and is open to goods and passenger traffic as far as Nisibin. The track actually extends a further zo miles into Syriau territory in the direction of Mosul. Raulheads at Nisibin and Kirkuk are connected by a motor service. and through bookings by this route from Europe to Bagdad are obtainable. The flist through train from Basra to Bagdad left Basra on Jan. 13, 1920; since the War lines have been laid from Bagdad to Kerbala and Bagdad to Kirkuk. The line to Kirkuk will be extended to Mosal. The total length of line now open is 922 miles.

Capital.-The chief city is Bardad, the former capital of the Abbassid dynasty, one of the Caliplis of that dynasty being Haroun al Rashid of "the Arabian Nights." Bagdad has an of the Araban Rights. Ingulation of over 300,000, other towns being Basra, 85,000, and Mosul (opposite the site of Nineveh), 90,000.

Total revenue ......£4,289,741 Including Customs 1,854,297 £4,188,770 1,926,769 Total expenditure ...... 3,729,974 3,881,415

#### BRITISH EMBASSY.

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Sir Francis Humphrys, c.c.m.g., c.c.v.o., .£6,125

Third Secretary, P. W. S. Y. Scarlett. Third Secretary, J. G. Ward. Third Secretary, F. R. Stafford.

Legal Secretary, J. H. B. Nihill, M.C.

Commercial Secretary (Grade 111), C. Empson. Oriental Secretary, Capt. V. Holt, M.V.O. Archivist, E. Farmer.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Baghdad—Consul, C. A. W. Were.
, Vice-Consul, F. C. Ogden (acting).
Baera—Consul, L. H. Hurst.

Mosul—Consul, H. R. D. Gybbon-Monypenny. Diana—Vice Consul, J. P. G. Finch. Kirkuk-Vice Consul, E. A. Chapman-Andrews. Abadan-Vice Consul (the Port Officer holds the rank of acting Vice Consul).

BRITISH CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE, Baghdad and Strand Road, Basrah.

Bagdad is 840 miles by air from Cairo, Egypt. Mails between London and Bagdad may be sent by weekly Air Mail Service vit Egypt. Motor convoys carrying mails run twice weekly between Bagdad—Haifa (the normal route for letter post).

#### ITALY.

#### (Regno d'Italia,)

King, Victor Emmanuel, born November 11, 1869; married, Oct. 24, 1896, Princess Helen of Monte-negro; succeeded to the throne July 29, 1900. Heir Apparent, H.R.H. Humbert, Prince of Predmont, born Sept. 15, 1904.

CABINET (June 30, 1924: reconstructed 1925, 1929, July, 1922, and Nov. 1933).

Prime Manister and Menister of Foreign Affairs,

Interior, War, Navy, Air and Corporations, *Signor Benito Mussolini. Justice, Prof. Pietro De Francisci. Finance and Treasury, Signor Guido Jung. Public Works, Signor Arnaldo di Crollalanza. Colonies, Gen. de Bono. National Education, Prof. Francesco Ercole.

Agriculture and Forests, Barone Giacomo Acerbo. Communications, Count Costanzo Ciano.

Ambassador in London, His Excellency Dino Grandi, 4 Grosvenor Square, W. z. Counsellor, Signor Leonardo Vitetti.

ast Secretary, Nobile Don Renato Prunas Barrago. and Secretaries, Signor Giovanni J. Rosio; Nobile Giulio del Balzo dei Duchi di Pre-

and Secretaries, Signor Aubrey Casardi; Signor Alberto Bagnoli.

Attaché, Signor Gactano de Facci Negrati. Naval Attaché, Capt. Angelo Jackino. Military Attaché, Lieut.-Col. Umberto Mondadori. Air Attaché, Capt. Ercole Trigona della Floresta. Commercial Counsellor, Signor Giovanni Battista Ceccato.

Aust. do., Signor Giuseppe Massone. Chancellor, Signor Giuseppe de Grossi. Royal Consul-General, Signor Carlo Bossi, 68 Portland Place, W. r.

Vice-Consul, Signor Antona Traversi.

A Kingdom in the South of Europe, consisting of a poninsula, the large islands of Sicily and Sardinia, the island of Elba, and about 70 minor islands (with certain dependencies hereinafter noted). It is bounded on the N. by the Republics of Switzerland and Austria, on the S. by the Mediterraneau, on the E. by the Adriatic and Yngoslavia, &c., and on the W. by France and the

[•] Signor Renito Mussolini (bors 1874) is the leader of Fracenn (which has been in power since the "March to Rome," Oct. s. 1980, the Fractist representing a revolutionary movement against the inactivity of post-War italian statemen. The uniform of the movement is a black shirt, and the name is derived from fuscio or band (of, the faces of the Roman lictor) in which the movement was organised.

Ligurian and Tyrrhenian Seas. The total area of the kingdom of Italy in 1914 was 170, 627 sq. miles, and by the Treaty of Versailles (June 28, 1919) Italy gained from Austria-Hungary the Trentino (about 4,000 sq. miles) and Trieste (with about 1,000 sq. miles of the Adriatic Sea-board).

The total area of the Kingdom of Italy was estimated (Dec. 1927) at 119,743 square niles, with a population at the census of March 29, 1931, of 42,158,879. There is a large settled and floating population of Americans and English.

By a treaty signed at Rome (Jan. 27, 1924), the Pree State of Frame came to an end. Yigo slavia's sovereignty over Port Baros and the belta is established by the treaty, and Italy acquired the town and harbour works of Fiume, together with a narrow strip of hinterland. Italy agreed to lease to Yngoslavia the Thaon di Revel quny at a rental of one gold lira for 50 years, the railway station being established as an international frontier station. Frume is now the capital of the newly created Italian Provincia del Carnaro, and has the status of an Italian provincial town.

The Italian peninsula is travorsed throughout its length by the chain of the Apeninics; the Alps form its northern limits, dividing it from France, Switzerland, Germany, Austinand Yugoslavia. Mont Blanc (15,782 feet), the highest peak of the Alps, is in the French Pennine Alps, but within the Italian borders are Monte Rosa (15,217 feet) and several peaks from 12,000 to 14,000 feet. The chief rivers are the Po, the Adige, the Tiber, and the Arno.

GOVERNMENT. — Italian unity was accomplished under the House of Savoy, after an heroic struggle from 1848-1870, m which the great patriots Mazzimi (born 1805, duel 1872) and Garibaldi (born 1807, died 1882) were the principal figures. It was completed when Londardy was ceeded by Austria in 1860 and Vonce in 1865, and through the evacuation of the Papal States by the French in 1870. In 1872 the King of Italy entered Rome, and that city was declared to be the capital. The government was that of a constitutional monarchy with a legislature of two houses—the Senate (of 185] life members appointed by the King), and the Chamber of Deputies of 350 members (elected by adult manhood suffrage). Under the reforms matitated by Signor Mussohni an entirely new and complex form of government has been built up—the Fascist "syndical-corporative" state. The Senate and Chamber are retained, but the latter are elected en bloc, a list being drawn up by the Fascist Grand Connell and submitted to the electorate for acceptance or rejection as a whole. The basis of the composition of the list is roughly equal representation of capital and labour, the essence of the "syndical-corporative" idea being that the State should take charge of the economic development and functioning of the country.

PRODUCTION. — Agriculture (including the growing of grapes, olives and chestnuts) is the principal industry. Italian wines are numerous and celebrated, and olives and olive-oil are furnished by Tuscany, Liguria, and the province of Bari; while fruit abounds and is largely exported. The cultivation of the silkworm forms an important industry. Among the principal minerals are fron, lead, zinc, copper, manganese, and antimony ores, sulphur, gypsum, amilanthus, alum, and boracle acid. Silver is found in Sardinia,

and some gold in the Alps. Salt and tobacco are Government monopolies.

The principal exports are cotton, silk and wootlen tissnes, motor cars, olive-oil, whie, candled citron, stema earths, pastes, coral, rays, borack acid, raw and thrown silk, hemp, cattle, straw hats, rice, iron, zine and copper ores, sulphur, marble, fruit, vegetables, fresh and prepared ments, poultry, cliemical products, woods, roots. &c., for dyeing and tauming, at istic works, &t. The imports chiefly consist of cotton, wheat, coal, coke, chemicals, colonial produce, yarus, jute and manufactured goods, woollens, raw silk, silkworms' eggs and coccons, machinery, iron and steel in bars, plates and ralls. hardware, raw hides, horses and cows, fixed oils. salt fish, dye-stuffs, tobacco, carthenware, &c. The manufactures are woollen, cotton, silk, hemp, and linen yarns and tissues, motor cars, rubber tyres and tubes, leathers, straw and felb lates, furniture, chemical products, paper, agricultural and other machinery, prepared ments, at listic works (such as mosaics, pottery, Venetian glass, slabaster ornaments), &c. Sugar is extracted from beet in large quantities for home consumption.

DEFENCE.—The Army consists of 30 Infantry Divisions and a Dimision Celest (Cavalry and Cyclists) organized in 12 Army Corps, but a large number of Units and Services, e.g., Bersaglieti. Alpini, Tanks, &c., are not included in these formations. During summer months (with two classes of conscripts with the colours) the strength is about 400,000; in winter months 200,000 (with one class). Age of liability for recail to Military service was raised in 1939; and brings total mumbers available in case of war to 4,000,000 4,500,000 men. The National Militia (Black Shirts) are also part of the Land Forces of Italy. Their establishment is 300,000, but only a small percentage are on permanent service, the remainder being in civil employ, teady for duty whenever required. The Militia supplies a Battahons to each Infantry Division in war. On May 24, 2925, Italy declared war on Austro-Hungary, and on Aug. 27, 1916, a state of war was declared to exist with Germany. The cost of the war to Oct. 32, 1928, amounted to 48 millards of lire (£1,980,000,000). During the War of 1924-1918, over 15 per cent. of the population were mobilised, and 5,250,000 men passed into the Armics of Italy. The Nacy includes 6 modern and 2 pre-Dreadnought battleship, 18 cruisets, 2 aircraft carrier, 21 flottila leaders, 79 destroyers, 30 torpedo boats, 60 submarines, 12 gunboats and despatch vessels, 2 liver gunboats, and 46 milesweepers and nunelayers. The peace personnel of the Italian Navy is about 52,000 all ranks. Spezia and Pola, the chief naval and military ports of the kingdom, are securely fortified. The Air Force consists of 120 and 5754 million lire.

Education.—Primary Education is free and compulsory, and evening continuation classes are also compulsory for military recruits. It is maintalned by local taxation and 8tate grants.

EDUCATION.—Primary Education is free and compulsory, and evening continuation classes are also compulsory for military recruits. It is maintained by local taxation and State grants. Secondary education is generally State-maintained, and schools are increasing in number. Several of the Universities are of very ancient foundation.

COMMUNICATIONS.—On July 3x, 1932, there were 14,100 miles of railway open for traffic, 1,210

being electrified and soo in course of electrificathe post-offices (1931) numbered 10,867, and there were (1932) 41,000 miles of telegraph line. The sea-going commercial marine (1932) onsisted of 1.091 steamers (3.31.304 gross tons) and 232 sailing vessels (59.368 tons). In 1930 251.708 ships (79.732.000 net tons) entered Italian ports; the clearances were 251.635 (79.521.000 net tons).

1938 33 External debt (Dec. 31, 1932) 1,653,361,000 95,936,000,000 Internal ,, " 1931.

1932. Imports ..... *L. 11,643,100,000 *L.8,247,100,000 Exports ..... 10,203,500,000 Imports from U.K. 1.097,753,000 6.796,000,000 £9,427,000 £10,825,000 Exports to U.K ... 1,200,549,000

CAPITAL, Rome, on the Tiber. **Population** (APITAL, Atonic, on the liner, Topination (1933), 1.045 088. Other towns are Milan (1,03,033), Naples (853,320), Genoa (620,093), Turin (608,421), Palenino (488,979), Fincere (319,770), Catania (283,604), Venice (260,908), Trieste (254,174), Bologua (246,515).

Find: Three ventural bands, green, white, red

(with arms on white band).

#### BRITISH EMBASSY. (84 Via Venti Settembre, Rome )

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Sir Eric Drummond, K.C.M.G., C B., D.C.L. (1933) ...... £8,000 Counsellor, John Murray, C.M.G. 1st Secretary, P. B. Nichols, M.C. 2nd Sec., H. M. G. Jebb. 3rd Sec., J. H. U. Lambert. Hon. Attache, H. D. Creek.

Press Officer (with local rank of 1st Sec ), W. K. McClure, CB E. Commercial Secretary (Grade I)(with local rank

of Commercial Counsellor), R. M. A. E. Turner, O.B E.

Aand Attache, Capt. R. B. Ramsay, M. V. O., R. N. Asst. Naval Attache, Eng. Com. F. V. Stopford, R.N.

Mil. Attaché, Col. H. Stevens, D.S.O. Arr Attaché, Group Capt. T. G. Hetherington,

Archirist and Accountant, G. D. Baker, N.B.E.

Asst. to Comm. Sec., J. S. Andrews, M B.E. Asst. Archivist & Accountant, Miss A. E. H. Button.

### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES,

Rome-Consul, B. P. Sullivan, M B.E.

Vice-Consuls, H. D'A. Johnson, M.B.E.; L. A. Colmore.

Cagliari—Consul (vacant). Florence—Consul, Maj. Charles W. Macican, D.S.O., 0 B.E. Vice-Consuls, Gennaro Placci; C. R. Atkinson-Grimshaw.

Pro-Consul, Federigo Lelli

Genoa-Consul - General, E. W. P. Thurstan. C.M.G.

Vice-Consuls, H. E. Beard; Lewis S. Leadley (acting); N. A. P. Sands (acting).

Bordighera - Vice-Consul, A. E. Turton.

· Paper Lire. For exchange value, see p. 530.

San Remo-Vice-Consul, Meysey Turton. Pro-Consul, Attilio Pedemonte. Sarona-Vice-Consul, Angelo Aschiero. Spezia-Consul, S. Guattari-Stafford, o.B.E.

"Nee-Consul, R. A. G. Stafford, V. B. P. Vice-Consul, R. A. G. Stafford, Leghorn—Consul, W. C. Randolph Rose, "Vice-Consul, F. B. Lamb, Perugia—Vice-Consul, R. B. P. Frost, M.B.E. Milan—Consul-Gen., G. Gilliat-Smith

Mulan-Consul, F. S. Gibbs.

, Vice-Consul, F. S. Gibbs.

, Pro-Consul, F. C. England.

Bologna-Vice-Consul, Thomas Hickling.

, Pro-Consul, J. R. de Lengerke.

Naples-Consul-General, G. A. Fisher.

(Apres - Consul, A. Goodden., Pro-Consul, A. E. Watkins,
Castellanare - Vice Consul, E. S. Albanese,
Calermo (Sculy) - Consul, Major J. H. Il
Dodds, C.M.G.

, Vice-Consul, H. H. Chark. , Pro-Consul, Luigi Tripiciano. Cutania - Vice-Consul, W. A. Franck, M.B.E. Rhodes-Consul, Edward Perkins. Trieste-Consul, A. E. R. Browne.

Trieste-Consul, A. E. R. Browne.

"Vec-Consul, C. R. Waddell.

"Pro-Consul, P. Salcher.

Tripoli-Consul, R. E. W. Chafy.

"Pro-Consul, John Ghriando.

"Physician (Hon.), Dr. Angelo Mizzi.

Benghaze-Vice-Consul, Antono Ellul.

Turin-Consul, Leonard Parish.

The Consul, Vittoria Gallo.

Pro-Consul, Vittorio Gallo. Venice-Consul, Alan Napier. Pro-Consul, J. A. Fraser.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR ITALY, lia Manzoni 5, Müan (Branches, Piazza della Annunzata, Genoa; Scali d'Azegho, Leghorn; lia A. Deprotis 3x, Naples; Piazza dell Unità 6,

Rome, transit, 44 hours

#### ITALIAN COLONIES, &c.

Libia.—The Turkish vilayet of Tripoli and the nutessarifat of Benghazi on the northern the mutesarifat of Benghazi on the northern coast of Africa, were occupied by Italy in 1911-12, and under the Treaty of Ouch; (Oct. 1912) the sovereignty of the province was transferred to the King of Italy, the spiritual headship over the Muhammadan population being retained by the Calph. Tripoli is the most easterly of the Barbary States, extending from the frontiers of Tunis to those of Egypt, a distance along the coast-line of nearly 1,200 miles, and inland to the south a distance of about 800 miles. The transferred territory of about 800 miles. The transferred territory comprises the four sub-provinces or Mutes-sardik of Tripoli, Khoms, Jabel-el-Gharb, and Fezzan, and also of Benghari or Cyrenaica. a total area of 810,000 square miles, with a population of about 1,000,000; Owemat, the highest peak in the colony, was ascertained (1933) to exceed 6,000 ft. There are no rivers in the country, and, the ramfall being precarious, a good harvest can only be reckoned on every four or five years. Barley, dates, olives, oranges, lemons, and vegetables are produced, and the remons, and vegetances are produced, and the principal imports are metals, British and other European manufactures, tea, beads, wine and spirits, besides a number of articles for harter in Wadai, Bornu, and the Western Sudan, whither caravans proceed from Tripoli. The principal articles of exports are ostich feathers, ivory, skins, sponges, hides, esparto grass, wool, cattle, and horses. The ancient ruins in Cyrenaica, i.e., at

Cyrene, Ptolemais, and Apollonia, are interesting to explorers, as well as those at Leptis Magna, which is close to Khoms, or 70 miles from the city of Tripoli; a four-sided arch erected to the Emperor Severus and a Roman market place were uncovered in Leptis Magna in 1931-32. were uncovered in Lepus Magila in 1831-28. The population of Benghazi consists of Arabs, Greeks, Maltese, and a few Levantines. The commerce in cereals, wool, cattle for Malta, and other agricultural produce, is considerable, when a sufficient ratufall causes good harvests The capital of "Tripolitana" is Tripoli (population). lation 60,000), and of Cyrenaica, Benghazi (population 35,000).

Governor of Libia, General Italo Balbo.

Eritrea is a Red Sea colony, and extends from Ras Kasar, 18³ a' N., to Ras Demoira, 10⁵ 42' N., and is bounded on N.W. by the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, on S. by Abyssinia, and on S.K. by French Somaliland. It consists of a triangular portion of barren and sandy lowland with a coast-line along the Red Sea of about 700 miles, and covers a total area of 64,000 square miles, with a population of about 510,000, of whom about 3,500 are Europeans. The capital is Asmara, Massowa being the chief port, where there is a good harbour. The prinport, where there is a good harbour. The principal products are potash, skins, and salt, of great value as being the monetary currency of Southern Abyssinia.

Governor of Eritrea, H.E. Duke Astuto di

Lucchest.

Somaliland,-Italian Somaliland comprises a coastal strip on the Gulf of Aden and the Indian Ocean, from xx° N. lat. to the Equator, and is bounded on the N by the Gulf of Aden, on E. by the Indian Ocean, and on W by Biltish Somalland, Abyssima, and British E. Africa. The total area, including the territory of Jubaland (and the port of Kismayu) transferred from Kenya by Great Britain in 1925, is about 220,000 sq miles, and the population is estimated at 900,000. Agriculture and camel and cattle rearing are the principal industries The capital is Mogadisho, on the Indian Ocean.

Governor of Italian Somabland, Signor M. Rava Tientsen,-Italy obtained in 1902 a concession of land fronting the Petho tiver (China), with a total area of so square unles and a population of about 10,000 natives

Ægean Dependencies.—Bhodes, Egeo and the Dodecanese (12 Islands occupied by Italy in 1912 during the war with Tinkey, viz :-Stampalla, Scarpanto, Caso, Piscopi Nismo, Callinno, Lero, Patmo, Cos, Smi, Calchi, and I ipso) of administration is at Rhodes (Rodi) and the total population is about 100,000

#### JAPAN.

#### (Nippon.)

Emperor (Tenno) of Japan, His Imperial Majesty Hipolito, K.G., G.C.B., G.C.V.O., born April 29, 1901; succeeded Dec. 25, 1926; married (1924) Princess Nagako (born March 6, 1903), daughter of the late Prince Knnyoshi Kuni (deed Jan 27, 1929), and has issue three daughters -

- (i) H.I.H. Princess Shigeko. (ii) H.I.H. Princess Kazuko.
- (iii) H.I.H Princess Atsuko.

Brothers of the Emperor :-

(x) H.I.H. Prince Yasuhito Chichilm, born June 25, 1902, inarried Sept. 28, 1928 Setsuko Matsudaira (born Sept. 9, 1909).

- (2) H.I.H. Prince Nobulato Takamatsu, born Jan. 3, 1905, married Feb. 4, 1930, Kik'sko Tokugawa, grand-daughter of the late Shogan Tokugawa.
- (3) H.I.H. Prince Takahito Sumi, born Dec. s,

#### CABINET (May 25, 2932).

Prime Minister, Admiral Viscount M. Saito. Manster of Foreign Affairs, K. Hirota. Munster for Home Affairs, Baron T Yamamoto. Minister of Finance, K. Takahashi. Marine, Admuni M. Osmni. War, General S. Ataki. Justice, M. Koyama. Education, I. Hatoyama. Commerce and Industry, Baron K. Nakajima. Agriculture and Forestry, F. Goto.

Communications, H. Minami. Radways, C Mitsuchi. Overseas Affairs, R. Nagai

Ambassador in London, Tsunco Matsudaira, G.C.V.O, to Grosvenor Square, W. z Chancery of the Embassy, 37 Portman Square,

Counsellor, Sotomatsu Kato.

1st Secretary, Kanzo Shiozaki.

and Secretaries, Kumaichi Vamamoto, Takashi Mori; Shin-ichi Kamininia; Yutaka Ishizawa. Attachés, Akua Miyazaki. Hisanaga Shimadzu., Hisaasii Yamada, Shigenobu Shima; Toshio Katsube; Shiro Ishiguo; Tukoro Toko, Miltary Attache, General Rikichi Ando Asst. Miliary Attaché. Major Sadayoshi Na-

kanishi.

Nanal Attache, Capt Arnta Oka.

Asst. Naval Attache, Comdr. Keize Komura. Financial Attacké, Juichi Tsushima. Commercial Counsellor (r Brond Street Place.

E C 2), Shinjiro Matsuyama Chancellors (37 Portman Square, W. 11, Iwao Kakegawa; Masatsugu Yannishita; Yoshio

Sunnoo. Consul - General (London), Shinjires Watshyama, z Broad Street Place, E C z.

Consul (Larerpool), Jitsimosuke Noda (Manchester), Mar. W. P. Groves (hon.). (Middlesbrough), Alfred W. Bulmer (hon.). (Cardef), R. H. Evans (hon.).

,,

(Glasgow), A. Scott Younger (kon.). (Dublin), A. M. Weatherill (hon.).

This ancient and extensive Empire consists of four large and many small islands, said to comprise in all above 4.223, the principal of which are Houshu, Shikoku, Kin-shii, Hokkaido or Yezo, situate to the north of the main island, from situate to the north of the Isugain Straits, and which it is separated by the Isugain Straits, and Aine, an uncivilised but harmless tribe, who in ancient times occupied the greater part of the country, are still found in Yezo, but in diminishing numbers. The Kurrle Islands have belonged to Japan since 1875, and in 1876 she incorporated the Luchn (Riu-kiu) Islands under the name of "Prefecture of Okinawa." The empire, with its dependencies, comprises an area of 260,783 square miles, with a population (2930 Census) of 90,793 square miles, with a population of the monutation of the monutation of the manifed only on Oct. 1, 1930, was 64,800,005. The islands are eminently volcanic, and 18 of the summits are still active; the chief of these, Fuji-san, or Fuji-no-yama, the loftlest and most sacred. mountain of Japan, about sixty miles from Tokio, is xa,370 ft. high, and has been dormant since x79. Japan is also liable to frequent, and occasionally disastrous, earthquakes. The country is very mountainous, and not more than one-sixth of its area is available for cultivation. It possesses numerous fine harbours. The soil is productive, teeming with every variety of agricultural produce. Copper, iron, sniphur, lead, mangauses, tin, tungsten, nolybdenum, antimony, zinc, agate, cornelian, and rock crystal are found. Gold is found in the island of Sado, and silver mining is prosecuted on a small scale; while there is a good supply of middling coal. Petroleum is also being produced in quantities, especially in the Province of Echigo. Among the vegetable productions may be noted the camphor-tree, paper mulberry, vegetable wax-tree, and a lacquer of Japan. The principal timber trees are the Cryptomeric japonica, Pinus Massoniana, and Zelkowa Keak; the Paulownia imperialis is largely used for fancy boxes and works of art; the maple is merely for ornament. Chestnut, beech, and elm are comparatively rare and little used. The tobacco-plant, teashrub, potato, rice, wheat and other cereals are all cultivated; rice is the staple food of the poople, about 347,500.000 bushels being consumed annually in Japan proper (home-grown crop 1930, 65,305,430 koku; koku=5 bushels, approximately). Agriculture, upon which the Japanese bestow great care, is their chief occupation. The coasts are extremely rich in fish. The floral kingdom is rich, beautiful, and varied, though secunted flowers are comparatively few. Fruit is abundant, including the orange, persimmon and loquat; European fruits, such as apples, strawberries pears, grapes, figs, and peaches are produced, and the American uavel orange, sextensively grown.

Commerce and Industry.-The chief manufactures are silk and cotton woven goods, cotton yarn (szo cotton spmming mills were in operation in Doc., 1928), matches, paper, glass, coment, chemicals and fertilisers, sugar, brushes, flour, insulated electric wire, woollen rubber goods, soap, lacquer ware, porcelain, carthenware, mats, matting, hempbraids, kintted goods, vegetable oil, crude camphor, camphor oil, straw-plaits, and bronze, while shipbuilding is an important industry in the yards. The chief imports are raw cotton from India, U.S.A., Egypt, and China; wheat from Canada, Australia and U.S.A.; oil cake from Kwantung Province and China; wool from Australia; crude rubber from Malaya; lumber from U.S.A.; and piece goods, metals, manures, woollens, wool, drugs, rails, locomotives, and machinery from the U.S.A. and Europe. Sugar is largely imported from the Dutch East Indies, Philippine Islands and Formesa; keresene oil from U.S.A. and the Dutch Indies; beans, peas, and pulse from China, Kwantung Province, and Korea; and rice, principally from British India, French India, Korea, Siam, and China. The chief exports are silk, cotton fabrics, cotton yarns, tea, refined sugar, knitted goods, matches, coal, camplior, straw-plaits, porcelain, earthenware, marine products, paper, glass and toys.

Communications. — There were 13,496 miles camplic of Government and private railroad (steam and electric) on Dec. 32, 1932, in addition to 229,566.

4,950 miles open in Korea, 957 miles in Formosa and 30x in Saghalien. The mercantile marine of Japan and her dependencies consisted in 1933 of steamers and motor vessels of 4,22,024 gross tons, in addition to small craft and wooden ships. The total tonnage entered at the chief ports in 1931 was 27,930 vessels (25,82,826 tons), the clearances being 18,842 vessels (25,225,204 tons). The three great ports are Kobe, Yokohama and Osaka, the first named having a large transhipment trade, in addition to direct imports and exports. In March, 1931, there were 12,296 post offices dealing with about 4,400,000,000 postal packets annually, and 222,650 miles of telegraph line carrying 62,250,000 messages.

Defence.—Service in the Army is universal and compulsory between the ages of so and so. The Army is divided into a first line (Gro-ki), and its reserve (Fobi); a second line (Koba), and its reserve (Kokumin), with a third line to make good the wastage of war (Hoiu). The peace strength of the first line is 33,786 officers and about sno,000 other ranks. The military Air Force is organized in 8 flying regiments and a balloon corps; the Naval Air service consists of 23 shore-based squadrons, in addition to machines carried by aircraft-carriers and other ships, with 4 small air-ships and a balloon section. The Navy includes 6 battleships, 4 battle cruisers, 4 (10,000 tol) crusers and 26 others, 5 aircraft carriers, so destroyers and 66 submarines. Japan declared war against Germany on Aug. 23, 1974, and captured the German fortress of Tsingtau in November, 1934.

Education is in the lower grades free and compulsory. High schools are State-aided, and propare for a 3 years' course at the Universities. There are high schools for girls, and the technical and special schools use well attended. There are six State Universities of Tokio (2), Kyoto, Tohoku (at Seudai), Hokkaidoand Kyushu (at Fukuoka), and z medical universities.

### Finance :-

Revenue (Budget) l'en 1,273	500,000
Expenditure (do.) 1,397.  Debt (March 31, 1932):—	100,000
Internal Yen 4,715	
External 1,472, Floating Debt 641,	579,275
Total Yen 6,829,	

Formosa.—The island of Formosa (Taiwan) was ceded by China to Japan (June 2, 1895) in accordance with the Treaty of Peace. On the E. coast of the island are the highest known sea cliffs in the world, 8,000 feet sheer above the water. Its total area is 13,890 square miles, with 4,502,537 inhabitants (1930). Imports, Yen124,562,123; exports, Yen124,562,123 (36,60 in 1931. The colony has been self-supporting since 1906, producing 36,280,000 bushels of rice in 1930, and it is the principal source of the world's camphor supply. Estimated rev. and exp. (1932-33), Yen 98,090,800. Capital, Tailroku; pop. (1938), 129,365.

Saghalin (Karafuto).—The southern half of this island was ceded by Russia at the close of the Russo-Japanese war. The ceded territory has a total area of about 14,000 sq. niles with a population (1930) of 295,196. The Japanese Government is encouraging the settlement of agriculturists, and there is a large fishing in-dustry. Estimated revenue and expenditure (1931-32) Yen 23,092,628.

The Kwantung Peninsula, which had been leased to Russia by China, was similarly leased to Japan after the Russo-Japanese war. Area, 1,440 sq. miles; population (1930) 1,328,021. The port of Dairen provides Japan with a mainland port, ice-free all the year round, and the peninsula is fertile. Imports (1931), Fen 97.934.730; exports, Yen 1938,873.735, Estimated revenue and expenditure (1932-33), Yen 22.735.036. Capital, Port Arthur (Ryojunko); chief port, Dairen; pop. (1930), 369,767.

The Pescadores (Bokoto) consists of about 63 islands, with a total area of 85 square miles, and a population (1928) of 62,606.

Korea (Cho-sen).—By a treaty of Ang. 23, 1910, Korea was annexed to Japan and became part of the Japanese Empire.

Korea is structed between 122° and 128° E. long., and between 34° and 43° N lat., and the coast is fringed with immunerable islands, of which the largest is Quelpart. Total length, 600 miles from north to south, and greatest be eadth 135 miles from east to west, with an area of about 85,156 square miles. Population 21,058 305 (1930). The soil is fertile, but the anable land (1930). The soil is fertile, but the arable land is limited by the mountainous nature of the country. The staple agricultural products are rice and other cereals, beaus, cotton, tobacco, and hemp; fruit-growing is making progress and seri-culture is thought to have a bright future. Ginseng, a medicinal root much affected by the Chinese, is largely grown under Government supervision at Songdo (Kanjo), and, being a Government monopoly, forms a rich source of revenue. Gold, copper, coal, fron, and other minerals are distributed throughout the country. There are extensive forests in the extreme north. The principal exports are rice, beans, silk, fish, fish-oil and manure, iron and from ore, raw cotton, livestock and hides. Manufactures are as cotton, ivestock and indees. Maintactures are specifically permitted condition, but are growing including cotton yarn, silk-reelling, sugar, paper, attificial fertilisers, cement, flour (output apresent small in each case). The greater part of the sea-bonne trade is carried in Japanese. bottoms. Considerable progress is being made in the direction of the proper lighting of the coast. Estimated iev. and exp. (1932-33), Yen 215,456.407.

('apital, Scoul (Keijofu); pop. (1930) 350,426

Imports into Korea, 1931 .. . Yen 270,466,000 Exports from Korea, 1931. ... ,, 261,799,000

Pacific Islands .-- Under the Treaty of Versailles, 1919, Germany renounced the sovereignty sailles, 1919, Germany renounced the sovereignty of all her over-sea possessions, and the German Pacific Islands N. of the Equator have been placed under Japanese mandate. These islands, in Micronesia, ane (1) The Marshall Islands (pop. 9,708), with seat of government at Jaluit; of government at Truk and Ponape (Eastern group) and Palew and Yap (Western group); (3)

The Ladrone, or Marianne Islands (pop. 69,530), Minuster of Foreign Affairs, Voldemar Salnais.

with seat of government at Sipan. Estimated rev. and exp. (1931-32) for the Pacific Islands, l'en 4,953,453.

CAPITAL OF THE JAPANESE EMPIRE, TORYO, formerly called Yedo, the residence of the Emperor; population estimated at 5,312,000 (1932). On Sept. 1, 1923, a disastrous earthquake destroyed great portions of the cities of Tokyoand Yokohama, but the work of reconstruction is now completed. The chief cities are—

Osaka ......a,586,300 Sapporo .... ... 177,800 Nagoya.... .. ... 961,800 Kyoto fancient capital) ..... 1,001,700 Kumamoto ..176,000 Kobe ... .. .....820,200 Otaru. ... ... 149,000 Yokohama. ... 661,500 Kanazawa ... .. 161,200 Huoshima ..282,500 kagoshima. .. 142,100 Fuknoka . Yawata ...... .. 184,100 . .. 242,900 .211,000 Okayama .. ..... 154,500 Nagasaki

FLAG: White, charged with rising snn (red).

BRITISH EMBASSY

(No. 1. Goban-cho Kojimachi-Ku, Tokyo, British Ambassador, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Sir F. O. Lindley, G.C.M.G., C.B., C.B.K.

.....£6,000 and Secretary, E. E. Crowo.
Commeltar (toest rank), W. B. Cunningham.
Commercial Consellor, G. B. Sansoni, C.M. G.
Commercial Secretary (Grade II) H. A. Macrac,

and Secretary (local rank), O. C. Morland. Naral Attaché, Capt. J. G. P. Vivian, R.N. Asst. do., Eng. Com. G. C. Ross, R.N. Military Attaché, Col. E. A. H. James, R.E. Archivest, J. M. Tabor.

and Archivet, W. E. D. Massey

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Dairen (Dalny) - Consul A. OFFICES,
Dairen (Dalny) - Consul, R. W. P. Kustin,
Clericat Officer, C. J. Edmondson,
Kobe-- Consul, G. H. Phipps,
Juce-Consul, C. H. Archer,
Clericat Officer, J. R. Donaldson,
Shipping Clerk, J. S. Waddell,
Augustke-- Consul, F. C. Greatrey,
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Vice Consul: Frederick Ringer: Sidney Ringer.

Karatza-Consular - Agent, M. C. (acting).

County, Shimonoski - Consular-Agent, R. McKenzie, Osaka-Consul-General, O. White, C.M.G., Vice-Consul, H. A. Graves, Higher Clerical Officer, A. W. R. Taylor, Scoul - Consul-Gens, W. M. Royds, Chamber County, Agent W. G. Roynett Scale—Comactoria, W. R. Royals.
Chemitpae-Cusultar Agent, W. G. Bennett.
Tanisti (Formosa)—Consad, A. R. Ovens, M.B.R.
Tokyo—Consad, P. D. Butler.
Yokohama—Const. Gen., E. H. Holmes, c.M.G.
Nice-Consad, D. W. Kennode.
Shipping Clerk, J. Ham.

Yokohama, xx,260 miles distant; transit, 3 days (red Vanconver, 23 days; vid Siberia, 16 days).

President, Alberts Kviesis, born 1881, assumed

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in London, Karlis Zarins, 87 Eaton Place, S.W. 1. set Secretary, M. Pauls Alberts. Agricultural Advisor, Monsieur Emils Zol-

manie.

Vice-Consul, Charles E. Jumutz.

A Baltic Republic at the eastern and southern shore of the Gulf of Riga, formerly part of the shore of the office against part of the gustan Empire, its area being about 25,000 sq. miles, with a population of about 25,000,000. Latvia was proclaimed an independent state on Nov. 28, 2928. Its frontiers are common with Estonia, Russia, Poland and Lithuania. The constitution is that of a democratic republic, with universal suffrage and proportional representation. Parliament (Sacima) consists of a single chamber of 100 members.

The surface of the country is generally flat with marshy areas, interspersed with many lakes. Agriculture and dairy farming are the principal occupations of the people, and there are many flourishing industries. The fisheries are many flourishing industries. are also of importance. The chief exports are flax, timber, butter, paper and glass; chief im-ports are agricultural machinery and implements and wood and metal machinery. The tomage of ships entered in 1932 was 1,234.815 tons. The chief ports are Riga, Libau and Windan. In 1930 there were x,860 miles of railway in operation. I 933-34

Estimated Revenue /ats	140,712,464
Estimated Expenditure	140,712,464
External Debt (April z, 1932) :	
U.S. dollars	\$12,880,180
Sterling	£,1,025,000
Internal Debt (April 1, 1932) Lats	1,747,844
	1932.
Imports	84,576,000
Exports	96,528,000
Imports from U.K	11,719,000
Exports to II K	80 842 000

CAPITAL, Riga, at the mouth of the Dynia (Daugava) river, population 337,699; other centres being Libau (Liepaja) 60,762, Dvinsk Daugaviuls) 40,640, Mitau (Jelgava) 28,325, and Wındau (Ventspils) 16,384.

FLAG: Red, white, red.

BRITISH LEGATION.

(5 Jura Alunana iela, Riga.) Enroy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipoten-tiary to Latoia (also to Estoma and Lithuania), H. M. Knatchbull - Hugessen, C.M.G. ..........£3,400 ist Secretary, O. A. Scott, D.S.O. Naval Attaché, Capt. G. C. Muirhead-Gould, D S.C., R.N.
Assist. Naval Attaché, Eng.-Com. F. V. Stop-

ford, R.N. Military Attache, Maj. R. C. W. G. Firebrace, R.A.

Archivest, T. H. Frobelius.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Riga-Consul, J. P. Trant. " Vice-Consul, W. G. Hall. Libau-Vice-Consul, R. J. Madge.

#### LIBERIA.

(Republic of Liberia.) President, Hon. Edwin Barclay, born Jan. 6, 1882; assumed office Jan. 1, 1932. Vice-President, John Smith.

Secretary of State, L. A. Grimes. Treasury, Gabriel Dennis. Attorney-General, R. Dixon. Postmaster-General, Dixon B. Brown. War, J. S. Dennis. Interior, Rev. J. F. Dunbar. Public Works, (vacant).
Education, Rev. G. W. Gibson.
Financial Adviser, John Loomis.

Minister Resident in London, (vacant). Commercial Attaché and Consul-General (London), J. T. Grein, 10 Idol Lane, E.C. 3.
Consul, L. J. H. Grein, 10 Idol Lane, E.C. 3.

Consul-General (Liverpool), Henry F. Cooper, Brunswick Street, Liverpool.

Consul, Manchester, T. R. Campbell. Consul, Glasgow, John Dallas. Consul, Cardiff, A. J. Bovey

An independent Negro Republic of Western Africa, occupying that part of the coast of North Guinea which is between the rivers Cavalla, S.E., and Mano, N.W., a distance of about 350 miles, with an area of about 43,000 square miles, and extending to the interior to latitude 8° 50', a distance of 150 miles from the seaboard. It was founded by the American Colonization Society in 1820, and has been recognised since 1847 as an independent State. The population is estimated at 1,000,000 to 1,500,000, including about 12,000 Americo-Libertans. The principal exports are palm-kernels, plassava, palm-oil, coffee, cocos, rvory and kola mus. The chief imports are dried fish, rice, tobacco, Manchester goods, provisions, spirits, salt, hardware, glass and carthenware and building materials. and building materials. The executive power is vested in a President elected for four years. assisted by a number; there are two houses of Legislature, the Senate, with 10 members elected for six years, and the llouse of Representatives with zz members elected for four years. There is no regular army, but there is an enlisted frontier force of about 400 men under American and native officers. In 1927 lu 1927 arrangements were made with the Finance (orporation of America for a loan of 5,000,000 dollars. of which one-half has been issued. The previous 1912 loan, in which British financial interests prepondenated, was paid off from the proceeds of the new loan, which is seemed by a first hen on customs revenues and head moneys. The Loan Agreement also provides for financial supervision by American officials. There are 15 ports of entry, including 4 river ports, along the 350 miles of coast and 12 interior ports. In 1938, 550 vessels (1 324,649 net tons) entered and cleared at all ports; of these 163 (475,940 net tons) were British.

nee to any mere and to the	
	1932.
Revenue	S. \$476,268
Expenditure	635,080
External Debt, 1932 (Bonds)	2,192,000
Do. (Interest)	133,061
Internal Debt, 1932	676,000
Imports	641,212
Exports	675,347
Imports from U.K	87,000
Exports to U.K	15,000

CAPITAL, Monrovia. Population, 9,700.

FLAG: alternate horizontal stripes (5 White, 6 Red), with 5-pointed white star on blue field in upper corner next to flagstaff.

Monrovia—British Charge d'Affaires and Consul-General, Constantine Graham (1931).

Vice Consul, A. C. Routh. Fernando Po-Vice-Consul, C. W. Chew.

Monrovia, 3,650 miles distant; transit, by English steamers from Liverpool, zz to so days also by German, Netherlands and U.S. vessels from Continent and U.S.A., and a monthly German steamer from Southampton.

#### LIECHTENSTEIN.

#### (Fürstentum Liechtenstein.)

Prince, Franz, I., b. Aug. 28, 1853; suc. Feb. 11, 1939; married 1930 Princess Elsa, b. Jan. 6, 1878.

Administrator, Dr. Joseph Hoop (appointed

Aug. 4, 1928).

A Principality on the Upper Rhine, between Vorarlberg (Austria) and Switzerland; area 59 6r square miles, pop. (1930) 10,223. The man industries are agriculture (chief products being corn, cattle, wine and turf) and textiles. Revenue (1933), 1,854,500 Siviss france: expenditure 1,434,176 Swiss france; debt 4,552,000 Swiss

('APITAL, Vaduz. Pop 1.710. British Consul-General, Robert Erskine (resides at Zurich).

#### LITHUANIA.

#### (Lietuva.)

President, Antanas Smetona, born Aug. 10, 1874; assumed office Dec. 20, 1926; re-elected for 7 years, Dec , 1931. Prime Minister, J. Tubelis.

Munister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Zaunius.

Minister in London, His Excellency Vaclovas Sidzikanskas.

Legation, to Palace Gate, W. 8. ast Secretary, J. Kajeckas.

and Secretary, J. Zmuidzinas.

The independence of the Lithuanian Republic (Lietuva) was proclaimed at Vilua on Feb 16, ross. The Republic consists of the former kinsian Government of Kovno and portions of the Suvalki and Vilna Governments, and is bounded on the N. by Latvia, on the S and E by Poland and on the W by Germany and the Baltic Sea, the total area included in the Republic (including Memel Territory) being about 20,000 sq. miles, with an estimated population of 2,400,000. Under the Treatu of Fersaulies Germany renounced the sovenegaty over the town and territory of Memel, and a French High Comand certifyin Memer, and a French fight of missioner, with a small garrison, governed the Territory in the name of the Alices until Jan. 1923, when the Territory was invaded and occupied by the Lithuanian. The sovereignty of the Territory has been transferred to Lithuania. as set out in the Convention signed at Paris

as set out in the Convention signed at Paris (May 8, 1924) and ratified Aug. 1925. The total area administered is 945 square miles, with a population of about 190,000, of whom about 180,000 inhabit the town of Memel.

The legislature consists of a single chamber Assembly (Sem), elected by universal adult suffrage, the Executive being entrusted to a council of ministers. In April, 1927, the Seim was dissolved by decree of the President, and since that date no elections have taken place. since that date no elections have taken place.

The chief industries are agriculture and forestry, the chief products of the Republic

being rye, wheat, barley, oats and potatoes; the exports are bacon, dairy produce, cellulose, timber, flax and livestock; the chief imports are herrings, cement, coal, metals, textiles and machinery.

Revenue*L	1931.	1938. et sefe es t. 200
Expenditure	347,157,000	a78,477,900
Imports	277,959,100	166,963,500 189,125,800
Imports from U.K.	19,661,400	17,966,800
Exports to U.K.	00.425.700	78.284.600

CAPITAL, Kovno (Kaunas), on the Niemen (pop. 210,000), other centres being Memel (Klaipeda) on the Baltic (38,000), and Shavli (17,000).

FLAG: Three horizontal bands, yellow, red,

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

(Keistuchio gatve 19 Kaunas [Kovno].) British Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Lateia, Lithuania and Plenipotentiary to Latria, Lithuama and Estonia, H. M. Knatchbull-Hugessen, C.M.G. (resident at Riga, Latvin).

Charge d'Agaires, T. H. Preston. Naval and Military Attachés (see Latvia).

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICER.

Korno (Keistuchio gatve, 19 Kaunas)-Consul, T. H. Preston.

Memel-Vice-Consul, E. Hoepfner

Transit, 2 days.

#### LUXEWRURG.

### (Grand-Duché de Luxembourg.)

Grand Duchess, H.R.H. Charlotte, born Jan. 23, 1896, succeeded (on the abdication of her sister) Jan. 9, 1919; married, Nov. 6, 1919, Prince Felix of Bourbon - Parma. Heir Apparent, Prince Jean, born Jan. 5, 1921.
Minister of State, Joseph Bech.

Consulate General in London, Moorfields House, Tenter Street, E.C. z.

A Grand Duchy in Central Europe, bounded by Germany, Belgium, and France; it formed part of the Germanic Confederation, 1815-66, and was included in the German "Zollverein." Iu 1867 the Treaty of London declared it a nentral territory under the sovereignty of the King of the Netherlands, on whose decease, Nov. 23, 1890, it passed to the Duke of Nassau. The territory was invaded and overrun by the Germans at the commencement of the war in 1914, but was abborated in 1918. By the Treaty of Verwalles, 1919, the country is declared to be free from all thes with Germany. The area is 999 square miles; the population (1930) \$99,993, nearly all Roman Catholics. The Grand Duchy is rich in iron-ore, The revonne in 1932 was estimated at 447,041,596 francs, expenditure 423,593,657 francs; dobt (Jan. 1, 293) 486,726,687 francs. There are 328 miles of railway. The army numbers about 300 miles of railway. The army numbers about 300 men. The capital, Luxemburg (population 54,250), is a dismantled fortress.

FLAC: Red, white, blue.

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

British Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenspotentiary, The Rt. Hon. Sir George R. Clerk, G.C.M G. (1933) (Ambassador.at Brussels).

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Luxemburg-Consul, N. le Gallais.

At par 48 85 Lits = £1 sterling.

#### MANCHURIA. (Manchukuo.)

President (Chih Cheng = Administrator) of the Manchurian Republic, Henry Pu, born Keb. 7, 1905 (succeeded as Chinese Emperor Nov. 10, 1909; decree of abdication by Dowager Empress, Feb. 12, 1912). Installed as President of Mancharia, at Changehun, March 9, 1932.

Manchuria lies north-east of China proper, and is bounded north and north-east by Siberia, west by Inner Mongolia, south-east by Cho-sen (Korea), and south by the Gulf of Pechihli; the Yellow Sea and "The Great Wall of China." The new state comprises the following provinces :-

Province. Liaoning Kirin Heilungkiang Jehol	71,508 103 379 824,044	Est Population 15,151,630 9,191,980 5,321,370 4,670,000	

Total..... 460.38x 34.244.080

The province of Heilungkiang occupies the The province of heningking occupies one greater part of Northern Manchunia, with Tsitsihar as capital. Kirin lies to the northeast, with its capital at Kirin. Lianning (formerly Feng-tien) occupies the southern part, with Mukden as capital, and is separated from Korea by the Yalu river, with a scalourd washed by the Gulf of Pechhli and the Yellow Sea. Jehol (annexed to Mauchuria in 1933) extends from the Western boundary of Liaoning to the Great Wall of China, with Jehol (formerly Chengte-Fn) as capital,

Manchuria consists mainly of fertile agricul-Machinia consists mainly of refute arricultural land, and about half the cultivable land is worked, principally under soya beans and other pulse, kacilang (the main food of the people) millet, maize, wheat and rice; cotton and tobacco are also grown. The live stock (1930) included 1,605,000 cattle, a 438,000 horses, a,641,000 sheep and 7,507,000 pigs; wool and furs are largely exported, and lumbering is an important industry. Mineral products include salt, coal, iron ore, lead, copper, gold and manganese. There are several well-equipped factories, including oil and flour mills, iron works, and silk and other factories. The principal articles of export are soya beans, bean cake, coal, millet, bean oil, wild raw silk and pig iron. The principal imports are flour, cotton fabries, tobacco leaves, kerosene and naw cotton. The South Manchurian Railway leased to and worked by Japan), the Chinese Eastern Railway, Peiping-Mukden Eailway and other lines have a total length of 4,125 miles.

The principal towns are: Mukden, with a The Principal towns are: Mukicu, with a population estimated in 1930 at 408,000, Dairen (390,000), Harbin (384,000), Kirin (191,000), Anting (143,000), Port Arthur (135,000), KSINKING the capital, in the province of Kirin (128,000), Newchwang (120,000) and Taiteliar (90,000). The principal harbours are Dairen (Japanese), the tailor and Autum (100,000) and the Valley Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentender Sentend Port Arthur and Antung (on the Yellow Sea), and Newchwang (or Yingkow) and Hulutao (on the Gulf of Pechihli).

The fluances of the provinces are estimated in rese as under in silver Yuan (about as. in rese):—

Liaoning Kirin	Rev. 35,000,000 23,500,000	Exp. 38,600,000 25,000,000
Heilungkiang Jenol	10,222 000	6,354,000

The foreign trade of Manchuria in 1930 was stated at 306,334,620 Haikwan Taels for Imports, and at 395,724,056 for Exports and Re-Exports, a total of 703,068,676 H.T. In 2030 the exports and re-exports were taken as under:—

Japan 11.T.	150,331,631
China	
Russia	50,706,448
Gt. Britain	17.882.245
U.S. A	8,701,761
Gerniany	
Belgium	
Denmark	
Netherlands and N. East	-30,
Ind	
Other Countries	11,545,054

Total.... 396,714,056 CAPITAL, Heinking.

NATIONAL FLAG: red. bluc, vellow.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Mukden-Consul-General, A. G. Major. ,, Vice-Consul, D. H. Clarke, D.S.O., M.C. Harbin-Consul-General, C. F. Gaistin, C.M.G., C. B. E.

,, Vice-Consul, E. W. Jeffry (acting). Newchwang—Consul, S. Wyatt Smith. There are BRITISH CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE at Mukden, Harbin and Newchwang.

#### MEXICO.

(Estados Unidos Mexicanos.)

Interim President, General Abelardo Rodríguez, elected and assumed office Sept. 4, 1932.

Minister of the Interior, Licenciado Eduardo Vasconcelos). Foreign Affairs, José Manuel Puig Casauranc. Finance, Plutarco Elias Calles. Communications, Mignel N. Acosta. Industry Commerce and Labour, Licenciado Primo Villa Michel. Agriculturs, Licenciado Francisco Elias. Education, Narelso Bassols. War, Gen. Pablo Quiroga (acting).

Minister in London, Señor Don Alberto Mas-careñas, 48 Belgrave Square, S.W. z. Consul-General in London, Señor Don Gustavo Luders de Negri, 8 Halkin Street, S.W. r.

Mexico occupies the southern part of the continent of North America, with an extensive seaboard to both the Atlantic and Pacific Occans, extending from 15° to 32° 30'N. lat. and 37° to 127' W. long., and comprising one of the richest and W. long., and comprising one of the richest and most varied zones in the world. It comprises a7 states, 3 territories, and the federal district of Mexico, making in all 3x political divisions, comprehending an area of 768,883 square inites, with a population (2320) of 26,404,030. Mexico is rich in archeological remains, and work is proceeding in every district to remove the earth covering which for many centuries has kept them from view. Near the City of Mexico are a number of pyramids built to a great extent with boulders from the river beds. The Puranial with boulders from the river beds. The Pyramid of the Sun (now called "Tonatiuh") is 76: feet from N. to S., and 725 feet from E. to W., and rises to a height of si6 feet. The Pyramid of the Hoon (now called "Mextli") is 456 feet x 51: feet, and rises to zgo feet. The staircases

vary in construction between terrace and terrace and are found to be intact. Other places of interest are near Oaxaca, Papantla, Zempoala on the Continent, and Uzmal, Chichen-Itza and other points on the E side of Yucatan.

The two great ranges of North America, the

Sierra Nevada and Rocky Mountains, are prolonged from the north to a convergence towards to a convergence towards the narrowing Islamus of Tehuantepec, their course being parallel with the west and east coasts. The surface of the interior consists of an elevated plateau between the two ranges. with steep slopes both to the Pacific and Atlantic (Gulf of Mexico). In the west is the Peninsula of California, with a mountainous surface, separated from the mainland by the Gulf of California. The Sierra Nevada, known in Mexico as the Sierra Madre, terminates in a transverse as the Sterra Maire, terminates in a transverse series of volcanic peaks, from Colima on the west to Citlaltepetl ("El Nevado de Toluca") on the east. The low-lying lands of the coasts form the Tierra Caliente, or tropical regions (helow 3.000 feet), the higher levels form the Tierra Templada, or temperate region from see to reset and the summer of (from 3,000 to 5,000 feet), and the summit of the plateau with its peaks is known as Thern Fria, or cold region (above 5,000 feet). The only considerable rivers are the lim Grande det Norte, which forms part of the northern boundary, and is navigable for about 70 miles from its mouth in the Gulf of Mexico, and the Rio Grande de Santiago, which runs from Lake Chapala to the Pacific. The remaining streams are governed by the formation of the land, and im in mountain torrents between deep-cut canons or "barrancas." The largest fresh-water lakes are Chapala (70 miles long and 20 miles wide), and Patzenaro and Xochimileo. In the north-west are saline lakes amid bare and dry regions. The climate varies according to the attitude, the infiny season lasting from June to October. Yellow fever sometimes occurs at Merida, Vucatan.

The earliest invaders, or Toltecs, gave place in the 13th century to the Attes, who were conquered in the 15th century by Spanish adventurers under Hernan Cortes.* Spanish rule was established at Tenochtitlan, a 14th century Atte city (now Mexico), and Mexico remained a Spanish dominion until its freedom was asserted by a revolutionary was freedom was asserted by a revolutionary war, 1810-1821. From 1837-1848 the province of Texas gave rise to hostilities with the United States, gave rise to nostitutes with the United States, terminating in a three years' war and a cession of the disputed territory to the victorious northern States. In 1810 a Republic was proclaimed, but iturbide declared himself Emperor in 1821. He was shot in 1824, and a Republic was again established. In 1865 the French troops came to Mexico, and in 1864 an Empire under Ferdinand Maximillan of Austria was declared. In 1867 the downfall of the Empire and the death of the Emperor gave rise to the new Republic, which has endured to the present day. The most prominent of modern Presidents day. The most prominent of modern xresucence is Porfirio Diaz, who ruled (except during 1866-4) from 1876 to May 25, 1912. Since the fall of Diaz internal disturbances, in which the sall of Diaz internal disturbances, in which the sall of Diaz internal disturbances, in which eleven Presidents have figured, have continued with varying degrees of intensity, and consider-able friction (amounting almost to a state of war) has arisen with the United States. On

July 25, 2924, Venustiano Carranza assumed control of the executive, but his anti-foreign attitude and legislation, together with the scizure of many properties (a few of which helonged to British subjects) led to a refusal of the British Government to grant recognition of his administration. The degree to which Carranza departed from his declaration of neutrality during the Great War undoubtedly influenced the British Government when this policy was adopted. Carranza was overthrown by a further revolution in 1930, and is believed to have been shot by the insurgents. After the fall of Carranza the executive power was assumed by de la Huerta as provisional President, and on Dec. 7, 2020, General Obregon, whose comp d'état had caused the downfall of Carianza, became head of the Republic. determination of the new government to uphold the Carranza constitution of 1917, which has led to confiscatory measures in connection with nationalization of the petroleum of the country, and contains (among other departmes from the accepted comity of nations) provisions which restrict the rights of foreigners, caused the British, American, French and Belgian governments to adopt a policy of non-recognition of the Obregon administration. The expropriation, without payment of compensation, of several hundreds of private properties, in pursuance of the Obregon agrarian policy, called forth strong protests from foreign Powers, but all the Powers except Great Britain eventually recognised the Obregon administration. General Obregon was afterwards assassinated. In 1925 relations between Great Britain and Mexico were re-established, and an Anglo-Mexican Special Claims Commission has since met and concluded

Vera Cruz, Tampleo, Progreso, and Puerto Mexico are the chief ports on the Atlantic or Gulf of Mexico, and Acapulco, Manzanillo, Mazatlan, Salma Cruz, and Guaymas on the Pacific. There were 16,110 miles of railroad open on Sept. 1, 1926, and 54,670 miles of telegraph. The railroads have in a large measure been built by American and English companies. The Highway Commission of Mexico had constructed (to Dec. 3, 1928) 297 kilometres of road, finished with asphaltic treatment; 332 kilometres lacking only bituminous treatment, and 702 kilometres open to traffic, but still in various stages of construction. There is a network of 50,000 kilometres of old roads, of which shout x2,000 are impassable. It is proposed (1933) to spend 130,000,000 pseed on the completion of e.coc kilometres of highways throughout the Republic. The international highway from Laredo, Tozas, to Mexico City is passable during the dry season to hexico city is passable during the dry season (Nov. to May) only. The city of Mexico is linked with Phebla, Tampico, Vera Crus, Toluca, and Saltillo by telephone: the line is now extended to the U.S. border and thence is connected to Canada and Europe. The city is connected by wireless to U.K. and Europe. The principal air routes from Mexico City are to Brownsville and El Paso (Texas), to Mérida (Yucatan) and to Mazatlau (Sinaloa) via Torreon.

The principal agricultural crops are maize, The principal agricultural crops are inside, beans, wheat, barley, Chile-pepper, sugar, coffee, cotton, tobacco, vanilla, flax, grapes, and sil kinds of tropical fruit. The maguey, or Mexican aloe, yields a favourite beverage, "pulque"; • The remains of Hernau Cortes have been definitely located in the Temple of Jesus, Mexico City. They are contained in a marble vault, with the funering arment.

and sisal-hemp (honequen). The forests abound and sharriemp (nonequie). The treats around in malargany, rosewood, ebony, and caoutchone trees. The mineral wealth is very great; silver and gold, copper, lead, and quicksilver, iron and coal, are the leading products of the mines, and the contract of the mines, and the contract of the mines, and the contract of the mines, and the contract of the mines, and the contract of the mines. and Mexico produced 50,150,610 barrels of petroleum in 1928. The inneral production is stated at :-

Mineral	Kılograms	
	<b>2930</b>	1931
Gold	20,808 3,272,288 332,930,625 73,411.608 124,083,519 166,241 3,032,211 9,976,791 5,852,507	19,700 2,730,652 231,848,320 55,542,754 124,781,093 259,261 5,653,722 6,747,308 3,258,175

#### Petroleum Production

Year	Barrels	lear,	Barrols
1927	64,120,000	1930	39,600,000
1928	50,151,000	1931	33,050,000
1929	44,688,000		

Woollen and cotton spinning and weaving, the making of footwear, and other branches of industry are encouraged by high protective duties. The imports, nevertheless, consist very largely of textile manufactures. Of the exports so per cent, consist of silver and gold, while 35 per cent. represents the value of petrolcum and its derivatives, mainly shipped from Tampico. Other important exports are copper, lend and zinc, also susal hemp (honequen), coffee, cotton, resins, fresh vegetables and dried vegetables.

The monetary system has now been placed on a silver basis, with a silver preso = 50 cents U.S. currency or \$4:58d, but in actual fact is worth less than 30 cents U.S. gold; there is a large amount of silver enrency in circulation. In Sept. 1922, the Mexican Government undertook to set aside for the service of the debt the sum of 30,000,000 gold peace in 1923, rising by 5 million gold peace annually to 50 million gold peace in 1927. However, this agreement with the International Commission of Bankers was amended in 1925, after the Government had found it necessary to suspend the service of the debt in June, 1924. The effect of the 1925 agreement was to climinate the debt of the National Rallways of Mexico from the public debt, thereby reducing this from 1,567 million Mexican thereny requesting this time is, so multion alexacan gold peace to 890 millions, as at Dec. 31, roas. Furthermore, the roas agreement provided for the postponement of payment of the 75 million peace (which had not been met in 1994 and 1995) until 1998-1935. Service of the debt was press (which has not occur her in 1924 and 1924) until 1928-1932. Service of the debt was resumed in 1926, but again suspended: a further agreement was signed on Dec. 2s, 1931, providing for resumption of payments on Jan. x, 1934. In addition to the 850 millions above mentioned, other teems which had not been included in the debt agreement of Sept., 1922, as amended in 1925, amounted to 128 millions as at Dec. 31, 1925, thus making a grand total of 998 million peros Mexican gold. A total sum of \$45,000,000 has been received by the committee of bankers. The

total debt, funded and floating and interest, was tated to be \$1,253,105,699 as at Dec. 31, 1928. The language of the country is Spanish.

Estimated revenue Estimated expenditure Total Exports	(1932)	215,217,481 458,674,490
Imports from U.K	£978.370	£1,100,000

Exports to U.K..... 2,398,986 2,432,000 CAPITAL, Mexico City.

APITAI, Mexico City. Pop. (1833), 968,443.
Other towns are Guadalajara (145,000), Puebla (56,000), Mouterey (88,000), San Lus Polosi (57,000), Leon (57,000), Vera Cruz (54,000), Torren (50,000), Agnas Calentes (48,000), Saltillo (40,000)

FLAG: Three vertical bands, green, white, red.

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

(4A Calle del Lerma No. 71, Colonia de Cuanlitemoc, Mexico.)

Encoy Extraordinary and Menoster Plenipotentiary, Edmund St. John Debonnaire John Note: Attache, Capt. A. R. Dewar, R. N. Asst. do., Eng.-Com. J. S. Orr, R. N. Miltary Attaché, lieut.-Col. M. F. Day, M.C. Asst. do., Capt. F. St. D. B. Lejoune. Archivist, P. C. Pell.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Mexico Citu-Consul-General, T. I. Rees (Avenido Francisco I Madeio 2, Mexico City

" Vice-Consuls, F. Butler; C. G. Rickards; F. J. Wilson, M.B.E. (acting).
Chihuahua—Consul, Douglas G. C. MacNeill. Vice-Cansul, A. T. Williams.

Guadalajara-Vice-Consul (vacant). Mazatlau-Vice-Consul, G. E. S. Watson, Merida and Progreso - Vice-Consul. T. E. Duttou.

Monterrey-Vice-Consul, J. D. Reynolds, Orizaba-Vice-Consul, William Mayer, Pachuca-Vice-Consul, S. Waters, Progress Vice-Consul (see Merida) Puebla-Vice-Consul, W. D. Hardaker. Puerto Mexico-Vice-Consul, Dr. J. J. Sparks. Saltillo-Vice-Consul, James Caldwell.

Tapachula—Vice-Consul, C. H. Fox. Torreon—Vice-Consul, S. Dutton Pegram. Tampico-Consid, Robert G. Pulford. , Vice-Consul, L. C. Chase. Vera Cruz-Vice-Consul, J. H. Drake

CENTRAL BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Apartado 900, Mexico, D.F. Churchill. Secretary, H.

Transit, about 14 days.

#### MONACO.

#### (Principauté de Monaco.)

Sovereign Prince, Louis Honoré Charles Autoine. born July 12, 1870, acc. June 26, 1922.

Herress Apparent, Hereditary Princess Charlotte Louise Juliette (Duchess de Valentinois), born Sept. 30, 1898; mar. March 19, 1920, Prince Pierre de Monaco (Count de Polignac), and has issue a daughter, Princess Antoinette, born Dec. 28, 1920, and a son, Prince Rainier, born May 31, 1923.

Musister of State, Monsieur Maurice Bouilloux-Lafont. Secretary of State, M. François Roussel.

Consul-General in London, C. Nuthall Foreman, 37 Conduit Street, W. z. Chancellor, Charles E. Isbell.

A miniature Principality on the Mediterranean, with land fronties joining France at every point, and consisting of the old town of Monaco. La Condamine, and Monte Culo, where is the famous casho. The Principality comprises a narrow strip of country about 3 miles long and 1/2 miles broad, with (1933) 22,994 inhabitants, and a yearly average of over 1,500,000 visitors. The whole available ground is built over, so that there is no cultivation. There is a small harbour (a4 ft. alongside quay), and the import duties are the same as in France. There is a local police force of soo men.

CAPITAL, Monaco.

FLAG: Red and white.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Monaco-Consul, J. W. Keogh, O.B.E. (resides at Nice).

Vice-Consul, William M. L. Ainslie. Pro-Consul, J. C. Henry.

#### MONTENEGRO. See Yugoslavia.

#### MOROCCO.

(Moghreb el aksa "The Farthest West") French Protectorate, and Spanish and International Tangier Zone.

Sultan, Sidi Mohamed, born 1911; proclaimed Nov. 20, 1927.

Morocco, the largest of the Barbary States, is stuate in the north-west of the African Con-tinent, between 27°-36° N. lat. and x° xr° 40′ W. long., with a total area estimated at xx8,525 square miles, and a population of about 5,300,000. Morocco is traversed from the Atlantic coast in the south-west to the Algerian frontier in the the solutions to the parallel ranges, known generally as the Atlas Mountains. Between the various ranges he well-watered and fertile plains, the lower slopes of the northern flanks of the mountains being well wooded, while the southern slopes are exposed to the dry winds of the desert and are generally and and desolate. The most northerly point of Morocco is the pennsula of Ceuta, which is separated from the Continent of Europe by the narrow strait of Gibraltar. The Jebel Musa dominates the promontory, and with the rocky enumence of Gibraltar was known to the ancients of the Mediterranean. Retween 32° N. and 30° N. is the headland Ghr, which encloses a hay contaming the port of Agadir, formerly known as the "Gate of the Sudan."

The climate of Morocco is generally good and healtly, especially on the Atlantic coast, the country being sheltered by the Atlas Mountains

are markedly higher; the last-named port being the hottest. The Mediterranean coast is drier and less temperate, but not unhealthy, while the plains of the interior are intensely hot.

Government .- France is the paramount power, and represents the Sultan of Morocco in all foreign relationships, but the country is divided into three zones—the French Zone, the Spanish Zone, and the International Tangier Zone. Spain has had relations with Morocco for many centuries. The northern portion of Morocco, as defined in the Franco-Spanish Treaty of rors, forms a Spanish "sphere of influence" which extends over the whole of Northern Morocco, with the over the whole of Northern Morocco, with the exception of the International zone round Tangier. In this sphere occurred the joint France-Spanish military operations against Abd el Krim, the Riff leader, which culminated in the surreuder of Abd el Krim in May, 1926, and the final pacification of the French and Spanish zones in the following year. Creata (on the Mediterranean coast, opposite (ibraltar), in 35° 54' N. lat and 5° 18' W. long., has been a Spanish possession since the close of the 18th century, and forms part of the administhe 16th century, and forms part of the adminis-trative province of Cadiz, and the adjacent Alhucema and Zaffarin islands are Spanish possessions. A special international regime was designed for Tanguer before the War by negotiations between the British, French and Spanish Governments, but the outbreak of the War prevented this but the outbleak of the war prevence unergine from being put into operation. A new Convention instituting the International Zone of Taugier was, however, signed by the three governments at Paris on Dec. 28, 7923, and was bought into force on June x, 1925. The Con-Paought into force on June 1, 1925. The Convention was modified by a Protocol signed at Paris, July 25, 1928, by the three Powers and Italy, who thereby adhered to the Convention. Both instruments have been adhered to by Belgium, The Netherlands, Portugal and Sweden, but the United States have not yet (Aug., 1932) signified their acceptance, and therefore retain their Capitulatory rights in the International Zone. The Convention provides for a complete international administration of the zone, except as regards native affairs, which are reserved to the Shereefian authority.

Production, Industry, &c.—Among the agricultural products are wheat, barley, malze, beans, peas, birdseed, linseed, coriander, cumnin, fenugreek, espaits, and hemp, and the northern slopes of the Atlas produce many fruits, principally figs, almonds, pomegranates, the start of the Atlas produce and produce the letter of the Atlas produce the letter of the Atlas produce the letter of the Atlas produce the letter of the Atlas produce the letter of the Atlas produce the letter of the Atlas produce the letter of the Atlas produces and produce the letter of the Atlas produces and produce the letter of the Atlas produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and produces and pro lemons, olives, o anges, and grapes, the latter growing also in the plains. The live stock includes large quantities of horses, cattle, sheep and goats, while the egg industry is of importance. Important deposits of coal, manganese, iron ore, lead and zinc, as well as other minerals in smaller quantities, have been prospected, but their exploitation awaits transport facilities. Gold and silver are also found. Phosphates are exported in increasingly large quantities and constitute a great source of wealth for the French zone. The trade of Merocco is chiefly with France and Algeria, Great Britain, Italy and healthy, especially on the Atlantic coast, the country being sheltered by the Atlas Mountains from the hot winds of the Sahara. The extremes of temperature in Tangier and Mogador are 92 Rahrenheat in the summer and 37 m the winter, with a rainy season from November to April, but the summer-heat figures at all the inter-tree but the summer-heat figures at all the inter-tree but the summer-heat figures at all the inter-tree but the summer-heat figures at all the inter-tree but the franc, which is closely allied to the French franc, while in the Tangier zones Sale, Fedalah. Casablanca, Mazagan, and Saffi) the franc, the peseta and the Hussani peseta are all current, and in the Spanish zone the two last of these currencies.

Communications.—The French Protectorate authorities are engaged in the serious development of normal gauge railways in their zone, and (Oct. 1931) 1,240 kilometres of normal and 1,300 kilometres of narrow gauge track are in working order. In addition, the completion of working order. In author, the Completion of the Tangier-Fez full gauge system gives through service between Tangier and the principal towns of the French zone. Telegraphic communication is established by submarine cables from Tangier to Cadiz, Gibraltar, Bio Martin, McIllin, Tarifa and Oran, also between Casablanca and Brest. There are wireless stations at Tangier, Tetuan (military), Rabat, and Casablanca: inland lines have been built by the French connecting all important places in their zone, as well as to the borders of the Spanish zone, and the latter line is being extended to Tangier. The chief roads in the Tangier and Spanish zones are those linking Tangier to Ceuta vit Tetnan in the North, and to Arzila, Laralche, and the French zone in the South. The French zone is well equipped with good main and secondary roads. Air Services are maintained between Casablanca and Toulouse (dafly), and Casablanca and Dakar (weekly).

The principal Harbours are Casablanca, and (cuta (for Tetuan), Tangier, Laraiche, Rabat, Mazagan, Safti, Kemtra, and Mogador.

External Trade.—The imports into the French Zone in 1931 were valued at 1,083,292,000 francs, and exports from French zone, 193,766,042,000 francs. The imports into the Tanguer Zone (1931) were valued at 93,229,030 francs and the exports from the zone at 22,276,275 francs. No customs statistics for the Spanish Zone have been published for many years.

CAPITAL of French zone, Rabat, population 52,000 (Fez in the North, and Marrakesh in the South being the old capitals of the Sultans). The French Resident-General is M. Henri Ponsot CAPITAL of Spanish zone, Tetuan, population p.000 (principal ports, Laraiche and Rio Martin,

for Totuan). CAPITAL of International zone, Tangler,

population 45,000.

Other towns (with populations exclusive of French army of occupation) are Fcz (207,843).

Meknes (56,770). Salo Marrakesh (193,582), Meknes (56,770), Saló (25,821), Casabianca (161,113), Rabat, with Salé (77,821), Mazagan (19,601), Saffi (26,158), and Dudjda (29,220).

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Tangier-Consul-General (with personal rank of Minister Plenipotentiary), E. F. Gye,

,. Consul, A. J. Gardener. ,. Vice-Consul, W. B. C. W. Forester. Rabat -- Consul-General, W. S. Edmonds, C.M.G., O.B. K.

Vice Consul, T. Wikeley.

., Pro-Consul, E. N. Dempster. Casablanca—Consul, F. H. W. Stonehewer-Bird.

O. B. K. Vice-Consuls, R. H. Broome, M.B.E.; R. E. Ellison; J. W. Blanch (acting).

Marraban-Vice-Consul, S. J. Lasry.

Maragan-Vice-Consul, J. F. R. Vaughan-Russell.

Mazagan-Vice-Consul, T. S. Spiuney, M.B.E.

Fez-Vice-Consul, A. H. King.

Tetuan-Consul, G. E. A. C. Monck-Mason. Pro-Consul, Albert F. Morillo.

Laraiche-Vice-Consul, L. Forde.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR TANGIER AND SPANISH ZONES. Sec., H. Leakey. Tangier.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR FRENCH ZONE (Casablanca). Sec., E. H. Lart.

Tangier is distant from London about x,soo miles; transit 4 days by sea; 3 by land; 1/2

#### NAJD and HEJAZ. See Arabia.

#### NETHERLANDS (or HOLLAND). (Mederland.)

Queen, Wilhelmina Helena Pauline Maria, born August 31, 1880, succeeded her late father, King William III., Nov. 23, 1890; mar., Fel., 1901, H.R.H. Prince Henry, Prince of the Netherlands and Duke of Mecklenburg.

Teiress Apparent, Princess Juliana of Orange-Nassau, Duchess of Mecklenburg, born April 30,

Queen-Mother, Emma, Princess of Waldeck and Pyrmont, horn August 2, 1858; married the late King, Jan. 7, 1879, who died November 23, 1890; acted as Regent 1890-1898.

#### MINISTRY (May, 1933).

Prime Minister and Minister of the Colonies, Dr. H. Cohin.

Interior, Dr. J. A. de Wilde. Fenance, Dr. P. J. Ond.

Foreign Affairs, Jonkheer Dr. A. C. D. de Grueff.

Social Affairs, Prof. J. R. Slotemaker de Bruine. Defence, Maitre Dr. L. N. Deckers. Ways and Communications, Dr. J. A. Kalff. Education, Science and Art, Dr. H. P. Marchant. Economic Affairs, Mattre T. J. Verschuur.

Minister in Loudon, Jonkheer Maitre R. de Marees van Swinderen, az Portman Square,

Chancery, 21A Portman Square, W. 1. Counsellor of Legation, J. J. B. Bosch Chevalier

de Rosenthal.

Commercial Attache, F. B. s' Jacob. Consul-Gen., Th. H. de Meester, 28 Laugham

Street, W. 1.
Consul, A. Mereus.
Agricultural Adviser (20 Cleveland Square, W.2.), B. Gerritzen.

A maritime Kingdom of Central Europe, situate on the North Sea, in lat. 50° 46′—53° 34′ N. and long. 3° 22′—7° 14′ E., consisting of 11 provinces, and containing a total area of 13,214 square miles, with a population Dec. 21, 1931, of 8,051,808
The majority, about 55 per cent., belong to the several Reformed Churches, and the remainder are Roman Catholics, with about 115,000 Jews.
The land is generally flat and low, intersected by numerous canals and connecting rivers—in fact, a network of water courses. The In fact, a network of water courses. The highest point is at Vaals, 556 ft. above mean sea level, but almost half the country is below the mean level of the sea. The principal rivers are the Rhine, Maas, and Yssel, with the mouths of the Schelde. The chief native products are herrings and other fish, cattle, horses, swine, sheep, poultry, eggs, seed, potatoes, oats, rye, wheat, barley, beans, peas, buck-wheat, sugarbeet, chicory, flax, hemp, tobacco, bulbs and dairy produce. The principal manufactures are slipping, bricks, margarine, cocoa, chocolate, linen, rich damasks, cottons, wollers address of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of the product of th woollens, eigars and other manufactured tobacco, caudles, confectionery, carthenware and pottery, glass bottles and ware, sugar, chemical and pharmaceutical products, matches, perfumery, bicycles, lasots and shoes, starch, potato flour, engines, metal substances, iron and steel, wireless sets and parts, works of art in gold and silver, incandescent lamps, wireless apparatus and parts, machinery, motors, paper, cardboard, printing, oils, beer, "geneva" and other liquours. Coal production (1932) 12,756,000 tons. Diamond-cutting employs numerous hands in Amsterdam

Communications .- The total extent of navi-Communications.—The total extent of matigable rivers and canals is 4,687 miles. There were 2,200 miles of railroad in open 1930, 7,005 miles of telegraph cable, and 4,275 miles of telephone cable. The mercantile manne, on Jan. x, 1932, consisted of 200 steam and motor vessels of 6,907,000 cubic metres gross. In 1930 about 20,000 vossels (84,714,000 tons) entered and cleared at the various ports. An Act for the damning and draming of the Zuyder Zee was massed in 200 the dam was completed in was passed in xgr8; the dam was completed in

Defence.-The Home Forces consist of a ochece.—Inc Home Forces consist of a conscript army, with an annual levy of 19,500 men, producing a first-line army of 270,000, or (including reserves) 250,000 all tanks. The Royal Navy consists of xx protected and 58 unprotected vessels.

miprocected vessels. Relucation. — Private State-aided primary instruction is encouraged rather than public, though the latter is provided if lequired, by local taxation. The average attendance at primary schools is 95 per cent. Secondary schools for working classes are numerons, well equipped and attended. The principal Universities are at Ametadam Groningen Ledden. sities are at Amsterdam, fromingen, Leiden, Nijmegen (R.C.), and Utrecht, and there are technical universities at Delit (polytechnic), Rotterdam (commercial), Wageningen (agriculture), and Utrecht (vetermary).

Revenue (Budget) ......*fl.515,836,981 Expenditure (Budget) ... .... 593,141,693

Public Debt (Dec. 31, 1931) :Interest-bearing Funded ... ..*11.2,348,429,000 Non-interest-bearing Floating .. 205,010,000 1931 1032

£14,485,000 ·

COURT CAPITAL, The Hague. Pop. (1931), 459,885. COMMERCIAL CAPITALS, Amsterdam, population (1932), 772,373; and Rotterdam, population (1932), 586,803; other large towns are I trecht (157,987), Gronlugen (109,477) and Haarlem (124,855).

BRITISH LEGATION.

(Hooge Westeinde zs. The Hague.)

Enroy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Sir Hubert Montgomery,

o fl.za zoś = £z (normal).

Asst. Naval Attaché, Engineer-Commander F. V. Stopford, R.N. Military Attaché, Maj. Hon. William Fraser,

D.S.O., M.C.

Air Attache, Group Capt. R. M. Field. Archivist and Pro-Consul, Francis A. Chambers, M.R.K.

Asst. Archivist, B. L. Sleigh.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Amsterdam—Consul-General, L. M. Robiuson.

" Consul, C. J. Laming. " Pro-Consuls, Stanley W. Simpson; J. W.

Lec.

Rotterdam-Cons.-Gen., F. G. Rule.

Cottendam—Cons. Gen., F. G. Ruie.
"Vice-Consuls, I. Garrett (acting); Frederick W. Cresswell; R. B. Boyd Tollington.
"Pro-Consul, William E. B. Newenham.
Dordrecht.—Vice-Consul, J. G. Vresendorp, Jim.
Flushing—Vice-Consul, Preter de Bruyne.
Pro-Consul, S. Minderhoud.
The Hague and Scheeningen—Consul, St.
John Turner.
Pro-Consul, W. E. Rapson.

, Pro-Consul, W. E. Ransom. Netherlands' East Indies .— Bataria (Java)-Consul-General, H. Fitzmanrice, M.B.E. Consul, H. F. C. Walsh. Clerical Officer, R. C. Bernard.

Commercial Agent and Conent, II. A. N. Bluett, O.B.E. Agent, G. N. Carey.

M.B K.

M.B.K.

Macassar (Celébes) - Vice-Consul, C. M. David.

Padang (Sumutra) - Vice-Consul, H. Levison.

Sumara: q (Jaeu) - Vice-Consul, R. E. Bussell.

,, Pro-Consul, C. N. Howard.

Sourabaya (Jaeu) - Consul, J. D. Hogg, M.B.K.

, Vice-Consul, W. F. Loudon.

,, Pro-Consul, R. D. Stewart.

Medan (Sumutra) - Consul, H. B. Henderson.

Vice-Consul (Wash)

Vice-Consul (vacant).
Pro-Consul, James A. Bland.

Netherlands West Indies .-

Aruba-Vice-Consul, Capt. R. Rodger. Willemstad, Cara, ao- Vice-Consul, B. Maduro. Transit from London to the Hagne, 8 hours.

NETHERLANDS COLONIES.

I Netherlands' East Indies:—
"Netherlands' India" comprises the islands of Java and Madura, the island of Sumatra, the Riome-Lingga Archipelago (which with Karimon, Anambas, Natuna Islands, Tambelan, and part of Sumatra, forms the "Residency of Riouw of Sumatra, forms the "Residency of Rioniv", the calands of Banghe and Builtin, part of the island of Borneo, Celiber Island, the Molucca Islands (Ternate, Halmahera, Bunu, Ceram, Banda, Timor-Lant, Larat, Bachiam, Obi, Kef, Aru, Babar, Leti and Wetar, part of New Grinea, part of Tomor Island, and the islands of Badi and Lombok, with a total area of 730,000 sq. milea, and a population estimated at 53,000,000. The administrative capital is Batavia (pop. about

260,000) Governor-General, Jonkheer Dr. B. C. de

Jonge, apprinted 1931.

Java and Madura (51,000 sq. miles, pop. 1930, 40,000,000) furnish sugar, tobacco, tea, coffee, tin, rubber, and other products for exportation. The "outlying" islands are frequently administered by their own princes, subject to the directions of a Netherlands Resident. There was (1929) a colonial army of 1,293 officers and 37,200 men. The colonial revenue for 1931 was estimated at fi. 833 524,000 and the expendi-

ture at fl. 887, 102,000. The trade of Netherlands India was valued in 1929 at fl. 1,487,801,000 for exports and at fl. 1,166,305,000 for imports. The trade with Great Britain in 1930 was valued at £4,520,420 for imports from, and at £6,586,272 for exports to Great Britain.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR NETHER-LANDS E. INDIE, Batavia, Java (and King William Street House, Arthur Street, London,

EU.4). II. Netherlands' West Indies -"Netherlands' West Indies" comprise the mainland colony of Surinam (" Dutch Guiana in South America, and certain islands in the West Indies known as the "Colony of Curação (Curação, Bonaire, Ainba, part of St. Martin, St. Eustatius, and Saba) with a total area of 400 sq. niles, and a population estimated (1929) at 65,750. The administration capital of Surman is Paramaribo (pop. 50,000); the capital of Curaçaa is Willemstad (pop. 21,000).

#### NICARAGUA.

(República de Nicaragua.) President (1933-1936), Senor Doctor Don Juan Bautista Sacasa, assumed office Jan. 1, 1933 (until Dec. 31, 1936).

Minister in London, Senor Don Eduardo Perez-Triana, 4 Moorgate, E.C., 2. Pire-Commun. F. V. Cock, 15 Union Court, E.C. 2. The largest State of Central America, with a Into largest state of Central America, with a long scaboard on both the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, situate between 9° 45′—15′ N lat. and 83° 40′—87′ 38′ W. long., containing an area of \$7,660 English square miles and a population (1930) of about 750,000, of whom about three-quarters are mixed blood and the rest Indians, including the Maranton who detail on the including the Mosquitos, who dwell on the Atlantic littoral and were formerly under British protection.

Nicaragna was discovered by Columbus in 150s, and was overrun by the Spaniards under Davila in the first quarter of the 16th century, forming part of the Spanish Captaincy-General of Guatemala until 1821, when its independence was secured. The present constitution rests on the fundamental law of Nov. 10, 1911 (amended 1913) and is that of a centralised republic. The President is elected by direct suffrage for four years.

The chief products are coffee, bananas, sugar, timher (cedar, mahogany, rosewood, &c.), tolacco, maize, rice, beans, cocos, hides, gold and silver. Considerable quantities of foodstuffs are imported as well as cottons and other mannfactures, principally from the United States, which also take the greater part of the exports.

There are (1933) 200 miles of rankay, 2,842 miles of telegraph and 3,216 mnles of telephone, and a powerful wireless station was completed at Managua in 1934. Good roads are very few, and transportation, especially in the rainy season (May-Nov.), is attended with great difficulties.

Corinto, on the Pacific coast, is the chief port of the country, handling about 70 per cont. of the total trade. Binefields and Puerto Cabezas, on the E. coast, are mainly concerned with the shipment of bananas and timber to New Orleans. Owing to defective communications the Atlantic littoral is practically isolated from the rest of the Republic and the chief centres of population. Education is backward, at least 60 per cent. of the population being illiterate.

The official language of the country is Spanish.

Public revenue Public expenditure		*C\$2,770,574
External debt (Feb. 1.	3,934,236	2,770,574
1933)		£487,780
&Internal debt (Dec. 31)		*C\$1.157,750
Exports	6,575,058	
Imports Exports to U.K	6,015,481	
Imports from U.K	461,111 444.283	

1021.

CAPITAL, Managna. Population 45,000; León, 35,000 ; Granada, 18,000. FLAG: Three horizontal bands, blue, white, blue (the arms of the Republic on white band.

displaying five volcanoes, surmounted by cap of

liberty under a rambow). BRITISH LEGATION Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul-Gen. (res dent at Guatemala).

J. H. Stopford Birch (1933). BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES

Managua-Charge d'Affaires ad interim and Acting Consul-General for Nicaragua, Leonard H. Leach.

,, Vice-Consul, H. I. Thompson. Corinto-Vice-Consul, A. W. Griffith. Leon-Vice-Consul, Frank A. May. Matagulpa-Vice-Consul, Alex. C. Potter. Puerto Cabezus-Vice-Consul, A. G. Earle. Distant 5,800 miles ; transit, 30 days.

### NORWAY.

(Norge, ),

King, Haakon VII., born Aug. 3, 1872, accepted the Crown Nov. 18, 1905, married 1896 H. R. H. Princess Mand (b. Nov. 26, 1869), daughter of King Edward VII.

Heir-Amagana VII.

Heir-Apparent, H.R H. the Crown Prince Olav, b. July 2, 1903; married March 21, 1929, Princess Martha of Sweden.

(ABINET (March 3, 1933).
Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Afairs,

Joh. Ludw. Mowinckel. Agriculture, Haakon Five.

Public Works, O. Mjelde. Commerce, Navigation, and Industry, Lars

Meling. Finance, Per Lund.
Justice, Arne Sunde.

Ecclesiastical Affairs and Public Instruction.

Knut Liestol.

Defence, J. Kobro. Social Affairs, Trygve Utheim.

Minister in London, His Excellency P. B. Vogt. Offices of Legation, Norway House, 22-24 Cockspur Street, S.W. z.

Counsellor, Daniel Steen.

Secretary, Rolf Anderson Consul-General, G Conradi. Vice-Consul. Sty Thobroe O'mer.

Vice-Count. Sty Thobroe O'mer.

Norway, an independent kingdom, founded in

872 (fundamental law of May 17, 1814), was united
with Sweden under the same King from Nov. 4,
1814, to June 7, 1902, when the union was dissolved.
The Parliament of 150 members is called the
"Storting," which is divided into two sections,
chosen by itself to discuss projected Bills, called
"Odelsting" and "Lagting." Norway, the western

• C\$ = Córdoba, worth \$1 U.S. ‡ As at Feb z 1953. Figures include Consolidated debt only and do not include claims presented to the Mixed Claims Commission, and other debts which amount to approximately Cdag.co.co, the awards which will be reduced to a very considerable extent.

and northern portion of the Scandinavian peninsula, is about 1, 100 miles in length, its greatest width about 250 miles. It is divided into 20 provinces, or fylker, and comprises an area of 124,455 sq miles with a population (1932) of 2,845,079 The const-line is extensive, deeply indented with numerous flords, and fringed with an immense number of rocky islands. The surface is mountainous, consisting of elevated and barren tablelands, separated by deep and narrow valleys. The cultivated area is about one-fortieth part of the country; forests cover nearly one-fourth; the rest consists of highland pastures or uninhabitable mountains.

The chief industries are agriculture and forestry, manufactures, fisheries and shipping Agriculture and forestry give employment to one-third of the population. Manufactures are aided by great resources of water power, estimated at 9,200,000 kw., of which 13 per cent, are utilized. In normal years the quantity of fish utilized in hormal years too quantity of the caught by Norwegian fishing vessels is greater than that of Gt. Butain, and more than 60 per cent, of the whale oil production of the world is from Norwegian Companies. The imports consist chiefly of foodstuffs, raw materials for the manufacturing industries and coal and fuel The chief exports are fish, oil, and other products of the fisheries, tinned goods, pulp, paper, iron ore and pyrites, stone, cement, calcium carbide, nitrate of soda, alumnium,

ferro-alloys, intrute of lime, zinc, cyanide &c Defence,—Service in the National Militar is universal and compulsory. The peace strength is about 20,000 all ranks. In time of war all males between the ages of 18 and 55 are hable for service. The Navy consists of 4 monchads, 17 torpedo-boats, 3 destrovers, 9 submannes, and several minelayers. There are 60 scaphanes and aeroplanes

Education is compulsory and free between the ages of 7 and 14, schools being maintained by local taxation with State grants in aid. The attendance is high. Secondary schools are provided by the State, by local authorities, and privately. There are many special schools and industrial and technical institutes. The University versity of Oslo was attended in 1932 by 3,734 students.

Communications .- The total length of railways open in 1932 was 2,407 miles, of which 229 miles were private lines. The length of telegraphs and telephones in 1932 was 36,032 miles (State, 22,583) with 601,780 miles of wire (State, 434,310 miles). The mercantile marine, Jan. 1, 1933, consisted of 4,023 vessels, of 2,460,700 net tons. The gross carnings of the Norwegian mercantile marine in foreign traffic amounted in 1932 to about 363,800,000 kronei.

Budget, 1933-34.	Kroner.
Ordinary Revenue	335,045,000
Extraordinary do	32,324,000
Ordinary Expenditure	310,319,000
Extraordinary do	57,050,000
Public Debt (June 30, 1932)	1,526,050,000
	1932.
Total importsKrone	7 690,376,000
Total exports	568 591,000
Imports from U.K. (1932)	
Exports to U.K. (1932)	143,635,000
CAPITAL, Oslo. Pop (Dec. 1, 10 Other large towns are Bergen (98,303 (54,135), and Stavanger (46,353).	30), 253,124
FLAG. Red, with white-bordered	blue cross.

BRITISH LEGATION.

(Drammensveien 79, Oslo.)
Enron Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentearn, Sir C. J. F. R. Wingfield, K.C.M.G. (1929)

28t Secretary, G. D. H. Fullerton-Carnegie,

Hon. Attache, A. Campbell.

Commercial Sec. (Grade 11.), C. L. Paus, C.B.E. Naval Attuche, Capt. G. C. Muirhead-Gould, D & C., R N.

Asst Aural Attache, Engr.-Com. F. V. Stopford, R N

Military Attache, Col. A. F. A. N. Thorne, C.M.C., D.S.O. Air Attache, Wing Commander J. H. Herring,

DSO, MC, Hou, Chaplain, Rev G. E. Mooney, O.B.E., M.A.

Translator, W. H. Weedon, M.B E

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Oslo-Consul, N. Vorley, o B K.

Vice-Consul, J. C. Aird. Arendal Vice-Consul, Emil Kallevig. Drammen -- Vire Consul, Johannes Svenas. Fredrikstad - Vice-Consul, Oscar This, M.B.E. Halden- Vice-Consul, W. J. Thompson. Halden- Ver-Consid, w. J. Thompson.
Krishansand - Fuer-Consid, Berut Reinhardt.
Lareik Ver-Consid, R. C. Niclsen
Mandal - Ver-Consid, H. P. Tallaksen.
Mosse- Ver-Consid, Johan J. H. Vogt.
Porsymme-Vice-Consid, Christen Knudsen.
Sandermid, Ver-Consid, Christen Knudsen. Sander pu d—Vice-Consul, A. C. Olsen. Sarpsborg — Vice-Consul, Alfred Chappell.

Skien-- Vice-Consul, C. Stousland. Pre-Consul, C. P. Winsnes Tousberg-Vice-Consul, H Waalmann Bergen-Consul, J. P. MacGregor. ,, Vice-Consul, Emar Grau.

Pro-Consul, C. B. Christensen. Hammerfest-Vice-Consul, Heinrich Nissen. Hangesund-Vice-Consul, Johannes Sundfor,

Haugestuni - 1 ve-Consid, Johannes Sundfor, M.B.E.

Krotiansund V.-C., J. C. Loenuchen
Lofaten Is (Sudver) - Vve-Consul, G. Berg.
Narnd. - Vve-Consul, J. N. Auguntd, M.B.E.
Staranger - Vve-Consul, T. D. Spence.

Pro-Consul, P. L. Nielsen.

Tromao - Vve-Consul, C. S. Snether, M.B.E.

Trondheim - Consul, F. Kjeldsberg, O.B.E.,

M. V.O.

Vardo-Vice-Consul, Leif Olsen.

Oslo, 656 miles; transit, 50 bours; Bergen, 33 hours.

SVALBARD. (Spitshergen and Bear Island)

By Treaty (Feb. 3, 1920) the sovereignty of Norway over the Spitsbergen ("Pointed Monntam") Archipelago was recognised by the Great Powers and other interested nations, and on

Powers and other interested nations, and on Ang. 14, 1925, the Archipelano was officially taken over by Norway.

The Svalbard Archipelano lies between 74°-81° N. lat, and between 16°-35' E. long., with an estimated area of 24,295 square miles. The archipelano consists of a main island, known as West Spitsbergen (15,200 sq. miles); North East Land, closely adjoining and separated by Hinlopen Strait; the Wiche Islands, separated from the mainland by Olga Strait; Barem's and Edge Islands, separated from the mainland by Stort Fjord (or Wybe Jansz Water); Prince Charles Forelond, to the W.; Hope Island, to the S.E.; Bear Island (68 square miles) 127 miles to the

s.; with many similar islands in the neighbourhood of the main group. The principal mineral is coal. In 1932 the coal export was about 215,952 tons. The wintering force in 1932-32, was 436 strong; the archipelago is also visited by hunters for seal, foxes and polar bears.

Svalbard revenue (1933-34) ......kroner 96.000 do. expenditure (1933-34) ....., 96,000 South Cape is 370 miles from the Norwegian Coast. Ice Fjord is 520 miles from Tromso, 650 miles from Murniansk, and 1,300 miles from Aberdeen. Transit from Tromso to Green Harbour (the postal station, with a high-power Telefunken wireless station) 21/2 to 3 days; from Aberdeen 5 to 6 days

Addresses 5 to days.

JAN MAYEN, an island in the Arctic Ocean (70° 49′—71° 9′ N. lat. and 7° 53′—9° 5′ N. long.) was joined to Norway by law of Feb. 27, 1930.

BOUVET ISLAND, in the Antarctic (54° 25′ S. lat. and 3° 24′ E. long) was declared a dependency of Norway by law of Feb. 27, 1930.

Peter Ist's Island, in the Antarctic (68° 50′ S.

lat. and 90°35' W. long.) was declared a dependency of Norway by resolution of Government, May 1, 1931

#### OMAN. Sec Arabia.

#### PANAMA

(Republica de Panama.) President (1932-1936), Seftor Dr. Don Harmodio Arias, born July 3, 1887; assumed office Oct. 1, 1932. Secretary of Government and Minister of Justice, Señor Colonel Don Juan Automo Jiménez. Foreign Affairs, Senor Don Juan Demostenes Arosemena.

Minister in London, Schor Dr. Don Belisario Portas (resides in Paris). Consul-General in London, Señor Don I. J. Valdés, Jr., 232 Finsbury Pavement House,

Panama, formerly one of the nine Departments of Colombia, revolted in Nov. 1903, and established a separate Government. The area of the Republic is 31.800 square miles, the popula-tion 467,459 (excluding Canal Zone). The soil is extremely fertile, but there is little cultivation and nearly one-half of the land is unoccupied.
The chief crops are bananas, coconuts, caco, coffce, and cereals. The imports are almost entirely manufactured goods and foodstuffs. A railway 47 miles in length joins the Atlantic and Pacific oceans.

	1933-34.
Budget Revenue	\$11,848,045
Budget Expenditure	11,848,045
•	1932
Imports	\$8,247,167
Exports	
Imports from U.K.	
Exports to U.K	
The language spoken is Spanish.	
CAPITAL Panama, Population	7020). 82.827

Colon (1930) 33,450.

FLAG: Quarterly, white with blue star, red, blue, and white with red star.

BRITISH LEGATION. Enroy Extraordinary & Minister Plenipoten-tiary, Sir Josiah Crosby, K.B.E., C.I.E. 

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Panama-Vice-Consul (with local rank of and Secretary and Charge d' Affaires),

Bocas del Toro-Vice-Consul, W. H. Ponton.
Colon-Consul, G. L. Rogers, M.C.

Vice-Consul, F. B. A. Ruudall.

Pro-Consul, Lincoln Delgado.

Panama, 4,650 miles; transit from Liverpool direct every 10 days, 17 days; from Southampton fortnightly, 28 days; from Avonmouth (vid Jamaica) fortnightly, 21 days; vid N.Y., 14 days.

# PAPAL STATE, The. (State Città Vaticana.)

overeign Pontiff (26oth), His Holiness Pope Pius XI. (Achille Ratti), born at Desio, Sovereign March 31, 1857, elected Pope (in succession to Benedict XV.) Feb. 6, 1922.

The office of the ecclesiastical head of the Roman Catholic Church is vested in the Pope of Rome, who is the Sovereign Pontiff of the Western Church. The Papel States were incomposited The Papal States were incorporated with Italy from 1860 to 1870, and the territory of the Papacy was confined to the palaces of the Vatican and the Lateran and the Villa of Castel-Gandolfo. In 1870 the incorporation of the Papal States in Italy left the temporal power of the Pope in suspense until the treaty of Feb. zz, 1929, which recognised the full and independent sovereignity of the Holy See in the City of the Vatican. Accompanying the treaty were conventions regulating the condition of religion and of the Catholic Church in Italy and agreeing to pay 750,000,000 life in cash and the income at 5 per cent. on 1,000,000,000 lire state bonds as a final settlement of the claims of the Holy See against Italy for the loss of temporal power.

LIST O	F POPES.*	
Sovereign Pontiff Innocent IX	Family Name	Elected.
Innocent IX	Facchmetti	1591
Clement VIII	Aldobraudini	1502
I eo XI	. Medici	. 160x
Paul V	. Borghese	Thor
Gregory XV	I ndovisi	1621
Urban VIII	Barberini	1623
Innocent X	Pamphili	1644
Alexander VII	.Chigi	1655
Clement IX	Rospighosi	1667
Clement X	Altieri	1660
Innocent X1	Odesonlebi	-6-6
Alexander VIII	Ottoboni	··· 1680
Alexander VIII In nocent XII	Pignatelti	тбот
Clement XI	Albani	···· 1700
Innocent XIII		
Benedict XIII	Orsini	1794
Clement XII	Corsini	1730
Benedict XIV	Lambertini	1740
Clement XIII	Rezzonico	1748
Clement XIV	Ganganelli	1769
Pius VI	Braschi	1775
Pius VII	.Chiaramonti	z800
Leo XII	della Genga	1822
Pius VIII	Castiglioni	1820
Gregory XVI	Cappellari	1821
Pius IX	. Mastai-Ferretti	1846
Leo XIII	Pecci	x898
Pius X	.Sarto	1903
Benedict XV	della Chiesa	1014
Pius XI	Ratti	1022

Adrian IV (Nicholas Brakespeare, the only Englishman elected Pope) was born at St. Albans, elected Pope, on the death of Anastasius IV 2154; died 2259.

#### BRITISH LEGATION. (Via 4 Fontane so, Rome 5.)

British Envoy Extraordinary & Minister Plenipotentiary to the Holy See., Sir Robert Clive, K.C.M.G. (1933). ust Secretary (acant).
Temporary Secretary, R. Thynne.

#### PARAGUAY.

### (República del Paraguay.)

President (1932-36), Dr. Eusebio Ayala. Vice-President, Dr. Raul Casal Ribeiro. Interior, Dr. Narciso Mendez Benitez. Foreign Affairs, Dr. Justo Pastor Benitez. Finance, Don Benjamin Banks. Justice and Instruction. Dr. Justo Prieto. Defence, Dr. Victor Rojas. Economy, Dr. Luis A. Riart.

Minister in London (vacant).

Consul-General in London and Charge d'Affaires, Senor Dr Don Rogelio Espinoza, 22 Russell Square, W.C. z.

An inland State of South America, situate between 20°-6° 30' S. lat. and 54°-62° W. long. The area of Paraguay (exclusive of the Chaco) is computed at 61,600 square miles, and it contains a population estimated in 1930 at about

850,000.
Paraguay was visited in 1527 by Schastian Cabot, and in 1535 was settled as a Spanish possession. In 1811 Paraguay declared its independence of Spain, and from 1814-1840 was governed by Francia, a Paraguayan despot, who was succeeded by Lopez, 1840-1862. In 1862 Francisco Solano Lopez succeeded his father, and in 1864 declared war against Brazil, Argentina and Uruguay being involved in the struggle. Against these three nations Lopez conducted a five years' war, which terminated in his defeat and death at the Battle of Cerro Cord, March 1, 1870. This dogged struggle reduced the country to complete prostration, and the population, which was 800,000 in 1857, is alleged to have fallen in 1870 to 250,000, of whom barely 30,000 were men. The present constitution was adopted at the close of the war, and under its provisions the head of the executive is the President, elected by an electoral college for four years and ineligible for office for eight consecutive years after the expiration of his term. A Vice-President is similarly elected, and succeeds automatically in the case of the death, expulsion or absence of the President. There is a Cabinet of 5 members.

Paraguay proper consists of a series of plains, intersected by abrupt ranges of hills, some of which reach an altitude of 2,000 to 3,000 feet above sea level. The Paraguay and Alto Parana rivers are navigable at all seasons for vessels of 6 to 7 feet draft. Many of the tributary streams are also navigable for much of the year. The Pilcomayo river is navigable for small craft for 18e miles from Associon; but is liable to shrink unduly with drought. Paraguay is country of grassy plains and dense forest, the soil being marshy in many parts and liable to floods; while the hills are covered for the most part with immense forests. The streams flowing into the Alto Parana descend precipitously into that river. In the angle formed by the Paran-Paraguay confluence are extensive marshes, one of which, known as "Neembucu," or endless, is drained by Lake Ypoa, a large

lagoon, south-east of the capital. The Chaco, lying between the rivers Paraguay and Pilcomayo and bounded on the north by Bolivia, forms the subject of a long standing dispute with that country and led to war in Sept., 1932; it is practically a dead level, though a slight and uniform rise westward is now known to exist, and suffers much from floods and still more from drought.

The chief agricultural products are tobacco, oranges and cassava (manioc), maize, rice, sugarcane, ground-ints, and other tropical and sut-tropical plants. The forests contain many varieties of timber, but only cedar and a few of the best known hardwoods flud a market abroad. Stock-raising, lumbering, cotton and tobacco growing, and the gathering of Yerba Mate (Paraguay tea), are the principal industries. The chief articles of export are hides, thuber, yerba mate, tobacco, queb acho extract, cattle and meat products, oranges, and petitically in the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the products of the grain oil. The Army numbers 2,000 to 3,000 men. A railway, 232 miles in length, which belongs to an English company, connects Paragnay with the an English company, connects ranging more and harpentine railway system. The journey from Asinceon to Buenos Aires (985 miles) occupies 51½ hours. Train ferries enable the run to be accomplished without break of bulk. River steamers also connect Buenos Aires and Asincion (3 to 5 days). The language is Spanish.

	Actual.		estimated.
Revenue	old\$5,x22, ,, 5,465,		
-	,, 5,405,	<b>-</b> 50 ,,	4,773,773
Foreign Pobt:-	1931	L.	1932.
Euglish Loan	Gold\$3,41	83,918	\$3,288,886
Argentine Loan.		56,856	56,856
Internal Debt	,, 3,10	51,787	4,770,247
Floating Debt	,, 6:	7,770	316,827
Imports		0.738	6,417,646
Exports	,, 12,8	56,585	12,772,945
Imports from U.K.		14,163	766,232
Exports to U.K		2.850	x6o

Currency .- The value of the currency is dependent on the Argentine Exchange and is fixed at 4261 pesos to the Argentine gold peso, and 1875 pesos to the Argentine paper peso. The average rate for 1932 was \$6:10=£1 (\$1= 39¾d).

CAPITAL, Asuncion. Population (1930), 90,000 FLAG: Three horizontal bands, red, white, blue (with the Arms of the Republic on white band).

British Minister Plenipotentiary, Sir H. G. Chilton, K.C.M.G. (1933) (Resident at Buenes Aires.)

Asunoion-Consul (with local rank of First Secretary and Charge Affairse in absence or Minister), B. il. Tottenham Smith (Villa "Maria Luisa" Avenida Espana Asuncion). Vice-Consul R. J. P. Sedgwick.

#### PERSIA. (Irán.)

Shah of Persia, H.I.M. Reza Shah Pahlevi, born March 16, 1876 (a4 Esfandar, 1255); ap-pointed Oct. 31, 1925; crowned Shah, April 25, 1926.

Crown Prince, H.R.H. Shahpoor Mohammed Reza, born Oct. 26, 1919; appointed Crown Prince Feb. 25, 1926.

CABINET (Sept., 1033).

' Prime Minister, H.H. Muhammad Khan Feroughi.

Minister for Foreign Affairs, Scyyid Baghir Khan Kasimi.

War, Jafar Quli Khan Assad.

Finance, Ali Akbar Khan Davar.

Roads and Communications, Ali Khan Mansur.

Justice, Seyyid Mushin Khan Sadr.

Posts and Telegraphs, Muhammad Ali Mirza Doulatshahi.

Education, Ali Asghar Khan Hikmat (acting). Commerce (Director-General), Ali Akbar Khan Bahman.

Industry and Agriculture (Do ), Mustafa Quli Khan Bayat.

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleuspotentian // in London (vacant).

Charges d'Afaires, Muza Fatholiali Khan Nousy-Estandiny.

Legation, 10-11 Princes Gate, S.W.7. 1st Secretary (vacant).

and Secretary, Muza Hossein Khan Ghods. Attaché, Abdol Ahad Khan Yekta

Honorary Commercial Attache, Nubar Sarkıs Gulbenkian.

Consulate-General, to Prince's Gate, S.W. 7. [Kens 334x.] Consul, (vacant)

Persia-called by the natives Iran-comprises an area of 628,000 sq miles, with a population estimated at 10,000,000.

Persia is mostly an arid table-land, encircled, except on the east, by mountains, those in the north rising to 18,700 ft. The central and eastern portion is a vast salt descrt. The only navigable river is the Karim, which was opened to foreign navigation from Mohammerah to Ahwaz in 1888. Caravans and packanimals are also being superseded by motor transport of passengers and goods on the road between Tehran - Khamkin, Tehran - Pahlevi (Enzeli). Tehran - Tabriz, Tehran - Meshed, (Enzell), Tohran Tabriz, Tohran Meshed, Meshed Zahledan (Duzdah), Tehran-Bushire and Tehran-Salchabad. There are 324 miles of rail-way open, including 80 miles in the North from Aliabad Shahi to Bander Shah, and 159 miles in the South from Bander Shahpur to Salehabad.

The chief products are cereals, cotton, gums, dried fruits, silk, tobacco, and opnum. The minerals (little worked) are salt, iron, coal, minierals (those worked) are said, non, coa-copper, lead, snilplint, dec, with turquoises. Oilfields in Southern Persia have been suc-cessfully worked by an English company since 1902. The only important manufac-ture is that of woollen carpets (mostly a domestic industry), but shawls, silks, and cotton fabrics are also produced. There are extensive forests in the north and west. Sheep and goats are numerous, and good wool is produced. The Persians are mostly Shiah Muhammadans; but there are many adherents of Bahaism (an eclectic form of Deistic religions), and Armenian Christians. The laws and popular education are based on the precepts of the Koran, but efforts are being made to approximate the educational system more closely to European models. Persia is divided into provinces, of which the principal are under Governors or Governors-General.

Owing to increasing popular discontent with a corrupt and incompetent administration

and an extravagant Court, a nationalist moveand an extravagant Court, a nationalist movement began in Dec. 1905. In Aug., 1905, the Shah, Muzaffer-ud-Diu, admitting the need for reforms, granted a Constitution. He was succeeded in 1907 by his son Muhammed Ali Shah, who was deposed by the National Assembly in 1905, to be succeeded by his son, Sultan Ahmad Shah (under the regency of Nair-ul-Mulk, until 1914) As a result of the energy of Prime Minuster H. H. Reza Khan the anthority of the Descript (hyperment) was re-actabilished over Persian Government was re-established over almost the whole of Persia by means of a disciplined army of 8,000 cavalry and 22,000 infantiy, with 94 gins and soo machine gins, and a number of aeroplanes and armoured cars. Oct. 31, 1925, the Shah Ahmed Milza, who had been absent from the country for some time, been absent from the country for some time, was deposed by the National Assembly which handed over the government to the Prime Minister. On Dec. 13, 1925, the Constituent Assembly elected Reza Khan Pallavi, Shah of Persia. The Shah took the oath on Dec. 15 and was publicly proclaimed, and was crowned on April 25, 1926.

The revenue is mainly derived from land tax, Crown lands, customs, duties and from monopohes of sugar, opium, matches, tea and tobacco. The oil royalies are kept apart from the general revenue. Part of the proceeds from the sagar and tea monopolies is earmarked for the construction of rankways; the actual expendi-ture out of the fund for administration and construction of the North to South Railway was stated at Rials 366,420,732 on March 20, 1933. British commercial interests in Persia exceed those of any other country, the trade between the British Empire (including India) and Persia amounting to 36½ per cent. of the total trade of the country (1931-2), inclusive

The leading imports into Persia are cotton fabrus, tea, sugar and motor vehicles; the principal exports are heavy oils, petiol, carpets, oplum, gmm, fruits, cutton and rice. All foreign trade was in Feb. 1931 declared to be a State monopoly, and restrictions on imports and on exchange transactions were imposed.

Foreign Debt (Aug., 1933).....£1,069,397 Exports to Brit Empire ......5,932,437

Defence.—Persia now possesses an army, well equipped on modern lines, of approximately 80,000 all ranks oud a small fleet in the Persian Gulf.

Foreign Relations.—By the Anglo-Russian Convention of Aug., 1907, Great Britain and Russia mutually engaged to respect the integrity and independence of Persia while marking ont certain regions in S.E. and N.W. Persia respectively in which each had, for geographical and economic research, integrated in the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the prope reasons, special interests.

In March, 1921. Persia signed a treaty with the Russian Soviet Republic, which provides (inter alia) for mutual diplomatic and consular Ashurada, annuls all concessions previously granted to Russian Discount and Loan Bauk to the Persian Government, cancels all Persian debts to Russia, denounces all previous Russo-Persian treaties, abolishes the "capitulations" as regards Russian subjects in Persia, and denounces all treaties made between Russia an l treaties, third Powers regarding Persia. Further treaties

were signed in 1927 and 1931.

In 1922 the Persian Government engaged a number of American advisers (under Dr. Millspaugh) for the supervision and direction of the country's finances. Considerable strides were made by the country under this new régnne, a balanced budget and a programme for gradual development of the country's resources having been evolved; Dr. Millspangh's contract came to an end. A State Bank was started in 1929 under German control; a certain number of Belgians are employed in the Ministry of Finance and in the Customs Administration.

In May, 1928, the capitulatory regime came to an end; at the same time a new Tariff Convention was signed, giving Persia Tariff autonomy

CAPITAL, Tchran (100). 210,000); other large towns are Tabriz (180,000), Ispalian (80,000), Meshed (80,000), Keman (50,000), Vezi (60,000), and Shiraz (60,000).

FLAG: White, bordered with green (top) and red (bottom), with arms (lion and sun) in centre.

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Sir R. H. Hoare, K.C M.G.

Counsellor, V. A. L. Mallet (acting).

24,200

Counsellor, V. A. L. Mallet (acting).

2nd Secretary, H. L. Baggallay.

3rd Secretary, D. L. Binsk.

Oriental Secretary (with local rank of and Secretary), A. C. Trott.

Commercial Secretary (Grade 11), 8 Simmonds.

Military Attaché, Maj. G. D. Pybus. Physician, D. S. Davies, W A., M D., F.R.C S. Archivist, F. Y. Humphreys.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Tehran-Vice-Consul (with personal rank of Cound and local rank of 2nd Secretary), T V Brenan, o B E.

1. Inc-Consul, F. H. Gamble (acting),
Ahwaz-Consul, A. E. Watkinson.

Vice-Consul, (vacant).

Mohammerah—V.-Cons., Lieut. F. C.

Channey.
Pro-Cound, R. I. Barreto. Bushire—Consul-General, Lt. Col. T. C. W. Fowle, C.B.E., I A. Consul, Capt. E. H. Gastrell.

Vice-Consuls, Maj. H. J. H. Symons, M.C., I.M.S.; J. G. Bailhe

Bander Abbas - Consul, G. A. Richardson,

Ispahan—Cons.-Gen., (vacant).
, Vice-Consul, (vacant).
Ke man—Consul, Capt. C. H. Lincoln, O B E.
Kermanshah—Consul, H. A. D. Hoyland, M.B.E Meshed-Consul-General, (vacant).

Vice-Consul (vacant). Shiraz-Consul,

Pro-Consul, Abdul Ahad Khan Wazizadeh. Tabriz-Consul, C. E. S. Palmer, D.S.C.

Tabriz—Consul, V.

Vice-Consul, Maj. C. K. Dalv, C.I K.

Vice-Consul, Capt. G. F. Taylor, I. M.S.

Vice-Consul, Capt. G. F. Taylor, I. M.S. Birjand-Vice-Consul, Jemadar Fazal Haqq. Zahedan-Vice-Consul, Capt. A. C. Galloway,

BRITISH CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE at Bushire and Mohammerah.

Transit to Tehran, 8 days by rail vid U.S.S.R.; 74 days by rail vid Istanial and Nisibin (and on by car); 18 days by sea to Beirut (and on by car); 7 days by air to Baghdad (and on by car). The Junkers internal flying service was suspended in the spring of 1932.

#### PERU.

#### (República del Perú.)

President, General Oscar R. Benavides, assumed office April 30, 1933.

#### CABINET.

President of Council and Minister of Govern-ment & Police, Dom Jorge Prado.

Justice, Dr. Damel Olacchea,

War, Col. Mannel E. Rodriquez. Finance, Dr. Alfredo Solf.

Fomento, Don Carlos Alayza.

Marine and Ariation, Capt.-de-Navlo Carlos Rotalde.

Foreign Affairs, Dr. Don Solon Polo.

Minister in London, Sefior Don Alfredo Benavides, 65 Cadogan Square, 8, W. z.

ist Secretary, Señor Don Carlos Holquin y de Lavalle 3rd Secretaires, Sedor Don M. Sotil; Sedor Don

Carlos Mackeny. Consulate-General in London, 145 Sloane Street, S. W . z.

Consul-General, Senor Don S. Marron.

Con.-Gen at Liverpool, Senor Don Manuel Casio. Consul, Glasgow, Senor Don José Varela Arias. Do. Cardeff, (vacant)

Peru is a maritime Republic of South America, situated between ro 3r' ag' and ro' and ro' 3r' 3g' and ro' 3r' 3g' and 8r' ro' W. The ter intory between ro' 47' 8. and ro' ro' 8', was occupied by Chile, as the result of the Pacific Was of 1879-1882. In 1929 the Province of Tacna was returned to Pern, thile retaining the Province of Arica. The area of the Republic (1932) is 482,676 square miles, and the population (1932) is 482,676 square miles, and the population (1932) was estimated at 5,147,000. It is bounded on the north by Ecnador and Colombia, as the latter claims a territory in the Amazoman basin; on the east by Brazil and Bolivia, and on the south by Chile and Bolivia.

Peru was conquered in the early 16th century by Francisco Pixarro (born 1478, died 1541), who subjugated the Incas (a tribe of the Quichua Indians), who had invaded the country some 500 years earlier, and for nearly three centuries Peru remained under the Spanish rule. A reru it mained inder the spanish rule. A revolutionary war of 1821 1824 established its independence, declared on July 28, 1821. The constitution rests upon the fundamental law of Oct. 18, 1856 (amended in 1860, 1919 and 1933), and is that of a democratic Republic under a newly drawn constitution of rgro. The President is elected for five years by direct vote of the people.

The country is traversed throughout its length the colinery is traversed throughout its length by the Andes, running parallel to the Pacific coast, the linchest points being Huascaran (as, os feet), Huadican (20,000 feet), and Lirima, Twoora, and Survasara, all over 19,000 feet. There are four distinct regions, the costa, west of the Audes, the sierra or western slopes of the Andes, the punas or mountainous wastes below the region of perpetual snow; and the inward slopes (montaña) and boundless forests of the Amazoman basm. The constal area, lying upon and near the Pacific, is not tropical, though close to the equator, being cooled by the Humboldt-Current; its chief products are sugar, cotton, petrolenm, wool, hides and skins, and it contains the chief towns and most of the write population. the barren mountain section are to be found minerals in great richness and variety which await improved transport facilities before their production can be considerably increased; it is inhabited by Indians in a low state of civilization. Upon the eastern slope of the Andes are to be found very large tracts suitable for cultivation and stock raising, at present almost wholly mexplored owing to lack of communication, but efforts have been made in recent years to open up air routes. This part of the country should show most interesting developments in the future. The tropical lowlands lie east of the Andes towards the borders of Brazil, and consist mainly of unexplored or little known country inhabited by Indians in a savage state. archere dense jungles, of which the principal commercial product is wild rubber. The mineral production in 1931 was valued at 126,839,359 soles, The mineral with 1933 employees and 16,209 workmen, the minerals including gold, silver, copper, lead, zine, vanaduun, antimony and petroleum. The Lobos and other islands on the Pacific coast provide guano (95,000 tons in 1930)

The principal imports are foodstufts, cotton,

woollen, linen and silk goods, drugs, earthen and stone wares, machinery, explosives, metal and manufactures thereof, stationery, paper manufactures, timber and wheat. The chief exports in 1932 were petroleum and derivatives (77,188,000 soles), Cotton (33,938,000 soles), and

sugar (25,952,000 mdes).
The total length of the railways open (1929) was 2,851 miles, of which 1,195 miles are under the control of the Pernylan Corporation. There is also steam navigation on Lake Titicaca and the River Desaguadero. The castern rivers are also navigated to some extent by steam craft. less telegraphy stations have been established in many places. There is considerable activity in air services. The Naval Air Force maintains services to Iquitos and other places in the interior. The coast district is served by a national company and by the Chile-U.S.A route vid Peru. National Air Mails are carried by Peruvian military machines.

Defence. - The Army is recruited by voluntary enlistment, supplemented by conscription, and numbers about 8,000 of all ranks; the Navy includes a cruisers built at Barrow, 3 destroyers and 4 submarines. There is a military aerodrome at Chorillos (near Lima) and a scaplane station at Ancon.

Language. - Spanish is the official language of the country, but native dialects (of which Quichua is the most important) are spoken by a considerable portion of the Indian population.

Dublia voyanua	1933
Public revenue Public expenditure	*\$95,438,044
Internal Debt (Dec 31, 1951)	
External , , , ,	
Floating ,, ,, ,.	
Total imports	2932
Total exports	
Imports from U.K	
Proporte to II V	12,845,400
Exports to U.K	
CAPITAL, Lima, Population (re	30). 316.000:

other large towns are Callao (77,000) and Arequipa (70,000), and Cuzco (40,000).

FLAG: Three vertical bands, red, white, red.

BRITISH LEGATION (LIMA). Envoy Extraordinary and Menister Pleni potentiary, His Excellency Victor C. W. Forbes (1933) ......£2,600 Commercial Secretary (Grade 11.)( Local Rank), Darrell Wilson.

Naval Attache, Capt. R. H. C. Hallifax, R.N. Military Attaché, Major L. H. G. Andrews. Archivist, Haiold W. Speck, M.B.E.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Lima-Consul, Darrell Wilson. "West Consult, A. S. Fordham; G. E. Selfé, Arcquipa - Vice-Consult, R. W. Stafford, Pro-Consult, T. McMillan, Callao - Vice-Consul, H. E. Young.

Mollendo-Vice-Cons., Cecil John Bowes, Payta-Vice-Consul, R. Antram. Salaverry and Trujillo - Vice · Consul, A. C.

Clements (actual).

Iquitos—Consul, J. W. Massey.

Lima, 7,020 miles; transit, mi New York &
Colon, x6-22 days; via Liverpool & Colon, x9 to z6 days.

POLAND

(Rzecspospolita Polska.)

President, Monsiour Ignacy Mościcki, born
Dec. 1, 1867; elected June 1, 1926; re-elected

May 8, 1933.
MINISTRY (May, 1933).
Prime Minister, and Minister of Education, M. Janusz Jedrzejewicz. Interior, M. Bronislas Pieracki.

Foreign Affairs, Joseph Beck.
War, Marshal Pilsudski.
Justice, M. Czeslas Michalowski.
Finance, Prof. W. Zawadzki.
Agrarian Reform and Agrarilare, M. Brouislas

N. koniecznikow-Klukowski. Industry and Commerce, General Zarzycki

Communications and Public Works, M. Michel Butkiewicz.

*Labour*, General Hubicki. Posts and Telegraphs M. Emile Kalinski.

Ambassador in London, His Excellency Konstanty Skirmunt.

Embassy, 47, Portland Place, W. r. 18t Secretaries, M. Jan Wszelaki; M. Leon Orlowski.

and Secretary, M. Joseph Zaranski.
Commercial Counsellor, M. Tadeusz Goppert.
Consul-General, London, M. Witold Hulanicki (acting), a, Upper Montague Street, W.C. z.

i Service on External Debt suspended May, 193x The Kemmerer Financial Commission, which can e to Peru in Jan. 252x, has issued a number of Reports and Recommendations.

Stabilized May, 1931, at 28 U.S. cents; Rate of Exchange, Sept. 1933 Notes 28 5 5.

The Republic of Poland was proclaimed at Treaty of Versailes (June 28, 1928) and under the Treaty of Versailes (June 28, 1928) the assentors to the Covenant of the League of Nations, and the signatories of the Treaty of Peace, guarantee the independence of the Republic, which is reconstituted within the limits of the 18th-century "Polish Commonwealth." This State extended in the year 1772 over an area of about 286,000 80, miles, and included a population of about 13,000,000. The political boundaries of the Republic are the Baltic Sea, Germany (East Prussia), and Lithuania, in the N.; Czechoslovakla in the S.; Rumania in the S.E.; Sovict Russia in the E.; and Germany in the W. The present area of the Republic may be estimated (Jan. 1, 1932), at 32,132,336 (of whom 22,285,05, or 69's per cent., other nationalities). The predominant religion of the people is Roman Catholic, but all faiths enjoy equality, and there are a considerable number of Protestants and a very large number of Protestants and a very large number of Protestants

In 1919 hostilities broke out between Poland and Soviet Russia, and after initial successes the "Red" armies of Bolshevik Russia appeared (in August, 1920) likely to deal a crushing blow at Polish independence, the capital (Warsaw) being in peri of capture. A diamatic counter-attack by the Polish troops at the critical period reversed the nature of the campaign, and Poland was enabled to conclude peace on favourable terms.

Government.—A Republican form of government was adopted by the Constituent Assembly in 1919, the Chief of State everessing the executive authority through a Ministry responsible to the Legislature. The Legislature consists of a Diet (Seym) elected by universal adult (male and female) suffrage, and of a Senate elected by adult (male and female) suffrage of those over 30 years of age. The Constitution voted on March 17, 1921, is very Liberal. Since Marshal Phsudski's coup d'état of May 12, 1926, amendments have been inserted in the Constitution conferring on the President of the Republic the power of legislation by decree at times when the Diet is not sitting, subject to subsequent ratification by the Diet.

Production.—Mining, cotton metal work, agriculture, sugar, fo estry and stock raising are the principal industries, the chief crops being rye, wheat, oats, ban ley, potatoes, and sugar-beet; thive stock includes cattle, horses, sheep, and pigs. There are valuable coal mines in Upper Silesi, Congress Poland, and fittle Poland (Galicia); iron, zinc, lead one, internal and potassimisalts, and in Galicia (Boryslaw) are famous of fields; the output of crude oil (1931) was 157,000 metrictons. The chief manufactors are excities those of minor importance being machinery and metal works chemiculs, and leather. The exports are principally coal, timber, spelter, agricultural produce and textiles, the imports heing raw wool, cotton and jute, woollen and cotton goods, and machinery.

Defence.—The peace effective of the army is 17,000 officers and 250,000 other ranks. A small navy, for coastal defence, has been organized.

Education.—Education is compulsory and free, and there is considerable voluntary effort in addition to the work of the State. Secondary education is conducted on a high level, with good attendances, and there are universities at

Cracow (founded 1364), Warsaw, Lwow, Poznan, Lublin, and Wilno; Polytechnics at Warsaw and Lwow, and an Academy of Science at Cracow.

Communications.—There are about is,oo miles of railway and over 15,000 miles of telegraph line, with well-developed telephone systems in all the large centres. Over 4,000 miles of navigable waterways exist on the Vistula. Narew, Bug, Warta, and Pilics, of which about 1,200 are navigable by steamers. The free city of Danzig is within the Polish Customs area, free transit for Germany being guarant ed. A purely Polish port is also being constituted at Gdynia, north of Danzig, with a total water area of 790 acres, and an estimated maximum handling capacity of 6 to 7 million tons a year, when complete. During 1938 Gdynia handled 5,294,287 tons of goods. Direct railway communication is being built linking Gdynia with Upper Silesia and Czechoslovakia on the one hand, and with Rumania and the Black Sea on the other.

Revenue Ziorjis	2,001,000,000
Expenditure	2,243,927,000
Internal Debt (March 3z, z933)	438,307,550
External Debt ,, ,,	4,523,839,109
Imports Złotys	1938 861,081,000
Exports	
Imports from U.K	74,841,000
Exports to U.K	178,133,000

CAPITAL, WARSAW, on the Vistula (which is spanned by four magnificent bridges), contains many fine buildings; population 1933, 1,281,000. Other large towns are Lodz (604,000), the centre of the textale industry; Lwow or Lemberg (315,000); Poznan o. Posen, on the Warta (248,000); Kracow, on the Vistula, a town of great beauty and the capital of mediaval Poland (232,000); Wilno (201,000); Attowice (128,000); Lubhn (212,000); Bosnowice (123,000); Czestochowa (121,000); Bydgoszcz (119,000), and Bullystok (92,000).

## BRITISH EMBASSY.

(No. 18, Nowy Swiat, Warsaw.)

Ambaseador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary,

His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Sir William Erskine, G.C.M.G., M.V.O. (1929) .......£5,500 1st Secretary, G. G. M. Vereker, M.C.

3rd Secretary, P. N. Loxley.

Hon. Chaplain, Rev H. C. Carpenter. Commercial Sec. (Grade I.), C. B. Jerram.

Naval Attaché Capt. G. C. Muirhend-Gould,

D S.O., R.N.

Asst. Naval Attaché, Eng.-Com. F. V. Stopford, R.N.

Multary Attache, I.t.-Col. G. F. Connal-Rowan, Archivists, B. C. Flynn; M. E. Taylor, Asst. to Comm. Secretary, A. F. Merly, M.C.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Warsaw (No. 10 Aleja Róz)—Consul, F. Savery,
O.B.E.

" Vice-Consul, N. J. F. Leggett. " Pro-Consul, Kazimierz Prauss. Gdymia—Vice-Consul, C. H. Jeffley. Katowice—Vice-Consul, C. O. Wakefield-

Harrey.

Lwow-Vice-Consul, B. Taylor.

Lodz-Vice-Consul, E. Gilbert.

Poznan-Vice-Consul, B. W. A. Massey.

#### PORTUGAL.

(Republica Portuguesa.)

Presulent of the Republic (1928-1932), General Antonio Oscar de Fragoso Carmona, born November 24, 1869; assumed affice March 25, 1028.

CABINET (1932).

Prime Minister and Munister of Finance, Dr. Antonio de Oliveira Salazar.

Foreign Affairs, Dr. José Caetro du Matta Marine, Commander Annibal de Mesquita Guimarães.

War, Maj. Luiz Alberto de Oliveira.

Colonies, Dr. Armindo R. Monteiro. Education, Dr. Alexandre Alberto de Sonsa

Justice and Religion, Dr. Manuel Rodrigues Interior, Capt Antonio Gomes Pereirà Commerce and Industry, Senhor Schastiao

Garcia Ramires. Works and Communications, Senhor Duarte Pacheco.

Amiculture, Dr. Leovegildo Franco de Sousa.

Ambassador in London, His Excellency Dr. Ruy Ennes Ulrich.

Embassy, 12 Gloncester Place, W.1. 1st Secretary, Senhor João de Lebre e Lima and Secretary, Senhor J. de B. Ferreira da Fon-

Attaché, Senhor Antonio Rato Potier.

Attacte, Senhor Autonio Rato Potier.
Commercial Counsellor and Consul-General
(London), Senhor Joaquin Pedroso, 40,
Wohurn Sq., W.C. z.
Portugal lies between 36° 58'—42 9' zz" N. lat.
and 6' xz' 48''—9' ag' 45'' W. long, being 30z miles
in length from N. to S, and averaging about zzy in
breadth from R. to W. Continental Portugal containann suco f za cos guarar miles with a recontains an area of 34 500 square miles, with a population in 1930 of 6,190,000, and the Portuguese

Tolonies a total area of 800,400 square unles, with a population estimated at 10,384 381.

From the close of the eleventh century the government of Portugal was a monarchy, and for many centuries included the Vice-Royalty of Brazil, which declared its independence in 1822 In 1910 an armed rising in Lisbon drove the King and Royal family into evile, and the National Assembly of Aug. 22, 1911, sunctioned a Republican form of government and adopted a constitution, with a President elected by Congress for 4 years, a Congress of two chambers, and an executive appointed by the President, but responsible to the Legislature. (Ex-King Manoel, of the House of Braganza, was born Nov. 25, 1899, and succeeded on the assassination of his father Reb. 2, 1908; Ried at Fulwell Park, Twickenham, Middlesex, July 2, 1928.

The chief agricultural products of continental

Portigal are wheat (now grown in sufficient quantity to provide for the requirements of the country), barley, oats, maize, flax, hemp, and the vine in elevated tracts; in the lowlands, rice, olives, oranges, lemons, citrons, figs, vines, and almonds. There are extensive forest of oak, chestnut, sea-pine, and cork, the cultivation of the vine and the clive being among the chief branches of industry; the rich red wine known to us as "port" is shipped from Oporto. Its mineral products are important—copper, lead, tin, automony, coal, manganese, iron, slate, and bay-salt, which last, from its hardness and purity, is in demand. Its manu-

factures consist of gloves, silk, woollen, linen, and cotton fabrics, metal and earthenware goods, tobacco, cigars, &c. The exports consist to the extent of 30 per cent. of wine, which is the chief industrial product of the country; others are cork, cattle, tin, copper-ore, fruits, oil. sardines, and sait. The imports are manufactured goods—hardware, cotton and woollen stuffs, marhinery, wheat, sugar, dried fish, coal, &c. The mercantile marine (1932 mm) hered 43 steam vessels (above 1,000 tons), with a tourage of 188,871. Railways 2,140 miles in extent were open for traffic in 1931, and there were 5,742 miles of telegraph line in 1930.

Defence.—Service in the militia is universal and compulsory. The peace effective is about 35,000. War strength, about 150,000. The Navy consists of a few small ships of old pattern.

Air Fleet, 84 aeroplanes.

Revenue (estimate)

Education is free and nominally compulsory between the ages of 7 and 45, but is not strictly enforced, and about 54 per cent. of the popu-lation above 7 years old are illite; atc. Secondary education is conducted in State lyceums. There are also military, naval and other special schools. There are Universities at Coumbra, Lisbon and Oporto.

Too tours (oppliment) .		2,20,127,100
Expenditure (estimate)	)	20,200,006
Floating Debt (April, z	933)	1,903,710
(External Debt (Jan. 1	033)	30,552,767
Internal debt (Jan. 193		28,440,171
	1931	1932.
Imports£	15,174 000	£15,525,900
Exports	7,343 000	7,198,000
Imports from U.K	3,576,000	3,648,100

× 1933-34

Exports to U K. ..... 1,710,000 1,498,000 CAPITAL, Lisbon. Population (Census of 1930) (587,334). Oporto (Census of 1925) 215,625.

FLAG: Green and red, with aims in centre,

#### BRITISH EMBASSY.

(Ruas Francisco de Borja 63, Lisbon ) Ambassador, Extraordinary & Plenipotentiary, His Excellency Sir Claud Frederick William 

Ferregial de Baixo, 33, Lisbon), A. H. W. King, O.B.K.

Naval Attuché, Capt. J. U. P. Fitzgerald, R.N. Asst. Naval Attaché, Eng.-Com. F. V. Stopford, R.N

Military Attaché, Major Hon. W. Fraser, D.S.O., M.C.

Air Atlaché, Group-Capt. R. M. Field. Translator (with local runk of and Secretary), R. P. Ray, M.B.E.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Lisbon-Consul (with local rank of Commercial Secretary, Grade 11), A. H. W. King. O.B.K.

Vice-Consuls, A. E. Yapp, M.C.; Charles Broughton.

Faro and Tarira - Vice-Consul, Candido P. dos Santos.

⁵ The total National Debt of Portugal, not including the War Debt amounted (May 32, 2922) to £64,205,238, after de lucting the value of the Government holding in the various loans

Portindo-Vice-Consul, José P. d'Azevedo. St. Vincent-Vice-Consul, Capt. J. L. Sands. Pro-Consul, S. Wyndham.

Setubal—Vice-Consul, Joaquim P. Fryvell.
Villa Real de Sante Antonio—Vice-Consul, M.
D. M. Falconer.

Funchal (Madeira)—Consul, J. B. Browne, C B.E., Vice-Consul, B. England.

St. Michael's (Azores)—Consul, R. T. Hayes. Fayal—Vice-Consul, A. E. Fletcher.

Londa—Consul General, G. H. Bullock.

Vice-Consul T. F. Russell.
Lobito—Vice-Consul, A. E. Williams.
Lorenzo Marques—Consul-General, S. E. Kay,

M.B.E.

Wice-Consul, W. M. Carse.

Pro-Consul, Dennis Boam.

Heira—Vice-Consul, Edgar J. Joint.

Macao (China)—Consul-General, The Consul-General at Canton, China.

General at Canton, China.

Tew (actinu)

Oporto-Consul, S. H. Gudgeon.
,, Vice-Consul, Hemy W. Coverley.
Portuguese Guinea - Consul General, V. V.
Cusden.

St. Jago-Vice-Consul, A. J. Barbosa da Silva. Timor-Consul-General, H. Fitzmanrice, M.B.E. (Batavin).

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN PORTUGAL, 4 Rus Victor Cordon, Lisbon (Bianches at 15 Rus Costa Santos Operto, and 81 Rus dos Netos, Funckal, Maderra).

Lisbon, distance 1, 110 miles; transit, 50 hours.

#### MADEIRA AND THE AZORES.

Madeira and The Azores are administratic parts of Portugal.

The Maderras are a group of islands in the Atlantic Ocean about 570 miles west of 1 isbon, and consist of Maderra, Porto Panto and 3 min-habited islands (Deserta). The total area is 314 square miles, with a population of 220,220 (1930). Funchal in Maderia, the largest island (370 square miles), is the capital, with a popula-

tion of 50,000.

The Azorea are a group of 9 islands (Flores, Corvo, Terceira, São Jorge, Pico, I ay al, Graciosa, São Mignel and Santa Marca) in the Atlantic Ocean, with a total area of 92s squate miles and a population of 253 596 (1930). Ancra, in Terceira, the capital of the group, had a population of 12,057 in 1920.

#### PORTUGUESE COLONIES.

CAPE VERDE ISLANDS, off the west coast of Africa, have an area of 1,525 square nules and a population of 148,300. Estimated revenue and expenditure 1930-72 f.r.6.230; imports (1930) 4.622,310; exports, £41,500; shipping entries (1920) 1,593 vessels (702 British).

SAO THOME and PRINCIPE ISLANDS, in the Gulf of Gninea (area 442 square miles, population 50,060. Estimated revenue (1930-21), £121,860; expenditure, £121 630; imports (1729), £450,060; exports, £739,850.

PORTUGUESE GUINEA, on the west coast of Africa, has an area of 14,000 square unless and a population of 806,973. Estimated revenue (1030-31). £249,190; expenditure, £248,970; imports (1931), £168,450; exports, £270,350.

Angola (Angola and Kabinda) on the west coast of Africa has an area of 486,000 square

miles and a population estimated at 3,000,000. Estimated revenue (1930-31), £1,827,620; expenditure, £1,898,000; imports (1931), £1,348,370; exports, £1,874,400, A transcontinental railway from Renguella Calita-lucation.

A transcontinental railway from Benguelle (Lobito lay) in Angola, traversing the Katanga mineral district of the Congo and thence running southwards through Rhodesia to Buluwayo and eastwards to Beira is being developed under British, Belgian and Portugnese control. This line makes through communicatio i from Lobito Bay on the Atlantie to Beira on the Indian Ocean.

MOZAMBIQUE, in East Africa (Delagoa Bay, Gazaland, Inhambame, Mozambique, Nyasa, Qmilmane, and Tete) has a total area of 287,756 square miles, with a population of 354,652. Estimated revenue and expenditure, 1930–31, £3,219,820; imports (1931), £4,490,000; exports, £1,999,260.

Poirtuctese India has a total area of 2,470

POINT GUISSE INDIA has a total area of z,450 square miles, with a population of z48,228, and includes Goa, Damaun, and Diu. Estimated revenue and expenditure (z320-32), £522,540; imports (z320), £z,272,750; exports, £297,300. Macao, m China, on the Canton River, has an

MACAO, in China, on the Canton River, has an area of 4 square nules and a population of 257, 278. Estimated revenue (1930-31), £294,286; expenditure. £293,580, nupen to (1930), £1,904,760; exports, £1 019,000. Portuguese Timor (the northern portion of the island), in the Malny Archivelago, has an

PORTIGUESE TIMOR (the northern portion of the island), in the Malny Archipelago, has an area of 7,450 square inles, with a population of 394.518 Estimated revenue (1930-31) £78,480; expenditure, £78,280, imports (1949),£120,350; exports,£123,350.

### RUMANIA.

#### (România,)

King, Carol (Charles) born Oct. 15, 1893, succeeded June 8, 1930.

Hen Apparent, H.R. H. Prince Mihai (Michael), Grand Voevode of Alba-Juliu, born Oct. 25, 1921, succeeded his grandfuther as King, July 20, 1927 (until the return of King Carol).

#### *CABINET (October, 1933).

President of Council, A. Vaida Volvod,
Foreign Afaira, M. N. Titulescu.
Home Office, M. G. G. Mironescu.
Founce, M. M. Madgeann
Agreathure, M. Voich-Argeren,
Justice, M. Popovici.
Communications, I. Mirto.
Labour, D. Joanitzasco.
Education, Professo Gustl.
National Defence, General Samsonovici.
Commerce and Industry, M. A. Vaida Voivod
(ad out).

Minister for Bessarabia, Pan Halippa, Transylrania, E. Hatriegan.

Minister Plenipotentiary in London, (vacant). Legation Ofices, 4 Cronwell Place, S.W. 7. Chargé d'Afaires, M. Constantin Laptew (Minister Plenipotentiary).

Counsellars of Legation, M. Démètre Ciotori, M. Gregoire Constantinescu. Interpreter, M. Frederic Francke.

Military and Naval Attaché, Com. Gheorghe Niculescu. Air Attaché, Com. Ermil Gheorghiu.

O Resigned, November 11, 1933.

Commercial Secretary, M. Arthur Holban. Consul-General, (vacant). Consul-Gen. (Hon.), M. G. N. Gologan, 5-7 St. Mary Axo, E.C. 3.

Rumania is a kingdom of South Eastern Europe formerly the classical Dacia and Scythia Pontica, territory roughly defined by the three great rivers Danube, Thoiss, and Dniester, whose central point is the line of the Carpathians. The kingdom is divided into the 7 Provinces of The Banat, Transylvania, Bukavina, Bossarabia, Muntenia, Oltenia and Moldavia. Rumania has its origin in the union of the Danubian principalities of Wallachia and Moldavia (and the addition wattachia and Modicia (and the addition theoreto of a strip of Southern Bessarable) under the Treaty of Paris (April, 1856). The principalities remained separate entities under the suzerainty of the Turkish Empire until 1859, when Prince Alexandra Ion Cuza was elected Prince of both Principalities, still under the suzerainty of the Porte. Prince Cuza abdicated in 1866 and was succeeded by Prince Charles of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, in whose successors tionenzoneru-signaringen, in whose successors the crown is now vested. By the Treaty of Berlin (July 13, 1878) a new Principality (consisting of the two above mentioned) was recognised as an independent State, and part of the Dobrudja (which had been occupied by the Rumanians) was incorporated in the new Principality. On March 27, 1881, the former Principality was recognised by the Great Powers as a Kingdom. Rumania is not a "Balkan" State. She took no part in the military operations of the Balkan League against Turkey in 1912-13. Her un-exhausted military power secured for her a re-adjustment of her south-eastern (Dobrudja) frontier in 1913. In the War of 1914-1918, Rumania fought on the side of the Allies from Aug. 27, 1916, and after many vicissitudes (due mainly to the sudden collapse of the Russian Armies in 1917), she emerged in triumph at the cossation of hostilities. Her territories were greatly of hostilities. Her territories were greatly increased as a result of the War, and the ante bellum area of the Kingdom (74,461 sq. miles) may now be estimated at 123,000 sq. miles, and the 1915 population of 7,897,311 has been increased to 18,057,074 (1930 census). The domi-nating religion is that of the Greek (Orthodox) Church.

GOVERNMENT.—The government is that of a Constitutional Monarchy, the legislative assembly consusting of a Senate (56 members) elected for 4 years. and of a Chamber of Deputies (36x members) elected for 4 years by universal suffrage, provision being made for the proportional representation of minority parties. The executive is entrusted to a council of ministers.

PRODUCTION.—The soil of Wallachia, Bessarabla, and Moldavia is among the richest in Europe. The agricultural produce consists of wheat maize, millet, oats, barley, rye, beaus, and peas. The wheat crop for x93z was z,5zz,476 metric tons, rye z67,0rz, maize 5,99z,269, barley z,467,147, and oats 64z,67z metric tons. Vines and fruits are abundant. The fertile plain of Transylvania yields large crops of maize, wheat, rye, oats, flax, and hemp, and the rich lands of Bessarabia produce wheat, maize, barley, flax, tobacco, water melons, fruit, and grapes. Agriculture and sheep and cattle raising are the principal industries of the kingdom, but the climate of this part of South-Eastern Europe is of the Continental character, with intense

winter cold and summer heat, and fierce summer droughts sometimes defeat these principal industries. The forests of the mountainous regions are extensive (17,851,401 acres), and the timber industry is important. The country is rich in minerals, and produces petroleum, salt, coal, lignite, iron, gold, and mica; the workers in the olifields are the largest single unit of workers in any one industry; the production of crude oil was 1,882,zas metric tons in 1913, 369,334 metric tons in 1913, 369,334 metric tons in 1913, 369,334 metric tons in 1913, 3793,318 in 1932, 3755,634 in 1933, and 7,339,486 in 1933. Manufactures are in their infancy, and the imports are chiefly manufactured goods, textiles, machinery and metals; the exports consist principally of wheat, barley, maize, oats, petroleum, timber, cattle, salt and hides. All large estates have been expropriated and divided among the peasants.

DEFENCE—Service in the Army is universal and compulsory. In the War of 1914 1918 over 900,000 all ranks passed into the Armies of Rumania, and of this number over as per cent were killed or returned as "missing." At the resurgence of Nov. 1918, an army of 400,000 was again in the field. This force was the deciding factor in the Rumano-Hungarian question, and it drove the Bolshovik dictator (Bela Kun) into exile from Buda Pest. There is a small Navy on the Black Sea and on the Danube (30 vessels)

EDUCATION is free and nominally compulsory, there being 14,900 primary schools with 1,451,800 in attendance. Secondary schools are well attended. There are also special schools and Universities at Bucharest, Jassy, Cluj, and Cernauti. A Govornment High School of Commerce was opened in 122.

Commerce was opened in 1913.

COMMUNICATIONS.—In 1932 there were 7,364 miles of railway open for traffic in the whole kingdom; railway communication requires great development in order to cope with the problem of carrying the cereal crops to the shipping ports. There are 23,000 telegraph and telephone offices. The mercantile marine consists of about 250 steamers and 600 sailing vessels. The Black Sea ports are Sulma and Coustantza; the latter is likked with the interior

Uy a lalimay.		ZQ33-34.
Budget revenue	lei	\$2,437,572,484
Do. Extraordinary do		10,495,949,090
Budget expenditure		23,437,573,454
Do. Extraordinary do		12,842,597,482
Public debt (April 1, 1933)	,	38, 148,096,416
7 do 10 dono (11 bras 2) 1933/		-30, -40,090,4-0

CAPITAL, Bucharest, on the Dimbovitza, with population (fenens of 1930) of 631.883. Other towns are Chisinau (125,000), Cernauti (92,000), Ismail (86,000), Jassy (90,000), Galatz (81,000), Timisioara (91,000), Braila (62,000), Oradea Mare (91,000), Arad (75,000), Ciuj (207,000), Ploesti (61,000), and Craiova (75,000).

FLAG: Three vertical bands, blue, yellow, red.

BRITISH LEGATION.
(24 Strads Jules Michelet, Bucharest 3.)

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plensipotentiary, Charles Michael Palairet,
O.M.G. (1929)

12t Scretary, J. D. Greenway.

and Secretary, A. V. Coverley-Price. Hon. Attaché, Maj. M. R. Chidson, N. B. E., R.A. Commercial Sec. (Grade 11) (Strada Episcopiei, 6)., R. J. E. Humphreys. Naval Atlaché. Capt. R. B. Ramsay, M. V.O., R.N. Asst. Naval Attaché, Eng.-Com. F. V. Stopford, R.N. Military Attaché, Lt.-Col. G. F. Connal-Rowan. Archivist, A. J Johnson. BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Consul-General, T. B. Wildman. Vice-Consuls, J. R. M. Leake; C. A. Macduif. Bucharest-Vice-Consul (vacant).
Pro-Consul, D. G. Inglessis. Braila-Vice-Consul, Jack Corbu Constanza-Vice-Consul, H. G. Jakins. Sulina-Vice-Consul, G. B. Marshall. Cluj-Consul, C. D. Elphick Timisoara-Consul, Dr. Emil Szenes. Transit, 34 days. British Chamber of Commerce, Bucharest.

#### RUSSIA. see U.S.S.R.

#### SALVADOR.

(Republica de El Salvador)

resident (1931-1935), General Maximiliano Hernández Martínez, assumed office Dec. 3, 1931. Vice-President (vacant).

Forcign Affairs, Education, and Justice, Senor Dr. Don Miguel Angel Araujo.

Interior Development, Agriculture, Labour, Health, and Charity, General Salvador Health, and Cl. Castaneda Castro.

Finance, Public Credit, Industry and Commerce, Señor Dr. Don Carlos Menendez Castro War, Marine and Amation, Colonel Carlos

Borroineo Flores. Consul - General, Señor Don Samuel Jorge Dawson, 7 Union Court, Old Broad St., E.C. a.

The Republic of Salvador extends along the Pacific coast of Central America for 170 miles, with a general breadth of 43 miles, and contains an estimated area of 12,176 equare miles, with a population estimated (Dec. 1932) at 1,522,286.

It is divided into 14 departments.

Salvador was conquered in 1526 by Pedro de Alvarado, and formed part of the Spanish vice-royalty of Guatemala until 1881. In 1846 the Republic broke away from the federation of Central American States. The government is based upon a written constitution and is composed of (a) the Executive power, which is exercised by the President; (b) the Legislative power, which is in the hands of the National Assembly, and (c) the Judicial power, which rests ultimately with the Supreme Court. Riections take place once every four years, and the President is ineligible for a successive term.

The surface of the country is very mountainous, many of the peaks being volcames. The highest peak is the Santa Ana volcano (8,300 feet). Much of the interior has an average altitude of s.ooo feet. The lowlands along the coast are generally hot and unhealthy, but towards the interior the altitude tempers the severity of the heat and much has been done in recent years to improve sanitary conditions and services. There is a wet season (winter) from May to October, and a dry season (summer) from November to April. Earthquakes have been frequent in the history of Salvador, the most recent being that of 1919, when great damage was done to the capital and other towns.

The principal river is the Rio Lempa. There is a large volcanic lake (Ilopango) a few miles to the east of the capital, while further away and to the west lies the smaller but very picturesque lake of Coatepeque, which appears to have been formed in a vast crater flanked by the present Santa Ana volcano. The eastern spur of this volcano forms the peak of Izaloo, which is in an almost constant state of volcanic activity, and (on account of its visibility from the ocean) is known as "The Lighthouse of the Partite."

The chief industry is the cultivation of coffee, which is grown under shade-trees principally on the slopes of the volcanoes; cane sugar is also produced, as well as maize, indigo, rice, balsam, &c. Cotton-growing on a large scale was commenced in 1924, but on account of the ravages wrought by insects it was practically aban-doned after two seasons. In the lower altitudes towards the east henequen is produced and used in the manufacture of coffee and sugar bags. The principal exports are coffee (sometimes over go per cent. of total value), sugar, indigo, balsam, henequen, hides and skins. The chief imports are cotton textiles, flour, iron and steel goods, lard, motor cars, manures, jute sacks, chemical products, cement, petrol, thread. A British railway nearly too miles in length connects Acaintla with the capital and with the important Actions with the capital and with the important coffee centre of Santa Ana. A line from the port of La Union (on the Gulf of Fonseca) to the capital was opened in 1927, one from the capital to Santa Lucia, a suburb of Santa Ana. tapping the upper Lempa Valley; the other from the coffee centre of Ahnachapan to Santa Incia. A new line from Santa Lucia to Zacapa (in Guatemala) was opened to traffic in 1930 and affords continuous railway communication between San Salvador and Guatemala City and Barrios. During 1922-26 the re-draining and re-paving of most of the capital were completed, and plans have been made for the macadamizing or paving of several hundred miles of rural roads, many of which are now impassable during the rainy season. There is a good motor road between the port of La Libertad and the capital, while motor transportation is usually possible in the dry season between the capital and Guatemala City, over the International road opened in 1923. The Pan-American Airways maintain regular sevices connecting San Salvador with the U.S. between San Salvador and Guatemala City and sevices connecting San Salvador with the U.S. vid Guatemala Mexico-Brownsville, and vid Havana-Miami, and connecting with Panama vid Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica.

There are soz post-offices and 257 telegraph offices. There is a wireless (receiving and trans-mitting) station at the capital, and during 2026 a broadcasting station was inaugurated The language of the country is Spanish.

11,300,143 Floating Debt (Dec. 31, 1932). 12,483,850 Imports ...... 13,961,912 1,398,168 Exports to U.K. ..... 35,496

Par of Exchange 973 Colones = £1, and a Colons = 1 U.S. \$.

CAPITAL, San Salvador. Pop. 98,455.

Other towns are Santa Ana (78,321), San Miguel (41,453), San Vicente (26,131), Nueva San Salvador or Santa Tecla (31,450).

FLAG: Three horizontal bands, light blue, white, light blue.

### BRITISH LEGATION.

British Minister (see Guntemala).

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

San Salmdor-Connul and Charge d'Affaires (ad interna), R. G. Goldie. ,, Vice-Connul, Sydney M. Stadler.

Acapatla-Vice-Cons., Capt. L. R. J. C. Dale,

Cutuco-Vice-Consul, Capt. John E. Griffiths, La Libertad-Vice-Consul, H. J. Towning.

Salvador is 5,700 miles from Londou; rontes (a) New York, New Orleans, Puerto Barrios (Guntemala) and thence by rail; (b) New York and direct steamer to La Libertad; (c) direct steamer to Panana Canal and thence by steamer to La Libertad. The first route is the quickest.

#### SAN MARINO.

Regents, Two "Capitani Reggenti."

Consul-General for San Marino in Great Britain, Grand-Uff. Melvill A. Jamieson, 42 Pall Mall, S.W. 1.

Vice-Consul, Comm Giovanni Sovrani.

A small Republic in the hills near Runini, on the Adviatic, founded, it is stated, by a pions mason of Dalmatia in the 4th century, and governed by a Conneil of 60, of whom two are elected as Regents for six months (x April and x October), being thereafter meligible for office for three years. The area is 38 square miles, the population 13,983 There is an army of about 1,000. The city of San Marino (pop. 2,000) occupies the slope of Monnt Fitano, and has an impregnable castle, where King Berengar of Lombardy took refuge in 950 a.b., a fine church and Government palace, and a theatre. The principal multistics are wine, coreals, chese, oil and cattle raising, in addition to the utilization and export of gravel from Mount Titano and export of white and hydraulic lime at Serravalle. A Treaty of Extradition was concluded between the Governments of Great Britain and the Republic of San Marino on Oct. 26, 1899. An electric railway runs from Rimmi (ag minutes)

FLAG: Two horizontal bands, white, blue (with coat of arms of the Republic in centre).

British Consul-General, W. C. Randolph-Rose (Leghorn, Italy).

### SARRE TERRITORY.

Under the Treaty of Versailles Germany renounced the government of the Sarre Basm in favour of the League of Nations, the government being cultivated to a commission of members mominated for one year by the League. At the expiration of 15 years from Jan. 10, 1000, the population will be called upon to decide by a plebiscite the government under which they wish to be placed. The total area is about 743 square nules, with a population of about 774,546. The chief towns are Sarrebruck (125,020), Mennkirchen (41,021) and Saint Ingbert (20,817).

SAUDI ARABIA. See Arabia.

# SERBIA. See Yugoslavia. SIAM.

(Muang T'ai.)

King, Prajadhipok, born Nov. 8, 1893; succeeded Nov. 26, 1925. Foreign Minister, Phys Abhibal Rajmaitri.

Enroy Extraordinary & Minister Plenipotentiary in London, Phya Subarn Sompati, 23 Ashburn Place, S.W. 7.

The Kingdom of Siam, or Muang Tai (area about 195,000 square miles; population, 1929, 11,506,207), is a buffer State between British Burma and French Indo-Chma, and its integrity is gnaranteed by the British and French Governments by the Anglo-French Agreement of April, 1904. Until the middle of 1932 the King was an absolute monarch, but in June, 1932, a revolution broke out in Bangkok, various leading Princes were seized as hostages, and an invitation was sent to the King to rule in future as a constitutional mounteh. In response to the invitation a temporary Constitution Act was promulgated (June 27) under which the King remains the Head of the State, with greatly reduced powers, and there was established a People's Senate of 70 members, a deliberative and legislatwo body, while the executive power is in the hands of a Committee of zs. drawn from the People's Party. A permanent Constitution is in course of preparation. A number of English, French, Italians, Danes, and Americans are emitted. ployed in the various State departments. There is an army of nearly 50,000 men, and a few small gunboats; compulsory military service has been introduced. The Kingdom contains many Chinese (largely engaged in trade and industry), besides Shans, Laos, Malays, Binniese, and Cambodians, and over 1,800 Europeans. The principal religion is Buddhism. There are 364 throughout schools and 4,x24 schools of all kinds, attended by 448,380 civildren. The Chulalankarana University is organised with faculties of medicine, political science, engineering, and literature and science.

The upper part of Siam is mountainous, the lower flat. Bangkok is the only much-frequented port. Eighty-five per cent. of Siamese sea-borne trade, which centres at Bangkok, is with the British Empire, and is largely in the hands of British firms or of Chinese trading from Singapore and Hong Kong. Norwegian shipping holds the lead in tonnage, followed closely by British. The chief products of Siam are rice, teak, and tin (from Lower Siam). The area under rice is being much enlarged by irrigation and by railway extensions, bringing the provinces into closer touch with the capital. There is a large number of rice mills, mostly in or near Bangkok. The teak industry in the great forests of N. Siam is mainly in English hands. In 1931-32 rice consti-tuted 57.8, tin 10 and teak 3.7 per cent. of the exports from Siam; while hides and marine products are also exported. Among imports are treasure, cotton goods and yarn, silk goods, provisions, gumny bags, kerosene, sugar, opium, metals and metal wares, machinery, &c. The general tariff rate is no per cent. ad valorem, but aresid rates (marrier trees.) but special rates (ranging from 5 to 66 per cent. ad valorem) are imposed on specified articles. Burma imports teak and cattle overland from Siam, and exports thither cotton and Except tin, wolfram. rubies silk goods, &c.

£3,300

and sapphires, there are no important mineral and sapplines, there are in important inheritant products as yet. About 1,880 miles of rail-toads (mostly State-owned) are now open for traffic. Railways from Bungkok inn to Varindr (357 miles N.E.). Chiengonai (462 miles N. of Bangkok), Aranya Prades (159 miles E.); the southern line to Trang, on the west coast of the Inlay Pennsula, was open to traffic in October, 1916, and in July, 1918, was completed to the Kedah border, where junction with the Federated Malay States Railway system was effected. The E. coast line to Singer Golok (Kelantan) has also been opened to traffic. There is through railway connexion between Bangkok and Penang and Singapore. Good roads are few. There are 5,858 miles of telegraph lines.

1932 33. 1933 34 .. *£6,805,818*£6,584,402 c. .. 6,768,631 6.583,219 1, 1933) ... ... ?,568,438 Ordinary Revenue . Ordinary Expenditure. .. 6 Public debt (March 31, 1933)

1030 31 1931- 2 Total imports ......*£14,c91,717 *£9,082,622
Total exports ...... 14,683,535 12,200,622
Imports from U.K. ... 1,004,591 1,140,706 Exports to U.K. ...... 48,550 151,202

CAPITAL, Bangkok. Population (1927), 548 400

BRITISH LEGATION 

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES Bangkok-Consul-General, John Bailey ,. Pice-Consul, H. R. Bud Chrengmai-Consul, W. W. Coultas. Nakann - Lampang-Vice-Consul, R A. N.

Senggora-Vice-Consul, W. H. Newbould.

#### SPAIN.

#### (España.)

President of the Republic, Don Niceto Alcala Zamora, elected Dec. 10, 1931, assumed office, Dec. 13, 1931.

MINISTRY. (Oct 8, 1923.)

Prime Minister, Don Diego Martinez Barrios

Minister of Foreign Affairs, Don Claudio Sanchez-Albornoz Finance, Don Antonio Lara Interior, Don Mannel Rico Abello. Justice. Don Juan Botella Asensi War, Don Vicente Iranzo Enguita. Marine, Don Leand o Peta Romero. Public Works, Don Raphael Guerra del Rio.

Education, Don Domingo Bainés. Commerce and Industry, Don Felix Gordon Ordas. Communications, Señor Palomo.

Agriculture, Don Cirilo del Rio. Labour, Don Carlos Pi. Ambassador in London, Excmo. Señor Don Ramon Perez de Ayala, 24, Belgiave Square,

Counsellor, Señor Don Bernardo Rolland. zal Secretary, Señor Don F. Valdes. zad Secretary, Señor Don Javier Bermejillo. Military Attache, Lt. Col Don Felix Riaño. Naval Attache, Capt. Don Adolfo H. de Solás. Air Attaché, Commander Don Jose Legorburu. Agricultural do., Señor Don Jose Da Casa.

· At Incals II o = £I.

Commerial Attacke, Senor Don Ramoni de Oyaiziin. Consul-General, Illmo. Señor Don Luis Calderón.

zo, Gordon Square, W.C. v. Consul, Señor Don German Baráiban.

A Republic situate in the south-west of Europe, between 36'-43' 45' N. lat. and 4' 35' E. 90 30' W. long, bounded on the south and east by the Mediterranean, on the west by the Atlantic and Portugal, and on the north by the Bay of Biscay and France, from which it is separated by the Pyrenees, and occupying the larger portion of the great Iberian Pennisula. Its coast-line extends 1,327 mile 3 722 formed by the Mediterranean and 605 by the Atlantir—and it comprises a total area of 196,700 English square miles, and an estimated population, in Dec. 1931, of 22,940,752

—re to the square nulc. The interior of the
pennsula consists of an elevated tableland
surrounded and traversed by mountain ranges

the Pyrenecs, the Cantabrian Mountains, the Siera Guedarrama, S. Morena, S. Nevada, Montes de Toledo, Ac. The principal rivers are the Dono, the Tagus, the Guadana, the Guadalquiver, the Ebro, and the Mutho.

Government .- After the union of Aragon and Government.—After the union of aragon and Castile in the last quarter of the 15th century, Spain was ruled by sovereigns of the Aragon, Hubshurg and Boutbon lines (with the intervention of a Republic 1873-75), Alfonso XIII succeeding at birth in 1886. On April 14, 1931, following the results of the Numerical Elections, which showed anti-monarchical feeling to be extremely high in all the chief towns of Spain, King Alfouso XIII. left the country and the Queen and other members of the Royal Family on the following day. A Republic was immediately proclaimed and a Provisional Government, drawn from the various Republican and Socialist parties, was formed. Elections for a Constituent Assembly were held on June 28; the Assembly met on July 14 and pa-sed a vote of confidence in the Provisional Government. In December a Presidential Election was held.

Production and Trade, -- Spain is rich in iron, copper, and lead; its unneral resources are only partially exploited, and principally by foreign capital under foreign direction, rogo the coal production was 7,547,094 tons, of which 6,546,824 were pit coal, 380,204 hgmtc, and 620,066 antiracite. The country is generally fertile, and well adapted to agriculture and the cultivation of heat-loving fruits - as olives, fronts - us olives, oranges, lemons, almonds, pomegramates, and dates. The agricultural products comprise wheat, barley, maize, oats, rice, with hemp and flay of the best quality. The vine is cultivated in every province; in the south-west, Jerez, the well-known sherry and south-west, Jerez, the well-known sherry and tent wines are made; in the south-east, the Malaga and Alicante. The principal articles imported are raw cotton, spirits, fish, wheat and flour, sugar, coal, timber, woollen mannfactures, machinery and railway materials, liddes, &c. The principal exports are wine, copper and copper ores, lead, iron ores, olive oil, raisins, oranges, cork, esparto grass, wool, salt, quick-silver, grapes, &c. Trade was for many years mostly confined to France and Great Britani, but Germany had, before the War, become a serious Germany had, before the War, become a serious competitor, while the United States and Belgium share an increasing proportion of Spanish trade. Home manufacture is protected by high customs duties.

in 1920 there were 10,197 miles of railway open and 70,000 miles of tolegraph line. The spen and 70,000 littles of coregraph fille. He sea-going mercantile marine over 50 tons, on Jan. 1, 1931, consisted of 1,376 steamers (1,189,655 tons) and 394 sailing vessels (5,277 tons). If 1939, 22,904 vessels of 33,527,024 tons chered and 19,524 vessels of 32,752,245 tons chered at Spanish

Delence.—In 1931 the Army was reduced from 16 Divisions to 8 Infantry Divisions and 1 Cavalry Division, having an authorized Peace establishment of 4,942 officers and 98,114 men for the Spanish Peninsular Army and of 1,876

for the Spanish Pennishlar Army and of 1,856 officers and 45.849 men for the Army in Morecco.

The Navy consists of 3 (15,700-ton) battleships and 3 modern cruisers, with 1 old battleship and 4 old cruisers; there are also 7 torpedo-boat destroyers, so torpedo-boats, 7 submarines, and

az gunboats.

Education. (The educational System is under revision, legislation having recently been passed rovision, legislation having recently been passed to forbid Religious Orders to give primary and secondary instruction.) At present (Dec. 1933) Primary is nominally compulsory and mainly free, and is State-anded, the public schools leng maintained by local taxation. Many private schools are under clerical control, and supervision is lacking. Secondary High Schools are in each province, but the curriculum is defective. Universities at Barcelona, Granada, Madrid, Murcia, Oviedo, Salamanca, Santiago, Saragossa, Seville, Valencia, and Valladolid.

Revenue (Budget, 1932) Expenditure (Budget, 1932) National Debt (1929)	4,461,007,000
Total imports (1930)	8,447,533,000
Total exports (1930)	2.456.754.000
Income to County II I' (many)	-,43-,734,
Imports from U.K. (1931)	
Exports to U.K. (1931)	£14,278,000

CAPITAL Madrid. Population (Dec. 1933), 93,645. Other large cities are Barcelona (1,047,865), Valencia (324,129), Seville (323,393), Malaga (195,381), Sunagossa (121,160), Mircia (166,321), Bilbao (188,075), Granada (186,574), and thore are 18 other towns with over 50,000 inhabitants.

FLAG: Three equal horizontal bands (red. vellow and violet.)

#### BRITISH EMBASSY.

(Calle Fernando el Santo, 16, Madrid 4.)

British Ambassa for, His Excellency Rt.

Hon. Sir George Grahame, G.C.M.G., 

ford, R.N.

Military Attaché, Maj. Hon. W. Fraser, D.S.O., M.C.

Chaplain, Rev. H. Pentin, M.A. Archivist, G. W. M. Harpley.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Barcelona—Consul-General, Norman King, C. M.G., Vice-Consuls, C. A. G. de J. Meade; J. W.

Denia-Vice-Consul, S. H. Scarlett.
Gandia-Vice-Cons., F. Romaguera.
Iviza (Bal. Is.)-Vice-Cons., J. Escandell.
Palma (Bal. Is.)-Vice-Cons., Lt.-Commdr.
A. Hillgarth, R.N.
Port Melow (Bal. Is.)-Vice-Cons. Coolean Port Mahon (Bal. Is.)-Vice-Cons., Carlos Moysi-Seuret. San Feliu de Guixols—Vice-Cons., José Sibils.

Tarragona—Vice-Consul, I. Navarro.
Torrerieja—Vice-Consul, A. Ballester.
Valencia—Consul, E. Harker, O.B.E.,
Pro-Consul, Arthur F. Balnes.
Bilbuo—Consul, W. S. H. Bernard.

" Vice-Consul, James Innes, O.B.R. " Pro-Consuls. John H. Innes; Don A. "Ojanguren.

San Sebastian - Vice Consul, W. A. H. Goodman. Pro-Consul, Ernest Golding. Santander—Consul, Thomas Bates.

Madrid—Consul, (Alcala Galiano, 5, M. A. B. Denton-Thompson.

Vice-Consul, J. H. Milanes. Madrid),

Malaga-Consul, Donglas Young. Vice-Consul, H. J. Cameron.

Pro-Consul. Aguilas-Vice-Consul, Thomas H. Naftel, M. B. E. Pro-Consul, Juan do Larren

Almeria and Adra—V.-Cons M. R. Harrison. Carthagena-Vice-Consul, Peter Miller.

Cartagena—vree-Consul, Peter Miller,
"Pro-Consul, Herbert C. Goddard,
Granada—Vice-Consul, W. A. S. Davenhill,
"Pro-Consul, W. B. Francis,
Linares—Vice-Consul, Hugh C. Holberton,
Marbella—Vice-Consul, Miguel Calzado,

Marbella-Vice-Consul, Miguel Calzado.
Seville-Consul, R. G. Coultas.

Vice-Consul, R. G. H. Formby.
Algeeiras-Vice-Consul, J. Morrison, O.B.E.

"Pro-Consul, J. Morrison, O.B.E.

"Pro-Consul, II. W. Sanderson.

"Pro-Consul, Robert A. Black.
Huckra-Vice-Consul, Robert A. Black.
Huckra-Vice-Consul, Capt. J. Morrison.

"Pro-Consul, Trancis K. Insselden.
Jerez-Vice-Consul, Capt. G. D. Williams, M.G.

"Pro-Consul, Thomas E. Spencer.
La Linea-Vice-Cons., Maj. O. H. Pedley, O.B.E.

"Pro-Consul, J. Scanligla
Tenerifle-Consul, C. A. Edmond.

Tenerife—Consul, C. A. Edmond.
,, Vice-Consul, E. L. Fox.
Las Valmas and Puerto de la Luz—Consul, Ernest Wootton.

,, Pro-Consul, Manuel Moniz Orotava – Vice-Consul, Thomas M. Reid, M.B.E. Vugo – Consul, Francis J. Patron, O.B.E.

", Vice-Consul, Peter Cairns,
", Pro-Consul, Vicente Guillen.
Carril and Villagarcia—Vice-Consul, Estanislao

Durāu, c.B.R Corcubion—Vice-Consul, Demetrio Vazquez.
Coruma—Vice-Consul, Henry Guyatt.
Ferrol—Vice-Consul, William Martm.
Giyon—Vice-Consul, Arthur Lovelace.
, Pro-Consul, James M. R. Lovelace.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR SPAIN. 8 Rambla de los Estudios, Barcelona (Branch, 9 Calle Marqués de Cubas, Madrid). Madrid, 1,150 miles; transit, 45 to 50 hours.

The Balearic Isles, Couta, Melilla and the Canary Islands, are integral parts of Spanish territory.

Witty, M.B.E.
The Balkario Isles are an archipelago of Alicante and Santapola—Vice-Cons., José Tato. The BALKARIC ISLES are an archipelago of

929

being Majorca, Minorca, Iviza, and Formentera; the total area is 1,935 square miles, with a popu-lation (1923) of 242,462. The archipelago forms a province of Spain, the capital being Palma in Majorca.

CEUTA, which forms part of the Province of Cadiz, is a fortified post on the Moroccan coast, opposite Gibraltar. The total area is 5 miles, opposite Gibraltar. The twith a population of 35,219.

MELTILIA is a town on a rocky promontory of the Riff coast, connected with the mainland by a narrow isthmus. Melilla has been in Spanish possession since 1492 and is an integral part of Spanish territory. The population is

The CANARY ISLANDS are an archipelago in the Atlantic, off the African coast, consisting of 7 islands and 6 uninhabited islets. The total area is 2,807 square miles, with a population of 473,407. The Canary Islands form two Provinces

473,497. of Spain.

Las Palmas (consisting of Gran Canaria, Lanzarote, Fuerteventura and the islets of Alegranza, Roque del Este, Roque del Oeste, Graciosa, Montaña Clara and Lobos), with seat of administration at Las Palmas in Gran Canaria; and Santa Cruz de Tenerife (consisting of the islands of Teneriffe, Palma, Gomera and Hierro), with seat of administration at Santa Cruz in Teneriffe.

Spanish Colonies.

The Spanish Colonies consist of certain settlements in, and islands round the coast of, Africa, with a total area of close on 82,400 square miles.

and a population exceeding 275,000.

FERNANDO PO (Fernando Péo) lies in the Bight of Biafra in 3° 12' N. lat. and 8° 48' E. long., about so miles distant from the west coast of Africa, Isabel, 10,300 feet), with forests of Alfren, and is a mountainous island (Pico de Santa Isabel, 10,300 feet), with forests of oil palm, ebony, mahogany, and cak, and sugar-cane, cotton, and indigo. Coca, coffee, sugar, tobacco, vanille, and kola nut are cultivated, and large quantities of cocoa and other products are exported. With its dependencies it has an area of about 800 square miles, and a population estimated at 24,000. The capital is Basile, and the largest town Port Clarence (1,500 inhabi-Dependencies are: tants).

Annobon Island (Anno Bom), in the Gulf of Guinea, in 2° 24' S. lat. and 5° 35' E. long.;

population 1,391.

population 1,391.

Corisco Islands, consisting of Corisco, Elobey Grando, and Elobey Chico, lie in Corisco Bay, and export chony, logwood, and other forest produce. Total population 96,072.

RIO DE ORO AND ADRAR (Capital, Villa Cisneros) is a possession on the north-west coast of Africa, between Cape Bogador and Cape Bianco, or approximately between x° 2...50 N Blanco, or approximately between 22° 20'-26° N. lat., and extending eastwards to about 13° W. long. The territory is part of the waterless Sahara, with a sparse population of waudering

Sanara, with a sparse population aga-Muhammadan Arabs; population aga-Rio Muni (or Spanish Guinea) is a coastal settlement of West Africa between Cameroon and French Cougo (x N.—x or N. lat.), extending about rag miles inland. The inhabitants are Bautu tribes, and the principal settlements are at the mouths of the Muni, Benito, and

(see "Morocco"), and on the Moroccan seaboard are certain Spanish presidies, formerly used as convict settlements.

Alhucemas is a settlement on the bay of that name, and includes six islands; population 322.

Pelon de la Gomera (or Penon de Velez) is a fortified rocky islet about 40 miles west of Alhucemas Ray; population 398.

Spanish Southern Morocco.— If ni., on the statistics of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of

Atlantic coast of Morocco, about 200 miles south of Agadir, affords access to the interior of southwest Morocco, but has no great trade at present.

The Chafarinas (or Zaffarines) are a group of three islands near the Algerian frontier, about miles north of Cape del Agua; population 318.

#### THE BUEZ CANAL

The Suez Canal.—The Compagnie Universells du Canal Maritime de Suez (r Rue d'Astorg, Paris VIII) is an Egyptian company, authorised in 1895, and confirmed in 1866, with a capital of aco,coo,coo francs in 400,000 shares of goo francs each. The British Government acquired from the Khedive in 1875 a total of 176,602 shares (cost £4,000,000, value March 31, 1933, £65,522,154). Since 1924 each 500 franc share has been divided into two aso franc shares.

The Suex Canal was opened in 1860. The total length of the canal is zer miles, with a minimum width of 45 meters (147 ft. 8 in.), the maximum draught of water allowed for vessels using the canal is 10.06 metres (33 feet). The average time for the transit through the canal is 13 hours 15 minutes. By a convention, signed on Oct. 29, -888, the canal was exempted from blockade, and vessels of all nations, whether armed or not, are to be allowed to pass through it in peace or war. The management of the canal is entrusted to a council of 3a administrators, of whom to are British (three representing H.M. Government and seven the shipowning ınterest).

British Commercial Directors, T. Harrison tish Commercial Directors, T. Harrison Hughes (Vice-Presudent of the Company); Sir Alan G. Anderson, K.B.M.; Sir John Cadman, G.C.M.G.; Sir August Gayzer, Bt.; Rt. Hon. Sir E. S. Horne, G.B.E., K.C., M.P.; Sir E. Wyldbore-Smith; Sir Thomas Royden, Bt., C.H.

Representing H.B.M. Govt., Sir Ian Malcolm, K.O.M.G.; Sir J. T. Davies, K.O.B., C.V.O.; The Earl of Cromer, G.C B., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O.

The following table shows the number and tonnage of vessels which have passed through the Sucz Canal since xoss, with the percentage of British vessels :-

Year.	No. of Vessels	Net Tons	British Tonnage.
1922	4-345 4-6ex	20,743,245	% 64.5 6a.8
1924	5,123	25,109,882	59'7
1925	5,337	26,761,935	59'9
1926	4,980	26,060,377	57'4
1927	5,545	28,962,048	57°1
1928	6,084	31,905,908	56.8
1939	6,274	33,466,014	57'E
1930	5,761	31,668,759	55'58
1931	5,366	30,027,966	55.36
1932	5.032	#8,340, <b>29</b> 0	85'47

Campa rivers, and at Bata on the coast.

Spanish Monocco, — Spain exercises a protectorate over a part of Northern Morocco 25,776,000 tons in 1913; 17,047,000 tons in 1900;

and a3,632,000 tons in 1932. Details of the nationality of the vessels passing through the Canal in 1932 are appended:— Details of the

No of		Per cent
Vessels.	Net Tons	(Tonnage)
British2,787	15,721,294	55 47
German 431	2,505,826	8.84
Netherlands 342	2,364,185	8'34
French 332	2,037,086	7.10
Italian 316	1,609,119	5.63
Japanese 262	1,439,626	5'08
Norwegian 179	860,956	3'04
United States 82	525,712	ī.86
Danish 79	437,938	z'55
Swedish 91	411,398	1'45
Russian 78	274,235	0.02
Greek 32	77,753	0'27
Danzig 3	25 450	0.00
Finnish 4	16,034	0.00
	12,822	0.02
Portuguese 3 Yugoslavian 6	20,655	0.04
Chinese 2	5,967	0,03
Venezuelan z	2,429	0'007
Persian 2	975	0,003
Totals 5,032	28,340,290	100,00

The transit receipts in 1870 were 5,718,756 fr. (gold), and in 1932, 795,921,033 fr. (paper). The rate of transit dues as from Nov. 15, 1931, is 6 fr. (gold) per ton, and 3 fr. (gold) for vessels in ballast.

The net dividends for the year 1932 amounted on the ordinary 250 fr. shares to 380 fr. or c (427 fr. 98 c. au nominatis), and on the Actions de Jouissance to 341 fr. 54 c. (376 fr. 26 c. au

The 5.032 vessels included in the total for 1932 are grouped under the following categories :-

	No	Net Tonnage
Merchant vessels (laden)2	,598	13,382,860
Mail steamers	436	10,554,030
Warships and transports	<b>2</b> 65	925,097
Government chartered vessels	30	213,209
Merchant vessels in ballast	703	3,265,094

5,032 28,340.290

#### SWEDEN. (Sverige)

King of Sweden, of the Goths and the Wends, Gustaf V., born June 16, 1885; sic. December 8, 1997; mar., Sept 20, 1881; Victoria, dan of Grand Duke of Baden (born Angast 7, 1862, died April 4, 1930) and has issue two sons.

April 4, 1930) and has issue two sons.

Heir Apparent, Gustaf Adolf, Duke of Skåne.

Crown Prince, born Nov. 11, 1882; married
(1) June 15, 1905, H.R.H. the late Princess

Margaret of Connaught (died May 1, 1920).
(2) Nov. 3, 1923, Lady Louise Monuthatten,

Princess of Battenberg, born July 13, 1889.

CABINET (Sept.24, 1932). Prime Minister, P. A. Hunson, Porsign Afairs, R. J. Sandler, Justice, K. J. D. Schlyter, Finance, E. J. Wigtorss, Interior, F. G. Moller, Defence, I. T. Vennerström, Communications, H. V. Leo. Public Weyley & Interaction

Public Worship & Instruction, J. A. Engberg. Commerce, J. F. Ekman. Agriculture, P. E. Skold.

Ministers without Portfolio, B. O. Unden;

K. S. Levinson.

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in Loudon, Baron E. K. Palmstierna, G.C. V.O.

Legation, 27 Portland Place, W. r. Counsellor of Legation, Baron A. W. C. Leijon-

hufvud.

Mittacké, M. J. H. Pripp.

Mittacké, M. J. H. Pripp.

Mittaché, Lt. Col. C. J. M. Bjornstlerna.

Naval Attaché, Capt. E. A. Oberg.

Air Attaché, Col. E. Mossberg, C.B.E.

Agricultural Connector, M. W. F. de

Wachenfelt.

Representative of the Press, O. U. K. Thorsing.

Chancellor, J. Stille (Vice-Consul).
Chaplain, Rev. F. J. D. Holmgren.
Consul-General, E. G. Sahlin, 329 High Hol-

born, W.C. I.
Vice-Consuls, K. E. J. Lundberg; Baron

L. A. V. Rappe.

Attaché, T. H. F. Gronwall.

Chancellor, O Gad.

Swedish Church, Harcourt Street, Marylebone Road, W. z.

Sweden comprises the eastern half of the Scandinavian poninsula, and comprises the capital and 24 governments, "Lan," with an area of 173,352 square miles, and a population, lec. 31, 1932, of 6,190,364, nearly all Protestant. This area includes the great lakes of Vanern, Vattern, Malaren, and Hjalmaren. Nearly 40 per cent of the population are devoted to agriculture, about 295,000 being owners and 80,000 tenants of the land they cultivate. The country may be divided into three senarate districts the northern. divided into three separate districts, the northern, forest; central, mining and agricultural; the southern, agricultural. The climate in the south is favourable for producing grain. The principal articles of cultivation are oats, wheat, principal articles of cultivation are oats, wheat, rye, barley, potatoes, roots and grasses. The forests are very extensive, covering over one-half of the surface of the country, and consisting chiefly of plmc, birch, fir; these are of great importance, supplying timber, pitch, and tar, and the chief fuel of the country, in addition to sulphite and mechanical wood pulp for the paper-making industry. The mineral products are extremely rich; iron of excellent quality; lead, zinc, sulphur, manganese, arsenic, granite, porphyry, and marble. There is a railward onening up the rich iron-ore districts. granite, porphyry, and marble. There is a railroad opening up the rich iron-ore districts of Lapland, and mineral trains run from Gellivare and Kiruna to Lulea on the Gulf of Bothnia and to Narvik on the Atlantic; coal is being worked in Scania (Skane). The chief imports are coffee, tobacco, and other ordinary colonial produce, corn, coal, machinery, motor cars, inneral oils, cloth, cotton, wool, manures, skins, ion, copper, and yarn. The chief articles of export are timber, wood pulp, paper, machinery, iron ore, matches, butter, pork, and stone. In 1932 the exports of wood pulp and paper were 1,970,796 tons.

Railroads 20,423 miles in length (of which 4,274 Railroads 16,423 miles in length (of which 4,474 are the property of the State) were open on Jan. 1, 1933; and 26,268 miles of telegraph (inclusive of 17,488 railroad telegraph), 130 control stations, and 1,935 railroad and 1,821 other telegraph stations. There were at the same date 702,471 miles of telephone.

Defence.—Service in the Army is universal and compulsory, about 24.500 being trained annually; war strength about 400,000. The Namy consists of 77 fighting vessels over 100 tons (350 guns), zz being ironclads and 20 submarines

Education.—(i.) Primary: Compulsory and ee. Illiteracy rare. Maintained by local exation, with State grants. Attendance tree. Inneracy factors are a same and a succession, with State grants. Attendance good. (il.) Secondary: Well-developed, schools numerous and efficient. (iii.) Special schools make a feature of technics, commerce, and navigation. (iv.) Universities Uppsala, Lund, and private faculties in Stockholm and Gothenburg.

1933-34 Revenue (Bgt.)*Kr.1,093,186,600*Kr.1,010,339,300 Expenditure (Bgt.) 1,093,186,600 1,010,331,300 Debt (June 1932) 2,358,532,307 1031 1932

Kr.1,427,540,587*Kr.1,154,864,000 Imports Exports . . . 1,222,408,143 Imports from U.K. 200,510,833 947,398,000 194,133,000 Exports to U.K. .... 209,805,049 241,778,000

CAPITAL, Stockholm. Pop. (Dec. 31, 1932), 9,711. Other large towns are Gothenburg 519,711. (zgr, rro), Mahno (rgr, 249), and Nonkoping (62,283).

FLAG: Blue, with yellow cross.

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

#### (Laboratoriegatan 8, Stockholm.)

Envoy Extraordinary and Mmister Plenipotentiary, A. J. Clark Keir (1931)... . ....£4,400 xst Secretary, N. H. H. Chailes, M.c. Honorary Attaches, E. R. Williams , M. G

Crofton. Commercial Secretary (6) ade I), (Hovslagaregatan 5B, Stockholm), W. J. Glenny,

O.B.E. Naval Attacké, Capt. G. C. Muirhead-Gould,

D.S.O., R N Asst. Naval Attaché, Eng -Com. F. V. Stopford,

R.N. Military Attaché, Col. A. F. A. N. Thorne, C.M.G., D S.C

Air Attache, Wing-Commander J. H. Herring 11.S.O., M C.

Archivist, G. A. Urquiart.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Stockholm-Consul, William II Oxley. -Vice-Consol, Capt. J. D. Loney Gefle ... Vice-Consul, Robert Carrick. Kalmar—Vice-Consul, J. Jeansson. Luleà—Vice-Consul, K. H. Fall land. Norrkoping—Vice-Con., G. C. L. Beckman.

Pro-Consul, Georg Åberg. Sundsvall-Vice-Con., H. A. Carrick.

Pro-Consul, O. W. Asander.
Umea-Vice Consul, A. Unnander-Scharin.
Visly (Gotland)-Vice-Consul, Carl G. Bjorkander.

Gothenburg-Consul, J. J. Dimmni. Pro-Consul, Nils T. Ohlin Boras - Vice-Consul, Bichmond Rilev.
Halsingborg - Vice-Can., C. C. G. W. Westrup.
Pro-Consul, Stellan Banck. Karlskrona-Vice-Consul, August Andrée. Karlstad-Vice-Consul, Otto Zieglei.

Malmo--Consul, Harry Castleton. Pro-Consul, Hans H. S. Ekman. Stockholm, x,xxx miles; transit, a days.

At par, the Crown=12. 11d. (18'159 Kronor=£1).

#### SWITZERLAND.

(Schweizerische Eidgenessenschaft.) *President (1934), Monsieur M. Pilet-Golaz. l'ice-l'resident (1934)

Minister for Foreign Affairs, M. G. Motta. Public Economy, &c., M. E. Schulthess.

War, M. R. Minger. Interior, M. A. Meyer. Justice, M. Haberliu.

Finance, M. J. Musy.
Posts and Railways. M. M. Pilet-Golaz.

Pres of Automal Conneit (1933), Dr. R. Dollfus

Pres. of Connect of States (1933), Dr. R. Doffus Pres. of Connect of States (1933), M. A. Laely. Federal Chancellor, Dr. R. Kaeshu. Federal Tribunal, Lausanne (26 members and 9 substitutes), President (1923–33), M. H. Thélin. Director, International Posts, M. E. Garbani-Novici Nerini.

Direc., International Telegraphs, Dr. J. Raber. International Industry, Literature & Fine Arts, M. F. Ostertag.

Director, International Railway Ofices, M. E. Lolmer.

Director - General of Federal Railways, Dr. A. Schraff.

Munister in London, Monsieur C. R. Paravicini, ax Bryanston Square, W. x.

Legation Offices, 18 Montagn Place, Bryanston Square, W x

Counsellor, M. Charles de Jenner.

1st Secretary of Legation, M. Walter de Bourg. 2st Secretary in charge of Commercial Affairs, M. Walter Rufemacht.

Chancellor, M Paul Hiffker.

The Helvetia of the Romans, a Federal The Helvetia of the Romans, a Federal Republic of Central Emope, situated between 45' 50'- 47' 48' N. Int. and 5' 58'--xo' 30' E long. It is composed of zz Cantons, of very dissimilar size, united under a Constitution dated so May, 1874, and comprises a total area of 15,950 square miles, with a pomilation of 4,066,400 in 1930, who are divided between Roman Catholics, 41 per cent, and Protestants, 57 per cent., Jews numbering 21,000, and others 43,000 The population is formed by three nationalities, distinct by their language, as German 7x per cent, French 21 per cent, Italian 6 per cent, and Romansch (Grisons), 11 per cent - It is the most mountamons country in Enrope, having the Alps, covered with percumal snow and glaciers, rising from 5,000 to 15,23 feet in height, not only along its sonthern and eastern frontiers, but throughtout the chief part of its interior; and the June mountains in the north-west. Agriculture is followed chiefly in the valleys, where wheat, oats, maize, barley, flav, hemp, and tobacco are produced, and nearly all English fruits and vegetables are grown. The forests cover about one-fifth of the whole surface. The chief industries comprise the manufacture of silks, artificial silks and silk ribbons, wool, cotton and cotton ribbons, linen, embroideries, strawplatt, machines, paper, chemicals, chocolate, condensed milk, dyestnits, and tobacco; while the metallirgreal, electrical and pharmaceutical industries are also extensive; clocks and watches have long been the staple products of Geneva and Neuchâtel. In 1932 there were 3,650 miles of

[•] The President is elected in December, and remains in office from a Jan,—32 Dec.; he is generally succeeded by the Vice-President.

railway in operation, az,740 miles of telegraph ;

and telephone line (a33 971 telephone sub-scribers) and 4.004 post-offices. The legislative power is vested in a Parliament. The legislative power is vessed in a rannament, consisting of two Chambers, a National Council of 187 members, and a Council of States of 44 members; both Chambers united are called the Federal Assembly, and the members of the National Council are elected for four years, an about the third place in Orthpher. The executive election taking place in October. The executive power is in the hands of a Federal Council of 7 members, elected by the Federal Assembly, pre-sided over by the President of the Confederation. The President has a salary of 35,000 francs; the Vice-President and other members of the Federal Council 2,000 francs each. The members of the Federal Council are elected for four years; each year the Federal Assembly elects from this council the President and the Vice-President; they are elected for one year, the five other members for four years. Not more than one of the same canton may be elected member of the Federal Council.

Defence: Militia. Active Army, x2 yrs.; initial trg., 65-90 days. Subsequently 11 days per ann; then Landwohr, 8 yrs.; 1 trg., 11 dys, for disutch branches only; then (Landsturm to age 48). War Strength, Militia, 140,600; Landwehr, 65,000; Landsturm, 57,000

Education.-Control by cautonal and communal authorities. No central organ. Illiteracy rare in Protestant cantons. (i.) Primary: Free and nominally compulsory, but attendance is and nominally compulsory, but attendance is not strictly enforced in the essentially Roman Catholic cantons. School age varies. (ii.) Secondary: Age 12-15 for boys. Schools numerous and well-attended, and there are many private institutions. (iii.) Special schools make a feature of commercial and technical instruction. (iv.) Universities: Bâte, Berne, Fribourg, Geneva, Lausanne, Zurich, and Neuchâtel.

Swiss Francs.

	1932	×933-
Public revenue	409,088.000	371,220,000
Public expenditure .	417,988,000	442,020,000
Debt (Jan. 1)	1,334,303,464	1,297,689,464
	1931	10.3
Total imports	2,251,204,000	1,762,679,000
Total exports	1,348,798,000	801,008,000
Imports from U.K.	95,423,000	78,428,000
Exports to U.K	835,735,000	86,366,000

CAPITAL, Berne. Population (1930), 111,783. Other large towns are Zurich (249,880,) liâle (148,063), Geneva (124,121), St. Gallen (63,947), and Lausaune (75,923).

FLAG: Red, with white cross.

#### BRITISH LEGATION. (48 Thunstrasse, Berne.)

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleni-

Carpenter. Mil. Attache, Lt.-Col. F. N. Mason-Macfarlane, M.C., R.A.

Archives', Miss M. C. Howden, M.B.E.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Bale-Consul, J. E. Bell.

" Pro-Consuls, Alfred Fluhmann, Arthur R. Cackett.

Geneva-Consul, Harold Patteson.

", Vice-Consul, L. A. Cazalet.
", Pro-Consul, J. O'Donnell.
Lausanne—Consul, Alfred J. L. (salland, O.B.E.

,, Vice-Consul, M. Galland. Montreux—Vice-Consul, Marcel Auguste Cuénod, M.B.E

Pro-Consul, R. F. Ruthven Smith.
Neuchatel—Vice-Consul, Paul F. de Pury.
Pro-Consul, Walter Lauz.
Zurich—Consul-General, Robert Erskine.

Vice-Consul, Frederick J. Smith. Berne-Consul (vacant).

,, Vice-Consul, A. Küpfer. Davos-Consul, W. G. Lockett.

Lucerne-Vice-Consul, Capt. Frank Watkinson. Lugano-Vice-Consul, Angelo Anastasi.

St. Moritz-Vice-Consul, F. K. Naegeli.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN SWITZER-LAND, 8 Centralbahnplatz, Basle. (Branch at 3 Place St. François, Lausanne.)

Berne, transit, as hours.

#### SYRIA AND LEBANON.

Suria,-British forces, together with small French and Arab detachments, drove the Turks out of Syria and Lebanon in 1918, and occupied those districts and the district of Cilicia. By decision of the Supreme Council of the Allies the districts in question were entrusted to France, to be administered under a mandate (Cilich was restored to Turkey by the Freuch in 1923).

The Emir Felsal (son of the x-King of the Hed-

jaz and, since 1921, King of Iraq) had from the outset assumed the administration of the districts of Aleppo, Hama and Homs, which had been assigned as Independent Arab districts under an earlier agreement of May, 1916, between France and Great Britain (the Sykes Picot Agreement), and it was intended to allow the Emir to remain under French guidance, but on March 8, 1920, the "Syrian Congress" at Damascus declared Syria independent, and the Emir Feisal was crowned King of Syria. The action of the Syrian Congress did not receive the sanction of the Allied Powers, and General Gourand occupied Damascus, Aleppo, Hams and Homs. The Emir Feisal left the country, and afterwards became King of Iraq (q,v). The French Mandatory Zone was of Iraq (q.v.). The French Mandatory Zone was first divided into the four autonomous states of Treat Lebanon, Damascus, Aleppo and the Alaouites (the region round Latakia), each having a French advisor responsible to the High Commissioner at Beyrout. The latter three Commissioner at Beyrout. The latter three states were later grouped together to form the Syrian Federation, with a nominated Council. The Federation has now been abolished. Danassus and Aleppo have been amalgamated into a single State, and the State of the Alacustes (now known as the Government of Latakia) is again independent. The Jehel Druze forms a small independent State. The form of government differs in each of the actual States, but the guiding principle in each is French control.

Syris is a geographical term for part of the former Turkish territories in Asia Minor, its political neighbours being Turkey, Iraq and Palestine on the north, east and south, with a western coastline washed by the Mediterranean Sea. The estimated area is about 60,000 sq. miles, with a population of about 3,000,000

of whom the greater number are Orthodox Muhammadans, with a proportion of Shiltes and Druses. The products of Syria are wheat, tobacco, fruit, wine, silk, liquorice, copper and brass goods; there is little cultivation without irrigation, the inland districts being cut off from the moisture-laden winds by a mountain barrier running parallel with the coast. The mineral wealth is believed to be unimproriant, but there is a certain amount. unimportant, but there is a certain amount of bitumen. The principal Syrian towns are of bitumen. The principal syrian towns are Damascus (est. pcp. 300,000), Aleppo (250,000), Bord Hana (60,000). Damascus contains the Mosque of the Ommayedes and the tomb of Saladin, and in the southwestern quarter is "The Gate of God," through which the pligrimage to Mecca used to pass, while the "street called "transit" Alata is syring E. to W. used to pass, Straight" (Act Straight" (Acts ix, 1x) runs E, to W. through the city. Damascus is an important commercial centre, and among its industries are metal work and mother-of-pearl inlay, and also native-made silk and cotton stuffs. At Baalbek (Heliopolis), on the western slopes of the Anti-Lebanon range (35 miles N.N.W. of Damascus), are ruins of xst to 3rd century Roman temples (the Circular Temple, the Great Temple and the Temple of Pacchus), and in the vicinity of the mins is the largest cut stone in the world ( $60 \times 17 \times 14$  feet), weighing 1,500 tons. The railway system consists of a line from Beyrout to Damascus (narrow gauge), with a connexion at Rayak for Homs, Hama and Aleppo standard gauge). The line from Tripoli to Aleppo, vid Homs, was reopened in 1921. A narrow-gauge trainway runs from Beirut to Mameltein along the coast. From Damascus there is railway communication with Palestine and with Transjordan, and the Syrian railways link up with the Bayhdad railway at Aleppo. Road communications between Beyrout and Bayhdad, vid Damascus, have been developed by the opening up of the desert motor routes. Bayhdad is now within a4 hours of Damascus by car, and a weekly air service has been opened for mails and passengers.

In the autumn of 1925, following a revolt of the Jebel Druze in the Hauran, rioting took place in Damascus on Oct 18, and the city was bombarded by Krench artiliery, when part of the Arm palace and parts of the "Street Culied Straight" were destroyed by shell fire or hurned. the Azm palace and parts of the "Street Called Stanight" were destroyed by shell fire or hurned. Soon after the receipt of news of the dis-turbances in Syria, the High Commissioner (Gen-Sarrail) was recalled by the French cablinet. A long period of disorder followed, but in Sept., a long period of disorder followed, but in Sept., 1927, public security was practically normal. In June, 1930, the French High Commissioner promulgated a new republican constitution for the State of Syria. After somewhat difficult negotiations between the French and the Nationalists elections were eventually held in 2932 and the Parliament elected.

Beirut is the residence of the French High Commissioner and the capital of the Lebanese Republic. Damascus was the Federal capital, and has become that of the new State of Syria. Latakia is the capital of the Government of that name, formerly known as the State of the Alaouites.

The Lebanese Republic (the former Turkish provinces of Lebanon and Beirut), was declared a State by the High Commissioner, under the title winces of Lebanon and Belrut), was declared a State by the High Commissioner, under the title of Etat du Grand Liban, in 1920, but the consti- Customs and Monopolies, Ali Rana Bey.

tution was suspended as a measure of economy in 1932, M. Debbas remaining in control without the assistance of Parliament. The State extends along the Mediterranean littoral from the Pales tine frontier to Nahr el Kebir (15 miles N. of Tripoli) and is bounded on E. by the Great Central Depression, known as the Bekaa, in which flow the rivers Orontes and Litani. Its total length is about 120 miles, and its width varies from 30 to 35 miles. The estimated area of the Lebanese Republic is about 4,300 square niles, with an estimated population of 579,778. The products of the soil are olives, wheat, grapes, oranges and mulberry trees. Great efforts are being made to develop the district as a summer resort. The capital is liefrut (pop. 150,000), which is the chief seaport and commercial centre, and the seat of the French mandate. Tripoli, the next important town and seaport, will be one of the Mediterranean termini of the Iraq Petrolemu Company's pipe line, now under construction. Minor ports are Junich, Tyre and Sidon. The national flag is the French tricolour with a Cedar of Lebanon on the white band.

#### Trade of Syria, 1918.

Imports from France, pape Imports from U.K Imports from Italy Imports from Turkey	r piastres	673,314,950 483,304,748 226,490,761 268,123,297
Imports from U.S.A.		231,297,781

High Commissioner for Syria, M. de Martel. President of Syria, Mohamed Ali Bey El-Abed.

elected June 11, 1932.

Prune Muneter of Spria, Hakki Boy el-Azm.

Prendent of the Lebanese Republic, M. Charles Debbas.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Beirut-Consul-General, Sir Harold Eustace Satow, K.C.M.G., O.B.R. Berrut-Vice-Consuls, R. W. Urquhart, O.B.K.; R. de C. Baldwin ; B. Judd (acting) ;

E. P. Wiltshire.

Pro-Consul, Maroun Arab.

Aleppo-Consul, N. P. Cowan.

Pro-Consul, A. J. Akras.

Pro-Consul, A. J. Akras.

Alexandretta—Vice-Connul, J. A. Catoni, M. B. E.

Damascus—Consul, Col. Gilbert Mackoreth, M. C.

Vice-Consul, F. H. Todd.

Pro-Consul, Joseph Teen.

#### TURKEY.

(Turkiye Cumhuriyeti.) President of the Republic, His Excellency Gazi (= "The Victorious") Mustafa Kemal, brn 1881, assumed office Oct. 29, 1923; re-elected Nov. 1, 1927; re-elected, May 4, 1931.

#### MINISTRY (Sept. 28, 1930).

Names as spelt in new Turkish characters. Prime Minister, Ismet Pasa. Minister for Foreign Afairs, Dr. Tevfik Rusth

Bey. National Defence, Zekāi Bey. Interior, Sukrii Kaya Bey. Justice, Saracoglu Sukru Bey Pinance, Mustafa Abdulinalik Bey.
Public Instruction, Hikmet Bey.
Public Works, Fuat Bey.
Public Health, Befik Bey. President of the National Assembly, Kazim the excess of women over men being approxi-

Turkish Ambassador in London, His Excellency Mehmet Munir Bey, 69 Portland Place, W. 1. Counsellor, Nurettin Ferruh Bey.

zet Secretary, Muzaffer Kamil Bey.

ard Secretary, Comil Van Bey.

Commercial Counsellor, Kurtoglu Faik Bey.

Archivist, Irfan Niyazı Ben.

Consul in London, Durru Mazhar Bey, zo Lower Sloane Street, S.W. z.

Chancellor, Ahat Rey.

The Turks belong to the Turaman Race, which comprises the Manchus and Mongols of North China, the Funs, and the Turks of Central Asia. Their numbers probably exceed 50,000,000, with the same language, religion and culture, but the actual Turkish State occupies only a small part of the area inhabited by the Turkish Race, the remainder being in Soviet Russia, China, Afghanistan and Persia. Under the Seljuks (Turkish rulers in Anatolia) the conquest of Asia Minor was completed in the rath century. The Seljnks were succeeded, early in the z4th century, by the Osmanli dynasty, which remainded in power until the Great War

During the 15th, 16th and 17th centuries the Ottoman Empire was one of the strongest Powers in the world, extending from the Caspian Sea to the Adviatio and Hungary, and from the Indian Ocean to Morocco and the Sudan. It comprised Asia Minor, half of Soviet Russia, the Ukraine, the Crimea, the Balkan States and the whole of Arabia. The Black Sea, the Mediterranean, the Red Sea and the Aegean were dominated by Turkish ships, and the Ottoman dominions included not only the Byzantine Empire, but the greater part of the whole Roman Empire.

For two centuries preceding the Great War disintegration had reduced the power and extent of the lurkish Empire, and during the Great War its boundaries were further restricted, Iraq, Syria and Arabia passing into other hands. Attempts to wrest further territory were defeated by Gazi Mustafa Kemal, who won a decisive battle at Affon, the results of which were confirmed at the Lausanne Conference.

Turkey now extends over an area of 4x0,000 sq. nules, from Admanople to the Cancasus and Persia, and from the Black Sea to the Mediter-

ranean, Syria and Iraq.

Turkey in Europe (23,975 sq. kilometres=
9,256 sq miles) consists of Eastern Thrace, including the cities of Istanbul (Constantinople) and Adrianople, and is separated from Asia by the Bosphorus at Constantinople and by the Dardanelles (Hellespont)—about 40 miles in length, with a width varying from r to 4 miles—the political neighbours being Greece and Bulgaria on the west.

Turkey in Asia (738,761 sq. kilometres = 285,246 sq. miles) comprises the whole of Asia Minor or Anatola ("Land of the Rising Sun" or Orient), and extends from the Agean Sea to the western boundaries of Georgia, Elivan and Persia, and from the Black Sea to the Mediterrancan, and the northern boundaries of Syria and Iraq

Population. — The first general census of Turkey was taken on Oct. 28, 1927, and showed the population of the Republic to be 13,660,275, throughout the Republic as a National Holiday.

mately 500,000. The population of each of the 8 Regions into which the country is divided was given as follows :-

Region.	Sq Kil.	Population	Per S4 Kil
Black Sea	73,621 92,744 56,279 23,975 71,180 228,791 40,125 176,621	2,174.425 2,746,069 753,639 1,044,306 1,303,114 3,499,707 604,303 1,534,712	29 13 43 18 15 14
Total	762,736	13,660,275	18

Government.—Sultan Muhammad VI., the last of the Osmauli rulers, fled from Constantinople to Malta on Nov. 20, 7223, and the Sultanate was alsolished by the National Assembly. On Oct. 29, 7223, the National Assembly declared Turkey a Republic and alasted flow. Turkey a Republic and elected Gazi Mustafa Kemal President. On March 3, 1924, the Assembly passed a law abolishing the office of Caliph and o dering all members of the Ottoman dynasty to leave Turkish territory. Grand Assembly is a single-chamber legislature elected for four years, and delegates its executive power to ministers acting in its name and responsible to it for their actions.

Religion.—The majority of the inhabitants are Moslems. There are numerous Christians (of are Moslems. There are numerous Christians (of the Latin and Eastern rites) in Istanbul (Constan-tuople) and a considerable number of Jews, On April ro, 1928, the Grand National Assembly passed a law in virtue of which Islam ccased to be the State religion of the Republic. On Nov. 1, 1928, the Grand National Assembly passed a bill establishing the neo-Latin alphabet in place of Turkish characters. Education is in place of Turkish characters. Education is nominally compulsory and free. There are primary schools, training schools for teachers, and at Istanbul a university, founded in 1900.

Production.—Although the soil of Asia Minor is generally fertile, agriculture is still very primitive in centres that are not served by railways. The peasant is, however, gradually adapting himself to the more modern methods, particularly in the vilayet of Aydın, Adaua, and Mersin. The live stock in 1929 was 12,124,031 sheep, 8,878,405 goats, 2,804,685 mohair goats, 4,718,803 cattle, 496,954, horses, 849,485 asses, 74 803 camels and 496,060 initialoes. Cereals are abundantly produced, as well as tobacco, raisins, figs, cotton, opium, beet-sugar, nuts, olives, valonea and liquorice root, and many varieties of fruit are grown. Samsun is the chief centre of the tobacco-growing industry, which is also of importance at Izmir (Smyrna), Ismit and Bursa (Brusa). The export of merchandise is considerable and consists principally of opium, tobacco, cotton, carpets, gums, mohair, wool, hazel-nuts, raisins and figs. The forests should be a source of wealth, but scientific exploitation is disregarded; beech, pine, oak, elm, chestnut, lime, plane, alder, box, pop'ar and maple are among the cluef varieties of trees. The mulberry is planted for the silk-worm industry,

which centres round Bursa and Ismit, and this industry, which declined after the war, is now reviving. The mineral wealth of Asia Minor is stated to be considerable, but is almost undeveloped. Chrome ore, zinc, mangauese, antimony, copper, borax, corundum (emery), coal and lignite, silver and arsenic, are among the minerals produced.

Communications .- In Europe Turkey has about 208 miles of railway, known as The Oriental Railway and run by a French Company. In Asia Minor the position as regards railways in

the following :-

#### Lines under Exploitation.

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		lin
Izmir-Aydin (British)		610
Smyrna-Kasaba (French)		703
Bozanti-Aleppo-Nisibin		622
Mudanya-Bursa (narrow gange)	•••	41
Anatolian Railway	I	.031
Mersin-Tarsus-Adana		67
Baghdad Railway		445
Angora-Kayseri-Sivas		500
Sanisun-Sivas		380
Fevzi Pasha-Malatya		253
Samsun-Carsambra, narrow gauge		
Ulu Kışla-Kayseri		
There is also a line from Sari Kamis	: to	the

Russian frontier (78 miles, Russian broad gauge) and a narrow gauge line from Sari Kamis to Erzurum (156 miles), but both lines are in a bad state of repair.

Lines under Construction.

Filios to Irmak.

Malatya to Argana Maden.

A contract has now been placed with a Turkish group for the construction of the Sivas Erzerum railway (about 300 miles) and it is the intention of the Turkish Government to construct the following lines: Eregli—Filios (about 35 miles); Afyon Karahisar—Antalya; Ada Pazari—Bayindir (about 160 miles) There are electric trams in Istanbul, Scutari and Isum In 1932 the mercantile marine consisted of 215 steam and motor vessels, with a total net tonnage of 132,784.

Revenue (Budget)	£T159,354,8c0	£T170,477,000
Expenditure (do.)	£T169,146,747	£T170,474,394
National Debt		C- *** ***

Floating Debt. ...... £1,200,000

External Loan (Turch-American	) \$5,000,000 1038
Total Imports	£11,620,000
Total Exports	13,700,000
Imports from U.K	1,440,000
Exports to U.K	1,348,000
-	

Note. - The National Debt figures include Turkey's share of the repartitioned Ottoman Public Debt. The agreement reached be-tween the bondholders and the Turkish Government for the resumption of the services of the ment for the resumption of the services of the Ottoman Public Debt was ratified by the Grand National Assembly on November 30, 1928. This agreement has been revised (April 22, 1923) and now provides for the creation of new Turkish Bebt bonds for the Capital amount of france of 65,656,000. The new bonds are of 500 france denomination, bearing interest at 7½ per cent cent.

The Ottoman Public Debt is administered by a Council: S. C. Wyatt (Delegate of British and Netherlands Bondholders): M. F. de Closières (French), M. B. Nogara (Italian), Vacant post Turkish), A. H. Reid (Ottoman Bank). Commissary, Eckiai Bey; General Manager, M. Morel (acting). Mr. Wyatt and M. de Closières preside alternately. preside alternately.

CAPITAL OF TUNKEY, ANKARA (Angora), an inland town of Asia Minor, about see miles E.S.E. of Istanbul, with a population (Census 1927) of 74,724. Ankara (or Aneyra) was the capital of the Roman Province of Galatia Prima, and a marble temple dedicated to Augustus (now in ruins) contains the Monumeratum. (Marman) Americant, inscribed with a tum (Marmor) Ancyranum, inscribed with a record of the reign of Augustus Caesar. A new city is being laid out on modern lines, with parks, statues and avenues. ISTANBUL (Constantinople), the former capital, was the Roman city of Byzantum, and was selected by Constantine the Great as the capital of the Roman Empire about A.D. 338, and renamed by him; it became capital of the Eastern Roman him; it became capital of the Eastern Roman Empire A.D. 364; population (Census of 292) 673,029 (Istanbul 251,504, Pera 285,770, Scutari 224,555). Other cities are Izmir (Smyrma) 153,845, Adana 72,652, Bursa (Brusa) 51,451, Konya 47,286, Gazi-Aynitap 39,571, Kayseri (Cesarea) 39,544, Edirne (Adramople) 24,659, Eskişchir 22,203, Diarbekir 31,521, Erzminin 30,801, and Samsun 30,333. There are also 24 localities with so to 30,000 inhabitants, 39 with 10 to 20,000, and 79 with 5 to 10,000 inhabitants.

FLAG: Red, with white crescent and star.

#### BRITISH EMBASSY.

bassador Extraordinary and Plenipo-tentiary, His Excellency Sir Percy Loraine, Ambassador Bt., K C M.G (1933) . .....£6,900

Counsellor (local rank), J. Morgan. 1st Secretary (local rank), W. L. C. Knight.

and Secretary, R. J. Bowker.

3rd Secretary (local rank), T. C. Ravensdale. Commercial Secretary (British Cousniar House,

Rue Medressé, Galata, Istanbul), Col. H. Woods, o.B R. Naval Attaché Capt R B Ramsay, M.V.O., R.N.

Asst Naval Attaché, Eng.-Com. F. V. Stopford, R.N. Military Attaché, Maj. F. A. Sampson.

Archivest and Accountant, H. W. Gunningham. о в.к.

Asst. to Comm. Sec., N. S. Roberts, M.B.E. Clerical Officers, H. C. Birtles; F. W. Strenter. British Delegate on Straits Commission, Capt. M. S. Macdonald, D.S.O., O.B.E., R.N.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

(Constantinople) — Consul - General, W. Hough. Istanbul

Consul, G. C. Allchin, M.A. Vice-Consul, C. J. Cumberbatch. Pro-Consul, C. H. Page. Shipping Officer, Com. W. H. Rogers.

Izmır (Smyrna)—Consul-General, C. A. Greig. l'ice-Consuls, A. W. Davis : Edgar E. D. Gout.

Mersin with Trebizond - Consul, W. D. W. Matthews Pro-Consul, B. J. Catton.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR TURKEY AND THE BALKAN STATES, British Seamen's Home Building, Rue Cami, Kule Dibi, Galata, Istanbul.—Chairman, J. M. Anderson. Secretary, T. Angus Swan.

#### UKRAINE. See U.S.S.R.

#### URUGUAY.

(República Oriental del Uruguay.)

President (1931-1935), Señor Dr. Don Gabriel Terra, assumed office March 1, 1931. Foreign Afairs, Dr. Albeito Mané. Interior, Dr. Alberto Demicheli. Public Works, Aniceto Patrón. Finance, Pedro Cosio. Industrics, Dr. Augusto César Bado. Public Instruction, Dr. Andres Puyol.

Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extra-ordinary in London (vacant). Leyation (Temp. Address), 53 Harrington Gardens, S.W. 7 [Kensington 6887.] Connsellor and Chargé d'Afairs, Dr. Don Roberto E MacEachen.

and Secretary, C. A. Rey-Alvarez. Consulate-General, 55 Harrington Gdns., S.W. 7 [Ken. 7268].

The smallest Republic in South America, on the cast coast of the Rio de la Plata, situate in lat. 30°-35° S. and long. 53° 25'--57° 42' W., containing an area of 72,180 square miles, and a

population on Dec. 31, 1932, of 1,970,255. Uruguay resisted all attempted invasions of the Portuguese and Spaniards until the beginning of the 17th century, and 100 years later the Portuguese settlements were captured by the Spaniards. From 1725-1814 the country formed part of Spanish South America and underwent many viciositudes during the Wars of Independent dence. In 1814 the armies of the Argentine Confederation captured the capital and annexed the province, and it was afterwards amexed by Portugal and became a province of Brazil. On Aug. 25, 2825, through the heroism of the 33 liberators (whose memory is perpetuated in the name of the province of Treinta y Tres, the country threw off the Brazilian yoke. This country threw off the Brazilian yoke. This action led to war between Argentina and Brazil. which was settled by the mediation of the United Kingdon, Uruguay being declared an independent state in 1828. In 1830 a Republic was inaugurated, with a Constitution of Sept. 10, 1829. The President is elected by the legislature for a term of 4 years and is neligible for a consecutive period of office. By an amendment to the Constitution (which came into force March r. 1919) an administrative council was appointed to share the Executive power with the President. As a result of the coup d'Etat of March 32, 2933, this council was abolished, and was replaced for the time being by a Junta of seven members as an advisory body. It is President Terra's desire to give his country a more elastic, a less ex-pensive, and a more vital Constitution, and with this end in view a Constituent Assembly was elected on June 25, 1933, in order to draft a new Constitution, to be ratified by the people

before November 24, 1934.

The country consists mainly (and particularly in the south and west) of undulating grassy plains. The principal chains of hills are the Cuchilla del Haedo, which crosses the Brazilian boundary and extends southwards to the Cuchilla

Grande of the south and east. In no case do the peaks exceed a,ooo feet. The principal river is the Rio Negro (with its tributary the Yi), flowing from north-east to south-west into the Rio de la Plata. The boundary river *Urnguay* is navigable from its estuary to Salto, about see miles north, and the Negro is also navigable for a considerable distance. Smaller rivers are the Cuareim, Yagu-aron, Santa Lucia, Quequay, and the Cebollati. On the south-east coast are several lagoons, and On the south-east boundary crosses (the Brazilian) Lake Merim. The climate is extraordinarily healthy, with great uniformity of temperature, the summer heat being tempered by the breezes of the Atlantic and the geographical position causing a high thermometer in winter.

Wheat, barley, and maize are cultivated. The wealth of the country is obtained from its pasturage, which supports large herds of horned cattle (7,227,372 in 1930) and sheep (20,258,124 in 1930), the wool of which is of excellent quality. Gold the wool of which is of excellent quality. Gold mines exist at Cunapird. The exports are entirely animal products, and include frozen and preserved meat, wool, hides, horn, hair, tallow, and jerked beef; the imports are principally machinery, textiles and clothing, food substances and beverages, coal, oil, timber, fuel and blood-stock. The principal imports from the U.K. are woollen and cotton goods, hardware, and coals. There are a tree miles of railway open. coals. There are 1,729 miles of railway open (1939), of which 2,564 miles are in British hands, and three short lines owned by the State; 45 kilometres of the State line from San Carlos to Garzón lave been opened and 73 kilometres from San Carlos to Rocha are now open to traffic; and (in 1930) 7,568 miles of telegraph, with 48,375 miles of telephones. There were 995 post-offices, dealing with 136,053,701 letters and packets. The language spoken is Spanish.

Revenue	\$65,095,786 64,988,897	\$59,233.698 58,888,074
Total Debt (Dec. 3r,		30,000,0,4
1932)		357,054,0 <b>8</b> 9
Total Imports	\$81 of 720	\$52.274.072

Total Exports .......... Imports from U.K...... 78,242,055 14,529,880 58,266,014 10,329,348 Exports to U.K. ...... #7,913,839 16,114,384 CAPITAL, Montevideo. Pop. (1930), 653,389. Other centres are Salto (30,000), Paysandu

(28,000), and Mercedes (23,000). FLAG: Four blue and five white squares (sur-

charged with rising sun, next flagstaff). BRITISH LEGATION.

(Praque Battle y Ordonez 2492, Monte Video.)

O. B. E.

Clerk, Jocelyn Speck, M.V.o.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Montevidéo (Calle Misiones, 1517)—Consul (with local rank of and Secretary and Charge d'Afairs), A. Murray-Simpson. Payaandu—Vice-Consul, G. W. Teague. Salto—Vice-Consul, G. W. Teague.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN URUGUAY, Calle Misiones, 1517, Montevidéo. Montevidéo, 7,030 miles. Transit, ao days.

#### T.S.S.R.

Soyuz Sovietskikh Sotsialisticheskikh Respublik-Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

President of the Council of People's Commissars (Soviet Narodnikh Commissarov or Soviarkom), and of Council of Labour and Defence, Viacheslav Mikhallovich Molotov (Scriabine), born 1890, assumed office Dec. 20, 1930. Vice - Presidents, V V Kulbyshev; Y. E

Rudzutak.

President, State Planning Commission, V. V. Kuibyshev.

Foreign Affairs, M. M. Litvinov. War and Marine, K. E. Voroshilov. Foreign Trade, A. P. Rosenholtz.

Transport, A. A. Andreiev.
Water Transport, N. M. Yuson.
Communications, A. I. Rykov.
Workers' and Peasants' Inspection, Y.

Rudzutak.

Heavy Industry, G. K. Ordzhonikidze. Light Industry, I. E. Lynbimov. Forests & Timber Industry, S. S. Lobov.

Agriculture, Y. A. Yakovlev. Labour, A. M. Tsikhon. Home Supply, A. I. Mikoyan. Finance, G. F. Grinko.

Grain and Cattle Breeding Soviet Farms, T. A.

General Secretary of the Communist Party of the U.S.S.R., J. V. Stalin.

Ambassador in London, Monsieur Ivan Maisky. Address of Embassy, Harrington House, 13 Ken-sington Palace Gardens, W. 8. Counsellor of Embassy, M. Samuel B. Cahau. 1st Secretary and Press Attacke, M. Leonid

Tolokonski.

Consulate-General, 3 Rosary Gardens, S.W. 7.

The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics .-- The federal system was adopted by the roth All-Russian Congress of Soviets on Dec. 31, 1922 The Soviet Union covers the greater part of the ares of the former Russian Empire, from which the independent states of Fuland, Poland, Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania have also been formed. The greater part of the remaining territory forms the Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic (R.S. F.S R.), which is in union with other Soviet Republics in Russian territory to form the Soviet Union. Prior to the War of 1914-18 the Russian Empire of the Tsar Nicholas II. covered more than 8,500,000 square

miles, with a population of about 183,000,000.

Area and population of the constituent Republics of the Soviet Union are:—

Ropublic. Sq miles

I. R.S.F.S.R. (Moscow). 7,638,004

II. Ukraine (Kharkov)... 274,378

III. Transcancasia (Tiflis)

IV. White Russia (Minsk)

V. Turkmenistan Population 111,630,000 31,608,000 6,517,000 5,20,000 (Poltortsk) x88,60g 1,156,000 VI. Uzbekistan (Tashkeut) VII. Tajikistan 4,754,000 63,640

(Stalinabad) z, x88,000 56, zo8

8,841,673 162,143,000

The rural population forms 80 per cent. of the whole.

According to the latest census returns (Jan. 1, 1928) the total population was 145,964,365, of

whom 71,010,659 were males and 73,953,707 females. The returns include 29,498 persons over 100 years of age (12,340 men, 17,158 women). The Union is governed by the Congress of Soviets of the Union, and during the intervals of seasons the authority authority to rectain the seasons when the seasons were seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the seasons the se sessions the supreme authority is vested in the Central Executive Committee of the Union, which consists of the Conneil of the Union and the Council of Nationalities. The regular session of the Union Soviet Congress is convened by the Central Executive Committee ("Tsik") of the Union once a year. The Council of the Union consists of 371 members elected by the Soviet Congress of the Union from among the representatives of the several constituent republics, counted in proportion to the population of each republic. The Council of Nationalities is formed of representatives of the constituent and autonomous Soviet Socialist Republics on the basis of g representatives from each, and of representa-tives of the autonomous Provinces of the R.S.F.S.R. on the basis of x representative from each. The composition of the Council of Nationalities as a whole must be confirmed by the Congress of Soviets of the Union.

(The autonomous Republics of Ajaria and Abkhasia and the autonomous Province of Southern Ossetia send one representative each to the

Council of Nationalities.)

The regular sessions of the Taik meet three times a year, and in the intervals the supreme authority is vested in its *Presidium*, formed by the *Tisk* of the Union, of az members, amongst whom are included the whole of the Union-Council Presidium and the Presidium of the Council of Nationalities.

Chairman of Presidium, Michael Ivanovitch Kalinin (R.S.K.S.R.); G. 1. Petrovsky (Ukraine); H. Musahekov (Transcaucasia); A. Q. Cherviakov (White Russia); N. Altakoff (Turknemistan); M. Faisula Khodzhaleff (Uzbekistan); M. Nusratulla (Tajikistan). Secretary, A. S. Yenukidze.

Representatives are elected to the Soviet Congress of the Union by Indirect voting, each village Societ sending representatives to a Volont Societ, the Volonts to Uyezd (district) Societs, the Uyezds to Government Societs, and the last-named to the Congress of Soviets of the Union. The cities and townships Soviets send representatives to the Congress of Soviets Union on the basis of a deputy for each 25,000 electors, whereas the provincial Societs send z deputy for each ras, ooo inhabitants.
The principal executive and administrative

organs of the Tsok of the Union are: The Council of People's Commissaties, the Council of Labour and Defence, and the Supreme Court of the Union.

The People's Commissariats of the Union are divided into (x) Federal People's Commissariats for the entire Union, and (a) Joint People's Com-missariats of the Union. Federal People's Commissariats of the Union. Federal Prople's Commissariats of the Union aic: (2) War and Marine, (3) Foreign Affairs. (3) Foreign Trade, (4) Transport, (5) Post and Telegraph. The Joint People's Commissariats are: (2) Supreme Council of National Economy, (3) Finance, (3) Internal Trade, (4) Labour, (5) Workers' and Peasants' Inspection. The Federal Commissariats have their representatives in the constituent republication. their representatives in the constituent republics, who are directly subordinated to them. The Joint Commissariats exercise their functions through corresponding Commissariats of the several constituent republics on their territories.

Each of the constituent republics has within its territory its own Congress of Soviets, its Central Executive Committee (T*ik), and Council Central Executive Committee (Twik), and Council of People's Commissaries (Sonnarkom), the latter consisting of Chairman, Vice-Chairman, and the following Commissaries: (a) Chairman, supreme Council of National Economy, (a) Finance, (a) Internal Trade, (4) Labour, (5) Workers' and Peasants' Iuspection (all these are subordinate to the People's Commissaries of the Union), (6) Agriculture, (7) Education, (8) Health, (9) Social Welfare, (70) Justice, (71) Internal Affairs (the latter six independent), and also including, with an advisory or deciding vote, according to the decision of the respective Tsik, the reprethe decision of the respective Tsik, the repre-sentatives of Federal Commissariats of the Union, i.e., of Foreign Affairs, Foreign Trade, War and

Marine, Transport, Post and Telegraph.
The Council of Labour and Defence (Soviet Trude i Oboromy, or S.T.O.) is attached and subordinate to the Sovnarkom, and in addition to a general direction of commissariats in their economic and military activity, has the power to ratify statutes of joint-stock companies and

The Supreme Court of the Union is attached to the Central Executive Committee, and has power and jurisdiction (x) to promulgate authoritative opinions on questions concerning general Federal legislation to the constituent republics, (s) to adjudicate controversies between the constitu-ent republics, (3) to try charges against high officials of the Union for officies committed in the discharge of their duties. The Supreme Court consists of 11 members.

To the Council of People's Commissaries (Sovnarkom) of the Union is attached a Joint State Political Department, formerly known as the Tcheka, but since 1922 as the O.G.P U. (Oliedinionnoje Gosudarstvennoje Politicherkoje Upravienie), which is designed to combat political and economic counter-revolution, espionage and brigandage. The Chairman of the O.G.P.U. is a member of the Council of People's Commis-saries of the Union. The O G.P.U. is directed by special rules and regulations, which have not been promulgated. The control of the legality of the acts of the O.G.P.U. is exercised by the Attorney-General of the Union in accordance with a special decree issued by the Tsik.

#### I. SOVIET RUSSIA (R.S.F.S.R.)

Rossijskaya Sotsialisticheakaya Federativnaya Sovetskaya Respublika — The Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic.

President of the Council of People's Commissars,

President of the Council of People's Commissars,
D. E. Sullinov.
Vice-Presidents, D. Z. Lebed; T.R. Ryskulov.
Chairman of Supreme Council of National:
Economy, K. K. Strievski.
Labour, M. M. Romanov.
Finance, V. N. Yakovleva.
Workers' and Peasants Inspection, N. I. Illin.
Central Statistical, N. P. Gorbunov.
Internal Affairs, V. M. Tolmachev.
Justice, N. V. Krylenko.
Education, A. S. Bubnov.
Health, M. F. Vladimirski.
Agriculture, M. K. Muralov.

Agriculture. M. K. Muralov. Social Welfare, I. A. Nagovitzin.

Communal Economy, N. P. Komarov.

The R.S.F.S.R. consists of 50 Governments and includes xx Autonomous Republics and xo Autonomous Provinces. Autonomous Republics:
Bashkir, Tartar, Kirghiz, Mountain, Daghestan,
Turkestan, Crimea, Yakut, Karelia, BuriatMongol and Voiga Germans. Autonomous Prowinces: Chuvash, Kalmuick, Mari, Votiak, Zyrian (Komi), Oirad. Kabardian-Balkarsk, Karachal-Circassian, Adighe Circassian, Tchetchen. (Komi), Oirad. Kadardian-Baikafar, Katachar-Circassian, Adighe - Circassian, Tchetchen. From the economic point of view this vast territory is usually divided into "Black Soil" and "Other Zones," the Black Soil Zone being subdivided into (1) Central Agricultural Region, (a) Middle Volga Region, (3) Lower Volga Region, (4) Northern Caucasus, (5) Siberia, (6) Kirchy Authonomus Remublic. (2) Crimea: voigs Region, (4) Nothern Caucasus, (5) Siries as, (6) Kirghuz Autonomous Republic, (7) Crimea; while the Other Zones are (1) Western Region, (2) North-Western Region, (3) Central Industrial Region, (4) North-Eastern Region, (5) Basins of the rivers Viatka and Vetluga, (6) Ural.

Local Government was, and still remains, highly developed The villagos in Imperial Russia had their assemblies (akhod) under the presidency of a mayor (starosta); they were presidency of a mayor (starosta); they were grouped into "volosts," the latter into districts (uyezd), and these into governments (guberniya). The districts and governments had their elective councils (zemstvos) for the administration of local affairs. Combined with this system of village communities was a highly organised system of co-operative trading, the population boing grouped into voluntary local associations usually corresponding with local government areas. The produce of the soil was disposed of in return for manufactures obtained by the society and distributed at the co-operative shops. Municipalities were also administered by elective councils (dumas) under the presidency of a mayor (golova); but in many cases the local authority of such municipalities and local land councils (zemstros) was overshadowed by the superior authority of the bureaucratic governor. After the Revolution, the village and other administrative units set up sovers of workers and peasants, and the provincial councils send representatives to the All-Russia Congress, nunicipalities having a double representation from their own soviet and from that of the province (or district) in which the municipalities are situated.

Education.-Under the Bolshevik régime popular education is administered by a commissary, in whose charge have been placed all educational institutions, theatres, museums, and galleries. Beyond this, the State has monopolised the photo-cinematographic industry and the publishing of manuals for schools of all types; and as the Soviet Government possesses almost all the printing houses, it practically controls the printing and publishing trades. The education of the workers in the towns is facilitated by lectures and school teaching; but among the peasants in the rural districts even the inadequate provision formerly made has in many places been discontinued. In 1931 there were stated to be so,ooo.ooo pupils in the schools as compared with 8,000,000 in 1914; the number of students attending higher educational centres was stated at 350,000 in 1931; there are two universities in Moscow and at in other large

Religion.—The Orthodox Church was disestab-lished by the Bolsheviks and all its property confiscated. All ecclesiastic schools, seminaries

and academies have been abolished, and the teaching of religion to persons under :8 years of age forbidden. But the law did not forbid the exercise of religion, and churches remained open in virtue of contracts concluded between the congregations and the local authorities. A recent questionnaire addressed to the soldiers of the Red Army shows that 70 per cent. of them believe in a Deity. The clergy live on voluntary donations from their parishioners. on Feb. 14, 1918, the Soviet Government adopted the Gregorian (Western) Calendar. A Godless Five Year Plan was embodied in a decree issued by the Council of Peoples' Commissaries in October, 1932, with the object 'not to leave a single house of prayer on the territory of the U.S.S.R., and to extinguish in the minds of the people the very notion of God.'

#### Soviet Union Budget, 1932-33.

Revenue Expenditure	Roubles 35,010,900,000
Debt.—The outstanding I on Jan. 1, 1917 (before the	Foreign Debt of Russia Revolution), may be
stated as under :	Debt.
To Great Britain	
To France	France 3,050,000,000
10 U.S.A	\$282,000,000
To Japan	Yen 256,000,000
To Italy	<i>Lira</i> 36,123,836

Since the revolution various loans have been raised, and these were stated to amount on Oct. 1, 1932, to 8,504,500,000 roubles.

Defence .- The Red Army, recruited by universal military service, consists of about 800,000 all ranks, including 37 cavalry brigades of about 3,000 men, and about 30,000 sallors serving on land. It was reported that the Red Air Fleet was to comprise an organisation of no,000 aeroplanes for the year 1924; in 1932 it was stated to consist of about 1,500 aeroplanes. The Red Nary is believed to consist of 4 battleships, 5 old cruisers, 17 destroyers, and 16 submarmes. Civil Aviation statistics will be found 011 P. 647.

The Five Year Plan.

The Soviet Fire Year Plan (1928-1933) —The avowed object of the Five Year Plan was to increase the industrial and agricultural production of the U.S.S.R. so that it might overtake and outstrip all other nations For this purpose the territory was equipped with factories, rai-roads, steamships, telegraphs, motor vehicles and tractors. The land was to be made to produce food, houses were to be built, and opportunities for recreation provided, so that the population might have these amenities in greater abundance than the peoples of capitalist nations. The Plan had the political aim of making the U.S.S.R. a far more powerful industrial, economical and political State, and the political aim was pursued at the expense of the people, the products of the soil being employed primarily in payment of imports required for industrial in payment or impores required for industrial development, even if starvation was thus imposed on the people. The principal industries undergoing development are askestos (at Azbest), steel (at Magnetogorsk), manganese (at Chiatur), tractors (at Chelabinsk, Stalingrad and Kharkoff), subset (at Chelabinsk, Stalingrad and Kharkoff), subset (at Chelabinsk, Stalingrad and Kharkoff), subset (at Cheat and Varshind) koff), wheat (at Gigant and Verblud), petroleum and crude oil (at Baku), and tea and oranges (at Chakwa). The factories are to be provided with electric energy from Dniepostroy, where a dam ports, whereas the U.S. contributed 33's and

is under construction, the work being under the superintendence of U.S. engineers. The political development of the Plan appears to he abreast, in most particulars, and in some directions ahead in most particulars, and in some directions anead, of the time schedule; and in April, 1931, M. Kuibyshev, Chairman of the State Planning Commission, stated that the Five Year Plan would be completed in 1932 (one year ahead of the schedule), and the Government had therefore decided to begin work on a new Five Year Plan for 1933 1938.

Agriculture-The Soviet Board of Statistics publish the following particulars of the har-

_	Metric Tons.	
Crop.		1930.
Rye	20, 359, 140	24,556,670
Wheat	18,877,820	28, 360,070
Barley	7,213,530	7 170 600
Oats	15,739 260	17,840,470
Maize	3,018,660	3,057,470
Millet	3,112,670	3,237,060
Buckwheat	1,513,800	1,199,590
Other Cereals	z,go6,630	2,836,550
Potatoes	45,629,700	49,772,100
The Line Stock are state	ed at :	

Animals.	1929.	2030.
Cattle	66,700,000	58,600,000
Horses	34,000,000	31,200,000
Sheep and Goats	147.200,000	89,900,000
Swine	20,900,000	12,200,000

Industry.-The natural riches of Russia in coal, iron-ores, copper, manganese, gold, platinum, timber, naphtha, and so on, are enormous. The value of the industrial output is stated at :--

# Metric Tome

		- 0,,,,,
Ores.	1929-30.	1030 31.
Iron	10,012,000	10,731,000
Manganese	1,550,000	900,000
Copper	1,080,000	1,168,000
Coal	46,700,000	55,860,000
	14,836,500	22,323,000

External Trade.-The external trade of the U.S.S.R. for 1931-32 is stated as under in thousands of roubles .—

Exports from 1 Russia to 1	Countries.	{ Imports into Russia from
134,311	. Great Britain	90,932
<b>ς8,</b> c61	. Germany	324,411
17,014	. U.S. A	31,665
28,536	. France	3.870
26,012	. Italy	27,144
1,372	. Czechoslovakia	10,283
9,623	. Latvia	5,770
25,368	. Persia	49,940
4,605	. Poland	5,521
	. Turkey	
41,395	. Mongolia	19,378
	. China	
	. Japan	
20,800	. Netherlands	5,434
	. Belgium	
	Norway	
3,019	Sweden	14,137
6,141	Sweden	21,521

According to the Soviet Customs Returns there was a Balance of Trade in 1929-30 adverse to the U.K. of 193,233,000 roubles, and in favour of the U.S.A. (235,780,000 roubles) and of Germany (20,135,000 roubles). The U.K. contributed 64 of the Imports and took 27 per cent. of the Experimental Control of the Contributed 64 of the Imports and took 27 per cent. of the Experimental Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Con took 5, and Germany contributed as and took 24 per cent.

Board of Trade figures for transactions between Russia and Great Britain:—

Imports from U.K........£9,044,000 £19,498,000 Exports to U.K................£9,044,000 £19,498,000

Commun	ncanons.—Lengun of Fauro	BOB ID III
Year.		Miles.
1925-6		46,255
1926-7		47.088
19 <del>27-8</del>		48,023
1028~0		48.226

The principal railway lines are the main European network from Lennigrad, through Moscow to Astrakhan and across the Urals vit Perm, Ufa, Samara and Saratov, with northern extensions to the Kola Peniusula and to Archangel and running southwards to the Baltic, the Crimen and the Caucasus ; the Trans-Siberian Line from Chelyahinsk, on the Ural frontier, to Omsk, and round Lake Baikal to Chita and Stryetensk. From Chita the line crosses the Manchurian frontier (as the Eastern China Railway) to Haibin and Vladivostok, where a northward extension runs to Khabarovsk. The Amur Railway runs to Khabarovsk. connects Stryetensk with Khalarovsk, and the Trans-Sibertan line thus connects the western and eastern limits of Russia on Russian territory. The Trans-Caspian Railnean tuns from Kiasnovodsk (opposite Bakii) to Askabad, Merv, Bokhara, Samaikand, Khokand and Andjan, with a zoo-mile branch from Merv to Kushk (near Herat) on the Afghanistan border. The Orenburg-Tashkent Afghanistan border. The Orenourg-Tankent Line, from the European boundary, across the Kirghiz Steppe to Kazalinsk, Perovsk and Tashkent, whence a short line connects with the Trans-Caspian system. The Trans-Caucasan Line runs though Georgia, Azerbaljan and Armenia, from Batum and Poti, on the Black Sas, vid Trilis, to Bakn, on the Caspian, where It is met by the European system of Rostov

on the Don. From Tiffis branches run to Kars, and vid Erivan to Mount Araret on the Armenian frontier, and to the Persian frontier at Julia. There are in the Soviet Union (1927) 258,600 miles of inland waterways, of which 54,500 are navigable by sateam vessels, and nearly 120,000 miles by rafts. The principal scaports are Leningrad and Kronstadt on the Gulf of Finland, Sevastopol and Novorossiyak (Black Sca), Archangel on the White Sea. and Ekaterininsk in the Kola River (Murmansk), Vladivostok (Sea of Japan), and Petropaulovsk in Kamtchatka.

Posts and Telegraphs.—In 1929 the post offices handled about 550,000,000 letters and postcards; the length of telegraph lines was stated at 156,000 miles, with over 8,000 offices.

Capital.—On March 14, 1918, the seat of Government was transferred from Petrograd to Moscow, which had a population in 1932 of about 2,800,000. LKNINGRAD (before the war "St. Petersburg," and until the death of Lenin, "Petrozrad"), the former Capital, founded by Peter the Great on the banks of the Nevz in 1903, had a population in 1932 of 2,783,000. Other centres are Saratov (20,000), Rostov (300,000), Samara (120,000), Nimi-Novgorod, re-named Gorky in 1933, (120,000), Voronezn (100,000), Kazau (180,000), Krasnova, formerly Ekaterinolar (150 000), Astrakhan (180,000), Ornburg (120,000), Vladivostok (100,000). Archangel had about 40,000 inhabitants in 1920.

#### II.—THE UKRAINE, (Ukraina.)

President, V. J. Tchubar.

On Nov. 21, 1927, the greater part of "Little Russia," consisting of the former governments of Chernigov, Kharkov, Kieff, and Poltava (with Ekaterinoslav and Kherson in "South Russia," and Podolia and Volkynia in "West Russia,"), was encouraged by Germany to declare itself independent as the Republic of the

#### IMPORTS INTO GREAT BRITAIN FROM U.S.S.R.

Article	х93х.		1979	
	Quantity	Value.	Quantity	Value.
Butter	a8,930,946 5,615,862 a,782,823 659,910 	£, 1,969, #44 6,596, 355 1,176,035 629,936 133,993 667,137 2,067,833 4,099,740 3*9,919 34,006 5,6*8,593 1,063,364 5,99,973 289,910 263,186 36,733	322,887 3,873,105 2,720,383 118,981 1,549,107 275,675 1,499,379 531,532	£ 1,=34,873 905,380 606,s05 34,=97 38,590 1363,495 345,4=9 985,863

i Value of dead poultry and game only.

Ukraine. The new Republic was invaded by Germany in 1917-28, and subsequently overrun by Bolshevik forces, and a military and economic alliance was concluded between Soviet Russia and the Ukraine Socialist Soviet Republic (Dec. 28, 1920). The majority of the inhabitants belong to the Greek Orthodox Church. The chief town and seat of government is Kharkoff (pop. tos3, 318,000), other large centres being Odessa, the great port on the Black Sea (with a population in 1933 of 316,000), Kieff (pop 1923, 406,000), Ekaterinoslav (pop. 1923, 127,000), Nikolayev (81,000), Poltava (88,000), and Taganrog (100,000). The Ukraine is the great cereal-growing district of Russia, and before the Great War the harvests exceeded 1,000,000,000 poods; during the Civil War the production was reduced to 385 million poods, but in 1923 it had increased to 700 millions. In 1922 3 there were 122 sugar-beet factories (200 in 1925) producing 10,000,000 poods (500 millions in 1914-15). The Ukraine also contains large deposits of iron ore and coal, and is the pinicipal source of the European supply of quicksilver. Agriculture is the principal industry, and there are large fron and steel works. Before the Great War the exports from the Ukraine (grain, sugar, hides, hustles, quicksliver, and wool) were of the annual value of about £75,000,000, and the imports (manufactured goods and machinery) about £50,000,000.

CAPITAL, Kharkoff. Population (1930), 530,600. Other towns: Dniepropetrosk, 233,000; Kieff, 514,000; Nikolaieff, 105,000; Odessa, 481,000; Poltava, 92,000.

#### III.-TRANSCAUCASIA. (Zakavkarskaya F.S.S.R.)

President of the Council of People's Commissars, M. D. Orakhelashvili.

The Transcaucasian Federation consists of three Socialist Soviet Republics:

Republic. Armeura	25,470	Population, 1,339,969 2,135,033 8,462,008	
Azerbaijan	33,570 74,105	8,463,098  5,938,100	

#### Armenia, or Hyastan. (S.S.S.R.A.)

President of the Council, M. S. Hambartsumian.

Armenia occupies the uplands between the Iranian plateau and Asia Minor, and is bounded hy the Black Sea on the N., by Kurdistan on the S., by Azerbaijan on the E., and by Turkey on the W. Until the outbreak of the Great War it was shared between Turkey (35,500 sq. miles), Rusia (20,585 sq. miles), and Persia 6,518 sq. miles). The rivers Euphrates, Tigris, Aras, Kur, and Tchorokh take their rise within its boundaries, and at the meeting of the former Turkish, Persian, and Russian boundaries is Mountain, rersian, and Russian boundaries is Mount Ararat (27,260 feet), the traditional resting place of "Noah's Ark." In the unlands the allege of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of In the uplands the climate is severe, Ark." In the uplands the climate is severe, but in the valleys and plains the soil is fertile, producing all kinds of cereals, cotton rice, sesame, hemp, flax, and tobacco. Sericulture (slikworm breedin'), sheep-breeding, and fruit growing are capable of great development. Armenia has great mineral resources hardly as yet developed. Naphtha, sulphur, bitumen, and uitre abound, while the mountains yield salt (mineral and in solution), gold, silver, copper,

lead, iron and valuable marbles; there are also numerous hot and cold mineral springs (similar in nature to those of Vichy); more than half the supply of copper from Russis was derived in 1914 from Soviet Armenia, and the value of carpets manufactured in 1914 exceeded 10,000,000 gold roubles. The Armenian Church is the oldest established Christian church, Christianity having been recognised as the State religion in 300, and from the 5th century there is a national language and literature. On account of their religion the Armenians have suffered a general persecution by Islam, particularly in the vilayet of Sivas, Bitlis, Diarbekir, Manuret-el-Aziz, Van, and Erzerum, where massacres have fre-quently occurred. In 1915-17 there were wholesale deportations and massacres of the Christian population of Turkish Armenia, while the Armenian Christians of Azerbaijan and of Russian Armenia were similarly treated by Turkish and Kudish hordes. In 1918 the Supreme Council of the Allied Powers recognised the independence of the Republic of Armenia. Under the Trenty of Peace with the Allies (May 11, 1920), Turkey recognised the independence of Armenia, with its capital at Erivan. In 1920 a Bolshevik movement set up the Armenian Socialist Somet Republic, on the lines of the Moscow government.

CAPITAL, Erivan; population, 65,000. Leninkan (formerly Alexandropol) 43,000.

#### Georgia, or Sakartvélo. (G.S.S.R.)

President of the Council, M. Ivanoff Kavkazsky. The Socialist Soviet Republic of Georgia in-

cludes two autonomous Republics (Abkhasia and Adjaria), and one autonomous Province (Southern Osetia).

Georgia, a former Kingdom in Transcancasia with a history of more than a,000 years as a State, was annexed by Russia in 1801 in violation of the Treaty of Alhance of 1783. At the heginning of 1918 it regained its independence, but in 1793 the country was occupied by Bolshevik forces and became a member of the Transcaucasian Federation. Soviet Georgia is bounded on the N. by the Cancasian Mountains, on the S. by Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenic on the F. by the Republic of Armenia, on the E. by the Republic of Azerbaijan, and on the W. by the Black Sea. There are 970 miles of railway, the trunk line connecting the Black Sea ports of Poti and Batonin with Baku, on the Caspian. Batonin and Baku are also connected by a petroleum pipe-line. The manganese ore beds are the richest in the world, more than one-half of the world's supply being derived from the Tchiatmy mines (in the district of Sharopausky) in 1914. There are also abunof Sharopausky) in 1974. There are also abundant supplies of coal (5 million poods in 1974 and over 500 mineral springs partly unexploited. Wine is produced in considerable quantitles, and while is produced in considerant equantities, and the tobacco plant (chiefly in Abkhasia) yielded Soc.coo poods in 1914, a great deal of which was imported by Egypt and produced as local grown. Timbet (especially box) is an important industry. Oil wells with unproved quantities of crude oil have been allocated in have been discovered in many places, particularly in the Shirak Steppe. The chief town and seat of government is Tills, population 300,000; the administrative centre of Abkhasia being Sukhum (68,000), and of Ajaria, Batum (32,000); other large centres being Kutais (50,000) and Poti (22,000).

CAPITAL, Tiflis. Population (1925), 400,000.

#### Azerbaijan, (A.S.S.R.)

President, M. Musoabekoff.

Azerbaijan, on the south-western shore of the Caspian Sea, extends from the Caucasis in the north to Persia in the south, and from the Caspian on the east to Armenia and Georgia. It includes the provinces of Baku, Hanjin (Elisavetpol), the district of Zakathal and the autonomous territories of Naklutchevan and Nagorni-Karabach. More than 75 per cent, of the people are Muhammadans. The Azerbaijan Socialist Soviet Republic entered the Union as a Member of the Transcancasian Federation on Dec. 31, 1922. The Republic is very rich in Dec. 31, 1922. minerals (naphtha, magnetic ironstone, and mangauese), but oil is the principal industry, concentrated in the Baka region, the production being 466,800,000 poods in 1914, and 213,000,000 poods in 1928-3. Fishing is also important, and 15,000,000 poods of caviare were produced in 1932. The principal crop is cotton.

The CAPITAL is Baku (pop. 460,000) on the shore of the Caspian Sea, the centre of the petroleum industry. Baku is connected by railway with Batum (Georgia) on the Black Sea, via Tiflis, and with Moscow, via Rostov. Other towns are Hanjin (60,000), Kuba (14,000) arri Nucha (23,000).

#### IV .- WHITE RUSSIA. (Byelorussiya,)

President (and Chairman of the Central Executive Committee), A. G. Tchervyakofl.

The independence of White Russia was recognised by Soniet Russia in 1919, and a multary and economic alliance was concluded Jan. 16, ross. The independent republic covers the former government of Minsk and parts of Vitebsk and Mogluler. The political neighbours The pointern heighbours are Lithuania and Poland on the west, and the Ukraine on the south. The capital is Minsk (pop. 131,530), where there is a University founded by the Societ Government; other towns are Gomel (87,000), Bohrunsk (51,000) and Muchileff (20,000). Moghileff (50,000).

CAPITAL, Minsk. Population, 131,530.

### V.—TURKMENISTAN. (T,S,S,R.)

President, M. Atabaieff.

Turkmenistan is bounded on the west by the Caspian Sea and on the south by Persia with Afghanistan as a south-eastern neighborn. Eighty-five per cent, of the inhabitants are Muhammadan Turkomans, with about ten per cent. Mulammadan Uzbers and five per cent Russians of the Orthodox faith. The seat of Aussians of the Orthodox Inth. The seat of administration is temporarily at Poltarask (formerly Achabad), other centres being Merv (22,000) and Karichi (20,000). Krasnovodsk is a port on the Caspian and a railway terminus on the Trans-Caspian line.

CAPITAL, Poltaratsk (52,000).

#### VI.-UZBEKISTAN.

	(U.F.S.I	2.)	
771 1		8q miles 50,000 13,640	Population 2,000,000 400,000
		63,640	2,400,000

President, Achun Babaieff.

Bokhara lies between Turkmenistan (on the W.), the Kara Kalpak territory of the R.S.F.S.R. (on the N.), and is bounded on the south by Afghanistan. The majority of the inhabitants are Muhammadan Uzbegs. The former capital (Old Bokhara) is a station on the Russian Trans-Caspian Railway. The principal pro-ducts are rice, wheat, fruit, hemp, cotton, silk, and carpets. Exports (mainly to Russia) are agricultural wedgets. are agricultural products and silk and cotton manufactures; unports are principally manufactured goods and sugar. The Emirate was abolished in 1920 and the Emir fled to Afghanistan. A Soviet Republic of Bokhara was established and its independence was recognised by Soviet Russia by treaty of March 4,

Khiva, or Khorezm, formerly the Khanate of Khiva, lies between Bokhara and the Kara Kalpak territory of the R.S.F.S.R., and has a population of whom about half are nomads, and nearly all Muhammadans. The country occupies the fertile delta of the Oxus and is highly productive (rice, wheat, cotton, silk, fruit, hemp).

CAPITAL OF UZBEKISTAN, Tashkent (population 700,000). Other towns: Sannaikand (rof,000) Andijan (80,000), Boklara (50,000), Knikand (70,000). Khiva has about 20.000 inhabitants.

#### VII.-TAJIKISTAN.

Tadzhik.-The autonomous Soviet State of the Tadzhik hes between Bokhara (on the W) and the Kara Kirghiz territory of the RSF.SR., with Afghanistan as a southern neighbour, The inhabitants are largely nomads, and almost all are Muhaumadans. The estimated area is 56, 108 square miles, with a population of about 2,000,000.

CAPITAL, Stalinabad; population, 6,000. Other centres, Kojent 38,000, and Dura-Tube az.000.

#### BRITISH EMBASSY.

(Sotiskaya Naberezhnaya 14, Moscow.) British Ambassalor, His Excellency The Rt. Hon Viscount Chilston, K.C.M.G. (1933)

Counsellor of Embassy, N. H. H. Charles, M.C. 28t Secretary, E. O. Coote. 3rd Secretaries, J. M. K. Vyvynn; W. G.

Walton.

Commercial Counsellor, G. P. Paton, C B.E. Archivest and Accountant, G W. Vincent. M. B. E.

### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Leningrad - Consul - General, R. W. Bullard,

Moscow—Consul, T. C. Rapp, M.C., Pro-Consul, H. V. Bostock,

#### VENEZUELA.

#### (Estados Unidos de Venezuela.)

President, Gen. Juan Vicente Gómez, elected June 19, 1931.

Interior, Dr. Pedro Rafael Tinoco. Foreign Affairs, Dr. Pedro Itriago Chacin. Hacienda (Treasury), Sefior Efraim Gonzalez. Fomento (Public Development), Sefior R. Cayama Martinez. Public Works, Dr. Luis Velez.

Education, Dr. R. Gonzales Rincones. War and Naty, Gen. E. Lopez Contreras. Public Health and Agriculture, Senor H. Toledo Trubillo.

Envoy Extraordinary in London, Dr. Diógenes Escalante, 50, Pall Mall, S.W.r.

Counsellor, Oscar Aguilar.

and Secretary, J. V. Lopes Rodriguez. Attaché, José Rafael Falcon.

Commercial Agent, Ra'ael José Cayama. Vice-Consul, C. Gurtmbay.

Consul-General, Liverpool, Alivio Parra Marquez. Consulates at Birmingham, Cardiff, Glasgou, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Leith and Hull.

The most northerly Confederation of South America, situated approximately between ro40'S. lat. and xz' z6' N. lat. and 59 '5z'—73° x5' W. long. It consists of zo States and z federal territories. The best authorities calculate the actual present area to be approximately 363,728 square miles. The census of 1925 gave the population as

3,036,878.

Venezuela lies on the north of the South American continent, and is bounded on the north by the Caribbean Sea, west by the Republic of Colombin (with which Republic the American to the American Caribbean Sea, west by the Republic of Colombin (with which Republic the American Later Manual Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later Later the houndary is in dispute), east hy British (iniana, and south by Brazil. Included in the area of the Republic are over 70 islands off the coast, with a total area of about 14,650 square mules, the largest being Margarita, which is politically associated with Tortuga, Cubagua and Coche to form the newly constituted State of Nueva Esparta. Margarita has an area of about

400 square miles.

Venezuela was visited by Columbus in 14c8, and in 1490 by Alonzo de Ojeda and Amergo Vespucci, the former naming the Gulf of Mara-caho Venezuela, or "Little Venice" (on account of the Indian pile-built settlements on the coast and shores of the lake), and the name was after-wards extended to the whole of the Orinoco In 1550 the territory was formed into the captaincy-general of Caracas, and the country remained under Spanish rule until the revolt under Simon Bolivar, a native of Caracas, who defeated the Spanish forces in the battles of Lastoguanes (1813) and Carabobo (1821), and thus secured the independence of the country. Bolivar was an until ing hero in the cause of independence, and through his efforts (and those of his adjutant Sucre, Venezuela, Ecuador and Colombia (Upper Peru) achieved their freedom from Spain, while Peru was enabled to establish its independence in consequence of his victories. lle died in 1830, at the age of 47, and his remains were re-interred at Caracas in 1842. Venezuela formed part of the Federal Republic of Colombia from 1822-1830. since which time it has been independent. There have been many revolutions since 1846, particularly in 1849, 1868, 1889, 1891, 1900, and 1908. In 1854 President Monagas liberated the African slaves, and in 1864 President Falcon divided the country into States and formed them into a Federal Republic. The present constitution rests upon the fundamental law of June 13, 1919, under which the government is that of a Federal Republic of twenty autonomous States, a Federal District, and two Territories, with a President elected by the Federal Congress for seven years; a new Constitutional law of 1925 left that position unchanged.

The Eastern Andes from the south-west cross la Sierra (15,420 feet) and Salado (13,878 feet), the maritime ranges containing the Silla de Carácas (8,531 feet). Near the Brazilian border the Sierras Parinia and Pacaraima and on the eastern border the Sierras de Rincote and de enseern outer the Sierras de Kincote and de Usupamo enclose the republic with parallel northward spurs, between which are valleys of the Orlinoco tributaries. The Sierra Parlina contains Yaparana (7,175 feet) and Duida (8,126 feet), and Para Caima contains Maraguaca (8,228 feet) and Roraima (8,530 feet), the latter being on the Venezuela-Guiana boundary. The slopes of the mountains and foothills are covered with dense forests, but the basin of the Orinoco is mainly llanes, or level stretches of open prairie, with occasional woods.

The principal river of Venezuela is the Orinoco, with innumerable affinents, the main river exceeding 1,500 miles in length from its rise in the north-western mountains of the republic to its outflow in the delaic region of the northeast. The Ormoco is navigable for large steamers from its mouth for some 700 miles, and by smaller vessels as far as the Maipures Cataract, some zoo miles further up stream. Among the many tributance of the main stream are the Ventuari, Caura and Caroni from the south, and the Apure (with its tributary the Portuguesa), Arauca, Meta, and Guaviare from the west, the Meta and Guaviare being principally Colombian rivers. The upper waters of the Orinoco are united with those of the Rio Negro (a Brazilian tributary of the Amazon) by a natural river or canal, known as the Casiquiare. The costal regions of Venezuela are much indented and contain many lagoons and lakes, of which Maracarbo, with an area exceeding 7,000 square miles, is the largest lake in South America. Other lakes are Zulia 290 square miles), south-west of Maracaibo, and Valencia (ar6 square miles), about 1,400 feet above sea-level in the Maritime Andes. The llanos also contain lakes and swamps caused by the river floods, but they are dry in the summer seasons.

The climate is tropical and, except where modified by altitude or tempered by sea breezes, is unhealthy, particularly in the coastal regions and in the neighbourhood of lowland streams and lagoons. The hot wet season lasts from April to October, the dry cooler season from November to March.

The principal industries are agriculture and attle raising. The oilfields are of increasing cattle raising.

importance, the production nemg 118,770,000 barrels in 1931, and 119,596,512 barrels in 1932. The principal imports are cotton prints and shirtings and cotton drill, mainly from the U.K., and hardware, principally from the U.S. The principal articles of export are petroleum (133,302,302 barrels in 1932), coffee (41,238 metric tons in 1932); cacao (15,526 metric tons in 1932); goatakins, asplast, suçar, hides, and balata. The U.S. is the principal customer.

There are about 680 miles of railway in operation.

Spanish is the language of the coun'ry.

	944 Foreign Countries—V				en
-	Revenue		£	1931-32. 7, 330,518	Se
-	Expenditure Internal Debt External Debt	·		6,5£9,014 965,045 Nil.	M
	Total Imports		£	1938 6,112,000	of Si
	Total Exports . Imports from U Exports to U.K	J.K		876,305 220,020	ps es (e
	The exchange	at par = sg ss ácas. Populati	Bs. $= \mathcal{L}$ ion (1925).	sterling.	st.
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	,, V	ice-Consul,Lt ro-Connul, E. I	Col. A. II. 8	seagrim.	De an
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	(acting).				Be
		Vice-Consul,	B. L.	Maduro	ub A
	(Curacao).				ne

### YEMEN. See Arabia.

#### YUGOSLAVIA.

(Kraljevina Jugeslavije.)

King, Alexander, born Dec. 17, 1888; acceded Aug. 16, 1921; married, June 8, 1922, Princess Marre of Rumania. Heir Apparent, The Crown Prince Peter, born Sept. 6, 1923.

#### MINISTRY.

(November 5, 1932.)

President of the Council and Minister of Agriculture, Dr. Milan Srškić. Minister without Portfolio, Dr. Albert Kramer. Social Policy and Public Health, Ivan Puccij. Minister without Portfolio, Dr. Handi Hamdija Karamehmedović.

Minister of Commerce and Industry, Dr. Ilija

Do., Dr. Pragutin Kojić. Do., Dr. Budislav-Grgur Andgelmovic. Sumenković. Justice, Božidar Maksimović. Communications, Dr. Lazar Radivojević. War and Marine, Gen. Dragomir Stojanović. Finance, Dr. Milorad Djordjević. Mines and Forests, Pava Matica. Public Works, Dr. Stjepan Srkulj. Foreign Afairs, Bogoljub Jevtić. Interior, Zivojin Lazic. Education, Dr. Radenko Stanković. Physical Education, Dr. Lavoslav Hauzek. Minister in London, Ris Excellency Djordje Djurić. Counseller of Legation, Dr. Vojislav M. Jovanović.

Legation, 195 Queen's Gate, S.W. 7.

ecretaries, Vladimir M. Voukmirovitch: Dr. Voyslav M. Radovanovitch. *lilitary Attaché*, General Nenadović.

Yugoslavia consists of the former Kingdoms Yugoslavia consists of the former Kingdoms of Serbia and Montenegro and of Croatia and lavonia, part of the Banat, Resnin, Herzegovina, act of Carniola, and part of Styria, and has an stimated area of 248,050 square kilometres 94,230 square miles), with a population (Census 921) of 2,305,938. It is divided (by the Contitution of Sept. 3, 1921) into 9 Banorinas—Dravska, Savska, Virlaska, Primorska, Drinska, etska, Dunavska, Moravska and Vardarska.

Montenegro (Crna-Gora) was, before the urkish occupation of the remaining territory, province of the Serbian Empire. Its indepenent existence ended with the decision of its arliament (Nov. **s**g, rgr8) to depose King icholas and reunite with Serbia. The chief owns are Cetinje (pop. 5,000) and Pedgorica.

Pre-War Scrbia had no seaboard, but the aclusion of Croatis, Dalmatia and Montenegro the Kingdom of Yugoslavia gives access to be Adriatic down a lengthy coast. The prinpal Yugoslav ports are Sušak, Split, Dubrovnik ipal Yugoslav ports are susset, spirit, Dunzyunia and Kotor, and by an agreement with the ireck Government Yugoslavia has a free cere 7,885 miles of normal gauge and 3,132 f narrow gauge rallway in operation. The chamber forms a great, compared a lightway anube forms a great commercial highway, and the tributary rivers Sava and Tisa provide ther important shipping routes; the port of elgrade is now the second busiest on the Danube. The Paris-Istanbul service of the French Aviation Company (via Prague, Vienna, Buda-pest) calls daily at Belgrade, which has also regular air services to Bucharest; a national company connects the chief towns with the capital and also maintains services with Vienna and Salonika. The Army on a peace footing cousists of 130,000 officers and men, the war strength being about 250,000.

The Greek Orthodox, Roman Catholic, Protestant, Muhammadan and Judaic faiths are recognised by the State; nearly 47 per cent. of the population is of the Greek Orthodox faith. Education is compulsory and elementary education is free. In 1930 there were about 10,000 elementary schools, with ax,000 teachers and x,000,000 pupils; about 20,000 attend continua-tion schools, and some 70,000 receive instruction at tychnical colleges. There are Universities at Belgrade, Zagreb, Ljubljana and Skoplje.

The principal industry is agriculture, over so per cent. of the population being engaged 80 per cent. of the population being engaged therein. In 1932 about 2,185,07 hectares under wheat yielded 14,545,379 quintals of wheat; maize (2,585,535 hectares, 47,595,560 quintals), barley (421,750 hectares, 2,593,260 quintals), rye (249,637 hectares, 2,593,262 quintals); rye (249,637 hectares, 2,153,541 quintals); 191,728 hectares are under vines, which yielded 4,387,138 hectolitres of which in 1932. The live stock in 1930 included 3,730,000 cattle, 1,141,000 heres, 7,735,000 sheep, and 2,700,000 swine. The mineral resources include coal (output 6,000 now partic fours in 1900) clude coal (output 6,000,000 metric tons in 1929), tron, copper, lead, chrome ore, antimony, &c. The principal exports are maize, wheat, timber, live stock and meat products, primes, eggs, poultry, skins and minerals; the imports are chiefly textile manufactures, machinery, food products and coal.

	2932-33. Dinare.	2933-24. Dinara,
Revenue,	222,323,200,000	10,438,326,579
Expenditure	111,323,200,000	10,438,326,379
National Debt (3	uly z, 1932):	
Internal	Dina	78 6,020,315,000
External	dn	32,763,242,636
To Great Brite	un	£3x,750,000
Do.		£2,495,024
	2931.	Dinars.
Total Imports	4,800,281,000	2,850,650,000
Total Exports		
Imports from U.		
Exports to U.K.		64,000,000
CAPITAL, Belgy	ade(Beograd = V)	Thite Fortress).
at the confluence	e of the Sava a	and Danube, a
city in rapid grow	wth, with electric	tramways and
light, and wide	streets; it cont	tains the uni-
versity, museum		
citadel, national		
	ther towns are Za	
The language of	ica, Sarajevo and	
FLAG: Blue, w		i no.cioarian.
Enga. Dine, w	many red.	

-	
	BRITISH LEGATION.
	(Zrinjskoga Ulica 20, Belgrade.)
	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleni-
	potentiary, Sir Nevile Meyrick Hen-
	derson. K.O.M.G. (1929)£3,150
	and Secretaries, D. John Cowan, O.B.E., M.C.;
	W. H. Montagu-Pollock.
	Commercial Secretary (Grade II), H. N.
	Sturrock.
	Naval Attaché, Capt. R. B. Ramsay, M.V.O.,
	R.N.
	Asst. Naval Attaché, Eng -Com. F. V. Stopford,
	R.N.
	Mil. Attaché, Lt. Col. T. D. Daly, M.C.
i	Archivist, C. A. Knight.
ĺ	BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.
ı	Belgrade—Consul, Charles L. Blakeney.
1	

Sarajevo—Consul, B. J. Gilliatt-Smith.

Dubrovnik II (Gruž)—Vice-Consul, Capt. I.

Hagjija.

Zagreb—Consul, R. D. Macrae.

Pro-Consul, P. N. Preisler.

Spiti (Spiato)—Vice-Consul, N. Perić.

Susak—Vice-Consul, A. E. Piggot.

Vis (Lusa)—Consular Agent, A. Topić.

## BRITISH EMPIRE CULTIVATION.

HOITING		EWIFIRE COLITIVATION:		
Principal Territories.   Land Area.		Cultivated Area, where declared.		
	Acres.	Acres.		
Gt. Britain & N. Ireland	60,000,000	See pages 627-8.		
Isle of Man	141,000	80,000 arable and grass.		
Channel Islands	48,000	About 30,000 potatoes, roots, grass, tomatoes.		
Irish Free State	17,000,000	1 x,406,000 onts, potatoes, &c., 21/2 mill. hay, 8 mill. pasture.		
Canada	2,213,000,000	6x,000,000 field crops, 700,000,000 forest.		
Newfoundld.& Labrador	176,000,000	Some oats, barley, hay and potatoes.		
Australia	1,903,000,000	22,000,000 cropped, of which 14,700,000 wheat (150 mill. sheep).		
New Zealand	66,000,000	10.000.000 farmed, incl. 600.000 grain (20 mill, sheep).		
Indian Empire	996,000,000	180,000,000 food grains, 160,000,000 forest (151 mill.		
Indian Empire	330,000,000	cattle).		
Burma	150,000,000	z,coc,coo rice, ground-nuts, &c.		
Cyprus	2,203,000	466,000 wheat, barley, vines, &c., 448,000 forests.		
Malta	78,000	33,000 wheat, barley, potatoes and cotton.		
Ceylon	16,000,000	3,176,000 coconut, paddy, rice, rubber and tea.		
Malaya	36,000,000	4.300,000 rubber, rice, coconut, pineapples, tapioca, &c.		
North Borneo	20,000,000	187,000 rubber, rice, sago and pepper.		
Union of South Africa	300,000,000	7,500,000 maize, wheat, oats, sugar, &c.		
Rhodesia, North	184,000,000	67,000 maize, tobacco. &c. (Europeans' cultivation).		
Rhodesia, South	96,000,000	420,000 maize, tobacco, &c. (Europeans' cultivation).		
Bechusualand	176,000,000	Feeds 420,000 cattle.		
Basutoland	7,500,000	Feeds sheep, cattle and horses (natives').		
Swaziland	4,300,000	29,000 maize, cotton and tobacco.		
Kenya	147,000,000	635,000 maize, sisal, coffee, wheat, tea, &c. (Europeans').		
Uganda	41,500,000	31,000 coffee, rubber, &c., 3,000,000 timber.		
Nyasaland	25,000,000	68,000 tobacco, tea, maize, &c., 5,000,000 timper.		
Somaliland	43,000,000	Produces sorghum on coast, cedar forests inland.		
Nigeria	235,000,000	589,000 palmkernels, ground-nuts, cacao, 155 mill. forest.		
Gold Coast	59,000,000	930,000 cacao, yams,cassava, kola, maize, millet, ground- nuts.		
Sierra Leoue	19,800,000	430,000 rice, cassava, ) ams, sweet pota; oes, maize.		
British West Indies	8,000,000	500,000 cacao, sugar-cane, coconut, &c.		
British Guiana	57,000,000	130,000 rice, sugar and coconut, also timber, green- heart, &c.		
British Honduras	5,500,000	5,000,000 timber, mahogany, cedar, &c.		
Papua	58,000,000	9,000 lubber also cotton and hemp.		
Sarawak	27,000,000	zco,ooo ruhber.		
British Cameroous	22,000.000	Rubber, ground-nuts, palm kernels, cacao, bananas.		
Palestine	6,600,000	360,000 wheat, bailey, vines, tobacoo, &c.		
South-West Africa	206,000,000	19,500 maize, also potatoes and tobacco.		
Tanganyika	235,000,000	z.436,000 maize, sisal, rice, cuffee, and 2,000,0:0 forest.		
British New Guinea	58,000,000	200,000 coconut, also tobacco, cotton, sisal, coffee, &c.		
Sudan	645,000,000	z,800,000 millet, cotton, sesame, &c., also timber.		
		4004		

# The International Institute of Agriculture.

(Villa Borghese, Rome.)

THE International Institute of Agriculture at Rome was founded in 1905 as the result of a Convention made between the representatives of 40 different countries. The number of nations subscribing to the Convention is 72, and the Institute may be regarded as the pioneer of official in-ternational institutions, and as the most representative of all. It is estimated that the countries and colonies adhering to the Institute represent

over 95 per cent, of the population of the world.

The following is a complete list of the countries that have adhered to the Convention of 1905, and therefore have rights of representa-tion at the Institute, and are pledged to

contribute to its funds :--

Argentina. Italy. Eritrea. Anstria. Belgium. Cyrenaica. Belgian Congo. Italian Somaliland. Tripoli Bolivia. Brazil. Japan. Latvia Bulgaria. Chile. Lithuania. China Luxemburg Colombia Mexico. Netherlands. Cuba. Czechoslovakia Netherlands East Denmark, Indies. Ecuador. Nicaragua. Egypt. Norway. Estonia. Panama. Ethiopia. Paraguay. Finland. Persia. France. Peru. Poland. Algeria. French West Africa. Portugal. Indo-China. Rumama. San Marino. Madacascar. Morocco. Siam. Tunis. Spain. Germany. Sweden Great Britain and Switzerland. Northern Ireland Turkey. United States. Anstralia. British India Hawaii. Philippine Islands. Canada. Irish Free State. Porto Rico. Virgin Islands. Union of South Uruguay. U.S.S.R. Africa. Greece. Guatemala Venezuela. Yugoslavia. Haiti.

The essential objects of the Institute are defined in Article 9 of the Convention and may be summarised as follows:—

The Institute, confining its activities to the international sphere, shall:—

Hungary.

Collect, examine and publish, with the least possible delay, statistical, technical and economic information with regard to farming, crop and live-stock production, trade in agricultural products and the prices current on the different markets;

Indicate the wages paid for farm work;
Record any new diseases of crops which
may have appeared in any part of the world, showing the countries affected by such diseases, their progress and, where possible, any effective measures for their control

Study questions concerning agricultural co-operation, insurance and credit in all their

forms; collect and publish all information that may be useful in the various countries for the organisation of systems of agricultural co-operation, insurance and credit;

Submit, should occasion arise, for the approval of the various Governments, measures for the protection of the common interests of farmers, and for the improvement of their con-

ditions.

The Institute has its seat in Rome, in a palace In the VIIIa Borghese, specially erected through the munificence of II.M. Victor Emmanuel. The Governing Body consists of a General Assembly of Delegates of the adhering Governments, meeting once every two years, and of a Permanent Committee of Delegates, mostly resident in Rome, acting as its executive. Apart from the General Secretariat to which, in addition to the ordinary administrative offices, the Section of Agricultural Legislation is attached, there are special bureaus dealing with General Statistics, Agricultural Science (including Forestry), and Agricultural Economics, respectively.

The Library of the Institute is one of the largest and less stocked of libraries specialised in agriculture, particularly on the statistical and economic side. In addition to purchases it receives a number of gifts from Governments, institutions and from private sources, and all the material is arranged and catalogued in accordance with the most modern systems. Up to the present the growth of the Library has resulted in severe pressure on the space originally provided in the main building. A remedy has now been found in the construction of special premises for which funds have been supplied by a Royal Commission, which administers certain properties on behalf of the Institute The Library building has now been completed, The Library building has now been completed, and was inangurated early in October, 1932. The installation of all the plant and material will necessarily take a further period to carry out, but it is expected that all will be in working order during 1934. It will then be possible to utilise, with far greater convenience than for some years past, the unique facilities for the study of articultural problems that the Ventitute. study of agricultural problems that the Institute through its Library has to offer and offers freely to all duly accredited students, as well as to the members of its own international staff.

Information on agricultural questions is supplied by the Institute mainly through its various publications, issued in English and French and, in some cases, also in other languages. The legular publications have for many years included two Year-Books, the International Yearbook of Agricultural Statistics and the Inter-national Year-Book of Agricultural Legislation, as also the International Review of Agricultural published mouthly, and in four separate sections, dealing respectively with Agricultural Statistics, Agricultural Science and Practice, Agricultural Economics and Sociology; and Plant Protection.

A new volume of the Economic Commentary the Year-Book of Agricultural Statistics. which is issued each year under the title of The Agricultural Situation, was published early in the year and covers the agricultural year 1931-32. In general plan it follows closely the 1931-32. In general plan it follows closely the lines of its two predecessors, but the chapter on international meetings for the discussion of agricultural problems has on this occasion been omitted, relatively few such meetings having been held during the period. On the other hand, in view of the financial crisis, which occurred at the beginning of the agricultural year 1932-32, and of its effects on the whole trend of economic life, the chapter relating to the agricultural depression has been extended. A further issue of Furn Accountancy Statistics, being that for 1939-30, appeared towards the end of the year. Statistics are given for 10,000 farms belonging to 20 countries, mainly Enropeau, but data for the Punjah Canal Colonies are this time inverted, and t is hoped that future issues will include more results from overseas countries. An important feature in the current volume is an appendix, in which the representative character of the published data is analysed statistically.

Forestry Statistics have for some years past been given in the Statistical Year book, but the growth of the material led in 1932 to the issue of a separate volume, and in 1933 a quite independent Statistical Year book for Forestry has appeared for the first time. The data included have special reference to forest composition and production and to the international trade in timber.

During 1933 the preparation of lists describing experiment stations and similar institutions, together with institutions for training in agriculture, has been continued, and two new volumes have been published, one on agricultural experiment stations in temperate countries and the other on establishments specialising in animal husbandry. A third volume on dairying institutions is in preparation. The Institute also published in 1933, in connection with the World Poultry Congress, a comprehensive monograph under the title of "L'Aviculture dans to Monde," in three volumes, dealing respectively with the general world situation and research work, the situation in extractionary and an addition a bibliography of tropical agriculture has been issued for a second year, and a monograph "Coffee in 1931 and 1932" has been completed for publication in English and French.

The various publications of the Institute may be obtained in London from Messus. P. S. King and Son, Westminster, or may be ordered direct from the Institute or through any bookseller.

The economic work of the Institute comes under the purview of its expert Agricultural Economic Connnitee, which advises on the economic and statistical programme in its international aspects in general, with special reference to the requirements of the Economic Consultative Committee of the League of Nations. The establishment of this Committee completes the list of advisory bodies required to give the cachet of authority to the Institute's work. The International Agricultural Scientific Council, through the expert members of its various Commissions, is in a position to advise on any purely technical questions that may arise, and the Permanent International Commission of

Agricultural Associations provides means for ascertaining the views of practical agriculturists. At the same time liaison with other bodies interested in agriculture is maintained by the International Commission for Co-ordination in Agriculture.

For general financial and other reasons, including the special work of preparation for the Monetary and Economic Conference, the public activities of the Institute in connection with special Conferences and Congresses were again somewhat curtailed in 1933. Early in the year, however, the Institute was requested to hold a small conference of various important international bodies for the discussion of the agenda of the Monetary and Economic Conference so far as it related to agalenthre. In September, hospitality was given to the World's Poultry Congress in the palace of the Institute,

In October, 1934, the General Assembly of the Institute, being the XIIth of the series, will take place, the precise date to be fixed later.

Institute, being the Alth of the series, will take place, the precise date to be fixed later. The Institute was represented in London at the Monetary and Economic Conference by a Delegaton, consisting of the President, Vice-President, and the Delegates of Great Britain and Northern Ire'and, India, Argentina, Portngal, the Netherlands and Rumania. Sir Bhupendra Nath Mitra, Delegate of India, acted as Leader of the Delegation, and the Secretary General and the Chief of the Economic Bureau were also present. The Institute contributed a comprehensive documentation in the form of a Memorandum on the Agricultural Aspects of the Problems before the Economic and Monetary Conference (London, 1933) with six special appendices bearing the following titles: Report of the Special Advisory Meeting of Representatives of International Agricultural Organisations held at the International Institute of Agriculture on 7-ro April, 1933; Credit Conditions and the Indebtedness of Agriculture in Central and Eastern European Countries; Documents referring to the Project of the International Agricultural Credit Bank; Tariffs and Trade Restrictions (Development of Tariffs and Restrictions on International Trade in Cereals); The Migration Problem in its Relation to Agriculture; Scheme of International Collaboration in the Campaign against Unemployment submitted by Senator De Michels to the Commission for the Study of Emopean Union in May 1931; Statistical Documentation concerning Wheat and other Cereals.

President: (From October 1933) Principe Ludovico Spada Potenziani (Delegate of Italy), Vice-President: M. Louis-Dop (Delegate of France).

British Delegate: H. L. French, C.B., O.B.E. (Ministry of Agriculture and Fisherics).

Delegate of the Iruh Fice Sta's: J. Radeliffe. Delegate of the Indian Empire: Sir Bimpendra Nath Mitra, K.C.S.L., K.C.I.E. (High Commestoner for India).

Delegate of the United States of America . Dr. Henry C. Taylor.

Secretary General: Prof. Alessandro Brizi.

#### THE WEATHER OF 1932-33.

(1938) October. — Very unsettled conditions persisted throughout the mouth, the most noteworthy feature being the frequent and excessive worthy leaders the frequent and accessive rains. Cool, northerly winds, accompanied by showers and bright periods, prevailed for the most part, but a trough of low pressure over England caused milder conditions at first in the south and some rain in south-east and east England on the 1st. The 4th was a bright day in south and east England. The fair weather was broken by a depression moving south-east from Greenland. This system caused a period of unsettled conditions until the 10th. Bain was particularly heavy on the 7th and 8th, and widespread strong winds or gales occurred on the 8th. Then followed a period of unsettled weather, with heavy local rain and some bright periods. A notable wet period occurred in England from the seth—synd. An inch or more of rain fell at many places in southern England on the soth and sard, and gales occurred locally in the English Channel. From the a6th onwards a series of depressions caused a drop in tempera-ture. Snow fell m Scotland on the 29th, and lay to a depth of a few inches on high ground. Monthly pressure means were everywhere below the normal, ranging from 10's mb. at Aberdeen to 37 mb. at Calinciveen. This caused a fairly steep gradient for westerly to north-westerly winds, and in most districts winds from between west and north were minisually prevalent. Local gales occurred on several days. Strong winds or gales occurred on 23 days at the Scilly Isles, and on 21 days at Holylead and Spurn Head. The mean temperature for the mouth was below the normal in all districts. The coldest spells occurred around the 4th, and from the 26th to the end of the month. The extreme temperathe end of the month. The extreme temperatures for the month were: (England and Wales) 67° F. at Shinfield on the zst, zs° F. at Bromyard, Appleby and Leyland on the zsth: (Scotland) 67° F. at Kilmarnock on the sth; zs° F. at Esk-dalemuir on the zsth; (Ireland) 65° F. at Ballmacurra and Cork on the zsth; zs° F. at Markree Castle on the roth, at Armagh on the a8th, at Birr Castle on the soth, at Mountmellick on the 4th, and at Kilkenny on the 4th and 29th. With the exception of west and south-west Ireland, and at isolated places elsewhere, rainfall was everywhere above the normal, and expressed as a percentage of the normal for the period x881a percentage of the normal for the period 18811973 the values were: British Isles 188, England
and Wales 153, Scotland 169, and Ireland 105.
In many parts of Scotland rain was recorded on
every day of the mouth. It was the wettest
October at Aberdeen (6:65 ins.) and Arbroath
(6:58 ins.) since 1866, at Greenwich since 1882,
at Newquay (7:99 ins.) In 40 years, and at Southend in 52 years observations. Trunderstorms
were fairly frequent. Sunshing aggregates were were fairly frequent. Sunshine aggregates were variable, well above the normal on the whole in Ireland, below in Scotlaud, and generally helow in England. Some good daily records were obtained, particularly on the 4th, when so hours or over were recorded locally in south and east England. Aurora was observed in Scotland on eight occasions, and the solar halo at Oxford on 14 days. A lunar rainbow was visible on the 8th at Lymington, Hampshire. Fog was re-ported on several days, while it was dense locally in the Glasgow area on the 24th and 30th.

November was unusually dull in England, and dry except in some western and northern districts of Scotland. The unsettled weather of October persisted during the early days of the mouth. Conditions were very mild with temperatures rising to 60° F. locally in England on the and and 3rd, while heavy rain fell in some places in the west on the 3rd. From then until the rath, with a slig threak on the 8th and 9th, an anticyclonic distribution was maintained over the British Isles. Subsequently the country came under the influence of deep depressions, mostly centred off our northern coasts and moving eastwards. Very disturbed conditions prevailed from the and onwards, with strong winds or gales from between southwest and north-west, and heavy local rain at times. At some places in southern England 7 hours or more of hight sunshine were recorded on the zest and z8th. Mean pressure for the month was everywhere a few millibars above the normal. The anticyclonic distribution of pressure also accounted for the unusual prevalence of easterly winds. During the period of gales at the end of the mouth gusts of 80 nl.p.ll, 75 nl.p.h. and 73 ml.p.h. were registered at Kirkwall, Lerwick and Bidston respectively on the s7th, 78 m.p.h. at Bell Rock, 74 m.p.h. at Dunfanaghy, 72 m.p.h. at Tiree on the 56th and 71 m.p.h. at Pendennis Castle on the 30th. The mean temperature differed only slightly from the normal. A warm south-westerly current which spread from about the Azores was responsible for the mildest spell, which occurred during the opening days. The extreme temperatures for the month were: (England and Wales) 64° F. at Rhyl on the and, zz° F. at Rickmansworth on the and; (Sectland) 35° F. at Stonchaven on the and, zz° F. at Dalwhinnie and Eskdalemuir on the 6th, and at Logie Coldatone on the 7th; (Ireland) 61° F. at Kilkenny on the and, 25° F. at Markree Castle, Hazelhatch and Mountmellick on the 6th. The general and Mounthicitics on the 5th. Ine general precipitation expressed as a percentage of the normal was British Isles 71, England and Wales 69, Scotland 85 and Ireland 58. Along the eastern coastal districts of Scotland from Aberdeen to the Borders the month was one of the driest on record locally. Some heavy falls were recorded, and at Kinlochquoich and Glenquoich there were ten and nine days respectively with more than an inch of rain. Thunderstorms occurred in Scotland during the last week of the month. In England and sou hern Ireland the month was distinguished by a marked deficiency of sunshine. At Kew Observatory the total was only a follows, and at several places it was the duliest November on record. For occurred fairly frequently in England and southern scotland. Aurora was observed in Scotland on the 4th, 5th, 16th and sand. At Oxford solar haloes were observed on seven occasions, and on the oth a short sun pillar was noted.

December was very mild after the zsth, and mainly dry in England and northern Sociland. Rain fell at times and was heavy in Scotland on the zst and znd. The 4th was a beautiful day in England, several places in the south recording 7 hours or more sunshine. A small anticyclone, situated south-east of Iceland, on the 5th moved south-south-east and increased in intensity, and

cold conditions were maintained over most of the British Isles until the 12th or 12th. Snow or sleet in small amounts fell daily during this period in the south-east, and on the rith sleet was reported in the south-west and at the Scilly Isles. Subsequently weather became un-settled and very mild, with pressure high for the most part over central and south-east Europe, and depressions moving north or northeast off our west or north-west seaboards. Very disturbed conditions, with heavy rain and strong southerly winds or gales at times, prevailed in the west and north from the 15th to the sand. Meanwhile, over a large part of England very little rain fell and much sunshine was enjoyed locally, particularly between the 18th and 22nd. A very intense depression, centred on the Atlantic west of Ireland, and moving north-east, caused gales in western and northern districts on the 31st Mean pressure for the month was everywhere above the normal. Winds were mainly moderate to strong, with gales in many places. At Pendennis Castle there was an almost continuous mean hourly velocity of more than 38 m.p.h. from 9 h. on the 6th to r h. on the rath. Among the highest the oth tor h. on the rath. Among the highest gusts recorded during the month were 94 m.p.h., 87 m.p.h., 79 m.p.h. and 74 m.p.h. at Lerwick, butt of Lewis, Edinburgh and Paisley respectively on the z7th, 76 m.p.h. at Kinwall on the and, and 83 m.p.h. at Lerwick on the 18th and 24th. On the 3sta gust of 96 m.p.h. was recorded at Valentia Observatory; this is a record speed in a gust at that station. Mouthly means of tenues three were above the Monthly means of temperature were above the normal in all districts. The extremes for the month were: (England and Wales) 60° F. at Llandudno on the 16th and 27th and at Bromley Liandudno on the roth and ryth and at Bromley on the zand, roo F. at Newport, Salop, on the 7th; (Scotland) 60° F. at Cupar on the 16th, 12° F. at Dalwhinnie on the 8th; (Ireland) 60° F. at Dublin City and Trinty College, Dublin, on the 17th, 27° F. at Aldergrove on the 31st. The total 1 ainfall expressed as a percentage of the normal was England and Wales 47, Scotland 128, Ireland 128, British Isles 81. With the 112, Ireland 138, British Isles 81. With the exception of Cumberland, rainfall in England was markedly deficient, less than so per cent. heing recorded in Kent, Essex, and parts of Sussex and Berkshire. Among the heavy daily falls were 13x mm. at Borrowdale on the 16th and 103 mm. on the 17th, whi e at Watendlath 121 inm. and 83 mm. respectively were recorded on the same days. Thunderstorms were reported during the period sud to 4th and on the 15th. The last month of a dull year was on the whole suuny. Apart from the east and north of Scotland and in south-west England sunshine sectand and in south-west England similarity frequently in England and southern Scotland.

Aurora was observed in Scotland on seven Aurora was observed in Scotland on seven cocasions and a lunar rainbow was seen at Eskdalemuir on the 4th. Solar haloes were observed at Oxford on 10 days.

THE YEAR 1932 was chiefly distinguished by its lack of sunshine. Other noteworthy features

were the extreme mildness of the first three were the extreme minimess of the mass affective weeks of January, the droughts of February and June, the excessive wetness of May in Eugland and Wales, and of October in eastern Scotland and parts of England, and the exceptional warmth of August in England. For the year as

aggregates were below the normal in all districts. January was on the whole very mild. During the last week pressure rose to an abnormal height, and exceeded reso mb. locally on the a6th. February was abnormally dry and exceptionally sunny in western Scotland. By far the highest pressure means of the year were recorded, the excess being roughly zs mb. to as mb. above the normal. March was dull in the northern half of the country and wet in one northern haif of the country and wet in north-eastern districts, but over most of the southern half of the country the month was mainly fair and cool, with deficient rainfall. April was wet and cool and mainly dull, particularly in England. May was cool and unsettled, and excessively wet in England and Wales, with destructive floods in the Midlands and Yorkshire. Lowe was remerkable for the and Yorkshire. June was remarkable for its dryness, and was in most districts the sunniest month of the year. July was dull and wet, with widespread thunderstorms, one of the most remarkable being that at Cranwell, in Lincolnshire, on the 11th, when 126 mm. fell in 120 minutes. August was exceptionally warm in England and dry on the whole, but the amount of rainfall was very variable owing to local thunderstorms. There was a small excess of sunshine in south-east England. September was mainly wet, while sunshine was mainly deficient. There were short warm spells about the and, and from the 14th to 17th. October was very unsettled and rather cold, with an abnormal frequency of north-westerly winds. In most districts the month was wet, excessively so in eastern Scotland. November, on the other hand, was dry, except in some western and northern districts of Scotland, with a marked deficiency of sunshine in England and southern Ireland. of sunshine in England and southern areignd. December, as in 1932, was mild, particularly after the rath. The extreme temperatures for the year were: (England and Wales) 97° F. at Halstead, Camden Square, Regent's Park, Enfield and Tottenham on August 19th, 12° F. at Rickmansworth on January 18t and March 13th; (Scotland) 83° F. at Aberdeen on July 10th, 12° F at Dalwhinnie on March 12th; (Ircland) 81° F. at Newcastle (Wicklow) on July 9th, 18° F. at Markree Castle on February 19th. During the year gales were recorded at Butt of Lewis on 47 days (highest gust 87 m.p.h. on December 17th), Lerwick 41 days (94 m.p.h. on December 17th), Pendennis Castle and Bell Rock 40 days (86 m.p.h. on January 6th and 95 m.p.h. on January 13th respectively). Amora was observed in Scotland during each month except June, July and August.

August.

(1933) January.—During the first ten days the weather was mild, after which it became colder, and outdoor skating became general for the first time since the cold spell of February to March, 1939. Widespread strong winds and gales from south or south-west occurred on the and and additional control of the strong winds. warmth of August in England. For the year as cast and filled up. During this period temperaa whole, mean temperature was everywhere a ture was rather low and weather unsettled. 
little above the normal, and rainfall was slightly Harly good sunshine records were obtained in above the normal, except in Ireland. Sunshine places on the rath and rath. Show was wide-

spread from the z6th to z8th, and gales occurred on the rath. From the noth a period of dry cold weather set in with easterly winds in the south and southerly to south-westerly in the north.
Records of sunshine were particularly good
from the seth-seth. This dry spell was broken
on the seth. Snow or sleet fell in many places on the 30th, and snow lay to a depth of from 6 to 9 inches for a short time in the Glasgow area. Glazed frost occurred in the Bristol area on the night of the 30th, and caused many accidents. Gales were reported in the west and north on the 31st and heavy rain fell in parts of Scotland, Ireland and northern England on the Scotland, Ireland and northern England on the night of 31st. Monthly pressure means were everywhere above the normal. Winds were mainly moderate to strong, while gales were reported on several days. (Butt of Lewis zo days, Bell Rock 8 days, Lerwick 7 days.) Among the highest gusts were: 80 m.p.h. at Butt of Lewis, 79 m.p.h. at Leiwick on the and, 77 m.p.h. at Scully on the 4th and Dunfaraghy on the 8th, and 75 m.p.h. at Pendennia Castle on the 4th. Monthly means of temperature were below the normal in all districts. The extremes for the month were: (England and Wales) 60° 4 at Llandudno on the 20th. Tr. 6 at Rickmans. at Llandudno on the sud, zro F. at Rickmansworth on the 23rd; (Scotland) 57° F. at Fort William on the 2nd and at Dunkur on the 8th, **Yilliam on the 2nd and as bunnal **.

4° F. at Logic Coldstone on the 19th; (Ireland)

5° F. at Trinity College, Dublin, on the 2nd,

18° F. at Kilkenny on the 26th. The general precipitation expressed as a percentage of the precipitation expressed as a percentage of the normal was: British Isles 95, England and Wales 93, Stolland 203, and Ireland 90. Rainfall was rather variable, for while more than twice the normal fell at Ettric Manse in Selkirk, little more than half the normal was recorded along the east crast of England. One recorded along the east cast of England. One of the outstanding features of the month was the excess of sunshine. At Birmingham it was the sunniest January since records began magarate was a decided deficiency. At Wakefield it was the dullest January was a series was a series when the deficiency of the series was a series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series when the series was the series wh the dullest January in 34 years records, apart from 1929 and 1927. Autora was observed in Scotland on nine occasions, and at Oxford solar haloes were noted on ten days, and the Zodiacal Light was observed on the 22nd.

February.—Mild, unsettled weather persisted during the first nine days, with pressure high over southern Europe, and depressions passing east or north-east along our north-western or northern seaboards. Strong winds and heavy rain occurred at times, and widespread gales were recorded on the 1st and 2nd. A change occurred between the 9th and 1oth. There was a sharp fall in temperature, and heavy rain and local thunderstorms occurred in south-east England. There ensued a spell of moderately cold weather, but really wintry conditions only began ou z7th, when pressure became highest in east Greenland. On the z3rd a small depression appeared in the polar current over the extreme north of Ireland. This disturbance moved south and increased in intensity, causing widespread heavy snowstorms, and strong, squally winds and local gales. A thaw set in in the south about the 25th, and spread slowly north-

the zoth, when a northerly type of weather set in, and persisted on the whole until the zard. Subsequently winds from between south and east were experienced in most districts. Among the highest gusts were 89 m.p.h. at Lerwick and 75 m.p.h. at Kirkwall on the x3th, and 77 m.p.h. at Butt of Lewis and 71 m.p.h. at Bell Rock on the and. Monthly temperature means were generally above the normal. The mildest generally above the normal. The mildest weather occurred during the first two weeks, when temperatures of 58°F. or 55°F. were recorded at several places. The extremes for the month were: (England and Wales) 55°F. at Worksop and Sidmouth on the 5th, at Rhyl on the 1st, at Colwyn Bay on the 4th, and at Cannington on the 9th, 1x°F. at Sprowston on the 3oth; (Scotland) 55°F. at Edinburgh on the 3rd and at Dunhar on the 8th and 5th, 1x°F. at Dalwhinnie on the 24th; (Ireland) 55°F. at Trinnty College, Dublin, on the 8th, 20°F. at Glasnevin, Dublin, on the 3rd. The general precipitation of the British lisles expressed as a percentage of the normal was 120°F. percentage of the normal was 140, while the values for the constituent countries were: England and Wales 160, Scotland 123, and Ireland 1c9. Rainfall was below the normal at some places in east and south-east England, and south-east England, and south-east England, and south-east England. and also at Holyhead and some places in Scot land. Elsewhere there was an evers, some places had more than 200 per cent., while locally, in Yorkshire, more than 300 per cent. was recorded. During the heavy snowstorm of the 231d-26th drifts of 12 to 14 feet occurred on the moors at Castleton. At Hindersfield, where the average depth was 30 inches, it was reported as the heaviest fall in living memory. Heavy rain and melting snow caused sever of froding in many districts. In England, southern Ireland, and western Scotland the month was on the whole sunny, but in other districts sunshine totals were below the normal. It was the sunniest February at Southport since before 1831. An unusually sunny period occurred from the 11th-23rd. Fog was reported between the 3rd and 9th, 24th to 25th, and ou the 28th. Aurora was observed in Stotland on nine occasions, and at Oxford solar haloes were observed on six days and the Zodiacal Light on four occasions.

March was an exceptionally warm and sunny month with notably high day temperatures. During the first week the weather was very unsettled, but a period of abundant sunshine and high temperatures set in by the 8th. This fine weather began to break up about the 15th, and rain fell generally with the advance of a system of depressions south-eastwards from Greenland to Scotland and Ireland. Towards the close of this unsettled period cold winds from north-west and north swept across the country during the night of the zoth to zoth, to be followed by southerlies on the zest and another spell of mainly fine anticyclonic weather with high day temperatures. This only changed during the last two or three days of the month to a period of local showers and bright intervals. With the exception of central and eastern parts of England and in the Shetlands mean pressure was below the normal. During the first ten wards. Precipitation was very heavy in places days strong winds and gales were frequent in from the sath to soth inclusive. Mean pressure the west, and another windy spell for most the west and north, and a little below in the south-east and east. Broadly speaking, winds south-east and east. Broadly speaking, winds were 77 in.p.h. at Pendennis Castle and 78 m.p.h. at Scilly on the 19th. It is extremely rare to find such a persistent tendency for high day temperature as was experienced in nearly all districts this month. At Kew and Greenwich temperature failed to reach 50° F, only on the soth. In the Greenwich record, that goes back to 1841, there is no other month with such to 1841, there is no other month with such persistent warmth by day. About the 27th the nights were very cold. At Rickmansworth on the 28th a reading of 19'2° F. In the early morning was followed by one of 65'9° F. just before 1.30 p.m., a rise of nearly 48° F., while at Thetford the range was 49° F. on the same day. At Southport it was the warnest March in 62 years record. The extremes for the month were: (England and Wales) 69° F. at Attenborough, Birmin_ham (Sparkhill), Park End, South Faruborough and Welshpool on the 28th, 27° F. at Thetford on the 28th; (Scotland) 68° F. South Faruborough and Welshpool on the 28th,  $x^0$  F. at Thetford on the 28th; (Scotland) 63 F. at Gordon Castle on the 28th,  $x^0$  F. at Balmoral on the 28th; (Ireland)  $60^\circ$  F. on the 28th at Kilkenny,  $s^0$  F. at Glasnevin on the 28th at Frecipitation,  $s^0$  F. at Glasnevin on the 28th at Precipitation,  $s^0$  F. at Glasnevin on the 28th at Walss 129, Scotland 64, and Ireland c9 In the English counties north and west of Yorkshire there was a general deficiency while the average fell. Most of the largest falls the average fell. Most of the largest falls occurred between the and and 8th, among these being 1.77 ms. at Holne (Devon) on the and, 1.54 ins. at Trecastle (Brecon) on the 5th, and 2.50 ins. at Inverchaolin (near Firth of Clyde) on the 8th. Thunderstorms occurred in the south on the 5th and 7th, and again locally near the middle and end of the month. Over England, Wales, eastern Ireland and most of Scotland the duration of bright sunshine was above the average, while in many places in the scotland the duration of origin substitute above the average, while in many places in the south and east of England it approached the normal for June. Fog was frequent locally in the north of England and southern half of Scotland. Aurora was observed in Scotland on seven occasions, the display on the 19th being the most widely reported. At Oxford the solar halo was observed on *8 days and a lunar halo every evening from the 3rd to the 9th; parhelia and arcs of contact frequently accompanied the haloes

April was mainly dry in the north-west of Scotland, and warm apart from a cold spell between xoth and zand. Weather conditions were dominated over the greater part of the British Isles during the first ten days by an anticyclone, which moved slowly eastward. Heavy ram fell in north and north-west scotland on the and and 8th. During this period temperatures of about 70°F, were recorded in east and south-east England. On the 11th and 13th a depression moved east across the British Isles, but anticyclonic conditions were re-established on the 13th and persisted in the south. A change occurred on the 16th, and a spell of cold weather with wintry showers prevailed. was particularly cold around the 19th. On the asnd heavy rain fell in south-west Ireland and south-west England, and unsettled conditions spread later throughout the country. Unsettled weather, with occasional ram and bright sunshine, prevailed until the end of the month. Thunderstorms occurred on each of the last three days. Pressure means were everywhere three days. Pressure means were everywhere in excess of the normal, tanging from a'x mb. at scornoway to 6.5 mb. at Portland Bill. Winds 'above the normal, a totalle feature being the were mainly between south and west, but a 'mild nights. The warmest spell occurred gener.

spell of north-easterlies prevailed from 17th-21st. Among the highest gusts were 78 m.p.h. at Kirkwall and 71 m.p.h. at Lerwick on the 12th. Mean temperatures for the month were every-Mean temperatures for the month were every where above the normal. In eastern Sootland it was the mildest April since 1914, and at Eastbourne the mean maximum temperature, \$4.5°F., was the highest in April since 1911. The extremes for the month were: (England and Wales) 730 F. at Norwich, Bungay and Rickmans-worth on the 12th, and at Eufield on the 8th. 21 F. at Thetford on the 14th, at Chopwellwood on the ast and at Rickmansworth on the ard; (Scotland) 68°K at Stonehaven on the gith, ac R. at Wolfele on the arst; (Iveland) 67°K at Rathfaruham on the 7th and 27°K at Aldergrove and Kilkenny on the and. The general rainfall over the British Isles and constituent countries, expressed as a percentage of the average was 75; England and Wales 70, Scotland 95, Ireland, 65. A notable feature of the mouth was the drought experienced over the wide area in the Midlands, many stations reported an absolute drought from the rat-sand inclusive. Several heavy daily falls of rain occurred, the heaviest being in west and north scotland on the and; on that day 79 mm. was measured at Glenquoich, 92 mm. at Glen Etive, 205 mm at Kiulochquoich, and x65 mm. at Dunlutiladale, Luch Carron. G. eater daily falls than the latter have only been reported for a wintell day to facility of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the contr rainfall day in Scotland on four occasions since 1865. During a thunderstorm on the 19th at Figure 2. Figure 2. The month was a triple to a depth of six inches in places. Sunshine aggregates were, with the exception of south-east England, below the average, and in places was as much as 1/2 hours a day below. The month was sunnier than usual in south-east England. At Easttown usual in South-east England. At East-bourne the total of age hours was the highest for April since 1921. In southern England the Easter holiday period was exceptionally bright; at Totland isay, Isle of Wight, the total for the four days, Friday 14th to Monday 17th, was 44-9 hours, the largest amount for any Easter since 1900. Aurora was observed in Scotland on six occasions during the month, and at Oxford solar haloes were noted on 17 days, and a sun pillar on the evening of the 16th. May was a warm but dull month, with fre-

quent thunderstorms. Weather conditions during the first week were mainly dominated by a depression which moved northward. Rain was reported daily from the ist-ioth, and thunderstorms occurred at times. After the 10th weather was rather unsettled in the west and north, and mainly fine, warm weather in the south and east. During the period zand agth thunder was frequently reported, and heavy local rain occurred at times, but good sunshine records were also obtained. On the acth a large depression on the Atlantic spread eastward and caused fairly heavy rain in the south of Ireland. Pressure was generally a little below normal, except in the extreme north-east of Scotland. Strong winds occurred at times during the un-settled period from the and-roth, and again on the asth. An easterly gale was recorded locally in England and Ireland around the and. In Scotland no gales were recorded, and the month was in many areas one of the quietest Mays on

ally between the 19th and 13rd. The extremes ally between the roth and sard. The extremes for the month were: (England and Wales) 82° F. at Stroud Green, London, on the sard, so° F. at Rickmansworth on the rath; (Scotland) 73° F. at Perth on the sard, so° F. at Ruthwell and Kilmarnock on the sand, so° F. at Dalwhinnie and Balmoral on the sand, so° F. at Dalwhinnie and Balmoral on the sath, 35° F. at Markree Castle on the 14th, s8th and soth. Rainfall over the British Isles as a whole was below the average, the percentage values of the constituent countries Jales as a whole was below the average, the percentage values of the constituent countries being: England and Wales 97, Scotland 69, Ireland 214 and the British Isles 94. Monthly totals were very irregular owing to numerous thunderstorms. Among these may be mentioned those of the and, 6th, 9th, saud, 23rd, 28th and 29th. The storm on the 23rd was accompanied by heavy degracous in Surgay, at Itsockwood. by heavy downpous in Surrey; at Brookwood 62 mm. fell in 3½ hours, and at Woking 52 mm. in about a hours. The mouth was decidedly In about a nouts, the house was accessed dull, sunshine aggregates being appreciably below the normal in all districts except the Channel Islands. Conditions improved during the latter part of the mouth, and after the x8th the latter part of the month, and after the stu-good daily records were often recorded. For example, 15'3 hours at Tiree on the 30th, 14'7 hours at Scilly and Valentia on the sand and at Falmouth and Scilly on the 33rd. Fog occurred frequently during the month. The aurora was observed in Scotland on the 1st and and, and solar haloes were noted on 17 days, and a sun pillar on the evening of the 12th. A sun pillar was reported at Hastings on the 12th. A small but violent whirlwind crossed the Observatory grounds at Eskdalemuir from north to south at 13h. 12m. G.M.T. on the 14th.

June was mainly sunny and warm, with frequent thunderstorms in Great Britain, but dull on the whole in Ireland. The month opened with rather unsettled weather in the west and north, meanwhile flue, warm weather was maintained in the east of England. By the 4th the flue weather had spread throughout over were registered at many places in England and Scotland between the 4th and 7th. Some rain and local thunder occurred in the west and north on the 7th. Temperature fell rapidly around the 5th and 10th, and weather became unsettled with local thunderstorms. On the zath and z3th appreciable rain fell in the east and south-east of England. Strong squally winds and local gales prevailed between the reth and reth. The period rath-seth was notable for the thunderstorms which occurred daily in England. With the approach of an anticyclone from the Atlantic a spell of northerly or north-westerly winds and mainly fair weather occurred after the acti. Pressure was every-where below the normal for the month, and winds were mainly northerly or north-westerly. Among the highest gusts were 65 m.p.h. at Butt of Lewis on the 16th, 57 m.p.h. at Scilly on the 18th and 56 m.p.h. at Bidston on the 17th. Mean temperature for the month was above the Mean temperature for the month was above the normal in all districts, especially in east and north of Scotland. The warmest days occurred between the 4th and 7th, and the coldest around the 1th and 18th. The extremes for the month were: (England and Wales) 94° F. at Cambridge and Margate on the 2th, 35° F. at Cambridge and Margate on the 1th, 25° F. at Cambridge and Margate on the 1th, 25° F. at Cambridge and Margate on the 1th, 25° F. at Cambridge and Margate on the 1th, 25° F. at Cambridge and Margate on the 1th, 25° F. at Cambridge and Margate on the 2th, 25° F. at Kuthwell on the 1th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 1th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 1th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 1th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 1th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 1th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 1th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 1th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 2th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 2th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 2th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 2th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 2th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 2th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 2th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on the 3th, 45° F. at Kuthwell on th

the 4th and 7th, 4r° F. at Aldergrove and Hills-borough on the 1sth. Rainfall over the British Isles and constituent countries as a whole was below the normal and expressed as a percentage of the normal were: British Isles oo, England and Wales gs, Scotland 85 and Ireland gd. Thunderstorms were frequent and heavy rain was recorded at several places, including 60 mm. in an hour at Ovington, Hants, on the 15th, 60 mm. in less than an hour at Poltimore, Devon, was that are a better the Poltimore, Devon, was the start of the 15th of the 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 15th of 43 mm in just over an hour at Dartford, Kent. on the said and so mm. in four minutes at Winchester on the softh. Several people were killed by lightning, while at Bootle a cyclist was drowned by the floods on the softh. Snow was recorded at Chopwellwood on the 12th and at Giggleswick and Bellingham on the 17th. With the exception of Ireland, sunshine aggregates were above the normal. A daily average of over 10 hours was registered at Jersey. The first eight days were exceptionally sunny in eastern districts of England—at Croydon 1222 hours were recorded, while at Norwich there was an average of 13 hours a day from the 4th to 8th. On the 1sth a few places recorded 16 hours or more, while Lerwick had 17 hours on the s4th. Fog was reported on several days, mainly between the rst-sth, rsth-rsth and soth-sth. Solar haloes were noted at Oxford on 16 days, the one on the 17th having very bright parhelia.

July was a notably warm month, with much

sunshine, and was very dry in eastern England.
The month opened with light variable breezes
of an anticyclone. The second hot spell of the
summer commenced in Scotland on the and and reached the south of England the next day, and temperatures above 8° F. continued until the 8th, when widespread rain was followed by a spell of generally unsettled weather, with winds from the couth-west. An improvement occurred about the 15th, and then commenced a long spell of mainly fair and very warm weather in the south, but wet at times in the north. The wet weather became general on the arth, a day which at first was extremely hot over most of England. No general improvement occurred until the 30th, when a wedge of high pressure began to spread north-eastwards over the british Isles. With the exception of the north of Scotland monthly pressure means were slightly above normal. The period of highest winds occurred towards the end of the mouth. Among the highest gusts were 67 m.p.h. at Liverpool and 66 m.p.h. at Southport on the 31st, while a mean hourly speed exceeding 40 m.p.h. occurred at several places on that day. The month was notable for the number of unusually high temperatures in England and Scotland. In Scotland it was the warmest July for over 30 years. In addition to the frequency of hot days, the absence of cold nights was also notable, while in Scotland it was the first mouth for a long in Sootland it was the first month for a long time during which there was no ground frost. The monthly temperature mean was everywhere well above the normal. The extremes for the month were: (England and Wales) g4° F. at Cambridge and Margate on the sth, 36° F. at Rickmansworth and Usk on the stt, (Scotland) 88° F. at Ruthwell on the 5th, 46° F. at Wick on 4th, 44° F. at Kilkenny on the 3th, General precipitation of the British Isles expressed as a percentage of the normal was ee: the correwere: Eugland and Wales 82, Scotland 108 and Ireland 90. Rainfall was unevenly distributed, for while it was the wettest July (270 per cent.) at Edinburgh since 2916, only 24 and 25 per cent. fell at Scarborough and Skegness respectively. Thunderstorms were frequent in southern Scotland and northern England. Among the heaviest daily falls were 63 mm. at Giggleswick on the 7th, 54 mm. in less than an hour at Aspley Guise on the 13th and the same amount in about half an hour at Woolmans Wood on the sist. Except in the north of Scotland, sunshine aggregates were above the normal, and stations recorded were above the hormal, and stations recorded daily values during the month of from 14 to 16 hours on several days. Fog was dense around the Shetlands early in the month, and was rather frequent along the south coast of England during the second half of the month. Solar haloes were observed at Oxford on 14 days, and parhelia with the halo on the rath.

August was an unusually warm and sunny month, and with the exception of north-west Scotland and locally in north-west Ireland it was notably dry. Mainly tair and warm weather continued during the first five days of the month. From the 5th to 5th shallow troughs of low pressure passing across the country caused occasional rain, mainly in the north and west; meanwhile over the greater part of England the weather continued fair and very warm. Thunderstorms occurred in southern England on the 12th and 12th. From the 14th to 19th depressions moving eastward off our northern seaboard caused a spell of unsettled weather generally. After the 19th these disturbances took a south-easterly track, and conditions contook a south-easterly track, and conditions con-thued unsettled. After the acts a period of very warm, sunny weather ensued over most of England, but unsettled conditions, with ram at times, prevailed in Scotland and Ireland. Heavy rain, locally in Scotland and Ireland on the ayll and in Wales and north-west England on the selft, was associated with a secondary depression which developed off the west of Ireland and moved east. Temperature during this second warm spell reached its highest point in eastern districts of England on the selft or seth. Except in extreme north and north-west Scotland monthly pressure means were everywhere above normal. Gales occurred on several days during the month, means were everywhere above normal. Gales occurred on several days during the month, and among the highest gusts were 64 m p.h. at Kirkwail on the 8th and Lerwick on the 8th of Lewis on the 17th. For the sixth successive month mean temperature was well above the normal in all districts. In Scotland and in many parts of England it was the waimest August since the record August of 1721. At Greenwich Observatory the mean temperature, 6512 K. was the highest for August since the 66'5° F., was the highest for August since 1841 56'5' F., was the highest for August since 1841 apart from the value of 67'5' F. attained in August 271. At hew Observatory there were 12 days with a maximum temperature above 77' F. The extremes for the month were: (England and Wales) 93° F. at Rickmansworth, Camden Square and Wisley on the 6th, 37° F. at Rickmansworth on the 7th; (Scotland) 84° F. at Kelso on the 5th, 32° F. at Mountmellick and Kilkenny on the 5th, 32° F. at Maikree Castle on the 7th. The general precipitation of the British Isles expressed as a percentage of the average for the period 1852-1913 was 51.

Wales 38, Scotland 75 and Ireland 58. As far as can be ascertained at present the value 38 for England and Wales is the lowest for August since 1818, when it was only 20. In Scotland rainfall was unevenly distributed. Locally in the east it was the driest on record, and in some places in the west it was the wettest. Thunderstorms were fairly frequent, particularly from 5th-6th, 10th-14th, and 20th-23rd. Torrential rain caused severe flooding in Scotland and Ireland on the 27th. Unusual falls in short periods included 43 mm. in x hour at Fowey on the 11th and 26 mm. in 20 minutes at Yaxley, near Eye, Suffolk, on the 6th. Abundant sun-shine was one of the noteworthy features of the weather of the month, and it was only at a very few isolated places that less than the normal was recorded. At a number of places the was recorded. At a number of places the monthly aggregate was the highest on record for August, and in many parts of England there was no single day with a complete absence of bright smishine. Local fog occurred frequently particularly in England. Aurora was observed at Baltasound on the night of the zoth, and at Oxford solar haloes were noted on 15 days.

**Cartanian was an accontiously warm and

September was an exceptionally warm and sunny month, and was dry except in southern and eastern districts of England. The month opened with an anticyclone situated off our south-west coasts, and maintained warm, fair weather. On the 6th a new high pressure system joined up, and anticyclonic conditions prevailed until the night of rith-right. A depression moving up from the Bay of Biscay caused rain in the south of England, and heavy falls occurred on the rath and 13th. This break was only temporary, however, and anticyclonic conditions were re-established over most of the country until the 16th. Weather then began to deteriorate, and from the 19th to 36th depres-sions passing across the country caused unsettled sions passing across the country caused unsequence weather, with heavy local rain at times, accompanied locally by thunder. Thereafter anticyclonic conditions were renewed generally, with occasional rain in the south. Mean monthly pressure was generally above normal, while winds were mainly north-east or east, and hght to moderate in force. Gales occurred in exposed places on the 5th, zoth, zeth, zyth, zoth and zeth. Among the highest gusts were 57 m.p.h. at Butt of Lewis on the zeth and at Bell Rock on the sath, 56 m.p.h. at Pendennis on the soth and 55 m.p.h. at Spurn Head on the rath. Mean temperature was again well above the normal. In Scotland it was the warmest September since 1898. The fair weather of the first week provided, as a rule, the highest tempera-tures of the month, while the coldest nights occurred at several places during the period 14th-15th. The extremes for the month were: rath-rath. The extremes for the month were: (England and Wales) 85° F. at Atteuborough on the 4th, 25° F. at Bhayader on the 16th, 25° F. at Dalwhimle on the 16th, 25° F. at Dalwhimle on the 16th and 25th; (Ireland) 75° F. at Hazelhatch on the 13th, 25° F. at Birr Castle on the 14th. The general precipitation expressed as a percentage of the average was: British Isles 70, England and Wales 94, Scotland 4x and Ireland 45. At several places in Scotland 4x and Ireland 45. At several places in Scotland it was the driest September since 1894, but in England it was very variable, for while considerable areas had less than the normal, over 250 per cent, was recorded at some places in the of the British Isles expressed as a percentage per cent, was recorded at some places in the of the average for the period 1831-1915 was 51, southern counties. Among the heaviest daily and for the constituent countries England and falls were: Fleet (Home Wood) 131 mm. in four

hours, Monkton Park, near Chippenham, 100 mm., most of which fell in two hours, and Crookham ros mm. These falls occurred during a thunderstorm on the a6th. Abundant sun-shine was a notable feature of the month, and aggregates were above the normal in all districts. At several places the highest aggregates since records began were set up, including Valentia Oxford solar haloes were noted on a days.

since 1820, and Ballinacurra, co. Cork, since 1905. Fog occurred frequently, particularly during the rog occurred requestry, particularly during the first week, on the rith, rath, righ, and between the aird and 30th. A waterspout was observed on the afternoon of September aird over Eday Yound, Orkney. Aurora was observed in Scotland on is occasions during the month, and at

#### STORMS AND FLOODS IN 1932-33.

(1932) October z. - The waters of a cloudburst, rushing down a narrow canon, near Bakersfield, California, in a solid wall 40 feet high, swept away 15 bridges and 100 feet of the Southern Pacific and Santa Fé Railways. Over 80 persons were drowned. 5. A severe thunderstorm which occurred in Palestine caused much damage in Occurred in Fairstine caused much damage in Rishon-le-Zion and Tel Aviv. 13. About 150 houses were innoofed by a hunicane which swept the village of Laudenbach, situated in

the tourist centre of the Bergstrassc.

November 6.—The Grimsby travier Golden Deeps was lost, with 13 of the crew, during a severe gale on Soro Island, off the north-west a severe gase on sort small, on the north-west coast of Norway. 8. Strong winds and heavy rain over Jamaica c used much damage to hanana plantations. It is estimated that at least z,coo,coo trees were destroyed. 9. A cyclone, with a wind velocity of zzg m p.h., swept Cuba, and about z,coo people were killed. Many sugar mills were destroyed. 14. Thirty-five thousand houses were flooded in Tokyo, and several hundreds wrecked by a severe typhoon. The wind reached a force of nearly 100 miles an

hour at the height of the storm.

December 6.—The Japanese destroyer Sawarabi
foundered in a storm, and over 100 of the crew were lost. 11. Torrential rains caused the Douro and Tagus to overflow. Much flooding occurred in the low-lying areas of Oporto. 18. Much flooding occurred in France and Spain following torrential rains. 50. Considerable rain, which was very welcome, fell in Central

and Southern Arabia.

(1933) January 3.— Heavy weather in the North Atlantic caused much delay to shipping. 4. Damage to the Norwegian fishing industry estimated at more than £50,000 was caused by a violent storm off the western coast of Norway. zo. At Calgary a dust storm darkened the skies zo. At Caigary a dust storm daikened the skies for several hours, covering the city with a layer of dirt. z3. Rain fell throughout Central Iraq for the first time since last May. The winter rains usually start early in November. z4. A north-easterly gale, with a snowstorm, raged in the Black Sea and in European Turkey. z5. Storms and flood tides did extensive damage along the New Eugland coast amashing case along the New England coast, smashing sea

walls and washing nearly 100 houses out to sea.
February 11.—There was a heavy snowstorm reordary it.—Incre was a neavy snowstorm throughout the Eastern States of America. In New York City 30 000 men were employed clearing the streets. 24. For the first time since February, 1929 Canness was covered in snow to a depth of half an inch.

March z .- A dense sandstorm in the Suez Canel delayed all shipping. 6. The Hull trawler Lord Deramore foundered off Horno, near Vardö, in a snowstorm. A tornado struck Leopoldville, Belgian Congo. The roof of the prison was blown off. za. One of the 'planes Saxony.

belonging to the Mount Everest Expedition was lost in a sandstorm. 15. A tornado swept Mashville (Tennessee). Thirty-six persons were killed and 200 injured. 21. Floods occurred throughout the valley of the Ohio River. At New Richmond the water was zo feet deep in New Archimona the water was no net ucep in the streets. ap. At least to people were killed and scores of people injured by a tornado which swept East Texas and extended into Alkansas. High whids were accompanied by violent thunderstorms.

April 4.—During a severe thunderstorm the United States naval airship Akron crashed into the sea 15 miles off Barnegal Light, on the New Jersey coast. Over 70 of the crew were lost. 8 and 9. A severe intricane passed over the northern end of the Central Islands of the New Hebrides, doing serious damage to property and crops. 26. A hurricane travelling at 132 miles an hour struck Bermuda, doing considerable damage in a few minutes. Many houses were unroofed.

May 4.—Twenty-one persons were killed in a tornado which swept over Western Alabama. "The heaviest cloudburst in living memory"

occurred in Upper Allgan, Southern Germany.

June 1.—Heavy rams in South-West India caused the worst floods for 50 years in the State of Travancore. z. A heavy hail and thunder-storm broke over Rome and continued for an hour, and many streets were flooded. 4. The monsoon in Lower Burma was particularly heavy this year, and extensive floods occurred heavy this year, and extensive floods occurred in the Pegu district. 7. Hall and electrical storms caused damage in Eastern and South-Western Ontario. The hallstorm was the severest for over 30 years, and over \$50,000 damage was done. 11. Torrential rain did great damage in Anatolia, and many parts of the country were flooded. 12. Storms which swept the district surrounding San Sebastian caused serious damage in saveral towns by flooding. serious damage in several towns by flooding 21. At Bombay the monsoon set in with heavy rain. 23. During a violent storm at the Lake of Varese, Italy, a waterspout burst on the shore and let fall a rain of fish. As the result of heavy rains during the month much flooding occurred in the Yangtze Valley. 27. A hurricane, accompanied by violent rainstorms, struck South Trinidad. The estimated damage was

\$3,000,000. Several people were killed.

July 3.—The hurricane reached Cuba, and considerable damage was done. IX. A severe considerable damage was done. zr. A severe thunderstorm broke over the Aiguilles Rouges, near Chamonix. z4. A brief but violent tempest fell upon the Isola Bella, the world-famous island in Lake Maygiote. z9. Heavy rains caused serious floods throughout southern Germany. zs. Four persons were killed in a heavy storm which broke over the Pirna district in

August z.—Heavy rain (z3 ins. in 45 hours) fell in Bombay and Western India, causing severe floods. The rain continued, and at Poona was the heaviest for many years. 3. Cherry Creek, which runs through Deuver, Colorado, overflowed as the result of a cloudburst, and much flooding occurred. Burnna experienced severe floods, as a result of severe monsoon weather, along the railway between Rangoon and Mandalay. zz. Baroda had z5 inches of nain in z8 hours. The Vishwanntri River overflowed its banks, and low-lying areas were floon 4 to z0 feet under water. Violent thunderstorms in many parts of Austria brought a prolonged drought to a close. z4. Much damage was caused by violent thunderstorms which broke over Paris and the sni nounding country. z6. Severe floods occurred in Kungston, Jannaca, as a result of the worst thunderstorm for some time past. z3. The Yellow River caused havoc in Honan, where over 500 villages in the district of Hwahsien were flooded and 300,000 people were bomeless. A severe gale swept the Atlantac coast from

Norfolk, Virginia, to New York. Business was brought to a standstill by the heavy rain in Washington. Seven inches fell during the day. Forty-seven people lost their lives, and the damage was estimated at \$10,000,000.

September 1.—A severe hurricane caused many deaths and considerable damage in the West Indies. The wind reached a force of 120 miles per hour. 4. A hurricane and great wave struck Southern Texas, resulting in extensive damage to property and loss of life. 22. Tampleo, the great northern port of Mexico, was practically "wiped off the map" by a hurricane which visited it, and raged for 12 hours. The wind blew at the rate of 100 miles per hour and never dropped below 80 miles per hour. Torrential ram caused much flooding. 28. Severe storms swept through Provence, causing floods in many places, and interfered with 10ad and railway communications 30 The River Loire rose nearly 8 feet owing to violent rainstorms near Charolles, and the Tarm rose 15 to 20 feet above its sammer level.

# LONDON PASSENGER TRANSPORT ARBITRATION TRIBUNAL.

ARBITRATION TRIBUNAL.
Columbia House, Aldwych, W.C. 2.

The Tribunal is appointed by the Lord Chancellor under the London Passenger Transport Act, 1933, to determine certain questions arising out of the transfer to the London Passenger Transport Board of transport undertakings and the conferring of powers on the Board by that Act.

President, Joshua Scholefield, K.C.

Members, Sir James Martin, M.B.E., J.P., F.S A.A. Sir Philip Nash, K.C.M.G., C.B.

Clerk (Part-time Appointment), Paul C. Davie

#### LANGUAGES OF THE U.K

Wales and Monmouthshire.—Population (1931), 2,593,014.

Welsh (only), 77,932 = 3 per cent. Welsh and English, 811,329 = 31 per cent.

Scotland.—Population (1931), 4,482,554
Gaelic (only), 7.069 = 0 15 per cent.
Gaelic and English, 130,080 = 2.69 per cent.

Ireland.—Population (1911), 4,390,219.

Irish (only), 16,870 = 0'38 per cent.

Irish and English, 582,446 = 13's per cent.

Irish Free State.—Population (1926), 2,972,802.

Irish (only), 12,460 = 0'42 per cent.

Irish and English, 531,051 = 17'9 per cent

#### GIRLS' LIFE BRIGADE (Inc ).

An organisation founded by the National Sunday School Union in 1902, with the supreme purpose of keeping pris in close touch with the Church and Sunday School, and of training them for reseful and noble Christian womanhood. He four fold programme covers every phase of a girl's life: Spiritual, Physical, Educational and Social. This interdenominational-temperance Movement, has an international membership which is rapidly increasing.—Headquarters, 56 Old Balley, London, E.C. 4.

# LONDON FEDERATION OF BOYS' CLUBS

Incorporated. (FOUNDED in 1887.)

Patron : H.R H. Prince Arthur of Commanght,

President: The Right Hon. The Lord Desborough, K.G.

The objects of the Federation are: (a) To consolidate and extend the impotant work of Bow' Clubs in London. (b) To promote competitions and friendly intercourse between the members of affiliated clubs. (c) To promote opportunities for those interested in the management of London Working Boys' Clubs to interchange opinions as to the best way of conducting them. There are now ryo Clubs affiliated—the total membership of these clubs, of boys between 14 and 18, amounting to approximately 15,000. The Federation is almost entitled generating amount of support is obtained from affiliated Clubs by means of registration fees and entrance fees for competitions.—Offices, 252 Blackfriars [Road, S.E. I.

#### RIRTHPLACES.

1	BIRTHFLAUES.				
	Buthplace.	England and Wales. Pop (1921), 37,886 699		Northern Heland. Pop (19.6), 1,256,561	Irish F1 ve State, Pop (1926), 2,971,932.
	England and Wales Scotland		4,466,711 (91'48 //) 159,520 (3 25 //) 58,706 (1'02 //)	1,195,490 (95°14 %) 7,804 (0°63 %)	36,685 (1°24%) 12,376 (0°42%) 2,904,016 (97'74%) 18,015 (0°06%)

BRITISH ASSOCIATION.—The annual meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science was held at Leicester from Sept. 6 to Sept. 13, 1933. The President was Sir Frederick Gowland Hopkins, P.R.S., who succeeded Sir J. Alfred Ewing, and delivered an inaugural address on "Some Chemical Aspects of Life," in which he reviewed the recent triumphs of blochemistry. He showed with a wealth of illustration that "in passing from its earlier concern with dead biological products to its present concern with active processes within living organisms, blochemistry has become a true branch of progressive biology. It has opened up modes of thought about the physical basis of life which could scarcely be employed at all a generation ago." The President asked the question, so important for biology, "Can the living organism be adequately treated as a physico-chemical system?" To this question a cautious answer was given. He claimed only that on the chemical level the activities of the organism can be fully interpreted in physico-chemical terms alone, and added that there are other and higher levels of organisation where it is by no means certain that physico-chemical concepts will suffice.

The Presidents of the various sections, and the Presidents of the various sections, and the subjects of their addresses, were as follows: A, Mathematics and Physics, Sir Gilbert Walker, Seasonal Weather and its Prediction; B, Chemistry, Prof. E. Robinson, "Natural Colouring Matter and their Analogues"; C, Geology, Prof. W, G, Fearnsides, "A Correlation of Structures in the Coalfields of the Midland Province"; D, Zoderg, Nr. I. Core, "The Mechanical View. tures in the Coalfields of the Midland Province"; D. Zoology, Dr. J. Gray, "The Mechanical View of Life": E. Geography, Lord Meston, "Geography as Mental Equipment"; F. Economics, Prof. J. H. Jones, "The Gold Standard"; G. Engineering, Mr. R. W. Allen, "Some Experiences in Mechanical Engineering"; H. Anthropology, Lord Ragian, "What is Tradition?"; I. Physiology, Prof. E. D. Adrian, "The Activity of Nerve Ceils"; J. Psychology, Prof. F. Aveling, "The Status of Psychology as an Empirical Science"; K., Botanv, Prof. F. E. Lloyd, "The Types of Entrance Mechanisms of the Traps of Utricularia (insectivorous plants)"; L. Education, Mr. J. L. Holland, "The Development of the National System of Education"; M., Agriculture, Dr. A. Lauder, "Chemistry and Agriculture,"

Agriculture."

The Meeting in 1934 will be held at Aberdeen on Sept. 5-12, under the Presidency of Sir William Hardy.

APPLES IMPROVED IN COLOUR.—A method of improving the colour of dessert apples after picking, by means of a process called "sundewing," is described by Mr. H. Goude in the "Journal of the Ministry of Agriculture." The fruit, eyes upward, is packed on trays lined with clean wood wool or moss and placed in an exposed position, preferably facing south, but protected from birds and slugs. Water is then sprayed over the fruit, which must not be allowed to become dry at any time during the treatment, or shrivelling will set in. Exposure at night forms part of the treatment; if frost occurs it should be washed off the fruit before

to store-rot froubles. Cox's Orange Pippin, Ellison's Orange, Allington Pippin, and Laxton's Superb have been treated successfully, but apples with a greasy skin do not respond, and others, such as Worcester Pearmain and Norfolk Royal, are apt to develop a bleached appearanc . The maximum cost is one shilling per cwt.

ARMOURPLATE GLASS. - Messrs. Pilkington Brothers, Ltd., of St. Helens, have produced an armourplate glass, which, they claim, will bend and twist before it will break, and take hard knocks and withstand the heat of the oven. An knocks and withstand the heat of the oven. An elej hant weighing 3½ tons was invited to test a piece of the new armourplate glass. It refused, so a lorry was substituted which weighed 3½ tons, plus a g-cwt. chain, a z-cwt. sling, and the weight of several men sitting on it. This weight was suspended from a piece of armourplate glass 44 ins. by 24 ins. by 1 in. thick. To see what the glass would stand, other men were added to the load. It took twelve without clustered, but the thefteeth rank beste the giving way, but the thirteenth man broke the

ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION.—Sir Frank Baines, in a paper read before the Smoke Abatement Society, dealt with the effects of atmospheric pollution on buildings, vegetation, and public health. While he was Director of Works and Buildings at H.M. Office of Works he had exceptional opportunities for studying the effects on national buildings of impurities in the atmosphere due to the burning of coal, and for estiof buildings and repairs due to this cause alone. He gave this cost for the last sg years as a minimum of 55 million pounds sterling. All legislation hitherto devised to cope with the contamination of the atmosphere, he said, had failed to deal with sulphur gases, the greatest destructive agents of all. To these agents he attributed the rapid deterioration of the stonework of the Houses of Parliament, Westminster Abbey, and other great national buildings. Sedimentary stones are pecu iarly subject to the attack of atmospheric sulphuric acid formed by the action of moisture on sulphur efficients; by the school of moisture on sulphur efficients; but even the surface of grantic in buildings is completely destroyed by this acid. Bricks, cement, line mortars, metal, paints, and composite materials of all kinds vary in susceptibility to this attack, but the general effect is to make it mobable that the weadlines of bettern in. it probable that the readings of history in all our national monuments will be rendered unintelligible.

ATLANTIC NINE MILES DEEP .-- A new Atlantic depth of 44,000 feet, almost nine miles, has been discovered by Dr. Paul Bartsch, of the Smithsonian Institution, while carrying out a Smithsonian Institution, while carrying out a marine expedition at Nares Deep, 75 miles north of Porto Rico. The Nares Deep has not been sounded since the Challenger expedition, commanded by the British explorer, Sir George Nares, in 1872-74. Nares, using hempen rope, discovered depths of 27,973 Feet, which remained for many years the only authenticated record. The Bartsch expedition's discovery sets a new world's record for ocean depths. Previously the greatest known depth was reported by the German cruiser Emder, which aunounced a depth occurs it should be washed on the fruit before the sun's record nor cessu depths. Freviously the sun's rays reach it. Colouring will probably the greatest known depth was reported by the be effected after ten days, and the resulting fruit can then be stored in the usual way. The keeping quality of "sun-dewed" apples im-keeping quality of "sun-dewed" apples improved, and they show a pronounced resistance (Japan). The range between the bottom of the

ocean and the highest point on land (Mount Everest) is now 73,x4x feet, or x3½ miles.

BACTERIA IN AEROLITES.—The presence of living bacteria deep inside aerolites is reported by Prof. Charles B. Lipman, of the University of California. After scrubbing several aerolites with soap and water and treating them with merouric chloride of superoxol, he soaked them in alcohol and finally subjected them to fiame in order to destroy any micro-organisms which might be on the surface or in cracks of the aerolites. Then, under sterile conditions, he ground them to powder. In nine out of twenty-four cultures made with this powder he obtained globose bacteria, and in all the aerolites found organic nitrogen on which they might feed. In explaining how these germs had survived their fiery journey through the sky Prof. Lipman said that the heat generated by a metcorite passing through the earth's atmosphere was not sufficient to kill all bacteria, as the passage is made so fast that the interior of the piece is relatively cool, although the exterior may be glowing.

Balloon Nearly Twelve Miles Up.—After soaring into the stratosphere to what is claimed to be the greatest height ever attained by man (19,000 metres, or approximately 12 miles), the Soviet balloon "U.S.S.R." landed safely at Kolomia, about seventy miles from Moscow, on the afternoon of Sept. 30. The balloon had a capacity of 250,000 cubic feet, and a diameter of 12 feet. The tenur rature inside the gondola at a height of 12 miles was 72 K; outside it was 88° F. below freezing. If the instinuents registered correctly the balloon would appear to have set up a new world's altitude record, surpassing that of Professor Piccard by over a mile. Professor Piccard ascended from Zurich in August, 1912, reaching a height of 16,200 metres (10 12 miles), or 2,790 metres to the Soviet balloon.

BIRDS IN A CITY SANCTUARY.—Mr. Eric Hardy has completed a day-to-day census of the birds of the Liverpool Cathedral wild birds' sanctuary, which was established in 1927 in an old quarry, now a cemetery, in the heart of the city slums and five miles from the nearest open country. Thirty species are recorded, including the house-sparrow, song thrush, blackbird, wren, greenflich, domestic pigeon, great tit, misseithrush, chaffinch, rook, linnet, redwing, herringguil, common gull, kestrel, sokdaw, colectit, yellow-hammer, goldcrest, chiffchaff, willowwren and whitethroat, the first twelve of which nest. The goldcrest has become a regular spring passage migrant since the establishment of food tables, though the first specimen was recorded in March, 1932, while the willow-warbler soon established ticself as a regular passage migrant in spring and autumn.

BRAGGITE.—The first new mineral to be discovered by X-ray methods of investigation has been identified at the Natural History Museum, South Kensington, among a series of minute crystals presented by the firm of Potgiotersrust Platinum, Limited, from their workings in the Transvaal. Its principal constituents are platinum and palladium, and it has been named Braggite, in honour of Sir William Bragg.

CAVE HUNTING IN DERBYSHIRE.—The research committee of the British Association appointed to explore the caves in the Derbyshire district reported at the Leicester meeting that the excavation of the Pin Hole Cave, Creswell Crags, had been continued by Mr. Leelie Armstrong. Breccia was removed from the whole area of the passage on the east side of the main chamber and in the trefoil-shaped terminal chamber, revealing four large cavities in the rock floor, one coinciding with the width of the passage and extending seven feet along it. These were entirely filled with cave earth of Monsterian age, which yielded the greater portion of the skull and jaw of a young mainmoth with complete dentition, and two large fragments of the lower jaw of a giant deer. The large cavity showed evidence of human occupation in a small hearth and a stone pounder, animal bones, split and charred, and crude artefacts of quartzite and crystalline stalagmite. Similar tools were found in the smaller cavities at the rear of the chamber. Several work d bone tools included a bone knife and two awls.

CAVE PAINTING IN THE PYRKNERS.—M. Norbert Casteret, while exploring in the Pyrenees, discovered the prehistoric painting of a hoise in a cave near the village of La Bastide, Hautes Pyrénées. At the entrance of the cave were intact Magdalenian hearths, and on the walls were a number of engravings and polychrome paintings, including human figures, and as the central object a polychrome painting of a horse. The horse is described as "superh," and is an artistic production comparable with the famous horse of the Altamira cave at Santander. The figure is more than six feet long, and is executed in red with black muzzle. The mane is erect, the eye, car and nostril being delicately engraved. High lights are indicated on shoulders, stomach and flanks.

CHABCOAL GAS.—Experiments with charcoal gas as a substitute for power oil have been anceessfully concluded in Australia, and it is suggested that as a result the primary producers of the Commonwealth may be aswed millions of pounds and a new and valuable industry established. It has been shown that while it now costs 3s. 6d. an acre to operate a kerosenedriven tractor hauling a seven-furrow plough, the cost of charcoal gas to do exactly the same work is 4½d. Further, the efficiency of tractors made specially for charcoal power is increased by as per cent. A gum tree, eight feet in diameter, was converted into sx tons of charcoal at a cost of £s. sc. 6d. a ton. As 14 h. of charcoal gives the power of one gallon of kerosene, the tree, therefore, yielded the equivalent of 3,366 gallons, which, at the country rate of sc. 3d. a gallon, is worth £378. Sump oil has been proved to last 3co hours in charcoal-nsing tractors, compared with only 6c hours in kerosene-driven tractors, of which there are thousands in daily use in Australia.

CHIMNEY SMORE MEASUREMENT.—Major C. E. Prince, in a lecture to the Junior Institution of Engineers, on the practical application of light-sensitive apparatus, described the effects produced by a beam of light when projected on vapours, the particles of which, like drops of water, have reflective and refractive powers. The most useful effect for observation is the

deflection or scattering of the beam. In the case of smoke, the interruption of the light by the particles of carbou gives the casicst and best method of measurement. Major Prince showed apparatus in which a beam projected through snoke and then on to a light-sensitive element gave a continuous quantitative record on a moving chart of the diminution of light due to the snoke. One difficulty was to interpret the readings in terms of a definite unit, as the cut-off varies with the depth of the column penetrated by the light. The problem is of importance, as it gives a method by nelly indicating or recording instruments for proving or refuting a contention that excessive smoke had been allowed to issue from industrial chimneys. The present method of visual observation takes little or no account of the size of the chimney, and consequently of the volume apart from the density of the wind and its effect on the apparent density of the smoke. The density of smoke at a given distance should be defined more clearly, and by using a selenum or a photo-electric cell this is possible.

CHROMADOR STREL.—Messrs. Dorman, Long & Co. have announced the successful production of a new and improved quality of structural steel, to be sold under the name of "chromador" steel. It has been evolved as the result of nearly ten years of continuous research department. Chromador steel, it is stated, is a high-tensile steel snitable for all structural purposes. It has at least 50 per cent, greater strength than the usual quality, with much greater resistance to corrosion, whilst its price is only 20 per cent in excess of that of mild steel. The researches which led to its production began with the production of a silicon high-tensile steel for use in the Sydney Bridge.

COLD RECORD.—A new record of artificially acquired cold has been reached by Prof. W. J. de Haas, assisted by Jrr. E. C. Wiersma and Prof. H. A. Kramers, in the Kamerlingh Onnes laboratory at Leyden. They announced that they have obtained a temperature only eighthundredths of a degree above absolute zero, which corresponds to about 4gr deg. of frost in the Fahrenheit scale. This temperature is the limself was the first to liquefy helium, and reached a temperature of c8a deg. K. by reducing the vapour pressure of liquid helium. Using the same method, his colleague, Prof. Keeson, who was the first to solidify helium, reached c7x deg. K. By another method Prof. Haas and Prof. Kramers got down to a temperature certainly below c7x deg. K. The same experimenters have now got to only c78 deg. above the absolute zero, where a biody would have no heat at all, and where all atomic motion would cease. At very low temperatures metals appear to lose their specific heat and their electrical resistance, and a current can go round and round a circuit for days with no apparent diminution of energy.

COMET STRIKES THE EARTH.—Dr. F. A. Mallon of roughly and Dr. William Schriever, of the University of been four Oklahoma, have put forward the theory that of the sa between xoo,ooo and x,ooo,ooo years ago a giant dating five comet, larger by one-third than Halley's comet, in tun B.C.

struck the earth in what are now the States of North and South Carolina. The comet was smashed to pieces a ter it had devastated an area of about 290,000 square miles. This, it is urged, is the most possible explanation of the elliptical depressions, averaging half a mile in length, which are to be found in numbers in the Carolinas. Dr. Mallon and Dr. Schriever have photographed the depressions from the air and measured them on the ground. They point out that the long axes of all the elliptical depressions are, as far as can be seen, parallel, running from north-east to south-west; that elevated rims completely encircle some of the depressions; and that there is a general increase of ellipticity with size. These facts and many others, they say, seem to permit the interpretation that the depressions were made by a shower of meteorites striking the earth at an angle.

ECHOMETER SOUNDING FOR FISH.—At a meeting of one of the Marconi companies in London it was stated that at least 3g. British trawlers had placed orders for a device called the Echometer, which gives the depth of water under a ship and the hard or soft nature of the bed of the sea. By indicating the depth of water below, it enables the fisherman, from his own experience and knowledge of the various fishy tribes, to draw his own conclusions as to the particular variety he may expect to find in any spot where he happens to be. The apparatus is extremely simple in operation. Soundings can be obtained instantaneously merely by pressing a bitton, and the preseuce of this gear on board ship undoubtedly encourages the taking of soundings frequently, even during the most adverse weather conditions. Fifty per cent. of the losses of vessels have, it is stated, hitherto been caused by strandings and kind ed causes, many of which night have been prevented by the use of apparatus capable of giving soundings instantaneously and in quick succession.

EGYPTIAN TEXTS REVEALED BY INFRA-RED. The British Museum has been making experiments to decipher illegible texts by means of infra-red photography. The first attempts were made on papyrus, and a number of very much discoloured Greek texts written on this material were photographed with encouraging results. Entirely fresh ground was then broken by ex-perimenting with early Egyptian texts on leather, which have intherto been impossible to read at all. The leather had curled and bubbled into a dark mass on which ictters could be seen. but too dimly and too sparsely to be deciphered. A fragment about to in. by 6 in. was photographed first on an ordinary panchromatic plate, then on an ordinary panchromatic plate with a red screen, and finally on the new infra-red plate. While the red screen gave a slightly more dis-tinct appearance to the leather, it was still impossible to read, but with the infra-red plate the writing became as clear as when it was first written. These results encouraged the Museum authorities to have the whole of this particular text on leather photographed on infra-red plates. In each instance the text became perfectly legible. It is written on is pieces of leather, all of roughly the same size, and the contents have been found to be a religious text, presumably of the same nature as the Book of the Dead, dating from somewhere in the second millen"EGYPT'S" GOLD RECOVERED.—During the summer of 1923 salvage operations were continued to recover the gold from the P. & O. liner Egypt, which was sunk in collision in 1922, at a depth of 66 fathoms, 25 miles south-west of Ushant. The clinef diver, Silnor Mario Raffaelli, devised an appunatus for recovering this treasmer by means of suction. It consisted of a strong steel cylinder about 4 feet in diameter and 11 feet in length overall, welghing more than four tons. It is capable of withstanding greater external pressure than that which cylists at a depth of 400 feet—namely, 180 lib. to the square inch. At the top it is closed. At the bottom a circular glass, 10 in in diameter, is sealed to the cylinder. The glass is less than half an inch links, hut strong en ugh to withstand the enormous pressure. When strinck by a deconator, operated electrically from the salvage vessel, the glass is shattered. The pressure at 400 feet causes a violent inrush of water, which carries with it anything within reach. A simple device inside the cylinder prevents any objects sucked in prom falling back into the bullion-room. At its first trial the tube recovered more than 6,000 sovereigns, several small bars of gold, and one bar of silver, weighing more than 10,000 ovs.

ELECTRIC "GRID" COMPLETED .- When the electricians climbed down from a 70-foot -ingle steel tower near Fordinghridge, on the outskirts of the New Forest, on Sept. 5, 1933, the "grid" system of the Central Electricity Board, which is to carry light and power to every coincr of Great Britain, was completed — The five-and-ahalf years' scheme has cost £27.000,000 and provided employment for 200,000 winkers. Altogether there are 26,265 towers (pylons), with 4,000 miles of transmission lines, 2,894 miles representing lines operating at 232,000 volts, the remainder operating at 33,000 and 66,000 volts. The majority of the 26,265 towers are from 70 feet to 80 feet in height and average 6,000 lb in weight, but much taller and heavier ones have had to be used for river crossings. Those linking up the grid south of the Thames with bagenham, which are 487 feet high and weigh about 290 tons each, are the largest of their type in the world. Altogether the 273 transforming and switching stations in the grid will have a transforming capacity of xx.000,000 horsepower. The national transmission system has been split up into nine main areas. Towards the end of 1934 the whole system will be work-ing, carrying a wholesale supply of electricity to almost every corner of Great Britain. It is estimated that the grids will be loaded to the extent of 70 per cent. in 1935 and fully loaded in 1940, when the output of electricity will be 25,000,000,000 units.

ELEPHANT TUSES.—The trustees of the British Museum (Natinal History) have become possessed of an exceptionally fine African elephant tinsk, weighing about 214 lbs. It is one of a pair which belonged to a very old elephant killed by an Arab in the Kilimanjaro district many years ago. The tusks were purchased in Zanzbar for 5,000 dollars by an American firm and were exhibited in New York for a period. After two years they were sent to Loudon, and were then found to weigh 26½ lbs. and 226 lbs. respectively, each tusk having lost about 20 lbs. In weight owing to the ivoy drylug. The heavier tusk was purchased for the Museum in 1902, and

the smaller one has now been acquired. The pair are thus now together again. Each of the tusks exceeds to feet in length. These are the heaviest tusks known, the next best tusks being one of 198 hs. owned by Major Powell Cotton and one in the collection of the late Sir Edmund G. Loder, which weighs 184 hs.

EVEREST FLIGHT .- The Houston air expedition to Mount Everest succeeded on April 3 in its object of flying over the peak of Moint Everest. The decision to make the flight was taken on the advice of the Indian Government Metoorological Station at Purnea, which reported winds of 57 m.p.h. velocity, without undue bumpiness, at 33,000 feet altitude. Air-Commodore Fellowes, the leader, made a pre-liminary recommaissance in his Phss Moth machine before making the final decision to start. The flight, beginning at the Lalbalu aerodrome, occupied three hours, over a distance of 160 miles, including two circuits of the peak, and reached more than 31,000 feet altitude, and actually cleared the top by only 100 feet. The two machines, a Honston-Westland and a Westland-Wallace, flew in company and carried out a concerted programme of duties. It was impossible to adhere to the prepared scheme of observations from handmarks owing to a heavy dust haze extending up to 19,000 feet. The crews also met with severe down currents due to the deflection of the west wind over the mountain, causing a loss of altitude of more than x,500 feet in a few seconds in one case. The crews were afterwards examined by the expedition's doctor, who found that they were tired, but not unduly exhausted.

FINGER-PRINTSON COLOURED BACKGROUNDS .-Prof. Henry Brose and Mr. C. G. Winson, of University College, Nottingham, have invented a method of hringing out finger-prints on a multi-coloured or highly-patterned background, which should be of conside able service to the police in the detection of criminals. Hitherto, if a burglar left his finger-prints on an article of an ordinary colour it was quite easy to photograph them after the article had been dusted with powder. But if finger prints were left on a highly-colonred article it was found that when this was photographed the reproduction of finger-print characteristics was not at all clear and could not be definitely used by the police. Therefore the culprit escaped. Prof. Bross and Mr. Winson discovered that if a fine powder of anthracene or phosphorescent zine sulphide is sprinkled on the ridge of an imprint on a highlycoloured article and then exposed to dark ultraviolet rays, the powder retains the ultra-violet light. It thus becomes phosphorescent, and when a photograph of the article is taken the phosphorescent light negatives the highlycolonical background, and the finger-print ridge characteristics are clearly reproduced. The phosphorescent powder has also been found useful by the police in the detection of forged notes. The phosphorescent ray shows up certain characteristics in a genine note which fail to appear on a forged one

FIVE-THOUSANDTH OF A SECOND MEASURED.—A clock more accurate than the earth itself, independent of the earth's motion and of gravitation, is being tested at the Natural Physical Laboratory. It consists of a weeden box containing a metal rod, mounted on insulating material

and surrounded by a vacuum, which vibrates in its own natural period, that only a change in temperature can affect. Nothing more is required to ensure perfect time than to keep it at exactly the same temperature. Outside the vacuum, and to prevent any passage of heat across it, runs a stream of water perpetually maintained at the same temperature. Second signals can be taken from the clock with such accuracy that, when transmitted to a special chronograph, time observations can be made to within one five-thousandth of a second.

FLOOD-LIGHTING AND BIRD LIFE.—Hood-lighting on land seems to have given rise to the same problems as lighthouses at sea, the birds in both cases being attracted to or dazzled by the light, so that they strike blindly against the structure. Since the great marble shaft of the Washington monument at Washington has been flooded with strong light after dark, small birds have been found dead at its base in the mornings. Several hundreds were picked up during the southward migration, some merely stunned, but others killed outright, or so injured that they died. It is not likely that the destruction of the birds will result in the withdrawal of the flood-lights, for not only do these add to the beauty of the monument, but they also serve as a guide and a warning to aeroplanes, which in approaching the commercial air-port just across the Potomac River were incommoded by the proximity of a pinnacle 555 feet high.

GLASHOUSES DISINESCED WITH SULPHUR.—
Investigations have been made by Mr. W. H.
Read and Mr. O. B. O'chard, of the Cheshunt
Research Station, into the use of burning sulphur
in disinfecting vacant glasshouses. Such a
method has often resulted in damage to a
subsequent chrysanthemum crop, and the injury
could not be traced to any fungal, bacterial, or
insect pest. It has now been shown that the
soorching and wiiting of the plants is due to
zinc sulphate, formed on the overhead galvanised
wires and painted surfaces, and conveyed to the
plants in drops of condensation water. Confirmation of the cause of damage was obtained
by the production of similar injury when
solutions of zinc sulphate were applied directly
to the plants, 1 part of the salt in 300 of water
being the maximum amount tolerated without
visible injury resulting. No touble was
experienced if a lead or bavium paint were
substituted for "zinc white" or if the atmosphere
were kept very dry. The substitution of a
funigant such as naphthaleue or formaldelyde
is to be preferred. The use of sulphur as
dusting powder, on the other hand, is quite
safe, as it is only when burnt that the formation
of zinc sulphate takes place.

Horned Toad at the Zoo.—The Zoological Society in London has become possessed of a horned toad, or "crying frog." This creature is a native of northern Argentina and Paraguay, where it is known as the "Escuerzo." It is one of ten species noted for their singular coloration and habits. The coloration is protective, and of considerable beauty. The greenish-yellow background is relieved by large dark green patches on the back, decreasing in size on the fianks. Each of these isolated patches is surrounded by a narrow line of white and yellow dots, interspersed with lines of rusty

brown or red, producing a carpet-like pattern perfectly concealing the half-buried body. If there is not sufficient green vegetation the toad throws earth upon its back by the aid of the hind feet, and at the same time the akin wrinkles and assumes a duller coloration. Extremely sluggish, it les in wait for its victims, which include smaller members of its own species, as well as frogs, which are said to form its staple diet. Horned toads are said to inflate the body when angry, and to hop backwards and forwards utterling a succession of loud cries, hence they are also known as "crying frogs." As the cause of their excitement is removed they slowly deflate the body and relapse into silence.

INFLUENZA VIRUS ISOLATED. — That the primary cause of influenza is a filter-passing virus is the conclusion reached as a result of experiments carried out by three British doctors—Dr. Wilson Smith, Dr. C. H. Andrewes and Dr. P. P. Laidlaw—at the National Institute for Medical Itescarch. They discovered that ferrets, which were used for the first time in this line of research, are susceptible to infection with human influenza. In this way they isolated the virus of the disease, which is so small that it will pass through the pores of unglazed porcelain. It was also found that ferrets which had recovered from the disease were thereafter immune from it, and that the serum of human convalescents was capable of neutralising the virus of the ferret disease.

IRAQ PIPE LINE.—A pipe-line is being laid, at a cost of £10,000,000, by the Iraq Petroleum Company from the Iraq olifield at Kirkuk to the Mediterranean. The object of the undertaking is to avoid the dues of the Suez Canal, which must be paid by the tankers that have hitherto brought the produce of the Anglo-Persian oilheld from Basra through the canal to the west. There are two lines of pipes, one running &20 miles to Haifa in Palestine, the other running about \$40 miles to Tripoli in Syria. They run together from the olifield as far as Haditha, on the Euphrates, and there they diverge. For the greater part of the way the line is constructed of 1x-inch steel pipes, but in certain places, in order to regulate the pressure, it is carried in two pipes of no inches or 8 inches At intervals, pumping stations will give the necessary impetus to the westward flow of the p-troleum along the pipes, and tanks will take off the overflow if more is coming through the pipes than the adjacent station can handle

IARGEST GRANARY IN SOUTH AMERICA.—The largest gramary in South America has been built by Messrs, Henry Simon, of Manchester, for the Buenos Aires Great Southern Railway at the port of Balia Blanca, Argentine, at a cost of about £1,000,000. The plant consists of an unloading station for the discharge of grain from the railway wagons, a ferro-concrete granary of 80,000 tons capacity, a loading jetty and shipping galleries. For the transport of the grain there are 120 conveyors, having more than 12 miles of conveyor and elevator belting. The whole plant is driven electrically, current being supplied from a sub-station to some 40 electric motors of an aggregate horse power of about 10,000. While the grain can be unloaded continuously at the rate of 1,000 tons

an hour, on the outgoing side six ocean-going ships can each be loaded simultaneously at the same rate.

LIBRARY ROBOT .- The London School of Economics is the first institute in this country to adopt the robot book-carrier, an American invention intended to simplify library work. In all establishments where the departments are far removed from the library there is a waste of time in conveying books to and from readers. The new apparatus does this auto-matically and speedily. It is worked by elec-tricity, and the carriers, which respond to the pressing of a button, convey the reader's filledup form direct from his department to the library, whence the book required is forwarded to him by the librarian, who presses another button at his desk. The only thing the machine does not do is to pick the book from the shelves and replace it there. The books are carried in perpendicular or horizontal shafts according to the structural requirements of a building, and may be taken underground to premises on the other side of the street. The machine does not eliminate the librarian, but it cuts out all the intermediate labour of fetching and carrying books to and from readers.

LONDON FARTHER FROM NEW YORK.--Once every 24 hours London moves 63 feet faither from New York, like the end of a stactched clastic band. The distance depends on the position of the moon, according to a paper rend before the Association for the Advancament of Science by Mr. Alired Looms and Dr. Harlan Stetson, of Ohio Wesleyan University. Sometimes, they say, the Atlantic Ocean is stactched 63 feet wider by the moon. There is, according to them, a flexible bump on the earth's surface, caused by the moon, which travels round the globe every 24 hours, making New York tarther apart from London at one time of the day than at another. The bump, which stretches solid rock as though it were rubber, was due overed by the difference—sometimes of one-tenth of a second—in time signals, determined from the stars, and sent out from Greenwich Observatory and from the Naval Observatory in the United States.

LONDON SUBSIDENCE .-- The infinences involved in the subsidence of London have been enumerated in a paper by Capt. T. E. Longfield, published by the Ordinance Survey. He finds in the first instance that there is a general and gradual lowering of the hand surface in the south-east of England, of which there is some evidence from the level of Roman remains of habitation. There is a more local subsidence of the London area, especially in central London, of which there is measurable evidence at least since 1865. This appears to be confined to the thickly builtover areas where gravel or alluvium over hes the clay, and may be due to the water proof covering of stone, cement and asphalt that allows the underlying surface to drain and so contract. The seasonal subsidence and uplift caused by changes in the water-content of the London clay is evidenced in the disturbance in walls after a long dry spell. Subsidence is also caused by the draining or pumping of water and sand from the gravel, which is known to distuib adjacent' buildings, and there is a rhythmic land move-ment due to fall and rise of title. Records show

that Waterloo Bridge and the County Hall, Westminster, thus rise and fall. Underground tunnelling may cause local sunking but not a widespread subsidence.

METEOR DUST AT 500,000 MILES AN HOUR.—What is believed to be the first definite evidence of the arrival of meteors frem ontside the solar system is reported by the Joint Telescopic Meteor Survey of Harvard and Cornell Observatories Great streams of meteor dust were observed, some of which appeared to be travelling at fully 400 miles a second, fast enough to encircle the earth in less than three minutes. A speed of this magnitude definitely implies that the meteor dust could not have come from within the solar system. Other meteors have at various times been suspected of having an ontside origin, but definite proof has been lacking. It is also stated that on very clear nights about ten times as many meteors can be seen through the telescopes used as with the naked eyo. The immite size of the puticles of this meteon dust can be judged from the fact that the smallest of visible meteors is estimated to be no larger than a gram of sand.

MOTH THAT CHEWS TOBACCO -A new tobacco pest in the United Kingdom has recently caused serious clarm in the trade, as its ravages have inflicted losses of nearly £100,000 in 12 months. It is the Ephestia Platella, or cacao moth, brownish grey in coloni and scarcely half an inch across with its wings extended. It has an overwhelming preference for bright-leaf, kiln-cured to acco Mr. II. H S. Bovingdon, of the imperial College of Science, has discovered methods of dealing with the post. He said Rphestia was a moth which was to be found out of doors in the warmer parts of Europe. They had records of its association with caeao, with which it had actually entored this country, but in rors it was found on cured tobacco in Russia; it was next observed in Bulgaria, and in 1929 in London warehouses. Since then it had been found in East and South Africa and America. One way One way of dealing with the pest was by "reconditioning," which consisted of subjecting the tolerco to steam. If done thoroughly, this would kill the moth. It could also be frozen out. Another method was fumigation. But these methods only whiled the pest, which would not be eradicated until all countries took legislative action, and unrestricted imports of infected tobacco from abroad were forbidden.

MUSK-RAT MENACE.—The regulations under the Destructive Imported Animals Act, which have been made to control the distribution of the musk-rat in this country, have been carried out with considerable success. Earl de la Warr, Pathamentary Secretary to the Board of Agricultine, stated in the House of Lords that in the 700 square mules of Shropshire where trapping operations had been carried on, 2 e53 inusk-rate had been killed, in Sinsey 125 lad been captured, in Sinrey 22. The greatest number caught in a week in Shropshire was 127 (week ending March 25, 1933), and since then the numbers had fallen, so that with a8 trappers at work the weekly average had decreased to 12. The Ministry of Agriculture was satisfied that the menace generally had been much reduced, and that there was now no necessity to introduce mew machinery to deal with the matter. In

Scotland the evidence pointed to the presence of musk-rats in considerable numbers only in the counties of Perthshire and Stirlingshire. The cost of the campaign during the last financial year was £2,873 in England and about £1,340 in Scotland. The Irish Free State Department of Agriculture amounced that a musk-rat had been shot near the mouth of the Nenagh River. About four years ago a pair were imported into Ireland, but in the course of a few weeks escaped from confinement. A campaign against the pest was to be undertaken.

NOISE SCALE FOR ARCHITECTS -Following on the experiments in the measurement of noise, which were described in Whitaker's Almanack in 1932, the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research has issued a "sensation scale" of the intensity of sounds in the ear. The scale, which is of common noises and typical localities, is as follows :--

> Standard Intensity above threshold in rooms and localities. decibels.

120 (Threshold of feeling). Aeroplane cabin ..... 110 Aeroplane engines at

zo (t. Printing press-room 100 Express train at 12 ft. Tube train ......... 90 Pneumatic drill at 20ft Typing-room ... ... 80 Motor horn at 20ft.

Ordinary room with

conversation ..... 60 Loud conversation. Fairly quiet city office 50 Average quiet street.

Average suburban house-room ...... Very quiet room. ....

40 Quiet conversation. 30 Average quiet street, suburbs.

London.

Common noises

so Whisper, at 4ft. breeze. o (Threshold of audi-

bility). Explaining the meaning of the "decibel" unit, the report points out that the human ear is capable of functioning over a scale which ranges in intensity from one to a million millions. Sounds of intensity of 10, 100 and 1,000 produce in the ear sensations proportional to 1, 2 and 3 respectively. The decibel scale in the table expresses this fact, and would be represented by zo, 20 and 30 decibels respectively. The object of the bulletin is to make recommendations to architects as to the best means of reducing noise in rooms. A sound-resisting structure must provide against air-horne noises, and also against sound transmissions due to a diaphragm action of walls, floors, doors or windows. While most of the sound striking glass is reflected back, the small part of sound energy which is not reflected back is able to vibrate the panes and the window as a whole, causing them to act themselves as sources of sound. The heavier and more rigid the window-frames and the thicker and smaller the panes, the less the diaphragm effect would be.

PADDINGTON'S TIME-TABLE CLOCK .-- What is claimed to be the largest clock with moving figures in the world has been erected in Paddington Station. The numerals consist of silvered glass reflectors attached to an endless silvered glass reflectors attached to an endless States company £12 for every animal delivered belt of steel slats, and move on the roller-blind to the Mackenzie delta. Eskimos and Lapp

principle. The numeral on the right-hand side, showing the minutes, is changed every minute, the centre numeral every 10 minutes, while the numeral on the left-hand side, indicating the hours, is changed each hour. The steel roller-blind on which the hour numerals are shown is 37 ft. long, and the three blinds together weigh about three-quarters of a ton. The moving about three-quarters of a ton. figures also weigh three-quarters of a ton. The change of the numerals occupies eight seconds, this being the time taken for the belt to move a sufficient distance to bring another numeral into position. The entire mechanism is operated from the station muster's electric clock. In Paris a giant public clock has been erected half-way up the Enffel Tower, with two dials each twenty nietres in diameter. Although it shows the tune in the usual way, it is not fitted with moveable hands. Radial rows of electric lamps are switched on one after the other, and thus indicate the time. The markings of the dials at the five minute intervals are composed of illuminated circles of green and red lamps. At the quarter hour intervals the minute hand position is marked by sixty radial rows of red lamps, which start at the centre and run to the edge of the dial. The hours and half-hour intervals are indicated by twenty-four rows of blue-white lamps. In addition to the indication of the time given by the "hands," a powerful light shines for two seconds at each quarter of an hour.

PRKING MAN'S HANDS AND FEET .- Peking man, who lived in China a million years ago, had hands like the modern man, but his feet were like those of an ape. This is the conclusion reached by Prof. G Elliot Smith from a study of the new discoveries in the cave at Chon Kou Then. During further exploration, he said, a small bone from the wrist was found which is not appreciably different from that of modern man This is exceptionally interesting in that it adds most powerful evidence to support the belief that the hundreds of stone implements found in the cave were made and used by Peking man. It now appears that Peking man had hands essentially identical with modern man's. and we are justified in this inference that the tools found with the remains of this man were made by him. They correspond entirely with tools made by other primitive peoples. From the shape of other small bones that have been found it would appear that the feet of Peking man differed from those of modern man. They were not straight, and he must have walked with his toes turned in-in the same way, in fact, as the ape does. There is, however, nothing to show that he was able to grip with his feet, as the apes are able to do.

REINDER TREK ACROSS ARCTIC WASTES .- The enermons trek of a herd of 3,000 reindeer across the Arctic wastes, from Alaska to the Mackenzie River delta in the north-west territories of Canada, has been practically accomplished, and in the spring of 1934 the herd will travel the last hundred miles to their destination. Their reserve is an area of 15,000 square miles, where, it is hoped, they will increase and multiply, to help in solving the food problem of the native Eskimoa. The herd was purchased in 1929, when the Government of Canada agreed to pay a United herders undertook the task of delivering 3,000 animals. G eat hardships were encountered in more than three years of battle with bluzzards, ice and wolves. In one great storm 500 relinder strayed, and it was six mouths before they were rounded up. Of the original herd of 3,000 animals, x,000 perished along the way. Three hundred fawns were born en route.

ROMAN RICHBOROUGH.-Dr J. P. Bushe-Fox, in an account of Roman Richborough given to the Society of Autiquaries, assigned a purpose to the large timbered buildings occupied during the first half century of the Roman conquest of Britain. It is now evident that these buildings, differing in character from barracks and domestic structures, were port store-houses for grain and other material. The outlines of rotted beams. piles and foundation trenches, indicate that they were elected in rectangular blocks or insulæ, each comprising four buildings. One faced the main road and the other three lay behind, with approaches from the side roads which bounded the insular Each building had which confided the mental Each colliding flat a loading platform, while that facing the road had also a space in front in which casts might draw up. This building was erected on a massive beam platform, embedded in the soil, to take heavy weights; but the remaining three were erected on piles to give the ventilation of rooms, ranged in pairs It is conjectined that these were the quarters of the police guarding the stores.

ROTENONE FOR INSECT PRETS.—According to Science Service, Washington, D.C., rotenone is the latest addition to chemical methods of controlling insect pests. It was flist discovered through the use of plants containing it as fish poisons by natives of tropical countries. Its principal commercial source is the deris plant of the East Indies, but it is also present in a South American plant called cubé and in the North American plant popularly termed devil's shoesting. All the plants that are known to yield rotenoue are members of the natural order leguminose. Rotenoue is exceedingly toxic to many kinds of insects, but quite harmless to man and all warm-blooded vertebrates. While all insects are not susceptible to its toxic effects, in the form of sprays and other preparations, it is fifteen times as toxic as a nicotme spray when used as a contact poison against apludes, and thirty times as toxic as acid lead aisenate, when used as an internal poison against certain caterpillars.

SALMONSBURY CAMP .- During the summer of 1933 extensive excavations were carried out by Mr. G. C. Dunning of the British Museum, of Salmonsbury Camp, an Iron Age structure of 56 acres in extent at Bourton-on-the-Water, Gloucestershire. An early Iron Age hut-site was first discovered near the centre of the camp and several similar hut-sites were afterwards found in other parts. These belong to the first century B.C. Twelve inches showe the central from Age hut was the floor, patisilly co'bled and paved with flat stones, of a Roma i hut, which yielded pottery and a third-century coin.

Between these two periods of occupation came of the fall of large meteorites.

evidence of Belgic invasion, in the form of a Belgic but within the ramparts on the north-west side of the camp. This but proved rich in finds of pottery, two iron brooches, iron-knives, pins, objects of bone, a stone spindle whorl, and worked finus Fragments of iron and bronzes slag and day indicated metal and pottery in-dustries. It is thought that the numerous finds belonging to the Belgic period on the site point to an invasion of those people, and to them, too, is attributed one of the less pleasing characteristics of the occupants, namely, the practice of cannibalism, indicated by the presence of the scattered bones of a female child, some of which appear to have been split to obtain the marrow, lying side by side with the bones of a goat and

SEVERN BARRAGE SCHEME -A gigantic scheme for utilising the tidal waters of the River Seven for generating electric power by the construction of a barrage is described in the the construction of a maringe is avertoned in one infinal report of the Severn Barringe Committee, presided over by Lt. col J. T. C. Moore-Brabaron, M.P. The proposal is to construct a harrage across the Severn estimay at English Stones, a reef in the river between Gloucestershire and Monmouthshire. A netaminal output of 2,207 million units would be avuilable for tansmission to the "grid" from a tidal power station at the proposed barrage. The requirements of the whole country in 1941 are estimated to be 21,000 million units, and the proposed scheme would provide one-thirteenth of this total. The contemplated station would have an effective enpacity nearly double that of any station operating in 1932 in this country. The average cost of electrical energy sent out to transmission lines would be about or 8 of a penny per unit. The scheme involves two entirely independent series of works, the main power station and storage station, in the Trelleck Grange mea west of the Wye. With Trelleck Grange area west of the Wye. With the simultaneous outlay of the provision of road, iail and barbour facilities, the total cost of the whole scheme would be slightly over £50,000,000. The report mentions that it would probably not be po-sible to begin the works before 1977, and the scheme would take about 15 years to complete.

SILICA-GLASS FROM LIBYA. - The British Museum has come into possession of a windworn lump of transparent, pale yellowish-green solica-glass from the Libyan Desert. It was found by Mr P. A. Chayton of the Survey of Egypt, about 480 miles south-west of Cairo. The material was in considerable amount and spread material was in considerance amount and spireau over an area of so km. by so km, as isolated pieces up to xo ih. in weight in the hollows hetween the sand-dunes. It closely resembles the long known problematical glass from Bohema and Moravia, which has been cut as a gen-stone under the names of bottles-stone and water-thrysolite. The Libyan glass differs from the abundant altige class found in year by from the abundant silica-glass found in 1932 by Wr. Philby around the meteorite craters at Wabar in Arabia. It shows an indication of flow structure and the almost complete absence of bubbles; but it forms a very suggestive link between tektites and the silica-glass that has been definitely proved to have been formed by the fall of large meteorites.

at Southampton on July s6. It consists of a massive quay wall a mile and a quarter long, a graving dock—claimed to be the largest in the world—and about 400 acres of reclaimed land. The quay wall stretches across the now reclaimed bay of the River Test from a point beyond the Royal Pier, and has berths for eight of the largest vessels affoat. Four of the berths have a depth of 45 feet at low water, and four of 40 feet. They are approached by a channel two miles long, dredged to a depth of 35 feet at low water. The graving dock is 1,200 feet long, 135 feet wide at the entrance, and 59 feet deep from cope to floor. It holds 250,000 tons of water, and can accommodate a vessel of 100,000 tons, if one of such a size should ever be built.

SPLITTING AND COUNTING ATOMS. - Lord Rutherford, in a lecture at the Royal Institution, turned a current of 60,000 volts on to a number of atoms, and split them into fragments, and also demonstrated a machine which counted the atoms as they were being split up. The apparatus includes a number of glass tubes in which the actual bombardment of the atom takes place, and can be observed through a microscope. A stream of electric particles bombards a screen, in which are the atoms to be broken up. Only about one in a nullion of the particles actually manages to hit an atom. the paractics an explosion which can be heard through an amplifying apparatus, seen by a glow in an electric bulb, and photographed or watched as tmy flashes through a microscope. wateriou as tiny maries trivingin a increasing a the laboratory worker only needs to press a button and the machine counts for him. A new type of electric static generator was being developed, said Lord Rutherford, by which it was hoped to achieve voltages of a million and was noped to servey votage of a million and a half. "Ultimately," he said, "we hope to be able to generate 10,000,000 to 15,000,000 volts. But even with the best will in the world we cannot hope to get more than 10,000,000 to 20,000,000 volts in the laboratory. Yet in the atmosphere we have streaming through us particles animated with energy ranging from 200,000,000 volts to 2,000,000,000

SPONGES CAN MOVE ABOUT.—Mr. M. Burton, who was asked to investigate some sponges growing on the filter heds of the Zoological Society, which, it was feared, would interfere with the circulation of the water, discovered that even adult sponges were able to move appreciable distances to secure a more favourable area for feeding. Movements in post-larval and young sponges have been recorded on several and young sponges have been recorded on several and young sponges can change their position, and that, so far from being "typical sedentary animals," the victims of chance and circumstance, they can exercise some selection as to habitat. The movement is a direct locomotion, carried out by amedicid extensions.

STANDARD BAROMETER. — The standard authoritative barometer is kept in the National Laboratory at Teddington. The design is quite different from that of any other existing barometer, being made of stainless steel, with glass windows for observing the surfaces of the mercury. It will give barometric pressures to an accuracy of one twenty-thousandth of an inch. All standard barometers such as those

used by meteorologists, are checked by comparison with it.

STARLIGHT TO START MACHINERY.—Rays of light frum Arcturus, one of the three brightest stars in the northern hemisphere, which left that star during the Chicago world Fair of 1893, were used to open the Century of Progress Exhibition at Chicago on May 27, 1933. This spectacular idea was prompted by the lact that the star is forty "light-years" distant from the earth, in other words, that a ray of light, travelling at 185,000 miles per second, takes 40 years to get from Arcturus to the earth. The particular ray was captured by a photoelectic cell, transferred by wire to Chicago, and amplified and released to work a mechanism and light up the Exhibition.

STREAMLINED RAILWAY TRAIN.—The Flying Hamburger, which is claimed to be the fastest train in the world, travelled from Berlin to Hamburg on its trial trip at over 92 miles an hour, covering the distance in 2 hours 29 minutes, or 40 minutes less than the normal Hamburg Berlin expresses. The journey was accomplished 9 minutes under the scheduled time. In comparison with the Cheltenham Flyer and other British expresses, the Flying Hamburger weighs only 77 tous and carries a much lighter load. It consists of two specially constructed carriages, with seating capacity for ros passengers. It is diven by electricity generated on board from two 420 house-power Diesel Maybach petiol engines. The two carriages are so closely knit together that from inside they appear to be one. Their external streamlined form is dictated by the primary consideration of wind pressure. The head and tail of the train are sloped and rounded, the place of buffers.

TRCHNOCRACY. — Much discussion has been aroused in the United States by the new economic doctrine of Technocracy, which has been sponsored by a number of engineers and scientific workers. Its underlying thesis is that the tremendous technological advance in industrial processes during the last contury, and particularly during the last sz years, has made all existing social and economic nechanism obsolete and futile. Technocracy claims that years are the summer of the second with the powers that would ensure lessure and plenty for all if only they were properly employed. It asserts that the basic factor in social life is the amount of energy available for productive purposes and that no solution is possible so long as the present price system is retained. Energy, according to the exponents of technocracy, is the real measure of human labour and human wealth and, therefore, real prosperity will only be obtained when individualism is discarded and entirely new system of distribution based on "energy certificates" instituted.

TRLEVISION PROGRESS.—Television experiments were a feature of the British Association meeting. An unusual method of operating the Marconi system of television, in which a beam of light serves as the medium of transmission, was demonstrated daily before the members. Television images were projected on a screen

four feet square to show the possibilities of the Marconi system of television for public entertainment. A directed light neam was the link between the television transmitter and the receiver, instead of the normal radio or wire link. The "Marconi light beam link" apparatus consists of a transmitter which translates the electric impulses corresponding to the television picture signals into light impulses through the operation of a specially designed sodum tube mounted in a searchlight fitting. The receiver, incorporating a new type of photo-cell, reconverts the modulated light impulses into a varying electric current which operates the television receiver in the normal way. Television pictures eight inches square on the screen of a cathode ray tube were demonstrated by the Baird Television Company. The pictures seen were reproductions of films and various cartoons. For the radio transmission of these pictures it is necessary to use wave-lengths of the order of five to seven metres, which come in the ultra-short wave band. In order fully to study the properties of these ultra-short waves for television transmission the Baird Company has acquired the lease of the towers of the Crystal Palace for several years. The wave-length of 6-cs metres will be used for the television and 6-z metres for the corresponding sound. At first the transmissions will be from films, but later it is intended that the television of living figures shall take place. The first boxing match to be televised was broadcast by the BB.C. on a screen z6 in. by 8 in.

TEMPLE OF NODENS.—Dr. and Mrs. Mortimer Wheeler have reported on the excavations they have made at Lydney, on the site where the temple of the Romano-Celtic god Nodens was discovered. The shaft of an iron-mine—the first definite Roman iron-working found in England—was revealed, which demonstrated the industrial character of the community. The group of stone buildings includes the temple of the god Nodens—a basilical structure with a triple shrune—a guest-house ranged round a courtyard, a number of small chambers opening on to a verandah, and a large bath-house. On the evidence of the coins found there, the completion of the building has been fixed as subsequent to A.D. 367.

TRAPPING THE TSETER ELY.—At a meeting of the Zoological Society, Mr. R. W. Hanns exhibited and explained the working of a tsetse trap invented by his father, Mr. R. H. T. P. Hairis, of Zuinland. The inventor of the trap, knowing that the tsetse flies are attracted by the sight of large living animals, conceived the idea of treating the hides of houses and cattle with a flypoison. He replaced the horse or ox by a canvas framework of a similar shape, suspended to the branch of a tree in the shady edge of a thicket which was a haunt of the flies. He had noticed that the flies, alighting on any part of the body of a living horse or ox, usually clawled dewn the lower aurface of the abdomen, where the skin was more easy to pierce. He therefore left an open slit along the bottom of the trap, which was of opaque canvas. On the middle of the upper surface he made a window, to which was affixed a gauze fly-trap. The device worked admirably. The flies crawled into the dark interior and then, seeing the light above, passed into the trap.

the tsetse flies are most numerous, and in September, 1931, no fewer than 2,088,508 were caught in the traps, reckoning at 6,000 flees to a quart measure. The year's total was more than 7,000,000. At the invitation of its Government, Mr. Harris spent three months of the summer of 1933 in the Belgian Congo, where he so reduced the number of flees there that they now attack only wild animals.

WHITE SPOT ON SATURN.—It is only at long intervals that any markings are seen on Saturn of a character suitable for the determination of the rotation period, hence advantage was taken of the opportunity afforded by the appearance of a white spot on the equatorial zone on August 3. It was detected at 2s. h. 3c m. by Mr. Will Hay (the music-hall comedian), observing with a 6 in. refractor at Norbury. The spot had just crossed the contral meridian. He telephoned to Dr. W. H. Steavenson, at West Norwood, who verified the discovery, and noted that the spot was elliptical, and extended in outline across the whole visible breadth of the zone from the south edge of the north equatorial belt to the projection of the crape ling. It was bright enough to be conspicuous in small telescopes. Towards the end of the month the white spot was found to be disappearing. Starting with a length of about x5,000 miles, said Dr. W. H. Steavenson, it had gradually lengthened, showing a tendency to break up into separate spots, until it occupied more than half of the plant's equatorial belt, and was virtually indistinguishable. Astronomers have, whenever possible, thened the planter across the middle of the plantet, and have thus obtained a figure for the length of a day on Saturn's equator, which is one, or possibly two, minutes longer than the accepted figure of a bours 14 minutes, based on a spot which appeared in 1876.

WOOD MADE FROM WEEDS.—The tallest pine tree can only furnish a plank about 256 feet long and 4 feet wide, but boiled cornstalks and weeds can now be utilised to make a "board" as wide as a city steet, and if necessary two miles long. Synthetic lumber, as hard as steel or as soft as cork, is being made in the lowa State laboratories and by various commercial firms in the United States. Almost every day some new use is found for this artificial wood, and work continues on experiments having to do with the conversion of waste products into useful articles for clothing, shelter and commerce. Coinstalks, oat binsks, sugar cane, straw and weeds, mulions of tons of which are available annually, can be made into every kind of "lumber," knotless, grainicss, and at sizes that trees cannot funish. The waste mater is cooked under pressure, in steam, into fibres not more than two to three hundiedths of an inch long. This is a pulpy, colloutal mass, which becomes a paste, hardening rapidly. The longer it is cooked the harder the wood becomes.

ZUYDER ZEE RECLAMATION.—The official inauguration of the dyke which connects the Provinces of North-Holland and Friesland, and has closed off the Zuyder Zee (now the Ysel Lake), took place on Sept. 25, and the dyke is now fully opened for traffic. (rops of all kinds are now growing where recently floated seaweed, in the Webingeumeer Polder, the first section of the Zuyder Zee to be reclaimed.

In quantity, the output of books during the year shows no great variation. In character, there is some indication—as might be expected in difficult and critical times—of a swing of the pendulum from fiction towards more serious and educative work, perhaps particularly in History and Biography. Enforced economy has led to the reduced issue of high-priced books, and to an increasing demand for "Omnibus" volumes, and has doubtless also stimulated the campaigns of certain daily newspapers which are stated to have sold half a million sets of Dickens and other classics. According to Mr. Milne, the "Fifty Best Books" published since the war do not include any one of five "best sellers" in fiction. Mr. H. G. Wells, whose output has of late been largely apart from fiction, now admits to paying about £5,000 a year income tax. The Hendon Library service records a decrease in the issue of fiction of records a declared in the last state is a state in the last state in "non-fiction" of 24,349 books.
"To-day," writes Mr. O'Brien, "there is a dearth of imagination amongst novelists, and

we are folded off with long drab chronicles that spring up as quickly as forced rhubarb, and have as much imaginative vigour; with extremely competent tales without a spark of life; with novels so realistic that they cease to be art."

Though Great Britain's total of some 15,000 books published this year seems large enough, it is interesting to record that Japan issues as many books annually as we, and Germany twice as many. The average circulation of a book here has been given as 3,950 copies, or a fraction over one book per year per person, which can hardly be considered excessive.

Book societies and clubs pursue their lucrative trade, though perhaps with somewhat less than their initial success. Mr. Ceoil Palmer recently declared that "the Insidious growth of logrolling and clique reviewing is a public menace. The spectacle of novelists reviewing each other's novels, or, what is almost equally dangerous, one reviewer appearing in half-a-dozen different journals under as many different names, is neither edifying nor amusing. A good deal of so-called literary criticism in the Press is either thinly veiled back-scratching or backbiting." Mr. Michael Sadler, in his lecture on Authors and Publishers, added: "The critic can no longer help the author of patient merit, because to-day literary criticism is virtually without effect on the general reading public. So long as book reviewing remains a mixture of publicity-mongering and back-scratching and book advertising a freuzied competition between several megalo-maniacs, works of patient merit will continue to be unknown to the general public."

Amongst Fratures of the Year under review may be mentioned the large crop of books of "topical" interest which appeared in relation to (z) the Oxford Movement; (a) the work of D. H. Lawrence and of the Brontes; and (3) the Australian Test Matches and Body Line Bowling. Other items of literary interest

were:

z. Honours.-A peerage for Sir Rennell Rodd, a baronetcy for Owen Seaman, a knighthood for J. C. Squire (to whom a congratulatory Diuner was given), and a K.C.B. for Dr. G. F. Hill, the British Museum Librarian.

a. An interesting Exhibition of Children's

Books at the Victoria and Albert Museum; also exhibitions, at Messrs. Bumpus's, of Scott Centenary and of D. H. Lawrence books and MSS. The George Herbert centenary was also celebrated in the Press and at Bemerton.

3. Prosentation to the British Museum by the surviving children of the late George Smith of the MSS. of Charlotte Bronte, "Shirley," "Jane Eyre" and "Villette," Browning's "Ring and the Book," and Mrs. Browning's "Sonnets from the Portu-

4. The Book Section of the Exhibition of British Industrial Art at Dorland House, visited by x,200 people daily, and afterwards sent on tour.

5. Opening by The Friends of the National Libraries of a fund for the acquisition of the originals of the Paston Letters (Vols. z and z).

6. Issue of the Supplement to the New English Dictionary (903 pages) free to holders of the complete set, and of the Shorter O.E.D. (2,500 pages) for £3 38.

SALES.-Lord Rosebery's Library Sale realised SALES.—Lord Rosebery's Library Sale realised £49.03; Napoleon's love letters to Josephine fetched £4.400; the Chester Beatty Book of Hours, £2.100; Jane Austen's "Susan" MS. £2.100; Kilmarnock Burns (1786), £7.300; Hakluyt's Voyages, £760; and a two-page Burns's MS., "The Vision," £460. Generally speaking, high prices obtained for rare books, modern mess issues, and modern first aditions. modern press issues, and modern first editions, only when in fine state, long sets fetching very small prices.

CENSORSHIP.—Amongst books banned by the Irish Free State were "An Outline for Boys and Girls and their Parents" and "The Delicate Fire" (Mitchison), "Birth Control" (Robinson, M.D.), "The Bulpington of Blup" (H. G. Wells), "Ann Vickers" (Suclar Lewis), "The Adventures of the Black Girl" (G. Bernard Shaw)—also hauned by the Cambridge Public Liberty. also banned by the Cambridge Public Library,
"Numerous Treasure" (R. Keable), "All Men
are Enemies" (Aldington), "Psychology of Sax"
(Havelock Ellis), "The Two Thieves" (T. F.
Powys), and "Cold Comfort Farm" (S. Gibbons).
Amongst authors whose works have been definitely banned under the Hitler regime are Emil Ludwig, Arnold Zweig, Remarque, Barbusse and Feuchtwanger.

PRIZES.—Femina Americain: "Shadows on the Rock" (Willa Cather): Havthornden: "The Fountain" (Charles Morgan); James Tati Black: "Life of Mary Kingsley" (Stephen Gwynn) and "Boomerang" (Helen Sunpson); Northetiffe: "Heritages" (Andre Chamson); Hodder & Stoughton (20,000 dollars): "No Second Spring" (Janet Beith); Femina Vie Heureuse and Northetiffe: Recommendations: "Royal Flush" (M. Irwin) "Midsumper Night's Maduses" (Seen Trwin), "Midsummer Night's Madness" (Sean O'Faolain), "Small Town" (Bradda Field); awarded Nobel Prize for Literature: John Galsworthy.

On the commercial side, leading topics of discussion during the year have been (x) the Book Tokens Scheme; (a) the profits and trading systems of the book clubs, and newspaper book production; (3) the issue of clearatte and other coupons; and (4) the education of booksellers and the improvement of bookshops, including consideration of the "Librarie & Chaises" methods.

DEATH has taken heavy toll of literature during the year in the loss of George Moore, G. E. B. Saintsbury and John Galsworthy, whilst others gone from us include Professor J. A. Thomson, Sir Robert Donald, T. Earle Welby, Temple Thurston, Leonard Huxley, Sir Anthony Hope Hawkins, Lavuie Magnus and Clotilde Groves (Richard Dehan).

A classified selection of books published during the year, from October, 1932, to September, 1933, follows. With a few exceptions, translations, reprints and scientific manuals are not included. The whole selection only includes about two per cent. of the publications of the year, and must obviously pass over many good and useful books.

"Sir D. Y. Cameron," by F. Rinder; "The Art of Byam Shaw," by R. Vicat Cole; "The Technique of Early Greek Sculpture," by S. Casson; "The Art of Henri Matisse," by A. C. Barnes and V. de Mazia.

### BIOGRAPHY AND MEMOIRS.

Barnes and V. de Mazia.

BIOGRAPHY AND MEMOIRS.

"Sir Kenelm Digby and his Vencta," by E. W. Bligh; "Adventures of a Novelist," by Get brude Atherton; "My Own Way," by Sir E. Pairy; "Life of Lord Oxford and Asquith;" by J. A. Spender and Cyril Asquith; "Discovery," by John Drinkwater; "Letters from Sir Oliver Lodge," compiled by J. A. Hill; "My World as in My Tinc," Memoirs of Sir Henry Newbolt; "Lady Louisa Stewart," by Susan Buchan; "The Brontes"; "Living My Life," by Emma Goldman (Bolshevik Russia); "The Life of William Beckford," by J. W. Oliver; "Talleyrand," by Duff Cooper; "Grey Wolf," Mustafa Kemal, by H. C. Armstrong; "Carlyle," by L. Cazamain; "Gordon," by H. E. Wortham, "Napoleon," by H. Belloc; "Things I Have Seen," by Sir Cazamain; "Gordon," by H. E. Wortham, "Napoleon," by H. Belloc; "Things I Have Seen," by Sir Cazamain; "Garvin; "Macaulay," by Arthur Bryant; "Cromer," by Lord Zetland; "Samuel Butler," by Clara Stillman; "Mary Baker Eddy. The Truth and the Tradition," by E. S. Bates and J. V. Dittemore: "Richard Wagner," by Ernest Newman; "Metternich," by Algerion Cecil; "Thinty Five Years," by H. S. Wilkinson; "This was my World," by Lady Rhondda; "Sir Joshia Reynolds," by J. Steegmann (2s. Great Lives); "Rhodes," by S. G. Millin; "Rssays in Biography," by J. M. Keynes; "Alfred Mond," by H. Bolitho: "Dickens," by Bernard Darwin; "Birkenhead," The First Phase, by his Son "Looking Back," by Norman Donglas; "Chailes Lamb," by E. Blunden; "Fanny Kenible," by L. S. Driver; "Elward VII," by E. F. Benson, "Elizabeth Queen of England," by Maddman; "Henry Fielding," by B. M. Jones; 'A Modein Pretude," by H. I. Fansset (autoblographica); "Andrew Carnegre," by B. J. Hendrick; "More Memories," by Margot Oxford; 'Looking Back on Life," by George Robey; "John Hampden, by H. R. Williamson; "The Tudor Wench," by E. Thanse (Q. Elizabeth as a girl); "The Autobiography of Sir John Martin Harvey"; "St. Thomas Aquinas," by G. K. Chesterton.

Chapman; "At John Murray's," by George Paston (Records of a Literary Circle); "Letters rasion (Records of a Literary ('i.cle); "Letters and the Second Diary of Samuel Pepys," edited by R. G. Howarth. (A complete retranscribed and unexpurgated edition of Pepys should now be undertaken.) "Letters of Matthew Arnold to Arthur Hugh Clongh," edited by H. F. Lowry; "The Lost Leader," A Study of Wordsworth, by H. Kansset; "On Reading Shakespeare," by L. Pearsull Smith; "English Eccentrics," by E. Sitwell; "The Art of Living," by Osbert Burdett.

### FICTION.

"Cold Comfort Farm," by Miss Gibbons (good burlesque); "Public Faces," by Harold Nicholson (actoon in 1939); "The House Under the Water," by F. Brett Young; "A Long Time Ago," by M. Kennedy; "They Were Defeated," by Rose Macanlay; "Light in August," by W. Faulkener; "Black Mischief," by E. Waugh; "Flowering Widerness," by John Galswoithy; "First Night," by Lorna Rea; "The Men of Ness," by Eric Linklater (a Viking Saga), "Jenny Wren," by E. H. Young; "Violante," by G. Preedy; "The Bulpington of Blup," by H. G. Wells; "The Lovely Lady," by D. H. Lawreuce (short stories); "A Day Off," by Storm Jameson; "Nobody Starves," by C. Brody; "Anu Vickers," by Sinclair Lewis, "Aukle Deep," by Angels Thinkell; "All Men are Encinies," by R. Aldington; "The Gold Falcon, of The Haggard of Love" (Anonymous); "The Lame Dog," by R. H. Mottram; "All Souls' Night," by Hugh Walpole (Short Stories); "Dr. Gion," by Hans Carossa; "Portrait of an Actor," by E. Jenkins; "Glastonbury Romance," by T. S. Powys; "This is M. Man," by W. B. Maxwell; "Travail of Gold," by E. F. Benson; "Julian Grant Loses his Way," by G. Hangliton; "Peter Abelard," by H. Walbele; "A Prince of the Captivity," by J. Buchan, "We are Spoiled," by P. Paul; "Vanessa," by High Walpele; "Pilgrim Cottage," by Vecal Robeits (Russla); "Mrs. Ritchie," by Willa Min; "The Howering Thorn," by M. Shap; "Men of Good Will," by J. Romain, "Volume the First," Juvenilia, by Jane Austen; "Wonder Hero," by J. B. Priestley; "Trumpeter Sound," by D. L. Murray.

#### SOME CRIME STORIES.

"The Hanging Captain," by H. Rode; "The Minniny Case," by Dennot Morrah; "The Shakespeare Murders," by Neil Gordon; "Mystery," by F. W. Crofts; "The Body in the Silo," by F. Kanov; "My Best Theiller" (chosen by their Authors); "Driven Death," by N. Orde-Powlett; "The Killing Bottle," by L. P. Hartley; "The Arrival at Dusk," by R. C. Ashby; "Mr. Simpson Finds a Body," by D. Frome.

#### HISTORY.

Prelude," by H. I. Fansset (antobiographica);
"Andrew (arnegre," by B. J. Hendrick; "More Memories," by Margot Oxford; "Looking Back on Life," by George Robey; "John Hampden," by H. R. Williamson; "The Tudor Wench," by E. Thane (Q. Elizabeth as a girl); "The Autobiography of Sir John Martin Harvey"; "St. Thomas Aquinas," by G. K. Chesterton.

ESSAYS AND LETTERS.

"Lemon Verbena," by E. V. Lucas; "Views and Reviews," by Havelock Ellis; "Letters of Mrs. Gaskell," edited by Jane Whitehill; "The Common Reader," and Series, by Virgina Woolf; "Jane Austen's Letters," edited by E.

### MISCELLA NEOUS.

"No Boats on the River," by A. P. Herbert (advocating the Water-Bus); "The Egypt's Gold," by David Scott; "The Advontures of the Black Girl in her Search for God," by woodents); "Ladles and Gentlemen," by H. Belloc (satirical verse); "For Ever England," by General Seeley (for boys of all ages); "The History of the Bow Street Runners," by G. Arnitage; "England Their England," by G. Arnitage; "England Their England," by G. Arnitage; "England Their England," by G. Arnitage; "England Their England," by A. G. Macdonell (a young Scot poking fun);
"Pink Parade," by J. B. Booth (Bohemian memories); "The Fear of the Dead in Primitive Religion," by Sir J. G. Frazer.

Religion," by Sir J. G. Frazer.

"A Tale of Troy," by John Max-field; "The Pleasures of Poetry. The Victorian Age," by E. Sitwell; "Last Poems," by J. H. Lawience; "Texts and Pretexts," by Aldous Huxley; "Halfway House," New Poems by Edmind Blun len; "The Doorkeeper," by J. W. Taylor; "The English Dramatic Critics, 1660-1933," by Jamos Agate; "The English Muse," by Oliver Elfon; "Dinnor at Eight," by Ferber and Kaufman; "Collected Pooms" of Herbert Palmer; "The Eaten Heart," by R. Aldington; "Charlotte Bronte," by R. Ferguson; "Wild Decembers," by Clemence Dane; "The Flecting, and other Poems," by W. De La Mare; "Poems," by W. B. Graves; "Discovering Poetry," by E. Drew; "The Silver Seythe," by W. Snatth; "The Winding Stair," by W. B. Yeats.

POLITICS ECONOMICS, SOCIOLOGY

### POLITICS, ECONOMICS, SOCIOLOGY.

"An Outline for Boys and Oirls." by Naomi Mitchison; "The Art of Central Banking." by H. K. H. Jenkin; "Elephant," by D. E. Blunt; "Sou-R. G. Hawtrey; "The Road to Ruin in Europe," by Sir E. Beazley; "Memories of a Brilish Agent," by R. H. Bruce Lockhart; "The Coming Struggle for Power," by J. Strachey; "The New Survey of London Life and Labour," Vols. III,

IV. and V.; "Can America Stay at Home?" by F. H. Simonds; "Ways of Escape," by Sir P. Gibbs; "The Professions," by A. M. Cars Saunders and P. A. Wilson; "The Girl through the Ages," by D. M. Stnart; "From Chaos to Control," by Norman Angell; "The American Political System," by D. W. Brogan; "The Shape of Things to Come," by H. G. Wells; "The Intelligent Man's Review of Europe Today," by G. D. H. and M. I Cole; "Criture and Environment," by F. R. Leavis and D. Thompson.

SCIENCE AND PHILOSOPHY.

"Perception," by H. H. Price; "Six Theories of Mind," by C. W. Morris; "The Expanding Universe," by Sir A. Eddington; "Industrial Psychology," by M. S. Viteles; "Wireless," by Dr. W. H. Eccles. (Thore are five and a half million receiving sets now licensed by the G.P.O.) "Scientific Theory and Religion," by E. W. Barnes; "The Living Universe," by Sir F. Younghushand; "The Causes of Evolution," by J. B. Michlens, "M. Philogophy." by Sir N. J. B. Michlens, "M. Philogophy." by Sir r. Youngnusman; "The Causes of Evolution, by J. B. S. Haldane; "My Philosophy," by Sir O. Lodgo; "Problems of Relative Growth," by Julian Huxley; "The Universe of Light," by Sir W. Bragg; "The New Background of Science," by Sir J. Jeans; "Guide to Modern Thought," by C. Joad.

TOPOGRAPHY, TRAVEL AND SPORT.

"Depulsia and Boas," by W. A. Robinson;
"Hounds and Boas," by A. Croxton Smith;
"Argentine Tango," by Philip Guedalla;
"Southern Cross to Pole Star," by A. F.
Tschilfely (a ro,ooo mile ride); "We'll Shift our
Ground," by R. Blunden and Sylva Norman;
"Cornwall and the Cornish," by H. K. H.
Jenkin; "Elephant," by D. E. Blunt; "Souvenirs of France," by Rudyard Kipling.

### BOOKS PUBLISHED IN GREAT BRITAIN IN 1932.

No. of Books. Classification, 83 Aeronautica ..... Annuals and Serials.... 124 Anthropology and Ethnology ..... 35 98 Archeology ......Art and Architecture..... 197 Astronomy and Meteorology ..... 32 65 Banking and Finance....... Bibliography and Literary History ..... 182 657 BII Calendars ...... Dictionaries and Eucyclopædias ....... 73 Directories and Guide Books ..... 201 Domestic Economy ..... 69 924 178 Facetiso ..... Fiction..... Geology, Mineralogy and Mining ....... 64 History......
Illustrated Gift Books ...... 405 88 aw and Parliamentary..... Maps and Atlases..... 19

ETOIL WILL	No. of	umulative Book List.	No. of
	Books.	Classification.	Books
	83	Mathematics	36
	124	Medical and Surgical	450
	35	Music	76
	98	Natural History, Biology and Zoology	206
	197	Nautical	90
	32	Naval and Military	80
	65	Occultism	42
tory	182	Oriental	67
	657	Philately	34
iculture	311	Philosophy and Science	183
	33	Poetry and the Drama	49x
	735	Poli ics, Political Economy and	47*
iction	1,373	Questions of the Day	708
	86	Psychology	66
us	73	Religion and Theology	817
	201	Sociology	224
	60	Sports, Games and Pastimes	310
	924	Technical Handbooks	281
lechames	178	Topography, Lo al History and Folklore	210
	367	Trade, Commerce and Industry	100
	33	Fravel and Adventure	256
		Vetermary Science, Farming and Stock-	230
ng	64	keeping	48
	405	Wireless	36
	88		30
*************	194	1	
••••••	19	Grand Total	I 6.870

THE year showed little signs of recovery from the depression of 1932, but a slightly more hopeful spirit prevailed towards the end of the season. The financial troubles in the United States were no doubt responsible for the poor sales of works by deceased masters, for American collectors were rarely seen in the auction rooms or in the galleries of the picture dealers. For the artists at large the condition of affairs was if anything worse than in the preceding year, although some of the Bond Street dealers endeavoured to help them by holding exhibitions of small works and sketches at low prices— nnder ten or under five guineas for each work. This probably suggested to Messrs. Agnew the idea of the exhibition held by them in the middle of the season at which pictures by Old Masters-some of them very good-were on sale in each case for two hundred gumeas or less,

As usual the season commenced early in January, when the Winter Exhibition of the Royal Academy was opened It was composed of representative works by fom teen recently deceased members of the Royal Academy: Sir deceased members of the Royal Academy: Sir Frank Dicksee, Sir George Fiampton, Maurice Greiffenlagen, G. W. Lambert, H. H. La Thangue, Sir Bertram Mackennal, David Mimhead, Sir Wilham Oipen, F. W. Pomervy, Henry Poole, Charles Ricaetts, Charles Sins, H. S. Tuke and W. L. Wyllie. The principal feating of the exhibition was a vast collection of work by Sil William Charms a breaked and fift, registrictude. William Orpen, a hundred and fifty portraits and other works in oil, besides water-colours and drawings, which filled the Frist, Second and Third Galleries. Orpen was a remarkable draughtsman, but not a great painter, and too much of his work was shown, particularly of his portraiture. The Royal Academy public is not enamoured of portraitme, and the fact that the first three galleries were almost filled with such works was no doubt detrunental to the success of the exhibition, which did not attract so many visitors as it deserved.

The Summer Exhibition of the Royal Academy the one hundred and sixty-fifth) was opened on May 1 and closed on August 7. The Academicians were more lenient in their dealings with the were more more than they were in 1932, when not one of the works submitted was accepted outright. This year 29 were accepted, 3,760 rejected, and 1,007 made doubtful. The works submitted—paintings, sculptures, waterworks submitted—paintings, sculptures, watercolours and drawings, numbered altogether
11,337, compared with 11,705 submitted last
year. The Hanging Committee, by which the
exhibition was arranged, was composed of Sir
Herbert Baker, Mr. Arnesby Brown, Mr. Wilfred
De Glehn, Mr. K. L. Griggs, Mr. Algernon
Talmage, Mr. Alfred Thiner, Mr. George
Spencer Watson, Mr. Gilbert Ledward and
Mr. Arthur G. Walker.
The principal sales included "Delina" of

Mr. Arthur G. Walker.

The principal sales included "Delius," a portrait of the musician (£1,25), by Mr. H. James Gunn; "The Shadow" (£225), by Mr. H. James Gunn; "The Shadow" (£25), by Mr. Arnesby Brown; "June's Largesse" (£360), by Mr. Frederlek W. Elwell; "Collure the Net-Mender" (£150), and "A little Port: Rough Morning" (£5200), by Mr. Adrian Stokes; Mr. Arthur T. Nowell's Mr. Adrian Stokes; Mr. Arthur T. Nowell's Mr. Adrian Stokes; Mr. Arthur T. Nowell's portrait of the Queen, purchased from the

N 1933.

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Gerald L. Brockhurst; "The Christmas Tree" (£750), by Mr. Harry Bush; "Quality Street" (£750), by Mr. Harry Bush; "Quality Street" (£750), by Mr. Harry Bush; "Quality Street" of the Grand National, 2020—statuette, bronze," by Mr. Martin Alexander; "Spring" (£500), and "Gitana Dancers Resting, Albatein, Granaida" (£250), by Mr. W. Russell Flint; "The Fationr Mand" (£200), by Mr. W. G. de Glein; "A Yonng Woman" (£288 126.), by Dame Laura Kuight; "Going to Pasture" (£700), by Mr. Weller (£700), by Mr. Bonces of Clyde" (£750), by Mr. Robert Houston; and "Evening, Mousehole" (£700), by Mr. Terrick Williams. No fewer than cleven works were purchased by the Royal Academy Conneil for the Chantrey

by the Royal Academy Conneil for the Chantrey Collection. They are as follows:—"Shakespeare's Chiff "(£200), by M. Henry Bishop, A.A.; "A New Artival at the Zoo" (£200), by Mr. Philip Connard, R.A.; "Bank Holiday, Brighton" (£20), by Mr Charles Cundall; "The Harvest Moon" (£300), by the late William Taggart; "Pontrait of the Painter" (£315), by Professor Ried Biown—purchased from the exhibition of the New English Art Chib; "The Jester (W. Somer set Mangham), 2012" (£300), by Mr. G. F. Kelly, R.A.; "The Old Troubadom" (£47 125.), by Miss Clara Klinghoffer; two cartoons, "Suffer little "hildren to Come unto Me" (£75), and "Pent cost" (£75), by Mrs. Mary Sargant Florence; "Oriental Portrait" (£32 108), by Miss Just Cree, and "Thought-seated figure, brouze" (£500), by Mis Winited Turner, Many exhibitions were held in London during the season. The opening of the Royal Academy by the Royal Academy Conneil for the Chantrey

the season. The opening of the Royal Academy Winter Exhibition was followed in February by one of "Beautiful Women of the Nineteenth Century," held at Messis. Knoedler's gallery in and of the War Service Legion, which contained some striking pottaits by Millais, Watts, Sargent, Shamon, Winterhalter, Cabanel and Carolus Duran. Later in the same month Sir Phillip Sassoon showed at his house in Park Lane a remarkable collection illustrating French arts and crafts of the reigns of Lonis XIV, XV and XVI. The exhibition included some fine pic-tures, furniture, plate, bronzes and tapestries, lent by many emment collectors, including her Majesty the Queen, whose contributions included gold and enamelled shuff boxes and musical Boxes. At Knodler's, in addition to the "Beautiful Women" mentioned above, exhibitions were held of scalpture by Mr. John Tweed; and of a large collection of portraits by Mr. Philip A. de Lászlo, shown in aid of the Artists' General Benevolent Institution. At the Fine Art Society's the pictures shown included watercolours by Mr. Leonard Squirrell and Mr. S. R. Badmin; at Coluaghi's, sketches in Spain by Mr. McBey, and an interesting collection of lithographs At the Beaux Atts Gallery, the exhibitions included one of the mintings of Mr. William Nicholson, and two or three of those of Mr. Sickert, and one of modern French paintings. Mr. sickert, and one of modern Prench paintings were also shown by Mossrs. Reid & Lefevre, and at the French Gallery. The Lefecster Gallery shows included one of the work of James Tissot, a French artist who practised in London sixty years ago, and other of paintings by Mr. James Pryde and Mr. portrait of the Queen, purchased from the other of pinithigs by Mr. James Pryde and Mr. exhibition by Her Majesty; Sir John Lavery's Algerion Newton, and sculpture by Mr. Epstein. portrait of Mr. Maxton, M.P. (£500); "The fhere were water-colours at Agnew's, Palser's, Priest's Walk" (£80, by Mr. Guy Kortwright; and the Walker Gallery, and a collection of "They See an Oread" (£500), by Mr. Walter works by Scarlett Davis at the Cotswold Gallery, Hutton; "A Cornish Painter" (£105), by Mr. So far as acquisitions or special exhibitions were concerned, the year was a quiet one at the National Gallery, where, however, Mr. K. McK. Clark, Keeper of the Department of Fine Art at Chark, Reeper of the Department of Fine Art at the Ashnolean Museum, was appointed Director, so succeed Sir Augustus Daniel at the conclusion of his term of office. At the Tate Gallery the centenary of the birth of Burne-Jones was marked by an excellent and well-arranged ex-hibition of his pictures, which was opened in June. At the National Portrait Gallery the new rooms were crowed by the Kun in the spring rooms were opened by the King in the spring, and in the autumn exhibitions were held of a collection of interesting portraits bequeathed to the Gallery by Lord Dillon, a former Trustee of the Gallery. At the Victoria and Albert Museum a small centenary exhibition was held of pictures and drawings executed between 1832 and 1835, and including works by Turner, Constable, Leslie, Mulready, Landseer and others.

In the sale room the season was quiet; no great collections were dispersed and no exceptionally high price was paid for any work of art. At Sotheby's, in June, 19,200 was paid for six sketches by Rubens illustrating the life of Achilles, and in July 4,600 for a portrait of the second Lord Baltimore by Soest. At Christie's, second Lord Baltimore by Soest. At Christic's, at various sales, £3,355 was paid for a Hobbema; £1,375 for a portrait by Tintoretto; and £1,050 for a portrait of a lady by Sir Joshua Reynolds. In a few cases the prices realized showed great depreciation. The large picture by Burne-Jones, "Love and the Pilgrim," for which Mary, Duchess of Sutherland, paid £5,775 in 1898, realized only £210 when it came under the hammer at Christle's in March; and Raeburn's portrait of Colonel Mackenzie, which fetched £3,360 at auction in 1918, was knocked down later in the season for £882.

### THE YEAR'S MUSIC.

OPERA.

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Covent Garden's vegetable and fruit market requiring additional space, it was announced that ro33 would see the Royal Opera demolished, though not till after the customary season had taken place. This announcement drew unusually large houses, for those who had never been to Bow Street's historic theatre specially made its acquaintance, while the regular habitues, bent on turning occasions to account, were present several evenings a week. Meanwhile, at the time of writing, Covent Garden has not been

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pulled down; there is even a chance of another season—perhaps more than one. . . . . The programme opened with "Der Roseu-kavaller," Reccham conducting a performance kavaller," Recelain conducting a performance which left much to be desired. Kern, for example, was not an ideal Sophie; Hadraboya, as Octavian, frequently "scooped"; Nash's voice emission was marred by a suggestion of "throatiness." Happily, Kipins' Ochs, as upon former occasions, was masterly, and in eveny respect, while Lehmanu's perfect art each inted the huge audience. "Das Rheingold" exploited the huge Audience were placed to the serior street. Schorr's Wotan, almost every phrase being sung in a manner which afforded an object lesson to intelligent listeners. Jarred, the new Erda, a British singer, was equally pleasing, and throughout an important rôle; she has that authority which results from a good technique and understanding of the part. "Die Walkure" had for standing of the part. "Die Walkure" had for its exponents Leider, Olzewska, Lehmann, Wolff, Schorr, Bettrain and 'Ole, the last-named possessing a flue voice. "Slegfried" came next, followed by "Gotterdammerung," with Melchior, Janssen (whose breath control is exemplary), Helgers, Leider and de Foras. On the whole, a

Helgers, Leider and de Foras. On the whole, a successful "Ring."

"Aids" commenced the Italian season, and poorly. Turner, in the name-part, certainy displayed a welcome legate, and, if her middle anotes were thin, each upper tone rang out effectively. But the new Radamès often sang false; Amonasro suffered by comparison with false; Amonasro suffered by comparison with distinguished predecessors; Il Re was scarcely in the picture; Amneris made little impression, Ramfis following her example.

Verdi was also represented by "Don Carlos," an opera of the musical 'sixties, and decid-diy worth reviving, for it contains much that

As in the "Aida" performance, singers of mixed values were employed; Autori excepted, they proved somewhat disappointing. The Elisabetta had good and bad moments, her tone often being unsatisfactory; Lappas' voice deteriorated in the last act, though in his earlier scenes he was fairly effective; Rimini gave the impression that opera is not his true métier; ('illa, as usual, sang well. "Otello" had been eagerly awaited by those who hoped to find in Micholior the ideal exponent of an exacting role. His Italian was generally mispronounced, and there were moments when the music seemed to be rather more than he could tackle with that ease which is part and parcel of good singing. However, Melchior looked an Otello, even if his bearing was sometimes rather meaningless. Pampanini, as Desdemona, sang quite acceptably, though without giving the character much in-dividuality; Rimini, handicapped by music which demanded too much of him, was not the which demanded too much of him, was not the lago of a critic's dreams; Willis' Emilia afforded pleasure; Cilla, as Cassio, was excellent. "La Bohème" had Pampanini for its Mimi, and to the advantage of the performance, Minghetti (Rodolfo), de Foras (Musetta) and Borgioli (Marcello) also being in the cast. "Tosca" brought forward Raisa, who, all things considered, made the expected impression, while Fornichi's Scarpia had points in common with Scotta's unforwatable impressation. Minghetti Scotti's unforgetable impersonation. Minghetti was a passable Cavaradossi.

Should another Italian venture be engincered, the management would be well advised to engage singers who are thoroughly capable. to engage singers who are unoroughly capable. If not any too common, there are better performers in Italy than some of those who startled disappointed habitues last year: in-

Forza del Destino" Royal Academy of Music students appeared in Pergolesi's "Livietta e Tracollo" and Purcell's "Dido and Eneas," with scenes from "La Fille du Régiment," "Faust" and "Aida" by way of contrast. Each performance was given with the vernacular translation.

#### LONDON CONCERTS.

Modern English composers found very stannch champlons in the andience which gathered at Wigmore Hall to savour the orchestral compositions of Bax, Gerrard Williams, Bridge and others. These musicians undoubtedly know their business where scoring is concerned, especially Williams and Bax. It must, however, be confessed that, like most Englishmen who court this particular Muse, they seldom happen on a line of melody which creates a really deep impression. This criticism applies equally to modern French orchestral music, of which one hears more than is welcome, an instance being furnished by the Pierné "Varnations et Finale" and d'Indy's "Suite," which the Quintettle Instrumentale de Paris into oduce d to Londoners. D'Indy is always dull, and Pierné, if capable of writing a melody with something to recommend it, does not sustain this effort for long. Tunefulness may be view jew; still, it pleases.

The Kutcher Quartet gave a memorable exhibition of perfect art; Brahms' centenary was honoured in a suitable manner, Bouth, Schnabel and others lending their aid; Kussevitzky proved himself to be a gifted conductor. The Philharmonic Orchestra gave a series of concerts; Brimo Walter renewed acquaintance with English audiences, though without doing complete justice to Mozait's "E flat Symphony" or to the "Eroica." Hindemith's "Das Unaufhorliche" had a fine performance; the London Symphony Orchestra thought it necessary to air Berlloz' "Symphonie Fantastique," which many persons considered quite superfluous; Pizzetti's long and boing "Rondo Veneziano" was introduced at the last Philharmonic concert of Spring; Lucille Wallace's programme of Mozart's chamber works delighted music lovers. A Courtauld-Sargent concert exploited Berlioz' "Harold in Egypt", Wallom's Belshazar's Keast "was again found somewhat disappointing; Enesco, in a Bach sonata, was immaculate; the Dolmetach concerts, as usual, were of historical interest: Delius' great admirer,

Beecham, conducted the "Mass of Life" for the Royal Choral Society. The attendance, even upon important occasious, was not always flattering.

There were many vocal recitals, Laelia Finneberg's being amongst the most notable, for she is within distance of the first rank. As to the others, few, whether old-stagers or beginers, pleased the cognoscenti; indeed, various debutants had been improperly taught, each performer's breath-control being faulty. Rykens, however, made the desired impression, for, it her respiration was not under control, she has much in her favour. Schubert's "Dem Unendlichen" furmished an instance.

#### THE PROVINCES.

Lianduduo's woman conductor, Mrs. Tipping, included the "Enryanthe" overture in her representative programmes, and to Lianduduo's joy. Tonypandy, like other Welsh towns and townsteas, aftorded musical instruction to gratified listenes; Cardiff welcomed Professor Evans, who lectured on the national music; Pwilheli established its Musical Society. Biriningham's Choral and Orchestral Union performed Cowen's "The Sleeping Beanty"; Hereford listoned respectfully to Bach's "Mass in B Minor"; Doncaster was afforded the opportunity of hearing all sorts of music; Torquay again had its festival. Bexhill diew two thousand enthusiasts to a performance of "The Hymn of Pisise"; Sheffield appreciated "Hiawatha"; Bigas conducted has "Gerontius" in Mauchester. Edinburgh favoured Dukas' "L'apprenti sortier" and Beethoven's "Choral Symphony"; Galashiels made the acquaintance of Harty's "The Mystic Trumpeter"; Glasgow reveiled in "The Creation" and other well-established classics. Arinstrong Gibb's latest musical venture, "The Highwannan," was given its first performance in Winchester, and successfully. Noyes' poem, however, leaves something to be desired. Annie Patterson, Ireland's leading composer,

Annie Patterson, Ireland's leading composer, whose lectures on musical subjects have drawn enthusiastic audiences, has finished the "Irish Music-Drama Trilocy" upon which she émbarked some years ago. It consists of "The Ardrigh's Daughter," "Oisin" and "The Bard of Eire," the music, inspired by Gaelic traditions, depending on pure melodic and rhythmic effects for appeal to one's higher emotions. Annie Patterson's "Trilogy," which is fully scored for orchestra, should indeed appeal to cultured

people.

### FOREST AREAS OF THE WORLD, IN SQUARE MILES.

#### British Empire. Great Britain ..... 307,000 India ..... Nigeria ..... 235,000 N. Rhodesia ..... 201,000 S. Rhodesia ..... 91,000 70,000 (85 per cent. Australia ..... State-owned.) Newfoundland ..... 40,000

Foreign Countries.	
U.S.S.R	470,000
	,600,000
U.S.A	860,000
Argentina	400,000
Peru	350,000
China	300,000
Belgian Congo	280,000
New Guinea	250,000
24 per cent. of the land area of the	British

24 per cent. of the land area of the British Empire is Forest, 30 per cent. of that of the World.

THE LONDON STAGE.—In a year remarkable for its long spell of fine weather and a consequent demand for outdoor recreation, the fact that at least five plays-three of them of a definitely serious character-ran throughout the summer without a break indicated a decided virility in the London stage. Of the quintette the most notable was Richard of Bordenux by a newcomer to the theatrical world, a woman writer from the Highlands who adopted the name of "Gordon Daviot." After a run of nine months this historical drama, written in modern, racy prose around the reign of a little-known monarch, and admirably acted by a company headed by Mr. John Gielgud, was still attracting crowded houses at the New. The second serious play was The Brontes, in which Mr. Alfred Sangster placed the three Yorkshire sisters and their family on the stage in convincing manner. A second Bronte play, Wild Decembers, by Miss Clemence Dane, suffered in comparison and enjoyed only a short career. The Late Christopher Bean, adapted by Mr. Emlyn Williams from the French, was the Mr. Emply williams from the French, was one third play that defied the call of the sun. The lighter successes were *Ten Minutes Alibi*, an amusing "thriller" by Mr. Anthony Armstrong, and *Fresh Freids* by Mr. Ivor Novello. The latter was the dramatist of the year, for, in addition to this comedy, his *Prosecusum* had a long run, although a third play from his pen, *Flues in the Sun*, did not attract. A *Sleeping Cleryman*, by Mr James Bridle, was an interesting play, dealing in Milestones-fashion with three generations, and tilting at the doctrine which contends that a man's vices are necessarily inherited by his descendants. Of the established dramatists, Mr. John van Druten was less prolific than in the preceding year, but *The Duslaff Side* did nothing to smear his reputation. Mr. Somerset Maugham failed to hit the public taste with For Services Rendered, but Sheppey, a comedy of mordant sature, was more fortunate. A promising writer, Miss Dorothy Massingham, died in tragic circumstances while a thoughtful play, for which she was partly responsible, The Lake, was being played at one theatre, and a second, in which she had collaborated, The Soldier and the Gentlewoman, was awaiting production at another. Late in the year, Nymyh Errant, adapted (and the collaboration) by the Downey, Name 1 James Laver's novel, threatened to become an obstinate success. An interesting innovation, favoured by the fine weather, was a season of open-air Shakespeare in Regent's Park.

The following is a list of productions between Nov. 2, 1938, and Oct. 32, 1933:—

ADELPHI, 4rz Strand, W.C. 2.—(1933) Oct. 6.

Nymph Errant, by Romney Brent, from the
novel by James Laver, lyrics and music by Cole
Porter (Messrs. Austin Trevor, H. Morton Selten
and Bruce Winston and Mesdames Gertrude
Lawrence, Elizabeth Welch, Helen Kurty, May
Agate and Iris Ashley).

ALDWYCH, Aldwych, W.C. z.—(1933) Jan. 3c. A Bit of a Test, by Ben Travers (Messr. Ralpha Lynn, J. Robertson Bare, Charles Farrell and Frederick Burtwell and Mesdames Mary Brough and Renée Gadd). Sept. zz. Lilac Time, new version in German, by Richard Tauber and Sylvic Mossée, music by Franz Schubert (Messrs. Richard Tauber, Willy Vos-Mendes and Fritz Spirs and Mesdames Käthe Slijn and Louise Hess).

Al-Hambra, 23 Charing Cross Road, W.C. a.—
(1932) Nov. 28. A Kiss in Spring, musical
comedy by Julius Brammer and Alfred Griffithwald,
English by L. du Garde Peach, music by
Emmerich Kalman and Herbert Griffiths (Messrs.
Eric Bertiner, Harold Turner and Billy Milton
and Mesdames Alicia Markova and Bylvia
Welling).

AMBASSADORS, West Street, Cambridge Circus, W.c. 2.—(1932) Nov. 2. Philomel, by J. Jefferson Farjeon, music by Martin Shaw (Messrs. A thur Wontner and Robert Atkins and Mesdames Phyllis Neison-Terry and Helene Raye). Dec. 20. The Streets of London, Dion Boucicault's drama revised (Messra. Sam Livesoy and Harold Warrender and Mesdames Sydney Fairbrother and Margaretta Scott). (1933) May 23. Martine, by Jean-Jacques Bernard, translated by John Leslie Frith (Messra. Hubert Gregg and Roger Livesey and Mesdames Victoria Hopper, Hilda Trevelyan and Rosalinde Fuller). Aug. 22. Is Late Worth Lamny! by Lennox Robinson (Messra. Paul Farrell, Harry Hutchinson, J. A. O'Rourke and Joseph Linnane and Miss Joyce Chancellor).

APOLLO, Shaftesbury Avenue, W. z.—(1932) Nov. 8. Springtume for Henry, by Benn W. Levy (Messrs, Ronald Squire and Nigel Bruce and Mesdames Isabel Jeans and Joan Barry). (1933) May 26. Wild Decembers, by Clemence Daue (Messrs. Emlyn Williams, Ralph Richardson, Maruus Barron and Austin Tievor and Mesdames Dania Wynyard, Beatrix Lehinann and Thea Holme). Sept. 5. The Distaf Side, by John van Druten (Messrs. Alexander Archdale, Robert Horton and Clifford Evans, Dame Sybil Thorndike and Mesdames Haidée Wright, Martita Hunt and Dors Barton).

CAMBRIDGE, Cambridge Circus, W.C. z.—(1932) Nov. 7. Season of French plays opened with La Jalousse, by Sacha Guitry (M. Sacha Guitry and Midles Jacqueline Dolubac and Madeleine Renaud). Dec. 27. Chauve Souris season opened (Nikita Balieff).

COMEDY, Panton Street, Haymarket, S.W. z.— (1932) Dec. 22. Ballyhoo, a revue (Messrs. Henry Mollison, Leon Morton and Richard Murdoch and Mesdames Hermione Enddeley and Zaidee Jackson). (1933) April 25. Haw D'You Do's revue devised by André Charlot (Messrs. Edward Chapman and Douglas Byng and Miss Frances Day).

COURT, Sloane Square, S.W. 1.—(1932) Nov. 29.
The School for Husbands, by Frederick Jackson (Messra. Frank Cellier, Harold Huth and Cyril Raymond and Mesdames Gillian Lind and Heather Thatcher).

CRITERION, 218-223 Piccadilly, W. z. — (1932) Jan g. Fresh Fields, by Ivor Novello (Messis. Fred Groves and Robert Andrews and Mesdames Lilian Braithwaite, Ellis Jeffreys, Martita Hunt, Minnie Rayner and Elleen Peel).

DALY'S, 2-6 Cranbourne Street, W.C. z.—(1932) Dec. 26. Mother Goose, pantomime (Messra George Lacy, Walter Amner and Dennis Hoey and Mesdames Cora Goffin and Lorna Hubbard). (1933) Feb. 2z. It's You I Want, by Manrice Braddell (Messra. Seymeur Hioks, Bromley Davenport and Michael Shepley and Mesdames Nora Swinburne, Viola Tree, and Joan Clarkson). Oct. 19. Maternité, by Engène Brieux, translated by John Pollock (Mr. Malcolm Keen and Miss Cathleen Nesbitt).

DRURY LANE, Catherine Street, W.C z .- (1933) Sept. 8. Ball at the Savoy, adapted by Oscar Hammerstein from the German, with music by Paul Abraham (Messrs. Oskar Denes and Mamice Evans and Mesdames Natalie Hall and Rosy Barsony).

DUOHESS, Catherine Street, W.C 2.—(1933) June 13. Eight Bells, by Percy G. Mandley (Mossrs. Regunald Tate, Harry Wilcoxon and Charles Lefeaux and Miss Kathleen O'Regan).

DUKE OF YORK'S, St. Martin's Lane, W.C. 2 — (1932) Nov. 10. Tought or Never, by Lin Hatvany, adapted by Frederic and Fanny Hatton (Messrs. Basil Rathbone and Keneth Kent and Mesdames Peggy Wood and Eva Moore). Dec. 22. Recipe for Murder, by Arnold Ridley (Messrs, Keneth Kent, G. H. Mulcaster and Henry Came and Miss Marguerite Leigh) (1933) Jan 24. The Beggar's Boot, by Hugh Marleyn (Messis, Frank Harvey and Ivan Berlyn and Mesdames Dorothy Rollines-Gore and Barbara Hofte). Oct. 17.
Sesson of German plays by Jewish company opened with Schiller's Kabale und Liebe.

EVERYMAN, Holly Bush Vale, N.W. 3.—(1933)

June 1. The Women Have Their Way, adapted from the Spanish by Helen and Harley Granville-Barker (Messrs. Richard Carcy and Arthur Hardy and Mesdames Ella Daincourt and Katharine Maynard).

FORTUNE, facing Drury Lane Theatre, W.C. 1, -(1932) Dec. 26. When Knights Were Bold. revived (Mr. Bromley Challenor and Miss Mary revived (Mr. Bromley Challenor and Miss Mary Gainnon). (1933) May 8. Heritage, by J. O. Twiss (Messrs. Malcolm Keen, Etic Lugg and Barnard Lee and Miss Coely Paget Bowman) Sept. 11. What Happened Then? by Lillian Trimble Bradley (Messrs. Richard Bird and Ceell Ramage and Mesdames Marjorie Mars and Grace Lane). Sept. 18. The House of Jealcusy, by B. Wynne-Bower (Messrs. Jack Allen and Atholf Fleming and Mesdames Mary Morrell "Lane Harris and Mesdames Mary Morrell" (Lane Harris and Authoritz Cellur) Merrall, Clare Harris and Autoinette Cellier) Sept. 25. Disharmony, by Nora de Worms and Stanley Ford (Messrs. Ben Welden and Kin Peacook and Mesdames Beatrix Thomson and Cecily Paget-Bowman). Oct. 2. Vacant Pos. Cecily Paget-Bowman). Oct. 2. Vacant Possession, by John Jarvis (Mr. Roland Culver and Miss Joan White).

GAIETY, Strand, W.C. 2.—(1932) Nov. 22.
Potash and Perimutter, by Moutague Glass and
Chailes Klein, revived (Messrs. Augustus Yoike
and Robert Leonard and Miss Ellen Pollock).
(1933) Jan. 27. Mother of Pearl, by A. P.
Herbert, from the German, music by Oscar
Straus (Messrs. Frederick Hanalow, Keginald
Gardner, Austin Trevor and Richaid Dolman
and Mesdames Alice Delysia, Sepha Treble and
Molly Lumley). Oct. 21. Ballerina, based by
Rodney Ackland on Lady Eleanor Smith's novel
(Messrs. Lewis Cassou. Auton Dolin and H. K. (Messrs. Lewis Casson, Anton Dolin and H. F. Malthy and Mesdames Frances Doble and Lydia

Cuddon and Patrick Turnbull (Messrs. Leon M. Lion, Frank Harvey, Louis Hayward and Geoffrey Gomer and Miss Leonora Corbett) June 6. Clear All Wires, by Bella and Samuel Spewack (Messrs Bernard Nedell, Ronald Simpson, Esmé Percy, Charles Caison and Einest Jay and Miss Eve Turner). June 26. Mrs. Bluebeard, musical burlesque (Messrs. Ernie Lotinga and Jack Frost and Mesdames Marjorie Dey and Renée Stocker).

Aug. 5. The Belle of New York, revived (Messrs.

Laurie Wensley, George Morgan and Fred Rene and Mesdames Kathleen Burgis and Freds Constance).

GLOBE, Shaftesbury Avenue, W. z. — (1932) Nov. 1 Por Services Rendered, by W. Somersot Maugham (Messrs Cedric Hardwicke, C. V. France, S. J. Warmington and W. Cronin-Wilson and Mesdames Flo a Robson, Marda Vanne, Marjorie Mars and Louise Hampton). Dec. ac. Lulae Time, revived (Messrs. Maurice d'Oisiy and W H. Berry and Mesdames Rose Hignell and Maud Zmibla). (1933) Jan. 31. Deotor's Orders, by Louis Vernenil, English version by Harry Graham (Messrs, Raymond Massey and Francis L Sullivan and Mesdames Yvonne Arnaud and Inana Wilson). May 12. The Day I Forgot, by Elsic Schauffler, from a novel by Mrs. Henry Pudency (Messrs Frank Cellier and Sebastian Shaw and Miss Dorothy Hall). June 14. Proscenum, by Ivo Novello (Messrs. Ivor Novello and Keneth Kent and Mesdames Fay Compton, Zena Darc, Margot Sieveking and Joan Barry).

HAYMARKET, Haymarket, S.W.z.—(1932) Dec.6.
Business with America, by Jeffrey Dell, from a
book by Frank Ilnschield (Messrs. Clifford
Mollison and Ian Hunter and Mosdamos Madge Tutheradge and Loonora Corbett) (1933) Jan. 12.

Double Harness, by Edward Poor Moutgomery
(Messra, Owen Narcs, Cecil Parker and H. G.
Stoker and Mesdames Mary Ellis, Iris Ashloy and
Cecily Byrne). Feb. 8. Ten Minute Alibi, by
Anthony Armstrong (Messra, Robert Douglas,
George Merritt and T. G. Saville and Miss Celia

HIPPODPOME, Cranbourne Street, W.C. z.—
(1932) Dec 26. Dick Whittington, pantomime by Lauri Wylie and Dan Leno, Junior (Messrs. Leslie Henson, Tom Newell and Johnny Fuller and Mesdames Fay Compton and Audrey Pointing). (1933) Feb. 24. The One Girl, musical comedy by William Anthony McGuire (Messra, Roy Royston, Robert, Naylor, Lupino, Lane and Arthur Riscoe and Mesdames Mireille Perrey, Arona Alcona and Penri Osgood). Juness. Gree Me a Ring, musical comedy (Messrs. Ernst Verebes, Jun Garrick, Will Fyffe, Cheeney Allen and Bud Flanagan and Mesdames Evelyn Laye and Gina Malo).

HIS MAJESTY'S, Haymarket, S.W. r.—(1933) May 19. Muncin the Air, by Oscar Hammerstein, music by Jerome Kern (Messrs. Arthur Margetson, Horace Hodges, Bruce Cariax and C. V. France and Mesdanics Mary Ellis, Eve Lister, Phyllis Morris and Murlel George).

Maltby and Mesdames Frances Doble and Lydia Kyasht).

GARRIOK, 2 Charing Cross Road, W.C. 2.—

GARRIOK, 2 Charing Cross Road, W.C. 2.—

(1933) April 27. Beggars in Hell, by George and Viola Lyel). Dec. 21. Alice in Wonderland,

by Lewis Carroll (Messrs. George Hayes and Norman Page and Mesdames Beryl Laverick and Vivienne Chattoton). (1933) Feb. 24. Cock Robin, by Elmer Rice and Phillip Barry (Messrs. Bernard Nedell, Kinn Poncock and V. C. Clinton-Baddeley and Mesdames Nancy Price and Elizabeth Maude). March 25. Scott of Abbotsford, by W. E. Gunn (Messrs. William Henghan, David Horne and Arthur Pusey and Mesdames Beryl Laverick, Edith Sharpe and Betty Hardy). April 24. Overlure, by Sutton Vane (Messrs. Allen Jeayes, Arthur Pusey and Hay Fetrle and Mesdames Nancy Price, Elizabeth Maude, Louise Hampton and Beryl Laverick). May 15. Strife, John Galsworthy's play, revived (Messrs. Franklin Dyall, Arthur Pusey, Felix Aylmer and J. Fisher White and Mesdames Nancy Price, Viola Lyol and Joan Maude). June 12. The Burgomaster Stitemonde, revived (Sir John Martin-Harvey, Messrs. Walter Piers, Ian Fleming and Ben Field and Miss N. de Silva). July 18. Scason of Italian actor, Ettore Petrolini. Oct. 17. Sunshine House, by H. C. Voller (Messrs. Clifford Bartlett, Hugh E. Wright, George Belmore and Arther Milne and Miss Josephine Middleton).

LYCEUM, Strand, W.C. 2.—(1932) Dec. 26.
Sleeping Beouly, by Walter and Frederick Melville (Messrs. Dick Tubb, Archie Glen, Charles Nauchton and Jimmy Gold and Mesdames Kitty Reidy and Sally Stowart).
(1933) March 11. Oliver Trout, adapted from Dickeus' novel (Messrs. Franklin Dyall, Victor Stanley and Albert Ward and Mesdames Betty Bligh and Mary Merrall). Sept. 16. Good Company, revue (Messrs. Albert Burdon and Johuny Kavanagh and Mesdames Betty Jumel and Barbara Wood).

LYRIO, 29 Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C. 1.—(1932) Dec. 1. Another Language, by Itose Franken (Messrs, Herbert Marshall, Louis Hayward and Gilbert Davis and Mesdames Edna Heat, Mary Jerrold and Dora Barton). (1933) Feb. 15. The Holmes's of Baker Street, by Basil Mitchell (Messrs, Felix Ayliner, Alfred Clark and Marthe Walker, Sir Nigel Playfair and Mesdames Rosemary Ames and Eva Moore). March 16. Gay Love, by Andry and Waveney (arter (Messrs, Richard Bird and Lester Matthews and Mesdames Margaret Bamerman, Enid Stamp-Taylor and Murlel Aked). April 26. When Ladies Meet, by Rachel Crowthers (Messrs, Owen Nares, Cell Eamage, Ivan Samson and Bois Ranevsky and Mesdames Marie Tempest, Ann Todd and Mary Newcomb). Aug. 24. The Ace, adapted by Miles Malleson from the Genman of Herman Rossmann (Messrs, Raymond Massey, Wilfrid Lawson, Robert Speaight, Esmie Percy and Ernest Jay). Oct. 19. This Side Idolatry, by Taibot Cennings (Messrs, Leslie Howard, Edgar Norfolk, Gyles Isham, Glen Byam Shaw and Esme Percy and Mesdames Margaret Rawlings and Yolande Jackson).

LYRIO OPERA HOUSE, Hammersmith, W. 6.—
(1933) April az. Wild Justice, by James Date
(Messrs, Houry Oscar, Reginald Beckwith, Roy
Graham and Frederick Piper and Mesdames
Barbara Couper and Helen Vayne). June 2z.
The Fantasticks, translation by George Fleming
of Edmond Rostand s comedy (Sir Nigel Playfair,
Messrs, Glen Byam Shaw, Gyles Isham and
Richard Goolden and Miss Angela Baddeley).

NEW, St. Martin's Lane, W.C. z.—(1932) Dec. 7.
The Cathedral, by High Walpole (Messrs. Baliol
Holloway, Anthony Shaw and Francis L. Sullivan
and Mesdames Clare Harris and Thee Holme).
(1933) Feb. z. Richard of Bordeaux, by Gordon
Daviot (Messrs. Honry Mollison, John Gielgud,
Eric Stanley and Richard Ainley and Miss
Ffrangçon-Davies).

PALACE, Cambridge Circus, W.C. a.—(1933) Jan. 6. Dinner at Eight, by George S. Kaufman and Edna Kerber (Messrs. Basil Sydney, Lyn Hardung and Tristan Rawson and Mesdames Irene Vanbrugh, Carol Goodner, Laura Cowle and Margaret Vines).

PALLADIUM, 8 Argyll Street, W. z. — (1932) Dec. 26. Peter Pan, Sir James Barrie's phantasy, revived (Messis. George Curzon and Cecil Fowler and Mesdames Jean Forbes-Robertson, Mary Casson and Zena Dare).

PHOENIX, Charing Cross Road, W.C. 2.—(1933) May 1. High Temperature, by Avery Hopwood and Wilson Collison (Messrs. Clifford Mollison Regmald Bach and Laddie Cliff and Mesdames Dodo Watts and Diana Wilson). Sept 27. Women Kind, by Lewis Galautibre and John Houseman (Messrs. Barry Jones and Ronald Simpson and Mesdames Gizelda Hervey, Lily Cahili and Kay Hammond).

PICCADILLY, Denman Street, W. r.—(1933)
May 4. Caesar's Friend, by Campbell Dixon
and Dermot Morrah (Messrs. D. A. Clarke-Smith,
Robert Speaight, Aubrey Pexter and Francis
L. Sulhvan and Messlames Mary O'Farrell and
Gilhan Lind). Sept. 19. A Sterping Cleryyman,
by James Bridic (Messrs. Bruce Besfrage,
Alexander Sarner, Whitmore Humphreys, Robert
Donat and Ernest Thesigei and Mesdames Dorice
Foldied, Sophie Stewart and Effect Hedon),

PLAYHOUSE, Northumberland Avenue, W.C. 2.—(1933) Jan. 18. Fires in the Sun, by Yow Novello (Messrs. Ivor Novello. Denys Blakelock, and Anthony Bushell and Mesdames Tony Bruce, Gladys Cooper, Thea Holme and Dorothy Hyson). April 6. The Rats of Norway, by Keith Winter (Messrs. Raymond Massey, Cecil Parker and Laurence Olivier and Mesdames Gladys Cooper and Helen Spencer). Oct. 9. So Good 150 Kind! by Nesta Sawyer (Messrs. Guy Newall and Bran Buchel and Mesdames Marie Lohr and Sunday Wilshin).

PRINCE'S, Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C. z.—(1933)
May 27. Diplomacy, Sardou's play, revived
(Messis. Basil Rathbone, Lewis Casson and Eric
Pottman, Sir Gerald du Mautier aud Mesdames
Matgaret Bannerman, Joyce Kennedy and
Patricia Hollander). Aug. 26. The Wandering
Jew, by E. Temple Thurston (Messis. Matheson
Lang and George Bancroft and Mesdames Hutin
Britton, Jane Wood, Stella Arbenina and Beatrix
Lehmann).

QUEEN'S Shaftesbury Avenue, W. r.—(1933)
Feb. r. Head-on Crash, by Laurence Miller
(Messrs. Cedric Hardwicke, Raiph Richardson,
Einest Thesiger and W. Croulin-Wilson and
Mesdames Gillian Lind and Flora Robson).
Feb. 23. Once in a Lifetime, by Moss Hart and
George S. Kaufman (Messrs. Richard Cadlood
and Charles Victor and Mesdames Robin Coles

and Gladys Spencer). May 24. Spendlove Hall, by Norman Cannon (Messrs. Davy Burnaby and Roddy Hughes and Mesdames Sydney Fairbrother, Iris Baker and Eua Grossmith). Sept. 20. Wight's Candles, adapted by Grant Yates from Alfred de Musset (Messrs. Ernest Milton, Henry Hewitt, William Fox and Roy Emerton and Mesdames Catherine Lacey and Dorothy Green).

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE, Bow Street, W.C. 2.—
(1933) May 1. The opera season opened with Der Rosenkavalier, by Strauss (Messrs. Heddle Nash and Alexander Kipnis and Mesdames Lotte Lehmann, Eva Hadrabova and Adèle Kern).

ROYALTY, 73 Dean Street, W. x.—(1932) Nov. 15. Playground, by Noel Stott (Messirs. Maturice Evans and Fewlass Llewellyn and Mesdames Beatrix Thomson, Mabel Terry-Lewis and Elizabeth Colls). Dec. 26. Toad of Toad Hall, by A. A. Milne, revived for matinees (Messirs. Frederick Burtwell, Richard Goolden, George Wray and John Kidd). A Cup of Happiness, by Eden Phillpotts (Messrs, Mark Dignam and Leon M. Lion and Mesdames Dorothy Dx and Judy Hallatt). March 22. Francis Thompson, by Jack de Leon (Messrs. Ernest Milton, Charles Jack de Léon (Messrs. Eruest Milton, Charles Carson and Hay Petrie and Mesdanes Mary Glynne, Dorice Fordred and May Agate). April 20. The Brontes, by Alfred Sangster (Messrs. Alfred Sangster, Denys Blakelock and Alan Webh and Mesdanes Lydia Sherwood, Dorothy Black and Helena Pickard).

ST JAMES'S, King Street, S.W.z.—(1933) May 16.
The Late Christopher Bean, by René Fanchols, adapted by Emlyn Wilhams (Messrs. Cedric Hardwicke, Frederick Leister and Burry Barnes and Mesdames Edith Evans, Louise Hampton and Nadine March).

ST. MARTIN'S, West Street, W.C. 2.—(1933)

Jan. 25. The Green Bay Tree, by Mordaunt
Shairp (Messrs. Frank Vosper, Henry Hewitt
and Hugh Wilhams and Miss Catherine Lacey).

June 22. The Mocking Bird, by Lionel Hale
(Messrs. Leon Quartermain, Athole Stewart and
D. A. Clarke-Smith and Mesdames Jean ForbesRoberton, Nancy Horsely and Mada Vame) Robertson, Nancy Hornsby and Marda Vanne). Sept. 6. The Key, by R. Gore-Browne and J. L. Hardy (Messrs Godfrey Tearle, W. Graham Browne, Hugh Sinclair and Arthur Sinclair and Miss Celia Johnson). Oct. 18. The Wind and the Rain, by Merton Hodge (Messrs. Robert Harris, George de Warfaz and Ivan Brandt and

watson and taymond newell and Mesdames Judy Gunn and Marie Binke). Oct. 17, Command Performance, adapted by Clifford Grey and Stafford Dickens from the latter's play, music by Jack Waller and Joseph Tunbridge (Wess's, Dennis King, Lawrence Grossmith and Martin Walker and Mesdames Jeanne Aubert and Helen Have).

(Sir Henry Lytton and Messrs. Darrell Fancourt, Charles Goulding and Leslie Rands and Mesdames Dorothy Gill, Marjorie Eyre and Muriel Dickson). Nos. 14. Princess Ida, revived (Sir Henry Lytton, Mr. Darrell Fancourt and Mesdames Murlel Dickson, Dorothy Gill and Marjorie Eyre). Nos. 21. The Yeomen of the Guard (Mr. Martyn) No. 21. The Yeomen of the Guard (Mr. Martyn Green). Dec. 12. The Surcerer (Messrs, Darrell Fancourt, Charles Goulding and Leslie Rands, Sir Henry Lytton and Messdames Muriel Dickson and Anna Rethell). (1933) March 1. Jolly Roger, musical burlesque by Scobie Mackenzie and V. C. Clinton-Baddeley, with music by Walter Leigh (Mossrs George Robey, Gavin Gordon, Percy Heming and Scott Russell and Mesdames Muriel Angelus and Sata Aligood). Sept. 22. If Only Father—by Roy Jordan (Sir John Martin-Harvey, Messrs. Wallace Douglas and John Clements and Mesdames N. de Silva and Helen Van C.) Oct. 4. The Itells, Leopold Lewis's play, revived (Sir John Martin-Harvey and Mesdames N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes N. de Silva and Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redmes Redm N. de Silva and Pamela Stanley).

SOALA, Charlotte Street, W. 1.—(1932) Dec. 26.
Robinson Crusse, pantomine (Messrs. Fred
Walker and Harry Eades and Mesdames Ella Retford and May Royal)

SHAFTESBURY, Shaftesbury Avenue, W. z.—
(1933) Feb. 14. Between Friends, by Archie Menzies and "Major" (Mossrs. Basil Foster, henzes and "Major Mossis, mail Foster, Hugh Wakefield and Athole Stewart and Miss Madeleine Lambert). April 24. Crone on the Hill, by Jack de Leon and Jack Celestin (Messrs, John Lamne, Basil Foster and Few lass Llewellyn, Sir Nigel Playfair and Mesdames Ivy des Voeux, Drusilla Wills, Marjone Playfair and Zoe Palmer). May 23. Gallows Glorious, by Ronald Gow (Messrs, Wilfrid Lawson, Richard Warner and George Bishop and Mesdames Susan Richards and Nancy Hornby) June 15 If I Were You, by Shalom Aleichein, translated by Tamara Berkowitz (Messrs. Augustus Yorke and Robert Speaight (Alcests, Augustis folke and Money's Speagert and Miss Joan Pereira). Sept. 28. Before Sunnet, adapted by Miles Malleson from Gerhardt Hauptmann (Alcests, Werner Krauss, Fellx Aylmer, O. B. C'arence and Charles Mortimer and Meedanos Peggy Ashcroft, Joyce Bland and Clare Harris).

STRAND, Aldwych, W.C. z.—(1933) April 4. On Approval, Frederick Lonsdale's connedy, revived (Wessrs, Ronald Square and Athole Stewart and Mesdames Isahel Jeans and Agatha Carroll, April 27. White Parents Steep, by Anthony Kimmuns, tevived (Messrs, Guy Newall, James SAVILLE, Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C.z.—(1933)

Jan. 19. Bunty Pulls the Strengs, Graham Moy 30. Sally Who? by Dion Titheradge Moffat's comedy, revived (Messrs. Graham Moffat and Jack Lannbert and Mesdames Graham Moffat, Kate Moffat and Winnfred Moffat, Kate Moffat and Winnfred Moffat, March 38. He Wanted Advanture, adapted from play by Walter Hackett by R. P. Weston and Bert Lee (Messrs. Bobby Howes, Wyhe Walter Hackett by R. P. Weston and Barnond Newell and Mesdames Judy Gunn and Marie Burke). Oct. 17. Command Partners and March and Raymond Newell and Mesdames Judy Gunn and Marie Burke). Oct. 17. Command Partners and March and Raymond Newell and Mesdames Judy Gunn and Marie Burke). Oct. 17. Command Partners and March and March and Raymond Research (Messrs. Wyhe Sally Whole). Which was a strength of the Sally Whole Sally Walter Hackett by R. P. Weston and Raymond Newell and Mesdames Judy Gunn and Marie Burke). Oct. 17. Command Partners and Mesdames Harmand Mesdames Sally No. 18. Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sally Whole Sydney Fairbrother).

VAUDKVILLE, 404 Strand, W.C. 2.—(1933) Feb. 7. Ilalf a Million, by Kenneth Horne (Messrs. W. H. Berry, Kenneth Kove and Sam Wilkinson and Mesdames Marie Ault and Mercia Swin-SAVOY, Savoy Court, Strand, W.C. 2.—(1932) woman, adapted from a novel by Dorothy Nov. 7. Patience, in Gilbert and Sullivan season Massingham and Launer Lister (Messrs. Maurice

Evans and Frederick Leister and Mesdames Dorothy Dix and Grizelda Hervey). July 6.

After Dark, revue by Ronald Jeans (Messrs. Nelson Keys, Roy Royston and Melville Cooper and Mesdames Louise Browne, Sylvia Leslie and Betty I'rankiss).

WRSTMINSTER, Palace Street, Buckinzham Gate, S.W. r.—(1932) Nov. xz. Follow Me, by Tyrone Guthrie (Messrs. James Woodburn and Barry Livescy and Mesdames Dotothy Gibson and Frances Ross Campbell) Lec. xz. Jonah and the Whale, by James Bridic (Mosrs. Edward Charmen, Pany Mercand English) Chapman, David Horne and Roger Maxwell and Mesdames Joan White, Gillian Scalle and Mary Sheridan). Dec. 20. Aloc and Thomas and Jame, adapted by Vera Beringer (Messra, Nigel Stock and Horace Sequeira and Mesdames Vera Stock and Horace Sequeira and Mesdames Vera Beringer, Cynthia Brown and Elaine Smorthwalte). (1933) Feb. 22. The Princess in the Cage, adapted from the French by C. B. Fernald (Messrs. Reginald Tate and Frank Arundel and Mesdames Beatrix Thomson and Dorothy Holmes-Gore). March 15. The Lake, by Dorothy Massingham and Murray Macdonald (Messrs. Kynaston Reeves and Douglas Jefferles, Dame May Whitty and Mesdames Maila Navand Enné May Whitty and Mesdames Marie Ney and Esmé Church) June 15. Cupid and the Don, from the French of Jules Romains, by Frank Birch and Basil Bartlett (Messrs. Frank Birch and Martin Walker and Miss Leonora Corbett). Sept. 26.
The Man with a Load of Mischief, by Ashley Dukes, revived (Messra. Jon Swinley and D. A. Clarke-Smith and Mesdames Valorie Taylor and Marguerite Cellier).

WINTER GARDEN, 166 Drury Lane, W.C. 2.—
(1932) Dec. 26. The Merry Wires of Windsor,
Shakespeare's comedy, revived (Sir Frank Benson,
Messrs, Occar Asche, H. R. Hignett, Ion Swinley
and Anew McMaster and Mesdames Phyllis Neilson-Terry, Dorothy Holmes-Gore and Olive Walter). (1933) Aug. 3x. Claucariy, adapted by Percy Nash from Tom Taylor's play, music by H. Wobeley Charles (Messrs. Franklin Dyall and Dale Smith and Mesdames Enid Cruickshank and Betty Huntley Wright).

Pertwee and John Hastings Turner (Messrs. Hugh Wakefield, Nigel Bruce and Leslie Banks and Mesdames Gertrude Laurence and Eve Turner). June 19. Luire, by André Obey (Messieurs Pierre Assy, Jean Saran, Georges Rollin and Auguste Bovério and Madame Monys Prad). July 11. Other People's Lives, by A. A. Milne (Messis, Maurice Evans, Harold Warrender, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charles, Charle Charles Carson and Lawrence Hanray and Mesdames Leonora Corbett and Mahel Russell). Sept. 14. Sheppey, by W. Somerset Maugham (Messrs. Ralph Fichardson, Eric Portman and Clive Morton and Mesdames Laura Cowie, Angela Baddeley and Dorothy Hamilton).

THE STAGE SOCIETY produced at the West-THE STAGE SOCIETY produced at the West-minster on Nov. 29, 292, Pear, translated from Alexander Afinogenov (Messrs, Alfred Wild and Alexander Sarner and Miss May Agate); at the Westminster on Peb. 29, 1933, Oh, Hang! by Wilfrid Walter (Messrs, Richard Goolden, Hay Petrie and Stanley Lathbury and Mesdames Margarot Yarde and Catherine Lacey).

THE REPFETORY PLAYERS produced at the Phoenix on Dec. 4, 1932, Earthquake in Surrey, by Lilian Arnold (Messra, Jack Livesey, Charles Lefeaux and Carleton Hobbs and Mesdames Dorice Fordred and Ann Codrington); at the Galety on Jan. 15, 1933, One of Us, by Frank Howard (Messrs Jack Hawkins, Henry Hewitt, Chailes Mortimer and Harry Wilcoxon and Mesdames Lydia Sherwood and Agnes Lauchlan); at the Savoy on Feb. 19, The Synthetic Virgin, by L. du Garde Peach and W. P. Lipscomb (Messrs. James Harcourt, Douglas Blandford and (Messra James Harcourt, Douglas Blandford and Charles Carson and Mesdaines Joan White, Eileen Beldon and Hilda Sims); at the Piccadilly on March 26, Living in Virtue, by Guy Pelham Boulton (Mr. Harold Warender and Miss Margaretia Scott); at the Piccadilly on April 30, Clear All Wirze, by Bella and Samuel Spewack (Messra Bernard Nedell, Reginald Purdell and Charles ('arson); at the Piccadilly on June 12, Clean Hands, by lan Hay (Messra Ivan Samson and Eric Maturin and Mesdaines Beatrix Thomson and Auges Lauchlan); at the Piccadilly on son and Auges Lauchlan); at the Piccadilly on son and Agnes Lauchlan); at the Piccadilly on Wendham's, Charing Cross Road, W.C. 2.—

Wendham's, Charing Cross Road, W.C. 2.—

Henry Kendall and Francis L. Sullivan and (1933) March 23. This Inconstancy, by Roland Mesdames Carol Rees and Viola Lyel).

#### THE FILMS.

THE British-made film took a big step forward during 1933, and for the first time became a serious competitor of Hollywood productions. Among the leading new pictures shown publicly in London, nearly forty came from British studios, and at least four of them attained interstudios, and at least four of them attained inter-national fame. They were The Good Companions, founded on Mr. J. B. Priestley's novel, Rome Express, I Was a Spn, and The Private Life of Henry VIII., in which Mr. Charles Laughton established himself as one of the greatest of film artists. Another very successful film was Cavalcade, in which Hollywood closely followed the British production of Mr. Noel Coward's deeply moving play.

publicly in London from Nov. 1, 1932, to Oct. 31,

Nov. 7. David Golder (Harry Baur). Nov. 28. Barbarina (Lil Dagover). Dec. 26. Atlantide Brigitte Helm). (1933) Jan. 15. Boys in Uniform, German. Feb. 13. Le Quatorze Juillet, by René Clair (Annabella). April 10. Der Traumende Mund (Dreaming Lipe) (Elisaleth Bergner). May 14. The Virtuous Isidore, from a Maupasant story (Fernandel). Oct. 2. Paris-Mediterrance (Aunabella). Oct. 23. M. (Peter Lorre).

ADELPHI, 421 Strand, W.C.2.—(1933) March 25.

ADELPHI, 421 Strand, W.C.2.—(1933) March 25.

The Kid from Spain (Eddie Cantor) May 26.

The Kid from Spain (Eddie Cantor) May 26.

The Kid from Spain (Eddie Cantor) May 26.

The Kid from Spain (Eddie Cantor) May 26.

Dom Quizole (Chaliapine and George Robey).

June 12. Knight of the Garter, British (Sydney Howard and Eisle Randolph). June 15. No.

Flumy Buriness (Gertrude Lawrence). June 26.

Secrets (Leslie Howard and Mary Pickford).

July 10. Summer Lightning, British (Ralph ACADEMY, 165 Oxford Street, W.C.2.—(1932)

ALHAMBRA, 23 Charing Cross Road, W.C. 2.—
(1933) Feb 6. Rockabye (Constance Bennett).
March 13. Tess of the Storm Country (Charles
Farrell and Jamet Gaynot) April 24. The Big
Cage (Clyde Beatty and Anita Page) and Private
Jones (Lee Tracy). May 15. No Other Woman (Irene Dunn).

CAPITOL, Haymarket, S.W. I.—(1932) Nov. 7.
Marry Me. British (George Robey, Harry Green,
Ian Hunter and Renate Muller). Nov 21.
Happy Ever After (Jack Hulbert, Sonnie Hale,
Cloely Courtnerdge and Lilian Harvoy). Dec 5.
Hounds of Zarof (Leslie Banks). Dec. 19. Rarkety
Rax (Victor McLaglen). Dec. 26. It's a King
Grad William (1988). Max (Victor McLagien). Dec. 25 It's a King (Sydney Howard). (1933) Jan. 9. Call Her Sawage (Clara Bow). Jan. 22. Puer 13 (Spencer Tracy and Joan Bennett). Jan. 30. Man Aganus Woman (Jack Holt and Lilian Miles). Feb. 6. The Mummy (Borls Kailoff). Feb. 20. Employees' Entrance (Warren William and Loretta Young). Feb. 28. The Good Companions, Buttish film founded on J. B. Priestley's novel (Edmund Gwenn, A. W. Baskoomb and John Greigud, Jessie Matthews and Mary Glynne). April 3. King of the Ritz, British (Stanley Lupino). April 10. State Fair (Will Rogers, Lew Ayres, Land Capanova and Sally Filery). Market Desper Janet Gaynor and Sally Eilers). Many r. Danaer-ously Yours (Warner Baxter and Miriani Jordan) May 8. Her Reputation (Ricardo Cortez and Joan May 2. Trick for Truck (Ralph Morgan). May 22. Trick for Truck (Ralph Morgan and Victor Jory). May 25. The Kus Bifore the Mirror (Nancy Carroll). June 5. The Luttle Gant (Edward G. Robinson and Mary Astor). June 25 ward G. Robinson and Mary Astor). June 29 Steeping Car, British (Ivor Novello and Madeleine Carroll). July 3. Britannia of Billingsgate, British (Violet Loraine and Goldon Haiker). July 32. Lilly Turner (Ruth Chatterton and George Brent). Aug. 7. The Ghoul, British (Boils Karloff). Aug. 21. The Prince of Arcada, British (Carl Brisson). Aug. 28. The Man Who Dared (Preston Foster). Sept. 4. I Have Lived Sept. 12. The Only Girl (Lilian Harvey and Ernest Thenger). Sept. 18. The Fire Raisera (Leshe Banks and Anne Giey). Sept. 25. The Scret of the Blue Room (Gloria Stuart). Oct. 2. Moonlight and Metody (Leo Carrillo and Mary Brian). Oct. 16. Shanghai Madness (Spencer Tricy and Fay Wray). Oct. 23. Channel Crossing, British Fay Wray). Oct. 23. Channel Crossing, British (Matheson Lang, Edmund Gwenn and Constance Cummings). Oct. 30. Paddy the Next Best Thing (Warner Baxter and Janet Gaynor).

CARLTON, Haymarket, S.W. r.—(1932) Nov. 17.
Love Me To-night (Maurice Chevaliet and Jeannette Macdonald). Dec. 14. Trouble in Paradise (Herbert Marshall, Miriam Hopkins and Kay Francis). (1933) Jan. 30. The Sign of the Cross, founded on the play (Charles Laughton, Fredric March, Claudette Colbert and Elissa Landi). March 22. Curara (Ranald Colmen

May 22. The Captain of Copenick. June 24. The Tempest (Emil Januings). Aug. 28. Two Lives (Gustav Frolich). Oct. 26. Hunted People (Eugen Kloenfer).

COLISELM, St. Martin's Lane, W.C. z.—(1933)
April 17. King Kong, by Edgar Wallave. July
24. Diplamaniaes (Best Wheeler and Robert
Woolsey). Aug. 21. Danaged Lives. Oct. 23.
This is the Life, British (Gordon Harker and Dinnie Hale)

DOMINION, Tottenham Court Road, W. z.—
(1932) Nov. 7. White Zombie (Bela Lugosi).
Nov. 14. Say It, With Music (Jack Payne and
his band). Nov. 28. American Madness (Walter
Huston) Dec. 12. Soldiers of Fortune (Jack
Hott and Ralph Grave). Dec. 19. The Night
Club Lady (Adolpho Menjon). Dec. 26. The
Runde Cather unde his scientific expedition. Holt and Ralph Graves. Dec. 29. The Night Club Lady (Adolpho Menjou). Dec. 26. The Blonde Captive, made by a scientific expedition. (1933) Jan. 2. Invivible Power (Lee Tracy). Nov. 9. No More Orchids (Carole I ombard). Nov 30. Air Mail (Pat O'B. 1011 and Ralph Bellamy). Peb. 20. Red Dust (Clark Gable and Jean Harlow).

EMPIRE, Lelcester Square, W.C. r. — (1932)
Non. 3. Paument Deferred, British (Charles Laughton and Dorothy Peterson). Non. 14. Smiln Through (Fredric March and Normas Shearer). Non. 28. Bick Street (John Boles and Irene Dunn). Dec. 5. Red Dust (Clark Gable and Jean Harlow). Dec. 26. Preperty (Marle Dressler and Polly Mouan). (1233) Ja. 1. 9. Strange Interval, 10nn Engene O'Nom's play (Norma Sheaner and Clark table). Jan. 29. Rang, lounded on Sometset Maugham's play (Joan Crawford and Walter Huston). Jan. 30. 20,000 Years in Sing Sing. Feb. 6. Faithless (Robert Montgomery and Tallulah Baukhead). Feb. 13. Flesh (Wallace Beery). Feb. 20 Perfet Understanding (Lawience Olivier and Gloria Swanson). Feb. 27. Wallace Beery, Feb. 30 Prefect Undersanding (Lawrence Olivier and Gloria Swanson), Feb. 37. The Son-Daughter (Ramon Novarro and Helen Hayes), March 25, Ster Pollar (E. G. Robinson and Bébo Daniels), March 20, The Secret of Madame Blanche (Irene Dunne), March 27, What I No Heer' (Bister Keaton and Jimmy Durante), April 3. Men Must Fight (Diana Wynyard), April 70, So This is Africa (Whoeler and Woolsey), April 17. The White Sider (Clark Gable and Helen Hayes), May 1. Topaze (John Barrymore and Mynia Loy), May 8, Today We Lioe (Gary Cooper and Joan Crawford), May 25, The Girl I Made (Robert Montgomery and Sally The Girl I Made (Robert Montgomery and Sally Silers) May 22. Fra Diavolo (Laurel and Filers) May 22. Fra Diavolo (Laurel and Hardy). May 29. A Night in Cairo (Ramon Kovarro). June 2. Possessed (Clark Gable and Joan Chawlord). June 22. Gabriel Over the Whits  Incasler and Wallace Beery) Sept. 25. Turn Back the Clock (Lee Tracy). Oct. 2. Hold Your Man (Clark Gable and Jean Harlow). Oct. 9. Ring Up the Curtain (Alice Brady). Oct. 16. Crooks in Clover (Warner Baxter). Oct. 23. Whistling in the Durk (Ernest Trucx) and The Solitaire Man (Herbert Marshall). Oct. 30. Beauty (Madge Evans and Alice Brady).

HIPPODROME, Cranbourne Street, W.C. 2.—
(1932) Dec. 5. Where is This Lady? with Franz Lehar's music (Owen Nares and Marta Eggett).

LEIGESTER SQUARE, Leicester Square, W.C. 2.
—(1933) Sept. 27. That's a Good Gerl, British (Jack Buchanan and Elsie Randolph) Oct. 24.
The Private Life of Henry VIII, British (Charles Laughton, Robort Donat, Franklin Dyall, Lady Tree, Elsa Lanchester and Biunie Barnes)

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION, Marble Arch, W. r. (2032) Nov. 14. Blockade, adapted from the book "Q Ships." Nov. 28. Rasputin (Conrad Veidt) Dec. 12. The Wonderful Story, British (Eric Branshy Williams and Wyn Clare). (2033) Jan. 16. After the Ball (Basil Rathbone and Esther Ralston). March 6. Endurance, film of Sir Ernest Shackleton's Antarctic Expedition. March 20. Up for the Derby, British (Sydney Howard). April 3. F. P. I. (Conrad Veidt) May 15. Karma, first Indian talking film in English language (Devika Rani). May 29. Nagana. June 26. The Prince of Wales, film record of life of the Prince.

NEW GALLERY, 123 Regent Street, W. 1.—
(1922) Nov. 24. Bird of Paradive (Dolores Del
(190) Nov. 28. After the Ball (Basil Rathbone
and Esther Ralston). Dec. 5 Six Hours to
Live (Warner Baxter and John Boles). Dec. 126
Live (Warner Baxter and John Boles). Dec. 127
Too Busy to Work (Will Rogers). Dec. 26. Tess
of the Storn Country (Banet Gayner and Charles
Farrell). (1933) Jan. 3. Sherlock Holmes (Chve
Brook). Jan. 23. Deception (Nat Pendleton
and Leo Carillo). Jan. 30. Central Park
(Joan Blondell and Wallace Ford). Feb. 6. The
Conquerors (Richard Dix and Ann Harding).
Feb. 20. The Man from Townto (Ian Hunter,
Fred Kerr and Jesse Matthews). Feb. 27. Just
My Lack, British (Raiph Lynn, Robertson Hare
and Winifred Shotter). March 20. Soldiers of
the King, British (Cheely Countneidge). April 29.
May 1. Penguin Pool Mystery (James Gleason).
May 2. Pleasure Cruise (Roland Young and
Genevieve Tohin). May 12. The Mind Realer
(Warren Williams). May 22. The Constant
Woman (Conrad Nagel and Lella Hyans).
May 20. The Lucky Number, British, by
Anthony Asqutth (Clifford Mollison, Gordon
Harker and Joan Wyndham). June 2. Central
Vone 19. Zoo in Budapest (Gne Raymond and
Lovetta Young). July 3. It's a Hoy, Biltish
(Leslie Henson, Albert Burdon and Heather
Thatcher). July 17. Pilgrimage (Henrietta
Crosman). Aug. 7. I Lived With You, British
(Ivor Novello and Ursula Jeans). Aug. 21.
Meet My Sister, British (Clifford Mollison, Gondon
Walls and Ann Grey) Oct. 2. The Ma-querader
(Ronald Colwan and Elisa Land). Oct. 30. A
Cuckoo in the Neet, British (Ralph Lynn, Ton
Walls and Mary Brough)

NEW VICTORIA, Vauxhall Bridge Road, S.W.z.—(1933) Jan. 2. A Successful Calamty (George Arliss). Jan. 20. The Sporting Widow (Auson Skipworth). Feb. 13. The Blonde Venus (Herbert Marshall and Mariene Dietrich). Feb. 20. It's a King (Sdiney Howald). March 13. Pier 13 (Spencer Tracy and Joan Bennett).

PALACE, Cambridge Circus, W.C. 2.—(1933) Sept. 6. Dinner at Eight (Lionel Barrymore, Wallace Beery, Edmund Lowe, John Barrymore, Jean Harlow, Marte Dressler and Madge Evans).

PLAZA, Piccadilly Circus, W. z.—(1932) Nov. 2z.
The Phantom President (George M. Coluan,
Jimmy Durante and Clandette Collect,
Nov. 28. 70,000 Witnesses (Charles Ruggles).
Dec. 5. Tiger Shark (Edward G. Robinson). Dec. 12. Night After Night (George Raft).
Dec. 12. Night After Night (George Raft).
Dec. 19. The Big Broadcast. (1933) Jan. 2.
Mr. Robinson Crusoe (Douglas Fainbanks and
Maria Alba). Jan 16. If I Had a Million
(Clary Cooper, Charles Laughton, Charles Ru-gles (Gary Cooper, Charles Laughton, Charles Rugles and Alison Skipworth). Jan. 30. Evenings For Safe (Herbert Maishall and Sari Maritza). Feb. 6. Madwon Square Gardens (Jack Oakle and Zasu Pitts) and Match King (Warren Williams). Feb. 23. Under-Cover-Man (Nancy Carroll and George Raft). Feb. 20. The Little Damozel (James Rennie and Anna Neagle). Feb. 27. Madam Butterfly, founded on the opens (Cary Cirant and Sylvia Sydney). March 6. The Billion Dallar Scandal (Caystone Cary. Reb. 27. Madam Butterfly, founded on the opera (Cary Urant and Sylvia Sydney). March 6. The Bullion Dollar Scanda! (Coustance Cummings). March 13. To-night is Ours, from a play by Noel Coward (Fredric March and Claudette Colbert). March 27. The Crime of the Century. April 3. She Done Him Wrong (Mae West). April 10. Luxury Liner (George Breit and Zita Johann). April 17. No Man of Her Orm (Carole Lombard). May 1. The Woman Accused (Cary Grant and Nancy Carroll). May 8. Counsels Opinion, British (Henry Kendall, Cynl Mande and Binnie Barnes). May 15. Our Bettern, from Somerset Maugham's play (Gilbort Roland and Constance Bennett). May 22. Pick Up (George Raft and Sylvia Sidney). May 29. A Lady's Profession (Alison Salpwith). June 5. Song of the Eagle (Richard Arlen and Louise Dresslet). June 12. King of the Jungle. July 3. Christopher Strong (Colin Clive and Katherine Hepburn). July 10. The Eagle and the Hawk (Fredric March). July 17. Jennie Gerhardt (Sylvia Sidney). July 18. The Story of Temple Drake (Miliam Hopkins). July 31. Gambling Ship (Gary Grant and Benita Hume). Aug. 14. The Girl in 419. Aug. 14. The Girl in 419. Aug. 14. The Girl in 419. Aug. 28. Midnight Club (Clive Brook). Sept. 18. Three-Cornered Moon (Richard Arlen and Claudette Colbert) and Up to the Neck, British Three-Cornered Moon (Richard Arlen and Claudette Colbert) and Up to the Neck, British (Ralph Lynn and Wmifred Shotter). Oct. 2. This Day and Age (Charles Bickford). Oct. 16. That Inty and age (charles Bicalots, Oct. 20. One Sunday Afternoon (Gary Cooper), Oct. 23. Broadway Singer (Claudette Corbert), Oct. 30. Too Much Harmony (Bing Crosby).

REGAL, Marble Arch, W. r.—(1932) Nov. 7. Two Against the World (Constance Bennett) Nov. 14. Chandu the Magneian (Edmund Lowe) Nov. 21. One Way Passage (William Powell and Kay Francis). Dec. 5. See less Aights (Stanley Lupino). Dec. 19. Frite Love of Mike, British (Bobby Howes). Dec. 25. The Ma.d of the Mountains, British. (1933) Jan. 16. I am a

Fugilive (Paul Muni). Feb. 6. Lord Camber's Ladies (Sir Gerald du Maurier). Feb. 13. Blessed Boat (Leo Tracy). Feb. 20. Lawyer Man (William Powell). Feb 27. A Bill of Discrement (John Barrymore and Katharine Hepburn) March 13. The Bitter Tea of General Yen (Nils Asther and Barbara Stanwyck) March 20 Asther and Barbara Stanwych) March 20 Paracchute Jumper (Douglas Fairbanks, jur.). March 27. Hard to Haudle (James Cagney) April 3. Grand Nam (Loretta Young). April 20 The King's Vacation (George Alliss) May 2 42 And Street (Warner Baxten and Bi-é- Daniels). May 29. The Mystery of the Wax Museum (Lionel Atwill). June 22. Letting in the Superpressing (Albert Burdon and Barde Godd). (Lionel Atwill). June 12. Letting in shine (Albert Burdon and Renée Gadd). June 19. The Keyhole (Kay Francis). July 3. The Kid's Last Fight (Douglas Fairbanks, junr., and Loretta Last Fight (Donglas Fairlanks, jinur., and Louetta Young). July 10. Leave tto Me, Buthsh (Gene Gerard and Molly Lamont). July 17. The Picture Snatcher (James Cagney). July 21. The Narrow Corner (Donglas Fairlanks, juir., and Patricia Ellis). Aug 7. The Rebel (Vilma Banky). Aug 21. The Song Ying Gave Me (Rébe Daniels). Sept. 4. The Working Man (George Arliss). Oct. 2. Below the Sea (Ralph Bellamy and Fay Wray). Oct. 9. Double Harness (William Powell and Ann Harding). Oct. 22. Cantured (Leslie Howard and Donglas Fairlanks). Captured (Leslie Howard and Donglas Fairbanks, junr.),

RIALTO, 3-4 Coventry Street. W. r.—(1933) Feb. 27. The White Flane, by Lent Riefenstahl. May. 15. The Tragedy of Kverst. May 30. Poil de Carotte (Robert Lynen).

TIVOLI, Strand, W.C.z.—(1932) Nov. at. Rome Express, British (Donald Calthrop, Frank Vosper, Cedric Hardwicke, Gordon Harker, Hugh Williams, Conrad Vendt, Esther Ralston and Joan Barry). Dec. 25. The Mudshipmaid. British (A. W. Baskcomb and Jessie Matthews). (1933)

Jan. a. Raroud (Rex Ingram). Jan. 23. 168, Jan. 9. Baroud (Rex Ingram). Jan. 3. 1es, Mr. Brown (Jack Buchanan, Margot Grahame and Else Randolph) Feb 13. Hot Pepper (Victor McLaglen and Edmund Lowe). Feb. 20. Caralcade, film version of Noel Coward's play (Dana Wynyard, Una O'Connor, Ursula Jeans, Colu Clive and Herbert Mundin). Jame 12. Wattz Time, British (Evelyn Laye and Fritz Schulz). July 10. Orders is Orders, British (James Gleason, Cyill Mande, Cedric Hardwicke, Daniel Mande Charles (Hardwicke, Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Charles Cha Donald Calthrop and Charlotte Greenwood).

July 24. Felling For You, British (Jack Hulbert and Creely Conrinedee). Aug. 21. My Lips

Betray (John Boles and Lilian Harvey). Sept. 3.

I Was a Spy, British (Herbert Marshall, Conrad Vedt and Madeleine Carroll). Oct 16. The

Gold. Inagers of 1933 (Warren Williams and Joan Blondell). Blondell).

### L'ACADÉMIE FRANÇAIS.

THE FRENCH ACADEMY is composed of 40 members, elected for life, and is the highest of the five Academies constituting l'Institut de France (Secretary of the Institute, M. Robert, Regnier). The Academy was founded by Cardinal Richelten in 1635 and re-organized in 1816. The special object of the Academy is the composition of a Historical Dictionary of the French Language, and its members, "The Forty Immortals," are as follows.—

Too monday, and a oray aminor only, and		
Flected. Name	Born Elected. Name.	Born.
1804 Paul Bourget		
1897 Gabriel Hanotaux	. 1853 1924 (amille Julhan	
1898 Henri Emile Lavedan	. 1859 1924 Georges Lecomite	1867
1907 Mannee Donnay	. 1859 1924 Emile Picard	1856
1909 Raymond Poincare	. 1860 1924 Albert Besnard	1849
1909 Rene Domnic		1878
1909 Marcel Prevost	. 1862 1925 Louis Bertrand	x866
1911 Henri de Regnier	. 1864 1925 Paul Valery	1871
zorz Marcchal Lautey		1862
1914 Pierre de la Gorce		
1014 Hemi Bergson		1871
ror8 Louis Barthou		
1918 Alfred Baudrillart	. 1850 1929 Maréchal Pétain	1856
rgz8 Jules Cambon		
roro Henri Bordeaux		
1020 Joseph Bédier		x867
zozo Louis Chevillon	. 1864 1932 Abel Bonnard	1883
1922 Pierre de Nolhac		
1922 Georges Goyau		
1923 Edouard Estaunié		
1923 22404414 22414		

The four other Academies are :-

ing, 4; musical composition, 6.

LETTRES, founded x663, 40 members.

ACADÉMIE DES SCIENCES, founded x666, divided political economy), founded in x832, 40 members, into xx sections, each of which comprises 6 5 sections.

All the Academies, with the exception of the ACADÉMIE DES BEAUX-ARTS, 5 sections, com-prising 40 members, as follows—painting, 74 of honorary members and of national foreign members; sculpture, 8; architecture, 8; engrav-correspondents. ONE of the chief features of British broad-casting in 1933 was the steady increase in the number of wireless licences. A few years ago only the wildest optimists would have prophesied that Great Britain would ever prosess a total of 5,000,000 licensed listeners; but this figure was achieved in the closing months of 1932, and it negat to total advanced rapidly towards the sixth million. At the end of 1932 the number of licences issued was 5,262,953, and the increase for the year reached the record figure of 932,218. By August 31, 1933, the number had risen to 5,564,400, and there was every prospect that the final months would show a further substantial increase.

These figures are an indication of the important place which broadcasting has won in British national life. A home without a wireless set is becoming as rare as a house without a bathroom, and the variety of the broadcast programmes enables listeners with widely divergent tastes to find their special points of interest. The inevitable gruinbles about the B.B.C. are still heard, but the solid evidence of figures proves conclusively that the broadcasting service is appreciated by the public.

### NEW APPOINTMENTS.

In the ordinary way the changes of personnel at Broadcasting House are not of great interest to the general public, but the new appointments in 1933 were exceptionally important. The year began with three changes in the Board of Governois—Mr. R. C. Norman, a former charman of the London County (Jounel, succeeded Lord Gainford as vice-chairman, and Visct. Bridgman and Mrs. Mary Agnes Hamilton took the place of Dr. Montague Rendall and Lady Snowden. Mr. J. H. Whitley retained the chairmanship of the Board, of which Mr. Harold Brown is the fifth member.

An elaborate staff reorganisation led to another notable appointment in September, when Colonol Alan G. C. Dawnay became Controller of Programmes. Colonel Dawnay, who was closely associated with Colonel T. E. Lawrence during the later stages of the War, is now responsible for the whole output of the B.B.C., under Sir John Reith as Director-teneral. The new scheme was intended to secure a better coordination of programme material, and also to separate, as far as was found to be practicable, the creative and administrative sides of broadcasting. Sir Charles Carpendale continued to hold the post of Controller of Administration.

Another change was caused by the death of mr. J. C. Stobart, who had been concerned with educational and religious broadcasting since 1924, and was the originator of the New Year's 1924, and Good Night." He was succeeded by the Rev. F. A. Irennonger, who took complete charge of the B.B.C.'s religious work. Several new appointments were also made at the regional stations. The most important was that of the Rev. M. Dinwiddle as Scottish Regional Director, in succession to Mr. D. Cleghorn Thomson. His appointment aronsed a good deal of interest, for it was the first time that the B.B.C. had chosen a clergyman to fill such a position.

It must also be placed on record that a woman announcer was first employed by the B.B.C. during 2023.

#### OUTSTANDING EVENTS.

On the technical side the most important event of the year was the completion of the new West Regional transmitting station at Washford Cross, near the Somerset coast. This is the fourth twiu-wave transmitting station of the B B C., and it is designed to serve South Wales and the greater part of the West of England. It cnables listeners in this area to receive two programmes—a regional programme, containing a good deal of local material, and the ordinary national programme. The West is thus brought into line with the Scottish and North regions, where twin-wave transmitting stations have been built in recent years.

The question of wave-lengths was also considered during the year, and the replesentatives of 35 European Governments met at Lucerne in May and June, with the object of compiling a new list of wave-lengths for Europe. The Lucerne Plan, which comes into operation on January 15, 1934, allots wave-lengths to 238 European Stations of these wave-lengths 55 are exclusive and the remainder are shared, but the shared wave-lengths have been chosen in such a way that they are not likely to interfere with each other. The long wave-length of Daventry is still exclusive, and the slight modifications to other British wave-lengths are not expected to affect the efficiency of the service. The year was also notable for the great

The year was also notable for the great development of Empire broadcasting. The first programme from the new Empire transmitter was broadcast on December 19, 1932, and throughout 1933 daily programmes were broadcast at hours which enabled them to be head at suitable times all over the world. The correspondence which reached Broadcasting House showed that the service was greatly appreciated, and insteners in the loneher parts of the British Empire have now a new link with home. The arrangement of programmies for Empire listeners is still in its experimental stage, and it will be developed in accordance with the criticism which is received. There is one point, however, on which all Empire listeners seem to agree. They are all auxious to hear the sound of Big Ben, and the B.B.C. is happily able to fulfil their wish.

In the home programmes the two outstanding events of the year were the broadcast of the King's speech at the opening of the World Economic Conference and the relay from Washington of President Roosevelt's inaugural speech. In addition to the broadcast in Great Britain the King's speech was transmitted to all parts of the Empire, and it was relayed by many foreign countries. President Roosevelt's address was clearly heard by British listeners, and his vigorous tones gave them a good insight into his character and personality. Another important broadcast was that of the Vatican ceremony at the opening of the Holy Year, when listeners were able to hear the voice of the Pope.

#### OVERSEAS BROADCASTS.

In 1933, as in previous years, an attractive feature of the British broadcasting programmes was provided by the relays and special broadcasts from overseas. However good the home programmes may be, they can never quite impress the listener in the same way as a programme which comes from a distant courty; and this side of broadcasting deserves

intensive development. Two overseas broadcasts have already been mentioned, and several others are worthy of note.

Early in the year Mr. Alan Kippax's eyewitness accounts of the cricket Test Matches in Australia were transmitted from the actual cricket grounds, and, although atmospheric conditions caused trouble on one or two occasions, their general reception was excellent. The difference in Australian time meant that British listeners were able to hear the result of the day's play before they left for their business in the moning. Another Empure broadcast

came from the top of Table Mountain in South Africa, where Lord Clarendon, the Governor-General, made a short speech, and a commentator described the scene which lay before him.

There were several broadca-ts from the United States, and Europe also contributed some interesting programmes. Opera had a prominent place in the Continental relays, and the first act of Richard Stranss's new work, Arabela, was transuntted from the State Opera Honse, Dresden. Other operatic relays came from Munich, Bayreuth and Salzhurg, and a concert from Copenhagen was the first Danish broadcast to be relayed to Great Britain. Vienna provided a special pot-pourri of Viennese operettas and a concert by the Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra, which was conducted by Dr. Adrian Boult, the B.B.C. Music Director; and an amusing radio entertainment, called Funk-Karussell, came from Berlin There were relays from the Ostend Kursaal, and a delightful programme of Swabna and Alemannic folk music was contributed by the Stutigart broadcasting station.

### MUSIC.

The musical work of the B.B.C. during 1973 was largely on the same lines as in previous years. The symphony Concerts at the Queen's Hall had a distinguished array of soloists, among whom were Huberman, Hanjet Colen, I amond, Coutot, Fackhaus, Josef Hofmann, Gieseking and Myra Hess, and the high reputation of the B.B.C. Symphony Orchestra was fully maintained. The works which were given their first English performance included Vaughan-Williams's Planoforte Concerto, Hindennth's Das Unauthorhole, and Ilela Bartok's Second Piano Concerto, in which the composer bimself played the solo park.

himself played the solo part.

The B.B.C. was also responsible for the London Music Festival at the Queen's Hall in May, when the broadcast performances included three Brahms programmes in honour of the centenary of the composer's birth; and the last three concerts of the festival were conducted by Serge Koussevitsky, the conductor of the Boston Symphony Orchestra. The Promenade concerts had their usual success, and Sir Henry Wood conducted them as brilliantly and untiringly as ever.

The Sunday orchestral concerts were an important feature of the studio musical performances, and the conductors included Sir Henry Weod, Dr. Adrian Boult, Albert Coates and Basil Cameron; and studio recitals were given by Pouisinoff, Herbert Samuel, Maggie Teyte, Peter Dawson, Keith Falkner and many others. The concerts of contemporary music were continued, and one of the most striking programmes was provided by Hindemith's "The Leason," which was given before an audience in the Concert Hall at Broadcasting House. The per-

formance of this piece required a soction of the R.B.C. orchestra, a section of the Wireless Military Band, the Wireless Chorns, singers and clowns, and it was rather a shock to find Harry The performing as a clown in a concert of contemporary music.

Concerts by provincial orchestras were relayed in the National and Regional programmes, and there were many relays of grand opera from Covent Ga den. As a general rule only one act of an opera is broadcast, but the experiment of broadcasting the whole of The Rivineyold was tried in 1933. The consensus of opinion showed that the broadcasting of a whole opera in one evening places too much of a strain on even the most muscal listeners.

The musical resources of the B.B.C. were strengthened by the completion of the new organ in the Concert Hall. It was designed and built by John Compton, and its construction occupied a whole year. One of its features is the luminous method of stop-control, which enables the organist to regulate the stops by a slight touch. The organ was officially opened and dedicated of June 16, when a special programme was given.

There were no important developments in the other parts of the B.B.C.'s musical programme, and Henry Hall continued to direct the B.B.C. dance orchestra. Most of the leading dance band conductors broadcast from the studio or from restaurants, and listeness were able to compare the styles of Jack Hylton, Debroy Somers, Jack Payne, Harry Roy, Lew Stone, Roy Fox and many others. Duke Ellington, the American Jance band conductor, gave an interesting programme of what is generally called "hot" music.

#### TALKS AND EDUCATION.

The talks which were given in 1933 covered a wide Le ld of subjects, ranging from philesophical and religions discussions to talks on sport and gardening. One of the most important series was that on God and the World Through Christian Eyes, which was given on afternate Sunday evenings. Twenty-four speakers, including the Archbishop of York, took partiu this symposium. Among other talks which aroused keen discussion were those on unemployment and housing. The unemployment series was introduced by the Prince of Wales, and in subsequent talks Mr. S. P. B. Mais described some successful voluntary schemes for helping the unemployed, with the object of persuading others to start similar schemes. In the housing series, which was given the title of Other People's Houses, Mr. Howard Marshall described housing conditions in various parts of the country, and the possibilities of housing improvement were also discussed by leading authorities.

The talks on housing and unemployment in augurated a new kind of B.P. C. talk, for they were based on immediate personal investigation of existing social conditions. The experiment was so successful that several other selles on the same lines were arranged for the later part of the year. In the series on Fanishing England, Mr. Howard Marshall gave his impressions of the present state of the English countryside and Mr. S. P. B. Mais made a tour of the United States, speaking from various cities on what he had seen and heard. Professor J. A. Scott Watson gave an interesting series on Rural Britain To-Day and To-Horrow, in which he described, from the agricultural and sociological

Mr. Julian Huxley gave an account of the important research work which is being conducted

În scientific mstitutions.

The note of personal investigation was also struck in Mr. Vernon Bartlett's talks on foreign affairs. Mr. Bartlett's reviews of international politics have been a popular feature of the broadcasting programmes for several years, and in 1933 he travelled widely in Europe on behalf of the B.B.C. In the course of his journeys he interviewed most of the outstanding personalities in European politics, including Herr Hitler, Dr Dollfuss, Signor Mussolmi, and King Alexander of Yugoslavia; and he was thus able to give a valuable series of talks on the "strong men of Europe." He also continued his brilliant surveys of foreign affairs.

The B.B.C. has been much criticised for its attitude towards political controversy, opponents have complained that only the Government of the day was a little of the day was a little only the Government of the day was able to use the microphone. In the autumn of 1933 a new departure was made by the introduction of talks by prominent politicians, who were allowed to choose their own subjects and to give uncensored speeches. The speakers were chosen by street speeches. The speakers were chosen by the political parties, and they consisted of Mr. Stanley Baldwin, Mr. George I anshuy, Mr. J. H. Thomas, Mr. Arthur Greenwood, Major Oliver Stanley, Sir Herbert Samuel, Mr. Walter Runci-man, Sir Stafford Cripps and Mr. Ramsay Mac-Donald. Even this arrangement was not free from criticism, and it was complained that the selection of speakers by party leaders involved the omission of important "free-lances" like Mr. Churchill and Mr. Lloyd George.

Other talks dealt with design m modern life, Other talks used with using in month in the struggle against disease, political ideas of the day, slavery, makers of the modern spirit, music, sport, and gaidening, and Mr. Stanley Baldwin introduced an excellent series on The National Character, by Mr. Arthur Bryant. A series of debates, with the general title of Should They be Scrapped! dealt with blood sports, the Press, alcohol, the public schools and other topics, and among the debaters were the Countess of Oxford, Mr. Tom Clarke, Miss Margaret Bondfield, Dr. Cyril Alington and Earl

Russell.

Some entertaining material was contained in the series called Anywhere for a News Story, in which well-known journalists described some of their greatest experiences; and in Stars in Their Courses Mr. James Agate contributed some charming studies of actors and actiesses of to-day and yesterday. Mr. J. R. Priestley, whose talks were entitled *Plu Tell You Everything*, discussed general topics and showed that he has

an excellent microphone manner.

Though the majority of the B.B.C. talks are given in series, some of the isolated talks should be specially mentioned. Among them were a talk by Mr. Lloyd George on the arst auniversary of National Health Insurance, an appreciation of the late Lord Grey by Mr. J. H. Whitley, and two National Lectures—The League of Nations, by Sir Eric Drummond, and The Transmutation of the Atom, by Lord Rutherford. Another important broadcast consisted of two statements on the Manchurian situation, made by Mr Matsucka, who had been the Japanese delegate to the League of Nations, and Mr. Quo Tai-chi, the Chinese Minister in London. Mr. Hugh Rutt-

standpoints, what he had seen in a tour of | ledge gave an interesting talk on the latest villages in England, Scotland and Wales; and attempt to climb Mount Everest, and Sir attempt to climb Mount Everest, and Sir Malcolm Campbell described his successful attack on his own motoring record.

Reviews of uew books, plays and films were given as usual, and among the critics of the year were Mr. Desmond MacCarthy and Mr. G. K. Chesterton (literature), Mr. Archibald Haddon (drama) and Mr. Oliver Baldwin (films). The poetry readings and the topical talks at the end of the second news bulletin were continued, and in the autumn the experiment of producing a "News Reel" on Saturday nights was given a trial. This was a programme which consisted of a brief summary of the news of the day, followed by a more elaborate presentation of the news in the form of eye-witness accounts,

topical talks and relays from abroad.

The Central Council for School Broadcasting again arranged an interesting programme of talks for schools. The familiar names of Sir Walford Davies, Mr. A. Lloyd James, Mr. S. P. B. Mais and Mr. Frank Roscoe appeared in the list of speakers, together with others who were having their first experience of school broadcasting. Commander Stephen King-Hall and Mr. K. C. Boswell dealt with the subject of Tracing History Backwards, and Professor Winifred Cullis and Professor Doris Mackinnon gave a valuable series on elementary biology. The programmes for the whole year covered a wide range, and a German course was an interesting addition to the autumn syllabus.

### DRAMA AND LIGHT ENTERTAINMENT.

There was plenty of variety in the B.B.C.'s dramatic productions during 1933. They included Shakespeare and Edgar Wallace, The B'ild Duck and Chu Chin Chow, and every listener was able to find something which suited his Individual taste. Shakespeare was the most popular dramatist of the year, and performances of Macbeth (with Ralph Richardson and Martita Hunt), Coriolanus (with Sybil Thoundske and Leon Quartermaine) and Much Ado About Nothing (with Henry Ainley) were given in the early months. In the autumn there was a special series of Sunday Shakespeare broadcasts, which began with Peter Creswell's production of Othello. The cast included Godfrey Tearle, Gwen Ffrangcon-Davies, Malcolm Keen and Mary Clare.

Other stage plays which were adapted for broadcasting were The Wild Duck (with the billiant German actress, Elizabeth Bergner), The School for Scandal (with Cyril Maude), lassan (with Henry Aluley). Chu Chin Chow (with Oscar Asche), Escape (with Leon Quartermaine), Quinney's (with Cyril Maude), and The Ringer, in which Dorothy Dickson played her original part. Among novels and plays which turned into radio drama were The Country of the Blind (adapted by E. J. King-Bull), The Bottle Imp (adapted by James Macgregor) and Mr. Petre (adapted by Lance Sieveking). A radio version of the film, Wattz Time, was also

broadcast.

It was noticeable, however, that the B.B.C. is still having difficulty in finding a good supply of original radio plays, and apart from a series of revivals in the autumn, there were comparatively few plays which had been specially written for broadcasting. Two of the best were Miss E. M. Delastiel's The Mulberry Bush and Lord Dunsany's The Uses of Man, and others were Philip Wade's The Game, L. Du Garde Pench's Three Soldiers, Adrian Thomas's Yours to You, and Louis Goodrich's continuation of the Ann and Harold sags. The programme of twelve revivals, which included Richard Hinghes' Danger and Reginald Berkeley's The White Chateau, showed that radio drama at its best can be extremely good, but at present it is not a medium in which many writers can work well.

Revues and vaudeville again occupied an important place in the broadcasting programmes, and they maintained a fairly high level of entertainment Revues were contributed by Archie De Bear, Henrik Ege, Ashley Sterne and A. A. Thomson, Max Kester, Ernest Longstaff and others, and perhaps the most successful of all the light cutertainments were John Watt's songs from the Shore, a series in which he neatly recalled the song successes of different London Theatres. John Macdonell's There's More Magic in the Air, in which is vine decically and Jerry Verno broadcast for the first time, was also an excellent production.

There were times when the vaudeville programmes showed signs of becoming stale, but the appointment of Eric Maschwitz as Director of Variety did much to enliven them. Such well-known broadcasters as fillie Potter, Stain-less Stephen, Ronald Frankan, Anona Winn, and Clapharn and Dwyer appeared in the programmes during the year, and among those who were less familiar to broadcast andiences were Eric Bertuer, Laurie Devine, Phyllis Monkman, Ivy Tresmand and Margaret Bauner-man. Apart from the ordinary vandeville programmes special performances were given by Nina Mae McKinney, Marion Harris, and Josephine Baker.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

The programmes for 1933 enabled listeners to receive a first-hand impression of many im portant events, and among the ceremonics which were relayed were the opening of the Southampton Graving Dock by His Majesty the King, the memorial service for Lord Grey at Westminster Abbey, the services at Canterbury Cathedral and the Oxford University Church in honour of the centenary of the Oxford Movement, the laying of the foundation stone of the Liverpool Metropolitan Cathedial, and the opening of the Royal National Eisteddfod of Wales. There were special broadcasts from the Aldershot and were special broadcasts from the Aldershot and the Sunday programmes in haimony with the Tidworth Tattoos and the Greenwich Naval character of the day.

Pageant, and the running commentaries on the Boat Race, the Derby, the Cup Final, and other sporting events were as much appreciated as usual.

The S.O.S. service continued its kindly task of summoning relatives to sick-beds in hours of need, but during the autumn there was a slight change of policy. Until September the B.B.C. had been willing to broadcast descriptions of missing persons, if t was thought that they might be in some danger; but it was found that these messages had a very small percentage of success, and they were discontinued. The S.O.S. service also came into prominence in the early part of the year in connection with what was known as "the blazing shed" mystery. At the request of the police two messages were broadcast about a wanted man, and the second message stated that the man was wanted for wilful murder. It was the first time that the police had used broadcasting for making such an announcement.

The death of Mr. F. G. Kellaway on April 13 robbed the B B.C. of one who had always taken a keen interest in its work. Mr. Kellaway was Postmaster-General in 1921 22, when the first discussions about British broadcasting took place, and he played a considerable part in the establishment of the original British Broadcastand company. After retiring from politics he served on the Roard of the Company until 1926, when the Company was abolished and the British Broadcasting Corporation was established. He had justly been called "the father of British Broadcasting"

Regular programmes of television were again given in 1933, but the number of "lookers in" still extremely small. It is probable that some years will have to pass before this side of broadcasting is fully developed. Many artists bloadcasting is inity developer. Many stories and prominent personalities were televised during the year, and an amusing programme was given by animals, birds and reptiles from the London Zoo. As each creature came in front of the televising apparatus, Mr. Seth Smith, the curator of the Zoo, described its characteristics and habits.

An extension in the hours of Sunday broadcasting came into force in September, when the period between six and eight o'clock, which was previously silent, was devoted to suitable programmes. This development did not involve a change in the B.B C.'s general policy of keeping

### GLIDING PROGRESS IN 1933.

DURING the past two years there has been a steady concentration on what may be described as research work by the Butish gliding movement. Such work is of the greatest possible value, for new discoveries on the technical bine in one aspect of aerouautical science are generally of considerable value in their application to other aspects. That gliding enthusiasin should have taken this more serious chainel as its outlet is all to the good, for the "boom" of two or three years ago, although it served a useful purpose in drawing public attention to the possibilities of motorless flight and Britain's neglect of them, could have done lutle good by continuing shiply on "popular" lines. The movement may now be regarded as having got

down definitely to "brass tacks," and the work it is doing on these lines is undoubtedly a valuable contribution to world progress in gliding and sailplaning.

The movement is now much more efficiently organised than it was a mere matter of two years ago which is another indication that those who are prominent in the gliding wold mean business and are determined that the movement shall go forward on a solid basis. During the 1930 boom all sorts of extravagant prophecies were made. Many people were encouraged to visualise an almost immediate development which would place a glider in every back garden and which would give, in the same short space of time, every enthusiast, young and old, the

ability to soar aloft whenever he wished, free from the restrictions of time and space, and, what was more attractive, free from the expense of a petrol bill. It was a wonderful dream, and when they found that it had little real contact with reality, those "fair weather" enthusiasts who are always ready to jump at the attractions of a new craze suddenly found that gliding was not for them. Most of them are probably now playing "Yo-yo" or "bif-bat"!

As soon as the British gliding movement got rid of its "passengers"—and for a time there was a surprisingly large number of them-it was able to put its hangars and gliding grounds in order and settle down in real earnest. It has every reason to be proud of what it has accomplished. Although the latest g iding developments and achievements in Britain have not received the Press attention which the movement had during the height of the boom, they are far more worthy of publicity than the spectacular "flips" of those early days, when everybody seemed to want to be photographed at the controls of a glider.

Gliding has come to mean something very much more important since those days, and for this thanks are due to the really serious workers in the movement, who, through the activities of the British Gliding Association and the leading gliding clubs, have kept the inovement alive and progressive in a thoroughly vital and worth-

while way.

During the past year or so great interest has been stimulated on the competitive side. International competitions are held every year under the auspices of the International Commission which was formed about two years ago. It is the intention that these competitions shall be held in turn in the various countries most keenly interested in gliding, and competitors from all countries take part in them on each occasion. In addition, the national organisations also organise similar events, at which new records are constantly being set up.

The annual gliding and soaring competitions of the British Ghding Association were held at Sutton Bank, near Thirsk, in Yorkshire, in October this year, and attracted many thousands of spectators. Mr. P. A. Wills qualified for the Wakefield Trophy for the longest distance with a flight of 15 miles in a Scudd glider. The Manio Cup for a journey of not less than five miles in two directions was won by Mr. Wills, who flew five and a half miles in each direction. The longest duration flight, for which the Volk Cup was offered was that of Mr. G. M. Buxton, of the London Gliding Club, who was in the air for a hrs 39 mins. In this event the minimum duration to qualify for the trophy was five hours, and it thus went to Flying-Officer Mole, who at that time held the British duration record of 6 hrs. 55 mins., which he established at Dun-stable this year. Flying-Officer Mole is a member of the London Gliding Club, and one of the most skilled of the British glider pilots.

In the competitions just referred to a new British duration record was set up by a member of the Dorset Club, Mr. John Laver, who, also at Thirsk, made a flight of 7 his. 22 mins., thus beating Flying-Officer Mole's feat by 27 mins.

Mr. Laver took off at xx.40 a.m. and landed in heavy rain at y ap.m. When Mr. Laver landed he was unable to see the hill tops and was guided only by two rows of lamps. The flight was officially observed by Mr. J. L. P. Waplington, the secretary of the British Gliding Association, and is subject to official confirmation. tirmation.

Several highly spectacular flights have been ninde during the year. A new German duration record was set up on June 23 by E. Lorenz, who soared for 16 hrs 30 mms. on an Alexander sailplane over the well-known soaring grounds of the Rhon-Rossitten. The previous German record was of 16 hrs. 13 mins., set up by Hentschel last year. The Germans have, of course, a fine gliding record, and their new pilots are showing something of that ultra-advanced technique for which Herr Kronfeld is famous. He is undoubtedly the finest glider pilot in the world to-day.

Gliders have been towed over the Alps. far, however, no pilot has achieved the fine feat of crossing the Alps without a plane to tow him.
The world's distance record for a passengercarrying glider has been claimed by the German pilot, Binzhuer, for a flight with a passenger from Duisburg in the Ruhr, Germany, to Eindhoven in Holland, a distance of 48 miles.

An American pilot claims to have looped the loop 40 times, and another to have performed a spin of 2,300 feet! Herr Kronfeld carried out a sailplane flight of 7x miles in July, after being towed in his sailplane to a height of 2,000 feet. This is claimed to be the longest motorless flight yet made in France.

Many other European countries have commenced to take a serious interest in gliding and sailp'aning. Clubs have been formed in Poland, Hungary, and in Russia, and in each of these countries highly creditable records have been set up. There is little doubt that the high performance sailplanes have now advanced to a state of technical efficiency which enables a skilled pilot to perform flights which would have been considered absolutely impossible a few years ago.

The British gliding movement suffered a severe loss in May by the death of Mr. C. H. Lowe-Wilde, who was killed at Maidstone Airport, West Malling, while demonstrating a new motor glider which he had himself invented. It was fitted with an 8 h.p. engine and was of the type which was to become known as the "motor cycle of the air," not only because of its small power, but because of its low running cost. Mr. Lowe-Wilde had given many successful demonstrations with his interesting machine, which he was optimistic would have an interesting future. He was an air pioneer of great ing future. He was an air pioneer or greate experience, whose loss has been greatly felt. The well-known Austrian gliding pioneer, Erwin-Rieger, was also killed this year, when a glider which had been built by himself and his brother came into collision with a tree in Carinthia and crashed.

Several new gliding clubs have been formed in Britain during the year, and most of the leading clubs have organised their own competitions from time to time in various parts of

the country.

### HIKING CAMPING AND CARAVANNING.

1933 will long linger in the memory of open-air enthusiasts as a wonderful year. Remarkable for its sunshine record and absence of rain over lengthy periods, it provided the ideal weather background for the hiking, camping and caravanning interests, which reached their peak year as far as popularity is concerned. Such a gloriously fine summer comes all too rarely in Britain, and hiker-campers particularly were able to revel in their health-giving pastine, without sampling any of those drawbacks which bad weather inevitably introduces Rad-weather seasons may follow, but the effect of the lovely summer of 1933 will make the popularity of the open-air holiday secure for some sensons to come.

When hiking—or rambing, as some people still prefer to call it—hala a sudden boom two or three years ago, there were those who were inclined to scoff at the "borets and shorts" army which suddenly descended on the roads. It was just an ephemeral craze, they said, and could not possibly last. One summer at least would see it replaced by some other holiday "boom." They were inclined to overlook certain facts, however, which ensure for walking holidays a long popularity. One is the economic situation, which has deprived hundrods of thousands of young people of the means of indulging in any other form of holiday, even if they wished to do so. Hiking is not only licalthy, but it is cheap; and while there are so many meninployed young people it will continue to attract mumerable "fans."

This year has seen the formation of a large number of new liking clints, and the movement is now much more effectively organised. Most of the Clubs are now affiliated to District Federations, which are in turn under the control of a central organisation. An increasingly impotant and useful work is being done by the British Youth Hostels 'Association, which happened many new hostels in Great Britain during the year. Great use is made of these resting places, which had their prototypes in Germany, where long walking tonis are a very popular form of holiday. It is not possible to state accurately the number of linkers who are members of recognised chibs, but it undoubtedly runs into several hundreds of thomsands.

The organisations have recently turned their attention to securing more freedom for likerin places where ristrictions have been imposed by land-owners, and at the same time the have impressed on their members the necessity of taking every precaution against damaging land-

marks and property. Several large land-owners have recently complained of such damage, and have also protested against the conduct of sond hikers who have forced their way through gates and fences, and shown every determination to treat the law of trespass as non-existent. Obviously rambling and similar associations are auxious to open up as much last (as possible for the enjoyment of their members, but complaints of this kind are a definite compileation which scarcely opens up the way to friendly negotiations. In some matances during the past year, meetings have been held to protest against the closing of footpaths and beauty-spots to the public.

All over the country nambling clubs are keeping a watchful eye on obstructed footpaths, and in come cases, no doubt, they are doing useful work in safeguarding public rights of way, many of which may have tended to become obscured owing to lack of use until likers have re-asserted the public rights. In some parts of the country important tambling clubs have organised what they call "right of way rambles" in places where complaints of closure have been made.

This year there have been several new developments of the hiking movement. Some of the largest clubs have introduced an educational interest, by organising "literary" linkes to parts of the country made famous by British authors, and by organising series of lectures dealing with various sections of hiking country. Many of the clubs now amounce courses of winter lectures of wide appeal.

Another development has been the coming of the "mass" like, in some of which soo and 300 people have taken part. Several such likes have been organised by certain rallway companies, who have made a speciality of "rikkers' expresses," conveying a trainload of people to popular country some 50 of 60 miles away, where they have enjoyed a long like under an experienced guide, picking up thoir return train at a station where the tour has ended. Some of these affairs have been announced as "mystery likes," the place not oring revealed until the train has reached its destination.

Campaing and caravaming also greatly in popularity during the year. Caravaning particularly during the year. Caravaning particularly has stimulated the growth of a considerable industry, there now being a large number of firms engaged in the manufacture of marvins and trailers. The extent of this interest was shown at the recent Motor Show, where this section was the largest on record.

Buchan's Weather Periods.—It will be gathered from the fourth column of the meteorological tables on the second page of each mouth, that a mean temperature for each day of the year has been formed by taking the average of the observed temperatures on that day during 65 years. These mean temperatures follow in fairly uniform sequence, upwards or downwards as would appear readily if the figures were used to form a graph or curve. But the uniformity is not precise; there are occasional depressions and elevations. Dr. Buchan formed such a curve of mean temperatures for a station in Scotland, and there periods of non-uniformity have been handed down as his weather, e. rols. It is to be noted that these refer to the mean of many years, and are not to be regarded as indicating the provable weather for every year. The figures giving the mean temperature at Greenwich 1841 1905 show similar depressions and elevations which, on comparison, will be seen in some cases to agree with Buchan's periods.

### ELCHO CHALLENGE SHIELD.

The Elcho Challenge Shield was instituted in 186s. It is open to one team of 8 from England, Scotland and Ireland respectively. 15 shots each at 900, 1,000 and 1,100 yards. Highest possible score 1,800.

### WINNERS SINCE 1862.

Year	Country	Mks	l Year	Country	Mks.	Year	Country	Mks.
186a			1885	England	1,574	1908		
1863	,,	1,082	1886	Ireland	1,471	1909	Englaud	1.717
1864	Scotland	967	1887	England	1,570	1910	,,	1,678
x865	Eng'and	1,053	1888	Ireland	1,652	IQII	,,	1,644
1866	Scotland	1,170	188g	,,	1,689	1912	,,	1,687
x867	England	1,097	<b>1890</b>	,,	1,646	1913	Scotland	1,732
1868	,,	1,666	1891	England	1,670	1914	,,	1,912
186g	Scotland	1,149	1892	Scotland	z,696	1915	1918 No Match	
1870	England	1,166	1893	England	1,688	1919		1,664
1871	,,	1,204	1894	Scotland	1,627	1920	Scotland	1,582
1872	,,	1,183	1895	England	1,503	1921	_ ,,	1,625
z873	Ireland	1,195	1896	,,	x,659	1922	England	1,632
1874	Scotland	1,437	1897	,,	1,603	1923		1,620
1875	Ireland	1,506	1898	,,	1,595	1924		1,607
1876	England	1,463	1899	_ ,,	1,577	1925	England	1,706
1877	Ireland	1,568	1900	Ireland	1,537	1926		1,684
1878		1,610	1901	England	1,609	1927		1,696
1879	Scotland	1,505	1902	_ 1,	1.587	1928		1,66a
1880	Ireland	z,638	1903	Ireland	I,553	1929		1,709
1881	England	1,642	1904	England	1,570	1930		1,699
1882	_ ,,	x,536	1905	Scotland	1,607	1931		1,669
1883	Ireland	1,600	1906	England	1,658	1932		1,717
1884	Ireland	x,583	1907	Ireland	1,634	1933	England	z,685
1								

### THE ASHBURTON SHIELD, BISLEY.

THE Ashburton Challenge Shield Competition was instituted in 1861 for teams of 8 from the Public Schools (teams of 11 from 1861-1876; teams of 8 since 1877). In 1861 and 1862 the Hay M.L. rific was used; in 1863 the long Enfield M.L.; 1864 70 the Navy 5 groove M.L.; 1871-1884 Snider; 1885-1896 Martini-Henry; since 1897 the 303 Magazine. The present regulations are 7 shots at 200 and 500 yards; one team of 8 pupils from each of such schools as have a contingent of the Junior Division of the Officers' Training Corps. The Highest Possible score is 560.

### WINNERS SINCE 1861

. School. Mks   School. Mks   School.	Mks.
1861 Rugby 91*   1884 Clifton 364   1907 Rugby	497
1862 Harrow 234 1885 ,, 430 1 08 Harrow	498
1862 Eton 246   1886 Dulwich 383   1909 Rugby	518
1864 Harrow 226 1887 Eton 430 12020 Bradfield	
1865   , 216   1888 Clifton 433   1911 Edinburgh Acad.	495
1866   256   1889 Charterhouse 459   1912 Rugby	508
1867 , 244   1890 , 450   1913 Repton	
1868 Eton 248 1891 ,, 405 1914 Sedburgh	496
1869 Harrow 268 1892 , 443 1919 Winchester	
1870 ,, 268 1893 Bradfield 447 1920 Charterhouse	
1871 Winchester 299   1894 Rughy 422   1921 Sedburgh	
1872 ,, 313 1895 Charterhouse 432 1922 Lancing	
1873 , 424 [1896 , 414 [1923 Eton	
1874 Marlborough 429 1897 Bradfield 465 1924 Rugby	
1875 Harrow 543   1898 Charterhouse 467   1925 Lancing	487
1876 Winchester 493   1899 Rossall 472   1926 Chiton	
1877 Cheltenham 393   1900 Dulwich 460   1927 Brighton	474
1878   Eton 403   1901   Eton 456   1928 ('lifton	472
1879 Harrow 414 1902 Cheltenham 469 1929 Glenalmond	464
1880 Eton 429   1903 Tonbridge 500   1930 Winchester	
rssz Cheltenham 404 rsoz Winchester 476 rsoz Charterhouse	485
1882 Charterhouse 346   x505 Harrow 473   x932 King's College Sch	1001 479
1883 Charterhouse 405 12906 Dover 467 12933 Glenalmond	

THE NOBEL PRIZES.

THE NOBEL PRIZES.

907

THE NOBEL PRIZES.

Golden of a fund bequeathed to trustees by the swedish scientist Alfred Nobel, the inventor of dynamite, who died December 10, 1896, leaving a fortune of about £1.750,000. The first awards were distributed on the fifth anniversary of A obel 8 above named. The Swedish Governmentappoints a president of the Board of Directors. Particular Swedish Academy of Science—(a) Physics (b) Chemistry; the Stockholm Faculty of Kodeline—(c) Medicine—(c) Medicine—(c) Medicine—or Physiology; the COMPLETE LIST OF AWARDS (Value, 102). Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 122 Sci. 1023 Kr. 1

COMPLETE LIST OF AWARDS (Value, 1931, Kr. 173,206; 1932, Kr. 171,752; 1933, Kr. 170,331).

Year	(a) Physics.	(b) CHEMISTRY.	(c) Mydicing or		(4) 79
1001		(U) CHEMISTRY.	Риченов ост	(d) Interature.	(e) PEACE.
1901	W. C. Rontgen	J. H. van't Hoff	E. A. v. Behring	R. F. A. Sully Prudhomme	
1902	P. Zeeman	E. Fischer	{Sir R. Ross, K.C.B. }	T. Mommsen	E. Ducommun. A. Gobat.
1903	H. A. Becquerel M.& Mme, Curie	S A Arrhenius	N. R. Finsen	B Björnson	Sir W. R. Cremer.
1904	Lord Rayleigh	Sır W. Ramsay	I. Pavlow	F. Mistral J. Echegarny	Inst of Int. Law.
1905	P. Lenard	A. von Baeyer	R. Koch	H. J. Sienkewicz	Bss. von Suttner.
1905	Prof. J. J. Thomson	H. Moissan	(R y Cajal ) (Prof. Golgi )	G. Carducci	Theodore Roosevelt.
1907	Prof. A. A. Michelson	E. Buchner	A. Laveran	R Kipling	E. T. Moneta. L. Renault.
1908	G. Lippman	E. Rutherford	P. Flutich  E Metchnikoff	R. Eucken	K. P. Arnoldson. F Bajer.
1909	(Signor Marconi )	W. Ostwald	T. Kocher	S. Lagerlof	Bu. de Constant.
1910	J. D. van der Waals	O. Wallach	A. Kossel	Р. Неуве	Berne Intl. Peace Bureau.
1911	W. Wien	Mme. Curie	A. Gullstrand	M. Maeterlinck	T. M. C. Asser. A. H. Fried.
1912	G. Dalen	(V. Grignard ) (P. Sabatier )	A. Carrel	G Hauptmann,	Elihu Root.
1913	(H. Kamerlingh )	A. Werner	C Richet	(Rabindranath (Tagore	II. La Fontaine.
1914	M. von Laue	Th. W. Richards	R Barany	No award	No award.
1915	(W. H. Bragg W. L. Bragg	R. Willstatter	No award	Romain Rolland	No award.
1916	No award	No award	No award	(V von Herden-) stam	No award.
1917	Ch. G. Barkla	No award	No award	K Gjellerup H. Pontoppidan	Comité Interna- tional de la Croix Rouge.
1918	M. Planck	F. Haber	No award J. Bordet	No areard	No award.
1919	J. Stark Ch. E. Guillaume	No award W. Nerust	A. Krogh	C. Spitteler Kunt Hamsun	Woodrow Wilson, Leon Bourgeois,
1921	Albert Einstein	F. Soddy	No award	Anatole France	K. H Branting. Chr. L Lauge.
1922	Niels Bohr	F. W. Aston	(A V Hill O. Meyerhof	J. Benavente	F. Nansen.
1923	R. A. Millikan	F Pregl	(F G. Banting J. J. R Macleod)	W. B Yeats	No award.
1924	K.M.G Siegbahn		W. Emthoven	W. Reymont	No award.
1925	J. Franck }	R. Zsigmondy	No award	G. B. Shaw	A. Chamberlain.
1926	Jean Perrin	The Svedberg	J. Fibiger	Grazia Deledda	A. Briand. G. Stresemann.
1927	A. H. Compton C. T. R. Wilson	H. Wieland	J. Wagner- Jauregg	Henri Bergson	Ferdinand Buisson Ludwig Quidde.
1928	O. W. Richardson	A. Windaus	C. J. H. Nicolle	Signal Undset	. o a ward.
1929	Duc de Broglie	A. Harden Prof von Euler			F. B. Kellogg.
1930	Sir C. V. Raman	Prof. H. Fischer	Dr. Kari Landsteiner	Sinclair Lewis	Archbishop N. Soderblom.
1931	No award	Prof. Bosch Prof. Bergius	Prof. Otto Warburg	Eric Axel Karl-	\ \lane Addams.  \ N. M. Butler.
1932	Prof. W. Heisen-	Trying Lang- nunr	Sir Charles Sherrington Prof.E.D Adrian		No award
1933	Pf. P.H M. Dirac Prof. Erwin Schrödinger	Not yet awarded	Prof. Thomas H. Morgan	Ivan Bunin	Not yet awarded.
1		<del></del>			

COST OF THE CIVIL AND SOCIAL SERVICES.

The cost of the Civil Service forms only a small part of the expenditure of £34s,000,000 under the Civil Estimates, and extends to the Admiralty, War Office, Air and Revenue Department votes. Adding these services, the estimates for 1933 (i.e. financial year ended March 31, 1934) account for some 345,000 civil servants in receipt of salaries, wages and allowances of about £70,000,000. The corresponding figures for 1900 were 215,000 and £24,000,000. The number employed has thus increased by 60 per cent., while the average remuneration (making some allowance for employees not enumerated) has risen from about 40s. to 75s. weekly. It should be understood that these averages cover the whole range of employees, from office cleaners to heads of departments with cabinet rank, but exclude judges of the Supreme and County Courts and Metropolitan police magistrates, whose remuneration is charged on the Consolidated Fund.

The following table gives a detailed comparison for the several services:

Class	Expenditure, (net.)		Number Employed.		•Salaries, Wages and Allowances.	
	1909.	×933.	2909.	z933.	1909.	z933.
Civil—	£'000	£∞.			£'000.	£'000.
Great Britain	35,035	†335,128	17,570	73,970	4,870	21,110
Ireland	5,035	6,645	15,030	380	1,640	130
Revenue-					ll .	
Post Office	x8,978	59,439	x66,950	231,230	13,530	35,110
Inland Revenue	1,243	7,105	3,380	20,140	1,050	6,790
Customs and Excise	2,130	5,364	8, 160	13,450	z,640	4,600
Defence-			1.0			1
Admiralty	378	1,090	1,500	2,750	376	1,090
War Office	593	803	2,640	1,870	590	850
Air Ministry		645	•••	1,730		68o
Total	63,392	†416,219	#15,#30	345,460	23,700	70,360

[·] Including amounts (mainly in Civil and Inland Revenue Offices) for which employees are not enumerated—1909, £1.250.000, 1933, £3.000.000 at proximately.

† Includes £22.500.000 Supplementary Estimate voted in June, 1933, to provide for continuance of Unemployment Transitional Payments for remaining nine months of financial year.

† Civil Administrative Departments only.

The period reviewed covers the introduction of many costly social and post-war services, and the following principal items of increased expenditure in respect of government grants and benefits under such services account for no less than  $\pounds E46,000,000$ , or 95 per cent. of the total increase of £300,000,000 in the Civil Estimates of Great Britain. As to the Revenue and Defence Estimates, the bulk of the increase of £50,000,000 in expenditure during the period occurs in the Post Office vote, where the cost is not borne by taxation but is recovered by service charges to the public.

Grants to Local Revenues—	
"Derating"	£45,200,000
Education and Teachers' Pensions	34,500,000
Police	11,300,000
Housing Grants	15.800.000
Unemployment Insurance payments and grants	81,100,000
Health Insurance—Payments to Fund	6,000,000
Old Age Pensions	31,600,000
Widows, Orphans and Old Age Contributory Pensions	12,000,000
War Pensions	,,
Sugar Beet Subsidy	10,0,
Dest Dest Substity	2,900,000
	€284,000,000
	C =04,000,000

In considering the increase of £47,000,000 in Civil Service salaries and wages during the period more review, due regard should be taken of the general rise in wage rates, and the enormous expansion in social schemes and post-war services which inenest large sections of the public, and which necessitate substantial stalls for administration. Of the total increase, it will be noted that almost one-half occurs in the Post Office, while one-third is attributable to the Civil Estimates.

Cost-of-Living Bonus. The bonus system in operation in the Civil Service arose out of war-time conditions, and now virtually applies to all permanent non-industrial and to some industrial grades. During the past few years, bonuses have been very substantially reduced concurrently with the fall in the official "coct-of-living" figure. The present remuneration of civil servants includes a bonus addition equivalent to a cost-of-living figure of 50 per cent, on the first £51 12.8. of annual basic salary (£2.324. weekly); 23/4 per cent. on the next £300, with a special supercut in respect of salaries exceeding £500 per annum.

Railway.	Summit.	Height
eruvian Central, Peru	La Cima	feet.
ntofagasta (Chile) & Bolivia	Montt	15,865 15,834
ntofagasta (Chile) and Bolivia	Condor	15,814
eruvian Central. Peru	Galera Tunnel	15,665
eruvian Southern, Peru	Crucero Alto	14,668
ike's Peak, U.S.A.	Pike's Peak	
ike's Peak, U.S.Antofagasta (Chile) and Bolivia	Kenko .	14,147
ntofagasta (Chile) and Bolivia	Ascotan	13,061
ntofarasta and La Paz	Oruro	12,976
uayaquil and Quito ungfran, Switzerland enver and Rio Grande, U.S.A. enver and Rio Grande, U.S.A.	O1410	12,125
unofran Switzerland	Jungfraujoch	12,000
enver and Rio Grande II S A	Fremont Pass	11,340
enver and Rio Grande II S A	Marshall Pass.	11,330
	Summit Tunnel	20,856
enver and Rio Granda II S A	Lizard Head	10,518
enver and Ric Grande II S A	Tennessee Pass	10,248
enver and Rio Grande, U.S.A. enver and Rio Grande, U.S.A. ornergrat, Switzeiland enver and Rio Grande, U.S.A.	Gornergrat	10,239
ornergrat, Switzerrand	Cumbies	10,236
enver and Rio Grande, U.S.A.	La Veta Pass	10,015
enver and Rio Grande, U.S.A.	La vela Pass	9,242
enya and Uganda	near Timborsa	9,130
altal, Chile	Cachinal	8,840
nteroceanic, Mexico	Nanacampilpa	8,400
exican, Mexico	Acocotla	8,337
enya and Uganda	Man Summit	8,300
uion and Central Pacific, U.S.A enver and Rio Grande, U.S.A	Sherman Cerro Summit	8,240
enver and Mio Grande, U.S.A	Cerro Summit	7,968
teroceanic, Mexico	Las Vigas	7,983
ganda	KıkuyuGhoom Station	7,857
arjeeling-lilmalayan	Ghoom Station	7,407
ganua	Bernina Hospice	7,400
ilgiri, India		7,275
urka-Oheralp, Switzerland	Furka Tunnel	7,c98
entral Pacific, U.S.A		7,018
urka-Oheralp, Switzerlandentral Pacific, U.S Aurka-Oberalp, Switzerland	Oberalp Pass	6,711
outh African	Belfast	6,463
eylon Government (s ft. 6 m. gange)	Kandapola	6,316
eylon Government (5 ft. 6 in. gauge) haetian, Switzerland	PattipoleAlbula Tunnel	6,225
haetian, Switzerland	Albula Tunnel	5,98z
eyrout-Damascus		5,885
eyrout-Damascus lushkaf-Bolan, India	Kolpore	5,874
	Johannesburgh	5,735
riso, Switzerland	A108a	5,715
orthern Pacific, U.S.A	Mullar Tunnel	5,560
orthern Pacific, U.S.A	Bozemar Tunnel	5,560
isp-Zermatt, Switzerland	Zermatt	5:415
nte German West Africa		5,400
haetian, Switzerlandanadian Pacific, Canada	Wolfgang, near Danvos	5,358
anadian Pacific, Canada	Stephen	5,386
erping-Suiyan, China		5,200
	GREAT BRITAIN (1,000 FEET AND OVER).	
	Summit	Het-t
Railway	DUIDIN	Height
worden Hountain (Pack)	Suowdon Summit	feet.
nowdon Mountain (Rack)	Droposhion noor Dalugaridal	3,410
ondon Midland & Scottish (High, Section)	Drumochter, near Dalnaspidal	1,484
ondon & North-Eastern (N.E. Section)	Leadhills Station	1,474
miden Midland & Scottish (Cal. Section)	Waenavon	1,405
ondon Midland & Scottish (Cal. Section) . ondon Midland & Scottish (L. & N.W. Sect.) ondon & North-Eastern (N.E. Section)	Weatherhill	1,400
reat Western	Princetown	1,378
reat Western	Stainmore	1,373
ondon & North-Eastern (N.E. Section)	Between Corrour and Tulloch	1,370
ondon & North-Eastern (N.B. Section)	Slochd Mhuic, near Carr Bridge	1,350
ondon Midland & Scottish (High. Section)	Between Dowla & T p and Fochriw	1,315
reat Western (B. & M. Section)ondon Midland & Scottish (L. & N.W. Sect.)	Detween Downs & 1 ip and rocally	1,314
ondon Midland & Scottish (L. & N. W. Sect.)	Dowlow Lime Company's Works  Between Nantybwch and Rhymney Bridge Hindlow Station	1,268
ondon Midland & Scottish & G. W. Joint	Between Nanty Dwen and Enympey Bridge	1,216
	ningiow station	1,192
ondon Midland & Scottish (L. & N.W. Sect.)		1,170
ondon & North-Eastern (N.E. Section)	Burnhill June (Tow Law-Blackhill Bridge)	
ondon & North-Eastern (N.E. Section) ondon Midland & Scottish (Mid. Section)	Burnhill June (Tow Law-Blackhill Bridge) Ass Gill, near Hawes Junction	1,167
ondon & North-Eastern (N.E. Section) ondon Midland & Scottish (Mid. Section) ondon & North-Eastern (N.E. Section)	Burnhill June (Tow Law-Blackhill Bridge) Als Gill, near Hawes Junction	1,167
ondon Midland & Scottish & G. W. Joint ondon Midland & Scottish (L. & N.W. Sect.) ondon & North-Eastern (N.E. Section) ondon Midland & Scottish (Mid. Section) ondon & North-Eastern (N.E. Section) ondon Midland & Scottish (High. Section) ondon Midland & Scottish (Cal. Section) ondon Midland & Scottish (Cal. Section)	Burnhill June (Tow Law-Blackhill Bridge) Ass Gill, near Hawes Junction	1,167 1,100 1,058 1,014

### BRITAIN'S RECOVERY.

On November 17, 1933, the Speaker of the House of Commons read the King's Speech on the Prorogation of Parhament. With regard to Trade and Employment the King in his Speech said :—

"I rejoice to observe the steady improvement in trade and employment among my people.

Trade agreements which will, I trust, be found mutually advantageous have been concluded with a number of foreign countries. Negotiations with other countries for the conclusion of similar agreements will shortly be begun.

The continued willingness of my people to hear heavy sacrifices has made it possible for this country, almost alone among the great countries of the world, to maintain a satisfactory balance between its national income and expenditure.

Confidence has been restored by the pursuit of a sound financial policy, accompanied by the establishment of a reasonable measure of protection for the industry of the United Kingdom.

The steps taken to promote the reorganisation of various sections of agriculture and the seafishing industry have not yet had time to show their full results, but I am pleased to note that there are already definite signs of improvement.

The numbers of the unemployed, though still unhappily far too large, have fallen substantially and continuously in recent months, despite the usual seasonal trend in the opposite direction."

### OVERSEAS TRADE.

### (October 1932-1933.)

The Trade Returns for October, 1933, show an encouraging increase over those for October, 1932, as may be seen from the subjoined figures.—

Classes and Groups	Oct 1932,	Oct 1933
Food, Drink and Tobacco	£34,989,823	£32,250,665
Raw Material	11 941,331	15,026,925
Manufactures	13.499,261	14,187,112
Animals (not for Food)	132,522	56,379
Parcel Post	203,855	249,972
Total	£60,766,792	£61,771,053
EXPORTS.		
Classes and Groups	Oct. 1932	Oct 2033
Food, Drink and Tobacco	£3,858,400	£4,062,450
Raw Materials'	5,730,042	6,670,133
Manufactures	23,501,198	27,005,938
Animals (not for Food)	57,998	42,871
Parcel Post	976,077	911,649
Total	£34,132,709	£38,702,041
(January to October, 1932 and 19 IMPORTS.	Jan -Oot zoo	
Food, Drink and Tobacco	£308,268,000 135,178,000 131,802,000 5,716,000	JanOct. 1913. £278,724,000 144,497,000 122,995,000
Manufactures	£308,268,000 135,178,000 131,802,000 5,716,000	£278,724,000 144,497,000
Manufactures Other Total EXPORTS,	£308,268,000 135,178,000 131,802,000 5,716,000	£278,724,000 144,497,000 122,995,000 3,207,000
Manufactures Other Total EXPORTS.	£308,268,000 135,178,000 131,802,000 5,716,000	£278,724,000 144,497,000 128,995,000 3,207,000 £549,424,000
Manufactures Other  Total  Classes and Groups Food, Drink and Tobacco.	£308,268,000 135,178,000 131,802,000 5,716,000 £580,964,000 JanOct 2032, £44,078,000	£278,724,000 144,497,000 122,995,000 3,207,000
Manufactures Other  Total  Classes and Groups Food, Drink and Tobacco Raw Materials	£308,a^8,000 x35,178,000 x31,802,000 5,716,000 £580,964,000	£278,724,000 144,497,000 128,995,000 3,207,000 £549,424,000  JanOct 2933,
Manufactures Other Total EXPORTS. Classes and Groups Food, Drink and Tobacco. Raw Materials Manufactures	£308,268,000 135,178,000 131,802,000 5,716,000 £580,964,000 JanOct 2032, £44,078,000	£278,724,000 144,497,000 128,995,000 3,207,000 £549,424,000 JanOct 1933 £33,164,000 59,8 8,000
Manufactures Other  Total  Classes and Groups Food, Drink and Tobacco Raw Materials	£308,a68,000 135,178,000 131,802,000 5,716,000 £580,964,000 JanOct 2022. £44,078,000 55,466,000	£278,725,000 144,497,000 128,995,000 3,207,000 £549,424,000 JanOct 1933. £33,164,000

#### FINANCE.

(April to September, 1932 and 1933.)

### RECEIPTS.

1011/1911 115.		
Ordinary Revenue:—  Inland Revenue.  Customs and Excise.  Other	142,860,000	1933. £105,859,000 141,099,000 28,778,842
Total		£275,736,842 34,903,000
Total	£303,165 308	£310,639,842
ISSUES.		
Ordinary Expenditure —  Consolidated Fund	1932 £142,118,904 217,338,286	1933 £112,671,421 211,655,576
		. 55,5,
Total	£359,457,190 34,637,000	£724,326,997
Self-Balancing Expenditure	34,637,000 £394,094,190	£724,326,997

BLIND POPUL	ATION.	
Country	Number	Per 100,000 population
England and Wales (1927)	46,822	119
Scot and (1927)	6,939	141
Northern Iteland (1911)	1,06z	85
Irish Free State ,,	3,250	103
Australia (1921)	3,154	58
Canada (1927)	4,712	49
New Zealand (1928)	650	48
France (1011)	28,945	73
Germany (1925)	34.703	58
Italy (1011)	28,211	8x
Denmark (1925)	r,800	52
India, including Native		
States (1921)	479,637	150
Japan (1928)	51,874	105
U.S.A. (1920)	52,567	49
Of 25 countries supplying populations totalling 764,0 stated to be blind—205 per 2	00,000, 8	tion, with

### * BOYS' CLUBS.

The National Association of Boys' Clubs (President, H. R.H. The buke of Gloucester, K.G.) is responsible for the development and coordination of Boys' Club work throughout the country, and has affiliated to it, either directly or through local organisations, over 900 clubs. These clubs are mainly for working boys between 14 and 18; they provide recreational and educational activities designed to promote the mental, physical and spiritual fitness of their members. Information concerning existing clubs, and advice as to the best methods of starting new clubs, may be obtained from the Secretary, National Association of Boys' Clubs, 27, Bedford Square, London, W.C. z.

Regnal Years.—The years of a king's reign are the regnal years, and each begins on the anniversary of his accession: e.g., Regnal year 24 of the present King began on May 6, 1933; regnal year 25 begins on May 6, 1934. The system is used for dating Acts of Parliament. The Summer Time Act of 1925, for example, is quoted as 15 and 16 Geo. V. ch. 64, because it became law in the session which extended over part of these two regnal years. The regnal years of Edward VII. began on January 22, so that Acts passed in that reign are, in general, quoted with only one year number, but year 10 of this series ended on May 6, 1910, and Acts of the Parliamentary Session 1910 are headed 10 Edw. VII. and 1 Geo. V.

[.] See also London Federation of Boys' Clubs, p. 9955.

### CLOSE TIMES FOR GAME.

IN each case the dates are inclusive :--

Black Game—Dec. 11 to Aug. 19 (Aug. 31 in Somerset, Devon, and New Forest).

- *Grouss-Dec. 11 (Dec. 10, Scotland) to Aug. 11.
- *Partridge—Feb. a to Aug. 31.
- *Pheasant-Feb. z to Sept. 30.
- *Ptarmigan-(Scotland only) Dec. 11 to Aug. 11.
- It is also unlawful (in England and Wales) to kill the game marked * on a Sunday or Christmas Dav
- In England and Wales, hares, rabbits, wood-cock, snipe, quail, landrail, and heath or moor game (and the eggs of swan, wild duck, teal, and widgeon) are protected under the (lame Laws, though no close-time is fixed for them by those laws. In Scotland the same remarks apply to deer and hares, to the first four birds, and to wild duck. The close-time for all these birds to the end of March for hinds.

is, under the Wild Birds Protection Acts, 1880 to 1908, from March a to July 31 both inclusive. Otherwise this close-time applies to all wild birds throughout Great Britain.

### HUNTING AND GROUND GAME.

There is no statutory close-time for fox-lunting or rabbit-shooting, nor for deer or hares; but by an Act passed in 1892 the sale of hares or leverets in Great Britain is prohibited from March 1 to July 31 inclusive under a penalty of a pound. The first Monday in November is the recognised date for the opening of the fox-hunting season, which continues till the following April. Otter-hunting lasts from mid-April to mid-September. The period for deer-hunting or stalking varies from about August za to October za for stags, and from November zo

### SEASONABLE AND UNSEASONABLE FISH.

THE following table shows the periods when the | in their prime or most plentiful; the letter x ifferent kinds of edible fish mostly in use are | signifies that the fish may be obtained, but are different kinds of edible fish mostly in use are "in season" and "out of season."

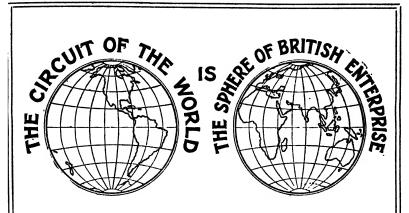
The letter p signifies that the fish are then

not at their best; the letter c signifies that it is "close-time" as fixed by statute.

NAME OF FISH.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov.	Dec.	NAME OF FISH.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec.
Barbel	p	-	c	c	ı	c	-	_	x	"	p	p	Lobster	æ	x	x	x	9,	v	p	p	р	p	n	x
Bass	-	-	-	p	,,	1)	p	1)	x	-	1-			x	x	x	p	p	1,	p	p	x	æ	æ	æ
Bream	p	P	c	î	c	c	-	x	p	p	p	p	Mullet (red)	-	-	œ	æ	v	p	p	D	p	x	x	-
,, (sca)	x	x	2	$\boldsymbol{x}$	2	p	p	v	p	'n	'n		,, (grey)	10	p	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	æ	x	p	p	2)	n	p	p
Briil	1)	p	p	æ	x	x	x	æ	p	'n	p	p	Mussel	p	7)	2	x	-	-	-	x	p	p	p	P
Carp	p	p	c	c	c	c	-	x	x	p	n	p	Oyster (b)	p	p	2)	p	c	c	c	$\boldsymbol{x}$	p	p	p	p
Cathsh			2)	p	l p	p	p	æ	x	x	x	x	Perch	'n	-	c	c	C	c	-	-	x	x	p	p
Char	C	C	x	æ	Į p	p	p	p	c	c	c	c	Periwinkle	p	p	9	v	x	x	x	x	x	p	p	p
Chub		x	r	c	í	c	æ	p	p	p	x	x	Pike	p	p	c	C	C	c	æ	x	x	p	p	p
Coal fish or Saithe		x	x	σ	$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	x	x	æ	p	p	"	Pilchard	-	-	-	-	-	p	p	p	p	p	x	x
Cockle	x	æ	x.	w	x	x	ρ	p	p	p	p	x	Plaice		x	x	æ	x	p	p	p	p	р	p	p
Cod	p	2	2	x	x.	x	x	x	x	p	p	p	Pollock	p	p	x	x	x	x	p	p	p	p	10	p
Conger	x	x	p	p	p	p	p	р	ľ	p	æ		Prawn		p	p	2)	p	p		P	p	p	-	-
Crab			x	p	p	p	p	p	x	2	x		Salmon & Sea		-	-	ľ			ľ	Γ.		_	1	i
Crayfish (a)	x	x	x	x	p	p	p	p	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	æ	x	Trout (d)	C	p	p	p	p	p	р	p	C	C	c	C
Dab			p	p	x	x	x	æ	æ		æ	x	Shad	-	-	-	p	p	x	x	-	-	-	-	-
Dace	p	p	C	C	c	C	-	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	p	p	Shrimp (e)	p	P	2	7)	p	P	р	p	p	p	p	p
Dory	p	p	12	$\boldsymbol{x}$	$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	æ	x	x	x	x	x	Skate	p	p	x	x	x	p	р	p	p	p	p	p
Eel			10	"	x	x	x	p	p	p	P	9	Smelt or Sparting	p	p	p	$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	-	-	æ	p	р	p	p
Flounder			x	x	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	p	p	p	p	p	p	Sole	p	p	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
Grayling	x	x	C	c	c	c	x	x	1	p	p		Sprat		$\boldsymbol{p}$	p	-	-	-	æ	Œ	x	x	x	p
Gudgeon			c	c	C	C	-	-	x	p	1	p	Sturgeon	p	p	p	-	<b> -</b>	x	æ	x	p	p	pl	p
Gurnard (red)		p	p	p	æ	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	12	p	P	p	Tench		p	C	c	c	c	-	-	$\boldsymbol{x}$	p	p	p
,, (grey)	p	p	P	P	x	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	p	p	p	p	Thornback		p	æ	x	æ	p	p	p	p	$\boldsymbol{p}$	p	p
Haddock	p	x	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	p	p	$\boldsymbol{p}$	p	p	p	p	p	Torsk or Tusk		p	x	æ	x	x	x	x	p	p	p	p
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- (a) This is for sea crayfish (or crawfish). River crayfish can be obtained in the summer and autumn. It is illegal to take fresh-water crayfish from March to June.
- (b) Foreign oysters can be sold in the close season, and are to be had almost all through the year, even though they have been laid down in English beds for temporary storage.
- (d) In the close season, salmon from the Netherlands, and also from certain British rivers where net fishing is permitted later in the year than
- usual, are largely sold.

  (e) For the first six months the bulk of our London supply of shrimps comes from the Netherlands, but Dutch shrimps are far inferior to the English, which are plentiful from July to Dec.



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1934

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The Advertisement Manager, WHITAKER'S
ALMANACK, 12, Warwick Lane, E.C. 4.

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# The Auctioneers' and Estate Agents' Institute

29, LINCOLN'S INN FIELDS, LONDON, W.C. 2

(FOUNDED 1886 ML MBERSHIP OVER 6,500)

THE profession of the Auctioneer, Estate Agent, and Valuer is essentially one for a boy of good education. Good education, however, is not in itself sufficient, since the profession offers no prospects to one who is not prepared to work hard, and who is not blessed with a fairly good personality. Every boy whose object is Membership of the Institute must begin by passing the Preliminary Examination, or one of the exempting Examinations, either before or soon after he enters upon his practical training.

Further particulars of the Institute, and a small brochure on entry into the profession, may be obtained on application. If, after reading these, a boy or his parents should require any further information or advice, application should be made to the Secretary, who will be pleased to deal with the matter either by letter or in an interview.

# THE COLLEGE OF ESTATE MANAGEMENT

(Incorporated by Royal Charter)

35 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C. 2.

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Complete Coarses of Preparation for the Examinations of

# CHARTERED. SURVEYORS' INSTITUTION

AUCTIONEERS' & ESTATE
AGENTS' INSTITUTE

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Students are prepared by whole-day tuition at the College or in Evening Classes, or by Postal Tuition.

Apply-THE REGISTRAR.

Tel.: Helborn 8831

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The Weekly Journal

FOR HUNTING AND RACING FOLK (OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE PONY CLUB.) Every Friday Price 3d.

Its contents include: Racing and Breeding Notes by "Audax," a recognised authority; Letters on the Turf in various countries by Resident Correspondents; Comment on current affairs, the Thertre, Polo; Reports on Horse Sales; Show Reports; Hunting news and appointments, etc., etc., "Horse & Hound" is an excellent

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medium for the publicity of high
quality products app. ling to the
sportsman, particularly in relation
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Quarters, or for those requiring
Hunt Servants, Grooms, etc., etc.

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Offices: BESSEMER HOUSE, DUKE
STREET, ADELPHI, LONDON, W.C. 2

Tel.: Temple Bar 8100.
'Grams: Horsanound, Westrand, London,

100

### BEDFORD MODERN SCHOOL

Four Entrance Exhibitions giving exemption from Tuition Fees (£20 for Boys outside Bedfordshire) are awarded by Examination in June. Ages: under 13 and under 15 on June 1st. The Boarding Fee of the School is £70. Apply to the Headmaster's Secretary.

### **DEAN CLOSE** SCHOOL. CHELTENHAM.

An Examination will be held on 7th and 8th June, 1934, for about six Scholarships varying from £80 to £25 per annum. Exhibitions of £30 per annum are available each term for sons of clergy. Fees £126 per annum inclusive. Applications to HEAD MASTER (P. BOLTON, M.A.).

### RYDAL SCHOOL. COLWYN BAY.

An Examination will be held in June, when Scholarships and Exhibitions varying in value from £100 to £20 will be offered. Candidates must be under 144 years on June 1st. There are valuable Leaving Exhibitions. Large Engineering Workshops and Biological Laboratories. Boys may take their 1st M.B. from School. Particulars and Prospectus from the Bursar, Rydal School, Colwyn Bay.

### EXETER SCHOOL. EXETER.

The Entrance Scholarship Examination will be held in July. Four Scholarships (£40 to £10) may be offered. One Exhibition for sons of clergy and another for sons of officers who have fallen in the War are offered for competition as vacancies occur. University Endowment, £600 a year. Apply to JOHN L. ANDREWS, HEAD MASTER, EXETER SCHOOL, EXETER.

### SCHOOLS-PHYSICAL TRAINING COLLEGES.

### The Bedford Physical Training College

Lansdowne Road, Bedford

Principal— Miss STANSFELD

Vice-Principal—Miss PETIT.

The Course of Training extends over three years, and includes the THEORY and PRACTICE of Educational Gymnastics, Medical Gymnastics, Massage and Anatomy, Physiology and Hygiene.

Games - Hockey, Lacrosse, Cricket, Lawn Tennis, Netball. Dancing and Swimming.

Students must be at least 18 years of age.

Fees-£165 per annum.

Particulars on application to— Bedford.

### Anstey Physical Training College

Erdington (near Birmingham)

Principal—Miss M. E. SQUIRE (Bedford Physical Training College Diploma).

Complete training for Teacher's Diploma in Modern Educational Gymnastics (Ling's Principles), Dancing, Games and Swimming. Theory includes Anatomy, Physiology, Hygiene Principles of Teaching.

Students prepared for the Conjoint Examination of the Chartered Society of Massage and Medical Gymnastics.

### Three Years Course.

The Secretary, 37, Lansdowne Road, For Prospectus and particulars of Scholarship, apply Secretary.

### West Buckland School

Barnstaple, N. Devon

Head Muster-

Rev. E. C. HARRIES, M.A.

A PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR PROFESSIONAL AND MIDDLE-CLASS PEOPLE.

Aim—To prepare Boys for Universities, Services, Professional and Commorcial careers. Many recent successes for Army entrance.

Situation—Entirely rural, elevation 650 feet. Most healthy.

Building-Suitably adapted for 150 Boys (Boarders).

Athletics — Encouraged. 20 acres. Officers Training Corps.

India and Colonics .- Boys met. Entire charge taken.

Entrance Scholarships awarded for September Terni.

Fees-4.66 per annum.

### **Dumpton House**

Broadstairs, Kent

FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVAL COLLEGE (Bearders only).

### A. S. ATHAWES, B.A.

(Late Parker Exhibitioner, Corpus Christi College, Cambi idge),

and

R. F. F. TENDALL, B.A. (Honours) (Clare College, Cambridge).

Usual Course. Special provision for young and delicate boys. Suitable premises in own grounds. Large Playing Field, Gymnasium, Miniature Rifle Range. Tennis Court, Daily Physical Drill. Domostic arrangements under the personal supervision of Mrs. and Miss ATHAWES.

### Rickerby House

Carlisle, Cumberland PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR THE PUBLIC

SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVY

Head Master-

### R. A. SHEPHEARD-WALWYN,

M.B.E., M.A. (T.C.D.)
(Late House-Master of the "Probationers" House at Glenalmond)

### M. B. RICHARDSON, B.A. (Cantab.)

(Late of Mill Hill School).

Rickerby House is a solidly-built family mansion in

Bickerby House is a solidly-built family manston in some ten acres of its own grounds on the north side of the River Rion, just outside the city bounds of the River Rion, just outside the city bounds of the Grand County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the County of the

Entire charge of pupils if desired. Prospectus and Fees on application to the Head Master.

### Seafield Park

Near Fareham, Hants.

Principal-

E. W. WEBB, B.A.

Seafield Park, standing in its own grounds of So acres, is a School for boys between the ages of 7 and 14, preparatory for the Public Schools and Royal Navy. It has a large staff, and the most careful individual attention is given in every way. A large number of Scholarships and other successes gained

The climate is ideal for boys, and is particularly suitable for those coming from India and abroad Entire charge can be taken of such boys, and there is a class under a Governess for quite small boys.

The buildings are spaciour and ample, and include Private Chapel, (arpentry Shop, Playrooms, etc., etc., and the house is lit with electricity from its own plant.

The School has its own Farm for the supply of milk, eggs and butter, and a large Kitchen Garden.

Fees-40 guineas a term for boys joining under 12 years of age: 50 guineas a term for boys joining above 12 years of age.

Telegrams: "Webb, Stubbington." Telephone: 6 Stubbington.

Station: FAREHAM

### **Chichester School**

Chichester, Sussex

Head Master-

A. N. COOMBE, M.A., F.R.A.S., Trinity College, Cambridge.

Censor-

E. W. KEECH, Marcon's Hall, Oxford,

BOYS ARE PREPARED FOR THE UNIVERSITIES, SERVICES, ETC.

Ages 12-19.

School Buildings recently erected. Newly equipped Science Laboratory. Rugby Football, Hockey, Cricket, Tennis, Shooting, Gymnastics, Physical Training, Library.

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Guernsey

Founded 1563.

### PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR BOYS

Head Master-

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Unsurpassed climate, particularly suitable for Boys from India and Tropical Countries.

O.T.C., Laboratories, Workshops, Playing Fields.

Preparation for Army, Universities, Professions, etc.

Many Scholarships. Boys admitted at age of 7.

Inclusive Fees from £85 per annum.

Complete charge taken.

### Herne Bay College Herne Bay, Kent

Head Master Senior School (13-19 years)
E. W. TURNER, M.A.

Head Master Junior School (7-14 years)
H. F. WHITFIELD, M.A.

An old-established School, numbering 170 boys, in three separate houses according to age.

Accognised by the Board of Education, War Office, and Air Ministry. Regular School Certificate and Matriculation Classes. All arrangements undertaken for placing boys at Oxford or Cambridge. Preparation for Woolwich, Sandhurst or Cranwell.

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Officers Training Corps, Rugby Football, Cricket, Hockey, Tennis, Sea Bathing.

Entire charge accepted of Boys from overseas.

References to Officers and Civil Servants in the East.

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PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOR THE ROYAL NAVAL COLLEGE, DARTMOUTH.

Head Master-

### H. CAMBRIDGE BARBER, M.A.

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The School buildings stand in their own grounds of 12 acres, 100 feet above sea-level, and include Gymnasium, Carpenter's Shop, Swimming Bath, and detached Sanatonum. Healthy, openiar life. Physical Training carefully organised. Large Staff of fully-qualified Masters and Instructors. Numbers limited to 45; ages, 7 to 14. No Day Boys are received.

Illustrated Prospectus, etc., on application.

# Lydgate House PREPARATORY SCHOOL Hunstanton

Head Master-

R. A. A. BERESFORD, M.A.

(Formerly Scholar of Selwyn College, Cambridge.)

Boys are prepared from 7-14 for Entrance or Entrance Scholarship Examinations at Public Schools and for the Navy.

Though the SCHOOL COURSE follows mainly the usual lines, ELEMENTARY SCIENCE is included, and English Subjects receive special attention

Excellent situation on Cliffs immediately overlooking the Sea. The buildings are thoroughly modern, the rooms light, lofty, and well ventilated.

# Lancaster Royal Grammar School

Lancaster
Founded 1471.

This ancient school effers the advantages of a Public School education at the modest fee of 20 guineas per term.

War Memorial Library, three Chemistry and two Physics Laboratories, Workshop, Gymnasium, Tiled Swimming Bath, Fives Court, Rifle Range, O.T.C. and Playing Fields of 15 acres.

Pupils prepared for Professional and Business Careers, Universities, Army, Engineering, etc.

£500 per annum available for leaving Exhibitions to the Universities.

23 Higher Certificates and 56 School Certificates were gained at the School last year.

Head Master -

## Rev. J. H. SHACKLETON BAILEY, D.D.

Illustrated Prospectus on application.

## The School Malvern Link

H. PAULLEY, M.A.

(Natural Science Exhibitioner, St.John's College, Cambrid 1e)

A. B. KINGSFORD, M.A. (Late Classical Scholar, Queens' College, Cambridge)

BOYS PREPARED FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND NAVY.

House faces south, with large Playground, Carpenter's Shop, Fives Court, Boys' Gardens, Swimming Bath, adjoining house.

Special features of the building are large handsome diving hall, bright lofty bedrooms, and large classrooms,

Excellent Cricket Field of 4 acres.

Entire charge taken of Children whose Parents are abroad.

# St. Cuthbert's

Malvern, Worcs.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Head Masters-

J. E. HEALEY, M.A. (Oxon.)
C. WATSON, B.A. (Oxon.)

Beys of from 7 to 14 years prepared for Public Schools or Dartmouth. Fine open situation, facing Common; south aspect.

Playing Field adjoins School House; Gymnasium, Carpenter's Shop, Swimming Bath.

Boys encouraged to be practical, resourceful, self-reliant.

Mr. and Mrs. Watson are prepared to take entire charge.

# Newton College Newton Abbot, South Devon

Head Master— H. PALLOT, B.Sc. (Lond.)

Public School preparing for Navy, Army, Universities and Professional and Business Careers. Special Coaching if required. Many successes in Woolwich, Sandhurst and Navy Entrance Examinations.

School Buildings include School House, Chapel, Library, Laboratory, Gymnasium, Sanatorium, Swimming Bath, Fives and Racquots Courts.

Both Day Boys and Boarders are admitted to the Preparatory School attached to the College. The College has also an efficient O.T.C.

Excellent Playing Fields. Rugby Football is played in the Autumn and Hockey in the Spring Term.

# Mistley Place Mistley, Essex

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Head Master—
E. M. JACKSON, M.A. (Cautab, Classical Tripos).

Premises—Stand in park-like grounds of about 30 acres. Gravel soil. Gymnasium.

Curriculum—Arranged to meet the requirements of Common Entrance Examination, Preparation for Scholarships, and entrance to the Royal Naval College, Dartmouth. Numerous successes.

Miniature Rifle Range, Boxing, Swimming, Salt Water Bathing, Swedish Drill.

Fees-£105 to £120 per annum.

"A Home-School in Ideal Surroundings"—vide Press.

# Town Close House,

PREPARATORY SCHOOL,

Norwich.

Principal-

W. J. DEARNALEY, M.A., F.R.G.S., M.R.S.T.

Aims to provide boys under 14 years of age who are entered for the Public Schools and Royal Navy with such a balance between sound scholarship and courteous manliness as will best ensure their fullest development, mental and physical, in later years. All Classrooms and Dormitories are bright and airy. Separate Pre-Preparatory Department for very young boys.

Fees moderate and inclusive.

# **Oswestry School**

Oswestry, Salop.

Founded 1407.

Head Master-

R. WILLIAMSON, M.A. (Cantab.)

Premises—Healthily situated 500 feet above sea-level. 9 acres of beautifully-wooded grounds, with Playing Fields of 16 acres. School Chapel. Science block, including Laboratory, Lecture Theatre, etc.

Aim - To give sound education. Preparation for Universities and various professions. Several Scholarships and House Exhibitions. Open-air Swimming Bath. Games carefully supervised.

Separate Preparatory Department for Boys up to age 10.

Inclusive Fees -- From £67 to £91 per annum, according to age.

Reduced Fees for Sons of Clergy.

# **Dudley House School**

Grange Road, West Cliff, Ramsgate, Kent.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Principal ~

J. E. RIORDAN, L.C.P., M.R.S.T.

Premises.—Situated 100 feet above scalevel, with fine sea views.

Curriculum - Scripture, English, History, Physical and Commercial Geography, Mathematics, French, Science, Drawing and Writing, Shorthand and Book-keeping, Class Singing.

Preparation for Oxford Locals and Common Entrance Examinations and for Business.

Physical Training daily and Games.

Fees-18 guineas per term inclusive.

# Churcher's College

Petersfield, Hants Founded 1722.

Head Muster-

GRAHAM HOGGARTH, M.A. (Oxon.)

A Public School education, for boys aged 10 to 18, at very moderate cost. Fees from £72 a year. Entire charge taken. Boys prepared for Cambridge School and Higher Certificates, London Matriculation, Inter-B. A. and Inter-B. Sc., University Scholarships, Sandhurst, Woolwich, Cranwell, Civil Service Examinations, Commerce, and the Professions.

Ideal situation. Beautiful and healthy surroundings. Spacious buildings recently enlarged. Rugby Football, Cricket, Tennis, Fives, Boxing, Swimming (new Bath), P.T. and Gynnastics, Miniature Range, Carpentry, Gardening, and other hobbies. Officers Training Corps.

House Scholarships and Leaving Exhibitions.

Preparatory School for boys aged 6 to 10.

P. ospectuses on application.

# Reading School Reading, Berks.

Head Master-

G. H. KEETON, M.A.

Member of the Headmasters' Conference.

Staff of 34 fully-qualified masters.

School stands in its own grounds. Buildings include Gymnasium, Laboratories, Workshops, Swimming Baths, etc.

A separate Preparatory School for boys between the ages of 8 and 11 also stands in the School grounds. Excellent Cricket and Foctball grounds.

Scholarships and Leaving Exhibition to all Universities.

Boys are regularly prepared for Entrance Scholarships at the Universities, for Civil Service and Professional Examinations.

The Vth Forms are regularly entered for the School Certificate Examinations of the Oxford and Cambridge Joint Board.

Inclusive fees, £86 per annum. Music, £2 10s. a term extra.

Full details from The Bursar, Reading School.

# King's School

Rochester, Kent

(Founded in the 7th century, reconstituted 1542.)

Ilead Muster-

Rev. W. PARKER, B.D., M.A. (late Scholar of Trinity College, Dublin)

Assisted by Large Staff of Masters.

School, an old Public School, preparing for Universities, Woolwich, Sandhurst, and Civil Service Examinations, and for Commerce.

Junior School prepares for Dartmouth and for Scholarships in King's School.

Separate Houses. Numerous Exhibitions and Scholarships. Officers Training Corps.

Fees-£83 to £103 per annum.

See " Public Schools Year Book."

### St. Peter's School

Sheringham, Norfolk

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

G. T. W. CRAWHALL, M.A. (Cantab.),

prepares 30 boys, ages 7-14, for Public Schools and Navy.

Health, discipline, work, and manners primary considerations. General knowledge a speciality.

Premises specially built for a school, 100 feet above sea-level. 2 acres of ground.

Great attention paid to diet and physical training.

Individual attention in school and out.

Fees-32 to 40 guineas per term.

# Kingsland Grange

Shrewsbury, Salop.

Principals—

The Rev. P. C. WEST, M.A. Marlborough and Oriel (Oxon.)

D. P. BIGGS, M.A. (Rossall and Cambridge)

Receives 70 boys (7-14) to be prepared for Entrance and Scholarship Examinations at Public Schools and Royal Naval College.

Premises stand on high ground opposite Shrewsbury School. South aspect. Gravel soil. 13 acres of grounds. Gymnasium. Sanatorium.

Recently inspected by H.M.I. and placed on list of Efficient Schools.

Fees—Boarders, 37 guineas per term.
Day Boys, 11 ,, ...

# Homefield School

Sutton, Surrey

PREPARATORY FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVY

Principal—
Mr. WALFORD.

Premises stand in own grounds, 200 feet above sea-level, in best residential part of Sutton.

Curriculum—Latin, Greek, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, French, German, History, Geography, English Grammar, Scripture, Reading, Spelling, Music and Dancing.

Gymnasium—Drill (Swedish and Military), Rifle Range, Carpentry, Swimming.

# Rose Hill School

# Tunbridge Wells

Principal—

Mr. R. SAUNDERS JOHNSON, B.A.

Assisted by an experienced and efficient Resident and Visiting Staff.

PREPARATORY FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVY.



The School, which has been established more than roo years, is healthily situated on the Common, 400 feet above sea-level.

First-class health and educational records. All games and Gymnasium.

Small, separate classes.

Entire charge.

Overseas references.

Fees Moderate and practically inclusive.

A Prospectus will be sent on application to Principal.

Telephone, Tunbridge Wells 501.

# Taunton School

Taunton, Somerset

Head Master-

H. NICHOLSON, M.A. (Cantab.) (1st Class Honours, Modern Languages Tripos.)

Staff of over 40 masters.

This Public School stands in grounds of over 52 acres. Buildings include Laboratories, Music School, Chapel, Sanatorium, Swimming Baths, Gymnasium, Fives Courts, Tennis Courts, Armoury, etc.

Preparation for Universities, Professions, Civil Service and Commerce.

6 Leaving Scholarships—numerous Entrance Scholarships, etc.

Separate Preparatory School.

Entire charge of boys from India and the Colonies.

All details on application to the Head Master.

# Shirley House School

Watford, Herts.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVAL CADETSHIPS

Principal-

R. T. CAMPBELL, B.A. (Cantab.)

Boys received from 7 to 14.

Main Subjects: Classics, Mathematics, English and French (on Modern Conversational methods).

School House in own grounds (18 acres). Cricket and Football Field (5 acres). Specially designed Classrooms. Gymnasium. Sanitation perfect. Drill: Swedish and Military. Open-air Swimming Bath. Rifle Range, Squash Racquets Court, Carpenter's Shop.

Recognised as efficient by the Board of Education.

Entire charge of Pupils from abroad. Telephone, 3439 Watford.

# Victoria College

Westbury, Wilts. Founded 1844.

Recognised by the Board of Education. INDEPENDENT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS ON PUBLIC SCHOOL LINES.

Georgian mansion, with separate buildings for Classrooms and Laboratories. Speech Hall to hold 300. The School is set in 56 acres of grounds. Cricket Ground. 7 Tennis 5-acre Courts. 7 Ten. Tennis Squash Racquets Kitchen Gardens to feed the School.

Recent successes include London. Bristol and Durham Matriculations, Oxford and Cambridge School Leaving Certificates, Bristol First School Certificate, Army Entrance Sandhurst, the Royal Air Force, the Professions.

There is a separate Junior School where boys are prepared for the Senior School. Entry to the Senior School is

by examination.

Applications for entry should be made to the Head Master.

# Sebright School

Wolverley

(near Kidderminster)

Head Master-

R. C. LUCAS, B.A., B.Sc.

Owing to a large endowment, the Governors can offer a first-rate education for £70 per annum.

New buildings costing £45,000 opened in 1931.

Exhibitions of £100 per annum to the Universities.

The School is situated in beautiful country in its own grounds of 50 acres.



foundation -physical and mental -together with the

ideals which enable a boy to make the best of his opportunities.

Fecs Moderate and Inclusive.

Prospectus and full particulars from the Head Master-R. J. HALCOMB, M.A., M.R.S.T., LOWER WICK, Nr. WORCESTER. Telephone, Powick 6.

# Sompting Abbots

Worthing, Sussex

(2 miles from Worthing.)

Principal-

A.C.RUTHERFORD, B.A. (Oxon.)

PREPARATORY (6 to 15) FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVY.

Premises stand in own grounds and parklands of 24 acres, on the south slope of the Downs, well protected from north winds.

Central heating. Electric light.

Curriculum based on requirements of Public Schools.

Individual attention. Physical Drill. Cricket, Football, Tennis, Bathing.

# Hawnes School Ampthill, Beds.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR GIRLS BETWEEN THE AGES OF 10 AND 19 YEARS.

Recognised by the Board of Education.

Headmistress—

Miss J. G. TOWNSHEND, M.A. (Cantab.)

Second Mistress—

Miss M. M. CHAPMAN, M.A. (Oxon.)

Curriculum—A course of general study for younger girls, who can be prepared for School Certificate and other Examinations. Arrangements are made for girls over 16 to devote extra time to Languages, Music, Art, Domestic Science, or to prepare for University entrance or the first Medical examination.

Grounds—93 acres. Extensive Playing Fields. Lacrosse, Hockey, Tennis, Swimming, Riding.

Fees - £120 180 per annum according to age of entry.

Scholarships and Bursaires awarded annually.

#### SCHOOLS-GIRLS.

# The Ashford High School for Girls

Ashford, Kent

Head Mistress ---

Miss BRAKE.

RECOGNISED BY THE BOARD OF EDUCA-TION AS AN EFFICIENT SECONDARY SCHOOL.

Buildings—Spacious Tudor residences Modern sanitation. Charming old-world gardens, lawns and playing fields 20 acres in extent. Gymnasium.

Ann—To provide on Public School lines thoroughly efficient education in cultured Christian atmosphere.

School Course includes proparation for University Examinations and Scholarships, Drawing, Class Singing, Drill, Needlework, Organised Games, Music, and Dancing. Preparatory House for little girls under II.

Fecs-28 to 31 guineas per term.

# Fairview Ashford, Kent

Principal—
Miss BAILEY, LL.A.
(Registered)

Assisted by Certificated English and Foreign Governesses and Visiting Professors.

Receives a limited number of pupils for thorough instruction in the usual branches of a High-Class Modern Education. Individual care. Home comforts. Every effort made to secure religious, mental, and physical well-being of the girls.

Entire charge taken.

Gymnasium and Organised Games.

Fees—From 20 guineas per term inclusive.

# Parsons Mead Ashtead, Surrey

Principal—
Miss ELLISTON

Head Mistress-

Miss NOËL ROBERTS Oxford (Hons.)

Parsons Mead is a picturesque and comfortable house standing in beautiful grounds, with orchard, Playing Field and Tennis Lawns, including a Hard Court.

The general aim of the School is to train the mind and body of every girl in such a way as to fit her for her position in life, and individual character and abilities are carefully studied.

The School is a centre for the Cambridge Locals and the examinations of the Associated Board, and Pupils are regularly prepared for these examinations.

All the members of the staff are graduates or specialists.

# Girls' Modern School Bedford

Head Mistress-

Miss TONKIN, M.A. (Cantab.)

Curriculum—Includes Mathematics, History, Literature, Geography, Modern Languages, Latin, Science, Drawing, Singing, Neellework, Physical Training, and Domo-tic Science.

Preparation for usual exac inations.

Two Scholarships awarded annually, and Leaving Exhibition of £50, tenable for three years.

Hockey, Netball Tennis.

Entrance Fee £1. Turtion Fre, £3 6s. 8d.

Boarding Fee, £20.

Prospectus may be obtained from Clerk to the Harpur Trust, or the Head Mistress.

# Beverley High School for Girls

Beverley, Yorks.

Head Mistress-

Miss G. M. ROSSITER, B.A.

To supply thorough liberal education based upon ideals of great Public Schools

Importance attached to formation of character. Equipment for home life as well as University careers.

Strain avoided. Health encouraged by Physical Exercises and Games.

Modern premises in 12 acres. Gymnasium.

Boarding house for 15 pupils in own grounds.

Fees—Day Pupils, £4 4s., £5 5s. Boarders, £20 extra.

# Worthingholm

Hastings Road, Bexhill

Principals { Miss FISHER. Miss MORTER.

RESIDENT SCHOOL FOR DAUGHTERS OF GENTLEMEN.

Extensive School Premises. House system.

Aim of School—To provide sound education on modern lines combined with thorough Physical Culture and careful Training of Character.

Preparation for usual examinations. Thorough Musical Education.

Swedish Drill, Tennis, Hockey, Netball.

Entire charge of Pupils where Parents are abroad.

# Oaklea

## Buckhurst Hill, Essex

Principal-

#### Miss BEATRICE GARDNER

Inspected and recognised as efficient by the Board of Education, 1921. The house occupies a high position overlooking miles of open forest land. Carefully graded education for girls 8 to 10. Targe and highly qualified Staff. Programmes of the Parents' Union School are fellowed. Individual time-tables for school work. Preparation for higher examinations. Local centre for Oxford examinations. Great attention is paid to health and individual physical development, outdoor life, games, gardening. Grounds nearly Dancing. Games. 7 acres. Home-like holidays arranged for pupils from abroad.

# St. Mary's School

Bungay, Suffolk

School Motto: "Ma force est d'en haut."

# Principal— Miss ANNIE KNIGHT

Premises—Situated on high ground five minutes' walk from beautiful common.

Curriculum—Divinity, usual English subjects, Mathematics, Nature Study, Botany, French, Class Singing Theory of Music, Drawing, Painting, Needlework.

Preparation for usual examinations.

Girl Guides. Physical Culture. Dancing, Games.

Fees -40 to 50 guineas per annum.

## St. Helen's

#### Cockermouth

Principal-

Miss WHEELER, M.R.S.T.

AN IDEAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
IN THE LAKE DISTRICT

Recognised as efficient by the Board of Education. In an unrivalled situation in its own grounds. Graduate Staff. Many examination successes. Excellent health record. Easy of access from all parts of the North. A few miles from Keswick. Entrance Scholarships available.

Please send for Prospectus.

Fees-Economic and Inclusive.

Telephone, 49.

## Great Moreton Hall

Nr. Congleton, Cheshire

School for Girls. Boarders only.

Established 1890.

A fine castellated mansion overlooking its own beautiful and well-wooded park of over 160 acres. Picturesque lake. Noted gardens.

Ideal environment for educational purposes.

Large staff of graduates. Centro for Examinations. Fine Cymnasium and Model Theatre.

Juniors £25, Seniors £30, per term inclusive.

Prospectus, with views and list of successes, from—

Mrs. LITTLEHALES, Principal.

# Dr. Williams' Endowed School for Girls

Dolgelley, N. Wales

Head Mistress -

Miss E. C. NIGHTINGALE, M.A.

Beautiful country.

Tennis, Cricket, Swimming, Riding, Netball and Hockey.

Accommodation for 120 boarders.

Preparation for any University. Special courses in Music, Art, Domestic Science, Secretarial Work.

Boarding, Tuition, Books—inclusive fee, 22 guineas per term.

TREMHYFRYD.

PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT—Boys and Girls, from 5 years.

Entire charge if desired.

# Rippingale

Bolsover Road, Eastbourne

Principals-

#### Miss ETHEL WORTERS

(Class. Tripos Girton Coll., Camb. Training Coll.)

#### Miss BURNEY

(Oxford Degree Cert. Hons. Scholar Royal Holloway Coll.).

Premises—Detached, on high ground close to Sea and Downs.

Aim — To give high-class modern education with thorough moral, intellectual and physical training.

Preparation for usual examinations. Special course Domestic Economy and Hygiene.

Entire charge where Parents abroad.

Fees-38 guineas per term.

# Liverpool College for Girls

Huyton (near Liverpool)

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (Church of England)

Chairman-

The Rt. Hon.
LORD COZENS-HARDY, D.L.

Visitor-

The

LORD BISHOP OF LIVERPOOL

Head Mistress-

Miss G. ANTHONY, B.A. (Lond.).

Extensive School buildings in healthy country. School Chapel. House system. Large resident Staff. Good faculities for Languages, Science, Music (Orchestra), Art, Physical Training, Domestic Science, etc. Senior Girls prepared for Public Examinations, University Scholarships, and for taking up Professional and other carcers (Medicine, Dentistry, Teaching, Secretarial Work, etc.). Annual Entrance Scholarship Examination. Leaving Scholarships to Universities.

Annual Entrance Scholarship Examination in March.

# Queen's College, London, W.I

Patron:

HER MAJESTY THE OUEEN

Visitor:
THE LORD BISHOP OF LONDON

Principal:

Miss G. E. HOLLOWAY, B.A.

The College provides a GENERAL EDUCATION for Girls of all ages and has courses of lectures for Advanced Students in Literature, History, Modein and Classical Languages, Art, etc. MUSICIANSHIP included in curriculum for Younger Girls.

Special facilities for the teaching of SCIENCE; three fully equipped Laboratories. Students prepared for all examinations up to and including UNIVERSITY SCHOLARSHIP, FIRST M.B., PREMEDICAL CONJOINT BOARD, Intermediate B.A. and B.Sc.

Games, Gymnastics, Dancing, Music, Painting, Drawing. A one year's training in SECRETARIAL WORK and one in COOKERY and HOUSEHOLD MANAGEMENT. To all RESIDENT STUDENTS ample opportunity is given for visiting places of interest in and around London.

Full particulars of College, Preparatory School and Residence from the Principal, 43-47, Harley Street, W. z.

# Moorfield

# Mannamead, Plymouth Established 1850.

Recognised by the Board of Education 1932.

SCHOOL FOR DAUGHTERS OF OFFICERS IN THE SERVICES AND OF PROFESSIONAL MEN

Principals-

# Miss BAILEY, B.A. (Hons. London) Miss POCOCK

(Successors to Miss Dallas)

Assisted by Highly-Certificated Trained Mistresses and the Leading Professors.

The School stands high in its own grounds in the healthiest suburb of Plymouth.

A Junior School for pupils under 10 (day boys under 7) has been opened at "Seymour."

A thorough education on modern lines is given.

Careful individual attention.

Entire charge is taken of Children whose Parents are abroad.

Terms and Prospectus on application.

# Wychwood Girls' School Oxford

Principals-

Miss MARGARET LEE, M.A. (Oxon.)

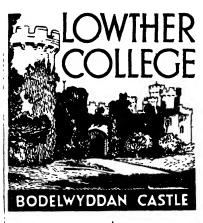
Miss GERALDINE COSTER, B.Litt. (Oxon.)

Recognised by Board of Education.

Eighty girls, aged 6 to 18. Development of individual character by training in self-discipline and right use of freedom, subject to old-fashioned standard of courtesy and consideration for others. Small classes; large resident staff. Sports—Lacrosse, Netball, Tennis (one hard, 4 grass courts), Swimming, Boating, Rading. Bedrooms single or cubicled. Health record exceptional. Training for citizenship throughout school. Elder girls prepared for Universities and professions.

Entire charge taken if desired.

Inclusive boarding fees, 150 guineas per annum.



#### FOR GIRLS

Resident Pupils only

#### Near RHYL, NORTH WALES

Approved by the Board of Education

Chan man-

The Rt. Hon.
The LORD GISBOROUGH

Principal-

Mrs. LINDLEY

Beautifully situated in a park of 400 acres, overlooking sea and mountains. Pupils prepared for all examinations, including University Entrance. Large Staff. Lecture Hall and Science block containing

Laboratories for Chemistry, Physics, Botany and Electricity. Gymnasium, Art Room, Music Rooms, Swimming Bath. Riding, all Games, Golf Course. Domestic Science, Gardening and Scoretarial Departments. Three Open Scholarships. Diet exceptional, including fresh fruits, salad, and ground nuts daily. Certified milk only.

Entire charge of Children from Abroad.

# **Upper Chine School for Girls**

Shanklin, Isle of Wight



Inspected by the Board of Education and placed on their List of Efficient Approved Schools.

The School stands in its own delightful grounds of 14 acres, with Playing Fields (12 acres) adjoining 11 Tennis Courts (5 hard). Preparations for all Evanmations and Careers. Fully-qualified Staff. Domestic Science and Secretarial Courses for Elder Girls. Riding. Girl Guides. Handierafts. Recent additions include Private Chapel, Library, Science Laborator. Gymnasium, Studio,

and additional Boarding House.

Telephone, No. 8. Hinstrated Prospectus on application.

Principal-MISS DAMON.

# Winchester House School, and The Lodge (Junior House)

St. Leonards - on - Sea, Sussex

Recognised by the Board of Education.

Founded 1860.

Principals—

Miss L. BEEFORTH, M.A., M.R.S.T. Miss F.M. MACKRELL, B.A., M.R.S.T.

Comprehensive and practical education. Every opportunity for specialising given to elder pupils. Pupils prepared for School Certificate, Matriculation and University Scholarship Examinations.

Elevated situation (gravel), sanitation certified. Gymnasium, Science Laboratory, Vita-Glass Sunroom. 5 acres for Games and Outdoor Activities. Sea Bathing, Ridding, Gardoning. All Games.

Fees—From £120 to £150 a year.
Entrance Scholarships offered annually.
Entire charge taken.

# Fosse Bank Girls' School

Tonbridge, Kent

38th Year

Senior Boarders House. Junior Boarders House. Modern School Buildings. Nine Tennis Courts.

Inclusive Fee £30 per Term, which covers all School Subjects, Board-Residence, Plain Laundry and Pianoforte Lessons.

Prospectus from Headmistress

# The High School Ashburton, South Devon

(on fringe of Dartmoor).

Accommodation for about 60 boarders.

Premises—Formerly a Country Gentleman's residence, specially adapted for a Girls' Boarding School, with Kindergarten for pupils, including little boys, under 8. Lovely grounds and Playing Fields. Swimming Pocl in the Dart. Use of fine Gymnasium. 'Buses direct to Plymouth, London, Bournennouth and Birmingham. Electric Light throughout. Highly qualified staff of 10 for about

80 pupils.

Proparation for the Universities and for professional and business careers. Inspected

by Cambridge University Syndicate.
Boys taken at THE WILDERNESS SCHOOL.

Entire charge is taken, at very moderate rates, of pupils from abroad. The climate is exceptionally mild and healthy.

Fees—Tuition, 3-4 gumeas. Board 13-16 guineas, according to age.

For Prospectus, etc., apply to the Bursar

# Alexander House School (Boys) "Hilderstone"

(Girls & Little Boys)
Broadstairs, Kent

(Within five minutes' walk of each other.)

Good-class Boarding Schools for Boys and Girls, giving a thoroughly sound education on modern lines, combined with "real home life." Special care and attention to delicate, backward, and young children.

Entire charge taken of Children from abroad.

During term time the Schools work as separate establishments, but during the holidays they are combined for "home life."

Terms by arrangement.

Prospectus from Head Master or Head Mistress.

### Morrison's Academy Crieff, Perthshire

SITUATED ON THE SOUTHERN SLOPES OF THE GRAMPIANS

IIead Master—
JAMES DONALDSON, M.A.

Junior and Senior Schools for Boys from 8 to 18 years of age. Boys prepared for University Entrance, Civil Service and Army Examinations, and for Professional and Commercial Carcers Officers Training Corps, extensive Playing Fields, large Swimming Bath. Three Boarding Houses Holiday arrangements made for boys when Parents alroad

Boarding and School Fees.—£90 per annua.
Prospectus and further information from the
Head Master.

UNDER THE SAME GOVERNORS: SEPARATE STAFF, BUILDING AND PLAYING FIELDS

Morrison's Girls' School

Head Mistress-

Miss BEATRICE S. MASON, M.A.

Preparatory, Girls and Boys 5 to 8 years: Upper School, Girls 8 to 18 years. From Kindergarten to University Entrance. Physical Training, Dancing, Swimming, Tennis, Hockey.

Prospectus and particulars of Girls' Boarding House from the Head Mistress.

# Dollar Academy

(John McNabb's School)
Dollar, Scotland.
Founded 1818.

Head Master—

HUGH F. MARTIN, M.A.

(Late Sucil Exhibitioner of Balliol Coll., Oxford), Senior and Junior Schools

for pupils from 10 to 18.
Preparatory Department for Younger Pupils.

Beautifully situated in 25 acres of grounds, accessible from Edinburgh and Glargow.

Preparation for Universities, Army, Gvil Service, Engineering, Professional and Commercial Carcers. Separate Boarding Houses. Officers Trainfic Corps.

Entire charge where Parents abroad. Holiday Home at Seasule in connection with the School.

Inclusive Boarding and Tuition Fees, 90 to 96 guinnas per annum. Reduction in case of brothers.

Postal address: Dollar, Clackmannanahire.
Prospectus on application to School Secretary.

The School has a Preparatory Department, which takes pupils from 5 -ro years of age, Junior Boarding Houses are provided for pupils attending the Preparatory Department. This Department is under the control of the same Governing Body as the Academy.

### Southend School

(Established 1904)

#### Hatherley Brake, Cheltenham

Principal-Miss A. KING-TURNER

Offers Special Facilities for the Training and Education of Backward and Delicate
Children and Elder Girls.

Premises situate on outskirts of Cheltenham in 6 acres of beautifully wooded grounds. Expert Health and Educational advantages. Kindergarten and Montessori Methods for Juniors. Housecraft, Music, Needlework, Handerafts, Remedial Exercises, Poultry-keeping, Gardening and Horticulture. Outdoor Gymnastics and Garden Games.

Telephone, 3539 Cheltenham. For Terms and Prospectus apply -The PRINCIPAL.

# Worcester College for the Blind

Worcester

Head Master-G. C. BROWN, M.A. (Lond.)

Endowed Public School providing for blind boys and those of defective sight a first-grade Public School education.

Premises—Modern, equipped with all the apparatus necessary for the College's peculiar needs.

PREPARATORY MAIN AND SENIOR SECTIONS.

Preparation for University, Professional and Business Careers.

Boat House on the Severn. Swimming Bath on premises. Many valuable Scholarships.

**Fices-Lioo to Lizo per annum.**

See " Public Schools Year Book "

# The Colthurst House Schools

Warford (near Alderley Edge) Cheshire

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS SUFFERING FROM EPILEPSY.

Children are given the most careful medical supervision, taught ordinary school subjects by qualified teachers, play all the usual games, and thoroughly enjoy life. They have the best chance that can be given them of developing along normal lines and becoming evertually well-educated healthy men and women.

# School for Development of Backward, Nervous, and Exceptional Children

WHO CANNOT BE TAUGHT WITH ADVANTAGE IN ORDINARY BOARDING SCHOOLS

Export health and educational treatment. Department for Girls over School age. Kindergarten for Juniors. Temperamental difficulties studied, remedial exercises, etc. Gardening and outdoor occupations. Entire charge taken when required.

Particulars from-

Miss ALICE MEIKLEJON

St. Paul's House, Upper Maze Hill, St. Leonards-on-Sea.

Telephone, Hastings 560.

# INDEX TO HOLIDAY GUIDE SECTION.

LOCAL GUIDES.	Torquay	
HOTEL8 (Licensed).	London, S W 1 Hans Crescent Hotel  Newquay Tokarne Hotel  Par (S Conwall) St. Austell Bay Hotel  Ripon Unicon Hotel .  Ryde Royal Esplanade Hotel .	Crabam-Farmer xxviii Crabam-Farmer xxvii Crabam-Farmer xxviii G Smith xxviii S, J. Gilmore xxviii
PRIVATE HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES.	Hogner Regris Rock Gardens Hotel	F. Pullm xxvi The Misser Cottle xxvi Miss Reilly xxvii Miss W. Mitchell xxvii E. W. Parsons xxxi Mis. Coombes Crossley xxx
HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENTS.	Boxhill Ernest Sheather, FAL.  Hastings and St. F. Tanton, FAL.  Malvern Lear & Son, FAL.  Malvern J. B. Harper & Sons  Ramsgate Scallett & Goldsack.  Southampton Waller & King, FAL.  Swange Phimmets  Swange Woxsford, White & Howell  Torquay Cox & Son, FAL.	6, Dame Alice Street xxvl 28, Devonshite Road xxvi 14, St. Leonards Road xxvi
GENERAL	Sevenoaks S. Young & Son Sherborne Carter & Co	. House Furnishers xxviii Groces, etc xxix

### TEMPERATURE AND SUNSHINE AT BRITISH HEALTH RESORTS.

Mean Temperature of the Air and the Percentage of the Possible Duration of Bright Sunshine at British Health Resorts and Chief Towns during the year October 1932 to September 1932. The mean temperature at Nice during the fifty years 1852-1900 is added for comparison.

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Aberdeen	45 2	25	42°I	<b>23</b>	42'3	19	47°E	a8	36.0	<b>23</b>	38 I	27
Balmoral	40'5 49'9		37.9	10	38.3	18	43°6 50°5		30.0	28	34 7 41 0	34
Bath	47.5	32	45 ⁵ 43 ⁸	16	43'I	20	48.2	31 25	36 I	24	39.3	30
Blackpool	48.6	29	45'0	15	43'7	22	49'5	32	37.6	24	40'8	33
Bournemouth	50.3	35	45.6	18	43.5	25	50.3	32	37.9	30	41.0	34
Bradford Brightou	46'5 51'4	25 33	42°9 46°3	11	4x*8	12 25	47 8 50 7	24 35	35 [.] 7	28	38.4	24 27
Buxton	44.7	23	41'1	7	39 6	8	45.7	23	33.8	12	36'4	26
Cambridge	49 4	27	44'5	15	419	21	49'7	28	35 9	26	40.3	33
Cardiff	49'3	37	44 8	20	42.0	18	49'7	33	37.9	34	40 4 39 0	35 30
Cheltenham Clacton-on-Sea .	47 7 49 9	31	43 ['] 7 45 5	19	41'9 41'5	24	49'I	29 34	36 3 38 o	30	39 9	38
Colwyn Bay	50 2	18	46 5	18	44 8	22	50.1	30	30.0	33	48 3	28
Coventry	47 9	24	44 I	13	42.0	17	49'4	25	36.3	19	36.6	3x
Douglas, I. of Man.	48 5 48 1	36	44 7 45 5	17	42'5 44'I	24	49 ⁴ 48 9	29	37'7	23	39 7 40 7	29 37
Dublin	46.0	37	44'7	23	44 =	21	48 7	33	39 7 37 6	34	39 9	27
Dundee	45 5	28	42.2	23	41.8	15	47 5	31	35 9	27	386	38
Easthourne	51 x	33	46.6	19	43.7	29	50 5	37	38.3	22	40.0	30
Edinburgh	46 z	26 36	42 8 49 I	24 17	46 5	16	47.6 51.8	29 34	37.6 41.7	33 32	39'I	29 30
Felixstowe	50.3	30	45.8	19	4× 7	24	49 7	32	38.x	26	40'I	36
Greenock	46 9	-	43'4	-	42 Q		48.6	-	37'4	-	39'9	
Guernsev	53 9 46 5	35 28	49 3	22	46.6	28 16	52.3	38	42 5	30 16	43'7 38 3	28 24
Harrogate	50 X	33	43 3 46 1	14 18	43.1	27	47 7 50 3	27 35	35'9 38 3	34	40'4	2Q
Hull	48'3	25	45 0	10	42 7	13	49 7	27	37'9	12	40'5	≥5
Leamington Spa	48.9	25	44'5	18 •	41 9	21	49'4	26	36.x	26	40'I	32
Littlehampton Liverpool (Bidston)	50'7 48 5	34	45 7 45 0	20	429	26 19	50.0	35 28	37 8	33	40'4	3 <b>*</b>
Llandudno	20.3	25 22	45 7	13 19	43 I 45 8	22	49°2 50°7	32	37 6 39 8	27 34	41 g	29
Loudon (West'1) .	50.7	25	46'3	8	44 I	13	51.2	25	38 5	9	41.7	19
Malvern	48.9	33	44.4	21	41 9	23	49.5	31	36.2	36	40 0	37
Manchester	48 5 51 4	15	45 3 46 7	4 22	43'5 43 7	5 22	20.3	19 36	38.2	6	40 5 41 5	19 36
Marlborough	47'5	32 30	42 7	17	41'1	19	48.1	30	39.3	25 23	38 0	36
Newquay	51 5	32	47'9	23	45'I	17	51.0	36	40'4	32	42'3	31
Norwich	48 6	21	44 7	15	41 8	21	20,1	29	36.9	26	40'2	28
Oxford	47'5 49 I	23 30	43 9 44 3	13 21	42'3 42'5	24 24	49'3	23	36.1	18 27	40'I	30 34
Paiguton	5 ¹ 7	40	478	13	44.7	16	5x'3	32	40 I	27	42'3	3 <b>2</b>
Penzance	52 3	35	47 8	19	46 9	13	52 4	34	42 7	29	43'7	31
Plymouth Portsmouth	21.3	37	48 I	24	45.5	19	21,1	34	41 2	32	42'3	34
loss-on-Wye	51 4 48.7	36 33	44 5	19	43.6 42.6	25 23	51'4 49 5	34 30	38.4 36.0	25	41 6	35
Scarborough	48 5	33	45'5	II	436	11	49 7	27	38 5	35	41.1	19
Scilly	53 I	42	50'I	22	48 0	19	52'3	38	44'3	35	44 9	34
Sheffield Skegness	47.9	26	44 0	10	42°5 42°0	13	49.0	24	36.9	14	39'5	27 29
Southampton	47 ['] 9 49 ['] 7	30	44'3 45 3	18	430	20	48.7 50 3	29 29	37 z	20 19	39°5	28
Southend	50.2	30	45 6	18	42'I	21	50.8	33	37 5	21	40'2	33
Southport	48 5	28	44.4	16	42 9	21	49'3	31	369	25	106	37
Stonyhurst	46 3 51 4	29	43'I 47'9	10	42°I 44 8	22 18	47 9	28	36'z	17	38.2	31
Totland Bay	21.0	42 37	46.3	17	44'1	28	22.3	34 35	40'5 39'0	29 29	42 I 40 8	35 33
Tunbridge Wells	48'3	31	43'9	17	40'9	22	49'I	34	35.8	25	38.9	27
Valencia	50'5	24	49'X	20	46 5	2X	2z.3	26	42.6	26	43 5	3x
Ventnor Weymouth	5='5	37	47'9 47'8	18	45'I 44'7	32	51.2	35	40.3	28	4x'4 4x'8	35 35
Woolacomba	22.0	37	47.9	_	45 3		21.3	35	39 ⁹	3x	42'0	<i>5</i> 0
Worthing	50.6	36	46'x	31	43'0	28	50.3	36	38.3	33	40.3	29
Yarmouth	49'5	22	46'z	16	48'3	21	49'8	29	38.4	29	40'3	28
York	47'7	23	44'2	12	48 4	±4	49'I	24	36.0	13	39.7	*3
Nice (1851-1900)	61.0		52'7		47'3	_		_	46.4		47'5	
	(	- 1	-, 1		7,3				7. 7		7/ 0	_

### TEMPERATURE AND SUNSHINE AT BRITISH HEALTH RESORTS.

Mean Temperature of the Air and the Percentage of the Possible Duration of Bright Sunshine at British Health Resorts and Chief Towns during the year October 1932 to September 1933. The mean temperature at Nice during the fifty years 1851-1900 is added for comparison.

	J						10	933.	-				-	
PLACE.	Mai	reh	Aı	ríl	M	ау	: Jī	ine	J	ıly	Αυ	ıg.	8	ept.
I	Temp	Sun.	Temp	Sun	Temp	Sun	Temp	! Nun	Temp	Sun	Temp	Sun.	Temp	Sun.
·	ok.	%	ύ <b>γ</b> .	1 %	F.	1 %	ok.	- 40	~ F.	70	-0K-	. %	OF.	
Aberdeen	43.5	43	45 9	26	48.6	25	56 z	45	61 7	31	59'9	40	54'5	% 39
Balmoral	39.9	-	43 7	_	47 0		54 7		29.1	_	56.2		53'5	39
Bath Birmingham	47 I	51 43	49.5	41 32	55 9 53 7	36 29	61 7	46	65 7	51	65 I	52	60 5	47
Blackpool	45.7	39	47.8	33	53 5	35	59 7 50 o	38 45	64'I	46	63 9	51 44	59'5	39 53
Bournemouth	46.7	53	48.6	46	55 I	39	61.3	54	649	54	64 9	57	60.9 26.3	49
Bradford Brighton	43'0	34	47'3 48 1	27	52 g	27	58 5 61 7	41	62.2	39	62 2	43	28.3	39
Buxton	40 7	56 38	45'2	47 29	20.2	40 36	56 2	57 41	64.3	51 38	65'7 59 8	60 44	6a'5	56 48
Cambridge	45 5	50	49'z	37	54'I	28	59 7	48	65 7	47	65.1	5z	60.3	45
Cardiff	46.3	49	48 5	4×	54'3	34	60 7	45	63.7	52	63 9	52	00.1	47
Cheltenham Clacton-on-Sea	45 9 44 7	49 53	48°2	39 39	54 5 53 3	32 40	60 4 59 I	40 51	64 8 64 0	46	54 7 65 8	50 57	59'5 61 5	49
Colwyn Bay	46.7	42	48.9	43	53 3	32	59.5	39	63 7	40	63 9	43	20.3	51 47
Coventry	45 9	42	48.7	30	55.0	28	(cr o	40	€5.5	43	64 5	47	60.0	41
Douglas, I. of Man.	45.7	52 42	49 0 46 7	4I 32	51 g	39 33	58 6	49 48	60.4	48 36	64.8	55	61 4	44
Dublin	44 9	35	40 2	35	52 9	30	57 7 58 o	28	62 g	34	62.1	43 43	58 7 57 5	54 40
Dandee	43'3	40	47 9	27	50'I	31	579	45	62 7	32	61.3	41	56.0	37
Easthourne	45'6	56	48 3	52	54 8	42	59 7	57	63 7	56	65 I	63	01.0	55
Edinburgh Falmouth	44'4	48	47'3	35 39	50 7 54 9	42	60 3	39	61'9 63 4	34 45	60 7 64 3	40 51	61,3	35 53
Felixstowe	44'3	53	49 3 47 7	38	52 1	37	58 z	49 51	64 5	48	65 3	57	61 3	53
Greenock	44 5	1	479		52'z	_	59 7	-	018	-	60 1		57'5	
Guernsey	48.5	58	497	59	55.6	51	60 3	53	63 5	6z	65 z	57	63'1	50
Harrogate Hastings .	43 3	40 54	47 I	49	51 5 55 0	22 41	58 o	45 56	64 5	38 52	63'5	44 64	58.≅	39 57
Ilull	46'1	37	49'9	25	53'3	23	59 7	42	55	42	65 g	46	59.9	40
Leanington Spa	45'9	43	48 8	31	55 3	29	60 3	42	639	46	647	51	599	42
Littlehampton	45.7	56	47'0	46 25	54 6 52 7	30	60 5 50 3	55	63 5 62 7	51	64.3	61 10	61 1	56
Liverpool (Bidston)	45 4	39	47'7 48 7	44	53 3	33	59 S	41 42	63 I	42	63 7	42 43	58 9 59 3	43 48
London (West'r) .	477	45	21.0	35	57 I	33	629	49	675	45	COO	54	62 9	49
Malvern	46 5	49	49'3	38	54 8	34	6x æ	41	(54	48	65.4	56	60 4	46
Manchester Margate	47.0	29 54	49 5	22 47	53 I	30 43	62 5 59 5	34 56	[£] 57	32 53	65'3 67'5	34 63	61 3	42 52
Marlborough	44 5	48	49 7	38	52 5	31	580	29	62 6	50	62 4	52	57'3	44
Newquay	47 7	46	483.	40	53'5	43	58 I	48	61 7	47	63 z	46	60 6	49
Norwich	45°E ,		48.7	37	54'2	38 25	58 9 60 7	46	£4 4	48	65°0	51 48	60 5 60 5	46
Nottingham Oxford	457	45 ' 52	48 g 49 I	31 37	55.3	35	608	40 46	65 3 65 7	42 48	65 5	54	60.3 00.2	44
Paignton	47.3	50	48 4	46	54 9	4I	60 5	47	6,5	49	64'z	54	60 4	41
Penzance	49 8	44	49 7	36	54 2	45	бо 5	47	03 6	43	64.3	49	62 I	49
Plymouth Portsmouth	47 6	5t   56	47 8 . 49 7	46 47	53 9 55 9	41 44	59 3	51 55	666	49 58	64 o	50 65	63.0	57 55
Ross-on-Wye	46 2	49	48 4	40	54 3	33	598	40	04.3	47	63 g	54	59 6	43
Scarborough	45 9	44	49 4	31	51 3	24	58 3	46	644	40	65'1	45	59'9	48
Scilly	48 5	47	49.6	43 27	54°2 53'5	49 25	58 I	45	6z 9	45	63 5 64 5	41 48	61 5	53
Sheffield	45.1	35   51	48.7 48.3	37	5I 3	25 36	57 9	42 50	65 5 64 1	41 49	64 I	40 52	59 ['] 7	37 49
Southampton	46.2	52	49 6	42	56.1	39	61 9 .	50	65.4	51	05 5	57	61.3	48
Southend	45 9	5z	49 4	37	55.5	39	6z 3	51	66.3	48	67.5	58	61.7	47
Southport	45.5	37	47'7	34	53'7 52'7	34 30	. 59 9 59 3	42 43	63.4 62.2	45 41	63 3 61 1	44	58 8 57 7	49 54
Stonyhurst	47 7	38 52	48.7	48	549	43	60 4	49	63.3	52	64.3	55	60 9	54 44
Totland Bay	46.7	58	49'0	52	54 I	46	60 9	56	635	58	64.6	6ა	61.1	50
Tunbridge Wells	44'7	52	48'z	48 27	54'4 54'I	37	59 6 ; 56 7	53 a8	64 4 6z 8	50	64 9 61 3	62	60'5 58'7	54
Valencia Ventnor	47'7 47'5	31 59	40.0	50	55.3	33 46	6z.3	59	64.3	30 56	65 9	35 63	63.1	54 56
Weymouth	47'3 .	54	48.3	46	55'3	4×	61.3	53	63.9	51	05 3	57	61.2	48
Woolacombe	48'E	- 1	48.8	-	53'9	-	59 5		635		64'3	- 1	61.0	-
Worthing	46.0	56	48'z	49 37	54'7 50 9	42 40	60 g	57 48	64.4	55 50	64.3	63 53	61.5	57
Yarmouth York	44.1	5 ^z 37	48.7	24	53.2	24	60.1	46	64 6	42	65 0	45	20.8	47 39
	700						, ¹			_				
Nice (1851-1900)	50'7	_	56'5	_	62.2		69'z		738	_	73'2	_	68'z	
71100 (103- 1900)	30 /		3031						/3					

SOMERSET. Episcopal city. Pop. 68.8cs. zez miles from London. rx miles from Bristol. Heans of Access—G. W. Railway, London Midland and Scottish Railway, and Somerset and Dorset Railway. Elevation—60 to 750 ft. Heighbourhood—Woodland, hills and diversified country. Climate—Mild, above sea-level. equable, varies according to elevation and aspect. Water Supply—Constant. Drainage—Modern. Soil—Colitic limestones, clays and sands. Baths—Luxuriously appointed with every scientific application known to modern balneology. Mineral Waters—Thermal springs.

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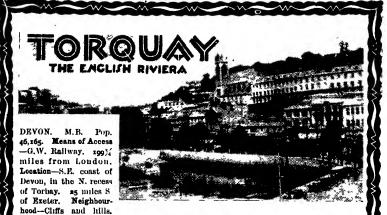
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is noted for the equability of its climate, which is largely due to its geographical situation. The proximity of the sea and the

shelter afforded by the South Downs combine to modify the climate and avoid extremes. The absence of hills enables convalencents to take exercise without exertion, and so derive the greatest benefit from the high percentage ozone in the air and the large



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Incorporated with Limited Liability in Australia.

#### ESTABLISHED 1865.

Paid-up Capital			- : -		£1,250,000
Reserve Fund	•••				1,000,000
					2,250,000
Reserve Liability of	Prop	rietors			1,250,000
•	_				£3,500,000
				-	61 PT THE PROPERTY OF

Head Office—ADELAIDE, SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Melbourne Office—267, COLLINS STREET, MELBOURNE, VICTORIA.

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(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1835).

Head Office: 4, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C. 2. West End Branch: 17, NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE, W.C. 2.

Paid-up Capital				•••		 £4,500,000
Reserve Fund						£2,475,000
Currency Reserve	•••	•••	•••	•••		£2,000,000
Reserve Liability of						
Reserve Liability of	Liopi		ur.uc		<b>V</b> 11	
						£13,475,000

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# BELFAST BANKING COMPANY LIMITED.

(Affiliated with Midland Bank Limited.)

Established 1827.

Incorporated 1865.

Limited 1883.

Authorised and Su	bsc	ribe	i Ca	pital		
Paid-up Capital	***	•••		•••	• • •	800,000
Reserve Fund	•••		•••	•••	•••	700,000
Undivided Profits	•••	•••		•••	•••	74,885
Total Assets (31st D	ecen	nber, 1	( <del>9</del> 32)	•••	•••	17,531,686

Head Office: WARING STREET, BELFAST.

#### **AFFILIATIONS:**

Midiand Bank Limited. Established 1836. The Clydesdale Bank Limited.
Established 1838.

North of Scotland Bank Limited.

Established 1836.

Midland Bank Executor and Trustee Company Limited.
Established 1909.

The affiliated Banks have over 2,550 Branches in Great Britain & Northern Ireland.

# THE BRITISH LINEN BANK

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1746,

Capital and Reserve Funds -

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Head Office: 38, ST. ANDREW SQUARE, EDINBURGH.

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R W. BIEVENSON, Secretary,

Foreign Department: 110, QUEEN STREET, GLASGOW, for all elesses of OYERSEAS business.

OVER 200 BRANCHES THROUGHOUT SCOTLAND.

London Office: 38, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C. 2

where accounts may be opened on usual London terms.

Manager - JAMES FORREST. Demay 2

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HEAD OFFICE:

320 BAY STREET, TORONTO, CANADA.

Established 1855.

President: W. G. GOODERHAM.

First Vice-President & General Manager: George H. Smith.

Second Vice-President: Colonel A. E. GOODERHAM, EL.D.

Assistant General Managers

ROBERT HENDERSON, CHARLES S. ROBERTSON, WALTER F. WATKINS.

Pald-Up Capital - - - Reserve Fund (carned)- Investments - - - -

- \$7,000,000 - \$8,000,000 - \$71,587,473.41

£1,438,356 3e. 4d. £1,643,835 12e. 4d. £14,709,754 16e. 3d.

DEBENTURES issued. In sums of £50 and upwards.

For terms of one year and upwards. Interest paid half-yearly.
Interest computed from date on which the money is received.

Debentures issued by this Corporation have been taken by English and Scottish investors for more than half a century. In Canada they are a legal investment for Trust Funds.

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incorporated by the Dominion Parliament. This Trust Company accepts and executes Trusts of every description, acts as Executor, Administrator, Liquidator, Guardian, Curator, or Committee of the estate of a lunatic, &c. Any branch of the business of a legitimate Trust Company will have careful and prompt attention.

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THE GOVERNMENT OF THE STATE OF TASMANIA.

COMMONWEALTH SAVINGS BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

Agencies are open at 3,698 Post Offices in the Commonwealth.

As at 30th JUNE, 1933.

General Bank Balances £78,027,886 Savings Bank Balances ... Note Issue Department ... Rural Credits Department ... 117,943,481 51,488,331 ... ••• ... .. ... ••• ••• ••• ••• ... ... 12,192,978 Other Items

£261,906,966

LONDON BRANCH: 8 OLD JEWRY, E.C. 2.

Head Office: SYDNEY, NEW SOUTH WALES

J. S. SCOTT, Manager.

(Members of the London Bankers' Clearing House.)

# THE NATIONAL BANK

### LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1835

Head Offices: 13-17 Old Broad Street, London, E.C. 2.

Subscribed Capital - - - - £7,500,000
Paid-up Capital - - - - £1,500,000
Reserve Fund - - - - £1,050,000
Deposits, etc. (30/6/1933) - - - £39,038,000

MICHAEL JOSEPH COOKE, Esq., Chairman.

JAMES JOHN O'CONNELL, ESQ., Chairman of Irish Board and Deputy Chairman of the Bank.

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#### IRELAND

HEAD OFFICE: 13, Old Broad Street, London, E.C. 2, and 27 Metropolitan and Provincial Branches and Sub-Offices. CHIEF OFFICE: 34 & 35, College Green, Dublin, and 246 Branches and Sub-Offices throughout the Country.

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# NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA. LTD.

Bankers to the Government in Kenya (B.E. Africa) and Uganda.

(Registered in London under the Companies Act of 1802, on the 23rd March, 1808.)

ESTABLISHED IN CALCUTTA, 29th SEPTEMBER, 1863.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL -

£4,000,000 SUBSORIBED OAPITAL (160,000 Shares at £25 each) £4,000,000 £2,000,000 PAID-UP OAPITAL (£12 10s. per Share) £2,200,000 RESERVE FUND

Board of Directors:

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# Head Office: 26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C. 2.

Aden Aden, Strampr Point AMRITSAR BOMBAY CALCUTTA CAWNFORK

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MADRAS MANDALAY NI WAHA ELIYA TI THORIS

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The Bank grants Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on all places where it is represented; negotiates and collects Bills of Exchange; collects Pay, Pensions, and generally transacts every description of Eastern Banking business.

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at rates to be obtained on application.

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Incorporated in Queensland under "The Companies Act. 1863." Estd. 1872 General Manager: MARMADUKE GRANVILLE HAYMEN. Head Office: BRISBANE.

## London Office: 8. PRINCES STREET. E.C. 2.

Manager: L. W. MORTIMER.

Authorised Capital, £2,000,000. Paid-up Capital, £1,750,000.

Subscribed Capital, £1,750,000. Reserve Fund, £860,000.

31% Interminable Inscribed Deposit Stock, £2,893,113 13s.

Bankers :- THE BANK OF ENGLAND; LLOYDS BANK LIMITED.

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Allora Aramac Ayr Babinda Barcaldine Beaudesert Bell Biggenden Biloela Blackall Boonah Bundaberg Cairns Capella

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Forest Hill
Fortitude Vulley
Gatton George St

Gladstone Goombungee Goomeri Goondiwindl Greenmount Gympie | Haden Halifax Herberton Hughenden Ingham Innisfail Ipawich Jandowae (Brishane) Julia Creek

Kandanga Killarney Kingaroy Landley

Murgon Muttaburra Nobby Nundah | Oakey Pittsworth Ravenshoe Laidley Nundah I Oakey
Longreach Pttsworth
Markay Ravenshoe
Mahauda Refeliffe
Marburg Ravenshoe
Maryborough
Maryborough
Millmerrun
Mttchell | Monto
Mossman
Mumdubbera Nundah | Oakey
Longreach
Roma | Rosewood
Roma | Rosewood
Roma | Rosewood
Suddate | Saridabane
South Brisbane
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Incorporated by Royal Charter 1727.

Capital (fully-paid) £3.780.192Reserve Fund (Oct. 1932) £3,780,926 £55,898,683 Deposits (Oct. 1932)

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THE

# STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED

Bankers to the Imperial Government in South Africa, and to the Governments of Northern Rhodesia, Southern Rhodesia, Nyasaland and Tanganyika.

CAPITAL AUTHORISED	AND	SUB8	CRIB	ED-	- £10,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP -	-	-	-	-	- £2,500,000
RESERVE FUND -	-	-	-	-	- £2,500,000
CAPITAL UNCALLED	-	-	-	-	- £7,500,000
					£12,500,000

#### Head Office:

# 10, CLEMENTS LANE, LOMBARD STREET, and 77, KING WILLIAM STREET, LONDON, E.C. 4.

LONDON WALL Branch - 63, London Wall, E.C. 2. WEST END Branch - 9, Northumberland Avenue, W.C.2.

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ESTABLISHED 1837. INCORPORATED 1880.

CAPITAL AUTHORISEI	D AND	ISSÚE)	D					£12,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL RESERVE FUND			• •	•••		£4,000,000 \ £3,350,000	together	£7,350,000
CURRENCY RESERVE			•	:				£1,500,000
CRREWL RESERVE	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••			•••		•••	£1,500,000

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(Established 1889.)

Subscribed Capital -£50.000 Paid-up Capital (30th June, 1933) -£45.720 £78,080 Reserve Fund (30th June, 1933)

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Midland Bank, Ltd., 122 Old Broad Street, E.C.2. Barclays Bank (D.C. & O.), 29 Gracechurch Street, E.C.4.

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# Mutual

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Telephone: Temple Bar 2360.

31, Walbrook, E.C. 4 (Telephone: City 9875); 38, Ship Street, Brighton; 199, Queen's Road, Hastings (Telephone: Hastings 1919); and 100, Above Bar, Southampton (Telephone: Southampton 3790).

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TELEPHONE: 0273 HOLBORN.

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Sums from approximately £25 upwards may be invested in either Unit, and a mixed investment in both Unit 'A' and Unit 'B' secures an interest in forty-seven leading British Companies, with dividends payable quarterly on fixed dates.

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Telegrams: NATFIT, PICCY, LONDON.

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BUILDING SOCIETY

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# **EXAMPLE OF RESULTS:**

Whole Life Assurance (with profits) £10 Annual Premium. †

Age at Entry Assumed age at death Yield	:	•	25 70 £1,175.	30 70 £933	35 70 £740	40 75 £635

"Whole-Life." Twenty Limited Payments of £10. †

Age 20 25 30 35 40 45

Result at age 70 £982 £820 £677 £552 £450 £363

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK: PP. 469, 1932, and 539, 1933.

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	Ag	e at	
£10 Annual Endowment Premium.	Entry 20 30 40	Maturity 60 60 65	Yield † £873 £516 £370

† World-wide policies.

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ESTABLISHED IN 1824.

Head Office: BARTHOLOMEW LANE, LONDON, E.C. 2.

Marine Department: 2-6, BILLITER SQUARE, LONDON, E.C. 3.

# ASSETS EXCEED £30,000,000

#### Directors:

LIONEL N. DE ROTHSCHILD, O.B.E., Chairman.

The Hon. ALEXANDER BARING. CHARLES EDWARD BARNETT. The Viscount BEARSTED, M.C. FREDERICK CAVENDISH BENTINCK. D. G. M. BERNARD. ALFRED FOWELL BUXTON. JOHN CATOR. Major GERALD M. A. ELLIS. FREDERICK CRAUFURD GOODENOUGH. THE MARQUESS OF HARTINGTON, M.P. | RICHARD DURANT TROTTER.

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#### Insurances of every kind:-

LIFE (with and without Profits). ASSURANCES with DISABILITY BENEFITS. ESTATE DUTY POLICIES. FAMILY PROTECTION POLICIES. GROUP LIFE ASSURANCES. CHILDREN'S DEFERRED ASSURANCES and EDUCATIONAL ENDOWMENTS. ANNUITIES.

SINKING FUND and CAPITAL REDEMPTION. FIRE.

MARINE.

BURGLARY and THEFT.

ACCIDENTS of all kinds:—Personal Accident and Disease. Third Party, Drivers' Risks, Lift, Plate-Glass, Work-Compensation with Special Policies Domestic Servants.

MOTOR CAR. MOTOR CYCLE.

FIDELITY GUARANTEE. LIVE STOCK. AND MACHINERY INSURANCE BOILER AND INSPECTION.

Comprehensive Policies for Buildings and for Contents of Dwelling Houses.

The Company is Empowered to Act as Executor and Trustee.

Particulars of any of the above will be sent on request. A. LEVINE, General Manager. 176 

# AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY

The LARGEST BRITISH MUTUAL LIFE OFFICE

(Established in Australia in 1840.)

INVESTMENT POLICIES.

EDUCATIONAL ASSURANCES. MONTHLY INCOME POLICIES. NON-MEDICAL ASSURANCES. MONTHLY PREMIUM POLICIES.

Actual results under Whole Life and Endowment Policies are unsurpassed.

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Manager for the United Kingdom: A. W. NICHOLLS, A.I.A.

FUNDS (1932): £90,000,000.

#### ndon and Manchester Assurance COMPANY LIMITED. ESTABLISHED 1860.

LIFE

BURGLARY

FIRE

ACCIDENT MOTOR, &c.

**FUNDS** exceed £13,000,000

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For Temperatures and Sunshine Records at the chief British Health Resorts, see pp. xxiv-xxv of this edition of "Whitaker."

# HOUSE PURCHASE BY ASSURANCE

One of the first Insurance Companies to popularise House Purchase in conjunction with Life Assurance was the BRITANNIC ASSURANCE CO., LTD., who have over 11,000 contented householders on their books.

Each of these householders not only secured his house for himself, and abolished rent, but, owing to the protective Life Assurance feature in his contract, his family is assured of a home without further payment in the event of his death.

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Yearly inclusive outlay little (if at all) more than rent.

Explanatory leaflet forwarded free on application.

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Chief Offices: Broad Street Corner, BIRMINGHAM

All Classes of Insurances Effected.

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The Canada Life Assurance Company specialises in Life Annuities and offers the very best value and service to its clients. Its rates are exceptionally attractive and the contracts are protected by

#### **ASSETS** over £44,000,000

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(Incorporated in Canada as a Limited Liability Company), J. R. WANDLESS, F.I.A., Manager,

2, ST. JAMES'S SQUARE, LONDON, S.W.1.
Betablished 1847.

#### THE POLICY WHICH PROTECTS

A New Idea in

# FAMILY PROTECTION POLICIES

now issued by the

# CLERICAL, MEDICAL and GENERAL Life Assurance Society

An illustration of this really cheap Policy will be sent on request.

#### MONTHLY PREMIUMS AVAILABLE

Apply to the Chief Office -

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#### THE POLICY WHICH PROTECTS

# BEFORE buying an Annuity Consider

Will you

(1) be secure?

(2) be sure you are secure?

(3) obtain the best value for your money?

THE CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION, the old-established Annuity Office. grants annuity rates which rank among the very best obtainable; allowance is made for each month of age actually completed; contracts may be obtained under which the full return of the purchase maney is guaranteed; and it possesses funds

exceeding £19,000,000 under direct Government supervision.

A man aged 65, for example, can obtain a guaranteed return on capital exceeding 10 per cent. per annum for life. The return at other ages to both male and female investors is equally generous.

Even more favourable terms are granted to those in Impaired Health.

Write to-day—stating sex and exact date of birth—for a personal quotation, which will be sent you without obligation.

# CONFEDERATION N

(Incorporated in Canada in 1871 as a Limited Company)

BUSH HOUSE, ALDWYCH, LONDON, W.C. 2. Assets Exceed £19,000,000.

# Family provision scheme

A scheme to secure a Capital Sum payable at death and a regular income over a period of years for dependants in the event of early death, at a cost which is little more than that of ordinary life assurance.

Example of Benefits Provided by the Scheme

£1,000

payable immediately upon proof of Death and, in addition, if death occur before age 60, an income of

£150

per Annum until the time when the age of 60 would have been attained.

#### ANNUAL PREMIUMS (CEASING at AGE 60)

Age	not	exceeding	25	 £25	1		8
••	••	**	30	 £28	10		0
••	**	••	35	 £33	10		10
			40	 £41	0	_	10

Write for prospectus to the Manager

# EQUITY & LAW

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

18, LINCOLN'S INN FIELDS, W.C. 2.

Established 1844.

**FUNDS EXCEED £13,250,000** 

ESTABLISHED 1821.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL CAPITAL PAID-UP ... TOTAL INCOME ... TOTAL ASSETS ...

£2,059,971 £1,024,578 £3,865,000 £14,100,000

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### FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT, MARINE

Comprehensive Household Policies, Employers' Liability Insurance, Public Liability, Lift, Motor Car, Burglary, Fidelity, Sinking Fund and Leasehold Redemption, Glass, Consequential Loss resulting from Fire, Contingency Indemnity, Registered Post, and Forged Transfers, also Trustee and Executorship business.

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ALL CLASSES of **LEGAL BONDS** are granted by the "GUARDIAN," and such Bonds are accepted by the Law Courts for Receivers, Administrators, &c., and by all Departments of H.M. Government.

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BY APPOINTMENT.

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Has your income shrunk through falling interest rates? Do you find you have to dispense with the holidays and little luxuries which make all the difference to your comfort?

# THEN WHY NOT INCREASE YOUR INCOME WITH AN IMPERIAL LIFE ANNUITY?

In the event of early death it can be arranged that a portion of your capital is returned, or the annuity can be guaranteed for a certain number of years.

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CUNARD HOUSE, 27, COCKSPUR STREET LONDON, S.W.1

**FUNDS EXCEED £13,862,868** 

(Incorporated in Canada as a Limited Liability Company.)

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THE PERFECTED SYSTEM OF ASSURANCE

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NEAR TEMPLE BAR



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THE

# LONDON LIFE

#### Association Limited

with which are associated

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# REDUCTION OF PREMIUM

This system has been in force for over 125 years, and is a good illustration of the advantages secured by Mutual Assurance and freedom from commission payments. Persons who effected policies 30 years ago are now having their

# PREMIUMS REDUCED BY 97%

YOU SHOULD DO AS WELL IF YOU ASSURE YOUR LIFE TO-DAY

COMBINED FUNDS OVER £23,000,000

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Actuary and Manager.

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LONDON:

(Chief Office): I, Cornhill, E.C. 3

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Since the Society's foundation over 80 years ago, the average BONUS ADDITIONS to Policies for the Whole Term of Life amount to more than Two Pounds per Annum for each £100 Assured, and the last declared BONUS (1925-1929) is £2 105. per cent. per annum.

# NATIONAL PROVIDENT INSTITUTION

**FOR** 

#### **MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE**

Write for a copy of the leaflet

### "MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE"

and obtain a quotation from this Office before you decide where to effect your life assurance.

48 Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.3.

# **ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE**

INCORPORATED A.D. 1720.



All classes of Insurance transacted and the duties of Executor and Trustee undertaken

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Head Office: ROYAL EXCHANGE, LONDON

Branches and Agencies throughout the World

SECURITY FIRST



**FUNDS EXCEED** £43.500.000

North John Street, LIVERPOOL ... Head Offices ...

LONDON: Lombard Street.

ALL CLASSES OF INSURANCE EFFECTED

### PEARL ASSURANCE

COMPANY LIMITED

FIRE ACCIDENT

£16,500,000 Annual Income Exceeds £78,000,000 Funds Exceed -£84,000,000 Total Claims Paid Exceed

CHIEF OFFICE: HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C. I

#### **ROYAL NATIONAL PENSION FUND FOR NURSES**

15, BUCKINGHAM STREET, STRAND, LONDON, W.C.2.

President-H.M. THE QUEEN. Patroa-H.M. THE KING.

Sir ERIC HAMBRO, K.B.E., Chairman.

IMMEDIATE. TEMPORARY.

ALL KINDS OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

Invested Funds exceed TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

The Pension Fund is a mutual Fund. There are no Directors' fees to be paid or Shareholders to take dividends, and the Fund does not pay commission to Agents.

# Is Yours a 3½% Income?

# YOU CAN SECURE A GUARANTEED 7%, 10% OR EVEN MORE, ACCORDING TO AGE

If your private income has been, or is to be, reduced, consider the advantages of an Annuity. Instead of  $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ , you could receive 7%, 10% or even more, according to your age. The increased income would be guaranteed to you for life, however long you live. All your plans for the future could be made with that in mind.

The Sun Life of Canada is the leading Annuity Company. It specialises in Annuities, and its contracts meet the most widely divergent needs. You, for instance, can take the benefits of a larger income, guaranteed for life, and yet take care of the future of your dependants. This is a new phase of Annuity business, another example of Sun Life of Canada leadership.

There are now over 12,000 Sun Life of Canada annuitants in the British Isles. Retired men, widows and others who have suffered serious reduction in income are finding the best solution to their difficulties in Sun Life of Canada Annuities.

The Assets of the Sun Life of Canada exceed £120,000,000. The Company operates in 40 different Countries and serves over 1,000,000 Policy-holders. Government Audit and Supervision complete the security, the Canadian Insurance laws being among the most stringent in the world.

Write, stating exact age and approximate Capital at disposal, to—

H. O. LEACH (General Manager)

**SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA**(Incorporated in Canada in 1865 as a Limited Company)

20, Sun of Canada House, Cockspur Street, London, S.W.1.

#### SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

Founded 1826.

A T the latest Division of Profits on 31st December, 1930, the Bonus Additions ranged from £2 2 6 to £5 17 6 per £100 per annum calculated on the original sums assured, and the reserves were further strengthened.

Head Office:

35, ST. VINCENT PLACE, GLASGOW

London Office:

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### HREE POPULAR POLICIES with HREE SPECIAL BENEFITS in each

#### I. THE PERFECT POLICY.

- A unique combination of Life Assurance and Investment.
- 1. On death within 25 years payment of £2,000, gradually rising by GUARANTEED additions to £3,250.
- 2. On survivance to the end of 25 years guaranteed cash payment of £2,000.
- 3. Automatic replacement by a new insurance of £2,000 without medical examination or further cost.

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  - 3. Fully profit-sharing from the outset.

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- 1. Early entry secures insurance costing less than £1 for every £100.
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#### **FOUNDED 1831**

# SCOTTISH EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament

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Lendon Office: 13 Cornhill, E.C.3.

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Claims Pald - - £25,000,000

# for £30

### Look what it means!

For a saving out of income representing a weekly deposit of 11/6 (after allowing for the Government's contribution by means of a rebate of Income Tax), a young man during the period when EARNING POWER is greatest can make certain of receiving an income during the years of RETIREMENT, and provide an immediate sum of money available for FAMILY PROTECTION.

# ABSOLUTE SECURITY

£1,000

FAMILY
PROTECTION

£1,550

guaranteed in cash for you, paid free of tax in middle life, or

£120

A YEAR FOR LIFE



The creation, immediately, of a GUARANTEED ESTATE of £1,000. This gives Protection to the family from the moment the first deposit is m de, at a time when protection is needed most.

Deposits will cease at age 55 (the age taken in this example), and then the assured may draw £1,550, with which to do so many things hitherto only dreamed of. On the other hand, if a private income for life is preferred, the sum may be left with the Company to provide an income guaranteed for life of £120 a year. This is absolutely guaranteed. The amounts receivable under this plan far exceed the total deposits made, and represent an investment at a substantial rate of interest, which always appreciates, and NEVER DEPRECIATES.

The deposits are in proportion to the size of policy and age of applicant; they can be large or small, to suit all circumstances, and benefits vary accordingly. The cash or income may be arranged to commence at age 50, 55, 60 or 65. Send for figures.

This CONTRACT is guaranteed by the Empire's largest purely Life Assurance Company:—

# SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

(Incorporated in Canada in 1895 as a Limite's Company)

To H. O. LEACH, (General Manager).
SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA
20 SUN OF CANADA HOUSE, COCKSPUR STREET,
LONDON, S.W.I.

- Ple	ase send	me fur	ther de	tails of	your
	re-Endov				
	or incom			age	••••••
(state	50, 55, (	60 or 65	i).		

۷	ame	
	(Mr., Mrs. or Miss)	

Occupation	Exact date of Birth
	Whiteker's Almanack, 1933-34.



Honoured with the Patronage of H.M. the King. Established 1875.

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All Classes of Insurance transacted.

Chief Office:

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Manager & Secretary, R. PARKER SMITH.

THE WESTMINSTER
218th YEAR. FIRE OFFICE

Head Office: 27, KING STREET, COVENT GARDEN, W.C. 2. City Office: 82, LOMBARD STREET, E.C. 3.

EVERY KIND OF INSURANCE EXCEPT LIFE AND MARINE.

APPLICATIONS FOR AGENCIES INVITED

# ™ YORKSHIRE

Insurance Co., Ltd.

Established 1824.

Assets Exceed £13,700,000

FIRE - LIFE - ACCIDENT

And all Classes of Insurance Transacted

TRUSTEE AND EXECUTORSHIP BUSINESS

The "SECURITY" Policy is one of to-day's finest bargains in Life Assurance — write for particulars, giving age next birthday.

Prospectuses can be obtained from the Company's Chief Offices: St. Helen's Square, YORK, and YORKSHIRE HOUSE, 66/67, Cornhill, E.C.3 or from any of its branches throughout the United Kingdom.

# National Institute for the Blind::

(Registered under the Blind Persons Act, 1920).

Patrone: HIS MAJESTY THE KING. HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN
Chairman: Captain Sir BEACHCROFT TOWSE, V.C., K.C.V.O., C.B.E.

The far-reaching activities of the National Institute, the largest institution for the blind in the world, affect all classes and conditions of the blind population, from the blind baby to those who lose their sight in old age.

These activities include the following national services:-

- Production of Embossed Publications:
   (a) Production of all kinds of books in Braille and Moon types (sold at a two-thirds loss on cost price).
  - (b) Production by hand of Students' Text-books in Braille (lent gratis).
  - (c) Production of Music in Braille type (sold at a three-quarters loss on cost price).
  - (d) Preparation and Issue of Periodicals and Pamphlets.
- 2. Education of the Blind:
  - (a) Maintenance of Chorley Wood College for Blind Girls.
  - (b) Maintenance of Court Grange Special School for Blind Children.
  - (c) Grants for Higher Education and Professional Training.
  - (d) School of Massage (and Settlement of Blind Masseurs)
- Care and Training of Blind Babies at the three Sunshine Homes.
- 4. The Interests of Blind Musicians:
  - (a) Publication of Works of Blind Composers.
  - (b) Music Students' Library.
  - (c) Organists' and Tuners' Bureaux.
- 5. The Provision and Maintenance of Homes:
  - (a) Home for Blind Women, Clifton.
  - (b) Home for Blind Women, Brighton. (c) Home for Blind Women, Leamington.
  - (d) Convalescent and Holiday Home, St. Leonards.
  - (c) Hostels for Blind Women, London.

- Administration of Relief in co-operation with Local Agencies:
- 7. Research Work:
  - (a) Apparatus and Scientific Means of Overcoming Blindness.
  - (b) Exploration of Possibilities of Employment in Industrial Concerns.
- 8. Provision of Apparatus:
  - (a) Special Appliances.
  - (b) Embossed Maps.
  - (c) Games.
  - (d) Educational Models.
- 9 Employment of the Blind a .:
  - (a) Salesmen.
  - (b) Stereotypers.
  - (c) Shorthand Typists.
  - (d) Telephonists.
  - (e) Organisers, etc.
- Home Industries Scheme in Home Counties.
- ii. World-Wide Propaganda.
- 12. Information Bureau.
- Collecting Agency, under Agreements, for many local Societies, throughout the country.
- Selling Depot for Goods made by the Blind.
- 15. Gifts of Apparatus and Pooks and Periodicals to Blind Individuals, Schools, Societies, etc.
- 16. Grants to Institutions for the Blind.
- 17. Provision of Christmas Parcels.
- 18. Provision of Summer Holidays for Blind Children

#### FUNDS ARE URGENTLY NEEDED

All Donations hould be addressed to the Hon. Treasurers—
National Institute for the Blind. 224-8, Great Portland Street, W.1

Balance Sheet, Annual Report, Forms of Bequest, etc., will gladly be forwarded on application.

#### Principal Charitable Bequests of the Year.

APPENDED is a list of the principal bequests for charitable purposes recorded during the year. The amount for charitable purposes is, in a considerable proportion of the cases, approximate, owing to the bequests including a share of the residuary estate or consisting wholly, or in part, of business interests or of blocks of shares, for which a definite value cannot be given.

Reversionary bequests, where these are absolute (usually on the cessor of life-interests or of a period of years) are included, but contingent reversions (dependent upon failure of issue, the failure of prior trusts, or the failure to observe certain conditions, &c ) are not meluded, unless it is known that the reversion, though nominally contingent, 18, 111 the events which have happened, absolute.

The amounts of residuary bequests are subject to variation on the final winding-up of the estate, owing possibly to variations in the amount of duty payable (as the final figures may place an estate for duty purposes in a different category (cutier higher or lower) as compared with the original value submitted on obtaining the grant of probate)

The list records the principal bequests published during the year, not necessarily those bocoming payable during the year.

The flow of charity still shows no signs of serious abatement in volume, despite the shrinkage invalues due to the general depression and very high taxation, the loss on the very large estates being somewhat compensated for by an increasing flow from estates in the medium categories.

The proportion of bequests for hospitals, for "social purposes," and educational trusts, continues to show marked increase at the expense of those for religious and sectatian purposes,

Name.	GrossValue of Estate	Approx Amount	Objects
Mills, Henry Trneman, of Leicester	£,830,890	£ 1,500,000	Bequests include £100,000 to Loicester Royal Infirmary £5,000 each to Royal Agricultural Renewolent Inst., Bitte's and Foreign Bible Society, Royal Midland Counties Home for Incurables, Leanington, and residue to Leicester Royal Luftmary, Norfolk and Norwich "Lospital, London Hospital, St. Thomas's Hospital and Middlesex Hospital.
Seaforth, Baroness, of London, Hayward's Heath and Sootland (personal estate)	187,038	800,000	Left sums amounting to £646,000 from property over which she had power of disposal under her late father's will as to £257,000 to the German Red Gross, £60,000 to the Seaforth Sanatorum, Braham, £20,000 to London Hospital, £20,000 each to 23 other hospitals and other chartisable institutions, and other large sums for hospitals and other institution, principally for the care of women, children and animals, is London and Scotland, and from her own estate, among other hequests, £20,000 to the Pit Ponies Protection Scotty, £2,500 to the Foundling Hospital, and the tesidue of her property for such charitable mutulus in Scotland and
Stern, Sir Edward, of London and Chertsey (exclusive of interests under his late father's will)	640,964	300,000	England as the trustees may select. Bequests include £50,000 to Jews Deaf and Dumb Home, Clapham, S.W., £10,000 Jews Opphan Asylum, Norwood, £20,000 Jewish Board of Guardiams, and residue to London University to be applied, in the discretion of the Senate, for the advancement of the study of modern languages, especially modern French, German and Spanish, and commercial subjects, for advancement of science and chemistry, for benefit of the medical school of the said University so that any scholarships in connection therewith be held only by British-born subjects.
Henderson, James Stewart, of Hampstead, N.W. (un- settled)	411,956	300,000	Subject to life-interest, residence Abbotsford, Hastings, and £150,000 for a convelescent home, and the residue of the property to 3s hospitals and charitable institutions in London and Sydney, Australia, and such other institutions as the trustees may determine.
Barber, Dame Martha, of Remembam, Berks	413,869	<b>s</b> 60,000	Residue for the benefit of Birmingham Uni- versity for promotion of fine arts, of law and of music, and to give facilities for social life of the University.

riv Principa	l Charitable.	Bequests of the Year.
Name	of Estate. Approx. \ \text{Imour f.}	Objects.
vilson, Charles, of Hamp- stead, N.W.	£ £ 202,847 270,700	Bequests include £7,000 to National Lifeboat Inst., £500 Paddington Children's Hospital, and residue of estate St. Thomas's Hospital, London Hospital, Charing Cross Hospital, Hospital for Sick Children, Great Ormond Street, Royal Free Hospital, Cancer Hospital, London Fever Hospital, Temperance Hospital, London and Hampstead General Hospital.
ichardson, Robert, of Dur ham	196,545 150,000	Residue of estate for building and endowing a cottage hospital and convalescent home at Barnard Castle.
eomans, John, of Cambridge	196,217   150,000	Residue of estate to British and Foreign Bible Society, Church Missionary Society, Society for the Projagation of the Gospel, Cancer Hospital, and National Inst. for the Blind.
Stancomb-Wills, Dame Janet, D.B.E., of Thanet	322,578 ,120,000	Bequests include £10,000 to Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of Ransgate for charitable purposes, £5,000 to Royal West of England Academy, and residue to the Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being to be applied by him for the augmentation of poor benefices for the Diocess of Canterbury.
Marshall, Antuony Robert, of Liverpool	181,414 100,000	Requests to numerous hospitals and other charitable purposes in Liverpool and district, and residue for such charitable institutions, and objects in England as trustees may determine.
Bohrmann, Alexander Henry Louis, of Demrark Hill, S.E.	182,128 100 000	Bequests include £2,000 to Dr. Barnardo's Homes and £7,000 to Church of England Waifs and Strays Society, and residue to such hospitals and charitable institutions in the United States of America as executors may determine (by the will had left residue of property for such hospitals or charitable institutions in England as executors should determine, but by codicil made in September, 1932, directed that word England should be deleted and words United States of America substituted).
Goode, Mrs. Elizabeth, of Cambridge	153,829 90,000	About £30,000 specifically to church and charitable institutions, including £3,000 to Royal Agricultural Benevolent Institution, £3,000 to Church of England Wans and Strays Society, and residue of property to Addenbrookes Hosputal and Royal Agricultural Benevolent Institution.
Hobson, Bernard, of Sheffield	147,187 90,000	1
Beckly, John Henry. of Plymouth	199,692 90,000	Bequests include £40,000 for the benefit of his employees, £10,000 for the benefit of the needlest children in Plymoth, while there are many bequests to local hospitals and other chartable institutions, and Wesleyan Methodist church and charitable institutions.
Rath, Richard Heury, of Bromley, Kent		Requests include £3,000 National Hospital for Paralysed and Eppleptic, £3,000 to St. Columba's Hospital, £500 to Phillipps Memorial Hospital, Bromley, £150 to South Place Ethical Society, and two-thirds of residue to Gny's Hospital.
Langlauds, William, of Car- field, Dawlish	528,177 63,000	Requests include £10,000 to Dr. Barnardo's Homes, £10,000 Evidal Home and Hospital for Incurables, £10,000 British Home and Hospital for Incurables, £5,000 each to Church Army, King Edward's Hospital Fund, and £1,000 to Pearson's Fresh Air Fund for Children.

Name.	GrossValue	Approx.	Objects.
	£	£	
Marcus, Miss Ruth of Bays- water	103,332	60,000	Bequests include £z5,000 to Kensington Houseing Trust for creetion of flats and houses for working people, and residue to Young Women's Christian Association, Cevil Houses Women's Public Lodging House Fund, Kensington Housing Trust Royal National Lifeboat Inst., Charity Organisation Society, Dr. Barnardo's Homes Salvation Army Hostels for Women, and Children's Play Centres.
Whytehead, Thomas, of Godalming	76,710	60,000	Bequests include £5,000 Salvation Army, £1,000 Biltish and Foreign Bible Society, £100 Noottish Youth Hostel Association, Edinburgh, and residue to Boy Scouts Association.
Crowther, James Clayton, of Wilmslow	125,648	60,000	Subject to life-in-crests, two-thirds of residue for such charitable institutions in England, preferably in the vicinity of Salford, as exe- cutors may determine.
Gray, Mrs. Betty May, of Hurlingham, S.W.	.9ª,315	60,000	Bequests include £7,500 to Toc H. Endowment Fund, £5,000 for the benefit of ex-asilor soldiers, airmen and merchantmen, £5,000 for organisations for training boys to become worthy citizens of a great Empire, £2,000 to Cecil Houses Incorporated Women's Public Lodgin House Fund, and residue for practical measures in London for sinur clearance.
Pitt, Arthur, of Crookham Hill, Kent	91,810	60,000	Residue of estate, subject to life-interest, to Imperial Cancer Research Fund, National Institute for the Blind, and the National Benevolent Institution.
Lingham, Henry, of North- ampton	80,606	50,000	Subject to 'ife-interests, residue of property to Northempton Municipal General Charities for pensions and annulties for widows and daughters of destitute professional people, natives of Northampton, and governesses and school-teachers, natives of Northampton
Gardiner, James, of London, S. W.	107,922	50,000	Residue for di-tribution among indigent ladies in poor financial circumstances, or such charities as trustee determines
Holt, Mrs. Mary Louisa, of Liverpool	64,564	50,000	Bequests include £5,000 to Bolton Infirmary £1,000 Vicar and Churchwardens of Christ Church, Liunet Lane, Liverpool, and residue to Royal United Kingdom Beneficent Associa- tion, Governesses' Benevolent Institution and Liverpool Cathedral Building Fund.
Paton, Miss Anne, of Liver- pool	51,090	48,000	Re idue to Liverpool Merchants Guild for benefit of distressed Protestant gentlewomen connected with Liverpool and neighbourhood
Browne, Col. Augustus, of Pall Mall, S.W.	59.930		\$17,000 specifically to various charitable institutions, including £1,000 each Salvation Army and Church Army, and residue to Charing Cross Hospital, London Hospital, Middlesex Hospital, Poptial, Queen's Hospital, St. Bartholomew's Hospital, St. Thomas's Hospital, Cancer Hospital, National Orthopsedic Hospital, Hospital for Consumption, National Hospital for Paralysed and Spilep ic, Hospital for Epilepsy and Paralysis, Queen Charlotte's Maternity Hospital, British Homfor Incurables, and Royal Hospital for Incurables, Putney.
Gorham, Ambrese, of Brighton	69,861	45,000	Bequests include £1,000 each to Royal Susse County Hapital and St. John's College Hurstpierpoint, and Royal Alexandra Ho pi al for Children, Brighton, and residue t Corporation of Brighton for various charitable institutious.
Rooke, Percy Herbert, of Hendon	51,499	45,000	Residue of property, subject to life-interest to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelt to Animals.

		D in all and	M	D		47	77
i	lxvi	Principal	Charitable	Bequests	o,t	the	Year.

Name	GrossValue of Estate.	Approv.	Objects.
Thomas - Stanford, Dame Ellen, of Brighton	£ 53,105	£,	Residue of property to Sussex Archæological Trust, for the upkeep of Lewes Castle, and University of Wales, for scholarships for encouragement of Greek and Latin.
Melhuish, Alfred, of Boscombe	49,648	40,000	Subject to life-interests, residue of property to Queen Mary's Hospital for the East End, Ilospital for Consumption, Fulham, Cancer Hospital, Fulham, Lifelmat Institution, Dr. Barnardo's Homes, Queen's Hospital for Children, Hackney, Loudon Society for Teaching the Blund City of London Maternity Hospital, National Institute for the Blind, Royal Hospital and Home for Incurables Royal Victoria and West Hauts Hospital, and the Salvation
Hewett, Mrs. Sarah Anne, of Liverpool	54,675	40,000	Army. Residue of estate to Hospital for Consumption and Diseases of the Chest and Liverpool Royal Infirmary.
Butler, Francis Theobald, of Fleet, Hants.	54,127	40,000	Residue, subject to life-interests, to Church Pastoral Aid Society.
Seymour, Mrs. Caroline, of West Newington, S.E	82,579	40,000	Residue of property to twenty charitable insti- tutions, principal y in London, including Charterhouse Mussion, Tabard Street, S.E., London Orphan School, Our Dumb Friends League, Royal Hospital for Incurables, Reed- ham Orphynage, and Gordon Boys' Home.
Jackson, Mrs. Emily France, of Carshalton	54,053	40,000	Subject to life-interests, residue of estate to Condwainers Company of the City of London, for a fund for persons who have served in the British Army, Navy, Air Force, and Merchant Service.
Squires, George, of Sutton Coldfield	61,722	40,000	Subject to life-interests, £5,000 to various church and charitable institutions, including £-50 to National Children's Home and Orphanage, and residue of estate to Birmingham Hospituls Centre.
Thompson, William, of Hea- ton Moor, Lancs	48,294	38,000	Bequests include £500 each to Northern tounties Hospital for Incurables, Heaton Mersey, and R.S.P.C.A., and residue to Manchester Royal Infirmary and Dispensary, Aucoats Hospital, and Ardwick and Ancoats Dispensary, Manchester.
Smith, Miss Mary Ann, of Hove	±38,±56	37,400	Bequests include £5,000 to Church of England Temperance Society, £5,000 London Temper- ance Hospital, £3,000 Miss Weston's work for Soldiers and Sailors, and £5,000 to the Soc.ety for Protection of Women and Children.
Turley, Mrs. Marian, of Scar- borough	66,173	35,000	Bequests include £2,500 to All Saints Church, Rotherham, for the augmentation of living, and £3,500 for augmentation of curates' stipend, and 30'-2 week for a nurse for the parish, and residue to form a fund for providing pensions for ladies in reduced circumstances.
Webb, Miss Emma Mary, of Torquay	45:774	35,000	Bequests include £x,000 to Harrow School for a scholarship or the sports of the school, £500 to St. Raphael's Convalescent Home for Women, Torquay, and residue for such one or more pers as being distrested gentlewomen, or institutions existing for their benefit, as executors may think fit.
Niven, George, of Streatham Park	36,715		Subject to life-int-rests, bequests include f.10,000 to Toubridge School, f.100 to British and Koreign lible Society, and residue to Royal Caledonian Schools, Purley.
Honeyman, John, of Cupar (personal estate).	6x,083	30,000	Bequests to hospitals and infirmaries in Dundee and Edinburgh, and residue to Cupar Sick Poor Nursing Association, Adamson Cottage Hospital, and Dundee and Edinburgh Royal Infirmaries.

Name	trossValue of kstate.	Approx.	Objects
Ferris, Richard Brook, of Dawlish	£, 74,380	£ 30,000	£1,500 to Dawlish Cottage Hospital and £500 to St. Michael's Church, Dawlish, and two-thirds of residue to Dr. Rarnardo's Homes and St. Punstan's Hostel.
McLaren, Archibald, of Killin (personal estate)	51,08a	30,000	£0,000, subject to life-interest, for a Town liall, and bequests to various hospitals in Education, and residue for charities as trustee decides.
Watson, Mrs. Emily, of Sutton Coldfield	60,43x	30,000	Bequests include £2.500 for erection of tower at M. Peter's Church, Maney, Sutton Coldfield, £300 to Home of Rest Sutton Coldfield, £400 to Miss Weston's Royal Sallors' Resta, and residue of property for such charitable institutions in Sutton Coldfield or Birmingham as trustees determine.
Brodnick, Dr. Mary, F.R.G.S., of Italy	46,352	30,000	Subject to life interests, residue of estate to College Hall, University of London.
Louch, Charles, of Totton.	67,414	30,000	Subject to life-interests, residue of estate to Certral Board of Finance of Church of Eng- land and King Edward's Hospital Fund for London.
Crocker, Mrs. Margaret, of Eccleston Square, S. W.	93,109	30,000	Bequests include £500 Children's Aid Asso- cation, £7,000 Colche-ter Hospital, £2.000 Soldiers', Sallors' and Aimen's Families Asso- cation, and residue to King Edward's Hos- pital Fund for London and Lloyd's Benevolent Fund
Adamson, William Charles, of Didsbury	31,149	30,000	On death of sister, property to Mauchester Royal Infirmary and St Mary's Hospital for Women and Children, Manchester.
Ashbrook, Juhn Stauley, of Learnington Spa	54,194	25,000	Bequests include £1,000 each Children's Aid Societ., Dr. Bannardo's Homes, and Royal Midland Counties Home for Incurables, £5,000 Royal National Lifetonat Inst., and residue as to two-thrids Mary's Hospital, Paddington, and one-thind to Waineford, Leamington, and South Warwickshire General Hospital.

The Hospitals and Institutions given in the following Section deserve the heartiest and most generous support it is possible to give.

The Proprietors of "Whitaker."

### £10,000 IN DEBT

#### THE NEW "ARETHUSA" TRAINING SHIP

Urgently needs this sum of money to pay for balance of cost of fitting out the ship.

This magnificent work of training poor boys for the Royal Navy and Mercantile Marine deserves your hearty support.

#### Donations and Legacies are earnestly solicited

The old "Arethusa" Training Ship has trained 12,650 boys for the Sea Services. Help the new "Arethusa" to beat this fine record.

THE SHAFTESBURY HOMES AND "ARETHUSA" TRAINING SHIP, 164 SHAFTESBURY AVENUE, LONDON, W.C. 2.

# **ALEXANDRA ORPHANAGE**

Haverstock Hill, LONDON, N.W. 3.

Founded 1758.

Patrons: Their Majesties The King and Queen.
President: H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, K.G.
Treasurer (since 1897): The Rt. Hon. Lord Marshall. P.C., K.C.V.O.

The Orphanage is unsectarian, and helps fatherless and other necessitous children from all parts of the country and the Dominions, without restriction as to class or creed. Hoys and girls are admitted at all ages between infancy and 11 years of age, and are called for until 15. Their education has them for useful positions in after-life. Opportunities occur for suitable children to have a secondary education. During the past 175 years 7,500 have been received; 870 are now resident, and others await vacancies.

More annual subscribers are needed. £10,900 required (by voluntary donations) each year above the assured income. Legaces are a useful means of helping. Please include the School in your Will. Annual Report sent on request, and the School may be visited by interested friends.

Forms of application for the admission of children and all needful information may be had of the SECRETARY, FRED. J. ROBINSON, F.C.I.S., 34-40, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C. 4.

# MISS SMALLWOOD'S SOCIETY for the ASSISTANCE of LADIES in REDUCED CIRCUMSTANCES

Under Royal Patronage.

#### AN URGENT APPEAL

# LEGACIES

"Their works do follow them."

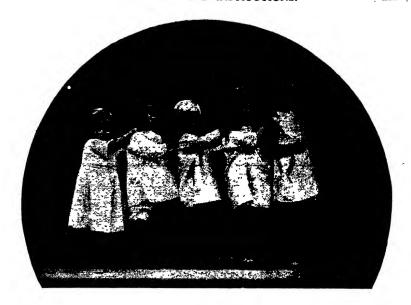
There are many people who, alas, cannot give to this Society during their lifetime, but we shall be glad if they will remember that a LEGACY, large or small, will be very useful and gratefully received. The need of help is greater than ever. Will lawyers kindly advise their clients to help this very human cause? also

Donations and New Annual Subscriptions will be thankfully received.

Please make cheques payable to Miss Smallwood's Society—

LANCASTER HOUSE, MALVERN

Reports on Application.



# DR. BARNARDO'S HOMES:

NATIONAL INCORPORATED ASSOCIATION.

CHARTER: "NO DESTITUTE CHILD EVER REFUSED ADMISSION."
MOTTO: "FOR GOD AND COUNTRY."

114,000 children have been admitted.

16,427 children and young people lealt with last year.

8,456 boys and girls being supported, of whom

1,124 are under industrial and technical instruction.

447 are crippled or afflicted in various ways, and

1.319 are bables and toddlers under 5.

5 (on an average) come in daily.

30.509 young people have been migrated to the Overseas Dominions.

Please send 2/6 for the Children's Food

Over 25,000 meals have to be supplied every day.

Cheques and Orders payable "Dr. Barnardo's Homes" and crossed "Barclays Bank Ltd., a/c Dr. Barnardo's Homes," should be sent to Dr. Barnardo's Homes, 233, Barnardo House, Stepney Causeway, London, E. I.

### The most tragic figure of all

Throughout the centuries the most tragic figures are the victims of leprosy, condemned to a living death through no fault of their own. It should be a matter of concern to all that there are more than a million sufferers in the British Empire, of whom many are children.

This ancient scourge could be brought under control by the application of modern methods and treatment.

Will you not help by sending a subscription or donation to the Hon. Treasurer, SIR FRANK CARTER, C.I.E.

The British Empire Leprosy Relief Association 29, DORSET SQUARE, LONDON, N.W. 1.



Latest figures show that 60,000 Officers and Men are unemployed. This Society is affording relief to needy Sailors and Dependants.

During 1932, 43,087 Cases of Special Need were helped, and 108,178 Free Meals and 27,031 Free Beds provided. Seamen's Widows and Orphans eared for.

# ITISH SAILORS SOCIETY

(Founded 1818) 680, Commercial Road, London, E. 14.

Sir Ernest W. Giover, Bart., Hon. Treasurer. Herbert E. Barker, Gen. Secretary.

FOUNDED 1851.

# The

RESEARCH INSTITUTE Built 1911.

# Cancer Hospital

(INCORPORATED UNDER ROYAL CHARTER)

#### FULHAM ROAD, LONDON, S.W. 3.

The first Special Hospital in London for the treatment of Cancer, Tumours, and Allied Diseases.

A special refuge for poor persons afflicted with this disease, who are admitted free and without letters of recommendation. A number of beds are provided for the use of Patients who may remain for Life. Out-patients are seen on their own application each week-day, except Saturday, at 2 p.m.

# THERE IS A BANK OVERDRAFT OF £40,000 WILL YOU HELP?

Please send Cheques, crossed Courts & Co., to the Secretary.

FORM OF BEQUEST.

"I give and bequeath unto the Treasurer for the time veing of THE CARORE HOSPITAL (FREE) situate in the Fulham Road, London, the sum of

(free of Legacy Duty), to be applied towards carrying on the charitable designs of the said Institution." [328

# WILL YOU HELP in THIS WORK FOR Suffering Children?

WE appeal to you to remember the suffering little boys and girls whose outlook would be blank indeed but for the generosity of people like yourself.

#### CHILDREN IN PAIN—An Earnest Appeal

The Children's Hospital of Birmingham admits every year over 6,500 in-patients and 16,000 out-patients—all helpless children whose pain you can help to alleviate with very little effort. It has 248 cots at

the hospital in Birmingham, and 37 at its new branch at Davos, Switzerland. A quick response on your part may be the means of one child at least being brought back to normal health. Won't you help us?

#### The

# CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL HAROLD F. SHRIMPTON, House Governor. BIRMINGHAM

#### THE ELDER LAD FOR THE CHURCH

THE CHURCH LADS' BRIGADE

# THE BEST AND OLDEST CHURCH ORGANISATION

for the elder lads, 14 to 21 years of age.

"I consider the Church Lads' Brigade to be the very finest organisation for the elder lad."—

HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP OF YORK.

### FUNDS ARE URGENTLY NEEDED FOR THE FURTHER DEVELOPMENT OF OUR WORK.

Subscriptions may be sent to the Secretary, Church Lads' Brigade, Aldwych House, Catherine Street, London, W.C. 2, and all information on "How to Start a Company" will be gladly given.

#### Will YOU help

the varied works of the

# CHURCH ARMY

All sorts and conditions of Suffering Humanity are helped according to their varying needs.

Gifts welcomed by Preb. Carlile, C.H., D.D., Hon. Chief Secretary, C.A. Headquarters, 55, Bryanston Street, London, W. I.

#### Why we need LEGACIES and BEOUESTS

THE need of ex-Servicemen, including the disabled, and their dependants, and the care of those left behind by men who fell in action, are an ever-present and recurring charge on it elegion. Its work in these directions is dependent upon the wale of Populser—a siender rupor for reagret a work that must go on intefailed. Every year since the uneption of the Fund the expenditure has increased, and it is vitally necessary that it e Fund should be strengthened and fortified against any possible diminution of income in the future by means of Legacies and Boquesis.

#### EARL HAIG'S BRITISH LEGION APPEAL FUND

Full particulars and Forms of Bequest can be obtained from the Organising Secretary, Cast. W. G. WILLCOX, M.B.E., Haig House, 26, Eccleston Square, London, S.W. 1.

#### York Road, Lambeth, S.E.1. ESTABLISHED 1765.

Patron-H.M. The Oueen.

This Hospital is situated in one of the poorest parts of London, in the district South of the Thames, with a population of nearly two millions.

Married women in indigent circumstances, especially the wives of Soldiers and Sailors, and certain single women (with their first child, after investigation by the Committee), are admitted to the Hospital from all parts of the kingdom, but mainly from the immediate neighbourhood, from which, owing to its poverty, little pecuniary help is obtainable. Over 2,000 Mothers and Eables

attended annually.
Subscriptions and Donations thankfully received by the Treasurer, or Miss Lily Hearn, the Secretary, at the Hospital. [!46

#### GORDON BOYS' HOME THE

(THE NATIONAL MEMORIAL TO GENERAL GORDON). Patron-THE KING. Vice-Patron-H.M. THE QUEEN

Obstitute Committee—H.R.H. THE LUKE OF YORK K.G.
THE HOME IS SITUATED AT WEST END, WOKING, between BAGSHOT and BISLEY.

THE HOME IS SITUATED AT WEST END, WOKKING, between BAGSHOT and BISLEY.

The Home is constructed to accommodate 2:0 Roys, chosen from the necessitous classes between the ages of about it and 15t, and give them a training, up to the ages of 17c thereabouts, which will fit them alike for civil life in this country or its closure, and age for admission is from about 14 to 134 years. 2. A boy must, in the Construction of the property of the color really ages for admission is from about 14 to 134 years. 2. A boy must, in the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the property of the color of the

COMMANDANT :-- LIEUT .- COLONEL H. C. HERBERT, O.R.E.

# **GUY'S HOSPITAL**

#### LONDON BRIDGE, S.E. 1, URGENTLY NEEDS HELP.

President: H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, K.G.

Founded in 1725 by Thomas Guy, a Bookseller and Publisher in the City of London, Incorporated and Governed by Acts of Parliament, 11th George 1st, ch. xii., and 61st Victoria, ch. xii. as "The President and Governors of the Hospital founded at the sole costs and charges of Thomas Guy, Esquire."

The Hospital is recognized to cook and to hold lond up to a compart a result.

The Hospital is empowered to receive gifts of, and to hold, laud up to an aggregate yearly value of Sixty Thousand Pounds (exclusive of the site of the Hospital), notwithstanding the provisions of the Mortmain Acts.

BEDS 847 IN-PATIENTS (1932) 11.857

OUT-PATIENTS (1932) 112,273

#### Expenditure: £191,205 :: :: Income from Endowments: £69,858

The Governors earnestly appeal for further Subscriptions and Donations. The present Subscription List is only about £8,000 a year, although the Charity is dependent upon support from sources other than its endowments to the extent of over £120,000 per annum.

To form a permanent Memorial, if desired, a Donation or Bequest should be allocated to

the Re-endowment Fund, which is permanently invested and the income only applied for the general purposes of the Hospital.

A Gift of £1,000 to this Fund, or an Annual Subscription of £50, will respectively endow or support a Bed, over which a brass tablet, inscribed in accordance with the wishes of the

Benefactor, can be placed.

A copy of the Annual Report of the Hospital can be obtained on application to Mr. W. J. Curry, Clerk to the Governors, Guy's Hospital, "E. 1. Telephone: Hop 1086.

Bankers: THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

Treasurer: F. P. WHITBREAD. Eag.

"It is not the will of your Father in Heaven that one of these little ones should perish."— \( \lambda ithkov xviii, \) 14

3,000 Homeless Children have been befriended and cared for by the "F. B. Meyer" Children's Home. More than 500 have passed through the Home, whilst 400 little Children are dependent upon us for daily care and protection.

200 TINY HANDS ARE KNOCKING AT OUR DOOR.

#### £2.500 URGENTLY REQUIRED to meet pressing needs.

Cheques and Postal Orders crossed "Barclays Bank, Ltd." payable to Robert Caldwell, Esq., F.R.G.S., Hon. Treasurer, 93, Westminster Bridge Road, London, S.E. 1.

#### HOMELESS CHILDREN'S AID AND ADOPTION SOCIETY

And F. R. MEYER (HILDREN'S HOME (Inc.) Society for Befriending the Unmarried Mother and Child.

#### HOSPITAL

Telephone . Hop. 1021.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

Treasurer-The Rt. Hon. The Lond Mornis, P.C., K.C.M.G.

This Hospital, established in 1841, was the first and for many years the only one of its kind established in the United Kingdom. Donations and Subscriptions are urgently desired in order to re-open its beds for In-patients. Since its foundation no less than 614,000 patients have been treasted, and the solentific equipment of the Institution has always been kept thoroughly abreast of modern developments in research and treatment. The Light Department is provided with X-rays, radium and ultra-violet light apparatus. It is a centre both of dermatological therapeutics and education, and welcomes at its clinics medical practitioners and students. Patients should attend daily at 1.30 p.m., except Saturdays, or on Fridays at 6 p.m. They are expected to contribute to the funds of the hospital according to their means and position.

FREDERICK HAYTER, Secretary

# Imperial Cancer Research Fund.

Patron-HIS MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE KING.

President—His Grace the Duke of Bedford.

Hon. Treasurer—Sir Holburt Waring, C.B.E., P.R.C.S.

Director—Dr. J. A. Murray, F.R.S.

The object of the Research is for the good, not only of the whole British Empire but of the whole world. The scope of the work embraces detailed investigation of Cancer in every part of the Empire as it occurs in the human race and in the vertebrate animal kingdom. Our recent researches have undoubtedly advanced our knowledge of Cancer, and it is not too much to hope that the further prosecution of the investigations will ultimately yield results of the greatest importance on the nature and treatment of the disease.

Donations and Subscriptions may be sent to the Hon. Treasurer, Imperial Cancer Research Fund, 8, Queen Square, London, W.C. 1, or may be paid to the Westminster Bank, Marylebone Branch, 1, Stratford Place, London, W. 1, A/c, Imperial Cancer Research Fund.

#### FORM OF BEQUEST.

I hereby bequeath the sum of £ to the Treasurer of the Imperial Cancer Research Fund under the direction of the Royal College of Physicians of London and the Royal College of Surgeons of England, 8/11, Queen Square, London, W.C. 1, for the purpose of Scientific Research, and I direct that his receipt shall be a good discharge for such legacy.

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92, VICTORIA STREET, LONDON, S.W. 1
President—LORD LEIGH. Director and Treasurer—The Hon. STEPHEN COLERIDGE.

#### ITS POLICY.

The Society advocates the total abolition of scientific torture of animals and seeks to attain this object by every possible means. The Society does not oppose, but, on the contrary, supports, any and every measure for the amelioration of the present condition of viviseted animals.

and every measure to the amendment of the reasonable tactics, and are desirous of seeing something All humane people who approve of these reasonable tactics, and are desirous of seeing something Paractical done to save tortured animals, are earnestly invited to support the National Anti-practical done to save tortured animals, are earnestly invited to support the National Anti-practical done to save tortured animals subscription; 10). Life Membership, £5.

Wembers' Annual Subscription; 10).

Subscription to "The Animals' Defender and Zoophilist," the Organ of the Society, 1/6 per annum, post free. Cheques (crossed "Bank of England') and P.O.'s should be made payable to The National Anti-Vivisection Society.

Telephone-VICTORIA 4705.

Telegraphic Address-Zoophilist, Sownst, London.

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sum distributed to them up to the present exceeding £1,080,358.

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Office-65, SOUTHAMPTON ROW, LONDON, W.C. 1.

[164



is helping 4,000 of the nation's children to good citizenship and asks for national support from all men and women of goodwill.

Gifts will be gladly welcomed by the Treasurer,

#### LORD WAKEFIELD

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Funds are required for its general work, for the prevention of deafness, the educational and industrial advancement of the deaf, and the social elevation of the deaf. Funds are also needed for its Homes for Deaf and Dumb Women; Hostel for Working Deaf Youths; Lip-reading Centre; and to establish a Secondary School for the Deaf.

LEGACIES help to make the work permanent. Subscriptions and donations are specially invited and should be sent to A. J. STORY, Secretary.

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Funds for Extension of the Chalfont Colony are MOST URGENTLY needed.

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G. PENN GASKELL, Secretary.

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Contributions and all communications to the Hon. Secretary, T. HUME, 56, Old Bailey, I ondon, E.C. 4

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> Founded 1739 Incorporated by Royal Charter

UNENDOWED 1885

SUPPORTED BY VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS.

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(1) The Delivery of Married Women, both in the Hospital and at their own homes.
(?) The Delivery of deserving Single Women, in the Hospital, with their jirst child only.
() The training of Medical Pupils, Midwives and Maternity Nurses.
(4) The treatment of and research into the causes of puerperal fever.
Over 2500 poor women are admitted sinually to the Main Hospital, and over 250 cares of puerperal fever are treated at the new Isolation Hospital. In addition, over 1750 Out-patients are delivered in their own homes in the Hospital Instituts. There are also over 25,000 attendances at the Ante-Natal and Child Welfare Departments.
The Isolation Hospital and Research Laboratories are unique, being the only combined centre for specialised treatment of puerperal fever, the chief single cause of mate-ual mortality.

Help is urgently required for maintenance and for Endangers and the first find the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of th

Help is urgently required for maintenance and for Endowment, also for Rebuilding the Hospital on the site at Hammersmith, approved by the ministry of Health and King Edward's Hospital Fund.

A gift or legacy of \$1000 will endow a bed in perpetuity.

CONTRIBUTIONS will be gratefully received by the Hopital Pankers, Martin's Pank, td., Whitehall, S.W., or at the Hospital by H. B. STOKES, Secretary-superimendent.

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Patron: HER MAJESTY THE OUTEN.

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Over 130,000 attendances annually in the Out-Patient and Casualty Depts.

EXPENDITURE (HOSPITAL AND HOME) NOW ABOUT £37,000 A YEAR, OF WHICH GNLY £2,000 IS PROVIDED BY ENDOWMENTS. BARCLA) S BANK, Lomburd Street, Bunkers. CHARLES H. BESSELL, Secretary.

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Through its branches the Children's Aid Society and Woman's Miss'on to Women, it seeks out and saves those in danger. Many thousands have been rescued from circumstances likely to cause their ruin.

It provides for the future welfare of those rescued as well as for orphan, friendless or homeless boys and girls.

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Secretary-FREDERICK JAMES, Victoria House, 117, Victoria Street, S.W. 1.

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ASKS FOR YOUR INTEREST AND SUPPORT

The R S.P.C.A. is the oldest Animalprotection Society in the world and the only one in this country that employs a large staff of Inspectors qualified by special training to detect cruelty to Animals.

Write to the

R.S.P.C.A., 105, Jermyn Street, London, S.W. 1

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'The most desperate of human calamities.'

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The Association works in London, Surrey, Middlesex and Essex.

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Application must be made on the printed forms provided by the society.

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Contributions will be gratefully received by the Treasurer or by the BANK OF ENGLAND.

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FOUNDED 14th March, 1758.

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The Association grants Annuities to Gentlefolk of both sexes, such as Clergynon, Officers of the Navy and Army, Eurristers, Solicitors, Landowners and Gentlemen Farmers, Doctors, and their families, and others of similar social standing. Apudicants must be over \$\psi\$, of sound mind, unable, through are or bodily infrantly, to earn a livelihood, and not in receipt of an imponence seeding 465 a year. Since its foundation in 183, it is a Association bus granted annuities to \$4,05 persons, of more 280 are now living. It is histlist of accepted Candidates for an inities contained the names of over 430 persons, many of whom were certified to be without any income at all. Permanent demoral Annuities can be founded, to which, under certain conditions, it is Founders can retain for life the right of nonlimitation. The cost can be ertained from the Secretary.

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RECOAD FOR 1932
S345
Letters of warning issued
61
Dogs humanely destroyed
76
Cats humanely destroyed
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Ordinary expenditure. Cases investigated Prosecutions .... Psrsons convicted... Ordinary receipts ... 958 4973 £7959 Waintains 20 inspectors (J.P. Constables) patrolling 25 Counties. Each Inspector wears

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Chairman and Treasurer-SIR HERBERT SAMUELSON, K.B.E.

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Main General Hospital			414	Beds.
Obstetric or Maternity Hospital -	-		85	,,
Royal Ear Hospital	-	-	41	1)
National Dental Hospital (for Out	-Paties	nts)	_	•
<b>-</b> ,		,		

540 Beds.

#### 86,000 PATIENTS TREATED ANNUALLY.

Annual Expenditure -	•						£109,000
Annual Income from	Endown	nonts	•		-		29,000
Balance to be Raised	from Vo	lunta	ry C	ontri	butle	ns	€80,000
SUBSCRIPTIONS OR	DONAT	IONS	EA	CNES	TLY	BOL	ICITED.

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